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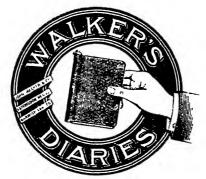


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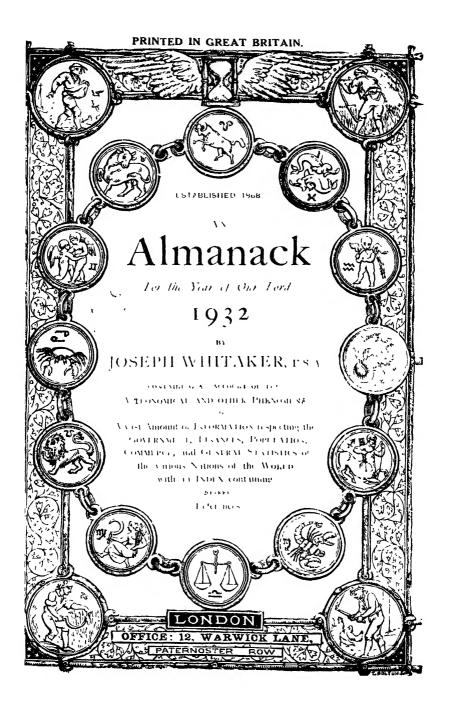
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PREFACE TO THE 64¹⁰ ANNUAL VOLUME.

The formation of the National Government and the subsequent General Election leve brought about many changes in the sixty-fourth annual issue of "Whitaker," published early in December in order that it may be available for transmission overseas before the end of the year. The Cabinet as finally reconstructed and the new House of Commons are included, together with articles on the Financial Crisis and Government by Party, with a tabular record of Administrations from Pitt to Mac Donald. Statistical Tables are also provided to show the source of the World's Food and other Products, and the quantities and places of origin of Great Britain's Food Imports.

The preleanary results of the Census of Lugland, Wales and Monmouth and of Scotland are duly recorded, with similar figures for the Indian Empire, the Union of South Mirica, and for Dominions where the taking of the Census was not postponed on economical grounds. Final figures for last year's Census of the United States are also provided, but the results of the commentation in Canada are not yet available.

Questions of the Day are again treated in separate articles ranging in alphabetical sequence from "Allotinents for Unemployed to "The Weir Report." These are followed by Annual Summaries of The Year's Weather, Storms, Ploods, Science and Invention, Laterature, Art. Music. Drama, The Films, and Broadcasting

In order that the varied contents may be available for instant reference, the Index has again been enlarged and now consists of 140 columns, containing upwards of 20,000 references.

Many suggestions made by correspondents have been adopted, but in some cases action was delayed by pressure due to the political situation, and the consequent change of addition had perforce to be postponed. The Editor-m-Chief is deeply grateful to his collaborators for their valuable assistance during the past year and hopes the result of their co-operation will encourage them to continue the work of preserving and increasing the usefulness of a book which has become so familiar to all who read or speak the language in which it is printed.

Correspondents are carnestly requested to note the first day of October as the last day for suggestions to reach the Office, at the address given below.

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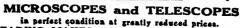
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ROYAL SOCIETY MEDALS, 1931.

The King has approved of the following F.R.S., for his distinguished researches in optics awards by the President and Council of the and terrestrial magnetism Royal Society :-

A Royal Medal to Sir Richard Glazebrook, K.C.B., F.R S., for his distinguished work in experimental physics

A Rayal Medal to Professor W. H. Lang, F.R.S., for his work on the anatomy and morphology of the fern-like fossils of the Old Red Sandstone.

The following awards have also been made :-

The Cooley Medal to Sir Arthur Schuster, structure by X-ray analysis

The Davy Medal to Professor A. Lapworth, FRY, for his researches in organic chemistry, particularly those in convexion with tautomerism and the mechanism of organic reactions.

The Sylvester Medal to Professor E. T. Whittaker, F.R.S, for his original contributions to both pure and applied mathematics

The Hughes Medal to Professor W. L. Bragg for his pioneer work on the elucidation of crystal

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THE GOLD MEDAL LAST YEAR WAS WON BY A COLLEGE STUDENT. Apply, THE REGISTRAR.

WORLD PRODUCTIONS.

(Latest returns by Countries officially recording.)

Production (Millions of Quarters of 480lb)		
Actual 1030	Estimated 1031	
prob. 130	88.y 125	
106	111	
40	37	
	43	
(a) 30	(b) 30	
20	32	
(b) 37	(b) 22	
a 6	31	
18	18	
17	8r	
16	14	
13	14	
33	11	
10	9	
10	8	
7	7	
	5	
5	5	
5	5	
	Quarter Actual 1090 prob. 230 206 49 (a) 30 29 (b) 27 26 18 17 16 13 11	

(a) for 1930-31; (b) estimated

The total world's production (1931) of Wheat may be reckoned as 545 million quarters.

Barley.

Country.	Production (Millions of Quarters of 400lb)		
	Actual 1930	Estimated 1931	
Soviet Union	prob. 40	say 35	
U S.A	40	26	
('anada	16	9	
Germany	16	17	
India	15	14	
Japan and Korea		14	
Rumania	13	9	
Spain	12	11	
N. Africa & Morocco Poland	8	10 8	
Czechoslovakia		6	
Denmark	7	6	
France		6	
U.K. & I.F. State	5	5	

The total world's production of Barley (1331) may be reckoned as 180 million quarters.

Oats.

Country.	Production (Mullions of Quarters of 3solb).			
	Actual 1930.	Estimated 1931.		
U.S.A	136	117		
Soviet Union	prob 120	8ay 115		
Canada	45 36			
Germany	39	36 44		
France	30	34		
U.K. and I.F.State	80	19		
Poland	16	16		
Czechoslovakia	9 8	8		
Rumania		6		
Sweden	8	7		
Denmark	7	7		
Argentina	5	6		
Spain	5	4		

The total world's production of Oats (1931) may be reckoned as 435 million quarters.

Rye.

Country	Production (Millions of Quarters of 480lb).		
	Actual 1930	Estimated 1931	
Soviet Umon	prob. 100	Say 100	
Germany	35	32	
Poland	32	24	
Czechoslovakia	-8	6	
U.S.A	6	5	
Japan	4	1 4	
France	3	4	
Canada	3	1 1	
Lithuania	3	2	
Hungary	3	2	
Austria	2	2	
Spain	2	3	
Belgium	2	3	
Sweden	2	ī	
Rumania	2	2	

The total world's production of Rye (1931) may be reckoned as 185 million quartors.

Maize.

Country.	Production (Milhons of Quarters of 48olb.)		
	Actual 1930	Estimated 1931	
U S.A	243	315	
Aigentina (1929-30)		(1930 31) 48	
Soviet Jnion	prob 20	Say 20	
Brazil	18	٠.	
Rumama	18	27	
Yugoslavia	16	15	
Italy	13		
Un. of S Africa	10	7	
Egypt	9		
Birt. India	9		
Neth E Indies	9		
Мехісо	7	•••	
Manchuria	7 6		
Huugary	6	7	
Bulgaria	4	4	

The maize crops of Argentina and Brazil, &c. for 1931-32 cannot yet be estimated.

The total world's production of Maize (1931) will probably be about 500 million quarters.

THE WORLD'S GRAIN CROPS,

in Millions of Quarters, 48olb. of Wheat, Rye and Maize; 40olb. of Barley; 32olb of Oats.

Wheat Rye	1926 520 188	525	1928 572 196		1930 569 202	
Together	708	730	768	724	77°	730
Maize Barley Oats	485 181 420	185		218		500 180 435
Together	1,086	1,080	1,175	1,160	1,075	1,115
All five together	z,794	1,810	1,943	1,884	1,846	1,845

WORLD PRODUCTIONS.

(Latest returns by Countries officially recording.)

Potatoes.	Horses of the World.
Soviet Union 48,000,000 tons	Soviet Union 34,000,000
Germany 47,000,000 ,,	U.S.A 13,500.000
Poland 31,000 000 ,,	Argentina
France	Poland 4,050,000
U.K 4,500,000 ,,	Germany 3,600,000
I.F. State 2,300,000 ,,	Canada 3,375,090
-	France
The World, about 200,000,000 tons	Gt. Britain & N. Ireland 1,246,000 I.F. State
Rice (rough).	Scotland 153,000
China no returns.	
Burma no returns.	Cattle.
India 49,000,000 tons	Brit. India 120,500,000
Japan and Korea 15,000,000 ,,	Soviet Union 68,000,000
Indo-China	U.S.A 55,000,000 Argentine & Uruguay 39,000,000
Siam 4,000,000 ,,	Brazil 34,000,000
Java and Madura 4 000,000 ,,	Germany 19 000,000
Philippine Islands 4,000,000 ,,	France 15,000,000
The World, asabove, abt. 87,000,000 tons	Un. of S. Africa zo,500,000
A see of the sea and to all the office of the	Poland 9,000,000 Gt. Britain & N. Ireland 7,891,000
Sugar from Beet.	I.F. State
Germany 2,500 000 tons	Scotland x,208,000
Soviet Union 1,775 000 ,,	
France	Sheep.
U.S. A	Soviet Union 147,000,000
Poland 760,000 ,,	(including Goats) Australia τοδ,οοο,οοο
	U.S.A
The World, about xx,500,000 tons	Un of S. Africa 45,000,000
Owner from Come	Argentina 44,000,000
Sugar from Cane.	N. Zealand 29,000,000 Gt. Britain & N. Iieland 24,000,000
India 3,850,000 tons Cuba 3,075,000 ,,	Scotland 7 697,000
Java 2,975,000 ,,	I.F. State 3,618,000
Hawaii 870,000	
Formosa 800,000 ,,	Goats.
Philippine Islands 790,000 ,, Porto Rico 700,000 ,,	Brit. India 39,000.000
Australia 540,000 ,,	Un. of S. A'rica
	Nigeria 6,500,000
The World, about x6,x50,000 tons	Mexico 5,000,000
Tea.	Brazil 5,000,000
	Greece 4,900,000
Chinasay 400,000 tons India 103,000	Pigs.
Ceylon 114,coo ,,	
Neth. E. Indies 75,000 ,,	U.S.A 52,600,000 Germany 22,500,000
Japan 39,000 "	Soviet Union 21,000,000
The World, about 840,000 tons	Brazil 16,000.000
2.10 17 01.14, annie 040,000 toll8	Philippines 10,000,000
Coffee.	France
Brazil z,a30,000 tons	I.F. State 1,381,000
Colombia 170,000	Scotland x54,000
Neth. E Indies 114,000 ,, Guatemala 44,000 ,,	
Gnatemala 44,000 ,,	Fowls
The World, about x,900,000 tons	(on Farms and Allotments).
Cocoa (raw).	U.S.A
Gold Coast 240,000 tons	Germany 88,000,000
Brazil 65,000 ,,	('anada56,000,000
Nigeria 53,000 ,, Brit. W. Indies 31,000 ,,	Spain
Venezuela 21,000 ,,	England, Wales & N. Ireland 60,200,000
	I.F. State 22,467.000
The World, about 550,000 tons	Scotland 6,600,000

WORLD PRODUCTIONS.

lxviii

(Latest returns by Countries officially recording.)

Tobacco.	Gold.
U.S.A	Union of S. Africa U.S. A. & Philippines Canada
The World, about 2,000,000 tons	Australia & N.Z 650,000 ,, ,, S. Rhodesia 548,000 ,, ,, ,, India 360,000 ,, ,,
Soya Beans.	The World, about 19,000,000 028.
China 3,100,000 tons Korea 180,000 ,,	Silver,
The World, about 3,280,000 tons	Mexico 105,000,000 028. troy U.S.A. & Philippines 49,000,000 .,
Cotton (ginned).	Canada 26,000,000 ,,
U S.A	Peru
Egypt	The World, about 245,000,000 0Zs
The World, about 5,600,000 tons	Copper (Ore).
Wool. Australia	U.S.A
U.S.A 160,000 ,, Argentina 145,000 ,,	Japan 79,000 ,, Mexico
Argentina	The World, about x,600,000 tons
The World, about 1,650,000 tons	Diamonds.
Rubber (Export). Malaya 440,000 tons Neth, E. Indics 240,000 ,	Union of S. Africa 3,250,000 metric carats Congo 2,200,000 ", ", Gold Coast 660,000 ", ", SWest Africa 400,000 ", ",
Ceylon 80,000 ,, Brazil 21,000 ,,	The World, about 7,000,000 metric carats
The World, about 830,000 tons	Iron (Pig Iron).
Jute.	U.S.A 31,750,000 tons France (inc. Saar) 12,100,000
Brit. India 1,750,000 tons	Germany 5,700,000 ,,
The World, about 1,770,000 tons	Great Britain
Oil (Petroleum.)	Luxemburg 2,470,000 ,,
U.S.A 37,716,000,000 galls Venezuela 5,796,000,000 ,, Soviet Union 5,670,000,000 ,,	The World, about 79,000,000 tons
Neth. E. Indies 1,906,000,000 ,,	Steel (Ingots and Castings). U.S.A 40,000,000 tons gross
Mexico 1,65,,000,000 ,,	Germany 11,500,000 ,, France 11,300,000 ,,
The World, about 59,5c0,000,000 galls say 200,000,000 tous	Great Britain 7,300,000 99 Soviet Union 5,500,000 99
Estimated number of Automobiles and Motor	Belgium 3,400,000 *** Luxemburg 2,300,000 ***
Cycles registered at end of 1930.	
U.S. A 26,718,000	The World, about 94,000,000 tons
U.K. 2 293,000 France 1,500,000	Nickel (Ore).
Consider	Canada
Australia 670,000	New Caledonia (French) 200,000 ,,
The World, about 38,000,000	The World, about 2,300,000 tons Yielding about 50,000 tons nickel

10,248 10,239

10,236 10,015 9,343 9,000 8,400

Principal Territories.	Land Area.	Cultivated Area, where declared.
	Acres	Acres
Gt. Britain & N. Ireland	60,000,000	See page
Irish Free State	17,000,000	r,429,000 oats, potatoes, &c., 21/2 mill. hay, 8 mill. pasture.
Isle of Man	141,000	80,000 arable and grass.
Channel Islands	44,800	about 30,000 potatoes, grass, roots, tomatoes and flowers.
Canada	2,270,000,000	61,000,000 fieldcrops, 700,000,000 forests.
Newfoundid.& Labrador	176,000,000	some oats, barley, hay and potatoes.
Australia	1,903,000,000	sa,000,000 eropped, of which 15,000,000 wheat (106 mill. sheep).
New Zealand	66,000,000	19,000, 00 farmed, of which 502,000 grain (20 mill sheep)
Indian Empire	996,000,000	180,000,000 food grains, 160,000,000 forests (151 mill, cattle).
Burma	150,000,000	2,000,000 rice, groundnuts, &c.
Cyprus	2,203,000	466.000 wheat, barley, vines, &c , 448.000 forests.
Malta	78,000	33.000 cotton, wheat, harley, &c.
Ceylon	16,000,000	3,176,000 coconut, paddy, rice, rubber and tea
Malaya	32,000,000	3, 100,000 rubber and rice.
North Borneo	20,000,000	187,000 rubber, rice, sago and pepper.
Union of South Africa	300,000,000	7,550,000 maize, wheat, oats, sugar, &c.
Rhodesia, North	184,000,000	67,000 maize, tobacco, &c. (Europeans' cultivation)
Rhodesia, South	96,000,000	1 420,000 maize, tobacco, &c. (Europeans' cultivation)
Bechuanaland Prot	176,000,000	feeds 420,000 cattle.
Basutoland	7,590,000	feeds cattle, sheep and goats.
Swaziland	4,300,000	29,000 maize, cotton and tobacco.
Kenya	147,000,000	635,000 maize, sisal, coffee, wheat, tea, &c. (Europeaus)
Uganda Prot	51,500,000	31 000 coffee, rubber, &c., 3,000,000 timber.
Nyasaland Prot	25,000,000	68,000 tobacco, tea, maize, &c., 5,000,000 timber
Somaliland Prot	43,000,000	produces sorghum on coast, cedar forests mland.
Sudan	645,000,000	644,000 dura, groundnuts, sesamum, cotton, dates, als
Nigeria	235,000,000	589,000 palm kernels, groundnuts, cocoa
Gold ('oast	59,000,000	930,000 cocoa, besides nuts, keinels, &c
Sieria Leone	19,800,000	430,000 rice, cassava, groundnuts, maize, &c.
British West Indies	8,000,000	500,000 coroa, cane sugar, bananas, &c.
British Guiana	57,000,000	136,000 sugar, 11ce, and cocounts.
British Honduias	5,500,000	4,000,000 mahogany, &c , forests
Papua	58,000,000	9,000 tubber, also cotton and hemp
Sarawak	27,000,000	z60,000 Pubber.
Palestine (Mand Terr.)	5,750,000	360,000 wheat, barley, vines, tobacco, &c.
South-West Africa ,,		19,500 maize; also potatoes and tobacco.
Tanganyika ,,	235,000,000	1.250,000 maize, sisal, cotton, &c , 3,000,000 forests.
New Guinea ",	58,000,000	zoo,ooo coconuts, also tobacco, cotton, sisal, coffee an

.,	RTING COUNTRIES.		TING COUNTRIES.	
Country U.K. & I W State Italy Belgium Germany China Frauce Nether lands Brazil Japan Switzerland	6	Country. Canada	Exports in Millions of Qrs of 48olb Calendar (year 1930) 76 77 Flour.	
	Tour.	Country	Exports in Millions of Sacks of 280lb. (year 1930).	
Country U.K. & I.F. State China West Indies Egypt Notherlands Austria Brazii	3 I X	USA. Canada Australia Hungary U.K. France Japan Argentina	2	

BRITISH EMPIRE CEREALS, Calendar year 1930.

	WHEAT. Milln Qrs. of 480lb.					
Dominion.	Produc-	Export. (Flour reckoned in terms of Wheat)	Import. (Flour included)	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quirement		
U.K Canada Australia India N. Zealand	5'4 49'7 25'1 48 7	30'4 9'6 1	0.8 38.3	33'7 19'3 15'5 48'5		
Un. S. Africa Cyprus and Malta	o.3 o.8		0.4	0.2		
Total	-131.0	41.0	30,0	120.0		

Surplus over requirement, 11,000,000 qrs.

BARLEV. Milln. Ors. of soolb.

	Dirithiat. Milli. Cit. of doni.					
Dominion.	Produc-	Export.	Import	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quirement		
U.K. and 1.F.S. Canada Australia	5'4 16'#	o.1 o.3	4'z	9'5 15'9		
N. Zealand	0,1		:::	0.1		
India Un. S. Africa	14.2	:::		14'5		
Total	_37:35 _	0.4	4°z	4x.05		

Deficiency within the Empire, 3,700,000 qrs.

	OATS. Milln Qrs. of 3:solb.					
Dominion.	Produc-	Export	Import.	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quirement		
U.K. and I.F.S. Canada Australia . N. Zealand Un. S. Africa	19°5 44 9 2 0 4 0°8	 0.3	 0.3 3	22'5 44'9 2 0'4 0'8		
Total	67.6	0.3	3 3	70.6		

Deficiency within the Empire, 3,000,000 qrs.

	MAI	ZE. Mill:	n Qrs of	48olb.
Dominion.	Production Export.		Import	Apparent Con- sumption or Re- quirement
U.K. and I.F.S. Canada Australia India Un.S. Africa Rhodesia, S and N	 0.55 0.9 9.5 9.6	 	9 1.6 	9 2'15 0'9 9'5 7
Kenya	0.4	0.3		0.2
Total	81.95	3	10.6	29.55
Deficiency	within t	he Empi	re, 7,600	,000 QTS.

COMPARATIVE AREAS DEVOTED TO GRAIN GROWING, 1929-30, IN THOUSANDS OF AGREE

Dominion.	Wheat	Bye.	Barley.	Oats	Maize
Gt. Britain & N. Ireland Irish Free State Canada Australia Brit. India Un. of S Africa	1,300	1,000 5 	5,890 350 7,500	670 13,600 1,470	310 6,800
U.S.A. Argentina so 'et Union. France Germany Poland Italy. Spain Rumana	16,000 76,000 18,900 4,000 3,000 11.900 10,750	540 65,000 1,960 11,800 14,300 300 1,530	800 20,000 1,875 3,850 3,200 580 4,500	2,150 37,000 8,750 8,900 5,450 1,300 1,850	9,750 8,800 862 880 3,750

COMPARATIVE YIELDS PER ENGLISH ACRE OF AREAS DEVOTED TO GRAIN GROWING, 1929-80.

Dominion.	Wheat bush 60 lbs	Rye bush, 60 lbs	Barlev bush 50 lbs.	Onts bush. 40 lbs	Marge. bush. 60 lbs
Gt. Britain & N. Ireland Irish Free State Canada Australia Brit. India Un. of S Africa	35 39 13 8'4 10	25 23 12 14 	39 44 16 18 15	46 47 19 9 	 31 24 10
U.S.A	13 10 10 25 31 18 22 12	7 11 19 25 18 21 14	22 19 16 30 36 23 20 20	24 25 19 36 45 29 29 19	24 27 21 16 25 23

BRITISH BEET SUGAR.

The production of Beet for Sugar in England and Wales from small beginnings around the year 1832 has now grown to an area of 348,000 acres farmed by 40,000 growers, producing in 2930 3,060,000 tons of Beet (washed weight) fetching an average price to the grower of 50.8. per ton delivered factory. Eighteen factories thus produce 420,000 tons of sugar and employ 9,900 workmen for over 100 days of the year in addition to about 30,000 workers employed in the fields (part time, about 4 months in the year). The dried pulp residue fetched in 1929-30 about £650 000 and the trading profit to the factories, after paying £673,000. The subsidy paid by the Government in 1929 amounted to £4,230,700 and for 1930 was estimated at £6,230,000.

Great Britain and Northern Ireland consume per annum a total of 1,850,000 tons of Sugar, or golb. per head of population.

lxxii THREE YEARS' FOOD IMPORTS. (Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and Sources of Origin.) zga6 . Tons) Beef, Tinned, including Essences-(Tons) (Tons) roz8 (Tons) Tone) 1930. (Tons From Canada 2,050,275 Australia 511,667 1,359,542 639,870 1,309,816 Augentina 39,820 34,448 40,202 Other Countries 13,835 12,738 19,126 U.S.A. 1,183,124 7,058 167,119 1 113,297 2,268,924 1,053,815 Total 53,056 47,185 59.418 Argentina x,219 955 760,259 Soviet Union ... 4,086 935,863 All Beef-199.678 387,395 Other Countries 132,445 Total 666, 179 633,257 640,708 Total 5,178,874 5,588,370 5,250,343 Mutton and Lamb, Frozen-Wheat Meal and Flour-New Zealand . . 224,611 Canada 243.977 z86, zq8 139,740 137,304 x64,67x 85,655 158,90 ; Australia 29,674 77,258 18,338 66,622 27,326 Australia 49,028 40,563 72,621 Argentina U.S A. Argentina 95,684 za6 8a5 75,573 Uruguay . 41,036 37 939 28 880 29,336 20,170 21,133 Other Countries France Other Countries 18,279 18,971 5,408 59,205 20,326 11,208 38,709 29,213 Total 28x,088 281,545 310.315 586,926 Total 446.348 485,172 Bacon Irish Free State 24,857 **27,755** 16,534 68 9x3 9,888 17,358 Canada 102,822 Canada 15,340 268,790 9,925 248,851 4,956 305,893 3,318 Australia 4,391 Denmark Soviet Union ... Netherlands ... 53,068 45,074 42,142 U.S.A. 230,630 217,595 180,890 Sweden 22,053 18,993 27,535 Rumania 28,238 37,017 74,021 U 3,A 26,893 23,917 38,510 31,730 **23,668** Other Countries 28 746 127,884 34,476 Other Countries 205 228 **2**33,533 442,644 459,488 Total 413,906 Total 648,767 763,405 599,3×3 Hams-19,086 Irish Free State 52,124 32,562 Canada 4,250 5,764 4,913 Canada 83,950 45,350 10,307 137,866 U.S.A. Other Countries 42,083 41,058 37.992 1,156 9,780 Soviet Union ... 3,346 4,976 4,443 U.S A. 43,887 2,543 57,416 81,635 152,771 111,868 50,285 Germany 134.438 Total 47,101 51,439 Argentina 93,773 Other Countries 53,340 37,446 48,516 Pork-14,811 I. F. State (fresh) 19,386 14,465 6,847 Total 372,353 482,987 N. Z. (frozen) .. 346,495 6,083 8,474 2,368 U.S.A (frozen).. 2,904 5,423 2,890 3,485 Argentina (frozen) 3 7º5 1,610 British S. Africa 195,798 207,739 **237,9**55 464 Other Countries 539 U.S A. 182,130 76,927 437 Argentina 1,234,079 1,115.731 1,210 005 32,060 29,677 Total Rumania 8,234 31,727 1.275 224,059 Other Countries 142,716 137,328 130,032 Rabbits-I. F. State (fresh) 896 1,565 x,339 1,375 Total 1,650,795 1,745,430 1,708,234 Bolgium (fresh) 2,775 7,336 580 7,862

Wheat-

Barley-

Chile .

Oatn-

Maize-

Rice

Brit. India

Other Countries

Total 128,031

34,768

25,605

19,187

48,472

From

Beef, Chilled-Itish Free State 2,020,768 971,065 1,072,820 Argentina 432, 228 385,784 408,740 x21,168 Other Countries 161 146 131,327 Uruguay Other Countries 29,483 16,515 39,773 16,733 43,334 Live Game 323,000 189,025 207,937 Total 478,326 Dead Poultry-(Tons) (Tons) (Tons 465,846 454,635 5,784 Beef, Frozen-Trish Free State 5,3x8 6,344 4,283 2 673 1,859 Australia..... 50,561 22,808 46,468 Hungary 2,047 3,321 40,297 New Zealand ... 15,275 2,645 37,466 Austria 1,571 1,741 6,263 U.S.A. France 3,535 2,038 1,802 3,257 Argentina 45,020 Latvia s.... 3,576 2,175 487 413 653 38,436 Uruguay U.S.A. 951 9,349 7,600 13,795 Other Countries Other Countries 7,514 11,482 22,820 7,218 21,084 \$5,597 Total Total 24,512 27,708 28,496 130,400 118,836 125,076

Australia (frozen)

Total

N. Z. (frozen) ... Other Countries

Live Poultry-

10,489

14,482

(Numa)

SOE

494

12,197

(Num)

604

12,168

(Num)

946 586

48,596

24 642

13,891

27,329

114,458

37,569

18,237

22,378

40,856

119,039

lxxiii				
	THREE YEARS' FO			
Butter-	From	zoz8 lb.	1b 4	1930 lb.
Now 70	aland	136,895 084	146,024,816	175,850 864
Angtral	18	97,763,120	86,0:5.376	105 573,824
Twich W	raa Statu	6- 6-6 -04	63,411,824	53,437,680
Denma	rk	225,797 040	246,851,024	259 574,900
A roout	100	40,993,680	33,9 -2,784	46,3 4,800
Sweden	l	19,663,840	27,803,712	3, 34:,968
Finland	l Union lands	22,274,896	26, 162,416	26, 53, 120
Soviet	Union	37,660,224	32,515,168	18,530,512
Nether	lands	14 477,840	14,539,392	9,978,528
France		7,779,520	5,005,728	790,018
Other (Countries	18,700,976	34,215.552	30,305,296
Tt was estin	otal mated in 1925 that—	684,652,864	716,493,792	764,021,440
Englan	d and Wales produced	68,344.000 lb.	Butter (on farms	and allotments).
Scotlan			"	
		20,062,000	"	
1		95,460,000	,,	
Add Fo	oreign Import say	716,500,000	,,	
	tal Consumption	812,000,000 OF	about 18 lb per l	nead of population p.a
Margarin	ie	1928 1b	2020. lb	2030. Ib
Itish F	iee State		2,385,712	2,147,824
	lands	120,626,128	102,831,792	91,893,648
France		482,160		235,872
Other (Countries	574,560		485,072
	tal	123,488,400	105,409,408	94,762,416
Cheese-			••	••
Now 7	oni caland	lb.	lb,	lb
Canada		174,083,768		219,620,912
		103,046,720	81,030,544	75.949,664
Austra	lands	8,362,240		5,351,440
		25,592,784	21,925.792	20,501,512
U.S.A.		15,854,496	14,786 358	16,200,800
	Countries	611,296 9,130,340	800,912 9,491.440	485,632 10,456,432
Tot	tal		335,332,256	348,579,392
It was estin	mated in 1925 that— d and Wales produced			s and allotments).
	and (very small)	21,952,000	39	
	Say	96,000,000	,,	
Add Fo		340,000,000	"	
				read of population p.a.
We produce	e only zz per cent of our hon	ne consumption	of cheese	
France pro	duces o4 of hers (l		ion 385,000,000 ll).) .
	,, 88 ,, ,,	,, ,,	484,000 000 ,	
	,, 75 ,, ,,	"	441,000,000	
Eggs—	oni	1928 (Number)	(Number)	(Number)
Irish F	rec State		601,808,640	573,743,760
Austral	ia			67,926,360
Canada			0.403.840	1,803,000
Denmar	rk		9,498,840 668,715,4 'o	807,405,950
Nother	louds		380,319,600	441,683,520
Poland		. 307,436,280	a86,168,920	433.507,680
Belgiun	n			280,0 8,720
China	n		191,890,440	205,746,000
r rance	*** ***			79,047,720
Egypt		. 97,155,560	68,695,640	51,177,480
U.S A.			2,154,480	23,595,360
Soviet (Union			10,181,040
Italy		6,913,920	3,717,920	7.789,440
Other C	Countries	. 250,158,480		200,663,640
T	otal	. 3,175,978,800	2,995,727, ¹ 60	3,187,309,680

THREE YEARS' FO	OD IMPOR	TS—continued.	1	xxiv
Vine— 1928 1929 1930 From (Galls) (Gals) (Galls)	ı	2928 (Tons.)	1929. (Tons)	1930
From (Galls) (Gals) (Galls)	Milk. Conde			
Australia 1,739,245 2,097,459 1,898,69 British S. Africa 288,197 455,169 558,11		nsed— 133,165	132,163	130,006
Other British				
Countries	Dies Cutte	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Num)	(Num),
Foreign (Countries) 11,446,911 12,522,425 11,221,24	8 ('anada	State 724,572	749,570	834,962 5,193
	 Other Cou 	ntiles 140	692	406
Total13,644,256 15,240 111 13,864 91			-	-
7)1rt18 (Pf gals) (Pf gals) (Pf gals) British 2,567,002 1,835,305 1,056,42	Luna Shaan A	Lambs-		
Countries) -13071003 -103313-3 - 33-147	Insh Free		584,631	567,192
Foreign Countries 1.786,479 1,316,688 975,92	3		•	
Countries)	_ Live Swine-	-		
Total 4,353,482 3,151,993 2,932,40	Irish Free	State 318,286	311,102	414,587
	2028 lb	1929 11:	29 30. 11,	
"ea— From British India	288,819,699	306 734,835	290,183 244	
Ceylon	139,280,645	153,095,061	152,397,341	
Other British Counting	. 1,591,630	2,792,579	2,764,405	
Java, &c	71 221 607	85,404,476	84,599,547	
Other Foreign Countries	6,559,458 1,373,820	9,195,026 1,945,781	8,734,979 2,658,810	
Total	508,856 859	559,167,758	541,038,326	and
		na) mod to	y 12 lb per h ulation per a	iowi unum.)
Davis Davis	0			
ocoa, Raw— From	1928. 11)	1929 1b	3)), x 030	
British West Africa	123,319,392	153 341,888	112,803,312	
British West Indies	8,697,472	9,108,730	9,482,032	
Cevlon Other British Countries .	1,143.4^8 515,984	1,622,320 855,456	1,624 448 603,232	
Ecuador	1,876,784	1,993,040	2,576,560	
Venezuela	2,605,344	2,190,160	1,773,072	
Other Foreign Countries .	3,700,144	3,600,912	4,278,176	
Total	141,858,528	172,712,512	133,230,832	
Cocoa Preparations (incl. Chocolules)—			30. 3 , 3	
From				
Switzerland	11 322,416	9,705,136 5,206,432	7,715,120 6,029,856	
Other Foreign Countries.	4 802,336 6,928 208	7.786,576	8,113,280	
British Countries	146,384	84,560	38,304	
m.4.3				
Total	23,199,344	22,782,704	21,896,560	
offee— From British East Africa	28,023,968	19,887,280	36,461,824	
British India	6,030,752	2,634,240	9,924,320	
Butish West Indies .	3×5 504	352,352	564 256	
Other British Countries .	160,048	8,960	38,640	
Central America	28,994,896	31,521,728	37,654 176	
Colombia	3 550 512 1,078,224	3.066,448 801,360	2,860,032 833,168	
Other Foreign Countries	5,348,336	4,366,096	3 787,616	
·				
Total	73.502,240	62,638 464	92,124,032	
Sugur (unrefined)— From	900	f	454 0-5	
Australia Mauritius	339 247,888 412,298,544	474.792,976 6x6,068,096	414,892,576 304,801,616	
Union of South Africa	160,123,600	216,732,096	236,796,224	
Brilish West Indies, &c	310,047,920	207,007,360	180,315,072	1
Other British Countries	16,265,648	60,095,392	72,683,792	t
Cuba	,577,84n,88o	1,559,373,312	1,659,729,616	•
St. Domingo	468,094,144	413,176,054	531,863,584	ŀ
151 azıl	224,669,760 40,357,744	278,746,304 25,820,816	266,008,512 162,719,200	,
definany	1,031,408	74,504,752	129,534,720	•
Other Foreign Countries	278,509,280	659,528,464	190,700.048	3
m.i.s			-	-
Total	- 8-8 486 RvF	4,585,345,632	4,149,944,960	

lxxv	THREE YEARS' F	OOD IMPO	DRTS—continu	ed.
Tobacco	(unmanufactured)—From	zo se Ib	2929 Ib	2030 Ib.
Reitie	sh India	10,338,828	9,180,662	12,998,102
	aland	12,181,826	10,671,895	12,823,430
Cane 1	. Dhadauin	10,280,063	4,023,634	3,629,386
Other	British Countries	10,283,774	7,654,736	5,897,523
U.S.A		171,838,580	205,376,067	197,65 ,872
Other	Foreign Countries	2,862,151	3,119,113	3,929,202
		217,785,216	240,026,107	236,934,505
Cigars,	&c. (manufactured)—From the Countries	_		
Britis	sh Countries	82,075	84,548	87,262
Forei	gn Countries	1,309,999	1,390,625	1,223,026
		1,392,074	1,475,173	1,310,288
T	otal	219,177,290	241,501,280	238,244,753
		Say 5 lb. 1	er head of popu	lation per annum.
Apples-	-From			
Canac	da	139,544,064	191,210,656	#33,669,072
Austi	'al a	161 538,048	39,413,696	141,204,416
New .	Zealand	38,295,600	28,904,400	42,583 520
Uthel TI Q A	British countiles	439,712	938,112	633,136
U.D.A	Foreign Countries	330,924,832	345,986,256	250,292,784
Offici	Foreign Countries	11,135,600	38,391,472	12.737,760
T Pears	otal	68x,977,856	644,844,592	691,210,688
Austr	alia	6,520,640	5,348,672	14,521,136
Canad	da	6,708,688	3,344,096	7,117,264
Union	da n of South Africa	11,296,544	2,688,560	12,017,952
New	Zealand	2,040,640	1,636 768	2.173.808
Other	British Countiles	281,344	378,448	15,680
Belgi	um	30,817,808	60,762,128	25,837,728
U.S.A		25,216,464	24,322,032	48,594,000
		5,279,456	16,288,272	2,1(0,256
Other	Foreign Countries	8,144,304	5,992,112	z,681,280
	otal	96,305,888	120,761,088	115,289,104
Oranges	- From			
Pales	tine	123,591,328	88,540,704	148,207,360
Unior	of South Africa	57,775,088	78,214,352	121,245,273
Other	tine of South Africa	5,983,000	5,313,504	z,387,840
Spain		644,028,336	699,204,352	807,032,688
U.D.A	L	11,887,456	109,637,024	4,207,616
Other	Foreign Countries	25,964,960	62,654,480	60,1.0,592
	otal	869,230,768	1,037,564,416	1,143,202,368
Grapes-	-From	.00 .00	_	
Union	of South Africa	4,881,968	5,477,360	5,419,568
Chan	nel Islands	1,711,248	1,729,616	3,010, 60 4:3,824
Austi	alia	276,976	749,504	4:3,824
Otner	Butish Countries	76 048	19,712	87,696
Spain Other	Foreign Countries	66,769,248 20,273,344	66,136,672 22,627,920	46,103,732 22,798,944
T	otal	93,988,832	96,740,784	
Grave 1	Fruit—From			77,873,824
Britis	h West Indies	3,551,632	4,606,000	2,810,080
Union	of South Africa	2,133,936	2,954,672	5, 23 6,3 36
Other	British Countries	492,912	867,216	2,000,656
U.S.A	Wanter Careton	41,526,800	47,070 240	43,864,912
Other	Foreign Countries	5,276,203	5,298,496	8,395,072
_ T	otal	52,981,488	60,796,624	62,307,056
Banana	rsFrom	bunches.	bunches.	bunches.
Britis	h West Indies British Countries	2,739,908	4,014,602	5,923,877
Color	obie	196	301 3,748,178	555
Hond	nhiauras (not British)	3,957,411	3,748,178	3,352,003
Other	Foreign Countries	z,572,062 4,696 344	2,916,070 4,257,568	984,60x 4,728,329
				-
Т	otal	12,965,921	14,936,719	14,989 564

Abbreviations in Common Use.

A z, First class A.A., Automobile Association.
A.A.L.P.A., Associate of Incorporated Society of Auctioneers.
A.C.A.— of Inst. of Chartered Accountants A.C.I.S .- of the Chartered Institute of Secretaries. A.I.A. of the Institute Actuaries. A.L.C.—Do. of Chemistry. A.I.C.S .- Do. Chartered Shipbrokers. A Inst P.—Do Physics.
A I O.B.—Do. Builders.
A.I.S.A.—Do. Secretaries Assoc. A.K.C .- of King's College. A I. A.— of the Library Assoc. of Royal Academy. A. R. A -A.R.A.M .- of Royal Academy of Music, A.R.C.M.— of Royal College of Music. A.R.C.O.—Do. Organists. A. R. C.S.—1)o. Science. A.R.I.B.A.— of Royal Institute
of British Architects.

C.B. Companion of the Bath.
C.B.E., Commander of Order A.R.R.C.—of Royal Red Cross.
A.R.S.M.—of the Royal School C.C., Common or County Council. of Mines. A.R.San.I - of the Royal Sani-A.R. W.S.— of Royal Society of C.D. H., Do. in Horticulture, A.R. W.S.— of Royal Society of C.E., Civil Engineer. Painters in Water Colours. A.S.A.A. of the Society of C.F. Incorporated and Auditors.

A.M.I.C.E, Associate M.
Institute of Civil Engrs. Associate Member A.M.I.Chem.E.-Do. Engineers. A. M I.E.E. -- Do. Electrical En-

gineers. A. M. I. Mech. E.—Do. Mechanical A.B., Able-bodied seamau.

A.C. (Ante Christum) = B.C. A.D. (Anno Domins), In the year of our Lord. A.D.C., Aide-de-Camp : A.D.C. Gen., ditto, General. lib. (ad libitum).

pleasure. Army Educational Corps.

A.F.C., Air Force Cross.
A.H. (Anno Hegerae), In the C.M.S., year of the Hegira. A.M. (Ante meruliem), Before noon.

A.M. (Anno mundi), In the year of the world. A.M.C., Art Master's Certificate.

A.M.D.G. (Ad majorem Der gloriam), To the greater glory of God, A.M S., Army Medical Service

or Staff. A.S.(Anno Salvatoris or Salutis),

In the year of Salvation. U.C. (Anno urbs conditae), In d. (denarus), penny. the year from the foundation D.B.E., Dame of Order of British of Rome.

B.A., Bachelor of Arts. B.A.O.— of Obstetrics. 3. Arch. - of Architecture. B.C.L -- of Civil Law. B.Ch., (or Ch.B.) - of Surgery. B ('om, - of Commerce. B.D.S. (or B.Ch.D.) - of Dental

Surgery.
B.D.— of Divinity.
B.Ed.— of Education. B. Eng.— of Engineering. B. Litt.— of Literature B. Phil, - of Philosophy.

B.sc. - of Science. B.Sc. Tech. -Technical Science.

B.B.C. British Broadcasting

B.B.C., British Broadcasting Co. poration. B.C., Before Christ. B.M. A., British Medical Assoc. B.N.C., Brasenose Coll., Oxford B.V.M., Blessed Virgin Mary. C.A., Chartered Accountant. C., Conservative. c. & b., Caught and bowled.

Cantab., Cambridge. Cap. (Chapter), Number of Act of Parliament.

C.D. A., College Diploma in Agri-

culture.

cl. (confer), Compare. Society of C.F., Chaplain to the Forces Accountants C G M., Conspicuous Gallantry

Medal. C G.S., second. Centimetre - gramme

Chemical C.H... Companion of Honour C.I.E., Order of Indian Empire trical En-C.M.G., St. Michael and St. George.

CS I., Star of India. Ch. Ch., Christ Church. UI., Lady of Impenal Order of the Crown of India. C.I.D., Criminal Investigation

Department. C.T.F., Cost, Insurance and Freight.

C.-in-C., Commander-in-Chief. C.L.B., Church Lade' Brigade C.M. (Chirurgiae Magister), Master of Surgery. Church Missionary

Society. C.O D , Cash on delivery.

Con. (contra), Against. CO.P.E.C., Conference on Poli-Economics and Christies

tianity.

O.S. Charity Organisation cos., Society.
Conspicuous C S.C., Service

Cross. C.T.C., Cyclist Touring Club. C.V.O, Commander of Royal Victorian Order.

Empire.

D.C., District of Columbia. D.C.L., Doctor of Civil Law. D.D. - of Divinity.

Dr. Hy.— of Hygiene. D. Litt.— of Literature.

D.Sc.— of Science. D.C.L.I., Duke Light Infantry. Duke of Cornwall's D.C.M., Distinguished Conduct Medal.

del.(delineavit), He (she) drew it.
D F C. Distinguished Flying Cross.

D.G. (Dei gratia), By the Grace of God. D.I.C., Diploma of the Imperial

College.

D.M.R.E.— in Medical Radiology and Electrology.

D OE.C.— in Economics D.O M S. - in Ophthalmic Medicine and Singery.

D.P.J.—Public Health.
D.T.M—in Tropical Medicine.
D.V.8 M.—in Veterinary State Medicine.

D.L., Deputy-Lieutenant. D.N.B. Dictionary of National

Biography.
Do. (ditto), The same.
D.O.B A., Defence of the Realm

Act. D.S.C., Distinguished Service Cross.

D.S.M., Do. Medal. D S.O., Companion of Distinguished Service Order.
D V. (Deo volente), God willing.

dwt., Pennyweight. E. and O. E., Errors and omissions

excepted. e.g. (exempli gratia).

e.y. (example."

Ebor, York.

E.C., East Central District.

Emb., Embassy. et al. (et alibi), And elsewhere. etc (et cetera), And the other

things. et seq. (et sequentia), And the following.

F.A.I., Fellow of Auctioneers' Institute. F.A.L.P.A. of Incorporate

Society of Auctioncers, &c. F.B.A.—of the British Academy. F.B.O.A.— of British Optical Association.

F.C.A - of Institute of Chartered Accountants. F.C.I.B - of Corporn. of Insur-

ance Brokers. F.C.I.L of the Chartered Insurance Institute.

F C.I S .- of the Chartered Institute of Secretaries F.C.S.— of the Chemical Society. F.C.W.A.— of Inst. of Cost

and Works Accountants F.E.I.S - of Educational Insti-

tute of Scotland. F G.S.- of the Geological

Society. F I.A., Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries

F.I.A.A. - Architect Member of Inc. Assoc. of Architects. F.I.A S .- Surveyor Member Do.

M.E.C.— of Executive Council.

M.Inst.C.E .- of Institute Civil Engineers.

G.C.I.E., Knight Grand Com-mander of Indian Empire. K.C.M.G. Do. of St. Michael and

G.C. M.G., Knight Grand Cross St. George. of St. Michael and St. George. K.C.S.I., Do. the Star of India.

M.I.Mar.E., M.I.E.E Mech.E., Marine, and Mechanical Engi 110018. M.I. Min.E .- of Institute Mining Engineers.
M.Inst. M M — of Institute υf Mining and Metallurgy. M Inst Met , ditto of Metals M.L.A — of Legislative sembly. M L.C., ditto Council. M.P — of Parli ment M.P.S., Member of Pharma centical Society Royal Asiatic Oxon., Oxford. M.R. A.S -- of Society. M.R.C.P.— of Royal College of P. (in P.R.S., &c.), President-Physicians. | see F.R.S., R.A., &c M.R C V.S - of Royal College of Vetermary Surgeons. M.R J.A .- of Royal Itish Academy. tary Institute M.S.A. - of Society of Aichi- P.M. M.VO — of Royal Victorian P M G, Postmaster General. Order M.C., Military Cross M.C.C., Marylebon Marylebone Club. M C.S., Malayan Civil Service. Mdlle., Mademoiselle Mem. (memento), Remember ! M F H., Master of Fox Hounds M G Corps, Machine Gun Corps Mg1., Monsignor. Mil., Military, Militia. Min. Plenip, Minister Plenipotentiary. Mmc., Madame. M.O H , Medi Health. in p h , Miles per hour. Mrs Manuscripts. Mus. D. [B.], Doctor, [Bachelor], of Music. M.V., Motor Vessel. M.W.B., Metropolitan WaterBd N., North Nat., Nationalist. Nav., Naval N B (Nota bene), Note well. N C.O., Non - commissioned Officer. n d , no date. Nem. con. (Nemine contradicente), No one contradicting. N.I., Northern Ireland. N.L., National Laberal. No. (Numero), Number. Non seq. (non sequetur), It does R.C.N., - Canadian ditto. not follow. N.S., Nova Scotia. N.S.W., New South Wales. N. U.R., National Union Railwaymen. N.W.P.[T], North - West Pro-vinces [Territory]. N.Z., New Zealand. D.B.E., Officer of British Empire Order.

lxxviii-lxxix M.I.Mar.E., M.I. ob., or obit, died. ditto Electrical, O E D., Oxford English Dic-R.F.A., Royal Field Artillery. R.G.A., — Garrison Artillery R.H A , — Horse Artillery, or tionary. O.H. M.S., On His Majesty's Ser-Hibernian Academy. R I.A., - Irish Academy. vice. O.K., "All correct" R.I M., - Indian Marine. O. M., Order of Merit.

O. P. Opposite Prompt side (of Theaire), Out of Print (of books), O'd Prices (Club).
O. S., Old Style.
O. S. B., Older of St. Benedict.
O. T. C., Officers' Training Corps.
O. U.D. S., O'fold University Dramatic Society.

Description:

O. M., "All correct" | R. I., — Maying.
R. M., — Maying.
R. M. S., — Mail Steamer.
R. N., — Navy; R. N. R., ditto Volunteer Reserve.
R. N. V. R., ditto Volunteer Reserve.
R. N. J. — Institute of Communication of Communicati R.N., - Navy; R.N R., ditto Reserve; R.N.V.R., ditto Vol-Institute of Oil Dramatic Society. R.S A., - Scottish Academician. R.U. Rif., — Ulster Rifles. R.W.S., — Water Colour Society. Oz., Ounce. R. Y.S., — Yacht Squadron. R.C., Roman Catholic. R.I.P. (Requiescat in pacs), May MRCS—of Royal College of P&O., Pennisular & Oriental. Surgeons. PAS.I Professional Associate he rest in peace of the Surveyors' Institution R.M., Resident Magistrate. P.C., Privy Councillor. Ro (recto), On the right hand ----, Police-constable page. R. of O., Reserve of Officers. R.R.C., Lady of Royal Red (Ph.D., Doctor of Philosophy. M R San I .- of the Royal Sant- P L A., Port of London Autho-11**ty** Cross R.S.V.P. (Ripondez, s'il vous plait), Answer, if you please. (post meridiem), After noon. RTS, Religious Tract Society. P M O., Principal Medical Rt. Hon , Right Honourable. Officer. Sc (scilicet), Namely. Cricket P P C. (Pour prendre congé), To Sic, So written S J. (Society of Jesus), Jesuit. S.O S ("Save Our Souls") Dis-Pro tem (pro tempore), For the time being. tress Signal. s p (sine prole), Without issue.
s p 1, Without legitimate issue.
s.P.C.A., Society for the Prevention of Ciuelty to Animals. Prox (provino), Next month. P.S (Post scriptum), Postscript. P S.A , Pleasant Sunday After noon. p.s.a., Graduate of Royal Air S.P.C.K., Society for the Promo-force Staft College. sc, Graduate of Military (or SPG, Society for the Propaga-Naval) Staff College tion of the Gospel. Medical Officer of PTO., Please turn over SPQR. (Senatus Populusque Romanus), The Senate and P W D., Public Works Dept. Q A.L A S , Qualified Associate, People of Rome. S S C , Solicitor of the Supreme Land Agents' Society. And Agents Society.
Q.C., Queen's Counsel.
Q.e. d (quod et at demonstrandum), which was to be proved
Q M.G., Quantermaster-General
Q S., Quanter Sessions. Court, Scotland. Stet, Let it stand T.A., Territorial Army, T.D., ditto Decoration. Tor H , Talbot House. T.U.C., Trades Union Council. Ult. (ultimo), in the preceding Quir., Quartermaster. q.v. (quod vide), "which see." My. (quaere), Query.

R.A., Royal Artillery or Royal

Academy.

My. (Persus), Against.

1. (Persus), Against.

W. Victoria and Albert (Inder v. (Versus), Against. V.A., Victoria and Albert Order. V.A.D., Voluntary Aid Detach-R.A.F., — Automobile Club. R.A.F., — Air Force. R.A.M., — Academy of Music. R.A.M.C, — Army Medic ment. Army Medical C, Victoria Cross V D, Vol. Officers' Decoration.
Ven., Venerable.
Verb. sap. (Verbum sapenti satus est), A word to the wise Corps. R.A.N., — Australian Navy. R.A.O.C., - Army Ordnance Corps.
R.A.S.C., — Army Service Corps.
— Army Veterinary is enough. Viz (rulelicet), Namely. R.A.V.C., — Army Service Corps. Viz ("desicer", Ramely, Rankle, Co. ps.
R.A.V.C., — Army Service Corps. Viz. ("desicer", Ramely, Rankle, Rankl 1.W.C.A., Young Women's do. R.E., - Engineers.

lxxx Ready Reference Calendar for 200 Pears.

For ascertaining Any Day of the Week for any given time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752,† to 1952 inclusive.

	Y	ears	from	the	intro	auci	ion c	of th	e IV	ew i	Sty	ie,	175	2,T	ю	195	2 1	nci	usi	ve.		
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1757 1808	1763 1814	1774 1825		1791 1842	1853	1859 1910		1881 1927		1898		2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	в	2	4
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	1769 1815	1775 1826		1797 18 43	1854 1905	1865 1911	1871	1882	-	1809		3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	8	5
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† 1752 Jan. 1	to Se	as 1 pt. 2	772 fron Fron		day urday	26 Sa 27 Su	urday nday	26 N	anda	1 26	Mon	aay iday	25 26 27	Mon Tues Wed	day	25 96	('uca	nes	OK.	Wed Thu	ines rada	d 23 y 26
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NOTES FOR THE YEAR 1932.	[1
BRING BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR, AND 23 AND 23 OF KING GEORGE V.	i
Calendar Glements and Dates for the Year.	
Golden Number XIV Whit Sunday Epact zs Trinity Sunday	May 15
Solar Cycle (Year of)	,, 22 ,, 26
Roman Indiction (Year of) . xx Corpus Christi	,, 26
Inlian Period (Vear of)	June 3
Julian Day Jan. r (begins at noon) 2.426.708 Birth of Prince of Wales (1804)	,, 2 3
New Year's Day (Friday) Jan. 1 Dominion Day, Canada	July 1
Foundation Day, Australia 25 Jewish New Year (5602)	Oct. x
Ash Wednesday Feb to Armistice Day (tots)	Nov. zz
	26 Nov. 27
St. George's Day April 23 St. Andrew's Day	,, 30
Ascension Day May 5 Christmas Day (Sunday)	Dec. 25
Accession of King George V. (1910) . ,, 6	i
The Tropical Year 1932-1933. Spring Equinox (1932) Sun enters Sign Aries March	
Spring Equinox (1932)	1 20d 20h. 21d 15h
Autumn Equinox Libra Sept.	230. 6h.
Winter Solstice , , , Capricornus Dec.	22d. 1h.
Spring Equinox (1933) , , , , Aries March	zati. zn.
Phases of the Moon, 1932.	1
January. Last Quarter zd. zh. 23m New Moon . 5d z8h. z2m First Quarter zd.	T20 4022
	az 6
First Quarter . 15 20 55 Full Moon . 20 5 9 Last Quarter . 23 Rull Moon . 23 13 44 Last Quarter . 27 4 54 New Moon 30	0 47
	5 30
February. New Moon 4d. oh 16m. Wast Charter 6d	zoli. sm.
	13 18
First Quarter . 14 18 16 Full Moon 18 12 38 Last Quarter 22 Full Moon 22 2 7 Last Quarter 25 20 36 New Moon 20	17 14
Tast Quarter as as as July.	14 56
March. New Moon . 3d. 22h. 20m.	6h. 50m
New Moon 7d. 7h. 44m First Quartet xx 3 7 First Quartet 5d. First Quartet 5d. First Quartet 5d. Full Moon 2x 4x Full Moon 2x 6 Mull Moon 2x 12 4x Full Moon 2x 12 4x Last Quartet 2x 12 4x L	7 28
	7 58
Last Quarter 29 3 44 August. New Moon 28 April. New Moon 2d. 9h. 42m. December.	0 43
New Moon 6d. 1h. 21m. First Quarter . 9 7 40 First Quarter . 4d.	21h 45m
First Quarter . 14 3 16 Full Moon 10 7 42 Full Moon 13	3 21
Full Moon so zi sy last Quarter . s4 7 zi Last Quarter 20	20 22
Calendar for the Year 1932.	i
January. February. March. Apr 8u - 3 10 17 24 31 8u 7 14 21 28 8u 6 13 20 27 8u - 3	ril. 10 17 24
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h 1 8 15 22 29 Th 6 13 20 27 - Th 3 10 17 24 - Th 1 8	15 38 29
	16 23 30
	17 24 31
WEITTAKER'S AT WANACK 1989	C

2]		JANUARY XXXI DAYS	3.		[193	2.
DA	T OF	Fasts and Festivals.	T	HB	SUN	Da	YS
a. Li	leht W.	Remarkable Days—Events SUN'S LONGITUDE 300° 22 21d. 6h.	Rie	ies.	Sots.	of the Year.	of Year.
1	FS	Circumcision. New Year's Day. Times estab. 1788. Temple Bar removed, 1878.	8 8	N. 8	м. м. 15 59 16 о	1	365 364
3. 4 5	S M Tu	2nd Sundan after Christmas. Gen. Monk d. 1670. Marshal Joffre, o.m., born, 1852; died, 1931. Gordon College, Khartoum, founded, 1899.	8 8 8	8 8 7	16 1 16 2 16 3	3 4 5	363 362 361
5 6 7 8	W Th F	Twelfth Day. Gustave Doré born, 1832. Old Christmas Day. Calais lost, 1558. Sir F. Dyson, Astronomer Royal, born, 1868. Nelson buried in St. Paul's, 1806.	8 8 8	7 7 6	16 5 16 6 16 7 16 8	6 7 8	360 359 358
9 10 11	S M Tu	lst Zundan after Epiphann. Hilder Law Sittings begin. Plow Monday. Edmund Burke born, 1729; died, July 9, 1797.	8 8	5 5 4	16 10 16 11 16 13	9 10 11 12	357 356 355 354
13 14 15	WTh Fig	Prince Arthur of Connaught born, 1883. Marquess of Lansdowne born, 1845; d. June 3, 1927. British Museum opened, 1759. Edmund Spencer died, 1599. Coruña, 1809.	8 8 8	3 3 2	16 14 16 16 16 17 16 19	13 14 15 16	353 35* 351 350
17	M Tu W Th	2nd Sunday after Epiphany. Earl Beatty b. 1871. Captain Scott reached South Pole, 1912. William Congreve d. 1729. Ciudad Rodrigo, 1812. Alexander Nimmo, oivil engineer, died, 1832. Nikolai Lenin, Founder of Bolshevism, died, 1924. First Labour Government assumed office, 1924.	8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	o 59 58	16 20 16 22 16 23 16 25 16 27 16 29	17 18 19 30 31	349 348 347 346 345
23 24 25 26	S M	William Pitt died, 1806. Charles Kingsley d. 1875. Septuagesima. Naval engage't, Dogger Bank, 1915. Conbersion of St. Baul. Lord Fisher born, 1841. Australia Day. Adm. Sir Alex. Cochrane d. 1832.	7	54 53 51	16 30 16 32 16 34 16 35	23 24 25 26	343 343 341 340
27 28 29 30		Dr. Andrew Bell, educationist, died, 1832. Sir Francis Drake died, 1596. Aliwal, 1846. For instituted, 1856. FM. Earl Haig, K.T., d. 1928. Charles Bradlaugh died, 1891; born, Sept. 26, 1833.	7	49 48 46	16 37 16 39 16 41 16 42	27 28 29 30	339 338 337 336
31	\$ 3	Beragesima. Young Pretender died, 1788.	7	43	16 44	31	335
		HASES OF THE MOON. 10. 1h. 23 1th. 10. 1h. 23 1th. 10. Jan. 1. Dog and establic on the stablic of the stabli	NO	TE ent	S.	es re	new-

New Moon

First Quarter

Full Moon

Last Quarter 15 23

Jan. z. Dog and establishment licences renewable. Kings taxes due. Holiday on Stock Exchange; Bank Holiday in Scotland.

— Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of sr days immediately preceding or immediately following Dec. as last.

5. Dividends on Consols, &c., due.

c. Christmas Fire Insurances must be paid. ro. Ramadan (Month of Abstinence) begins.

zz. Registration Officers to publish New Lists of all Klectors on Spring Register.

,	932.]			_	JA]		F	IRS	T M	ONT	Н.		[3
Per.	Equation Add to App. Time.	of Time Hrly Var	THE Apparent Right Ascension.	Houring Var of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	n No	OII). Hourly Var of Dec.	Ride Tim Mean	real e at Noon	Mean Time at 0h. Sid- ereal Time	Noon Noon	. — The on thi	words s page, formati	" Mean and the on gener-
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Notes on Time Numeration: Tables of the Moon, &c.—According to the practice of recent years, the day as treated in this Almanack is divided into \$24 hours, numbered from \$0.000 to \$2.000
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = xsh) MERCURY © VENUS © Rises Souths Sets Rises Souths Sets

Rises Souths Sets Rises Souths Set	
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MORNING AND EVENING STARS

- ? VERUS is an evening star and may be seen soon after subset not very high in the south-west sky
- d MARS in conjunction with the Sun on February 1st is not visible either in the morning or evening sky.
- JUPITER is a conspicuous object almost throughout the night. It is moving slowly westward not far from Regulus and rives in the E N.E an hour or two after sunset. Magnitude -2°0 to -2 i
- b SATURN being in conjunction on the 16th rises and sets nearly with the sun throughout the mouth and will not be seen.

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time of the rising which happens during that day, and the figures in the two following columns show the time of the southing and of the setting which next follow that rising, and these sometimes happen after the midnight which ends the day. In such cases the figures are in heavy type, and it is to be remembered in using this table that these distinctive figures always indicate a time on the morrow of the day of its line. A similar system is followed in the Tables of the planets. (See pages 5, 9, 13, &c.) In the ephemerides of the planets on page 3 of each mosth, italic figures are occasionally used (pages 8, 12, 16, 44) to indicate the change of sign of the declination noted in the heading

Fasts and Festivals. Remarkable Days—Events Sun's Longitude 330° × 19d. soh. I M Germany com. "Unrestricted Naval Wa Burtúration. Candlemas. Scottish Qu George Crabbe died, 1832. N.Z. Earthe W. H. Alnsworth b. 1805. Kumasi capt Sir Robert Peel b. 1788. Thomas Carlyl Joseph Munden, actor, died, 1832. M Half Quarter Day. John Ruskin born, 185 M Half Quarter Day. John Ruskin born, 185 I Th Shrove Tuesday. Lord Carson born. 185 I Th London University chart., 1826. Vatican 183 I Th Abraham Lincoln b. 1809. Republic in Glencoe massacre, 1692. Lord R Churc I S Manne destroyed at Havana, 1898. Kim	rfare," 1917. arter Day. (uake, 1931. ured, 1874.	Rises. M. M 7 48 7 41 7 39 7 38	Sun Sets. H M 16 46 16 47	- 6	to end of Year.
Sun's Longitude 330° × 19d. 20h. Managestma	rfare," 1917. arter Day. (uake, 1931. ured, 1874.	и. м 7 42 7 41 7 39	н м 16 46	- 6	to end of Year.
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15 M Maine destroyed at Havana, 1898. Kim	4. State, 1929 China, 1912		16 57 16 58 17 0 17 2 17 4 17 6 17 8	38 39 40 41 42 43 44	328 327 326 325 324 323 322
Ti Hundley Murray, grammarian, died, 1826 To Hundley Murray, grammarian,	berley, 1900 5. re, 1917. 1916. t, b. 1832.	7 20 7 18 7 16 7 14 7 12 7 10 7 8	17 9 17 11 17 13 17 15 17 17 17 19	45 46 47 48 49 50 51	321 320 319 318 317 316
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28 S 3rd Sunday in Uent. Ladysmith, 1900. 29 M Tanketat, 1884. Italians defeated at Ad		6 5a 6 50	17 35 17 37	59 60	307 306
PHASES OF THE MOON. New Moon 6d. 14h. 45'm. Print Quarter 14 18 15'7 — 7 to x Full Moon 22 2 74 — 10. 14 (Last Quarter 28 18 3'0 Apogee 12d. 5'7h. 251,600 miles. Perigee 24d. 1'5h. 235,100 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, February 1, 358° 39'.	MONTHLY Pheasant and Pa b. Buchan's " r ont begins (ends	NOTE artridge st Cold a midni are—I	S. Bhoot Period ght Market Mar	ing el." arch March	ends. 26). 19 9,

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15	ee No	te, p.	4.]	Тп	e l	Mod	on.						_	Configura-	Conjunctions, Eclipses, and other Celestial Phenomena.
z					At	Gre	enwic				_		_	Jupiter's	February z. Day breaks at
Day of	Rises.	Souths.	Sets	Righ Asce sion	11-		clina- ion.	Pa	ori ital ral- ix	Ber dia met	ni- a te:	Ag	re.	Satellites at 0h, 0m. (See p. 36.)	gh. 45m. Civil twilight ends at 17h. 35m. Night begins at 18h. 44m. The length of the Day is 9h. 4m.
34 56	6 20 7 6	7 3ª 8 3¤	II I II 44 IB 44 IB 57 IS I7	20 49	47 29 36 2	28 27 25 21	35°1 47°7	57 57 56 56	43 15 46 16	, 15 15 15 15 15	50 43 36 28	25 26 27 28 29	11. 12. 12. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14	W. R. ©21 O4 O123 U 04 O23 421 O3 423 O1 431 O2	Feb. x. Mars in conjunction. Feb. 5, 2h. Saturn in conjunction with D. 1, 4° N. Feb. 5, 7h. Mercury in conjunction with D. 0, 3° N. Feb. 6, 17h. Mars in conjunction with D. 3 ° N.
2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 11 12 13	8 27 8 37 8 46 8 56 9 6	13 0 13 42 14 23 15 2 15 42 16 22	19 11 20 23 21 34 22 44 23 56	23 53 0 35 1 18	58 43 49 17	6 5 10	16'0 30'08 12'711 42'0 48'1	54 54 54 54	52 31 16 10	14 14 14 14	57 51 47 45 46	3 4 5 6	999999	40213	Feb. 7. Jupiter in Opposition. Distance from Earth 403,700,000 miles. Feb. 9, 21h. Venus in conjunction with D. 9 r S. Feb. 1x, 12h. Uranus in conjunction with D. 1d 3° S.
14	9 58 10 31 11 18 13 22 13 41	20 29 21 27 22 24	3 37 4 42 5 37 6 18 6 47	5 26 6 24 7 24 8 22	29 29 58	26 28 28 26 26	29'9 56'1 44'9	55 56 56 57 58	3 51 43 35	14 15 15 15 15 15	5 16 29 44 58	9 10 11 12	999999	30#14 #1304 0134 #0#34 #0143 ##40 4310#	Feb. 20, 22h. Jupiter in conjunction with D. 2 3°S. Feb. 26. Mercury in superior conjunction. Feb. 26 Neptune in Opposition. Distance from Earth 2,720,670,000 miles.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	18 ix 19 40 21 9 22 40 0 12		7 36 7 48 8 17 8 17 8 36	10 15 11 8 12 0 12 53 13 46 14 42 15 40 16 40	34 49 8 38 13 19	6 0 7 14 19 24	33'91' 30'35' 32'8 7'9 51'6 22'0	60 60 60 59 59	23 32 25 6 37 1	16 16 16 16 16 16	27 30 28 22 25 5	16 17 18 39 20 21	999999	41023 42013 42014 3102	z,7to,70,000 mines. Feb. 27, 7h. Venus in conjunction with Uranus ? 0.8° N. In this mouth the Mornings increase zan.: the Afternoons zin. Constellations near the 5. meridian at zzh.: Aulga, Taurus, Orlon, Geninn, Caus Minor, Monoceros, Canis Major, Argo, Cancer, Hydia.

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

1	Ø MER	CURY.	Q VI	INUS.	ि उ	MAI	RS.	4.	UPITER.	15	SATURE	٧.
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	Feb. 15, Sun's semidiam in Transit, 1m. 6:56s. of Mean Time. sets 7h. 48m.																			

Double High-Water.—Among the Tidal-Constants on pages 52 and 53 it will be seen that for Southampton and some other places near the Isle of Wight two times of High Water are indicated, differing by two or three hours. This is the result of observation, but an explanation sometimes advanced that it is the effect of the combination of two tides, one of which passes round the Island, advanced that it is the effect of the combination of two fides, one of which passes found the Island, the other arriving normally, is believed to be erroneous. In shallow water the main idial oscillation generates a secondary oscillation of small range and half the period of the main oscillation, and normally in an estuary this tends to accelerate high water and to retard low water. In the neighbourhood of the late of Wight the normal relationship of primary and secondary oscillation is disturbed and the four maxima of the secondary tide become prominent at Southampton, and the four minima at Portland, so that at the former place there are double high waters and at the latter there are double low waters.

-	LONDOR	Baidge	Live	rpoot.	Pon Bas (King	TOL.	(Immi	ngham.)	GREE	NOCK.	Lei	ти.	DUBLIN BAI (Kingstown) G M.T.	
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* The days thus indicated throughout the Almanack are those on which High Tules may be expected. Strong northerly which in the North is a and a low barometer with heavy rams in the countres drained by the Thumes may cause a higher mac of the rive, and the low large reversed chaircate to be fooded.

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1	MARS &	JUPITER 2
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MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

O MERCURY uses before the Sun in the first part of the month, but will not be seen.

P VENUS continues to be an evening star setting later night by might, and grows bughter. It will be a prominent object in the south-west sky in the early evening. Magnitude -35 to -3.6.

J MARS rises almost with the Sun throughout

of MARS rises almost with the Sun throughout the month and sets before, so that it will not be visible

? JUPITER being in Opposition on the 7th, is above the horizon throughout the night. It will be due east at altitude 20° at about 6 o'clock in the evening in the middle of the month. Magnitude 21.

b SATURN rises rather more than an hour before the Sun in the S.E. by E 1 to a scarcely likely to be visible Magnitude +0 8.

		TURN	7
D. 7 14 21 28	6 45 6 20 5 55	10 56 10 31 10 7	Sets h. m. 15 6 14 43 14 20 13 56

The Tidal Predictions in these pages and the Tidal Constants on pages 52 and 53 have been supplied by the Liverpool Observatory and Tidal Institute. The predictions for Immingham, Greenock and Leith are Crown Copyright, which is reserved, and are published here by permission of the Controller of the Stationery Office and of the Hydrographer of H.M. Navy.

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10)]		MARCH XXXI DAYS.		[193	;2.
D	TA	OF	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	SUN		AT'S
M.	Luchi and Duck	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. SUN'S LONGITUDE of Tr sod. soft.	Risos.	. Bets.	of the Year.	te end of Year
1 2 3 4		Tu Th F	St. David's Dav. Mamelukes massacred, 1811. John Wesley, founder of Methodism, died, 1791. Robert Adam, architect, died, 1792. William Willett, "Daylight Saving," died, 1915. Sir A. H. Layard, excavator of Ninevah, born, 1817.	H. H. 6 48 6 45 6 43 6 41 6 39	11. 11. 17 38 27 40 17 42 17 44 17 45	61 63 64 65	305 304 393 302 302
6 7 8 9 10 11		M Tu Th FS	Royal Institution founded, 1799.	6 37 6 34 6 32 6 30 6 28 6 26 6 23	17 47 17 49 17 51 17 52 17 54 17 56 17 57	66 67 68 69 70 71 72	390 299 298 297 296 295
13 14 15 16 17 18	200 cm cm cm cm cm	&MTu Th FS	Egypt became an independent kingdom, 1922.	6 21 6 19 6 16 6 14 6 12 6 10 6 7	17 59 18 1 18 3 18 4 18 6 18 8 18 9	73 74 75 76 77 78 79	293 292 290 289 288 287
20 21 22 23 24 25 26		& M Tu Th F S	HILARY LAW SITTINGS END. Novara, 1849.	6 5 6 3 6 x 5 58 5 56 5 54 5 51	18 11 18 13 18 14 18 16 18 18 18 29 18 21	80 81 82 83 84 85 86	286 285 284 283 282 282 280
27 28 29 30 31		M Tu W Th	Easter Day. J. R. Clynes b. 1869. Arnold Bennett d. Easter Monday. Bank Holiday. [1931. Easter Cuesday. Capt. Coram, "Foundling," d. 1751. Massacre of Sicilian Vespers, 1282. F. J. Hadyn b. 1832. Duke of Gloucester b. 1900.	5 49 5 47 5 45 5 42 5 40	18 23 18 24 18 26 18 28 18 29	87 88 89 90 92	279 278 277 276 275

PHASES OF THE MOON.

BAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN MAR., 1931, on 6 days; total fall, o'3s inch; below the average by 1'41 inch.

MONTHLY NOTES.

Murch 1. Auditors of Boroughs to be elected.— Annual assembly of Parish Meetings in Rural Parishes to take place during this month.

Last day for sending list of persons em-ployed in factories and workshops.

25. Lady Day. Quarter Day. Accounts of Overseers and Parish Councils to be made up to 31st.

31. Financial Year 1932-33 ends for Treasury purposes.

The color of the	1	932.]		$\mathbf{M} A$	${ m LR}$	$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{F}$	I	THII	RD	MON	TH.			[11
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CONJUNCTIONS. EGLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

March 1. Day breaks at 4h. ggna. Civil twilight ends 18h. 24m. Night begins 20h. 32m. The length of the Day is 20h. gcm.

Mar. 3, 14A. Saturn in conjunction with D. 5, 2 N.
Mar. 6, 15A. Mars in conjunction with D. 5 o 6 N.
Mar. 7. Annular Eclipse of the Sun. Iuvisible at Greenwich.

See p. 58.

Mar. 8, 5h. Mercury in conjunction with D. Oog S.

Mar. 11, 6h. Venus in conjunction with D. 오 🗝 성.

Eclipse of Jupiter Mar. 14-15. IV. See p. 58.

Mar. 19, 4h. Jupiter in con-

Mar 20, 20h. The Sun enters the Sign Aries (Equinox). Begin-

ning of the Tropical Year.

Mar. 22 Partial Eclipse of the Moon. Invisible at Greenwich. See p. 58.

Mar. 23 Mar. 23 Mercury at Greatest Elongation. 19° E.

Mar 37, morn. Occultation of:

7 Scorpii. Mag. 2.8. See p. 59.

Mar. 31, oh. Saturn in conjunction with D. h. 4° N.

The Zodiacal Light may be seen

after sunset in the early days and

at the end of this month.

In this month the Mornings increase 68m.; the Afternoons 53m. Constellations near the S. meridian at ash.: Gemini, Canis Minor, Monoceros, Argo, Lynx, Cancer, Hydra, Leo, Crater.

APPARENT	RIGHT ASCE	NSION AND	DECLINATIO	N OF THE PLAN	NETS AT NOON.
Ø MERCU	RY. Q VE	NUS	d MARS.	4 JUPITER.	le SATURN.
	C. S. CY RA.		.A. DEC. 8		
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THE SUN AND PLANETS. ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER. HORIZONTAL PARALLAX.

	M U			PTUNE.
D. 10 20	R.A H M I 6'I	Drc. N 6 23 6 35	R.A. H. M. 10 33'3 10 32'3	DEC. 16. 9 58 10 3
Ma	r. 16. U oh. 711.	ranus r Neptu	ises 6h. 5 De rises 1	6m., sets 6h. 1m.,

Bissextile.—When Julius Cosar reformed the Roman Calendar in the year 46 B.C., 263% days was adopted as the mean length of the year, that being the value then current in Egypt. Three out of four years were given 365 days, and the fourth, 366 days, the sixth day before the Kalendas of March being repeated. The intercalary day came to be called ante diem bis sextum Eatendas Martias, or more briefly bissextum, whence our word bissextile for leap-year.

Before the introduction of this calendar the Roman year consisted of 385 days, with a month of 23 days intercalated after February 23 when necessary. This intercalation had, however, been sometimes omitted, and it was found necessary to make the year 46 B.C. consist of 445 days.

Day.	London	Brider	Live	RPOOL.	Pour or Bristol (King Road).	Hull (Immingham).	GREENOCE	Танти.	Dublin Bar, (Kingstown) G.M.T.
A	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After	Morn. After	Morn. After.	Morn After	Morn After	Morn. After.
-1	HH	H. M	H. M	н. м.	н м. п. м.	н. и и и	n. m H M	н м. н. м.	H. M. H. M.
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5	0 32	13 8	10 24	22 53	6 24 18 47	5 0 17 8	11 29 23 56	1 50 14 O	10 19 23 46
6	1 21	13 51	11 3	23 28	7 6 19 22	5 40 27 40	12 6	2 28 14 36	11 0 23 25
7	x 59	14 26		23 59	7 40 19 55	6 16 18 15	0 34 12 41	3 6 15 13	22 36
	2 29 2 58	14 56		12 7	8 10 20 24 8 40 20 51	7 20 19 20	1 3 13 16	3 39 15 43 4 5 16 10	0 0 18 10
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14	5 19	17 39 18 24		15 11	10 35 22 53	9 39 22 1	3 57 16 18 4 30 16 58	6 40 19 2 7 26 19 54	2 56 15 29
15	5 59 6 58	10 26		17 81	11 11 23 37		5 14 18 8	8 a8 ar 6	3 41 16 34 5 6 18 16
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32	1 22 2 I	*13 49		23 33	7 7 19 31	5 44 17 51 6 25 18 35	0 17 12 11	2 19 14 37 2 59 15 27	11 16 a3 39
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26	*4 7	*x6 35	z 34	13 52	9 48 22 9	8 25 20 44	2 58 14 56	5 x x7 28	1 41 14 1
27	*4 49	17 15		14 40	10 25 22 45	9 5 21 30	3 37 25 39	5 50 18 19	2 29 14 50
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3-	-	73	- 33	25.55	33 -3			1 1 3 1	, -9 3.

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

1	ME	ROURY &	VENUS Q
0.6307	Rises	Souths Sets	Rises Souths, Sets
	h m	h, m h m	h m h m h, m
	6 55	12 42 18 30	7 43 14 43 21 45
	6 42	13 119 22	7 28 14 46 22 6
	6 26	13 12 19 59	7 13 14 49 22 26
	6 o	13 6 20 12	6 59 14 52 22 47

	Mars &	JUPITER 4
D. 6 13 20 27	6 30 11 45 17 1	h m h m h m 14 34 22 10 5 47

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY at Greatest Elongation (E) on March as is an evening star. It may be seen ten days before that date, for a few innutes shortly before 7 o'clock, but it sets later, and the interval for observation will be longer on the following evenings, when it may be seen low down, a few degrees north of west.

Q VENUS at sunset will be placed in the west-south-

Q VENUS at sunset will be placed in the west-southwest at altitude between 30 and 40 degrees. It will be near the Plenades at the end of the month. Magnitude

-3.6 to -3.8.

d Mars continues to rise and set nearly with the Sun, and will not be visible either in the morning or evening.

21 JUPITER is high in the south-east sky in the twilight and above the horizon until dawn. It is now midway between the Twins and Regulus. Magnitude -s.o.

b. SATURN rises at dawn, and will be 5 degrees above the horizon in the south-east at 5 o'clock at the end of the mouth, but is not likely to be conspicuous. Magnitude +o'9.

	SA.	TURN	'n
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The Date of Easter.—Easter Day was on March 27, as it is this year, in 1921 and 1920. The next occasion when it will be 30, according to our present method of assigning the date, will be in the year 2005.

The Financial Year.—The first day of the financial year for the purpose of public accounts is now April x, as it has been since the year 1855.

The Financial Year.—The inst day of the mannial year for the purpose of public accounts is now April x, as it has been since the year 1855. The dates for earlier periods have been 1700-175x, September 30; 175a to 1799 (inclusive), October 11; 1800 to 1854 (inclusive) January. 6. The year for assessment of Income-tax has begun on April 6 since the tax was first imposed in 1798.

1	4]		APRIL XXX DAYS.			193	32.
1	DAY	o F	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	Sun	DA	YS
М.	Light and Park	w	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 30° 8 sod. 8h.	Rises	Sets.	of the Year.	to end of Year.
1 2	!	F	All Fools' Day. Poor Law Guardians abolished, 1930. Copenhagen, 1801. Richard Cobden died, 1865.	и и 5 38 5 35	18 33 18 31	98 93	274 273
3 4 5 6 7 8		&MTWTFS	John Stow, chronicler of London, died, 1605. [1739.	5 33 5 31 5 29 5 27 5 24 5 22 5 ~0	18 34 18 36 18 38 18 39 18 41 18 43 18 44	94 95 96 97 98 99	272 271 270 269 268 267 266
10 11 12 13 14 15	8	M Tu Th F	Lord Frederick North born, 1732. Magdala, 1868.	5 18 5 15 5 13 5 11 5 9 5 7 5 5	18 46 18 48 18 49 18 51 18 53 18 54 18 56	101 103 104 105 106 107	265 264 263 262 261 260 259
17 18 19 20 21 22 23		S M Tu W Th F S	3rd Zundan after Easter. Summer Time begins.* Natural History Museum opened, 1881. Primrose Day (1881). Darwin died, 1882. James Cotter Morison, author, born, 1832 First drinking fountain erected in London, 1859. Garter founded, 1344. Earthquake in Essex, 1884. St. George's Day. Zeebrugge, 1918.	5 2 5 0 4 58 4 56 4 54 4 52 4 50	18 58 18 59 19 1 19 3 19 4 19 6 19 8	108 109 110 111 112 113	258 257 256 255 254 253 252
24 25 26 27 28 29 30		S M Tu W Th F S	4th Zundan after Easter. Dublin rebellion, 1916. 2t. Mark. Anzac Day (1915). Princess Mary b. 1897. Rev. E. Irving expelled from Scottish Church, 1832. Ji mos Bruce, African traveller, died, 1794. Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789. Sir Richard Birney, magistrate, died, 1832. Fontenoy, 1745. Lord Avebury born, 1834.	4 48 4 46 4 44 4 42 4 40 4 38 4 36	19 9 19 11 19 13 19 14 19 16 19 18	115 116 117 118 119 120	251 250 249 248 247 246

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	New Moon	6 <i>d</i>	. 1h.	21'17/i.
ž	First Quarter	14	3	15.2
	Full Moon			27 I
ř	Last Quarter	27	15	14 0

Apogee 7d. 5'5h. 252,580 miles. Perigee 20d. 20'2h. 221,730 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, April 1, 355° 27'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN APR., 1931, on at days; total fall, 3.57 inches; above the average by 2.40 inches.

* No change is made in these pages. Greenwich Time (G.M.T., see p. 4) is used throughout.

MONTHLY NOTES.

April 2. Refreshment House Licences to be renewed.—Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of 2x days immediately preceding or immediately following Maich 25 last.

immediately following March as last.
7. Fire Insurances must be paid.
11 to 14. Buchan's "and Cold Period."
14. Parish Councils to hold their annual meeting on or within seven days of this date.

17. Summer Time begins 2 A.M. (G.M.T.). 21. Jewish Passover begins.

19	32.]			ΑŦ	PRI	\mathbf{L}	FO	UR'	H	MOI	HTN	•		[15
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[8	See No	te, p	. 4.		Гні	c N	Ioc	N.				_			Configura-	CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND
×		ی ا	1	ŀ		A	t Gr	een wi	ich 🕽	Lidi	nigi	ıt.			tions of Jupiter's	OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.
Day of		Southa	Sete		Rigi Asce Sion	n.		clina ion.	Pa	ori nta rul ax	Se d me	mi- ia- ter	A	ge.	Satellites at sah yom. (Sec p. 36.)	April 1. Day breaks at 3h.38m. Civil twilight ends 19h. 18m. Night begins 20h. 32nn. The length of the Day is 12h. 53m.
	и. м. 4 30 4 44	8 54	H 1 13 3	0 2		3		46.1		8		1		16		Apr. 4, 21h. Mars in conjunction with \mathcal{D} . \mathcal{S} 2° S.
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	5 34 5 48	12 17 12 58 13 41 14 28	30 4	5	3 8	37 44	17	53.3	53 54	58	14 14 14	42 44	1 2	23 23	21O43	ary Point. Apr. 9. Uranus in conjunction.
10 11	6 ag	15 17 16 10	0 1	8	4 5±	30 30	27 28	41°1	54 55	42 II	14	54	4 5	23 23	4301 ¥ 42310	Apr. 10. Mercury at Inferior conjunction.
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17	23 4 24 31	20 35 21 25	3 4	6 I	13	47	5	20.1	59 n 60	11	16	10	10	23 23	3102	junction with ». 1/2 3° S. Apr. 19. Venus at Greatest Elongation. 46° E.
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21	28 18	0 58 1 59 3 3	5 3	7 1	5 57		25 27	20.0 20.0	59	42 56	16 16	32	16	23		Apr. 27, 9h Saturn in conjunction with D 12 4° N.
24 25 26	o 56 I 44	5 6	7 I 8 3	5 20	9 7	43 54	27 24	37·8	58 57	8	16 15	49 34	19 20	23 23	04O31	In this month the Mornings increase 62m.; the Afternoons 48m. Constellations near the South
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APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

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April 15. Uranus rises 5h. 1m., sets 18h. 19m. Neptune rises 14h. 0m., sets 3h. 50m.

The Planet Venus.—Venus is now very prominent in the evening sky, and at the end of April does not set until 10 minutes before midnight. This is periodic, and occurs every eighth year, i.e. in alternate leap-years. The planet describes her orbit round the Sun in 22 77 days, and 23 of these periods are very nearly the equivalent of 8 solar years. It is also the case that the synodic period of Venus, which is the interval between successive conjunctions with the Sun, superior or interior, or the interval in which the faster moving interior planet gains a lap on the Earth, is 324 days, and five of these are equal to 8 solar years. Consequently, at intervals of that number of years, greatest eastern elongation occurs at the same time of year, and at spring elongations. Venus is at a part of her orbit which is then seen high above the Equator, and these

Day.	London	Bridge	Liver	POOL.	BRI	r or stol. Road.)		JLL. ngham.)	GREE	NOCK.	LE	ITIL,	Dunia (Kings G N	town.)
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10 11 12 13 14 15	3 55 4 25 4 58 5 44 6 42 7 59	16 14 16 39 17 10 17 55 18 59 20 19 21 52	1 19 1 49 2 21 3 5 4 4 5 25 6 58	13 35 14 9 14 49 15 41 16 56 18 29 19 47	9 19 9 42 10 9 10 48 11 51 0 26	21 28 21 53 22 27 23 13 13 30 15 15	8 5 8 34 9 5 9 45 10 45	20 25 20 58 21 40 22 35 23 55 12 9 13 40	2 29 2 57 3 29 4 9 4 52 5 53 7 36	14 49 15 81 15 54 16 41 18 2 19 51 21 24	5 I 5 36 6 I5 7 9 8 8 9 I4 10 33	17 17 17 17 52 18 41 19 39 20 45 22 7 23 22	1 26 1 55 2 29 3 15 4 30 6 16 7 34	13 49 14 a1 15 4 16 6 17 40 19 5 a0 8
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = rah)

	MI	RCURY	rţ_	ν	ENUS	Ş
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	1	MARS C	<i>3</i>	Jτ	PITER	1!
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MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- § Mercury in the early days of the month will be above the horizon for an hour after sunset. It will be a morning star after the roth, but in neither case is it likely to be seen.
- Q VENUS will not set until so minutes before midnight at the end of the month It moves through the constellation Tau us and adds to the hillnance of the western evening sky. Magnitude -3*8 to -4 s.
- g MARS is still not visible, for it rises only a few minutes before the Sun and sets much earlier.
- If JUPITER is due south in the early evening. It reverses its direction of motion and moves slowly in the constellation Cancer towards Leo after the 9th. Magnitude -19 to -17.
- 12 SATURN in Capricornus uses less than a hours after midnight at the end of the month, and may be seen at a low altude in the east-south-east in the early dawn. Magnitude +ag.

	8.	ATURN	ħ	
D.	R1808	Souths II. M.	н. м.	
3	3 20 2 54		11 55 11 29	1
24	2 27	6 45	10 30	;

are the reasons for the circumstances mentioned. The high altitude in early evening may be explained otherwise by saying that at this time of year in this latitude the ecliptic is inclined to the horizon at a large angle at sunset; Yenus, like all the planets, is somewhat near the ecliptic, and her distance from the Sun, which is on the horizon, measured on the ecliptic is also large, since she is at or near maximum clongation. Circumstances are somewhat similar,

The planet will be at greatest western elongation on September 8 of this year, when it will rise shortly after z o'clock, the hour being thus early for reasons that are akin to those given above.

1 8	3]	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	MAY XXXI DAYS.		[193	2.
D	AY	OF	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	SUN	DA	YS
M.	Light and Durk,	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. SUN'S LONGITUDE 60° II std. 7h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Vetr.	to end
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		SALARIAN SALALIA	Mogation Sunday. St. Philip and St. James. [H.R.H. Duke of Connaught, K.G., born, 1850 (1st).] Waltham Abbey consecrated, 1060. Great Strike, Daily Mail first issued, 1896. [1926. Ascension Day. Holy Thursday. King's Accession (1910). Epping Forest open., 1882. Robert Browning b. 1812. James Nasmyth d. 1890. Sunday after Ascension. Half Quarter Day. Sir James Barrie, O.M., born, 1860. Lodi, 1796. Indian Mutiny begun at Meerut, 1857. Failure of Overend, Gurney & Co., 1866. [1926. Florence Nightingale b. 1820. Great Strike collapsed, EASTER LAW SITTINGS END. Sir A. Sullivan b. 1842. Albert Medal first presented, 1866.	H. M. 4 34 4 32 4 31 4 29 4 27 4 25 4 23 4 20 4 18 4 17 4 15 4 14 4 12	H M. 19 at 19 as 19 a4 19 26 19 27 19 a9 19 31 19 32 19 34 19 35 19 37 19 38 19 40 19 41	122 123 124 125 126 127 138 139 130 131 132 133 134	244 242 242 239 236 237 236 237 234 232 232
15 16 17 18 19 20	000 000 000 000 000 000 000	M Tu Th	Elias Ashmole (Ashmolean library) died, 1692.	4 11 4 9 4 8 4 6 4 5 4 4 4 8	19 43 19 45 19 46 19 47 19 49 19 50 19 51	136 137 138 139 140 141	230 220 220 227 220 221 224
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	යකු යක යක යක අත අත යක යෙ	M Tu W Th F S	Trinity 2 undsy. Earl of Ypres died, 1925. Ramillies, 1706. Sir W. Grant, Master of Rolls, d. TRINITY LAW SITTINGS BEGIN. EMPIRE DAY. [1832. Bank Holiday Act passed, 1871. QUEEN'S BIETHDAY (1867). Corpus Christi. Habeas Corpus Act passed, 1679. Aisne, 1918. Battles of Souchez and La Bassée, 1915.	4 x 4 0 3 59 3 58 3 56 3 55 3 54	19 53 19 54 19 56 19 57 19 58 19 59 20 1	143 144 145 146 147 148 149	22: 22: 23: 21: 21: 21:
30		S M Tu	1st Sunday after Crintty. Oak Apple Day (1660). Decoration Day, U.S.A. Sir James Mackintosh d. 1832. Union Day, S. Africa (1910). Battle of Jutland, 1916.	3 53 3 52 3 58	20 2 20 4	150 151 152	21

PHASES OF THE MOON.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN MAY, 1931, on 26 days; total fall, 287 inches; above the average by 2'24 inch.

The time used in these pages is that of the Greenwich meridian. To convert this into Summer Time, x hour must be added.

MONTHLY NOTES.

May 1. Holiday at London Stock Exchange.
5. as George V. ends. 6. 23 George V. begins.
7. Muhammadan New Year 1351.
9 to 24. Buchan' "3rd Cold Period."
15. Scottish Term Day.

-	1932.				MA.		IFT	<u> 1</u> 1	IONT	Д.			[19
	Subt. from Ap. Time	Hrly. Var.	Apparent Right Ascension.	Hourly Var. of B.A.	Mean Declination		Mean !		dean Time 4 0h Sid- real Time.		мемон	RANDA	
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CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

May z. Day breaks at sh. 3m. Civil twilight ends at soh. x3m. Night begins 2xh. 54m. The

Night begins 21. 34m. The length of the Day is 24. 47m. May 3. 24. Mercury in conjunction with D. 5 c S. May 4. 2h. Mars in conjunction with D. 5 c S.

tion with D. 3 4 S.
May 4, morn. Junter without
Satellites. Invisible at Green-

wich. (See infia.)

May 8. Moreury at Greatest
Elongation. 26° W.

May 9, 17h. Venus in conjunction with). ? 2° S.

May 22, 22h. Jupiter in conjunction with). ? 3° S.

May 15. Saturn at a stationary point.

May 18, 20h. Mercury in con-junction with Mais. \$\frac{1}{2} \text{2} \text{5}. May 22. Venus at Greatest

Brilliancy. May 24, 17h. Saturn in con-junction with D. 24° N.

A meteor shower, believed to have relation to Halley's comet, diverging from a point in Aquarius, sometimes appears in the mornings from May 2-6.

In this month the Mornings increase 42m.; the Afternoons 43m. Constellations near the S. meri-

dian at zzh.: Leo, Leo Minor, Crater, Hydra, Corvus, Virgo, Bootes, Libra.

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

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THE SUN AND PLANETS. W NEPTUNE. H URANUS. Ř١. Die 5. ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER.

RA. DEC. N HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. D. II. 7 40 'n \$ | \$ | **6** ' 4 8 T Z 7 40 10 29'3 10 20 7 51 10 29'3 10 20 1 1/2 OID ç 10 1 18.7 1 30 · 6 20

May 16. Uranus rises 3h. 2m., sets 16h. 26m. Neptune rises 11h. 56m., nets |h. 48m. May 15, Sun's semidiam in Transit, 1m. 6'978. of Mean Time.

Jupiter without Satellites.—It is shown in these pages (see pp. 3s. 36 and 58) that each of Jupiter's larger Satellites is eclipsed, occulted by, or is in transit across the planet's disc at regular intervals. These events are sometimes contemporaneous, and Jupiter is therefore seen occasionally as though it had only three, two or even one Satellite, and on rare occasions all four may be hidden in this way simultaneously and Jupiter is said to be without Satellites. The length of the intervals between such occurrences follows no law. In the 200 years 2800 to acco there have been, or will be, 35, and it chances that three of them happen in the space of the two years current. Juniter's four large Satellites were simultaneously invisible, exterior to the planet, for 24 hours in the evening of 1931, Feb. 14. This will happen from 3h. 24m. to 4h. 20m. in the morning of May 4, and again from 2h. 12m. to 2h. 32m. in the morning of November 21 of

-				- 6							_
Day.	London	BRIDGE	Lave	Aroos.	BRI	rr or sron. Road.)		gham)	GREENOCK.	LEITH,	(Kingstown). G.M.T.
-	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After	Morn. After	Morn. After	Morn. After.
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

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	ME	RCURY	Ď į	V	KNUS	Ş
D 1	Rises h. m 4 3	Souths h m. 10 26	8ets h m 16 49 16 50	Rises h. m. 6 19 6 17	15 S	Sets h. m. 23 51 23 50
15	3 36	10 23	17 9	6 14	14 58	23 42
22	J -J	10 32	I7 40	6 10	14 49	23 27
29	3 19	10 50	18 24	6 2	14 34	23 5

		Mars (♂	Jt	PITER	4
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29	2 51	10 14	17 38	9 16	z6 48	012

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY is a morning star, but rises too near to the time of sunrise to be seen.

Q VENUS is still above the horizon until nearly midnight, and will be due west at altitude 30° about 8 o'clock. It moves into the constellation Gemini and will be in the neighbourhood of the Twins at the end of the month. Magnitude - 4's (Greatest Brilliancy).

of MARS begins to be a morning star since it rises an hour before the Sun at the end of the month; in the E.N E.

14 JUPITER is high in the south-west at sunset, and will be seen when the sky grows dark. It sets nearly in the west-north-west in the hour or two after midnight. Magnitude -r.7 to -r.5.

Iz SATURN is now more prominent as a morning star since it rises before midnight at the end of the month. Magnitude + 08 to + 0'6.

- 1		ATURN	ħ.
D.	Rises h. m.	Souths h. m.	Sets b. m.
Z .	1 33 1 6	5 52 5 25	IC DI
15	0 39	4 58	944
22	0 IZ 23 40	132	8 40

this year. At the time Jupiter is without Satellites on May 4 the planet will be below the horizon at Greenwich, but the phenomenon may be observed from America and places not so far west. On the second occasion the planet will be about 13° above the horizon at Greenwich, at 2h. 12m, when Satellite IV will be eclipsed, and at that time II will be in transit, and III and I undergoing occultation, reappeasing at 2h. 2sm. and 2h. 46m. respectively. Satellite II will complete its transit at 3h. 33m.

'- - -	1		l			
DAY		Fasts and Festivals. Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude co° = 21d. 15h.	THE	Sun Sets.	of the Year	to end so
1 2 1 3 1 4 1	WTH FS MTu Th FS	Lord Howe's Vict., 1794. Shannon v. Chesapeake, 1813. Thomas Hardy b. 1840. Sir Ed. Elgar, Bt., O.M., b. 1857. King's Birthday (1865). Edmund Calamy, D.D., d. Magenta, 1859. FM. Vis. Wolseley b. 1833. [1732. 2nd Sun. after Trin. Earl Kitchener drowned, 1916. Jeremy Bentham d. 1832. Dean Inge born, 1860. Reform Bill became an Act, 1832. Compulsory enlistment in Great Britain, 1916. Adm. Sir Doveton Sturdee born, 1859; d. 7 May, 1925. First Inter-University Boat Race, 1829. St. 33arnabas. Roger Bacon died, 1292.	3 51 3 50 3 49 3 49 3 48 3 47 3 46 3 46 3 46 3 45	H M. 80 5 80 6 80 7 80 8 80 10 80 11 80 13 80 13 80 14	153 154 155	213 212 211 210 209 208 207 206 205 204
12 B 13 B 14 B 15 B 16 B 17 B	SM Tu Th Th	3rd Sunday after Trinity. Villers Cotterets, 1918. London restored by King Alfred, 886. Naseby, 1645. Marengo, 1800. Magna Charta sealed, 1215. Wat Tyler killed, 1381. Dettingen, 1743. Quatre Bras, 1815. Hooge, 1915. Bunker Hill, 1775. R. H. Barham (Ingoldsby) d. 1845. Waterloo, 1815. Lt. Warneford, 77 C, died, 1915.	3 45 3 45 3 44 3 44 3 44 3 44	20 15 20 15 20 16, 20 16 20 17 20 18	164 165 166 167 168 169	302 201 200 199 198 197
20 21 22 23 24 24 24	M Tu W Th F S	4th Sunday after Trinity. Alabama sunk, 1864. Black Hole, Calcutta, 1756. Queen Victoria's acc. 1837. German Fleet scuttled at Scapa Flow, 1919. Longest CORONATION DAY (1911) [Day. PRINCE OF WALES'S BIRTHDAY (1894). Plassey, 1757. \$t. John, Baptist. Midsummer Day. Quarter Day. Field-Marshal Sir George White, VC, died, 1912.	3 44 3 45 3 45 3 45 3 45 3 45 3 45	20 18 20 18 20 18 20 19 20 19 20 19 20 19	171 172 173 174 175 176	194 193 192 191 190
26; [27] [28] [29] [30] [S M Tu W Th	5th Sunday after Trinity. Rev. William Dodd, D.D., hanged for forgery, 1777. Cawnpore Massacro, 1857. Germans signed peace, '19 St. Peter and St. Paul. Seven Bishops acquitted, 1688. Naval Mutiny at the Nore, 1797.	3 46 3 47 3 47 3 48 3 48	20 19 20 19 20 19 20 18 20 18	178 179 180 181 182	187 186 185

PHASES OF THE MOON.

- New Moon 4d. 9h. 16 om.
-) First Quarter 21 39.5 C Full Moon 18 12 38 1 C Last Quarter 25 20 35.9

Perigee 16d. 10'sh. 225,260 miles. Apogee 28d. 9'oh. 251,550 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, June x, 3520 14'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN JUNE, 1931, on zo days; total fall, r'az inch ; below the average by o 80 inch.

See note on page 18.

MONTHLY NOTES.

- June z. Derby Day.
- 3. Oaks Day.
- 4. Eton celebration day.
- 10. Jewish Feast of Weeks.
- 24. Midsummer Day. Quarter Day. Sheriffs of London to be elected by the Liverymen.
 - 29 (to July 4). Buchan's "4th Cold Period."
- Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of ar days immediately preceding or immediately following June 24.

19	32.]	1			J	UN	E	SI	XTE	1	ION'	гн	•			[23
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	3 ±3 3 #5	0.21	6	32 39 36 47	10	36 23 35 22	14 3 10 9 N	0 13		23	5 31 39 6 27 43					
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CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

June x. Civil twilight ends at xth. 3m. There is no closed night in this month in the latitude of london. The length of the Day from Sunrise to Sunset on June x is x6h. x4m. Its length is nearly x6h. 34m. from the 19th to the 24th. June x, 4h. Mars in conjunction with). 3 5° S.

June 3, xxh. Mercury in conjunction with \mathcal{D} \mathcal{O} 5° 8.

June 6, 22h Venus in conjunction with D. 9 3°S.

June 7. Venus at a stationary

point.

June 9, 10h. Jupiter in conjunction with D. 4 208

June 13. Mercury in Superior conjunction.

June ax, xh Saturn in conjunction with D. 12 3° N

June 21, 15h. Sun enters the sign Cancer (Solstice).

June 29. Venus in Inferior con-

In this month the Mornings increase about 7m up to the 17th, and then decrease 4m. The Afternoons increase about 14m. up to the 25th, and then decrease sheltly.

Constellations near the S. meridian at midnight Corona, Hercules, Ophinchus, Serpens, Scorpus, Lyia, Aquila, Sagittarius.

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

1		Q MERCURY	Q VENUS.	& MARS	4 JUPITER.	12 SATURN
I		RA DEC. N	RA DEC. N	RA. DEC N.	RA DEC. N	RA Dr. s
١	D.	HMS .	им в ",	пмв ,	нм в 。 /	имв
į	4	4 4 48 20 12.7				
١	9	4 49 II 22 45'7			9 22 32 16 19 2	so se 3e 10 31.2
ı	14	5 36 38 24 26 5	7 3 13 22 56.7	3 28 12 18 34 6	9 25 41 16 4 1	20 25 43 19 35 I
:	19	6 24 12 24 59'5	6 54 51 22 1'7	3 42 56 19 28 4	9 28 59 15 48 2	20 24 42 19 39'X
i	84	7 9 2 24 25.8	6 43 IX 21 4.6	3 57 48 80 17'5		BO 23 34 19 43'5
•	29	7 49 29 22 58 2	6 29 50 20 7.7	4 18 31 81 1'6	9 35 58 15 14 0	20 22 20 10 48'E
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THE SUN AND PLANETS.

Hori	ZON	CAL I	ARA	LLA	x.	ANG	ULAB	SEA	IIDI	MET	ER.				
10	D														
5 8 67	5 8.67 6.0 54.0 3.0 1.2 0.0 12 43 5.0 5.1 12.0 8.0														
15 8 66	D.														
June 15	, Sun	'8 Sen	ridia	in i	n Tra	15 40.	_= 7 .m.8	698.	M N	-5 3 ean T	ime.				

| H URANUS. | C NEPTUNE. | R A DEC. N | R A. DEC. N | R A. DEC. N | N. C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A C | N A

June 15 Uranus rises 1h 6m, sets 14h. 36m. Neptune rises 10h. om., sets 23h. 50m.

Photo-Electric Photometry.—Electrical properties that are developed in certain substances under the influence of light have led to methods of measuring luminosity and its variation and have been adapted for several practical uses. The element selenium may be said to be a non-conductor of electricity when in the dark but becomes a conductor along which a current will pass when light falls on it, the strength of the current varying with the intensity of the light. It has also been found that some metallic substances, seven of which are known, potsasium being one, shed electrous under the influence of light, and hence become electrically charged, leading to the production of current, the rate of charge being proportional to the light intensity. Devices embodying these principles known as selenium and photo-electric cells are in use for astronomical photometry. Placed in the focus of a telescope objective the light of a star falling on the receiver of a cell of either kind causes a current to flow or a charge to accumulate that can be

ny.	London	BRIDGE	Loverp	OUL.		T OF STOL Rond)		LLL ngham)	GREENOUK.	LEITH.	Di BLIN BAR. (Kingstown). G M.T.
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	8 17	14 36	11 55				6 15	18 41	0 28 12 58	2 55 15 15	12 5
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	3 34	15 44		13 10	8 54	21 5	7 21	19 58	1 38 14 22	4 9 16 37	0 53 13 20
7	4 10	16 18		13 50	0 34	21 48	7 55	20 39	2 14 15 5	4 52 17 23	1 30 14 0
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3	3	-3 39	- 39	9	4 -3	39	11 3	-5 -5		11 3	11 - 3-13-10

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING

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	MF	ROURY	ğ		VKNUS	ç
5 12	h m 3 so 3 34	h m 11 18 11 55	h m 19 19 20 18	5 49 5 28	Souths h in 14 12 13 43 13 5 12 20	h m 22 35 21 56

	MARS &	JUPITER 2
12 19	h m. h m h m 2 35 10 7 17 40 2 19 10 0 17 42 2 4 9 53 17 42	Rises Souths Sets h m h m h m 8 54 16 25 23 55 8 33 16 1 23 30 8 12 15 38 23 5 7 52 15 16 22 40

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- MERCURY is a morning star at the beginning of the month but will not be seen. It will be an evening star after the 13th, but its visibility is again barely possible.
- Q VENUS remains a brilliant object to be seen north of west after sunset in the early days of the month, but becomes fainter rapidly, and sets in the early twilight, in the latter part
- of MARS rises a hours, more or less, after midget in the brightening sky in the N E by E.
- M JUPITER now not very far to the west of Regulus is to be seen almost due west in the early evening; but the time for its visibility is short for it sets before midnight. Magnitude -1'5 to -1'4.
- b SATURN is in the south-east, approximately, at midnight, at altitude 10 to 15 degrees. Magnitude +06 to +0.8.

	SA	TURN	h
D. 5 12 19 26	23 IZ 22 44	Souths h. m 3 30 2 32 2 3	Sets h m 7 48 7 19 6 49 6 19

registered, and the implining light measured with remarkable accuracy With the photo-electric cell differences of density of deposit on a photographic negative, which is an essential of many astrophysical researches, can be determined with similar precision. Photo-electric cells have other can be determined with similar precision. Photo-electric cells have other uses besides those of astronomy. They are essentials in the processes of television or picture telegraphy; of talking cinema pictures and in the construction of burglar alarms that depend on the interruption of the impliging ray. A proposal to use the light of Arcturus to start machinery at the clinicage World Fair in 1933 is evidently based on the action of a photo-electric or selenium cell. The current or other effect caused by that would bring stronger currents into action.

that would bring stronger currents into action.

20	5]		JULY XXXI DAYS.]	193	۶.
D	AY	o F	Fasts and Festivals.	UN	DA	TAR .
M.	Light and Dark	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 120" Q 53d. ak.	Setu.	of the Year,	to end of Year
1 2		FS	DOMINION DAY, Canada (1867). Somme, 1916.	i. M. io 18 io 18	183 184	183 182
3	8	S M	6th Zundan after Erenity. Gettysburg, 1863. 3 50 2	10 17 10 17	185 186	181
5		Tu W	Luke Hansard, printer to H. of Commons, b. 1752. 3 52	o 16	187 188	179 178
7 8	0000000	Tb F	Old Midsummer Day. Treaty of Tilsit, 1807. [b. 1832.] 3 54 25 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	0 15	189 190	177 176
9 10	8	S	7th Sunday after Crinity. Lord Fisher d. 1920. 3 56 26	o 14 o 13	191	175 274
11	000 000	M Tu W	Peace Treaty ratified by Germany, 1919.	0 13	193 194 195	173 173 171
13 14 15	000 000 000	Th F		0 10	196 197	170
16	1	S	Nicholas II., ex-Czar of Russia, assassinated, 1918. Sth Innan after Crinty. Sir John Carr d. 1832.		198	168
18	0000	M Tu	Marshal Foch's great counter-attack launched, 1918. 4 6 at Peace Day celebrations in Britain, 1919. 4 7	0 6	200 201	166 165
20 21		W Th	Sir Richard Wallace Bt. (Collection) died, 1890. First meeting of the Cobden Club, 1866. Salamanca, 1812. Allies forced the Marne, 1918.	0 2	203	164 163
22	8	F S	Guznee, 1839. Austrian Ultimatum to Scrbia, 1914. 4 12		204 205	162 161
24 25 26	OHO OHO OHO	S M Tu	St. James. Blériot flew the Channel, 1909.	9 58 9 57	205 207	160 159
27 28		$\mathbf{\widetilde{W}}$ $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{h}$	Talayera, 1809. Capt. Fryatt shot, 1916.	9 56 9 54 9 53	208 20Ç	158 157 156
29 30	Ĭ	F S	Spanish Armada defeated and dispersed, 1588. [1771.] 4 21 15	9 51 9 50	SII	155 154
31		\$		9 48	213	×53
(D N	lew M	ASES OF THE MOON. See note on page 18. LOON			

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, July 1, 350° 39'.

BAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN JULY, 1931, on 14 days; total fall 247 inches; above the average by 0'23 inch.

July 1. Special Sessions for Licences to deal in Game to be held this month.

- —. Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of az days immediately preceding or immediately following June 24 last.
 - 5. Dividends due.
 - 9. Fire Insurances to be paid.
 - za to zg. Buchan's " zst Warm Period."
 - 31. Gun and Game Licences expire.

25 09'2 52'1 '3 '774 35 W'S 3'4	1	932.]		JŪ	Γ 2	ZS	EV	ENT	'H	MON	TH.			[27
1 3 37	ż	Add to 1	Hrly					Hourly Var. of	Sidere Time o Mean No	al Mo	on Time		MEMOR.	ANDA,	
1	Z.	ы. в. 3 37	8. 0'49	Авссиліон н м. в. 6 40 55	10'34	23	7 o n	Dec	н. м. 6 37	8 B	M. S.		••••••		: :
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1	25 26	6 20 6 21	0 03	8 18 16 8 22 13	9 88	19 3	19 4 16 3	0 54 0 55	811	56 ; 52 ; ;	3 49 25 ! 3 45 29			••	
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23 75.7 54.9 7 91.7 2.1 S.W 7.4 24 79.9 53.9 63.0 80.1 1.7 S.W 11.0 24 79.9 57.0 7 26.0 3.0 S.W 30.0 25 70.9 57.5 5 37.5 2.2 S.W 30.0 26 65.8 57.5 5 37.5 2.2 S.W 30.0 27 71.8 53.0 4 53.0 3.7 W.S.W 36 6.2 28 69.2 52.1 3 7.4 3.5 W.S.W 36 6.2 29 67.2 58.1 3 7.4 3.5 S.W 3.3 30 70.9 55.6 3 834 2.0 S.W 3.8 3.3 3.3 30 70.9 55.5 3 643 2.5 S.W 0.8 2.3 5 0.7 W 3.4 N 2.5 30 70.9 55.5 3 643 2.5 S.W 0.8 2.3 5 0.7 W 3.4 N 2.5 30 70.9 55.5 3 643 2.5 S.W 0.8 2.3 5 0.7 W 3.4 N 2.5 31 32 33 33 33 33 33 33	20 20	66 8	51 47	5	·z	750	3.1		NW VNW	.03	1,3	١ _		•••	
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27 71.8 53.0 4 516 3.7 WSW 36 6.2 Day Lat. L 23 69.2 52.1 3 774 3.5 WS 3.4 39 67.3 50.2 3 834 20 SW 3.3 3.3 39 79.9 55.6 3 50.3 15 SW 50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	25 26	70 9	57 57	5	7	* 375	30		sw sw	.30	0.4	1 At	Sun's		
3 709 550 3 043 15 SW 08 13 5 0.7 W 3.4 N 2	23 29	69'	52 3 50	T.	4	274	3 5		W'S		3'4	Day		Lat.	Long
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	See Note, p. 4.1 THE MOON. Configura																			
[8	At Greenwich Midnight tions of																Conjunctions, Eclipses, and			
×					,	1			At	Gre	euwi	ch 1	(id	nig	bt.				Jupiter's	OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.
Day of 1	R	ses.	0	manag	Se	ts	A	igh scer ion	t n-	De	clina lon,	. 50	ori eta eral ax.	ייו			Age	s.	Satellites at soh. zgm. (See p. 36.)	July z. Civil twilight end zzk. 23m. In this month ther is no closed night in the lati
-		M.				M								13		,, ,			W. E.	tude of London until after the
*	I	.7									51 8 24'0			2 I		72			142O3 42O13	below the horizon at midnight
-	_		_							_		-1-			_	÷		-	41038	The length of the Day on July
3										27 25	377		5 53			15	ī		43012	is 16h. 29 m.
3		56	13	31	31	45	á	47	43	21	17 9						3	2	43210	July 1, 4k. Mars in conjunction with D. d so S.
6											25.2	5	73	ı I	5 4	40,	3	2	43ªO 1	tion with D. of 5° H. July 3, 8h. Venus in conjunc
7	7	42									40'9	5	7_5	9 I	5 4	48	4	2	40x32	tion with D. Q o S.
8	9					32					33.3						5	2		July 4. Earth at greatest dis
.9	10	27			 	42			<u> </u>		13.1		_		_			_	● 2○13	tance from the Sun. Aphelion
		50				55					47'1	5				7		2	10234	Distance 94,455,000 miles. July 7, 1h. Jupiter in conjunc
											59 3 27 3	5	9 2	5 1	6 1	11	5	3	30224	tion with D. 2 2 S.
			20													15		•		July 18, 8h. Saturn in conjunc
				10	Ō	31	116	48	8	27	46 ·					14		2		tion with D. h, N.
15	19	1	33	14		26.	17	52	59	28	27'	'5	9 2	o I	6 :	10 I		2	1O234	July so Mercury at Greater
16	19	59	23	17	2	_40	18	57	10	27	27 9	5	8 5	6 I	6	3	13	_2	20143	Elongation. 27° E.
17	80	37	0		4	5	19	58	17	24	45	5	8 2	3 1	5	54	14	3	IO43	July 21. Venus at a Stational point.
x8	31	3		Щ	5	31	20	54	57	20	45 9 39 9	5	7 4	4 1	5	44	15	2	730	July 23, 3h. Mercury in con
		21	2	إ	į	54	21	47	2	35	37	5 ,5	7	11	5	32:	10	2		junction with Jupiter. \$ 2.40 S
		34 45	3	46 28	9	96	22	35	25	10	8.8	5				20		2	1 73-2-	July 24. Saturn in Opposition
		55	1 4			39			55		44							2		Distance from the Easth 832, 160,00
		5	4	49	riĭ	39 50			50		27					53		2		miles.
		25	5		13		-	30	12	72	49'4	-15	-		÷	49		2		tion with D. 3 5° S.
		28 28		19	14	15					42					47		2	1	July 20. oh. Venus in conjun
		44	6	57	' 15	29					54"	7 :5	4 1	g I	4 .	48	23	2	See See	tion with D. O zzo S.
37			1 7	46	<u> 16</u>	40					15					52		2	Note.	Meteors of the Perseid stream
28	23	38			,17						30.							3	n	begin to appear in July.
29						 39				28	29.0		<u>5</u> 2			16	26 20	2		In this month the Mornings d
30	_		-										-		Ξ.	'			·	crease 34m., and the Afternoon
3 <u>1</u>							_			=	٥٥			_	_	-				, 30m.
-		\ pp	AR	EN	īT	R	GH	IT	An	CE	NBIC	N	AN	D	D	EC	L	IN.	ATION C	F THE PLANETS AT NOON.
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189 9 48 11 13 7 6 5 55 37 17 44 6 5 11 56 23 6 4 9 51 8 13 56 7 20 16 37 20 9 24 9 57 48 10 41 6 5 25 37 17 44 6 5 11 56 23 24 6 9 55 7 13 35 9 20 15 5 20 14 29 20 7 29 8 40 4 6 1 11 77 45 9 5 41 28 23 37 5 9 55 8 23 14 6 20 13 32 20 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	-	ğ	ME	RCUR	Y.	T	Ŷ	Vκ	NUS.		ī		ुं ठ	MA	RS.		1	14	٦ı	UPI	TE	K.			h	SAT	UR		
THE SUN AND PLANETS. HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. ANGULAR SEMIDIAMSTER D. H M M M M M M M M M	4 9 4 9	8 : 8 : 9 :	M 4 15 0 15 35 11 20 48 11	20 28 25 15	52° 44° 45° 7°	8	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	50 4 48 37	19 18 18	15 31 1	7 2	H 4 4 4 5 5	142 : 142 : 157 : 11 :	6 56	21 22 22 23	40. 14. 43.	6 5 2	9 3: 9 4: 9 4: 9 5	93	3 4	14 14 14 14	55° 36° 56°	7 7 7 9	H 20 20 20 20	31 19 18 16 15	35 7 37 5	19 19 20 20	53 58 3 9	4725
D.					Гне	St		===	P	LA	NE	TS.				<u> </u>	_	1	<u>-</u>	₩	UR	AN	UH.		ų	N:	KPT J	UN	K
15 8 66 9 4 26 8 4 1 1 4 1 0 15 46 3 625 6 2 2 14 8 8 3 July 15. Uranus rices 23h. 6m., 8	D. 5	⊙ 8· 6 6	φ "	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	٥		4 "4	."ol	15	45	۵ ":	x 28	2	ð "	2		` ხ 8"ა	20	,	I 2	7.0	5	8 3	0	10	33 3*.	3	9 !	50

Thermometry.—Temperature and its changes are commonly measured by a thermometer of which the expansion of mercury is the basic principle, but there are electrical thermometers whose action depends on a certain electrical property of metals that is developed under the influence of heat.

The thermo couple, or thermopile, depends on the fact that a thermo-electric force is produced when a circuit, in which a galvanometer may be included, is formed of two metals, necessarily with two junctions, and one of the junctions of the two metals is at a higher temperature than the other. If, for example, in a circuit of copper wire with a length of iron inserted, one of the junctions is made hotter than the other, the galvanometer will show a current passing in the direction from copper to iron at the hotter junction, the statement being subject to some qualification. A sensitive instrument of this kind is used in astronomy, and with a vacuum thermo-couple made of bismuth and bismuth-tin placed in the focus of the rec-inch

Day.	Lowbon	BRIDGE	Live	RPOOL.	Bar	er of	(Immi	ull ngham).	Gareno	OK.	Las	ITH.	(King	n Bar stown). M T,
_	Morn.	After	Morn.	After.	Morn	'After.	Morn.	After	Morn A	fter	Morn.	After	Morn.	After.
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7	4 3	16 IZ	I 9	13 38	9 30	21 42	7 45	20 26	2 4 1	4 55	4 34	17 8	z 18	¥3 45
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13	8 54	21 15	6 17	19 4	1 47	14 32	0 54	13 13	6 51 1	1	9 35	22 6	6 50	19 29
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

MERCURY Q VENUS Q Rises Souths Sets Rises Souths Sets 10 m. 11 m. 11 m. 11 m. 11 m. 11 m. 12 m. 13 m. 15 m. 3 24

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- 3 MERCURY will be at Greatest Elongation (E) on July so, and is an evening star throughout the month, but sets not much more than an hour after the Sun at most, and is hardly likely to be seen.
- Q VENUS having been in Inferior conjunction on June 29, is not to be seen early in the month, but may be visible before sunrise in the latter half S E by E. Magnitude on July 31, -42.
- d MARS, moving eastward, passes about 5 degrees north of Aldebaran on July 6. It will be in the E.N. E. in the morning sky. Magnitude +2 o.
- I JUPITER will be above the horizon for a short time after sunset and may be seen north of west. Magnitude - 1'3.
- 12 SATURN being in Opposition on the 24th is above the horizon throughout the short night. Magnitude +o'3.

Rises Souths Sets Rises Souths Sets D h. m. h. m. h m. h m. h m. h m. 1 m. h m. h m. h m. h m. h m. h m. h m.		MARS of	JUPITER H
24 x 3 9 x9 x7 35 6 33 x3 47 ax x 3x 0 54 9 x2 x7 30 6 x4 x3 25 20 30	3 10 17 24	Rises Souths Sets h. m. h. m. h m. z 36 9 39 17 43 z 24 9 38 17 41	Rises Souths Sets h m h m h m 7 32 14 53 22 15 7 12 14 31 21 50

		- 8	ATU	JRN	'n	
]) 3 10 17 24 31	Ri 21 20 20 20 19	111. 18 49 21 52	Son h.	11 H 4 35 5 35	Ø455443	# 199949848

telescope at Mount Wilson, the heating effect of a star as faint as the thirtcenth magnitude can be measured. There is also an Electrical Resistance Thermometer which is effective because the resistance of a pure sistance Thermometer which is enective because the resistance or a pure-metal, platinum, for example, to the passage of an electric current in-creases considerably when its temperature is raised. The surface tem-perature of celestial bodies is estimated from the position in their spec-trum of the lines of greatest intensity or energy. Just as the colour of a heated iron changes with increase of heat, so the distribution of energy, which is analogous to colour, shown by the intensity of the lines in stellar meeting reader with the formers time. spectra, varies with the temperature.

30]	.		193	2.					
DAY OF		Fasts and Festivals.	THE SUN		DAYS				
W.ieha I	w.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 250° W 23d. 94.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	to end			
3 8 1	M Tu W Th F S	Lammas. Bank Holiday. Minden, 1759. Nile, 1798. Blenheim, 1704. Mail coaches introduced, 1784. Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, M.P., born, 1867. Duchess of York b. 1900. Declaration of War, 1914. First British-American cable worked, 1858. Suvla Bay, 1915. Alfred Lord Tennyson born, 1809.	4 25 4 26 4 28 4 29 4 31 4 33	19 46 19 45 19 43 19 41 19 40 19 38	216 217	151 151 150 149 148			
8 9 10 11	M Tu W Th F	4 34 4 36 4 37 4 39 4 40 4 42 4 43	19 36 19 34 19 33 19 31 19 29 19 27 19 25	222 223 224	145 144 143 141				
15 H 16 H 17 H 18 H	Sir Walter Scottb.1771. Cetewayo brought to England "Peterloo," Manchester, 1819. German Bight, 1917. Registration, Births, Deaths, &c., Act passed, 1836. Earl Russell born, 1792. Gravelotte, 1870. Timothy Bright, M.D., inventor of Shorthand, d. 1615.								
22 23 24 25 26	22 M Bosworth, 1485. H. G. Bohn, bookseller, d. 1884. 23 Tu Mons, 1914. National Government formed, 1931. 24 W £1. Bartholomew. Massacro, 1572. 25 Th Michael F: aday d. 1867. 26 F Crocy, 1346. Adam Clerke, Wesleyan, diel, 1832.								
29 30	S M Tu W	5 7 5 9 5 10 5 12	18 54 18 52 18 50 18 47	241 242 243 244	125 124 123 122				
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27 28	64.6 65.9	43-5 42-0 50-7	6	30,028 ,108 30,108	3.	a	E		10'1	Day.	Mun's Axis.	Lat.	Long.
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M	64.0	55.7	90.0	29'Re6	-	4- -	NNE	0.32	136.2	15 25	16's	6.4 6.4	102 S

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×	1		١.		1		h		A	t Ch	-	red	oh 1		4	ht.		_	Jupiter's
Day of	R	ises.		South	8	ets.	1 1	Rigi Lace aion	11-		tio		Horacor Pa la	ral-	d	ni a ter	4	to	Satellites.
11	2 4 5 6 8 9 11 12 14 15 16 17	3 31 2 31 50 53	13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	22 15 6 54 4 29 17 9 4 4 2	20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 23	39 51 3 3 17 33 54 28 16	13	38 38 38 31 34 34	28 17 28 17 21 30	17 12 17 13 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	54 54 46 28 49 27 0 7	6 7 4 1 3 7 9 2 1 9	57 58 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	51 47 47 45 20 19 13 47	15 16 16 16 16 16 16	46 54 6 9 10 10 8 5	34 56 78 9	14 14 14	Because the planet if it is a line of it is in the lanet who is to be visible from the See note, p 36.
14 15 16 17 18	20	6 25 40 52	23 23 0 1 2 2 3	52 39 22	7345578	31 51 20 32	21 22 23 23	48	53 55 7 18 32 50	17 12 6	13 29 2 11 14 37	2 0 5 0S	57 56 55 55 54	33 26 52 20	15 15 15 15	41 32 23 13 5 57	13 14 15 16	14 14 14 14 14	refore above the tellites are not been uning of Octo
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	20 21 22 23 	7 34 13 6 	10	51 37 28 20 15 10 3	141567	25 32 31 16 49 43	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	34 26 20 16 13	52 30 46 53 40 53 39	20 24 26 28 28 27 24 19	43 59 24 26 0 59	6 0 5 5 7 4 8 8	54 54 55 55 56 57	36 37 19 6 53	14 14 15 15 15	46 48 53 0 9 21 33 46	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Jupiter is in con- near the sun, and t aylight hours, the
31	4	58 24	10			30 45	10	57 49	13	8	2 5′		58 59	37	15 16	58 8	28 0	4	

CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.
August 1. Day breaks at 24.
30m. Civil twilight ends at 264.
4mm. Night begins, 224 4mm. The length of the day is 254. 2mm.
Aug. 3, 284. Jupiter in conjunction with). U o 9° S.
Aug. 3, 224. Mercury in conjunction with). Q 6° S.
Aug. 5, Venus at Greatest Brilliancy. CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND

Brilliancy. Aug. 14, 12h. Saturn in conjunc-tion with D. b 4° N. Aug. 17. Mercury at Inferior

Aug. 17.

conjunction.

Auu. 24, morn Occultation by
the D of several stars of the
Pleuades group See p. 50.

Aug. 35. Jupiter in conjunction.

Auy. 27, 21h. Mars in conjunction with D. 4°S.

Aug. 38, 3h. Venus in conjunction with D. Q S S.

Aug. 31 Total Eclipse of the
Sun Taubulke if treenwich See

Aug. 38, 3h. Venus in conjunction with b. 98'S.

Aug. 3r Total Eclipse of the Sun. Invisible at Greenwich See

1 15 58

Aug. 3r, 13h. Jupiter in conjunction with b. 1/2 3'S

Meteors of the Persett stream see expected this month, the see inghts of most abundance being

are expected this month, the simples of most abundance being from the roth to the rath. Since the Moon is full on the night of the r5th its light may be a hin-diance to their visibility
In this month the Mornings
decrease 46m, and the Afternoons

59m.

Constellations near the S meridian at 22h Hercules, Ophinchus, Sei pens, Lyra, Cygnus, Aquila, Delphinus, Equileus, Aquaius, Capricornus, Sagittains

APPARENT RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE PLANETS AT NOON.

	T Ø	M KRC	URY 1	Q VI	NUS	6.1	IARS	1 Jui	ITER	h SATU	RN
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			THE S	UN AN	PLANI	ETS.		. 1 4	URANUS.	I W NE	PTUNE.
-	Horas	ONT	I. PARA	LLAN	ANGUL	AR SEMI	DIAMETER		A DEC. N		DEC V.
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D.	1 -	* !	·	" "		" "			6.8 8 20	10 35.9	9 40
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						7_14 0 4	3 14 4 0	* 10/4. 4	Om. Nept	une rises 6	h. 14m.
' A	ug. 14.	Sun'	s semidi	am in Ti	ansit, im	. 5 29× U	f Meau Tu	ne sets r	gh. 57111	-	4,

An Earthquake in England. - In the early morning of June 7, 1931, an earthquake of some severity was experienced in England. No serious damage was done but the occurrence, made severity was experienced in England. No serious damage was done but the occurrence, made evident by shaking beds and swinging pictures, was sufficient to cause alarm to some, though by the great majority of the population it passed unnoticed. The shocks were felt in all parts of England from Bournemouth to Aluwick, from Candiff to Hull where the effects seem to have been most severe, and, it is said, as far west as Waterford. The fall of a chimney stack was reported from the neighbourhood of Hull as an effect of the earthquake. Besides these visible effects the earthquake was recorded by the seismegraphs at Kew, Oxford, West Bromwich, Liverpool,

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

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Day.	Lognor	Baidge	Live	LPOOL.	BRU	ror Road)	Hu (Immir	u. ngham).	GREEN	OCK.	Lĸ	ITH.	Duni. (Kings G.1	
-	Morn.	After.	Morn	After	Morn	After	Morn	After.	Morn A	After	Morn	After	Morn	After.
	H. M.	H M.	н. м.	H M.	H. M.	H. M.	н. м.	н. м		н. м.	H. M	H. M	н м	и и
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4	3 5	15 54	0 48	13 17	9 14	21 28	7 29	20 7	1 1	4 38	4 30	16 46	0 58	12 45 13 23
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10	7 16	19 33	: 4 39	17 24	0 12	12 46	11 31	-3 -0		8 4	8 13	30 44	3 55 5 6	16 35 17 50
II	8 20	ao 55	5 59	18 43	1 17	14 4 H		12 56		19 22	9 24	28 I	6 30	10 10
12	9 46	22 30	7 29	20 5	2 46	25 37	2 42	14 30		57	40 50	23 21	7 50	20 20
x3	EZ IO	*3 53	8 50	BI 14	4 20	16 59	3 0	15 56	9 44 2	12 IS	•••	18 9	8 55	81 SO
-		I2 22	9 53	22 9	5 32	18 2	4 0	16 45	10 54 2	3 16	0 31	13 18		
14	0 59	13 19		22 55	6 31	18 55	4 5I	17 35	II 46	3 10	1 26	14 18	9 5s	22 II
16	1 52	14 6		23 36	7 18	19 37	5 35	18 30		12 36	2 15	24 54	II 25	23 40
17	s 36	14 44	•••	18 4	7 57.	20 16	5	18 57		13 8	2 56	15 a8		18 5
18	3 13	15 16	0 13	12 39	8 35	20 51	6 52	19 34		3 43	3 31	16 I	0 20	12 43
19	3 50	15 51 16 20	o 48	13 13	9 8	21 25	7 28	30 5 30 36		4 20	4 8	16 33	0 55	13 19
-	4 ==	10 20		-3 43	9 40	21 55	-	20 30	* 37	4 52	4 42	17 10	1 30	13 51
21	4 55	16 5a	z 50	14 14	10 8	22 20	8 35	2x 6	3 8 3	(5 ax	5 17	27 45	* 5	14 85
20	5 22	17 30		14 45	10 31	22 44	, ,	21 39	3 36 1	IS 50	5 52	18 17	8 40	15 0
83	5 5x	17 52		15 20	10 56	23 10	9 46	22 15		16 17 1	6 36	19 0	3 20	15 40
24	6 23 7 5	18 34	3 40	16 5	II 27	23 48 12 13	10 30	3 3 0		16 51	7 20 8 16	19 51 20 51	4 10	16 34
25 26	8 7			18 35	0 46	13 24	0 3	12 54		8 50	9 30	23 10	5 20	17 52
27	9 36	22 24		20 0	2 18	15 8		14 23	1 2 5	0 4I	10 51	23 27	7 54	20 20
-			-			i								
28	11 6			21 5	3 56	16 29	2 44	15 30		57		12 9	8 51	BI 14
30	0 41	13 18		81 58 88 34	5 11	17 34	3 42	16 20 17 5		12 48 1 13 32 1	0 29 I 20	13 4 13 53	9 40	22 0
31	2 84		10 59	23 12	6 52	19 6	5 30	17 45		18 83	3 2	14 30	II 4	23 20
l,		- 1-	45			1	-	7 73		1	-	7 3	4	-5 -0

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING OF PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

MERCURY & VENUS Q Rises Souths Sets h m h m h m 1 34 9 15 16 56 12 29 5 16 48 1 15 8 59 16 44 1 12 8 56 16 40 Souths h. m Sets h m D m 36 7 13 14 19 41 37 12 19 19 2 35 11 32 18 30 31 4 35 3 47 10 59 18 12 MARS & JUPITER 1

h m

Rises

h m

Souths Sets h m. h. m

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY, being at Greatest Elongation, West, on Sept. 3, may be visible in the morning in the last few days of the month after 4 o'clock, a few degrees above the horizon, E. by N.

Q VENUS rises unusually early, and is at greatest brilliancy on August 5, so that the planet makes a fine display as a morning star this month. It moves eastward through the constellation Gemini. Magnitude -4'z to -4'z.

d MARS moves into the constellation Gemini. will be in the neighbourhood of, but 5 degrees nigher than, Venus throughout the month. It is much less conspicuous than that planet, being about as bright as Castor. "JUPITER, being in conjunction on the a6th, rises and sets nearly with the Sun during this month.

b SATURN is now to be considered an evening star. It will be seen between S.E. and S. at altitude about

h. m o 46 9 5 o 39 8 57 8 50 13 3 80 11 12 41 19 47 12 80 19 28 5 55 5 36 5 17 17 84 17 16 17 7 16 56 17 58 19 22 11 58 10 degrees when the sky becomes dark. SATURN b

)) 7	Rises h. m. 16 54 18 25	Souths h. m. s3 6	Sets h m. 3 17
#8 #8	17 56 17 88	22 35	² 47

Souths Rises h. m

D

14

Stonyhurst, Edinburgh, Aberdeen and Durham, and by many on the Continent. From these records it was deduced that the epicentre, or place of origin on the earth's surface (see p. 76) was in the North Sea, 50 or 60 miles east of Hull, and that the earthquake happened 25 minutes

or so miles east of Hull, and that the earthquake nappened 25 minutes and some seconds after midnight of June 6.

Notable earthquakes that have occurred in England in comparatively recent years are those in the neighbourhood of Colchester on April 28, 1824, and in Western England on December 17, 1826, and August 15, 1926, the epicentre in both cases being found to be a few miles from Herenord. This district has been the scene of earthquakes on other dates.

34]		SEPTEMBER XXX DAY	S.]	193	32.
DAY	OF	Fasts and Festivals. Remarkable Days—Events.	Тни	SUN		- TO 2
M. Light and Back	w	SUN'S LONGITUDE 180° A 23d. 6h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year	of Year
1 2 1 3 1	Th F S	St. Giles's Day. FM. Lord Methuen born, 1845. Fire of London began, 1666. Sedan, 1870. Dunbar, 1650. Oliver Cromwell died, 1658.	H. M. 5 ¥4 5 ¥5 5 ¥7	н. м. 18 45 18 43 18 41	245 246 247	121
4 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 8 1 9 1 1 0 1	M Tu Th F S	15th Sun. after Trintin. France a Republic, 1870. Malta capitulated to British, 1800. John Dalton, chemist, born, 1766. Marne, 1914. Copenhagen, 1807. Borodino, 1812. Schastopol, 1855. Flodden, 1513. Kassassin, 1882. Pinkie, 1547. Hurricane at Belize, 1931.	5 18 5 20 5 28 5 23 5 25 5 26 5 28	18 39 18 36 18 34 18 32 18 29 18 27 18 25	248 249 250 252 253 253 254	118 117 116 115 114 113
11 2 1 12 1 13 1 14 1 15 1 16 1 17 1	M Tu Th Th	16th Sunday after Trinity. Malplaquet, 1709. Priscilla Wakefield, author and philanthropist, d. 1832. Capture of Quebec; death of Gen. Wolfe, 1759. S.S. Carmania sank S.S. Cap. Trafalgar, 1914. "Tanks" first used in war (Somme), 1916. Rt. Hon Andrew Bonar Law b. 1858; d. Oct. 30, 1923. Mont Genis tunnel opened, 1871.	5 30 5 31 5 33 5 34 5 36 5 38 5 39	18 23 18 20 18 18 18 16 18 14 18 11	255 256 257 258 259 260 261	111 120 109 108 107 106
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 1	M Tu V Th F	IPLHI DAY (1857). Bank rate raised on Sunday, 1931.	5 41 5 42 5 44 5 45 5 47 5 49 5 50	18 7 18 4 18 2 18 0 17 57 17 55	263 263 264 265 266 267 268	104 103 102 101 100 99 98
25 26 27 28 29 30	M Tu W Th	FM. Earl of Ypres b. 1852; d. May 22, 1895.	5 5* 5 54 5 55 5 57 5 58 6 0	17 50 17 48 17 46 17 44 17 41 17 39	270 271 271 272 273 274	97 96 95 94 93 92

PHASES OF THE MOON.

-) First Quarter 7d. xzh. 48:9m. ○ Full Moon 14 zr 6 r € Last Quarter ... 23 o 46:9 ● Now Moon 30 5 29:8
- Perigee 3d. 18 8h. 227,060 miles. Apogee 19d. 15 9h. 251,850 ,,

Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, Sept. 1, 347'22'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN SEPT. 1931, on 13 days; total fall x'33 inches; below the average by o'as inch.

MONTHLY NOTES.

September z Lists of Jurors to be affixed to church doors for the first three Sundays. Salmon close-time begins. Partridge shooting begins.

- 14. Harvest Moon.
- 28. Sheriffs of London to be sworn in.
- so. Lord Mayor of London elected.
- Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of ax days immediately preceding or immediately following Sept. sq.

19	32.]	SE	PT	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{M}$	\mathbf{B}	El	3 3	NI	HTM	MO	NTH.		[35
	guation Bubl.	of Time.		SUN (Mean		n).	Bidere	mal	Mean Time	, 	MEMO	RANDA	,
A	. Time	Hrly. Var	Apparent Right Ascension.	R. A.	Appare Declinat	ion.	Var of Dec.	Mean N	toon.	ereal Time.				
3 0		0.78	н м. в. 10 41 42	9.07 9.00	8 16		0.01	10 41	45	11. N .8 1 20 0 1 16 5	1			
3 9	41	0'79 0'81	10 45 20 10 48 57	9.02	7 54°3	3_	0.03 0.01	10 45 10 49	38	1 18 9	2.	••••		
5 2	20	0'83	10 52 34	9.04	6 48 6	•	o.83 o.8s	10 53 10 57	31	1 8 13 1 4 17 1 0 21	3.	• •		
7 2		0.82	10 59 48 11 3 24 11 7 0	0.00 0.01 0.08	6 3	•	0'93 0'94		24 21	o 56 a5	4 5		••	•
	41	0'86	11 10 36 11 14 18	8.99 8.99	5 40° 5 18 6 4 55°	P '	0.04	11 17	27	o 48 33 o 44 37	5	••	•• ••	
	3 =3	o 88 o 88	11 17 47	8.08 8.08	4 32	5	0'95	11 21	10	0 40 41 0 36 45	6			
13 4		0.88	11 24 58 11 28 34	8.97 8.97	4 9 3 3 46 3 3 23 3	7	o 96 o 95	11 29 11 33	3	o 32 50 o 28 54	7	•••		
	48	0.80	11 32 9 11 35 44	8 97 8 97	3 0	6	o.86 o.86	11 36	56	0 24 58	8.			
27	30 58	0.80	11 39 19	8 97 8 97	2 14	3	0'97 0'97	11 44	50	0 17 6	9.			
19 6	13 34	o 89 o 88	11 46 30 11 50 5	8 97 8 97	1 27	В	o 97 o 97	11 52 11 56	43	0 9 14	11 \$			
	5 55	o 88	11 53 40	8.98	0 41	•	0 97	12 0	-6/	0 1 22 23 57 26	,12.	-		
23 7		o.88 o.87	11 57 16 18 0 51	8 99 8 98	0 171		o 97 o 97	12 8	32	3 53 30 3 49 35	13.			
24 7 25 8		0.86	18 4 27 18 8 3	8 99	0 29	0	o.8g o 98	12 16	25	3 45 39 3 41 43	14			
26 8		0'85	18 11 39	9 01	1 39°	В	o 98 o 97	12 20 12 24	19	3 37 47 3 33 51	x5.		•	••
28 9	39	0.83 0.83	12 18 52 12 22 29	9'03	2 2	6	0 97 0 97	12 32	18	23 29 55 23 25 59	16.			••
30 6	59	0.81	12 26 6	9 05	2 49	3 S	0 97	22 36	5	*3 ** 3	17.	•••		
1	(ETI		OGICAL					TEMB			18 S			
Ã	Nax	TEMPE	RATURE No 1841	1906		T'ressur			FALL	SHINE	19.			
=	69°6		7 60	0 2	9 765	1,1		sw SW	inch	0.2	20.			
3 4	69 3	51	.0	6	435 328 196	4'0 3 = ='7	8	sw sw	'25 '15	7.5	27			
5	54.4	50	7	5 4	495	3_4	N	NW W	o3	·	22.			
7 8	59 c	38	0 59	2 0	915	1.3 1.3	N	NW alm	:	8.7 5.0	23 .			
9	59 3 64 9 60 1	35 39 39 44	*	6	940 949	0.7 0.8	1	N NE		3.1 8.0 3.1	24. 25. £		•••	
11	581	8 42	•	i	0.830 0.83	9.1 9.0	-	N SW	. 43	1 3 5	z 6.	··· ·· ··		
13	60'0	42	·o 57	8 3	0'143	1.3	_	N VSW		8.3	27.		••	•
15	72.5	5 51		7 6 5 ↓3	245	0.1	0	alm alm		4'1 71	28.			
17 18	6a :	5 50	2 57	2 . 3	9.967	0.0	1 1	sw alm	.13		39			
19 20	63'6	46	7	5	327	1.7	N	NE INE	.03	3.7	30.			_= -=
21 22	59 57	4 45	6 55		230 178	4'3 3 4		N N	.01		HE	LIOGRAPH	IC ELEN	iknts.
23 24	56	48	7 .	3	272	a.4	1	NE N	'11 '02	0.8	At			
25 26	55 . 54	9 49	4		'411 '391	1'4 1'5	N	NW N	.01		Noon Day.	Sun's Axis	Centre Tat	of Disc
7	58 6a	2 4		, i 3	9'994	o 6 o 4		N NW		3,1	inty.			- IAVIIG
30 M11	65	45	'9 54	4 1	918	0.4 1.8		88E 88E		3,3	5 15	23'8 E	7.2 N	182.0
Mu	6x1	8 4	56 57		9.978				1.23		=5	25.6 E	6.9 N	28x.0

The Moon's Surface.—With a small telescope there will be seen on the Moon features that have been called seas (perhaps rather unfortunately), mountain ranges, craters, mys and rills. Bright rays and rills are seen beat at Full Bloon, the other classes at times near the quarter phases, and especially when near the line of demarcation between the illuminated and dark parts of the lunar surface. The most remarkable are the craters, or nearly circular formations, having for their circumference a ling of mountains which rise abruptly to heights anything between 2,000 and 20,000 feet above the surrounding country. The number and size of these—many of them being 50 or 65 miles in diameter—make the Moon's surface quite unlike that of the Earth. It has long been suggested that these are the result of volcanic action on the Moon, but if this is 0, they must be fossil formations. There is no trace of anything on the Moon that in the least resembles an expanse of water, which would be seen glittering in the sunight, nor are any striking changes that might be atmospheric seen as on the planets. We appear, in fact, to be tooking on a dead world.

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

Day in	LONDONBRID	LIVERPOOL.	PORT OF BRISTOL (King Read)	Hull. (Immingham)	GREENOCK.	LEITH.	Dunin Bar (Kingstown), G M T
10	Morn Afte	Morn After	Morn After.	Morn. After.	Morn. After	Morn. After	Morn. After.
3		11 11 35 23 47 0 12 12	8 10 20 25	H N H N S 49 18 25 6 29 19 4 7 9 19 41	H M H M O 12 12 56 O 50 13 30 I 33 14 14	ни ни 2 39 15 10 3 20 15 46 4 1 16 26	H M H M 23 56 22 20 25 55
4 5 6 7 8 9	5 18 17 5 58 18 6 46 19 7 55 20	9 I 2 13 29 17 I 42 I4 I8 18 2 27 I4 58 14 3 18 15 51 10 4 21 17 1 17 5 50 18 30	10 6 28 20 10 44 23 0 11 25 23 47 18 20 0 55 13 48	7 49 30 20 8 30 81 1 9 16 21 45 10 10 22 39 11 15 83 49 12 54	2 15 14 55 2 52 15 32 3 33 16 8 4 15 16 47 5 6 17 42 6 36 19 12	4 43 17 8 5 27 17 49 6 12 18 39 7 6 19 33 8 12 20 45 9 38 22 11	1 12 13 35 1 53 14 20 2 39 15 10 3 35 16 10 4 49 17 31 6 20 18 59
13 13 14 15	11 5 23 12 0 51 13 1 38 13 2 14 14 2 46 14	4 9 45 21 57 7 10 29 22 37 16 11 4 23 13 8 12 38 23 46	4 22 16 58 5 29 17 57 6 21 18 40 6 59 19 16 7 33 19 50 8 4 20 21	2 50 15 45 3 50 16 38 4 38 17 55 5 18 17 55 5 54 18 30 6 28 19 1	9 57 22 12 10 50 23 4 11 37 23 43 12 12 0 20 (12 43 0 58 13 10	12 28 0 45 13 28 1 33 14 13 2 31 14 49 2 51 15 25 3 23 15 50	8 45 21 8 9 39 21 56 10 25 22 40 11 5 23 18 11 40 23 52 12 15
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	4 12 16 4 38 16 5 2 17 5 33 17 6 15 18	8 0 18 12 38 8 0 47 13 5 6 1 18 13 34 5 1 44 14 3 4 2 20 14 35 5 2 59 15 16 11 3 49 16 15 9 5 6 17 44	9 2 21 16 9 26 21 39 9 48 22 0 10 10 22 24 10 37 22 57 71 21 23 54	7 0 19 30 7 33 19 58 8 5 80 25 8 36 20 52 9 10 21 24 9 50 28 5 10 46 23 1 12 11	1 31 13 46 1 58 14 17 2 28 14 45 2 56 15 10 3 26 15 38 4 2 16 11 4 50 17 1 6 16 18 16	3 53 z6 zo 4 z6 t6 53 5 3 z7 z8 5 37 18 o 6 18 z8 44 7 5 z9 z8 7 57 zo 36 9 zz zz 49	0 26 12 45 1 D 13 15 1 30 13 45 2 3 14 15 2 30 14 48 3 20 15 35 4 20 16 55 6 4 18 35
25 26 27 28 29 30	6 43 si 43 io si 36 o 27 is : 0 55 i3 i 3 3 *i3	9 8 6 80 29 9 4 21 20 7 9 49 22 3 7 10 28 22 41	3 24 15 57 4 42 17 5	o 28 13 51 2 2 15 2 3 9 15 53 3 59 16 36 4 42 17 17 5 24 17 57	8 9 20 2 9 47 21 27 10 41 22 20 11 21 23 4 11 57 23 46 12 32	10 33 23 3 11 45 0 8 12 43 1 0 13 30 1 47 14 6 2 18 14 44	7 24 19 49 8 22 20 44 9 11 31 30 9 54 22 12 10 35 32 51 11 14 23 30

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS. (Noon = 12h.)

	Mr	RCURY	ğ	V	KNUS	Ş.
D. 4 11 18	Rises h m 3 35 3 58 4 40 5 28	Souths h m. 10 51 11 3 11 23 11 42	Sets h m 18 7 18 6 18 3 17 55	Rises h in z z4 z z9 z 26 z 38	Souths h m 8 56 8 56 8 56 8 58	Sets h m 16 37 16 34 16 29 16 22

MARS	<u>.</u>	Ju	PITER	4
D. h, m h, m h, m 4 0 22 8 33 11 0 17 8 24 8 0 13 8 15 25 0 9 8 5	h m.	h m	h m.	li m. 18 32

MORNING AND EVENING STARS

OMERCURY is a morning star and may be seen between 4 and 5 o'clock in the early days of September north of the east point.

Q VENUS continues to be a brilliant object of the morning sky, rising before a o'clock. It will be due east at an altitude of an degrees about 4 o'clock. Magnitude - 4 to - 28

east at an arothuc or so degrees about 4 of lock. Magnitude - 40 to - 38

d MARS uses shortly after midnight. Vonus is moving towards Jupiter, and at the end of the month, in the dawn, the three planets will be in a line stretching upwards over the eastern horizon, with Regulus between Venus and Jupiter. The waning Moon passes along the line between the 25th and 25th. Magnitude + 18.

1 JUPITKE is a morning star in the following part of
Leo. Magnitude — x'3.

Leo. Magnitude - x'3.
 h SATURN, low in the south in the early evening, sets soon after midnight.

ł		TURN	r
18	16 59 16 31	Souths h m. 21 9 20 40 20 12 19 44	Seta b m. 1 18 0 49 0 20 23 52

The Harvest Moon.—The Full Moon on September 14 is the Harvest Moon this year, and it will be seen that the times of moonrise on September 13, 14, 15 and 16 show differences between consecutive nights of only so minutes. This daily retardation is unusually small, as it was at Harvest Moon lest year, and at other phases in recent months, which is due to the fact that the longitude of the Ascending node of the Moon's orbit is not far from 360°. In northern latitudes, at the time of moonrise on the days about Full in September, the Moon's orbit is inclined to the horizon, but at a small angle, and the smallness is accontrated when the node is in this position. The Nodes of the Moon's orbit regress on

the Ecliptic in about 181/2 years.

38]	OCTOBER XXXI DAYS	•	[193	2.
	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	Sun	DA	YS
DAY OF	Remarkable Days—Events. SUN'S LONGITUDE 210° M 23/L 15/L	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	of Year.
ı I S	London University opened, 1828. St. Quentin, 1918.	и м 6 в	н. м. 17 37	275	91
2 5	19th Sun. after Crinity. Summer Time ends 2 A.M.	6 3	17 34	276	90
3 M 1 Tu	Ld. Parmoor b. 1852. Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P., b. 1873.	6 5	17 38	277 278	89 88
4 Tu	New River undertaking completed, 1613. T. P. O'Connor b. 1848. R. 101 disaster, 1930.	6 8	17 28	279	87
6 Th		6 10	17 25	s8 o	86
7 8 F	Lepanto, 1571. Women admd. to Oxford Univ. 1920.	6 12	17 23	281	85
8 B S	Loos, 1915. Fall of first Labour Government, 1924.	6 13	17 ax	282	84
9 1 3	20th Sunday after Trinity. Cambrai, 1918.	6 15	17 19	-	83
10 M	James Stephen, abolitionist, d. 1832.	6 17	17 17	284	82
II B Tu	_ ======== , ======= p==================	6 18	17 14	285	8z 8o
12 W	MICHAELMAS LAW SITTINGS BEGIN. Mr. MacDonald	6 ==	17 12 17 10	-	70
13 8 Th	Peace of Ratisbon, 1630. Germans entered Lille, 1914. Senlac (Hastings), 1666. William Penn born, 1644	6 =3	17 8		78
1 7 9 12	Gregorian Calendar introduced, 1582.	_	17 6		77
,	21st Zunday after Trinity. Sir A. Chamberlain, K.G.,		i	·	—
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Neville's Cross, 1346. Battle of the Selle, 1918. [b.1863]	6 27		!	76
17 8 M 18 Tu	3t. Auke. Changelist. Last English Lottery, 1826	, -	17 I 16 59	202	75 74
19 W	Sir Charles Wheatstone (electric telegraph) d. 1875.	6 32		293	73
20 Th	Lord Palmerston born, 1784. Navarino, 1827.	5 34	16 55	1	72
21 F	TRAFALGAR DAY (1805): Death of Nelson.	6 36	z6 53	≥95	72
22 8 S	Revocation of the Edict of Nantes, 1685.	6 37	16 51	296	70
23 5	22nd Sunday after Crinity. Edgehill, 1642.	6 39	16 49	297	60
24 M	Wills removed to Somerset House, 1874.	6 41	16 47	1	68
25 Tu	Chaucer d. 1400. Agincourt, 1415. Balaclava, 1854.	6 42	16 45	1 -	67
26 W	Lord Sankey, G.B.E., Lord Chancellor, born, 1866.	6 44	z6 43	1 -	66
27 Th	Sir Godfrey Kneller, painter, d. 1723. Metz, 1870. \$\frac{1}{2}\tau_0\text{simon and }\frac{1}{2}\text{. Jude. John Locke died, 1704.}	6 46	16 41	1	65
28 F	Sir W. Raleigh beheaded, 1618. J. Boswell b. 1740.	6 48	16 39	1-	64
29 S		6 50	16 37	303	63
30 \$	23rd Sunday after Crinity.	6 51	16 35	304	62
31 M	YPRES DAY. Hallowmas Evc. Beersheba, 1917.	6 53	16 34	305	6x
	HASES OF THE MOON MONTHLY	NOTE	8.		==
O Full C Last New Peri Apo Peri Mean Longii	Quarter Gd. 20h 5 4m. Moon 14 13 177 Quarter 22 17 137 Moon 39 14 56'1 goe 1d. 17 3h. 223,970 miles. goe 1rd. 6'1h 252,400 goe 2rd. 2'3h. 221,960 LAT GREENWICH IN OCT., 1930. LAT GREENWICH IN OCT., 1930.	ear 56 s for Session at day follo egins. Atomo	nex nex ns to s imm wing G.M.T	sерт. :.).	day ar's neld tely
on za days average by z	total fall e'95 inch; below the 24. Borough Councillors 25 inch. 24. Borough Councillors 25 Turkish National Ho	to be r liday.	omina	ted.	

I	932.		О	CT	O.	BE	^{1}R	TE	ľN	H	MON	TH.		[39
Day	Equation (Hely	THE Apparent	SUN ()		n No	Dn).	Sidere Time Mesu S	al at	Your Time at th. Rid- sceal Time.		MEMO	RANDA	•
_	Ap.Time	Var.	Amenaion.	BA	Deci	ination.	Dec	н ж.	-	II M B	1.			
¥	10 18	0.80	12 29 43	0.00	_3_	18.6 E	0.97	1 x a _40	2 2	3 18 7	F	<u>.</u>	• • • • • • • •	• • •
3	10 37 1 10 56	o 79	12 36 59	9.08	3	35.8 32.8	0 97	12 43 12 47		83 14 II 83 10 16		-	 .	
4	EE 14	0,50	12 40 37	0,11 0,10	4	33'4 45'5	0.97	12 55	51 2	13 6 20 13 2 24	3.			
	11 32	0 74 0 73	12 44 15 12 47 54	9.13	5	86	0.00	12 59	44	22 58 28	4			
	12 7 12 24	0.72	12 51 33 12 55 13	9'14	5	31.6 24.6	o 96		41 2 37	12 54 32 12 50 36	5.	••		••
-]	23 43	0.68	ra 58 53	9.x8	6	27 4	0.02	13 11	34	18 46 40	6.	•		
	13 13	o.66	13 2 33 13 6 14	9 20	6	40'2	0.02	13 15		12 42 44 12 38 48	7.			
3	13 28 :	0.00	13 9 56	9'24	7	25.5 48.0	0 94		23	18 34 58	11			
4	13 42 13 56	0.28	13 13 38 13 17 20	9.58	8	10'4	0.03	13 31	16	23 30 56	8.			
5	14 10	0.22	13 21 3	0,30	8	3ª 6 54 8	0.03			12 23 5	9. 2	ι		•••••
	14 23 1 14 35	o 53	13 24 47 13 28 31	9°33 9°35	9	108	0.01 0.0s	13 39 13 43	6 2	12 15 13	10.	• •• ••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••
8	14 47 14 58	0'48	13 32 16 13 36 1	9'38	9	36 7 0'4	0,00	13 47 13 50		13 II 17 13 7 21	33	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
0	15 9	0 43	13 39 47	9'43	10	32 I	0.80	13 54 13 58	56 2	13 3 35 11 50 20	J			
	15 19 15 29	0'40	13 43 33 13 47 #1	9'46	71	43'5 4'8	0.88	14 2		1 55 33	X2.			
3	¥5 37	0'34	13 51 9 13 54 58	9.23	11	25'9 46 9	o 88 o 87	14 6		EX 51 37	113.			
5	15 45 15 58	0,32	x3 58 47	0.22 0.28 0.22	12	77	o 86	14 14	39 2	II 43 46	14	•	•	•••
	15 58 i	0'25	14 2 37 14 6 28	9.61	12	28 3 48 7	0.85	14 18	35 2	11 39 50 11 35 54	15.			• • • • •
B:	x6 8	0 19	14 10 20	9.67	x3	8 g 28 g	0'84	14 26	28 2	11 31 58 11 28 2	16. S	5 .	-	
P	16 13 16 16	0,12	14 14 13	9.70	13	487	0 82	14_30	3X 2	11 24 6	17.			
	z6 z8	0 09	14 21 59	9.77	14	8.32	0 8z	14 38	T_==	BI 80 10	li.			
_			LOGICAI		RVA	TION	S, OC'	POBEL			28.			
by.	Max	Min		1908 M	lean	(Press	mere lib. to	foot.)	rain- Pali,	BHINK	19.			
ı	55'z	45	7 54	z 30	thes.	z.	x]	ectn NE :	ınch 	hours	20.	••		• • •
3	68.0	44	9 54	2 30	*35 145	D.		NE SE		3.9	31.	•		
4	64 2	55`	z 53	0 29	714	4	5 1	SW	.00	0.6	22			-
5	59°0	48		8	'415 '391	9.		SW.	03	0°2	ļ			
7	58 6	44	: ره	3	509	3.	N i d	SW I	•••	4.0	23. 3	5.		
9	62.6 58 a	37	51 51	6	143 1663	16.	3 1	W W	 .16	5.3	24			
0	28.0	36	1 51 T	3	.012 .201	3.		sw s	•••	5 9 3 5	25.	••	-	
2	61'4	41	3	6	658	37	W	sw		9.1	26.		•	
3	61 9	37 46		3	904 800	1.		sw s	•••	3.5	27.			
5	699	56	5 49	9	605	3.		S		1.0	11			
7	69 8 69 9	53		5	'738 '	3.		SE	.18 90.	6 5	a8.			
<u>ا</u>	63.6	49	5 :		785	3		W	<u></u>	8.0	29			
0	59'3 63'1	43'	48.1	В	639 537	3.0	S	W .	9	5.6 5.6	30. 2	5.		_
2	56·8	40	• •	5	523 659	3.0	9 8	NW	•	7.8	3x.		.,	•
3	56.s	44	48	. 1	486	2.4	L : 8	w i	.36	ii	170	LIOGRAPE	ro Trus	e to se me
š	55 3 51 8	39	: ۱ · ۲		403 473	3.8		NW I		7.0	AL	1		
6	50'9 48'8	36	1	5	807	8.0	1	W		6.0	Noon.	Sun's Axis.		of Disc.
k I	60.8	47	•		'90z . '747	z.c	w	SW	.01	1 0 6	Day		Lat	Long
		1 00%			743	4.1		W		. 0.7	H	1	1	1
9012345	63.7 58.0	53		i 11 •	702 671	30.0		W :	***	3.4	5	26°3 H	-6'4 N	149'0

_[[See Note, p. 4.] THE MOON. Configurations of																			
×									A	t Gr	een w	icl	M	idi	rigi	nt.			Jup	iter's
Day of	R	isen		Months	Se	rte		Rigi Ince	n		lina- ion				d	mi- ia- ter		ge.	44	ellites at 45m. p 36
-		₩ 46	13		11 17	ж. 44	13	и 58	53	16	10.3	5	60	50	16	<u>"</u>	D.	19 H	W 430	E.)12
3 4	9 10	20 55 26		48 47 49	18	2 29 7	17		37	25 28	40°8 45°5 47		60 60 59	11 34	16 16	31 24 14		19 19	20	234
56 78	13 14 15	41 36 13 38	16 17 18	54 51	33	16 38	18 19 20		57 0 ×5 7	28 27 24 20	9'4 9'4		58 58 57 56	52 26 46	15	51 39 28	5 6 7 8	19 19 19	32 32 30	04
9	15	55 8	20 21 21	32 16	ī	21	 81	51 38	_	15 9 3	1'7 30 2	1	55	39		18		19 19	20	4×3
13 13	16 16 16	39 50 3	23 23		W35567-00	4 15 77 39	0	6 49 32	43	3	9'1 51 7 14'3	n		29 14	14 14	56 51 47	13 14	19	432 432 433	⊙
16	17	18 39	1 2	27	9	54 5	3		16	22 25	13'7 27 2	-	53 54	59 I	14 14	43 43	16 17	19	41C	13
30	18	48 43 50	33456	564	334	1044515	5 6 7	47 49 35 89	50 28 54	28	35 I 28 I 0 4 10 7		54 54 55	27 53 28	14 14 15		19 20 21	19 19	Q4	O 4
3	23	e 27	7		14	38 55	ì	23 15 6			41 8 10-6		56 57 58	4	15	33 49	=3	_	30:	024
4 5 5 7 5	3	49 14 39	8 8 9	57	15 15 15	8 31 34	10	56 46		7	8 a 23'6 34'1	n S	59 59 60	0 55 40	16 16 16	19 32	25 26 27	19 19	31C	34 324 34 1/
20	5	43	10	31	_	47	14	31	26 45 8	19	12'2 23 2 19'7		6x	2 3	16		28 0	9	43C)13
32	9	56 PP.	13	3=	17	-		39	44	27	18.4 SIO	S	60	48	16	34		9	42(
-		- 1	16:						7	V'LIN	7774		7			. 11	4 1			7

CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, IND OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.

October z. Day breaks at 4h. 9m. Civil twilight ends at z8h. 2zm. Night begins, z9h. 30m. The length of the Day is zzh. 35m.

Oct. 3. Saturn at a stationary point.

tion with D. 12 40 N.

Oct. 24. Uranus in Opposition. Distance from the (Oct. 16), 1,760,690,000 miles.

Oct. 20. Venus in conjunction with Jupiter. Q o 10 S. (See note below.)

Oct. 24, 6h. Mars in tion with D. d 29 S. Mars in conjunc-

Oct. 26, 6h. Jupiter in conjunction with D. 2 x N.

Oct. 26, 18h. Venus i junction with). Q so N. Venus in con-Oct. 30, 23h. Mercury in conconjunction with D. \$\timeg 3^\circ\$ N.

In this month the Mornings decrease 51m., and the Afternoons zh. 3m.

The Zodiacal light may be seen before dawn at the beginning and end of this month, the Moon being then absent from the early morning sky.

Constellations near the S. meridian at zzh.: Delphinus, Equu-leus, Aquarius, Capricornus, Pega-sus, Andromeda, Pisces, Piscis Australis, Cetus.

THE PLANETS AT NOON.

	ОМКН	CURY.	Q VEN	Ub	of M	ARS.	y Jui	ITER.	h SAT	TURN.
-	RA.	DEC 1		DEC. N.	RA.	DEC N	R A	DEC N.	RA	DEC 8
D	H H B	3 35 1	H. M. S. 9 47 38	12 57 4	H. H S		H M 8	8 14-5	H N B	er o.6
	23 24 34	7 20'2	10 9 38	11 24 6	8 50 45	18 57 O		7 58 0	20 I SI	21 0'S
	13 44 32		10 31 28	9 43.8		18 13.8			20 I 37	
17			10 53 84 11 15 88	7 51°3		17 29'1			20 2 3 20 2 39	
	15 18 31					15 56 6			20 3 25	80 22. I
=		THE	SUN AND	PLANE	CTS.		, L	IIDANIIS		77777777

ANGULAR SEMIDIAMETER HORIZONTAL PARALLAX. | Q | Q | Q | L | P | 10 1 10 1 7 7 50 5 | 8 | Q | 7 | p 0

Oct. 16. Sun's semidiam. in Transit. 1m. 5 078. of Mean Time.

sets 15h. 54m.

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DEC. N.

DEC N

R A

рl

Conjunction of Venus and Jupiter.—These bright planets make a special display in the morning sky this month. Since July, Venus has been moving through the constellations Gemini, Cancer and Leo towards Jupiter, which is moving less rapidly in the same direction, and overtakes it in the morning of October so. The planets will rise separated by less than 7 minutes of arc, or by rather less than a quarter of the diameter of the Moon, this distance increasing slightly before sunrise. Conjunctions of Venus and Jupiter occur almost yearly, though they may not happen when the planets are in the night sky as is the case this year. The last was on August 8, 1831, the next will be on August 17, 1932. The distance between the objects is comparatively small on this occasion, but at a conjunction on February 6, 1892, that was seen from Australia,

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

٦	Lonno	BRIDGE	Livene	001.	Pog Bris (King	TOL	Ht (Immir	ill.	GREF	NOCK	Leith	Duntis (Kingst	town.)
Ā	Morn	After	Morn A	fter.	Morn.		Morn	After.	Morn	After	Morn After	Morn	After
_	H. M.	H. M.		K II	H M.	н. м	H M.	HM	HH	ни	HMHM	H M	H M.
I	*2 6	*14 16	II 43 2	3 58	7 41	19 57	6 5	18 35	0 28	¥3 5	2 58 15 28	11 50	
	*2 46	*14 57	-	2 23	8 sz	ao 38	6 45	19 15	1 5	13 47	3 42 16 8	. 0 0	12 30
3	3 27	*15 41		3 5	9 2	21 IQ	7 30	19 55	1 44	14 28	4 27 16 51	0 49	13 11
4	4 10			3 48	9 40	21 58	8 15	20 36	2 28	25 7	5 15 17 39		13 58
5	4 48	17 11	2 10 1	4 38	10 21	22 40	9 4	31 31	3 14	15 46	6 8 18 40	2 21	14 50
	5 33	18 5		5 34	11 6	23 3 <u>3</u>	10 0	23 15	4 7	16 35	7 13 19 45	3 20	¹ 5 55
7	6 25	19 12	J	8 20		12 8	11 14	23 25	5 6 7 10	17 29 19 6	8 23 20 52 9 43 22 9	4 40 6 10	17 20
_	7 37	20 43	5 47 1	0 20	0 50	13 38		12 55	7 10	19 0	9 43 9	0 10	18 41
9	9 10	22 10	7 25 1	9 44	= 34	15 26	z 4	14 30	8 48	20 50	11 7 23 23	7 25	10 50
10	ZO 45			6 45	4 8	16 41	8 30	15 30	9 52	az 58	12 14	8 25	20 43
11	II 51		9 23 2	33 ;	5 10	17 34	3 30	16 15	10 37	22 43	0 25 13 10	9 15	21 31
12	0 26	1 37		E II	5 54	18 13	4 25	16 53	11 14	23 17	1 13 13 47		22 11
13	I 8	-3 -3		12 43	6 29	18 46	4 50 5 26	17 26	11 48	23 53 12 16	2 25 14 56	10 35	22 50 23 25
14 15	2 41			3 17	7 27	19 46	2 ~	18 80	0 24	12 44	3 0 15 25	11 42	23 58
		-4 -3		3 7/	1 -7	-7 40	¦	-					
16	2 39	14 45		2 5	7 57	20 13	6 35	18 56	0 57	13 12	3 31 15 56	٠ ا	12 14
17	3 :		11 - 1	12 34	8 23	20 39	7 6	19 25	1 25	z3 39	4 2 16 26	0 30	12 44
18	3 34			13 0	8 47	2I 2	7 40 8 10	19 50	: 1 58 : 2 33	14 9	4 40 17 3 5 17 17 30	1 0	13 11
19	4 4			13 31 14 5	9 12	2I 25 2I 52	8 10 8 45	20 50	* 33 . 3 5	15 11	5 17 17 39 5 57 18 15	x 34	13 41 14 16
21	2 7	3-			10 0	22 30	9 25	31 30	3 41	15 50	6 40 19 3	2 40	15 0
22	5 3				10 50	23 24			4 32	'z6 35	7 39 20 9	3 48	16 9
_	-	-	 -			-	!			\			
*3	6 3			16 59	II 57		II 35		5 52	17 37	8 44 21 13	5 16	27 45
24	7 5		,, -,	18 29		±3 33		13 10	7 41	20 43	9 58 22 24 II 6 23 26	6 39	19 5
25 26	20 3		11 = 1	19 40	2 39 3 58	15 11	2 26		10 3	21 41	13 2	7 4 ^x 8 34	20 54
27	11 3		11	2X 25	4 58	17 18	3 =4		10 44		o 18 12 49	9 20	21 40
28	0 1		11 - 1	22 9	5 47	z8 6	4 ×3			23 14	1 2 13 30	10 3	22 23
29	0 5	13 8	10 37 4	sa 53	6 32	18 51	4 59	17 30	12 4	23 58	1 46 14 8	10 45	23 5
30	*x 3	***			7 16	19 34	5 44	18 10		12 42	2 27 14 51	8e zz	23 49
31				23 37 12 2	7 58	20 16		18 52	0 40		3 13 15 39		12 10

RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of the PLANETS. (Noon = xah.)

-						
į	ME	ROURY	Ď	v	enus	ç
D.	h m	Souths h. m	h m		Souths h. m.	h m
2	0 13	12 0 12 15	17 45 I	2 7		16 15 16 6
хб	7 33	12 29	17 24	2 23	9 10	₹5 55
30	8 46	12 42 12 56	17 18	2 41		15 44 15 38
-						_

İ	-	1	ARS c	5 [Ju	PITER	4
1 2	9 16	Rises h. m o 4 =3 59 =3 54 =3 48	Souths h. m. 7 \$5 7 43 7 31 7 19 7 6	Sets h. m 15 45 15 26 14 49 14 30		Souths h. m 10 8 9 46 9 24 9 1 8 38	Sets b m 16 53 16 28 16 3 15 38

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- MERCURY will not be seen either in the morning or evening this month It sets only half an hour after the Sun at its end.
- Q VENUS continues its eastward progress and moves into Leo, being near Regulus in the morning of the 6th. Its approach to Juniter, and close conjunction with that planet on the acth (see p. 40) will be noted. Magnitude -38 to -36.
- d MARS rises shortly before midnight during the greater part of the month, and will be seen in the morning sky on the right of Regulus, to which it is equal in brightness. Magnitude + 1 3
- JUPITER will be seen between east and southeast in the morning sky. Magnitude -1'3 to -14
- h SATURN may be seen low in the south-west in the early evening. Magnitude +o7 to +o8.

	S.A	SATURN h									
D.	h. m	Souths h. m.	Sets h m.								
9	14 40	19 16 18 49	23 24 22 57								
26 23	14 13 13 46	18 22	22 30								
30	13 20	37 80	27 28								

their edges were separated by 14 seconds of arc only, and the planets were seen as one until this had increased to about a minute and a half.

The Temperature of the Sun.—The effective temperature of the Sun, or the rate at which heat is emitted per unit area at its surface, is in the neighbourhood of 5,500° C. This is calculated from the Solar Constant, which is a measure of the heat received from the Sin outside the earth's atmosphere found from observation The Sun's temperature is also evaluated by the method mentioned on p. 29. The results are in approximate but not precise agreement.

42]	NOVEMBER XXX DAY	ß.		193	2
DAY OF	Fasts and Festivals.	THE	SUN	DA	YB
M. Light W.	Remarkable Days—Events. Sun's Longitude 240° 2 22d. 12h.	Rises.	Sets.	of the Year.	of Year.
2 W 3 Th 4 F 5 S	All Souls. Naval engagement, Kattegat, 1917.	6 55 6 57 6 58 7 ° 7 2	H. M. 16 38 16 30 16 86 16 86	306 307 308 309 310	60 59 58 57 56
6 8 M 7 8 M 8 8 Tu 9 8 W 10 8 Th 11 8 F 12 8 S	John Milton died, 1674. Fred Archer died, 1886. Lord Mayor's Day. <i>Emden</i> destroyed, 1914.	7 6 7 7 7 9 7 11 7 13	16 83 16 81 16 80 16 18 16 17 16 15 16 13	311 318 313 314 315 316 317	55 54 55 55 55 55 59 49
13 M Tu 15 W Th 16 F S	Capt. Cook took possession of New Zealand, 1769.	7 18 7 20 7 21 7 23 7 25	16 12 16 11 16 9 16 8 16 7 16 5 16 4	318 319 320 321 322 323 324	4 47 45 44 43 44
20 S 21 M 22 Tu 23 W 24 Th 25 F 26 S	Richard Hakluyt (Voyages), d. 1616.	7 31 7 33 7 35 7 36	16 3 16 2 16 1 16 0 25 59 15 58	326 327 328	41 40 39 38 37 36 35
27 \$ 28 M 29 Tu 30 W	1st Zunday in Adbent. William Blake, poet and engraver, born, 1727. Metropolitan School Board first met, 1870. St. Andrew. Jonathan Swift born, 1667.	7 41 7 42	15 56 15 55 15 54 15 53	333 334	34 33 32 31

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Perigre 27d. 14'6/i. 221,830 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, Nov. 1, 344° 8'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN NOV., 1936, on se days; total fall, 4'4s inches; above the average by a'14 inches.

MONTHLY NOTES.

November z. Fox-hunting begins.

Ordinary day of election of Borough Councillors.

- Holiday at London Stock Exchange.
 to zs. Buchan's "6th Cold Period."
- of Boroughs to be elected and Sheriffs appointed.
 - 11. Martinmas. Half Quarter Day.
- 13. County Sheriffs for next year nominated.
 15. Solicitors', notaries', proctors', and sworm clerks' certificates expire. See Note, Dec. 15.

1 5 N

25

106.2

29 712

43'5

50'9

44]		N	OVE	MB	ER	EL	EVEN	TH MONTH. [1932.
[See N	ote, j	o, 4.]	Тнк	Moon.			Configura	
4 ;	,		i Ai		h Midnight		Juniter's	CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, AND
8 Rises.	뷮	Seta	Right	Declina.	Hori Sem	11	Satellites at 4k. 15m.	OTHER CELESTIAL PHENOMENA.
2 :	Æ		Ascen-	tion.	Pural-met	er Age.	(See p. 36.)	November z. Day breaks at:
				<u> </u>		'	;	17k. 19m. Night begins 18k. 18m.
H. M.	17 M	17 51	17 46 28	28 24 95	60 7 16	, п. п 83 3 9	4x2O3	The length of the Day is 94. 37.
g 12 28	15 43	19 0	18 51 31	27 31'9	58 22 15	9 4 9		Nov 4, 3h. Saturn in conjunc- tion with D. 2 3 N.
3 13 13	17 30	27 47	19 52 36 20 48 44	24 55 2 20 58 8	57 29 15			Nov. 13-14. Occultation by the
5 14 2				16 7.3		26 7 9	3024) of several stars of the Pleiades
6 24 16	19 15		22 27 32		55 56 15			group. See p. so.
7 14 28 8 14 38	₁19 58	1 41	23 12 16 23 55 27	4 57 9 8	55 19 15 54 50 14	4 9 9 56 10 9		Nov. 14. Mercury at Greatest elongation. 22° E.
9 14 48	21 18	4 4	⊮ o 38 xo	6 3 8 0	54 28'14	50 XX 9	O1234	Nov. 21, morn. Jupiter with-
EE 15 10	21 58	5 16	1 21 26 2 6 6 2 52 51		54 12 14		1O324 32O14	out satellites. Visible at Green-
18, 15 35		7 42	a 52 51		53 57 14	43:14 9	●●304	wich. See p. 20, Note, and p. 38.
	0 11		3 48 3	24 38'2	53 57 E4	42 15 9	1/30=1/	Nov. 21, morn. Occultation by
14 16 TO		in i	4 22 20	27 1'9	54 3 14	44 z6 g	42Ox3	daylight. See p. 59.
25 16 48 26 17 38	2 34	18 59 11 43	5 27 7 6 21 20	28 12.6	54 32 14		421O3 4O123	Nov. 21, 18h. Mars in conjunc-
16 17 38 17 18 41	3 36	12 17	6 at ag 7 15 35 8 8 31 8 59 47	26 34 5	54 56 14	58 19 5	4xO38	Nor as, ash. Jupiter in con-
18 19 53	5 15	12 59	8 49 47	23 48 O	55 27'15 56 6 15	720 g	1 10 -	junction with D. L 2 N.
					·		1	Nov. 25, 18h. Venus in conjunc-
20 82 30 21 23 50	6 48	13 27	1 9 49 24 1 xo 38 7	0 18.2	56 52 15 57 43 15	30 22 9 44 23 9		tion with D. Q 6° N.
## ··· ··					1,50 20 -5	37 - T 3		Nov. 28, 22h. Mercury in con- junction with). Ø 4° N.
23 1 12 24 2 36	7 34 8 22	13 30 13 51	12 16 17	10 27 3	59 33 16 60 22 16			1
25 4 4	9 13	14 7	14 3 5		61 0 16			In this mouth the Mornings decrease 49m.; the Afternoons 39m.
	10 8				61 22 16	43 28 5	32104	Constellations near the S. meri-
27 7 45	'II g	14 53	16 8 49	26 20	61 84 16 61 6 16			dian at zzh.: Pegasus, Pisces,
BO 10 7	13 88	16 37	18 24 30	27 57 5	60 30 16	20 I 23	21O43	Cetus, Andromeda, Aries, Persens,
30 II 4	14 27	17 56	19 29 25	25 53'7S	59 40 16	16 2 2	402x3	1
			A A		1)=====================================		n mun Drayymn am Mooy
								THE PLANETS AT NOON.
	MER	CURY. Dec		VENUS.		MARS A Di		JUPITER B SATURN.
DII	M 4		, II M	٠.	, H M	4	, 11	M S , II W S
6 16	41 28 9 45		3 11 59 3 3 12 21			38 14	9'6 11 1	t3 12 6 7'7 20 4 21 20 52'5 t6 18 5 49.2 20 5 27 20 49'4
11 16	36 24	24 4	46 12 43	49 2 47	0 10 6	29 I3	35 6 11 1	19 13 5 31 6 20 6 42 20 45 9
16 16		25 1	99; 13 (4 1 13 2	16 5 2 59 7 10			49 4 II I	
	17 27		0 x3 5				20.2 11	
		Тн	e Sun	AND PL	ANETS.			. H TRANUS ' T NEPTUNE.
Ho	RIZON	PAD P	ARALLAN	P ANG	LLAR SE	MIDI A M	ETER.	RA DEC. N RA. DEC N.
0			3 4	1.	φ , γ	8 1	1 12 20	
D								
15 8.00	8.8	7 4 6	.a 1.2	0.0 10 13	2875 3370	3 3 15	973 N	ov 15. Uranus rises 14h. 57m., sets
34 9.03	11.5	7.0	0 100	. oli xo 14	4.5 0 2	3 5 10	473	41. Sm Neptune rises ok. 24m., sets 31. 57m.
Nov. 15.	out.			, cause,	rm 8.32>	or alegh	T 13116.	

The Leonid Meteors.—On the might of November 13 1833, and again on the same date in the year 1866, showers of meteors were seen radiating from a point in the "Sickle" of Leo in numbers that were described as "terrifying" Moderately fine showers were seen from the same radiant in 1832 and 1865. After the display in 1833 it was remembered that a similar shower had appeared in 1892 and examination of historical records resulted in finding many instances of notable meteor showers seen in November separated by intervals of multiples of 13 or 34 years. A few shooting-stars are seen from the same radiant shout this date in every year, and the inference is that there is a stream of small bodies moving in parallel paths in a long, oval orbit round the Sun that intersects the orbit of the Earth at the point where the Earth is in November. In the greater part of

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

*	Lond	BRI	DGE	L	14 RE	LP00	L	1	Pon But Ing		d)	(In	He	LL	m.)	GREE	NOCK		L	ITH.	DUBL (Kings G I	
å	Morr	Aft	or i	Mo	rn	Af	ter.	Mo	m	Aft	er	Mo	m	Aft	er	Morn	Aft	er	Morn	After.	Morn	After.
	H. M		×	H	M	H.	N	п	M	н.	M	n	И.	u	N)) M	-	M	H M.	И. М.	н. м.	H. M.
1	*3 4	*15		0	22 12	13	47 33	8	41 34	21	2	7 8	15 5		35	1 23 2 18	14	46	4 5		0 38	28 55
3	4 3	' '	2		3	14	24	10	7	23		8	55	21	-5	3 9		35	5 57	18 24	1 30 3 11	13 45 14 30
4	5 7		59	3	ŏ	15	22	10	57		30	9	55	21	56	4 8	16		7 2	19 23	3 24	15 48
5	6 I	1 19	7	4	7	16	30	11	58	•	. !	11	6	23	2	5 ×5	¥7	20	8 8	20 28	4 =6	z6 56
6	7 1	5 20	20	5	30	17	50		30	13	17			12	35	6 47	18	44	9 21	21 43	5 45	18 10
7	8 4	1			51	19	ັ9 ີ	3	4	14	46	0	25	13		8 15	20	9	10 30		6 55	19 15
8		7 23	I	7	58	20	10		28	16	1		50	14		9 22		24	II 33		7 53	20 10
10	II I	2 23	50 I	8	47 28	20	59 39	5	31 18	16	56 30	3	51 40	15	40	10 39	,	51	0 36	12 25	8 41 9 25	20 59
11	0 3	1		10	4	32	16	, -	54	18	15	4	31	16	55	11 16		84	1 19		9 25	21 40
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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANETS (Noon = 12h.)

T	ME	RCURY	ğ	VENUS Q						
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MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

- ${\mbox{\sc y}}$ Mercury though at greatest elongation, east, on the ${\mbox{\sc t}}_4$ th sets less than an hour after the Sun throughout the month and will not be visible.
- Q VENUS is a morning star rising at the times shown. It will be in the south-east about half-past 6 o'clock. Magnitude -3'5.
- of MARS is a morning star It will be a degree and a half north of Regulus in the morning of the roth. Magnitude $+ x^2 x + y + y + y = 0$
- 2 JUPITER is still in company with Mars and Venus, but their relative positions have much changed. At 5 o'clock towards the end of the month Jupiter is fairly high in the south-east, with Mars rodegrees higher on its right and Venus considerably lower on its left. Magnitude r'4 to r'5.
- h SATURN sets in mid-evening nearly at the southwest point. Magnitude + o 8.

;	- 8	ATURN	h j
13	h. m 12 53 12 27 12 1	16 37	Seta h. m. 21 12 20 47 20 23 19 58

this orbit the lodies are few, but in one part they are many and stand out like the fewel in a ring, this profuse mass going round the orbit in 33½ years. A meteon c shower occurs when such an orbit intersects the earth's orbit and the stream and the earth arrive together at the point of intersection, and because a display was seen in consecutive years. 1866 and 1867, it seems that the jewel must be of some length. It was reasonably expected that the Leonid meteors would be seen in some profusion in the years 1899 and 1900, but they failed to appear Nevertheless, it is thought possible that they may visit us in some number in November of one or more of the years 1932 to 1935. The presence of the almost full Moon in the sky is likely to prevent any spectacle this year.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

31

 First Quarter
 4d. 2zh. 44'9zh.

 Full Moon
 3 2 2z'0

 Last Quarter
 30 20 2z'9

 New Moon
 27 2z 4

Apogee 10d. 12'2h. 252,400 miles Perigee 26d 1'6h. 223,740 ,, Mean Longitude of Asc. Node, Dec. 1, 342° 33'.

RAIN FELL AT GREENWICH IN DEC, 1930, on 14 days; total fall, 1'54 inch; below the average by 0'72 inch.

MONTHLY NOTES.

8 15 58

366

Dcc. 3 to 9. Buchan's "3rd Warm Period."

15. Lastday for renewing Solicitors' certificates.

Notices to owners and occupiers affected by private Bills in Parliament must be delivered.

25. Quarter Day.

25. Quarter Day.

- Quarter Sessions to be held within the period of az days immediately preceding or immediately following Dec. 25.

s6. Bank and General Holiday.

Ramadan (Month of Abstinence) begins.
 Various Licences expire.

Charter granted to East India Company, 1660.

1	1932.]			MBI		TWE	LFT	H M	IONTI	Ŧ.	47
1 -1	Repation		THE S	UN (I	Mean No		Sidereal	Mean Tin		Man	(OD 4 N/I)	
Ē	from Ap Time	Hrly. Var.	Apparent Right Ascension	Hourly Var of B. A.	Apparent Declination	Hourly Var of Dec	Time at Mean Noon.	at 0h His ereal Tim		MES	ORAND	Α.
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do -	49'8 47'1	36°0 35°6	39°0 38°9 38°7	29'04		SSV	* 09 * 04	=	5 15 25	10.1 2.4 M	3.38 1.18 0.3 M	293.0

The Earth's Rotation.—Ephemerides are computed on the assumption that time moves uniformly, and that the length of a day, whether mean solar or uniform sidereal, is invariable, except for a small recognised secular variation. It is now believed that the rotation of the Earth, upon which the length of the day depends, is not constant. Such a change, although imperceptible from day to day, would lead to a cumulative error in time reckoning, so that the observed time sahown by the clock might differ by many seconds from the time which the compilers of the tables of the Sun, Moon and planets expected the clock to show at a given moment of absolute time, the effect of this error being revealed not as an apparent clock error, but as an apparent error in the ephemerides of the Sun, Moon and planets. It was the correlation of these apparent errors that led to the announcement of the variability of the Earth's period of rotation. (From the Mautical Almanac vaga. Explanation.)

Time of High Water at the undermentioned Places-

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RISING, SOUTHING, and SETTING of PLANKTS. (Noon = 12h.)

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY Q Venus Q Souths b. m Souths Sets h m h m m 4 7 46 11 6 34 II 53 I6 9 37 '14 35 4 39 10 55 15 16 10 29 14 53 9 43 14 16 5 0 6 5 21 9 51 14 19 10 27 14 40 5 42 9 59 14 15 MARS & JUPITER 7

5 MERCURY rises nearly two hours before the Sun in the last ten days of the month, and may then be seen at 7 o'clock about 5 degrees above the southeast horizon.

Q VENUS will be seen in the south-east before sunrise. Altitude xgo at about half-past six at the beginning of the month, but lower at that hour at the

end. Magnitude -34.

d Mars moving in the constellation Leo approaches Jupiter but does not overtake it. Its brightness increases lapidly. Magnitude +o'o to

+0'3.

I JUPITER like Mars rises before midnight, and both are conspicuous objects of the morning sky, moving eastward between Regalus and Spica. Magnitude -1'6 to -1'7.
12 SATURN is above the south-west horizon for a

short time after sunset. Magnitude +o 9.

Rises | Souths | Sets | h. m. | h m. | h m | o 13 | 6 39 | 13 4. | a3 46 | 6 10 | 12 34 | 23 21 | 5 44 | 12 7 | as 56 | 5 18 | 11 4 | D. Rises Souths h m 4 22 57

h m

SATURN 12

Souths Seta

D. Rises

D. h m h, m 411 9 15 21

Large Telescopes.—The Royal Observatory, Edinburgh, possesses a reflecting telescope with mirror 36 inches in diameter that was installed in the year 1930, and there is also a 3-foot reflector at Cambridge. A 11 10 43 14 57 19 10 18 10 18 14 38 18 46 25 9 58 14 7 18 22

in the year 1930, and there is also a 3-foot reflector at Cambridge. A similar instrument with mirror of the same dimension, the gift of Mr. W. J. Yapp, is being made for the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.

These will be the largest objectives in use in Great Britain. There are some larger on the Continent and in America, the largest of them now being the xee-inch mirror at the Mount Wilson Observatory, California, but a see-inch mirror is being made for use in that part of the world. A reflecting telescope, 74 inches in diameter, is part of the equipment of an observatory now being established by private munificence near Toronto.

50] NOTES	FOR THE YEAR 1933.	14.
BEING THE VIRST TEAR AFTER	BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR, AND 23 AND 24 OF KING GEORG	8 V.
Calendar T	Elements and Wates for the Year.	
Golden Number	XV Birth of Queen Mary (1867) M	ay a6
Epact Solar Cycle (Year of)	3 Union Day, South Africa	ne 3
Boman Indiction (Year of)	. z Whit Sunday ,	
Julian Period (Year of) Julian Day, Jan. 1 (begins at noc New Year's Day (Sunday) Foundation Day, Australia	6646 Corpus Christs	, 15
Julian Day, Jan. 1 (begins at noc	OII) 2,427,074 BITTH OF PTINCE OF WAIGH (1894)	, 23
Foundation Day, Australia	. ,, a6 Independence Day, U.S.A	4
Ash Wednesday	March x Armistice Day (xex8) No	t. zr
Good Friday	36. 1 Pointend rays, casted 36. 1 Independence Day, U.S.A , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	v. 30
St. George's Day	. ,, 23 First Sunday in Advent De	ю. з
Accession of King George V. (19 Ascension Day	io) . May 6 Christmas Day—(Monday) ,	*5
22000100010 2700 III III III	,, -3.	[
Maring Eunines (ress)	Tropical Year 1933-1934. Sun enters Sign Aries	zh.
Autumn Equinox Winter Solstice	,, ,, Cancer June ar	81
Autumn Equinox Winter Solutice	, , , , , , Capricornus Dec. as	7
Spring Equinox (1934)	, , , , Capricornus Dec. as March ar	8
14F	hases of the Moon , 1933.	-
lanuami	May Sentember	
Full Moon II so 36	First Quarter 2d. 22h, 39m. Full Moon 4d. 5h. Full Moon 9 22 4 Last Quarter 12 21 Last Quarter 12 21 Last Quarter 15 18 Last Quarter 19 18	30
Full Moon 11 20 36 Last Quarter 19 6 15 New Moon 25 23 20	New Moon 24 10 7 New Moon 18 18	21
February.	June. October.	30
First Quarter 2d 13h 16m.	First Quarter id. iih. 53m. Full Moon 3d. ijh.	Bin.
Last Quarter 17 14 8	Last Quarter 14 23 25 New Moon 19 5	45
New Moon 24 12 44	New Moon	21 ·
March,	July. Full Moon 2d. 11. Full Moon 2d. 7h. Last Quarter 10 12 Last Quarter 10 12 New Moon 17 16	59m.
Full Moon 12 2 46	Last Quarter 14 12 24 New Moon 17 16	18 24
Last Quarter . 18 21 5 New Moon 26 3 20	New Moon 22 16 3 First Quarter 24 7	38
Anni	New Moon 22 rf 3 First Quarter 30 4 44 First Quarter 24 7 December. Full Moon 2d. xh.	3zm.
	Full Moon 50 10%, 32%, Last Quarter 10 6	24
	new mood 21 5 40 'rirst quarter 22 20	53
New Moon . 24 18 38	First Quarter 28 10 13 Full Moon 31 20	54
	alendar for the Year 1933.	
January Su 1 8 15 22 29 Su -	February. - 5 12 19 26 Sn 5 12 19 26 Su 2 9 16 2 - 6 13 20 27 M 6 13 20 27 M 3 10 17 2 2 - 7 14 21 28 Ju 7 14 21 28 Ju 7 14 21 28 Ju 7 14 21 28 Ju 7 14 21 28 Ju 8 15 22 20 W 1 8 15 23 20 W 5 12 19 2 2 9 16 23 - Th 2 9 16 23 30 Th 6 13 20 2 3 10 17 24 - F 3 10 17 24 31 F 7 14 21 2 4 11 18 25 - S. 1 8 15 23 2 July. July.	
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THE TIME OF HIGH WATER at the undermentioned Ports and Places may be approximately found by taking the appropriate Time of High Water at the Standard Port (as shown on pp. 5, 9, etc.) and adding thereto the quantities annexed. The time thus found will be Greenwich Time for British, Irish, French and Belgian Ports, and Amsterdam Time for Netherlands Ports. The rise of the tide at Springs and Neaps is given in the last two columns. An* denotes Range of Tide.

		, -		0		,	1
PORT OR PLACE	Cos	STATE STREET	B NEALE	PORT OR PLACE	CONSTANTS	SPYCS.	NEAP
		-	-			ft	ft.
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Aberdeen Aberdovey Aberystwyth Air Point Aideburgh Alderney Allos Amiwch Antwerp Appledore Prissig Lrbroath Lrdrishnug	Delta, 10			Cromarty Leth	9 20	131/2	11
homeowy	Lpt		2 10	Cromer Hull	10	14/4	
Liberystwyth	Lpt	3 49 ×4	101/4	Dartmouth Lon	4 32	14/4	113/2
Air Point	[44] 12	3 25	19.	Deni Lon	9 22	16	121/2
Lidenurgh	Lon 8	53 8	61/2	Deal Lon Devonport Dock . Lon Dieppe Lon	4 0	15%	12
liderney	Lon 4	55 20%	1534	Dieppe Lon	95	29½ 12½	23_
lios	Leith o	53 177	2 I IS	Dingle BayLpl Dingle BayLpl Donegal BaiLpl Douglas Lpl Dover Lon Dumbarton	5 28	12 1/2	9%
lmiwch	.Lpl 11	28 20	151/2	Donegal Bai Lpk	6 47	22%	81/2
intwerp .	Lon I	29 165	2 X4	Douglas Lpl	0 3	223/	18%
appledore .	Btol zz	20 231/	161/2	Dover Lon	9 21	181/2	4 // 9 // 4 // 13 //
risaig	Grnk 6	4 131	IO	Dumbarton . Grnk	0 20	223/	01/9
Irbroath	Leith zz	30 14	22	Dumfries Lpl Dunbar Leith	1 10	*6	*41/
rdrishnig	Gank 12	12 91	81/2	Dunbar . Leith	12 3	163/	12%
Ardrishnig Ardrossan . Arundel Ayr	Grnk 12	58 10	8	Dundalk (Pile light) Lpl	12 17	16	14%
rundel	Lon vo	54 10	7	Dundee . Leth	0 3	151/2	12%
vr	Genk	. 24	81/2	Dungeness Lon	0 3 9 16		18
vre Pt. II of Man	Lad	59 TO 20	16	Dunkerone	10 6	23 191/	16
lallycottin	Riol	7-1	10	Exmonth Lan	10 0		
lyre Pt. (I of Man) Sallycottin	Leith -	31 121/ 23 101/	8	Dunkerque . Lon Exmouth . Lon Eyemouth Leth	4 43 12 8	22	81/2
lanter Harbons	1201111 10	23 10	1 3/	Kalmonth feth	12 8	15	11
Santry Harbour .		21 12		Familian	3 19	17,	1314
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Meniouch .	Lipi 8	58 25	XX	FifenessLeth Filey BayLeth FishguardLpl WhyshingLpl	72 5	15	12
sarmatapie minge	Brot 11	49 *115	*512 aay4	riley Bay Leith	x 37	151/2	123/
arrow	Lpt 12	20 29	22	Fishguard Lpl	8 14	121/2	9
arry Island	.Btot: 12	3 36	271/4	1 2 (1101111) 2 . 13(7)	I XX AO	35	121/4
eachy Head	Lon, 9	20	.	Formby Point Lpl Fowey Lon	9 14	20	161/2
leaumaris	Lpl; 11	42 23%	1612	Formby Point Lul	11 43	27/4	211/4
leifant .	Dub 31	48 11	934	Fowey Lon	3 35	14/4	111/
erwick	Letth 12	11 15	111/2	Fraserourgh Leith	10 33	11	81/2
ideford	.Btol 11	20 161	: - '"	Galway Bay Lol	6 8	15%	113/4
lakeney .	Hull o	KI 81/	412	Fowey Lond Fraserourgh Leth Galway Bay Lol Glasgow Grak Glasson Dock Lol Grade	0 56	131/2	11
lyth	Leitle o	41 15	111	Glasson Dock Lad	12 23	301/2	
olt Hend	Lou A	2 15	111	Goole Hull	14 43	18	24
losesstle	Rtul To	30 83	17	Granton Pur Last	1 38	18	113/4
loulogue	Lau	30 281		Granville Leur	0 3		141/2
anat.	Lan	50 20 1	191/2	Cranyone . Lon	4 27	441/2	33¾
midewater Bu	Plul	6 24,1/2	1972	Craveseild Limi	11 27		
widition of an	DEON XZ	7 35	36 1/2	Greenwich . Lon	12 11	221/4	181/4
midnout .	IRUN Z	0 17	13/2	Grimsov . Hull	12 13	20	151/2
mapore	1,000	18 1214	8,1	intricpool Leith	0 53	16	151/2
rielle	Lon 1	5		Harwich Lon	9 56	12 1/2	103
righton	.Lon 9	18 193		Granton Pier Leth Granville Lon Gravesend Lon Greenwich Lon Grimsby Hull Hartlepool Leth Harwich Lon Hastings Lon	8 53	25	1814
eachy Hend leanmans loifiat. lotwick lideford lakeney lyth lot Hend loscastle loulogue rest ridgwate Ban ridingfon righton roughty Ferry lockle lockle	with 12	18 151	1212	Haverfordwest . Lul	7 58	*-1/	*21/2
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urn tisland	Leith o	7 18	1412	Hastings Lon Haverfordwest Lpl Havie Lon Hilbre Island Lpl Holyhead Lpl	77 94	16	181/2
urryport	Btol 11	25 26	19			261/	
tell	Lon 8	10 -		Hook of Holland Lon	0 50		SX
alais	Lon, 9	53 2232				61/2	5½ 6¾
		57 834	6	Hurst Camber. Lon	0 27 (V 10 38	01V7 /4	614
pe Cornwall Lizaro		59 17	1334	Hythe (Hants) Lon Hiracombe Btol Inversary Grnk Invergordon Leth Ipswich Lon Kunssbridge	9186110	×3%	93/4
ırdifi	Rtol	6 373		Interconne . Btol	xx 3	25%	1914
				inverseryGrnk	0 10	IO	
mangari marting Kar	Dial 8	16 12	9.,	invergordon Leith	9 41 1	131/2	101/
et ariest DITCH THAT	Blol 11	7 26	191/2	ipswichLon	10 57	131/2	
hatham /N Laste	· [/]/ to	43 1434	12			IC	
handan (N. LOCK)	Long II		15	Kinsale Harbour Lad	6 13	12%	93/4
nepstow	Btol o	2x 38	281/2	Kirkcudbright Lad	12 22	23	
neroourg	Low 6	4 203/	16	Airkwall Leith	7 50 1	81/2	17,
heater	Lpd 2	24 *10	*71/2	Lamlash Grnk	7 52		63/2
hesilton	Lon A	25 101/4	72	LancasterLpl.	11 59	10	7.
ardign) armarthen Bar armarthen Bar armartou batham (N. Lock) hepstow bestow hester hesilton hichester Harbour winteburch Harbour	Lon o	36 14	111	Langston HarbourLon	12 23	30%	23 %
hichester Harbour hristchurch Harbour		9 39 5		Lerwick HarbourLeth	9 40	13½ 5½ 18½	101/2
		- 22 1 23					
owes (West)	Lon -	43 1111/2	-1/	Lerwick HarbourLeth	8 31 7 48	5%	41/2

Add tide interval 53

Time of high water at Aberdeen, January 22th 15 45 Aft.

Sum ...27 12

Time of high water at Aberdeen, Jamary 11th 3 12 Morn.

54 Tables for Finding the Times of Sunrise and Sunset.

THIS double entry table provides the means for finding, with sufficient accuracy for practical purposes, the times of sunrise and sunset at any place situated between latitude 60° N. and 60° S.

To use the table: In the horizontal line with the Sun's declination in the first column, and under the required latitude in the heading, there will be found figures which added to sal, give the local apparent time of sunset. Subtracting these quantities from sal, will give the local apparent time of obtain from this the local mean time, the equation of time for the day in question which is given on the second page of each month, must be added to or subtracted from these apparent times of sunuse and sunset, as shown in the heading.

To find the corresponding Greenwich mean time, the difference of longitude of the place from Greenwich must be added if the place be West, subtracted if East The table is arranged for northern latitudes, but will serve equally well for places south of the Equator, if the declination North in the first column be considered South, and vice verse.

If the figures are required for a declination or latitude falling between two arguments of the table, they may be found by proportion. The effect of refraction is included.

THE TIME OF SUNSEI.

The times of sunsise and sunset given in this Almanack (and similarly of moorries and moonset) are the times when the centre of the Sun's disc is seen on the horizon from sea-level at Greenwich, computed on the assumption that the horizontal refraction is 24%. It is doubtful whether there is a precise legal definition of sunrise and sunset. The above has generally been adopted as a correct statement, though in some Tables the instant when the upper limb, or edge,

á É	:							L	TITU	DE.	-				-	
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3 I	6		6 24 6 23	6 46	75	7 =7	7 49	8 7	8 24 8 15	8 37	8 53 8 42	9 12 8 50	9 23	9 37	9 5x	IC IC
19	6		5 az	6 41	6 59	7 18	7 37	7 53	8 7	8 1Q	8 32	8 59 8 48	9 10 8 57	9 21	9 34	9 49
88	6	• •	5 21	6 39	6 55	7 14	7 3I	7 46	8 0	8 10	8 22	8 37	8 45	8 54	9 4	9 10
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of the Sun is on the visible horizon is given as the time when the San rises and sets. The legal question has been more concerned with laws and regulations must be taken to mean the distinction between local sunset and Greenwich sunset, rather than with a precise whether it be stated in local or Greenwich ti

TO FIND THE GREENWICH TIME OF SUNRISE AT CERTAIN PLACES IN THE BRITISH ISLES IN EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR.

The Table gives the number of minutes to be added to or subtracted from the time of sunises at Greenwich, to find the Greenwich time of sunrise at the place named in the first column, on the first day of each month. The corrections to be applied on other dates and for other places in the neighbourhood of these may be inferred approximately by interpolation.

The aign + means that the time required is later than that at Greenwich. The sign -, has it to earlier.

it is earlier.

Jan, 1.	Feb.	Mar.	April z.	May L	June z.	July z.	Aug	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	and The
m.	m.	m	m.	m.	m.	m.	m	m.	m.	nı	m.	em.
						-30						
												\$27
												+43
					_							+43
												+26
												+42
			+10									+23
+35	+35	+28	+23		+15	+14		+ 22			+34	+35
+14	+10	+ 5	- 1	- 6	-11	-12		- 3	+ 3	+ 8	+13	+14
+ 28	+25	+21	+17	+13	+ 9	+ 8	+ = =	+16	+20	+24	+27	+=8
+13	+==	+ 9	+ 7	+ 5	+ 2	+ 2	+ 4	+ 6	+ 8	+10	+12	+13
+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10	+10
+ 3	0	- 3	- 7	-10	-13	- 14	-11	- 8	- 4	- x	+ 2	+ 3
- 3	- 2		- 4	- 5	- 6	- 6	- 5	- 4	- 3	- 3	- 2	- 2
- 7	- 6	- 6	- 5	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 5	- 6	- 6	- 7	- 7
+ 3	+ 4	+ 5	+ 6	+ 7	+ 8	+ 0	+ 8	+ 5	+ 5	+ 4		+ 3
	+12		+18	+20	+22	+22	+21	+18	+16	+14	+12	+111
					+20		+ 27	+24	+22			+16
±4x	+40	+39	+37	+36	+35	+35	+36	+37	+38	+40	+41	+41
	m. +66 +57 +54 +43 +43 +44 +35 +13 +13 +13 +13 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14	n. m. m. +65 +59 +41 +43 +34 +44 +43 +34 +44 +16 +18 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m	m. m. m. m. m. m. +57 +41 +23 +5 +54 +41 +26 +11 +23 +5 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12	m. m m m m. m m. m. m. +66 +50 +32 +13 -7 +41 +23 +13 +2 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13 +13	I	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. +66 +50 +32 +33 +5 -14 -32 -36 +43 +31 +17 +2 -86 +41 +36 +11 +56 +44 +33 +13 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. +65 +50 +32 +33 +5 -14 -32 -36 -21 +43 +31 +15 +16 +36 +31 +17 +17 +16 +17 +16 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. 4+66 +50 +32 +33 +3 -7 -36 -30 -14 +66 +57 +41 +23 +5 -14 -32 -36 -21 -1 +66 +43 +31 +17 +26 +11 +36 +11 +16 +17 +26 +17 +26 +17 +26 +17 +17 +26 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17 +17	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. to to to to to to to to to to to to to	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m	m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m. m

TO FIND THE GREENWICH TIME OF SUNSET AT CERTAIN PLACES IN THE BRITISH ISLES IN EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR.

This Table, similar to the preceding, can be used in the same way to find the approximate time of sunset at places other than Greenwich.

1													
: ;	Jan.	Feb.	Már.	April	May z,	June I.	July z.	Ang.	Sept.	Oct,	Nov.	Dec	Jan.
Cape Wrath	m. — 26	m,	m, + 8	m. +=7	m. +46	m. +65	m. +70	m. +54	m +34	m +16	m. - 3	m - 22	m 26
Wick Inverness Aberdeen	-38	- 16 - 7	+ 3	+23	+39	+57	+6x +57.	+45	+=6	+ 8 + 14 + 5	-10 - 2	-28 -17	-32 -30
Glasgow	- 26 - 8 - 13	-14 0 - 7	+11	+14 +22 +10	+29 +38 +18	+43 +43 +a6	+46 +44 +28	+34 +36 +31	+19 +25 +13	+ 5 + 45 + 5	- 9 + 4 - 4	-23 - 6 -11	- a6 - 8 - 13
Belfast Liverpool	+ 6	+ 12	+19	+27 +14	+34 +19	+41 +23	+43 +24	+37 +20	+29	+22	+ 14	+ 8 + 3	+6!
Dublin Hull Holyhead	+15 -11 + 0	+18	+23	+ 4 + 20	+31 + 9 +24	+35 +14 +28	+36 +15 +sq	+33 +11 +26	+28 + 5 +28	+24 0 +18	+20 - 5 +14	+15 -10 +10	+15
Birmingham Bristol	+ 9 + 2 + 10	+ 4	+ 6	+ 9	+11	+13	+13	+11	+ 9	+ 7 +10	+ 5 + 10	+ 3	+ 9
Norwich Colohester Dover	- 6 - 13	- 5	- 7 - 4	- 4	- 3 - 6	+ 3	+ 3	+ 1 - 2	- 3 - 3	- 6 - 4	-10 - 5	-12 - 5	- x3
Southampton Plymouth	- 4 + 8 + 23	+ 7 + 20	- 5 + 6 + 18	- 6 + 5 + 16	- 0 + 4 +13	- 7 + 3 + 11	- 7 + 2 +II	- 7 + 3 + 13	- 6 + 5 + 15	- 5 + 6 + 17	- 4 + 7 + 20	- 4 + 8 + 22	- 4 + 8 + 28
Penzance Killarney	-1-20	+27	+24 +37	+21 +39	+ 18 +40	+16 +41	+15 +41	+17	+30	+23 +38	+26 +36	+35	+29

If these Tables be considered in conjunction with a map it will be seen that the places at which the Sun rises at the same moment lie in a slightly curved line across the map, the lines for different moments being approximately perallel. The lines change their inclination to the meridian throughout the year. Similarly for the setting.

Cables for Betermining the Latitude

FROM THE OBSERVED ALTITUDE OF POLARIS OUT OF THE MERIDIAN.

TABLE I. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time of Observation.

Local Sidercal Time	Correction	Local Sidercal Time	Correc tion	Local Sidercal Time	Correc- tion	Local Sidereal Time,	Correc- tion	Local Sidereal Time	Correc-
H.M. H. M. 0 '0 IR 0 0 10 IR 10 0 80 IR 80 0 30 IR 30 0 40 IR 40 I 10 IR 30 I 10 IR 30 I 10 IR 30 I 40 IR 40 I 50 IR 50 I 0 IR 50 I 1 4 IR 50 I 1 IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I IR 50 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	0 58 a 0 59 3 x 0 3 x x a 6 x 3 x 3 3 5 x 3 3 8 x 4 0 0 x 3 7 3 3 4 7 0 x 3 7 3 3 4	H M H M H M A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	2 4 4 9 0 44 9 0 44 9	H. M. H. M. S. O. 17 00 5 10 17 10 5 20 17 30 5 50 17 30 5 50 17 50 6 0 18 0 6 30 18 30 6 30 18 30 6 30 18 30 6 30 18 30 7 0 19 0 19 10 19 10	40.7 38.5 36.2 33.9 31.5 24.0 24.0 21.4 18.7 16.5 24.0 21.3 31.0 6 7.8	H. M. H. M. 7 40 19 40 7 50 19 50 8 0 80 0 80 8 8 30 30 30 8 8 50 80 50 50 50 9 10 21 0 9 20 21 0 9 30 21 30 9 40 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 9 50 21 50 8 50 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	0'6 3'3 6'1 8'9 11'4 17'1 19'8 22'4 25'6 30'0 37'5 34'9	Time + H. M. H. M. 10 0 22 0 10 10 22 10 10 20 22 20 10 30 22 30 10 40 22 40 11 0 23 10 11 20 23 20 11 30 23 30 11 30 23 30 11 30 23 30 11 40 23 50 12 0 24 0	37'2 39'4 41'6 43'6 45'7 47'6 49'4 51'1 52'7 54'3 55'7 56'2
2 30 14 30 2 30 14 30	1 29	7 3- 1 3-	0 42 8		2,0	10 0 22 0	37'=		1

The corrections in this Table are to be applied to the reduced altitude with the sign found at the head of the column which contains the argument.

TABLE II. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time and Altitude.

Local	Thme		0 1	n	۰.	° 25		ALTI		,	 <u>.</u>	 ss	م ا	65	0 70	Local idereal	Ex —On April 25, at 22h. 36 5m. G.M.T. in long 3h. 6m.
н.	_	-		,	,		,		, –	,			,	05	70	H. M	of Polaris, corrected
1	0	0,0	0.0	o · o ′	0,0	00	0,0	0.1	0.0	0,0 0,1	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13 0	for dip, refraction
3	0	0,0	0,0	n o	00		00	0,I	0,1	0.0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,3			error, is found to be 46° 17'2'. The corresponding local
5	0	0,0		OI OI	OI	0 Z	0,8 0,1		0.3	0'4	04	0 5	0.6	08	I,D	17 0	'aviamol time to
Ž	0	0.0	0,1	0.3	0,3	0.3	03	0.4	0.2	0.6	07		1.0	1.3	1.6	70 0	Therefore Obsd Alt =46 17:2
9	0	0,0	OI	O I	0,5	0.3	0.3	0'4	0'4	0.2	0.6	0.2	0,0	XX	1'4	8T 0	From 1+0 38'3
II	0	0,0		O I	0.0 0.1	OI	0 I 0,1	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	04	0.2	07	23 O	Tables III. + 0.4 III. + 0.1 Latitude 45 56.0

The corrections in this Table are always additive to the reduced altitude.

TABLE III. Arguments-Local Sidereal Time and Date.

Local Sidercal Time	Jan 1	Feb 1	Mar	Aprıl	May	June	July	Aug	Sept z,	Oct z	Nov	Dec z.	Dec.
н.	,		,	١ ,	,		,	,				-	
0	+0.6	+0.0	+05	+03	+02	+01	+0,1	+0.3	40'4	+0.6	R	+10	4
2	+0.2	+07	+0.2	+0.6	+0.4				+0.4			+0.0	
4	+0.6	+0.2			+05			+02	+0.8			+0.6	
6	+0.3	+05	+06		+05	+04	+02	+0,1				+0.1	+0.3
8	0,0	+0.z	+0.3	+04	+0'4	+0.3	+01	-0 I	-0.8	-03		-04	-0.1
10	-0.4	-0,5	-0,I		+0.1			-0.5	-04	-06		-0.8	-0'2
12	-0.6	-0.6	-05	-03	-02		~0,I	-0.3	-0.4	-0.6	-q.8		-17
14 16	-0.7	-0.2	-0.2		-0.4		~0.3	-03	-0'4	-05	-07	-0.0	- x 'c
10	-06	-0.2	- /	-0.2	-0.2	-0'4		-0.3	-0.3	-03	-0.4	-0.6	
18	-0.3	-0.2		-0.6		-0.4	-0.8	-o.r	0.0			-0.1	-0'
20	0.0		-0.3	-0.4	-0.4				+02		+0'4	+0'4	+0.
22	+04		+0.1						+04	+0.6		+08	+0.3
24	+0.6	+0.0	_+0.2	+0.3	+0,3	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.4	+0.6	+0.8	+10	

The corrections in this Table are to be applied with the signs given. The final result is *not* to be dimmished by \mathbf{r}' as directed in previous tables of this kind.

Sun's Altitude and Azimuth-Time Conversion. 57 TABLE SHOWING THE VARIATION OF THE HEIGHT AND DIRECTION OF THE SUN IN THE SEVERAL HOURS OF THE DAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IN LATITUDE 53° N. ħ. Azimuth Noon. II OF I3 10 OF 14 Apparent Time. 9 Or 15 8 or 16 7 or 17 6 or x8 West. Rising or Date. Alt. Az. Alt. Alt. Alt Setting. 131 Nov. 15.8 186 Jan. sz 125 Feb. 20 Oct. 24.4 35.8 46.8 55.7 58.3 ISI! Mar. az 102 158 42'1 139 35 B 133 95 80 9.z **8**3 July 155 50'I June ar 87 18 5 153 52'7 131 45'1 113 36'4 99 27 4

The times in the headline and penultimate column are Apparent. By applying the Equation

of Time, the Mean Time is found to which the figures are appropriate.

Alt.—This is given to tenths of a degree, but there may be small differences between the A...—Into a given to tentus of a degree, but there may be small difference between the morning and afternoon hours, and between the like days of the year. The effect of Refraction is not applied. Azimuth (Az.) is measured either eastward or westward from the N. Az. 45° is equivalent to N.E. or N.W. Az. 135° to S.E. or S.W. E.S.E. or W.S.W. is 125½°.

The year is divided into periods of thirty days (with exceptions). The figures for days other than those given can be found by interpolation with approximate accuracy.

Latitude 33° is chosen as an average for England. North or south of this the moon altitude is respectively less or greater by the difference of latitude, and for other times pro rata.

Solar and Sidereal Time.

TO FORM EQUIVALENT INTERVALS OF SOLAR AND SIDEREAL TIME.

The length of a Sidereal day is 23t. 56m. 4 29s. of Mean Time One hour of Sidereal Time is, therefore, equivalent to 59m. 50 17s. of Mean Time, and one hour of mean solar time is equivalent to 15 cm. 50 18s. of Sidereal Time. The multiples and submultiples of the differences from one hour are tabulated below under headings "acceleration" and "retardation"—for the argument (common to both) in the middle columns. If the argument be considered as Mean Time, its equivalent in Sidereal Time is obtained by adding the acceleration. If it is Sidereal Time, its equivalent in Mean Time is found by subtracting the retardation

												-,,
Accele ration.	Argu- ment	Retar- dation.	Accele- ration.		Retar- dation.	Accele- ration.	Argu ment.	Retar- dation.	Argu- ment	Accelera- tion or Retar- dation	Argu- ment.	Accelera- tion or Retar- dation.
20. R.	hours	m s	8	mins	5	8.	ming	5	secs	8.	Becs	8.
o 9'86	1 1	0 9.83	0.10	1	0 16	5'09	31	5 08	1	0,00	31	0.08
0 19'71	2	o 19.66	o'33	2	0,33	5'26	32	5'24	2	0,01	32	0.00
0 29'57	3	0 29'49	0.49	8	0'49	5'42	33	5'4z	3	o.ox	33	0.00
0 39'43	4	o 38.3z	0.66	4	0.66	5'59	34	5 57	4	0,01	34	0,00
0 49 28	5	0 49'15	0.88	5	0.88	5'75	35	5'73	5	0,0x	35	0,10
0 59'14	6	0 58.98	0,39	6	0,08	2.9z	36	5 90	6	0.02	36	0,10
z 9°00	7	z 8.8z	z'25	7	1'15	6.08	37	6.00	7	0.03	37	0,10
2 18 65	8	z z8'64	1.31	8	1.31	6'24	38	6.83	8	0 02	38	0.10
1 28.71	.9	z 28'47	I 48	. 9	1'47	6.41	39	6.39	9	0.08	39	0,11
z 38.26	10	z 38.30	z 64	10	1.64	6.22	40	6.22	10	0 03	40	O.II
1 48.42	11	1 48.13	1.81	11	z.80	6.74	41	6.73	11	0 03	41	O,II
z 28.28	12	z 57 95	1 97	12	z 97	6.90	42	6.88	12	0.03	42	0,11
8'13	13	= 7.78	8'14	13	a.13	7'06	43	7'04	13	0.04	43	0,18
2 I7'99	14	2 17.61	8,30	14	8'29	7.83	44	7.8I	14	0.04	44	O'IS
2 27 85	15	a 27'44	2 46	15	8'46	7'39	45	7'37	15	0 04	45	0,13
2 37.70	16	a 37°a7	z 63	16	8.63	7.56	46	7 54	16	0.04	46	0,13
47'56	17	2 47'10	2 79	17	2.48	7.72	47	7.70	17	0 05	47	0 13
3 57'42	18	a 56.93	2 96	18	a'95	7.89	48	7.86	18	0 05	48	0,13
3 7'27	19	3 676	3.18	19	3.11	8.02	49	8.03	19	0'05	49	0,13
3 17.13	20	3 16.20	3,20	20	3.88	8.sz	50	8.10	20	0.02	50	0'14
3 26 99	21	3 26.42	3'45	21	3'44	8.38	51	8.36	21	0.00	51	0'14
3 36 84	22	3 36.52	3.Qx	22	3.60	8.24	52	8.23	22	0 06	52	0'14
3 46 70 3 56 56	23	3 46 08	3.78	23	3'77	8.41	53	8.68	23	0.00	53	0.12
3 50 50	24	3 22.8z	3'94	24	3.83	8.87	54	8.85	24	0.02	54	0,12
	·	(4'11	25	4'10	9'04	55	9.0z	25	0.02	55	0'15
			4'27	26	4'26	9.20	56	9.17	26	0 07	56	0.12
	O		4'44	27	4'48	9.36	57	9'34	27	0.02	57	0.10
	See p.	77•	4.60	28	4 59	9'53	58	9.20	28	0.08	58	0.16
			4.76	29	4.75	9.69	59	9.67	29	0 08	59	0,16
			4'03	30	4.OI	0'86	60	0.83	30	0.08	60	0.16

Celestial Phenomena for Obserbation in 1932.

ECLIPSES OF THE SUN AND MOON.

In the year 1932 there will be two Eclipses of the Sun and two of the Moon. One of the Solar eclipses is Annular, and visible only from a region near the South Pole. Both the Lunar

eclipses are partial but very nearly total.

I. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun on March 7, invisible at Greenwich The path from which annularity may be seen as allort, wide are in the Southern Ocean, south-west of New Zealand, its middle point being about Lat. 62° g'. Long. 235° E. where the phase will last for 5 minutes 19 seconds. A partial eclipse will be seen about

sunset in Australia.

II. A Partial Ectipse of the Moon on March 22, invisible at Greenwich. The beginning will be visible generally from Eastern Asia, Australia, the Pacific Ocean, North America, except the north-eastern part, and from the extreme western part of South America; the ending will be visible from Asia, except the south-western part, the Pacific Ocean, and from the extreme north-western part of North America.

Moon enters umbra ... Mar azd, roh. 59m. G M.T.

Magnitude of eclipse o 973 (Moon's diam. = 1) III. A Total Eclipse of the Sun about 7 o'clock In the evening of August 21 by Greenwich time. Invisible at Greenwich. The eclipse begins north of Siberns. The track of totality, after passing near the North Pole, crosses Hudson say, Quebec Province, Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine, and ends in the Atlantic Ocean. It leaves the coast-line a little north-east of Boston. Maine, inland, near its boundary with New Hampshire, where the duration of totality the point where it leav on the central line will be about 200 seconds, lowest point to the right.

a few seconds short of the maximum, appears to be a favourable spot, both as regards position and weather prospects. From Montreal, which is just on the southern limit of the path of totality, a total eclipse will be seen lasting a fraction of a total eclipse will be G.M.T. a minute at soh. 24m. G.M.T. Long.

Central Eclipse be-D. H. M 31 19 4 in 109 16E. 79 36N. gins

Central Eclipse at local apparent

,, 19 17 ,, 109 10W. 78 36N.

At Montreal the eclipse begins at 19h. 14m. and ends at azk. 30m. G.M.T.

IV. A Partial Eclipse of the Moon in the evening of September 14. Visible at Greenwich. The beginning is visible generally from Europe, Africa, the eastern part of the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, Asia and Australia; the ending is visible from the same regions excepting Australia and Eastern Asia, and adding the north-eastern part of North America

Moon enters penumbra Sept. 14d 18h. umbra. 20/1. 18m. ,, Middle of eclipse azh. om. ,, Moon leaves umbra 22h. 43m. •• penumbra 23h. 56m. ,, ,, penumbra... , ,, s3h. 56m. Magnitude of greatest eclipse, o'o8z (Moon's

diam.=x).

The centre of the moon will rise at Greenwich at 18h. 10m. The point of the disc that first cuters the umbra will be about 50° from its lowest point measured along its edge to the left; the point where it leaves about 50° from its

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES.

	m T	Sateinte and Plage	THICK M.	and Phase.	GMT	Satellite and Phase	GMT	Satellite and Phase	Date G M.T	Satellite and Phase
3	H. M. 3 5 6 13	I D. Oc R. I. D.	Feb 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I. D Oc. R.	Mar II x 4 x 8 4 4 3	Oc D. 1 R. H. R.	1 pril 11. M. 12 2 36 12 22 24	IR. II R. I R.	0ct 11 M 23 6 27 27 5 46	III. R. L. D.
7 1	9 35 9 35	Oc. It IV. D	1 17 4 1 20 5 2 23 3	0c. R.	4 20 13 5 19 34 5 22 31 7 23 6	Oc D. I R. III. R	13 21 5 19 19 25 19 23 3 10 19 40	III. D. III. R. Oc. D	Nor 5 2 7 5 5 24	I. D. Oc. R. I. D.
8 8	10 42 1 1 0 27 4 58	Oc R IV R. I D		I. D Oc. R.	11 18 25 11 22 48 12 21 21	Oc. D.	20 0 58 20 19 26 20 23 0	Or D I. R	19 3 46 19 5 53 21 2 12	II. D. I D. IV. D.
9 10 =	7 58 3 27 2 24	Oc R I. D Oc R	8 23 1 10 1 2 10 3 5	Oc. D I. R.	13 0 26 14 19 41 15 0 35	IV. D. IV. R.	26 23 25 27 21 20 28 0 56	Oct. D.	21 6 26 26 6 22 28 2 12	IV. R. II. D. III. R.
25	3 17 3 18 1 21 4 9	Oc. R I. D Oc. R	11 19 5 11 23 1 15 23 2	I. R. Oc. D	14 20 7 15 3 5 18 20 45 19 1 22	Oc. D. III. R. Oc. D. II. R.	6 21 20 13 23 15 14 22 0	I. R. I. R. II. R.	28 2 14 28 5 41 Dec.	I. D. Oc. R.
19 1	9 49 8 35 1 58	ID Oc R IID.	17 3 1 17 5 4 18 21 3	Oc. D. I. R. Oc. D.	19 a3 8 20 a 22 a1 a0 50	Oc. D. I. R. I. R.	20 19 55 81 0 46 29 21 35	IV. D IV. R. I. R.	5 4 7 5 6 8 13 6 0	III. D. I. D. III. R. I. D.
25	5 33 ' 9 33 ' • 33 '	Oc. R. III. D. Oc. R. I. D.	23 0 4 23 4 2 24 22 22	Oc. D. IL. R.	22 3 25 25 23 7 26 3 57 28 10 24	III D. Oc D. II. R. Oc. D.	1 23 0 5 23 30 8 23 24	IXI. R. I. R. III. D.	13 6 44 14 0 28 14 3 57	III. D. I. D. Oc. R.
25 s	3 15 5 53 1 43 0 19	Oc. R. I. D. Oc. R.	25 23 21 26 2 8 26 2 9 27 6 33	I. R. Oc. D	28 19 24 28 22 46 April 4 21 14	Oc. D. I. R. Oc. D.	15 21 36 21 21 49 Oct.	II. R. I. R. I. D	14 0 51 14 6 7 21 2 21	II. D. Oc. R. L. D.
31 2	27	II. D. III. D. Oc. R.	27 17 45 27 20 37 29 19 7	Oc. D I. R. III. B.	5 0 41 5 19 49 11 #3 6	I. R. II. R. Oc. D.	4 5 38 18 4 4 20 3 53 23 3 1	II. D. L D. III. D.	21 5 50 21 3 27 26 4 13 26 6 3	Oc. R. 11. D. 1. D. II. D.

OCCULTATIONS OF STARS BY THE MOON.

Day	Star	Mug	Pha G	se and .M.T.	Angle from N Point.	Day	Star.	Mag	Ph.	ase and	Angle from N. Point
Jan.		_	_	H M.	0	Aug.	1		_	н. м	. 0
	B D 6° 6191	6.3	D.	19 28.2	99	24	17 Tauri	3.8	D.	1 20	114
18	7 Tauri	3.0	D.	17 4	29		q Tauri	4'3	Ð.	1 41'5	39
18	27 Tauri	3.7	D.	17 45	79	34	so Tauri	4'x	D.	1 50	75
18	28 Tanri	5.3	Ď.	17 50	62	24	17 Tauri	3.8	R.	3 6.2	198
18	η Tauri	3.0	R.	18 3.2	281	24	zó Tanrı	5'4	R.	2 25.5	242
20	B.D. + 27° 888	5.6	D.	28 55'5	127	24	q Tauri	4'3	R.	* 44 '5	272
	89 Leonia	5'7	R	o 37.5	14	24	20 Tauri	4'X	R.	3 I	227
28	B.D3° 3298	6.3	R.	a 58'5	318	34	zı Tanrı	58	R.	3 10	275
	B.D4° 3296	6.3	R	4 48	14	34	as Tauri	65	R	3 ×5°5	266
Feb.					1		B.D. + 26° 731	6.2	R.	3 10.2	274
16	B.D. + 27 758	6.4	D.	zg 38.2	91	Sept.					
17	B.D. + 27° 806	6.2	D.	3 4	135	XX	27 Capricorni .	6.z	D	18 44	87
18	134 B Geminor	6.2	D.	18 21 5	128	19	μ Arietis	57	R.	5 0'5	254
28	4 Scorpii	5.7	R.	4 45	264	Oct.					1
Har.						11	of Aquarii	5.7	D.	18 58'5	40
14	28 B. Aurigae	6.2	D.	2I 55	66		B.D. + 27 888 .	56	R.	a 36.2	230
27	7 Scorpii	a.8	Ŕ	3 41	262	21	B D. + 27° 1236	6.6	R.	4 #3 5	a38
				3 4-	1	Nov.				4 -3 3	-3-
Apr.	40 Aurigae	5'x	D.	19 0		8	B.D 0° 4585	6.0	D		١
12		5.	ъ.	19 0	73		17 Tauri		Ď.	ax 30 5	43
Hay.			••		١.	13		38	D.	22 53	117
16	B.D. + o° 2843	6 2	Ð	1 7	167	13		4.3	Ď.		41
17	ı Virginis	5 7	Ð.	20 5'5	148	13		4'X	Ř.	23, 45 23,22	76
24	ω Sagittarıı	4.8	R.	x 39	224	13	7 Tauri	38	R.	0 6	197
24	A. Sagittarii	4'9	R.	3 75	198	13-14		43	R.	0 26	274
June			_			13-14		4'X	R.		241
II	83 Leonis		D.	20 35'5	77	II	Daniel Land	6.4	D.	23 58.5	204
11	7 Leonis	5 2	D.	21 22	62	21		3'4	R.	7 51	155
13	49 Virginis		D.	20 47	×37	21	Regulus	z'4	n.	8 51	274
23	39 Aquarii	6.8	R.	0 44	215	Dec		1	۱ _		
30 July	66 Arietis	6.x	R.	2 19'5	269	3	L Aquain	4'4	D.	18 27 5	86
July	٠	1				9	μ Arietis	57	D.	23 8'5	60
10	ψ Virginis		D.	21 27'5	x68	16	5 B. Caneri	64	R.	0 20'5	248
14	Cord. 22634		D.	20 46	125	19	ρ Leonis	3.8	D.	0 24	102
30	B.D. + 27° 888	56	R.	1 47 5	318	19	ρ Leonis	38	R.	1 29	316
30	136 Tauri	4.6	R.	a 39	210	10	40 Leonis	57	R.	3 11.2	255

The above is a list of stars, chosen within certain limits as to magnitude and phase of the Moon, The above is a list of stars, chosen within certain limits as to magnitude and phase of the Moon, that will be occulted during the year, with the time of the phase of the occultation mentioned as seen from Greenwich. In general the phase is that which takes place at the dark limb, but the disappearance of Regulus on Nov. 2x and of ρ Leonis on Dec. 19 are both at the bright limb. The Moon is among the Pleiades on the night of January 18, in the early morning of Aug. 24 and on the night of Nov. 12. On the last occasion both phases of the occultations take place at a sensibly bright edge since the Moon is Full in the morning A the day mentioned. The "angle from N. point" shows the place of disappearance or reappearance on the Moon's edge, and is measured from the point nearest the Pole of the heavens (not the highest point) towards the east

JUPITER'S SATELLITE PHENOMENA.—The Table on p. 58 gives the Times of Disappearance (D.) and of Reappearance (R.) of the Satellites of Jupiter at Eclipse that will happen when Jupiter is above the horizon at Greenwich and the Sun below. These phenomena are seen simultaneously from above the horizon at Greenwich and the Sun below. These phenomena are seen simultaneously from all places where the planet is above the horizon at the time. From opposition to conjunction, i.e. from Feb. 7 to Aug. 26, the eclipses take place on the eastern side of the planet; from conjunction to opposition on the western. In the latter periods, i.e. from Jan. 2 to Feb. 7 and from August to December, satellites I and II disappears by eclipse and reappear from occultation at the eastern edge. The times of such reappearances (Oc. R.) are given, the satellite and the time of its disappearance being in the preceding line. From Feb. 7 to Aug. the converse happens, and the times of disappearance by occultation (Oc. D.), and of reappearance after eclipse are given, the satellite being named in the second line. Near the time of opposition this pertains to satellites III and IV as well as to I and II as will be seen by examples on Jan. 32 and Feb. 26. The eclipse of a satellite is always accompanied by its occultation which precedes the eclipse from opposition to conjunction of Jupiter, but follows it from conjunction to opposition. In the morning of Jan. 28 satellite IV will disappear by occultation at 2h. 24m. and on the night of March 21, III will be occulted at 23t. 25m., reappearing at 3t. 25m. On the evening of April 29 when II and III are simultaneously eclipsed, I will be in transit across the dir2 from 2sh. 15m. to 2h. 33m., so that for a period Jupiter will be seen with only one exterior satellite, whilst a the morning of Nov. 21 there will be none from 2.25 (see p. 21)

!

Fired Stars.

MEAN RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF BRIGHT STARS, VISIBLE AT GREENWICH, FOR JANUARY 2, 1932, with spectral type, P.M. and Parallax.

NAME OF STAR	Mag.	Rig	ght Boon.	Ann tron.	De	lina on.		Ann	Spec- trum	Aunua	Proper hon	Paral la v	tance Par-	a. W
,	_!			-						RA.	Dec	-	BCCB	lo
		им	8	! +	1			+		۱.		١.		ti
a Andromedica	35			3 10	+ 28	40	54	10.0	Aon	+ .000	-0" 16	.".]	tı
y Pegasi 2	87			3 09						001	00			li
	24	0 40	10.6	3 01	-18	21	34	19·8	Ko	+ .016	+0 94		23 8	OI
y Cassiopeia 2		0 52	35 *	3 61	+60	30	56	29 5	Bop	+ .003			27.8	s]
Polaris z	72			3 21	+88			18 6		+ '275			111	8.3
	72		59 4	3.31							-0 10		143	a
a Arietis 2		2 3	30 I	3 38	+83	8	30	17 I	Ka	+ '011	-0 x4			re
o Ceti	ar	2 15	54'5	3 03	- 3	17	8	16.4	Md	- '001	,-o az	.062	16.1	ei
γ* Ceti 3	69	* 39	46 5	3 ==	+ =	57	1	15 3	Ao	010	0. 14	045	33.3	P
a Ceti		0		1 .	<u> </u>		_		Ма		1			ti
a Ceti 2	92	2 70	43 3	3°13	T 3	49	77	14 0	Fs		'-0 07 ,-0 08			n
8 Persei 3	.10	3 38	4 4	4 27	+47	34	18	11.0	Bs		-0.03			to
	96	3 43	26 2	3 56	+23	53	47	31,3	13p		-0.04			A
Aldeharan z		4 38	• 9	3 44	+ 16	22	27	7.3	K.5	+ '004	-0.10	*057	27.2	cl
	.00			3.00	+33	3	37	5.8			+0.01			8.1
	34	5 11						4.3		001			167	a:
	.21			4 43	+ 45			3.8		+ .000	-0.42	075	13 3	n
	.78			3 79			6	3.1			-0.17			o
	1	3	39 4	+		33	٦	+		1	1/		7- /	81
8 Orionis	.48	5 =8	31 8	3 06	- 0	80	53	2 7	Bo	001	+0.01	.000	222	tl
	.69			's 65	-17	58	11	3.6		001	+0 01			ft
e Orionis x	75	5 3*	45 7	3 04	- E	14	38	2 4		-,003			200	t1
	05			3.03				3.0			+0.01			a
Betelgeuse	ar i	5 5×	29 3	3, 25	+ 7	=3	45	0.8	Ma	+.003	+0.01	017	28.8	11
" Geminorum 3		6 -8	E0 7	2 62		•-	1	1 8	Ma	1.000	-0.11		c	ä
				3 47				3 0			-0.04		33.3 03.2	kı
y Geminorum z Sirius/	.55	6 42	0 2	a 64	-36	37	18				-1 21		3.40	31
52 H Cephei . 5 8 Gemmorum 3	. 36	7 9	18 9	28 7	+87	9	29	6 0			-0 04	٠.	'	D.
& Gemmorum 3	52	7 16	3 7	3 58	+22	6	33	6.2	Fo	003	-0 DI	.000	16°7	CC
Chatan				+						1	_			a. T
Castor z Procyon o	50	7 30	15 7	3 83	+ 3=		*0	7.8	Ao	- 014	-0.10	. 677	13.0	CE
Pollux	. 37	7 35	77 3	3 14	T 5			8 6	Ko	- 049	-0 05	322	3.51	M
	53		10 6	3 18	+ 6	40	34	13 I		- 014	-0 05	.016		O
	13			4 11							-0.84		14'3	w
a Hydra z	16	9 24	14 7	a 95	- 8	21	47	15 6	K.	-,003	+0.03	.000	167	uq
# Urs. Maj '3	. 10	9 28	19 2	4 08	+51	59	18	16 4	F8p	- 104	-0 54	056	17.0	cl
• Leonis 3	13	9 41	59.7	3 41	+24	5	18	16 5	(iop	- 004	-0 01	000	•••	k a i
Regulus 'z'	34	10 4 10 16	45 1	3 20	+ 22	18	_	77 0		oze	+0.01	058	17.3	T
A. 11004119 a	٠.	10 10	-3 4	3,30	7=0	**	10	-	VO	+ 023	-0.12	. 004	350	10
B Ura Maj 2	.44	10 57	45 0	3 63	+56	44	52	10 2	Ao	+ .000	+0.04	-04~	21.5	8
a lies Mai . I	DE	10 50	38.2	3.44	+6=	~		TD. 4	Cir	- 018	-0 07	074	135	m
8 Looms . z	58	11 10	a g 6	3 19	+20	53	48	19 7	A3	+ .010	-0.13	.078	12.8	E
D TOGRES	~3 1	11 45	35 5	3 00	+ 14	57	-	30 I	A.S	032	-0.18	.zoz	9 90	W
γ Urs. Maj 2 δ Urs. Maj 3	54	EE 50	15 7	3 16	+54	4	23	20 0	Ao	+ .010	+0.01			BC
	44	14 12 14 12	4 1	3 10	+57	4	37	90 0	As	+ .OEZ			88.8	at
y Virginia .	OI	12 2K	12 7	3 204		4	3	0 0	No.	- 'ess		.010		pi
Ura Majx	-68	12 51	2 6	3 04 8 64	+56	10	1	10 5	Aor	+ .013	+0.08	.042	13 7	di
жа Сан. Veu . в	90	12 52	50 9	a 81	+ 38	41	,	19 5	Aop		+0.02	914	66 7	18
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ST.	ARS	VISI	BLE :	FROM	THE	801	UTI	ERN	UR	I ISPITE	RR.			111
					-						-			120

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i	H. M S.	* i o /	" "	8 4	
β Hydni	2 90 0 22 12 5	3.18,-77 38	14 30 3 Go	+ .604 +0.3	141 7'00 1
, асмегииг с	000 135111	2 24 57 24	24 12 3 PE	+ 'orai - o'o'	2 040 20 4 11
y Hydri 3	3° 17 3 48 15 2 °	- '95 -74 a6	SELL'O Ma	4 .011 +0.1	11
j !	1 3	+ '	-	1	1 16
Canopus -	- 85 5 23 26 5	I 33 -52 30 .	B ro Fo	+ .cox +0.03	1 005 200
Argus	25 9 15 16°a	1.61 - 58 40 :	22 IS T Fo	003 + 0.01	16
η Argus	rar 10 42 25 0	2'32 -50 10	26'x8 o Pec ∣	000 00	d
el Crncis'x	1 58 12 22 48 I	3 33 -62 43	81 80 0 Bz	004 -0.01	.030 33.3
					3.33.34

its Right Ascension and Declination, nates analogous to ongitude and latitude on the terrestrial sphere. The ines of reference on the celestial sphere depend on the position of the axis of the Earth bus since, for easons known generally by the word Precession, this position has a coninual small movement with respect to the stars, Right Ascension change clination change by an Ascension and Deamount that can be computed by formula. Observation of the stars shows that they do not con-form precisely to his computed precessional change, and the outstandng amount for inlividual stars known as Proper Motion (see page 55), is shown in two columns of the adjoining table. ession and Proper Motion combined, or the amount by which each element f a star's position changes in a year, known as the Varition is also shown The angular paral-ax of a star is the angle that the mean radius of the Earth's orbit would, placed squarely, subtend at the star, and is therefore inversely proportional to its listance, and hence s a measure of that same. The parallaxes in the adjoining table are mainly trigono-metric (see p. 64) and are taken from the General Cataingue of Parallaxes collected by Dr. Frank Schlesinger of Yale. The entry con indicates that the star is

					F	art	3	uus	•					61	Ľ,
MEAN RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF BRIGHT STARS, VISIBLE AT GREENWICH, FOR JANUARY 2, 2932, with spectral type, P.M. and Parallax—could.													especially	dista	nt,
GREENWICH	FOR .	JANU	ARY 1,	1932,	with s	pecta	ral ty	pe, P.1	M. and	Parall:	RKC	ou i d.	and for	some 1	ew
	14	1		1.4.			1 . =	1	Annual	Proper	-	Dia-	stars no available.	The le	nat i
NAME OF STAR	13	1.34	ght esion.	Arth tion	Decl tio	ina-	And.	Spec-	Mot	ion.	Paral	Par	column s		
	17	-	matur.	4 2 3	ш	u.	44	wan.	R.A.	Dec	42	SOCR.	distance		
	1			+			_	_		-	- 1		Sun corre		
	1	н. ж		is. '	١,			1		"	"		to the p	arallax	in
Virginis	8,08	18 58	47.4	a 99	+II :	rg 28	19.4	Ko	ozð	+0.03	.048	30.8	parsecs (#	ee p. 65	۱,
J Urs. Maj	2 40	13 21	11.4	3.42	+55	16 48	18.8	Asp	+ .or3	-0.03	.038	2 6.3	Sirius		
Spica Urs. Maj	.12.01	T2 44	ET'M			. 8	-B.	Ba Ba	or3	-0.03		HIX	cyon ha	ve fai	88-
n Bootis Arcturus Bootis	3 80	13 21	36.2	3.86	+ 18	14 T.D	18.1	Go		-0.36		10.8			
Arcturus	0.24	14 1	33 5	3'74	+10	9 2	18.8	Ko	- 079		.080	12'4	yVirgia	nis a	n d
e Bootis	. 2.30	24 42	1.0	2 02	+ 27	iz 36	12.8	Ko	002	+0.03	.oz6	62.5	aCenta	uri a	are
a Libræ	. 2 90	14 47	9.2	3.38	-15 4	15 27	12.0	Ka	· eog			•••	binary st		
β Urs. Min β Libræ	3.34	14 50	58.9	-0.10	+74	10 0	14.7	Ks B8	009			30 .0	drae is a		
р тинке	79	-3 -3	,	3 -3	- 9	7 5 9	13 3	De	007	-0.03		•••	system, these ei	ther t	he
Draconis.	. 3'42	TE 87	84'7	1.55	+ 50 2	12 IZ	12.6	Ko	'002	+0.01	.024	P9'4	place of t		
a Corone	. 2.31	15 3	48.4	= 54	+50 :	56 33	12.2	Ap	4.008			28.0	of gravity		
a Corona a Scrpentis si Scorpii	2 75	15 40	55.0	2.05	+ 6 3	98 z8	II'4	Ko	+ .008	+0.02	· c46	8I . Ž	mean star		
BI Scorpii	. 3.90	16 1	28 7	3 49	-19	37 14	0.0	Br	GOZ			•••	These to	PDIOR E	
ophiuchi. Draconis.	. 3 03	10 10	40.7	3 14	- 3 : +6x	32 14 60 4		K8 Gs	- :004	+0.00		92.0	Mean pla position o	nany d	The
Antares	1 2	26 25	3.9	3 68				Mep	- GOI			28.¢	of the ye		
B Herculis	. 2 81	16 27	17'7	3.48	+31 3	38 zz	7.0	Ko	- 008		.030	33.3	from this	because	eof
Herculis	. 3.00	16 38	43'8	2.36	+3× 4	13 30	6.6	Go		+0.30	TIII.	0.0	Precession	o, Nu	ta-
c Ophinchi.	. 3'41	Z 54	26.8	2 84	+ 9 1	18 46	5.7	Ko	- 021	-0.0I	.008	35.7		berrati	
t Herculis			- -	+			-	١.					and Prope		
8 Herculis 8 Draconis.	3 10	77 1	53 6	2 40	+24	55 5 BI 4		Az Go	003	+0.61 -0.19	.080	34.2	The Mea	an ella	ote
a Ophiuchi	2.2	17 31	46.6		+52 :	10 30 10 4		As	+ .003	-0.33	.040	250 20'4	added is	alled t	the
a Ophiuchi. β Ophiuchi.	3'0	12 40	6.4	3 06	+ 4			Ko .	- '004				Apparent	pla	œ.
μ Herculis δ Urs. Min	. 3.4	127 43	47'7	9.35	-	48 34		G ₅	- 085	-0.74	. XXX	9.0	and for	the p	ur-
& Urs. Min	4 44	¥7 54	8.2	-19.5	+86	36 47	0.2	Ao	+.ox3				poses of u		
y Draconis	3 42	I7 55	1 5	z.30	+51 i	19 46	0.2	K5	cox	-0 02	.oz2	58.8	and surve		
Vega		م عان	-9 -	+	1		+	Ao		+0.98	·184	8.06	the Appai		
λ Urs Min.	. 6.4	18 44	30 1	-75.0	+80	13 IU 2 12	3.3	Mb		+0 01			CIIAC IS TO	ian ou.	
β Lyrae	var	18 47	34 1	8.81	+33	16 58	4.1	Bap	GOE	00	1		APPAREN		
	1	1	•	+		_	1 +	-			1		ASCENSI		
ζ Aquilæ				2.26	+13	45 40	5.3	Ão		-0.00		25 0	POLARIS A		
	3 44	19 21	4.3	3.08	+ 2 :	58 4I	7.I	Fo		+0.00		17.5	VALS OF		
βl Cygni γ Aquibe	3 2	19 87	507	2 42	+27	40 57 •6 47	7.5	Kop Ka	00I	+0.01	003	333 55.6		RA I	
Altair	0.8	10 47	37'0	3.03	+ 8	41 IS	9.4	A ₅		+0.39	. 304	4.00		h.m.	
8 Aqmiæ	. 3.00	10 51			+ 6			Ko	+ '008		.078	12 · 8		1 36 88	3 56
# Aquilæ	. 3'3	7 20 7	7 47'8	3,10	- 1	1 28	10.0	Ao		+0.01		66.4	Jan. z	110.3	43
α Capricorn γ Cygni	3.27	7 30 I4	17.0	3 33	-13 +40	45 25	II.I	Ko		+0.01			Jan. 21		44
γ Cygni	3.3	SO I	47	3.12	+40	2 17	11.2	F8p	000				Feb. 10		43
a Cygni.	- 3	- 35	6.4	2 04	+451		+	Aap	- 001	+0.01		200	Mar. I		40
e Cygni		BO 4	3 27 5	8 42	+33	42 53	13.4	Ko	+ '028	+0 33	·041	24.4	Mar. az .	33 4	35
ζ Cygni	3.40	BI IC	3'4	3 55	+29	56 50	14.7	Ko	OOE	-0.05	024	41 7	April 10.	29 5	20
a Cephei	a 6	E IS	5 57 4	I 1.43	+6s	I7 49	15 2	A5		+0.0		18.0	April 30.		
e Pegasi	2.2	21 40	50.7	2 95	+ 9	33 45	26.2	Ko		+0.01		500	May 20	45 4	23 18
a Aquarii . η Pegasi					- 0	39 3	77.5	Go	+ .001				June 9	65.0	15
Fomalhau	t x . 21	39	, 40 C	3.34	T 39	50 55 58 50	10.1	A ₃	+ '025				June 29 .		13
Markab	. 2. 5	33	1 33 1	3 00	+14	50 SI	10.4	Ao	+ 004	-0.04	0.09	36.3	July 19.	1 38	14
y Piscinm .	;3.₽	5 = 3 × 3	3 38.4	3.11	+ 2	54 38	19.4	Ko	+ '050	+0.03	3 .008	35.2	Aug. 8		17
e Piscium	4.0	3 5	49'0	3.08	+ 6	89 _13	19 9	F5	+ .010	-0.21			Aug. 28 .	36.6	32
STAT	g Vr	STRI.E	PROV	(THE	Som	HERT	HE	MISDE	KRE	ontini	ed.		Sept. 17.	5a·6	28
~~~													Oct. 7	64.3	35
	1	1		+	1		-	1	_	1	1	Ì	Oct. 27	67.4	43
& Crucis		и.	M. S.		0		"	Bı	F. 006		008		Nov. 16 Dec. 6		51
p centanin	0.1	36 I 2 2 1	KO O'	4. 4's	12 - DO	19	2 19 7			, - o · ca		27.8	Dec. 26.	35.3	57 62
a Centauri	0.0	5 14	14 57	9 4	6 -60	33 2	10 14 0	Go	- '401	+0.7	758	1.31			
a Centauri a Tri. Aust	x · £	16 a	i 26	8 6.3	4 -68	54 =	6.6	Ka	+ 004				Magn	itudes.	
					1		, .	1	[ ]	ı	1		Betelgeus S Lyree		
o Octantia	5:4	19	10 27	7 90.	9 -89	II S	3 9.3	Fo	+ 133			•••	1910 .	5 4 00	
a Pavonis a Gruis		5 20 3	0 10.	4.7	5, – 5 ⁵	57 1	7 11.4	범당	+ .001				For Name	M 447	74
	= 1	- 13	3 57	4 37	y ₁ 47	17 =	7(17'4		1 P OXX	;-0 14	N		He or Werne	wieer. D.	/

THE objects of the sky, Sun, Moon, Planets, Stars, appear to us to be fixed on the interior surface of a hemisphere of which the observer is the centre. Actually the various classes of objects are at very different distances. The of Objects are at very direction circuits. Moon, our nearest neighbour, is 20,000 miles from us; a distance which light, travelling at the rate of 185,000 miles a second, traverses in less than a second and a half. Of the bodies of the Universe whose distance is known, the farthest is so remote that its light takes over 100,000,000 years to reach us. The nearest star to the Sun is more than eight thousand times as far from it as is the planet Neptune. It is the purpose of modern astronomy to investigate the method of distribution of these bodies in space, their movements and their sizes. Cosmical Cosmical Physics attempts to deduce their physical nature, and that of cosmical matter in general from the observations of the astronomer, combined with knowledge gained in the laboratory, with the hope of finally elucidating their past and future history. The total number of stars of magnitude 6 and brighter, which is sometimes taken as the limit of naked-eye visibility, is about 4,300, of which 3,000 are visible during the year from latitude 60°, but a more generous estimate, formed by including cases when two faint stars close to gether are seen as one, sets the whole number at 10,000. By the aid of the photographic plate objects are detected and recorded which no eye can see, even with the best optical aid, and from counts on such plates estimates have been made of the number of stars in the Universe. s,000,000,000 was once assigned as a limit to their number, but this has been much increased by various estimates. From them 50,000 millions may be taken as the possible total number of stars in the galactic system (a. in/ra), though twice that number has been mentioned as a reasoned estimate. The number in the whole of space is incalculable.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE UNIVERSE.

The stars are divided into groups according to their apparent brightness and down to the oth or roth magnitude the number of each magnitude is known, all to this order having been catalogued. For fainter stars the numbers have been derived from counts in sample areas. If the Universe is an aggregation of stars in which the individuals of each degree of intrinsic brightness are distributed uniformly throughout an endless space, it can be shown that the number of stars brighter than the 4th magnitude would be about four times as great as the number brighter than the 3rd; the number brighter than the 5th magnitude greater than the number of those brighter than the 4th in the same ratio, and so on indefinitely. When the numbers of stars of on indefinitely. When the numbers of stars of different magnitudes obtained by counts are compared it is found that this star-ratio, as it is called, in the case of the brighter stars, approaches but does not attain the theoretical value 3.98, and that the ratio decreases continually as the stars are fainter, until at the 16th and the 16th approaches the order of the property of the continually as the stars are fainter, until at the 16th approaches the only approaches the property of the continuation. magnitude it is only about two. The explanation of this observed fact is that the universe of stars accessible to vision is limited; either there are few or no stars beyond a somewhat indefinite boundary, or we are prevented from seeing them by absorbing material distributed throughout interstellar space

It is established from counts and measured distances that around our Sun the stars are fairly

per re cubic parsecs. It is obvious that a uniform distribution of this nature cannot go on indefinitely, for, if it did, the background of the firmament would be bright, since in whatever direction we looked we should, in time, come to

a star.

To a casual glance it is clear that the stars are not uniformly distributed over the sky, but have a tendency to congregate near the great belt of cloud-like forms which encircle the heavens, cioud-like forms which encircle the heavens, known as the Milky Way or Galaxy. Applying the method of sounding by "star ratios" above outlined, it is found that the stars appear to thin out less rapidly as we go out in the plane of the Milky Way than they do in the direction of the galactic poles. The deduction is apparent; the boundaries of the stellar system are more distant in the plane of the Galaxy than they are distant in the plane of the Galaxy than they are at the poles. In other words, the stellar system is an extremely flattened organisation, whose general form is, roughly, that of a double convex lens or of a watch. Looking along the galactic plane we find the stars crowding together, as we should expect, since this is the direction of we should expect, since this is the direction of greatest extension, and the Milky Way is therefore largely a depth effect. But examination of its promuent features, the great star-clouds, the irregularities in its form, and the deep rits in its structure, shows that its appearance is not wholly due to depth, and that the region is the bome of bodies and masses other than uniformly distributed stars. This aggregation is known as the Galactic System; it has been called the Stellar Universe, or the Universe, but the name is scarcely well-chosen because, as will be seen below, there are other aggregations which make this superpressed is a unity to be seen below. system merely a unit in an immense number of such denizens of space.

Statistical study of the distribution of the brighter stars shows that they form a local system that appears to have the same shape in general as the larger system spoken of, but the fundamental planes are slightly inclined one to the other. It was formerly a general belief that the Milky Waysurrounded this congregation of stars as a girdle, whether continuous with it or not was an open question, but a modern view supposes the existence of other local systems similar to this one of which our Sun is a member, all lying more or less in the Galactic plane that may be seen as star clouds in the Milky Way. The greatest con-densation of stars as we see them occurs in the bright galactic clouds in Sagittarius, while the opposite portion of the Milky Way is a region of low concentration and brilliancy, from which it is inferred that we are not at the centre of the galactic system, but that this is about so,ooo light years from the Sun and is situated in a star cloud seen in Scorpius and Sagitarius (Shapley).

In and around the Milky Way there are irregular nebulae (see p. 65) of which the nebula in Orion is one of the most remarkable that are found to be comparatively near objects, and are to be considered as within the Galaxy. There are masses of dark nebulosity that appear as rifts obscuring the stars behind. But besides these there are nebulae of another type that are not seen about our central Galactic plane, though some, it has been suggested, may be hidden by the dark nebulosity, which are thought to be very distant from our Sun, but viewed with a owerful telescope are resolved into spots of light believed to be stars. Such nebulae were called by William Herschel "Island Universes." uniformly distributed at the rate of about one | They are now more often called extra-galactic

THE	TWENT	Y BRIG	HTE	T STA	RS.	TW	ENTY	NEA	R STA	R8.	
Star.	Mag.	Light Received.	Spec-	Dis- tance in Par- secs.	Luminos- ity.	STAR.	Mag.	Spec- trum	Dis- tance in Par- secs.	Absolute Mag	Luminos- ity.
Sirius*	-0.86 0.14 0.21 0.34 0.34 0.48 0.60 0.86 0.87 1.06 1.21 1.21 1.22 1.22	100 \$3 a1 19 19 17 17 15 13 11 10 9 8 8 8	A F A G K G B F B B A M K B K M P A	2.70 200.0 8 1 13.3 167.0 3 21 20.4 27.8 4.9 58.8 17.5 111.0 9.90 38.5 7.30	91,000 159 130 105 240 340 11 1,500 112 4,100 32'8 490 16'3	al Centauri Munich I. 15040. Wolf 329 Lalando 21285 Sirius* B. D 12°4523 Innes' Star Cord. Z. gh. 243 r. Cati. Procyous* E Eridani 62 Cygni* Lacalle 3352* Struve 2164* Groombridge 34* « Indi. Lavage 66*	9.7566 - 1.566 - 1.572 - 1.572	G M M M A M K K K K M M K M M	1'32 1'86 2'48 8'55 2'70 2'88 2'70 2'88 3'15 3'15 3'17 3'21 3'23 3'33 3'42 3'45 3'56 3'89	4'7 13'4 16'5 10'6 1'3 12'8 14'4 11'7 6'1 3'0 6'3 8'0 9'7 11'1 10'4 7'0	1'3 0'0005 0'0003 0'0003 0'0003 0'0003 0'0003 0'0003 0'46 0'32 0'04 0'07 0'004 0'07 0'006
Regulus β Crucis		7 7 6	Ap B B	125.0 12.3	86.4	Van Maanen's Lacaille 8760 Altair	0.8 6.68		3.08 3.08	14.3 8.6 2.4	0.034 0.034

The last columns show the light emitted compared with that by our Sun, considered to be of magnitude — s6 57 on the stellar scale. al Centauri is the brighter of two bright stars seen as one by naked eye; they have a faint companion, Provima. al, al, al, Crucis, if considered as one star (Mag 1's) would have been in the first of above lists.

* Brighter component.

nebulae, and being, to some degree, of the same shape as, and bearing other resemblance to our own galactic system, are believed to be similar own galactic system, are consecuted to be similar systems perhaps in course of making. About two unlibous of these extra-galactic nebulae are visible in the Mount Wilson zoo-inch telescope They appear to be scattered with a tolerable approach to uniformity through space, their average distance apart being something of the order of a,oo,oo light years. The most distant of them is about x40 million light-years from us.

To sum up modern ideas of the Cosmos we consider our Sun as one of millions, perhaps, that make up our local system. This, with other local systems and other bodies, make up the galactic system, which is merely one among millions of such systems that form the Universe.

Attempts have been made to estimate the mensions of this Universe of stars. Four dimensions of this Universe of stars. thousand light years was a former estimate of the diameter of our local system, but a more recent one is of the order of so,000. The larger diameter of the galaxy is estimated to be more than 200,000 light years; 140 million light years may be taken as the limit of the Universe, but this is considered by some to be much too large. STAR SPECTRA.

Most of the bright stars and many of the fainter have been examined with a spectroscope, and have been divided into classes according to their type of spectrum as indicated by the lines which cross them, the spectral types being named by the letters O, B, A, F, G, K, M, N. The stars of the first two classes, O and B, have spectra characteristic of helium and hydrogen. Planetary nebulae, some stars known as Wolf-Rayet, in whose spectrum the chief lines are bright, and the bright stars of Orion generally are in this group. Stars whose spectra range between A and F.—It is to be remarked that there is no rigorous line of division between the classes and that there are subclasses and spectra noted as

spectra broad absorption lines of hydrogen are conspicuous. In the next groups—F to G, and G to K—lines characteristic of metals appear, fine but numerous, and the stars of this class are yellow. The spectrum of our Sun falls late in the group F to G. The characteristic of the spectra of the remaining classes, M (and N), is the existence of a considerable number of flutings, and the stars are orange and red. Autares, Betelgense, and a Herculis are notable stars in sub-classes of this type. (v. supra.)

## STELLAR EVOLUTION.

The early stellar spectroscopists believed that they were investigating the chemistry of the stars and finding the material of which they are composed. It was thought that the hydrogen shown by the spectrum of Sirius would some day change into calcium, which is a leading characteristic of the solar spectrum, and hence that Sirius is in an earlier stage of development than the Sun. The modern view, based on laborathan the Nau. The mouern view, onsert on majora-tory experiments, is that the spectrum shows the radiative power or, in other words, the surface-temperature of the star, and that the hydrogen lines in the spectrum of Sirius, for instance, do not indicate an excess of that element, but, rather, that the star is at the temperature (10,000°C.) when those lines are prominent. The Sun is at a temperature of 6,000°C, which is known from the fact that light of wave-length 4800 Angstroms is most abundant in its spectrum. This type of spectrum is characteristic of iron. Formerly the theory of stellar evolution was very simple. It was believed that evolution was very simple. It was believed that stars began by being very hot and then cooled down, their spectrum changing in type until they arrived at a condition that gave a spectrum of type M and then disappeared. But about the year 1913 a hypothesis was propounded to the effect that in the beginning all stars are of Class M. That is no rigorous line of division between the classes and that there are subclasses and spectra noted as "peculiar"—are white or blue stars, and in their brightness, which contract, grow continually hotter, and pass through the successive spectral classes towards B, but only the more massive stars can generate enough heat to reach the white hot state required to produce spectra of that class; the others reach their critical density at spectral Class A, F, G, or even K. After this critical point in their contraction is reached the stars begin to fall off in temperature and in spectral classes in the reverse order until they have again become red stars of Class M. This is a deduction primarily from the fact that the red stars, or stars of type M, whose distance we know and whose actual total luminosity we can therefore deduce, divide into two classes: one of stars of great luminosity, the other of those of small. There are no known red stars intermediate in this respect. The same is true in less degree of stars of adjacent spectral type.

## THE SIZE OF THE STARS.

The surface temperature of a star or rate of emission of energy per unit area is known, by help of a certain law, from the colour of the light that is emitted most profusely as shown by its spectrum, and since the intrinsic luminosity is the total outpouring of energy, it is easy to understand that the area of the surface may be deduced, and hence the diameter of the star. Writing generally, the size of the majority of the stars estimated in this way is of the same order as that of our Sun, though some may he so times as large, others smaller in the same ratio. The bright red stars, of which there are not many, are giants having diameters soo times or more that of our Sun. There are a few stars of peculiar quality known as White Dwarfs that are much smaller, but of an amazing density and weight.

The stars are too remote for even the largest to show an appreciable disc in any telescope as do the planets, and obviously the size of a star is not proportional to its brightness as we see it, for this depends on its distance, and also on temperature or other physical condition. It is possible, as suggested above, to deduce the diameter of a star from its spectrum and apparent brightness if its distance is known, but a more direct way of measuring stellar diameters has lately been found by an instrument known as an "interferometer," with which the angular diameters of several of the largest stars have been measured. Since the distances of these stars are known, the following values of the diameters in miles have been deduced, and it is satisfactory that these agree closely with the values derived from consideration of the surface brightness as above outlined:

Betelgense (average) and , , , , Aldebaran ...... 34 , , , , Arcturus ...... 38 , , ,

## ABSOLUTE MAGNITUDE.

This phrase which is much in use in the astronomy of the present day, implies the luminosity cloud—and by adopting the of a star irrespective of its distance, to which reference has already been made. The precise

definition of absolute magnitude is that it is the number that expresses, according to the usual system of stellar magnitude, the brightness of the star as it would be if it were at the distance of no parsecs (parallax  $\circ$ n'). It is clear that if the distance of a star is known, its absolute magnitude can be computed from its apparent, or by reversing the formule, if the absolute and the apparent magnitudes are known, the distance of the star can be determined, the numerical relation between M the absolute and m the apparent magnitude, being M=m+5+5 [og  $\pi$ , where  $\pi$  is the decimal fraction indicating the parallax of the star.

#### DISTANCE OF THE STARS.

The distance of the stars from us is so immense that its determination is perhaps the most difficult problem of astronomy, and not until comparatively recent years has it been effected in any quantity and with much certainty. The direct method of determination of a star's parallax, as this quantity is called, consists in measuring the minute difference of direction of the star as seen from different points in the Earth's orbit. This is now usually done by photographing the star and its surroundings at appropriate epochs and measuring the change in relative position. A spectroscopic method of finding parallax through the absolute magnitude has been evolved. It has been found that in the spectra of stars the ratio of the intensity of certain pairs of lines is a function of the absolute magnitude of the star. In stars of great luminosity, for example, a certain Calcium line is very strong, whilst a line due to Iron is weak, but in a star which emits less total light the case is reversed. Examining and applying this principle to the spectra of stars whose distance has been found trigonometrically, a table correlating the above characteristic with the actual luminosity of a star may be inferred, and hence its distance.

The distances of some stars or groups of stars are found by indirect methods such as the following. If by any means it is possible to know howing. If by any means it is possible to know the mean parallactic movement (see Stellar Motion) of a group of stars the mean parallac or distance of this group follows from a simple computation. In other words, the space through which our Sun travels, which is about twice the diameter of the Earth's orbit in a year, is taken as the base-line with which to measure the distance of the stars. The parallaxes of some binary stars have been found by a computational method assuming a value for their mass

(hypothetical parallax)
For some distant objects a method is adopted depending on a peculiar property of a class of depending on a peculiar property of a class of stars known as "Cepheid Variables." These stars show very regular fluctuations, coming to maximum at intervals which range from a few hours to several days, and it has been found that the length of this period has a relation to the mean absolute brightness of the star. Those stars which have the longest period are the brightest, and a definite law has been evolved connecting the two elements. These Cepheid Variables are very common in globular starchisters—the peculiarity was, in fact, first suggested by a number seen in the lesser Magellanic cloud—and by adopting this law it is clear that the great distances of such objects may be known from a simple observation.

To express large distances a large unit is required. One of these is the space that light moves through in one year, which in miles is 6 followed by 12 zeros; another unit is the parsec, or the distance at which the mean radius of the Earth's orbit would subtend an angle of x" (parallax = one second). This is 3½ times the light year and is represented roughly by a followed by 13 zeros. The kiloparsec as equivalent for 1,000 parsecs and the megaparee for a million are words now in use. There is also a unit little used called the Striometer, which is equivalent to a million times the distance of the Earth from the Sun.

Within the sphere of 10 parsecs radius about the Sun as centre, there are rather more than a hundred stars whose distance has been measured. It is probable that more than that number remain to be discovered.

#### STELLAR MOTION

Many, if not all, of the so-called Fixed Stars are gradually changing their positions relative to one another, the movement of each star leing called its Proper Motion. The seven bright stars of the Great Bear would on this account have formed in prehistoric times a configuration rather different from that seen to-day Consideration of these proper motions has led to the conclusion that they are in part due to actual movement in space of the stars themselves, but in part to the movement of our own Sun, which causes an apparent motion of the star in the opposite direction, this latter being called the star's parallactic motion this way, it has been found fairly conclusively that the Sun, and with it the Earth and planets. that the sun, and with it the kaith and planets. In a moving through space with a speed of 19 5 kilometres per second towards a point on the celestial sphere not far from the bright stary Vega expeaking roughly, for there are differences in the determinations of the position of this

point. The Proper Motions of Stars of spectral type F and G are found to be much larger on type F and G are found to be much larger on the whole than those of other types, and it is therefore to be supposed that these classes are nearest to us. It has already been mentioned that our Sim is of this spectral type. By an optical principle known as Doppler's, it is possible to find from certain peculiarities of the lines in its spectrum the rate at which a star is amproaching or reseding from us. The star is approaching or receding from us. The "line of sight" or "radial" velocities of many stars have been found in this way, but the possibility that such spectral peculiarities may be due to causes other than motion is to be remembered.

## THE INTERIOR OF A STAR.

Astronomical physicists explore the interior of a star on the assumption that it is a volume of a star of the assumption that it is a volume of perfect gas whose molecules are in incessant motion, which constitutes its temperature, and whose pressure, density and temperature conform strictly to a certain relation (Boyle's Law), and on the further assumption that it has addited the strictly of the start of the strictly of the start of the strictly of the start of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the strictly of the stri justed itself to mechanical equilibrium such that the loca at any point within supplies just enough pressure to support the weight of the gas above it. They hence deduce the density and temperature at any point within a star, its mass and radiative quality or luminosity. It is believed that annihilation of its matter is the source of a star's energy, and that as a star grows older its mass lessens A relation between hass and luminosity found to hold in the case of certain stars for which these qualities are known is thought to hold generally, the more massive stars being the brighter, though a small class of stars of very high density known as "White Dwarfs," of which the best known is the companion to Sirius do not conform.

An alternative hypothesis to that of the per-

#### STAR CLUSTERS AND NEBULÆ.

Among the apparently solitary stars there are found groups of stars gathered close together, some of which may be easily separable into individuals, others that can only be separated by the most powerful telescopes, and objects that appear as unresolvable patches of light; the latter are called nebule, and were aptly described by Sir William Herschel as "shining finid." A short list of the more interesting of these various objects is given herewith.

No in New General Catalogue	Herschel s	RA. Declination 1920.	Courtellation.	Appearance.
1952 1976 2070 2099 2168	M 31 M 33 H VI. 33, 34 M 1 M 42  M 37 M 35	1 29 + 29 34 2 15 + 56 4 5 30 + 22 5 31 - 5 2 5 39 - 69 1 5 47 + 32 3 6 4 + 24 2	Perseus Taurus Join Oriou Joynamic Auriga Gemini	Very brilliant oval nebula, visible to naked eye. A large nebula.  Eme double cluster, visible to naked eye. The well-known "Crab Nebula" of Lord Rosse. Large and splendid nebula, visible to naked eye. Great "Looped" nebula—visible to naked eye. A fine cluster of stars. Magnuficent cluster of stars.
3372 3372 5194 5872 6805 6494 6543 6720 6853 7089 7078	M 44  M 51 M 3 M 13 M 13 H IV. 37 M 57 M 27 M 27	10 4a - 59 1 13 26 + 47 3 13 38 + 28 4 16 39 + 36 3 17 52 - 19 17 59 + 66 3 18 51 + 32 5 19 56 + 22 3	5 Argo	

There are nebulæ called planetary that are small, regular in outline, and show a uniform disc. Analogous to these are some which are dark in the centre called annular or ring nebuls. Beyond this the spectroscope divides the nebulæ into two great classes. The first spectroscopic observation of a nebula, made by Huggins in 1864, showed a spectrum of one bright him only, which indicated that these bodies, or at least some of them, are constituted of glowing gas. Later investigation showed that the spectras of some nebulae are continuous. The nebulae with continuous spectrum are called "white" uebulæ, in distinction to those with bright line spectra, which are "green" or gaseons. Photography has brought the means of studying the number and form of these objects in great detail and it is found that a large proportion of them are of spiral form They are the extra-galactic nebulæ already spoken of (see p 6a). The gaseous green nebulæ are in a small minority, and are generally diffused and irregular in outline and lie mostly in the Milky Way. outhle and he mostly the sharp way. Instantially way, in smaller, the so-called planetary and stellar nebula, do not markedly avoid it as do the spirals which lie in a zone of the sky, roughly at right angles to the Galaxy. Globular star at right angles to the Galaxy. Globular star clusters also lie outside the Milky Way, but irregular clusters are within its limits. There are also masses of Dark nebular in space which may be the carliest form of matter. it is not possible to measure their distances directly, several lines of argument lead to the conclusion that the spiral nebulic are very far away. The nebulic have been much studied recently as to their form and total brightness, and a system of classification has been proposed. The hypothesis is put forward that nebulæ of the same class are approximately of the same size, and hence that their relative distances may be inferred. Distance of the order of \$50,000 parsecs has been assigned to M 31 and M 33 (see Table) from observation of the Cepheid variables they comprise (see p 65), and from this their actual size has been deduced. The diameter of M 32 (the Andromeda) is about 13,000 parsecs.

### VARIABLE STARS.

Although the stars generally shine with unchanging brightness, there are some among them which are exceptions to this rule, and of these Algol, the star \$\tilde{\ell}\$ of the constellation Perseus, is the best known In general this star is of about the second magnitude, but at regular intervals of something less than \$\tilde{\ell}\$ pours it fades away to between third and fourth magnitude, remains so for about 20 minutes, and then regains its light. It is considered certain that this is due to partial eclipse by a dark companion that moves in an orbit round the bright star. The approximate times when this star will be at minimum in the months when it is suitably placed for observation are given in the table on page \$\tilde{\text{5}}\$. The position of Algol is given by R.A. \$\tilde{\text{3}}\$, 4m., Declination \$\tilde{\text{4}}\$ of \text{7} in.

placed for observation are given in one table on page 57. The position of Algol is given by R.A. 3h. 4m., Beclination 40° 4x° N. There are variable stars of types other than those like Algol. The Cephcid variables have an average period of about y days, and the rise from minimum to maximum takes only about one-third of the whole period, so that the decrease of light is more gradual than the increase. It has been suggested that this may be due to a pulsation or periodic swelling and contraction of the star. A peculiarity of these stars has been

mentioned (see page 64). Stars of the \$\beta\$ Lyre type pass from minimum to minimum in about 64% days, but are not of the same brightness at all minima, the alternate being equal. There are variable stars with periods ranging between 30 and 300 days whose difference of brightness during a light-cycle may be as great as 9 or x magnitudes. The spectra of most of these long-period variables show bright emission as well as dark absorption lines, and a periodic outflow of incandescent gases and vapours is suggested as the cause of the light variation. Mira Ceti (R.A. 2h. 26m., Declination 3' 18' S.) is the most famous of these. It will probably be at maximum in April of this year, when it will not be visible Its magnitude at maximum may be anything between a and s. and at minimum, e.o. rs. and s. and at minimum, e.o. rs.

between a and 5, and at minimum, 9 or re.

There is a group of 8 or 9 stars of a remarkable type known as the U Geminorum which for most of the time are of uniform or nearly uniform magnitude, but un'ergo periodic outbursts which generally last a few days. The majority of this group are of vith or interest in the star and the star and the magnitude at maximum, though U Geminorum itself is of the 5th, and the mean range in manuitade is about 4½. The outbursts may be said to happen every 20 or 30 days, but this period is frequently much exceeded SS Cygni is included in this group, though its variation is very erratic. Also there are a few variable stars whose characteristic is the opposite of that of the class just mentioned; they are ordinarily bright, but sometimes become faint without warning and remain so for a year or more, varying very irregularly until they again attain their normal brightness. The star R. Corone Borealis, normally of magnitude 5°c, which gives the name to this class, has been observed since the year 1843, and up to the year 1945 forty well-marked minima had been recorded, ranging between magnitudes 7 and 15 in brightness and from 2 months to 12 years in duration. A variable star with the remarkably short period of rather more than an hour and a haif has lately been discovered.

## NEW OR TEMPORARY STARS.

The phenomena known as "Novae" or "New" of the rise to maximum, so far as is known, occurs only once in their history. Generally the Nova appears in the place of a star of faint magnitude which may have blazed out into confiagration, but on the other hand the juxta-position may he merely fortuitous and the phenomenon may he the sudden visibility of a mass of dark nebulous gas which by some means has become igneous. The great brilliancy, which occurs very suddenly, is short-lived, for there follows a rapid fall, and in a few months the object emits, perhaps, x per cent. of its light, whilst in a decade it falls to rath magnitude or fainter, and in some cases shows a decided variability. About thirty bright stars of this kind visible since the time of Hipparchus 134 B.C. are on record. A list of 13 that have been seen since 1245 will be found in previous issues of this Almanack, together with an account of the changes in the spectrum that have been generally observed.

spectrum that have been generally observed.

No convincing reason for these phenomena
has yet been given. The speculation has been
put forward recently that novae are explosions
of white dwarfs, and another that a faint star
collects a covering of gaseous inter-stellar
matter.

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JANUARY .	PRREGARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	July.	August.	SEPTEMBER.	Остовер.	NOVEMBER.	Deckniku
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15 13 16 10 19 7	16 13 19 20	16 15 19 12	17 4 20 1	20 19	15 14 18 11 21 8	16 3 19 0	17 16 20 13 23 10	15 8 18 5	16 s1 19 18 82 15
22 4 25 0 27 21	22 17 25 13 28 10	25 6 26 2	22 22 25 19 28 15	23 16 26 13 29 9	24 5 27 2	#4 18 27 15	≈6 <i>7</i> ≈9 3	23 #3 25 20	#5 18 #8 9
20 18		30 23			29 22	30 11 (	•••	29 16	31 5

These are approximate times of the middle of minimum phase

## IDOUBLE AND BINARY STARS.

The large majority of stars when looked at through a telescope appear as single points of light of different degrees of brightness and perhaps differing slightly in colour. Some, however, are seen to consist of two points, so close together that the duplicity is shown only by telescopic examination and the measurement of the relative position of the components forms a branch of observational astronomy. This duplicity would happen if one star lay in space immediately behind the other; but there are more double stars than would accrue if this were the only reason, and it is evident that the greater number of double stars are formed by components actually near together, which, it is likely, have a gravitational connection. This idea of connection was not held in early days and Sir Wm. Herschel who, in 1779, was the first to begin their systematic observation, was careful to call these pairs Double Stars, not wishing to imply anything more than nearness, though by that date it had already been suggested that two stars seen near together were actually contiguous and formed a physical system. Twenty years later observed changes in the relative position of the components of some double stars led Herschel to adopt this idea, and he used the word Binary as the name for those known to have physical connection. It is clear that limits of distance must be set, and, in general, a separation between the components of less than about 30 seconds of arc defines a double star. As to the lower limit it is found possible with a large telescope to measure distances between two stars as small as a fifth of a second. There are in the sky rg,000 to 20,000 stars between these limits that have been measured and catalogued. The number is given vaguely for it is being added to continually, a certain private observatory in the North of England, for example, contributing a hundred or more to the list annually. \( \) Ursae Majoris (Mizai) the middle of the three stars that form the tail of the Great Bear is considered to be the first double star discovered (1650). Its components of and and 4th magnitude are separated by 15 seconds It has a sumpanion, Alcor, of the magnitude freminutes distant that can be seen separately by the naked eye, but this does not come within the companion of the come within the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the the definition. Castor and y Virginis are other bright stars that consist of two components of bright stars that consist of two components of a Cassiop, 4.o., 7.6, yellow, purple; & Hydrae, about the same brightness separated by a few 3.o., 6.o., yellow, blue; 70 Ophiuchi, 4.5, 6.o., seconds. Sirius and Procyon are very bright stars that each have a very faint star as companion, and between these types there are many inc, white, yellow.

other and various combinations of magnitude. Observations of Mizai, extending over igo years, do not show any change in the relative position of the components, but from similar measures of the other stars mentioned, it is deduced that the twin components are moving round one another in elliptic orbits. In the case of  $\gamma$ Varginis the orbit is completed in about 180 years. Other visual binaries have periods that range from 10 to 250 years, but a method (see below) other than direct visual observation reveals the existence of binary stars revolving in orbits in periods that may be a few days or only a few

## SPECTROSCOPIC BINARIES.

As mentioned on p. 65, it is possible, from certain peculiarities in a star's spectrum, to deduce the speed with which any star is advancing towards, or receding from, the earth. As a result of their motion around one another, the two components of a binary star will, in general, be respectively advancing towards, and seceding from, the earth at different rates, and when both components are bright enough, for when not components are origin to enough for their spectra to be visible, the spectrum of a binary star shows two distinct sets of lines, which oscillate about their mean position in puriod equal to the period of the star. There are many stars of this kind with components so close together that they cannot be seen as two visually, but whose orbit may be determined from observations of their spectrum. Such stars are called Spectroscopic Binaries. One recently discovered, known as Plaskett's star, B.D. 601309, has a period of 14 41 days, and is the most massive and brightest star (absolute magnitude) whose elements are known.

Colours of Double Stars.-The components of close double stars that differ little in brightness show little or no contrast in colour. The components of Castor are said to be both yellowish-silvery white and pale yellow to another. The components of o' Eridani of magnitude o's and to z are both blue. Following are some examples in the opposite sense. The stars named are all physically connected and have had their orbits computed-the magnitudes of their components are shown by the figures :-

THE Sun is one of the millions of stars that make up the Universe, and, so far as human knowledge goes, in magnitude and constitution, is not unlike the stars of the night sky. It is aurrounded by a family of smaller bodies of which our Earth is one, and the Solar system, which is only a munute detail in the structure of the Universe, is the observing station from which we look out in all directions across the great distances which separate us from the other members of the stellar system

The Solar or Planetary system consists of the Sun, with eight major planets, and minor planets or asteroids, that may be counted by thousands, circulating round it at varying distances in ovalshaped orbits A moving object discovered in the year 1930 is said to be a ninth major planet (see Pluto, p. 71) Six of the major planets have smaller bodies disculating around them, so that each forms a separate system, but all the bodies receive their light and heat from the Sun

The periodic comets which return to perihelion at regular intervals may be considered to be members of the Solar system, since they move in clongated elliptical orbits of which the Sun is at a focus It is likely that their light is reflected sunlight, since they become brighter as they approach the Sun, but also that they are partly visible by their own light

The plane of the Ecliptic in which the Earth moves round the Sun (see p 75) is used as a fundamental plane of reference. The other planets move in planes inclined but little to the plane of the Ecliptic, at varying distances from the Sun, and describe orbits in periodic times which are connected with the distances by a certain relation known as Kepler's 3rd law. The aquares of the periodic times vary as the cubes of the semi-major axes. Following are given brief notes on each of the bodies which make up the solar system, with details of their sizes, distances from their primary, and periodic times in tabular form (pp. 73, 74). The time of rotation about its axis, or the length of the day of the planet, is added when this is known.

## THE SUN.

The surface of the Sun, seen in a telescope, presents a mottled appearance formed by a darkish background on which small brilliant patches are scattered, the shape of these being such that they have been called alternatively rice-grains or willow leaves. On this surface, or annd the material forming it, black spots appear sporadically, and around them are brilliant streaks called faculae, which are conspicuous when the spots are near the edge of the Sun. Bright and dark streaks unassociated und sun. Bright and dark sticats unassociated with spots, generally called floculi, can be seen in the central parts of the disc with a spectroliciscope. There are also brilliant clouds of calcium vapour pervading the solar surface that are revealed by a device called a spectroheliograph, by which the whole of the Sun's disc may be photographed by the light of any element, and of that element only. Modern views describe the spots as columnar vortices which have a deep-seated origin far below the photosphere, and assume that a sunspot is a wast tornado in which electrified particles are rapidly whirled, as is proved by the presence of a magnetic field. The spots vary in also and number, and increase and decrease size and number, and increase and docrease somewhat uniformly in both respects, passing

through a maximum about every eleven years. They increase at a rather more rapid rate than From measures of their position they decrease on the disc and by help of the elements given on page s of each mouth the latitude and longitude (heliographic) of the spots can be computed. It is seldom that spots appear in latitudes greater than 30° from the solar equator, but about the time of spot minimum or rather earlier small spots appear in even more extreme latitudes, and during the succeeding eleven years the spot regions converge towards the solar equator (Sporers, Law of Zones), and at time of maximum the spots are largely in solar latitude is to 14 N. and S. The periodicity was first noted by Schwabe, of Dessan, in the year 1843 from a comparatively few years observations, but records of earlier years and a continuous and complete record made subsequently prove the existence of a period of average length of xxl years from maximum to maximum, though there are large variations from this mean as shown by the table below. The prominences (v. infra) also show a finetuation in their activity in a and show a internation in their activity in period of the same length, and the form of the solar corone changes with the Sun-spot cycle in a most marked way. Not only this, but there are some terrestrial occurrences that vary in like some terrestrial occurrences that vary in like phase with these solar, which seems to show convincingly a connection, or at any rate a relation, between Sun and Earth (see page 76). The Sun rotates on its axis in alout asy's days, which is shown by the movement of the spota across the visible disc, but because the Earth has moved in its orbit in that time the period of rotation with respect to the Earth, the Synodic Deprod, as it is called is self-days and a spot period, as it is called, is 27% days, and a spot may therefore be on the visible disc for 23 or 24 days. These are approximate mean values, for the Sun does not rotate as a whole solid body, and the rate of rotation is not the same in all intitudes. A formula derived from the Greenwich record of spots during the period 1878-1923 gives for the time of sidereal rotation in different latitudes :-

	đ.	h	1	đ.	ħ.
Equator	25	1	Lat 15	25	8
JAL. 50	25	3	,, 20	d. 25 25	14

These figures refer to both hemospheres of the Sun. The addition of a days gives approximately the period of rotation with respect to the

DATES OF SUN-SPOT MAXIMA AND MINIMA.

	kima.	Mini	mu.
1805 B	1870.6	1910.0	1808 · O
1816 4	1883.0	180313	1880.6
1820.0	1894.1	1833.0	rgor 6
1837 E	1906 4	1843.5	1013.1
1848 · I	1917 7	1850.0	1982.6
1860 I	1927'5	1867'2	

The maximum of which the date is generally given as 19973 was not sharply defined, but was shown by a double peak in the curve of spotted sites. There was a general decline in the spotted area in 1932. The spots were mainly small, and on some days there were pone.

When the intense light of the Sun is abut of the the interposition of the dark holy of the

by the interposition of the dark body of the Moon in a total solar celipse, appendages called prominences that are generally described as reddish coloured, but appeared white from

aeroplanes on the occasion of the eclipse of reit, June 29, are seen projecting from the Sun's edge. These consist of masses of glowing hydrogen gas arising from the chromosphere, being sometimes of remarkable shape and extending to enormous heights, and are occasionally detached from the body of the Sun. It is possible to observe these at times other than when the Sun is eclipsed. In the lower strata of the Sun's envelope are found the vapours of many metals, known by their characteristic lines shown in the spectroscope. Another appendage of the Sun outside the chromosphere, called of the sun outside the chromosphere, called the Corons, can only be seen during total eclipses. The lower portion of the corons con-sists of a pale green light containing hydrogen; the upper is a beautiful mass of silvery white light, in form of feather-like plumes, with dark spaces between, which have been traced from the Sun's edge to a distance as great as twice the Sun's diameter. The corons appears to vary in shape and extension according as the eclipse occurs at the period of maximum or minimum of Sun-spots. At the eclipses of 1929, May 9, and 1930, October 21, it was of intermediate type. Solar eclipses are total only when seen from places on which the shadow of the Moon falls, and an eclipse is seen partial from localities not far from this path of totality, because the change in the observer's position places him out of the cone which envelops both Sun and Moon. There are more solar eclipses than lunar in the proportion of four to three taking the whole earth into account; for any given station the proportion is more than reversed.

# MERCURY.

Mercury is the nearest planet to the Sun, and the smallest in the system. Because it moves in an orbit between the Sun and the Earth this planet.can never be seen far from the Sun, but is always at a short distance to the West or to the East of that body. In the former case Mercury appears as a morning star and in the latter as an evening star. The extremes of these apparent excursions are known as Greatest kiongations, and their times and the distances, measured by the angle included between the lines which join the Earth to the Sun and the planet respectively, are given in the third page of each month. The great ellipticity of the orbit of Mercury causes the amount of these Elongations to vary considerably, and they may be as small as 16° or as large as 28°. Eastern elongations, when the planet is seen as an evening star, occur at intervals of about 116 days, as do Western, and at intervals of some rise days, as no vessels, and the best opportunities of seeing the planet are before the Eastern elongations in the spring and after Western elongations in the autumn. This year Mercury is likely to be visible as an evening star in March, and in the morning in the early part of September and at the end of Recomber Mercury shows phase to the Earth December. Mercury shows phases to the Earth like the Moon in her first quarter if the elongation be in the East, and like her last quarter if in the West. (See p. 73.)

# VENUS.

Venus, which is nearly twice as far from the Sun as Mercury, its distance from the central body being rather more than two-thirds that of the Earth, is almost exactly the same size as our globe. Her apparent movement with respect to the Sun is similar to that of Mercury, except that, being farther from the Sun, and has been strengthened the nearer to the Earth than her smaller neighbour, telegraphy, is fantastic.

the angles of Elongation exceed those of Mercury, and extend to  $47^\circ$ . Writing generally, it is believed that the planets rotate on axes as does the Earth, but this is not known to be, the case for the interior planets Mercury and Venus, because of the difficulty in seeing any markings on their surfaces that may be considered permanent. Attempts to discover the rotation period of Venus have shown that it may be about 23 or 24 hours, or 24 days, or 22 days which is the period in which it completes its orbit round the Sun. With this divergence it can scarcely be said that any period is proved. A scheme, practised in America, of photographing through screens of coloured glass (see Mars below) applied to this planet leads to the suggestion of an outer covering of cirrus cloud, and markings seen on the photographs taken in ultra-violet light appear to indicate a period of rotation of 30 days. This planet will be brilliant and constitutions in the evening sky in the first half of this year, and in the morning in the latter half. Her conjunction with Jupiter on Oct. so is to be noted. (See p. 40).

Mars, the first planet whose orbit is exterior to that of the Earth, is a little larger than Mercury and considerably smaller than Venus and the Earth. Details of his distance, size, and period will be found in the table. Mars is in opposition at intervals of about two years, because it moves at a rate not greatly different from that of the Earth. It will not be in opposition in 1932, the next occasion of this kind being in 1932, March 1. Though the planet will be well situated for northern observers so far as well situated for northern observers so far as attitude is concerned, it will not be a favourable opposition as to its distance, its diameter heing only x4" as compared with x5" in x94 when it was in opposition in August. Mars, like Mercury and Vonus, exhibits phases, but in a much less degree than those planets. Its disc departs from exact circular form, or is gibbous, only to the extent of one-eighth of its diameter. The other superior leaves to the awester the very recreated to the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the supe planets are too far away to show very appreciable phase, though traces of it are sometimes to be detected in the disc of Jupiter.
Unlike Mercury and Venus, Mars exhibits many well-defined markings, which enable its

rotation period to be well ascertained. There are white spots at the poles of rotation that are white spots at the point of rotation that appear to be snow, or some material that melts, since they dwindle, or even disappear in the Martian summers. The remainder of the surface of the disc is made up of dark bluish-grey areas that were at one time thought to be water but are now regarded as regions covered with vegetation and extensive areas of ruddy or orange hue, largely in the northern hemisphere, that may be of the nature of sand or rock. These markings may be considered permanent, though they suffer small changes apparently due to cloud formation above them. Among these markings are some of such dimensions that they may be properly called "canals," but certain fine, straight markings seen by some certain line, straight markings seen by some observers, but not by others, have received this name, which is certainly unfortunate, as it has been taken to imply that they are of manual construction, but for this there is no sufficient evidence or proof. The possibility of com-nunication with Mars, which in some minds has been strengthened by the advent of wireless

A method of investigating the surfaces of the planets was evolved a few years ago by photographing through "colour filters." The light before it reaches the plate, which is of suitable sensibility, passes through a coloured screen that absorbs the component rays of certain wave-length so that one colour only affects the plate. The moon, the planets and terrestrial landscapes have been photographed in this way, and comparison of the various results has auggested an interpretation. In the case of Mars the telescopic features as described above come out very strongly in red light, but fade away as the colours approach the violet end of the spectrum except that the white polar cap increases in strength, all of which is interpreted as showing that Mars has an atmosphere of considerable depth and obscuring power, sporadically cloud-leaning, and that the white polar spot is an atmosphere on Mars has for long been a matter of discussion, and to this these experiments form a valuable contribution, though they may not supply a final answer. The two satellites of Mars, Photos and Delmos, were adopted by Asaph Hall in 1877. Their names were adopted by the discoverer on the suggestion of H. G. Madan, the science master at Eton.

## MINOR PLANETS.

Between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter there are a large number of small planets, and every year considerable additions are made to the list, a hundred and sixty-two having been found in the year 1930. At present the total is about two thousand, more than a thousand being on the "permanent" lists a fully investigated. There may still be thousands awaiting detection. The four largest, found in the early years of the 19th century, are—Ceres, 482 miles; 282 miles; Juno, 228 miles; and Vesta 32 miles in diameter. Some of them are perhaps nothing more than great masses of rook flying round the Sun.

The periodic times of their revolutions vary considerably, and an average may be taken as 2,600 days, or 4½ years. Some of the optics are very oval, and the inclination of their planes to the Ecliptic lins considerably different values. The inclination of Pallas is 35° whilst that of Juno is only 13°. One of these small bodies, Evos, approaches very near to the Earth at some oppositions, which affords a good opportunity for determining the solar parallax. An opposition of this kind occurred early in the year 1931, when the milimum distance was about 26 million miles.

# JUPITER.

The next planet in order from the Sun, Jupiter, is the largest in the system, and has a diameter eleven times that of the Earth. Its density, however, is only %th that of the latter. On viewing Jupiter through a telescope it will be seen that the disc is not circular, but its form, an oblate spheroid, is believed to be due to the rapid axial rotation, which causes a flattening at the poles and bulging outwards at the equator. The same effect is produced on all the planets in more or less degree.

Jupiter has four principal satellites about the same size as our moon, or go per cent. larger, which ware the first releastial objects discovered with the telescope, Gailleo having observed them in the year son. Simon Marius, however, claimed to be their independent discovers. It has also

five much fainter satellites which are far beyond the powers of small telescopes. One of them was discovered with the 35 inch refractor at the Lick Observatory in 1892. The remaining four, which are extremely faint, were detected by means of photography and may be regarded as among the most difficult to see of celestial objects.

among the most diment to see or ceresural objects. The characteristic surface features of Jupiter are the bright zones separated by dark belist to both of which the names Equatorial, Tropical and Temperate apply in analogy with the zones on the Earth. Examined by telescope these are found to be full of detail and markings which, though they may be atmospheric, are largely permanent but undergo changes. Of these the set known is the Great Red Spot and its surroundings situated on the southern edge of the south Equatorial Belt. There are records of an observation of a spot by Hooke in 1664 which may have been an early appearance of this; the Rev. W. B. Dawes figured, it in the form of an ellipse resting on the south equatorial belt of Jupiter on Nov. 29, 1897, and in 1898 it came under general observation. A curious bay or hollow in the above-named belt was noted by Schwash un \$23, and is still seen. The mean rotation period of this object and of the red spot near it has been found to be 94, 85m. 396.

The rate of rotation of the planet is found by

The rate of rotation of the planet is found by taking transits of spots or, in other words, by noting the exact times when markings are on the central mendian, and differences in the times given by different markings is a matter of interest. During the apparition of 1929-30 a long group of dark spots appeared at the south edge of Jupiter's North Temperate Belt, which gave the remarkably small rotation period 9h. 49/4m., which is less than that of the fast-moving Equator (see below). This is the third occasion on which rapidly-moving dark spots have been detected in that latitude of the planet, the others having been in 1880 (9h. 48m., Penning) and in 1831 (9h. 49/m., Barnard, Hough). On the other hand, an observer in the early part of 1931 found a dark hump on the 8 edge of the 8 Equatorial Belt with the shnormally long period of 9h. 59m. Apart from such unusual cases the surface of Jupiter, like the Sun, does not rotate as a whole, but individual zones of latitude appear to move at different rates. Two systems are in use for defining the positions of markings on Jupiter. In System I., which pertains to the rapidly moving Equatorial Zone of the planet, the period of rotation is taken as 9h 50m. 36 os. System II applies to the Temperate Zones, and in this the time of rotation is 9h. 53m. 45 ogs.

## SATURN.

The sixth major planet in order from the Snn is unique in appearance because of its encircling ring-system, which renders it magnificent is a spectacle and an interesting object for telescopic observation. The system consists of two bright times and an inner dusky ring through which body of the planet can be seen. A marking of the outer ring known as Encke's division is sometimes seen, but it is doubtful whether this is a real separation. The rings appear to be flat annular discs of extreme thinness, in the same plane which is included as to the plane of the Ecliptic, and it is shown that neither of them can be a coherent mass or in one piece either solid or liquid, as in that case it would be dimenticated as the countries of the real content in the case it would be dimenticated as the countries of their stability. They probably

consist of an immense number of minute bodies consist of an immense number of minute boates revolving like satellites gound the body of the planet. Belts like those on Jupiter, but of not so pronounced a character, are seen on Saturn Photographs of this planet, taken by ultra-violet light show a wide dark belt near the equator which may or may not be an extension of the dusky ring. Saturn shows a bulging at equator, the ratio of the polar to the equatorial diameter being as 33% to 15, an eccentricity of the ring with respect to the Ball has been suspected. Saturn has ten satellites, situated outside the

rings; some of the former are visible in telescopes of low power. Titan, the largest, is about one and a half times the size of our moon, whilst Iapetus is nearly the same size as our satellite.

Titan was discovered by Huyghens in 1655, Tethys, Dione, Rhea and Lapetus (see table p. 73) by J. D. Cassini towards the end of the 17th century. Sir Wm. Herschel discovered Mimas century. Sir wm. Herschel discovered animas and Enceladus in 1769, and Hyperion was observed for the first time, almost simultaneously by Bond and Lassell, in September 1848. The most distant, Phobe, which was first seen in 1898 (photographically by W. H. Pickering, moves in its orbit in retrograde direction like the two exterior satellites of Jupiter, VIII. and IX. Themis, which is called the tenth satellite, though it appears not to be the farthest from though it appears not to be the farthest from Saturu, has been observed once only since its discovery in 1900, and its reality is doubtful.

This planet, discovered by William Herschel at Bath in 1781, is only just visible to the naked eye. It will be in the evening sky in the carly months of 1932 and at the end of the year, being m opposition on October 14. In a telescop. Uranus is distinguished from the stars around by its disc, which is obvious though less than 4" by its disc, which is covious though less that, in diameter, and by the quality of its light, which is less piercing than that of the stars. The two outer and brighter of its four astellites were discovered by Wm. Herschel in 1767; the two inner by Lassell in 1851. Their names, Ariel and Umbriel, were taken from Pope's "Rape of the Lock" A hundred years ago it was thought to have six satellites, neighbouring stars having been mistaken for attendants. All four move in a plane which is inclined 82° to the plane of the ecliptic and in that plane they move retrograde, or in the opposite sense to the revolution of the planets round the Sun. If, however, the plane of their movement is regarded as inclined 98° to the plane of the ecliptic, their revolution may be considered direct. It is generally supposed that the plane in which the satellites move is that of the planet's Equator A period of rotation has been determined both by spectroscopic observation and from variations of light of the planet, the value, ro3/4 hours, being sensibly the same in the two cases.

This planet is a telescopic object of about the 8th magnitude that was discovered in September 1846, as the result of mathematical deduction from irregularities shown by the observed posi-tions of Uranus. Its single satellite, which was discovered by Lassell in October of the same year, moves in a plane inclined 35° to the plane of the Ecliptic in a retrograde direction like the

length from spectroscopic observations, which is adopted. Triton has been suggested as the name of Neptune's satellite, but is not generally used.

### PLUTO.

The late Percival Lowell, from a study of the outstanding errors of the orbit of Uranus, pre-dicted the path and mass of a planet that moves in an orbit outside that of Neptune, and in the early months of 1930 a series of plates taken and examined at the Lowell Observatory showed a moving object not far from the position it should have had to accord with Lowell's prediction, but fainter than the object Lowell hoped to find. The first orbit computed was a very eccentric ellipse with period of 3,000 years, and the idea came to many that the object was a comet. The photographic plates of many observatories were scanned in the hope of finding images in former years, and these were ing images in former years, and these were found (Uccle, 1927; Mount Wilson, 1929; Yerkes, 1921 and 1927; Königstuhl, 1914). These images have sufficed to prove that Pluto's orbit is not much more eccentric than that of Mercury. The outstanding difficulty is to make estimates of its mass and size on which we may rely. The observed errors of Neptune's orbit are said to give definite evidence of Pluto's attraction, and that its mass is comparable with that of the Earth, but on this point there is not universal agreement. It is doubtful whether a measurable disc can be seen, but from its magnitude and distance it is estimated to be at least as large as Mars, and perhaps as large as the Earth. It shows no cometary appearance in the telent shows no comeany appearance in the telescope. The period is adjusted. The distance from the Sun at aphelion is nearly so astronomical units and at perihelion so such units, so that it is just within the orbit of Neptune. The body moves in a plane unclined ay to the criptic. The orbit is said to be so smillar to that predicted by Lowell that the resemblance cannot be due to accident.

Assuming it to be a major planet, the name Pluto has been accepted by the Trustees of the Lowell Observatory. This was proposed by Miss Venetia Burney, of Oxford, aged zz, a great-niece of Mr. Madan, already mentioned (see Mars).

# THE MOON.

Neither Mercury nor Venus, so far as is known, has a satellite; the one satellite of the Earth is the Moon, which is quite familiar to us. The mean distance of the Moon from the Earth is about 239,000 miles-near enough for us to get a more complete knowledge of its surface conditions than we can of any other member of the Solar system. Only one side of the Moon is seen from the earth, but every region of the Moon is presented to the Sun in turn, and neglecting hypotheses as to the possible existence of a lunar atmosphere and its effects, it seems likely that there are rather remarkable changes of tem-perature: in the lunar day of half a month it must be heated to an extreme degree, and in the other half subjected to cold equal to that of interstellar space. Her diameter is rather more than z,z60 mlles. Her rate of motion through the firmament is z3° zo' 32" per day, which implies that she travels over a space alightly exceeding her own diameter in one hour. satellites of Uranus. A period of axial rotation is agd. rah. 44m. 3s., but individual cases may variability of its light, and another of twice that range 6 hours and more on either side of this

(see also p. 74). When seen through a telescope the surface of the Moon presents many objects of great beauty and interest. A small instrument will show the chief "seas," plains, mountain ranges, ring-plains, and crater-pits The question as to the origin of these formations, whether they may have been caused by volcanic action, or, on the other hand, by the impact of meteors, forms an interesting subject for discussion. (See p. 26.) The material of which the Moon is composed is probably the same as that

of the Earth.

When the Earth passes between the Sun and Moon, the Earth's shadow sweeps across the Moon and causes a lunar eclipse, which may be either total or partial as in the case of solar eclipses, but there is the difference that the phase of a lunar eclipse is seen the same from all places ; where the Moon is above the houzon at the time Solar eclipses can take place only at New Moon, and lunar eclipses only at Full Moon (See p. 69)
The Full Moon which occurs near the Autumnal

Equinox rises at nearly the same time, about on several consecutive evenings. Because in earlier times it was thought that this was specially ordained to facilitate the in- cations of the British Astronomical Associationgathering of the crops the phenomenon was Schorr (Jan ), Grigg-Skelleup (May), Neujmin called the Harvest Moon. The Full Moon which follows is called the Hunter's Moon

### A FEW OF THE CHIEF LUNAR FORMATIONS.

Wedge-shaped Valley of the Alps - Near the central line of disc, towards the north, a clef 83 miles long and 3½-5½ miles broad

Apennines — Au extensive mountain range some

what similar to terrestrial features to naked eye when projecting into the dar part of the disc. Length, 460 miles, lughes ammit (Huygheus) reaches 18,000 fect.

ristarchus.—A lunai crater in N.E quadrant The hightest object on the Moon. This crate is visible as a luminous spot when all the sur rounding region is involved in shadow

Mare Cusuum — A dark grey oval plain visible to maked eye near W.N.W. limb of Moon Extends also miles N. to S and 354 miles E to W. Well seen five days after new or a few days after full.

Mare Serematris — Lies S of the Moon's centrand extends over 428 miles. A nearly chemistark plain Contains a crater, Lanne, formed suspected of change. This mare is vis ble t naked eye

Clavius -- One of the finest craters on the Moor and about 142 miles in diameter. Situated o S. limb.

Tycho.—Towards S limb Has been called "th metropolitan crater of the Moon." A fin crater 54 miles in diameter and 16,600 fee deep. Central hill nearly a muc high Tych is the centre of a remarkable system of brigh rays radiating from it, and they are ver conspicuous at the time of full moon. It is region (8, limb) the Moon's surface is a studded with craters that it resembles as immense honeycomb.

# COMETS

Comets that revolve in elliptical cubits roup the Sun as focus, and return to view at period intervals, may be considered members of th Solar system. The periods that have been con formed by returns range from 3% to nearl 8e years, whilst a few other computed orbit show periods as large as a million years. Other

comets move in parabolic courses and apparently do not repeat their visits to the Sun.

Those that revolve in periods from 31/3 to 9 years are specially numerous. Their paths extend outward to the region of Jupiter's orbit, and from this circumstance they are termed Jovian comets.

Encke's comet, which returns unfailingly every

31/3 years, and was due at perihelion on June 3. 1931, was observed on June 14 and subsequently. The periodic comet Neumin, with period 27½ years, whose return was expected, was observed in September, some months after perihelion pas-Two unexpected comets were discovered during 1931 (up to Oct. 1), neither of which appears to be periodic. One was unusually bright, being observed telescopically in the morning twilight,

but did not make a spectacle for general view. An unusually large number of periodic comets are computed to return to perihelion in 1932. The list is subjoined with, in each case, the month of penthelion passage. These are to be considered as approximate only, for several of the orbits are in course of re-calculation, and more precise information will be found in the publi-

	1301	iotr (sen ), arike	cerement)	(May), Neumann
:h			Radiant	
	No	Epoch 1983.	Point	Name of Shower.
			R A Dec	
				•
	1	Jamary 2-4	#30+53	Quadrantids,
ıe	_	Townson		
ft	3	January 25	331 + 56	& Cepheids.
		Feb. 20-23	147-11	a Hydrids.
e-	4	Feli 19-Mar. 1	ISS+14	a Leonids.
lo	5	March 1 -4	166+ 4	7 Leonuls
	6	March II -II	21 + 812	& Bootids.
k		March 18-a7	161+58	8 Ursids
st	7	April 7-22	210 - 10	a Virginids.
	9	April za-a6		& Bootids
t		April so - sz		Tooblas
er i	10	Man 20 - 82		Lyrids.
1-	11	May 1-6	338 - 2	y Aquands.
•	13	May 18 -June 10		& Libraids
to	, 13	May so-June :	353+39	* Andromedids
	14	May-June	238+32	@ Coronids
X-	15	June 2-10	#53 - 22	a Scorpuds
to	16	June 10-17	a85+a3	β Cygnids.
W	17	June 27-20	228+5B	Dracomda.
	18	June 27-30 June 27-30	220 + 50	n Draconida.
e,		Inly -	#45+64	
n.r	19	July 7-11		a Pegasids
ly	20	July 19-Aug. 10	303-10	a Capucornids.
ξŏ	SI	July 25-30 .	339-11	& Aquarids.
•••	23	August 10-12.	45 + 57	Perseids
	23	August so-25	89x + 60	o Dracomds.
n,	24	Aug. ar-Sept a	262+63	C Draconids.
<b>)11</b>	25	September 6-16		e Perseids.
	36	September 4-14		y Piscids.
ıe		Sept. 19-30		C'epheids
ne	27	()ataban .	333 + 57	
et	28	October 1-4	314+79	κ Cepheids.
10	29	October 9		8 Inaconids
ht	30	October 11-15	87+48	β Aurigids.
ry	3 x	October 24-21	33+19	a Arietida
ĺ'n	32	October 17-24 .	92+15	.Orionids
	33	Oct 20-Nov. 1	42+21	e Ametids
BO	34	Oct. 30-Nov 14	55+14	· Taurids
ın	35	NOV. 1-10	61+34	Perseids
	36	Nov. 1315		Leonids
		Nov. 14-25	150+23	
	37		64+23	« Taurids.
d		Nov. 17-83	<b>#5+43</b>	Andromedids.
ic	39	Nov. 35-Dec. 4	x55+39	μ Ursids Maj.
10	40	Dec. 8-14	111+33	Geminids.
n-	41	Dec. 18-11	161+58	β Uraida Maj.
ly	43	Dec. 18-23	#18+76	A Ursids Min.
ts		Dec. 18-28	E94+68	z Dragonida.
		Dec. #5-31	103+34	e Geminida.
_		3 3 ······	3 T 34	4 monthing

		THE SAT	ELLITES.		
NAME.	Star Mean dis- tance from Primary.	Period of Sidereal Revolution	Уамь	Star tance from Sidereal Revolution.	
	Milen	D II W 1		Miles D H M	
	The Earth		Mımas	Saturn. 12 117,000 0 22 37	,
Luna .	238,840 ,	<b>2</b> 7 7 43	Enceladus	12 157,000 1 8 53 11 186,000 1 21 18	3
	Mars		Dione	II #38,000 # 17 4I	
Phobos Deimos	11 5,850	o 7 39	Rhea	10 332,000 4 18 85 8½ 771,000 15 82 41	
Dennos		1 0 10	Themis (see p 21)	17 906,000 20 20 24	
	Jupiter.		Hyperion	15 934,000 21 6 39	
V. Uunamed .		0 11 571	lapetus	11 2,225,000 79 7 54	
I. Io II. Enropa .	512 261,000	1 18 2714	Phæbe	14 8,000,000 546 12 0 Uranus	,
III. Ganymede	5/2 415,000 5 664,000	3 13 13½ 7 3 42¾	Ariel	16 120,000 2 12 20	
IV. Callisto		16 16 32	Umbriel	161,2 167,000 4 3 28	
VI Unnamed	. 14 7,110,000		Titania	141/ 273,000 8 16 56	
VII Unnamed	171/2 7,390,000 2	160 1 24	Oberon		,
VIII. Unnamed	. 17 14,940,000	38 az 36		Neptune.	
IX Unnamed	181/2 14,940,000	45 0 0	(Tuton)		,
	APPARENT	DIMENSIONS	OF SATURN'S RING,	1932.	

Minor Minor Date I)ate Date Thate A vis. Axin Axia Axtn Axis Axis AXIS +13.85 34"19 + 12" (59 April 17 37" a9 + 12" 41" July 22 41" 90 + 14" 67 34 48 + 12 47 May 19 39 33 + 12 9 Aug. 23 41 32 + 15" o1 35 57 + 12 26 Jule 20 41 10 + 13" 86 Sept 24 39" 67 + 14" 67 +15.01 Nov 27 35.84 +12.82 Mar. 16

This table gives the angular dimensions of the onter limit of Saturn's outer Ring as seen from the Earth The + sign shows that the North ade of the Ring is presented to the Earth throughout the veni.

		11.1.1	UMINATI	ED PORTIO	NG OF	THE DIS	CS OF MI	RCURT	AND VI	ENU9, 193	J.	
	Date.	Mer	Venus	Inte	Mer	Venus	Date	Mer- cury	Venus	Date	Mer- enry	Venus.
	Feb 10	0.879	0.789	April 10 May 10 June 9	0'444	0.320	Aug 8 Sept 7	0.110	0 299	Nov. 6 Dec 6	0 010	0,421
ı	When	the ab	ove nun	iliers are	lesa tha	n o 500 1	he planet	l is hor	ned, who	en greate	r than c	500 it

is gibbon, until unity is reached, when it is full.

numerous as the Jovian, named respectively from the planets Saturn, Uranus and Neptune, for a reason similar to that given above Neujinin's comet that returned in roar belongs to the Saturman family, while the comet of the November meteors (Tempel) belongs to the Uraman

Another class of objects belonging to the Solai system are the meteoric streams, which give rise to occasional showers of meteors, falling stars, or fireballs, and are all the same class of object, the distinction being only one of size. They are visible in varying number on every night of the year, and are sometimes so abundant as to form striking phenomena. There is some reason for the supposition that meteor swarms are the remains of distupted comets, and that Tempel's comet, that will return to perihelion perhaps at the end of 1932, is the parent of the Leonid meteors. A considerable display occurred on October 9, 1936, and a smaller one on Oct. 9, 1937, from a radiant at 262° + 55° in Draco, which appear to have been derived from Gracolini's comet of 1900, that passed its perihelion on December 11, 1926, and has a period tions. This is regarded as showing the outer
of about 6½ years. Its next return will therelimit of our atmosphere, and its height has been

1927 I (June); Wolf's and periodic (July); fore be in 1933, and metcors of the stream may Ronelly (Aug.); Konff (Aug.), Brooks (2) (Oct.); be seen this year as they appear to be distributed Tempel 1866 I (Nov.), Faye (Bec.).

There are other families of comets, none so form a very important branch of meteoric form a very important branch of meteoric astronomy. These objects make their appearance at all times of the year, and are usually seen casually by persons not looking for meteors or acquainted with the requirements of observation in regard to the phenomena, with the result they are ofter imperfectly described, which makes computation of their real paths not practicable At 5 o'clock in the afternoon of January 17, 1931, in semi-daylight, a very bulliant the ball was seen mainly from the west of England but also from places as far east as Aldershot, which was found from the observations, of which there were many to have begun its luminous there were many to have begin its himmons flight at a point 85 miles above Pontypool and to have ended it zx miles above a point in the Atlantic Ocean 46 miles west of Trevose Head, Cornwall, having traversed 168 miles at the rate of zr miles a second. If it was not already vaporised it would have fallen into the ocean 62 miles west of St Just
THE AURORA BOREALIS.

This phenomenon may be considered more terrestrial than celestral. It sometimes happens that an unusual luminosity is seen in the northern sky in the form of streamers, arches, and condensa-tions. This is regarded as showing the outer

		PARACAD.	INDIA OF	THE SU	DAR SIG	LIVEL.		
Orb	Mean Dist		Sidercal	Synodic	Inclina- tion of	Diameter	Mass compared	Period of Rotation
O _F D	Radii of Earth's Orbit	Millions of Miles,	Period	Period	Orbit to Eclipta.	Diameter	with Earth	Axis
			Yrs Days	lmss	. ,	Miles		d. h. m.
Sun	- 1			_	_	864, 000	333,432	25 12 0
Mercury 🌣	0.39	36 o	o 88	226	7 0	3,000	0.04	88 7
Venus ?	0 72	67.3	0 225	584	3 24	7,600	0.83	(See p. 69)
Earth 🕀	1 00	ð≅.ð	1 0	_	0 0	7,9278Q.	I.00	23 56
Mars d	1.2	141.2	I 322	750	r Sr	4,200	0.11	24 37 1/2
Jupiter 4.	5.30	483.3	11 314	399	1 19	88,7000q. 8s,800 p.	318 {	9 50
Saturn 12	9°54	886 · z	29 167	376	a 30	75,1000q. 67,200 p.		10 14 1/2
Uranus H	10.10	z,782.8	84 6	370	0 46	30,900	15	10 49
Neptune '!'	30.02	2,793'5	164 280	3671/2	1 47	33,000	17	15 40 ?

graphs taken from two or more stations so to 60 miles apart. It is found that very few aurora are below 50 miles high, and above that level; places distant from towns and cities where the the number increases rapidly, the most frequent height being at about 63 and 66 miles. Above 66 miles the number gradually diminishes, but lights. At such places in northern latitudes some have been measured as high as 400 miles. discharge caused by charged particles shot into the earth's atmosphere from the Sun. An auroral display generally happens about the time of the occurrence of a terrestial magnetic storm (see p. 76) There is some evidence of a tendency for a display to be repeated after an interval of 29 disp, which is the period of rotation of the Sun with respect to the earth, and they are more frequent at times of sun-spot maximum. A prominent line in the green in the spectrum of the aurora has given rise to much study and has lately been shown by laboratory experiment ' to be due to a mixture of oxygen and helium, bombarded by high-speed electrified particles, but as this line has been found to be present in the light from the night-sky in non-polar regions

It is suggested that the aurora is due to electrical | faint light stretching up slantingly from the discharge caused by charged particles shot nut | Sun before sunrise in the autumn months and after sunset in Spring. From high elevations in the tropics it may be seen throughout the year. A distinction is sometimes made between thus and the Zodiacal Band which is an even this and the Zodiacal Band which is an ever fainter phenomenon and a prolongation of the Zodiacal Light. This is said to extend entirely across the sky, forming a complete ring, and there is at the point exactly opposite to the Sun a patch, a few degrees in diameter, of slightly brighter luminosity called the "Gegen-schein" or "counter glow." The Zodiacal Light has been said to be a mere atmospheric effect, but this is inconsistent with some of the chief features of its appearance. It may be the chief features of its appearance. It may be the manifestation of a widely scattered appendage when no aurors is visible it may be that this line of the Sun or sunlight reflected from a vast is not directly connected with the phenomenon. concourse of meteoric systems.

Alternative names of stars (see pages 60, 61)—Polaris =  $\alpha$  Ursae Minoris; Aldebaran =  $\alpha$  Tauri; Rigel =  $\beta$  Orionis; Capella =  $\alpha$  Aurigae; Betelgeuse =  $\alpha$  Orionis; Sirius =  $\alpha$  Canis Majoris; Castor =  $\alpha$  Geninorum; Procyon =  $\alpha$  Canis Minoris; Pollux =  $\beta$  Geninorum; Regulus =  $\alpha$  Leonis; Spica =  $\alpha$  Virginis; Arcturus =  $\alpha$  Bootis; Antares =  $\alpha$  Scorpii; Vega =  $\alpha$  Lyrae; Fomalhaut =  $\alpha$  Pigas; Altair =  $\alpha$  Aquilae; Markab =  $\alpha$  Pegasi; Achernar =  $\alpha$  Eridani; Canopus =  $\alpha$  Argus; Mizar =  $\zeta$  Ursae Majoris.

ASTRONOMICA Solar Parallax 8:80"
Precession for the year 1932 50:264
Constant of Nutation 9:21 Constant of Nutation 92.2
Constant of Aberration 20247
Meau Obliquity of Ecliptic (1932) 23° 26′ 53°27′
Moon's Eq. Hor. Parallax 57′ 2°70′
Earth's Orbital speed per sec. 128.456 miles.
Velocity of Light in vacuo per sec. 126.325 miles. Solar motion per sec.....19 5 km. = 12 1 miles. Pole of Galactic Plane R A. 1910 1' (or 12h. 44 m.) (Newcomb) ...... Dec. 26° 8' N.

1	Length of Year		١
	(In Mean Solar Days)	Sidereal365 a5636 Anomalistic365 a5636	
-		(Perihelian to Perihelian.) Eclipse346 6200	

Length of Month New Moon to New 29 12 44 28 (Mean Values)

Duration of Light and Darkness.—The second column of the first page of Calendar for every month contains a small diagram showing the amount of Darkness, or the period of moonlight and sunlight during the twelve hours from 184, to 64. These small diagrams have four divisions, each representing three hours, and a division is left unblacked if the moon or the sun is above the horizon for at least half of the period it represents. The diagrams for the greater part of the year

zstoaz zstoa4 zsto3 zsto6: which reduce to in the summer.

THE shape of our Earth is that of an oblate spheroid, or a solid of revolution whose meridian sections are ellipses not differing much from sections are empses not differing intent roots circles, whilst the sections at right angles to these are circles. The length of the Polar axis, according to a recently accepted determination (Haylord) is 7,900 o miles and the diameter of the Equatorial circle 7,905 y miles. The suggestion has been made that the Equator is not an exact circle, but the supposed deviation from circularity was small, and the fact has not been proved. The mean density of the Earth is 5.5 times that of water. The Earth moves round the Sun in a plane which passes through the Sun's centre, or, to write with more precision, Sans centre, or, to write what more precision, the centre of gravity of the Earth and Moon moves in this plane, and both revolve round the centre of gravity but not precisely in the plane. The plane is called the plane of the Relptic. The Earth's Equator is inclined to this plane at an angle of 231/20, and it is this tilt which causes the seasons. At some time of the year the Sun is high above the Equator in mid-latitudes both north and south, and not only does the high attitude make the days longer, but the Sun's rays fall nore directly on the Earth's surface and make it hotter The periods of Summer and Winter are opposed in the two hemispheres, the time of Summer in the Northern coinciding with Winter in the Southern, and rice versa. Since the axis of the Earth is inclined always in the same Since the direction, the line of intersection of the Equator with the Ecliptic moves parallel to itself as the Eath travels round the Sun (approximately). The instants when this line passes through the Sun are called the Equinoles The Sun and Earth are surrounded on all sides by the stars, and because the Earth moves round the Sun. the latter changes its position with tespect the latter changes its position with tespect to the stars during the year, and different sets of stars are seen in the sky at midnight in Summer and Winter. The average velocity of the Earth in its orbit is x81/x miles a second, and it moves more slowly in July than in January. It makes a complete rotation on its axis in about 23 hours 56 minutes of mean time, which is the sidereal day. Because of the movement of the Earth in its orbit the length of the solar day is pp. 57, 77). It has been shown almost cou-clusively in recent years that the axis of rotation is not a fixed line in the Earth, but that its extremity, or the North Pole of the Earth, moves in a curve, roughly spiral, about the pole of figure as centre at a distance of a few feet from it.

# THE TIDES.

The Tides of the Ocean are rightly attributed to the attractive influence of the Moon on the Oceans, modified by a similar influence of the Sun, which is less in amount because of the much greater distance of the attracting body. If the Earth were a globe uniformly covered with water it would be possible to account for the observed phenomena and predict them by simple mathematical consideration of these attractive influences, but these are very greatly modified by this land formations of our globe, and the prediction of the tides for any port depends mainly on the results of observation. A series of observed times and heights of the tide having been complied and analysed, the analysis will show that the complete tidel movement can be represented by the combination of a

series of periodic terms, and if these terms are each carried forward to some future date their recombination will give the predicted tide. Taking the mean sea-level as datum, writing generally, at any place high water occurs twice in every 24 hours, the interval between successive happenings being 12 hrs. 25 mins. High water is at its highest (springs) at or near New and Full Moon, whilst low water falls an equal amount below at those times. At or near the time of the first and leat quarters of the Moon (neaps) the high water rises only about half as much above the mean level as it does at springs, and the low water falls about half as little below it. These phenomena do not usually coincide exactly with the times of these plusses of the Moon, but occur later, the interval being known as the age of the time at the interval being known as the age of the time. The interval being known as the age of the the—thus, at London Bridge, the highest or spring tide occurs 2% days after New or Full Moon, and the neap tide is similarly delayed. The difference of height of spring and neap tides is the most apparent of the periodic differences which make up the whole tidal variation. Besides thus there are differences due to the varying distance of the Moon from the Earth, and when the Moon is at or near perigee at New or Full the tide is specially high. There, is a slight difference in the heights of the spring tide at New and Full Moon, and also in the leight of the neap tide at the respective quarters, but these and other small periodicities are not appreciably noticeable at some ports. The mean level of the sea remains practically constant, but small changes have been detected which may be assigned to various causes.

# TERRESTRIAL MAGNETISM.

The best known manifestation of this phenomeuon is its effect on the needle of a mariner's compass, which, except for the variations to be immediately described, points continually northward. The north point indicated by a compass needle is not, except in particular cases, the north point shown by astronomical observations; in other words, the needle does not point to the North Pole of the axis of rotation of the Earth, but makes an angle with the terrestrial meridian. This angle is called the Magnetic Variation, or, more generally, Magnetic Declination, and differs in different parts of the world and even over limited tracts of country. Lines of equal mag-netic declination run across the British Hales in directions approximately parallel to that of a line from Land's End to Edinburgh. Along a line joining Cambridge to Littlehampton, the into joining Campriage to Littlenampton, the declination (West) is, approximately, the same as at Abinger. At Dover it is now rather more than a degree less; from Newcastle to Plymonth it is nearly 1½° greater, and along a slightly curved line from Killarney to the island of Lewis the west declination is 5° greater than at Abinger. There are two points of convergence on the globe known as the Magnetic Pulse. At these points a feel in averagide mer. Poles. At these points a freely suspended magnetic needle would stand vertically. The evidence available shows little, if any, recent movement of the North Magnetac Pole, whose position inferred from the Admiralty Chart of equal declination of 1,297 is lat. 27, long. 96 W., which is almost the same as found by Ross in 182z. There is some suggestion of eastward movement of the South Magnetic Pole, whose position in 1927 was lat. 73° S., long. 158° E. A scientific exploration of polar regions is being made this year, which may supply information on this point. The magnetic declination at any. place changes gradually year by year. That the compass needle does not in general point true north and south, but that it is inclined a certain amount east or west, and that the amount varies with the locality, was recognised among western nations by the end of the 15th century, Columbus being credited with the discovery. The Dip or hielination to the horizon was first noticed by Hartmann, of Nuremberg, in 1544, and was measured by Norman, of London, in 1576. That there is a continual change in the magnetic declination was discovered by Gellibrand in 1634.

# Magnetic Declination at London.

CET			
580	 11	15	East.
664	 3	30	West.
764	20	٠,	West
	 24	٥	West

In 1819 the westerly declination at Greenwich was about s4° s5', which was probably its maximum. The needle has been since moving slowly eastward at that place, and in the year sons the declination (mean) was observed to be 13° 10'0' West 'The work of recording earth-magnetism was then transferred from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, to Abinger near Dorking in Surrey. The values of the elements there found in successive years are given in the following table :--

Year	Dec	нг	V F.	Dip
1985 1927 1989 1930 1931 1932	13 ss 7 W 12 58 4 12 58 8 12 24 6 12 13 5 18 8 5 W.	*1860 *18575 *18555 18541 18530	'42946 '42932 '42924 '42930	66 35 I 66 36 2 66 37 2 66 38 2 66 39 3

The values for 1932 are to be taken as provisional, and the declination given for 1932 inferred only. V.F. signifies vertical force.

The mean differences, Abinger minua Greenwich, for Dec. H.F. and Dip. are found to be-

The daily movement in declination of the needle at Abinger is a or 3 per cent. less in amount than that at Greenwich

The declination varies during the 24 hours, for the needle makes a small excursion in the morning from East to West, and returns, the range at Greenwich being about 12 m summer and y in winter. The needle occupies its mean position in the morning about row, and again about row, throughout the year. It reaches its most westerly position about zeh., and its most easterly position during the night or early morning at a time which varies during the year. The inclination or dip also varies in a similar manner to the declination. Since these changes of the magnetic elements are greater during the hours of daylight than in the night, are much greater in summer than in winter, and are evidently affected by changes in the solar activity—for the daily range is larger at times of Sun-spot maximum than at minimum—it is to be concluded that they are dependent on solar radiation.

# MAGNETIC STORMS.

three elements sometimes make sudden and violent oscillations which may continue for several hours. Such an occurrence is known as a Magnetic Storm, and is accompanied by spontaneous electric earth-currents, which may, if violent, interfere with telegraph working, and is often synchronous with a manifestation of the Aurora Borealia. A suspected recurrence of magnetic storms after an interval of my days that would support the theory that they are caused by radial emanations from the Sun, which strike the Earth—the hose-pipe theory has been further investigated. It appears that this recurrence does not obtain in the case of the most intense storms, but that there is a tendency for a storm of minor degree to be followed by another of its kind after the period named, which is not easily explained. There is frequently, but not always, a large spot on the Sun contemporaneously with a large storm, leading to the hypothesis of active areas on the Sun that may or may not be marked by a spot.

## EARTHQUAKES.

Earthquakes, or earth tremors, are believed to be due to some form of fracture caused by the breakage of the Earth's substance under by the breakage of the Earth's substance under a growing strain, when the strain has passed the breaking point. This gives rise to waves which are propagated through the solid sub-stance to distant parts of the Earth, and verti-cally upwards to the surface, sometimes with disastrous effects. The point where the fracture occurs and the earthquake oliginates is called the samme centre, or origin, or focus. That part seesinc centre, or origin, or focus. That part of the Earth which is vertically above this centre is called the epicentre. The waves transmitted through the Earth may come to the surface hundreds, or even thousands, of miles from the epicentre, and the times of arrival are recorded. The first indications on the seismograph are made by longitudinal waves (P), which are followed after an interval by direct transverse waves (S) in approximately the same path, but which travel at a different rate. From the length of the interval of time between the arrival of the (P) and the (S) waves, the distance of the epicentre from the recording station may be inferred, and from three or more such distances it is possible to make an estimate of the position of the epicentre on the Earth's surface (see p. 33). There is no very certain method for determining the depth of the focus, but it seems that this may range from 50 to 450 km.

# BRIGHTNESS OF THE NIGHT-SKY.

A research now in progress, not to be named as meteorological, though it deals with the surrounding of the earth, has for its first aim the determination of the amount of light in the background of the night-sky, apart from clouds or moonlight. The facts make it clear that this feeble illumination is not due to the collective light of telescopic stars, but suggesta permanent visible layer in the upper atmosphere... Observations organised by Lord Rayleigh are being made in various parts of the world of the intensity of the light separated to show the blue, green and red components (see p. 74). Observations made under this scheme at the Cape MAGNETIC STORMS.

Besides these diurnal movements and their variations that may be periodic, and a correlaperiodic variations, the magnets recording the tion with sunspot activity is suspected.

Greenwich Mean Time.

APART from abstract and philosophical considerations, Time, in actual practice, is measured by the rotation of the Earth, and a solar day is the duration of a complete rotation of our sphere round its axis with respect to the Sun, which is rather longer than a rotation with respect to the stars because of the movement of the Earth round the Sun, which is not constant because of the ellipticity of the orbit. The length of the Solar day also varies because the axis about which the Earth rotates is not perpendicular to the plane of its orbit. Clocks are adjusted to an average or mean solar day which is of uniform length and is divided into 24 equal hours. This is the basis of Mean Solar Time. The length of the Mean Solar day is constant, but that of the apparent, or the interval from one transit of the Sun across the meridian to the next, varies for the reasons above given, and it happens that the longest apparent solar day is about December as, and the shortest about September x6.

A unit and method of measurement having been established, it is necessary to choose a zero. The zero adopted is the instant when a fictitious body known as the Mean Sun, which is some-times before, sometimes behind the real Sun, is on some chosen meridian. The time is called the Local Mean Time of any place through which that meridian passes. Usually some which that meridian passes. standard meridian, such as that of Greenwich, is chosen, and the time of that meridian is used throughout a whole country, and hence the expression Greenwich Mean Solar Time, or, more usually, Greenwich Mean Time, arises (see Zone Standard Time, p. 78).

Apparent Solar Time.

The time shown by a sundial is called Apparent Solar Time, and is affected by the two causes mentioned, which make the length of a solar day not uniform. It differs from Mean Solar Time by the Equation of Time which is given in the second column of page 2 for each mouth, with a precept for its use.

The Astronomical Day.

For purposes of Astronomy the day formerly began at noon, and the hours following noon were unmbered successively from e to a. A change was made in 1985, and the Astronomical Day now begins at midnight, the hours being numbered in this way as has been the practice in this Almanack since rost. (See Note, p. 4.)

Rhathmic Time Signals.

For the purpose of comparing the time shown by a distant clock with that of the Greenwich standard, signals issuing primarily from Green-wich are broadcast from the Post Office Wireless Station at Rugby each day at roh. and 18h. For accurate comparison a series of signals of the rhythmic, scientific, or Vernier type is sent. The zero signal is exactly synchronous with a beat of the standard clock, and those that follow are at testervals of 6e/6z seconds. The comparison is made by noting the coincidence of a beat out the distant clock, beating seconds, with a signal. If a tick of the clock coincides with the zero signal, it is clear that the clocks differ by an integral number of seconds. If, however, ceincidence does not come at the zero signal, but at the sth following, the difference of the clocks contains a fraction of a second involving n/6x.

Sidereal Time. A sidereal day is the duration of a complete rotation of the Earth round its axis with referrotation of the Earth round its axis with refer-ence to the stars and begins at any place when the this arrangement will not be followed this year.

First Point of Aries is on that meridian. observatory practice time is measured, and the standard clock is regulated; by this rotation of the Earth with respect to the stars, and Mean Solar Time is derived from Sidereal Time by computation. The error and rate of the sidereal clock are found by observing the instant it shows when certain stars, known as Clock Stars. cross the meridian, and comparison of this with the known time of transit (star's R.A.) will give the error of the Sidereal clock, and from this the error of the Mean Soiar clock can be found by comparison and computation as below

The tule for finding the Mean Time of transit of any object from its Right Ascension, or, what is the same thing, of converting Sidereal into Mean Time may be stated thus .- From the given Right Ascension or Sidereal Time subtract the Sidered Time at the presenting Noon, and further dimensish the result at the rate of 10 secs. per hour, or by the Table on p. 57. If the R.A. should be smaller than the S.T. at noon, 246. must be added. The final result will be the mean time reckoned from noon, to which 12/1, must be added to convert into G C.T. as now used.

Ex—At what time will Sirius cross the meridian on August 3x " " " " " " " "

R A. of Sirius + s4h. ... 30 42 0 Sid. Time at Noon, Aug. 30 (subt ) 10 33 52 Interval of Sidereal T. from noon 20 8 17 Retardation from p. 57 (subt.) ... . 3 18

Interval of Mean Time from noon so 4 59 G M.T. (U.T ) of Southing... ...... 8 4 50 For stars that transit after moon it would

have been necessary to use the Sidereal Time

at I.oon for August 3z.

Mean Time may be converted into Sidereal Time by reversing this process, or otherwise by taking out the GM.T of the zero of the Sidereal clock which precedes the Time to be converted, making use of col o on page s of the

month; e.g., — G.M.T. (U.T.) Ang. 31 .... From col. 9, p. 31..... .... 1 83 56 Interval of Mean T. from oh Sid Acceleration from p. 57 (add) ..... • Corresponding Sidereal Time .....

## Summer Tune.

In 1916 an Act dated May 17 ordained that during a defined period of that year the legal time forgeneral purposes in Great Britain should be one hour in advance of Greenwich Mean Time. An Act of 1922 (July 20), specified that the period should begin at 2 o'clock (4. M.T. in the morning of the day following the third Saturday in April, or if that day is Easter-Day, the day following the second Saturday, and should end at so clock G.M.T. in the morning of the day next following the third Saturday in The Act, renewed in 1924 and September, 1935, was made permanent (August 7, 1935) and modified by substituting the first Naturday in October for third Saturday in September. The Act applies to Great Britain, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man. hat of the periods in each year during which Summer Time has been used since its adoption will be found in this Almanack for zeef.

In the last few years Summer Time has been in use in France and Belgium during the same In the year 1850 it was enacted by statute that the word "time," when it occurred in any legal document relating to Great Britain, was to be interpreted, unless otherwise specifically stated, as the Mean Time of the Greenwich meridian." Other nations similarly used the time of their own capital, but since the year 1883 the system of Standard Time by Zones has been gradually accepted, and now almost throughout the world a Standard Time which differs from that of Greenwich by an integral number of hours, either fast or slow, is used. In a few cases the difference includes a half hour.

The Standard Time adopted in various countries is given below. In the United States and Canada five standard times are used, these large territories being divided into zones approximately 71% on either side of five central approximately 7.5% on efficient side of the central meridians. Brazil is divided into three zones in which the times 3, 4, and 5 hours slow on Greenwich are standard respectively. For the North coast of Siberia the hourly zones from xs. hours to 4 hours fast have been adopted.

Fast on Greenwich Time

12 hrs F...Fiji Islands, Wrangell Is.

12/2 , F...New Zealand, Chathan I.

" F....New Caledonia, New Hebrides, 11

, F....rew actions, rew frontess, Caroline Is. (east), Santa Cruz, Marshall Is., Nauru.

F....Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmana, New Guines, Lord Howe Is., Caroline Is., west

JORN HOWE IS., CAPOINE IS., WEST OF TAGE IS. MATAINS IS., GRAM F. South Australia, Northern Territory of Australia, part of N.S.W. F. Japan, Korea, Yap (Caroline Is.).
F. Port Arthur, East China, Hong 91/2 ..

Rong, Philippine Is , Formess and , Pescadores Is., British North Borneo and Labuan, Macao, Timor, West Australia

Sarawak. 715 F. . French Indo-China, Hainan I and

Pakhoi, Siam, Federated Malay States, Straits Settlements. F...Burma, Andaman and Nicobai Is

" F. ..India (except Calcutta), Portuguese India, Ceylon, Laccadive is. F. . Chagos Archipelago.

F....Manifitius, Sevenelles, Réunion.
F...French bomaliland, Madagascar. ItalianSomaliland, Eritres, Russia, rati, Tanganyika, Kenya, Zanzibai
, F. Uganda.
, F....Turkey, Greece, Bulgaria, Rumania,

European Russia, Estonia, Latvia, Fulland, Egypt, Palestine, Syria, Cyprus, Rhodesia and Union of South Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Sudan.

hr. F .... Sweden, Norway Denmark, Germany, Poland Austria, Hungary, Poland, Lithuania, inngary, Switzerland, Italy, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Albania, Tunis, Nigeria, Sardinia, Malta, Sicily, French Equatorial Africa, Cameroons, Belgian Africa, Cameroons, Belgian Coago, Portuguese West Africa (Angola), Libys.

Greenwich Great Britain, Ireland, France,
Time Channel Is, Belgium, Luxembourg, Spain, Portugal, Farvic Is.,
Gibraltar, Algeria, Balearie Is.,

Summer Time is the "legal" time during the period in which its use is ordained. (See pp. 24, 35 and 77.)

Gorsics, St. Thomas and Principe
Is., Fernando Po, Ivory Coast,
Dahomey, Morosco, Gold Coast
(Jan.-Aug.). Togoland.
Slow on Greanwich Time.
1 hr. S....Iceland, Madejra, French Guinea,
Senegal, Portuguese Guinea, Liberla, Sierra Leone, Ascension Is.,
Canavy Is. Mauriania.

Canary Is , Mauritaina. hrs. S....Azores, Cape Verde Is., Fernando and Trinidad Is. (Biazil).

,, S.... Eastern Brazil.

, S....I ruguay. S....truguay.

S...tanada East of 68° long., Nova
Scotta, Prince Edward Is., Porto
Rico, Timidad, the Leeward Is., Atlantu:

Grenada, Guadeloupe, Tolago, Martinque, St. Lucia, St. Vin-cent, St. Pierre, Balbados, Cen-tral Brazil, Argentina, French Guiaus, Falkland Is.

" S .. Venezuela.

.Canada from 68th to 89th meridian. Eastern States of U.S.A.,Jamasca, ,, S stern Balama Is., Cuba, Haiti, Peru, Panana, Western Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Doninican Republic., S. ..Central parts of Canada and U S A., Eastern

Costa Bica, Salvador, Honduras, Central

part of Mexico. , , S....Canada west of the roard meridian.

Mountain. Mountain States of U.S.A., Mexico.

B., S. British Columbia, Califorma,

Pacync. Nevada, Oregon, Washington

ptfc., S...Sikka. ,, S...Sikka. ,, S. Yukon, Alaska, Low Archipelago, Marquesus, Austral and Society

101/2 ,, S. .. Hawaiian or Sandwich Is.

11 , S...Aleutian Is., East Samoa (U.S.A.).
111/2 , S...Western Samoa (British).

In the l'onga or Friendly Islands the time rah. son fast on Greenwich is used: the longitude is about rit. som W., but the late line (see below) passes to the East of them. The time of Aden ah. 59m. 54s fast on Greenwich is standard in Aden and British Somaliland. The time of Talentia is 5/1 spin so is. fast; Holland, ch. xpm. 32'xs. fast; British Gunana, 3h. 45/m. slow.

The time s hours fast on Greenwich is called

East-European, that a hour fast, Mid-European. The time 4 hours slow on Greenwich has been called Maritime, Inter-Colonial, or Atlantic Time. The names of the other zones of North

America are as shown.

# THE DATE OR CALENDAR LINE.

The line where the change of date occurs as adopted by the British Admiralty is a modification of the 180th meridian, and is drawn so sa to include islands of any one group on the same side of the line, or for political reasons. The line is indicated by joining up the following eight points .-

(a) Lat 60° S. long. 186°.

(a) ,, 51½° S., long. 186°.

(3) , 45½° S. long. 273½° W.

(4) ,, 15½° S. long. 273½° W.

(5) ,, 5° S. long. 186°.

(6) ,, 48° N. long. 186°.

(7) ,, 52½° N. long. 180°.

(8) ,, 65° N., long. 180° W.

Then through the centre of Bering Strait to a point lat. 90 N., long, 280.

THE AGE OF THE EARTH.

In the view of science, any date for the "Creation of the World," such as the year 4004 B.C., as adopted by Archibishop Usaher from scriptural chronology, is quite untenable. From the assump-tion that its heat is sustained solely by contraction of its bulk, Lord Kelvin deduced so,000.000 years as the time that the Sun has existed, but this is too short to be accepted by geologists whose researches require a considerably longer time for the formation of terrestrial strata.
The age of the Earth has been deduced astronomically from the eccentricity of Mercury's orbit, and from the tidal theory of the origin of the Moon. Geologically by various methods, and, since the discovery of radio-activity, from active elements in rocks in the Earth's surface. which are held to result from the transmutation of uraninm. All the evidence is more or less consistent with the conclusion that the Earth has existed as a planet for a period between 1,500 and 3,000 million years.

GEOLOGICAL PERIODS.

I. AZOIO("Without Life"), containing no trace of life in any form. The duration of this period probably far exceeded that of all the remaining divisions together.

I. Express of Datum of Life", the properties of by

the remaining divisions together.

II. Econic ("Dawn of Life"), characterized by the first appearance of animal life.

III. PALEOZOIC ("Old Life") or PRIMARY, containing traces of extinct animal life:—

i. Cambrian, exemplified in Wales (Cambria), Cumberland, etc. — the earliest group which possesses a connected suite of

ii. Ordovician, exemplified in North Wales and named after the ancient British tribe

(Ordovices) inhabiting the region.
iii. Silurian, named after the ancient British inhabitants (Silures) of S E. Wales.

iv. Devoman or Old Red Sandstone, from the prevalence of the system as a marine formation in Devonshire.

v. Carboniferous, including Coal Measures, Millstone Grit and Mountain Limestone.

vi. Permian, from the Russian province of Perm, where these strata are widespread. IV. MESOZOIC ("Middle Life") or SECONDARY,

with intermediate forms of animal life :i. Trassic, from the three (tri-) divisions of

the type formation in Germany in Jurassic, typically displayed in the Jura

Mountains. in Cretaceous, from the chalky nature of its representatives where first studied.

V. ('AINOZOIC ("New Life") or TERTIARY, con-

taining forms of existing life :

i Eccene, the dawn or beginning of new forms of life, i.e., existing species.

ii Oligocene, containing a few still existing

species.

iii. Miocene, containing a minority of existing species—less than so per cent.

iv. Placene, the fossil remains show a majority

of still existing species.
VI. QUATERNARY ("Fourth in Order") or Post-

TERTIARY :i. Pleistocene or Glacial, the greatest number of the remains are those of still existing species. Period of last Great Ice Age.

ii. Recent or Post-Glacial.

Definite dates cannot be assigned to most periods, but G. de Geer has shown that scarcely 9,000 years ago the site of Stockholm was beneath

the ice-sheet (VI. i.). Traces of human life are first found in V. iv. (See also below.)

THE ANTIQUITY OF MAN.

Pithecanthropos erectus (Erect Ape-man).— Remains of a skull and of a thigh bone were found in 1892 and 1892 by Professor Dubois, at Trinil, Java. These are held to be remains of Trinil, Java. These are held to be remains of a creature of Pleistocene times (see Geological Period, col. i.), about midway between the Orangutan and Man in development.

Sinanthropos pekmensis (Peking Man).—A skull found at Choukoutien, 40 miles S.W. of Peking, China (Dec. a, 1989 (is ascribed to the same period as the Java type, but the brain development is greater than the Trinil skull and the brain case much thinner than that of the

Piltdown skull.

Australopithecus Africanus (Erect Man-ape). A skull was discovered in a limestone deposit at A skull was discovered in a linestone deposit at Taungs (Western Cape Colony), in 1925, by Professors Dart and Young of Witwatersrand University. In connexion with this discovery, Sir A. Keith, F.R.S., has declared that traces of human life may yet be discovered in Miscoustines (see col. i. V., iii.).

Homo Heidelbergensis (The Heidelberg Man).—A lower jaw was discovered near Maner, Heidelberg, in 1920. This is held to be that of a primitive man of the Pleistocene Period.

The Pilidens (Skull Co authurous of Primitive

The Pittdown Skull (Eo authropos, or Primitive Man).—Discovered in 1912 at Piltdown, Sussex, and ascribed to primitive man of carly Paleo-

lithic times.

Neanderthal Man - Remains of a skull and parts of a skeleton found in 1859 in the Neanderthal Ravine, near Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussia. and others found at Myn, Belguun, in 1884, are held to represent the oldest known doirchoephalic (long-headed) race in Europe, living about 50,000 years before the Christian Era. In 1925 a similar skull was found near Tabgha, Palestine.

Homo Primigenius.—Discoveries of interred human remains at Combe Capelle, Dordogne, France (1905), at Brux and Brunn, Moravia, and at Galley Hill, Northileet, Kent (1895) are held to be those of human beings of late Paleolithic times, from 35,000 to 15,000 B C STAGES OF CIVILIZATION.

The terms employed by ethnologists refer to periods, not of time, but of culture, and are of local application only, there being no universal synchronous sequence in all parts of the world, Races of Europe, Asia and America had reached the Iron Age of development long before the 18th century, A.D., while laces in Oceania were still in the Paleolithic (or at least Neolithic)

stage at the time of Cook's voyages.

The Stone Age.—The ancestors of primitive man are held to have adopted the use of a suitable size for defence, while primitive man made such instruments more effective by sharpening them to a rough point. The earliest period is known as Eolithic (or Dawn of the Stone Age), and this period may have extended to 600,000 years BC Weapons of a later period, known as Palcolithic (or Old Stone Age), show gradual developments, from the chipped, leaf-shape forms, known as Chellean (from Chelles, Seine et Marne, France). and employed, perhaps, from 400,000 to 200,000 B.C., to later and more effective fint points, arrow heads and spear-heads, flat on one side, known as Mousterian (from Le Moustier, where many such implements and other remains were

found). The Mousterian period is held to have lasted until about zo,000 B.C., when Nechthic (or New Stone Age) weapons, polished and less orudely fashioned, were blought into use for a further period of about 5,000 years. In the Stone Age the burial of the dead was influenced by the primitive nature of the implements available for digging, the graves being only large enough to contain a body huddled together in a cramped position.

Cultivation of the Soil.—Cultivation is believed to have followed the interment of the dead about zo,ooo B.C., and rendered possible the political (polis = city) organisation of mankind There appears to have been a definite centre of Western Civilization at Nappur (and elsewhere in Iraq) no later than 6,000 BC, and in Egypt, under the first of the Pharachs (Menes), about 5,000 BC. It is not yet known if a similar degree of Eastern civilization had been reached in China, or elsewhere, during (or before) that of

Iraq and Egypt.

The Brunze Age —Intercommunication of races introduced a knowledge of the malleable properties of copper, while the spread of commerce distributed tin from Saxony and Cornwall among the races of Europe and Asia Implements and utensils of cast bronze superseded those of stone, wood, horn or bone The designs and decorations suggest that this stage of culture was introduced into Europe from Asia, and it must therefore be dated for the East far earlier than for the West, over a period ranging from 5,000 to 2,000 B.C. The Bronze Age appears to have been marked by the cremation of human remains, in place of mere burial in a constricted position

The Iron Age. - Implements of cast bronze were in turn superseded by those of hammered iron at varying dates—in China, Chaldaea, Assyria and Egypt about 4000 BC; in South-Eastern Europe about 2000 B.C., spreading over the rest of Europe from 2000 B.C. to 200 A.D., by which time the use of haumiered from was known throughout Scandinavia and in Ireland It is possible that the Eastern civilization discarded the use of bronze and adopted that of iron even before the West had reached the Bronze Age, and while the remoter parts were still in the Palaeolithic Age. With the Iron Age was reintroduced interment of human remains, in place of Bronze Age cremation, but the hories were laid at full length in the ground and not huddled up as in the Stone Age.

# EPOCHS AND CALENDARS

Almssiman - The Ethiopians have a chronological system which starts from the first day of the reign of the Roman Emperor Diocletian and proceeds in cycles of 532 years, the numeration beginning again on the completion of a cycle The first year began on 19th August, 184 A.D. (See also "Coptue," post)

Armenian.—The Armeniansmarked their seces-

Armenian.—The Armeniansmaiked their secession from the Greek Church by adopting it as their epoch. This corresponds to 9th July, 552 A.D. Babylonians—In the eighth century B.O. the Babylonians began a chronology with the era of the accession of the founder of their Empire, Nabonassar, 26th February, 747 B C Biblical.—The Christians of Western Europe

made many calculations concerning the date of the Greatien the State of the Greation of the World, based upon the genealogical tables in the Old Testament. In the Indian Peninsula. The principal religious seventeenth century (1650) James Ussher, Archsystems of chronology were those of the Bud-

bishop of Armagh, published his Annales Veteris Testamenti, and Useher's Notation was afterwards printed in marginal notes to the Authorised Version of the English Bible. Ussher's Notation placed the Creation of the World in 4004 B.C.

Christian. - In the chronological system known as the Christian, now in use, the years are dis-tinguished by cardinal numbers before or after Eliguished by cardinal numbers before or after the Incarnation, the period being denoted by the letters n.c. (Before Christ) or, more rarely, A.C. (Ante Christium), and A.D. (Annue Domini), the conventional abbreviation A.D. signifying Anno Domini, "in the year of the Lord." The correlative dates of the epoch are the 4th year of the roath Olympiad, the 7531d year from the Foundation of Bome, 3765 A.M. (Jewish Chronology), and the 474th year of the Julian Period. This was introduced into Italy in the sixth century, and though first used in France in the seventh it was not universally established there until about the eighth century. It has been until about the eighth century. It has been said that the system was introduced into England by St. Augustine (A. 1. 595), but was probably not generally used until some centures later. It was ordered to be used by the Bishops at the Council of Chelsea, A.D. 816. The actual date of the birth of Christ is uncertain December 25, B.C. 4, and other dates have been assigned.

Coptic.-In the Coptic Calendar, which is used by part of the population of Egypt and Ethiopia, the year is made up of za months of 30 days each, followed, in general, by 5 complementary days Every fourth year is an Intercalary or Leap-year. and in these years three are 6 complementary days. The Intercalary year of the Coptic Calendar immediately precedes the Leap-year of the Julian Calendar. The Era is that of Diodethan or the Martyrs, the origin of which is fixed at A.D. 284, August 29 (Julian date) A Coptic Calendar for the year 1648 and part of 1649 is appended :-

Year 1648. AD. 1931. Year 1648. A.D 1932. Tüt ...... Sept. zz | Bünah ... . June Babah .....Oct. Hatur ... Nov. Abib ..... July Masri .. Aug 12 11 August 7 Complement. Kihak ... ....Dec. II A D 1935. ary days Sept. 6-10 Year 1649 Tubah .... Jan. 10 Amshir . .... Feb. 9 Tut ..... Sept Barmahat .March 10 Babah ..... Oct. .Sept Barmûdah ..April Hatur ......Nov. 9 | Hatur ..... 9 | Kılıak .... Bashuns ... . May

Hindu .- In addition to the Muhammadan teckoning there are four eras used in ludia. The principal astronomical system was the Kalum-ja Era, which appears to have been adopted in the fourth century A D. It began on 18 February, 3102 B C. The chronological system of Northern India, known as the Vikrama. of Northern India, known as the Vikrama amout Era, prevalent in Western India, began on 23 February, 57 BC The year 1933 AD. 18, therefore, the year 1938 of the Vikrama Eta. If Southern India, the Saka Era, with its epoch of 3 March, AD 78, was probably founded by Kanishka (whose sway was ndely extended), and is in general use. The tent 1931 AD is 1853 of the Saka Era. In the Hills, the Snytarsh Era dates from the moment when the Saptarshi, or saints, were translated and became the stars of

Year of Heefra

dhists and the Jains. The Buddhists reckoned from the death of Buddha in \$43 B.C. (the actual date being 487 B.C.); and the epoch of the Jains was the death of Vardhamana, the founder of

their faith, in 527 B.C.

Jawish .- The Jews hold that the world was created at the time of the Autumnal Equinox in created at the time of the Automate Futuros, the year 3760 B.C. or year 954 of the Julian Period, and the epoch or starting point of Jewish Chronology corresponds to October 7 B.C. 376z. Thus the year 1932 A.D. is Annus Mundi 5692-93 in the Jewish Calendar:

(Part of A.M. s602 and A.M. s603.)

	rt of A.M. 5098 and A.M. 5093	3.)	
A.M 5692.	N N	A.D. x	
Shebat :	New Moon	JEII.	9 8*
Adat I.	New Moon	reo.	87
Adan II :	New Moon	Mar	9*
,, I	Fast of Esther	**	81
X	Purm	**	22
. x	Shushan Purun	17	<b>23</b>
Nisan :	New Moon	April	7
,, I	Festival of the Passover	,,	21
,, x	i and dav		82
,, 2	th day		27
,, *	Sth day		зŠ
1 - "	New Moon	May	7*
	New Moon	June	ź
	Pentecost. Feast of Weeks	**	10
ı " .	,, " " and day	. 30	
Tammuz	New Moon	July	5*
1 minimus	Fast of Tannuz	- u.,	31
	New Moon	Aug.	3
	g Fast of Ab	~	3
Ellul	New Moon	gant.	
	[ 146# BIOOH	pope	*
A M. 5693.	Doob Harbanah (Nom York)	11-4	
	RoshHashanah (New Year)	OCL	x
,,	and day	11	
] ,,	Fast of Gedalish You Kippui (Day of Atone-	19	3
, 20	Yom Kippui (Day of Atone-	29	10
	meut).		
,, x	5 Feast of Tabernacles	,,	15
, x	6 ,, ,, and day		x6
,, 2	Hoshana Rabbs	12	21
	6 ,, , , , and day z Hoshana Rabba z Feast of Solemn Assembly	••	22
	Rejoicing of the Law		33
Marbeshyar	x New Moon		31,
Kisley	Rejoicing of the Law x New Moon New Moon	Nov.	30
,, 2	5 Hanucah (Dedication of the Temple)		3-
,,, -	the Temple)	Dec	34
Telet	New Moon	2.00	30
1000	2 110 W 220 WH	A D. 1	-S-
_	Fast of Tebet	Jan.	7JJ.
Shebat	Now March	vau.	28
Adar	New Mood	v.3.	20
Adar	New Moon	TUU.	27
,, X	r rast of rather	Mar.	9
,, X	4 Purim 5 Shusham Purim	**	13
1 1 X	snusnam Purm	**	13 28
\18a1i	New Moou	***	28
,, IS #	Festival of the Passover A	pr. xx	-18
Ivar	New Moon	. 21	27
Sivan	New Moon 5 Pentecost, Feast of Wecks	May	26
,,	5 Pentecost, Feast of Weeks	_ *1	3×
, ·	7 ,, ,, and day	June	T.
Tammuz	7 , and day 7 New Moon 7 Fast of Tanmuz 8 New Moon 9 Fast of Ab 1 New Moon	Tune	25"
,,, 1	7 Fast of Tammuz	. July	II
Ab	х New Мооц	,,	24
22.	g Fast of Ab	Aug.	Ĭ
Ellul	New Moon	11	<b>*3</b> *
A 1 5004.			
lishr	r Rosh Hashanah (New Year	Sept.	æ
	revious day is also observe		
New Moor	TO 12040 GAY TO BEEN DIMENT	- A	DITE
A. 4			
1 01e Da	vs of the Jewish Calendar begi	natsu	nset

on the previous days.

Muhammadan.-The Muhammadan Epoch is based on the Hegira or Flight of Muhammad from Mecca to Medina. The first day of the Era is not the actual day of the Flight but is rath July, 6as A.D. This Calendar is purely lunar. The year consists of 1s months of 30 or 39 days alternately, the last being sometimes 30, and therefore either 334 or 335 days in length. It follows that the Muhammadan year begins earlier year by year, according to Gregorian dates, by 10, 11 or 12 days. The year 1932 is 1350-31 of the Hegira. The dates of the beginnings of the months are shown below:—

1350. Ramadan	a d. 1932. . Jannary 20
Shawall	February o
Dulkaada	March
Dulheggia	. April i
Muharram	Man
	May
	June
Rabia I	July
Rabia II	. Angust
Jonada I	. September
Jonada II.	October
Rajah	November 30
Shaaban	November 30
Ramadan	December s
Shawall	A 1) 1933.
	. January 28
Dulkaada .	February 26
Dulheggia	March 28

Olympiads. - Greek chronology was reckoned Olympiads.— Greek chronology was reconsequent in cycles of four years corresponding with the periodic Olympia, in Elis, once in four years, the intervening years being the first, second, &c. of the Olympiad, which received the name of the victor at the tiames. The first recorded Olympiad is that of Chorochus, 776 B C.

Persian.—The chronology of Persia, which is still followed by the Parsees of India, dates from the accession of Yazdegerd III to the throne on 10th June, 632 A D The year 1931 is, therefore, 1300 of the Parsees. The New Year begins on 21st March.

Roman. - Roman historians adopted as an epoch the Foundation of Rome, which is believed to have happened in the year 753 BC, and the ordinal number of the year in Roman reckoning are followed by the letters AUC (Anno Urbis Conditie). The Calendar as we know has developed from one established by Romulus, who is said to have used a year of 304 days devided into ten months beginning with March, to which Nums added January and February, making the year lunar This became the Julian Calendar and later by a slight alteration the Gregorian (sec p. 8a) nowin general use. In the Roman(Julian)Calendar the days of the mouth were counted backwards from three fixed points, and an intervening day was said to be somany days before the next coming point the first and last being counted. three points were (3) the Kalends, by which hame the first of each month was known; (a) the Nones (suns days before the Ides) which fell on the seventh day of the month in March, May, July, and October, and on the fifth day in each of the other months; and (3) the Ides, which fell either The previous day is also observed as the on the 1sth or 13th, and thus divided the month nearly equally. The Latin equivalent of Dec. 3x, Note.—Daysofthe Jewish Calendar begin at sunset the day before that ante diem tertium Kalendas.

CHRONOLOGICAL TERMS.

The Day, Week and Month.—Measurements of time are based on the times taken by the earth to rotate on its axis; by the moon to revolve round the earth; and by the earth to revolve round the sun. From these which are not com-mensurable, certain average or mean intervals have been adopted for ordinary use. Of these the first is the Day, which begins at midnight and is divided into a hours of 60 minutes, each of 60 seconds. The hours are counted from midnight up to ze at noon, and again from noon up Hour reckoning is employed. The 24-hour reckoning ignores A.M. and P.M., and the hours are numbered o to 23 from midnight to midnight.

For the Astronomical Day, see p. 77.

The Week is a period of 7 days.

The Month in the ordinary calendar is approximately the twelfth part of a year, but the lengths

of the different months vary.

The Equinoctial or Tropical Year is the time that the earth takes to revolve round the sun that the earth takes to revolve round the sun from equinox to equinox, which is 365 agas mean days. The Calendar Year consists of 365 days, but a year the date of which is divisible by 4, without remainder, is called Leap Year and consists of 366 days. The last year of a century is not leap year unless its number is divisible by 400 (c.f.) the years 1800 and 1900 had only

400 (e.g. the years 1800 and 1900 had only 365 days).

Old and New Style.—In the Julian Calendar the contennial years were all leap years, and the contennial years were all leap years, and for this cason towards the close of the sixteenth century there was a difference of the sixteenth century there was a difference of the days between the tropical and calendar years (see above). In 1828 Pope Gregory ordained that Oct. 5th should be called Oct. 1814, and that overy fourth end-century year only should be a leap year (see above). This change was adopted by Italy, France, Spain, and Portugal in 1821; by Prussia, the German Roman Catholic Mtates, Switzerland, Holland, and Flanders on Jan. 1823, Poland 1826, Hungary 1827, the German and Netherland Protestant States and Demmark 1870. Sweden (gradually) by the omission of ryoo, Sweden (gradually) by the omission of eleven leap days, 1700-1740, the British Dominions (which included the then North American Coloules) in 1752, by the omission of American College in 1732, 19 and College Celeven days (Sept. 3) being reckoned as Sept. 14)
This "Gregorian" Calendar was adopted by
Japan in 1872, China in 1918, Bulkaria in 1915,
Turkey and Soviet Russia in 1917, by Yuwslavia and Rumania in 1919, and by Greece in February, 1923. The Russian, Greek, Serblan and Rumanian Churches did not abandon the Julian Calendar until May, 1923, when the Gregorian, slightly modified, was adopted. The difference between the Old and New Styles was 11 days after 1700, ze days after 1800, and has been 13 days since

New Year's Day .- In England in the seventh century, and as late as the thirteenth, the year was reckoned from Christmas Day, but in the twelfth century the Anglican Church began the year on the asth March, and this practice was adopted generally in the fourteenth century. The Civil year in the British Dominions (exclusive of Scotland) began with "Lady Day" until 1751. of Sootland) began with "Lady Day" until 1751.
But in and since 1752 the civil year has begun
with Jan. 1. Dividends are, however, still paid by
the Bank of England on the last day of Quarters
according to a reckoning based on Oid Style. The
Income Tax year begins on April 6 in accordance
with Act of Parliament (39 Geo. III. 1798).

New Year's Day has been changed in Scotland from Mar. as to Jan. 1 in 1500. On the Continent, Jan. 1 was adopted as the first day of the year by Venice in 1522, Germany in 1544, Spain, Portugal and the Roman Catholic Netherlands in 1556, Prussia, Denmark and Sweden in 1559, France 1564, Lorraine 1579, Protestant Netherlands 1583, Russia 1785, Tuscany 1751.

Golden Number.—In the year 422 B.C. Meton, an Atheman astronomer, found that 235 Lunations are very nearly, though not exactly, equal in duration to 19 Solar Years, and hence, considering the mean motion only, after 19 years the Phases of the Moon recur on the same days of the month. This discovery was held to be of so great importance that the dates of Full Moon in a cycle of nineteen years were inscribed in figures of gold on public monuments in Athens. The Cycle of nineteen years is called the Metonic Lunar Cycle, and the number showing the position of a year in the Cycle is called the Golden Number of that Year.

Easter-Day is the first Sunday after the full moon which happens upon, or next after the arst day of March; and if the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter-day is the Sunday after. This definition is contained in an Act of Parliament (a4 Geo. II., cap. 23), and explanation is given in the preamble to the Act that the day of Full Moon depends on certain tables that have been prepared. These are the tables whose essential points are given in the early pages of the Book of Common Prayer. The Moon referred to is not the real moon of the heavens, but a hypothetical Moon on whose heavens, but a hypothetical Moon on whose "Full" the date of Easter depends, and the lunations of this "Calendar" Moon consist of twenty-nine and thirty days alternately with certain necessary modifications to make the date of its Full agree as nearly as possible with that of the Moon of the heavens. The artificial Moon is accounted to be full on the fourteenth day, i.e., thirteen days after the New Moon, in order to be consistent with an early Jewish prac-tice, but this point is immaterial. The Full Moon of the Calendar on which Easter depends is called the Paschal Full Moon

By the above ordinance Easter falls on one of 35 days. A proposed reform that would limit it to one of 7 days has received Parliamentary support, but there is no prospect of its adoption Epact .-- The age of the calendar Moon on Jan. z in each year, formerly used in determining the date of Easter.

Solar Cycle.—A period of twenty-eight years, in any corresponding year of which the days of the week recur on the same days of the month.

Julian Period.-Proposed by Joseph Scaliger in 1582. The period is 7680 Julian years, and its first year coincides with the year 4713 B.C. 7680 is the product of the mimber of years in the Solar Cycle, the Metonic Cycle and the cycle of the Roman Indiction (28 × 19 × 15). The Julian Day, as used in astronomy, begins at noon.

Roman Induction.—A period of fifteen years, instituted for fiscal purposes about A.D. 300.

The Dominical Letter is one of the letters A-G which are used to denote the Sundays (Lord's Day) in successive years. If the first day of the year is a Sunday the letter is A; if the second, B; the third, C; and so on. Leap year requires two letters, the first for Jan. r-Feb. 29, the second from March r-Dec. 32. THE Superficial Area of the Earth is estimated to be 196,550,000 square miles, of which 55,500,000 square miles are Land and 141,050,000 square miles Water. The Diameter of the Earth at the Equator is 7.926 English miles, and at the Poles 7,000 English miles. The Equatorial Circumference is 24,901'8 English miles, divided into 360 Degrees of Longitude, each of 69'17 English (or 60 Geographical) miles; these Degrees are measured from the Meridian of Greenwich, and numbered East and West of that point to meet in the Antipodes at the 180th Degree. Distance North and South of the Equator is marked by Parallels of Latitude, which proceed from zero (at the Equator) to 90° at the Poles.

# ARRA AND POPULATION.

Continent.	Area in Square Miles	Estimated Population.
Europe	3,750,000 17,000,000 11,500,000 8,000,000 6,800,000 3,450,000	475,000,000 1,013,000,000 143,000,000 146,000,000 64,000,000
	55,500,000	1,849,500,000

The British Dominious extend over the largest area (14.250,000 St. miles); the Russian Union is second (9.350,000 St. miles); France is third, with 4.356,000 St. miles; the United States, with its Insular Jurisdiction, &c., covers 3.750,000 St. miles, Bivail 3.250,000 St. miles, and China 3.000,000 St. miles.

### THE CONTINENTS.

Europe forms about one-fourteenth of the Enrope forms about one-fourteened of the hald surface of the globe. Its longth from the North Cape, 72° 22° N., and Cape Matapan, in the south of Greece, 36° 22° N. is about 2,400 miles, and its breadth from Cape St Vincent to the trials is about 3,300 miles. The political boundary between Europe and Asia extends some distance beyond the l'ials, to include the mining regions, in the south-east it follows the valley of the Manych, north of the Caucasus.

Ama extends over nearly one-third of the land Asia extends over hearly obstante between its surface of the globe. The distance between its extreme longitudes, the west coast of Asia Minor (26° E) and the East Cape (x70° W), is 6.000 miles The extreme latitudes, Cape Chelynskin (76° 30° N.) and Cape Buru (50 miles north of the Equator), are 5,350 miles apart Asia is bounded by the ocean on all sides except the west The Isthmus of Sucz connects it with The land boundary between Europe and Asia is formed on the west mainly by the (ral Mountains and the Ural River. In the south-west the valley of the Manych, which

o'The Earth is a phere, with a Northern and Southern Hemsuskere, the Ocean surface is the Hadrosphere, and the gaseous envelope the Atmosphere, of which the lower layers are the Traposphere and the unper the Stratosphere. The science concerned with the study of the Earth's crut is Geology with the measurement of its surface is the Hadrosphere and the Graphy and of its superficial features Hauntreas is Graphy of the hydrosphere is Graphy of the hydrosphere is Graphy of the Hadrosphere is Graphy of the hydrosphere is Graphy of the Indeed Raminology, and of the mountains Oragraphy, of the Earth Hadrosphere is Graphy of extinct organic life Palarontology, and of exiting the Hology of their location Ethnography of extinct organic life Palarontology, and of existing the Hology of their location Ethnography of a given point of the Earth's surface at the Equator exceeds 2 con miles an hour would take nearly so years to reach the Sun. The velocity of a given point of the Earth's surface at the Equator exceeds 2 con miles an hour (space on miles in 36 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes).

stretches from the Caspian Sea to the mouth of. the Don, is now taken as the line between the two continents, although the Cancasus was formerly considered as belonging to Europe. The islands of the archipelago which lies in the south-east between the continents of Asia and Australia may be divided into two groups by a line passing east of Timor, Timor Laut, the Kei Islands and the Moluccas.

Is a sum the Moniceas.

Africa is about three times the area of Europe Its extreme longitudes are  $z\gamma^2$  W. at Cape Verde and  $z\gamma^2$  E. at Cape Guardatu. The extreme latitudes are tape Blanco in  $z\gamma^2$  N. and Cape Aculhas an  $z\gamma^2$  S., at a distance of about 5,000 nules

It is surrounded by seas on all sides, except in the narrow isthmus through which is cut the Suez Canal, and may be considered as a great peninsula of the Eurasian continent.

North America, including Mexico, is a little less than twice the size of Europe. Its extreme, longitudes extend from a little west of 270'W to 52'," W in the east of Newfoundland, and its extreme latitudes from about 80° N. lat. to rg' N. lat. in the south of Mexico. It is suirounded by seas on all sides except in the south, where it joins the Isthmian States of Central America, which have an area of about 200,000 square miles The area of the West Indies is about 65,000 square miles, a little more than half that of the United Kingdom. They extend from about 27 N latitude to 20 N. latitude.

South America is a little more than 1% times the size of Europe The extrems longitudes are Cape Branco 33° W. and Punta Parina 81° W., and the extreme latitudes, Punta Gallmas, 1232 N. and Cape Hoin 56 S South America is surrounded by the ocean, except where it is joined to Central America by the partow isthmus through which is cut the Panama Canal.

# THE BACES OF MANKIND.+

The Races of Mankind are divisible according to Stock or, less scientifically, according to Colour The Dominant Colour is Yellow—the numerical order being (2) Yellow, (2) White,
(3) Black, (4) Brown, (5) Red The main Divisions
of the Races are as follows.—

-		4
Division	Area	Estimated Number
	, <del></del>	T
Negro	Asia Europe & Orient Africa North Africa Oceania, &c America	680,000,000 725,000,000 210,000,000 100,000,000 104,500,000 30,000,000
		1,849,500,000
	1	

† 15 has been estimated that the Earth can maintain a population of 6,000,000,000, a total which will be reached about A.D. 2200, at the present rate of increase

# Area and Population of the UNorld by Continents.

, CONTINENT	Form of Government	Square Miles	Population	Per Sq Mile		'apital	Popu- lation of Capital
	į	1	¦				-1
Europe. Albania	Kingdom	- 13,000	1,000,000	. 84	Tirana		31,000
Andorra	Republic	12,000	6,000			Vicella	500
Austria	Republic	32,180	6,600,000			•••••	T 800.000
Belgium	Kingdom .	11,400	8,000,000				
Belgium Bulgaria	Kungdom	40 000	6,000,000		Nofia		204.000
Czechoslovakia	Republic	55,000	14,730,000		Prugue	ugen	850,000
. Deumark	Kingdom	15.000	3,560,000	237	Copenha	agen	771,000
. Estonia	Republic	18,630	, x, xx6,000		Tallinn	(Reval)	132,00
Finland	Republic	150,000	.3,640,010	24	Helsink		231,00
France	Republic	23,000	41,000,000	192	Paris Berlin		. 2,872,00
Germany	trebunic	182,200	63,000,000	348	регип	••• •	4,000,00
Great Britam and	Kingdom	95,030	44,500,000	468	London		8,000,00
Gleece	Remiblic	50,000	6,200,000	124	Athens		453,000
Hungary	IndependentSta	te 36, 180	8,700,000	240	Budapes		1,000,00
Hungary . Icelaud	Kingdom	41,000	100,000		Reyjavil		30,00
Irish Free State	Dominion	·, 26,600	3,000,000	IIS	Dublin	•••	. 317,000
Italy	Kingdom	120,000	43,000,000	358	Rome		1,000,00
Latvia	Republic .	25,000	2,000,000	80	Riga	••••	338,00
Liechteustein .	Principality	, 6o	12,000	200	Vaduz		1,40
Lithuania	Republic	20,000	2,000,000		Kovno	•• • •	110,00
Luxemburg	Triang Dueny.	1,000	270,000	270	Luxemb	yuu	45,00
Mouaco Netherlands	Principality		23,000	5,750	Monaco		3,25
Norway	Kingdom	125,000	8,000,000	627 22	tiole true	gue	250,00
Poland	Remblie	150,000	31,000,000		Warsaw	••••	1,110,00
Poland Portugal	Republic	34,500	6,000,000		Lisbour		1,110,00 488,00
Rumania	Kingdom	123,000	18,000,000		Buchare	st	631,000
Russia in Europe	Republic	1.403.000	108,100,000		Moscow		1,500,00
Russia in Europe San Marino	Republic	. 38	13,000		San Mar		. 3,00
Suain	Kenublic	106.700			Madrid		808,000
Suain	Kenublic	106.700	az,763,000 6,250,000	35	Stockho	 lm	508,000
Sweden	Kingdom Republic	196,700 173,000	az,763,000 6,250,000 4,200,000	35 35	Stockho Berne.	lm	808,000
Sweden Sweden Switzerland	Kingdom	196,700 173,000 16,000	ax,763,000 6,250,000 4,200,000 2,000,000	35 35 356 300	Stockho Berne See Asia	lm	808,000 502,000 112.000
Sweden	Kingdom	196,700 173,000 16,000	ax,763,000 6,x50,000 4,x00,000 a,000,000 450	35 35 356 300	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican	lm	808,000 508,000
Sweden	Kingdom	196,700 173,000 16,000	ax,763,000 6,250,000 4,200,000 2,000,000	35 35 356 300	Stockho Berne See Asia	lm	808,000 502,000
Spain Sweden Switzerfand Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia	Kingdom	196,700 173,000 16,000 109 (C) E8 94,000	ax,763,000 6,x50,000 4,x00,000 a,000,000 450	35 35 356 300 	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad	lm	808,000 508,000 222,000
Spain Sweden Switzerfand Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia	Kepublic Republic Republic State Kingdom	196,700 173,000 16,000 109 (C) E8 94,000	ax,763,000 6,x50,000 4,x00,000 a,000,000 450 x4,000.000	110 35 35 36 200  140	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIA	lm ('ity e	808,000 508,000 228,000
Spain Sweden Switzerfand Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia	Republic Kingdom Republic State Kingdom	196,700 173,000 176,000 109 (1128 94,000	ax,763,000 6,x50,000 4,x00,000 a,000,000 450 x4,000.000	35 35 356 300 	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIA	lm ('ity e	808,000 502,000 222,000
Spain	Republic	x95,700 x73,000 x6,000 x0,000 x0,000 x0,000 x0,000 x0,000 x0,000 x0,000	a1,763,000 6,180,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 14,000.000	110 35 256 200  140 THE	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City e	808,000 502,000 1 222.000 200,000 200,000 Population. (Doc. 1986.)
Spain	Republic	196,700 173,000 173,000 10,000 10,000 1094,000	a1,763,000 6,180,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 450 14,000.000	110 35 35 200  140 THE	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City 6 N UNION 84 Miles 7,638,004	808,00 502,00 122,00 300,00 Population (Dec. 1986.)
Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia THE STAT	Republic	75,700 15,300 15,000 10,000 10,000 109 41.00 94,000	ai,763,000 6,180,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 450 14,000.000 Allilli Soviet Rus Ukmine . Transcauer	110 35 35 36 200  140  THE	Stockho Berne See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAl	City 6 N UNION 84 Miles 7,638,004	808,00 502,00 112.00 300,00
Spain	Republic	75,700 15,000 16,000 16,000 16,000 16,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,150,000 1,150,000	a:,763,000  6,250,000 6,250,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 14,000.000  Allill Soviet Rus L'Kraine Transcaucr White Rus	110 35 256 200  140 THE	Stockho  Berne  See Asia  Vatican  Belgrad  RUSSIA   IICS  S F.S.R.)	N UNION  84 Miles  7,638,004  174,372  71,899	808,00 502,00 122,00 300,00 Population. (Doc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000
Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia THE STAT  STATE AND CAPITAL Anhalt (Dessan) Saden (Karlsruhe) Savarfa (Munich) Savarfa (Munich)	Republic	195,700 173,000 175,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000	ar, 763,000 6, 150,000 4, 100,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Ukraine Transcauer White Rus	THE	Stockho  Berne   See Asia   Vatican   Delgrad   RUSSIAI	N UNION  54 Miles  7,638,004  274,372  71,899  49,041  288,669	808,00 502,00 112.00 212.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,855,174 85,379,500 5,338,100 4,153,1976 7,100,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Kingdom   State   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Mi	196,700 173,000 16,000 10,000 109 (11 126 94,000  N1.  Population 338,000 338,000 7,150,000 500,000 1,300,000	ar, 763,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Annual Noviet Rus Ukraine Transcaucr White Rus Turk knems	THE Sia (R. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s.	Stockho Berne. See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City  City  N UNION  7,638,004  274,372  7,1899 49,041 288,609 63,640	808,00 502,00 1x2.00 300,00 Population. (Dec. 1986.) 94,865,x74 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,152,076 1,100,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   S	Population  133,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  130,000  131,000  1,300,000  1,300,000  1,400,000	ar, 763,000 6, 150,000 4, 100,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Ukraine Transcauer White Rus	THE Sia (R. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s.	Stockho Berne. See Asia Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	N UNION  54 Miles  7,638,004  274,372  71,899  49,041  288,669	808,00 502,00 112.00 212.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,855,174 85,379,500 5,338,100 4,153,1976 7,100,000
Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey in Europe Vatican Yingoslavia THE STAT: STATE AND CAPITAL Anhalt (Dessan) saden (Karlsruhe) savaria (Munich) runswiok (Bunawi lesse (Dannstadt) Appe (Detmold) leeklenburg - Schw	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   Sp Miles   S	196,700 173,000 16,000 10,000 109 (11 126 94,000  N1.  Population 338,000 338,000 7,150,000 500,000 1,300,000	ai. 763,000 6.150,000 4.100,000 2.000,000 2.000,000 14.000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknine . Transcauer White Rus Tur kinenis Uzbekistar Tajikistan	THE  Sia (R. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s.	Stockho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City  City  N UNION  Si Miles  7,638,004  274,372  7,589  49,041  188,669  63,649  56,108	808,00 503,000 112.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,152,107,000 1,100,000 2,400,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic	156,700 173,000 16,000 10,000 10,000 109(11)26 94,000 N1. Population 338,000 3,810,000 7,150,000 1,300,000 154,000 660,000	ai. 763,000 6.150,000 4.100,000 2.000,000 2.000,000 14.000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknine . Transcauer White Rus Tur kinenis Uzbekistar Tajikistan	THE  Sia (R. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s.	Stockho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City  City  N UNION  Si Miles  7,638,004  274,372  7,589  49,041  188,669  63,649  56,108	808,00 502,00 1x2.00 300,00 Population. (Dec. 1986.) 94,865,x74 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,152,076 1,100,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Repub	Population  133,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  130,000  131,000  1,300,000  1,300,000  1,400,000	ai. 763,000 6.150,000 4.100,000 2.000,000 2.000,000 14.000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknine . Transcauer White Rus Tur kinenis Uzbekistar Tajikistan	THE  Sia (R. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s.	Stockho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City  City  N UNION  Si Miles  7,638,004  274,372  7,589  49,041  188,669  63,649  56,108	808,00 503,000 112.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,152,107,000 1,100,000 2,400,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic	156,700 173,000 16,000 10,000 10,000 109(11)26 94,000 N1. Population 338,000 3,810,000 7,150,000 1,300,000 154,000 660,000	ai, 763,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknaine Transcauer White Rus Turkmenus Uzbekistan Tajikistan	THE  REPLE  Sia (R. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	Stackho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City 6 N UNION Sq Miles 7,638,004 174,372 71,583,699 49,041 183,699 65,640 50,108 8,241,673	808,00 503,000 112.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,151,100,000 1,400,000 1,400,000
Spain Sweden Sweden Switzerland Tarkey in Europe Vatican Yingoslavia THE STAT:  STATE AND CAPITAL Anhalt (Dessan) Seden (Karlsruhe) Savaria (Ahmich) Frunswick (Bunswicksen (Ahmich) (Benstadt) (Schwerin) (Schwerin) (Schwerin) (Neustrelitz) (Neustrelitz) Tussia (Berlin) Tussia (Berlin)	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp.	Population  133,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  10,000  133,000  2,320,000  1,300,000  154,000  107,000	ai, 763,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknaine Transcauer White Rus Turkmenus Uzbekistan Tajikistan	THE  REPLE  Sia (R. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	Stackho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City  City  N UNION  Si Miles  7,638,004  274,372  7,589  49,041  188,669  63,649  56,108	808,00 503,000 112.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,151,100,000 1,400,000 1,400,000
Spain	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sq Miles   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Soo   Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp. Sp.	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	ai, 763,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 14,000.000 Allill Soviet Rus Uknaine Transcauer White Rus Turkmenus Uzbekistan Tajikistan	THE  REPLE  Sia (R. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	Stackho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City 6 N UNION Sq Miles 7,638,004 174,372 71,583,699 49,041 183,699 65,640 50,108 8,241,673	808,00 503,000 112.00 300,00 Population. (Jbc. 1986.) 94,865,174 28,397,000 5,938,100 4,151,100,000 1,400,000 1,400,000
Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey in Europe Vatican Yngoslavia THE STAT:  STATE AND CAPITAL Anhalt (Dessan) saden (Karlsruhe) savaria (Munich) tusse (Daumstadt) deklenburg (Detmold) deklenburg schwerin) focklenburg stellt (Keustrelitz) bldenburg (Oldenburussia (Berliu) axopy (Dreaden) chahmburg .ippe	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic	156,700 173,000 16,000 10,000 10,000 109(11)24 94,000  N1.  Population 338,000 3,810,000 1,300,000 154,000 660,000 157,000 580,000 37,000,000 37,000,000	ai, 763,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 450 14,000,000  Aiiiii Noviet Rus Uknaine Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaus Transcaus Transcaus Total.	THE  REPLE  Sia (R. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	Stackho Berne. See Asin Vatican Belgrad RUSSIAI	City 6 N UNION Sq Miles 7,638,004 174,372 71,583,699 49,041 183,699 65,640 50,108 8,241,673	808,00 508,00 112.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 11
Spain Sweden Sweden Sweden Sweden Sweden Sweden Yngoslavia Yngoslavia Yngoslavia Yngoslavia THE STAT: State and Capital Anhalt (Dessan) Jaden (Karlsruhe) Javaria (Munich) Srunswick (Bunawi Jesse (Dannstadt) Jippe (Detmold) Jippe (Detmold) Jippe (Detmold) Jippe (Berlin) Ackberlitz Keustrelitz Tussia (Berlin) Jacopy (Dresden) Chalmburg Chauburg Chauburg Jippe (Buckeburg) Jippe (Buckeburg)	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic	105,700 173,000 173,000 175,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 107,150,000 134,000 154,000 157,000 157,000 157,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000 177,000	ai. 763,000 6,150,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 14,000.000  Allill Noviet Rus Ukraine Transcauce White Rus Tin knems Uzbekistat Tajikistan Total	THE Sia (R. 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Sia (R. Sia (R. Sia (R. Sia (R. Si	Stackho   Berne,   See Asin   Vatican   Belgrad   RUSSIAI   IIICS.   F.S.R.)	City  6  N UNION  84 Miles  7,638,004  274,372  71,859  49,041  285,699  55,108  8,241,673	808,00 508,00 112.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00 113.00
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S. SIA HOSTA)	Stackho   Stackho   Stackho   See Asin Vatican   Beigrad   RUSSIAI   S. F.S.R.)	City 6 N UNION Sq Miles 7,638,004, 274,372 71,899 49,041 285,699 63,640 56,108 S,241,673 AND SIJ Sq Miles. 20,230 29,634	Population. 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STATE AND CAPITAL Anhalt (Dessan) Saden (Karlsruhe) Bavaria (Munich) Srunswick (Bunavi Hesse (Dannstadt) Hesse (Dannstadt) Hesse (Dannstadt) Hecklenburg Stelltz) (Neustrelitz) (Neustrelitz) Tussia (Berlin) kaxopy (Dresden) Chaumburg .lippe (Buckehurg) Thuringia (Weimar) Württemberg (Stutt Tanse Towns : Hamburg	Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   State   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic   Republic	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000	ai, 763,000 6,150,000 6,150,000 4,100,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 14,000,000 Allini Noviet Rus Uknahe Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcaue Transcau	THE THE THE Sisia (R.S. 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N UNION  Si Miles  7,638,004  274,372  71,899  49,941  288,609  53,609  53,008  S,241,673  AND SII  8q Miles.  20,230  27,634  1,777  4,985	808,000 508,000 112.000 112.000 113.000 113.000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,000 11000,00

CONTINENT.	Form of Government.	8q Miles	Population	Per Sq.	Cupital.	Popu- lation of Capital
sia.						( ajulai
Afchanistan	Kingdom	245,000	6,380,000	26	Kabul	80,000
Alexandretta	Republic		•••	•••	Alexandretta	15,000
talm	Principality		••		Sabia	
Rahraiu	Emirate Kingdom		115,000	•••	Manama	25,000
Bhutan	Kingdom	30,000	250,000	12	Punakha Colombo	·
Carlon	British	25,500	5,313,000	208	Colombo	290,000
Chine	Republic	4.870.000	440,000,000		Nanking Delhi	1,000,00
India	Empire	1,805,000	353,000,000		Delhi	447,00
1rda	Empire Kingdom	150,000	3,000,000	20	Baghdad	170,00
Janan	Empire Principality	260,800	84,000,000	381	Tokio	# 300,00
Kuwait	Principality		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Knwait	60,00
Malaya	British	51,000	4,790,000	86	Singapore	511,50
Naid and Heiaz	Kingdom	800,000	1,500,000	2	Riyadh Kathmandn	20,00
Nemal	Kingdom	54,000	5,600,000	100	Kathmandn	80,00
Oman	Sultanate Mandate Kingdom	82,000	550,000		Vluscat	22,00
Palestine	Mandate	,	1,000,000		Jerusalem	63,00
Pareis	Kungdom	630,000	10,000,000			210,00
Duggin in Auis	Ramblie	6,400,000	29,750,000		See Europe	•••
Giam	Republic Kingdom		11,500,000		Bangkok	550,00
Corbin and Laborary	Mandate	195,000	3,600,000	3,	Raymont	150,00
Theka in Asia	Panalia	105,000	12,000,000		Ankara	80,00
Turkey in Asia Tibet	Republic	400,000	3,000,000		Lhasa	30,00
Veissen	Republic	750,000	3,500,000		Sana'a	40,00
Yeinen	illiamate	74,000	3,500,000	- 40		40,00
frica.			1		Little Control	
Abyssina	Kıngdom	350,000	11,000,000	35	Adis Ababa	, 60,00
Egypt	Kingdom	363,200	14,000,000		Cairo	1,060,00
Liberra	Republic .	43,000	2,000,000	46	Monrovia	10,00
Liberia		314,000	5,000,000	15		
Southern Rhodesu	Dominun	150,300	1,000,000		Salisbury	. 7.59
NorthernKhodesia		a88,000	1,270,000		Livingstone	
Quelon.	Deletale	1,000,000	6,000,000	1 6	k hartonn	31,00
Union of South		1			Pretoria	83,00
Union of South	Dominion	800,000	8,000,000	10	Cape Town	225,00
forth America.			1	1	-	
Canada	Donalman		9,940,000	. 2	Ottawa	121,00
Mexico	Pontable	3,700,000	16,400,000		Mexico	970,00
Newfoundland	Republic	769.000	276,000		St. John's	60,00
		162,750	137,000,000		Mexico	487,00
United States		3,736,000	59,000		Juneau	457,00
	Territory	586,000	39,000		Jilleatt	
entral America			1 -	1	- ·	
Buitish Honduras	Colony	8,600	46,000		Relize	19,0
Costa Rica	Republic	23,000	516,000		San José	52,0
**************************************	Republic	42,500	1,500,000		Guatemala	121,0
Honduras	Republic	44 275	775,00	19	Тедискара .	40,0
Nicaragua	Republic	51,660	750,000		Managua	40,0
Panama	Republic	31,890	442,00	13	Panama	83,0
Salvador	Republic	13,180	1,437,00	109	San Salvador	50,0
Vest Indies.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	i		1
British W Indias	British	18,300	1,740,00	D:		
Cuba	British Republic	44,180	3,700,000	8o	Havana	
The production of			3,700,00	1		330,0
Darmblia	Republic Republic	19,300	1,000,000	50	Santo Domingo	40,0
Haiti	Ramblic	10,800	2,300,00		Port-au-Prince	
	. itopatone	. 10,200	2,300,00		1 Old-Bul-1 libro	5,0
outh America.	l			_		1
Argentina	Republic	. 1,132,000	10,500,00		Buenos Aires	2,100,0
Bolivia	Republic Republic Republic	. 600,000	3,000,00		la Paz	247,0
prazil	Republic	. 3,300,000	40,000,00		Rio de Janeiro	
Dritish Guiana .	Biitish	. 90,000	30,7,00		Georgetown	57,0
Chile	Képublic	. 290,000			Santiago	. 700,0
Colombia	'Republic	462,000			Bogotá	. 200,0
Ecuador	Republic Republic	. 276,000	2,000,00	9 7	Quito	. <b>80</b> ,c
Paraguay	Republic	62,000	800,00	0 13	Asuncion	70.0
Peru	Republic	358,000	5,500,00	0 15	Lima Monte Video	. 316,0
· Uruguay	Republic	78,200	2,000,00	27	Monte Video	. 660,0
Venezuela	Republic	. 363,730	3,027,00		Carácas	135,2
2-1		1				1
					1	1
Boomia.	0				Canhows	I • -
	Commonwealth Dominion	. 3,000,000	6,000,00		Canberra	. z <b>s</b> 6,c

# OCEAN AREAS AND DEPTHS.

The greatest known Ocean Depth (in the Pacifit, off Mandanao, 32.05g feet) is not much greater than the greatest land height (in the Himalavas), but the mean depth of the Ocean floor exceeds 12.05g feet, while the mean height of the surface of the land area of the Earth above sea layed is only a 300 feet. The following table

gives the areas of with the greatest	the princip	al oceans and seas, th of each :
	Oceans	
* Name		Greatest Depth
Pacific	(sq miles)	Off Mindanao,
* HOTHE	03,980,000	32,080
Atlantic	31,530,000	Porto Rico Trench,
	3-,33-,	31,366
Indian	28,350,000	Sunda Trench.
		aa.e68
Arctic	5,541,600	North Polar, 13,200
	Scar.	
Malay	3,137,000	Kei Trench, 21,342
Central American		Cartbhean, 20,568
Mediterranean	1,145,000	Pola Deep, 12,275
Behring	878,000	Buidir Trough,
Okhotsk	_	13,422
OKHOUSK	582,000	Kurıle Trough,
East China	.0	10,554
Hudson Bay	480,000 472,000	about 10,500 about 1,500
Japan	405,000	about 10,200
Andaman	305,000	about 11,000
North Sea	221,000	Skaggerak, 1,998
Red Sea	178,000	20° N , 7,854
Baltic	158,000	about 1,200
	-3-1	

## THE HIGHEST MOUNTAINS

The following list contains the principal peaks of such ranges as the Hunalayas and the Andes, and the highest mountains in other ranges.

•••	ing and indicate they		may co.
	V	Dane	Height
	Everest Name	Limelerer	m reet
	Werest	antaminini.	. 29,141
	(lodwin-Austen (K z)		28,250
	Kauchanganga I		28,146
	Nanga Parbat	. ,,	+26,629
	Kamat	, .,	∮85,43፣
	Illampu (Sorata)	.Andes	25,248
	Illimani	,,	. 24,633
	Aconcagna	. ,,	23.025
	Sahama	. ,,	
	Chimbpiazo		
	Lullialineo		20.844
	Lullialineo	Alaska	. 20,300
	Kilima Niaro	Tanganyika	10.730
	Cotopaxi Mount Logan	Andes	10.612
	Mount Logan	Rockies	10.530
	Mount Elias		10.500
	Mount Elias Elbrus	Cancasus	18.526
	Demayend	.Persia	18 464
		. Cordilleras	-8 250
	Charles Louis	New Guinea	*8 000
	Popocatepetl	Mayrea	
•	Citlaltepetl	,,	17,540
	Sangay	Ecuador	,,300
	Koshtan Tau		
	Kenya	Caucasus	17,090
		.Kenya	17,040
	Araret	Armenia	10,910
o	Ruwenzori	Ogunus	10,800
	Kazliek.	Caucasus	E0,546
	Mont Blanc	Alps	15,781
	y		

† Highest in British Empire. § Highest summit climbed by man

	THE LARGEST-ISLANDS.	Area in
е	Name of Island Ocean.	q, Miles.
'n	Greenland (Danish)	
		330,000 a84,000
1	Madagascar (French) Indian Batfin Land (British) Arctic Sumata (Netherlands) Indian Lireat Enterio Atlantic	\$\$8,000
t '	Baffin Land (British) Arctic	220,000
	Sumatra (Netherlands) Indian	x6a,000
	Great Britain Atlantic .	88,745
,	Honshiu (Japan) Pacine	87,500
	Prince Albert &c (Pritish) Arctic	78,000
	South Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific	60,000 58,500
	Houshiu (Japan) Pacific Celébes (Netherlands) Indian Celébes (Netherlands) Indian Celébes (Netherlands) Prince Albert, &c. (British) Arctic South Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific Vava (Netherlands) Indian North Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific Cha (Judepundent)	48,400
9	North Island, N.Z. (British) Pacific	44,500
		44,000
5	Newfoundland (British)	48,750
	Tooland (Tudewardent) Atlantic	41,000
3	Ellasmere (British)	40,500
•	Mindanao (U S A.) Pacific	37,000
	Hokkaido (Japan)	36,800
-	Ireland Atlantic .	32,600
	Novaya Zemlya (Russian) Arctic	30,000
	Atlantic   Columbia   Atlantic   Columbia   Arctic   Arctic   Mindanao (U S A.)   Pacific   Hokkaido (Japan)   Ireland   Atlantic   Novaya Zemlya (Russian)   Arctic   Sakhalin (Russo-Japanese)   Pacific   Hinti (Independent)   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   Atlantic   At	29,100
•	Pagniania (Rittigh) Pouitle	28,200 26,215
	Ceylon (British) Indian	25,400
•	Ceylon (British) Indian Banks (British) Arctic North Devon (British)	25,000
	North Devon (British) ,	24,000
	Vancouver (British) . Pacific	20,000
	There del From (Amendan) Adenda	29,000
	Southampton (Ruitish) Austin	27,800
	West Spitsbergen (Norway)	15,260
ì	Prince of Wales (British)	-5,500
		45,000
Ì	Formosa (Japanese) Pacific	15,000
Ì	Formosa (Japanese) Pacific North Somerset (British) Arctic	13,500
	Vancouver (British) Pacific Melville Land (British) A totic Tierra del Fuego (Argentine) Atlantic Southampton (British) Arctic West Spitshergen (Norway).  Prunce of Wales (British) Pacific North Sonnerset (British) Arctic Sicily (Italian) Medit Medit	13,500
	WIF IONORUM DITTON	13,500 12,000 10,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS +	13,500 12,000 10,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow	13,500
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missouri- VississippiGulf of Mexico	13,500 12,000 10,000 Length in Miles 4,502
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missouri- VississippiGulf of Mexico	13,500 22,000 10,000 Length in Miles 4,502 4,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 12,000 10,000 , Length in Miles 4,502 4,000 4,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 12,000 10,000 Tength in Miles 4,502 4,000 4,000 3,400
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 22,000 10,000 Tength in Miles 4,502 4,000 4,000 3,490 3,390
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 12,000 10,000 Tength in Miles 4,502 4,000 4,000 3,400
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 12,000 10,000 1 Length in Miles 4,502 4,000 3,400 3,400 3,300 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow Missouri- MississippiGulf of Mexico Atlantic Nile	13,500 12,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 3,300 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS + River Outflow   Missouri- Vississippi	13,500 12,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,440 3,440 3,500 3,000 3,000 3,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missourr- Vississippi Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Arctic Sea Congo Atlantic Lena Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Obb Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Ob Arctic Sea Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzic Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea Alkansas Mississippi Madeira Annazon St. Lawrence Gulf of Mexico Rio Mexico Bean Gulf of Mexico Rio Medit Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can	13,500 18,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missourr- Vississippi Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Arctic Sea Congo Atlantic Lena Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Obb Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Ob Arctic Sea Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzic Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea Alkansas Mississippi Madeira Annazon St. Lawrence Gulf of Mexico Rio Mexico Bean Gulf of Mexico Rio Medit Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can	13,500 18,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missourr- Vississippi Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Arctic Sea Congo Atlantic Lena Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Obb Arctic Sea Niger Gulf of Gunea Ob Arctic Sea Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzic Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea Alkansas Mississippi Madeira Annazon St. Lawrence Gulf of Mexico Rio Mexico Bean Gulf of Mexico Rio Medit Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can File Sea Can	13,500 18,000 18,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,700 1,000 1,700 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Missouri- Vississippi. Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Yenise Arctic Sea. Congo Atlantic Lens Arctic Sea. Niker Gulf of Gunea Obi Arctic Sea. Hoangho North Pacific Amur , Parana Atlantic Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzie Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea. Arkansas Mississippi Madeira Amazon St. Lawrence Gulf of St. Lawrence. Rio del Norte Gulf of Mexico Sao Francisco Atlantic Danube Black Sea Euphrates Persian Gulf Indus Arabian Sea	13,500 18,000 10,000 1, length in Miles 4,502 4,000 3,400 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 8,500 8,500 8,400 8,400 8,400 8,400 8,400 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Missouri- Vississippi. Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Yenise Arctic Sea. Congo Atlantic Lens Arctic Sea. Niker Gulf of Gunea Obi Arctic Sea. Hoangho North Pacific Amur , Parana Atlantic Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzie Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea. Arkansas Mississippi Madeira Amazon St. Lawrence Gulf of St. Lawrence. Rio del Norte Gulf of Mexico Sao Francisco Atlantic Danube Black Sea Euphrates Persian Gulf Indus Arabian Sea	13,500 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Missouri- Vississippi. Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Yenise Arctic Sea. Congo Atlantic Lens Arctic Sea. Niker Gulf of Gunea Obi Arctic Sea. Hoangho North Pacific Amur , Parana Atlantic Volga Caspian Sea Mackenzie Beanfort Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea. Arkansas Mississippi Madeira Amazon St. Lawrence Gulf of St. Lawrence. Rio del Norte Gulf of Mexico Sao Francisco Atlantic Danube Black Sea Euphrates Persian Gulf Indus Arabian Sea	13,500 10,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
	THE LONGEST RIVERS † River Outflow Missourr- Mississippi Gulf of Mexico Amazon Atlantic Nile Mediterranean Yangtse North Pacific Yenise Arctie Sea Congo Atlantic Lena Arctie Sea Niger Gulf of Gumea Obb Arctie Sea Hoangho North Pacific Amur Waranta Atlantic Lena Atlantic Lena Arctie Sea Hoangho North Pacific Amur Waranta Atlantic Volga Caspian Sea La Plata South Atlantic Yukon Behring Sea At kansas Mississippi Madeira Amazon St. Lawrence Gulf of Mexico Rao Francisco Atlantic Danube Black Sea Euphrates Persian Gulf Indus Sea	13,500 10,000 1, rength in Miles 4,502 4,000 3,400 3,000 3,000 3,000 8,600 8,600 8,500 8,400 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,8

THE LARGEST-ISLANDS.

† The most famous river fulls are Nuspara, between the Province of Ontario and New York State, on the Nagara Kurer; the Vectora Fulls on the Zambees River, Russas between Argantina and Brasit; and the series of falls in the Yosente Valley in California.

TANK TANK TOTAL	ATTA CARLESON AND ADDRESS
THE LARGEST SHIPS. Ship. Tops. Dimensions (ft.)	THE GREATEST SEAPORTS.  Entered Cleared Ocean Trade
Ship. Tons. Dimensions (ft.) Cunarder (Building) 73,000 ro8 ×	Tons. Tons.
(a) Majestic (Brit.) 56,621 915×100×58	Alexandria 4,866,000 4,851,000 56,840,000
(a) Leviethan (II.S.) EO.057 007 X 100 X 58	Amsterdam 4.220.000 2.445.000
Rerengaria (Brit.) 52,256 883× 98×57	Antwerp 23,604,000 24,152,000
Bremen (Ger.) 51,656 898×101×48	Bombay 3,868,272 3,866,177 79,733,000
Rex (Ital.) 50,000 X X	Bristol 2,355,000 1,913,000 35,311,000
()(vm()(c (Dr(t,)	Buenos Aires 3,909,000 90,956,000
Europa (Ger.) 49,746 890×x0x×48	Calcutta 2,94x,846 2,650,040 96,262,000
Conte di Savoia (Ital.) 46,000 X X	Cardiff 5,889,000 7,505,000 23,848,000 Colombo 8,943,786 8,885,964
Aquitania (Brit.) 45,647 868 × 97 × 49 Ile de France (French) 43,153 763 × 98 × 55	
Ile de France (French) 43,153 763× 92×55 Empress of Britain (Brit.) 42,349 733× 97×37	Glasgow 4,221,000 4,795,000 70,388,000
L'Atlantique (French) 40,945 7:3× 9:×57	Glasgow 4,821,000 4,795,000 70,383,000 Grimsby 1,745,000 1,823,000 35,643,000
Paris (French) 34,569 735× 85×59	Hamburg 19,652,000 19,783,000
Homeric (Brit.) 34,351 751 83×48	Hong Kong 14,910,026 14,922,232 167,613,388
Augustus (Ital.) 33,000 666× 82×47	Hull 4,986,000 4,338,000 88,060,000
KONIB (1081.)	Kobé 5,335,000 5,182,000 100,668,000
Columbus (Germ.) 32,354 749 × 83 × 49 Mauretania (Brit.) 30,696 762 × 88 × 57	Leith 1,453,064 1,523,867 25,189,000
Mauretania (Brit.) 39,696 762× 88×57 Statendam (Neth.) 39,511 670× 81×49	Liverpool 13,944,000 12,773,000 351,246,000
Statendam (Neth.) 29,511 670× 81×49	London 21,417,036 11,723,156 603,743,000
Cap Arcona (Ger.) 27,501 043 × 84 × 41	Manchester 3,464,000 3,055,000 76,289,000
Beigenland (Brit.) 27,132 670 × 78×44 Britannic (Brit.) 26,043 683 × 82×48	Marseilles xx,575,000 xx,299,000 Monte Video 6,489,000 6,473,000 x9,527,000
Britannic (Brit.)	Monte Video 6,489,000 6,473,000 19,527,000   Montreal 1,898,000 1,961,000 125,000,000
Empress of Scotland (Rrit.) as who has y as Yes	Montreal 1,898,000 1,951,000 125,000,000   Newcastle 6,543,000 7,919,000 41,749,000
Empress of Japan (Brit.) 25,260 677× 77×50 Empress of Japan (Brit.) 25,000 644× 83×44	New Orleans 5, 180,000 4, 525,000 708, 560,000
Adriatic (Brit.) 24,679 709× 75×52	New York 20,558,000 21,327,000 754,798,000
Conte Riancamano (Ital.) 24.416 650 X 76 X 27	Philadelphia 2,444,000 1,505,000 68,140,000
Duilio (Ital.) 24,381 602 76×46 Rotterdam (Neth.) 24,149 650× 77×43 Nore (a). The Levathan is 8 ft. shorter than the Moyeste, and if measured according to the rules adopted	Rangoon 4,489,776 4,478,137 51,000,000
Rotterdam (Neth.) 24,149 650× 77×43	Rio de Janeiro 3.067.000 3.031.000 32.657.800
Note (a). The Lewisthan is 8 ft. shorter than the	Rotterdam17,783,000 14,689,000
Majestic, and if measured according to the rules adopted by British Lines her tonnage would be 44.262, the	San Francisco 1,811,000 2,365,000 68,870,000
Majestic, measured according to the rules adopted by	Shanghai 7,810,000 7,900,000 122,000,000 Singapore 6,602,009 6,612,000 101,686,212
Magestic, and it measured according to the rules adopted by British Lines her tonings would be \$4.25 the Magestic, measured according to the rules adopted by the U.S. Shipping Board would be 62.250 ton THE LONGEST BRIDGES.	Singapore 6,602,009 6,622,000 202,686,222
THE LUNGEST BRIDGES.	Southampton 10,606,000 10,583,000 76,222,000 Sydney, N.S. W. 2,361,883 78,920,000 Wellington, N.Z.3,839,810 28,792,832
(With length, in metres, of waterway)	Sydney, N.S. W. 2,361,883 78,920,000   Wellington, N.Z. 3,830,810 28,702,822
Tay Bridge, Scotland 3,136 Forth Bridge, Scotland 2,530	Weilington, N.Z. 3,839,810
(with length; in metres, of waterway) Tay Bridge, Scotland 3,135 Forth Bridge, Scotland 2,530 Rio Salado, Argentina 2,043 Rio Dulce, Argentina 1,788 Hardway India 5,644	
Rio Dulce, Argentina 1,788	THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE WORLD.
Hardinge, India	These are generally enumerated as follows :-
Victoria Jubilee, Montreal 1,623	The Pyramids.
Moerdijk, Netherlands 1,432	The Hanging Gardens of Babylon.
Harbour, Sydney, N.S.W 2,257	The Tomb of Mausolus.
Harbour, Montreal 1,185	The Temple of Diana at Ephesus.
Queensborough, U.S.A 1,134	The Colossus of Rhodes.
Brooklyn, U.S.A 1,052	The Statue of Jupiter by Phidias
Quebec Bridge, Quebec	The Pharos (lighthouse) of Alexandria.
Manhattan, U.S.A 850	LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD.
Ohio, U S.A	(Mother Tongues)
Empire State N V 11 S A	Language People
Chrysler Building, N.Y., U.S.A.	English 180,000,000
Bank of Manhattan, N. Y., U.S.A 828	Russian 140,000,000
	Comen
Woolworth's, New York, U.S.A 70s	German 80,000,000
Chrysler Building, N. Y., U.S.A	
Woolworth's, New York, U.S.A 798  Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	Portuguese
Woolworth's, New York, U.S.A	Portuguese
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	Portuguese
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	Portuguese
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	Portuguese
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt 450 Salisbury Cathedral (Spire), England 404 St Paul's Cathedral (Cross), England	Portuguese
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt	Portuguese

# : TEMPERATURE AND

GENERAL: The maximum temperature on record of the air in shade is 134° Fahr., observed at Greenland Ranch, California, on July 10, 1912.

The wettest station in the world is generally allowed to be Cherra Poonjee in Assam, where 22.83 inches. On one of these days, June 14, 40.80 inches fell in 24 hours.

BRITISH ISLANDS: The maximum temperature of the air recorded in the shade at 4 feet above the ground is 100° Fahr. This was observed at Wilton House, Salbsury, on July 15, 1881, and at Greenwich Observatory on Aug. 9.

The lowest temperature of the air recorded

RAINFALL RECORDS.
in the shade at 4 feet above the ground is
-a3° Fahr., or 55° below freezing point, at
Blackadder, Berwickshire, on Dec. 4, 189.
The greatest rainfall in a day was at Bruton,

somerset, when 9'36 inches fell in the 24 hours ended 9 a.m., June 29, 1927. This rainfall is equal to 965 tons of water per acre.

The total rainfall for a year at Stations in the British Islands during the 55 years 1890 to 1924 ranged from 246 gs inches at Llyn Llydaw (Copper Mill), Carnarvon, and 247 30 inches at the Stye, Cumberland in 1923, to 9 29 inches at Margate in 1921.

The maximum wind-velocity on record in the British Isles was recorded at Scilly on December 6, 1929, when a gust reached the rate of xxx miles per hour.

	Ī	TEMPER	LATUR	E			RAINFALL.			
YEAR		HOTTEST AND COLDEST DAYS (as recorded at Greenwich Observatory)			BRITISH ISLES. LONDON. (Camden Square)					
IRAH	Shade M	fax (Fahr)	Shade M	tin (Fahr)	Max	in at hours	ending at 9 a m	Total for the	No of Rain - days,	Dura-
	Temp	Date -	Temp	Date	Amt	Date	Place	Year	o'oz and up- wards	Hours.
1906 2907 1908 1909 1910 1913 1913 1914 1915 1916 1919 1921	94 3 84 7 84 7 86 4 7 86 2 80 2 100 0 90 0 87 1 93 2 83 9 93 3 94 0	Aug 31 Sept #5 July 3 June 20 June 20 June 27 June 27 Aug 22 June 27 Aug 22 June 27 Aug 22 July 12 May 26 July 12 May 24	19 8 mm 4 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm	Dec 30 Jun 24 Jun 24 Jun 25 Jun 27 Feb 2 Jun 29 Feb 23 Jun 24 Jun 24 Jun 25 Jun 26 Jun 27 Jun 27 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 Jun 28 J	1 ms 6 15 4 86 4 86 4 85 7 90 6 4 85 7 90 9 56 4 58 1 6 10 4 70	Aug B	Loch Quoch Borrowdale Borrowdale Brundall Donesster Snowdon Dalcross Kulochquoich Bruton	1116. 24 26 23 01 23 67 26 75 26 75 26 77 27 88 26 77 27 88 26 77 27 18 30 05 30 05 30 05 21 4 CO	163 175 187 190 186 155 160 163 168 152 175 196 182 175 115	420 419 501 577 497 473 526 453 514 559 628 628 621 520 520 520 520 520 520 520 520 520 520
1923 1984 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	92 8 88 8 89 5 88 2 84 9 92 0 91 0	July 22 July 28 July 28 Sept. 29 June 26 July 22 Aug 31 Aug 28829	28 7 21 2 81 4 26 0 18 5 23 9 12 0	Dec 9 Nov 26 Feb 15 Jan 27 Dec 29 Dec 15 Feb 15 Nov 17	5 57 9 40 4 13 6 05 6 00 7 77 8 31 5 70	Nov zz Aug z8 Aug z8 July z8 June z8 Nov zz July zz	Luchwold Carries Can gton (Brymore) L Llydaw Cpr. M Abergwegn El Fst (Ll (hw'dQ) Ill Fst (Oakley Q) Rhondda (Lluest Wen Reservoir). Castleton	97 03 30 08 24 91 37 25 33 84 26 04	18a 188 17a 269 18a 175 134 176	479 540 481 530 568 458 424

# METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY (BRITISH ISLES), 1930-1931, THE results in the table below are for London (Kew and Westminster)—barometer readings reduced to Mean Sea Level, from October 1930 to September 1931 inclusive.

PRI VIE RE RAINFAI L WIND St NSHINE. TEMPERATURE (Mean Sen Level ) Diff from Diff from Diff from MONTH Prevalent Percentnormal, 1881-1915. Mean D tys Amount normal. Meun normal. Direction. 1881-1915 age ·F inches inchesinch inches. 1'83 above o'53 below 1930 October.. 54 2 3 o above 16 29'87 0 07 helow X II November 3'94 1'61 8W 17 16 19 417 04 o'53 below sw **December** 29 91 0 07 ahove 5 " 378 above 26'14 **164** sw Year 52 1 16 29 91 0'07 helow ,, 29 o.48 below 29'91 0'14 below Ŵ 1931 January .. 39 9 0.3 16 1'14 40 3 | 0 4 below 13 o'14 above February .. 19 1.00 W 16 March ..... 1.0 20'05 0'02 Bbove E 0.83 28 18 z.30 apove April ... .... May .... ... 48 5 | o'3 above 3.20 NW ,, 30'17 o'13 above 29'83 o'17 below 39'90 o'08 ,, 30'17 below May ... 55 5 1 4 ,, June ... 61 5 1 8 , July ... 62 5 0 7 below August ... 61 5 1 0 , September. 55 7 2 5 ,, 16 SW 2'77 36 38 30 30 ,, o'19 below sw II 1.41 o'37 above sw 2 56 ,, 3.08 NE 0.63 14

# THE LARGEST CITIES OF THE WORLD.

Ine land	POT CITII	W OF THE MOTIO.	
LONDON (Greater), see below	8,202,818	PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (1931)	850,000
New York, U.S.A.(1930)	6,930,446	St. Louis, U.S. A. (1930)	8az,g6o
BERLIN, Prussia (1925)	4,000,000	MADRID, Spake (1931)	808,000
(hicago, U.S.A. (1939)	3,376,438	Baltimore, U.S.A. (1930)	804,874
PARIS, France (1931)	2,871,030	Boston, U S A (1930)	781,188
Osaka, Japan (1930)	\$,500,000	COPENHAGEN, Denmark (1931)	770,000
TOKYO, Japan (1930)	#,300,000	Manchester, England (1931)	766,333
BUENOS AIRES, Argentina (1931)	2,100,000	Bai celona, Spain (1927)	760,000
Philadelphia, U.S.A. (1930)	1,950,961	Amsterdam, Netherlands (1930)	760,000
VIENNA, Austria (1930)	z,886,000	Santiago, Chile (1930)	700,000
Moscow, Russia (1926)	1,600,000	Cologne, Prussia (1985)	698,000
Detroit, U.S A. (1930)	1,568,66a	Munich. Bavaria (1925)	68x,000
RIO DE JANKIRO, Brazil (1930)	1,500,000	Kioto, Japan (1985)	680,000
('alcutta, India (1931)	1,420,000	Leipsic, Saxony (1985)	680,000
Canton, China (1910)	1,370,000	Istanbul, Turkey (1927)	673,000
Peking, China (1921)	1,300,000	Pittsburgh, U S.A. (1930)	669,817
NANKING, China (1921)	1,300,000	MONTE VIDEO, Urnguay (1930)	660.000
SIDNEI, New South Wales (1930)	1,238,660	Toronto, Canada (1931)	653,000
Los Angeles, USA (1930)	1,238,048	Marseilles, France (1931)	652,000
Bombay, India (1931)	1,160,000	Madras, Iudia (1931)	647,000
Hamburg, Germany (1925)	1,130,000	Kobé, Japan (1925)	644,000
WARSAW, Poland (1931)	1,110,000	San Francisco, U.S.A. (1930)	634,394
Glasgow, Scotland (1931)	x,088,000	BUCHARRST (1931)	631,000
( A1RO, Egypt (1987)	1,060,000	Genoa, Italy (1931)	627,000
Montreal, Canada (1988)	1,100,000	DRESDEN, SAYOUY (1925)	619,000
MELBOURNE, Victoria (1930)	1,020,000	Turm, Italy (1931)	602,000
Birmugham, England (1931)	1,008,413	LISBON, Portugal (1930)	587,334
ROME, Italy (1931)	1,000,000	Rotterdam, Netherlands (1930)	586,000
BUDAPEST, Hungary (1931)	1,000,000	Milwaukee U.S A (1930)	578,249
Shanghai China (1930)	1,000,000	Buffalo, U.S.A. (1930)	573,076
Leningrad (1927)	1,000,000	Lyons, France (1931)	571,000
Naples, Italy (1931)	983,000	Alexandria (1925)	570,000
Vilan, Italy (1931)	976,000	Breslau, Prussia (1925)	555,000
MEXICO, Mexico (1930)	970,000	BANGKOK, Siam (1930)	550,000
('leveland, U.S.A. (1930)	900,489	HAVANA, Cuba (1930)	530,000
Brussels, Belgium (1931)	886,000	Sheffield, England (1931)	511,742
Liverpool, England (1931)	855,539	STOCKHOLM, Sweden (1931)	502,000
	-	Apre va Bonne	

, JONES WINES VARIOUS BOI	TINTEN A FATTEU	AREA IN	POPUL	ATION
LONDON WITHIN VARIOUS BO	UNDAKIES,	STATUTE ACRES	1921.	1931.
City of London			13,709	20,996
Administrative County of London		74,173	4,470,814	4,385,825
Central Criminal Court District				•••
Metropolitan and City Police Districts		445,	7,466,498 7,480,201	•••
Greater London		448,301		8,202,818
Greater Dondon		443,455	7,480,201	0,202,010

Boundaries —The Administrative County of London includes the whole of the Metropolitan Parliamentary Division. It also comprises the City of London and the 28 Metropolitan Boroughs. The Metropolitan Police District extends over a radius of 15 miles from Charing Cross, exclusive of the City of London, and embraces an area of upwards of 699 square miles.

		IN RANGES.		LARGEST CITIES OF THE BR	ITISH
CONTINENT Europe England Wales Scotland Ireland	RANGE Alps Cumbrian Carnarvon Grampian Macgilli- cuddy	Highest Peak Mout Blane Scafell Snowdon Ben Nevis Carrantuchill	3,210 3,571 4,406	London, Eugland Sydney, New South Wales Bombay, India Calcutta, India Montreal, Canada	8,202,818 1,238,660 1,157,851 1,419,321 1,098,400
Ana Africa North America South America Australia New Zealand Oceania	Himalaya Tanganyika Alaska	Everest Kilima Njaro McKinley Illampu Kosciusko Cook Kini Balu	29,000 19,780 20,300 25,248 7,328 12,349	Glasgow, Scotland Melbourne, Victoria Birmingham, England Liverpool, England Manchester, England Toronto, Ontario	1,095,409 1,088,417 1,018,200 1,008,413 855,539 766,323 953,000 647,828

# The League of Mations.

THE League of Nations came into being when the Treaty of Peace with Germany was ratified on January 10, 1320. Its Charter, containing 26 Articles, is known as the Covenant, which begins

with the following words :-

"The High Contracting Parties, in order to promote international co-operation and to achieve international peace and security by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war, by the prescription of open, just and honourable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understanding of international law as the actual rule of conduct among Governments, and by the maintenance of justice and a sempnlous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organised peoples with one another, agree Covenant of the League of Nations"

The Covenant of the Learne contains fundamental clauses on the prevention and settlement of disputes. These clauses bind nations who are members of the League not to employ force for the settlement of a dispute until they have first submitted it to the League of Nations (or to arbitrators or to judges) The right to re-sort to war was hitherto retained in case the League, or the arbitrators, failed to reach an unanimous decision, but even so, only after a delay of three months after such failure.

The Membership of the League comprises at present a nations, or three equatiers of the whole World, the British Empire and the Dominions (including the Irish Free State, together with India) being each an independent member, with separate voting power and representation. The only two great countries which hold aloof are America and Russia, and they, particularly America, are co-operating with the League in

a number of beneficent activities.

# ORGANISATION OF THE LEAGUE.

The Assembly meets annually at Geneva about September 10, and consists of 3 representatives from every Member State, each State having

The Council meets three times a year. Britain, France, Italy, Germany and Japan are permanent members, and at present 9 other States are annually elected as temporary members. These are Poland, Yugoslavia, Pern, Spam, Venezuela, Persia, Guatemala, Norway and the Irish Free State

The Secretariat is the permanent Civil Service of the League, at Geneva, and is composed of nationals of nearly all Member States Secretary-General, Hon Sir Eric Drummond, K.C.M.G., C.B. (British).

Deputy Secretary-General, J. Avenol (French) Under Secretarier-General, Marquis Paulnou di Calboli (Italian), M Dufour Féronce (German),

M. Y. Sugimus (Japanese) Information Section, Fierre Comert (French), Director ; Arthur Sweetzer (American), Assis-

tant Director

The Technical Organisations and Commissions, which act as expert advisers to the Conneil and Assembly, are continually handling questions concerning International Communication and Transit, Economics and Finance, Health, Mandates, and the Reduction of Armaments. No week passes without these bodies discussing international questions of wide interest, or without some conference being held at Genera and

achieving constructive work in international

co-operation.

The Permanent Court of International Justice, consisting of fifteen Judges and four Deputy Judges, chosen for their high legal and moral authority, sits at the Hague and deals by means of opinions and judgments with all disputes referred to it regarding International Law, breaches of International obligations, and the interpretation of treaties. It has already dealt with 35 disputes, some of which might have led to an open heach between the States concerned. It has already won a great reputation both in the Foreign Offices and in the legal professions of the world. The annual session begins on June 15; but in future the Court is likely to sit all the vear round

The International Labour Office is closely connected with the League, but has a parallel organisation of its own at Gene a, which was also set up by the Peace Treaty. The Governing body represents twelve States, of which eight (including freat Britain, Canada and India) are chosen as being of chief industrial importance in the world They are assisted by an international Secretariat, which collects and disseminates information and organises conferences The conferences, to which Governments, Employers and Workers' Organisations send delegates, pass Conventions or Recommendations which Governments ratify if they so desire. There have already been over 400 ratifications of Labour Conventions. The man object in view is to bring up the standard of labour in the less advanced States to the level of the standard in countries where greater progress has been made. The Director of the International Labour Office is Albert Thomas (French), the Deputy-Director H. B. Butler (British). There is a Loudon office H. B. Butler (British). That zs Victoria Street, S.W.z.

Cost — The cost of the League, 1930-1, will be about £1.260,000, to which Great Britain contributes 20112

tributes some £ 120,000.

WHAT THE LEAGUE HAS DONE.

The work of the League is many-sided, and is constantly growing. It includes the prevention of a number of wars, the creation of the Permanent Court at the Hague as an alternative for war, positive reconstruction as in the case of the war, positive reconstruction as in the case of one financial nestoration of Austria, Hungary, and Northern Greece, the outlining of an important new policy of "freer" trade, improvements in international traffic and health, progress in real control of the traffic in drugs and in women, and child welfare. After ten years' continuous study of the problem of the Reduction of Armaments the League has reduced it to three bedrock principles-Arbitration, Security and Disarmament The purely technical study of Disarmament is now sufficiently advanced for the first general World Conference to be held, it is hoped, before the Twelfth Assembly meets in Sept 1931. LEAGUE OF NATIONS UNION.

LEAGUR OF NATIONS UNION, 15, Grosvenor Crescent, S.W. 1. - Joint Presidents, Viscount Grey of Fallodon, K.G., and Viscount Cecil of Chelwood, K.G.; Charman of Executive Com-muttee, Prof. Gilbert Murray, LL.D.; General Sec., J. C. Maxwell Garnett, C.B.E., Sc.D.

Any information about the League and its work can be obtained by application at this address.

	Dry	1	D				,- , -
Country Afghanistan	Nadir Shah	·	Born	188o		rede	
Albanis	Zog, I., King of the Albanians	i			Sept.	10,	1929 1928
Alexandretta	M. Durieux, President	1				٠.	1026
Argentine Republic	José F. Uriburu, President		••		Sept	₹8,	1930
Austria	Wilneld Miklas, President	A 2.42			Dec.	0,	1986
Beigium	Horen Wannehnk Maharara	April	. 6,	1075	Deo.	17,	1909
Bolivia	Albert, King Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja Ugyen Wangchuk, Maharaja Daniel Salamanos, President Getulto Dornelles Vargas, Prov. President	;	•••		Mar.	4.	1931
Brazil	Getulto Dornelles Vargas, Prov. President	i		- (	Nov.	3,	1030
Bulgaria	Boris III., Tear Juan Esteban Montero, President Chiang Kai-shek, President	Jan	30,	1894	Oct. `	3,	1930 1918
Chile	Chiang Kai shak Desident	)		•	Dec. Oct.	5.	1931
Colombia	Enrique Olava Harrara, President		•••	v86-	Ang		1928
Costa Rica	Enrique Olaya Herrera, President'				May	á.	1930
Cuba	General Gerardo Machado, President Tomas G. Masaryk, President				May	<b>3</b> 0,	1925
('zechoslovakia	Tomas G. Massryk, Prendent			1850	Nov.		1918
Denmark	Prince Truitle President	Sept.	20,	1870	may Ang		1918
Fenador	Rafael Trujillo, President	i	•••		Aug	10,	1931
Egypt	Fund I., King	Mar	<b>26</b> .	x868	Oct	g.	1917
Estoma	Konstantin Pats, Head of the State	1	•••				1931
Ethiopia (Abyssinia)	Haeli Sellasié I, Emperor	July	,	1891	April		1930
Finland	Paul Donmer Prendent	Mar	• •	-R	Mar June		1931
Germany	Pehr Evind Svinhufud, President	Oct.	2.	1847	June May		1931
Gibece	Alexander Zaimis, President	1			Dec		1929
(inhteniala	General Jorge Ellico. President	1	•;•	1	Feb		1931
Haiti	Stenio Vincent, President Vicente Mejia Colindres, President		-1-		Wal.	_	1931
Honduras	Nicholas Horthy de Nagybánya, Regent		•••	1867	Feb.		1929
Louisnel	Christian X King of Denmark & Leeland	Sept.	<b>ж</b> б.	1870	May		1912
Iraq (Mesopotamia) .	Feisal I , King	}		1884	Auα.		1921
Italy	Victor Emmanuel III., King	Nov	II,	1869	July	29,	1900
Japan	Feisal I , King Victor Emmanuel III., King Hirohto, Emperor Albert Kytasis, Prendent Charles Debbys Prendent	April	29,	1001	Dec	<b>'25</b> ,	1986
Lebanese Republic	Charles Debhas President			1991	April	ı,	1930 1930
Liberra	Charles Debbas, President	!		1	Jan		19#0
Liechtenstein	Franz I., Prince	Aug.	28,	1853	Feb.		1929
lathuania	Antanas Smetona, President		•••	i	Dec.		1926
Luxemburg Mexico .	Charlotte, Grand Duckess	Jan.	≠3,	1896			1919
Monaco	Louis, Prince	July		1820	Feb. June	5,	1930
Morocco	Sidl Mohamed, Sultan	,	,	1000	Nov.	30.	1987
Morocco	Abdul Aziz Ibn Abdul Rahman el Faisal al	j	,	1882	Jan.	ıı,	1926
N1	Louis, Prince Sulf Mohamed, Sulfan Abdul Rahman el Faisal al Saud, King.	T		اء	T		
11 Charter	DIF DIRIUM, Manusaya	June Aug.	30.	1906	Nov.		1911
Nicarneria	José Maria Moncada, President	i arreit.	34,	1000	Jan.		1890, 1989
Norway	Haakon VII., King	Aug.	3,	1872	Nov.		1905
Oman	Wilhelmins, Queen	1	٠.	1886	Oct	5,	1913
Panama	Ricardo J. Alfaro, President	Mar.	•		Jan. Vob	16,	1931
Paragnay	Emiliano Gonzalez Navero. President	nar.	3¥,	1857	ren.	σ,	roža
Persia.	Reza Pahlevi, Shah	!	• • •	į	Oct.	31.	1931 1925
Peru	Seyyid Taimur, Sultan Rıcardo J. Alfaro, President Pius XI., Pope Emiliano Gouzalez Navero, President Beza Pahlevi, Shah Sanchez Cerro, President Ignacy Mosoicki, President Antonio de Kragoso Carmono, President Carol, King Viacheslav Mikhailovich Molotov (Scriabine), President.			- 1	Aug.	27,	1930
Poland	Ignacy Moscicki, President			1867	June	I,	1926
Empanie	Antonio de Fragoso Carmono, President	Oct.	•:_	-80-	Inne		1926
Russia (U.S S.R.)	Vischeslay Mikhailovich Moletov (Scriabine)	TA'b.	¥5,	1893	June Dec.		1930
	President.			ا	_ 001	,	-950
ESSIVACION	Plo Romero Rosaue. President		•••		Mar.	ı,	1927
Sarawal.	Two "Capitani Reggenti"	el		-			-
SHAME	Prejedbrok King	Sept.	35,	1874	11 & Y Nov		1917
Spain	Manuel Agana, President	107.	٠٠,	1093	Oct	20,	1925
Sweden	Gustaf V., Bing	June	, z6,	1858	Dec.	8.	1907
Switzerland	G. Motta, President		'	- 1	Jan.	z,	1932
Tiangiando-	Shakh Tej-ed-din, Chief of State		•••	, ;	A 0 1		1930
Turkey	Chasi Vastanha Kamal President		•••	-88-	April Oct	**	1921
United States	Herbert C. Hoover, President				Mar.		1923
Uruguay	Gabriel Terra, President			1	Mar.		2931
Vaccelent	IH. H. Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, G C M.G , Raja Prajadlipok, King Manuel Agaña, Fresndent Gustaf V, Ming G. Motta, President Shaikh Tej-ed-din, Chief of State Abdullah, Emr. Ghasi Mustapha Kemal, President Herbert C. Hoover, President Gabriel Terra, President Juan Vicente Gomez, President Alexander I., King	n	•••		<b></b> ,		1929
- 480818VIB	Alexander I., King	Dec.	17,	1655	Aug.	15,	198ž
1	1000						

THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The President of the United States of America is elected on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires.

Name.	State.	Party.	Born	Years of Office	Died	Age
GEORGE WASHINGTON		Fed.	1732	1789-1797	1799	67
John Adams		,,,	1735	1797-1801	1826	90
Thomas Jefferson		DemRep.	1743	1801~1809	1826	83
James Madison	Va.	"	1751	1809-1817	1836	85
James Monroe,	Va.	,,,	1758	1817~1825	1831	73
John Quincy Adams	Mass.	,,,	1767	1825-1829	1848	80
Andrew Jackson		Dem.	1767	1829-1837	1845	78
Martin Van Buren		1 ,	1782	1837-1841	1862	
. William Henry Harrison†	Ohio	Whig	1773	March-April, 1841	1841	22
John Tyler (a)	' Va.	,,	1790	1841-1845	1862	71
. James Knox Polk		Deni.	1795	1845~1849	1849	53
Zachary Taylort	La.	Whig	1784	1849-1850	1850	53 65
Millard Fillmore (a)	, N.Y.	,,	1800	1850-1853	1874	74
Franklin Pierce	N.H.	Dem.	1804	1853-1857	1860	64
James Buchanan	Pa.	,,	1791	1857-1861	x868	77
Abraham Lincoln†\$	Ill.	Rep.	1800	1861-186<	x86<	46
Andrew Johnson (a)	Tenn	,,	1808	1865-1860	1875	56 66
. Ulysses Simpson Grant		1 %	1822	1869-1877	x88×	63
. Rutherford Birchard Hayes	Ohio	1 ,	1822	1877-1881	1893	70
James Abram Garfield+6	Ohlo	, ,	1831	March-Sept., 1881	1881	49
Chester Alan Arthur (a)		1 ,, .	1830	1881-1885	1886	56
Grover Cleveland		Dem.	1837	1885-1880	1908	71
Benjamin Harrison	Ind.	Rep.	1833	1889-1893	IQOI	67
Grover Cleveland	N.Y.	Dem.	1837	1893-1897	1908	71
William McKinley+§	Ohio	Rep.	1843	1897-1901	1901	58
Theodore Roosevelt (a)		,,	1858	1901-1909	1010	60
William Howard Taft	Ohio	•	1857	1909- 1913	1930	72
. Woodrow Wilson	N.J.	Dem	1856	1013-1081	1930	67
Warren Gamaliel Harding	Ohio	Rep.	1865	1921-1923	1923	
	1			∫1923-1925	-y=3	57
, Calvin Coolidge (α)	Mass.	Rep.	1872		•••	
Herbert C. Hoover	Iowa	Rep.	1874	1989-1933	i	
•	Iowa		1874	1985-1989 1989-1933 ected as Vice-Preside	١	

FRENCH DYNASTIES AND PRESIDENTS.
The Capets The Consulate.
Hugh Capet, "The Great" 987 Bonaparte, Cambacerès, and Lebrun 24 Dec. 1799
Tonie IV "St. Louis" res6 The First Engine
Philip, "The Hardy"
Philip: "The Fait "
Louis X The Restoration.
John I
Bhilip, "The Long" 1346   Charles \( \) (dep. 30 July, 1830; d. 6 Nov. 1836) 1844     Charles IV., "The Handsome" 1328   The House of Orleans
Charles IV., "The Handsome" 1322
TRE HOUSE Of ACOUS
Philip VI. (18 visitis, 110 resolution 1380; (Abdicated - Wab - a.a. ) - August a 7
Charles VI, "The Beloved"
Louis XI 1461 The Second Empire.
Charles VIII
Louis AII 1498 (Deposed 4 Sept., 1870; died 9 Jan., 1873.)
Francis I
Francis II
Charles IX
Henry III., last of the race 1574 Jules Grévy 30 Jan. 1879
The House of Bourbon Marie François Sadi Carnot 3 Dec. 1887
Honey IV "The Great " King of Neverne wells   Joan Cosimir Perier es June - See
Louis XIII., "The Just"   15to   François Félix Faure   17 Jan. 1895   Louis XIIV., "The Great," Dieudonné   1643   Emile Louhet   17 Jan. 1895   Louis XV., "The Well-heloved"   1715   Armand Fallières   18 Jan. 1906
Louis XIII. "The Just"       réro       François Félix Faure       17 Jan. 1865         Louis XIV. "The Great," Dieudonné       1643       Emile Loubet       18 Feb. 1899         Louis XV. "The Well-heloved"       2715       Armand Fallieres       18 Jan. 1895
Four XV "The Well-beloved" rate Armand Fallières va Jan 1006
Louis XVI. (guillotined at January, 1793) 1774 Raymond Poincaré
! Louis XVII. (never reigned) 2702 . Paul Deschanel 8 Feb. 2020
The First Republic. Alexandre Millerand So Sept. 1920
The National Convention first sat Sept. 1702 Gaston Doumergue
The Directory nominated Nov. 1795 Paul Doumer
1,70

THE UNIT	ED	STATES.		LARGEST OF	TIES OF U.	В
	Inte of Admission		Population	City.	Popula	
States and Territories	불	Gross Aren	White and	W. greengman T. C.	, ORFIE	1930
	7	eq m.	Coloured	WASHINGTON, D.C. New York, N.Y	437,571 5,630,048	486,869 6,930,446
				Chicago, Ill Philadelphia, Pa	2,701,705	3,376,438
I NITED STATES	-8	3,026,789 51,998	2,646,248	Philadelphia, Pa Detroit, Mich	1,823,779	1,050,061
Alabama (Ala ) Arizona (Ariz )	1012	113,956	435,573	Los Angeles, Cal	993,678 576,673	1,568,65a 1,238,048
Arkansas (Ark )	1836	53,335	1,854,482	Cleveland, Ohio	796,841	900,429
('alı'oınia (Cal.) ('olorado (Colo.)	1850 1876	158,297 103,948	5,677,251	Baltimore, Md	772.897 733,826	841,960 804,874
('onnecticut (Conn.)	8	4,965	1.606.003	Boston, Mass	748,060	78x,x88
Delawate (Del.) Distof Columbia (D.C.)	ğ	2,370	238,380 486,869	Pittsburgh, Pa	588,343 506,676	669,817
Florida (Fla.)	1845	70 5 <b>8</b> ,666	1,468,211	San Francisco, Cal Milwaukee, Wis Buffalo, N Y	457,147	634,394 578,249
(leorgia (Ga.)	•	59,265	2,908,505	Buffalo, N Y	506,775	573,076
Idaho Ilimois (III.)	1818	83,888 56,665	445,03ª 7,630,654	Minneapolis, Minn New Orleans, La	380,582 387,219	464,356 458,76a
Indiana (Ind.)	1816	36,354	3,238,503	Cincinnati, Olno	401,247	451,160
lowa	1846	56,147 82,158	2,470,939 1,880,999	Newark, N.J	414,524	448,337
Kentucky (Ky )	1703	40,598	2,614,589	Scattle, Wash	384.410 315,312	399,746 365,583
Lomsiana (La.)	1812	48,506	2,101,593	Indianapolis, Ind Rochester, N.Y	314,154	364,161
Maine (Me.)	1820	33,040 12,327	797,423 1,631,526	Jersey City, N.J.	295,750 298,103	328,132 316,715
Maryland (Md.) Massachusetts (Mass.)	8	8,266	4,249,614	Louisville, Ky	#34,891 i	307,745
Michigan (Mich.) Minnesota (Minn.)	1837	57,980	4,842,385 2,563,953	Portland, Ore Houston, Texas	258,288	301,815
Mississippi (Miss.)		46,865	2,009,821	Toledo, Ohio	138,276 243,164	292,352 290,718
Missouri (Mo.)	1821	69,420	3,689,367	Columbus, Ohio	237,031	200,564
Montana (Mont ) Nebraska (Nebr.)	1869	146,997 77,5 <b>2</b> 0	537,606 1,377,963	Denver, Col Oaklaud, Cal	256,491 216,261	a87,861 a84,063
Nevada (Nev.)	1864	110,690	91,058	St Paul, Minn	234,698	271,606
New Hampshire (N.H.)	\$	9,341 8,224	465,293 4,041,334	Atlania, Ga	200,616 158,976	270,366
New Jersey (N.J.) New Mexico (N. Mex.) New York (N.Y.) North Carolina (N.C.)	1913	122,634	423,317	Birmingham, Ala	178,806	250,678
New York (N.Y)	0	49,204	12,588,066	Akton, Ohio	208,435	255,040
North Dakota(N.Dak)	188a	52,426 70,837	3,170,276 680,845	Memphis, Tenn Providence, R.I	162,351 237,595	253,143 252,981
Ohio	1803	41,040	6,646,697	San Antonio, Texas	161.370	231,542
Oregon (Oreg )	1850	70,057	2,396,040 953,786	Omahe, Neb Syracuse, N.Y	191,601	214,006
Pennsylvania (Pa.)	3	45,126	9,631,350	Dayton, Omo	152,550	209,32 <b>6</b> 200,982
Rhode Island (R.I.) South Carolina (S.C.)	Ŋ	1,248 30,989	687,497	Worcester, Mass Oklahoma City, Okla	179,754	195,311
South Dakota (S. Dak.)	1880	77,615	1,738,765 692,849	Richmond, Va	91, <b>295</b> 171,667	185,389 182,929
Tennessee (Tenn.)	1796	42,022	2,616,550	Youngstown, Ohio	132,358	170,008
Texas (Tex.)	1845	265,896 84,990	5,824,715 507,847	Grand Rapids, Mich Hartford, Conn	137,634 138,036	168,598 164,072
\ e1 mont (Vt.)	1701	9,564	359,611	New Haven, Conn Fort Worth, Texas	162,537	162,655
Virginia (Va.) Washington (Wash.)	-	42,627 69,127	2,421,851 1,563,396	Fort Worth, Texas		163,447
West Virginia (W. Va.)	1863	24,170	1,729,205	Flint, Mich Nashville, Tenn	91,599	156,498 153,866
Wisconsin (Wis.)	1848	56,066	2,939,006	Springfield, Mass San Diego, Cal	129,614	149,900
Wyoming (Wyo.)	1890	97,914	225,565	Bridgeport, Conn	74,361 143,555	147,995 146,716
Continental U.S		3,026,789	122,775,046	Scranton, Pa	137,783	143,433
OUTLAING TERRI-				Long Beach, Cal	126,408	148,559
Alaska Hawaii	1867	586,400	59,278	Tulsa, Okla	55,593 72,075	142,038 141,258
Porto Rico	1898	6.407	368,336	Solt Loke (Sty Titch		140,867
Philippines	1	3-435	1,543,913 †18,08a,366	Paterson, N.J. Yonkers, N.Y.	135,875	138,513 134,646
Cuam Panama Canal Zone	1	206	18,500			129,710
amoa		549 76	39,467 20,055	l Jacksonville, Fla.	01.455	129,549
Virgin Islands	1	133	22,012	Albany, N.Y Trenton, N.J	113,344	123,356
Military and Naval	1	•••	89,453	Kansas City, Kansas	101,177	121,857
Total	ļ	3,738,395	137,008,435	Chattanooga, Tenn Camden, N.J	57,895 116,309	119,798 118,700
† Figures for				Erie. Ps	02,378	115,967
6 The 13 orig	dnal i	sta <b>tor.</b>		Spokane, Wash	104,437	215,514

# Finance and Trade of Foreign Countries.

(Converted to Sterling at the rates shown on pp. 476-478.)

-		*	Impo	orte	Exports.			
COLATBY .	Revenue.	Debt	Total.	From U K.	Total	To Ü.K		
	£	£	£	£	£	£.		
Abyssinia	***		2,500,000	70,000	2,000,000	30,000		
Afghanistan	1,500,000		1,750,000	15,000	2,250,000	2.000		
Albania	880,000 137,000,000	2,000,000 622,000,000	350,000 180,000,000	25,000,000	125,000	57,000,000		
Austria	44 000,000		80,000,000	3,000,000	55,000,000	3,000,000		
Belgium	54,700,000	289,000,000	176,700,000	18.000,000	150,000,000	30,000,00		
Bollvia Brazil	3,200,000	13,000,000	5,500,000	350,000	10,500,000	3,400,000 5,500,000		
Bulgaria	35,000,000	140,000,000	7,000,000	410 000	9.000,000	100,00		
Chile	21,000,000	50,000,000	35,000,000	6,000,000	33,000,000	7,400,000		
China	40,000 000	215,000,000	168,000,000	9,000,000	135,000,000	10,000,000		
Colombia Congo Free State	10 600,000	6,000,000 4,000,000	30,000,000	1,600,000	25,000,000	1,400,000 471,000		
Costa Rica	1,100,000	4,000,000	2,750,000	461,000 270,000	3,400,000	2,000,00		
adgt)	16,200,000	18,000,000	53,000,000	2,175,000	60 400,000	6,607,00		
Ozechoslovakia	60,000,000	220,000,000	95,500,000	2,000,000	106,400,000	7,000,00		
Denmark Dominican Rep	18,400,000 2,600,000	50 000,000 3,000,000	95,100,000 4,800,000	20,250,000	83,600,000 5,000 000	55,000,000 2,008,000		
Benador	z,500,000	4,676,000	3,300,000	400,000	3,500,000	170,00		
Egypt	39,000,000	92,000,000	48,000,000	12,000,000	32,000,000	18,000,00		
Betonia	4,716,000	5,500,000	5,310,000	690,000	5,363,000	2,250,00		
Finland France	300,000,000	3,804,000,000	28,500,000 421,500,000	3,288,000	28,000,000 344,500,000	50,000,00		
Germany	555 000,000	3,004,000,000	508,700,000	27,000,000	589,100,000	66,000,00		
Greece	27,354,000	117,858,000	\$9,000,000	3,750,000	16,000,000	2,000,00		
Guatemala .	2,000,000	3.957,000	4,744,000	442,000	5,973,000	71,00		
Haitı Hondmas	2,000,000	4 750,000 8,900,000	3,800,000	183,000 555,000	4,400,000 2,691,000	162,00		
Hangary	25,000,000	10,000,000	28,000,000	840,000	30,000,000	1,800,00		
Iceland	500,000	1,000,000	2,500,000	612,000	2,400,000	385,00		
Iraq	4,000,000		17,000,000	3,822,000	12,500,000	1,708,00		
Italy	146,344,000 176,000,000	751,991,400	187,700,000	8,300,000	131,100,000	15,000,00 8,000,00		
Latvia	6,360,000	3,500,000	10,400,000	1,285,000	7,540,000	6,001,000		
Laberia	105,000	280,000	450,000	207,000	360,000	61,00		
Lithuania	5,000,000	1,500,000	4,000,000	252,000	5,500,000	390,00		
Luxemburg	1,000,000 30,000,000	1,800,000	36,000,000	6,000 2,434,000	60,000,000	524,000 3,000,00		
	30,000,000		9,000,000	1,765,000	2,500,000	564,00		
Morocco Najd and Hejaz .	1,000,000		•••	150,000	• •	15,00		
Netherlands	51,000,000	252,000,000	199,700,000 2,060,000	19,000,000	141,900,000 2,600,000	40,000,00		
Nicaragua Norway	880,000 21,500,000	2,400,000 87,500,000	50,000,000	258,000 13,000,000	38,000,000	197,00		
Panama	2,040,000		2,500,000	425,000	500,000	67,00		
Paraguay	1,067.000	2,400,000	2,473,000	114,000	2,500,000	103,00		
Persia.	6,000,000	2 400,000 15.000,000	15,000,000	6,000,000 1,500,000	27,000,000 34,000,000	13,000,00 5,000,00		
Peru	10,000,000	70,000,000	55,000,000	3,600,000	60,000,000	8,000,00		
Portugal	13,150,000	75,000,000	84,000,000	3,400,000	10,000,000	3,700,00		
Rumama	41,750,000	25,400,000	30,000,000	2,000,000	35,000,000	5,000,00		
Russia Salvador	2,278,000	4,000,000	3,370,000	7,000,000	5,100,000	34,000,00		
Siam	9,200,000	12,120,000	17,810,000	2,059,000	a,ece,coc	300,00		
Spain	102 445,000	553,000,000	100,000,000	10,000,000	85,000,000	27,000,00		
Sweden	39,484,000	100,925,000	90,700,000	10,000,000	85,100,000	23,000,00 12,050,00		
Switzerland Turkey	13,180,000	89,500,000	100,800,000	5,250,000	193,000,000	3,250,00		
U.S. of America	800,000,000	4,000,000,000	628,900,000	≥9,000,000	777,000,000	154,000,00		
Uruguay	10,400,000	44,300,000	19,000,000	3,000,000	18,500,000	4,600,00		
Venezuela	6,8z6 ccc	3,660,000	13,300,000	1,600,000	14,373,000	800,00		
Yugoslavia	41,737,000	121,000,000	27,752,000	1,350,000	28,430,000	800,00		

# Colonial Possessions of Foreign Countries.

-		or Mottign Country		1
THE FRENCH COLONIAL		NETHERLANDS CO	DLONIES.	.
COLORY AND CAPITAL, MI	Q POPU-	COLONY AND CAPITAL	Sq Murs	POPU-
	200 273,000	Java and Madura (Batavia)		35,000,000
	,000 6,000,000	Sumatra (Padang)		6,500,000
Cambodia (Pnom Penh) 68,	000 2,500,000	Riouw - Lingga (Tanjong		
	500 4,000,000	Plnang)	18,000	125,000
	000 7,000,000	Banka and Billiton (Muntok)	6,350 56,000 }	160,000
	200 200,000	West Borneo (Pontianak) South and East Borneo	50,000	1,700,000
Algeria (Algiers) 222	,200 6,000,000	(Banjermasin)	156,000	
	,000 6,000,000	Celébes (Macassar)	72,000	3,000,000
	,000 2,000,000° ,000 1,250,000	Moluccas (Ternate) Amboyna (Amboyna)	44,000 20,000	300,000
	,000 300,000	Neth. Timor (Kupang)	21,000	1,000,000
Fr. Sudan (Bamako) 800	,000 6,000,000	Balı and Lombok (Singaraja)	5,000	600,000
Fi Guinea (Konakri) 93	,000 2,250,000	Western New Gumen	_	
Ivory Coast (Bingerville) zas Dahomey (Porto Novo) 38	,000 1,750,000	(Ternate) Surinam (Paramaribo)	160,000	113,000
	,000 3,000,000	Curação (Willemstad)	50,000 440	22,000
Fr. Niger (Zinder) 400	.000 1,250,000	,,,,		,
Fr Congo (Brazzaville) 1,000		DODMINOTES CO.	TANTE	
	,000 200,000	PORTUGUESE CO	LUNIES.	
Madagascar (Antananarivo). 225	,000 4,000,000	Port. India (Nova Goa)	1,500	605,000
Mayotte (Pamanzi)	800 100,000	Macao (Macao) Port. Timor (Dilly)	3	80,000
St Pierre · Miquelon (St.		Cape Verde Islds. (Praia)	7,500 1,500	300,000 150,000
Pierre)	700 4,000	Port. Guinea (Bissau)	14,500	450,000
Martinique (Fort de France)	700 250,000	Port. Guinea (Bissau) Port. West Africa (S. Paul		13-,
	,000 50,000	de Loanda)	480,000	5,000,000
New Caledonia (Nouméa) 9	,000 60,000	Port. East Africa (Louienco Mrques)	200 000	
Fahitı, &c x	,500 32,000	Minducs)	300,000	3,000,000
Syria and Lebanon (Beyrout) 105	,,000 3,600,000	CDAWTON BOSCH	0070370	
	,000,000	SPANISH POSSE	BRIONS.	
	,000 800,000	Balearic Islands (Palma)	2,000	350,000
TEATTAN COLONY		Ceuta (Ceuta) Canary Islands (Santa Cruz)	2,800	36,090
ITALIAN COLONIE		Kernando Lo (Rasile)	800	480,000 21,000
	,000 400,000	Rio de Oro (Villa Cisneros)	100,000	,
	,000 600,000	Spanish Guinea (Santa		
'Irmolitana (Benghazi) 360	,000 400,000	Isabel)	11,000	200,000
Thentsin (Tientsin)	20 10,000	Morocco	8,000	700,000
Dodecanese	— 100, <b>000</b>			
JAPANESE POSSESSI	ONS.	U.S.A. INSULAR JUI	RISDICT1	ON.
Korea (Seoul) 85	,000 19,000,000	Philippine Islands (Mamla)	114,500	12,100,000
Formosa (Taihoku) 13	,500 4,000,000	Guain (Agana)	206	19.000
	,000 204,000	Porto Rico (San Juan) Virgin Islands (St. Thomas)	3,450	1,544,000
Kwangtung (Dairen)	,200 1,000,000 84 60,000	Tutuila (Pago Pago)	133 58	9,000
Pacific Islands	800 50,000	Panama Canal zone	500	40,000
THE BELGIAN CON		LEAGUE OF NATIONS	MAND	ATES.
The Independent State of the C	ongo became a	FORMER GERMAN COLONIES.	ALLOTTED T	10
Belgian Colony by a law of Oct. 18 The total area amounts to 909	, 1906. .644 80. miles.	TogolandFrance	e : Gt. Br	ritain.
with a native population estim	ated (1924) at	CameroonFrance	e : Gt. B	ritain.
12.000,000. The total European po	pulation (Jan.,	S.W. Africa	of South	Africa.
1926) Was 15,236.	t of Tuly sees	German E. AfricaGt. B German New GuineaCom'v	rivain: Be	Australie
By the Anglo-Belgian Agreemen the districts of Ruanda and Urun	di portions of	Nauru IslandNew		
the former territory of German	ı East Africa	Caroline Islands, &c Japan	ì.	
which adjoin the Belgian Congo of	n the E., were	Samoan IslandsNew	Zealand.	4-60-
assigned by Great Britain to Belgi	um. Ruanda	Kiao-ChaoJapan	restored	to China).
and Urundi formed the N.W. corr East Africa from 5° S. lat. to the	ner of German	FORMER TURKISH TERRITORY.		
( Canda and have an	area or about	IraqGt. B	ritain.	
1 -3,999 Su. Miles, with an estimat	ed population	PalestineGt. B	rit <b>ai</b> n.	
of 3,000,000.		Syria and LebanonFrance	e.	

90	and hohum.			,		
Dominions by Continents	How Acquired	Date	Estimated Area (sq miles).	Estimated Population.	Capital	Popula- tion of Capital.
Europe.						
Isle of Man	Purchase	1827	230	£	Douglas	
Channel Islands	Duke of Normandy	1006	70	60,000 90,000		_
Malta and Gozo	Treaty Cession	x814	120	225,000	Valletta	22,500
Gibraltar	,, ,,	1713	2	28,000		_
Asia, Indian Empire	Conquest and Cession	1757-1807	1,900,000	259,000,000	Dellu	448,000
Cevion	Treaty Cession	1801	25,500	4,500,000	Delhi	250,000
Straits Settlements .	Protectorate	1785-1909 1874-1888	1.660		Singapore Kuala Lumpur	
Federated Mulay States Other Malay States		1974-1888	27,700 24,800	3,974,000		108,000
Hong Kong	Treaty Cession	1842-1906	390	875,000	Victoria	465,000
Weihaiwei North Borneo	C'Oyalom "	1898 1877	300	260,000 260,000	Sandakan	i =
Brunei	Protectorate	1888	2,500	30,000	Brunei Kuching	10,000
Brunei Sarawak Cyprus	British Raja	1988 1914	50,000 3,600	600,000	Nicosia	30,000
Pa'estine	Conquest & Mandate	1914-1918	9,000	311,000 800,000	Jerusalem	19,000 63,000
A F-ina	· ·	-, , -,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		3,,,,,
Cape Province	Treaty Cession	2824	277,000		Cape Town	210,000
Natal	Annexation	1843 1900	35,300 110,400	7,000,000	Pietermarit/burg Pretoria	37,000 75,000
	" :	1900	50,000	)	Bloumfontein	45,000
South West Protectorate	Conquest	1914	322,200	228,000	Windhoek .	
Basntohand Bechnamhand	" ·	z895	275,000	500,000 253,000	Maseru Mafeking (Cipe)	2,300
Southern Rhodeser Northern Rhodeser	Treaty Cession	x88q	140,000	900,000	municially	7,500
Northern Rhodesin	Treaty Cession	1889 1807	288,000 4,000	1,270,000 210,000	Livingstone	
Gambia Gold Const Sierra Leone	" "	1672	70,000	2,030,000	Bathurst	10,000
Sierra Leone	,, ,,	1787	34,000	1,541,000	Freetown	45.000
Nigeria and Cameroon . Somaliland	" "	1891 1884	336,000 68,000	300,000	Lagos	_
Kenya	Cession and Conquest	1886-1918	200,000	2,530,000	Berbera	24,000
Kenya	Treaty Cossion	1894 1914-1918	223,500	3,245,500	Entebbe Dar-es-Saham	
Tanganvika Zanziba	Treaty Cossion	1914-1916	365,000 2,020	4,123,000	Zauzibar	25,000
Nyasaland	Treaty Cossion Conquest	1891	38,000	1,200,000	Zomba	
Sudan	,,	1898 1810-1814	2,015,000 720	6,000,000 384,000	Khartoum Port Louis	34,000 50,000
Seychelles	Treaty Cossion	2824	150	25,000	Victoria	50,000
Seychelles St Helena Ascension	Conquest	1673	47	3,800	Jamestown .	1,500
America.	Occupation	1815	38	150	_	_
Ontario	Conquest and Cession	1759-1763	407,260	2,934,000	Toronto	652,000
Queboc	,, ,,	1759-1763	706,850	2,351,000	Quener	Z3Z,000
Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island	Treaty Cession	16a7 1713 1763	28,000	824,000 388,000	Hallfax	60,000 8,000
Prince Edward Island	Conquest	1745-1763	2,200	89 000	Charlottetown	12,500
British Columbia	Settlement .	1670	355,900	525,000	Victoria	40,000
Manitoba	,, ·····	1813 1670	251,900 255,300	588,000	Winnipeg Edmonton	200,000 66,000
Alberta	,,	1670	251,700	758,000	Regina	67,000
North-West Territories	Treaty Cession	z670	1,250,000	8.000	St John's	-
Newfoundland Jamaica	Conquest	1583 1655	162,750 4,200	263,000 863,000		40,000 63,000
Bahamas	Conquest Settlement	z620	4,400	60,000	Nassau St John's St George's	_
Bahamas	Ceasion	1623-1659 1763-1783	750 510	140,000 162,000	St George's	7.000
Barbados.	Settlement !	1605	170	186,000	Bridgetown .	14,000
Trinidad and Tobago	Conquest .	1797	z,860	300,000	Port of Spain Georgetown .	64,000
British Gmana British Honduras		1803-1814	90,000 8,600	301,000 46,000	Belize	56,000 18,000
Barninda	Settlement	1012	90	24,000		
Falkland Islands South Georgia, &c	Settlement Treaty Cossion Occupation	1771	4,618 3,000,000	3,000	Port Stanley	900
Oceanie	-	1771	3,000,000	_	_	_
New South Wales	Settlement	1788	310,000	2,265,000	Sydney	1,240,000
New South Wales Victoria South Australia	,,	1832	88,000	z,667,000	Melhonme	1,020,000
South Australia	,,	1836 1824	380,070 670,500	495,000 848,000	Adelaide Brisbane	385,000
Tasmania	,,	1803	20,220	214,000 366,000		58,000
Western Australia	,,	28a8	976,000	366,000	Perth	203,000
Northern Territory, Australia		_	523,620	4,200	Darwin	
Panna	Annexation	z884	90,540	360,000	Port Moresby .	
New Zealand Fiji	Settlement & Conquest Cession from Natives	2845 2874	105,000	2,434,000 257,000	Wellington	143,000
Pacific Islands	Cession and Conquest	1893-1914	7,500	200,000	Suva (Fiji)	Z3,000
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# British Gberseas Gobernors.

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Europe— Notthern Ireland, The Duke of Abercorn, R.a., R.P. Governor-General	,000
Islo of Man, Sir C Hill, K c B 1., C I F , Lentenant Governor	700
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(in) rattar, Gen Str A & Country, G C M., E C M d., Governor	500
Asia- Nulsa Empire, Earl Willingdon, P.C. o M. V. G. M. G. G. G. B. E. Vicerov per mensem Rs 200,	.000
Madras, LtCol. Rt Hon Su G F. Stanley, a c 1 F. c M a Governor . do Rs 10, Bonday, May Gen Rt Hon. Sir F H Sykes, a 1 F. c M a K c B . c M a . Garernor do Rs 10,	000
NIMEN EMPIRE, Earl Willingdon, FC, GWSI, GMIF, GCMG, GBE, Viceror per mensem Rs 20.  Madras, LtCol. Rt Hon Sii G. F. Havley, GCIF, CWG, Governor do Rs 20.  Hombay, May Gen Rt Hon. Sir F. Havles, GCIF, CWG, Governor do Rs 20.  Hangal, LtCol. Rt Him. Sir F. Stanley, Jackson, GCIF, Governor do Rs 20.  Linded Provinces, Si. William Malcolm Halley, GCIF, KCYG, GWF, Governor do Rs 20.  Punjub, Sir Geoffrey Fitzhervey de Montmorency, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company, Company	000
Pingul, Nir Geoffrey Fitzhervey de Montmorency, r. v i , r. c. i , r. c. v o , c. r. f. forcinor do. Rs. 8. Barina, Nir Charles Alexanider Innes, r. c. s. i , c. r. s. forcinor do. Rc. 8. Bihar and Orissa Ni Hugh Lansdown Mephenson, r. c. i , forci obx. forcino do. Rs. 8. Centual Prominers, Nir M. N. Dutlei, r. c. s. i , c. v o , c. r. s. forcino do. Rs. 6.	333
Central Provinces, Sir M. N. D. Butler, R.C. S. C. E., C. F., C. F., C. F., Choreino do. Rs. 6, 1884m, Sir E. Lamie L. Hammond, R.C. S. J., C. B. F., Governor	500
I fastom. Six B. Latitic L. Hammond, K.C.S., Chr., Governor. do Rs. 5. N. Prontier Provinces Six Steam Experience of Rs. 4. Annex Merident, Six L. W. R. Synolds, K. C. P. C. R., Chr., Chief Commissioner	000 7
Coorg. Lt. Col. R. J. C. Bruke, Chief Commissioner do Rs. 4. Bullin histori, A. N. L. Citor, C. E. Chief Commissioner do Rs. 4.	000
Delta, Sir John Thompson, K.C. E., C.S.   Class Commissioner   do, Rs. 3.   Andamans and Nicolains, Id. Col. M. L. Ferrar. C. S. 1, C. L. E., O. B. C. (Chief Commissioner do Rs. 3.   Aden, Ld. Col. B. R. Reilly, C. L., O. E. P. Resident   do Rs. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res. 3.   Res	000
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Palestine and Transladan, Lt. Geo. Str. & G. Wauchope, Kob., On G., Cir., Deo. High Cammissiones Sq. (vrion, Str. Gracine Thumson, G. M. G., Kober, nor	000,
Barriad, Sir Charles Alexander Innes, a as 1, 1 k, Governor  Barriad, Sir Charles Alexander Innes, a as 1, 1 k, Governor  Barriad, Sir Charles Alexander Innes, a as 1, 1 k, Governor  Barriad, Sir Charles Alexander Innes, a as 1, 1 k, Governor  Central Provinces, Sir W. N. D. Bullet, a c. 1, c. 1, c. 1, c. c. 1, c. c. a. Governor  do. Ra. G.  Raymer Sir E Lauin I. Hammond, a c. 1, c. 1, s. Governor  A W. Pronten Provinces hir Neuarit E Pears, a c. 1 k, c. 1 v, Chef Commissioner  do. Raymer Merwette, Sir L. W. Raynolds, a c. 1 v, c. 8, 1, 1 v, Chef Commissioner  do. Raymer Merwette, Sir L. W. Raynolds, a c. 1 v, c. 8, 1, 1 v, Chef Commissioner  do. Raymer Merwette, Sir L. W. Raynolds, a c. 1 v, c. 8, 1, 1 v, Chef Commissioner  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, 0 k, C. (Chef Commissioner)  do. Ray Andemias and Neudens, 14 Col M. L. Ferrar, c. 1 c, 1 k, 0 k, 0 k, 0 k, 0 k, 0 k, 0 k, 0 k	000
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Africa   Union of South Africa. The Earl of Claiendon, Gane of General	,000
Basitohaid, J. C. R. Starrock, C. S. G. Commissioner  Et. Bechnanaland Protectorate, Lt. Cul C. F. Rey, Resident Commissioner  Et.	,650 ,350
Southern Rhodesia, Sir Ceal Hunter Rodwell, R. C. R. Gawrior  Southern Rhodesia, Sir Ceal Hunter Rodwell, R. C. R. Gawrior  Arriborn Rhodesia, Sir Junies Crawford Maxwell, R. C. R. C. R. L. M. D. Gowloor  54.	,000
tambia Herbert Richmond Palmer, Carress, Giovernor, Green Gold Const Colony and Togoland, Sir Ransford Slaten, Kamer, Chee, Governor, Gaster Raccote A. W. Holson, Carress, Gaster, Governor, Sir Romerson, St. Bonald C. Cameron, Kamer, Kamer, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Governor, Gover	500
Nigeria I. Conie A. W. Hollson, C. M. G. (Fovernor	500
Soundland Protectarate, Sir H B Kitternuster, h B. J. v G. Gone nor Kenya, R. ja. George Market State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and State and	800
I ganda Protectorate, Sir W. F. Gowers, K. c. n. o., Gomernor  Zangling Protectorate   Seryed Sir Khalifa bin H trab, K ( M. o., Sulton.	,000 ,000
Nasaland Protectorate, Sh T S W Thomas, K C M G , O B E , Governor	.500
' Mauriting Nii Wilfred Edward Francis Jackson, K.c. M.d. Goserum	,000
Seychelles de S. M. G. Honey, c. M. G. Hovernor	,000
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Doursion of Carada, The Earl of Bessborough, and a Governor General	000
Bihamas May Capt Hon Bede Edmind High Chfford, Cr. C. M. C. M. C. Governor Es	400 ,000 ,600
Leewart Isles, IL Col. Sir Reginald St. Johnston R C M L. Governor	850 1,500
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Amelea— Dournior of Carana, The Earl of Besslorough, 6.7 M g., Governor General.  520  Awrency Dixen, Su. John Middleton 6.7 M g., R R f., Governor  Benmula, 12 Gen. Sir T. A. Culdtt, 6.8 m. 6.8 m. 6. Governor  525  Benmula, 12 Gen. Sir T. A. Culdtt, 6.8 m. 6.8 m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m. 6. m.	,000 ,730 r 800
Oceania	
Commonwealth of Australia, Rt. Hon. Sir Issac Alfred Issacs, k.c.n. g., Governor General	(,000
South Australia, Bry Gen. Hon. Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven Yuff, R c x g , c x , 0.30 , Governor	
Tanmana, Sir Herbert Nicholls, Ke M G., Acting Governor.	750
Northern Territory, (vil R. H. Weddell, Administrator	.,200 .,800
COMMONWEATH OF AUSTRALIA, Rt. Hon Sir Issae Alfred Issues, к см с, Governor General.  Are North Wales Are Vice Markad Sir Philip Gime, с в в. к с с в. р. в. о. Governor.  Sir Victoria, Sir William II Irvine, к см с. Acting Governor.  Acting Governor.  Sir Querisaland, Li -Gen. Sir Ti I J Goodwin, к.с. в с м с , в в. о. Governor.  Sir Markada, Li -Gen. Sir Ti I J A Horthmore, Acting Governor.  Sir Markada, Bir Herbert Nicholls, к с м с , д см с , в в. о. Governor.  Sir Markada, Bir Herbert Nicholls, к с м с , д и с , в в. о. Governor.  Sir Markada, I J - Gen. Sir Ti J A Horthmore, Administrator.  Norther Ti Terretta, I D - A Horthmore, Administrator.  Sir Markada, Bir Hubert Murray, к о. Machadel Governor.  Found Sir Hubert Murray, к о. Machadel Governor.  Found Sir Hubert Murray, к о. д с в в Governor General.  Found Sir A G, M. Hetcher, к с. м с , с в в , Governor General.  Sir Acting Governor.  Sir Acting Islands, Sir A, G, Murchison Fletcher, к с. м с , с. в. в. Нуй Commissioner.	5,000 3,000 3,000 1,000 1,000 1,800 1,800 1,800
A C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M. C. M	

98 1	Tovinces a	nu siiii	es of the Dominions.		
THE PROVINCE	8 OF CANADA	<b>A.</b>	THE PROVINCES	OF INDI	<b>A.</b>
Province and Capital.	. Sq miles	Pop 1922.	Province and Capital.	Sq. miles	Pop. 1931.
Alborto (Pilmonton)		-00	Ajmer-Merwara (Ajmer)	2,711	<b>560,29</b>
Alberta (Edmonton) British Columbia (Victo	255,285 Pria) 355,855	588,454 584,58s	Andamans and Nicobars	2,711	500,29
Manitoba (Winnipeg)	351,832	610,118	(Port Blair)	3,143	29,46
New Brunswick (Frederi	icton) 27,985	387,876	Assam (Smilliong)	53,015	8,622,25
Nova Scotia (Halifax) .	21,428	523,837	Baluchistan (Quetta) Bengal (Calcutta)	54, <b>228</b> 76,843	463,50
Outario (Toronto) Prince Edward Island (	. : 407,302	z,933,66z	Bihar and Orissa (Patna)	83,161	50,128,35 37,590,35
lottetown)	3,184	88,615	Bombay (Bombay)	183,681	22,250,97
Quebec (Québec)	504.424	2,361,199	Bombay	77,035	28,259,97 18,323,86
askatchewan (Regina)	251,700	757,510	Sind	45,400	3,885,30 50,80
Saskatchewan (Regina) Yukon (Dawson) North · West Terri	307.076	4,157	Aden	80	50,80
North West Terri	tories		Burma (Rangoou)	233,707	14,665,61
(Ottawa)Royal Canadian Navy .	1,309,002	7,988 485	Berar (Nagpur)	99,876	15,472,62
Coyal Canadian Navy .			Coorg (Merkara)	1,58a	163,08
Total	3,547,230	8,788,483	Deim (Deim)	557	636,84
		1	Madras (Madras) North-West Frontier Pro-	142,260	46,748,61
THE STATES O	OF AUSTRALI	A	vince (Peshawar)		
THE STATES C			Punjab (Lahore)	13,419 99,882	2,425,07 23,580,85
State and Capital	Sq miles	Pop sons	United Provinces (Alla-	99,000	-3,500,03
		1 of all	habad)	106,295	48,408,76
			Total Provinces	1,004,300	871,749,31
New South Wales (Sydu	iey) 309,432	2,100,371	States and Agencies	1	. 15 15.5.
Victoria (Melhonrne)	87,884	1,531,980	Assam State (Manipur)	8,456	625,60
(Brishane)	670,500	755,972	Assam State (Manipur) Baluchistan States	80,410	405,10
konth Australia (Adelaid Vestern Australia (Pert	(le) 380,070		Darous State	8,127	2,443,00
asmania (Hobart)	th) 975,920 26,215	332,732 213,780	Bengal States	5,434	973,31
	25,253	223,700	Biliar and Orissa States	28,648	4,643,45 4,469,08
North Australia (Darwi			Bombay States Western India States	63,453	3,997,45
ent. Australia(Alice Spi	ings) =36,393	3,007	Central India Agency	52,531	6,615,12
ederal Capital Terr			Central Provinces States	31,176	2,478,51
(Cauberra)	940	2,572	Gwalior State	26.347	3,523,07
Total	2,974,581	E 428.724	Hyderabad State	82,008	14,395,49
			Kashmir State	84,258 20,606	3,645,33
THE PROVINCES O	OF SOUTH AF	RICA.	Mysore State	29,475	6,754,39 6,557,87
Province and Capital	So miles	Pop 1921	North-West Frontier Agen.		
1 1011me and Capital	int mices	10[/ 2922	cies and Tribal Areas	25,500	2,259,28
			Punjab States	37,959	4,910,00
ape of Good Hope (	(Cape		Rajputana Agency Sikkim	128,987 2,818	11,225,71
Town)	276,966	2,782,719	United Provinces States	5,949	1,206,07
latal (Pietermaritzburg	35,984	1,489,398	Total, States and Agencies	711,032	81,237,50
'ransvaal (Pretoria) Diange Free State (Bl	loem-'	z,087,636	TOTAL, INDIA		
fontein)	40 647	628,827	101AU, 181/1A	1,005,332	330,900,0
outh-West Protectorat	49,647 e 328,200	288,916	THE ISLANDS OF N	EW ZEAL	LAND.
Total	794,547	7,217,496	Islands	Su. Mile	Pop zga
(Whites, 1926, 1,700,7	75)_				
NORTHERN	IRELAND.		N 43 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	l	١
			North Island and Islets	44,131	83x,8
Counties and Capital	Acreage	Pop. xga6.	South Island and Islets Stewart Island and Islets	58,190	511,9
Countries with Onjulat	'er leake	Toby view.	Chatham Islands	372	
			Auckland Islands	384	
	1				
	702,850	191,618	Campbell Island		
ntrim (Belfast) Belfast County Boroug	7h 14,797	415,007	Autipodes Islands	13	···  {
ntrim (Belfast) Belfast County Boroug armagh (Armagh)	7h 14,797	415,007	Autipodes Islands Bounty Islands	13	
ntrim (Belfast) Belfast County Boroug rmagh (Armagh) Down (Downpatrick)	7h 14,797 312,772 608,859	415,007	Autipodes Islands Bounty Islands	13	
ntrim (Belfast)  Belfast County Boroug irmagh (Armagh) lown (Downpatrick) 'ermanagh (Enniskillen	7h 14,797 312,772 608,859 1) 417,912	415,007 110,083 209,179 57,985	Antipodes Islands	I3	
Antrim (Belfast)  Belfast County Boroug Armagh (Armagh)  Down (Downpatrick)  Formanagh (Enniskillen  ondonderry(Londonde)	7h 14,797 312,772 608,859 1) 417,912 173) 512,405	415,007	Antipodes Islands Bounty Islands Snares Islands Kermadec Islands Cook Islands Other Islands annexed in x	13	
Antrim (Belfast)  Belfast County Boroug Armagh (Armagh) Down (Downpatrick) ermanagh (Enniskillen ondonderry(Londonder Londonderry Count Borough	7h 14,797 312,772 608,859 1) 417,912 1173) 518,495 129 139 14,797 1518,495 1518,495	415,007 110,083 209,179 57,985 94,511	Antipodes Islands Bounty Islands Snares Islands Kermadec Islands Cook Islands Other Islands annexed in x Tokelau Islands	13 13 150	 13,8 1,0
Antrim (Belfast)  Belfast County Boroug Armagh (Armagh) Down (Downpatrick) Formanagh (Enniskillen Londonderry(Londonde	7h 14,797 312,772 608,859 1) 417,912 1713) 512,495 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184	415,007 110,083 209,179 57,985	Antipodes Islands Bounty Islands Snares Islands Kermadec Islands Cook Islands Other Islands annexed in x Tokelau Islands. Western Samoa (Mandator)	13 15 150 150 4 7) 1,143	 13,8 1,0 40,2
Antrim (Belfast)  Belfast County Boroug Armagh (Armagh) Down (Downpatrick) ermanagh (Enniskillen ondonderry(Londonder Londonderry Count Borough	7h 14,797 313,772 608,859 1) 417,912 FT) 513,495 59 2,198 779 563	415,007 110,083 209,279 57,985 94,511 45,164 132,775	Antipodes Islands Bounty Islands Snares Islands Kermadec Islands Cook Islands Other Islands annexed in x Tokelau Islands	13 15 150 150 4 7) 1,143	13,8

Representatives of British Dominions—Trade Commissioners. 99
LONDON REPRESENTATIVES OF BRITISH DOMINIONS.
NOTE.—High Commissioners in Loudon take precedence, on ceremonial occasions, immediately after British or Dominion Ministers, when the latter are present; and when no members of British or Dominion Cabinets are present, the High Commissioners take precedence
immediately after that accorded by the Table of Piecedence to Secretaries of State  Dominson.  High Communicationer, dc Addiese wa London.  Dominion of Canada Hon. G. H. Forguson, E.C., H.C Canada House, S.W. 1.
Alberta Hon, Herbert Greenfield
Hritsch Coltsundra F. P. Burden, Auent-Gen. z Regent Street, S. W. z. Ontario. William C. Noxon, Agent-Gen. 163 Strand, W. C. z. Queber Hon. L. J. Lonneux, Agent-Gen. z Cokkspur Street, S. W. z.
Australian Commonwealth Major-Gen. Hon. Su G. de L. Ryrie, Australia House, Stiand, W.C. z. K.C.M.G., C.B., High Commissioner
Now South Wales Hon. A. C. Willis, Agent-Gen Australia House, Strand, W.C. 2.  Queensland
South Australia Hon Sii H N Barwell, E.C. N. G., AG. Anstralia House, Strand, W.C. 2. Tasmania H W. Ely, I.S.O., Acting Agent-Gen. Australia House, Strand, W.C. 2. Victoria Walter Leitch, C.B.E., Agent-Gen Melboune Place, Strand, W.C. 2.
Western Australia Hon. W. C. Angwin, Agent-Gen. Savoy House, Strand, W.C. 2.  New Zealand Sr T. M. Wilford, K. C. M. G. K. C. H. C. 415, St. 7and, W. C. 2.
Umon of South Africa . Hon C T. te Water, High Commer 73 Strand, W C. z.  Newfoundland D J Davis, C.B E., Acting High Commer 58 Victoria Street, S.W z.
Butish India Su B. N. Mitra, High Commusioner India House, Aldwych, W.C.z. Irish Free State
Sonthern Rhodesia Hon J. W. Downe, C. M. G Crown House, Aldwych, W. C. a. Malta Hon. Sir J. D. Connolly, Agent-Gen P. & O. House, Cock-par St., S. W. z.
British North Borneo The Secretary, Court of Directors 178t Helen s Place, E C 2. Malay States Malay States Agency 37 Channing Cross, S.W z. Sudan Govenment Sudan Govt. Agency
East African Dependencies H M E. Af. Dependencies' Trade and Royal Mail Building, 32 Cock- (Kenya, N. Rhodesia, Information Office, Col. W. H. Frankspur St., S.W. z. Nyasaland, Tanganyika, lin, c B E., D S O., Commussioner.
Colonies & Protectorates Crown Agents for the Colonies 4 Millbank, Westminster, S. W. 2.
TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE IN BRITISH DOMINIONS, INDIA, &c.
CANADA Montreal, F W Field (Trade Commr Grade I); z,zzz Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal. H. F Gurney (Trade Commr. Grade 11.).
Toronto, A. M. Wiseman, M.C. (Trade Commr. Grade 11.) Vancouver, A. E. Pollard (Trade Commr. Grade 11) Winnipeg (Brauch Office), W. D. Lambre (Officer-nn-charge).  Yonge St. Toronto  850 Hastings St., W., Vancouver. 703 Royal Bank Bldg., Winnipeg.

NEW FOUNDLAND .- F. W Field; H. F Gutney (see Montieal). AUSTRALIA —Sydney, R. W. Dalton, C M G. (Trade Commr Grade I.); F W Colman (Trade Commr. Grade II.) Melbourne, H. L. Setchell (Trade Commr. Grade II) NEW ZRALAND .- Wellington, L A. Paish, o B.E. (T C, Grade I.) Grey Street, Wellington. SOUTH AFRICA.—Capetown, N. Elmslie (Trade Commr. Grade 1) St. George's Street, Cape Town. Durban, S. R. Jordan (Trade Comm. Grade 11) Smith Street, Durban. Johannesburg, J. W. Brigden (Trade Commer Grade 11) IRISH FREE STATE, Dublin.-W Peters, C M G. (Trade Commr. 69 Merrion Square, Dublin, C. 27. Grade 1.).

Herald Bldg., 66 Pitt St., Sydney.

Henty House, Melbourne, C. z.

88 Fox Street, Johannesburg.

INDIA AND CEYLON — Calcutta, T. M. Ainscough, C B R (Trade (P O. Box 683) Fairlie House, Commr. Grade 1); R. B Willmot (T C, Grade 11). Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
 Bombay, W. D Montgomery Clarke (Trade Commr. Grade 11.). 3 Wittet Road, Bombay.

EAST AFRICA.—Nanrohi, Col W. H. Franklin, C B E., D 8 0 (Trade (P O Box 220) Memorial Hall, Commr. Grade II., with local rank of Trade Commr. Sixth Avenue, Nanobi, Kenya Grade I.); C. Kemp (Trade Commr. Grade III.)

WEST INDIES.—Trinidad, J. L. Wilson Goode (T.C., G. 11).... Port of Spain, Trinidad. Jamaica, H. Massie-Biomfield, T.D. (Officer-in-charge) ........ Kingston, Jamaica.

MALAYA -Singapore, R. Boulter, C M.G. (Trade Commi. Grade 11.) Fullerton Building, Singapore.

Note.—The Salaries of H.M. Trade Commissioners Grade I. are £1,200 to £1,500 per annum (except Calcutts and Montreal, £1,700 fixed); Grade II., £800 to £1,000; Grade III., £800 to £800. There are, in addition, imperial Trade Correspondents in each of the Dominious, and in most Colonies and Protectorates.

100	British Embassies and Legations	Abroad.
Embassies: Argentina Belgium Brazil	Ambassadors. Sir J. R. W. Macleay, K.C.M.G. (1930)	Address of Embassy. 314Reconquists, Buenos Aires 2, Rue de Spa, Brussels. 71, Rua Real Grandeza, Rio de Jaueiro.
1	Sir H. G. Chilton, K.C M G (1930)	No. xxa. Sautrago.
1	Rt. Hon. Lord Tyrreli, G.C.M G. (1928)	Parus, VIII.
Germany Italy	Rt. Hon. Sir H. Rumbold, Bt , G.C.M.G (1928)	. 70, Wilhelmstrasse, Berlin. 84, Via Venti Settembre, Rome No r. Goban-cho Kojima-
Japan	Rt Hon. Sir Francis Lindley, G.C.M G (1931)	. No z. Goban-cho Kojima- chi-Ku. Tokuo.
	Rt. Hon, Sir W.A. F. Erskine, G.C.M.G (1927)	
Spain	Sir Eamond Ovey, K. C.M. G. (1939)	. Sofiskaya Naberezhnaya 24, . 26, Calle Fernando el Santo, . Augora (Madrid 4. . Massachusetts Avenue, . Washington, D.C.
Legations: Abyssinis Afghanistan Albania	R. F., Envoy-Extraordinary, MF., Minister-Plempotentiary; Ch. d'.d.f., Charpé d'Afaires: c. a., Consol General Sir Sidney Barton, K. B. E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1928, Sir R. R. Maconacliie, A. B. E., C. I. E. (1929)	Address of Legation.  Addis Ababa.  Kabul (vid Peshawar).  Rruga Tomorica, Durazzo.  [III.
Bulgaria	Sir Eric Phipps, K.C.M.G. (RE & MP. & CG., 1928) R. L. Nosworthy (EE.& MP.& CG., 1931) S. P. P. Waterlow, C.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1929)	6. Metternichgasse, Vienna, 701, Avenida Arce, La Paz. Boulevard Ferdinand 73, Sona.
China Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Czechoslovakia	Sir M. W. Lampson, K.C.M.G. (EE. & MP., 1926) Spencer S. Dicksom (EE. & MP. & CG., 1929) Sir J. Crosby, K.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1931) Sir J. J. Brodenick, K.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1931) Joseph Addison, C.M.G. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1930)	
Denmark Dominican R Ecuador Egypt	C. H. Bentinck, C M G. (E - E & MP., 1928)	
Estonia Finland Greece Guatemala	Hon. P W. M. Ramsay, C.M.G. (EE & MP., 1939).	
Haiti Hejar & Najd Honduras	J. H. Magowan, O. H. E. (Chargé d'Affaires, 1929) Sir A. Ryan, K. B. E. (E E. & M P., 1930) H. A. Grant Watson (E E. & M P. & C G., 1928)	Place Geffrard. Port an Jeddah See Guatemala. [pest 1.
Hnngary	H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, C. M. G. (EE. & MP. & UG., real	)   Verboczy Utcza z, Buda-
Liberia Lithuania Luxemburg	C. Graham (Charge d'Affairer, 1930)	Monrovia [(Kovno). ) -Kelstuchia gatve, 19, Kaunas ) See Belglum.   Colonia de Cuauhtemoc,
1	1	Mexico.
raraguay	Hon. Sir Odo Russell, K C M.G. (EE. & MP., 1928).   H A Grant Watson (EE. & MP. & CG., 1928).   Chas. J. Fitz R. Wingfield, C.M.G.(EE. & MP., 1929).   Sir J. Crosby, K.B.E. (EE. & MP. & CG., 1931).   See Argentina	7
Persia Peru	R. H. Hoare, C.M.G. (E-E. & MP. & CG., 1931)	Tehran. Lama. 24 Strada Jules Michelet,
Selvedor	H. A. Grant Watson (F. E. & M. P. & C. G. vork)	Bucharest, 3.
Sweden Switzerland Uruguay	C. F. J. Dormer, M.V.O. (E. E. & M. P., 1929)	Laboratoriegatan, 8, Stock- 48, Thunstrasse, Berne. 182 Calle Treinta y Tres,
Vatican		Via San Nicola de Tolentino.
Venezuela Yugoslavia	W. E. O'Reilly (EE. & MP., 1986)	67, Rome, 5. [Carácas. Quinta Prosperi El Paraiso, Zrinskoga ulica 44, Belgrade.
	WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.	

Embassie	s, Legations, and Consulates=G	eneral in Kondon. 101
Embassies : American	Ambassadors and Embassics. General Charles Gates Dawes, 4, Grosyenor Gdns.,	Consulate-General. z8, Cavendish Square, W. z
Argentine	S.W. z. Señor Di. Don Manuel Malhan, 30 Grosvenor Baron E. de Cartier de Marchienne, 203, Eaton	7, Gower Street, W.C. z.
Brazilian	Senhor Dr. Regis de Oliveira, 29, Up. Brook St., W. z Señor Don Enrique Villegas, 3, Hamilton Pl., W. z. Monsieur de Fleurian, Albert Gate Honse,	Aklwych Honse, Aldwych, W.C. 2 3, Hamilton Place, W.z.
French	Monsieur de Fleurian, Albert Gate House, Hyde Park, S.W.z. [S.W.z.	5z, Bedford Square, W.C. z.
German Italian	Baion von Neurath, 9, Carlton House Terrace, Signor Antonio Chisomonte-Bordonaro, 6 R.K.	o, Carlton House Terrace, S.W.z. 68, Portland Place, W.z.
Japanese	zo, Grosvenor Sq., W. z. [W. z.	Renaul Street Place E (! -
Polish	Monsieur Konstanty Skirmunt. 47, Portland Place, W. r. [Gloncester Place, W. r.	z, Upper Montague Street, W.C. z
Portuguese Russian	Gardens, W.S. Sunare, S.W. z.	
Spanish Turkish	Señor Don Ramón Pérez de Ayala, 24, Belgrave His Excellency Ferit Bey, 69, Portland Pl., W. 1. Ministers. &c., and Legations.	so, Gordon Square, W.C. z.
Legations:	Ministers, &c., and Legations.	(None.)
Abyssmian Afghan	Ahmed Ali Khan, 31, Princes Gate, S W. 1	(None.)
Albaman Austrian	Bajirond Qellaka, 83, Elm Park Gdns., S.W. 10 Ahmed Ali Khan, 21, Princes Gate, 8 W. 1 Charye Affaires, 124, Glonicester Terrace, W. 2. Baron Georg Franckenstein, 18, Belgrave Square,	119, Finsbury Pavement, E.C. 2. 18, Belgrave Square, S.W. 1.
Bolivian	S.W. z. [S.W. z. Señor Don Carlos Aramayo, z6, Grosvenor Place,	16, Grosvenor Place, S W. 1.
Bulgarian	Monsieur H. Micheff, 24, Queen's Gate Gdns., S. W.7. Sao Ke Alfred Sze. 49, Portland Place, W. x	(None.)
Chinese	Sao Ke Alfred Sze. 49, Portland Place, W. x	6, Strathmore Gardens, W. 8. 7, Siciliau Avenne, W. C. 1.
Costa Rican	Señoi Dr. Don Alfonso Lopez (Vacant)	33-36, King William St , E.(' 4.
Cuban	Don Guillermo Patterson, 30, York Terra se, N. W. z.	95, Linden Gardens, W z.
Danish	(Vacant) Don Guillermo Patterson, 30, YorkTerra.e, N.W. r. M. Jan Masaryk, C.B.E., 8, Grosvenor Pl., S.W. r. Count P. F. Ahlefeldt-Lamvig, G.C.v.o., 39, Pont Street, S.W.	7, Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C. z.
Dominican	Senor Rafaele Brache, 13, Onslow Gdns., S.W. 7	13, Onslow Gardens, S.W. 7.
Egyptian	Dr. Hafiz Affil. Pasha. 75. South Audley St., W. x.	23, College Hill, Cannon St., E.C.4.
Estonian	Señor Rafaele Brache, 13, Onslow Gins., S.W. 7  Chanyé d'Affairse	167, Queen's Gate, S W. 7.
Greek	Monsieur A. H. Saastamoinen, z, Moreton Guis, Monsieur D. Caclamanos sr. Up. Brook St. W. r.	123, Cannon Street, E.C. 4
Guatemalan .	(Vacant)	zz, Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4.
Hattiau	Dr. H. Périgoid Sheikh Hatiz Wahlin 42 Eston Place S W. v.	76, Victoria Street, S W. z.
Honduras	Sheikh Hafiz Wallin, 42, Eaton Place, S.W. 1 (Señor Don H. Blanco Fombona. Consul-General)	9, Oxford Street, W. z
liungarian	Baron Ivan Rubido-Zichy, 35, Eaton Pl. S.W.r.	35B, Eaton Place, S.W r (None.)
Iraqian Latvian	Charge d' Affaires, 51, Queen's Gate Gdns , S. W. 7 M. Fridricks Vesmans, 87, Eaton Place, S. W. 1.	31, Kingsway, W.C. 2
Liberian	Square, W.C. z.	· · ·
Luxemburg	M. Vaclovas Sidzīkauskas, 10. Palace Gate, W. 8	zs, Endsleigh Street, W.C. z. Moorfields Honse, E C z.
Mexican	(Vacant)	Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. 2.
Netherlands	Jonkheer Martie R. de Marees van Swinderen.	37, Conduit Street, W z. 28, Langham Street, W. z.
Vanana	zz, Portman Sq., W z. Señor Don E. Perez-Triana, 4, Moorgate, E.C. z	
Norwegian	Senor Don E. Perez-Thana, 4, Moorgate, E.C. s M. P. B. Vout, Norway H'se, Cocksom St., S. W.	25, Union Court, E.(' 2.
Panaina	M. P. B. Vort, Norway H'se, Cockspur St., S W.r. Senor Don O. M. Pereira, Sr. Piccadilly, W. r Senor Dr Don Horacio Cansimo (Ch. d'Aff.)	33s, Finsbury Pavement H'se, E.C.s.
Persian	Senor Dr Don Horacio Cansimo (Ch d'Aff)	12, Russell Sq., W (' 1. 10, Princes Gate, S W 7
Peruvian	Señor Dr. Don Alfredo G. Prada	rr, Regent Street, S.W. r.
Kumanian	M. N. M. Titulesch, 4, Cromwell Place, S. W. 7	4, Cromwell Place, S.W 7.
San Marino Sarawak	Senor Dr. Don Horacio Anthino (c. a. alp)  Señor Dr. Don Alfredo G. Prada  M. N. M. Titulesen, 4, Cronwell Place, S. W. 7.  Dr. Antonio Reyes-Guerra, 95-99 Lancaster Gate (Grand Uff. M. A. Jamieson, Cons. Gen.)  Restraw Beock (J. H. tha Tunn Mula). Second	7, Union Court, E.C. z. 4s, Pall Mall, S.W. z
Sarawak	Delnam Divise (H.H. one ruch hims, special	
Stamese Swedish	Commissioner, Millbank House, S.W. 1. H.S.H.Prince Varnvandya, 23, Ashburn Pl., S.W. 7. Baron E. K. Palmstierna, G.C. V. O., 27, Portland Place, W. 1.	s3, Ashburn Place, S.W. 7. 389, High Holborn, W.C. 1.
ówisa	Place, W. z.	as Oneen Anne Street W -
Uruguayan	Monsieur C. R. Paravicini, 3s. Queen Anne St., W. r. Señor Don Antonio Bachini, 3. Elvaston Place, S. Kensington, S. W. 7. Señor Dr. Don Diogenes Escalante, 5o. Pall Mail, (Vacant) 195, Queen's Gate, S. W. 7. WHITAKER'S ALMANACK. 196	55, Harrington Gardens, S. W. 7.
Yugoslavian	Señor Dr. Don Diógenes Escalante, 50, Pall Mail, (Vacant)	zos, Queen's Gate, S.W. v.
	WHITAKER'S ALMANACK. 19	82

102 <b>B</b> nglisi	) Kings	and	Queens,	A.D. 8	327 to	1603.		
Neme			YASTY		Acress.	Died	Age	Hgnd
lacanum.	King of Wes	Saxous c	ind Danes. all England				_	12
THELWULF	Son of Regbe	isex anu ert	Dimigica its		827 839	839 858	_!	19
THELWULF ETHELBÅLD ETHELBERT	Son of Ethel	wolf .		٠	8581	86o	_	-7
ETHELBERT	Second son o	of Ethel	wulf		0.00	866	_	8
THELRED	Third son of	Ethelw	ulf		866	871	-	5
LPRED THE GREAT	Fourth son o	of Ethel	wulf		. 871	goz	52	30
DWARD THE ELDER THELSTAN	Son of Alfre	d the (4)	eat d the Elder		goz	925	55	24
THELSTAN .	Eldest son o	f Edwar	d the Elder		925	940	45	15
DMUND	Brother of A	a theista	n		940	946	<b>3</b> 5	6
DRED	Brother of E				946	955	32	9
DWY	Son of Edmi Second son o	ma			955	958	18	_3
DGAR DWARD THE MARTYR	Son of Edga	oi Ranii		•	958	975	32	17
THELRED II	Half-brother			• • •	975	979	17 48	4
DMUND IRONSIDE	Eldest son o			•	1016	1016	37	37
ANUTE THE DANK	By conquest				1017	1035	40	18
IAROLD I.	Son of Canu				1035	1040	-	
IARDICANUTE	Another son	of Can	nte		1040	1042	24	5
DWARD THE CONFESSOR					1042	1066	62	24
LAROLD II	Brother-in-la	aw of E	dward the Co	บริศสอบา	1066	1066	44	-7
1	The	e House	of Normand	1.		1 1000	77	_
VILLIAM I	Obtained th	A Charge	. by concinent		1066	1087	60	21
VILLIAM II	Third son of	i Willian	mÍ .*		1087	1100	43	13
IENRY I.	Youngest so	n of Wi	n I Illiam I ien, Count of		. 1100	1135	67	35
TEPHEN {	Third son o	of Steph	ien, Count of	Blois, b	y)			
IEPHEN t	Adela, for	ırth dar	ighter of Will of Plantagene	liam I	1135	1154	50	19
i	The	House o	of Plantagene	et.	ł			
;	(Son of Geof	frey Pla	intagenet, by Henry I; of Scotland, w	Matilda	9)	1		
IENRY II ,	) only dans	thter of	Henry I;	his grand	1 1154	1180	56	35
	mother, M	latilda	of Scotland, w	as a linea	.]( 34	1109	34	33
,	( descendar	it of All	red and or E	cgnert	<i>)</i> !	1		
LICHARD I.	Eldest survi	iving soi	n of Henry II.		1189	1199	42	10
они	Sixth and y	oundest	son of Henry	111	1199	1216	50	17
IENRY III	Eldest son (	of John	y III		1216		65	56
DWARD I.	Ridest son (	n menry	7 11L	········ ··	1272	1307	68	35
EDWARD II EDWARD III	Eldest surv	iving so	n of Edward		1307	1387	43	20
	Man of the R	In ale Du	rd II	f Edwa 11	1327	1377	65	50
ionand ii.	Th	A House	nce, eld sono. of Lancaster	1 134 W U. 1 1	II 1377	Dep 1399	34	
TENPY IV	Son of John	of Gan	it, fourth son	of Edw 11	II 1399		47	13
IRNRY V	Eldest son o	of Henr	y IV		1413	-4-3	34	.3
IENRY VI	Only son of	Hemy	V. (died 1471)		1422	Dep 1461		39
		The Ha	nue of York			inop anos	77	35
(1	Grandson o	f Richai	rd, son of Edn	nund, fift	h) i	i		1
EDWARD IV	son of Ed	iward I	II; and of Ar	nne, great	t-11e_			
SUWARD IV )	, grand-dar	aghter c	of Lionel, th	ird son d	1 x46x	1483	41	22
	Edward I	II			) i	-	İ	
EDWARD V	Eldest son	of Edwa	rd IV		1483	1483	13	0
RICHARD III	, Younger or	ounci o	i Edwaid IV.	••••	. 1483	1485	35	2
			use of Tudor			1	1	1
(	son or Edn	iund, ele	dest son of Or	wen Tudo	1,);	i		i
HENRY VII }	by Katha	mine, w	idow of Hen	1y V.; h	18 2485	1509	53	34
	mother,	atargare	et Beaufort,	was grea	0-( )	1		
Henry VIII	(hily girmin	Muret o	f John of Gan	11116 · ··	'		56	-0
EDWARD VI	. Son of Hon	my VIII	by Jana Sov	1	1509	1547	16	38
EDWARD VI	Lianghter	f Mary	vonnereiste	r of Hon	1 1547	1553	, 10	١ "
JANE	VIII (be	headed	Feb ve ver	1 0	1553	1554	17	1 14
MARYI	Daughtero	f Henry	of Henry VI. by Jane Seyr younger siste Feb. 12, 1554 VIII by Kati	of Allac	(OI)   TEE2	1558	43	1 5
ELIZABETH	Daughter o	f Henry	VIII by Am	ie Bolevn	1553	1603	70	44
						_	•	•
Scottist	1 Kinas	and	Queens,	A.D. I	O57 10	1603.		
Names Began	to Reign	Name	Roman	to Reign	Now		4	a Dai
Melaalm Cannumău Am								n Rei
Donald Bau Nov ,	1003 Mar	garetof	NotwayMar	10. T=86	James V	Q.	ent	. ,
Duncan May,	OOA John	n Ballol	Nov -	7. 1202	Marv		)66 4	6. TE
Donald Ban., rest. Nov.,	roos Rob	ertI (B	ruce) Mar	7, 1206	Francis a	id Mary	Di s	, +# IA. ¥≝
	-	··	Tanana	.,, .,,	Mary	T	ec.	. 150
Edgar Ment.	1007 IDRV	- עמר						30
Edgar Sept , Alexander I Jan. 8.	1097 Bav	na II . wrt II (8	Stewart) Feb	22. 1271	Honry and	l Marv . J	uly =	O, IS
Edgar	rio7 Role 12, ris4 Role	nd II . wrt II (8 wrt III.	Noi wayMar. Nov. 1 ruce) Mar a June 7 Stewart) Feb	22, 1371 12, 1300	Henry and	l Mary . J	uly s	9, 15 10, 15
Maicolni (Mauden) May 2	,1107   Roll 27, 1124   Roll 4, 1153   Jam	ert II . ert III. ert III. es I	Stewart) Feb April April	22, 1371 12, 1390 4, 1406	Henry and Mary James VI	l Mary . J	uly s eb. 1 uly s	19, IS 10, IS 19, IS
Edgar	4, 1153 Jam	ies I	stewart) Feb April April Feb.	4, 1406	James VI (Ascend	l Mary . J F J ed English , March 2	uly a	19, 15 Une

# British Kings and Queens from 1603.

Name.	DYNASTY.	Access	Died.	Age.	Rgnd.
JAMES I. (VI. of Scot ) {	The House of Stuart. Son of Mary, Queen of Scots, granddau of James IV, and Margaret, dan of Hen. VII.	1603	1625	50	
CHARLES I	Only surviving son of James I	1625	Beh. 1649		24
Oliver Crommell	Commonwealth declared May 19, 1649. Lord Protector, 1653-8. Richard Cromwell, Lo	rd Pro	tector 764		
Class a new poles. TT	Titlent com of (them of I (neet am ) - ee-	1649	168x	KK	36
	Second son of Charles I. (died Sept. 16, 1701)   (Interregnum, Dec 11, 1688—Feb. 13, 1689)	1685	Dep. 1688 Dec. 1701	68	3
WILLIAM III	daughter of Charles I	1689	1702 1694	51 33	13 6
ANNE	Second daughter of James II	1702	1714	49	12
GEORGE I	Son of Elector of Hanover, by Sophia, daughterofElizabeth, daughter of James I.	1714	1727	67	13
GEORGE III	Only son of George I	1727 1760	1760 1820	77 81	33 59
GEORGE IV {	'Eldest son of George III. (Regent from) February 5, 1811)	1820	1830	67	10
WILLIAM IV	Third son of George III	1830 1837	1837 1901	71 81	63
EDWARD VII	The House of Saxe-Cobury.  Eldest son of Victoria	1901	1910	68	9
GEORGE V	The House of Windsor. Surviving son of Edward VII	i 1910	' 'WHOM GO	D PRI	eskrv

The House of Windsor is in direct descent from (inter alion) Ecgleit, King of Wessex, Alfred the Great and William the Conqueior, also from the Emperor Chatlemagne (b. 742, d. 814), Rodingo the Cid (b. 1030, d. 1099), the Emperor Barbarossa (b. 1123, d. 1129) and St. Louis, King of France (b. 1115, 1129).

# WELSH SOVEREIGNS AND PRINCES.

WALES was ruled by Sovereign Princes from the "carliest times" until the death of Llewellyn in 1282. The first English Prince of Wales was the son of Edward I, and was born in Carnarvon town on April 25, 1284. According to a discredited legend, he was presented to the Welsh chieftams as their Prince, in fulfilment of a promise that they should have a Prince who "could not speak a word of English" and should be native born. This son, who afterwards became Edward II., was created "Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester" at the famous Lincoln Parliament on February 7, 1301. The present Prince was installed in Carnarvon Castle on July 23, 1311.

i	INDEPENDENT PRINCES, AD 844 to 1293.	ENGLISH PRINCES, SINCE AD. 1301	
	Rhodri the Great 844-878	Edward, b za84 (Edwd II ), c1. P1 of Wales	1301
į	Ausrawd, son of Rhodri 878-916	Edward the Black Prince, s of Edwd III	I343 ,
	Hywel Dda, the Good	Richard (Richard II ), s of the Black Prince Henry of Monmonth (Henry V )	1377
	lago ab Idwal (or Icual) 950-979 Hywel ab Ieual, the Bad 979-985	Edward of Westminster, son of Henry VI	1399
	Cadwallon, his brother	Edward of Westminster (Edward V)	1454 1472
	Varedudd ab Owain ap Hywel Dda 986-999	Edward, son of Richard III (d. 1484)	1483
	Cvnan ap Hywel ab Ieuaf 999-1008	Arthm Tudor, son of Henry VII	1489
'	Llewelyn ap Sitsyhlt roz8-zoz3	Hemy Tudor (Hen. VIII ), s. of Henry VII.	1503
,	lago ab Idwal ap Menrig	Henry Stnart, son of James I. (d. 1612)	1610
1	Gruffydd ap Llywelyn ap Seisyll 1039-1063	Charles Stuart (Charles I ), s. of James 1 .	1616
i	Bleddyn ap Cynfyn 1063-1075	Charles (Charles II.), son of Charles I	1630 I
١	Trahaern ap Caradog 1075-1081	George Augustus (Geo. II.), s. of George I.	1714
١	Gruffydd ap Cynau ab Iago 1081-1137	Frederick Lewis, s. of George II. (d. 1751)	1727
ı	Owam Gwynedd	George William Frederick (George III.) .   George Augustus Frederick (George IV.) .	1751
۱	Llywelyn Fawr, the Great 1194-1240	Albert Edward (Edward VII)	1762 1841
l	Daij dd ap Llywelyn 1240-1246	George (George V.)	Igor
8	Llywelyn ap Gruffydd ap Llywelyn 1246-1292	Edward	1910
ľ			-,

GEORGE III. was the eldest son of Frederick. Prince of Wales (eldest son of George II.), and of Princess Augusta (youngest daughter of Frederick II., Duke of Saxe-Gotha Altenburg). His Majesty was born at Norfolk House, St. James's Square, June 4, 1738; Succeeded to the Throne Oct. 25, 1760; married Princess Challotte (daughter of Charles, Duke of Mecklenberg-Strelutz); and was crowned with her on Sept. 22, 1761. The government was carried on, from Feb. 5, 1811, until the death of King George III., by his eldest son George, under the title of Prince Regent. King George III. died at Windsor, Jan. 29, 1820, his issue being :-

r. GEORGE IV. George Augustus Frederick, Prince of Wales, horn Aug 12, 1762, married Princess Caroline of Brunswick, succeeded to the Throne, Jan. 29, 1820, and died without

the interior, sail 29, 1820, and died without surviving issue June 56, 1830.

2. Frederick, Duke of York and Albany, born Aug. 16, 1763, married Princess Frederica of Prussis, was for many years Commander-in-Chief of the Army, and died without issue Jan 5, 1827.

3. WILLIAM IV. William, Duke of Clarence, born Ang. 22 2562; was Lovel High Advised.

born Aug. ax, 2765; was Lord High Admital of England; married July 22, 2828, Adelaide, daughter of George, Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, by whom he had two daughters, who predeceased whom he had now dualities, who places as him; succeeded to the Throne, June 26, 1830, and died June 20, 1837
4. Charlotte, Princess Royal, born Sept 29, 1796, married Frederick, King of Wurttemberg,

and died without issue.

5 Edward, Duke of Kent, born Nov 2, 1767, married Princess Victoria (daughter of Francis, Duke of Saxe-Coburg, and widow of Charles, Prince of Lenningen), died Jan. 23, 1820. Their Royal Highnesses had issue a daughter, Princess Viotoria, born May 24, 1819, who succeeded to the Throne as Queen Victoria, June 20, 1827. 6. Augusta, born Nov. 8, 1768, died unmarried

Sept. 22, 1840

7. Elizabeth, born May 22, 1770, married Frederick, Landgrave of Hesse, and died without issue Jan 20, 2840.

8. KING OF HANOVER. Ernest, Duke of Cum-

berland, born June 5, 1771, married Frederica (daughter of Frederick V., Grand Duke of Mecklenberg-Strelitz), succeeded as King of Hanover June 20, 1837 (on death of William IV owing to the exclusion of Queen Victoria by the provisions of the Salic Law), died Nov. 28, 1851

2. Augustus, Duke of Sussex, born Jan 27, 1773, died without snocession April 24, 1843

1773, and a minor state of Cambridge, horn Feb 24, 1774, married Princess Augusta (daughter of Frederick, Laudgrave of Hesse), see below.

11 Mary, horn April 25, 1776, married William Frederick, Duke of Gloucester, died without issue April 30, 1857. xz. Sophia, born Nov. 3, 1777, died unmarried

May 27, 1848
13. Octavins, born Feb 23, 1779, died May 3, 1783.

14. Alfred, horn Sept. 22, 1780, died Aug. 26, 1782. 15. Amelia, born Aug 7, 1783, died unmarried

Nov. 2, 1810. DESCENDANTS OF HR.H ADOLPHUS, DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, born Feb 24, 1774, died July 8, 1850.

z. H.R.H. Prince George, Duke of Cambridge, born March 26, 1819, Field-Marshal, Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, 1856-1895, died

without succession March 17, 1904.

2. H.R.H. Princess Augusta, born July 19, 1822,
married the Grand Duke of Mecklenberg-Strelitz,

died Dec. 1916.
2. H.R.H. Princess Marie Adelaide, born

Nov. 27, 1833, married H H. Francis, Duke of Teok, died Oct. 27, 1897, her issue being:— (1) H.S.H. Princess Victoria Mary Augusta Louisa Olga Pauline Claudine Agnes (QUEEN MARY), Col -in-Ch 13th/18th His, born at Ken-MARY, Col-in-Ch 130h/18th His, born at Kensington Palace, May 26, 1867, inarried July 6, 1893, H.R.H. Prince George of Wales, Duke of York, who succeeded to the Throne, May 6, 1910, as King Gronge V (see "House of Windsor"), crowned with His Majesty at Westminster

Abbey, June 22, 1911
(2) Adolphus Charles Alexander Ladislaus (2) Adolphus Charles Alexander Laguages Cambridge, Marquesen/Cambridge, 6 C B, 6 C V.O. C.M.G., born Aug. 13, 1868, married *894, Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the Duke of Westminster; died Oct. 24, 1927, leaving issue: (a) George Francis Hugh Cambridge, and Marquese of Cambridge, K C V O., born 1895, married (1923)
Miss Dorothy Hastings; (b) Lady Victoria
Constance Mary Cambridge, born 1897, married
(1923) the Duke of Beaufort, G C. V O., (c) Lady
Helena Frances Augusta Cambridge, born 1899,
married (1924) Lt. - (c) J. E. Gibbs, M.C.; (d) Lord Frederick Charles Edward Cambridge, and Lieut Coldstream Guards, born 1907.
(3) H.S.II. Prince Francis, boin Jan. 7, 1870.

died Oct. 22, 1910.

(4) Alexander Augustus Frederick George, Earl of Athlone, K.G., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., Col. 7th Hussars, Governor-General of the Union of South Africa, 1923-1930, horn April 14, 1874, married H. R. H. Princess Alice of Albany (see "Queen Victorias Family"), their issue being (a) Lady May Helen Emima Cambridge born 1906, married, 1931 Capt Henry Abel Smith, R. H. Gds. (b) Rupert Alexander George Augustus Cambridge, Viscount Trematon, born 1907, died April 15, 1928.

#### CHILDREN OF H.M KING CHRISTIAN IX. OF DENMARK,

born April 8, 1818, died Jan. 29, 1906.
1. H.M. KING FREDERICK VIII. OF DENMARK, boin June 3, 1843, married H.H. Princess Louise of Sweden and Noi way, died May 14, 1912. 2 H.R.H. PRINCESS ALKXANDRA OF DENMARK

(QUEEN ALEXANDRA), Col -in-Ch. 15th/19th His., born Dec. 1, 1844, married March 10, 1863, H.R.II. the Prince of Waler (afterwards King Edward VII.), crowned with King Edward VII. at Westminster Abbey, Aug. 9, 1502; died

Nov. 20, 1925
3. H.R.H. PRINCE WILHELM OF DENMARK (GEORGEI, KING OFTHE HELLENES, from June 6, 1863), born Dec. 24, 1845, maired Oct 27, 1867, H.R. & I.H. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia, died at Salonika, March 18, 1913.

4 H.R. H PRINCESS DAGMAR OF DENMARK, born Nov. 26, 1847, married Nov. 9, 1866, Alex-

ander III., Emperor of All the Russias, 5. H.R.H. PRINCESS THYBA OF DENMARK, born sept. 23, 1853, married Dec. 21, 1878, the Duke of

Cumberland. 6. H.R.H. PRINCE VLADENAR OF DENMARK born Oct. 27, 1858, married Oct. 20, 1885, Princess Marie of Orleans.

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QUEEN VICTORIA, the only child of H.R.H. the Duke of Kent, son of George III., was born May 24, 1819; succeeded to the Throne June 20, 1837; crowned June 28, 1838; married Feb. 10, 1840, Albert, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Coburg and Gotha, PRINCE CONSORT (born Aug. 26, 1819, died Dec. 14, 1861); died Jan. 22, 1901. Her Majesty had issue:—
r. H.R.II. Princess Victoria (Princess Royal), (iv) H.H. Princess Marie Louise Augusta, c.I.,

z. H.R. H. Pincess Victoria (Princess Royal), born Nov. zi, 1840; married Jan. 25, 1858 Frederic, Crown Prince of Prussia, afterwards (derman Emperor; died Aug. 5, 1901.

z. H.M. KING EDWARD VII., q.n.

3. H.R.H. Princess Alice, born April 25, 1843,

3. H.R.H. Frincess Alice, born April 25, 1843.
mained Pince Louis (afterwards reigning Grand
Duke) of Hesse; died Dec 14, 1878. Issue —
(1) Viotoria, born April 5, 1863, maried
Admial of the Fleet the Marquess of Milford
Haven, P.G., G.C. B. (Dr. and C.), G.C. V.O., K.C. M.G.,
Personal A.D.C. to King George V (died Nept. 11, 1921); having issue .-

(a) Alice (Princess Andrew of Greece), born

Feb 25, 1885 ,

(b) Lady Louisa Mounthatten (Crown Princess of Sweden, born July 13, 1889; married Nov. 3, 1923, H.R H. The Crown Prince of Sweden

(c) George, Marquess of Milford Haven, K C v.o , born Nov. 6, 1892, Commander, R.N.

(sec p. 112)

(d) Lord Long Mountbatten x.c.vo, born June 25, 1900, Lieut - Com., R.N., married July 18, 1922. Edwina Cynthia Annette, daughter of Lt. Col. Rt. Hon Wilfrid Ashley, M.P. (and has issue two daughters, born 1924 and 1929)
(ii) Elizabeth Fedorovia (Grand Duchess Ser-

give of Russia), horn Nov 1. 1864; died 1918.
(ii) Irene (Princess Henry of Prussia), horn

July 11, 1866.

July 12, 1800.

(iv) Ernest Louis of Hesse, horu Nov. 25, 1868

(v) Alix (Tearstsa of Russia), born June 6, 1872, died July 16, 1918.

(vi) Mary, born May 24, 1874, died Nov. 15, 1878.

4. Admiral of the Fleet, H.R.H. Prince Alfred, 1874. Admiral of the Fleet, H. R. H. Frince Alleger, Duke of Edunburgh, born Aug. 6, 1844, marked Jan. 23, 1844, Marked Alexandrovna (died Oct 25, 1920), only daughter of Alexander II, Emperor of Russia, succeeded as Inter of Sale-Cobury and Charles Aug. 22, 1820; died July 30, 1900. | Gotha, Aug. 22, 1893; died July 30, 1900.
5. H.R H Princess Helena Augusta Victoria,

General H R.H. Prince Christian of Schleshoff Hulstein (died Oct. 28, 1927); died June 9, 1923. Issue

(i) H.H. Prince Christian Victor, G.C.B, G C.V.O.,

born April 14, 1867, died Oct 29, 1900.
(ii) H.H Prince Albeit, born Feb. 26, 1869, died

April 27, 1931.
(iii) II. If Princess Helena Victoria, C.I., V.A,

V.A., G.B E., born Aug. 12, 1872. (v) H.H. Prince Haiold, born May 12, died

May 20, 1876. 6. H.R.H PRINCESS LOUISE, born March 18 1848, married March 21, 1871, the Marquess of Lorne, afterwards the 9th Duke of Argyll, K.G. 7. Field-Marshal H. R. H. Prince Arthur, DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, A.G., P.C., K.T. K. P., G.M.B., G.C. S. I., G.C. M.G., G.C. L.E., G.C. V.C. (see also p. 289), born May 1, 1850, married March 13, 1899, H. R. H. Princess Louisa of Prussis (died March 14, 1917).

(i) H. R. H. Princess Margaret (horn Jan. 15, 1882, died May 1, 1590), married H. R. H. the Cropes Prince of Nucleus, 6, C. B., G. C. O., leaving Issue (h) Major-Gen. H. R. H. Prince Arthur, K. G.

P.C. KT, GC.MG, G.O.V.O., C.B., Personal A.D.C. to King George V., born Jan. 13, 1883; married Oct. 15, 1913, H.H. the Duchess of Fife, having lasue Earl of Macduff, born

Aug. 9, 1914 (iii) H. R. H. Princess Patricia (Lady Patricia Ramsay), born March 17, 1886, married Feb 27, 1919, Reur-Adm Hon. Alexander Ramsay, D.S.o., having issue Alexander Arthur Alfonso

David, born Dec. 21, 1919

8. 11 R.H. Prince Leopold, DUKE OF ALBANY K.G., P.C., L.T., &c., born April 7, 1853, married Princess Helena of Waldeck (died Sept. 2, 1922); died March 28, 1884. Issue :-

(1) Alice Mary, born Feb. 25, 2883, married Feb. 20, 2904, Prince Alexander of Teck (Earl of Athlone), K.G , G.C.B., G C M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O. (see p. 104)

(ii) Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-

Gotha, boin July 19, 1884. 9. H R H PRINCESS BEATRICE, born April 14, 1857, married July 23, 1885, H.R.H. Prince Henry of Battenberg, k.G., P.C. (born Oct. 5, 1858, died Jan 20, 1896) Issue:—

(i) Alexander, Marquess of Carisbrooks, G.C.B., G C V O . born Nov. 23, 1886, married Lady Irene Demson

(ii) Victoria Eugénie, horn Oct. 24, 1887, married May 31, 1906, H.M. Alfonso XIII., late King OF SPAIN.

(111) Major Lord Leopold Mountbatten. G.c.v.o.,

born May 21, 1889, died April 23, 1922.

(iv) Mainice, born Oct. 3, 1891, died of wounds received in action, Oct. 27, 1914.

THE FAMILY OF KING EDWARD VII.

KING EDWARD VII., clost son of Queen Victoria, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Her Royal Highness Princess Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louise Julia, born December 1, 1844 (died Nov. 20, 1925), eldest daughter of His late Majesty King Christian IX. of Denmark; succeeded to the Throne January 22, 1901; crowned at Westminster Abbey, August 9, 1902; died May 6, 1910. Issue:—
r H R.H. Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Hon James George A

1 H.H. Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Cluteuce, born Jan. 8, 1864, died Jan. 14, 1892.
2 H.M. KING GEORGE V, q.v.
3 H.R.H. LOUISE Victoria Alexandra Dagmar, Princess Royal, Col.-in-Ch. 4th-yth D. G., born Feb 20, 1867; married July 27, 1889, 1st Duke of Fife (died Jan. 29, 1912); died Jan. 4, 1931. Isaue:—

(ii) H H Princess Alexandrs, Juchessof Fife (H R.H.
Princess Arthur of Connaught), born May 17,
1807, married Cot. 12, 2023, 10 H.R.H. Princes
Arthur (see abose).
(ii) H H Princess Maud, born April 3, 1893; married
Nov. 12, 1023, Lord Carnegle, E.C. v.o (see Earlof
Southerk, D. 127) Issue:-

Hon James George Alexander Bannerman Carnegie (Master of Carnegie), horn Sept. 23, 1929. 4 H.R H Princess VICTORIA Alexandra Olga Mary, horn July 6, 1858

5 H.R.H. Princess MAUD Charlotte Mary Victoria (H.M. Queen of Norway), born Nov. 26, 1869, married July 22, 1896, to Haakon VII., Kind OF Norway. Issue:—

F. NORWAY. 18810:—
H. R. H. Olav, Crown Prence of Norway, born July s, 2903, murried March 13, 2909, H.B.H. Princes H. R.H. Princes Ragnhild Alexandra, b June 9, 1950
6. H.E. H. Prince Alexander John Charles
6. H.E. H. Prince Albert, born April 6, died April 7, 1871.

## The house of Windsor.

His Most Excellent Majesty George the Fifth, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Sess, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India; only surviving son of His late Majesty King Edward VII. and of Her late Majesty Queen Alexandra; born at Mailborough House, June 3, 1865; married July 6, 1893, Her Serene Highness Princess Victoria Mary Augusta Louise Olga Pauline Claudine Agnes, Queen Mary. born May 26, 1867 (see "Family of King George III.," p. 104); succeeded to the Throne May 6, 1910; crowned at Westminster Abbey, June 22, 1911. Their Majesties have issue:—

#### (1) The Prince of Wales.

2. H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES (EDWARD Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David) Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, Duke of Cornwall, Duke of Rothesay, Earl of Carrick, Baron of Renfrew, Lord of the Isles and Great Steward of Scotland, High Steward of Windsor, K.G., P.C., K.T., K.P., G.C.S.I., G.M.M.G., G.C.I.R., G.O.V.O., G.M.B.E., I.S.O., M.C., F.R.S., Vice-Admiral, Lleutenant-General, and Air Marshal, Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, Col. Welsh Guards, and P.O. W. Volrs. (S. Lancs Rept.), Col.-in-Chief rath Lancers, Middlesex Regt., D.C.L.I., Senorth Highrs., R Scots Fus., S. Wales Borderers, Leinster Regt., Royal Wilts. Yeomanry, and Cadet Corps of U.K., Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets, born June 23, 2894.

#### (2) The Duke of York.

s. H. R. H. THE DUKE OF YORK (ALBRIT Frederick Arthur George), Duke of York, Earl of Inverness and Baron Killarney, K.G., P.C., K.T., G.O.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.C.L., Col-in-Chief xxth Hussars, Somerset L.I., East Yorks Regt and R.A.O.C., Hon. Col., 4th Bn. Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, a Captain R. N. and Group Captain R. A. K., Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, born Dec. 24, 1295, married April 25, 2923, Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon (H.R.H. Duchess of York, G.B.E., born Aug. 4, 1290), Col-in-Chief K.O.Y.L. I., and has issue:

HRH Princess Elizabeth Alexandra Mary, b April 21, 2926 HRH Princess Margaret Rose, b August 21, 1930

## (3) The Princess Mary

3. H.R.H. PRINCESS MARY (Victoria Alexandra Alice Mary), COUNTESS OF HAREWOOD, G.B.E. D.C.L., Col.-in-Chief Royal Scots, born April 25, 1897, married Feb. 28, 1922, Viscount Laxeelles, now 6th Earl of Harewood, k.G., D.S.O., and has issue:—

(z) George Henry Hubert, Viscount Lascelles, b Feb 7, 1983.

(a) Hon. Gerald David Lascelles, b Aug az, 2984

#### (4) The Duke of Gloucester.

4. H.R.H. THE DUKE OF GLOUCESTER (Henry William Frederick Albert), Duke of Gloucester, Earl of Ulster and Baron Culloden. K.G., P.C., G.C.V.O., LL.D., Personal A.D.C. to H.M. the King, Capt. 10th Hussars, born March 31, 1900.

#### (5) The Prince George.

5. H.R.H. PRINCE GEORGE (George Edward Alexander Edmund), K.G., G.C.V.O., Lieut., R.N., born Dec. 20, 1902.

#### (6) The Prince John.

6. H.R.H. PRINCE JOHN, born July 22, 2905, died Jan. 28, 1919.

#### ORDER OF SUCCESSION TO THE THRONE.

The sons of the Sovereign are in the order of succession to the throne, and after the youngest son the daughters, in the order of their own seniority. Thus after the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York would come the Princes Elizabeth and the Princess Margaret, daughters of the Duke of York, the Duke of Gloucester and the Prince George; then Princess Mary and her children; then, as His Majesty has no brother, his sisters, with the children of the eldest in preference to the second sister; then the second daughter of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg (his eldest daughter, Queen Marie of Rumania, having formally renounced on her marriage all possibility of claim to the British Throne). After traversing the Saxe-Coburg branch, we treat similarly those of Connaught and Albany. Having thus exhausted the families of all Queen Victoria's sons we turn to her daughters, beginning with the house of the late Empress Frederick; but as this line, with the ex-German Emperor at its head, is wholly out of practical lounds, it would be profitless to pursue the investigation any further.

#### ANNUITIES TO THE ROYAL FAMILY.

The annuities payable to Their Majesties and to the members of the Royal Family are known as the Civil List, which is granted by Parliament upon the recommendation of a Select Committee. The Civil List of King Edward VII. amounted to  $\mathcal{L}_{470, \infty0}$ , in addition to which annuities to other members of the Royal Family accounted for an additional annual sum of  $\mathcal{L}_{500, \infty0}$ . The Select Committee appointed on June 14, 1910, reported on July 7, and made recommendations, which were adopted by the House of Commons. These recommendations, as modified by subsequent events, are also subject to the voluntary deductions announced by H.M. the King.

divition, and analy analyses to the foldings:	, acamoun
Their Majesties' Privy Purse	£.110,000
Salaries of Honsehold	225,800
Expenses of Household	193,000
Works	20,000
Royal Bounty	13,200
Unappropriated	8,000

•	ne announced by man, one will .	
	Duke of York	£35,000
	Princess Louise (Duchess of Argyll)	6,000
	Duke of Connaught	25,000
	Princess Beatrice	6,000
	King Edward VII.'s Daughters	18,000
	His Majesty's Younger Children	26,000
ı		

£470,000

£106,000

## The Ming's Bousehold.

The Lord Chamberlain, Rt. Hon. the Earl of Cromer, G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.
The Lord Steward, Rt. Hon. the Earl of Shaftesbury, K.P., G.C.V.O., C.B.E.
The Master of the Horse, Rt. Hon. the Earl of Granald, K.P., G.C.V.O. The Treasurer of the Household, Major Sir George R. J. Hennessy, Bt , O.B E., M.P. The Comptroller of the Household (see p. 159)
The Vice-Chamberlan. Mit Frederick C. Thomson, Bt., M.P.

Gold Stick, Field-Marshal Viscount Allenby, G C B , G C M G. Do , Major-General Hon. Sir Cecil Bingham, G C V O , K C R.G , C B Do., Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, Bt., G.C.B , G C N G., K C V O , D.S.O.

Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom, Admiral Hon Sir Stanley Colville, G C.B., G C M.G.

Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom, Admiral Sh Montague E. Browning, G.C.B., G.C.M G,

First and Principal Naval Aute-de-Camp, Admiral Hon Sn Hubert G. Brand, K C.B., K.C M. G. KCVO.

KCVO.

Advis-de-Camp General, General Sir Robert Cassels, K.O.B., C.S.I., D.S.O.; General Sir Chas.

H. Harington, G.B.E., K.C.B., D.S.O.; General Sir David Campbell, K.C.B.; General Sir Archibald Montgomery-Massingbetd, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.; General Sir William Thwaites, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., G.G.R., G.G.R., D.S.O.

Principal An Advide-de-Camp, Ant-Maishal Sir E. L. Ellington, K.C.B., C.M.G., C.B.K.

Privy Purse Office.

Secretary of the Pirry Purse, Paymaster-Rear-Admiral P. J. H. L. Row, c B. Assistant Secretary to the Prny Purse, Cliftoid Longden, M.V.O. Clerks, Hugh K Punshon, M V.O; Alfred V Marten, M V O.

11.M. Commissioner, Balmoral, Major D. W. A. D.

Vlackende, D 8 O Land Steward, Windsor, M. Conacher. Agent, Sandriumham, Arthur C. Beck, M v.O Consulting Engineer, E. W. Monkhouse, M A., M mst.c E.

Treasurer's Office.

Deputy Treasures to the King, Sir Ralph E Harwood, KCVO, CB, CBE Comptroller of Supply, J. M. C Barlerin, MVO Accountant, Master of the Household's Dept. and Lord Chamberlain's Office, G W Green Accountant, Royal Mews, Capt R Harwood Accountant, Pay Office, G D Field, MV 9 Clerk to Deputy Treasure, A. G. Smalley. Store Clerk, H. Mercer. Clerk of the Wine Cellars, C. Luxon, M. v.o. Establishment Clerk, Miss V. Stewart-Richardson

Royal Almonry

Queen Anne's Gate, S.W 1. Hered Grand Almoner, The Marquess of Exeter,

CMG High Almoner, Very Rev the Dean of Wells Sub-Almoner, Rev. Preb L.J. Percival, c. v O., M.A. Secretary, Lawrence E. Tanner, M.A., F.S.A. Assistant do., E E. Ratchffe

Private Secretary's Office.

Private Secretary to the King, Col. Sir Clive Wignam, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., C.S.L. Assistant Private Secretaries, Maj. Hon. Alexander Hardinge, C.V.O., M.O.; Frank Mitchell, CBE, M.V.O.

Pressurer to the Krng and Keeper of the Price | Equerries, Capt Si Bryan Godfrey-Faussett, Purse, Rt. Hon. Sn Frederick Ponsonby. | K.C.V.O., C.M.G., R.N.; Lt. Col. R. H. Sey-g.C.B., G.C.V.O. R C.V.O., C.M.G., R N; Lt. Col. R. H. Sey-mour, C V.O.; Maj. Hon. A. H. L. Hardinge, M.V.O., M.O. (and Assistant Private Secretary); Capt. Lord Claud N. Hamilton, C.M.G., D S.O., M.VO; Lt.-Col. Lord Alastan Innes-Ker, D.S.O.

> Chief Clerk, Miss H. M. Milsom, O.B R. Clerks, Miss M L. Alcock, OBE., Miss C. Howland, Miss V. Whishaw, Miss C. E. King.

#### The King's Archives.

Keeper of the King's Archives, Gol Sir Chys Wigram, K C B, K C.V.O, O.S.I.

Assistant Keeper, Owen Morshead, D.S.O., M.C.

Regustrar Assistants, Miss M. Mackenzie, M.A. Miss L Smith, B A., LL.B , Miss Ruth Jones.

#### Lord Chamberlain's Office.

Buckingham Palace.

Secretary, F S. Osgood, M V O , O B R.

Shorthand Writer and Typist, Miss J Webster.

Lords in Waiting, The Lord Colebrooke, G C V O; Big-Gen. The Viscount Hampden, K.C.B., C.M.G. ADC., The Earl of Dunmore, F.C. D. S O , M. V.O

Grooms in Wastera, Hon. Sir Harry Stonor, K.C vo.; Sir E W Wallington, G C vo. c M G, Maj Sir P. Hunloke, K.C. vo : Col. Hon. C. Willoughby, C.V o : Admiral Sir H. H Campbell, K.C. vo.; CB : Maj. Hon. R E Molyneux, C.V. o : Hon. Gerald H C Chichester, C.V.O.

Extra Grooms in Waiting, Hon. Montague C. Ellot, C.VO, OBE.; Sir Harry Verney, R.C.VO

Gentlemen at Arms Captain, General the Earl of Cavan, K.P., C.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.B.E. Lieutenant, Col. Sir St. John Cophet Gore, C.B., C.V.O., C.B.E. Standard Bearer

Col. Wilford N. Lloyd, C.B., C.V.O. Clerk of the Cheque & Adjutant, Brig.-Gen. A. F. Home, C.B., C.M.G., D.R.O.; Harbinger, Lt.-Col. W. A. Scott, C.V.O. Maj.-Gen., B. R. Mittord, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. Brig.-Gens., Marxdin Newton; Sir E. F. O. Gascoigne, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., D.S.O.; E. T. Buckley, C.B., C.M.G.; R. H. Kearsley, C.M.G., D.R.O.; L. L. Wheatley, C.M.G., D.R.O.; L. L. Wheatley, C.M.G., D.S.O.; Colonels, Walter Kelsey, M.V.O.; Kenyon Mitford, C.W.G., A.D.C.; Quentin Agnew, D.R.O., M.V.O.; W. S. Fergusson, C.M.G.; Ulric Thynne, C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D.; Stænley Leonard Harry, C.M.G., D.S.O., T. D.; Stænley Leonard Harry, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.R.O., M.V.O.; C. de W. Crookshank; Alan T. Paley, C.M.G., D.S.O.; Eric Fitzgerald Dillon, C.M.G., D.S.O.; G.J. Edwards, D.R.O., M.C.; Lieut.-Colonels. C. Mansel-Jones, P.C., C.M.G., D.S.O.; Lieut.-Colonels. C. Mansel-Jones, P.C., C.M.G., D.S.O.; J. MacRae-Gilstrap; Chas. H. Villiers; Raymond Webber; A. G. Maxwell, O.R.E.; S. H. Pollen, C.M.G.; G.H. J. Skefington-Smyth, D.S.O.; B. Granville, D.S.O.; Lord Herbert. Smyth, D.S.O.; B. Granville, D.S.O.; Lord Herbert Scott, C.N.G., D.S.O.; Hon. O. E. Vesey, C.B.E.; Noott, C.M.G., D.S.O.; HOH, O. E. Vessy, C.B.R.; H. M. Pryce-Jones, D.S.O.; W. V.O., M.C.; G. H. Barnett, C.M.G., D.S.O.; V. Vivian, C.M. G., D.S.O.; M. V.O.; M. E. Makgill-Crichton-Maitland, D.S.O.; Sir C. F. Carne Rasch, Bt.; E. P. Le Breton; Majors, Harry W. Ricardo, Edwd. Milner; Cyrll Potter, O.B. E.; Ughtred E. C. Carnegy, D.S.O., M.C.; Captain, Sir E. B. Towse, Pur. R.C. V.O., G.B.E. You, R.C V.O., C.B.K. Youmen of the Guard: Captain, Maj. Gen. the

Jones of the Guara: Captain, Maj.-tien, one Lord Joch, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., M.V.O. Lieut., Capt. Sir Houston French, O.V.O. Clerk of the Cheque & Adjutant, Brig.-tien. J. C. Wiay, C.B., C.M. G., C.V.O. Enzign, Maj. Colin William MacRae, C.B.E. Ezons, Lt. Col. G. R. Lascelles, O.B.E.; Brig. den. R. C.A. McCalmont, D.S.O.; Lt.-Col. E.B. Frederick ; Lt.-Col. William Gibbs

Marshal of the Diplomatic Corps, Maj -Gen. Sir John Hanbury-Williams, G.C. V. O., K.C. B., O.M.G. Vice-Marshal of the Diplomatic Corps, Sir Hubert Montgomery, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B.

Constable de Gorr. of Wundsor Castle, Maj -Gen the Earl of Athlone, K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M G., G.C. V.O., D.S.O.

Deputy do, Rt. Hon. Sir Frederick Ponsonby, G.C.B., G.C.V.O Keeper of the Jewel House, Maj.-Gen. Sir G.

Younghusband, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.R., C.B. Gentleman Usher to the Sword of State, Sir Reginald H. Brade, G.C.B.

Grown of the Robes, Hon, Montague C. Eliot, C.V.O., O.B.1

Surveyor of the King's Pictures, Charles Henry Collins Baker.

Surveyor of The King's Works of Art, Sir Cecil Harcourt Smith, c.v.o.

Librarian at Windsor Castle, Owen Frederick Morshead, D.S.O., M.C., M.A

Master of the King's Music, Sir Edward Elgar, Bt., O.M., K.C.V.O., M118 DOC.

Poet Laurente, John Edward Masefield, D.Litt.

## Ecclesiastical Household.

The College of Chaplains. Cterk of the Closet, The Bishop of Oxford.

Deputy Clerk of the Closet, Rev. Preb. L. J. Percival, c.v.o., N.A.

Chaplains to the King, Rev. J. H. J. Ellison, M.V.O., M.A.; Rev. F. A. S. Ffolkes, M.V.O., M.A.; Rev. H.S. Wood, D.D.; Rev. J. Wickins, M.A.; Rev.

Canon P. Green, M.A.; Rev. Canon S. Bickersteth, D.D.; Rev. Canon A. E. Brookes, D.D.; Rev. Canon T. G. Rogers, M.C., B.D.; Rev. Canon C. S. Woodward, M.A.; Rev. F. Ingall Ander-son, C.M.G., M.A.; Rev. Canon G. E. Newsom, M.A.; Rev. Canon R. K. Cunningham, O.B.R., M.A.; Rev. Canon H. W. Blackburne, D.S.O., M.C., M.A.; Rev. E. K. Talbot, M.C., M.A.; Rev. E. M. Walker, L.L.D.; Rev. Canon C. E. Raven, D.D.; Rev. C. A. Alington, D.D.; Ven. Archdeacon Rev. C. A. Alington, D.D.; Ven. Archdeacon Hon. Kemneth F. Gibbs, M.A.; Rev C. Anon T. H. Mastors, C. B. E., M.A.; Rev.C. J. Shebbeare, M.A.; Rev. Canon T. W. Pynt, D.S.O., M.A.; Rev. B. F. Simpson, M.C., M.A.; Rev. A. C. E. Jarvis, C.M.G., M.C., D.D.; Rev. C. H. Hamniton, M.A.; Rev. Canon A. R. H. Grant, C. V.O., D. D.; Rev. Canon W. H. Elliott, M. A.; Rev. R. H. Malden, M.A.; Ven. Archdu. J. W. Hunkin, O.B.F., M.C., M.A.; Rev. F. A. Iremouger, M.A.; Rev. W.G. P. McCaynnek, D.S.G. M.A.; Rev. Canon F. H. McCornnek, D.S.O., V.A.; Rev. Canon E. H. Dudden, D.D.; Rev. S. C. Carpenter, B.D.; Rev F. R. Barry, D.S.O., M.A.; Ven. Archdeacon Rawlinson, D.D.; Ven. Archdeacon Macnutt, M.A., Rev. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.D. Honorary Chaplain,

#### Chapels Royal.

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Prients in Ordinary, Rev L. H. Nixon, MA Rev. A. H O. McCheane, M.A., Rev M. F. Foxell, M. A

Deputy Pirest, Rev. L. J Collins, M A

Honorary Priests, Rev. Canon H G. Daniell-Bainbridge, M.A.; Rev. W. P. Besley, M.V.O., M.A.; Rev. T. R. Hine-Haycock, M.V.O., M.A.

Organist de Composer, Edgar Stanley Roper,

Ordanise a Composer, sugar control of the Market Man. N. No., Man. D. Buckingham Palace—Domestic Chaplana, Rev. Preb. L. J. Percival, C.V.O., Ma. Windsor Castle—Domestic Chaplanas, Very Rev. A. V. Baillie, C.V.O., D.D. (Dean of Windsor). Sandringham-Domestic Chaplain, Rev. A. R.

Fullet, N.A. Hampton Court-Chaplam, Rev. W. K. Firminger, D.D.

Organist, do .- W. J. Phillips, Mus. Doc.

#### Medical Household.

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Physicans Extraordinary, Sir T. Barlow, Bt, K.C.V.O., M.D., F.R.S.; Sir E. Farquhar Buzzard, Bt., K.C.V.O., M.D.

Physician to Household, Maurice A. Cassidy, C.B., M.D., F.R.C P. Serjeant Surgeon, Sir Hugh M. Rigby, Bt.,

K.C.V.O., F.R.C.S. Honorary Serjeant Surgeon, Sir R. H. Charles,

Bt., G.C. v.o., K.C.S.I., M.D., F.R.C.S I. Honorary Surgeons, Sir W. W. Cheyne, Bt., K.C.M.G., C.B., F.R.S.; Wilfred Trotter, M.D., F.R.C S.; Thomas Peel Duuhill, C.M.G., M.D.

Surgeon to the Household, Albert James Walton, M.S., F.R.C.S., M.B., B.SC.

Surgeon Apothecary to his Majesty and Surgeon Apothecary to the Household, Sir F. S. Hewett, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., K.B.R., M.D.

Surgeon Apothecary to the Household at Windsor, Sir Henry L. Martyn, K.C.V.O., M.B., F.R.C S.

Surgeon Apothecary to the Household at Sandringham, F. Jeune Willans, C.V.O., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Surgeon Oculist, Sir Richard R. Cruise, K C.V.O., F R.C.S.

Surgeon Oculist to the Household, Col. Sir W.

Lister, K.C.M.G., M.B., F.R.C.S.
Larmyologist to the Household, Sir Milsom Rees, K.C.V.O., F.R.C.S.Ed.

Surgeon Dentist, Guy Capper Birt, M. R.C S., L.R C.P. Surgem Dentist to the Household, Francis D. Donovan, L.D S., R.C.S

Honorary Ancesthetist, Harold Low, M.A., M.B.

Coroner of the King's Household, A. W Mills.

#### Master of the Household's Department.

Master of the Household, Hon. Sir Derek Keppel,

G C V.O , C M.G., C I.K. Denuty Master of the Household, Brig.-Gen. Sir

Hill Child, Bt., c.B., c.M.G., D.S.O., M.V.O.
Chef Clork, Master of the Household's Department, Paymr.-Lieut W. H. Samways, M B K.,

Impector, Buckingham Palace, T. D Williams, D.C.M.

Inspector, Windsor Castle, W. March. Palace Steward, E. G. Smissen.

Housekeeper, Buckingham Palace, M18. Moore. Windsor Custle, Mrs. Amelia Rawlings

#### Lord Chamberlain's Office. St. James's Palace.

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Chief Clerk, Austin Hertslet, M.V.O.

State Incitation Assistant, Sir G. Moutague Critchett, Bt Clerks, Jocelyn Godefroi, M.V.O.; A.S. Buchanan ,

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Miss Ruth Webster

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Extra Equerries, Adm. Hon. Sir Hubert Brand, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O.; Adm. Sir Henry Buller, G.C.V.O.; C.B.; the Earl of Cromer, G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.; Brig.-Gen. Sir Douglas Dawson, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., C.M.G.; Capt. Hon. Sir Seymour Fortesche, G.C.V.O, C.M.G., R.N.; Maj-Gen. Lord Edward Gleichen, K.C.V.O., G.C.V.O.; Col. Sir Henry Streatfeild, G.C.V O., CB, C.M.G.; Maj Hon. Sir John Ward, KC V.O : Maj. Gen. Sir H. D. Watson, K. B. K., O. B. C. M. G., C. L. E., M. V. O.; Adm. of the Fleet Lord Wester Wemyss, G. C. B. C. M. G., W. V. O.; Brig. Gen. G. C. B. Paynter, C. M. G., M. V. O.; Brig. Gen. G. Thve Wigram, K. C. B., K. C. V. O.; C. S.1
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M.C. Do. do Windsor, Ernest H. Lucking, M v.o

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Veterinary Surgeons, Major F. Holday, C.M.G., F.R.C.V.S., F R.S.K., J. Willett.

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Extra Ladies of the Bedchamber, The Dowager Countess of Bradford; The Lady Lamington; The Countess of Shaftesbury.

The Lady Bertha Dawkins; The Lady Lya Dugdale, The Lady Bertha Dawkins; The Lady Joan Verney; The Lady Cynthia Colville; The Lady Elizabeth Motion; The Lady Victoria

Extra Woman of the Bedchamber, The Lady Katharine Seymour.

Maid of Honour, Hou. Jean Bruce. Clerk, Martin J. Richards, M.V.O.

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K C.V.O., M.D.

Holyrood Do ,N S Carmichael, M B , F.R C P.R Honorary Surgeon Dentist, L. C. Broughton-Head, M.B , L.D S

Honorary Surgeon Oculists, Sir G. A Herry, M B. , A. H. Sinclair, M.D., C M , F.R.C.S KI

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Adjutant, Lt.-Col. N. V. C. Dalrymple-Hamilton,

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Private Secretary, P K. Hodgson, C M.G , C.V.O., O. B E. Assistant Private Secretary and Equerry, Com-

Harold George Campbell, D.S.O., R.N.

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Lady in Wasting, Lady Helen Graham.

Extra Lady in Wasting, The Lady Annaly. Clerk Comptroller, James C. E Cole.

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K.C.V.O.

Equerry, Lt.-Col. F. E. Packe, N.V.O., O.B.E.

Ladies in Haiting, Miss Anne Annette Minna
Cochrane; Miss Bultecl; Mrs. Francis Hay.

Newton (extra); Hon. Lady Corkran (extra).

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## § The Peerage.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The following table, specifying the present composition of the House of Lords, is taken from Whitaken's Peerage. Up to the date of our going to Press, the list stands as under:—

		Tale of #				
	Iereditary	Term.	Minors †	Total.	Peeresses.	
Princes of the Blood Royal		•••	•••	4	•••	
Archbishops		2	•••		•••	
Dukes	. 18	•••	2	30	1	
Marquesses		•••	x	27	•••	
Barls	123	•••	9	132	3	
Viscounts	72	•••	•••	72		
Bishops		24	•••	34	•••	
Barous	. 420	8	13	441	12	
Scottish Representative Peers		16	•••	16		
It ish ditto		z8 (*)		<b>z8</b>	••	
	663	68	25			
	House o	f 731 + 4	5 Minors	= 756	18	

† Minors attaining their majority during 2932 are not so shown * Exclusive of ten vacancies unfilled ROYAL DUKES (4).—Style, His Royal Highness the Duke of -.... Addressed as, Sir, or more formally, May it please your Royal Highness.

2337 Cornwall, Edward, Prince of Wales, Duke of Counwall (1337), Scottish Duke of Rothesay (1308),

K.G., P.C., b 1894, s 1910. York, Albert, Duke of York, K.G., P.C., b. 1895, m. 1920

1938 Glowester, Henry, Duke of Gloucestet, K.G., P.C., b. 1900. 1874 Connaught d Strathearn, Arthur, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., P.C., Field Marshal, b. 1850, w.

Caroline, &c

ARCHBISHOPS-Style, The Most Rev. His Grace the Lord Archbishop of -Addressed as, My Lord Archbishop; or, Your Grace.

1938 Canterbury, Cosmo Gordon Lang, P.G., D.D., b. 1864 Consecrated Bishop of Stepney 1901; translated to York 1909.
1938 York, William Temple, P.C., D.D., b. 1881 Consecrated Bishop of Manchester 1921

DUKES —Style, His Grace the Duke of —. Addressed as, My Lord Duke; or, Your Grace The cidest sons of Dukes and Marquesses take, by courtesy, their father's second title The other sons and the daughters are styled ford Edward, Lady

Created. Title, Name, do 1868 1 *Abercorn, James Albert Edward Hamilton, & G., K.P. (Brit Mary and Scott, Earl, both Abercorn), b 1869, 8 1913, m ...
17018 Agyll, [Null Diatinald Campbell (U.K. Duke, Argyll), b, 1872,]
1892* Agyll, [Supplement of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the companion of the c Marq of Hamilton, b. 1904 Ian Douglas C., b. 1903 17038 *Atholl, John George Stewart-Murray, P.C., K T , G.C.V.O , C.B , **1682** Devoushere, Victor Christian William Cavendish, K.G., P.C., Grafton, John Charles William FitzRoy, b. 1914, * 1930, M. .. 1675 1643 S.* Hanalton, Alfred Douglas Douglas-Hamilton (Best. Duke, b. 1901, * 1927.

1766 I * Lenster, Edward FitzGerald (Brst Viset Lenster) b 1892, * 1922 ...

1675 S.*Lennox. See "Richmond and Gordon," Engl Duke, below .

b. 1878, s. 1985, m. ......

b 1866, 8. 1928, 7n. ... .....

1756

1483

1766

1716

1675

Lord James S.-M., b 1870 Lord Hemy S P.C., b 1849

Eldest Son or Heir.

Marquess of Hartmgton, M B E., M P , b 1895 Capt. C A. E. Fitz. R., b. 1802 Marquess of Douglas and Clydesdale, M.P., b. 1903 Francis D'Arcy G O., b.

1884 Marquess of Kildare, b. 14

Visct. Mandeville, b. 1902 Marquess of Blandford, of Graham. b. 1907

Earl of Lincoln, b 1907 Norfolk, Bernard Marmaduke Fitzalan-Howard, b. 1908, Visct FitzAlan of Derwent, K G., G.C V.O., D S O., b. 55 Lord Hugh P., b 1914 Northumberland, Henry George Alan Porcy, b. 1912, * 1930 M. Portland, William John Arthur Charles James Cavendish. Marq of Titchfield, M.P., b. 1893

Earl of March, b. 1904

Oreated 1707 8.*	Roxburghe, Henry John Innes-Ker, K.T., M.V.O. (U.K. Earl,	Eldest Son or Heir.
¥403	Innee), b. 1876, s. 1823, m	Maiq. of Bowmont, b. 1913 Maiq of Granby, b. 1919 Lord Osboine B, b. 1874 Lord Seymont, b. 1910
<b>1833</b>	Gower (Scott. Earl, Sutherland), K T, b. 1888, s. 1913, m.	Fredk. N SL -G., b.1874; for heir to Eldm, see Sutherland, Earl of
1814 1874	Wellington, Arthur Charles Wellesley, K.G., G C.V O (Irish Earl, Mornington), b 1849, s 1900, w	Marquess Donro, b 1876 (Capt Robert A. G., M C., b 1895
	MARQUENCES Stule, The Most Hon the Marquess of ——————————————————————————————————	Addressed as, My For the style of
1915	Aberdeen and Temair, John Campbell Gordon, P.C., K.T., G.C.M.G., G.V.O. (Scott Earl, Aberdeen), b. 1847, 18t Maiquess, m	Earl of Haddo, C.B.E., b. 1879 Maj Guy T M. Larnach-
1876 1821	Abergavenny, Henry Gilheit Ralph Nevill, b. 1854, * 1927, m { Adebury, George W. J. C. Brudenell-Bruce, D S O , T D , b. 1873,	Nevill, b. 1883
1831 1815 1789 1886 1796	8. 1911, m. Alba, Alch. Kennedy (Scott. Earl, Cassallus), b 1849, s 1870, m. Anglesey, Charles Henry Alex Paget, 6 c y o , b 1885, s 1905, m. Bath, Thomas Henry Thynne, k G, P C, C B, b 1862, s 1896, m. Bute, Frederick William Fane Hervey, M. y o , b 1863, s 1907, m. Bute, John Crichton-Stuart, K T. (Scott Earl, Dumtrus),	Earl of Cardigum, b x904 Earl of Cassillis, b x87z Earl of Uxbudge b x92z Visct Weymouth, M P ,b.'05 Lord Walter H , b x865
1917	b 1881, R 1900 m Cambridge, George Francis Hugh Cambridge, K.C.V.O., b 1895, 8 1037, m (see 1) 104)	Earl of Dumfnes, b 1907 Lord Frederic C. E C., b. 1907
1812	**Camiden, John Charles Pratt, b. & s. 1872, m	Earl of Brecknock, b. 1899 (None)
1815 1816 I.	Cholmondeley, George Horatio Charles Cholmondeley, (Irish tracount, Cholmondeley), b 1883, s 1933, m **Compugham, Frederick William Burton Conyugham (U.K. Baron, Muster). b. 1899, s 1918, m	Earl of Rocksavage, b. 1919 Earl of Mount Charles, b.
zozz (	Crewe, Robt Offley A. Crewe-Milnes, k.G., P.C., b. 1858, 1st Mai- quess, m	(None) FitzWarime G H. W. C.
1791 I.	*Downshry, Arthur Wills Percy Wellington Blundell Trumbull Sandys Hill (Brit Earl, Hillsborough), b 1894, 8 1918	b. 1863 Lord Arthur F. Hy H., b.
1886 1800 I	Sandy's Hill (Brit Edit, Hillsoo ough), b 1894, k 1918) Dufferin & Ava, Basil Sheridan Hamilton-Tumple-Backwood, ( (Irish Baran, Intferin & Clausbove), b 1909, * 1930, nt	1895 (None to Manquessate, see Dufferin & Claneboye) Viscount Loftus, b. 1903 Lord Burghley, M.P. J 1905
1800 I. 1793	*Meadfort, Geoffrey Thomas Taylour (U.K. Bason, Kendis), b '78 s 1894, m	Earl of Bective, b. 1002
1599 ⁶	*Huntly, Charles Gordon, P.C. (U.K. Baron, Meldrum), b. 1847, 8. 1863, m. Lansdowne, Henry Wultsm Edmond Petty-Fitzmannee, D.S.O., 1	Douglas C. L. G , b 1908
	M.V.O (Irish Earl, Kerry; Scott Baron, Naurie), b. 1872.	Earl of Kerry, b 1913
1908 1816 I.	TD (Scott Earl, Hopetoun), b. 1887, S. 1008, m	Earl of Hopetoun, b. 1912 Visct Castlereagh, M.P.,
1701 b.	TD (Scott Earl, Hapetonta), b. 1887, s. 1908, m	Bev. R. F. K, b. 1874
1838	Normanby, Rev Constantine Charles Henry Phipps (Irish Baron, Mulgrave), b. 1846, * 1890, in.	Earl of Mulgrave, b. 1919
1812 1825 I.	Northampton, William Bingham [Douglas-Maclean] Compton, D.S.O., b. 1885, s. 1913, in "Ormonde, James Arthur Wellington Foley Butler (U.K. Baron,	Edward Robt. Compton, b 1891
2682 S. 1926	Ormonde), b. 1849, x. 1919, m. Queender, francis Archibald Kelhead Douglas, b. 1896, s. 1920, m. Reading, Rufus Daniel Isaacs, P.O., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.L.E., G.C.V.O., b. 1860, 18t Marquess, 72.	Earl of Ossory, b. 1890 Visct. Drumlanrig, b. 1929 Visct. Erleigh, M.C., K.C., b. 1889

Created.

Title, Name, d.c.

\$\mathbb{E}\$ Eldest Son or Heir.

\$\mathbb{E}\$ G. V.O., C.B., T.D., b. 1861, s. 1903, m. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . b. 1893

\$\mathbb{E}\$ D. I *Sligo, George Ulick Browne (U.K. Baron, Mont Eagle), b. 1856, 172) **Townshend, G. J. Patrick Dominic Townshend, b 1916, s. 1921, M. 169 S **Treeddale, Wm. George Montagu Hay (U.K. Baron, Tweeddale), Earl of Altamont, b 1898 George Ferrars T., b. 1894 Lord Edward H., b. 1888 Lord William de la P. B., Winchester, Henry William Montagu Paulet, b. 1863, s. 1899, m. Zetland, Lawrence John L Dundas, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.L.E., b. 1905 [b. 1873] Maj. Charles S. P., M.V.O. 1551 1892 Earl of Ronakishay, b. 1908 -, the daughters Alringdon, Montagn Henry Edmund ('et al Bertie, b 1887, s. 1928, m Hon Arthur B., D.S.O., M.C., 1639 S. + 1 ulie, David Lyulph Gore Wolseley Ogilvy, K.C. VO, MC., b. '93, 8. 1900, 7h.
Albemarke, Arnold A. C. Keppel, G. C. V. O., C. B., V. D., b. '58, * '94, 7h.
Anherst, Jeffery John Archer Amherst, M. C., b. 1896, s. 1927...
Arcaster, Gilbert Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby, T.D., b.) Lord Ogilvy, b 1926 Viset Bury, M.C., b. 1882 Hon Humphrey A., b. 1903 1826 1892 Lord Willoughby de 1789 I **Arran, Arthur Jocelyn Charles Goie, P.O., K P (U.K. Baron, Eresby, b. 1907 Visct Glerawly, b 1894 Viscount Dunluce, b. rorr Swiley), b 1868, s 1001, w ... Athlane, Alexander Augustus Frederick George Cambridge, Viscount Sudley, b. 1903 1017 K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C V O., D.S O , b. 1874, 1st Earl, m. (Noue) [ley, b. 1886 Hon C D Finch-Knight-1677 N 1746 Brooks See "Warwick." [1889, 8 1923, m. Buchau, Shipley Gordon Stuart Erskine, b. 1850, 8 1898, m. . . 1469 S Lord Cardioss, b. 1878 Buckinghamshire, John Hampden Hobart - Hampden Mercer-1746 Arthur E. H -H , b. 1864 (None) Viscount Chelsea, b. 1914 Visct. Garmoyle, b. 1907 Rev Hon Chas Simulair, b'65 1930 Cadogan, Gerald Oakley Cadogan, C. B.E., b. 1865, ** 1955, ** 1800 Cadogan, Cerald Oakley Cadogan, C. B.E., b. 1865, ** 1955, ** 1800 Cadrine, Wilfied Dallas Cauns, O. M.G., b. 1865, ** 1950, ** 1814, ** 1831 Cathness, Norman Macleod Buchan, c. B.E., b. 1862, ** 1914, ** 1801. Caledon, Enk Jas. Desmond Alexander, b. 1885, ** 1893. Camperdown, George Alexander Philips Haldane-Duncan, b. 1814, ** 1815, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, ** 1816, Lt.-Col. Hon Herbrand A., [D S.O., M.C., b x888 Viscount Morpeth, b. 1923 1661 Carnarvon, Henry George Alfred Marius Victor Francis Herbert, **1793** b 1898 s 1933, m 1639 S Carnwadth, Arthur Edward Dalzell, C.B., b 1851, s 1931, m. 1748 1 * Carrick, Theobald Walter Somerset. Henry Butler (U.K. Baros, Lord Potchester, b. 1924 Viscount Ikerrin, b. 1931 Viscount Stuart, b 1921 Hon. Archibald H C., L. 1873 Capt. Hon Lionel L., D S.O., R.N., b 1873 Hon. Andrew C. C., b. 1907 Chesterfield, Edwyn F. Scudamore-Stanhope, K G., P C., G.C.V.O, 1628 

Created. Title, Name, &c. 1776 L*Clanwilliam, Arthur Vesey Meade (U.K. Baron, Clanwilliam), Eldest Son or Heir. Lord Gillford, b. 1014 of the Umon of South Africa), b. 1877, s. 1914, m. .......... Lord Hyde, b. 1906 (None) Vice-Adm. W. H. D B., Hou John P., b 1907 Viscount Stopford, OB.E., b. 1877 1697 **Cowley, Christian Arthur Wellesley, b 1890, * 1919, ***

**Craubrook, John David Gathorne-Hardy, b 1900, * 1915

**Craveu, William George Bradley Craven, b 1897, ** 1921, ***

**Craveu, William George Bradley Craven, b 1897, *** 1921, *** Hon. John C., b. 1901 **#857** Viscount Dangan, b 1921 Hon, Ralph G.-H., b. 1901 1892 Visct. Uffington, b 1917 Lord Balniel, M.P., b. 1900 Visct Errington, b 1918 8. 1917, m. 1633 8 * Dalhousie, John Gilbert Ramsay (U.K. Baron, Ramsan), b. 1904, Hon. Simon R , 1 1914 Lord Clifton b. 1915 1711 b. 1851, s. 1891, w Visct. Lewishnai, b 1881 Dartrey, Anthony Lucius Dawson (Irish Baron, Cremorne), (None to Earldom; see 1866 b. 1855, * 1920, m ......

"De La Warr, Heibrand Edward Dundonald Brassey Sackville, Cremarne) 1761 Lord Buckhurst, b. 1021 Visct. Feilding, CMG, 1622 KCVO (Insh Earl, Desmond), b 1859, s 1898, m . . . . Derby, Edward George Villiers Stanley, KG, PC, GCB, GCV.O., D S.O., b. 1885 Lord Stauley, M.C., M.P., 1485 b. 1894 (None) Rev Hon Fredk C., b 1875 Viscount Simulale, b 1902 Viscount Moore, b toto Hon Algernon H M., b Ducie, Capel Henry Berkeley Moreton, b 1875, * 1924, m. 1880 Visct Ednam, M.C., M.P., b 1894 1686 S * Intumore, Alexander Edward Vintra, V C, D.S O., M.V.O. (U K. Baron, Dumore), b 1871, 8 1907, m
1882 I. Dunraren & Mount Earl, Windham Henry Wyndham-Quin, Lord Cochrane, b. 1886 Viscount Fincastle, b 1908 Viscount Adare, C.B K., M.C., b. 1887 Viscount Lambton, b 1920 Mrs. Owain Greaves, h 1889 Lord Howard of Effing. 1643 8. Effingham, Gordon Frederick Henry Charles Howard, b. 1873, * 1927, m .... 1968 S.* Eglinton d Wenton (1600), Archibald Seton Montgomerie (UK. ham, b. 1905 1358 S. Egitation a Numbril (2005), Architectus Second Montgomerie (U. K.

Earl Winton), b 1880, 8 1919, m

1733 L. Egmont, Frederick Joseph Tievelyan Perceval (Brit. Baron,
Lovel & Holland), b, 1893, 8, 1919, m

1831 Eldan, John Scott, b, 1899, 8, 1926

1633 S. Eldin & Kincardine (1647), Edward James Bluce, c.M.G. (U.K. Lord Montgomerie, b. xox4 Viscomit Perceval, b. 1914 Hon. Michael S., b 1900 Lord Bruce, b. 1024 1789 1 *Ennskillen, John Henry Michael Cole, c V.G (U.K. Baron, Grunstead), b 1876, s 1924, m
1789 1.*Erne, John Henry George Crichton (U.K. Baron, Fermanagh), Visct. Brackley, b. 1915 Viscount Cole, b. 1921 Col. Hon. Sir George C., b. 1907, s. 1914, m. K.C.V.O., b. 1874 •••• Lady Diana H , b. 1926 (to 14538 *Erroll, Josslyn Victor Hay (U.K. Baron, Kilmarnack), Scott, Eldni) b. 1901, #. 1928, 18 Hon Gilbert H., b. 1903 (to U.K.Bny). Viscount Malden, b. 1906 Ennex. Algernon George de Vere Capell, b. 1884, s. 1916, in. ..... **266**1 *Ferrers, Walter Knight Shirley, b. 1864, s. 1912, 111. .... 2711 Visct. Tamworth, b. 1894

1	2700 1 001 ago. 12a1 vo.	
Created.	Title, Name, &c.	Eldest Son or Heir.
1916, 11	s William Slingsby Duncombe, b. 1906, s	Feversham Bny., Col. Charles W. F. D, C.B.E., b. 186s)
Fingall), b. 1806	mes Horace Plunkett, M.C. (U.K. Baron	Hon. Gerald P., o 1800
Fitzwilliam, & K.	Chas. De Meuron Wentworth-Fitzwilliam C V.O., C.B.R., D.S.O. (Irish Earl, Fitzwilliam	),} Viscount Milton, b. 1910
1789 Fortescue, Hugh F	1872, s. 1902, m ortescue, K.C B , A D.C , b. 54, s. 1905, w onv Gerard Edward Noel, b 1923, s. 1927, M	.) [b. x888] Viscount Ebrington, M.C., Hon. Geraid E. N., b. 1926
Stewart of Garber	oh Algernon Rohald Stewart (Brit. Baro)	. Lord Garlies, b. 1928
b. 1874, 8. 1015, 2n	James Boyle, D.S.O. (U.K. Baron, Fairle) Charles Montagu Brabazon Acheson, M.	Viscount Kelburn, b. zozo
(U.K. Baron, Wo	rlingham), b 1877, * 1922, m	Viscount Acheson, b 1911
K.P., G.O.V.O. (U.,	Arthur Wilham Patrick Hastings Forbes, P.C K. Baron, Granard), b. 1874, s. 1889, m le G. Leveson-Gower, P.C., G.C V.O., K.C.M.G.	. VIBCL. FOIDER, O. 1915
1 0. 1872. × 1801. 21	ort Grey, h. 1879, s 1917, m	D S.O . <i>b.</i> 1880
isigs. † Haddington, Geor	: George North, b   1876, s. 1885, m ge Bailhe-Hamilton, m c , b   1894, s. 1917, m ander Eugene Douglas Haig, b. 1918, s   1928, b	Loid North, b. 1902 Hon. Chas Wm B. H., M.P.,
'1898 Halsbury, Harding	e Goulhum Giffard, K.C., b 1880, s. 1921, m. 3 Alexander Yorke, b 1869, s 1909	Viscount Tiverton, b 1908  Philip G. Y., b. 1906
1812 Harewood, Henry b. 1882, 8. 1929, 11	George ('harles Lascelles, K.G , D 8 0., T D	, Viscount Lascelles, b.
1809 Harrowby, John He	Henry Leicester Stauhope, b. 1922, 8 1929, herbert Dudley Ryder, b. 1864, 8 1900, m "Downshire. Trish Marq	M. Aubrey S., b. 1857 Viscount Sandon, b 1892
1608 8 * Home, Chas, Cosps	strick Archibald Donglas-Home, K.T. (U. h.	Lord Duuglass, M.P., b. 1903
8. XQ2Q, 7/6	b 1873, * 1918, m	,
1529 Huntingdon, Wari 1868, 8 1885, m.	ner Francis John Plantagenet Mastings, i	Viscount Hastings, b igor
	stafford Northcote, b 1901, * 1927, m	Rev. Hon. Arthur F. N., b.  1. 1852 1. Lord Stavordale, b. 1905
1929 Inchcape, James	Lyle Mackay, G.C S.I., G.C M G , K.C I L ,	Viscount Glenapp, b 1887
1837 Innes. See "Rox	burghe," Scott Duke	•
8. IQ27, 17	ward Cecil Lee Guinness, C.B., C M.G , b. 1876 nworth Jellicoe, G C.B., O M., G.C. v.O., b. 1856	Viscount Elveden, b zoza
18t Earl, Admira	d of the Flect, m	Viscount Brocas, b. 1918 ), Hon. Edward M. C.V., b.
Kennare) h +86	ne Chatles Browne, C v o. (U.K. Baron	Viget Castlemores h - 0
	(1753). See "Lansdowne," Brit Marq has AdelbertHenryNeedham,b.1883,8 1915,h	. (Maj. Hon Francis Edward
1866 Kimberley, John W	odehouse, b. 1848, s 1902, w	M.C., b 1883 [1897]
	dwyn King-Tenison, b. 1874, s. 1896, m ley Hay(Brit. Baron, Hay), b. 1902, s. 1916, n	Visct. Kingsborough, b Col Arthur W. H Hay.
1677 S. *Kintore, Althur Ge	eorge Keith-Falconer, (U K. Baron, Kuntore	),
0. 1879, 8. 1930  1914	toum, Henry Elliott Chevallier Kitchene	. Adrian W. KF., b 1888 r, Viscount Broome, b 1919
1756 I Lanesborough, Hen	ry Cavendish Butler, b. 1868, s. 1929, m	Lord Newtown Butler, b.
1837 Leicester, Thomas 1795 L.* Leitrim, Charles Cle	ohn Maitland, b. 1891, s. 1931, m Wm. Coke, G.C.V.O, C.M.G., b. 1848, s. 1909, m ments (U.K. Baron, Clements), b. 1879, s. 1822, n	a. (None)
b. 1890, 8. 1913, 11	(1690), Archibald Alexander Leslie-Melville	Lord Balgonie, b. 1984

ł		1100 1 001 1010	
	Create		Eldest Son or Heir.
1	1831	Lichfield, Thomas Edward Anson, b. 1883, * 1918, m Limerick, Edmind Colquboun Pery, D.S.O. (U.K. Baron, Fox-	Viscount Auson, b. 1913
1	10031	tord), b 1888, 8 1929, 34	Visct. Glentworth, b. 1930
ı		Landsay, Reginald Lindesay-Bethune, b 1867, * 1917, 11	Hon. Archibald B., b. 1878
ı	1626	Lindsey, Montagu Peregrine A. Bertie, b. 1861, s. 1899, w. Lisburne, Ernest Edind. H. Malet Vaughan, b. 1892, s. 1899, m.	Earl of Abingdon, b. 1887 Lord Vaughan, b. 1918
	1822 I	Lastowel, Richard Granville Hare (U. K. Baron, Hare), b' 66, s' 24, m	Visct. Emismore, b. 1906
	1905	Laverpool. Arthur Wm. de Brito Savile Foljambe, P.C., G.C.B.,	
I		G.C.M.G., G.B.E., M.VO, b. 1870, # 1907, 1#	Hon Gerald F., D 8.0. b 1878 ((None to Earldon; to
1	z887	Londesborough, Hugo William Cecil Demson, b. 1894, s. 1980	Buy , Capt. Ernest W. D.,
ı			R N., b. 1876)
I	1785 1.	'Longford, Edward Arthur Henry Pakenham (U.K. Baron, Silchester), b 1902, 8, 1915, 111	Hon, Francis A. P., b. 1905
1	_		llon. Lancelot L., O.B.E.,
1	1807	Dominite, Hugh Certi Irradici, it di, dicir ci, c 205/, a 2005, in	l //. 1867
I	-0-0		(None to Earldom, to King Bny, Col Henry S
Į	1838	Loveluce, Peter Malcolni King, b 1905, 8, 1929	King, b 1860)
1	1795 I	Lucan, George Charles Brugham, K.B.E., C.B., b 1860, s 1914, m	Lord Buigham, M.C., b 1898
	1880	Lytton, Victor Alex Geo. Robert Lytton, P.C., G.C S.I, G.C I.K,	Viscount Knebworth, M.P., b '03
١	1721	b.1876, s. 1891, m	Viscount Parker, b 1914
İ	2800	Malmeshury, James Edward Harris, b. 1872, s. 1899, m	Viscount Fitz Harris, b. 1907
	1776 d	1792 Manneld, Alan David Murray (Scott Visct, Stormont),	Lond Hoose II D h sees
1	1806	**Manuers, Evelyn Robert Prerreport b 1888, 8 1926	Gervase E. P., M. C., b. 1881
ı	1405 N	Mar, John Fras Hamilton Sinclair Cunliffe Brooks Forbes	
-		(Goodeve-Erskine, b. 1868, s. 1930, m	Lord Erskine, Mr, b 1891
١	1505 F	Mano. Walter Longley Bourke, b 1850, * 1027, m	Lord Naas, b 1890
	1627 1	Mayo, Walter Longley Bourke, b 1859, * 1927, m	
1	46 1	Baron, Chaworth), b 1869, * 1929, m	Lord Ardee, b. 1910 Visct. Pollington, b. 1906
1	1700 1. 19 <b>2</b> 0	Mulletan, William St. John Fremantle Brodrick, P.C., K.P., b	Viscount Dunsford, M.C.,
İ	-,	1856. 1st Earl, 1n	b x888
I	1911	Midlothian. See "Rosebery," below	Viscount Melgund, b. 1928
١	1813 1562 8.1	Moray, Francis Douglas Stuart, M c. (Bit Baron, Stuart of Castle	viscount Meigund, v. 1926
	-3	Stuart), b 1892, #. 1930, 111	Hon John S., b 1894
1	1815	Morley, Edmund Robert Parker b 1877. 8 1905	Hon. Montagu P, b 1878
İ	1700 1	Morton, Sholto George Watson Donglas, b 1844, s 1884, m	Lord Aberdour, b 1907 ['43
ł	1780	Mount Edgeumbe, Piers A. Hamilton Edgeumbe, b. '65, * 1017,7th	Richd John F E. M V O. h
	1831	Munster, Geoffrey W. R. H. FitzClarence, b. 1906 * 1918, m	Edward C. FrtzC, b 1899 Hon. Edward N., b. 1860
1	1805 1660 N.	Newburgh, Carlo Gustiniam-Bandun, b 1862, x. 1908, m	Lady Maria Sofin G .B , b.
i	1827 I	Norbury, Wm Brabazon Lindesay Graham-Toler, b. '62, 8 '73,m.	Otway 8 GT', b 1886   '89
1		Normanton, Sidney J. Agai (U. K. Baron, Somerton), b. 65, s. 96, m. Northesk, David L. G. H. Carnegie, b. 1901, s. 1921, m	Visct. Somerton, b. 1910 Hou. Douglas C., b 1870
١	1647 S 1801	Onslow, Richard Wilham Alan Onslow, P.C., O.B.E., b 1876,	non. Douglas C., v 10/0
١		8 IQII, 111	Visct. Cranley, b ror3
ı	<b>1696</b> ≻	Orkney, Edmond Walter FitzMaurice, b. 1867, s. 1889, m Oxford d. Asquith, Julian Edward Geo Asquith, b. 1916,s. 1918, M.	Lady Mary Goding, b. 1903
Ì	1925 19 <del>2</del> 9	Peel. Wm Robert Wellesley Peel, P. C. G. B. E., b. 1867, 18t Earl, m.	Hon Herbert A, b. 1880 Visct Clanfield, b. 1901
١	1551	Peel, Wm Robert Wellesley Peel, P.C., G. B.E., b. 1857, 18t Earl, m. Pembroke & Montgomery (1605), Reginald Herbert, M.V.O., b.	
I	1605 S	1880, * 1913, 111	Hon Sir Eric D., K.C M.G.,
١	1905	Plymouth, Ivor Miles Windsor-Clive (Eng. Baron, Windsor),	[b. 1876
١	•	1' C , h. 1889, s. 1923, m	Visct. Windsor, b. 1923
1	1755 I.	Portailington, Lionel Arthur Henry Seymout Dawson-Damer, b 1883, * 1900, m	Viscount Carlow, b. 1907
1	<b>2743</b>	Portsmouth, Oliver Heury Wallop, b. 1861, s. 1925, m	Visct. Lymington, M.P., b.
١	1706	"Poulett, George Annas Fitzwarrene Poulett, b 1909, s. 1918	(None)- [1898
1	1804	Paurs, George C. Herbert (Irish Baran, Clive), b. 1862, s. 1891, w. Radnor, William Pleydell-Bouverle, b. 1895, s. 1930, in	Viscount Clive, b. 1904
١	1765 1831 I.	Ranfuly, Vehter John Mark Knox, P.C., G.C.M.G. (U.K. Baron,	Visct. Folkestone, b. 1927
١	-	Ranfurly), b 1856, * 1875, m	Viscount Northland, b. 1913
1	1771 I	Roden, Robert Soame Jocelyn, b. 1883, * 1915, m	Viscount Jocelyn, b. 1909 Viscount Marsham, b. 1898
1	1001	Rowney, Charles Marsham, b 1864, s 1905, 11	· recount branami, 0. 1891

Lord Dalmeny, b. 1910 Hon. Desmond E. P., b. '10 Lord Loughborough, b. 1917

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Crea 1458 1861	ted. Ttile, Name, &c. 8.†Rothes, Malcolm George Dyer Edwardes Leslie, b. 1902, 8. 1927, m. *Russell, Bertrand Arthur William Russell, b. 1872, 8. 1932, m	Eldest Son or Heir. Lady Jean L, b. 1927 Lord Amberley, b. 1921
1915	St. Aldwyn, Michael John Hicks-Beach, b. 1912, 8 1916, M	(None) Montagne C. E., c v.o.,
1815	St. Germans, Granville John Eliot, b 1867, 8 1928	( O.B.K., b. 1870
1690	Scarbrough, Aldred Frederick Geo Beresford Lumley, K.G., G.B.E., K.C.B (Irish Viset Lumley), b 1857, s 1884, vc 1. *Sefton, Hugh William Osbert Molyneux (U.K. Baron, Sefton), }	Roger L., b. 1806.
1	1.*Sefton, Hugh William Oshert Molynenx (U.K. Baron, Sefton), b 1898, s. 1930	Maj Hon. Richard M., CVO, b 1873
188a	b 1898, # 1930.  Selborne, Wm. Waldegrave Palmer, k G., P C., G C.M.G., b 1859.)  * 1895, 11	Visct. Wolmer, P.C, M.P., b. x887
1672	Shafteshiry, Anthony Ashley-Cooper, P.C., & P., G C.V.O., C.B.E., b 1866, 19	Lord Ashley, b. 2000
1442	1 *Shannon, Robt. Hy. Boyle (Brit. Bn., Carleton), b. 1900, * 1917, in Shrewshird & Talbot (1784), John George C. H. A. Chetwynd Chetwynd-Talbot (Irish East, Water torth), b. 1914, s. 1921, M	Visct Boyle, b x924 Himphrey C · T , b x883
1880	Southerk, Charles Noel Carnegie (U. K. Baron, Balanhard), b. 1854,	Hon Hy Ang Millex-Lade,
1765	Spencer, Albert Edward John Spencer, b. 1892, A. 1922, M	LordCarnegie, K.C V 0., b. '93 Visct Althorp, b. 1924
1703	b 1879, 8 1914, 1n	Viset Dahrymple, b 2906
1628 1718	Stamford, Roger Grey, b. 1896, s. 1910	(None) Hon Henry A S, b 1845
1821	Stradbroke, Geo E. J. Mowbray Rous, K C M G , C B , C V O , C B, E , V D , b , 1862, 8 , 1886, 91.	Viscount Dunwich, b zgo3
1786	Straford, Edmund Henry Byng, b 2862, * 2928, m	Hon Ivo Francis B, b 74
1603	K.T. G.C.VO, T D (U.K. Barou, Bonres), b 1855, 8 1904, m Suffalk & Berkshire (1626), Charles Henry George Howard, b 1906,	Lord Glamis, b 1884
-	8 1917	Hon. Cecil J. A. H, b 1908 (Elizabeth M. S-L-G, b.
1714	Tankerrille, Charles Augustus Ker Bennet, b 1897, 8 1931 .	lord Ossulston, b. 1921
1822		Chandos G T ·G.·L.,b 1909
1823 1815	Baron, Forrester), b 1880, 8 1924, 111	I and Forrester of Constor-
1729	"Williegraire, with Edward Soymone wandegrave, a 1002, * 1930	Rev Hon Henry N. W., b 1854 Hon Richard F M. G.,
1759	Warrack & Brooke (1746), Charles Guy Fulke Greville, b. 1911, s. 1938 1.*Waterford. See "Shrewsbury and T.," Engl Earl, above	b 1913
1633	8.* Wennes & March (1697), Hugo Richard Charteris (U. K. Baron, Werness), b. 1857, s. 1914, m	Lord Elcho, b 1912
1621 1624	I. + Westmeath, Anthony Francis Nugent, P.C., b 1870, 8 1883 Westmorland, Vere Anthony Francis Fane, b 1893, s. 1922, m	Hon Gilbert C A, b 1880 Lord Burghersh, b 1924
1876	Wharnchiffe, Archibald Ralph Montagu-Stuart-Wortley-Mac	Maj - Gen Hon E J. Montagn-Stuart-Wortley, CB, CMG, DSO., MV.O.,
1702	kenzle, b. 1898, s 1936, m	b. 1857. Loid Clonmore, b. 1902
1931	Willingdon, Freeman Freeman-Thomas, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., b 1866, 1st Earl, m (Viceroy of India)	Visct Ratendone, b 1809
1801 16 <b>2</b> 8	Wilton, Seymour Wm. Arthur John Egerton, h. 1921, * 1927, M. Wruchibea d. Nottingham (1681). Guy Montague George Finch-	Hon Geo. Arthun E.,b. 1898
1766	Hatton, O. B. R., D. S. C. b. 1885, * 1927, m.  "Winterton, Edward Turnour, P. C., M. P., b. 1883, * 1907, m  Winton. See "Egilnton and W., "Scott Earl, above	Visct Maidstone, b 1911 Gerard A. T., b 1878
1859 1837 1921	Yarborough, Chas. A Worsley Pelham, P.C. b. 1859, s. 1875, w. 1 Ppres, John Richard Lowndes French, b. 1881, s. 1995, m	Lord Convers, M.C., b. 1888 Viscount French, b. 1921
	VISCOUNTS — Style (see footnote, p 195), The Right Hon to Addressed as, My Lord. The eldest sons of Viscounts and distinctive title; they, as well as their brothers and sisters, a Robert, Hon. Marry, &c.	the Viscount—.  I Barons have no pre styled the Hon
1919	Allenby, Edmund Henry Hynman Allenby, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.	C B. M., R.N , b 1864
1911 1641 1751	Allendale, Wentworth H. C. Beaumont, M.C., b 1890, s. 1923, m.	Hon. Wentworth B, b. 1922 Capt. Robt. K. A., M.C., b. 297 Hon Desmond F., b 1995
	WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.	

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Title, Name, &c.
Created.
1917 Astor, Waldorf Astor, b. 1879, s. 1929, m. 1921 1. †Bangor, Maxwell Richard Crosbie Ward, c.B.E., b. 1868, s. 1911, m. 1720 1. †Barrington, Walter Bulkeley Barrington (U.K. Baron, Shute),
| 1935 | 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 
                     Bridgeman, William Clive Bridgeman, P.C., b. 1864, 1st Visct., m.
2020
                     Bridport, Rowland Arthur Herbert Nelson Hood (Irish Baron,)
1868
                           Bridport), b 1911, * 1924 ... .....
                     Burnham, Harry Lawson Webster Lawson, G.C.M G., C H., T D,
1919
                            b. 1862, 1st Viscount, m. .....
                    1926
 1835
                1984
1916
1665 I
1717 L
                 166x I
                     18t Viscount, m. ... Clancarty," Irish Earl
1823
b. 1881, *. 1922, ***.

Colville of Culrows, Charles Alexander Colville (Scutt. Baron, Colville of Culrows), b. 1883, * 1928

Comberners, Fras. I. W. Stapleton-Cotton b. 1887, * 1898, **.
 1002
1827 Combernere, Fras I. W Stapleton-Cotton b. 1887, s. 1898, m. ...

Cowbia ay, Weetman Harold Miller Penrson, b. 1882, s. 1927, m. ...

Cratigation, James Craitz, P.C., b. 1872, 1st Viscount, m. ...

Cross, Richard Assheton Closs, b. 1882, s. 1924, m. ...

D'Abernon, Edgar Vincent, P.C., G.C. B., G.C. M.G., b' 57, 1st Visct, m. ...

1927 I + Devent, I vo Richard Vesey, b. 1882, s. 1903, m. ...

Devonport, Hudson Ewbanke Kearley, P.C., b. 1856, 1st Visct, w. 1822, m. ...

1828 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 1866, s. 1892 ...

1880 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 2866, s. 1892 ...

1880 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 2866, s. 1892 ...

1880 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 1866, s. 1892 ...

1880 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 1866, s. 1892 ...

1880 I *Doncraile, Edward St. Leger, b. 1866, s. 1892 ...
 1827
                   1675 S
  1926
  IQII
                      Esher, Oliver Sylvain Baliol Brett, M B E , b 1881, 8 1930, m. ...
  1897
                      Exmouth, Charles Ernest Pellew, b 1863, s. 1923, m. .....
  1816
                      Falkland, Lucius Plantagenet Cary, O.B.E., b. 1880, & 1922, m.
  z620 S.
                      Falkand, Lucius Fishingenet Cary, 0.8.8, 0.8800, 8. 1923, 41.
Falhouth, Evelyin Hugh John Boscawen, b. 1887, 8. 1928, m.
Finlau, William Finlay, 8. B. R., b. 1875, 8. 1929, m.
Fitzdian of Devicent, Edmund Bernard Fitzalan-Howard, K. G.,
P. C. G. C. V. O. D. S. O. b. 1855, 18. Viscount, m.
Furness, Marinaduke Furness, b. 1883, 18t Viscount, m.
  1720
  1919
  IOSI
  1918
  1720 1.*Gaye, Henry Rainald Gage (Birt Baron, Gage), b. 1895, s. 1912, m. 1727 1.*Galway, George Yere Arundell Monekton-Arundell, b.s. 0., o b k.,
  (U.K. Baron, Monchion), b 1882, 8 1931, m . . . . . . . . . b. 1929
14781 Gormanston, Jenico William Richard Preston, (U.K. Baron, Hon. Robert F. H. P., b.
  M V.O., M C, b. 1885, 8 1902.

Goschen, George Jonchim Goschen, P.C., G C.S.I., G.C.I.E., C.B.E., V.D., b. 1866, K. 1907, m.

Gough, Hugh William Gough, M.C., b. 1892, 8 1919...

grandison. See "Jersey," Engl. Earl

grey of Fallodon, Edward Grey, K.G., P.C., b. 1862, 1st Visct., w.
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Eldest Son or Heir. Hon. W. Waldorf A., b. 1907 Hon. Edward W., & 1905 Hon. William B., b. 1873 Hon. Marcus R. S., b. 1909 (None) [b 1889] Geoffrey R. St. J., M.O., Hon. Gustavus L. H.-R., b. 1907 Hon. Richard J.-H, b. '96 Capt. Hon. Robert C B., M.C., b. 1896

Yon. Sir Alex N.H.,
K.C.V.O., b. 1854

(None to Viscounity; to
Bny. Hon. Wm A. W. L., D.S.O., b. 1864) (None) Hou. Anthony, C, b. 1906 Chas. Edw. St. G C, b 1887 Hon. Andrew T., b. 1903 Hon. Adam D. C., b 1904 Hon Aletas A. D., b. 1905 Hon. Victor S., b. 1890 Mai. Hon. Victor A -R., M C , b. 1887 Hon. Chas. J. L, b 1909 Hon John G. C., b 1892 Hon. Michael S.-C., b 1929 Hon. Weetman P., b 1920 Hon James C., b 1906 Hon James C., b 1006 Hon Assheton Hy C, b 20 (None) | b 1884 Hon. Osbert E. V, C B.F., Hon. Gerald, K., b 1890 Maj. Arthur H. D, b 1875 Hon. Hugh St. L., b 1869 D.S.O., b 1879
Hon. Lionel B, b 1913
[Edward I. P. P., O.BE, b. x868 Master of Falkland, b roos Hon. Evelyn F. V. B , b ros6 (None) Hon. Hy. E. F.-A, b. 1883 Hon Christopher F., b 1912 Wm. H. St. Q. G., b 1858 Hon Simon G. R. M.-A., IOIS Hon. Charles S. V., b. 1912 Hon. Sir W.H.G., K.B.R., b. Capt. Guy V. Hugh G., b,'87 (None)

Created. Title Name. &c.	Eldest Son or Heir.
Oreated. Title Name, &c. 1719 I.*Grimston. See "Verulam," U.K. Earl	
1821 I. Guillamore, Richard O'Grady, b 1867, s. 1930	Standish O'G., b. x869
rgag Haulsham, Douglas McGarel Hogg, P.C., b. 1872, 1st Viscount, m.	Hon. Quintin H, b. 1907
1866 Halifax, Charles Lindley Wood, b. 1839, s. 1885, w	Lord Irwin, K G., P.C., b. 1881
1801 Hambleden, William Henry Smith, T.D., b. 1903, S. 1928, m	Hon Wm. Herbert S., b. '30 🗀
1884 Hampden, Thomas Walter Brand, K C B , C.M G., b 1869, s. 1906, m.	Hon Thomas H. B., b. 1900
1791 I. Harberton, Ernest Arthur George Pomeroy, b 1867, * 1912	Maj. Hon. Ralph P., o. B.E.,
1917 Harcourt, William Edward Harcourt, b. 1908, s. 1922, m	(None) [b 1869
1846 Hardinge, Caryl N. Charles Hardinge, b 1905, * 1924, 111	Hon. Henry N. H., b. 1929
1793 I. Hawarden, Eustace Wyndham Maude, b. 1877, * 1914, 14	Hon. Robert L. E. M , b. x926
1550 Hereford, Robert Charles Devereux, b 1865, * 1930, m	Hon. Robert D., b. 1894
1842 Hill, Charles Rowland Clegg-Hill, D 8.0 , b. 1876, s. 1924, in	Hon Gerald CII., b. 1904
1796 Hood, Grosvenor A. A. Hood, O. B. E. (Ir. Baron, Hood), b 1868, s '07, m 1811 Hutchinson. See "Donoughmore," Irash Earl	Samuel H., b. 1910
zes Hutchinson. See "Donoughmore," Irish Earl	
zozz Knollys, Edward George William Tyrwhitt Knollys, M.R.K.,	
D F C., b. 1805 * 1924, 11	Hon - K, b. rggr
1895 Knutsford, Arthur Henry Holland-Hibbert, b. 1885. x 1931, m	Hon Thurston HH., b.
zoas Lee of Fareham. Arthur Hamilton Lee, P.C., G C B , G C.S.1 ,G.B.K.,	(x888)
b. 1868, 1st Viscount, m	(None)
1747 Leinster. See "Leinster," Irish Duke	
1922 Leverhulme, William Hulme Lever, b 1888, s. 1925, m	Hon Philip L., b 1915
1781 I. Lifford, Evelyn James Hewitt, D.S.O., b 1880, * 1925, m	Hon Wm James II , b. 1856
1981 Long of Wrazall, Francis David Long, b. 1911, s. 1924	Hon R Eric L, M.P, b.
x6a8 I *Lumley. See "Scarbrough," Engl. Earl	[1892
1683 I. Unnley. See "Scarbrough," Engl. Earl.  1660 I. Massereene & Ferrard (1797), Algernon Wm. John Clotworthy Skeffington, D S O (U.K. Baron, Oriel), b 1873, K. 1905, m.	
Skeffington, D S O (U.K. Baron, Oriel), b 1873, *. 1905, m	Hon John S, b, 1914 Hon Henry C.P.B D., b, '09
1 1802 Melville, Henry Charles Clement Dundas, D 1873, 8 1920, M	Hon Henry C.P.B D., b. '09
1916 Mersey, Charles Clive Bigham, C M.G., C B.E., b 1872, 8. 1929, m	Hon. Edward Chive B., b.
1717 I. *Mulleton See " Midleton," English Earl . 1716 I Molesworth, George Bagot Molesworth, b 1867, s 1906, m	11906
1716 I Molesworth, George Bagot Molesworth, b 1867, 8 1906, m	Hon Charles R. M., b 1869
1801 I *Monck, Henry Wyndham Stanley Monck (UK. Baron, Monck),	Bing Gen Cecil S. O. M.,
b. 1905, 8. 1927	b 1863 (to Irish Vety only)
z5501 Mountgairet, Piers Henry Augustine Butler (U.K. Baron,)	Major Waiter T 13, b. 1853
Mountgarret), b. 1903, # 1918, m	(to Irish Vety, only).
1763 I Mountmorres, Rev. William Geoffrey Bouchard de Montmorency,	
b. 1872, 8 1880, W	Rev. Arthur de M., b. 1879
xgao Novar, Ronald Craufurd Munro-Ferguson, P C., K T., G C.M C.,	
b. x860, xst Viscount, m	(None)
1929 Plumer, Herbert Charles Onslow Plumer, GCB, GCMG.,	Capt Hon. Thomas H. P.,
G.C. V.O., G.B.R., Field Marshal, b. 1857, 18t Viscount, m	_M С, // х890
1873 Portman, Edward Claud Berkeley Portman, b 1898, * 1929, in	Hon Seymour P., b 1868
1744 I *Powerscourt, Mervyn Richard Wingfield, K.P., M.V.O. (U.K.	71 36 107 .2
Baron, Powerscout), b 1880, s 1904, m	Hon Mervyn W., b 1905
rooc Ridley, Matthew White Ridley, b. 1902, s. 1916, in	Hon Matthew W. R., b. 1925
1919 Rothermere, Harold Sidney Harmsworth, P.C., b 1868, 1st Visc., m.	Hon, Esmond II, b 1893 Hon Jestyn R. A P I', b. 17
zgi8 St. Davids, John Wynford Philipps, P.C., G.B.K., b z860, zst v 18C., m.	Hon Jestynk. A P P ,0. 17
1801 St. Vincent, Ronald Clarges Jervis, b 1859, s. 1908, if	Hon. Ronald G J., b. 1905
zorz Scarzdale, Richard Nathaniel Curzon, b 1898, s. 1925, m	Hon.Francis N C , b 1865
rgos Selby, Thomas Sutton Evelyn Gully, b. rgrr, * rgrg	(None)
1805 Sidmouth, Gerald William Addington, h. 1882, s 1915, m	Hon Raymond A., b. 1887
1976 I. Southwell, Arthur Robert Pyers J. M. Southwell, b 1872. x 1878, m 1621 S *Stormont. See "Mansfield, Brit Earl	Hon Robert S., b 1898
	(None)
viscount, m	(None)
Union h sheer a shoo ar	Hon Hy Aug U, b. 1894
Upton, b. 1853, * 1890, m	Lt -Col Arthur S. $B$ , $b$ .
1921 Torrington, George Master Byng, J. 1886, * 1889, m	[1876
rst Viscount, m	Hon Evan M., b 1893
rgar Ullswater, James William Lowther, P.C., G.C.B., b. 1855, 181)	Maj. Hon Christopher L.,
Viscount, m	b. 1887
Viscount, m	Rev. Wm. M 4 h - 2
Annesley), b. 1882, 8. 1027	
Annesley), b. 1883, s. 1927  1918 Wimborne, Ivor Churchill Guest, P.C., b. 1873, 1st Viscount, m.	Hon Ivoi G, b. 1903
1908 Wolverhampton, Henry Ernest Fowler, b. 1870, R. 1911, m	(None)
rgaz Younger of Leckie, James Younger, D.S.O., T.D., b. 1880, s. 1929, m.	Hon. Edward G Y, b xgo6
ayes	220.11 124 Walte G 3 10 1900
BISHOPS (24) -Style, The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Ac	ldressed as, My Loid. 🙇
(Those marked * always sit—az others, except (Sodor and Man	, by date those
awaiting admission in order shown (in parenthes	
Apptd.	Entd Lords,
zgaz Bath & Wells (7xst), St. John Basil Wynne Willson, D.D., b. x868,	cons. Igai Igay
1924 Birmingham (3rd), Ernest William Barnes, D D., Sc.D., F.R.S., b.	1874, cons 1924 (3)
1927 Blackburn (1st), Percy Mark Herbert, D.D., b 1885, cons. 1922, tra	

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Title, Name, &c.
                                                                                                                                        Eldest Son or Heir.
Created
             1831
                                                                                                                                   Hon. John Chas. C. C., b. rox6
1858
1887
                                                                                                                                  Hon. Herbert E., b. 1895
Hon. John Y.-B., b. 1915
z858
             Clanmorris, Arthur Maurice Robert Bingham, b. 1879, s. 1916, m.
                                                                                                                                  Hon. John Michael B., b.
1800 L
             Clanvilliam. See "Clauwilliam," Irish Earl .....
1828
            1800 I.
x83x
             Clifford of Chudleigh, William Hugh Clifford, b. 1858, s. 1916, m. Clinton, Chas. J. R. Hepburn-Stuart-Forbes-Trefusis, b. '63, s. '04, m.
                                                                                                                                   Hon. Chas. O. Hugh C., b '87
1672
                                                                                                                                  Two co-herresses
           *Clive. See "Powis," U K Earl ......
17621.
             Hon.John Trevor R., b 1900
IQIO
                                                                                                                                  (None)
Maj. Hon. Thos. G. F. C.,
1313
             Cochrane of Cults, Thos. Horatio Arthur Ernest Cochrane, b.
1919
                 D.S.O., b. 1883
             Colebrooke, Edward Arthur Colebrooke, P.C., G.C.V.O., b. 1861,
тооб
                 zst Baron, m.

Coleradge, Geoffiey Duke Coleradge, b. z877, s. z927, m.

Coleradge, Geoffiey Duke Coleradge, b. z877, s. z927, m.

Collerge, Frederick Henry Smith, P.C. b. z829, zst Baron, m.

Comgeton, John Brooke Molesworth Parnell, b. z892, s. z924, m.

Comway, See "Hertford," Brit Mary

Comyers, Sackville George Pelham, M.C. b. z888, s. z926, m.

Corneadbs, Frennes Stanley Wykeham Cornwallis, C.B.E., T.D., b. z884, zst Baron, m.
                                                                                                                                   Hon. Richard D. C., b. 1905
1874
1604 S.
                                                                                                                                   Frederick J. V. S., b. 1914
1917
                                                                                                                                  Hon. Wm. J. P., b. 1925
1841
1712
                                                                                                                                  Two co-he-ress
1509
                                                                                                                                 Two co-lie.resses
Capt Hon Wykcham S.
C., M.C., b. 1802
Hon. John W. H. F., b. 'co
Hon. Herbert A C.-H., b. 'co
Hon. Alex S., b. 1883
Hon. Robert G., b. 1904
Hon. Herbert W. B., b. 1800
Refr. 1600, St. 1904
Refr. 1600, St. 1904
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Refr. 1600, 
1937
                 b. 1864, 18t Baion, m ..
             Cottesloe, Thomas Francis Fremantic, C B., b 1862, * 1918, m. ...
1874
             Cozens-Hardy, Edward Herbert Cozens-Hardy, b. 1873, x. 1924, m.
1014
             1929
1892
                                                                                                                                 Brig.-Gen. Sn Douglas F.
R. Dawson, G.C v.o , b.
                                  See " Dartrey," U K Earl
                                                                                                                                  1854
Hon. Edw. Chas. C., b. 1896
 17971 +Crofton, Arthur Edward Lowther Crofton, b 1866, * 1012. w. . .
             Cromwell, Robert Godfrey Wolseley Bewicke-Copley, M.C., b. 1893,
                                                                                                                                 Hon David Godfrey B.C.,
1490
             b. 1929
1020
                                                                                                                                  Hon Charles B.M. C ,b 1912
                 Baron, m.
                                       .....
             Hon. Geoffrey C., b. 1903
1914
                                                                                                                                  (None)
1927
1981
                                                                                                                                  (None)
             1924
                                                                                                                                   (None)
                                                                                                                                  Duchessa Della Grazia, b
1332
                                                                                                                                      1000
                                                                                                                                 Hon Edward G, b. 1902
(Maj Hon John C D, D S.O,
1927
             Darling, Charles John Dailing, P.C., b 1849, 1st Baron, w. .....
1984
                                                                                                                                      b. 1887
             Hon. Jocelyn A. P., b. 1008
 1933
1897
1980
             (None)
                                                                                                                                  Hon
                                                                                                                                             Athur M. H.B.
 xBxz I
                                                                                                                                  b. 1915
Hon. John R, b. 1928
Hon. Francis A.J. F, b
             x800, x 1910, w

De Clifton, Edward Southwell Russell, h 1907, s 1909, m.

De Freync, Francis Charles French, b 1884, s. 1915, m

Delanere, Hugh Cholmondeley, K C M G, b 1870, s 1887, m

De L'Isle Dudley, Algernon Sidney, b 1884, s 1912

De Mauley, Rev Maurice John George Pousonby, b 1846, s 1918, m.

Demann, Thomas Benney, v. c. a N C b 1870, b 1846, s 1918, m.
 1299
                                                                                                                                   Hon Thomas C, b 1900
Hon William S, b 1859
Hon Hubert William S
1851
1821
1835
1838
                                                                                                                                  Hon Hubert Win. P , b. 1878
Hon. Thomas D , b 1905
Hon George de V. B , b. 70
1834
1885
             Denman, Thomas Denman, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., b. '74, 8 '94, m. Deramore, Robert Wilfrid de-Varburgh-Batcson, b. '65, 8 '93, m.
188<sub>7</sub>
             De Ramsey, Ailwyn Edward Fellowes, b 1910, s. 1925...........

Derwent, George Harcourt V - Bempde-Johnstone, b '99, s 1929, m.
                                                                                                                                  John D. C. F., b 1915
Hon. Patrick V.-B.-J., b. or
1881
              Desart See "Desart," Irish Earl .....
1000
              De Saumarez, James St. Vincent Saumarez, b 1843, s. 1891, m . .
                                                                                                                                   Hon James B. S , b. 1880
 1821
             Desbornagh, Win. Honry Grenfell, K.G. G.C.Y.O., b 1853, no. 1. Debvard, Win. Honry Grenfell, K.G. G.C.Y.O., b 25, 18t Bit, m. De Villiers, Charles Percy De Villiers, b. 1871, s. 1914, m. ........ Dickinson, Willoughby Hyett Dickinson, P.C., K.B.E., b. 1859, )
1905
                                                                                                                                    None)
                                                                                                                                  Hon. Arthur P DeV., b rorr
Hon. Richard S. W. D.,
IQIO
1930
                  ist Baron, m.
                                                                                                                                  D.S.O., b. 1897
Hon. Edward H. K. D., b.
           1620 I.
1765*
1899
                                                                                                                                  1924
(None)
1615
                                                                                                                                  Hon. Joseph D. b. 1014
1875
             Doverdale, Oswald Partington, b 1872, s. 1925, in.
                                                                                                                                  Hon Edward A. P., b. 1904
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Creater 1439	d. Title, Name, &c. Dudley, Ferdinando Dudley William Lea-Smith, b. 1872, claim	Eldest Son or Heir.
,	established 1916, m	L.S., b. rgro
	*Dufferin & Claneboye. See "Dufferin and A.," U.K. Marq	Rhrt. Montague Hamilton- Temple-Blackwood, b 1881
1929	Dulverton, Gilbert Alan Hamilton Wills, O.B.K., T.D., b. 1880, 18t Baron, 2n.	Hon. Frederick W., b. 1915
1800 I	Dunalley, Henry Cornelius O'Callaghan Prittie, D.S.O., b. 1877, 8. 1927, m	Hon. Henry D. G. P.,b. 1912
1892	Dunboyne, FitzWalter George Probyn Butler, b 1874, s. 1913, m. Dunleath, Charles Henry George Mulholland, C B K., D S.O., b 1886, s. 1913 W	Hon Patrick B, b. 1917 Rt. Hon Henry G. H. M., P C, b. 1888
1831 1860	Dunmore See "Dunmore," Scott. Earl	
	Dunsany, Edward John M. Drax Plunkett, b. 1878, s. 1899, m	Hon. Randal P., b. 1906 Hon. Charles R, M.C, M.P.
1780	Dimeter, Walter FitzUrjan Rhys, b. 1873, s. 1911, m	b. 1899
19 <b>5</b> 8 1857 1859 1849	Kibhisham, George Rowland Blades, G. B. E., b. 1868, 1st Baron, m. Elnery, Francis Egerton Grosvenor, D.8.0, M. C., b 1883, s. 1921, m. Elgerton of Tatton, Maurice Egerton, b. 1874, s. 1920	Hon. Rowland B., b 1912 Hon. Robert Egerton G., b. (None) [1914
TE42 C	Elibank, See "Elibank," U K. Viscount	Dishard B () T 1
	Ellenborough, Henry Astell Law, M.C., b. 1889, s. 1931, m Elphinstone, Sidney Herbort Elphinstone (U.K. Baron, Elphin-) stone), K.T. b. 1869, s. 1893, m Emly, Thomas William Gaston Monsell, b. 1858, s. 1894, w	
1874	Ernie. Rowinna Kaminna Prothero. P.C. M. V.O. a xees, xet ish. in.	(None) [1899
1806	Erskine, Montagu Erskine, b 1865, s 1913, m.  Ettrick. See "Napier," Scott Barm, below  Fairfax, Albert Kirliy Fairfax, b, 1870, s 1900, m.  Fairfaxen, Urban Huttleston Rogers Broughton, b. 1895,	Capt. Hon. Donald E., b.
1627 5.	Fairfax, Albert Kirby Fairfax, b. 1870, 8 1900, m	Master of Fairfax, b 1920
l .		(None)
1897	Farrlie. See "Glasgow" Scott Earl Farringdim, Alexander Henderson, C H , b 1850, 1st Baron, w † Carnhain, Arthun Kenlis Maxwell, D.S O., b. 1879, * 1900, m	Alex. Gavin H , b. 1902 Hon Somerset M., b 1903
1756 I 1	† Farnham, Arthur Kenlis Maxwell, D.S.O., b. 1879, * 1900, m Farrer, Thomas Cecil Farrer, b_1859, *. 1899, m	Hon Cecil F., O.B. E., b 1893
1876	Fermanagh See "Krne." Irish Earl	Hon. Fras. G. R., b x885
	Fermon, Edmund Maurice Roche, M.P., b. 1885, r. 1920, m Firench, Charles Austin Thos. R. J. J. Ffrench, b. '68, r. '93, m. Fingall, See" (Fingall, J. Irsh Eurl	Hon. John F., b. 1872
1831	Fisher, Cecil Vavasseur Fisher, b. 1868, s. 1920, m	Hon John V -F., b 1921
1790 1906	Fisherwick See "Donegall," Irish Marq	(None)
1295	FitzWalter, Henry FitzWalter Plumptre, b. 1860, called out of abeyance, 1924, m	(None)
1776 1445 N	abeyance, 1924, m	LtCol. Cyril P F., b. 1868 Master of Forbes, b 1918
1821	Forester, George C Beaumont Weld-Forester, b 1867, s 1917, m Forres, Stephen Kenneth Guthrie Williamson, b 1888, s 1931, m	Hon Cecil G. W. F., b 1800
	*Forrester See " Verulam," Engl Earl	Hon. John A H. W.,
1920	Forster, Henry William Forster, P.C., G.C. M. G., b. 1866, 18t Baron, m. Forteniot, John Dewar, O.B.E., M.C., T.D., b. 1885, 8 1929, m.	(None) Hon Henry D., b 2006
1815	Kniteniat, John Dewar, O.B.K., M.C., T.D., h. 1885, h. 1929, m. Foxford See "Lamerick," Irish Earl	
1917	Gainford, Joseph Albert Pease, P.C., 0 1800, 18t Baion, m	Hon, Joseph P, b 1889
1806*	Gandner (claimed by Alan Legge Gardner and Alan Hyde Gardner)	Man Jamel 10 3
1818 T. 1876	Garnagh, Leopold E Stratford Geo. Canning, b 1878, s 1915, in Gerard, Fiederic John Gerard, M.C., b 1883, s 1902, in	Hon. Leopold C, b 1920 Hon Robt Wm. G., b 1918
1824	Giford, Edgar Berkeley (lifford, b 1857, s 1911, m Gisborough, Richard Godolphin Walmesley Chaloner, b. 1856,	Charles G , b. x899
1918	rst Baron, m	Hon. Thos. W.P. L C ,b. 1889 (None)
1899	Glanely, William James Tatem, b. 1868, 1st Baron, w	Hon William B, b 1867 Hon. Matthew A, b 1909 Hon. Patrick G. C., b 1913 Hon. Colin C. P T, b 1936 Hon. Robert N., b 1936
1918 1981	Glenarthur, (James) Cecil Arthur, b. 1883, s. 1918, m	Hon. Patrick G. C., b 1913
1911	Glenconner, Christopher Grey Tennant, b. 1899, s. 1990, in Glendyne, John Nivison, b. 1878, s. 1930, in	Hon. Colin C. P. T., b 1926 Hon Robert N., b 1926
1916 1909	Glentinger, Thomas Coats, b 1804, 8, 1018, m.,	(None) Hon.TimothyJ.R B.,b 1927
1868	Gorell, Ronald Gorell Barnes, C.B. N. M.C., b. 1884, s. 1917, in. Gormanston. See "Gormanston," Irish Visot Granard, See "Granard," Irish Earl	
1806	Grantley, John Richard Brinsley Norton, b. 1855, s. 1877, in	Hon. Richard N., b 1898
1794 I 1987	Graves, Clarence Percy Rivers Graves, b. 1871, * 1914, m	Henry A. C. G., b 1877 Capt. Hon. C. K.G., b. 1888

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Created.
                                   Title, Name, &c.
                                                                                        Kldest Son or Heir.
                                                                                    Hon. David G., b. 1914
Hon. Arthur B. J. G., b. 1908
         Greenwood, Hamar Greenwood, P.C., b. 1870, 1st Baron, m. ......
Grenwell, Pascoe Christian Victor Francis Grenfell b. 1905, s. 1925
1989
1901
         Greville, Charles Beresford Fulke Greville, O. B. K., b 1871, 8. 1909, m.
                                                                                    Hon. Ronald G., b. 1912
        (Co-heirs)
1324
                                                                                    Hon. Christopher B., b. zors
1815
                                                                                    Hon. Laurence P., b. 1896
1880
1886
                                                                                    John H., b. 1911
            b 1872, 8. 1900, m
                                                                 . ... ... ....
        Hon. Humphrey P., b. 1888
1874
1916
                                                                                    David Bertram, P. b. 1916
Maj. Hon. Alexander H. L.
            Rolls), b. 1861, 1st Baron, m. ...
        (Hardinge of Penshurst, Charles Hardinge, K. G., P.C., G. C. B., G. C.S. I., )
1910
        H., C.V.O., M.C., b. 1894
        Harlech, Geo. Ralph Charles Ormsby-Gore, C B., T.D., b. 1855, s.
1876
                                                                                    Rt. Hon Wm. G A. O -G.,
                                                                                    P.O , M P., b. 1885
Capt. Hon Geo. St. V. H.,
            1904, # ....
        Harris, George R. C Harris, G C S I , G.C LE , C.B., T.D , b. 1851,
1815
           s. 1872, w .
                        See "Henniker," Irish Baron, below ......
                                                                                      M.C., b 1889
                                                             x866
        Hartraincre.
        Hastings, Albert Edward Delaval Astley, b. 1882, s. 1904, in. ....
Hatherton, Edward C. R. Lattleton, b. 1868, s. 1930, in. ...........
                                                                                    Hon Edward A., b. 1912
Hon Edward L., b. 1900
1395
1835
                                                                                    Hon Edward L., b. 1900
Adm. Hon. Stanhope H.,
[b. 1863]
Hon. Charles A C., b. 1871
Hon Rowland W., b. 1901
Hon. Peter P. M. H., b. 1908
        1776
1711
        1927
1797 I
1906
1896
                                                                                    Hon. Hy G H., D.S.O ,b 1868
1799 1. Henley, Francis Robert Eden (U.K. Baron, Northington), b )
                                                                                    Hon. Michael Francis E.,
b. 1914
        Hon Gerald H .- M., b. 1872
1886
                                                                                    (None)
        Hewart, Gordon Hewart, P.C (Lord Chief Justice of England),
1922
        b. 1870, 1st Baron, m.

Heytesbury, Leonard Holmes à Court, b. 1863, s. 1903, m.

Hillingdon Arthur Robert Mills, b. 1891, s. 1919, m.
                                                                                    Hon Hugh V. H., b. 1896
Hon. William H. A.C., b of
Hon Charles H. M., b. 1982
1828
1886
                                                                                    Hon Charles A., b. 1906
Hon Angus II., b. 1808
Hon, Claude H. H.-M., b. 87
        1886
1908
1912
                                                                                    Hon James Hans II , b.
        Holm Patrick, Hans Wellesley Hamilton, D S.O., M C., b. 1886,
1897
1928
                                                                                    Hon. Peter H., b 1904
Hon. Hy. H. S. T., b. 1897
Hon John S.-E., b. 1912
1597
1860
        Howard of Glossop, Bernard Edward Fitzalan Howard, M.B E.,
        Hon. Miles F.-H., b. 1915
Hon. Francis P. R. H., b.
1930
          C V.O , b 1863, 1st Baron, m
                                                                                    1905
Hon. Walter D G., b. 1888
        Hunsdon, Herbert Cokayne Gibbs, b. 1854, 1st Baron, m. ......
1983
                                                                                    Hon G C. Arcedeckne V.,
17961 Huntingfield, Wm C. Arcedeckne Vanneck, b. 1883, s. 1915, m.
                                                                                    b. 1915
Hon. William J., b. 1898
        Hylton, Hylton George Hylton Jolliffe, b. 1862, s 1899, m...
x866
         1931
                                                                                    (None)
                                                                                    (None)
1910
        Illingworth, Albert Holden Illingworth, P.C., b 1865, 1st Baron ... Inchiquin, Donough Edward Foster O'Brien, b 1897, s.
                                                                                    (None)
1981
1543 I
        Justicipie, John Alan Burns b 1897, K. 1919, M. Justicipie, John Alan Burns b 1897, K. 1919, M. Justicipie, John Alan Burns b 1897, K. 1919, M. Justicipie, J. 1865, 1st Baron, m. Justicipie, William Beardmone, b 1895, 1st Baron, m. Jrsen, Edward Fiederick Lindley Wood, K.G., P.C., G.C.S.I.,
                                                                                    Hon. Phadrig O'B , b 1900
1897
                                                                                    (None)
1919
                                                                                    Hon. Andrew W., b. 1807
1931
                                                                                    (None)
1985
        G C. I K., b. 1881, 1st Baron, m
Istragton, John Poynder Dickson-Poynder, P.C., G C.M G., G.B.K.,
                                                                                    Hon. Charles I. W., b. 1912
1910
          b.s o , b. 1866, 1st Baron, m
        Jessel, Hei beit Merton Jessel, C.B., C.M.G., T.D., b. 1866, 18t Baron, in.
Juceu, James Joicev, b. 1846, 18t Baion, in.
Kenlis. See "Headlort," Irush Marq.
Kenmare. See "Kcumare," Irish Earl......
                                                                                    Hon. Edward H J., b 1904
1984
1906
1831
1856
                                                                                    Hon. Arthur J., b. 1880
        Kensington., High Edwardes, C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D., (U.K. Baron, Kensington), b. 1873, s. 1900, m.
Kenyon, Lloyd Tyrell-Kenyon, b. 1917, s. 1927, M.
Ker. See "Lothian," Scott. Marq.
1776 I
1886*
                                                                                    Hon. William E., b. 1904
Gordon L. T. K., b. 1973
1788
1881
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Create 1909		
	d. Title, Name, & c.	Eldest Son or Herr.
	Kilbracken, Arthur Godley, G.C.B., b 1847, 1st Baron, w	Hon HughG , C.B , k C , b.'77
1000	Killanin, Michael Morris, b. 1914, 8 1927, M	(None)
1780 I.	+Kilmaine, John Edward Deane Browne, b. 1878, * 1907, m.	Hon. John F. A B, b. 1902
1831	Kilmarnock. See "Erroll," Scott. Earl	
TTES I	Kingsale, Michael William Robert de Courcy, D S.O., b. 1882,	(Hon. Michael J. R. de C.
*****	P rear on	Lieut RN, b. 1907
x68a q	8 1931, 74	( incut it it , o. igo)
1860*	Kinnaird,   naird), b 1880, s. 1923, m	Master of Kumaird, b. 1912
	Parane Detrick Delform h	Hon John & A
1902	Kinrows, Patrick Ballour, 0. 1870, * 1905, #	Hon. John B , b 1904
<b>1838</b>	Kinross, Patrick Balfour, b. 1876, 8 1905, 71	(N)
1930	Kukley, William Joseph Noble, b. 1803, 181 Baron, ir	(None)
1923	Kylsaut, Owen Cosby Philipps, G.C.M.G., 0.1863, 18t Baron. 20	(None)
188c	Lamington, Charles Wallace Alex. Napier Cochrane-Baillie,	Hon. Victor C-B, M.C.,
1	G C.M.G., G C I.K., T.D , b 1860, 8 1890, m	b. 1896
.l oo8r	G.M.G., G.C.I.K., T.D., b 1860, 8 1860, m	Honoulog D E P L
;	b. x885, s. xqxx, m	Hercules D. E. R , b 1859
1431	b. 1885, s. 1931, m	Hon Thos B. M -C , b. xoox
1431 1869	Lawrence, Alexander Graham Lawrence, b. 1878, s. 1913, m	Hon John L , b x908
1859	Leconfield, Charles Henry Wyndham, b. 1872, s. 1901, m	Hon, Hugh A W. b x822
1839	Leigh, Francis Dudley Leigh, b 1855, *. 1905, m	Rupert W. D. L. b. roof
1797	Lafford, John Powys, b. 1863, s. 1896, m	Rupert W. D. L., b. 1908 Hon Stephen P., b. 1869
17581	Lusle, John Nicholas Horace Lysaght, b 1903, s. 1919, m	Bon Horace L , b, 1908
1750	Lined Charge Aminora Tlord no acet acts no	22011 210110/C 17 , 0, 1900
1925	Lloyd, George Ambrose Lloyd, PC., GCSI, GCIF, DSO,	Hon Alex I hassa
-0	Josh Edward Dovelog Loub OF ON O Den MAN A	Hon Alex. $L$ , $b$ 1912
x895	Loch, Edward Douglas Loch, C.B., C.M.G., DSO, MVO, b 1873,	Hon Coo He C I
	Loftus. See "Ely," Irish Mary	Hon. Geo Hy. C L, b 1916
z8oz	Lottus, See " Lly," ITUS Mary	H 04
2542 I	Louth, Randal Pilgrim Ralph Plunkett, b. 1868 * 1883, m	Hon Otway P , L 1892
1464 S.	Lorat, Simon Joseph Frasel, E.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O. J. (U.K. Baren, Lovat), b x87x, s x887, m	
x837*	) (U.K. Baron, Lovat), b 1871, x 1887, m	Master of Lovat, b 1911
1702	Lovel & Houand See " Egmont." Disk Eart	
1928	Lugard, Frederick John Dealtry Lugard, PC, G.C MG., C.B.,	
	D.S O., b. x858, xst Baron, w	(None)
1929	Lugard, Frederick John Denltry Lugard, PC, GCMG, CB, DS 0, 0, 2526, 1st Baron, W	
	Baron, m	Hon. Ian $L \cdot J$ ., $h$ 1905 Hon. William $B$ , $h$ 1902
1839	Lurgan, William Brownlow, K C.V O, b 1858, * 1882, 10 .	Hon, William B , b xoos
1914	Luell, Charles Antony Lyell, b 1913, 8 1926, M	(None)
1859	Lyveden, Robert FitzPatrick Courtenay Vernon, b 1892, 1 1926, 11	Cecil S. A. I'. b v862
YORK T	Marlough Donald Andubuhl Mardonald h . Oct o . Oct on	
		Alex Codfrey M h toos
	Macdonald, Ronald Archibald Macdonald, b 1853, 8 1874, w	Alex Godfrey M, h 1909
1922	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 1st Baron, w.	Hon Joseph P M., N P., b
	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 1st Earon, w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal),	Alex Godfrey M, h 1909 Hon Joseph P M., M P, b [1899]
1930	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. x857, xst. Baron. w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. x873, m	Alex Godfrey M., h. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., M.P., h. [1899] (Life Peerage)
1922 1930 1887	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 121 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w	Alex Godfrey M, h 1909 Hon Joseph P M, N P, h [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG·H, b.'65
1928 1930 1887 1807	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C. b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M, h 1909 Hon Joseph P M, N P, h [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG·H, b.'65
1922 1930 1887 1807 1922	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C. b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., M. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McGH., b. 165 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1933 Hon Joseph W., b. 1934
1922 1930 1887 1807 1922 1908	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon Joseph W., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924
1922 1930 1887 1807 1922 1908 1929	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., M. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., M. P., b. 12899 (Life Peetage) Hon Ronald McGH., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon John W. D. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1922 (None)
1930 1930 1887 1807 1982 1908 1929 1930	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon Joseph W., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924
1922 1930 1887 1807 1922 1908 1929	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., M. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., M. P., b. 12899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McGH., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1924 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. 12013
1928 1930 1887 1807 1982 1908 1930 1930 1931	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Pattinson Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., N P , b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG · H , b . '65 Hon John R C. M , b . 1903 Hon John W T W , b . 1903 (None) [1903] (None) [2003] (None) [300] [400] [500] [500] [500] [500]
1928 1930 1887 1807 1932 1938 1939 1930 1931	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., W P, b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Romald McG · H , b . '65 Hon John R C . M , b . 1924 Hon Joseph W , b . 1924 Hon John W T W , b . 1924 Hon Godfrey, P L A., b. [1813] (None) Hon Hugh Hamou J S M.,
1928 1930 1887 1807 1932 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I.	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., N P , b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG · H , b . '65 Hon John R C. M , b . 1903 Hon John W T W , b . 1903 (None) [1903] (None) [2003] (None) [300] [400] [500] [500] [500] [500]
1928 1930 1887 1807 1922 1938 1929 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., W P, b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Romald McG · H , b . '65 Hon John R C . M , b . 1924 Hon Joseph W , b . 1924 Hon John W T W , b . 1924 Hon Godfrey, P L A., b. [1813] (None) Hon Hugh Hamou J S M.,
1928 1930 1887 1807 1922 1938 1929 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., W P, b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Romald McG · H , b . '65 Hon John R C . M , b . 1924 Hon Joseph W , b . 1924 Hon John W T W , b . 1924 Hon Godfrey, P L A., b. [1813] (None) Hon Hugh Hamou J S M.,
1928 1930 1887 1807 1928 1929 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1794	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnillan, Hugh Pattinson Macnillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon. John W. P. b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon. Derek J. H. M., b. 1922
1928 1930 1887 1807 1928 1908 1930 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1794 1936	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnillan, Hugh Pattinson Macnillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  Hon. Holl Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1822  Hon. Edward D., O. B. E.
1928 1930 1887 1807 1922 1932 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1794 1935	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnallan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, N.C., b. 1867, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1890, 8. 1922, m. Marchamley, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1888, 181 Baron, m. Marloy, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marehall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., K.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Chailes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Meldrum, See "Clifden," Irish Viset. Merwooth. See "Clifden," Irish Viset. Merwooth. See "Clifden," Irish Viset. Merverorth. See "Gaward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baion, w. Merreworth. See "Gaward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baion, w.	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  Hon. Holl Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1822  Hon. Edward D., O. B. E.
1928 1930 1887 1807 1922 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1935	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., N P , b [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG · H , b .'65 Hon John R C . M , b 1903 Hon John W T W , b 1924 Hon John W T W , b 1923 (None) Hon Godfrey, P L A., b 1923 (None) Hon Hugh Hamon J S M., Hon Derek J H M , b 1922  Hon Edward D , O.B.E., Hon Edward D , O.B.E., Hon William L , b 1903
1928 1930 1887 1807 1928 1930 1930 1931 1776 J. 1938 1815 1794 1936 1935 1911 1919	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1867, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markandey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1888, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Chailes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Mendap. See "Clifiden," Irish Visca Mereworth. See "Onamnore & Browne," Irish Baron Mereworth. See "Onamnore & Browne," Irish Baron Mereworth, See "Onamnore & Browne," Irish Baron Mereworth, See "Onamnore & Browne," Irish Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1865, 8. 1924, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I. b. 1865, 181 Baron, m.	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1893] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  Hon. Holl Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1822  Hon. Edward D., O. B. E.
1928 1930 1887 1807 1922 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1935	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnullan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marchamley, William Tattersall Winteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.K., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Hornec Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Massy, Hugh Hamon Challes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Lidwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merthym. See "Childen," Irish Viset Merricale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Merthy, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, m. Methon, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., N P , b 12899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG · H , b '65 Hon John R C. M , b 1903 Hon John R C. M , b 1903 Hon. Godfrey, P l. A., b. (None) Hon. Godfrey, P l. A., b. 18 1903 Hon. Hugh Hamon J S M., Hon Derek J H M , b 1902 Hon Edward D , o.B.E., Hon William L , b 1902 Hon. Dougall M., b 1894
1928 1930 1887 1807 1928 1928 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1794 1926 1925 1911 1919 1838	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnullan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marchamley, William Tattersall Winteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.K., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Hornec Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Massy, Hugh Hamon Challes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Lidwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merthym. See "Childen," Irish Viset Merricale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Merthy, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, m. Methon, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.	Alex Godfrey M , b 1909 Hon Joseph P M., N P , b   1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG · H , b . 65 Hon Ronald McG · H , b . 65 Hon John R C . M , b . 1924 Hon Lough W , b 2924 Hon John W T W , b . 2922 (None)   1973 (None)   1973 (None)   1973 (None)   1973 (None)   1973 Hon Hugh Hamon J S M., Hon Derek J H M , b 1922    1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1973   1
1928 1930 1887 1887 1932 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1936 1936 1935 1911 1919 1838	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macnallan, Hugh Patthison Macnallan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Mapharamorm, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1853, 8. 1903 Magners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1857, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1856, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marely, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marely, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marely, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1854, 181 Baron, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1854, 181 Baron, m. Marely, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. 1854, 181 Baron, m. Meldrum. See "Huntly," Seott, Marq. Meldrum. See "Grand Google, T. 1984, 1824, m. Merricale, Heury Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Merricale, Heury Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Merricale, Heury Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Panil Sanford Methnen, G.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.M.G., G.V.O., Field Marshal, b. 1845, 8. 1891, m.	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon Joseph W., b. 1924 Hon. John W. T. W., b. 1922 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1913] Hon. Hugh Hamou J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1902 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1902
1928 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1930 1931 1776 J. 1928 1815 1794 1935 1911 1912 1938 1935 1911 1905 1712	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. x857, xst Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Pattinson Macnullan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. x873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. x853, s. x903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. x857, x. x927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. x893, s. x922, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. x893, s. x922, m. Markandey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. x886, s. x925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.K., b. x858, xt Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. x884, st Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Aman, D.S.C., b. x884, st Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Hornec Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. x865, xst Baron, m. Massy, Hugh Hamon Chailes George Massy, b. x894, s. x926, m. Meldett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. x898, s. x923, m. Meldrum, See "Chiden," Irish Viset Merricale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. x855, xst Banon, m. Merricale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. x855, xst Banon, m. Merthy, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. x866, s. x924, m. Meston, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. x865, s. t Baron, m. Methien, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.M.G., G.V.O., Field Marshal, b. x845, s. x891, m. Micheltam, Herman Alfied Stern, b. x899, s. x93, m. Middleton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. x877, s7234, m. Middleton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. x878, s7234, m.	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1903 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1902  [b. 1882 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1903 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903
1928 1930 1887 1887 1932 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1928 1815 1936 1936 1935 1911 1919 1838	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stnart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markamley, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.R., b. 1898, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Charles George Wassy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merdup. See "Clifden," Irish Viscot. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Methyn, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field Marshal, b. 1845, s. 1831, m. Middiand, Michael Guy Percival Willoughy, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, w. Middiandy of Flets, Francis Bingham Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western, Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1913] (None) [Ib 1924] Hon, Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  [Ib 1888] Hon Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1901 Hon, Dougall M., b. 1894  Hon, Paul M., b. 1886 Hon, Jacque H. S., b. 1903 L. Hon, Digby M. G. J. W., [Ib 1828] [Ib 1828] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838]
1928 1930 1887 1908 1908 1930 1930 1931 1776 1.1938 1815 1794 1935 1935 1919 1838 1919 1838	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stnart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markamley, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.R., b. 1898, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Charles George Wassy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merdup. See "Clifden," Irish Viscot. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Methyn, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field Marshal, b. 1845, s. 1831, m. Middiand, Michael Guy Percival Willoughy, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, w. Middiandy of Flets, Francis Bingham Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western, Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1903 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1902  [b. 1882 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1903 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903
1938 1938 1887 1807 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1796 I. 1936 1936 1931 1911 1919 1838 1902 1713 1713 1713 1713	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stnart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markamley, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.R., b. 1898, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Charles George Wassy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merdup. See "Clifden," Irish Viscot. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Methyn, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field Marshal, b. 1845, s. 1831, m. Middiand, Michael Guy Percival Willoughy, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, w. Middiandy of Flets, Francis Bingham Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western, Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1913] (None) [Ib 1924] Hon, Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  [Ib 1888] Hon Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1901 Hon, Dougall M., b. 1894  Hon, Paul M., b. 1886 Hon, Jacque H. S., b. 1903 L. Hon, Digby M. G. J. W., [Ib 1828] [Ib 1828] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838]
1922 1932 1887 1807 1922 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1926 1935 1935 1919 1838 1905 1712 1922 1821 1821	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnillan, Hugh Pattinson Macnillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899] (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, John W. T. W., b. 1924 Hon, Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1913] (None) [Ib 1924] Hon, Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  [Ib 1888] Hon Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1901 Hon, Dougall M., b. 1894  Hon, Paul M., b. 1886 Hon, Jacque H. S., b. 1903 L. Hon, Digby M. G. J. W., [Ib 1828] [Ib 1828] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838] [Ib 1838]
1938 1930 1887 1807 1938 1939 1930 1931 1776 J. 1938 1815 1936 1936 1931 1919 1838 1905 1712 1822 1841 1887	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnillan, Hugh Pattinson Macnillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 [Life Peerage] Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1923 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  Hon. Lougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Digby M. G. J. W., [b. 1924 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1909 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1909
1922 1932 1887 1807 1922 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1926 1935 1935 1919 1838 1905 1712 1922 1821 1821 1821	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stnart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markamley, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.R., b. 1898, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Charles George Wassy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Merdup. See "Clifden," Irish Viscot. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merrivade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1895, 181 Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Methyn, James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field Marshal, b. 1845, s. 1831, m. Middiand, Michael Guy Percival Willoughy, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, w. Middiandy of Flets, Francis Bingham Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western, Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildmay, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861, v. Western Mildway, P.C., b. 1861	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. 1923 (None) [h. 1923 Kone) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. 1923 (None) [h. 1923 Kone) [h. 1924 Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  [h. 1888 Hon Edward D., o.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1907 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 L. Hon. Digby M. G. J. W., L. Hon. Digby M. G. J. W., B. 1924 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1909  Hon Harry R. W. M., b. 1915
1922 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1919 1838 1905 1713 1922 1821 1822 1836 1738	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marka, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1888, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Markhall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks, Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Markhall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, w. Merrivale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, w. Merrivale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, m. Methyr, Herbert Clast Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Michelham, Herman Affied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1919, m. Midhelam, Herman Affied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1919, m. Midhelam, Herman Affied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1919, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1857, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1857, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1857, 8. 1924, m. Midhelam, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1857, 8. 1924, m.	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b.'65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1923 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1923 (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1923 (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1922  [b. 1882 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1902 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 1903 Hon. Day M. G. J. W., [b. 1923 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1905 Hon Harry R.W. M., b. 1925 Hon John Charles D.,
1928 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1939 1930 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1919 1919 1838 1905 1712 1821 1821 1821 1821 1821 1821 1821	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1867, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marks, Dudley Leigh Amain, D.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, c. Massy, Hugh Hamon Chailes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Mertworth. See "Clifiden," Irish Visca Merroade, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, w. Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1914, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methuen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.B., G.M.G., G.V.O., Freid Marshal, b. 1845, 8. 1891, m. Midhay of Flete, Francis Bingham Midmay, P.C., b. 1857, 1824, m. Monck See "Monck," Irish Visca. Monck See "Monck," Irish Visca. Monck Bretton, John William Dodson, C.B. b. 1869, 8. 1897, m.	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1933 Hon Joseph W., b. 2934 Hon. Godfrey, P. J. A., b. 1933 (None) [b. 1932 Kone) Hon. Godfrey, P. J. A., b. 1933 (None) [b. 1932 Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1932  Hon. Edward D., o.B.E., Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1885 Hon. Paul M., b. 1885 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 203 J. Hon. Dugby M. G. J. W., b. 1903 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1905 Hon Harry R. W. M., b. 1935 Hon John Charles D., b. 1904 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L.
1938 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 1	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, m. Macnallan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1914 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1924 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1894 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Daud M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1909 Hon. Day M. G. J. W., [b. 1924 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 2905 Hon John Charles D., b. 1924 Hon Robbt D. C., b. 1926
1938 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1935 1919 1838 1905 1713 1838 1905 1713 1838 1944 1946 1941 1941 1941 1941 1941 1941	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Markandey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks, Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Mereworth. See "Clifiden," Irish Vised. Mereworth. See "Clifiden," Irish Vised. Merrivale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, w. Methyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Michelham, Herman Affied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1919, m. Midmeldeton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837,8. 1924, m. Midmeldeton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837,8. 1924, m. Midmay of Flete, Francis Bingham Midmay, P.C., b. 1867, 1867, 1818 Monker, See "Gonyngham," Irish Marq. Monck. See "Monck," Irish Viset. Monckon, See "Monck," Irish Viset. Monckon, John William Dodson, C. B. 1869, 8. 1897, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardcaste Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardcaste Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m. Monkswell, Bobonnaire John Monson, b. 1868, 8. 1909, m.	Alex Godfrey M., b. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., W. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon Ronald McG. H., b. 65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1933 Hon Joseph W., b. 2934 Hon. Godfrey, P. J. A., b. 1933 (None) [b. 1932 Kone) Hon. Godfrey, P. J. A., b. 1933 (None) [b. 1932 Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1932  Hon. Edward D., o.B.E., Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1885 Hon. Paul M., b. 1885 Hon. Jacque H. S., b. 203 J. Hon. Dugby M. G. J. W., b. 1903 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1905 Hon Harry R. W. M., b. 1935 Hon John Charles D., b. 1904 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L. 1934 L.
1938 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 1	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lond of Appeal), b. 1873, m. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1867, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1899, 8. 1922, m. Markandey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1888, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Anian, D.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marley, Dudley Leigh Anian, D.C., b. 1884, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., K.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Massy, Hugh Hamon Chailes George Massy, b. 1894, 8. 1926, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1808, 8. 1929, m. Merwooth, See "Clifden," Irish Vuset Merwooth, See "Clifden," Irish Vuset Merthyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1865, 8. 1924, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Methaen, Paul Sanford Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Nichelbam, Herman Alfied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1939, m. Middaton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837, 8. 1924, m. Midmay of Flets, Francis Bingham Midmay, P.C., b. 1865, 181 Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, See "Galway," Irish Vuset. Monckton, James Scort-Willer, Edward John Barrington Douglas-Scott-Moncon, Augustus Debonnairs John Monson, L. 1868, 8. 2900, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardeastle Collier, b. 1872, 8. 1903, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardeastle Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardeastle Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m.	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P. b. [1899 (Life Peetage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1914 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1803] None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1803] None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1902 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1903 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1895 Hon. Digby M. G. J. W., [b. 1903] Hon Anthony B. M., b. 1905 Hon John Charles D., b. 1904 Hon John Charles D., hon. 1907 Hon. Robt. D. C., b. 1926 Hon. John M., b. 1897
1938 1930 1887 1807 1908 1908 1939 1930 1931 1776 I. 1938 1815 1794 1935 1935 1919 1838 1905 1713 1838 1905 1713 1838 1944 1946 1941 1941 1941 1941 1941 1941	Maclay, James Paton Maclay, P.C., b. 1857, 181 Baron, w. Macmillan, Hugh Patthison Macmillan, P.C. (Lord of Appeal), b. 1873, w. Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Magheramorne, Dudley Stuart M'Garel-Hogg, b. 1863, 8. 1903 Manners, Francis Henry Manners, M.C., b. 1897, 8. 1927, m. Manton, George Miles Watson, b. 1893, 8. 1922, m. Markandey, William Tattersall Whiteley, b. 1886, 8. 1925, m. Marks, George Croydon Marks, C.B.E., b. 1858, 181 Baron, m. Marshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Masshall of Chipstead, Horace Brooks, Marshall P.C., k.C.V.O., b. 1865, 181 Baron, w. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Melchett, Henry Ludwig Mond, b. 1898, 8. 1929, m. Mereworth. See "Clifiden," Irish Vised. Mereworth. See "Clifiden," Irish Vised. Merrivale, Henry Edward Duke, P.C., b. 1855, 181 Baron, w. Methyr, Herbert Claik Lewis, b. 1866, 8. 1924, w. Meston, James Scorge Meston, K.C.S.I., b. 1865, 181 Baron, m. Michelham, Herman Affied Stern, b. 1899, 8. 1919, m. Midmeldeton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837,8. 1924, m. Midmeldeton, Michael Guy Percival Willoughby, M.C., b. 1837,8. 1924, m. Midmay of Flete, Francis Bingham Midmay, P.C., b. 1867, 1867, 1818 Monker, See "Gonyngham," Irish Marq. Monck. See "Monck," Irish Viset. Monckon, See "Monck," Irish Viset. Monckon, John William Dodson, C. B. 1869, 8. 1897, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardcaste Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m. Monkswell, Robert Alfred Hardcaste Collier, b. 1875, 8. 1909, m. Monkswell, Bobonnaire John Monson, b. 1868, 8. 1909, m.	Alex Godfrey M. J. 1909 Hon Joseph P. M., N. P., b. [1899 (Life Peerage) Hon Ronald McG. H., b. '65 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John R. C. M., b. 1903 Hon John W. T. W., b. 1914 Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Godfrey, P. L. A., b. [1903] (None) Hon. Hugh Hamon J. S. M., Hon Derek J. H. M., b. 1924 Hon. Edward D., O.B.E., Hon William L., b. 1894 Hon. Dougall M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1886 Hon. Daud M., b. 1894 Hon. Paul M., b. 1909 Hon. Day M. G. J. W., [b. 1924 Hon Anthony B. M., b. 2905 Hon John Charles D., b. 1924 Hon Robbt D. C., b. 1926

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MontEagle. See "Sligo," Irish Mary.

Monteagle. Thomas Aubrey Rice, C.M.G., M.V.O., b 1883, s. 1986

Morris, Edward Pattlek Morris, P.C., K.O. M.G.b. 1883, s. 1986

Morris, Edward Llewelyn R. Lloyd-Mostyn, b 1885, s. 1923, m.

Mouthayn, Edward Llewelyn R. Lloyd-Mostyn, b 1885, s. 1923, m.

Mouthayn, Segrare (1283), d. Stourton (1448), Charles Botolph
Joseph Stourton, b 1867, s. 1893, m.

Mognishan, Berkeley George Andiew Moynihan, K.C.M.G., C.E.,

M.D. b. 1866, s. R. Barou. m.
                                                                                                                                                                                                            Eldest Son or Heir.
 Created.
                                                                                                                                                                                                  [b.1852]
Com. Hon. Francis R.,R.N.,
Hon. Michael W M.,b.1903
Hon. Roger Ll.-M., b. 1920
 x806
1839
1918
 1831
 1031
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Capt. Hon. William S.,
 x283
                                                                                                                                                                                                         M.C., b. 1895
 1000
Hon Patrick B. M., b. 1906
[1875]
Hon Matthew D.-M., b.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon Edward N., b. 1861
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Master of Napier, b. 1900
Robt Vaughan W., b 1877
                                                                                                                                                                                                    Hon. Richard L., b. 1888
                  North, William Henry John North, T.D., b. 1836, s. 1884, w. ...
Northbourne, Walter John Morth, T.D., b. 1836, s. 1884, w. ...
Northbourne, Walter John James, b. 1869, s. 1933, m. ....
Northonok, Francis Arthin Baring, b. 1882, s. 1939, w. ....
Northington. See "Henley," Irish Baron, above
Norton, Ralph Bower Addelle, b. 1873, s. 1936, m. ....
Norton, Ralph Bower Addelle, b. 1873, s. 1936, m. ...
O'Hagan, Maurice Hot T Townelcy-O'Hagan, b. 1883, s. 1900, w.
O'hmee Swinev Olivier, P.C. K.C.M. G. C.B., b. 1859, 18t Baron, m.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. Noel A. N.-B., b. 1917
Hon. Wm F. J. N., b. 1860
Hon. Walter E. C.J., b. 1896
 1554
1884
1866
                                                                                                                                                                                                    Hon. Walter E. O. J. 1915
Hon. Francis J. B., b. 1915
[1885]
 1885
1878
                                                                                                                                                                                                 Hon Rouald W. F. A, b
Hon Ben Charles W., b. 1928
Hon Thos A.E.T-O'H., b 17
1906
1870
(None)
                                                                                                                                                                                                  Hon Brian A. O'N., b. 1911
Hon. Dominick G. T. B., b.
                                                                                                                                                                                                  Hon. William W., M v.o.,
               Ormathwaite, Arthur Henry John Walsh, G.C.V.O, b. 1859, 8. 1920, 10
Ormande See "Ormande," Irish Marq
Oxenfond, See "Stair, Scott Earl.
Parmoor, Charles Affed Chipps, P.C., K. C.V.O, b. 52, 181 Baion, m.
Passheld, Sidney James Webb, P.C., b. 1859, 181 Baion, m.
Penrhyn, Hugh Napiel Douglas-Pennant, b. 1894, * 1927, m.
Penrhyn, Hugh Napiel Bouglas-Pennant, b. 1894, * 1927, m.
Petrland, Henry John Sinclair, b. 1907, 8. 1935, ..................
Petre, Joseph William Lionel Petre, b. 1914, 8. 1915, M. .............
Phillimore, Godfrey Walter Phillimore, M.C., b. 1899, * 1898, m.
Plunfair, George James Playfair, C.V.O. b. 1849, 8. 1898, m.
Plunket, Terence Conynigham Plunket, b. 1809, * 1800, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 182, * 18, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfylde, b. 184, * 1920, m.
Politmore, George Wentworth Warwick Bampfyld
                                                                                                                                                                                                       b. 1863
 1841
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. A. H. Seddon C., b 1882
 1914
                                                                                                                                                                                                   (None)
Lt.-Col.Frank D.-P.,b. 1865
 1929
1866
                                                                                                                                                                                                  (None)
Maj. Edward H. P., b. 1881
Hon. Anthony F. P., b. '07
1909
1503
1918
1892
                                                                                                                                                                                                   (None)
 1931
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. Patrick T. P., b. 1983
Hon Coplestone W.B.,b. 14
 1831
                                                                                                                                                                                                    Master of Polwarth, b 1800
z690 S
 1749
 1930
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. Matthew P., b. 1904
                            b. 1882, 1st Baron, m. . . . .
                                                                                                                      x885
                  Queenborough, Almeric Hugh Paget, G B E., b. 1861, 1st Baron, m. Radstock, Granville George Waldegrave, C.B E., b 1859, * 1913. Raglan, FitzRoy Richard Somerset, b 1885, * 1921, m.
1918
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. Montagu W., b. 1867
Hon FitzRoy S., b. 1927
 zŘeo I.
1852
Hon. Michael A. N., b. 1907
Hou. William R. McC - B.
                                                                                                                                                                                                 b. 1914

Hon. Robert L., b 1908

Hon John A S, b 1908

Baron Alexander M., b 1907

Hon. Thos. David F -M.,
                    Raveneworth, Gerald Wellesley Liddell, b 1869, * 1919, in. ....
                   1881
 1628 S.
 TOOR
                   8 2916, m
Remnant, Jas. Farquharson Remnant. C.B.E. b 1863, 1st Bn., m.
Rendleshom, Frederick A Charles Thellusson, b. 1868, 8 1911, m.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   b x909
Hon. Robert J. R , b. x895
 reas
rece I.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Hon. Percy T., b. 1874
Hon. Rupert B., b. 1911
                   2885
                                                                                                                                                                                                   (Noire)
Hon. J Kenneth R., b. 'oz
 1020
 1905
                                                                                                                                                                                                 Hon. John D. K., b. 1906
(Hon. Foster C. L. L.
 1913
 1931
                    Rochester, Ernest Henry Lamb, C.M.G., b. 1876, 18t Baron, an ...
                                                                                                                                                                                                  b. 1916.
Hon. George W. R., b. 1918
Major John Eric H. R., b.
                    Rodney, George B. Harley Guest Rodney, b. 1891, s. 1909, m. ....
Rollo, William Charles Wordsworth Rollo, C.E. (U.K. Baron.)
 1782 Rodnes
                          Dunning), b. 1860, s. 1916, w.....
```

Created. Tule, Name, &c.  1866 Romilly, William Gaspard Guy Romilly, b. 1899, s. 1905, m  1896 Romead, Hercules Arthur Temple Robinson. b. 1866, s. 1897, m.  William Wortner L.W. Parent Browning by 9.	Eldest Son or Heir. (None) (None)
1796   Rossmore,   William Westenra (U.K. Baron Rossmore), b 1892, 1838*   1838*   Rossmore,   b 1892,   1838*   Rothschad, Lionel Walter Rothschild, b 1868, 8 1915	Hon William W. W., b 1931 (None) Nathaniel M. V. R., b. 1910
b. 1886, s. 1925, m.  Rowallan, Archibald Cameron Corbett, b. 1826, 1st Baron, w.  1929 Rensell of Kliowen, Frank Russell, P.C. (Lord of Appent), b	(None) Hon Godfrey C., M.C., b. 2895
1867, 11 1919 Russell of Liverpool, Edward Fiederick Langley Russell, M.C. b 1895, s. 1920, 11	(Life Peerage) Hon. Langley G. H. J. R., b. 1922
1931 Rutherford of Nelson, Ernest Rutherford, O.M., b. 1871, 181 Baron, m.	(None)
16518. Ruthven; Walter Patrick Hore-Ruthven, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., 1919* Ruthven; b.1870, 2. 1921, m	H -R., F.C., k.C.B., C M.G., D.S.O., b. 1872
1876         Sackville, Charles John Sackville-West, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.,           Maj-Gen., b. 1870.         1928.           1911         Si. Audries, Alexander P. Fuller-Acland-Hood, b. 1893.         2, 1937.	'Hon. Edward C. SW.,
1559 St. Audrics, Ajexander P. Fuller-Acland-Hood, b. 1893, s. 1917 .  St. John of Bletso, Moubray St. A. Thornton St. John, b 1897, s. 1920, 28.	Hon Arth. FAH, b. '06 Hon. John St. J., b. 2927
2852 St. Leonards, Frank Edward Sugden, b. 1890, s. 1908	Arthur H. S., b. 1863 Francis Cecil St. A., b. 1895 Hon. Rowland W., b. 1916
1445 8 † Saltoun, Alexander Wm Fredk Fraser, C M G , b 1851, 2. 1886, 11 1930 Sauderson, Henry Sanderson Furniss, b. 1868, 1st Baron, m	Master of Saltoun, M.C.b. 86 (None)
z87z Sandhurst, John William Mansfield, b. 1857, s. 1921, m	Capt. Hon. Ralph Sheldon  M., O B.R., b. 1892  Lt -Col A. F. S. Hill, b. 1876
1929 Sankey, John Sankey, P.C., G B.E., D C L., b 1866, 1st Barot (Lord High Chancello)	(None) [1923]
1907, m. scaton, John Regd. U Eliott-Drake-Colborne, b. 1854, s. 1888, m.	( /). <b>1884</b>
14895 †Senpill, John Forles-Sempill, b. 1863, * 1905, m	Master of Sempill, b 1893 Hon. William G S, b, 1922
1784 Sherborne, James Huntly Dutton, D.S.O., b 1873, k. 1720 m 1880 Shute. See "Barrington," Irish Visct	Hon, Charles D., b. 1911
zgoz Shuttleworth, Ughtied J. Kay-Shuttleworth, P. C. b.'44, 1st Bil., 10. zgz: Silchester. See "Longford," Irish Earl	Richard U. P. KS., b. 1913
1828 Skelmersdale, Arthur Geo Bootle-Wilbraham, M.C., b. 1876, * 1930	Evelyn B. W , O.B. E , b. 77
1931 Snell, Henry Snell, C.B.R., b. 1865, 18t Baron. 1916 Somerlenton, Savile Brinton Crossley, P.C., G.C.V.O., b. 1857, 18t Baron, m	f C, M C., b. x88q
1784 Somers. Arthur Herbert Tennyson Cocks, K.C.M. G., D.S.O., M.C., b. 1887, s. 1893, m	Rev Henry L. S C., b. 1862
1780 Southampton, Charles Henry Fitzroy, O.B.E., b. 1867, s. 1872, m. 1917 Southborough, Francis John Stephens Hopwood, P.C., G.C.B.	Hon. Charles F., b. 1904
G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.S.I., b. 1860, 1st Baion, 111	Hon. Spencer H., b 1889 Adm Hon. Sir Edward Fitzherbert, K.C. B., b. 1864
1886 Stalleridge, Hugh Grosvenor, b. 1880, s. 1912, m	Hon Gilbert, G., b. 1881 Hon Lyulph H. V. O., S.,
Shefield), b. 1907, v. 1931 Stanmore, George A. Maurice Hamilton-Gordon, K.C.V.O., b. 1871, 8. 1912	) b. 1915 (None)
1796 Stewart of Garlies. See "Galloway," Scott. Earl	
1318 Strabolgs, Cuthbert Matthias Kenworthy, b. 1853, claim established 1915, m	) R.A. A.F., O. 1000
1912 Strachie, Edward Strachey, P.O., b 1898, 1st Baron, 10. Stratheona & Mount Royal, Donald Stirling Palmer Howard, b 1891, 8, 1995, 10.	Hon. Edward S., b. 1882 Hon Donald H., b. 1923

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t. Tutle, Name, d.c. Stratheden & Campbell (1841), Alastair Campbell, b. 1899, 8. 1918, m. Stratheney, Trevor Oxiliva-Grant, b. 1879, 2. 1915, m. Strickland, Gerald Strickland (Count Della Catena) G.C.M.G.,
Created.
                                                                                                     Eldest Son or Heir.
                                                                                                Hon. Gavin C., b 1901
Hon. Donald G., b. 1913
1836
2884
1928
         Strickland, (termi strickland (otent Deta Cooms) 1.0.3.0., b. 1861, tat Baion, m.

Snuat of Castle Stuart. See "Moray," Scott. Earl
Sudeley, Wm. Charles Frederick Hanbury-Tracy, b. 1870, s. 1928.
Sudeley, See "Arran," Irish Earl
Suglield, Victor A. C. Harbord, b. 1897, s. 1924, m.
Snoansea, Odo Richard Viviau, D. 8.0, M.V.0, b. 1875, s. 1922, m.
Snoanshing, Stuart Albert Samuel Samuel Montagu, b. 1898,
1796
1838
1884
1786
1893
                                                                                                Richard A F. H.-T., b 1911
                                                                                                Hon. John H., b. 1907
Hon John H. H. J., b. 1925
1007
                                                                                                Hon. David C. S.-M , b 1928
                                                      ...... . ... . .... . ...
         s. 1927, 21.
Sydenham of Combe, George Sydenham Clarke, GCSI.,
G.CMG, G.C.IE, G.B.E., b. 1848, 1st Baron, 21.
IOIO
                                                                                                (None)
1913
                                                                                                (None)
         Talbot of Malahade James Boswell Talbot, b 1874, s. 1921, 10
1831 I.
                                                                                                 Milo J. R T., b 1918
1856*
         Hon Lionel S, b. 1918
Hon Arthur P. S. C, b.
1797 l.
1831
            1880, 8 1924, 111
                                                                        1914
Hon, Harold T., b. 1919
         Tenupon, Lionel Hallam Tennyson, b 1889, 1 1928 ..........
Tenterden, Charles Stuart Henry Abbott, b 1865, 1 1882, m....
1884
                                                                                                (None)
(Hon Horace W., C.B R., b.
1827
          Terrington, Harold J. Selborne Woodhouse, O B.R., b. 1877, 8 1921, m
1918
                                                                                                   1888
          Tennham, Henry John P. S. Roper-Curzon, b. 1867, s. 1892, m. ...
Thankerton, William Watson, P.O. (Lond of Append), b. 1873, m. Thurlow, Rev. Charles Edward Cumming-Bruce, b. '69, s. 1916, m.
                                                                                                 Hon Chris. P -C., b 1896
1616
                                                                                                (Life Peerage)
Hon Charles C.-B., b 1910
1929
1798
                                                                                                (Lt.-Col Hon. Denis T,
          Tollemache, Bentley Lyonel J. Tollemache, b 1883, 8, 1904, 10.
1876
                                                                                                    D S.O., b 1884
          Tombin, Thomas James Chesshyre Tombin, P C (Lord of Appent)
 1949
         b, 1867, m...

Torphichen, John Gordon Sandilands, b 1886, s. 1915, m

Trenchard, High Montague Trenchard, G C B., b S O , Marshal
                                                                                                 (Life Peerage)
                                                                                                 Master of Torphichen, b.
 1504 S.
1930
          Hon Hugh T , b. 1921
                                                                                                 (None)
                                                                                                 (None)
 1917
                                                                                                Lt Col. Hon Chas Trevor
          Trevethin, Alfred Tristram Lawrence, P.C., b. 1843, 19t Baron, w
 1921
                                                                                                  L., D 4 0., b. 1879
Hou. Chas E H.-T', b 1928
          Treroi , Charles Edward Hill-Trevor, b. 1863, s. 1923. in
Translestown, Charles Aloysius Barnewall, b. 1861, s. 1891, in.
Tweeddale. See "Tweeddale," Scott. Marq
Tweedmouth, Dudley C. Marjoribanks, c. M. G., D.S.O., M. V.O.,
 188a
 1462 I.
                                                                                                 Hon Charles B , b 1899
 1881
 1881
          b. 1874, s. 1909, m.
Tyrone See "Waterford," Irish Mary.
Tyrrell, William George Tyrrell, P.C., G.C.M. Q., K.C.B., K.C.V.O.,
                                                                                                  Edward M., M.P., b. 1900
 1786
 1929
           (None)
                                                                                                  Three co-henesses
                                                                                                                              1x808
 1513
                                                                                                 Hon Arthur F. de-M, b
Hon, John L V.V., b 1923
Hon Samuel V, b 1882
Hon Anthony V., b 1906
           Ventry, Arthur William Eveleigh-de-Moleyns, b. 1864, s. 1923, m
 1800 l
           Vernou, Francis W L Venables-Vernon, b. 1889, s. 1915, m
 1762
           1922
          1930
                                                                                                  (None)
                                                                                                 Hon John H W., b 1908
Reginald H. W., b 1875
 1005
 1723
1780
1922
          Hon John de G., b 1985
                                                                                                 (None)
                                                                                                 (None)
 1922
          Warring, Saumet James Warring, O 12800, 181 Incom, 70.

Warrington of Chipfe, T. Rolls Warrington, P.C. b. 1851, 18t Baron, 70.

Waterpark, Chinles Frederick Cavendish, b. 1883, * 1912...

Waterfree, William Hall Walker, b. 1856, 18t Baron, 70.

Wen, William Douglas Wen, P. C., b. 1877, 18t Baron, 70.

Wenyss See "Wenyss and March," Scott. Earl.....
 1006
                                                                                                  (None)
 1798 I.
                                                                                                  Henry S. H. C., b. 1876
                                                                                                  (None)
 1919
1918
1881
                                                                                                 Hon. Jas Kenneth W. . b. 1905
           Wenlock, Arthur Lawley, G C S.I., G C.I.E., K.C.M.G , b. 1860,
 1830
           8. 1931, 111.
Westbir y, Richard M. T. Bethell, b. 1914, s. 1930, M.
                                                                                                  (None)
Hon. David A. B., b. 1922
 1861
 1776 1. * Westcote.
           1919
           1548
             cların established 1916, iii. .......
                                                                                                    1008
           Willoughby de Broke, John Henry Peyto Verney, M.C., b. 1896, s. 1933
 1912
1886
                                                                                                  (None)
                                                                                                Two co-herresses.
 1491
                                                                                                 (Hon. Nigel B. V. G., b.
           Wolverton, Frederic Glyn, b. 1864, s. 1888, m. .....
  1860
                                                                                                    1904
```

Create	d. Title, Name, &c.	Eldest Son or Hevr.
TORR	Woolavington, James Buchanan, G.C.V.O., b. 1849, 1st Baron, w.	
1835 1988	Worlingham, See "Gostord," Irish Earl	Was Bustons W.D.C. Lane
	Wrsaall, George Richard Lawley Gibbs, b. 1988, s. 1931, m Wrenbury, Henry Burton Buckley, P.C., b. 1848, 1st Baron, m	Hon. Eustade H.B.G., b. 1949 Hon. Bryan B., b. 1800
1915	Wrottesley, Victor Alexander Wrottesley, b. 1873, s. 1910	Hon. Walter B. W., b. 1877
1919	Wyfold, Robert Trotter Hermon-Hodge, b. 1851, 1st Baron, w.	LtCol.Hon. Roland H.H.,
18a9 1981	Wynford, Philip George Best, D S.O., b. 1871, 8 1904, m Ystwyth, Matthew Lewis Vaughan-Davies, b. 1840, 1st Baron, w.	Hon. Samuel J. B., b. 1874 (None)

### Peeresses in Their Own Right.

PEERESSES IN OWN RIGHT.—Peerages are occasionally granted immediately to ladies of distinction or the widows of distinguished men; but frequently the instances falling under this heading are the result of regular inheritance in lines which are open to females in default of males. Thus it results that some of the Peeresses now upon the list have male heirs who will succeed them in the ensuing generation and take their seats by strict right in the House of Lords; while, on the other hand, several peerages now occupied by males will fall to the other sex, and thus for a time take leave of that House. A resolution to admit Peeresses in their Own Right to the House of Lords was defeated in that house in 1930. A Pecress in her own Right retains her title after marriage, and if her husband's rank is the superior she is designated by the two titles jointly, the inferior one last: her hereditary claim still holds good in spite of any marriage whether higher or lower. No rank held by a woman can confer any title or even precedence upon her husband; but the rank of a Peeress in her own right is inherited by her eldest son (or perhaps daughter), to whomsoever she may have been married.

#### DUCHESS IN HER OWN RIGHT.

Created.

1500

1308

Title, Name, &c.

Eldest Son or Heir.

COUNTESSES IN THEIR OWN RIGHT .- Style, The Countess of -Addressed as, My Lady.



Created. Title, Name, &c Eldest Son or Heir. Cave, Anne Estella Sarah Penfold Cave, 1st Countess'............ (None) Viscount Tarbat, b. 1904 Lord Mauchline, b. 1918 Lady Edwina Lewin, b. 1875 Lord Strathspey, see BARONS.

> VISCOUNTESSES IN THEIR OWN RIGHT .- Style, The Viscountess -Addressed as, My Lady.



Eldest Son or Heir. (None) Wolseley, Frances Garnet Wolseley, b. 1872, 8. 1913 ....

BARONESSES IN THEIR OWN RIGHT. - Style, The Baroness -Addressed as, My Lady,



i. Tule, Name, &c. Beaumont, Mona Josephine T. Fitzalan-Howard, b 1894, 8 1896, m. Created. 1309 14a1 1368 1897 1608 Berkeley, Eva Mary Fitshardinge Foley, M. B. R., b 1875, s 1899, m. Botreaux. (See "Loudoun," Countess of)
Button, Nellie Liss Baillie, b 1873, s 1999, w. Clyfton, Elizabeth Adeline Mary Bligh, b & s. 1990 1663 IOII 1299 abeyance ross, m. .....

Wentworth, Judith Anne Dorothea Lytton, b. 1873, s. 1917 .....

Zouche of Haryngworth, Mary Cecil Frankland, b. 1875,8. 2017, m.

Eldest Son or Heir. Hon Miles F. F.-H., b. Two co-heiresses See Loudoun, Countess of, Hon. George E. M. B , b. 1804 Earl of Darnley, q v. Three co-heiresses

(None) Master of Gray, b. 1894 Duke of Norfolk, q.v. Master of Kinloss, b 1889 Hon Anne R. C., b. 1919 LadyCynthiaMosley,b.1898

See St. Davids, Viscount Hun Noel Lytton-Mülbanke, b. 1900 Hon, Thos. W. A. F., b. 1902

# of Figure 3 of the House of Lords. Speaker, The Lord Chancellor, £4,000. Private Secretary to the Lord Chancellor, A. J. N. Paterson. Lord Chairman of Committees, The Earl of Onslow, O.B.E., £2,500.

Clerk of Parliaments, Sir Edward Hall Alderson, K C.B , K.B.K. . . . . . . . £2,500 Clerk Assistant and Principal Clerk, Judicial Dept. and Taxing Officer of Judicial Costs, H. J. F. Badeley, C B.E. £1,500 Reading Clerk, Ronald Muir Mackenzie £1,200

Counsel to Lord Chairman of Committees, Hon. Hugh Godley, K.C., O.B. £1,800 Senior Clerks, Hon. E. A. Stonor (Prin. Clerk of Private Bills and Taxing Officer of Private Bill Costs); Edward Vigors (Prin. Clerk of Private Committees); G. D. Luard; G. Proby £850 to £1,200

Other Clerks, C. F. L. St. George; F W. Lascelles, M.C. (Clerk of Public Bulls and Clerk of the Journals); Colin Davidson, O.B.E. (Clerk attending the Table); A. H. Jeffreys; V. M. R.

Goodman, M.C; A. F. R. Dudley Ryder, M.C.; G. H. Eastwood; H. M. Burrows

Accounting and Copying Department, Miss M F. Court (Receiver of Fees and MISS M F. Court (Receiver of Fees and Accountant), £500 to £500; Miss M. E. Waterman (£zaminer of Acts), £350 to £400; Miss W. M. J. Phipps; Miss A. N. Phipps
Librarian, C. T. Clay

Ast. Librarian, F. G. G. Carr..... £300 to £500

£zaminers to Standing Orders, Edward

Vigors, £300; Lt.-Col. Sir R. Verney,

C.I.E., C.V. O.

Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod It. Can

Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Lt.-Gen. Sir William Pulteney, G.C.V.O., K.C.B.,

K.C.M.G., D.S.O.

Yeoman Unher and Secretary to Lord Great
Chamberlain, Brig. Gen. Lord Esmé
Gordon-Lennox, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.V.O...
Seryeant at Arms, Capt. the Hon. Sir Seymour John Fortescue, K.O.V.O. C.R.G.,

y Ryder,
Burrows

Shorthand Writer, Herbert Arthur Stevens

Lioo to Li,000 Editor of the Official Report, A. A. Reid...

## Burnames of Peers and Peeresses differing from their Citles.

Bryan-Bellew

Abbott—Tenterden
Abney Hastings—Loudoun

Bertie—Abungdon
Bertie—Bertie of Thame
Bertie—Lindsey Best—Wynford Bethell—Westbury Acheson-Gosford Adderley—Norton Addington—Sidmouth Agar—Furnivall Agar—Normanton arell Agar Robartes - Clifden Altken - Beaverbrook Akers Douglas - Chilston Bigham-Mersey Alexander—Caledon Alexander—Cobham Allsopp—Hindlip Amau—Marley Annesley—Valentia Anson—Lichfield Anthur—Glenarthur martie Boot-Trent Ashley Cooper-Shaftes Skelmeredale bury Asquith—Oxford & A. Astley—Hastings Bailey—Glanusk Baillie—Burton more Boyle—Cork Boyle—Glasgow Boyle—Shannon Baillie Hamilton-Haddinaton Baird-Stonehaven Balfour-Kinross Brabazon-Meath Bampfylde-Poltimore Brand—Hampden Brett—Esher Baring-Ashburton Baring-Cromer Baring—Northbrook Baring—Revelstoke Barnes—Gorell

Barnewall [- Trimlestown Bathurst-Bledisloe Beardmore-Invernairn Beauclerk—St. Albans Beaumont—Allendale Beckett—Grimthorps Bennet—Tankerville Benson—Charnwood Beresford - Decies
Beresford - Waterford Bruce-Baljour of Bur Bruce-Elgin Bernard-Bandon Brudenell Bruce-Ailes-

Berry-Camrose

Buchan—Caithness Buckley—Wrenbury Buchanan - Woolaving Bethune-Lindsay Burns-Inverclyde Bewicke-Copley-Crom-Butcher—Danesfort Butler—Carrick Butler—*Dunboyne*Butler—*Lanesborough*Butler—*Mountgarret*Butler—*Ormonde* Bingham—Clanmorris Bingham—Lucan Blades—Ebbisham Bligh—Clifton Bligh—Darnley Butler—Urnande
Byng—Strafford
Byng—Torrungton
Cambridge—Athlone
Campbell—Aryull
Campbell—Bythavood
Campbell—Breadalbane Blunt Mackenzie - Cro Bootle Wilbraham Campbell—Cawdor Campbell—Glenavy Campbell—Stratheden Borthwick—Whitburgh Boscwaen—Falmouth Bourke—Mayo Bowes Lyon—Strath Canning—Garvagh Capell—Resex Carington-Carrington Carleton—Dorchester Carnegie—Northesk Carnegie—Southesk Cary—Falkland Caulfeild—Charlemont Cavendish—Chesham Cavendish—Devonshire Bridgeman—Bradford Brodrick-Midleton Cavendish—Waterpark Cavendish Bentinck -Brooks—Crawshaw Brougham — Broughan Portland Cecil—Amherst of Hack Cecil—Exster [ne Broughton-Fairhaven Chaloner-Gisborough Browne—Kenmare Browne—Kilmaine Charteris-Wemyss and Browne-Mereworth March Browne-Oranmore Browne-Sligo Chetwynd Talbot Shrewsbury Brownlow—Lurgan Bruce—Aberdare Chichester—Donegall Chichester — Temple

[ney

Chubb—Hayter Churchill—Marlborough Clarke—Sydenham Clegg Hill—Hill Clements—Lettrim Clifton—Grey de Ruthyn Coats-Glentanar Cochrane-Dundonald Cochrane Baillie-Lamington Cocks-Somers Cokayne—Cullen Coke—Leicester Cole—Efficiskillen Collier—Monkswell Colston—Roundway Colville—Colville of Cul-7'088 Compton-Northampion Cooper—Lucas Corbett—Rowallan Courtenay—Devon Craig—Craigavon Crewe Milnes-Crewe Crichton-Erne Crichton Stuart-Bute Cripps—Parmoor Crossley—Somerleyton Cubitt—Ashcombe Cuffe—Desart Cumming Bruce-Thur-Low Curzon-Howe Curzon—Ravensdale Curzon—Scaredale Cust-Brownlow Dalrymple—Stair
Dalzell—Carnwath
Dalziel—Dalziel of Kirkcaldy Dawnay—Downe Dawson—Dartrey Dawson - Dawson

Penn

Dawson-

tarlington

-De Ros

Dawson Damer - Por-

mere

leigh

bury

Child Villiers—Jersey Cholmondeley — Dela-

## Surnames of Peers and Peeresses differing from their Titles. 131

De Courcy—Kingsale De Grey—Walsingham FitzPatrick-Castlefount Hamilton Gordon -Kave Shuttleworth FitzRoy—Grafton Fitzroy—Southampton Flower—Ashbrook Shuttleworth Stanmore Stanmore
Hamilton Russell — Kearley—Decomport
Boyne
Hamilton Temple Blackwood—Dufferin Kemp—Rochdale
Wemp—Rochdale
Wannedwa Aslan De Montmorency -Mountmorres De Yarburgh Bateson Foley-Berkeley Deramore Foljambe- Inverpool Forbes-Granard Hanbury Tracy-Sudeley Kennedy-Aulsa Deane Morgan - Mus kerry

Rorbes Sempill—Sempill Handcock—Castlemanie, Kenworthy—Strabolgi

Denison—Londesborough Forward Howard Howard Harbord—Styffeld Keppel—Albenarle

Wicklow

Foster—Ilkeston Harmsworth—Rother-King—Lovelace King Tenison-Kingston Dickson Poynder -- Is Fowler-Wolverhampton mere Fox Strangways - 11- Harris-Malmesbury Kitson-Arredale lington Kuatchbull Hugessen-Dillon Lee-Dillon Hastings-Huntingdon llay—Erroll Hay— Kinnoull Dodson-Monk Bretton Douglas-Morton Frankland-Zouche Brabourne Fraser-Lovat Knox-Ranfurly Hay-Tweeddale Lamb-Rochester Douglas - Queensberry Douglas Hamilton Fraser-Saltoun Heathcote Drummond Lambat—Cavan
Willoughly—Ancaster Lambton—Durham
Hely Hutchinson—Do-Lascelles—Harrecod
noughnore Law—Ellenborough Freeman Mitford Hamilton Rederdale Douglas Home-Home Freeman Thomas-Wil-Douglas Pennant-Pen ingdon Henderson-Faringdon Lawley-Wenlock Fremantle--- Cottesloe Douglas Scott Montagu
—Montagu of Beautieu
Drummond—Melfort
Drummond—Perth Henniker Major-Hen-Lawrence-Trevethin French-De Freyne French-Ypres Fuller Acland Hoodmker Lawson-Burnham Hepburn Stuart Forbes- Lawson Johnston-Luke St Audries Trefusis-Clinton of Pavenham Duff-Fife Furniss - Sanderson Hepburne Scott - Pol-Le Poer Trench-Clan-Gascoyne Cecil—Cecil of Duke-Merrirale warth carty Lea Smith-Dudley Duncombe-Feversham Herbert-Carnarvon Dundas—Melville Dundas—Zetland de Legge—Dartmouth Legh—Newton Gascoyne Cecil - Salts- Herbert - Darcy bury Knayth Herbert—Pembroke Herbert—Powis Herbert—Treowen Dutton-Sherborne Gathorne Hardy-Cran Leith—Burgh Leslie—Rothes Eady-Simmfen brook Eaton—Cheylesmore Eden—Auckland Eden—Henley Gibbs—Aldenham Gibbs—Hunsdon Gibbs—Wraxall Leslie Melville-Leren Hermon Hodge-Wyfold Lever-Leverhulme Hervey- Brutol Hevitt-Laford Leveson Gower-Gran-Lewis-Merthyr [ville Liddell-Rarensworth Edgcumbe - Mount Gibson—Ashbourne Giffard—Halsburn [ville Edgeumbe Hicks Beach - St. Ald. Giustiniani Bandini Edwardes-Kensington Lindesay Bethune . างงาน Egerton—Ellermere Egerton—Wilton Hill—Downshire Hill Trevor—Trevor Bethune Newburyh Glyn--Wolverton Lindsay-Crawford Eliot-St. Germans Godley-Kilbracken Hudley-Hyndley Littleton-Hatherton Goodeve Erskine-Mar Eliott Drake Colborne Hohart Hampden Mer-Loftus—Ely
Lopes—Laullow -Seaton Gordon—Aberdeen Gordon—Huntly Gordon Lennox—Richcer Henderson-Buck-Lowry Corry—Belinore Lowther—Lonsdale Elhot-Minto nghamshire Erskine—Buchan Erskine—Mar Erskine—Mar & Kellie Evans Freke—Carbery Eveleigh de Moleyns-Hogg—Hailsham Holland Hibb Hibbert Lowther-Ullswater mond Lubbock-Avebury Knutsford Gore—Arran Gough Calthorpe - Cal- Holland-Rotherham Lumiley-Scarbrough thorpe
Goulding-Wargrave
Graham-Atholstan
Graham-Montrose
Graham Tuler-Norbury
Hope-Linithquot Lumley Savile—Savile Holmes a Court-Heytes-Ventry
Fane-Westmorland Lygon-Beauchamp Lyon Dalberg Acton Feilding-Denbigh Acton Fellowes—Ailmyn Fellowes—De Ramsen Lysaght-Lisle Hope Morley-Hollenden Lyttelton-Cobham Grant—Strathspey Gray Campbell—Gray Finch—Aylesford Finch Hatton — Win South Lytton-Wentworth
McClintock Bunbury Hopwood Greenall—Daresbury Grenfell—Desborough borough Hore Ruthven-Ruthven Rathdonnell chilsea Fitzalan Howard -Grey—Grey of Fallodon Grey—Stamford Grimston—Verulam Howard—Carlisle Howard—Efingham Howard — Howard McDonnell—Antrim Beaumont M'Garel Hogg-Magher. Fitzalan Howard amorne Grosvenor-Ebury FitzAlan of Derwent Penrith Mackay—Incheape Mackay—Reay Grosvenor—Stalbridge Grosvenor—Westminster Howard—Strathcona Howard—Suffolk Fitzalan Howard -Herries Mackenzie-Amulree Fitzglan Howard -Hubbard-Addington McLaren-Aberconway Guest-Winterne Howard of Glossop Fitzalan Howard — Guinness—Iveagh Gully—Selby Gurdon—Cranworth Innes Ker-Roxburghe McNeill-Cushendun Irby-Boston Maitland-Lauderdale Isaacs—Reading Manners-Rutland Norfolk Jackson—Allerton James—Northbourne Jervis—St. Vincent Sutton-Can-FitzClarence—Munst FitzGerald—Leinster – Munster Haldane Duncan-Cam Manners perdown terbur Fitzherbert Stafford Hamilton—Abercorn Hamilton—Belhaven Mansfield-Sandhurst Jocelyn-Roden Marjoribanks - Tweed-Stafford Jolliffe—Hylton Fitzmaurice - Lans. Hamilton - Holmmouth downe Patrick Joynson Hicks - Brent Marsham-Ronney Massey-Clarina Fitzmaurice-Orkney Hamilton-Sumner

## 132 Surnames of Peers and Peeresses differing from their Titles.

Maude-Hawarden Pease-Daryngton Scott Ellis-Howard de Vane-Barnard Maxwell—Farnham Meade—Clanwilliam Pease—Gainford Pelham—Chichester ane Tempest Stewart-Londonderry Walden Scudamore Stanhone Pelham—Conyers Pelham—Yarborough anneck - Hunting Mildmay - Mildinay of Chesterfield Seymour—Hertford Flete fleld Seymour—Somerset Milles-Sondes Pelham Clinton Hope Vaughan—Lieburne Mills—Hulingdon Molyneux—Sefton Shaw-Craigmyle Davies Newcastle Vaughan Shirley—Ferrers Shore—Teignmouth Sidney—De L'Isle Pellew—Exmouth Pepys—Cottenham Yatwyth Monckton Arundell Vavasseur Fisher Perceval—Egmont
Percy—Northumberland
Pery—Limerick
Petre Agar—Furnivall Fisher Galway Mond—Melchett Sinclair—Carthness Sinclair—Pentland Venables Vernon -Money Coutts—Latymer Monsell—Emly Vernon Skeffington-Massereen Vereker-Gort Petre Agar—Furnid Philipps—Kylsant Philipps—St. Davids Philipps—Strange Phipps—Normanby Pickford—Sterndale Montagu-Munchester Montagu-Sandwich Smith—Birkenhead Smith—Colwyn Verney-Willoughby de Broke Montagu Douglas Scott Smith-Hambleden Verney Cave-Braye -Buccleuch Somerset—Beaufort Somerset—Ragian Vernon-Lyveden Montagu Stuart Wort-Vesey-De Vesci Pierrepont—Manvers Pleydell Bouverie—Rad Villiers—Clarendon Villiers—Jersey ley Mackenzie-Wharncliffe Spencer-Churchill Spencer Churchill Vincent-D'Abernon Montgomerle- Eglinton nor Marlborough Plumptre—FitzWalter Plunkett—Dunnany Plunkett—Fingall Plunkett—Louth Moore-Drogheda Stanhope-Harrington Vivian-Swansea Stanley—Ashfield
Stanley—Derby
Stanley—Stanley of Al-Moreton-Incie Waldegrave-Radstock Morgan-Tredegar Walker-Wavertree Wallop-Portsmouth Morgan Grenville-Kin-Walrond-Waleran Pollock-Hanworth derley loss Morris--Killanin Pomeroy-Harberton Stapleton Cotton-Com-Walsh-Ormathwaite Ponsonby—Bessborough Ponsonhy—De Mauley Ponsonhy—Ponsonby of Shulbrede Mosley-Anslow Mostyn-Vaux Ward-Bangor Ward-Dudley bermere Stern-Michelham Mountbatten - Caris-Stewart-Galloway Warren—De Tabley brooke Stewart Murray Watson-Manton Mountbatten — Milford Powys—Lilford Haven Pratt—Camden Atholl Watson-Thankerton Stonor-Camoys Watson Armstrong Stopford—Courtown Stourton—Mowbray Armstrong Mulholland-Dunleath Preston-Gormanston MunroFerguson—Novar Murray—Dunedin Murray—Dunmore Murray—Elibank Murray—Mansfield Webh-Passfield Primrose-Rosebery Prittie-Dunalley Strachey-Strachie Weir-Inverforth Strutt—Belper Strutt—Rayleigh Prothero—Ernie Ramsay—Dalhousis Weld Forester--Forester Wellesley—Cowley Wellesley—Wellington Rhys—Dynevor Rice—Monteagle Stuart—Castle Stewart Stuart—Moray Needham-Kilmorey Wemyss - Wester Nevill-Abergavenny Ritchie - Ritchie of Studley Herbert-Sea Weinyss field Sturt—Alington Neville-Braybrooke Dundes Wentworth Fitzwilliam Nicolson-Carnock Roberts-Clwyd -Fitzwilliam Nivison-Glendyne Westenra-Rossmore Robinson—Repon Robinson—Resmead Sugden-St. Leonards Noble—Kirkley Noel—Gainsborough Sutherland Leveson White—Annaly Whiteley-Marchamley Roche-Fermoy Gower-Sutherland Noel Hill-Berwick RoperCurzon—Teynham Rous—Stradbroke Talbot—Shrewsbury Talbot—Talbot de Mala-Willey—Barnby Williamson—Forres North-Guilford North—Gusjoru Northcote—Iddesleigh Norton—Grantley Norton—Rathcreedan Nugent—Westmeath O'Brien—Inchiquin Rowley—Langford Russell—Ampthill Russell—Bedford Russell—De Clifford Willoughby—Middleton Wills—Dulverton hide Tatem-Glanely Taylour-Headfort Wilson-Nunburnholme Temple Gore Langton Windsor-Gloucester Windsor-Wales Ryder-Harrowby Temple of Stowe Sackville-De La Warr O'Grady-Guillamore Tennant-Glenconner Windsor-York Ogilvy-Airlie Ogilvie Grant-Strath Sackville West-Sackville Thellusson-Rendle-Windsor Clive - Ply-St. Aubyn—St. Levan St. Clair—Sinclair sham mouth Thesiger—Chelmsford
Thynne—Bath Wingfield—Powerscourt Winn—St. Oswald Winn—Headley Orde Powlett-Bolton St. Clair Erskine Ormsby Gore-Harlech Tollemsche-Dysart
Towneley O'Hagan Rosslyn Osborne-Leeds St. John-Bolingbroke St. Leger-Doneraile Wodehouse—Kimberley Wood—Halifax Wood—Irwin Paget—Anglesey
Paget—Queenborough
Pakenham—Longford O'Hagan Samuel—Bearsted Samuel Monta Trench—Ashtown Tufton—Hothfield Woodhouse—Terrington Wyndham—Leconfield Montagu Swaythling Pakington-Hampton Turnour-Winterton Palk-Haldon Sanders—Bayford Sandilands — Torphi-Twisleton Wykeham Wyndham Quin - Dun-Palmer—Selborne Parker—Macclesfield Parker—Morles Fiennes—Saye & Sele Tyrrell Kenyon-Kenraven Wynn—Newborough Yarde Buller—Churston chen Saumerez—De Saumere: yon Parnell-Congleton Parsons-Rosse Tyrwhitt Wilson - Be Yerburgh-Alvingham Savile-Mexborough Scarlett—Abinger Sciater Booth—Basing Yorke—Hardwicke Younger—Blanesburgh ners Partington—Doverdale Paulet—Winchester Upton-Templetown Scott—Cloumell Scott—Eldon Younger — Younger Leckie Vanden Bempde John-stone—Derwent Pearson-Coudray

## Courtesp Titles borne by Eldest Sons (in actual use in 1932).

Holders of Courtesy Titles are addressed in the manner shown for holders of substantive titles

From this list it will be seen that the "Marquess of Blandford" is the heir to the Dukedom of Marlborough; that the "Earl of Altamont" is the eldest son of the Marquess of Sligo, while "Viscount Acheson" is heir to the Earldom of Gosford, and "Lord Aberdour" to the Earldom of Whether the talless borne by second here are also given, e.g., Earl of Burlington, "elast some of the "Marquess of Hartington," her to the Dukedom of Devonshire, "Viscount Baylam," eldest son of the "Barl of Brecknock," here to the Camden Marquessate, and "Viscount Savernake," eldest son of the "Earl of Cardigan," here to the Marquessate of Alleshury.

NOTE .- In titles marked o the " of " is not used.

Bowmont-Roxburghe Douglas & Clydesdale
-Hamilton Douro-Wellington Graham-Montrose Granby-Rutland Granly—Rutland
Hantilton—Abercorn
Hartington—Devonshire
Kildare—Leinster

Chewton—Waldegrave
Clanfield—Pest Kildare-Leinster Tavistock—Bedford Titchfield—Portland

#### Raria.

Altamont-Sligo Bective-Headfort Brecknock-Camden Burlington - *Hartington

Cardigan-Ailenbury

Cassillis—Arlsa
Dalkeith—Buccleuch
Dumfries—Bute Haddo-Aber deen Hopetoun-Landithgow Kerry-Lansdowne Lancoln-Newcastle March-Richmond Medina-Milford Haven Mornington—*Douro Mount Charles — Conynyham

Mulgrave—Normanby Ossory—Ormonde Rocksavage—Cholm'ley Roualdshay—Zetland Sunderland—*Blandford Uxbridge-Anglewy

#### Viscounts.

Acheson-Gosford Adare-Dunraven Althorp—Spencer Anson—Lichfield Borodaile-Beatty Boyle-Shannon Brackley-Ellesmere

Harquesses.

Blaudford-Mariborough Broome-Kitchener Bury—Albemarle Calne—Kerry Campden-Gameboro' Carlow-Portarlungton Castlereagh-Londond'y Castlerosse-Kenmare Clive-Powis Coke—Leicester Cole—Enniskillen Cranborne-Salubury

Cranley—Onstore Curzon—Hore Dalrymple-Stair Dangan—Cowley Drumlanrig — Queensberry

Duncannon-Bessboro Dunluce—Antrim
Dunsford—Mulleton
Dunwich—Stradbroke Ebrington - Fortescue Ednam—Drulley Elmley—Beauchamp Elveden—*lveagh* Ennismore-Listowel Erleigh-Reading

Errington-Cromer Feilding—Deubigh Fincastle—Dunmore FitzHarris - Malines bury Folkestone—Radnor

Forbes—Granard French—Ypres Garmoyle—Carrus Glenapp—Incheape Glerawly—Annesley

Hastings -- Huntingdon Hinchingbrooke-Sandwich.

Ikerrin—Carrick Jocelyn—Roden Kelburn-Glasgow Kingsborough - King-(Bruce-Elgin ston Knebworth-Lytton Lambton—Durham Lascelles—Harewood Lewisham-Dartmouth Loftus-Ely Lymington

mouth Maidstone-Winchilsca Malden-- Essex Mandeville-Manchester Marsham—Ronney Melgund—Minto

Milton—Fitzwilliam Moore—Drogheda Morpeth—Carlisle Newport—Bradford Northland—Raufurly Parker-Macclesfield Perceval—Egmont Pollington—Mexboro Racendone-Willingdon

Sandon--Harrowby

Sandon-Harrotopy
Savernake—*Cardigan
Somerton—Normanton
Stopford –Courtown Stuart-Castlestera t Sudley-Arran Sundale—Donoughmore Tamworth-Ferrers Tarbat—Cronarite
Thurles—*Ossory

Tiverton—Halsbury Traprain—Balfour Uffington—Craven Weymouth-Bath Windsor—Plymouth Wolmer—Selborns

Barons (Lord ---) Aberdour-Morton Apsley-Bathurst Ardee-Meath Ashley-Shaftesbury Balgonie-Lenen Balniel-Crawford Bingham-Lucan

_____

Buckhurst-De La Warr Burghersh-Westm'land Burghley—Exeter Cardioss—Buchan Carnegie-Southesk Clifton-Darnley

Ports-Clonmore-Wicklow Cochrane-Dundonald Dalmeny—Rosebery Dunglass- Home Elcho-Wemyss & March Erskine—Mar & Kellie Eskdaill—*Dalkeith For ester -- Verulam Gailies-Galloway Gillford-Clanwilliam (ilams-Strathmore Glenorchy — Breadal-

Glerawly—Annesley Herbert—Pembroke Howard of Effingham-Eftingham Howland-*Tanstock

Hyde-Clarendon

Loughborough-Rosslyn Mauchline-Londoun Montgomerie-Eglinton Naas-Mayo Newtown - Butler Lanesborough North-Gulford Ogilvy— Airlie Ossulston—Tankerville Porchester-Carnarvon Scone-Hanspeld Settrington-*March Seymour—Someract Stanley—Derby

Stavordale-Ilchester Thirlestane - Lauder-Thurles-*Ossory [dals Vaughan-Lisburne Willoughby de Eresby –Ancarter Wodehouse-Kumberley

. In addition to the above Titles of Courtesy the eldest son of Scottish Viscounts and Barons is usually styled "The Master of —" e.g. "The Master of Falkland," eldest son of Viscount Falkland; "The Master of Carnegie," eldest son of Lord Carnegie and grandson of the Earl of Southesk.

Contractions used in pages 111-129.

Contractions.—S. or I. appended to the date of creation denotes a Scottish on Irish title; the further addition of a * implies that the Peer in question holds also an Imperial title, which is rurrner another or a "implies that the Feel in question fields also an imperial title, which is appecified (after the usine) by its more definite description as Engl., Ent. or U.K. When both titles are alike, as in the case of Argyll, this star is appended to the conjoined date below, and it then denotes that such date is that of the Imperial creation. A  $\uparrow$  appended to S. or I. Implies that the Peer is an elected Representative to the House of Lords. For the mark 'see heading to Marquesses; b. signifies born; s., succeeded; m., married; w., widower or widow; M., minor.

## His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Abereanway Land year	(Column Lord see	Holtre, Sir Samuel J. G., Bt.,
Aberconway, Lord 1908 Aberdeen, Marquess of, K T 1886	Connaught, HRH. Duke of,	G B.E
		Hobhouse, Sir Charles Edwd Honry, Bt. 1909
Adamson, William	Arthur of F.G.	
	Cook. Hon Sir Joseph, G C M.G. vova	Hodge, John
Alexander, Albert Victor 1989 Alness, Lord (Lord Justice Clk.) 1913	Cornwall, Sir Edwin A., Bt zonz	Hope, James Fitzalan zgas
Alness, Lord (Lord Justice Clk.) 1913	Craigmyle, Lord 2906 Crawford, Earl of, E.T 2926	Horne, Sir Robert S , G M. P 1919
Amery, Leopold Charles M. S 1923 Amulree, Lord, G. H. K 1930	Crawford, Earl of, s.r zgz6 Crewe, Marquess of, s. c z8gs	Howa Karl . R r.
Anglin May Provide Alayan-		Hinghes Hon. Win Morris, a c. 2016
der 1924	Cushendun, Lord	Huntly, Marq of 1881
Ashiov I.t. Col WilfridWilliam rose	Dalziel of Kirkcaldy Lord vers	Innes How Sir I Rose v a vore
der	Darling, Lord z9z7	
Athlone, Earl of, K G 1931 Atholl, Duke of, K.T 1981	Dartmouth, Earl of, a.c v.o 1885 Daryngton, Lord	Illingworth, Lord spr6 Innes, Hoz. Sir J Rose, x c x o x spr Inverforth, Lord spr Irwin, Lord, x o spr Issacs, Hon. Sir Issac Alfred.
Atkin, Lord 1921	Davidson, John Colin Cann-	E O.M G rgaz
Atkinson, Lord x905	bell, c H xge8	Islington, Lord, GCMG 1911
Atkinson, Lord 1905 Baker, Harold T 1915	Dawson of Penn, Lord, 6 c.v o 1929	Teckson I.t Col Hon Str
Baldwin, Stanley	De Bunson, Sir Maurice W E, Bt, a c.m c zoof	Francis Stanley, a c 1.m 1926 Johnston, Thomas 1931 Lones Leithild S
Banbury of Southam , Lord 1916		Jones, Leifchild S 1927
Banbury of Southam Lord 1916 Bankes, Sir John Eldon, u.c n. 1916	Derby, Earl of, K.G 1903	Jowett, Frederick William 1984
Berlow, Sir Montaigue, Da,	Desart, Earl of, k P 1913	Jowitt, Sir Win Allen, K.c 1931
Barnes, George Nicoll, c H 1916	Dévenport, Visc	Kennedy Thomas
Hath, Marquess of, K.G 1922	Devonshire, Duke of, k g 1905	Jowett, Frederick Wilman 1924 Jowett, Sir Win Allen, K.c. 1931 Kellaway, Frederick George 1920 Kennedy, Thomas 1931 King, Hon. Win Lyon Mackensia 2 8 6
Beatty, Admiral of the Fleet,	Donald bound bord K B R 1914	kenzie, c M G
Earl G.C H., O M	Dudley, Earl of, G.C.B	Lambert, George 1918
Earl, G.C.H., C.M. 1927 Beauchamp, Earl, K.G. 1996 Beaverbrook, Lord 1928	Dudley, Earl of, a.e s	Lampson, Godfrey L.T. Locker- 1908
Bell, Hon. Sir Francis Henry	Ernia Lord wwo	Lawrence, Sir Paul Ogden 1986
Dillon, g.c at g . K ( road	Erskine, Hon Sir William.	Lee of Farcham, Visc. g.c B xoxe
Dillon, a.c st a , K c 2926 Benn, Capt Wm, Wedgwood,		I DOWIN, OUT DOUGH HEATOGROUP, G M.E. 1913
Dan	Fisher, Herbert A. L 1916 FitzAlan of Dorwent, Visc.,	Lindley, Hon, Sir Francis U.
Bennett, Hon. Richard B., g c. 1930 Bessborough, Earl of, g.c x g 1931	K.G zgxt	Lindsay, Hon. Sir Ronald C,
		G.C M G
Blanesburgh, Lord, G B E 1919	Fitzpatrick, Sir Chailes, G c M G. 1906	Lister SirPhilip Cunliffe-, 6 H. E. 2922
Bondfield, Margaret 1929	Fitzmaurice, Lord 1998 Fitzmaurice, Lord 1998 Fitzpatrick, Sir Charles, G c M G 1998 Fitzroy, Hon Edward 1998 Forbes, Hon George William 1930	Liverpool, Earl of, G C B
Blanesburgh, Lord, G B E 1998 Bledisloe, Lord, G C.M.G. 1996 Bondfield, Margaret 1998 Borden, Hon Sir Robt, Laird,	FOREGE, LORG, G CM 6 1917	ILLIOVO. HOW. MIT WILLIAM Frenk.
Boscawen, Sir Arthur S. T.	Foster, Hon Sir Geo Eulas,	London, Bishop of, K c v o rgoz
Griffith 1902 Bowerman, Charles Wm. 1916		Londonderry, Marquess of, k u. 1985
Bowerman, Charles Wm 1916 Brace, William	Gainford, Lord 1901 Geddes, Sir Auckland C , G. C. M. G 292	Londonderry, Marquess of, k. u. 1985 Lowndes, Sir Geo., k. u. s.r., k.c. 1989 Lugard, Lord, d.c. m. e. 1920 Lytton, Earl of, d.c. k.r
Duantford Viewwest	Gladdou Sir Krie a a u	Lytton Karl of g c s.r rozo
Bridgeman, Viscount zgec	George, David Lloyd, o m 191	McCurdy, Charles Albert, K c . zgeo
Brown, Jamos, o B k 1930	George, David Lloyd, o u 1901 Gilmonr, Sir John, Bt, p.s o . 1982 Gloucoster, H.R.H. Duke of,	Macdonald, John A Murray 1916
C E 1983	E.G Igag	McKenna Reginald
Buckmaster, Lord, G C. v O zgzg	Gore, Hon W G. Ormsby. 1998 Goschen, Visc, a.c. 1 1998 Goschen, Visc, a.c. 1 1998 Graham, Hon George Perry 1998 Graham, Sir Ronald W, a c w a 1998 Graham, William 1998 Graham, Killiam 1998 Graham, Earl of K. v 1998 Graham, Earl of K. v 1998	McCurdy, Charles Albert, K 6 . 1980 Macdonald, John A Murray . 1916 MacDonald, J. Ramsay . 1924 McKenna, Reginald . 1907 Mackinder, Sir Halford John . 1926
Burton Hou Houry h.	Graham, Hon George Perry	Maclay, Lord 1916 Maclean, Sir Donald, K B F 1926
Buxton, Earl, o.c. M.c	Graham, Sir Ronald W , G C M G 1921	Macmillan, Lord 1914
Canterbury, Archbishop of 1900	Graham, William xgz	Macnamara, Thomas James . 1911 Macpherson, James lan 1928
G C.V.O.	Graham, William	Maitland. Sir Arthur Ramsav-
Carson, Lord, x 1905	Granville, Earl, G. (vo	Steel-, Bt
Cawley, Lord	G.G.M.G. F922 Greenwood, Arthur 1922 Greenwood, Lord 1926	Manchester, Duke of roof
Cecil, Lord Hugh rort	Greenwood, Lord zgst	Mariborough, Duke of, k c 1899
Chemberlain Arthur Navilla rose	Gretton Col John ross	Marshall of Chipstead, Lord,
Chamberlain, Sir Austen, k g 1900	Grey of Fallodon, Visc , K 1901	Maxwell, Sir Herbert E, Ba.
Chelmsford, Visc, o. s 1 1916	Guest, Capt. Hon Fredk E,	Welshon Flow Authors
Churchill, Winston L Sponcer,	Greenwood, Lord zost Greer, Sir & Arthur zost Gretton, Col John, c. B zost Greet, Capt. Hon Fredk E, Guinness, Lt. Col Hon Walter	Meighen, Hom. Arthur, a c
Clarendon, Earl of, GCMG 1931		Midleton, Earl of, K P 1897
Clarendon, Earl of, G C M G . 1931 Clay, LtCol Herbert H Spender	Hacking, Douglas H, o B E 1925 Hailsham, Viscount 1925	Mildmay of Flete, Lord . rgr6 Monseil, Com. Sir Bolton M.
C.M.G 1980	Hanworth, Lord, K B E 1988	Eyres-, GR.E B.N 1923
Clerk, Sir G. Russell, o c. m g 1986	Hardinge, Sir Arth H, cow c son	Eyres-, c s. z s. n
Clinton, Lord rgat Clyde, Jas. Avon, K.o rgxt		Morrison, Herbert Stanley
Clynes, John Robert 1928	Hardy, Laurence 1921 Henderson, Arthur 1921 Hewart, Lord, & c. 1921 Hills, Major John Waller 1922	Morris, Lord, R c n c 1911 Morrison, Herbert Stanley 1932 Mulla, Sir Dinsha Fardunji,
Costes, Maj Hou. Joseph	Henderson, Arthur rozz	Mulock, Hon. Sir William,
Colebrooke, Lord, e.c.v.o zera	Hills, Major John Waller rose	K.C.M.G Sir William,
1	. ,	

Murray, Charles David, c.n.c zess	Samuel Sir Harry Simon zer	6 Thomas, James Henry xq17
Murray, Sir George H., G C B 2020	Samuel Sir Herb Lonis a.c.s. ree	& Thomson SirWilliam Mitchell.
	Sandars, John S., c v o 190	
Nicholson, Col. William G 1925	Sanderson, Sir Lancelot 191	Tilley, Sir John A C. GCMG 1920
Nield, Sir Herbert, K C	Sankey, Lord (Lord Chancel-	
Neel Besten Land		
Noel-Buxton, Lord 1924	lor), G B E	Trevelyan, Sir Charles Philips,
Norman, Sir Henry, Bt 1918	Surgant, Sir Charles My 191	3 Bt. x984
Norman, Montagu Collet, D 8 o. 1983	Sussoon, Maj. Sir Philip	Trevethin, Lord rger
Novar, Visc, K T 1920	A. G. D. Bt., G.B 194	Tryon, Maj George Cloment zons
Olivier, Lord, K.C M G 1984	Sastri, V S Srinivasa, c. H 191	
Onslow, Earl of, o B.E 1986	Scott, Sir Leslie, K C 191	7 Ullawater, Visc , G C B 2898
Page, Hon Earle C Grafton zgog		6 Wales, H R.H the Prince of,
Paget, Sir Ralph Spencer,	Scullin, Hon James Henry 193	Wallis, Sir John Edward Power 1926
K.C M G 1010	Seely, Maj-Gen John E B,	Wallis, Sir John Edward Power 1926
Parker, Sir Gilbert, Bt zgző	C.B	
Parmoor, Lord, K c.v o 1914	Selborne, Earl of, x c zoc	Ward, Wm. Dudley
Passfield, Lord zosa	Shaftesbury, Earl of, K P	Wargrave, Lord zoz8
Pearce, Hon. Sir George Foster,	Shaw, Thomas zga	
K (, V O	Shortt, Edward, & c 191	
Peel, Earl, G.B.E	Shuttleworth Lord x88	
Percy, Lord Eustace 1924	Simon Sir John A corr	3 D 8.0 x984
Perley, Hon Sir George H ,	Sinclair, Sir Archibald H M	Weir, Lord zgz8
Take on dealer it,	Dt	White, Hon Sir Wm. Thomas,
Plymouth, Earl of	Bt., c M G	n white, from the white Indinate,
Polluck Sin tradepial Dt	Slosser, Sir Heliry 192	White Tobs Henry
Pollock, Sir Frederick, Bt 1911	Smith, Hastings B Lees- 193	Whitley, John Henry zozz
Ponsonby, LtCol Sir Fredk.	Smuts, Lt -Gen Hon Jan Chris-	Wiles, Thomas 1916
E. Grey, a c B 1914 Portland, Duke of, K a 1886	Liaan, CH zgr	7 Williams, Sir Ellis W Fluinc-,
Portiand, Duke of, k d 1886	Snowden, Philip aga	4 Вt, к.в в
Pretyman, Ernest George 1917	Somerleyton, Lord, a c 1 o zgc	Willingdon, Earl of, c c.s i 1931
Reading, Marquess of, c c B 1911	Somerset, Lord Henry R. C 187	Wilson, John Wm 1911
	Southborough, Lord, a c B 191	
Roberts, Fredk Owen zgs4		2 GCIR 1928
Robertson, John M zgzs	Squires, Hon. Sir Richard A .	Wilson Sir(tuvI) A Fleetwood.
Robertson, 4n Malcolm A.,	К ( М С , К С	0 44441 1914
6 ( M () 1927	Stanhope, Earl, p vo . 202	Wimborne, Visc zgro
Rodd, Sir Jas Rennell, G c B 1908	Stanley, LtCol Hon Sir	Winterton, Eul z924
Romer, Sir Mark L zgag	George F. G. 11	Wohner, Viscount 1929 Wood, Str Kingslev 1928
	Stonehaven, Lord, G. N G . 198	2 Wood, Sir Kingslev . 1928
Rumbold, Sir Horace G M , Bt ,	Strachie, Lord	2 Wrenbury Lord 1006
	Summer, Visc, ach 191	a harborough, Kul of 1890
	Sutherland, Sir Wm , K ( B 192	2 York, Archbishop of 1929
	Sykes, Maj Gen Sn Fredk	York, H R H Duke of, K 6. 2925
	H, G t LK . 192	8 Young, Lt Com Sh Edwd
Salisbury, Marquess of, a c 2908		4 Hilton, GBP RNIR 1922
	Thankerton, Lord . 192	Zetland, Marques of, GCRI. 1923
1301703011, 13:711 370101 . 1983		a monthly man lines of a car . Idea
(Berk of the Co.	encil -Col. Sir Maurice P A Hunke	DV. G C B . G C M G
Denutu Clerk Colin	Smith; Registrar, Sir Chas H. Lav	ronce Neish, K.B.F. C.B.
Japany Cara, Com	Conton, respective, on Chas in the	101100 2101311, 111111 1 1 16

## THE GRAND PRIORY IN THE BRITISH REALM OF THE VENERABLE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER)

THE Order had its origin in Jerusalem as an International lay confraternity for the relief of Christian pilgrims to the Holy Land, and was later sovereign in Rhodes and Malta, where its Christian pagring to the 1011 Land, and was later sovering in Lindes and Mats, where he Knights kept galleys and galleons to attack the Baibary Corana and to prevent the spread of Turkish rule in the Mediterranean, from 1530 to 1798. The objects and numposes of the Order are, amongst other things, the maintenance of the St. John Ophthalmic Hospital at Jerusalem, and the St. John Ambulance Aracciation and Brigade at Home and Overseas, and the London Light and Electrical Clinic for poor people. The Order is conferred for services in the cause of humanity throughout the Empile, and is open to both men and women. There are 5 classes: Balliffs and Dames Grand Cross, Knights and Dames of Justice and of Grace; Commanders of both seves; Officers of both seves; Serving Brothers and Saters These distinctions are notified in the London Gazette, but do not confer any rank or title. The ribbion of the decorations of the Order is black (watered). Headquarters St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell, E.C.1.



Norreign Head Thy King-Emperon. Great Prior II R H The Duke of Connaught, a. G. Sub-Prior Mai Gen The Earl of Scarbrough, a.g.,

Prelate. The Archivatory.

Partity of Egite Sur John Howett, o cs; k h.L. clr.



EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

Director of the Ambulance Department—Maj Gen Sir Percival S. Wilkinson, R.C.M.G., C B.

Hospitaller-Col Sir Courtauld Thomson, & B E., C.R.

Do, Overseas, Col James L. Sleeman, c.m.g., c.m.m.,



# England, Great Britain, U. K., Baronets. (Exclusive of such as are Poece.)

Scotland or Neva Scotla (88, marked S).



Note.—Clause II. of the Royal Warrant of February 8, 2010, ordains as follows:—"That no person-whose name is not entered upon the Official Roll shall be received as a Baronet, or shall be addressed or mentioned by that title in any Cityl, or Military Commission, Letters Patent or other official document." In the cases of titles printed in titiles the holder of the Baronetsy has died but no person has proved his succession to the Baronetcy. Baronets are addressed as "Sir" (with Christian name) and in writing as "Sir Robert A.—, ht." Baronets' wives are addressed (formally) as "Your Ladyship" or "Lady A.—," without any Christian name unless a daughter of a Duke, Marquess or Earl, in which case "The Lady Mary A.—"; if daughter of a Viscount or Baron "The Hon. Lady A.—."

WILLIE CHAR THE TWIT DIRLY W	"; it daugnter of a viscount of	Baron "The Hon. Lady A"
Abdy, Sir Robt Hy, Edwd 185	Barlow, Col Sir Hilaro W	Birkmyre, Sir Archibald c s s zgaz
Abergrouhy Lt diel Sir Geo	Wellesley, C B., C M.G., R A z8o	Black, Sir Alec 1918
Abercromby, Lt. Col. Sir Geo. W, p.s.o, 1630	Wellesley, C B., C M.G., R A z8o Barlow, Sir Thomas, x c.v.c . zgo	
Acland, Rt. Hon. Sir Francis	Barlow, Sir John Emmott 190	Blackett, Sir Hugh Douglas 1673
Dyke a 1641		Black trood (see above) 1814
Acland, Maj. Sir Wm Henry	K.B.F 198	
Dyke, M.C. A.F.C. T.D 1800		Hunter
Dyke, MC. A F.C. T B 1890 Adair, Sir Robert Shafto 1890		
Adam, LtCol Sir Ronald	Barran, Sir John N z89	Blake, Sir Cuthbert Patrick 1272
Forbes, p s.o , o s.E 1917		
Affleck, Sir Fredk, Danby Jas 278:	Barrie, Sir James Matthew, o M. 191	Blaker, Sir Reginald 1929
Agnew, Sir Fulko M G. Noel s res	Barrington, Sir Charles B, 183	
Agnew, Sir George Wm z899		Blennerhassett, bir Marina-
Ainmoorth (see above) 1917		
Aird, Sir John 1901	Bartlett, Sir Hardington B	
	Barton, Rt Hon Sir D Plunket zgr	
Alexander, Sir Lionel C W,	Barttelot, Sir Walter de S 187	Blosse, Maj Sir Robert Lynch- 1 zona
	Barwick, Sir John Storev xox	
Alexander, Sir Claud 1896 Alexander, Sir Donglas 1991	Bass, Capt Sir Wm Arthur H 288. Bates, Sir Percy Elly, c.s.z. 288	Blunden, Sir William 1 2766
Alexander, Sir Douglas zgar	Bates, Sir Percy Elly, c.B.F 188	District Olim Listers T 11
Alison Lt Com Sir Archibald	Batho, Sir Charles A rosi	Region Sir Laungolot V U
O.B. E. PR.N	Bathurst, Maj Sir Frederick Edwd Wm Hervey, p.s.o. 181	Crawley. 1784 Bolleau, Sir Maurice C 2838 Boles, LtCol. Sir Dennis F.
Allan, Sir Henry & M Havelock 1858	Edwd Wm Herroy-, D s o. z8zi	Bolleau, Sir Maurice C 1838
l Allevne I.t.Com Sir John	Baynes, Sir Christopher Wm 180:	Boles, LtCol. Sir Dennis F.,
Meynell, p.s o . p s.c 2760	Bazley, Sir Thomas Stanord 1866	CBE
Amory, Sir John Heathcoat-,	Beauchamp, Sir Brograve C zgz:	
G.B.W xB24	Beauchamp, Cot Sir Frank B,	Bonham, Maj Sir EricH vo. 1842
Anderson, Sir Kenneth S,	CD P TAY	
Anderson, Sir John 1929	Heauchamp, Rev. Sir Montague	Boord, Sir Richard William 1806
Anderson, Sir John 1990	Harry Proctor 1749	Booth, Sir Alfred Allen 1016
Anson, Sir Edward Roynell 1831	Beaumont, May. Sir George	Booth, Sir Josslyn A R Gore- 1 1760
Anstruther, Sir Ralph Wm , r D 8 1694	AH 166:	Boothby, Sir Herbert Cecil . 2660
Anstruther, Sir Eric Windham	Becher, Sir Eustace W. W.	Boreel, Sir Jacob W Gustant z645
Carmichael (Gt B. 1798) s 1700	Wrixon	BOTTOWER, BIT MISTROO . 1 2646
Antrobus, Sir Cosmo G . 1815	Beckett, Hon Sir Gervase 192	
Arbuthnot, Brig. Gen Sir	Bedingfeld, Sir Hv E Paston z66:	
Dalrympie, c. n.o., p s.o 1823 Archdale, Rt Hou, Sir	Beecham, Su Thomas 1914	Boughey, Sir George Menteth,
Archdale, Rt Hon, Sir	Beever, Sir Hugh Roeve, M D. 178	CB F 1798
Edward Mervyn 1926	Beit, Sh Alfred Lane	
Armstrong, Sir Nesbitt W 1841 Armstrong, Sir Geo Elliot, c 21.0 1892	Bell, Col. Sir Maurico H L,	drew Rouse- z64z
Armstrong, SirGeo Elliot, C M. u 1892	(MG, TD 188)	Boulton, Capt Sir Harold E,
Armytage,SirGeorge A ,c x a.,	Bell, Sir John	
Arnott, Sir John Alex. 1890	Bell, Capt Sir C W Morrison-	
Arthur, Sir George C A., x v o. 1841	Bell, Maj. Sir Arthur Clive	
Aske, Sir Robert Wm., MP 1984		
Austin, Sir William M Byron 1894	Bellew, Sir Hy C Grattan 1836	
Aykroyd, Sir William Hy 1920		Bowles, Col Sir Henry Ferry
Aykroyd, Sir Frede Alfred . 1949	ward H C P.CHG. DSO 1796	
Aylmer, Lt Gen Sir Fenton	Benn, Sir Ion Hamilton, c.s.	Bowman, Rev. Sir Paget (Mervyn) 2884
J 2707 x c n	D.S O	Bowyer, Sir George Henry zeco
Backhouse, Sir Edm Trelawny zooz	Benn, Sir Ernest J P., c.s r. 1914	
Bacon, Sir Hickman Beckett	Benn, Sir Arthur Shirley, K B.F. 1926	OBE, TD IQIQ
(Premier Raymet) 1671	Bennett, Sir Albert James . 1020	Boyd, Sir Walter Herbert. 1916
Raddeley, Sir John William 2022	Berney, Cupt Sir Thos Reed-	Boyle, Sil Edward roos
Hagge, Sir Alfred with Francis 1807	ham, M.C x6ar	
Railey, Sir Aho, Kı v.o zore	Herry, Sir James Gomer 1028	Bradford, Sir Edward M A 2002
Baillie, Sir Adrian W Maxwell 1813	Bethune, Sir Alex M. Sharp s 1683	Bradford, Sir John Rose,
Baird, Sir James H. G. M.C 8 1606	Betterton, Sir Hy Bucknall,	KCMG, C.B., CBE, MD 1931
Baird, Capt Sir David, uvo 1809	C.B.E., M.P 1929	Brassey, Maj. Sir Leonard ross
Baker, Lt · Col Sir Dodington	Beynon, Sir J Wyndham, CB.R 1920	Brickwood, Sir John rcay
G. R. Sherston-, INS. 1706	Biddulph, Sir Theophilus G 2664	Brinckman, Col Sir Theodore
Baker, LtCol. Sir Randolf	Bigge, Sir L. Amherst Selby-,	F, CB 1831
L.D 5.0 TD 1802	K.t.B zgzg	Brisco, Sir Aubrev Helt v . 1782
Balfour, Sir Arthur, K B E 1929	Bilsland, Sir A. Steven, M c 1907	Briscoe, Sir John Charit. up 1910
Ball.Sir Charles Arthur K , M.D. 1911	Bingham, Lt -Col Sir Albert E 1903	Broadbent, Sir John Francis H 1893
Banner, Sir Harmood Har-	Birchenough, Sir J Henry,	Brocklebank, Bir Thos A L 1888
mood 1984		
Bannerman, Maj Sir Alexander s 1682		Brodie, Sir Benjamin V S
Barolay, Sir Colville Herbert s z668	Birdwood, Field-Marshal Sir	Brodie, Sir Benjamin V S 1834
Baring, Sir Godfrey 1911	William R., G.C.B., G.C.S.T.	Bromhead, Col. Sir Benj P , c u 1806
Barling, LtCol. Bir Harry	G.C.M.G., C.I.M., D.S.O	Brooke, Sir Richd Christopher 1868
Gilbert, c.B., c B.E., M.B 1919	want, ou Hamil In D 1905	Brooke, Sir Arth R. de Capeli-

Secolar St. Rob. N. P. P. A., D. Charles, C. R. William P. Roberts St. P. Francis High Secolar St. Roberts St. P. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. P. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C. Charles Charles, M. C.	1700	Ðu	aronoungs of the Diesen Inngaone.	+37
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Buller, Li. Col. Sir Merryn E.  Buller, Li. Col. Sir Merryn E.  Buller, Li. Col. Sir Merryn E.  Buller, Li. Col. Sir Charles H. N. 1852 Bunbury, Sir Merryn Wm.  Richardson. 1796 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1796 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1796 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1796 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir Woodman, ch. 2.  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir Gurbidge, Sir George Smith  1797 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith  1798 Burbidge, Sir George Smith		-44-	Chubb Sir Cool If W	
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Manningham—  ***add Claurchman, Ool. Sir Arthur C. 1997 Burbury, Sir Gearles H. N. 2022 Burbury, Sir Charles H. N. 2022 Burbury, Sir Macryn Wm.  **add Clark, M. 2022 Burbulge, Sir Macryn Wm.  **appling Clark, M. 2022 Burbulge, Sir Woodman, ca. 2. 2924 Burburdett, Gogt Sir Francis 2. 2924 Burburdett, Gogt Sir Francis 2. 2924 Burnett, Ook Sir James L. G.  **C. M. o. P. 20. 2. 2022 Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Clark, Sir Burbur W. 2022 Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **appling Burnett, Jr. Cold Sir Leelle  **applin	Buller, Lt -Col Sir Mervyn E.		S. w.c Fairlie-	
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Butt, Sir Alred, w r	Butler, Mai Sir R. Pierce, o. B E.			
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Cassel, Sir Felix, s.c	Gibson-Craig	2708	Cornewall, Sir Geoffrey 1794 Fichry William Ten	nyson-,
Cautley, Sir H, Skrother, s. c.,  M.F. 1984  Cove, Sir Edward Lambert  Cove, Sir Edward Lambert  Cove, Sir Edward Lambert  Cove, Sir Charles Henry  Cotter, Sir Olaval J, Sir John H. Geers  Spar  Cottes, Sir W D Mitchell, s. s. sep  Couper, Sir Charles Henry  Cayley, Sir August Bernard T  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Cayser, Sir Chae, William, M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Loyd, M.C. M.F. 1995  Couper, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald Guy  2897  Downlie, Sir Gerald 2997	Cassel Sir Felix s.c	1000		itworth z86s
Cautley, Sir Hy. Strother, R. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. y. Sir James Herbert 2550  Cave, Sir Edward Lambert Cave, Sir Edward Lambert Cave, Sir Charles Henry 2561  Cave, Sir Charles Henry 2562  Couper, Sir Charles Henry 2563  Couper, Sir Ramasy Geo Hy 2562  Couper, Sir Ramasy Geo Hy 2562  Couper, Sir Chae, William, M., 2663  Couper, Sir Chae, William, M., 2664  Cowan, Adm. Sir Walter Henry 2563  Cowan, Adm. Sir Walter Henry 2564  Cowan, Adm. Sir Walter Henry 2565  Cowan, Cowan, Company 2564  Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, Cowan, C	Catto, Sir Thomas S., c.s.z.		Cory, Sir Clifford John 1907 Dillon, Sir Robert Wm	C zBoz
Cove, Sir Edward Lambert Cove, Sir Edward Lambert Cove, Sir Charles Henry Cottes, Sir W D Mitchell, z. z. Cottes, Sir W D Mitchell, z. z. Cove, Sir Charles Henry Cayley, Sir Kenelm H. E. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir Chae, William, m. z. Cayler, Sir	Cautley, Sir Hy. Strother, s.c.,		Cory, Sir James Herbert 2020 Dimadale, Sir John Hole	(ISWOTTL ZOOS)
Caves, Sir Charles Henry  Cayler, Sir August Bernard T  Cayler, Sir August Bernard T  Cayler, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Compton M. 2825,  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Cornton M. 2825,  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Si	M.P	1984		Dror
Caves, Sir Charles Henry  Cayler, Sir August Bernard T  Cayler, Sir August Bernard T  Cayler, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Chae, William, M.r. 2004,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Compton M. 2825,  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Cornton M. 2825,  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824,  Cowner, Sir Mack. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Sir Mack. B. Sir Georgia  Cowner, Si	Cave-Browne	2641	Cotts, Sir W D Mitchell, u n.z. rger Dixon, Sir Thomas Jan	105 2003
Cayser, Sir August Bernard T 292z Loyd, Mo. M.P. 290g Domvile, Sir Compton M. 282g Cower, Sir Chas. William, M.P. 2004 Cowen, Adm. SirWalter Henry, Domville, Sir Gerald Guy 2824 Acres. Mod. Sir H. Robin, M.P. 290g E.C. M. N. VO. N. N. O. 2007 Domer, Sir Edward 2007 2907	Cave. Sir Charles Henry	1896	Couper, Mr Rainsay Geo My 2541 Dousworth, Mr Matt. B	Smith.
Cayser, Sir Chas, William, M.F. 1904 Cowan, Adm. Sir Welter Henry, Cayser, Mat. Sir H. Robin, M.F. 1904 L.C. E., M. V.O. E.S.O	Cayley Sir Kenelm H. K		Courthope, IdCol. Sir George   O B.E Domvile Sir Country	M 2784
Cavast, Mas. Sir M. Robin, M.P. Test L.C.B., H. V. D. D.S.O.	Cayser, Sir August Bernard T		Cowan, Adm. Sir Walter Henry. Domville. Sir Gerald G	uy rara
Chamberlain, Sir Henry H. E. 1868, Craig, Sir Ernest	Caveer, Mas. Sir M. Room, M.P.	2200	E.C B. H V O . B.S.O zeez Donner, Sir Edward .	2907
	Chamberlain, Sir Henry H. E.	zBaß	Craig, Sir Ernest 1927 Dorman, Sir Bedford I.	, O.B.R. 2943

Douglas, Sir James Stewart . 1777	Ffolkes, Rev.Sir Francis A. S ,	Grace, Sir Valentine R 1795
Douglas, Sir George Brisbane 2786 Douglas, Sir Kenneth	Fiennes, Maj. Hon Sir Eustace 1916	Græme, Sir Egerton Hood Murray Hamond
Dovle, Sir Everard H x8s8	Findley, Sir John E. Ritchie 1985	Graham, Sir Montrose Stuart 1629
D'Oyly, Sir Hastings Hadiey 2663 Drughorn, Sir John Frederick 2922	Firth, Sir Algernon Freeman 1909 Fison, Sir Francis G , M.C 1908	Graham, Maj SirReginald, p. s o. 1662 Graham, Sir Richard Jas. 1783
Drughorn, Sir John Frederick 1922 Drummond, Sir James H.	Fitzgerald, Sir John J 2903	
Williams. TRes	Fitzgerald, Sir John J	Grant, Sir Ludovic James s z688
Dryden, Sir Arthur 2733 Duckworth, Sir Kilward Dyce 2900	FitzHerbert, Sir Hugo M 2783	(4rant.5)r (460rge MacDherson- 1838 (
Du Cros, Sir Arthur Philip zgz6	Flannery, Sir J. Fortescue zoo4	Grant, Sir Alexander
Duke, Sir James 1849 Dunbar, Sir James G. H. R., 8 2694	Flavelle, Sir Joseph Wesley 1917 Fletcher, Sir Lancelot Aubrey . 1780	Grant, Sir James Augustus . 1936 Gray, Sir William
Dunbar, Sir G. A. Drummond s z6o8	Floyd, Sir Henry R. K 1816	Grayson, Sir Henry Mulleneux,
Dunbar, Sir Archibald E, M C. 8 1700	Forbes (see Note, p z36) 8 z686 Forbes. SirJohn Stewart z883	Green, Sir Edward Lycett
Dunbar, Maj Sir Geo. Duff- Sutherland-, 1 A	Ford, Sir Francis C R 1793	Green, Mai Sir Francis Haydn sooz
Dunbar, Sir Fredk Geo x8z4	Ford, Sir Francis C R	Greene, LtCol Sir Raymond,
Dunbar, Maj. Sir C Dunbar Hope x664	Baines, c.w.c rBudiey	Greenwell, Maj Sir Bernard E. 2906
Duncan, Sir Charles E. O 1905	Foster, Sir Augustus Vere 1831	Gregory, Sir Richard Arman 1931
Duncombe, Maj.Sir E. Paunce- fort-, p.s.o 1859	Foster, Col Sir Wm. Yorke,	Gresley, Sir Robert
Duncombe, Sir George Aug . 1919	Foster, Sir Thomas S 1930	Grierson, Maj. Bir Robert
Dundas, Sir George W Melville zesz Dundas, Sir Philip	Foulis, Sir Charles Jas. Liston- s 2534 Fowke, Sir Fredk F. Conant. 2824	
Dundas, Sir Philip	Fowler, Rev. Sir Montague 1890	Griffith, Lt. Col. or Richard J. Waldie, T.D. 2898 Griffith, Sir Ellis A. Ellis-2928
Dunn, Sir John Henry 1927	Fox, Sir Gifford Wheaton 1924	Griffith, Sir Ellis A. Ellis 1918
Dunn, Sir James Hainet zgar Dunnell, Sir Francis, s.c s zgar	Frank, Sir Howard George,	Griffiths, Sir Peter Norton 2922 Grove, Sir Walter John 2874
Dunning, Sir Leonard 2020	Frankland, Sir Fredk. W F. G. 2660	Guinness, Sir Algra A.St L.L. 1869
Duntze, Sir George Puyley 2774 Duprec, Col. Sir William T 2922	Fraser, Maj. Sir Keith A 1806 Fraser, Sir John Malcolin,	Guise, Sir Anselm William E. 2783 Gull, Sir Richard Cameron . 2878
Durand Sir Edward P. M	G.H.T.	Gunning, Brig. Gen. SirCharles
Durrant, Sir Wm Henry E 2764 Duveen, Sir Joseph 2927 Dyer, Sir John L Swinnerton 2678	Freake, Sir Frederick C M 188a	Vere, c.s., c.m.c. 2778 Gunter, Sir Ronald Vernon 2902
Duveen Sir Joseph 1927 Dyer, Sir John L Swinnerton 1678	St.I our rees	
Dyke, Sir Oliver H. A. Hart 1677	Freeling, Sir Charles Edward	Haggerston, Sir Hugh C. de M. 2643
Earle, Lt -Col Sir Henry, D s o z869 East, Lacut. Sir Robt Alan	Frere, Maj Sir Bartle, p.s.o . 2876	Hall, Maj Sir Douglas B., D.s.o. 2019 Hall, Sir Martin J., O.B.E 8 1687
Clayton , R v	Fry, Sir John Pease 1894	
	Fry, Sir Geoffrey Storrs, c.B.,	D.S.O., M.P. 1923 Halsey, LtCol. Sir Walter J.,
Echlin, Sir John Frederick . 1 2722		Q.B.E roso /
Eckstein, Sir Bernard zozo	Furness, Sir Christopher 1913	Hambling, Sir Herbert zona
Eden, Sir Timothy Calvert . 1672 Edgar, Sir Edward Muckay . 1980	Gallwey, Maj Sir John Payne-	Hamilton, Sir Wm. Stirling- a 2672
Edmonstone, Sir Archibald	Ganzoni, Cupt Sir F. John C.,	Hamilton, Sir Chas. Edward Archibald Watkins . 2776 and 1829
Edwards, Sir John H. P C . 1866	Garthwaite, Sir William 2929	Hammick, Sir George Fredk. 2834
Edwards, Sir John Clive L zonz	Geary, Sir William N M 2762	Hampson, Sir George F 2649
Egerton, Sir Philip H B. Grey- 2027 Eley, Sir Frederick 2982	St L, cmg p.so 1266g	Hanham, Sir John Ludlow . 2667
Elgar, Sir Edward, ou,	St L, CN 0 h.s 0 1 z665 Glibbea, Sir Philip A. Osborne- Glibbons, Sir Alex Doran	Hanmer, Sir G. Wyndham 2774 Hansen, Sir Sven Wohlford 2922 Hanson, Sir Charles E. B 2928
K( ) 0	Gibbons, Sir Alex Doran 2753	Hanson, Sir Charles E. B 1918
Ellerman, Sir John Reeves,	Gibson, Sir Herbert 1926 Gibson, Sir Herbert, E.B.E. 1931	Hanson, Capt. Sir Grld. Stan- hope
CH	Gilbey, Sir H. Walter z802	Hardinge, Sir Charles Edmund 2807
Elliott, Sir Ivo d'Oyly 1927 Elphystone Mai Sir A. Loyle 8 1707	Gilmour, Col. Rt. Hon. Sir John, D.S.O., M.P 1897	Hardy, Sir Reginald 1876 Hare, Sir George R. Leigh 1818
Elphinstone, Maj Sir A. Logie s 2702 Elphinstone, Sir Howard G . 2826	John, D S.O., M.P 1897 Gilmour, Brig. Gen. Sir Robert	Hare Sir Thomas Leigh w v o room
Elton, Sir Ambrose 2727 Erskine, Sir Thos W. H. J., D. s.o. 1822	Gordon Gordon-, c.s., c v.o ,	Harington, Sir Richard D 1611 Harmsworth, Sir Hildebrand
Esmonde Sir Thos H (4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Gladstone. Sir John Evelyn z846	
Evens SirWu S Worthmeton.	Glover, Sir Ernest William rose	Harmsworth, Sir Leicester . 2928 Harrison, Sir Heath 1927
Evans, Sir Murland de Grasse 1908	Glyn, Sir Arthur Robert 1759 Glyn, Capt. Sir Richard F.,	Harrison, Sir John zoza
Evans, Sir Murland de Grasse Evans, Sir Walter Harry 2000 Evans, Sir Evan Gwynne 2913		
Everard, Sir Evan Gwynne 2913 Everard, Sir Nugent Henry . 2922	Godfrey, Sir John Ernest 1 1788 Goff, Sir Ernest Wm Davis 1908	Hart, Sir Bruce Hartopp, Sir Fredk Cradock. 2796 Hartwell, Sir Brodrick C. D. A. 2805 Harty, Sir Lionel Lockington Harvey, Sir Charles R. L. E. 2808 Hawkins, Sir John S. Cessar. 2798 Hawley, Sir David Henry. 2795 Haworth, Sir Arthur A. 2911 Hay, Sir Arthur Thomas Erroll 2764 Hay. Sir Arthur Thomas Erroll 2764
Every, Maj. Sir Edwd Oswald 2642	Goldney, Sir Fredk. Hastings 1880 Gooch, Sir Robert Douglas 1866 Gooch, Sir Thos Vere 8. 1746	Harty, Sir Lionel Lockington 1832 Harvey, Sir Charles R. L. E 2868
Ewart, Sir Robert Heard 2887 Ewing, BrigGen. Sir Norman	Gooch, Sir Robert Douglas 2866 Gooch, Sir Thos Vere S 2746	Harvey, Sir Charles R. L. R 2868
Archd, Orr-, p.s.o	Goodhart, Sir Ernest Frede. 2922 Goodson, Sir Alfred Lassam 2922	Hawkins, Sir John S. Cesar. 2778 Hawley, Sir David Henry 2795
Farge, Sir John Harry Lee 2660 Fairbairn, Sir Thomas Gordon 2869	Goodson, Sir Alfred Lassam ress Goodd (see Note, p 236) ress	Haworth, Sir Arthur A 2922
Fairbairn, Sir Thomas Gordon 1869 Falkiner, Sir Terence E. P 1 1778 Falle, Maj. Sir Bertram	Gordon, Sir Home S C. M s z63z	Hay, Sir Duncan Edwyn s 2638 Hay, Sir Arthur Thomas Erroll s 2663 Hay, Sir William Henry s 2703
Falle, Maj. Sir Bertram	Gordon, Sir Kobert Unas s 1706	Hay, Sir William Henry 8 1703
Farquhar, Sir Peter Walter 2006	Gordon, Sir Lionel E. Smith. 2828	Hay, Sir Charles John Dal- rymple- c.v.o. 2708
rantingon, on nearly A xexe	Gore, Sir Ralph St. George C. 1 26se	rymple, c.v.o. 1798 Hazlerigg, Sir Arthur Grey 1622 Head, Sir Fras. D. Somerville 1838
Felden, Sir William Henry . 2846	Goring, Sir Forster Gurney . 2627 Goschen, Sir Edward Henry . 2926	Head, Sir Fras. D. Somerville 1838 Healey, Sir Gerald E. C. Chad-
Ferguson, Sir Edwd. Johnson- 2906	Goechen, Sir Harry Wm. H. N.,	Wyck-, C.B.E 2929
Fergusson, Gen. Sir Charles G.C.M.G., & C.R., D.S.G., M.V.O. S 2702	Goulding, Sir William L. A. 2904 Graaff, Sir de Villiers . 2912	Heath, Sir James 2904 Heathcote, LtCol. Sir Gil-
Fergusson, Sir Thos. C. Colyer 2866	Graaff, Sir de Villiers zozz	bert R

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Heaton, Sir John Henniker . 29:	Jenner It Cal Sir Walter	Lees, Lt -Col Sir John Victor
Hennessy, Maj. Sir George R.	Jenner, Lt -Col. Sir Walter	
	Jerningham, Sir Stafford	Leone, Bir Win Hargreaves 2008
Menniker Mai Sir Robert	Henry Wm Jervis, Col. Sir John Henry	Le Fleming, Sir William H . 1705
A., x C	Jervia, Col. Sir John Henry	Legard, Sir Digby A. H z660
Henry, Sir James H 191	Jervis-White 1 2797 Jervoise, Sir Dudley A L	Leicester, Sir Peter F F 1 2672 Leigh, Sir John, M P 1 1918
Buchan- ::		Leigh, Sir John, M.P. 1918 Leighton, Sir Richard T. 1693 Leith, LtCol. Sir Alex, M. o 1919
Herschel, Rev Sir John C W 18:	Jessel, Sir George, M o 1883 Johnson, Sir E. Gordon 1755	Leith. LtCol. Sir Alex, wo 1919
'Hesketh, Sir Thomas Fermor- 176	i Johnson, Sir K. Gordon 1755	Leith, Sir Robert Inn A.
Hewett, Sir Harald G. 18: Hewitt, Sir Joseph		Forbes 2923
Hewitt, Sir Joseph zgs	A W, c.B	Le Marchant, BrigGen Sir
Hevgate, Sir Frederick G	Journaton, Bir Thomas Alexi 8 1020	Edward Thomas, c.n.r 1841 Lennard, Sh Richard F.
l'ercival, p s o		Burrett
Hicking, Sir William Norton to	Jones, Sir Lawrence J 1831	Lennard, Sir Stephen A H F. z880
AUGRICAN, May SIF AHROU	Jones, Sir Rvan Davies 1917	Leon, Sir George Edward 1911
Edward 190		Leon, Sir George Edward 1911 Leolie, Wing -Com Sir Norman
	Jones, Sir John Prichard ioio	KAD, CMG, CBR BIGAS
Hill, Sir Geo Rowley 1 277 Hill, Sir James		Leslie, Lt -Col. Sir John 1876
Hill, Sir James	Pryce reyes victor	Lethbridge, Capt Sir Wroth 1804 Lever, Sir Tresham J. P 1911
Home, Sir Sydney J. O'B	Kave, Sir Henry Gordon 1022	Lever, Sir S. Hardinan, & c.B. 1990
Home, Sir Sydney J. O'B 1270 Home, Sir Henry H. A 1270	Kaye, Sir Henry Gordon 1923 Kaye, Sir Kenelm A. Lister- 1822	Lever, Sir S. Hardman, & c.B. 2930 Levinge, Sir Richard V. H 1 2704
House, Rt. Hon. Sir Samnei	Keane, Mai. Sir John, pso., 1801	Levy. Sir Maurice zorz
J G, G.R.H, G.M.G., M.P z8c Hobart. Lt Col Sir Claud	Kekewich, Sir Trehawke H. 1921	Lewis, Sir Frederick Wm 2918
Hopart. Lt Col Sir Claud	Kellett, Sir Henry de Castres 1801	Lewis, Sir George James E 1908
Vore Cavendish, D s o , O H R 291 Hobbonse, Rt. Hon Sir	0 0 V 1640	Lewis, Sir Duncan Orr 1920 Lewthwaite, Sir William 1927
Hobhonse, Rt. Hon Sir Charles Edward Henry 18:	Kennard, Sir Coleridge A F . 1891	Lewthwaite, Sir William zgzy Ley, Sir Henry Gordon zgoz
House, Sir Kowiang F W ros	Kennaway, Capt Sir John 2792	Leviand Sir A E H Navlor- 280s
Hodson, Maj. Sir Edmond Adair, v.s.o 1276	Kennaway, Capt Sir John . 2792 Kennedy, Sir John R B 2836	Lighton, Sir Christopher R 1 2792
Adair, p.s.o 1 278	Key, Sir Kingsmill James 1831	Lithgow, Lt -Col Sir Jas., Mc 2005
Adair, p.s.o. 1 276 Hogg, Sir Anth Hy. Lindsay- 296 Holeroft, Sir Geo Harry 294 Holden, Sir Harry Cassle 296	t Keves. Adm. of the Fleet. Sir	Liewelyn, Sir Charles L
Holeroft, Sir Geo Harry 192	Roger J. B. u.c.s, x c.v o.,	Dillwan - A Gunding x Hoo
Holden, Sir Harry Cassie	Г См с., р.в с	Lleweliyn, Sir David Richard som Lloyd, Sir Marteine Owen M 2863
Holden, Sir George 199 Holder, Sir Henry Charles 189 Holderness, Sir Ernest William	Kimber, Sir Henry Dixon 1904 Kinahan, Sir Edward H	Lockhart, Sir Graenie Dungan
Holderness Sir Ernest William	Hudson 1887	Lockhart, Sir Graenie Duncan Power Sinclair
	King, Capt. Sir Geo Hy, J	Locock, Sir Charles Bird 2847
Holland, Sir R. Sothern 1991 Hollins, Sir Arthur Meyrick 1990	Duckworth 2202	Loder, Sir Giles Rolls 1887
Hollins, Sir Arthur Meyrick 290	King, Sir George Adorphus . 1815	Longman, Sir Hubert Harry . 2909 Lopes, Sir Hy. Yarde Buller . 1805
Hott, Sir Exiward 291		Lopes, Sir Hy. Yarde Buller 1805
Home, Sir John	Kinloch, Brig-Gen Sir David A, Ch., M V O s x686	Loraine, Sir Percy Lyham,
Hood, Sir Harold Joseph . 29	Kinloch, Sir George, o n.z 1873	Louis, Sir Charles
Hope, Sir Archibald Philip . 526	Kirkpatrick, Sir Chas S s 1685	Low SirWalter John Morrison, rock
Hope, Sir Archibald Philip . sz6: Hopkins, Sir John WellsW 298	Kleinwort, Sir Alex Drake 1909	Lowe, Sir Francis Gordon 1918
Horder Sir Thos Jeeves v p. re-	Knightley, Sir Chas Valentine 1798	Lowther, LtCol. Sir Chas. B,
Horlick, Sir Ernest Burford 1911 Hornby, Sir Henry R 184 Horne, Sir Wm. Edgar 1921		D.s.o. 1824 Lucas, Sir Edward Lingard 1887
Hornby, Sir Henry R 18 Horne, Sir Wm. Edgar 19		Lucy, Maj Sir H W Cumeron-
Horsfall, Sir John Donald . 290		Ramsav-Fairfax 1826
Hort Sir Arthur Ecuton and	D 8.0 x8x8	Lushington, Maj. Sir Arthur
Hoskyns, Sir Clement E., wc 16;	Lacy, Sir Pierce	12 () 1202
Houldsworth, Sir Henry H 180	Lake, Com Sir Atwell H.,	Lyle, Sir Alex Park 2000
Hoyle, Lt -Col. Sir Emmanuel,	OB.R , RN 3722	Macalister, Sir Donald, & c s.,
O N K	Lakin, Sir Richard	Wa Alvino Sin Debout
Hughes, Sir A. Collingwood . 277 Hulse, Sir Hamilton John . 273	Lamb, Sir Charles Archibald 1795	McAlpine, Sir Robert
Hulse, Sir Hamilton John	Lamont Sir Norman 2020	Macartney, Sir William Isanc 1 2000
Hunter, Sir Wm B Hughes- 200	Lampson, Sir Curtis G 1866	Macartney, Sir William Isaac 1 2799 McConneli, Sir Joseph, w.r. 2900 Macdonald, Sir A. W. M. Bosville s 1625
Hutchison, Sir Eric A O zos	Lane, Sir W Arbuthnot, c.s 1913	Macdonald SirA W M Bosville s 1625
Hyde, Sir Charles, o B E 191	i Langham, Sir H Charles A 1000	MCFariand, Fir Bash A T 1914
Ingilby, LtCol. SirWilliam H 180		MacGregor, Commod Sir Mal-
Ingram, Sir Herbert 180 Innes, Sir James Bourchier s 260	L, ( M.a	Colm, c.B, c M.G., R M. 1795 Macgregor, Sir Cyril P. MacC 2828
i Isham Cant Sir Vere		Mc(/2)00r (see Note, t) 126) . 1821
i innerwood, sir Jonedu William zo	ceval, D s o 1889	Mackangia Sir Arthur G R a cas
Laskson, Sir Robt, Montresor 18:	Latham, Sir Herbert Paul 1919	Mackenzie, Sir Hector D , z c. s 2703 Mackenzie, Sir L. Roderick K. s 2703 Mackenzie, Sir Rebert H. Muir 1805
Jackson, Sir Hy. M. Mather-,	i Latta, Sir John xoso	Mackenzie, Sir L. Roderick K. 8 1703
1 OR M x80	Lauder, Sir George Wm D	Mackeniale, Sir Hobert H. Muit riog
Jackson, Brig -Gen.SirThomas Dare, p.s.o., u.v.o	Dick s 2690 Laurie, Sir Wilfrid E 1834	Mackenzie, Col. Sir Victor Audley Falconer, D s o., M v o z890
Jackson, Capt. Sir Hugh N 291	Lawrence, Sir Alexander W 1848	McLeod, Sir Charles Campbell 1985
Jaffray, Sir William Edmund 18	Lawrence, Sir Wm M. Trever 1867	Mackworth, Capt. Sir Hum-
Jaffrey, Sir Thomas	Lawrence, Col. Sir W. Roper,	phrey
i James, bir Joun Minkeron F. – Rei	[	Maclean, Col SirFitzR D , s.c B 8 2632
Jardine, Sir Alexander	Lawson, Sir Wilfrid 1831	Macleod, Sir John M 1984 Maclure, Col Sir John E. S 1898
Jardine, Sir Ernest	Lawson, Sir Henry Joseph 1841	Maclure, Col Sir John E. S 1898 McMahon, Maj. Sir Horace
Jardine, Sir John W Buchanan- 18	Lawson, Sir Peter Grant 2905 Lea, Sir Sydney 2808	W., b.s.o 1817
	I van Cila Cardana	Macnaghten, Sir Fras Alexr. 2836
Jardine, Maj. Sir Colin Arthur,	llea, Sir Sydney regs	
form in Min (Forent) John	Lashmana Sir Edmund A vara	Macready, Gen. Rt Hon Sir
form in Min (Forent) John	Lashmana Sir Edmund A vara	C. F. Nevil. R. G. G. W.G.
form in Min (Forent) John	Lechmere, Sir Edmund A 2828	Macready, Gen. Rt Hon Sir C F. Nevil, p.o, a c.m.a, K.B. (m), c.B. (c)

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Madden, Adm of the Fleet Sir Chas. R., 6.c.a., o N., 6.c.y.o., a cons. Sir Chas. R., 6.c.a., o N., 6.c.y.o., a cons. Sir Chas. R., 6.c.a., o N., 6.c.y.o., a cons. Sir Chas. R., 6.c.a., o N., 6.c.y.o., a cons. Sir Chandland Magnay, Cayle. Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Cayle. Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Cayle. Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Cayle. Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Sir Christopher H. Van Magnay, Sir Christopher Magna, Sir Philip Magnay, Sir George E. J. 1829 Manton, Sir Magnay, Sir John J. A. 1829 Mart. Sir John J. A. 1829 Mart. Sir John J. A. 1829 Mart. Sir John J. A. 1829 Mart. Sir John J. A. 1829 Maler. Sir Paul A. 1820 Maler. Sir Charles Arthur 1821 Manney, Sir Charles T. H. 1820 Magnay, Sir William Keith 1820 Magnay, Sir Charles T. H. 1820 Magnay, Sir Charles T. H. 1820 Magnay, Sir Charles T. H. 1820 Magnay, Sir Mart. Sir John Mart. Sir John Mart. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir John M. Sir Joh
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Pennefather, Sir John de Fon-
blanque ... 1294
Perceau (see Note, p. 126). 1531
Perks, Sir Robert William ... 1290
Petks, Sir Robert William ... 1290
Petks, Sir Honry ... 1285
Petk, Honry ... 1285
Petke, Sir Henry ... 1285
Petke, Sir Henry ... 1297
Philipps, Sir Henry K. E. 1289
Philipps, Sir Luonel L. Faudel-
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Poe. Lt. - Col. Sir William

Hutcheson, c n. 1928

Pole, Sir John G. Carew. 1938

Pole, Sir John G. Carew. 1938

Poles, Sir John G. Carew. 1979

Pollock, Ilit Hon Sir Freik, k.c. 2866

Pollock, Sir M. F. Montagu. 1872

Portes, Jr. - Col. Sir Wyndham

R. Dao O. MY O. 1929
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              R., D & O , M V O.
Porter, Sir Win Henry
Porter, Sir John S Horsbrugh
Pound, Sir John Lulham
Powell, Lt Col Sir Douglas,
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Power (see Note, p 236)
Power, Sir John Ceoil, M P
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2836
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Poynter, Sir Hugh Edward
Prescott, Capt Sir Geo L L B
Preston, Lt.-Col Sir Edward
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Huiton, D 8 0., M.C.

Prevost, Sir Charles T. K.

Price, Lt.-Col. Sir Charles
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Rawlinson, Col. Sir Alfred,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Monteflore, Sir Fras. Abraham
Montgomery, Sir Indry
Purves-Russol.

2607
Palmer, Maj. Sir Gooffrey F.N.
Montgomery, SirAlexanderCeclise6
Moor, Sir Arthur Wilfred G.
Moor, Sir Cecli Ernest
Moore, Sir Edward Stanton
Moore, Sir Edward Stanton
Mordaunt, Sir Oabert L'E
Mortan, Maj SirDavidHughes
Mortis, Capk Sir Tankerville
R. A., M.
Moris, Gapk Sir Tankerville
R. A., M.
Mosley, Sir Oawald Ernest
Mortis, Gapk Sir Tankerville
R. A., M.
Mosley, Sir Oawald Ernest
Mortis, Capk Sir Tankerville
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Mortis, Capk Sir Tankerville
R. A., M.

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1 1794
1 2882
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Rich, Lt. -Col. Sir Almeric, E. F. 2792
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	2.00							
	Richardson, Sir Ian R. H.		Shakeriey,	Col. Sir	Walter		Sutton, Sir George Augustus	1919
ł	Stewarts	<b>2630</b>	Georges.	C,B E., T D	• • • • • • •	1838	Sutton, Sir George	1982
1	Richardson, Sir Lawis, c.a.z. Richardson, Lt -Col. Sir Philip	1984	Sharp, Sir	Milton	lwawi	1982	Sutton, Sir J Bland., 1 n.c s Swann, Sir Charles Duncan	1985 1906
1	Wigham, O.B.R., V D., M P .,	1989	Sharp, Sir Shaw, Lt,-C	om, Sir Jo	hn J. K.,		Swinburne, Sir Hubert	266o
	Wigham, o.s. k., v p., w P Richmond. Sir Fredk Henry	1929 1828	B-N			1665	Sykes, Sir Arthur	1781
ı	Ricketts, Sir Claude A. F	z8a8 z6a8	Shaw, Ma	j. Sir Ro	bert de	zBaz	Sykes, Sir Mark Tatton Richd.	1783
į	Rigby, Col Sir Hugh M,	1080	Vere, M.o Shaw, Sir C	harles Kdy	enrel .	1908	Sykes Sir Charles E H 1	1917 1981
l	K C, V.O , M.S., F R.C.S	1989	Sheffield, S	ir Borkeie	,	1756	Sykes, Col. Sir Alan John Sykes, Sir Charles, s. s. s	1801
1	Ripley, Capt. Sir Henry W. A.	1989 1980	Sheffield, Shelley, M.	<i>i</i> j. Sir Johi	a F	1611	Tancred Mai Sir T. S Lawson-	266a
I		x897	Shiffner, Si Shuckburg Simeon, Si	Henry Bu	irrows	1818 1660	Tangye, Sir H Lincoln Tate, Sir Ernest William	1912 1898
ı	Ritchie, Sir James Wni., M B.E. [new patent:	1903	Simeon, Si	John Wa	lter B	1815	Taylor, Sir E Stuart o. R. E. M.D.	1917
ı	Roberts, Sir Samuel, x r	1919				1704	Taylor, I.tCol. Sir Jas. Worsley- Temple, LtCol Sir Richard	1917
1	Roberts, Sir Samuel, Mr	zBog	Sinclair, A	aj. Rt L	ion. Sir	ı		-0-4
Į		1931	PC, C.N	I II MEN	odonaid,	1786	D, D s o	1876 1917
ļ	Robertson, Field-Marshal Sir	-9-9	Mitwell Mr	(Janros R		808r	Thomas, Sir Fredk C, K.c.	1989
Ì	Robertson, Field-Marshal Sir William R, oc.m., a.c.m.o,		Skinner, S	r Thomas	Hewitt	1912	Torry, Sir Henry M. Imbert- Thomas, Sir Fredk C, s.c. Thomas, Sir Godfrey J. V	
		1919 1883	Skinner, Si Skipwith, S Slade, Sir A	ir Grey II. Ifrad Koth	ringham	16a2	Thomas, Sir George Alan	x694 x766
ı	Robinson, Sir Douglas Innes Robinson, Maj. Sir Fredk V.	3				1080	Thomas, Sir Robert J	1918
ı		2660	Smiley, Sir	Hugh Ho	aston	1903	The nas. Sir win James	1919
	Robinson, Sir John B.	1854	Smiley, Sir Smith, Sir Cusack-	William	K.DJ.		Thompson, May Sir Thomas Raikes Lovett, M.	-0-/
Į	Robinson (see Note, p 236) Robinson, Sir Christopher Hy	1908 1980	Smith, Sir	C. Michael	V Duff-	2799	Thompson, Capt. Sir Algai de	1806
	Roll, Sir Frederick James	IRDI	Assheton Smith, Sir			1911	C Movsey-	1874
İ	Roche, Sir Standish O'Grady	1838	Smith, Sir	Drummone	d C	2804	Thompson, Sir Matthew W	1890
1	Rolleston, Sir Humphry D,	1024	Smith, Sir Smith, Sir Smith, Sir	wm Sydi · T Rude	dob II	1809	Thomson, Rt. Hon Sir Wm	<b>1899</b>
1	Rolls, Capt. Sir John C. E.	->	C.B.E., M	h		x897	Thompson, Sir Matthew W. Thompson, Sir Henry F Herb. Thomson, Rt. Hon Sir Wm Mitchell-, K B.E., M P Thomson, Sir Wilfrid Forbos Hones	1900
١	Shelley.	1806	Smith, Sir Smith, Sir	Prince		1911	Thomson, Sir Wilfrid Forbes	-
ı	Ropner, Sir John Henry Rose, Sir Francis Cyril	1904 1872	Smith, Sir Smith, Sir	John G. L.	. Vassar-	1917	Thomson, Sir Frederick C.	1925
ı		1874	Smith, Sir	William R	eardon	1980	Thornhill, Sir Authony J	1989
ı	Rose, Sir Charles Henry Rose, Sir Charles H A F. L s	1909	Smyth, Bo Weyland	wyer-, Sir	Philip	. 1	Compton	x885
1	Ross, Sir Charles H A F. L s	1672	Weyland Smythe, Si	m' iir-ii	. WWW	266z	Thorold, Sir John George	1648
ı	Ross, Rt Hon Sir John	1919 1913	Soame Si	Charles I	Rnck.	266 z	Throckmorton, Sir Robt G M. Thursby, Sir George James	1642 1887
ı	Rowley, Maj Sir Charles S	1786	Soame, Sin worth-He	rno		1698	Tichborne, Sir Anthony J H	2007
Ì	Rothband, Sir Honry Lesser Rowley, Maj Sir Charles S. Rowley, Capt Sir George Win Royce, Sir Fredk, Hy, o B. B.	1836	Somerville Spearman, Speelman,	see Note p	. x36)	1748	Doughty	zész
ı	Royce, Sir Fredk. Hy, o B.E.	1930 1935	Spearman,	Jonkheer	Sir Cor.	2840	Tooth, Sir Hugh V II. Lucas-	1920
ı	Royden, Sir Thomas, c m Rumbold, Rt Hon Sir Horace	-4-2	neits Jaca	nh		z686 '	Touche, Sir George Alexander Trelawny, Sir J. W Salusbury- Trevelyan, Sir Walter J Trevelyan, Rt Hon Sir Charles	1628
۱	G M, G.C.M.G., M VO	1779	Speyer, Sir Spicer, Rt	Edgar		1906	Trovelyan, Sir Walter J	266a
ı	Russell, Sir George A C	2906 2828	Stafford, H	t Hon S	r The	1908	Philip we	1874
1		1916	Joseph, o Stamer, La	BIFIELE		1014	Philips, a r Tritton, Sir (Alfred) Ernest Trollope, Sir Henry C	1905
Ì	Rutherford, Col Bir John	zgzó	Stamer, Lt	Col. Sir L	ovelace	1800	Trollope, Sir Henry C	1642
1	Rutherford, Sir Hugo	1923	Stanford, Stanier, Ca	nt Sir Alex	Reville.	1929	Troubridge, Sir Thos H C Truscott, Sir George Wyatt	1799 1909
1	Rycroft, Mai Sir Nelson E. O	1784	M.C.		•••	1917	Truscott, Sir George Wyatt Tubbs, Sir Stauley Wni Tuck, Maj Sir W. Roginald	1929
1	St Aubyn, Capt Sir Hugh Molesworth		Staples, Sin	John M		1628	Tuck, Maj Sir W. Roginald	1910
Ì	St. George Sir John	1689 1766	Stapleton, Stephen, S	ir Herbert	aibot	1679 1891	Tuite, Sir Morgan H P Tupper, Sir Charles Stewart	1 2682 1882
	Salt Lt. Com Sir John W Titus	1869	Stern, Sir	kdward Da	vid .	1922	Turing, Sir Robert A. H.	S 1641
,	Salt, LtCol. Sir Thos. Ander-		Stevenson,	Sir Daniel	М	1914	Twisden, Sir John Ramskill .	1666
	don, n s.o	1899	Stewart, Si Stewart, Si	r Harry J	UI	1623 1667	Twysden, Lieut. Sir Roger Thomas, R N	2622
	Samman, Sir Henry, M.C. Samuel, Sir Edward Levien	18g8	Stewart. Br	ra -Gen.Sir	Hugh H.	1803		4011
	Samuelson, Sir Henry D	1884	Stewart, Si	r Douglas I	A.W	1881	Y, GCB, DSO Usher, Sir Robert	1919
	Sandeman, Sir Alexander N.	1939	Stewart, Co MacTage	pr sir Edw	and Orde	1892	Vane, Sh Fras P Fletchor	2899 2786
	Stewart-, w. P. Sanderson, Sir Frank Bernard Sassoon, May. Rt Hon Sir	1980	Steman t (ne	e Note p x	36)	1920	Vavasoui, Capt Sir Leonard	-
	Sassoon, Maj. Rt Hon Sir	-	Stewart, S	r Alexand	er	1920	Pins. R v	1828
ı	Philip A G. D, GRE,	x890	Stirling, Lt	-Cot Sir Go	corge M	x666	Verner, Sir Edward W Verney, LtCol Sir Harry C	2846
1	Sassoon, Sir Eilice Victor	1909	H, c a L Stirling, Si	r (Walter)	Genrge "	1800	W.DEO	x8x8
ı	Savory, Sir Wm Bornadalle	<b>z89</b> 0	Stockonstr	om, Sh An	dries	1840	Vernon, Sir B George H	1885
i	Dawie, Rear-Auth ou Class o	-0-4	Stockonstr Stonhouse, Stott, Sir I	Sir Ernest	Hay	1020	Vernon, Sir John Herbert Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle .	1914
1	Graves-, M. Vo Scarisbrick, Sir TomT Leyland	1836 1909	Stow, Sir F	lliot Philip	9901)	1907	Vincent, Sir Francis Erskine Vyvyan, Col. Sir Courtenay B.	1020
	Schuster, Sir Felix	1906	Stow, Sir B Stracey, M Strickland,	ay. Sir Edw	ard P	1818	Vyvyan, Col. Sir Courtenay B .	
i	BCOLL BIT DOUBHS DAWN	2806	StrickLind	Sir Walter	r w	1641 1803	Waechter, Sir Harry L. D'A.	1645
	Scott, Sir Douglas W Scott, Sir Fras M Sibbald .	1916 1806	Stuart, Si	Simeon H	1	1660	Wake, Brigten. Sirllereward,	1911
1	Scott, Sir Samuel Edward	1821	Stucley, Si	Hugh N.	G.	1859	CMG. D.80	zóaz
	Scott. Sir Walter	1907	Stricklind Stronge, Si Stuart, Si Stucley, Si Studd, Sir Sturdee, C	EKynasi	OD,OBF	1929	Wakeman, Cant Sir Office .	x8a6
	Scott, Sir Samuel Haslam Scale, Sir John Carterot	1909 1838	Doveton,	wyr DIF 14 RN .	acator A	1016	Walker, Maj Si Geo Ferdi- nand Forestier-	1835
	Selwight Sir Guy Thomas S	26 <b>2</b> 6	Style, Sir V	Villiam Fre	dk.	1637	Walker, Sir Baldwin P	IUED
		*Bos	Sullivan, R	ov. Sir Fre	derick	1804 1881	Walker, Sir James Heron	2868 2806
	Seton Sir John Hastings	1663	Sutherland	SirA. Mur	TO.K B.E.	1981	Walker, Sir I Peter Andrew M. Walker, Sir Alexander Artiur	1906 1906
	Seton, Sir John Hastings	1800	Suttle, Sir	George Gu	ant B	1703	Walker, Sir Alexander Arthur Walker, Sir Chas. Leoliu For-	
	Seymour, Sir Albert V. F	<b>1869</b>	Sutton, Si	Arthur Ec	ıwın	2778	estier-, x B. x	zqpn

#### The Baronetage of the U.K.—Precedenty in Great Britain. 142

Walsham, Sir John S  Ward, Com Sir Melvill Williss,  D. S. C. E. W. Wiggin, Sir Roderick Grey,  Ward, Sir Cyril	1804 1745 1745 1745 1778 1918 1927 1982 1984 1813 1813 1813
Waterlow, Sir Kudgar i.  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Waterlow, Sir Wm Jame's  **Williams Common Jame's  **Williams Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wright, Cot Sir William Common Jame's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Thomas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Sir Homas Gome's  **Wrightson, Si	rgjes.

# * Precedency in Great Britain.

The Sovereign
The Prince of Wales.
Younger Sons of the Sovereign
Grandsons of the Sovereign
Grandsons of the Sovereign
Grandsons of the Sovereign.
Sovereign's Boothers.
Sovereign's Uncles
Sovereign's Uncles
Sovereign's Uncles
Authority.
Archbishop of Cunterbury.
Lord High Chancellor.
Archbishop of York.
Prime Minister.
Lord President of the Council.
Speaker of the House of Commons
Lord Privy Seal (if of Raronial rank)
Fire following State Officers if Dukes:
(1) Lord Great Chamberlain (on duty)

(s) Lord Great Chamberlain (on duty)
(a) Earl Marshal.
(a) Lord Steward
(b) Lord Chamberlain
(c) The Master of the Horse. Dukes, according to their Patents of Creation:

Ureation: 2. Of England; 2. Of Scotland, 3. Of Great Britain, 4. Of Ireland, 5. Those created since the Union s. Those created since the Union Eldest some of Takes of Blood Royal Elve above State Officers if Manquesses Marquesses, in some order as Dukes Marquesses, in some order as Dukes Dikes Volumers of State Officers if Fails.

Earls, in some order as Dukes Younger some of Tukes of Blood Royal Marquesses eldest Sons.

Dukes younger Sons.

Five above State Officers if Viscounts. Viscounts, in same order as Dukes Earls' eldest Sons.

Marquesses' younger Sons.

Bishops of London, Durham and Winchester.

All other English Blabors, according.

All other English Bishops, according to their seniority of Consecration. Five above State Officers if Barons.

Secretaries of State, if of the degree of a Baron

Barons, in same order as Dukes Treasurer of H M 's Household Comptroller of H M 's Household Vice-Chamberlain of Household Secretaries of State under the degree

Secretaries of State under the degree of Baron
High Commissioners (see p. 99).
Viscounts' eldest Sons
Karis' younger Sons.
Karis' younger Sons.
Knights of the Garter if Commoners
Privy Councillors if of no higher rank.
Chancellor of the Szehequer
Connection of the Szehequer
Lord Unit's Justices of England.
Master of the Rolls
President of the Proley of Appeal.
Judges of the High Court.
Viscounts' younger Sons.
Barones of either Kingitom, according
to date of Patents
Knights Grand Cross of the Bath.

Knights Grand Cross of the Bath, G ( SI , G.C.M O , G C I R , G C Y O ;
G R E.
Kinghts Commanders of the above

Orders. Knights Bachelor

Judges of County Courts and Judges of the Mayors and City of London Count

Serjeants at law.

Masters in Lunney

5. B, CS.I.; C.M.G., C.I.F.; CVO.;

CHE; DS.O.; M.V.O.(4th), OBE; 1.8 0

Eldest Sons of younger Sons of Peers.
Baronets' eldest Sons.
Eldest Sons of Knights in the same
order as their Fathers.
M.v.o.(gth); M.S.Z.

Younger Sons of the younger Sons of Peers Baronets' younger Sons.

Younger Sons of Knights in the same order as their Fathers. Naval, Military, and other Esquires by Office.

by Office.

Women take the same rank as their husbands or as their iddest brothers; but the daughter of a Feer marrying a Commoner retains her title as Lady or Honourable. Paughters of Feers rank next immediately after the wives of their older brothers, said before their younger brothers wives l'aughters of Peers marrying Feers of lower degree take the same order of preceduncy as that of their husbands; thus the daughter of a Duke marrying a Baron degrades to the rank of Baronics only, while her sisters married to commoners retain their rank and take precedence of the Baronicss and take precedence of the Baronicss Berrely official rank on the husband's part does not give any similar precedence to the wife.

For Dames Grand Cross and Dames Commanders of the British Empire, see p zg8.

LOCAL PRECEDENCY. — No written code of county or city order of precedence has been promulgated, but naturally in the county the Lord Identenant stands first, and secondly the Sheriff. In London and other Corporations, the Mayor stands first, after him the Addermen, Sheriffs, Chief Officers, and Livery. At Ourfoard and Cambridges the Light Berriff takes precedence of the Vice-Chancellox.

For fuller tables (and for Scottish and Irish Precedency) see Introduction to "Whitaers's Perhade, Barderaue. Krightaer and Companionade," a companion rotume, price set not.

5 A complete list, in Apparenced Corder (the only list so published), of all holders of these deburations will be found in "Whitaers Perhade.

# Orders of Chivalry.



# KNIGHTS OF THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER (1349)-K.G.

Ribbon, Garter Blue. Motto, Honi soit qui mal y pense (Evil be to him who evil thinks). THE SOVEREIGN.



Lady of the Garter-H.M. THE QUEEN.

The Duke of Wellington.

H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.	ľ
H.R.H. the Duke of York.	ľ
H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester.	ľ
H.R.H. Prince George.	ľ
H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.	ľ
H.R.H Prince Arthur of Connaught.	ľ
H M. the King of Italy.	ľ
H.M King Alfonso XIII	ľ
H.M. the King of Sweden.	ľ
H.M. the King of Norway.	ľ
H.M. King Manuel.	ľ
H.M the King of Denmark	ľ
H.M. the King of the Belgians.	ľ
H.I.M the Emperor of Japan.	ľ
The Duke of Portland.	ľ
The Duke of Bedford.	I.

The Duke of Marlborough.

The Dirke of wellington.
The Marquess of Crewe.
The Karl of Selborne
The Viscount Grey of Fallodon.
The Earl Beauchamp.
The Earl of Derby
The Earl of Chestorfield
The Duke of Devonshire. The Duke of Devonshire.
The Lord Hardings of Penshurst.
The Marquess of Bath.
The Marquess of Rathler.
The Marquess of Londonderry
The Earl of Harewood.
The Viscount Fits-Alan of Derwont
The P. Hon Sit Antre Chamber. The Rt Hon Sir Austen Chamberlain The Earl of Athlone

The Duke of Abercorn.
The Lord Desborough.
The Earl of Lonsdale
The Earl of Scarbrough
The Lord Irwin. (r vacancy) Prelate, The Bishop of Winchester Chancellor, The Bishop of Oxford Registrar, The Dean of Windsor Garter Principal King of Arms, Sir Gorald W Wollaston, M. v. o. Usher of the Black Rod, Lieut Gen. Sin William P Pulteney, 6 c v o., K.C B. R.C M G. D S O. Secretary, Brig.-Gen. Sir D Dawson. GCV.O, KC.B., CMG



### KNIGHTS OF THE MOST ANCIENT AND MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE THISTLE (1687)-K.T.

Ribbon, Green. Motto, Nome me impune lacessit (No one provokes me with impunity). THE SOVEREIGN



HRH The Prince of Wales
HRH The Duke of York
HRH The Duke of Connaught
HRH Prince Arthur Prince Arthur of Connaught
The Duke of Roxburghe
The Marquess of Aberdeen and Temair The Lord Hamilton of Dalzell The Earl of Mar and Kellie The Lord Lovat.

The Duke of Buccleuch and Queens- [The Earl of Home The Duke of Atholl. berry The Earl of Crawford and Balcarros The Marquess of Bute The Viscount Nova The Lord Elphinstone
The Marquess of Linhthgow.
The Earl of Strathmore and KingThe Duke of Sutherland (horne Sir John Maxwell Stirling Maxwell, Bt

Chancellor, The Duke of Royburghe Dean, Very Rev Charles Laing Lyon King of Arms and Secretary, Francis James Grant, w s , F.S.A., (Rother of the Green Rod, Brig -Gen. Sin Robert G. Gordon Gilmour, Bt, CB, CVO, D.S.O.

### KNIGHTS OF THE MOST ILLUSTRIOUS ORDER OF ST. PATRICK (1788)-K P. Ribbon, Sky Blue Motto, Quis separabit ! (Who shall separate?) THE SOVEREIGN



HR H. The Prince of Wales HR H The Duke of Connaught. The Lord Castletown. The Earl of Granard The Earl of Arran The Earl of Shaftesbury.

The Earl of Donoughmore The Viscount Powers ourt The Earl of Midleton The Earl of Cavan The Earl of Desart The Duke of Abercorn

Ulster King of Arms, Registrar, and Knight Attendant, Maj Sir Nevilo R Wilkinson, K. C. V. J. R. A. Genealogust, Usher of the Black Rod, Sir Samuel Murray Power, c. B



### THE ORDER OF MERIT (1902)-O.M. Rubbon, Blue and Crimson.

This Order confers no precedence. It is designed as a special distinction for enument men and women—without conferring a knighthood upon them. The Order is limited in numbers to a4, with the addition of foreign homorary memlers. Membership is of two kinds, Millary and Civil, the badge of the former having crossed swords, and the latter oak leaves. Membership is designated by the suffix o x, which is authorised to follow the first class of the Order of the Eath and to precede the Letters designating membership of the inferior classes of the Bath and all classes of the remaining Orders of Knighthood.



Admiral of the Fleet Rt. Hon, Earl SI LEWBRU LEGER, DO. Admiral of the Fleet Rt. Hon Earl Beatty, G.C.R., G.C.V.O, B.C. Admiral of the Fleet Sir Charles Edward Madden, Bt., G.C.S., G.C.V.O, E.C.B CHONGARY.

Admiral Count Togo

CIVIL Admiral of the Fleet Rt. Hon. Karl Sir Edward Elgar, Bt , & c v o., Mus

John Galsworthy Samuel Alexander, Litt p Montague Rhodes James, Litt.n.,

Monagne modes

- B.A. - B. B. A

Goorge Macaulay Trevelsan, c. E. E.

- Itt's b - B.

Philip Wilson Steer

Str William Henry Bragg, K. B. E. 1 R.5

Secretary and Registrar, Hou Sir Harry Julian Stonor, E. ( ) o

#### THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH (1899).

Ribbon, Crimson. Motto, Tria juncta in uno. (Remodelled 1725 and 1825, and enlarged thirteen times since.)











THE SOVERIOR; Great Master and Principal Enight Grand Cross, Field-Marshal H R H the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, r.g., r., r., c. s., ., c. v. o., g. c. r., g. c. v. o., g. r., c. v. o., g. r., c. v. o., d. c. r., c. v. o., g. r., r. peen of the Order, The Dean of Wostminster; Bath King of Arms, Admiral Sir William Christopher Pakenham, g.o., a. c. v. o., e. v. o. g. c. v. o. f. e. v. o. f. e. v. o. f. g. g. v. v. g. Registrar and Secretary, Maj.-Gen. Sir Geoffrey P. T. Feilding, r. c. a., r. c. v. o. v. a. o. p. s. o., f. e. v. o. thapleton-Cotton, c. g. c. r., w. v. o.; Lephyth Secretary, Maj. H I. F. Stockley, v. v. o., s. u., c. v. o., c. v. o. thapleton-Cotton, c. g. c. r., w. v. o.; beguty Secretary, Maj. H I. F. Stockley, v. v. o., s. u., c. Chancery, Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood.—G C.B., Knight Grand Cross; K.C.B., Knight Commander; C.B., Companion.



### THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA (1861).

(Since enlarged eight times.) Ribbon, Light Blue, with White Edges. Motto, Heaven's Light our Guide.

Sovereign, The Kiro-Empreor; Grand Master and First and Principal Knight Grand Commander, The Vicercy and Gov.-Gen of India; Secretary (in India), Sir C. C. Watson, K.C.E., C.E., Registrar, The Secretary of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being; G.C.S.I., Knight Grand Commander; K.C.S.I., Knight Commander; C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander, C.S.I., Commander



# THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE (1818).

Ribbon, Saxon Blue, with Crimson Centra. Motto, Auspicium melioris œvi.

The Sovervice, Grand Master, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, K. G., K. T. E. F. G. M. R. K. W. I. Prolate, Rt. Roy Honry Hutchinson Montgomery, K. N. G., D. N.; Chancellon, The Rt. Hou, Eal Button, F. G. G. M. G.; Escretary, Mr. James E. Masterton-Shifth, K. E. S. King of Arms, Sir A. Swettenham, G. M. G. G. H. Repistrer, Sir H. C. M. Lambert, K. N. H. G. B. Gentleman Usber of the Blue Rod, Sir Repistrer, Sir H. C. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. M. G. K. C M.G , Companion



#### THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE (1877).

(Since enlarged eight times ) Rubbon, Imperial Purple. Motto, Imperatricis auspiciis.

Sovereign, The King-Engages; Grand Master, The Vicercy and Governor-General of India for the time being; Secretary (in India), Sir C C. Walson, R. C.R., C. R.; Registrar, The Secretary of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being, G C I E, Knight Grand Commander; R.C.I.E., Knight Grand Commander; R.C.I.E., Knight Grand Commander; R.C.I.E., Knight Grand Commander.



### THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE (1917).

Ribbon, Purple (Civil Division); Purple, with narrow vertical Red Centre Stripe (Military Division). Motto, For God and the Empire.



G.B.E. THE SOVEREION, Grand Master, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Prelate, Rt. Rev the Bishop E.B.E. of London; King of Arms, Adm Sir Herbert Leepold Heath, KUR, MVO; Registrar, The Socretary of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood—for the time being; Secretary, The Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, Grantenane Usber of the Purple Rod, Frederic G. Kenyon, G.R.F., E.C.... For services rendered to the Empire, whether at home or abroad, even to both men and women. G.B.E., Knights Grand Cross or Dames Grand Cross; K.B.E., Knights Commanders; D.B.E., Dames Commanders, C.B.E., Commanders, C.B.E., Officers; M.B.E., Members. The Order was divided into Matter y and Civil divisions in Dec., 1928.

### THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER (1896).

Ribbon, Blue, with Red and White Edges Motto, Victoria.



The Soverhous; Chancellor, The Lord Chamberlain; Scorelary, The Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse; Registrar, Paymastor Rear-Adm Philip John Hawkins Lander Row, on -G.C.V.O., Knight Grand Cross, K.C.V.O., Knight Commander; C.V.O., Commander; M.V.O., Momber, marked 4th or 5th Class.





The Knights Bachelor do not constitute a Boyal Order, but comprise the surviving representation of the ancient State Orders of Knighthood. The Register of Knights Bachelor, instituted by James I in the syde century, lapsed, and in soos a voluntary association under the title of "The Society of Knights" (now "The Imperial Society of Knights according to the Company of the Various registers dating from 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857 and 1857



### ORDER OF THE COMPANIONS OF HONOUR (1917)-C.H. Ribbon, Carmine, with Gold Edges.

This Order consists of one Class only and carries with it no title or precedence, but ranks after the 1st Class of the Order of the British Empira, i.e., Kts. and Danies Grand Cross (Mil. and Civ. Div.). The number of awards is limited and is open to both sexes.

Mss.

Barnes, Rt. Hon. George N.
Bruce, Rt. Hon. Stanley M. F. C. M.E.
Burnham, The Viscount, G. C. M. B.
Carlile, Rev. John C. G. S. M. D.
Carlile, Rev. John C. G. S. M. D.
Chetwynd, The Viscount, G. C. M.
Churchill, Rt. Hon. W. S. M. P.
Davidson, Rt. Hon. John.
Churchill, Rt. Hon. W. S. M. P.
Davidson, Rt. Hon. John.
Chillin, Viscount, G. C. M.
Davidson, Rt. Hon. John.
Chillin, Viscount, G. C. M.
Cyden, Sir Menth Bingham.
Cyden, Sir Thomas, L. D.
Newbolt, Sir Hon.
Newbolt, Sir Hon.
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Swettenham, Sir Frank A., c c.m.c. Wardle, George James.

Barrett, Florence Elizabeth Willey, Lady, c.s.s., m.D. Baylis, Miss Lillian Mary Carruthers, Mrs. (Miss Violet Markansdowne, The Dow Marchioness

#### THE ROYAL ORDER OF VICTORIA AND ALBERT (for Ladies)-V.A.

Instituted in 186s, and enlarged in 1864, 1865, and 1880, but no conferments have been made since the death of Queen Victoria. Badge, in the first three Classes a medallion of Queen Victoria and the Prince Count, differing in the width and jewelling of the border as the Classes descend, whilst the fourth substitutes a jewelled cipher. All four are surmounted by some form of a crown, which is attached to a bow of white moire ribbon. The honour does not confer any rank or title upon the recipient.

#### THE SOVEREIGN.

#### MEMBERS OF THE ORDER.

a.a.r., a.r. c. c., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r., c.r. formerly Grand Duchess of Baden

H.M. the Queen of the Netherlands.

H.R.H. Princess Alfonso d'OrleansBourbon.

H H Princess Helena Victoria, Emily Thoresa, Baroness Ampthill. H.H. Princess Victoria.

H.M. the Queen of Norway.

Princess Louise Marie Elizabeth formerly Grand Duchess of Baden

H.H. the Grand Duchess of Russia, c.1

H.H. the Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone

THIRD CLASS. Hariot Georgiana, Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, c.1, D B E Louisa Jane, Countess of Antrim. Maud Evelyn, Dowager Marchioness of Lansdowne, or the s., c.H. Edith, Counters of Lytton Verona Maud, Viscountess Churchill.

FOURTH CLASS. Hon. (Marie) Lady Mallet. Hon. Mrs. Grant Mrs. John Haughton.

#### THE IMPERIAL ORDER OF THE CROWN OF INDIA (for Ladies)-C.I.

Instituted January 2, 1878, and for a like purpose with the simultaneously created Order of the Indian Empire Enlarged January 30, 1900. Badge, the royal cipher in jewels within an oval, aumounted by an Heraldic Crown and attached to a bow of light blue watered ribbon, edged white. The honour does not confer any rank or title upon the recipient.

# THE SOVEREIGN.

### MEMBERS OF THE ORDER.

YA, RRC H.R.H the Princess Beatrice, G B.E H.B. Princess Helona Victoria, G.B.E., V.A.
H.I. and R.H the Grand Duchess
Cyril of Russis, V.A. Cyril of Russia, v. a. H. H. the Dowager Maharani of H.H. Princess Marie Louise, c.B.E., v. A. Mayy, Baroness Kinloss. Harlot Georgians, Dowager Marie, Lady Jane Emma Crichton
Edith, Dowager Countess of Lytton.
Harlot Georgians, Dowager Marie, Lady White.

May Garoline, Dowager Maharani of Mysore Lady George Hamilton H. H. this Maharani Sahiba of Udalpur.

Amelia Maria, Lady White.

Mary Caroline, Dowager Countess of Minto. D B.E., Y.A.

Wenlock wennes.

H.H. Maharani Sahib Chimna Bei
Geekwar.

H.H. Rani Sahib Nundkumar Bai
Bhugwat Sinh Jareja, of Gondal
H.H. the Dowager Maharani of H.H Jeannette Hope, Lady Birdwood.

H.M. the Queen of Norway
H.M. Queen Marie of Rumania, v A
H.R. H. the Princess Victoria Argyll, o.s. x , c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. x, c H. Chelinsford, c.s z. Mary Adelaide, Countess of Willingdon, c.s.z Dorothy Evelyn Augusts, Baroness Irwin. Pamela, Countess of Lytton H.H. the Senior Maharani Shri-mati Chinkooraja Scindia, of Gwalior. H.H. Maharani, Regent of Travancore. Margaret Evelyn, Viscountees Gos-

### THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER (1886)-D.S.O.

Ribbon, Red, with Blue Edges.

Bestowed in recognition of especial services in action of commissioned officers in the Navy, Army and Royal Air Force. The members are Companions only and rank immediately before the 4th Class of the Royal Victorian Order. A Bar may be awarded for any additional act of service.

# THE IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER (1902, enlarged 1912)-1.8.0.



Ribbon, Crimson, with Blue Centre, Restricted to members of the administrative or clerical (clerk) branches of the Civil Service, and consists of the Sovansus, the Prince of Wales, and Companions (not exclusively male) to a number not exceeding 70s, of whom see may belong to the Home Services, see to the Indian and sge to the services of Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates.

### OTHER PRINCIPAL DECORATIONS AND MEDALS (in order of Precedence).

A full list of of all Orders. Decorations and Hedals and Orders regarding the wearing of them will be found in Whitakur's Prepark.

The New Zealand Green,—z869.—N Z C —For conspicuous bravery. Instituted March 20, 2869. There is only one surviving holder—Benjamin Biddle, of N Z.

only one surviving holder—Benjamin Biddle, of N.Z.

The Beyal Bed Cress—R.R.C.—For ladies, founded 1883, is a distinction conferred upon ladies of any rank or nation who may be brought to the Severeign notice for acts of mercy in attending to the skx or wounded in time of war.

The Distinguished Service Gress.—2524.—D S.C.—In substitution for the Conspicuous Service Gress, 2502 is designed for bestowal on all officers of the R.N. below the rank of Lieutenant-Commander, and on Warrant Officers.

Officers.

The Military Greek.—spig.—M.C.—Awarded to Captains, Lieutenanta, and set class Warrant Officers in the Arny and indian and Colonial Forces.

The Distinguished Flying Greek.—spig.—D F.C.—Designed for bestowal upon Officers and Warrant Officers in the Royal Air Force for acts of gallantry when flying in active operations against the enemy.

The Air Force Greek.—spig.—A.F.C.—Instituted as preceding, but for acts of courage or devotion to duty when flying, although not in active operations against the enemy.

the enemy
The Indian Order of Merit.—Instituted in 1837, as a reward for personal bravery, to Indian officers and

The Kaisar-i-Wind Medal (ast Class, gold; and Class, silver).—Was founded in 1900, and is a reward for any person, of either sex, who shall have rendered useful services in or for India.

The Albert Medal.—A.M.—Dates from 1896, with extensions in 1890 and 1897, and is a recognition of acts of gallantry performed by any person whatever—"For Gallantry in Saving Life at Sea." or "on Land."

rever—"For Gallantry in Saving Life at Sea" or "on Land"

The Medal for Distinguished Conduct in the Fieldrege.—D S.M.—Is designed for chief petty officers, petty
officers, men, and bors of all branches of the R.N. to,
non-commissioned officers and men of the R.N. A.
and to all other persons holding corresponding positions
in His Majesty's Service affoct, for distinguished
conduct in war.

The Compiteness Gallantry Medal.—C G.M.—Awarded
to warrant officers and men of the R.N.
The Distinguished Conduct Medal.—D C.M.—Awarded
to warrant officers, and men of the R.N.
The Distinguished Conduct Medal.—D C.M.—Awarded
to warrant officers and men
of the Army.

The Distinguished Flying Medal.—2pd8.—D F.M.—and
the Air Force Medal—A.F.M.—for warrant and non-

commissioned officers and men for equivalent services as for D F C and A F C
The Edward Medal.—Established by King Edward VII. in 1907, is a recognition of heroic acts performed by miners and quarrymen, or of others who have en-dangered their lives in rescuing those so employed.

dangered their lives in rescuing those so employed.

The King's Police Medal.—Instituted in 1909, as a reward "only for acts of exceptional courage and still or compicuous devotion to duty" to officers and nen of any recognised Police Force or organised Fire Brigade in the United Kingdom, India, and His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas. The number of medals awarded in any one year shall not exceed 250.

The Medal of the Order of the British Empire, for Gallantry.—Awarded in recognition of acts of gallantry. All ranks are eligible for the Medal of the Military Division; there is also a Medal of the Civil Division NB.—All the above Medals are soons before War Medals.

Metals Meritorious Service Medal.—MS.M.—Since Service Meritorious Service Medal.—MS.M.—Since Service sess, granted only to recipients of the Meritorious Service sess, granted only to recipients of the Meritorious Services.

The Volumeer Officers' Decoration.—V D.—Was an homour for rewarding the meritorious services of officers of the Korce in question, who must have been in commission and have served twenty year.

The Territorial Decoration.—T.D.—Established in 1908, is restricted to commissioned officers of twenty years' good service in the Territorial Army Similarly a Territorial Long Service Medal has been substituted for that formerly awarded to Volunteers.

The Evyal Naval Service Medal has been substituted fram to treated and the services with the service service by officers and men of these Services.

# Ancient Krish Titles.

The Fox (O'Sionnach), Major Brabazon Hubert Maine Fuz, b. 1868, s. 1919.

The Knight of Clin, Deamond Fitzlohn Lloyd FitzGerald, b. 1852, suc. 1895.

The Knight of Kerry (ant), Sir John Peter Gerald Maurice FitzGerald, Bart., M.C., b. 1884, suc. 1916.

The MacDemot, Prince of Coolavin, Charles Edward MacDernot, b. 1865, suc. 1904.

The McGillicuddy of the Resks, Lt. Col. Ross Kinloch McGillicuddy, D.S.O., b. 1885, suc. 1921.

The O'Conor Don, Owen Fhelin O'Conor, b. 1870.

The O'Donogan, Col. Morgan William O'Donogan, c.B., b. 1865.

The O'Boroan, Maikhamhann, Col. Nicholas Purcell O'Gorman, b. 1845.

The O'Grady of Killyballyowen, William de Courcy L. Renzy O'Grady.

The O'Belly, Chief of Jathmains, Maj. Arthur Dillon Denis Kelis, b. 1853, suc. 1897.

The O'Morchoe, Chief of The Sept, Capt. Arthur Donel McMurrogli O'Morchoe, b. 1892.

The O'Rourke, Surg.-Lt.-Commander Patrick Joseph Alfred O'Rourke, R.K., b. 1898, suc. 1917.

# Unights Grand Cross, Unights Grand Commanders, and Uniohis Commanders

OF THE BATH, STAR OF INDIA, ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, INDIAN EMPTRE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER AND OF THE ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE For Knights Bachelor, see pp. 159-164.

Note.—Knights Grand Cross, Knights Grand Commanders and Knights Commanders are addressed in the same manner as Baronets (q.c.) but in writing, the appropriate initials (G.C.B., K.C.B., &c.) are appended to surname in place of "Bt." The wife of a Knight Grand Cross, or Knight Commander is addressed as "Lady -

Abbas Ali Baig, Sir, K.O.L.E., O.S. t. Abkinson, Lt. Gen. Sir Edwin H. Batterbee, Sir Harry F., K. de Vere, K.C.R., K.E.R., O.M.S., K.C.Y.O. Abdas Ali Baig, Sir, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
Abdul Qalyum, Nawab Khus
Bahadur Sir, K.C.I.E.
Abdur Rahim, Sir, K.C.I.E.
Abell, Sir Westcott, S., K.H.E.
Adali, General Sir William T Adams, Lt.-Col Sir Arthur Robert, Adams, Col. Sir Henry E F. Goold-Adamson, Sir Harvey, & c s.i Adamson, Sir Harvey, & c s.i Addis, Sir Charles Stewart, & c.m.g Addison, Vice-Adm. Sir Albert P Aga Khan, H H. Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah, The, g.c.s.r. Sir Sultan G.CIE, G.C V.O. Agien. Sir Francis A. G.C.M.G Ahmad Hussin, Nawab Maulvi Sir. Alderson, Sir Edward H., K.C.B K R.E. Alexander, Brig.-Gen Sir Wm R R.E., C B., C.M.G., D.S.O., T D., M P. Ali Imam, Syed Sir, K C S I Allason, Maj-Gen. Sir Richard All Illiam, Signary, Alliason, Maj Jen. Sir Richard Hannatine, R. B. C.M. G. Allen, Paym Rear-Admiral Sir Bertram C., R. C. B., M. O Allen, Sir Hugh Percy, R. C. V. G. Allen, Col Hon. Sir James, G. C. M. G. Allen, Sir Walter McArthur, R.B R Allen, Lt - Col. Sir Wm Jas., R.B.R. D.S.O., M P. Altham, Lt.-Gen. Sir Edward A. Altham, LL.-Gen. Sir Edward A., R. C. B., C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. C. R. Anderson, Sir Alan Garrett, x.n.z. Anderson, Lt -Gen Sir Charles Alex K C H. Anderson, Vice-Adm Sir David Murray, s.c.s., c.s.c., s.v.o. Anderson, Rt. Hon. Str John, Anderson, Brig-Gen. Sir Robert Murray McCheyne, k.o m.g. Antrobus, Sir Reginald L, kcm e, Appaii Rao Sitole, It.-Col. Sardar Sir, K B E , C. IF. Archer, Sir Geoffrey F., K.C M.G. Archer, Sir John, K B E Argyle, Hon. Sir Stanley Seymour, K H E M H Armitage, Capt Sir Cecli Hamilton, G c s I Barrow, Gen. Sir George de S , c c.s., REECONG, DECONGRACE

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Bayley, Sir Charles Stuart, G.o I.E., ECS I., 1.50.

Bayley, Lt Uol Sir Henry Dennis Readett-, K.B.E.

Bayley, Adm Sir Lewis, K C B , K C M.G., Baynham, Capt Sir Walter de M. Beale, Sir John Field, K s.r. Beats n, Col. Sir Geo T, K c.s., K B K., M D., v.b. Beattie, Sir James, K.B.E. Beatty, Maj -Gen. Guy A. H., K.B.E. c.B, c.s.t., c M G, D S O Beaumont, Dawson g.c.m.c.

Dawson g.c.m.c.

Beston, Sir Mayson M , K B.R.

Belfield, Lt.-Gen Sir Herbert E., Bell. Sir Charles Alfred. K.L. BE c.w c., c a.z. Bell, Rt Hon, Sir Francis II, Dillon, G.C. M.G. K.C. Bell, Sir H. Hesketh, J.C. M.G. Bell, Sir Thomas, K.R.F. Bell, Rev Sir Nicholas Dould Bestson Bell, Maj. Gen. Sir Arthur L. Lynden, E.O.B., E.O.B. Ohn Robert, K.B.R. Bennett, Hou. Sir John Robert, K.B.R. Bennett, Sir William H., K. C. V. O. Bontinck, Adm Sir Rudolf W. E. C. S. C.B., M.Y.O., FR.C.S Bailance, Erig. John. Sir Hamilton Ashley, E a.E., C.B., FR.C.S Bandarsnaika, Sir Solomon Dias, Berry, Sir Walter Whooler, E.B.E. Berry, Sir Walter Whoeler, k s s. Berry, Sir William John, k.c.s.
Bost, Hon Sir Robert W , k c.s. c.
Bost, Sir Thomas Alexander Vans, Bethell, Adm Hon Sir Alexander Vans, Ruke, Carlo, K. R. Beverlege, July-Gen. Sir Willfied William Oglivy, a B. E., G. R. D. So. Beverlege, Sir William R. L., Beynon, M. G. Gen. Sir William G. L., RCIE, C.R., p.S.o. Bhairon Singh, Maharaj, Sir, K.C.R.f. Bhim Shum Shero Jung, Gos. Sir. Bhopal, Lt. (wt. The Nawab bi, Bhore, Sir Joseph Wm, Kalk. CBE Bhownaggree, Sir Mancherji Merwanii, k e i z Bigham, Hon Sir F. Trevor R., Bikanir, Lt.-Gen. H H the Maha-rals of, ecs., ecs., ecv.o., G.B.E., ECS., A P.C. Bilos, Sir John Harvard, E.G.E. Blugham, Maj Gen. Hon Sir Cecil-Asser, Gen. Sir Joseph John, E. C., Datton, ...

E. C.M.G., E. C., O., A. D. C., 60 E.

Bartelot, Adm. Sir Brian H. F., Bingham, Maj. Gen. Hon Dir Frank, Anton, Maj. Gen. Sir George Groy, E. B.

E. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. L. C.B., N. C.B., Sir Chen. Sir Affred H., N. C.B., C.B., Sir John, E. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S. C.B., S E, G.C.V O., E C M.G., C B Bingham, Maj -Gen. Hon Sir Fras.

Bircham. Ilalsey, s.c.v.o. Bird. Mai.-Gen. Sir Wilkinson Dent. R B R., C.S., C.B.E., D.S.O. Blackett, Sir Basil P., K.C.R., K.C.S. Blackwell, Sir Ernley R. H., K.C.R. Black, Sir Arthur Ernest, K. R.E. Descavell, Sir Ernley it, H., K.C.E.
Black, Sir Arthur Ernest, a. E.,
Blankenberg, Sir Reginald A., a. n. e.
Blenkinsop, Maj.-Gen. Sir Alfred
Percy, a.c.a., c. n. a., a. H. F.
Blenkinsop, Maj.-Gen. Sir Layton
John, k.C. B., p. B.O., R.A.V.C.
Slock, Sir Adam S. Jas, a. c. m.
Blumberg, Gen. Sir Herbert E.,
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Braddon, Hos. Sir Hy, Yule, K. S. L.
Brade, Sir Reginald H., a c. S.
Bradford, Adm. Sir Edward Eden, G.R.E., K.C.H., C.V.O Bragg, Sir Wm. Hy , O M , K.B.H , F R s Braithwaite, Gen. Sir Walter P., Brakspear, Sir Harold, R.c.v.o. Brand, Wing Commander Sir Chris-topher Joseph Quintin, R.B.F., Brand, Adm Hon Sir Hubert G. Bray, Maj-Gen. Sir Claude A E.C.M.G., C.B. Bray Sir Denys de S. E C S. I. & C. I E . Bridges, Lt -Gen Sir George Tom M., E.CB, EC.M.S., DSO Briggs, Lt. Gen. Sir Charles Jun Briggs, A.C. M.G.
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Brise, Bir Evelyn J. Ruggles., K.C.
Brittain, Sir Harry, K.B., C. M.G.
Brook, Admiral of the Fleet Sir
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K. S. M.V.O.

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U H, E, C M G., C B.
Budd, Sir Cecll L, E B.E
Bulfin, Gen. Sir Edward S, E.C.B. Buller, Adm Sir Henry Tritton, GCV.0, CB Bunbury, Sir Henry Noel, E.C.B. Burden, Maj Sir John A. & B C x a Burdwan, Maharajadhiraj of, a c.r.z RCSI Burn, Sir Joseph, KHE. Burrard, Col Sir Sidney G, KCSI Burstall, Lt -Gen, Sir Henry E. BUT, Sir Hy Parsall, & C. L. C. Burt, Sir Hy Parsall, & C. L. C. Br. Burtchaell, Lt. Gen Sir Charles H Burton, Sir William Parker, K. Butcher, Maj.-Gen. Sir George Jan Butler, Sir Cyril Kendall-, K B E Butler, Sir Fredk, G. A., K.c. M. G., C B Butler, Sir Montagu Sherard Dawes Butler, Lt.-Gen Sir Richard Harte K., s.c.s., s.c.s.g Butler, Sir Spencer Harcourt, 6 c s r GCIE Butler, Capt. Sir Thomas Dacres, Byatt, Sir Horace Archer, c.c. M a. Byrne, Bug-Gen Sir Joseph A., Byrne, Rt. Hon Sir William Patrick. R. C. O., C. B. Cadman, Sir John, c.c.m.g. p.sc. Caird, Sir Andrew, E.B.E. Cathorpe, Admiral of the Fleet Hon. Sir Somerset Arthur Gough. GCR.(m), GCRG, CR.(c), CV.O Cameron, Sir Donald Charles KC.M.G, KBR Cameron, Sir Edward John, KCRG Cameron, Maj. Sir Maurice A E t. M.G Campbell, Gen. Sir David G. M. Campbell, Gen Sir Frederick, L. c B D 8 0 Campbell, Sir Gordon Huntly, a B E Campbell, Adm Sir Henry Hervey, KC10, CE. Campbell, Lt.-Gen Sir Walter, KCE., KCMG., DR.O. Campbell, Lt.-Gen Sir William Pitcairn, z c s. Campion, Col. Sir William Robert, E.C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D. Capper, Maj.-Gen. Sir John E.C.S., K.G.V.G.

Sir Bernard Edward

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Harris, Sir Austin Edward, K.BE.
Harris, Sir Charles, GBE, KCB. Harris, Sir C Alexander, K .. w. G Harris, Col. Sir David, R.c.M.o. V D Harris, Sir Henry Percy, K.B.E. Harrison, Sir Cecil R , K.B.F Harrison, Sir James Humphrys, Harrison, Sir John, E B.E. Harrison, Sir William Montagu Graham-, k c b , k c. lart. Sir George Sankey, k.b z Hart, Sir C.I.E.
C.I.E.
Hartog, Sir Philip J., K.B.E., C.I.F.
Warvey. Sir Ernest Musgrave, Harvey, Sir Henry P, a.c m c., c n Harwood, Sir Ralph E, a c v o (H.C.B.R.)

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Talbot, K C B, E.C. S A, Y.D.
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Holmes, Sir Arthur William, K.R.E
Holmes, Sir Charles John, E., Vo
Holt, Maj.-Gen. Sir Maurice P. C., Hood, Hon Sir Alexander Nelson, R c.v o. Hope, Vice-Adm Sir Geo. P Webley, Hope, r recommend to the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state Hopkinson, Sir Fredk, T, k s.z. Hore, Sir Charles F Adair, k s z., c s. Horne, Rt Hon Sir Robt, Stevenson, G.B.E. & C., M.P. Horrocks, Col. Sir William II., R.C.N.G., CB, A.M S. Horwood, Brig.-Gen Sir William Thomas Francis, G.BE, FCH, Hoskins, Maj -Gen Sn Arthur R , Hotson, Sir John E. B. K. S. O.B.E Houston, Sir Alexander C. K.R.E., с vo, м в, в sc. Howard, Sir Henry Fraser, к с. і к. Hudson, Gen. Sir Havelock, a c.R., K.C.I R Humphreys, Lt -Col. SirGeorge Wm , RBE, MICE. Humphrys, Lt -Col Sir Francis Henry, G.C. VO, KC.MG, K.H.E. Hunloke, Maj Sir Philip, k c.v.o Hunt, Admiral Sir Allen Thomas K C B., C S I Hunter, Ges. Sir Archibald, c.c s., c c v c , D s o Hunter, Sir George B., k.s.s., p.sc. Hunter, Sir John, E., E., E., E., E., E., Hunza, The Mir of, E. C. I. E. Hunza, The Mir of, E. C. I. E. Hurcomb, Sir Cyril W., E. B. E., C. B. Hurst, Sir Alfred W., E. B. E., C. B. Hurst, Sir Cocil J. B., G. C. M., E. C. E., Hutchings, Sir Alan, s.s.s. Hutchison, Maj.-Gen. Sir Robert, K C M G , C B , D.S.O., M.P.
Hutson, Sir Eyre, K.c.Me.
Hyderabad, Lt.-Gen. H.E.H. the
Nizam of, G.C S 1, G.B.E.

152 Im Thurn, Bir Everard F. & c. M. G., Kaul, Sir Daya Kishan, & R. E. K.B.R., C.B.
Indore, H.H. ex-Maharaj Holkar of, Kavanagh, Lt.-Gen. Sir Charles T. A.C.I.R. Communication, Raylong, Lt. Gen. Sir Charles T. M., & G.S., & Cv.O., D. 5. O.
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Jaora, H.H. the Nawab of, R.C.I B.
Japp, Sir Henry, R.B.E.
Jarmay, Sir John Gustave, R.B.E.
Jarmay, Sir John Gustave, R.B.E. Jeffreys, Maj.-Gen Sir George Darell, x o.v.o, c H., c M G. Jehangir, Sir Cowasil, x c 1 F., o B.F. Jekyil, Od Sir Herbert, x c M G. Jenkinson, Sir Mark Webster, x n E. Jerram, Adm. Sir T. H. Martyn, G.C.M.G., E.O B (m), O H (c). Jeudwine, Lt.-Gen. Bir Hugh S. Jind, Col. H H. Ranbir Singh, Rajen dra Bahadur, K C S 1., K.C.I E. Jodhpur, Maj. H H. the Maharaja of, c.c i.a., k.c.s i., k.c v.o Johnson, ('ol. Sir Robert Arthur. Johnson, Hon. Sir Wm Elliott, Johnston, Sir Frederick Win. KOIE, CS.I. Johnston, Sir Reginald Fleming, Johnstone, C.B.S.
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Kilpin, Sir Knest N., K.O.M.G.
Kinderniey, Sir Robert M., G.M.E.
King, Sir Alexander F., K.O. B.
King, Sir Alexander F., K.O. B.
King, Sir Alexander F., K.O. B.
King, Sir Henry Seymour, R.O. IE
Kingsnorth, Eng.-Reur-Adm. Sir
Arthur Fredk., E.O. R. B.
Kinnear, Sir Walter S., K.R.E.
Kirkpatrick, General Sir Geo. Macaulay, K.O.B., K.O. S.
Kinhan Iranhad, Mainaraja, G.O. K
Kitahan Iranhad, Mainaraja, G.O. K
Kitahan Iranhad, Mainaraja, G.O. K CB. Lt.-Gen. Sir Lancelot K.c v o., c.s., c n.c Kittermaster, Sir Harold Baxter, K H E , C.M.G. Knapp, Sir Arthur Rowland, K.C. 1. E C.S.I., C.B.E.
Knight, Maj.-Gen. Sir Wyndham
Charles, Kolle, C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O Charles, k c i E , c B , c S I . D.S.o Knox, Rt Hon, Sir Adrian, k o w.g. Knox, Mai -Gen Sir Alfred W. F KCB., CMG, M.P. Knox, Lt.-Gen Sir Chas. E., KCB Knudsen, Sir Karl Fredrik, KBE. Kolhapur, Lt.-Cot H.H. the Maha raja of, c.c s.t., c c t s. Kotah, Lt.-Col. H.H. Maharao of. G.C.S.I., G C I.B , C.B.E. Kutch, H.H. the Maharao of, g.c.s.I. Lagden, Sir Godfrey Y., x.o x c., Lake, Lt.-Gen. Sir Percy H. N., R.C. B.(M), R.O.M.O., C.M.(c). Lake, Sir Richard S., R.C.M.O. Lamb, Sir Harry H., c.B.*, R.C.M.O. Lamb, Sir John, R.C.B. Lambagraon, Lt. - Col. Raja of, K C.I.E., C.S.I. ambe, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Charles Laverock, s.c.s., c.s.c., p.s.c.
Lambert, Sir Geo. Bancroft, s.c.s.t.
Lambert, Sir HenryChas. M., s.c., s.c.,

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Laycock, Brig. Gen. Sir Joseph
Fredk, R.C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D.
Learmouth, Admiral Sir Fredk C., кне., сн. Leathes, Sir Stanley M , ксн Lee, *Maj - Gen*. Sir Richard P., RCB, CMG Lee, Hon. Sir Walter Hy., K.C.MG. Leetham, Lt -Col Sir Arthur, K.C.V. o., C.M.a Legard, Col. Sir James D., K.C.B. Lely, Sir Frederic S P., K.C.I.E., CBI Leng, Sir Hilary Howard, s.s.s. Leslie, Sir Norman A, s.s.s. Leslie, Lt.-Gen. Sir Walter Stewart, LCH, KBE, CM.G, DS.O Lette, Sir Wm Malesbury KBE. Levick, Sir Hugh Gwynne, K.H.E. Levinge, Sir Edward Vere, K.C.L., Lewis, Sir Alfred R., a n.z. Lewis, Rt. Hon. Sir John Herbert. G B R. Cam. Lewis, Hor Sir N. Elliott, k c m c. Lewis, Sir Wilmott, n s.c. Liddell, Sir Fredk. Francis, k c n. Liddell, Maj -Gen. Sir William A . KCNG., CB Limbdi, Thakor Saheb of, K.C.S.I., K C.I E Limpus, Adm. Sir Arthur Henry, K.c.n.c., c.n. Lindley, Rt Hon Sir Francis Oswald, Lindley, Rt. Hon. Sir Francio Oswaid, G.C.M.G., Ch., Ch.E. Lindley, Rt. Hon. Sir Ronald Charles, G.M.G. K.G.S., G.V.G. Lister, May Rt. Hon Sir Phillip Chnildre, on E. M. C. M.P. Liveney, Sir Harry, G.R.; Livingstone, Maj-Ges. Sir Hubert A. A., & c. M.G., C.B. Jewellyn, Sir William, G.C.V.O. P.R.A. P.R.A.
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Pennefather, T. U., R.C. B., A.M. S.
Lloyd, Rt. Hon Sir Wm. Fredk.,
R.O. M.G. BCL
Lloyd, Sir John H Seymour-, R.R.R., C.M.G., E.C.
Lobnitz, Sir Frederick, E.B.E.
Lockhart, Sir James H. S., K.C.M.G.
Loharu, Chief of, E. C.I.E.
Long, Brug-Gen. Sir Arthur, E.B.E., C.B., C.M G , D S.O. Longley, Maj -Gen. Sir John Raynsford, s.c. m.e., c. s. Loomis, Maj.-Gen. Sir John Rayns-ford, s.c. m.e., c. s. Loomis, Maj.-Gen. Sir Frederick O. W., s.c. s. c. m.e., p. c. W.ECR.CMG, DEC Lovett, Sir Harrington V., K.C.S.I. Low, Sir Charles E., K.C.E Lowndes, Rt. Hon. Sir George Rivers, k c s t. Lowrey, Sir Joseph, k.n.z Lowther, Maj.-Gen. Sir Henry Cecil, Lowther, Sir Henry Crofton, s.c. v o., K.C.M.G.
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Lumsden, Sir John, K.B.E., M.B.

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Macdonald, Col. Sir Murdoch,
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Mollwraith, Sir Malcolm, K C.W G.

Mockenzie, Sir Alexander, K.B E

Mackenzie, Sir Alexander Campbell, K C.V O , MUS.DOC Mackenzie, Maj.-Gen. Sir Colin J. McKenzie, Brig.-Gen Sir Duncan Mackenzie, Col Sir Robert C Mackie, Sir Horatio George Arthur, Mackintosh, Sir Ashley W., K.C.V.o, Maclagan, Sir Edward D. K c.s 1 Maclean. Rt. Hon Sir Donald, KBE, MP Macleay, Sir James William Ronald, Macleod of MacLeod, Sir Frederick Macleod, Sir James McIver, & BE c, n c Macleod, Sir John Lorne, c n n Macleod, Sir Reginald, a c n McLantock, Sir William, c n.s. McMahon, Id. Col Sir A. Henry, McMillan, Hon. Sir Daniel Hunter, Macmullen, Gen Sir Cyril Norman MacMunn, Lt.-Gen. Sir George F K.C.R., K C.S.I., D.S.O. McNabb, Surg Rr - Adm Sir Daniel J. P. K BE, C B Macnaghten, Hou Sir Malcolin M. K.HE. facucal, Sir Hector M . E B.E Maconachie, Sir Richard R., K B.E., McPherson, Sir Hugh, x c.1 E, c.s i McPherson, Hon. Sir William Murray, K B.E. Maffey, Sir John Loader, K c M G Magill, Col. Sir James, K.c.B Makins. Mai.-Gen. Sir George Henry. GCNG, CB, FRCS
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Malcolm, Moj-Gen Sir Neill,
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Marjoribanks, Sir Norman Edward, Marling, Sir C. Murray, GC M.G. C.B.
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Marris, Sir William S, K c.s.r. Marshall, Sir Arthur H , K.B.E Marshall, Lt.-Gen. Sir Wm. Raine, gcwg. k.c.a., k.cs; Martindale, Sir Arthur H. Martyn, Sir Honry L. K. C. vo., F. R. c. B. Marwood, Sir William F., R. c. B. Massingbord, Gen. Sir Archibald A Montgomery-, K C B , K C M C Masson, Sir David Orme, K B E. n sc, FR s

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George, x c s., o x.o

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Moberly, Sir Arthur N, KCIE, CBI,
Molt, Sir Thomas E, K.C.IE, CBI,
Mokshagundam Visvosvaraya, Sir, M.C.I.K. Money, Maj.-Gen. Sir A. Wigram, Monro, Sir Horace Cecil, a.c.s. Monsell, Com Rt Hon Sir Bolton M Eyres-, GRE, MP Montgomery, Rt Rev Bishop H. H., K G M G . D D Montgomery, Sir C Hubert, k c. w.c. Montgomery, Sir C Hubert, K. C. N. O., M. G. F. Bir Robert A Korr, R. C. M. G. C. R. Bir Robert Mooney, Sir John Joseph, E. F. Moore, Admin at Sir Archibad G. H. W., K. (R. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. O., C. R. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. V. (C. M.), C. GCB, GCVO, CMG Moore Sir Charles James Stevenson-Moore, Maj.-Gen Sir John, a c we. CB, RA, V (
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J, K. M. O. V. D., M.P.
Moore, Sir Win Harrison, K.B.E., CM.G., ILD Moores, Maj -Gen Sir Samuel Guise Guiso-, K.CB, KCVO., C.MG., RAMIC Morgan, Sir Horbert E., s.s.s. Morison, Sir Theodore, s.c.s.i., Morris, Sir Daniel, Rong Morris, Col Sir Wm. G, Rc.M.c. Morvi. HH the Maharana of. Morvi, i. ...
Muthol, Lt. the Raja of, E c i E.
Muthol, Lt. the Raja of, E c i E.
Muthammad Ahmad Sa'id Khan,
Awah, Sir, E c i E., M. B E.
Muthammad Akbar Khan, Maj.
Nawab Sii, E S E, C i E.
Muhammad Habibulla, Khan
Cit. E G S I, E C I. E. Nawao Sii, K. E. F. C. E. Muhammad Habibulls, Khan Bahadar, Sir, K. O. S. K. C. E. Muhammad Musammilullah Khan, Nawab, Sir, K. C. L. E. Muhammad Shah, Khan Bahadar Sir Mihammad Shah, Khan Bahadar Sir Mihammad Shah, C. L. E.

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Murray, Sir George, E.B.B.
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Norman, Surg.-Vice-Adm, Sir Wil-liam Hy., K.C.B., R.E.
Northey, Maj.-Gen. Sir Edward,
e.C.M.e., C.B.

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Olive, Sir James William, E.B.:
Henry Fras., ac S. (m), E.C.M., ac J. (d), W.C.,
O'B (d), W.C.,
O'B (d), W.C.,
O'B (d), W.C., E.B., LL D, M P. Ommanney, Admiral Sir R Nelson O'Neill, Sir Arthur E, K B E Opponheimer, Sir Francis, K C M G. Ofam, Eng - Vice-Adm. Sir Hy Orange, Sir Hugh William, & B.E CB, C.T E. Orr, Maj Sir Charles W J, K C M G Osborn, Sir Nathaniel F B, K.B F, Ottley, Rear-Adm Sir Charles L. RCEG,CE,WYO Ovey, Sir Edwond, KCMG, MYO Packe, Sir Edwd Hussey, Km.z Padua Sham Shore Jung, Rana Bahadur, Gen Sir, GBE, KCIP Paget, Rt Hon Sir Ralph Spencer RCMG, CVO Pahang, HH the Sultan of Paine, Rear-Adm. Sir Godfrey M. R.C.B., M V O Pakenham, Admiral Sir Wm Chris topher, d.c. B, K.c. BG, K c. v c. Palanpur, Maj H.H. the Nawab of, R.C.I.E., R.C.V O Palin, Maj.-Gen Sir Philip Chas Rung, Ca Palitana, Thakore Sahib of, Rung, Palmer, Col Sir Frederick, Rung, Panna, H H Maharaja of, s.c.i.s. Pares, Sir Bernard. s b s. Pares, *Maj.-Gen*. Sir Archibald, KUB Parr, Hon Sir Christopher James, K.C.M.G
Parry, Sir Fredk S, K.R.E., C B.
Partridge, Sir Cocil, K.R.F.
Patey, Adm. Sir George E., K.C.M.G. R.C.v.o Patiala, Maj.-Gen. H H the Maha-raja of, Go.s.i., GC.I.E, GC.v.o. Peacock, Hon Sir Alex J, R c. M G. Peacock, Sir Walter, R c v o. Pearce, Rt Hon. Sir Geo Foster. Revo Penra, Vice-Adm Sir Edmund R, K.R., c.B. Tears, Sir Steuart E, K. I. F. C.K. T Pearson, Gen Sir A Anbley, K.C. B. Peate, Sir Harry, K.B.E. Pedder, Sir John, R. B. C. B. Peden, Hon. Sir John Boverley, K.C.M.G. K.C., L.B. Peol, Sir Arthur Robert, K.C.M.G. Peel, Sir William, K.C.M.G. K.B.E. Peirze, Adm. Sir Richard H, K.C. B. (m), K.B.E., C.R.(C), M.V.O. K C V.

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Jocelyn, K.B. E., C.B., C.M.G., D.B.o.
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Petavel, Sir Joseph E., K.B.E. F. H. S. Peters, Sir Lindsley Byron, k n.z. Peyton, General Sir William Eliot, R.C.R., E. C.Y.O., D.E.O.
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Phillimore, Admiral Sir Richd. F.,
a.C.B., E.C.B.G., W...O.
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Powell, Maj. Gen. Sir Charles Herbt., B.C H Power, Lt -Col Sir D'Arcy, K B E Powers, Hon. Sir Charles, s.c m c. Prabhashankar Dalpatram Pattani, Sir, k c i E. Pratt, Sir John T , k s E , c s c Prendergast. Admiral Sir Robert John, R.C.B Preston, Sir Frederick G. P, K B E. Price, Col Sir Rhys H, K B E, C.M G, V D. Prince, Sir Alex Wm , K.B.E. Probyn, Sir Lesite, K c M g Proctor, Sir Philip B., K S.F Prout, Lt -Col. Sir William Thomas. Prvor, Maj. - Gen Bir rolling, Holland-, KCB, C.MG., D.S.O., Pulteney, Lt -Gen. Sir William P., G.C.V.O., K.C B , K.C M.G., D.E O.

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Radellife, Lt. Gest. Sir Percy P de B, K.C. B, K.C. M. G., D. S.O.
Rafter, Sir Chas. Haughton, K.B.E.
Rahim Bakhsh, Maulet, Sir, K.C. E.
Rahimtoola, Sir Ibrahim, K.C. S., CIR Rainy, Sir George, a.c.s.i., a c i s Raitt. Maj Gen. Sir Horbert A K.CIE, CH Raiendra Nath Mukharii, Sir. R.C.I.E., K.C.V.O.
Rajgarh, H.H. Raja of, K.C.I.E.
Rajpipla, Capt H H the Maharaja of, K c s.i. Rama Varma, H.H. Sir (ex-Raja of Cochin, c.c.s.i., c.c.i.e Rampal Singh, Raja Sir, k.c.t.e. Ramsay, *Lt -Col* Sir John, k.c.i.e. C M I. C s l. Ramsay, Sir Malcolm G., s.c s Ranjitsinhii Vibhaji, H.H. Maharaj of Nawanagar, c.c.s.r., c.s.z Ratlain, Col H H the Maharaja of, Rateall, Cot in in the Manda and off, G.C.I. E., K.C.S.I., K.C.V.O Raven, Sir Vincent L., K.R.E. Read, Sir Herbt, Jas., K.c. M.G., C.B. Ready, Lt.-Gen Sir Felix F., K.C.B., C S.I., C.M.G , D.S.O Redmayne, Sir Richard A. S. Roed, Sir Stanley, & B. E., LLD.
Roed, Sir Misson, s.c.v o.
Reid, Sir John, s.,s.s.
Reid, Sir William James, & c.l.e., CRI Rennie, Sir Ernest Amelius, K c x Reynolds, May Sir Percival Reuben, Salmond. Air Marshal Sir Win Geoffrey H., K.c.B., K.c.M.b., Rhodes, Col Hon Sir R Heaton, Rickard, Sir Arthur, E. H. E. Rickard, Sir Arthur, E. H. E. Rickard, Sir John S. K.B.E. Rickard, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir Horbort, R.B.E. Samuelson, Sir Horbort, R.B.E. Samuelson, Sir Horbort, R.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuelson, Sir John S. K.B.E. Samuels Ritchie, Maj.-Gen. Sir Archibald R. obb, Maj-Gen. Sir Fredk. S KCH, K.C.M.G., KCYO.
Roberts, Sir Alex. Fowler, K.B.E.
Roberts, Sir Arthur C., K.B.E.
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Rowlatt, Hon. Sir Sidney A. T., Shepard, Admiral Sir Thomas,
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Ruthven, Bryg-Ges. Hon Sh Alex. Shute, Lt.-tien. Sir Cameron D.,
ander Gore Arkwright Hore. Der,
ander Gore Arkwright Hore. Der,
Sitten, Bir James D., K. IR., C.S.,
Ryan, Sir Androw, K.R. F. CAMERIE.
Sikkin, H. H. the Maharaja of, Ryan, Sir Andrew, K.B F. C.N 4 Ryan, Sir Andrew, K.B F. C.N 4 Ryrie, Maj. Gen. Hon. Sir Granville de L., R. C.M.G., C.B., V. B. Sadler, Sir Michael E., R.C.S.I., C.B. St. John, *Lt.-Col.* Sir Hy Beauchamp, E.C. IF, C.B.F.
St. Johnston, Lt.-Col. Sir Thomas
Reginald, E.M.G. MYO

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Ronton, Sir Alex Wood, G.C. M. G., Sale, Sir Stephen Geo., B. C. I. E.

Simpkin, Sir Uswald R. A., K.S., M. C.

Sink, Count de, K.C. M. G., V.O., O. M. H., K.C., M. F. C.

Salis, Count de, K.C. M. G., V.O., O. Sir William, Sir Uswald R. A., K.S., M. F.

Solimond, Atr Chirf Marshall Sir Simpson, Sir John William, E. B.

John M., G. K., G.M., G., V.O., D. Sir William, Sir John William, E. B.

F. H. B.

F. H. B.

Sir Thomas, C. B.

Sir William, Sir Hours, John Worker

Sir Month Sir Hours, John Worker

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Sir Hours, John William Sarawak, H H the Raja of, G c. M Sarnwak, H H the Raja of, G.S.C., Win, F. C., C. B., D. S. O. Sarnwak, Sir Bayya Narasimhoshwura, Skevington, Sir Joseph O., K.C.V.O., Rao Bahadun, K. C. H. Rao Bahadur, K e K I.
Satow, Sir Harold E, K e H G, o H E Skinner, Maj -Gen Sir Percy Cyrlac
Savile, Sir Leopold H, K e B
Scallon, Gen. Sir Robert I., G C B, Sladen, Com. Sir Sampson, K, B K, G
Scallon, Gen. Sir Robert I., G C B, Sladen, Com. Sir Sampson, K, B K, Scott, Maj Gen Sir Aithur Binny, Smith, Adm. Sir Aubroy C. H. Scott, Col Sir Buchanan, K C.I B. Scott, Hon Sir Ernest S, K C.M G., W 1. 0 Scott, Sir J George, K C I E Scott, Sir Robert R, K C E., C S I. Scott, Lt - Gen. Sir Thomas Edwin,

Setalvad, Sir Chimanial Harilal. Seton, Sir Malcolm C. C. E.C.B. Sovern, Sir Claud, R. S.E., c M G. Shackleton, Sir David Jas, R.C B. Shahpura, Raja of, R.C I.E. Shams Shah, Nawab Khan Bahadur Sir, K.C I.E , I 8.0. Share, Paym. Rear-Adm. Sir Ham-net H, K R E., CB, RK Sharpe, Sir Alfred, K.C M G., CB, Shaw, Lt.-Gen Rt Hon. Sir Fredk, Chas., K c B.
Shea, Gen. Sir John S. M., G c B. Shipway, Sir Francis E, K.c v.o. Sillom, Maj Gen Sir Arnold F., K.C.M.G., C.B Simmons, Sir Percy Coleman, K C.V.o Simon, Rt Hon, Sir John Allsebrook, Simpkin, Sir Oswald R. A. K.S.B. Simson, Sir Henry John Forbes. Sinclair, Adm. Sir Edwyn S. Alexander-, G (B, M V O, A D C cen. Sinclair, Lt · Col Sir Walrond A. F., K.B.E. Admiral Sir Morgan. Sirmur, Lt -Col. H H Maharaja of, Sirohi, H H Maharao of, K.C.R.I. Sitamau, H.H. the Raja of, K.C.R.I. Skeen, General Sir Andrew, K.C.R. Skelton, Eng. Vice-Adm. Sir Reginald R.N. Slater, Sir Alexander Rausford, Smith, Hon Sir Charles George, Smith, Sir Frank E. KCB., CE. Smith, Sir George, R. C.M. G Smith, Sir H. Llewellyn, G. C Smith, Sir Harry, E. R. Smith, Sir Harry, E. R. Smith, Sir James Joynton, R. R. Smith, Lt. Sir Keith Macpheron, Smith, Sir Malcolm, K.B.E.

Smith, Maj.-Gen. Sir Sydenham C. U., R.C.H.G., C.H. Smith, Sir Thomas J., R.H.E. Smith, Maj.-Gen. Sir Wm. Douglas. E.C.B., E C V.Q. Smith, Sir Wm. Rose, E.c V.o , C.B. Smith, Sir Sydney A. Armitage E.E.F. C.E. Smith, Sir J E. Masterton. E.C.E. Smith, St. J E. Masterton. E.C.E. Smith, Rt. Rev. John Taylor., E.C.E., C.v. G., D D. Smyth, Maj.-Gen. Sir Nevill, V. P. E.C.E. Sir Saniuel A., E.C.I.E., C.S.I. Snagge, Sir Harold Edward, E.S.E. Snell, Sir John F. C., G.B.E., M.I.C.E. Snow, Lt.-Gen. Sir Thos. D'Oyly, Somerville, Sir William, R.B. E., D.Sc Sonpur, The Maharaja of, R.C. I.E. Souleby, Sir William Jameson, Sparks, Sir Ashley, s.s.r.
Sparks, Sir Ashley, s.s.r.
Spencer, Sir Harris, k s.r.
Spender, Lt. Col.Sir Wilfrid B., k.c.s. c M.E., D 8.0, M C Spickernell, Paym. Capt Sir Frank Todd, K B K., C.B. D S O., R. N Spinks, Maj -Gen. Sir Charlton W., E.R.E., D S.O. Spring, Sir Fras. Edwd , K c 1 z Squires, *Hon*. Sir Richard Anderson, R.L.M.G., R.C. Stamp, Sir Josiah C., G.R.E. Standen, Sir Bertram P., R.C.I.E., Standing, Com. Sir Guy, E.B.E. R.R.V. E.
Stanford, Col. Hon. Sir Walter
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Stanistroot, Maj. Gen. Sir Geo. Bradshaw, X.B.R., C.R., C.M.G., N.B.
Stanley, Hon. Sir Arthur, G.B.E.,
C.R., N.V.O.
Stanley, It - Col. Rt. Hon. Sir
George F. G.C. B., C.M.O.
Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley, Stanley Stanley, 12 - Col. Rt. Hon. Sir George F, oc. 1 a., c M o. Stanley, Sir Herbert James, a c M o. Stanley, Sir John, s.c. 1 a., a c Stanley, Adm Hon. Sir Victor Albert, a c B, M.V.o. Stanton Maj.-Grb. Sir Henry E., Startin, Admiral Sir James, k c B Stavort, Sir William E., k n.e. Stawell, Sir Richard R, k.s. M.B. Stoel, Air Vice-Marshat for some Miles, a. s. s. c. s., c. s. c. s. Stein, Sir M Aurel, a.c. i.s. Stephens, Lt. Gen. Sir Reginald B Air Vice-Marshal Sir John g.c.s, c.m.s. Stephenson, Sir Hugh Lansdown K C.S I, K C I E. Stern, Lt.-Col. Sir Albert G., K B E. C.M.G. Stewart, Lt. Col. Sir Edward, E.E. Stewart, Sir Charles John, E.E. Stewart, Maj.-Gen. Sir Jas. Marshall E C.B., E C.M C. Stewart, Col. Sir James P.M. Purves-, E.C.M.G., C.R., M.D Stewart, Maj Gen. Sir John H Keith, R.C.B., D.S.O Stewart, Sir Kenneth Dugald, K.R.E Stewart, Sir Samuel Findlater, E.C.I.E., C.S.1 Stileman, Rear-Adm. Sir Harry, Stiles, Col. Sir Harold J., K M.E., M.n Stirling, Hon. Sir (John) Lancelot, Stonor, Hon. Sir Hy. Julian, s.c.v o Stopford, Maj. Gen. Sir Lionel A. M., E.C.V.O., C.E.
Storey, Sir Thomas James, E.E.
Stores, Col. Sir Ronald, E.C.E.

QB B.

Stow, Sir Alexander Montague, Thursby, Admiral Sir Cevil Flennes. Strachey, Sir Charles, Komo, c.B Strakosch, Sir Henry, c n.z Streatfeild, Col Sir Henry, c c.v o , Street, Hon. Sir Philip Whistler,

E. C. M. G. M. G. C. V. O. C. R.

Timpson, Sir John, R. R.

K. C. M. G. Todhuntor, Sir Chas Strickland, *Lt.-Gen* Sir E Peter K.C.R., K.R.E., C.M.G., D.S.O. Strohmenger, Sir Ernest J. K. S. B. Stuart, Maj.-Gen. Sir Andrew M. K.C.M.G., C.B. Stuart, Lt.-Col. Sir Campbell, Stuart, Lt -Gen Sir John Theo-dosius Burnett-, R.B.E., CH. CM.G. D 4 0 Stuart, Mai Gen. Sir Robert Chas. O., k.c.s.i.
Stubbs, Sir Reginald E., c c m c
Sturgis, Sir Mark B R , k c B
Sutherland, Rt. Hon. Sir Wm., Swann, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Oliver. Swat. The Wali of, R R E Swettenham, Sir Frank A , G c M G , Swettenham, Sir J Alex., x c m c Swinton, Maj-Gen Sir Ernest Dunlop, k.B.r , CB , D & O. Syken, Maj -Gen Rt Hon Sir Fredk H, G, IE, GBF, E.C. B, L.M.G.
Sykes, Sir John Chas, G, K.C. B
Sykes, Brug-Gen Sir Percy M,
K.C. IE, CB, CM
Synnes, Lt.-('of Sir George Stewart, EBE, CEG, DEO Symon, Hon Sir Josiah H, EGMG Symonds, Sir Charters J, EBE CB, MB Symons, Sir R Fox-, E.R.F., M.R.(.S. Symons, Moj-Gen Sir Thomas Hy Talbot, Sir Gerald Francis, & c v.o., Taylor, Sir William, K.B.F. c B. Taylor, Sir William, K.B.F. c B. Taylor, Sir William, K.B.F. c B. Taylor, Hon Sir Will. F. Kyffin, Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir, K. C. Theiler, Sir Arnold, K c M c. Thom, Sir William, K B R Thomas, Sir Charles John Howell, Thomas, Sir John Lynn-, K.B.F., C B C.M.G., F.R.C.S. Thomas, Sir Thomas Shenton W. K C M.G., O.B F. Thomas, Sir Wm. Beach, K.B.E. Thompson, Sir John Perronet, R C.I E , C S 1. Thompson, Sir Percy, a s e., c s Thomson, Sir Basil H, a c.s Thomson, Col. Sir Courtauld, a.s.s. C.R. Thomson, Sir Francis Vernon, E.B.R. Thomson, Sir Graeme, G.M.G. Thomson, Lt -Gen. Sir Win Montgomerie, K c.M G , C B , M C Thornhill, Lt.-Col Sir Hy Beaufoy Thornton, It -Cot Sir Edward N Thornton, 12-66 Sh Edward K REF, M.R. (5)
Thornton, Sir Hy Worth, K.B. E.
Thornton, Sir Hy Worth, K.B. E.
Thornton, Sir A. Theodore, K. C.
Thuiller, Maj-Gen. Sir Henry F KCB., CMG

Thurston, Sir T George O., K. # E. Thwaites, Gen Sir William, K.c. #, Tilley, Rt. Hon. Sir John A. C. George. Toker, May-Gen Sir Alliston C., Tower, Sir Reginald T, s.c.w.c., 6 7 0 Townley, Sir Walter Beaupré, Townsey, Kc M of Townsend, Sir Rogtinald, Kc B of Townsend, Sir Rogtinald, Kc B of Townse, Cupt Sir [E) Best heroft Beckwith, 476, K a v o , c. k. K Troherne, Maj. Gen. Sir Francis Troherie, Maj. Gen. Sir Francis Harper, K. C. M. G., A. M. S. Tritton, Sir Seymour B., K. B. E. Trotter, Maj. Gen. Sir James K., RCB, CMG.
Troup, Sir Edward, KCB, K.c.v.o
Truter, Sir Theodorus Gustaff, Tucker, Lt -Gen Sin Charles, a c B., 46.70 Tudor, May -tien Sir Henry Hugh. Tudor, Adm. Sir Frederick Charles Tudor-, R.C.R., R C N C Tupper, Admiral Sir Reginald G (), Tupper, Admirus Sir regiman G. O., G.R. R. E. B., C. O.
Turnbull, Lt. -Col. Sir Hugh S. K. R. E.
Turner, Sury. Rear-Adm. Sir George
R. K. S. (m), I. S. (c)
Turner, Sir Joseph, K. R. E.
Turner, Lt. -Gen. Sir Bichard E. W.,
276 Turpin, Sir William G, K.c.s. Twigg, Sir John, a c 1 a. Tytler, Maj Gen. Sir Harry C. KCB, CMG CIE, DEO Udaipur, H.H the Maharana of, G C B.1 , K.C.I.R Umar Hayat Khan, Malik, Col Sir. Uniacke, Lt-Gen Sir Herbert C C. KCB, KCMG Valadier, Maj Sir Auguste Charles. K B E., C.M G Van Ryneveld, Lt -Col Sir Helperus Andreas, K B E., D S O , M.C. Vansittart, Sir Robert G., G.C.M.G. Van Straubenzee, Maj-Gen Sir Casimir Cartwright, x B.E., C B., Maj Gen Sir Vaugnan, Lt -Gen, Sir Louis Ridley, K C B., K.B F , D S O Venkatagiri, Mansubhdar of, Maharaja, K c i r Verney, Sir Harry Lloyd, K.c.v.o Verney, Sir William Henry Venables, esey, Maj Gen Sir Ivo Lucius Beresford, KBE., CB, CMG, Iliaraghava, Acharya, Diwan Bahadar Sir Tiruvalangudi. Vincent, Brig Gen Sir Berkeley, Vincent, Sir Wm H. Hoare, G C 1.E. K C.S.1. Yvyyan, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Arthur Vyell, K.C.S., D.S.O Waddell, Sir Charles Graham, K s. s Wadia, Sir Nasarvanji Navroji; Waistell, Adm. Sir Arthur K., E C B. Wake, Admiral Sir Drury St. A., M.C.I.E., C.B. Walker, Sir Alexander, M.B.E.

Walker, Sir Charles, a c n.
Walker, Maj-Gen Sir George T
Forestier-, a c s
Walker, Sir- Herbert Ashcombe, Western, Mai -Gen Sir Wm Geo Weston, Mc M.G, C.B.
Weston, Lt. Gen. Sir Ayliner G
Hunter, K.C.B., DSO, MP
Wheeler, Sir Henry, K.C.S. K C.H Walker, Sir James, g.c.i g g.c.i k. Walker, Lt.-Gen. Sir Harold B., Whigham, Gen. Sir Robert D R.C.B., R.C.M.G., D.S.O.

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White, Col. Sir William Hale,
R R. R, N D
White, Rt. Hon. Sir Wm Thomas, C.M.G.
Wallace, Sir Lawrence, K B R.
Wallers, Sir Ewelyn Ashley, K B.P.
Wallington, Sir Edward Wan. KCMC
KCMC
Whitehouse, Sir George, k.c. B
Whitelegge, Sir Benjamin Arthur, G.C V O , C M G Walsh, Sir Charles Arthur, K B.E. Walton, Hon. Sir Edgar Harris, Walton, Hon. Sir Edgar Harris, w nuceiesge, on account of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of Wardrop, Sir John Oliver, KBE, Wigram, Col Sh Clive, KCB. Wigram, Lt -Gen. Sir Kenneth Ware, Maj -Gen Sir Fabian A G Warren, Sir Norcot, K.C.I. R Wilberforce, Brug.-tien. Sir Herbert Waterhouse, Sir Nicholas E. E.R.E., C.R., C.M.G. Wilford, Sir Thos Mason, E C M G Waterhouse, Sir Ronald Dockray, w.c. Wilkinson, Maj Sir Nevile R. K. B., C. W. O., C. V. O. Wilkinson, Maj. Sir. Nevile. R., Watson, Sir. Alfred William, K. G. R. A. O., F. R. Watson, Sir. Chas. Cuningham, Wilkinson, Maj.-Gen, Sir Porcival S. Col Sir Chas. Gordon Wilkinson, Sir Russell Facey K C I.R , C S I Watson, Watson, Col Sir Chies, Gordon Keyo Gordon, Ker, Cwa, Free's Keyo Watson, Maj.-Gen Sir Harry D., Willooks, Sir William, Kewo, Willook, Col Sir William Henry Watson, Adm. Sir Hugh Dudley Richards, & c B. C. V. C. C. B. Watt, Hon. Sir Thomas, & c M. G. Watts, Lt.-Gen. Sir Herbert E., Willert. Sir Arthur, K s.r Williams, Brig.-Gen Sir Arthur J Herbert E., Allen, R B E. ( M C. M. I. L. Williams, Sir Exan Owen, R. R. Sir Arthur Williams, Maj.-Gen. Sir Godfrey, Watchope, I.t.-Gen Sir Arthur Grenfell, E.C.B., CMG., CIE, K C I.E., C.H. Williams, Maj.-Gen.Sir Hugh Bruce-Waugh, Sir Alexander Telford, Williams, May Gen Sir John Han-Webb, Col. Sir A. Lisle Ambrose, bury-, a c v o , k c s., c. n o Williams, Lt.-Col Sir John L V Welbb, Adm. Sir Richard, R.C M.G.
Welbb, Adm. Sir Richard, R.C M.G.
Welgall, Lt.-Col. Sir (William Ernest Wilson, Maj-Gen. Sir Alexander, George) Archibald, a c m.c. k c s Welby, Lt-Col. Sir Alfred C. E., Wilson, Lt. Col Sir Arnold T. K.H.E., C.R., C.R., C.R., D.R.O. Welch, Surg - Rear-Adm. Sir George, Wilson, Sir Henry Francis, K.C.M.G. weigh, yary rear-Agm. Sir George, whosh, on reary Francis, k.c.M.d., k.g.M.d., c. B.
Wellesley, Sir Victor A. H., k.c.M.d., Wilson, Lt.-Gen. Sir Henry Fuller
G. B.
Wemyss, Capt. Sir (M.) Francis Wilson, Sir Horace John, k.c.B., Wernher,

Wilson, Col. Sir Murrough J, Wilson, Hon Sir Reginald Victor. Wilson, Brig -tlen. Sir Samuel II , GCMG, E.C.B., E.B.E.
Wilson, Rt Hon Sir Guy D A. Fleetwood-, GC1F, E.C.E., ECMG. Wilson, Sir Charles Stewart-, Wilton, Sir Ernest Colville Collins, E C M.G Wingate, Sir Andrew, a c 1.2. Winter, ('ot Sir Ormonde de l'Epec, Winterbotham, Sir H K C S 1 Wittencom, Hon Sir Edward Horne, ксма Wodehouse, Maj Sir Edwin Fredk, Wood, Lt.-Col. Sir Jas Wm Leigh-Wood, Sir John Barry, & C.L.R., K C V.o., C.L.I. Woods, Sir James Williams, K.R.R. Woodward, Maj.-Gen Sir Kdward M., E.C.M.O., C.B Woolicombe, Lt.-Gen. Sir Chas Louis, E.C.B., E.C.M.G. Woon, Gen. Sir John Biaxell, Worthington, ('o' Sir Edward S, & C.E., Edward, St. Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Edward, S, & C.E., Wortiey, Lt -Gen Hon, Sir Richard Montagu-Stuart-, R c.n., R.C.M.6., Wright, Sir Alexander Kemp, Wright, Sir Almroth E , k.s.s., c k., Wyndham, Sir Percy C H . K C M &. C B., M V O Wynne, General Sir Arthur Singleton, a c. B Wynne, Sir Trevredyn Rashleigh, Wyon, Sir Albert W, KBE Yapp, Sir Arthur K., K.R.E. Yarr, Maj.-Gen. Sir (M.) Thomas, K.C.M.G., C B., A.M.S. Young, Sir A Henderson, c.c.m c., Young, Rt. Hon Sir Edward Hilton, Young, Lt.-Col. Sir Frank Popham, A.B.E., C.I.E. Young, Sir Win Douglas, K.B.E., Younghusband, Lt -Col. Sir Francis

# THE MILITARY KNIGHTS OF WINDSOR.

# Royal Foundation.

Governor, Mal.-Gen. Carteret W. Carey, C.V O., C.R.R.

Lt.-Col. T. L. Coxhead, D.S.o., Brig.-Gen. C. B. Norton, C.M.G., Lt.-Col. W. E. Webb, D.S.O. DSO. 0, B. R. Brig.-Gen. C. C. Onslow, C.B. Col. H. H. Rogers, D S.O. Lt.-Col. A. W. Waite. Lt.-Col. A. C Jackson. Lt.-Col. J. H. Martin, D.S.O. Lt.-Col. A. C. Money.

Brig. Gen. E. H Finch-Hatton, C.M.G., D.S O. (z vacancy.)

# mames Grand Cross and Dames Commanders of the Graek of the British Empire.

NOTE.—Dames Grand Cross (G.B.E.) and Dames Commanders (D.B.E.) are addressed in a manner similar to that of Knights Grand Cross or Knights Commanders, e.g. "Miss Florence Smith," after receiving the honour of G. (or D.) B.E. would be addressed as "Dame Florence," and in writing, as "Dame Florence Smith, G. (or D.) B.E." Where such award is made to a lady already in enjoyment of a higher title the appropriate letters are appended to her name. c.g. "The Countess of _____, C.B.E." Dames Grand Cross of the British Empire rank after wives of Baronets and before wives of Knights Grand Cross. Dames Commanders rank after the wives of Knights Grand Cross and before the wives of Knights Commanders.

#### DAMES GRAND CROSS AND DAMES COMMANDERS.

Aberdeen and Temair, The Marchiness of, a n. z.

chioness of, a n. z.

drille, The Dowager Countess of, a n. z.

anpthill, The Lady, c.f., a.n. z.

Anderson, Dame Adelaide Mary,

Authority, Dame Katherine, a n. z.

Anderson, Dame Katherine, a n. z. DER, Home Adonate Maly, DER, Austruther, Hon Dame Eva isabella Henriette, DER, Autrobus, Edith Marion, Lady, DER, Arnott, Chodine, Lady, DER, Atholi, The Duchess of, D.R., MF Hon Dame Eva Isa-Bailey, Hou Dame Mary, Da.z., Barnett, Dame Henrietta, Da.z. Becher, Dame Ethel Hope, Q.B.F. Bedford, The Duchess of, DRE RRC. Bevan, Mon Dame Mand Elizabeth, n s k. Bridgeman, Caroline Beatrice, Vis-Countess, D B E.
Brittain, Dame Alida Luisa, D B E.
Browne, Dame Sidney Jane, Q B.F., Buller, Dame Andrey Charlotte punior, Daine Madrey Charle Georgiana, p. s.e, s.e.c. Burnett, Dume Maud, p. s.e Butt, The Marchioness of, p. s. s. Butt, Dume Clara-see Rumford. Buxton, The Countess, c. p. s. Campbell, Dame Janet Mary, D B E., и в. Casson, Dame Sybil (Sybil Thorndike), D B.E., LL-D Cavan, The Countess of, D B E. Chamberlain, Dame Ivy Muriel, GRE Chelmsford. The Viscountess, c.n.z Chisholm, Dame Alice, D B.E. Cook, Mary, Lady, D H.E. Cox, Dame Belle, D H.E. Crowdy, Dunne Rachael Eleanor, J.B.E.E., B.H.C. Crulckshank, Dame Joanna Margaret, p.s.r., s.s.c. Curson of Kedleston. The Marchioness, c. B E. Darnley, Florence Countess of, D.H F. Davidson, Margaret Alice, Lady, D.B.E Dawson, Aimée Evelyn, Lady, c n E. De Sausmarez, Annie Elizabeth, De Sausmarce, Almes Allessown, Lady, o R. R. Dhar, H H the Maharani of, D. R. E. Dixon, Edith, Lady, D. R. E. Donner, Anna Maria, Lady, D. R. E. Dorrien, Olive Crofton, Lady Smith. D.B.E.

George, Dame Margaret Lloyd, g B.E Godinan, Dame Alice May, D B E Gosford, The Howager Countess of, D H.R Greenwood, Maijone, Lady, nnr Greville, Hon Dame Margaret Helen, nnr Grimston, Dame Madge Kendaln.R.E. Harcourt, The Dowager Viscountess, GRA. Harrowby, The Countess of, DRR Hennessy, Dame Una Constance Pope. If B E. Hoare, The Lady Mand, D.B.E Houston, Lady (Lucy, Ludy Byron), D B.E.
Hudson, Dame Mary Elizabeth, o B F
(The Viscountess Northellife)
Hughes, Dame Ethel Mary, a B E
Humphrys, Dame Gertrude Mary, Hunt, Dame Agnes Gwendoline BBE, RRC
Hunt, Dame Catherine Reeve, DRE
Jekyli, Agnes Lowndes, Lady, DRE
Jorsey, The Dowager Counters of, B B F Kendal, Dame Madge, see Grimston King, Dame Ethel Locke, D B E Knight, Dame Laure, D B E A R A Lausdowne, The Downger Mar-chioness of, Cl., G.B.E., V.A., Cl. Lawrence, Hon Damo Maude Lees, Daine Sarah Ann, D B E Leicester, The Countess of, D B E. Lennox, Lady Algernon (Jordon-Liverpool, The Countess of, G B E Livingstone, Dame Adelaide, D.B F. Loudonderry, The Marchioness of, Lumsden, Dame Louisa Innes, Dane Jame Beatrix Margaret
Hudson, Gas
Lyttelton, Hon. Dame Edith, Gar. McCarthy, Dame Emma Maud. G R.R., R.R C. McIlroy, Dame Anne Louise, D R.R. Mair, Dame Sarah Elizabeth Siddons, D.B.E., Li.D.

Mount Stephen, The Lady, D s z Narsingarh, II Ii the Rani-Regent of, DRE Novar, The Viscountess, gran O'Dwyer, Una, Lady, D B E. Oliver, Boryle, Lady, D B E. R B C Oram, Dame Sarah Elizabeth, n. B E , RRC Paget, Louisa, Lady, G.B.E. Pearson, Ethel Maud, Lady, D.E.E. Pontoso, Dame Emily, D.E.E., D.C.L. Pontland, The Lady, D.E.E., Philipotts, Dame Bertha, D.B.E., Phipps, Daine Jessie Percy Butler Wilton-, D H E. Roid, Dame Clarissa Guthrie-, D B E Roid, Flora, Lady, e n.E. Rhondda, The Viscountess, D B.E Rice, Dame Margaret Ker Pryse-Ridley, The Dowager Viscounters, DRE Roberts, The Countess, D B E Rumford, Dame Clara Butt-, D B E Shakespear, Dame Ethel Mary Roader, DBE, DSC, Simpson, Dame Florence, D.Br. Smith, Dame Anne Beadsmore, D.B.E., RRC Smyth, Dame Ethel Mary, DBE., Stradboke, The Countess of, D H F. Strickland, Dame Barbara, n E E Swift, Dame Sarah Ann, c.n E , R E.C Talbot, Dame Moriel Lucy, b.n.z., Talbot de Malahide, Isabel, Lady, DRK. Vaughan, Dame Helen Charlotte Isabella Gwynne-, g s.r. (Civil), D B r. (Military) Waldegrave, The Countess of, D H R Walker, Dame Eadith Campbell. DB E. D h 2.

Watorford, The Dowager Marchioness of, o h.z., Louise, D h.z.
Webster, Danne May Louise, D h.z.
Weblock, The Lady, o.h.s.
Willingdon, The Counters of, o h., o s. s. Wills Dame Janet Stancomb-, p n. s. Wingate, Caroline Leslie, Lady, p s.z. Wordsworth, Dame Elizabeth, p.s.z.

Massey, Dame Christina Allen, Melchett, The Downger Lady, D.E.F Monro, The Hon Lady, DEE Montrose, The Downger Duchess of,



# Unights Bachelor.

A LIST OF THE GENTLEMEN WHO HAVE BECEIVED THE HONOUR OF KNIGHTHOOD. (Exclusive of such as have afterwards received the higher honour of K.C.B., &c., q.v.)

Note.—Knights Bachelor are addressed as "Sir —" (Christian name), and in writing as Sir A.—. (Christian and surname). Wives of Knights Bachelor as Lady — (surname only). B-, (Christian and surname).

Abdul Husain, Khan Bahadur Sir Abdul Karim Abu Ahmed Ghuznavi, Hajı

Anan Guunner, Andre Rahadar Shrik Sir. Acton Hon Sir Edward. Adam Sir James, N. F. K. C. Adams, Sir John, L. D. Adams, Sir John L. L. D. Adams, Sir John Coode. Sir John E. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. G. M. Adams, Sir John Coode. Adamson, Sir John E., c. m. c. Agar, Sir Francis. Aird, Sir John Airey, Sir Edwin. Aitchison, Sir Stepher

Stephen Harry. H Muhammad Khan All Muhammau
Dehlavi, Sir
Allam, Sir H Montagu, c v.o.
Allam, Sir H George Hason
Allen, Sir George Hason
Allen, Sir Thomas Wm.
Allen, Sir Thomas Wm.
Allen, Sir Richard J.

C.u.s.
Allom, Sir Charles Carrick.
Alston, Sir Charles Ross
Ambalawanar Kanagasahi

Ames, Sir Herbert Brown. Anderson, Sir Alex. Jas

derson, Sir Manrice M V.O. nderson, Rt. Robert N. Hon. Sir Sir Charles dersson.

Andersson, Sir Charles Liewellyn, o B r. Anderson, Sir Francis Robt. Andrewes, Prof. Sir Fredk William, o B r. N D r R A Angell, Sir Ralph N Angier, Sir Theodore V S Annepu Parasurannadas Pa-tro Garu, Rao Bahadur,

Šir. Anthony, Sir John. Appleby, Sir Alfred Armstrong, Sir Charles H. Ashdown, Sir Curtis George Aspinall, Sir Algernon, C.M.G., C.B.R. Aspinall, Sir J. Audley F. Astbury, Rt. Hon. Sir John

Meir. tcherley, Liewelly May. Gen Sir Atcherier, May.-Gen Sir Llewellyn W., c.m a., c.v.o Atkins, Sir Ivor A., mus.doc. Avory, Hon. Sir Horace E. Ayling, Sir Wm Bock. Ants-ud-tin Ahmad, Khan Bahadur Quri Sir, c.i.e.,

o.n.z , 1.s.o. Badgerow, Sir George Wash

ington, c.u.g., c v.o. Bagge, Maj. Sir Richard L. D.S.O.
Baillie, Sir James B., O.B.E
Baker, Sir Alfred
Baker, Sir John, M.D.
Ball, Sir Albert.

Rall, Sir Albert.
Ballantyne, Sir Henry.
Ballinger, Sir John, C s E.
Banatyala, Col. Sir Hormas
jee Eduljee, C a. I. I. M s
Banerji, Sir Albion Raj kumar, c.B., c.l.s.
Bankart, Sir Alfred S., m.s. e
Bankart, Sir R. Mitchell, E. c.
Bantock, Sir Granville Bantock,

D. MUS. Barber, Hir E. Pairless Barber, Sir George Wm Barclay, Sir Harry John, Barclay, Sir Thomas, p.L., Barker, Capt. Sir I) Wilson Barker, Sir Henry Edward Barker, Sir Herbert A Barker, Sir Rayner Childe,

CIE

Barnes, Sir Frederic Gorell.

MD.

Barnes, Sir Thomas Jas, Blain, Sir Herbert Edwin,
CS.E.

Barnett, Lt.-Col Sir Louis Barnett, LL-Vot Six Arca, Edwd, c M G, F H C M, Barr, Sir James, c H K, M D Barran, Sir Rowland H Rarratt, Sir Albert Barrow, Sir Samuel Barth, Sir Jacob William

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Dingwall. Batten, Sir John Kaye. Bayer, Sir Horace

Bayley, Sir John.
Beard, Sir Lewis
Heare, Sir Thomas Hudson
Beardsell, Sir William A.
Beasley, Sir Howard C

O B E.
Beattle, Sir John Carruther
Beattly, Sir Kenneth James
Beauchamp, Sir Harold,
Beaumont, Sir John W F

E C
Bearley, Sir Charles R.
Beck, Sir A Cecil T
Beck, Sir Raymond
Becker, Sir Fredk E R
Begbie, Sir James
Beharrell, Lt -Col Sir John Geo., p.s.o. Belcher, Si Sir Charles E

Beicher, Sir Uniano 2, 0 B E
Bell, Sir Ernest A. S., c I R.
Bell, Sir James, c v o.
Bell, Sir James,
Bell, Sir John Perguson,
Bell, Sir John W Anderson,
Bell, Sir John W Anderson,
Bellhouse, Sir Gerald, c n.,
Bencraft, Sir Henry W R
Bennett, Hon. Sir Charles
Alan.

Bennett, Sir Courtenay W g f.E. Bennett, Capt. Sir Ernest

Bennett, Sir F Sowerby.
Bennett, Sir Henry Hony
wood Curtis, g c
Bennett, Sir Norman God Hennett, Sir Norman God frey, M.R.C. S. Bennett, Sir Reginald. Benson, Sir Frank R. Berkeley, Sir Maurice J Berry, Sir Geo Andress, M.P. Berry, Sir James, 1. R. C. S Bertram, Hon. Sir Anton

K C. Bethell, Sir Thomas Robert Bethell, Sir Thomas Robert.

Biffen, Sir Rowland H. F. R.S.

Bigger, Sir Edward Cosy.

Biggs, Sir Albert Ashley.

Billimoria, Sir Shapurji

Bomanji, M.B.E.

Birchall, Maj. Sir John D. T D., M P.

Bird, Sir Harry.
Bird, Sir Harry.
Bird, Sir Hilliam B M.
Birkett, Sir Thomas W.
Biron. Sir Hy Chartres.
Black, Sir Arthur Wm
Planker Sir Geo. F., G.

Blair, Hon Sir James Wm

Blair, Sir Reginald. Blair, Sir Robert. Blakeway, Lt.-Col Sir Denys

Blakeway, Lt.-Ool Sir Denys Bloomfield, Sir Reginald T Bloomfield, Sir Reginald T Bolan, Sir Robert A. on r. Bolan, Sir Robert A. on r. Bolan, Sir Charles Herough Bonner, Sir Charles Hero, Booth, Sir Charles Her, Booth, Sir Charles Ht. Hon. Sir A. S. T. Griffith. Boxe, Sir Jagadis Chandra, C. S., O'l.

Bose, Sir Jagadis Chandra C 81, C1 F Bourne, Sir Frederick Samuel A, c Ma Bovell, Sir Henry Alleyne Bowater, Mar Sir Frank Bowater, Sir William Henry Bowen, Sir John Cuthbert Grenside,

Bower, Sir Percival, M.R.E. Bowring, Hon Sir Edgar R Bowring, Sir Frederick Charles

Charles
Bowser, Hon Sir John
Bowyer, Capt. Sir Geo E
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St John
Branson, Hos. Sir George
A H.
Brass, Capt. Sir William, M.P.
Bray, Sir Edward Hugh,
C.S.L.
Brett, Sir Cecil M W., c s
Brevitt, Sir Horatio
Brickdale, Sir U Fortesoue
Bright, Sir Charles, * M S E
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Broadway, Sir Alam Brice.
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Brown, Sir Edward, LL D
Brown, Sir Wm. Nicholson.
Brown, Sir Wm. Nicholson.
Browne, Sir George Washington, * F & Sa CrichtonBrowning, Sir Jeffrey, c B E,
18 O.

Bruce, Sir Robert.
Bruce, Sir Robert.
Bruce, Sir Wallace.
Brunton, Sir William
Bruton, Sir James.
Bryant, Sir Francis Morgan C v o , c.B.E., I s.o Bryceson, Sir Arthur Beni Buchanan, Sir George S CB. MD
Buck, Sir Kdward J., c.n.e.
Buckland, Sir Hy James
Buckland, Sir Philip Lind

say. Buckleton, Sir Henry. Budge, Sir E.A. Wallis, Litt. p

Bird, Sir Charles Hayward, Bulmer, Sir James William. Burdon, Sir Ernest, c s.t., Burn, Sir George, Burn, Sir Richard, c s.i. Burnet, Sir John Jas , s A Burrell, Sir William

Burrows, Sir Stephen Montagu, c i r

January, Sir Sephen montague

Burton, Sir Montague

Burton, Sir Pomeroy

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Burton, Sir Guillam J. M

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Burton, Sir Guillam J. M

Butherined, Sir Fredk, W. L.

Buttern, Lt. Col. Sir John

Henry, C. M. O., M. A.,

Butterworth, Sir Alex Kaye.

Cahn, Sir Julian.

Calamur Viravalli Kumara
swami Sastri, Divan Ba
Addar, Sir James Charles.

Calder, Sir James Charles.

Callaghan, Sir Alfred J. Callaghan, Sir Thomas O Cameron, Sir D Young. R A Campbell, Sir Archibald H Campbell, Sir John, cs1.,

ORE
Campbell, Sir Malcolm.
Cann, Sir Wm. Moore
Carden, Sir Willoughby L.
Carey, Sir Willoughby L.
Carkeek, Sir Arthur
Carleon, Sir Alexander

Carlyon, Sir Alexander Keith. Carmichael, Lt. Col, Sir Jas, Forrest H., C M G , C, B K, Forrest H., c M G , c, R R, arncross, Hon. Bir Walter C. F , v D C. F. v D Carpenter, Maj Sir Archi-bald Boyd Boyd .

bald Boyd Boyd . Carpenter, Sir Hy. Cort H. Carr, Sir Emaley Carr, Sir Hubert Winch Carr, Sir William Carruthers, Sir William Carter, Sir Frank W., Cl.E.,

Carter, Sir William. Carter, Hon. Sir Wm. Morris, C B.

Cabe. Cator, Sir Ralph B. P. Caulcutt, Sir John Caw, Sir James Lewis, Chadwick, Sir David T, Cal., c.i.n Chadwick, Sir R. Burton.

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Charles, Hon Sir Ernest Bruce, c a.k. Chatterton, Sir Alfred, c i.k. Chaudhuri, Raja Sir Mau-matha Nath Ray. Cherry, Sir Benjamin I. Chettur Sankaran Nayar, Sir, c r R Chevis, Sir William, Uhhaju Ram, Chandhri Sir,

Chilcott, Chilcott, Lt.-Com Sir H. Warden S., R N.V.R. Chitty, Sir Charies William. Choksy, Khan Bahadur Sir Nasarvanji Hormasji,

Chow Shou Son. Sir.

Croics, Sir James of Croics, Sir James Churchman, Sir Wm. Afred. Croics, Sir James Qlarks, Sir Wm. Ovens Qlarks, Sir E Percival Crandall, Sir William Hy Cramps, Crandall, Sir William Hy Clarke, Sir Ernest Michael. Cullinan. May. Sir Thos Major, p. 8, p. 8, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 18, p. 1 Clarke, Sir Geoffrey Rothe, Ca.I. o B., Clarke, Sir Thomas Basil.
Clarke, Sir Thomas Basil.
Clausen, Sir George, x A.
Clausen, Hen Sir Albert
Charles, c a., Clausen, Hen Sir Albert
Charles, c a., Color, Charles, c d., Charles, c d., Charles, c d., Charles, c d., Charles, c d., Charles, c d., Charles, C., Charles, C., Charles, C., Charles, C., Charles, C., Charles, C., Le, Y. D.
Colar, Charles, Charles, V. D.
Colar, Charles, V. D. Clutterbuck, Sir Peter H., C.J.R., C. R.K., Y. D. Coakes, Sir James, H. B. Coakes, Sir Leonard James. Cocke, Sir Hugh Golding, Cockerlin, Brup.-Gm. Sir George Kynaskon, G. R. W. Cokenline, Sir Walter Hrbt. Cohen, Sir Berlj. Arthur, k Cohen, Sir Lewis Cohen, C. R. G. R. Henry Walter G., Car., C. C. Daniel.

Connor, Lt.-Col Sir Frank
Powell, D.S.O., FRCS.

Conway, Sir Martin, M.P.

Conyngham, Col Sir Gerald
P. Lenox, R.R.

Cook, Sir Edward Mitchener, C.S., CIR
Cook, Sir Ernest Hy, n.sc
Cook, Hon, Sir Tasker K
Coonne, Sir Thomas Melrose
Cooper, Sir Thomas Edwin, ARA, FRIBA Cornwallis, Col. Sir Kinahan C.M (., C B.R., D.S.O. Cory, Prof Sir Geo E Cotterill, Lt -Col Sir J Montagu, c. n.c., F n c.s. Cotton, Sir Harry Evan Auguste, c r n Auguste, c 1 E ouch, Sir Arthur T Quiller Couper, Sir John Chas, M 1.0, 0 R P. Court, Sir Josah, M D Coventry, Hon Sir Regd.

Knights Bachelor. Okristophers, Col. Sir Samuel. Cripps, Hon. Sir R., Stafford,
R. C. L. R., O. N. L., I M. S.
Cribbe, Sir Lawrence WensLay.
Crooks, Sir James
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Crooks, Sir J Major, p. 8.0 Ouming Sir Arthur Herbert. Cundiff, Sir Wilham. Cunliffe, Sir Joseph Kerbert. K C. Curris, Sir William Craw ford Ingle, Sir N Grattan, mp Cumaden, May.-Gen. Sir Drayton, Hon. Sir Hy Lum-Cusa aden, Maj. Gen.
tierge, v.,
Cussen, Hon Sir Leo F B
Drummond, Prof Sir David,
Dahal, Sir Barior Jamshadji
Dalal, Arader Sir Bomanji
Dalal, Sir Badisa Merwanjes,
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Ilanos, Sir George
Daniel, Sir John.
Ibanneuther, Sir Sigmund, Javies, Bir Aired T., C.R. P. Davies, Sir David S. Javies, Sir George Edmund Javies, Sir George Edmund Javies, Sir Henry, o. S. L. S. Davies, Sir Highard, c. B. Davies, Sir William, avs. D. Davies, Sir William, avs. D. Davies, Sir William Rees-Davis, Sir William Rees-Davis, Sir Churles Henry Lavis, Sir Edmund, Davies, Sir Edmund, Davies, Sir Steuart S., o. s. o. Davies, Sir Steuart S., o. s. o. Davies, Sir Steuart S., o. s. o. Davies, Sir Steuart S., o. s. o. Davies, Sir Steuart S., o. s. o. Davies, Sir William Herbert Dawson, Sir Chas Simon Davy, Sir William Herbert Dawson, Sir Arthur J., o. S. S. S. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir St. Davies, Sir S Edward, o s , c. m o Edwards, Sir George, o s r Eggnr, Sir Henry C , m,v o Ellite, Lir - Col Sir Charles Henry Brabason Heaton-, Ellusen, Lt.-Col. Bir Herbert, o s. E. Elphinstone, Sir Lancelot H Elerston, Sir Lancelot H Elerston, Sir Harold Enskine, Sir James M. Monteith. Essex, Sir Richard Walter, Etherton, Sir George H Evans, Sir E Vincent, CR Evans, Hos Sir John William, CNG Evans, Sir Robert C. Evans, Et Cold Sir Thos John Carry, Mc, LMs. Ryans, Sir Walter, Evo Hos Sir H Trelawney Evertt, Sir Perry Winn Everitt, Sir Clement, Exershed, Sir Sydney Herbt, Exers Hos Charles C.B E.
Dawson, Sir Philip, M F.
Deancon, Sir Henry W, C.R.E.
Deance, Sir Hoe Campbell
Deane, Sir Thos Manly
Deedee, Lt. Col. Sir Wyndham Henry, C.M.G., D.B.O.
De Frece, Sir Walter, M.F.
de Fretes, Sir Anthony, G.R.E.
tlf. O.B.E. C.BE Cownis, Sir John W
Coventry, Mon Sir Regt.

Win, & C Wan, Sir Win Henry.
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Galles, Bir Charles G.

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Nawab Arbab Sir, 6 Ag.
Dowliggin, Sir Herbert, C at G, B C, Sir Begene,
L C M G,
Sir BanneneeC, c B
Downer, Sir Hatold G.
Downer, Sir Arthur H, M D,
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Downer, Sir Stanford Ed.
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Down H, M Stanford Drayton, Hon. Sir Hy Lum- | FRIBA | Parteret E. | Pletcher, Sir Carteret E. | Plumumond, Prof Sir David, Fletcher, Sir E. Ernest. | CBV., n.c. | Fletcher, Com Sir E. Lionel, CBE, HNR Flitcroft, Sir Thos Evans Flower, Sir Dennis Dennis Forbes Lt -Cel Sir William. Ford, Sir James Henry Forrest, Sir John Wm., o s.E. Forster, Sir "hos Edwards. K C Foster, Sir Harry Seymour Foster, Sir Montagu R. W T D Foster, Sir William, c 1 R Fowlds, Hon. Sir George, CRE CRE Fowler, Sir George Jefford Fox, Sir Frank, o B r Fox, Sir John Charles, Francis, Sir John Fraser, Sir Gordon Fraser, Sir Hugh Stein, Fraser, Sir Hugh Stein, Fraser, Sir John Foster, raser, Sir John George. Fraser, Sir Matthew Pollock, s.o
Fraser, Sir Matthew Pollock, s.o
Fraser, Sir James George,
6 M. F th
Fremantlo, Sir Selwyn
Howe, c.s. 1 c.r. vb,
French, Capt Sir Homston, C.v.o. Frere, Sir Bartle H. T. Monteilh.

Seece, Sir Hichard Walter,
Etherton, Sir George H., Front, Sir Arthur Hy.
Evans, Sir Alfred Henry
Evans, Sir Arthur J., P. R.
Evans, Sir Evans, Sir Koht, Howard.
Evans, Sir E Vincent, c R.
Evans, Sir Evans, Sir Koht, Howard.
Evans, How Sir John (Gallagher, Sir William) C a. 1 s o Galloway, Sir David James Gammell, Sir Sydney James Ganesh, Dutta Singh, Babu Gardiner, Sir Robert S Garland, Sir S Archibald. Garned, Sir S Archibald. Garnest, Sir (J ) George. Gastrell. Li - Coi Sir Wm. Houghton., C.s.G. Gauvain, Sir Henry John,

Godfrey, Sir Geo Cochrane. Hamilton, Sir Daniel M. Godfrey, Sir Joseph E. M.R. Hamilton, Sir James Goenka, Roi Bahadur Sir Hamilton, Sir Robert Wm Gedfrey, Sir Joseph E. San Georka, Reh Bakader Sir Hamilton, Sir Kobert Wm Hari Ram, C. L. E. Golf, Sir Fark, K. C. M. P. Gold, May Sir Archibald G. Walter, Sir Frank Handlore, Lt.-Col. Sir Harry Walter, Gullan, Sir Hy C. C. E. F. Hansell, Sir Edward Wm Goode, Sir Richard
C.MO. (1928
Goodenough, Sir Fruncis
Win, c n E
Goodwin, Sir William V
Gradwell
Ran Bahada
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Harur, Fin
Harper, Sir Edgar Josiali
Harrington, Rt Hon Sir
Stanley
Harrington, Sir Flwd, Richard Goodwin, Sir William v Gradwell Gord Nath. Bas Bahadar Harrson, Sir Edwd. Richard Gordon, Hon. Sir David John.
Gore, Col Sir St. John Coct., Sir Benjamm S Gott, Sir Benjamm S Gott, Sir Benjamm S Hartley, Sir Pen wallforton Sir Lenry Sir Charles Sir Charles Henry Sir Hartley, Sir Henry Sir Hartley, Sir John Martin. Sir Hartley, Sir John Martin. Gould, Mr. Col. Hon. Sir Albert John, v.p Gour, Sir Hari Singh, p.c.: Govind, Balvant Pradhau, Govind, Dinanath Madgam kar, Sir. Gower, Sir Robt Vanghan OBE, MP Graham, Sir Aubrey Gregor Graham, Sir Cocil W N Graham, Sir J Crosland Graham, Hos. Sir Thos Lynedoch. Graham, Sir William Gram, Sir Peter Granum, Sir Edward Allan, Grunnum, Sir Edward Allan, C. N. O. Gray, Mig. Sir Ernest Gray, Sir Reginald, s. c. Greaves, Sir William Ewart. Greaves, Sir William Ewart. Greaves, Sir William Ewart. Greaves, Sir J. Iditle, o. s. K. Greer, Sir J. Iditle, o. s. K. Greer, Sir Harry. Greet, Sir P. R. Ben. Greer, Sir Harry. Greet, Sir P. R. Ben. Gregory, Sir John Roger Burrow. Greiz, Col. Sir James Win. Greig, Col Sir James Win CB, KC, VD Greig, Sir Robert B, LL D. Grey, Sir Geo Duncan, tt D. Grice, Sir John Grice, Sir John Grierson, Sir Andrew, 9 5 C Griffin, Sir Charles James Griffin, Sir Henry Dalv Griffith, Sir Francis C Griffith, Sir Francis C.S. 1, O.B.E. Griffith, Sa John Parser Griffith, Sar W. Brandfo CHE Grundy, Sir Cuthbert C Gunson, Sir James Henry сми, св.е vi, Sir Joseph Angs (vi. Sir Joseph Angs. Maung Hacking, Sir James Hadow, Sir Frederick Austin C vo. Hadow, Sir William Henry Car, mus b lagges, Sir James Ellison lagges, Sir Harry laddane, Sir William S Hall, Sir Henry, 1 s o. Hall, Sir Hingh, liallett, Sn F. Greville, o, s. E Halliday, Sir Fredk, Loch, Hamer, Sir Wm. Heaton м.в. Hamilton, *Maj*. Sir Colling-wood George C , м г.

Hinchcliffe, Sir James P.
Hissam - ud - din Bahadur, John, Sir Edwin, c n E
May Sardar Wutrendut
Nir, c.t.z., i n s w
Hodgson, Sir William
Hogg, Sir Malcolm N
Holler, Sir Gerald Fitzroy,
N, a.c. (Lord Sands) K ( Holberton, Sir Edgar J c s.r. Holdsworth, Sir Charles. Holdsworth, SirWm Searle Holland, Sir Edward John M D. Holt, Capt Sir Hy Gisborne Holt, Sir Herbert Samuel Hood, Sir Alexander Jaivie Hope, Sir Harry Hopkins, Sir Frederick G D 80 Hopkinson, Sir Alfred, & Hopwood, Sir William Hordern, Sir Samuel Horne, Sir Jas Allan. Hornell, Sir William W Sir Hornsby, Sir Bertram C B. F Horridge, Hon Sir Thos G Horwood, Hon Sir Win Hy Hose, Sir John Walter, c 8.1 W m Harvey, Sir John Martin-. Haslain, Sir John, Mr Hastings, Sir George, M. p. Hastings, Sir Patrick, R. c. Hatt, Sh. Harry Thomas Hanltain, Hon. Sir Fredk Ho Tung, Sir Robert Houston, Sir Thos, o B M D. Howarth, Sn Alfred Howarth, Sn Alfred Hudson, Sir Laslie Sewell Hughes, Sir Thomas Raffles Highes, Sir Thomas Raffles Wm Gordon Haward, Sir Henry E. Hawke *Hon* Sir John An thony
Hawkey, Sir Alfred James
Hawkina, Sir Anthony Hope,
Haye, Sir Marshall, Hughman, Sir Ernest M Hulbert, Sir Charles Hume, Sir George H, M.P. Humphery, Sir John Hatward, Sir Fred Head, Sir Henry, M.D., 11 b Headlam, Capt Sir Edward Humphreys, Hon Sir Tra 100 Hum, hries, Sir Albert E Humphries, Sir Sydney R White Janes, C 4.1 . C M.c. D 5 0. Raines, Carlon Raines, Raine Readd, Sar Benyamin Herbert, v. D. Hearn, Col. Sir. Gordon Rudes, c. 12., p. 8.0 Heaton, Sar Joseph John Hedstrom, Sar John May Hungerford, Wilson. Hunt, Su John, o u i Hunt, Su John Joseph Hunter, Sir Mark Somers Hurd, Sir Archibald Hurst, Sir Gerald B, k Helme, Sir Norval W. Henderson, Prof Sir James B Henderson, Sir Robert H м г. Hussey, Sir George Hutchinson, Sir G. Thomp Hussey, Sir George
Hussey, Sir George
Hitchinson, Sh G. Thompi
Son.
Hyde, Sir Clarendon G
Hydet, Sir Francis Adams
Hyslop, Sir Hobert, Murray
inglesden, Sir Chales
Cast.
Inelis, Sir Edward Mauger,
Cast.
Inelis, Sir Albemarle P
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No. 10 C.1 E Henderson, Sir Thomas Henderson, Str Thomas Henderson, Lt.-Col Si Vivian L, Mc, Mr Henderson, Sir William, c Henry, Col Sir William D Henry, Col Sir William D.

(Lie, V. D.

Henry-Rol Sir Harry An Henry Sir Harry Alf

Herry Sir Fracey Alf

Herdman, Hon Sir Alexan

der I.

M v. O.

Heyman, Sir Herman M.

Ham, Sir Fred

Irwin, Sar John

Ham, Sir Herman M.

Ham, Sir Fred

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Ham, Sir Fred

Irwin, Sar John

Sir, Janes Colquidonon, Carlo Sir Sannel

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Sir, Janes Colquidonon, Carlo Sir Sannel

Irwin, Sar John

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Jackson, Sir Janes Hathy, Sir John

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Jackson, Sir Herry, Mr.

Jackson, Sir John

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Johnson, Sir Benjamin S Johnson, Sir Stanlev. Johnson, Sir Stanlev. Johnston, Sir Christopher N, a.c. (Lord Sands). Johnstone, Sir Robert S. Jones, Sir George W. H., at J. Jones, Sir Pendrill Charles Varrier. Jones, Sir Robt, Armstrong, Jones, Sir Robt. Armstrong, Junes, His Honour students of Jones His Honour Attennes, a Copic Sir Win G Yarworth Joseph Capt. Sir F I Estrange, care inowite, it then Sir Win Atten & G. Allen, k o.
Juhus, Sir Geo Alfred
Jury, Sir William F.
Jwala Prassa, Ras Bakadar, Kunga, Sir Jamahedji Beh ramji. Kuter, Hon Sir Norman Wm Kay, Nar Josoph Aspelen Kay, Sir Robt. Newbald. Kay, Sir William Kave. Lt. -Col. Sir ('ceil, C.S.I., C.L., C.B.-Kearney, Sir Francis Edgar. Keeble, Sir Fraderick Wm., Keeble, Str Frederick Win., c.n.r., k.s. Keeling, Str High T., c. s. Keightley, Sur Samuel R. Keightley, Sur Samuel R. Ketth, Sir Arthur, w.n. Ketth, Sir Henry S Kelly, Sir Henry Greene Kelly, Sir Patrick A, c. k. Kelly, Sir Samuel, c. s. Kelly, Sir Samuel, c. s. Kelly, Sir Thomas Kemp, Sir Jos Horsford, c. s. p. k. c. Kemp, Sir Jos Horstor, 6 B P, K C Kemp, Sir Norman Wright, Kemedy, Sir Alex McA, Kemick, Sir Geo Hamilton Kent Sh Walter G, 6 B E Keily, Sir Duncan M, Kershaw, Sn Leonard Wan, Keshav Prasad Singh, Ma-karaya Bahadar Sir, et E. Keymer, Sir Daniel Thos, Knox, Lt.-Col. Sir James Stuart, o a g Kole Sir Nene Emmonuel Mate Konor of Manya Krobo, Kothari, Sir Jehangir Hor-Kothari, Sir Jehangir Hor-mani, o s.r. John Gilbert Kotze, Sir Robert Nelson Kriehnarajapuran Pale-gondal Puttama Chetty, Invora Bahadar Sir, c s.z. Kurma, Rus Bahadar Sir, venkuta Reddi Nayudu Lacey, Sir Francis Eden.
Lala Sita Ham, Ran Bahadar, Sir.
Lamb, Sir Horace, r a s
Lamb, Sir Jos. Quinton, M.F
Lambert, Sir Arthur Wm. Lang. Hon Sir Frederic W Langerman, Sir Jan W. S. Langton, Hon. Sir George iangton, Hon. Sir George Philip.
laporte, Hos. Sir Hormisdas.
larmor, Sir Joseph, v. ns.
lacelles, Sir Alfred Geo Lathlain, Sir Wm Francis.
lander, Sir Harry, Lavery, Sir John, n.a.
Law, Bir Alfred Joseph, m.p.
Lawrence, Sir McL. Hon. Sir Paul Ogden.
Sir Walter. Lawrence, Sir Walter. Layton, Sir Walter Thos Legge, Sir Watter Thos. C H., C B.E. Ledgard, Sir Henry. Lees, Sir Wm Clare, c.B.E. Legge, Sir Thomas Morison o.B.E., M.D. Leggett, Maj. Sir Edward H. M., D.S.O Leishman, Sir James. Leishman, Sir James. D 8 0 , v. D , M.D Lemieux, *Ho*n. Sir François Macgregor, Sir James Comyn, Xavier, I.L B Lennard, Sir Thos. Joseph Lennard, Sir Fiennes Cecil Arthur Barrett. Leslie, Lt. - Col. Sir Bradford, 0.B E. o.B.E.
Levison, Sir Leon.
Levista, Lt. Col. Sir ('ecil
Bingham, c.B.r., w v.o.
Levy, Sir Albert,
Levy, Hos, Sir Daniel, LL.B
Levy, Sir John Arthur
Lewis, Sir Andrew J. W. L. LL.D. Lewis, Sir Thos., c.b.z., m.D Leys, Sir Cecil. Lidiard, Sir Herbert Lindsay, Sir Benjamin Lindsay, Sir D'Arcy, o b F Linthorne, Sir Richard Janthorne, Sir Richard Roope, c.n., P Lister, Sir Fredk, Spencer Idthiby, Sir John, c. n Idttle, Sir Ernest G Graham, M.D. M.P Livingstone, Sir Richard Winn, Winn.
Lloyd, Bir John Buck
Loblott, Bir Wm. Geo., on H
Lochore, Bir James.
Lockhart, Bir Robit C,
Lockyer, Sir Nicholas Col
ston, c n.e., 180,
Loige, Bir Oliver, r n.
Lodge, Prof. Sir Richard.
Logan, Bir Ewen R
Longstaff, Bir John,
Lord, Bir Walter Greaves
K.C., M.P K.C. M P orden, Sir John William. Lorden, Sir John William, Lougher, Sir Lewis Love, Sir Joseph Clifton Love, Sir Sidney James Lowe, Sir Sidney James Lowey, Sir Arthur Belmore, Lucas, Hos. Sir Edward, Luke, Sir John Pearce

McAuliffe, Sir Henry T.
F.C.A.
McCardie, Hon Sir H.
Alfred.
McClean, Li-Col Sir Francis Kennedy
McCowan, Sir Javid.
Maccoy, Sir John.
McCullagh, Sir Crawford,
Macdonald, Sir Jonald.
McCounled, Sir James Gordon Aux McEwen, Mus Doc. McFadyean, Sir Andrew McFadyean, Sir John. MacFarland, Sir John Hy. McGavin, Maj. Gen Sir Ilonald Johnstone, c m.G., Macgregor, Sit James. Comyn.
O M G
Machin, Sir Stanley.
McKay, Nir ticonge Mills.
McKay, Nir ticonge Mills.
MacKennes, Sir James, O E
Mackennete, Sir White.
Mackinder, Rt. Hon. Sir
Halford J.
Mackinder, Rt. Hon. Sir
Halford J.
Mackinder. Hon. Sir Frank Mackinnon, Hon, Sir Frank Douglas MacKinnon, Graham Granam Mackintosh, Sir Harold Vincent Macklin, Sir James Maclachlan, Sir Thomas J.L. Maclan, Lt. Col. Sir Ewen John, M n McLean, Sir Robert, Macleod, Sir Norman C Macmillan, Sir Frederick O McMullan, Sir Thomas W McNaghten, Sir Henry Pel-ham Wentworth McNess, Sir Charles Mucphail, May, Sir Andrew o m K , m n Macpherson, Sir Duncan J erbt. ior, Hon, Sir Charles Herbt.
Major, Hon. Sir Charles
Henry
Mallet, Sir Charles Edward
Mallet, Sir Chaude C., c. M.
Anandeberg, Sir G. Charles.
Mann, Sir Donald Daniel.
Mann, Sir T. Juncombe.
Mannath Krishnan Nayar,
Juncom Rahadur Acayani.

Sir

McAnally, Sir Henry Wm., Marston, Sir Charles, R.C., Martel, Brig. Gen. Sir Charles, L.C., Martel, Brig. Gen. Sir Charles, L.C., Martel, Brig. Gen. Sir Charles, L.C., Martel, Brig. Gen. Sir Charles, L.C., Martel, Sir Amberson B. Martin, Sir Charles James, McAulife, Sir Henry T. F.C., McCardie, Hon Sir H. Mazon, Sir James, McCardie, Hor Sir Hand, O.R.P. Matthews, Sir Heribert Matthows, Sir John B. R.C. Maugham, Hon. Sir Frederick Herbert Matthows, Sir Sir Frederick Herbert Matthows, Sir John B. R.C. Maugham, Hon. Sir Frederick Herbert Matthows, Sir John B. R.C. Maugham, Hon. Sir Frederick Herbert Matthows, Sir John B. R.C. Mawson, Sir Douglas, O.R., Mawson, Sir Douglas, O.R., New York, Martin, Sir Moles, M.C. Mawson, Sir Douglas, O.R., New York, Martin, Sir Moles, M.C. Martin, Sir Moles, M.C. Martin, Sir Moles, M.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Miles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, R.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, A.C. Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Martin, Sir Charles, Mar McDonald, Sir James Gorbert, Sr. 1 s., don. c s. c s. s. Maxwell, Sir John, c s.c. Maxwell, Sir William.

Francis Joseph
May, Sir Chichester Gould, Francis Joseph Macdonell, Sir PhilipJames. Macdonell, Sir Alexander Maclean, McEwen, Sir John B. Mef, Sir William Morrely, Sir James. Meff, Sir William Mehta, Sir Lallubhal Samal Melitertshagen, Sir Ernes Mellor, Sir George Melrose, Sir John Melvin, Sir Martin John Mendl, Sir Charles. Menendez, Maj Sir (M ) Ray niond Mercieca, Hon. Sir Arturo LL D Merriman, Sir Frank Boyd, Meyer, Sir Robert
Michelli, Sir James, c M a
Middleton, Sir John Page.
Miers, Sir Henry Alex
Mifsud, Sir Ugo Pasquale Percy 11.D Miles, Sir John Charles, Miller, Hon Sir Edward Miller, Sir Francis Henry Miller, Sir Frederick Daw Miller, Sir Frederick Daw-son, R. G.
Mills, Sir William
Mirzs Zaffur Ali, Khas-Hahadar, Sir
Mitchell, Sir John
Mitchell, Sir John
Mitchell, Sir William LaneMitchell, Sir William Lane-M P Mitter, Sir Brojendra Lal Mitter, Sir Provash Chandrs Capherson, Sir John, c E. Modi. Skams-ul-Ulama Si. Macpherson, Sir Norman M. Javanji Jamshedji, c i E. Mackett, Martes, c. i , i.s. Sir Molleno, Hon. Sir James McWatters, Sir Arthur Rollyneus, Sir Percy. Modi, Shams-ul-Ulama Sir | MacWatt, Maj.-Gra. Sir Molteno, Hon. Sir James Robert Charles.C.). L. M.S. Tennant, K.C. McWatters, Sir Arthur Molyneux, Sir Fercy. Cedi. C. M. Money, Sir Leo Chioxza. Money, Sir Leo Chioxza. Money, Sir Leo Chioxza. Charles Lane, C. M.G. C. E. J. W. C. V. D. C. R.C. M. Money, Sir Frederick Charles Lane, C. M.G. C. E. J. W. C. V. D. C. R.C. M. Money, Sir Frest Wm Herbt. Major, Hon. Sir Charles Montagu, Sir Ruthven G. Montenders Sir Ruthven G. Montenders Sir Ruthven G. Montenders Sir Matthew Montgomery, Sir Matthew Walker Moody, Sir George Edward James Lower, Sir Adrety Sames
Lower, Sir Atthur Belmore.

Laces, Hos. Sir Edward.
Luke, Sir John Pearce
om. A.

Luke, Sir John Pearce
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Moune, Hon, Sir Alfred Bishop, K.C. Morris, Sir Frank. Morris, Sir Harold Spencer, M.H.E., K C.
Morris, Sir Samuel M.,
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## THE VICTORIA CROSS. FT.

Ribbon, Crimson for all Services.





The Victoria Cross was instituted in 1896, on the close of the Crimean War, and extended in 1891 and 1892. The decoration is worn before all others, on the left breast, and consists of a bronze Maltese Cross, 13/2 inches in diameter, with the Royal Crown surmounted by a lion in the centre, and beneath there is the inscription "For Valour." A special annuity of \( \frac{1}{2} \) as year is granted to every recipient below Commissioned Rank, with an additional \( \frac{1}{2} \) a year for every bar, such barbeing added for additional acts of bravery which would have entitled the recipient to the Victoria Cross if he or she had not already received it. In the eyent of an annuitant being unable to obtain a livelihood on leaving the Service, the amount of the annuity may be increased to \( \frac{1}{2} \). In 1821, the right to receive the Cross was extended to Indian soldiers, and in 1820 a Royal Warrant extended the right to Matrons, Sisters and Nurses, and the Staff of the Nursing Services and other services pertaining to Hospitals and Nursing, and to Civilians of either sex regularly or temporarily under the orders, direction or supervision of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of the Empire.

#### A LIST OF SURVIVING RECIPIENTS.

Addison Boy Wm Robt F (CF) Gt War	1916 Bye, Ser gt. Robert (Welsh Gds.), 6.1 War	
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Adlam, Capt. Tom Edwin (Bedf. R.), Gt H ar	1916 Byrne, Pte. Thomas (sist Lancers), Sudan	2898
Agar, Com. Augustine W. S., p.s c., (R N ), Gt.	Cattrey, Pte. J (York, and Lanc. R.), Gt. War	1012
Taking Come Linguistine in the single and for any	Caldwall Ganet Minner of amount Van & D. C.	-7-3
War 1	1919 Caldwell, Sergt. Thomas (Lanark. Yoo. & R.S Co.	
Alexander, MajGen. E. W., c.s., c.m.c. (R.F A.),	Fus ), Gt War	TOT R
Cla Man	1925 Calvort, Sergt. Laurence, M.M. (K.O. Y.L.I.), (it. War	
Gt War	1918 CHIVOIL, SPIPE. LAUTEHOO, M. M. (K. C. I. L. I. ), VI. WWT	1918
Allen, Maj. Wm Barnsley, D.S.O. M.C., M.S., (R.A.M.C.), Gt. War  Amey, Corpl. William (R. War R.), Gt. War	Campbell, Reas - Adm. Gordon, p.s.o. (a bars), M.P.	
(PAMC) Of War	1926 (R.N.), Gt War. 1928 Campbell, Col. John Vaughan, a m a., p s.o., a d.c.	
(R.A.M. C.) Go // W/	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	1917
Amey, Corol William (R. War R.), Gt. War z	igis Chinpbell, Col. John Vaughan, g n g., d s.o., a d.c.	
Andrew, Capt. Leslie W. (N. Z. Inf.), Gt War x	1917 (Coldstr Gds.), 64. War 1915 Carmichael, Scryt. John (N. Staff R.), 64. War.	
Andrew, Car. Desire W. (N. 2. Int.), Or War.	Contact Guest, tri. I to	1610
Angus, L -Corpt W (H L.1.), Gt War	iers' Carmichael, Sergt, John (N. Staff R.), 67, War.	1017
Archibald, Napper Adam, (RE), Gt War z	1918 Carpenter, Rr. Adm Alfred Fras B., Gt War	6
Architetti, rapper Attain, to E , or was	outpender, Mr. Aute Ens IL, W. Will	1910
Auten, Lieut Com. Harold, p.s.c., (R.N.R.),	Carroll, Pte. John (Aus. Inf.), 6t Was	1017
Gt War 2	1928 Cartwright, Pte George (Aust.), 6t War	
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Axford, LCorpl, Thomas L., M.M. (Aust. 1.F.), Gt	Cator, Seigt. Harry (E. Surr. R.), Gt War	1917
War 1	1918 Chafer, Pte George W. (E York R.), 6t War	
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Aylmer, Lt Gen Sir Fenton J, Bt., R.C.B.,	Chatta Singh, Sepoy (Bhopal Inf.), 6t War Christian, Pte. Harry (K. O. Royal R.), 6t War.	DIGI.
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(R.E.), Hunsa-Nagar. Barrett, Maj John C. (Leic R.), Gt. B ar	ing Children, 2 it. Littly in Children in it.	1910
Barrett, Mai John C. (Leic R ), Gt. Bar 1	1918 Christie, L. Cpl John Alex. (Lond. R.), Gt War	2615
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Barter, Capt. Fredk. Mc. (Indian Army),	Clements, Corpl J J (Rimgth's Guides), 8 Africa	1900
Gt War 2	1915 Cloutman, Maj. Brett M , M c. (R E.), 61 War.	Bzez
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Bassett, Incht. Cyrii it (1 (N. Z.), Gt. War I	1915 Coffin, Maj dien. Oliflord, on, D.s.o. (R.E.);	-
Beak, Maj. Daniel M. Wm., p.s.o., w.c., (R. Scots	61 Was	TATE
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Fus ), Gt. War	igis Collins, Sergi. John, D.c. (R. Weich Pus.), 111.	
Bees, Corpl. W. (Canad. Inf.), S. Africa	Igoz War	TOTA
Daniel In William (Die Limba ) 414 Hours	1918 Coltman, L. Cpl William H, p.c. M., M.M.	-9-/
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Beet Corpl II. Gt War	1928 (N. Staff, R.), Gt. Was 1925 Colvin, Capt. Hugh (Chesh, R.), Gt. War 1992 Colvin, Col. J. M. Colquboun (R. E.), Mohamand	BLOI
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Hell. Lt. Col. F W. (W. Australia). S. Africa	zeoz : Colvin, Col. J. M. Colquboun (R.E.), Mohmand	1807
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Bellew, Capt. Edward D (Brit. Columbia R.),	Confort, and Date. Date and Inches to Co., Cr. Will.	1917
Gt. War	1915 Coppins, Corpl Frederick George (Manitoba R.).	
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Bishop, LtCol. William Avery, n.s.o. (Der), M.c.,	D.S.O. (I A), Malakand 1927 Counter, Corpl. Jack Thomas (King's R.), Gt. War. 1928 Coury, Lt. Gabriel G. (R A F.), Gt. War.	1807
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Blackburn, Lieut Arthur S (Australia), Gt War	**** Coverdole I. I. Herry ww (Mench R ) (It	
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Bloomfield, Capt. Wm. Anderson (S. Africa),	War	1017
Bloomfield, Capt. Wm. Anderson (S. Africa),	War	1017
Bloomfield, Capt. Wm. Anderson (S. Africa), Gt Wan	War	1017
Bonner, Lt. Charles G., p.s.c. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.	yar, Cox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), Gt. War xpr, Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Gt. War	1917 1917 1917
Honner, Lt. Charles G., p.s.c. (R.N.R.), Gt. War. Booth, (upt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa),	War 1927 Cox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6t. War 1927 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6t. War Crandon, Pte H. G (18th Hrs.), 8, Africa	1917 1917 1917
Honner, Lt. Charles G., p.s.c. (R.N.R.), Gt. War. Booth, (upt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa),	War 1927 Cox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6t. War 1927 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6t. War Crandon, Pte H. G (18th Hrs.), 8, Africa	1917 1917 1917
Honner, Lt. Charles G., b.s.c. (R.N.R.), Ct. War. Booth, (apt. Frederick C., b.c.m. (S. Africa), Gt War	1927 Co., Ptc. Christophor (Bedf. R.), Gt. War 1927 Cong. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Gt. War Crandon, Ptc. H. G (28th Hrs.), N. Africa 1927 Crichton, Ptc. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),	1917 1917 1917 1901
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S. C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craight Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craidon, Ptc H. G. (38th Hrs.), S. Africa Crichton, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), ptg cit. War	1917 1917 1917
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S. C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craight Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craidon, Ptc H. G. (38th Hrs.), S. Africa Crichton, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), ptg cit. War	1917 1917 1917 1901
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D. S. A. (Lond. R.), Ch. Ch.	War  Ox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War  1917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War  Crandon, Pte. H. 6f. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1918 Crichton, Pte. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  6th War  Crinnin, Col. John, C.S., C.L., V.D. (I.M.S.),	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D. S. A. (Lond. R.), Ch. Ch.	War  Ox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War  1917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War  Crandon, Pte. H. 6f. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1918 Crichton, Pte. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  6th War  Crinnin, Col. John, C.S., C.L., V.D. (I.M.S.),	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D. S. A. (Lond. R.), Ch. Ch.	War  Ox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War  1917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War  Crandon, Pte. H. 6f. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1918 Crichton, Pte. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  6th War  Crinnin, Col. John, C.S., C.L., V.D. (I.M.S.),	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D. S. A. (Lond. R.), Ch. Ch.	War  Ox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War  1917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War  Crandon, Pte. H. 6f. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1918 Crichton, Pte. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  6th War  Crinnin, Col. John, C.S., C.L., V.D. (I.M.S.),	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Honner, Lt. Charles G., D. S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.  Booth, Capt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D. S. A. (Lond. R.), Ch. Ch.	War  Ox, Pte. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War  1917 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War  Crandon, Pte. H. 6f. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1918 Crichton, Pte. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  6th War  Crinnin, Col. John, C.S., C.L., V.D. (I.M.S.),	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Git War.  Bonth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Botth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liestt. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Liestt. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Boutter, L. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D. C. (Lond. R.),  Gt War.  Boutter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt War.  Boutte, Lt. Com. Roland, D.S.O. (R. N.V.R.),  Gt. War.	War  1927 Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6it. War  1927 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6it. War  Crandon, Ptc. H. G. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa  1927 Crichton, Ptc.: James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  10t. War  Criminin, Col. John, C.B., C.L., V.D. (L.M.S.),  1927 1926 Cross, Carpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), Gt. War  1928 Cross (Cross, Resp. 1928) 1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  1928 Cross (Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Capt. Cap	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Git War.  Bonth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Botth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liestt. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Liestt. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Boutter, L. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D. C. (Lond. R.),  Gt War.  Boutter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt War.  Boutte, Lt. Com. Roland, D.S.O. (R. N.V.R.),  Gt. War.	war  2927 Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6it. War  2927 Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6it. War  Crandon, Ptc. H. G. (18th Hrs.), S. Africa.  2927 Crichton, Ptc.! James (Auckland R., N.Z.),  2927 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2928 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2929 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2920 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6it. War  2	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Bonth, Capt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Cot. Arthur D., c. m. a., p. s. o. (Lond. R.), Gt War  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N. hants R.), Gt War  Bourke, Lt. Com. Roland, p. s. o. (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War  Boule Gapt E. Courtney (R. N. Gt. War	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craight Ptc. J. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Bonth, Capt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Cot. Arthur D., c. m. a., p. s. o. (Lond. R.), Gt War  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N. hants R.), Gt War  Bourke, Lt. Com. Roland, p. s. o. (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War  Boule Gapt E. Courtney (R. N. Gt. War	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), cit. War Craight Ptc. J. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr. Chr	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt Wa.  Bonth, Capt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., s. s. (Australia), Gt War  Borton, Lt. Cot. Arthur D., c. m. a., p. s. o. (Lond. R.), Gt War  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N. hants R.), Gt War  Bourke, Lt. Com. Roland, p. s. o. (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War  Boule Gapt E. Courtney (R. N. Gt. War	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craight Ptc. V. G. (St. H. R.), S. Africa Craight Ptc. V. G. (St. H. R.), S. Africa Criminin, Col. John, Cs., Ct. E., V.D. (I.M.S.), Burma Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), Ct. War Cross, Capt. John (Worce, R.), Ct. War Cruickshahk, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2015 (J. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918
Gt War.  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., p.c.m. (S. Africa), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., m.m. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., m.m. (Australia), Gt War.  Bortla, Lieut. Albert C., m.m. (Australia), Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt War.  Bourke. LtCom. Roland, p.s.o. (R.N.V.R.), Gt. War.  Boy le, Capt E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Brareton, Ft. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt War.  Brareton, Ft. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt War.	war  1927  Ox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), tit. War  1927  Oxa, Ptc. M. (R.A.F.), tit. War  1921  1921  1921  1921  1921  1922  1922  1922  1923  1923  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  1924  192	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.,  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D.S. (Cloud, R.),  Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Bradley, Liest. Fredk. H. (R.F. A.), S. Africa.  Breveton, Pic. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War.  Brooks. C. Sot. M. Edward (Orf. & B. L. 1.), Gt.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craight, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 7tt War Crimnin, Col. John, c.s., c.i.e., v.b. (I.M.S.), Burma 2226 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6tt. War Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), 6tt. War Gl. War. Complexable, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschshalk, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschley, Com. Victor Alexander, p.8 c. (R.N.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.,  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D.S. (Cloud, R.),  Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Bradley, Liest. Fredk. H. (R.F. A.), S. Africa.  Breveton, Pic. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War.  Brooks. C. Sot. M. Edward (Orf. & B. L. 1.), Gt.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craight, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 7tt War Crimnin, Col. John, c.s., c.i.e., v.b. (I.M.S.), Burma 2226 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6tt. War Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), 6tt. War Gl. War. Complexable, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschshalk, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschley, Com. Victor Alexander, p.8 c. (R.N.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.,  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D.S. (Cloud, R.),  Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Bradley, Liest. Fredk. H. (R.F. A.), S. Africa.  Breveton, Pic. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War.  Brooks. C. Sot. M. Edward (Orf. & B. L. 1.), Gt.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craight, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 7tt War Crimnin, Col. John, c.s., c.i.e., v.b. (I.M.S.), Burma 2226 Cross, Corpl. Arthur Henry (M.G. C.), 6tt. War Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), 6tt. War Gl. War. Complexable, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschshalk, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 2025 Cruschley, Com. Victor Alexander, p.8 c. (R.N.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War Camplingham. Ptc. John (E. York. R.), 6tt. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.,  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D.S. (Cloud, R.),  Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Bradley, Ltest. Fredk. H (R.F. A.), S. Africa.  Breveton, Pte. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War.  War. U. SgtM. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. 1.), Gt.  War.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craighon, Ptc. H. G. (Sth Hrs.), S. Africas Crichton, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 6tt. War Crimmin, Col. John, c.s., c.i.s., v.d. (I.M.S.), Barms (Crowe, Capt. John (Worc, R.), Gt. War Crowe, Capt. John (Worc, R.), Gt. War Gt. War Crowe, Capt. Conditions, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 6tt. War Cumingham, Ptc. John (E. York. R.), Gt. War Cunroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.). 1915 Curroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.). 1915 Curroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.).	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War.,  Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa),  Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M., D.S. (Cloud, R.),  Gt War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hanta R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Bradley, Ltest. Fredk. H (R.F. A.), S. Africa.  Breveton, Pte. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War.  War. U. SgtM. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. 1.), Gt.  War.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), 6tt. War Craighon, Ptc. H. G. (Sth Hrs.), S. Africas Crichton, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 6tt. War Crimmin, Col. John, c.s., c.i.s., v.d. (I.M.S.), Barms (Crowe, Capt. John (Worc, R.), Gt. War Crowe, Capt. John (Worc, R.), Gt. War Gt. War Crowe, Capt. Conditions, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 6tt. War Cumingham, Ptc. John (E. York. R.), Gt. War Cunroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.). 1915 Curroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.). 1915 Curroy, Ptc. W. M. (Aust.).	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1918 1918 1918
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Gt War.  Bonth. (29t. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borlon, 1st. Vol. Arthur D., C. M. G., D. S., G. (Lond. R.), Gt War.  Boulke, Lt. Win. Ewart (N hants R.), Ct War.  Bourke, Lt. Vom. Roland, D. S., G. (N.V. R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt E. Courtney (R. N.), Gt. War.  Brorston, Pt. Alexander (Mantioba R.), Gt War.  Brooks, U.SgtM. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. 1.), Gt. War.  Brooks, Gryt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt War.  Brown, Grypl. Walter Ernest, D. C.M. (Aust I. F.), Gt War.  Bryan, L. Corpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War.  Bryan, L. Corpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craight (Ptc. L.), Cit. War Craight (Ptc. L.), Cit. War Criminin, Col. John, C. B., Cit. E., V.D. (I.M.S.), Burma Crowe, Capt. John (Worce, R.), Cit. War Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cit. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cut. Cut. Cut. Capt. John (E. York. R.), Cit. War Cunningham, Ptc. John (E. York. R.), Cit. War Curtis, Seryt. Horace A. (R. Dub. Frs.), Cit. War 1972 Dahlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darwan Sing Nogl. Nath (Garwhal R.), Cit. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1889 1918 1918 1918 1927 1900 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonth. (29t. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Lieut. Albert C., M. M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borlon, 1st. Vol. Arthur D., C. M. G., D. S., G. (Lond. R.), Gt War.  Boulke, Lt. Win. Ewart (N hants R.), Ct War.  Bourke, Lt. Vom. Roland, D. S., G. (N.V. R.), Gt. War.  Boyle, Capt E. Courtney (R. N.), Gt. War.  Brorston, Pt. Alexander (Mantioba R.), Gt War.  Brooks, U.SgtM. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. 1.), Gt. War.  Brooks, Gryt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt War.  Brown, Grypl. Walter Ernest, D. C.M. (Aust I. F.), Gt War.  Bryan, L. Corpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War.  Bryan, L. Corpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Da. D. S. of (Glouc. R.) (t. War.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Cit. War Craight (Ptc. L.), Cit. War Craight (Ptc. L.), Cit. War Criminin, Col. John, C. B., Cit. E., V.D. (I.M.S.), Burma Crowe, Capt. John (Worce, R.), Cit. War Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cit. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Cut. Cut. Cut. Cut. Capt. John (E. York. R.), Cit. War Cunningham, Ptc. John (E. York. R.), Cit. War Curtis, Seryt. Horace A. (R. Dub. Frs.), Cit. War 1972 Dahlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darlels, Maj. H., M.C. (Rtf. Bgdo.), Cit. War 1975 Darwan Sing Nogl. Nath (Garwhal R.), Cit. War	1917 1917 1917 1901 1918 1889 1918 1918 1918 1927 1900 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
Git War. Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War. Boroth, LOol. Arbur D.C., M., M., L., D., C., Cond. (S. Africa), Gt War. Bouther, LOol. Arbur D.C., M., D., D., C., Clond. R.), Git War. Bouther, LOol. Rohand, D.S.O. (R. N.V.R.), Git. War. Bouther, LCom. Rohand, D.S.O. (R. N.V.R.), Git. War. Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R. N.), Git. War. Bradley, Letet. Fredk, H. (R. F. A.), S. Africa. Brereton, Ptc. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Git War. Brooks, Seryt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. Brooks, Seryt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. Bryan, LCarpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Git. War. Bryan, LCarpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Git. War. Burgas, Li-Cot Dan, D. So. (Glouc. R.) (cf. War. Burgas, Li-Cot Dan, D. So. (Glouc. R.) (cf. War. Burgas, Li-Cot Dan, D. So. (Glouc. R.) (cf. War. Burgas, Reygt. William Francis (Riff. Bgde.), Git.	wwr  1927 Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), tit. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), tit. War Crandon, Pte H. G. (18th Hrs.), N. Africa 1927 Crichton, Ptc.* James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 1928 Crichton, Ptc.* James (Auckland R., N.Z.), 1928 Crimmin, Col. John, C.B., C.I.E., v.D. (I.M.S.), 1929 Barma 1920 Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), tit. War 1921 Crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R.), tit. War 1922 Cruchickhank, Pte. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 1928 Crickhank, Pte. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 1929 Cruchickhank, Pte. John (E. York. R.), tit. War 1921 Curroy, Ptc. W. M. (Auck.) 1925 Curtis, Seryt. Horace A. (R. Dub. Fus.), tit. 1927 Dalriol, Driver Henry (Aust. I. F.), tit. War 1926 Dalwish, Maj. H., M.C. (Rt. Bgdo.), tit. War 1926 Darwan Sing Negl, Natk (Garwhal R.), tit. War 1930 Darwan Sing Negl, Natk (Garwhal R.), tit. War 1931 Darwan Sing Negl, Natk (Garwhal R.), tit. War 1934 Darwan Sing Negl, Natk (Garwhal R.), tit. War	1917 1917 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gt War.  Bonth. (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War.  Borton. Lt. Col. Arthur D., C. M.G., D.S.A. (Lond. R.), Gt War.  Bourke. Lt. Win. Ewart (N hants R.), Gt War.  Bourke. Lt. Win. Ewart (N hants R.), Gt. War.  Bourke. Lt. Com. Roland, D.S.O. (R.N.V.R.), Gt. War.  Brooks, Capt E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War.  Breroton, Ptc. Alexander (Manthoba R.), Gt. War.  Brooks, CSgtM. Edward (Oxf. & B. L. I.), Gt.  War.  Brooks, Gryt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt War.  Brown, Corpl. Walter Ernest, D.M. (Aust I. F.), Gt. War.  Bryan, L. Carpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Dan, D. So (Glouc, R.) (G. War.  Burges, Lt. Col. Dan, D. So (Glouc, R.) (G. War.  Burnan, Seryt. William Francis (Rif. Bgde.), Gt.  War.	War Cox, Ptc. Christopher (Bedf. R.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craig, Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Ct. War Craight (J. Christop, Ptc. J. James (Auckland R., N. Z.), 1918  1921 Criminin, Col. John, Cs., Ct. E., V.D. (I.M.S.), 1921 Cross, Capt. John (Worce, R.), Gt. War Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 1925 Cruickshank, Ptc. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), 1925 Cruickley, Com. Victor Alexander, n.s. c. (R. N.), 1925 Curtis, Seryt. M. (Aust.). — (Cartis, Seryt. A. E. (E. Surrey Regt.), N. Africa Cartis, Seryt. Horace A. (R. Dub, Frs.), Ct. War 1927 Dahlels, May, H., M. (R. H. Bgdo.), Gt. War 1928 Darwan Sing Negl, Nath (Garwhal R.), Ct. War 1928 Darwan Sing Negl, Nath (Garwhal R.), Ct. War 1928 Darws Ning Negl, Nath (Garwhal R.), Ct. War 1928 Darws Norry, Philip, M.M. (Aust. I. F.), Ct. War 1928 Darws Norry, Philip, M.M. (Aust. I. F.), Ct. War 1928 Darws, Corry, John Thomas G. Lanes, R. Ct.	1917 1917 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
Gi War. Bonner, Lt. Charles G., D.S.C. (R.N.R.), Gt. War. Booth, (apt. Frederick C., D.C.M. (S. Africa), Gt War. Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War. Borella, Liest. Albert C., M. (Australia), Gt War. Borton, Lt. Cot. Anthur D., C. M., D.S. (C. Mar. Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War. Boulter, Lt. Win. Ewart (N'hants R.), Gt. War. Boyle, Capt. E. Courtney (R.N.), Gt. War. Bradley, Liest. Fredk. H. (R.F. A.), S. Africa. Brereton, Pic. Alexander (Manitoba R.), Gt. War. Brooks, Sergt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. Brooks, Sergt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. Brooks, Sergt. Oliver (Cold. Gds.), Gt. War. Bryan, L. Corpl. Thomas (Northd. Fus.), Gt. War. Burnan, Capt. Augus (S.W. Bord.), Gt. War. Burnan, Sergt. William Francis (Rif. Byde.), Gt. War. Burnan, Sergt. William Francis (Rif. Byde.), Gt. War. Burnan, Sergt. William Francis (Rif. Byde.), Gt. War. Burnan, Sergt. Alfred A. (Herta R.), Gt. War.	wor craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Lt. J. M. (R.A.F.), Git. War craig. Crichton, Pic. J. James (Auckland R., N.Z.), Git. War crawe, Capt. John (Worc. R., Git. War crowe, Capt. John (Worc. R., Git. War gest Cruckshank, Pic. Robert Edward (Lond. R.), Git. War cunningham, Pic. Hohort Edward (Lond. R.), Git. War cunningham, Pic. John (E. York. R.), Git. War cunningham, Pic. John (E. York. R.), Git. War gest Cartis, Sergt. A. E. E. Surrey Regt.), S. Africa Curtis, Sergt. Horace A. (R. Dub. Fus.), Git. War gest Mark (R. M.), Git. War proposition of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co	1917 1917 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
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Dayles, Maj. fren. L. A. E. Price, c.s., c.s. a., s.s. a., s.s. a., s.s. a., frica. c.s. c.s. s. s.s. aprica. Capt. Richard B., p.s.o. (A.F.C.), s.s.,	Grieve, Capt.Robert Cuthbert(Aust.Inf.), Gt. War 1927 Grimbaldeston, C.Q.M.S. William H. (K.O.S.B.), Gt. War
	Grimshaw, Lt. John (Lanc. Fus.), (it Will 1917) Grogan, Brig., George Will St. G., (18, 4), 6.
Daykon, Capt. Jas. Lonior (R.E.), Gi. War 1918 Hay Corpt. Sidney J. (Suf. R.), Gi. War 2918 Daykins, Seryt John S. (Y. & L. R.), Tr. War 2918 Dasn, Maj. Donald J. (R. W. Kent. R.), Tr. War 2918 Dasn, Levit, P. T. (R. N. H.), Tr. War 2918	n.s.o., A.D.c. (Worc. Rogt), G. Wor Guy, Com. Bastl John Douglas, p.s., o. (R. N.), Chessa 2500 Haine, Capt. Regiundd L., s.c., (H.A.C.), G. War Hail, Sergi Arthur (Aust.), G. War Hallday, Gen. Sir Lewis, S. T., g. c. b (R. M.L.1),
	Trallimall 7 Clause Table 7 and Thomas Co. 177.
ns.o., a.b.c (4th Dn. Gda.), Gt. War	Halliwell, L. Corpt Joel (Lanc. Fus.), Ct War. 1918 Hallton, Ptc. Albert (K.O. Royal R.), Ct War. 1927 Hamilton, snd Lt. John (Australia), Ct War 1925 Hamilton, Seryt. John Brown (High. L.I.),
Dorgell, LtCol. G. T., M.S.E. (R.H.A.), Gt. War 1914 Douglas, Maj-Gen. H. E. M., C.M., D.S.O.	Hammiton, Seryk, John Brown (High, L.I.), 6t. War 1917 Hanna, Lieut, Robert (Can. Inf.), 6t. War 1927 Hansen, Maj Porcy H., p.s.o., M.c. (Lincs R.), 6t. War 1925
(R.A.M.C.), S. Africa. 2899 Downie, Sergt. Robert (R. Dub. F.), Gt. War 1916 Downie, Maj. Alexin C. (K. R.R.C.), S. Africa. 1901 Doylo, G. Sergt. Maj. Martin, M.M. (R. Munst. 1902)	Harvey, Oupl. Fredk. M. W. (Can. Inf.), Gt War xoxx
Doylo, CBergtMaj Martin, M.M. (R. Munst. Fus.), Gt. War. Drain, Scryt. J. H. C. (R.H.A.), Gl. War. 2924	Harvey, Pte. Norman (R. 1nns. F.), Gt. War. 1918 Harvey, Pte. Norman (R. 1nns. F.), Gt. War. 1918 Harvey, Pte. Samuel (York & Lanc. R.), Gt. U. 62, 2915
Drain, Neryl. J.H. C. (R.H.A.), Gl. War 1914 Dresser, Ple, Tom (Green Howards), Gt. War 2914 Drummond, Lt. Com. Gooffroy H. (R.N.V.R.) Gt. War 2018	Hayward, Capt. Rogd. F. Johnson, n.c. (Wilts R.),
Duffy, Ptc. James (R. Innis. Fus.), Gt. War 2928 Dunmore, Maj. Earl of, p.s.o., k v.o. (16th Lrs.), Upper Swat	Haaton, Corpl Wm (King's Rogt), S. Africa 1900 Houviside, Pic. Michael (Durh. L. I.), Gt. Wai 1917 Hodgos, Lieut. Frederick W (Beds R.), Gt. War 1918 Honderson, Trooper H S. (Bulwwayo), Rhodesta 1896
Dungtan, Lent William (Australia), Gl. War . 1915 Durrant, Corpl. E. (Eifle Bgde.), N. Afrua 1906 Dwyer Lt. John Junes (Aust. M. G. C.) (It Will.	Renderson, Trooper H S. (Bulawayo), Rhodesta 1896 Herring, Maj. Alfrod Cecil (N'thants R), (it Wan 1918 Howiton, Corpl. James (K.O. Royal R.), at War 1918 Howitt, 2nd Lieut. William Honry (S. Afr. Inf.).
Edwards, Corpl. Frederick J. (Middx R.), (it War 1916 Edwards, Pte Thos (Black Watch), Sudan 1884 Edwards, 2nd Lieut. Wilfrid (K. O. York, L. I.),	Hill, Pic. Albert (R. Welch Fus.), Gt War. 2916 Hogan, Seyet, J. (Manchester R.), Gt War. 2916
Egotton, Sergt. Ernest Albert (Sherwood F.),	Holland, Maj E J. (R Canadian Dns.), S Africa 1900 Holland, Capt John Vincent (Leinster R.),
Eloock, Orpl. Roland (Roy Scots), Gt. Wat. 2018 Engloheart, Serpt. H (10th Hrs.), S. Africa. 1900 English, Mej. W. John (A. S. C.), S. Africa. 1902 Evans, Serge, Arthur, p.c.s. (Linc. R.), Gt. Wat., 2018	Gt Wa 1926 Holmes, Lieut. F. W. (K. O. Y. L. I.), Gt Wa 1924 Holmes, Pte, Thomas William (Can. Mtd. Rf.),
Kunns, Nergl. Arthur, D.c. M. (Line, R.) Gl. War. 1918 Exans, ('-SM. Goorge (Manch Rogt), Gl. War 1916 Evans, Lt. Col. Lewis Push, a. M. a. D. S.D. (Black	Gl H'ar Hornby, Bry-Gen. E. J Phippe-, c B, c.m.c. (R.A.) S A free. Howell, Corpl. Geo. Julian, m.m. (Aust. Inf.),
Evans, 1SM. George (Manch Regt), Gr Wu 1916 Evans, Lt. Col Lewis Pugh, c M a, p.s.o. (Bluck Watch), Gr Wu - 1917 Evanse, Lt. Col. Donald D (King's R), S Africa 1906 Finch, Seyst. N. Augustus (R.M.A.), Gl Wu 1918 Endlater, Piper G, (Gord Highrs), Turch 1897 Findlay, Maj, George de C E, M c (R E), 1918	Howell, Corps. Geo. Julian, M.M. (Aust. Inf.), (it. 18 as Hudson, Maj. Charles Edward, p.b.o., M.c.
Findlator, Piper G. (Gord Highrs), Tirah 1897 Findlay, May, George de C E, u c (R E), (st. Was	(Shotwood F.) (2) With:
Fitzpatrick, Ptc. F. (Conn. Rang.), N. Africa 1879 Forshaw, Capt. William T. (Manchester R.),	Huffam, Capt. Jas P. (West Riding R.), Cit. Wai. 1918 Hughes, Pir. Thomas (Con. Rang.), Cit. Wai. 1916 Hull, Shoritu-Smith Chas. (1918 Let.), Cit. Wai. 1916 Huntor, Corpl. David Ferguson (High. L.I.), Cit. Way.
Fogs, LtCol. C. C., D.R.O. (Bodfs, R.), Cl. War 1915	Hutchison, Capt Bellenden, a.c. (Can A.M.C.), Gt War  Hutchinson, Col E. D Brown Synge-, c.s. (24th
Freyberg, Lt. Col Bernard C., c w o., p.s.o. (s Bard) (Gron. Gds.), Gt War 2916 Friskleton, Leut. Saunud (N.Z.), Gt War 2917 Friskly, Capt. Cyril Hubert (Cold. Gds.), Gt War 2917 Friskly, Capt. Cyril Hubert (Cold. Gds.), Gt War 2918 Fullor, L -Corp. W. (Wolch R), Gt War 2918 Fullor, L -Corp. W. D (Gron. Gds.), Gt War 1918 Garforth, Sergi Chas E (19th Hrs.), Gt. War 1918 Gary Roy Heni H., cr. & Surrey R.), Gt War 1918	Hits), South A fraca 1900 Hutchinson, L. Corp. James (Lanc. Fus.) (ct. Way. 1916 Hutt. Corps, Arthur (R. Waywick R.), Ct. Way.
Fuller, L. Corp. W. (Welch R.), Gt. War	Ingrain, Lt. George M., M.M. (Australia), Gl. Wat 1918
Geary, Rav Benj. H., c.r. (E. Surrey R.), Gt Wai 2925 Geo, Capt. Robert, n.c. (Royal Fun.), Ct Wai 2925 Gobind Singh. Deladar Und. Cav.), Gt War 2028	S. Africa Commander Gilbert S. M., xc, x900 Insall, Wing-Commander Gilbert S. M., xc, (R.A.F.), ct Wor. Inwood, Pte. Reginald Roy (Aust. Imp. Foc.),
Gerforth, Nergit Chilk E 15th HTM, 1st. B 31 1324 Geary, Rev Henj, H., car, (E. Surrey R.), Gt. War 1925 Geo. Com. Robert, M.c. (Royal Fus.), 6t. War 1925 Goldley, Pte Sidney F. (Roy Fus.), 6t. War 1926 Goddey, Pte Sidney F. (Roy Fus.), Gt. War 1926 Gordon, L. Corp. B S. M.s. (Auk.), Gt. War 1926 Gordon, Colorp. B S. M.s. (Auk.), Gt. War 1926 Gordon, Col. W. E. (B.E. Add (Gord High.), S. Africa.	John handh Nach (ath Dunaha) Wana atau
Gordon, Col. W. E. (B.E. AD. (Gord High), 2900 Sorle. Leut. Robert (R.F.A.), Gt. Wur	Jacks, Copt. A. N.c. (Australia), it. Wen 2018 Jackson, Pie William (Australia), it. Wen 2018 James, May H. N.c. (Words R.), it! Wer 2018 James, Capt. Mauley Angell, N.c. (Glouc, R.), It War 2018
Gorle, Lieut. Robert (R.F.A.), Gt. War	Jarvis, LCpl. C. A. (Gt. War)
Gt War  Genriey, 2nd Lieut. Cyril E., M. (R. F.A.), Gt War 1918  Graham, Maj. John R. N. (M.G.C.), Gt War 2018	Jorrard, FigOfr. Alan (R.A.F.), Gt. War. 1918 Johnson, LtCol. Dudley G., D.R.O. (ber), M.C. (S.W. Bord.), Gt. War. 1928
Grant, Col. Charles J. Wm (I A), Manpur	Jerrard, Fig. Ofr. Alan (R.A.F.), 6t War. 1228 Johnson, L. Cot. Dudley G., D.R.O. (ber.), M.C. (S.W. Bord.), 6t Worthum. Fus.), 6t War. 1228 Johnson, Lt James (Northum. Fus.), 6t War. 1228 Johnson, Sergt. William Hy. (Sher. F.), 6t War 1228 Johnstone, Mat. R (Imp. Light Horse), S. Africa. 1299 Jones, Cot. C. Mansel-i., vs. c. p. b., (W. York R.), S. Africa. Jones, Pte. Thos., Aiffied, D.C.M. (Chesh. R.),
Gt War Geurley, and Lieut. Cyril E., w u. (R. F. A.), it War 1918 Graham, Maj. John R. N. (M.G.C.), it War 1918 Graham, Maj. John R. N. (M.G.C.), it War 1918 Grant, Col. Charles J. Wm (I. A.), Manapur 1891 Grant, L. John G. (Wollington R. N. Z.), it War 1918 Graves, Seytl. Fred (Sherwood F.), Gt. War 1918 Groenwood, Li-fold Harry, a.s. o land Bar), w. 1917 Groenwood, Li-fold Harry, a.s. o land Bar), w. 1918 Groenwood, Li-fold Harry, a.s. o land Bar), w. 1918 Groenwood, F. War Groenwood, R. War Groenwood, R. War Groenwood, R. G. (Land Bar), (Nova Groetta R.), Gt. War	Jones, Col C. Mansel-, c.w g , p.s.o. (W. York R.), S. Africa Jones, Ptc. Thos. Africa, p.c.w. (Chesh. R.).
Gregg, Lieut. Milton F, M.c. (and Bar), (Nova- Scotia R.), Gt. War. 1918 Gregg, Scryt. William, n.c.m., M.M. (Rif. Bgdc.),	Jones, Ple. Thos. Alfred, D.C.M. (Chesh. R.), Gt. War. 1915 Joynt, Capt William Donovan (Aust. I. F.), Gt. War. 1918 Judson, 2nd Liest Reginald Stanley, B.C.M., M.M. (Auckland R., N.Z.), Gt. War.
"Gl. War 1918	(Auckland R., N.Z.), Gt. War

Karanbahadur Rana, Nask (Gurkha Rifles), Gi	Moore, Capt Montagu S S. (Hants R.), Ct. War. 2927 Mott, Seyn. Edward J., n.c. n. (Border R.), Gt. War. 2927 Mountain, Seyn. Albort (W. Yorks, R.) Gt. War. 2928 Moynoy, Nergt. John (Ir. Gds.), Gt. War. 2927 Mugford, Pfe. Harvid (M.G.C.), Ct. War. 2927
War Kelly, Capt. Henry, Mc. (bar) (W. Riding R.), Gt. War 1916	Mountain, Scryt. Albert (W. Yorks. R.) Gt. War 1917
Konnouty, Darous, with Chark, Case, Daro (car)	Moyney, Nergt. John (Ir. Gds.), Gt. War 1917 Mugford, Pte. Harold (M.G.C.), Gt. War 1917
((Imphas P) (.t War rows	Mullin, Maj.George Harry, M. M. (Can. Inf.), Gt War 1918 Murray, Lt -Col. Henry Wm., c. M.G., D.S.O., D.C.M.
Kenny, Pte. Thomas (Durham L. I.), Gt War 1916	(Aust. Inf.), (if War
Kenny, Pte. Thomas Jas. B. (Aust. Inf.), Gt	Mylos, Capt Edgar K. n.s.o. (Worc. R.), Gt. War 1916
Kenny, Sergt. W. (Gordon H.), 6t War 1925 Ker, Capt. Allan Ebenezer (Gord. High.), 6t.	Nasmith, Rear-Adm. Martin'E, c n, Gt War 1915 Neame, LtCol. P., p s o, (R E.), Gt War 1915
War	Neshitt, Capt R C (Mashonaland), Rhodesia . 1896 Newland, Cant. James E (Aust. Int.), Cit. Har. 1917
Keysor, Lieut Leonard (Australia), Gt. War zozs	Nickerson, Maj-tien. William Hy S, c.s., c M G.
Khudadad Khan, Naik (199th Baluch.), Gt. War 1914 Kinross, Pte Cooli John (Canadian Inf.) Gt. War 1918	(Aust. Inf.), if War Murray, Orep Jas (Conn Rang.), Transvadt. 1981 Mylos, (*apř. Edgar K. D.S.O. (Worc. R.), Gt. War 1916 Nasmith, Rear-Adm. Martin E. r. 6; if War 1918 Nasmith, Rear-Adm. Martin E. r. 6; if War 1918 Neshitt, Capt. R. C. (Machonaland), Redesia 1995 Nowland, Capt. James E. (Aust. Inf.), Gt. War 1917 Nickerson, Majiren. William Hy S. C.n., M. G. (R.A.M.C.), S. Afros. 1900 Nunnoy, Pie. C. J. P., D.C. M., M. M. (Can. Inf.), 1918
Kirby, Group-Capt. Frank H., c.n z., D c M., (R A F.), S Africa	Of War rose Nurso, Lieut G E (R.A.), S. Africa 1899
Knight, and Lt. Alfred J. (Sherwood F), G War 1917 Knight, Capt H. J (King's Regt), S. Africa 2009.	Nurse, Lieut G E (RA), S Africa 1899 Ockenden, Sergt James (R. Dub Fus.), cit. War 1917 O'Leary, Lieut Michael (Connaught Rangers),
Klight, and tt. Alfred J. (Sherwood F.) til War 1970 Klight, Copt H. J. (Kling's Rogt), N. Africa Knox, 10th Lieut, Cott Lounard, H. E.), til War 1970 Konowal, Corpt Pillip (Ganadian Int.), til War 1927 Konowal, Corpt Pillip (Ganadian Int.), til War 1927 Kulbur Thana, Istana, (thurkha R.), til War 1927	(if Wat
Kulbir Thapa, Rama, (Burkha R.), Gt. H. ar 1918	O'Neill, Serut John (Leinster R), Gt War 1018
Lala, Jemadar (41st Dogras), Gt War 1916	Omons, and Lient George (Devon R.), Gt. War. 1918 Ormsby, Sergt. John Wm. (K.O.Y.L.I.), 6t. War. 1917
Laurent, Sergi, Harry John (N.Z. Rif. Bgdc.),	Ormsby, Sergi. John Wu. (K O Y.L.I.), 6: Wai 2017 O'Rourke, Fre Michael J., M M (Can. Inf.) Gt Wai 2017 Pahner, and Lt Fredk. Wm, M.M. (Roy Fus.),
Lawrence, LtCol. B. T. L. (27th Lrs.), S. Atrica. 2000	Parker, LCpl. Walter R. (R.M.L.I.), Gt. Wai 1915
Lawson, Pte. E (Gord High), Tirah 1897	Pearkes, LtCol. Geo. Randolph, p.s o , M c. (Can.
G! War Lawrenc, Li -Col B T T. (17th Lrs.), S. Africa 1900 Lawrenc, Li -Col B T T. (17th Lrs.), S. Africa 1900 Lawren, Ptc. E (Gord High.), Tirah 1897 Leach, Lieut J. (M'Onester R.), G! War 1914 Leak, Ptc. John (Australia), G! War 2916 Leake, LtCol. A. Martin (S A Const.), S.	Peck, Lt -Col Cyrus Wesley, p.s.o. (Manitoba R.),
Leake, LtCol. A Martin- (S A Const.), S. Africa, 1902; (R A M.C.), Clasp, 6t War	Peoler, Sergt Walter (Aust. I. F.), Gt War 1917
Bu: ma 1880	Peoler, Seryt Walter (Aust. I. F.), Gt. War. 1927 Phillips, Cupt. Robert E. (R. War. R.), Gt. War. 1927 Pitcher, Perity Off. Errost, n. s. u. (R. N.), Gt. War. 2927 Pitch, Ptc. J. (Manch. Rogt.) S. Africa. 2920 Phillips
Lowis, Pte. Herbort Wm. (Welch R.), (it War 1916 Lister, Sergt. Joseph (Lanc. Fus.), (it War 1917	Pitts, Pte J (Manch Rogt) S Aprica 1900 Pollard, Capt. Alfred O, Mc, D.C.M. (H.A.C.), Gt
Lloyd, Mai-lien Sir Owen E P, E C B (A M S), Burma 1893	W'ar
Lowerson, Sergt Albert David (Aust ), Gt. War. 1918	Pooll, Capt A. H. Batton-, M. (R. Muns. F.),
Lowerson, Sergi Albert David (Aust.), Gt. War. 1918 Luke, Diver F. (R. d.A.), Gt. War. 2914 Lyall, Capt Graham (Cent. Ontario R.), Gt. War. 1918	Potts, L. Cpl. Fredk W.O (Berks Yee), 6t War 1915
McAulay, Serget, John, Dom. (Scots Gds.) 1918 McCarthy, Lt Lawrence (Aust.), 64 Was 1928 McDongali, Serget. Stanley R (Aust. Imp. Fee.),	Poulter, Pte Arthur (W. Rid R.), 67 Wai 1918 Procter, Rev Arthur H (King's R.), 67 War 1916
(it   War	Prowse, Ch. P.O. George (R. N.V.R.), Gt. War 1918 Quigg. Ptc. Robert (R. Ulster Rif.), Gt. War 1916
MacDowell, May Thain W., p.s.o. (Can. Inf.), Gt	GI Wai .  Potts, Lt.pl. Fredk W O (Berks Yeo), f.t. War 1915 Poultor, Ptr. Arthur (W. Rid R.), f.t. Wai . 1915 Procter, Rev Arthur H (Klugs R.), Gt. War . 1916 Prowse, Ch. P. O George (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War . 1916 Prowse, Ch. P. O George (R. N. V. R.), Gt. War . 1916 Ransslen, Lucut H & (Protect Regt.), S. Africa 2899 Ratolifo, Pre. William, s. s. (S. Lanc. R.), ft. Wai 1917 Ravfield, Licut Walter (Brit Columb R.), Gi. 1917
MacGregor, Mei John, м.с., в.с.м. (bar) (Canad Mtd Rif.), Gt Wai	Rayfield, Lieut Walter (Brit Columb R ), Gt.
McIntosh, I've George (Gord, Highrs.), Gt War. 2927	Readitt, Seryt John (S. Lanc. R.), Gt War 1917
MacIntvre, Lt. David Lowe (Arg. & Suth. High ),	Readitt, Sergi John (S. Lanc. R.), Gi War 1917 Roes, Sergi, Ivor (S. Wales Bord.), Gi War 1917 Roes, Group-Cupi, Lionel W. B., Ohk, M.C.,
McNally, Sergt, William, M.M. (Green Howards), Gt. War	A. P. (R.A.F.), Gr. War 1926 Rendle, Scrat T. E. (D.C. I. ), Gt. War 1924 Roynolds, Capt. Henry, M., (R. Scots), Gr. War 2927 Roynolds, LtCot. James Hy. (R. A. M. C.), Royke's
McNamara, Capt. Frank H. (Aust R.F.C.), 671	Reynolds, Cupt. Henry, M.C. (R. Scots), Gt. War. 1917 Reynolds, LtCol. James Hy. (R. A. M. C.), Rocke's
W. Namara Corn John (E. Surr R ) Ct War vers	Richards Sent Alfred (Lanes Eus), Gt Har vor
McNess, L. Sergi. Fred (Scots G.), Gt. War 1916 Malleson, Lt. Com W. St. A. (R. N.), Gt. War 1918 Marling, Col. Sir Percival S., Bt., Ch. (K. R. C.),	Richardson, Serut, A. H. L., S. Africa 1900 Rickotts, Ptc Thos (R. Nowfland R.), at War 1918
	Ripley, Scryt. John (Black Watch), Gt War 1915
Martin, Maj, Cyril G, p. s.o., (R. E.), Gt. War. 1913 Mastora, Pte. Richard George, (R. A.S.C.), Gt. War. 1918 Mastorano, Maj. J. E. (K. O. Royal R.), S. Ayrica 1900 Mante, Capt. Thomas H. B. (R.G.A.), Gt. War. 1917 Mayrell M. Lound	reformed to by white found of the first training the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the stat
Maufe, Capt. Thomas H. B. (R.G.A.), Gt. War 1917	Roberts, Maj. F. C., D.S.O., OBF, MC (WORG, R.),
Maxwell, Lt Joseph, M.C., n.C.M. (Aust.), Gt War 1918 May, Lieut H (Scottish R.), Gt War 2914 Mayson, Sergt. Tom F. (K O Royal R.), Gt War 2917	Robertson, LCpl. Charles Graham, M.M. (R.Fus.), Cf. War. 2918
Mayson, Sergt. Tom F. (K O Royal R.), Gt. War 1917 Meckosha, Capt. Samuel (W. Yorks, R.), Gt. War 1918	Robertson, Lt -Col. James Forbes-, D.S.O., M.C. (Border R.), Gt War
Meckosha, (2pt. Samuel (W. Yorks, R.), Gt. War. 1915 Mellish, Rev. Edward Noel, M. (C.F.), Gt. War. 1915 Melliss, Maj. Gen. Sir Chas. John, R.C. B., R.C.M. G.,	(Bordor R.), Gt War 1928 Robertson, Lt -Col. William, o s.z. (Gord Highrs ), S Atrica 2800
Asnanti	Robinson Cant. Eric (t. o u v (R N ) (it With your
Merrifield, Lieut. William, M.M. (Cent. Ontario R.).	Robson, 17 H. H. (Royal Scots), II Wan 1914 Rochfort, Capt G. A. Boyd- (Scots G.), III. War. 1915
Gt War 1928 Metcalf, LCpl. William Henry, M. M. (Manitoba R.), Gt War 1928	Robson, Pre H H. (Royal Scots), (II Was Rockfort, Capt G A Boyd (Scots G), (II, Was, 1915 Rogers, Lieut. James (S A Coustab), S Africa 1901 Room, Corpl. Frederick G. (R. Ulster, R.), Gt
Miles, Pte Francis G. (Glouc. R.), Gt War 2918	Roupell, Maj. G. R. P. (E. Surrey R.), Gt War . 2927
Miles, Ptc Francis G. (Glouc, R.), Gt War. 2918 Mir Dast, Subudar (Coke's Rif.), Gt War 2918 Mitchell, Capt. Coulson N., M.c. (Canad. Engrs.),	Roupell, Maj. G. R. P. (E. Surrey R.), Gt War . 2925 Rutherford, Lieut. Charles Smith, M.C., M. M (Quebec R.), Gt Was . 2928
Moffatt, Ptc. M (Leinster R.), Gt. War 1918 Molyneux, Scryt. John (R. Fus.), Gt. War	K.C.M.G., C.B., D SO (Dar) (Welch Gds), Sudan. 2808 Ruthvon, Lieut, William (Aust I. F.), Gt. War 2928 Ryan, Pte John (Aust), Gt. War 2928

168 The Vict	orta Cross.
Ryder, Sergt. Robert (Middx. R.), Gt. Wur 1916 Sadhor, Lieut. Clifford Wm. King (Aust. I. F.),	Turner, LtGen Sir R. E. W. K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
Cit Was	I DAO. (R Can Dust). St Africat
Sage, Ptc. Thomas Hy. (Som. L.1.), Gt. War	Unwin, Capt. E. c. n. c. w.g. (R N.), Gt. War 1918
Sandes, Lt. Arthur J T Fleming- (E. Surrey R.),	Unwin, Capt. E. c. B., c. M. G. (R. N.), Ct. War 1915 Upton, Pto J. (Sherwood F.), Ct. War 1915
Gt War 191	Vesic, Corpt. Theodore W. H. (Devon R.), Gt. War 1916
Saunders, Sergt. Arthur F. (Suffolk R.), Gt. War 1916 Scott, O.M. Sergt R. (Manch Rogt), S. Africa 1909	Vickers, Capt Chus. G. (Sherwood For.), Gt War 1915
Scrimger, Lt -Col F. A. C. (Can. A.M S.), Gt War 1919	Vickery, Sergt S (Dorset R), Turah 1897 Walker, May-Gen William George, c.B. (IA),
Saunders, Serge, Arthur F. (Saundik R.), of Wor yes Scott, Q. M. Seryt R. (Manok Regt.), N. Africa 190 Soringer, LtUoi F. A. C. (Can. A. M. S.), of Wor 193 Shahamad Khau, Naik (Punjubis), of Wor	Walker, Maj Gen William George, c.B. (I A ), Somaliland
Sherry Serat C (Lines R ) (It War you	Walker, Maj A R Hill-(Nrthmp R.), Transcent 1881 Wallace, Capt Samuel T D (R.F.A.), Gt 1100 1917
Shaul, Sergt J (High L. I ), S Africa 189	Wark, Maj Blair A , D s o (Aust ), Gt Was 1918
Sharpo, Sergi, C. (Lines R.), Gi War 1921 Shaul, Sergi J. (High I. I.), S. Africa 1899 Shepherd, Rfm. Albert E. (K. R. C.), Gi War 1931 Sinton, Maj. John A., o.n.z. (I. M. S.), Gi War 1931	Waters, Maj Arnold Horace S, D s.o, M C (R E),
Smith, Gunner Albert (R.A.), Sudan 188	
Smith, L -Sergt. Edward, p.c. M. (Lauc Fus ), Gt	Weale, Sergt. Henry (R. Wolch Fus.), Gt War 1918 Wolch, Sergt. James (R. Berk R.), t Mar 1917
War 191	Welch, Sergt, James (R. Berk R.), t Mar 1917 West, Squad-Leader Ferdinand M. F., M.
Smith, Hergt, Issy (Manchester R), (it War 1911 Smith, ColScryt James (The Buffs), Mohmand 1891	(R.A.F.) GI War
Smith, Pte. James (Border R.), Gt. Wat roz	where Later Col. Geo. Campbell (Gurkha R.).
Smyth, Maj. J G , M.c (Ludhiana Sikhs), Gt War 191	White, Maj. Archie Cecil T., nc (Green
Smyth, Maj. Gen Sir Nevill M, K c.B. (2nd D G), Studan	
Spackman, Sergt. Charles Edward (Border R.), Gt.	White, Pre Jack (K. O. Royal R.), Gt Wee . 1917
Statton, Sergt. Percy Clyde, M.M. (Aust. 1. F.), Ut	White, Lt Win Allison (M G Corps), At War. 1918 Whitfield, Seryt. Harold (K. Shrop L. I.), 64
War 191	
Steele, LieutCom Gordon C. (R.N.), Gt. War 1916	Whittle, Sergt John W., D.C.M. (Aust. Inf.), Ut
Stoole, Sergt. Thomas (Seaforth H.), Gt War 192; Stone, Gunner Charles Edwin, M.M. (R.F.A.), Gt	Wilcox, L. (pl. Alfred (Oxf. & Bucks, L.I.), 6t
War 101	War 1018
Storkey, Capt. Percy Valentine (Aust. I. F.),	Wilkinson, L-Cpl Alfred (Manch R), (It War 1918
Structure May Henry M.c. (Can Cay) Gt. War you	Williams, Pte John (S Wales Bord.), Rorke's
Strachan, Mai. Henry, M.c. (Can. Cav.), Gt. War 191. Stringer, Pte. George (Manch R.), Gt. War 191.	Williams, C - Seryt - Maj John H., D C.M , M M (Bar),
Bount, Com. Round Non, D.S.O. (R.N.R.),	(i) Wales Dord J, trt. War
Gt. War Sullivan, Cpl Arthur P (Roy Fus ), N. Russia 191	Willis, Maj Richard R (Lancs. Fus), Gt War. 1915
Sykas, Ptc. Ernest (Northd. Fus.), Gt War	Wood, Pte Wilfred (Northd. Fus.), Cit War 1918
Symons, Capt. Wm. J (Australia), Gt War 1921 Tandey, Pla H, DCM., MM. (W Riding R.),	
Gt War	
Thomas, Serut, John (N. Staffs, R.), Gt War xoxi	Woolley, Rev. Geoffrey H., a c (Qu Vic. Rif.),
Throssell, Capt Hugo V H. (Aust), Gt War . 1911 Tollerton, Pte. R. (Cameron H), Gt War 1916	
Tombs, L. Corpt. Joseph (Kings R.), Gr. Har 1919	Mr (R W Surrey), Sokoto 1903
Tomass Die Temes (Scott Rif ) Gi War seel	Wyatt, LScryt George H (Cold Gds), (it
Towner, Lieut Edgar, Mc (Aust MGC), Gt War	Wylly, Col. Guy G. E, p.s o. (Tasmania), S
Towse, Cant Sir E B B, x cv.o., c B E, (Gord	Africa
Highrs ), S. Africa 1894 Toye, Capt. Alfred M , n c. (Middx. R.), Gt War 1915	Toung, Pte. Thomas (Duih. L. I.), (it War 1918
Train, Corp. Charles Wm (Lond. R), Gt War. 1918	Zengel, Sergt. Raphaol L., M.M. (Saskatchewan R.)  (It War
LABOUR AND PARLIAMENT.	POLITICAL PARTIES.
Strength of the Labour Party in Parliament.	(After General Elections, 1923, 1924, 1929 and
я895 та   1918 ба	1931.)
1900 11 1988 142 1906 152 1923 101	The following table shows the membership of the House of Commons by political allowance

MANAAM WAY	* ************
Strength of the Labo	ur Party in Parliament.
1895 12 1900 11 1906 52	1918 6a
1900 11	1988 148
zgo6 52	1923 191
rozo (January) 40 rozo (December) 42	1924 150
zgzo (December) 42	1929

Division	Members	Expenses
England and Wales	528	£1,096,000
Scotland	74	109,144
Northern Ireland	13	8,363
Total	fre	£1.222.500

The following table shows the membership of the House of Commons by political allegrance, after the General Elections of Dec 6, 1923, Oct 29, 1924, May 30, 1929 and Oct. 27, 1931:—

Conservative Labour and Socialist National Labour Libersi Libersi National Constitutionalist Independent Irish Nationalist Sinn Fein	1923. 258 191  156  6	1984. 413 150 39 7 4	1929 259 287 	1931. 471 52 13 37 35 5	
Speaker	1	I	z	1	
Total	615	615	615	615	

(Appointed August 25, 1931: Reconstructed November 5, 1931.)

§ THE CABINET.
Prime Menister and First Lord of the Treasury The Rt. Hon J. Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., b. 1866 (N. Lab.) £5,000 Lord President of the Council £2,000
Chancellor of the Exchequer The Rt. Hon Neville Chamberlain, up, b 1869 (C)£5,000  Neverlary of State for Home Affairs The Rt. Hon Sir Horbert Samuel, ace, abe, up, b, 1870 (L)
b. 1870 (L). £5,000  Lord High Chancellor
Lord High Chancellor The Rt Hon. Lord Sankey, a n.e., b. 1266 (N. Lub.) £30,000  Secretary of State for War The Rt Hon Viscount Hallsham, b. 1272 (C) £5,000  Secretary of State for Foreign Affalis The Rt Hon Sir John Simon, a c s 1, 2 c v 0, u r, b. 1273 (L. Nat) £5,000
b 1873 [L Nat ]
Secretary of State for India  The Rt Han Sir Sammel Horre, Bt, a B E, a B C, a C, a C, a C, a C, a C, a C, a
Secretary of State for Air The Most Hon the Marquess of Londonderry, & a,
Secretary of State for Scotland The Rt Hon Sir Archibald Sinclair, Bt, c M g, M P,
## 1
Minister of Health
First Lord of the Admiralty The Rt. Hon Sir Bolton Evres-Monsell, v.p., b. 2872 (C) £4,800
Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries The Rt Hon Sir John (Hilmour, Bt., D 8 0, M F., D 2576(C), S2,000
Minister of Labour
b 1872 ('') First Communicationer of Works
OTHER MINISTERS.
Minister of Transport, P. J. Pybus, c. n. w., w. p. b. 1880 (L. Not.)  Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, Rt. Hon. J. C. D. Brustson, c. n., c. n., w. p. b. 2889 (C).  Lancaster, Rt. Hon. J. C. D. Brustson, c. n., c. n., w. p. b. 2899 (C).  Lancaster, Rt. Hon. J. C. D. Brustson, c. n., c. n., w. p. b. 2899 (C).  Lancaster, H. Hon. Sir William Jowitt, R. c., h. 1885 (N. Lab).  Constitution-teneral, Sir Thomas Inskip, R. c., w. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, teneral, Rt. Hon. Sir Kingsley Wood, w. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, teneral, Rt. Hon. Sir Thom Walters, Bt. b. 1866 (L).  Charlet of the Admiralty, Capt. B. D. Enan Wallace, M. c., w. p. b. 1893 (C).  Lancastery — Fruncial Secretary, Major W. E. Elliot, M. c., M. p. b. 1893 (C).  Lancastery — Fruncial Secretary, Major W. E. Elliot, M. c., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lantor Lords — Sir Victor Warrender, Bt., M. c., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lantor Lords — Sir Victor Warrender, Bt., M. c., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lantor Lords — Sir Victor Warrender, Bt., M. c., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lantor Ward, Bt., D. s.o., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Ward, Bt., D. s.o., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Home, Major Hon Oliver Stanley, M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Home, Major Hon Oliver Stanley, M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, Capt. H. D. S.o., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, Sir Robert Hamilton, M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, Sir Robert Hamilton, M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, Sir Robert Hamilton, M. p. b. 1886 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. L. Hore Bellisha, M. p. L. b. 1886 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. L. Brand, Co., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. L. Brand, Co., M. p. b. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. L. Brand, C. M. p. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. L. Brand, C. M. p. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p. 1896 (C).  Lancaster, M. p.
Servetary of State (in the Cubinet)  Index Secretary (Health), A. N. Skelton, M.F. b. 1880 (C.)  Lord Advocate, Rt. Hon. Craigle Mason Aitchison, s.c., M.F. b. 1882 (N. Lab.)  A5,000  Solucitor-General, W. G. Normand, s.c., M.F. (C.)  Laborate State (C.)
Political Ministers of the Royal Household.
Trassurer, Sir F. C. Thomson, Bt., s. c., s. p., b. 1875 (C)
§ All salaries subject to the deductions shown on p s96

# The Mational Ministry.

(Appointed August 25, 1931: Reconstructed Nov. 5, 1931. See p. 169.)

### OTHE CABINET.

VIAE CABIARI.
Prime Mounter and First Lord of the Treasury The Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, N.P., b. 1866 (Lab.) £5,000 [Independent of the Council The Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, M.P., b. 1867 (C.) £5,000 [Independent of the Ecchequer The Rt. Hon. Philip Browden, N.P., b. 1864 (Lab.) £5,000 [Independent of the Ecchequer The Rt. Hon. Sir Herbert Samuel, a.c.m., c. b. m., v. p. b. 1870 (L.)
\$ OTHER MINISTERS.  Lord Pracy Seal
b 1863 (**)  Secretary of State for War The Most Hon Marquess of Crowe, k.a., b. 1858 (L.) £5,000  Secretary of State for Arr. The Itt Hon Lord Anulree, c. r r, k r, b. 1866 (Lab), £3,000  President of the Board of Education The Itt Hon. Sir Donald Maclean, k b k, m.r., b. 1864  (L.)
Minister of Agriculture and Fisher less The Rt. Hon Sir John Gilmoin, Bt, D 50, M P,
First Commissioner of Works  The Most Hon Marquess of Londonderry, Ra, M. O.  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').  Lags (').
Solicitor-General.  Sir Thomas Inskip, r.c, nr, b 1876 (C). and fees £ 2,000 Postmaster-General.  Major Rt. Hon W. Ornsby-Gore, nr, b. 1895 (C). £ 2,000 Minister of Pensions.  Major Rt. Hon W. Ornsby-Gore, nr, b. 1892 (C). £ 2,000 Minister of Transport  P. Pybus, c n r, n r, b 1800 (L). £ 2,000
Treatury — Parliamentary Secretary, Com. Rt. Hon. Sir B. M. Eyres-Monsell, R. M. P., b. 1871 (C)
Paymaster-General, Rt. Hon. Sir John Tudor Walters, Bt., Mr., b. 1866 (L.)
Paymaster-General, Rt. Hon Sir John Indor Walters, Bt., w.r., b. 1866 (L.)
Scotland.
Secretary of State, Rt. Hon. Sir Archibald Sinclair. Bt., c x a, n.r., b x890 (L.) £2,500 Parliamentary Under Secretary, A. N. Skelton, x n., b x80 (*) £2,500 Lord Advocate, The Rt. Hon. Craigie M. Altohison, x (, n.r., b, x80 (Lab.) £5,500 Solicitor-General, J. C. Watson, x n.r., x.c., b x883 (Lab.) £5,500
Political Ministers of the Royal Household.
Treasurer, Major Sir George Hennossy, Bt., o b.r., m.r., b z887 (('))
Canuar Mixistran. Pensiova .—First Class Pension, £2,000; Second Class Pension, £2,000 None paid since April & 2021. Pensions were granted to the following Ministers, but have been resigned by them .—Rt Hon. J. A. Pease, now Lord Gainford (£2,000 per annum); Rt. Hon G. W. Balfour (£1,000 per annum)
§ All salaries subject to the deductions shown on page 295. • Resigned before the General Election

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THE KING'S SPEECH.—For the first time since his illness, the King opened the new Session on Oct. 28, and read his Speech in firm, clear tones in the presence of the Queen, the Prince of Wales and a brilliant gathering. He referred with sympathy to the continuance of heavy unemployment, and said that the Government would persist in its efforts to develop and extend home, Imperial and foreign trade and to help in measures that would lead to greater efficiency in industry. Proposals would be made for the promotion of increased settlement and employment on the land and of large-scale farming operations, for the acquisition and improvement of agricultural land in need of re-conditioning. and for the organisation of producers for marketing purposes. A Commission would be set up immediately to enquire into the whole question of unemployment insurance and the allegations of abuse of its provisions, further financial provision for the Unemployment Fund being meanwhile made. Legislation to secure for the community its share in the site value of land and a measure of electoral reform would be introduced, and measures would be submitted for raising the age of compulsory school attendance, amending the law relating to trade disputes and council. Other legislation promised in the Speech related to the extension of the law concerning town planning, the amendment of the Factory Acts and the establishment of a new statutory authority to deal with passenger traffic in London. In the Lords, the Address in reply was moved by Lord Sanderson, a blind peer, and seconded by Lord Marks, and was agreed to. In the Commons, atter Mr. Charleton had moved and Mr. W. Taylor had seconded the Address, the Prime Minister informed Mr. Baldwin that the Royal Commission on Unemployment Insurance was necessary to keep recom-mendations for the reform of the system free from party taint, and declared that the removal of the Trade Disputes Act would morease the chances of industrial peace and end a piece of prejudiced legislation. The first amendment, moved by Mi. Jowett on Oct. 31, called for Socialist reorganisation of industry, agriculture, banking and the import and export trades and for the fairer distribution of the national income It was rejected by 156 to 11. Mr. Neville Chamberlain on Nor. 3, moved the official Opposition amendment, which expressed regret at the failure of the Government to propose any measures adequate to deal with the crisis in the industrial, agricultural and commercial situation industrial, agricultural and commercial situation or to check the continued growth of unemployment. Mr. MacDonald on the following day said that the rise in unemployment was meyitable, whatever dovenment had been in power. They were encouraging the re-organisation of one industry after another, and would not be held up indefinitely by the refusal of any industry to cut out dead wood. The amendment was defeated by any and the Address was feated by sar to sgo, and the Address was agreed to.

THE TRADE DISPUTES ACT .- One of the most important measures submitted by the Government was the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions

the sympathetic industrial strike should not be illegal. No one should be charged with intimidation, and a corporate body should have control of its funds. The Bill also sought to prevent individual convictions before an authoritative pronouncement upon the legality of a strike, and declared that the minority of a trade union must follow the majority in questions concerning the use of funds. Outlining the Liberal policy, Mr. Norman Birkett said they considered that the Bill would make a repetition of the general strike perfectly legal. They held that contracting in had justified itself, and they They held would insist on maintaining it. During the final stages of the debate on Jan 28, Sir Stafford nnai stages of the debate on Jan as, Sir Manord Cripps, the Solicitor-General, declared that under the law as it existed before the Act of 1927, the general strike of 1926 would have been legal, because one of its motives had been undustrial, but that under the new Bill the general strike would have been idegal, because he was sure that the Courts would have found that the primary object was not industrial. The second reading was carried by 27 to 250, and the Bill was sent to a standing committee, where the treatment it received resulted in its abandonment by the Government. Sir William Jowitt explained early, on Feb. 12, that the Government intended to restore to the trade unions the full liberty of action which they possessed in 1926 so long as a sympathetic strike was industrial. Dr. Burgin on Feb. as moved an official Liberal amendment to introduce words to make illegal any strike or lock-out of which the effect was to expose the community, or any substantial part of the community, to danger to health or safety by interfering with the supplies or distribution of essential food, water, fuel, light, medical or sanitary services or other necessities of life. The amendment was described by supporters of the Government as a wrecking amendment, but it was carried by 37 to 37 on Feb. 36. When the committee net again on March 3, the Attorney-General announced that the Government would not proceed with the Bill as a consequence of this change, and said that its effect would be to put the unions in a more difficult position than they had been in at any time during the last fifty venie

THE BUDGET.—Still suffering from the effects of a rather serious illness, Mr. Snowden introduced his Budget on Appl 27, the main feature being a promise of duties on land values when the necessary valuation had been completed The Chancellor estimated a sotal revenue of £766,000,000 and a total expenditure of £803,366,000, leaving a gap to be bridged of £37,366,000. He proposed to take powers to enable present holders of Savings Certificates enable present holders of Savings Certificates due for repayment in 1938 or 1933 to extend their investment. Mr. Snowden emphasized that his task of covering the estimated deficit was exceptionally hard owing to the great depression in trude. He rejected the idea of a revenue tariff, which he described as a means of relieving the well-to-do at the expense of the poor, and as an indirect attack on, and reduction of wages. His problem was largely a temporary one, he declared. A revival of trade, when it came, would be followed by an expan-(Amendment) Bill, and its abandonment was porary one, he declared. A revival of trade, due to Liberal criticism. Moving the second when it came, would be followed by an expanreading on Jars 2s, 'ir William Jowitt said that ston of revenue and a reduction on the expenthe sort of strike which must be made illegal diture side in respect of unemployment. In the was the revolutionary or political strike, but midst of "this economic blizzard, more severe than our generation has ever known," he felt justified in seeking relief by means of non-recurrent revenues and temporary expedients, There were two resources to which he could turn. He felt that the Exchange Account of \$33,000,000 set up to purchase foreign exchange to finance payments of our obligations abroad could be reduced by \$40,000,000, largely because of the establishment of the Bank of International Settlement. The other source was obtained by partially withdrawing a concession in regard to income tax. The yield would suffer from the fall in profits due to trade depression, and he decided not to propose any increase in the standard rate. He proposed instead that the practice of paying two equal instalments of tax under Schedules B, D, and E, should be altered, so that three quarters should be paid on Jan.x, and the remaining quarter on July z. The result would be that the Exchequer would get is an extra quarter of the year's tax within the present financial year, and the following year's yield would not be affected. These two sources, he considered, would reduce the estimated deficit by £30,000,000, and he proposed to obtain the remaining sum by adding twopence to the duty on oil, making it sixpence, instead of four-pence. The balance sheet for the current year would therefore he-revenue £803,500,00 expenditure £803,386,000, leaving a nominal margin of £124,000. "If we can effect substantial economies during the year," Mr. Snowden and, "and if there is some improvement in trade, I do not think next year's Budget need be unduly slarming, but falling this, next year a heavy increase of taxation will be inevitable." Then the Chancellor came to the highly controversial part of his speech. He intended, he said, to include in the Finance Bill provision for the taxation of land values, provision for the necessary and preliminary step of valua-tion, and provision for the imposition of a tax on land values upon the valuation thus obtained. The impost would not become operative during the current year, but he hoped that the valuation would be completed within two years from the passing of the Finance Bill. The tax would be at the rate of one penny in the pound on capital land value. Chancellor declared that he was convinced that the proposals which would be submitted would be supported by the great majority of the House and the country. "The scandal of private appro-priation of land values created by the enterprise and industry of the people and by the expendi-ture of public money has been tolerated far too long," he contended. The present system moon in the way of social and economic progress. It inflicted crushing burdens on industry and hindered municipal development. He prophecied that they would look back upon that Budget as a landmark on the road of social and economic progress, and as one further stage towards the progress, and as one further stage towards the emancipation of the people from the tyranny and the injustice of private land monopoly. Presenting the Opposition case on the following day, Mr. Neville Chamberlain said that the anticipation of the income tax would be a serious hardahp on the victims. This was the last Free Trade Budget, he declared, and no sham optimist could disguise its revelation of the importance of an out-worn fiscal waters. A new importance of an out-worn fiscal system. A new procedure was required for the land values proposals, and, on April 20, on the Chancellor's motion, the House agreed that notwithstanding

the established practice provision night be made in the Finance Bill for giving effect to any resolution for imposing a tax on land values, although the tax was not to come into operation until a subsequent financial year. He explained that as soon as the Bill was passed the work of valuation could begin, and it was hoped it would be completed before the tax came into operation two years hence. Mr. Snowden, on May 4, moved that there should be charged for the financial year ending March 31, 1933, and for every subsequent financial year, a tax at the rate of one penny for each pound of the land value of every unit of land in Great Britain. He said that between zo,000,000 and 12,000,000 hereditaments would have to be walned by a vast staff who could not begin the work until October. Revenue could not be re-ceived until 1933, but meanwhile the threatof the tax would cheapen land at once. He put the cost of valuation at £1,500,000. Agricultural land would be exempt as long as it had a cultivation value. This meant that land used for allotments or market gardens would only be taxed on the difference between its value for cultivation and its value for other purposes. The basis of valuation was to assume that the land was bare of buildings and works, and that the surrounding land was as it actually was. Then the valuer would estimate how much a willing purchaser would give a willing seller for the land, and upon that figure the tax would be levied. Those who owned land valued at less than £120 a year would be exempt, almost all working-class houses being thus exempt. The resolution was carried by allo to ago on May 6, and the report stage was passed on the following day after the rejection of a Conservative amendment to make it clear that improvements in site value, due to the enterprise of the ments in site value, due to the enterprise of the owner or his predecessors in title, should be excluded from the tax. The Finance Bill received its second reading on May 19, Mr. Neville Chamberlain's motion for rejection being defeated by 270 to 230, and the committee stage opened under a guillotine arrangement on June 3. The Opposition strongly contested the land tax, which the Solicitor-General estimated would require an extra staff of only a conmated would require an extra staff of only 2,000. One amendment to deduct the cultivation value of urban land from the site value assessed to tax instead of deducting only in the case of agricultural land was carried on June 15 on a snap division, by age to sos, the Prime Minister afterwards declaring that it was a purely drafting matter. The future of the Bill —and of the Government—was imperilled for some time by a Liberal threat to withdraw their some time by a interact of double taxation were dealt with. After negotiations, Mr. Snowden on June 25 moved an amendment of meet the objections. It provided that the land value of every land unit should be reduced either by a sum equal to four times the annual value for purposes of income tax or by a sum equal to seveneighths of the land value of the unit. During the report stage, the Chancellor on July a, moved an amendment to exempt from the tax land used as a playing field under some agreement which could not be determined for at least five years, or if it were probable that the land would continue to be so used for one year or more. This was carried, as was another Government amendment changing the first valuation date from Aug. z, 2932, to Jan. 1, 1932, and fixing the second valuation date at Aug. 2, 1935. The third reading was carried on July 3, after the defeat by 274 to 252 of an amendment for rejection. The House of Lords quickly passed the Bill, which received the Speaker's certificate that it was a money bill and could not therefore be amended by the Peers, and the Royal Assent was given on July 31, when Parliament adjourned.

ELECTORAL REPORM. -- The introduction of the principle of the alternative vote and the abolition of university representation were the main features of the Electoral Reform Bill, which was read a second time in the House of Commons, by age to sae on Feb. 3, after a two days' debate. The Home Secretary, explaining the proposals, said that the Government in bringing the Bill forward were fulfilling a moral duty and not signing a pact with the Liberals. The Bill, although it fell short of what the Labour Party would like, would effect a real, far-reaching improvement in our electoral system. The Labour Party regarded the abolition of the system of plural voting as essential, while the alternative vote had the advantages and convenience of the second ballot without the latter's inconvenence and trouble, and prevented the election of a candidate against the wishes of a constituency. The Bill proposed to divide the existing double-membered constituencies into two, each of which would return a single member, schemes for the division being prepared by commissioners and laid before Parliament. The business premises qualification, except in the City of London, and Universities con-stituencies would be abolished, votors in the City being prohibited from voting elsewhere. The Bill also provided that motor cars and other vehicles could not be used at elections unless registered with the returning officer. Sir Samuel Hoare described the Bill as a Socialist bid for Liberal support for a majority until 1934. For the Committee stage a time table was adopted, and when it opened on March 4, the Government accepted an amendment delaying the operation of the alternative vote system until the dissolution of the present Parliament. The Government were defeated on March 16 by 146 to 242, on the clause abolishing University representation, which was deleted. The committee stage was completed on May 12, and the third reading was secured on June 2 by 278 to 228. In the Upper Chamber the second reading was agreed to by 50 to 14 on June 16, but the Peors made a number of important changes in committee. An amendment to limit the operation of the alternative vote to London boroughs, other than the City and boroughs elsewhere with other than the city and doroughs ensemble when a population exceeding socioo, was carried by so to so on July s, and on July 9 the Lords deleted the clauses dealing with the business premises qualification, plural voting, and the use of motor cars. These were restored by the Commons on July 16 when other amendments by the Upper Chamber were disagreed with, but no further progress was made with the Bill.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.—Several Bills amending the unemployment insurance system were brought forward by the Government, pending the report of the Royal Commission to inquire into the question. The first Bill, which received the Royal Assent on 'Dec. 19, was necessitated by the fact that the debt of the

Unemployment Insurance Fund was approaching the borrowing limit of \$50,000,000, which, it was explained, would be reached by Christmas, and which was accordingly increased to \$70,000,000. Mr. Lawson said that the deficiency in the Fund was due to the increase in unemployment. At the same time a Bill was passed to retain in insurance an number of persons who would otherwise have fallen out of insurance within the wise have fallen out of insurance within the succeeding few months. Later another Bill was placed on the Statute Book, raising the borrowing limit of the fund to £00,000,000 and extending the transitional period by six months. Then on June 22, a money resolution was passed which sanctioned yet a further increase of the Fund to Grzg.coc.co. Miss Bondfield, instifying the Government's policy, declared that to increase contributions and decrease benefits would mean greater exactions from industries already heavily depressed and a lowering of the standard of living of the unemployed. The Bill based on the resolution received a second reading on fune as after the defeat by sac to x8 of a inction for rejection, and the Royal Assent was given on July 8. Finally, a Bill dealing with some of the anomalies pointed out by the Royal Commission was passed by the time Parliament adjourned. It imposed a test on habitual part-time workers as to whether they intended to work a full week or not, and laid it down that benefit should not be a dowry to give a married woman independence but to relieve an unemployed married woman still habitually employed. The Bill also set up an advisory committee to submit draft regulations to the Minister of Labour with a view to removing anomalies. An amendment for the rejection of the Bill, moved by Mr. Maxton, was defeated by sar to 19 during the second reading stage on July 8.

HELP FOR AGRICULTURE.—Among the measures passed before the adjournment were two designed to assist agriculture. The first was the Agricul-tural Land (Utilisation) Bill, which set up an Agricultural Land (Orporation with power to acquire land by agreement with the owners for large scale farming experiments. Explaining the proposals when he moved the second reading on Nor 13, Dr. Addison said that they were intended to increase employment and to develop a system which would make good dilapidation. Demonstration farms, which must be self-supporting, were to be established. Where it was shown that land had been seriously neglected, and continued to be neglected, there would be powers continued to be neglected, there would be power to take it over compulsorily. There would also be powers to facilitate the provision of allot-ments, where there was a specially large number of men unemployed. The second reading was carried on Now, 28 by 297 to 326, and the Bill was sent to a standing committee. The third reading sent to a standing committee. The third reading was agreed to by 38s to ass on Feb. 10. When the Bill reached the Upper Chamber, it was dealt with severely. The Bill was given a second reading on Feb. 15 on the advice of Lord Hailsham. In committee, the clause providing for the establishment of a Land Corporation was deleted on April so, and other clauses were struck out before the Bill was read a third time on May az. The Commons disagreed with the amendments and restored the deleted clauses, but the Lords insisted on the omission of the clause dealing with large scale farming experiments, and the Bill was given the Royal Assent in this form on July 3z. The second measure, the Agricultural

Marketing Bill, was outlined on Feb. 9 by Dr. Addison, who estimated that better marketing would add £100,000,000 year to the £35,000,000 obtained by British producers. The National Mark Campaign had shown that a demand existed mark campagn had shown that a demand existed for properly graded British produce, and the Bill would give and consolidate a great new market by setting up an organisation for stan-dardised produce. Its success would depend upon the loyal co-operation of producers. An element of compulsion was necessary, but ex-emptions would be allowed in some cases, such

as where producers consumed their own goods or had a regular private clientele, provided that there was no under-selling. He hoped that they might capture the London egg market, remedy the disorganisation of the milk trade by providing for the use of milk surplus to local consumption, and promote alliances between kindred trades. The second reading was agreed to by 258 to 213. In committee, a Conservative amendment to prevent under-cutting from outside prescribed areas was carried. The Lords made but slight amendments and these were accepted, the Royal

Assent being given on July 31.

SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENTS .- As a result of the ruling by the Courts that Sunday cinema performances were illegal under a century-old statute, the Government introduced a Bill to regulate Sunday performances, leaving members to vote as they wished. Mr. Clynes, moving the second reading on April 20, explained that the law of 1780, which governed Sunday performances, must either be amended or enforced. The Bill would give local authorities discretion as to which view should prevail in their areas, subject only to a guarantee that recreational facilities would produce revenue for charities and would not involve a seven-day week for any worker, and to proof being forthcoming of a substantial demand for such facilities in any area. Mr. Iau Macpherson moved the rejection of the Bill, which, he said, legalised illegality and commercialised Sunday It would, he declared, benefit Hollywood at the expense of Stratford-on-Avon Mr. Chamberlain pointed Stratford-on-Avon Mr. Chamberlam pointed on that the Bill would only sanction, and not compel, a practice prevalent during the last twenty years, and 8n John Simon reminder members that in 1780 the House imposed on the people what it thought good for them to believe, while in 1291, Parliament gave people the right to believe what they thought good. Samming up the case against the Bill, Sin Thomas Inskip said that it might force aso, coopseple to work on Sunday in London. The second reading was agreed to by mes to ze, and people to Work on Sunday in London. The second reading was agreed to by ags to an and the Bill was sent to a standing committee, but was subsequently abandoned, and a tem-porary measure was passed legalising, but not aftering, the practice existing before the ruling of the Courts.

#### THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

LABOUR RESIGNS .- A sudden crisis arose within a few weeks of the adjournment as a result of the state of the country's finances. The Cabinet met daily but failed to agree upon methods of balancing the nation's Budget, and

Sept. 8, when both Houses received a message from the King intimating that the condition of the national dnances called for the imposition of additional taxation, and for economies in public expenditure. In the Lords, the Marquis of Reading, and in the Commons the Prime Minister, explained the situation. Mr. MacDonald said that by the third week in August temporary credits which had been arranged were practically exhausted. The position they had to face was something like a typhoon. He denied that bankers had ever interfered with political proposals, and said that if the country was to get a loan it had to balance the Budget and put its unemployment finance on a sound basis. Mr. Henderson, who had become Leader of the Opposition, said that he had agreed that the Budget must be balanced, but he could not accept the cuts in the unemployment benefit. The division on a formal motion was treated as a vote of confidence, and the Government secured a majority of 59

THE BUDGET BALANCED.—By the emergency Budget, opened by M1. Snowden on Sept xo, the finances of the nation were balanced and a pro-spective deficit of £170,000,000 was cleared—" an achievement which no country in the world has achievement which no country in the world has ever attempted," in the world so the Chancellor Nationally, he said, we had for some time been living beyond our means. The Unemployment Insurance Fund was costing the Exchequer about £ 100,000,000 this year, and the Government had decided that borrowing for that Fund and the Road Fund must cease. Based on the existing taxes and expenditure, he obtained an estimated deficit on the year's Budget of £74,000,000, but, looking alread, he found the appalling figure of £72,000,000 deficit on hext year's Budget. of £170,000,000 deficit on next year's Budget Mentioning that nine-tenths of the items under which economies were proposed were approved by the late Government, Mr. Snowden said that the Government had decided that the proposed sinking Fund provision should be £32,500,000, which, with certain necessary adjustments, produced a saving of £13,500,000. He proposed to increase the standard rate of income tax for the current year by 5d., making it 5% in the pound, and to alleviate the burden of the increase on industry the allowance made in respect of wear and tax on plant and mechanics would wear and tear on plant and machinery would be increased by so per cent. A very large number of persons at present paying no income tax would be brought within the range of payers by re-ducing the personal allowance for a single person from £135 to £100, and for a married person from £225 to £250, while the allowances for children would be reduced from £60 to £50 for the first child, and from £50 to £40 for other children. The amount on which half the standard factor would be paid was reduced from £250 to £175, but the allowance in respect of earned income would be increased from one-sixth, with Income would be increased from one-sixth with a maximum of £350, to one-fifth, with a maximum of £350. He expected a yield from the changes of £35,000,000 this year, and £55,500,000 next year. In addition he anticipated £4,000,000 this year and £6,000,000 next year from an increase of roper cent, on the amount of the surtex bill. The duties on all ordinary descriptions of hear would be forevered. methods of balancing the nation s budget, and amount of the sureax out. The cueses of an incident descriptions of beer would be forceased two days later Mr. MacDonald formed the National Government, the Cabinet consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the consisting of the

pence charged for admission. From these four changes he hoped to receive £11,50,000 this year and £24,000,000 next year. Thus, said the Chancellor, against the estimated deficit of this year of £74,579,000 he would secure £76,200,000, a surplus of £1,500,000, and in regard to next year the changes would bring in £71,500,000 against the estimated deficit of £70,000,000. Finally, Mr. Snowden said that the Finance Bill would include clanes to facilitate the conversion of the 5 per cent War Loan to a lower rate of interest. He had tied, he declared, to spread the burden as fairly and as evenly as human ingenuity could devise, and he believed that the country would accept the proposals and give the world an example of the indomitable British spirit in the face of difficulty. Mr. Graham criticised mainly the "cut" in unemployment benefit, and Mr. Runciman suggested that the importation of foreign luxuries should be prohibited. The Finance Bill was brought in on \$29t. 17, and the second reading was obtained six days later by 297 to 238. When the third reading was agreed to on Oct. 2, Mr. Suowden claimed that it would place the country's finances on a sound basis. The Bill went through the House of Lords and received the Royal Assent on Oct. 5.

in teachers salaries, and police and services pay, the Prime Minister said that the reduction in unemployment insurance seemed to be the hardest of the economies. They had adopted the straightforward course of taking off a percentage based upon the decreases in the cost of living and increases in the value of money, and he contended that the state of the unemployed was 1½ per cent. better than two years earlier. The second reading was carried by 320 to 253 on Sept. 14, and after several amendments had been defeated in Committee the third reading was agreed to by 297 to 242 on Sept. 28. Two days later it had been passed by the Lords and received the Royal Assent.

GOLD STANDARD SUSPENDED.—Yet another sensation came on Sept. 21, when it was announced that on the previous day the Government had decided, after consultation with the Bank of England, to suspend the Gold Standard for the time being. On the same day a Bill for this purpose was passed through all its stages and received the Royal Assent. Mr. Snowden explained that it suspended the obligation of the Bank to sell gold until such time as that obligation was restored by Royal Proclamation, indemnified the Bank for refusing to sell gold that day, and gave the Treasury power during the next six mouths to make and vary any measures they wished for controlling the exchanges. Mr. Henderson said that there was no need for panic, but he did not dispute the necessity for emergency powers.

THE DISSOLUTION—After the passage of a Bill to prevent the exploitation of foodstuffs, the Prime Minister announced on Oct. 6 that Parliament would be dissolved on the following day, and that polling day for the new House of Commons would be Oct. sp. In the King's Speech, read on the prorogation, His Majesty expressed himself confident that every eitzen would co-operate in restoring prosperity to the nation.

#### OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Speaker (re-elected Nov. 3, 1931), Capt. The Rt. Hon. Edward A. FitzRoy, N.P. for Daventry £5,000
Secretary, Lt.-Col. Sir Ralph Verney, C.I.E., C.V.O. £700
Chairman of Committees, Sir D. H. Herkert, K.B.E., M.P. £3,500
Deputy Chairman, Capt. R. C. Bourne, M.P. £3,500
Temporary Chairmen (unpaid),

Senior Clerks, Sir J. S. Horsburgh-Porter, Bart.; C. R. Turner; W. K. Gibbons; O. C. Williams; G. W. B. Throckmorton; B. H. Coode; A. W. M. Bull; C. R. P. Diver; E. A. Fellowes; R. A. W. Dent

each £650 to £600 Asnat. Clerks, L. A. Abraham; N. L. Lockton; S. St. G. S. Kingdom; E. J. II. Edenborough; D. J. Gordon; B. St. G. Drennan; K. E. Mackenzie; S. C. Hawtrey; S. Gordon; T. G. B. Cocks; J. S. Crawford ; H. R. M Farmer

3. S. Crawford: H. R. M. Farmer Gach 1250 to 1650 Assust. Accountant, C. L. Watson 1250 to 1650 Assust. Accountant, C. L. Watson 1250 to 1650 Vote Office Principal Clerk, Maj. B. T. St. John Serjeant-at-Arms, Adm. Sir Colin Keppel, G. C. V. O. K. C. I. R. C. B., D. R. O. Deputy Serjeant, Walter H. Erskine, M. B. E. 2850 Assatant do., Paymaster Capt. R. Butcher, C. M. G., C. V. O. Payman to the Speaker, Rev. Canon Wm. H. Carnegie, M. L. Conned to the Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., Sir Ralph Verney, C. I. K. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., K. O. L. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., Sir Ralph Verney, C. I. K. Speaker, Sir F. Liddell, K. C. B., Sir Ralph Verney, C. I. K

# The House of Commons.

The eighth Parliament of King George V., elected on October 27, 1931. 472 Conservative; 13 National Labour; 35 Liberal Nationalists; 33 Liberals; 3 National Independents. Total for National Government, 556. Labour 52; Independent Liberals 4; Independents 3. Total against National Government, 59.

	DISTRIBUTION OF MEMBORS.			POLITICA	L ALLEGIANCE	, Nov., 1931.	
	Counties.	Boroughs	Univer- sities.	Total Members.	Government	Opposition.	Government Majority.
England		255 11 33 4	7 1 3 1	492 36 74 13	464 16 65	28 20 9	+436 -4 +56 +9
Total	300	303	12	615	556	59	+497

# ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

ABBREVIATIONS.—C. = Conservative; Com. = Communist; Ind. = Independent; L. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Liberal Nationalist; Lab. = Labour; N. Lab. = National Labour; N. P. = New Party, Nat. = Nationalist.

The numbers before the Constituency provide a key to the Geographical List on pages 18s-195.

Maj.	Maj.
Adams, D. M. (Lab.), 41S. Poplar 4,288	Beit, Sir A. L., Bt. (C), 44S.E. St. Paneras 9,380
Adams, S. V. T. (C), 143 W. Leeds 10,347	Belisha, Maj. L. Hore- (L), 191Devonport 14,430
Agnew, LtCom. P (i., R N. (C) 276 Camborne 3,804	Benn, Sir S., Bt., K.B.E (C), 216 Park,
Ainsworth, Lt. Col. C. (C), 103 Bury 14,443	Sheffield 10.600
Aitchison, Rt. Hon. C. M., K.C. (N. Lab.),	Bennett, Capt. Sir E. N. (N. Lab), 494
568Kümarnock 7,036	Central Cardiff 12.262
Albery, I. J. M.O. (C), 340Gravesend 9.988	Bernays, R. (L), 98N. Bristol 13,214
Alexander, Brig. Gen. Sir W , K.B E., C.B.,	Betterton, Rt. Hon. Sir H. B., Bt., CB K.
C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D. (C), 544 Cent.	(C), 408Rushcliffe 22,494
Glasgon 10,091	Bevan, Aneurin (Lab.), 523 Ebbie Vale unop.
Allen, Sir J. Sandeman (C), 160 N. Derby 23,125	Bevan, Stuart, K.O. (C.) as Holborn 13,178
Allen, J. S. (C), 70W. Birkenhead 9,665	Birchall, Maj Sir J. D (C), 140N E Leeds 21,377
Allen, W. (C), 226 Burslem 2,399	Bird, E. Roy (C), 48aSkepton 14,960
Allen, LtCol. Sir W. J., K.B.E., D.S.O. (C),	Bird, Sir R., Bt. (C), \$53W. Wolverhampton 9,091
Amery, LtCol. Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S.	Blaker, Sir R., Bt. (C), 388 Spelthorne 24,901 Blindell, J. (L. Nat.), 339 Holland 21,535
	Bolst, C. E. (C), 85Blackpool 33,486
(C), 80Sparkbrook 24,979 Applin, LtCol. R. V. K., D.8.0. (C),	Boothby, R. J. G. (C), 563E. Aberdeen 10,007
384 Enfield 10,866	Borodale, Lt. Visct., R.N. (C), 12 Peckham 8,241
Apsley, Lord, D.S.O., M C., T.D. (C), 96Cen-	Bossom, A. C. (C) 351Maidstone 20,624
tral Bristol 7,168	Boulton, W. W (C), 212Central Sheffield 8,377
Ashley, Col. Rt. Hon. W. W. (C), 329 New	Bourne, Capt R. C. (C), 1900xford City unop.
Forest 28.414	Bowater, Sir V., Bt. (C), xCitu of London mon
Aske, Sir R. W., Bt. (L. Nat.), 178E. New-	Bower, LtCom R. T., R.N. (C), 463('leve-
castle 10,346	10710 IO. E48
Astbury, LtCom. F. W. (C), 209 W. Sal-	Bowyer, Capt. Sir G. E. W., M.C. (C), 263
ford 11,763	Buckingham 12,047
Astor, Viscountess (C), 193 Sutton 10,204	Boyce, H. L. (C), 122Gloucester 9,978
Astor, Maj. Hon. J. J. (C), 347 Dover 19,962	Boyd, A. T. Lennox (C), 258Mul Bedford 1,487
Atholl, Duchess of, D.B E. (C), 593Kinross	Brabazon, LtCol. J. T. Moore- (C), 235
and Western 5,695	Wallasey 32,449
Atkinson, C., K.C. (C), s66Altrincham uuop. Attlee, Maj. C. R. (Lab.), 50Limehouse 55x	Bracken, B. (C), 38N. Paddington
Bailey, E A. G. S. (C), 166Gorton 4,912	Braithwaite, Maj. A. N., D.S.O., M C. (C),
Baillie, Sir A., Bt (C), 588 Linkthgew 3,520	
Baldwin, Rt. Hon. S. (C), 456 Bewdley unop	Brass, Capt. Sir W. (C), 357Clitheroe 9,441
Balfour, G. (C), 24 Hampstead 31,453	Briant, F. (L), 34N. Lambeth 7,602
Balfour, Capt. H. H , M.C. (C) 350Thanet ar,656	Briscoe, Capt. R. G , M.C. (C), 265 Cambridge 13,729
Balniel, Lord (C), 364 Lonsdale 5,602	Brise, Maj. E. A. Ruggles- (C), 318 Maldon 12,977
Banks, Sir R. Mitchell, K C. (C), 454Swin-	Broadbent, LtCol. J (C), 64.4 shton 4.578
don 4,794	Brocklebank, C E. R. (C), 155 Fairfield 16.676
Barrie, Sir C., E B.E. (L. Nat.), sigSouth-	Brown, C W. E (Lab.), 406 Mansfield 5.562
amplon 27,844	Brown, Col. D. C. (C), 402Hexham 13,021
Barton, Capt. B. K. (C), 133Central Hull 3,660	Brown, E., M C. (L. Nat.), 558 Letth 11,447
Bateman, A. L. (C), 10N. Camberwell 765	Brown, BrigGen. H. Clifton (C), 260
Ratey, J. (Lab.), 313Spennymoor 4,000	Property Cont A CLOS CANCER Delegate
Beauchamp, Sir B. C., Bt. (C), #38E. Wal-	Browne, Capt. A. C. (C), 606 West Belfast 9,107
Beaumont, M. W. (C), sea Aylesbury 20,44x	Buchan, J. (C), 600Scot. Univ unop. Buchanan, G. (Lab.), 545Gorbals
Beaumont, M. W. (C), ses Aylesbury 20,44x Beaumont, R. E. B. (C), 194Central Ports-	Buller, LtCol. Sir M. Manningham-, Bt.
mouth 10, 1940ens w 1 0/15-	
	(C), 181 Northampton 14,919

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Maj.		Maj.
	Croft, BrGen. Sir H. Page, Bt., C.M G.,	noj.
Bullock, Capt. H. M., M.B.E. (O), 371	To Comments	
Waterloo unop.	T.D. (C), 89Bournemouth	29,916
Burghley, Lord (C), 399 Peterborough 12,434	Crooks, J. S. (C), 72Deritend	10,521
Burgin, Dr. E. Leslie (L), 357 Lutton 24,118	Crookshank, Col. C. de W. (C), 88 Bootle	8,806
Burnett, J. G. (C), sagN. Aberdeen 14,178	Crookshank, Capt. H. F. C. (C), 379Gains-	1
Burton, Col. H. W., O.B.E. (C), 432Sudbury 2,571	borough	6,830
Butler, R. A. (C). 200 Saffron Walden 16.033	Cross, R. H. (C), so4 Rossendale	3.117
Butt Sir A Rt (A) es Ralham v8.8v2	Crossley, A. C (C), 1880ldham	32.064
Codoren Mei Hou E OR (C) and Rinchieu an Rafe	Crussley, A. C (C), 1880ldham	,
### Waterioo    Waterioo   Burghley, Lord (C), 399Peterborough	beck	
Caine, R. R. Hall, C.J. Issy wavertree	Culvermell ( T (C) near Blant Decisted	9,533
Caine, G. R. Hall-, C.B. S. (C), aggr. 1707 825 1,910	Culverwell, C. T. (C), 100 West Bristol Curry, A. C. (L. Nat.), 304Bushop Auckland	34,309
Campbell, E. T. (C.) ioi Bromien 37,812	Curry, A. C. (L. Nat.), 304 Bishop Aucklana	755
Campbell, Rear-Adm. G., F. C., D.S.O. (Nat.)	Dagger, G (Lao.), 521 Abertillery	unop.
	Dalkeith, Earl of (C), 597 Roxburgh& Selkirk	3,974
Cape, T. (Lab.), 283 Workington	Dagger, G (Lab.), 521Abertillery	
Caporn, A. C. (C), 187 W. Nottingham 5,633	334 [16][MEL 11 [7][[DMLEULL	13,925
Carington, N. W. Smith- (C), 285Rut-	Davies, E. C., K.C (L. Nat ). sa6 Montgomery	unon.
land	Davies D. L. (Lah.) exc.Pontumidd	7,814
Carpenter, Sir A. Boyd- (C), 433 Chertsey . 26,308	Davies, E. C., K.C (L. Nat), 526 Hontgomery Davies, D. L. (Lab.), 519 Pontypridd Davies, Maj G. F. (C), 420 Y covil	7,014
Carpenter, bil A. Hoyd (C), 4330m hoy . 20,300	Davies R I (Lah) and West Houghton	6,119
Carvor, Maj. W. H. (C), 452 Howdenshire unop. Cassels, J. D. (C), 11 N. W. Camberwell 8,888	Davies, R. J. (Lab.), 372 West Houghton	2,460
Cassels, J. D. (C), 11 N. W. Camberwell 8,888	Davison, Sir W. H., K.B.E. (C), 31S. Ken-	
(astiereagh, viscount (c), oii Down unop.	sington	unop.
Castlestewart, Earl of, M.C. (C), 375Har-	Dawson, Sir P (C), 37 W. Lewisham	<b>24</b> ,333
borough 19,578	Dawson, Sir P (C), 37W. Lewisham Denman, Hon. R. (N. Lab.), 138Central	
Cautley, Sir H. S., Bt., K.O. (C), 44x E.	LPP(LE	15,863
Grinstead 29,705	Denville, A. (C), 177Central Newcartle	20,300
Cayzer, Sir C., Bt. (C), 267Chester 6,404	do Potheobild I A W to CM (I) and	-,3-7
Cayzer, Maj. Sir H. R., Bt. (C), 196Ports-		13,849
annuth S	Davlin J (V) 6ve Fernangah	
thought Thelms (M of F lelinates)	Dickie I D (/ Nat ) seeCovertt	5,549
Cazalet, Inclina (C), 1012. Introduction 14,110	Diene A () NT (O) -0- Domist	2,547
Cazalet, Capt. V., M.C. (C), 451 Chippennain 0,304	Dixey, A. C. N. (C), 2011 enrun	1,498
Cazalet, Thelma (C), *6E. Islington 14,110 Cazalet, Capt. V., M C. (C), 451Chappenham 6,304 Cecil, Rt. Hon. Lord Hugh (C), 486Oxford U. unop.	Dixon, Capt. Rt. Hon. H., O.B.E (U), 603	
Chamberlain, Rt. Hon. Sir A , K.G. (C), 82	E. Belfast	19,021
Chamberlain, Rt. Hon. Sir A , K.G. (C), 8x	Donner, P. W. (C), so W. Islington	4,510
W. Birmingham 11,941	Doran, E (C), 231 N. Tottenham	4.521
Chamberlain, Rt. Hon. N. (C), 74 Edybaston 27,928	Dower, Capt A. V. G. (C). asaStockwort	24.407
Chapman, Col. R., C.M.G., D.S O , T.D. (C),	Donner, P. W. (C), 29 W. Islington	24 454
non-Houghton la Spring	Drewe (! (C) sor Honiton	71727
309Houghton le Spring	Drewe, C. (C), 203Honiton Duckworth, G. A. V. (C), 413Shrewsbury Dugdale, Capt. T. I. (C), 464Richmond, Yks. Duggan, H. J. (C), 382Acton	7,291
Chapman, ou s. (C), 5395. Patriouryn unop.	Dundala Cant W. T. (C), 4130hreund Via	9,147
Chorlton, A. E. I., C.B.E. (C), 169 Platting 5,790	Duguein, Capt. 1. L (C), 404 Auchinorut, 1 kg.	unop.
Chotzner, A J. (C), \$46 Upton 5,108	Duggan, H. J (17), 388Acton	12,272
('hristie, J. A. (C), 3958. Norfolk 10,047	Duncan, C. (Lab.), 286Clay Cross	9,558
Churchill, Rt. Hon. W. S., C.H. (C), 326	Duncan, C. (Lab.), 286Clay Cross	12,017
Emun 20.250	Dunglass, Lord (C), ga_Lanark Eady, G H. (C), goCentral Bradford Eales, J. K. (C), goFrdington Eastwood, J. K. (C), 36Kettering Eagle, Caut B A M. (C)	8.860
Clarke, F. (C), 346Dartford	Eady, G H. (C), coCentral Bradford	0.280
Clarry, R. G. (C), 499 Newport, Mon 8,591	Eales, J. F. (C). 28 Erdington	18 006
Clay Col. Rt. Hon. H. H. Spender C.M.G.	Eastwood, J. F. (C), 208 Kettering	8 276
M.C. (C), 353Tonbridge	Eden Cant R A N C (C) see Warmel	0,710
Clayton Du (1 C (C) and Warmer 24 9-9	Triange Sir W (I. Nat ) and Popular th	-4,343
Olay Col. C. C. (C), a74 " Fra	Edwardson Mei A I (C) Paulana	14,350
Citye, 15. Col. G. Williams, C.M.G (C),	Edmondson, Siaj. A. J. (C), 400 Danoury	unop.
411/20000 15,017	Eden, Capt R A., M.C. (C), 449 Warunck Edge, Sir W. (L. Nat.), 374 Boswo th Edmondson, Maj. A. J. (C), 462 Mediaesbury Edman, Viscount, M.C. (C), 241 Wediaesbury	4,158
Clydesdale, Marquis of (C), 595 E. Rentrew 15,263	Edwards, U (Lao.), 522 Bediocuty	unop.
Cobb, Sir C. S , K B.E., M.V.O (C), 17 West	Elliot, Maj. W. E., M.C. (U), 548 Kelvingrove	9,066
Fullana 12 002	Edwards, C (Lab.), sazBedwellty Elliot, Maj. W. E., M.C.(C), s48Kelvingrove Ellis, R. G (C), 331Winchester	18,302
Cocks, F Seymour (Lab.), 405Broxtove x 500 Colfox, Maj. W. P., M.C. (C), 302Dorset, W. 5,239 Collins, Col. Sir G. P., K.B.E., C.M.G (L.	Ellis, W. Chiveh- (C), 218 Southampton	25.724
Colfox, Maj. W. P., M.C. (C), 30s Dorset, W. 5,239	Elliston, G. S., M.C. (C), 84Blackburn Elmley, Viscount (L. Nat.), 392E. Norfolk	24,310
Collins, Col. Sir G. P., K.B.E., C.M.G (L.	Elmley, Viscount (L. Nat.), 302E. Norfolk	10.382
Nat), 446Greenock 7.162	Emmott, C. E. G. (C), 5545pringhtern Entwistle, Maj. C. F. (C), 86Bolton Erskinc, Lord (C), 459Weston super Mare Essenhigh, R. C. (C), 369 Newton Estcount, Capt T. E. Sotheron- (C), 476	2/
Nat), gg6Greenock	Entwistle, Maj C. F. (C) 86 Rolton	22,640
Colville, Maj. D. J. (C), 589 N. Midlothian 13,710	Ersking, Lord (C). Ato Weston super Mare	30 350
Comput D T W (C) =9=Chestanfield ==00	Essenbigh, R. C. (C) 262 Neuton	-3,250
Cook, T. R. A. M. (C), 394N. Norfolk 5,950 Cooke, J. D. (C), 33S. Hammermith 12,528 Cooper A. Puff. B. S. (C) 4-55 George's 11100	Estcourt Capt T E Sotheron	201
Cooks I D (C) and Hammannith 4-9	Pontefract	
Chones A Duff, D. C. (C) 4-Cy Country was	The state of 100 and 11 of 100	3,971
toolier, A. Dun', D.S C. (C), doct. George a drop.	Evans, Capt. A (C), 496South Cardif	5,884
Copeland, Mrs Ida (C), 228Stoke 6,654	Evans, Capt E. (L), 536 Weller Chiv	1,315
Courtauld, Maj. J. S., M.O. (C),444 Chichester 37,67x Courthope, LtCol. Sir G. L., Bt., M.C. (C),	Evans, capt. K 1. (L), 508Carmarthen	1,814
Courtnope, Lt. Col. Sir G. L., Bt., M.C. (C),	Evans, P. v. Emrys- (C), 290S. Derbyshire	10,007
434 fye	Everard, W. Lindsay (C), 377 Melton	88,255
Cove, W. G. (Lab.), 513Aberavon 6,651	Falle, Sir B., Bt. (C), 195 N. Portsmouth	34,340
Cowan, D. M. (L), 602 Scottish Universities unop.	Ferguson, Sir J., K. B. E. (C), 389 Twickenham	85.30B
Craddock, Sir R. (C), 492 English Univer-	Evans, Capt. E. (D.), 528 Welsh Univ.  Evans, Capt. E. (D.), 528 Welsh Univ.  Evans, Capt. R. T. (D.), 528 Carmarthen.  Evans, P. V. Emrys (C), 2008. Derbyshire  Everard, W. Lindsay (C), 278 Melton  Falle, Sir B., Bt. (C), 193. Pertenouth  Ferguson, Sir J., R. B. E. (C), 285 Twickenham  Fermoy, Lord (C), 393 King's Lynn  Fielden, E. B. (C), 165 Rechange.	12.622
sitses	Fielden, E. B. (C), 165 Exchange	15.674
Cranborne, Viscount (C), 3018. Dorset 28,475	Fitzroy, Capt. Rt. Hon. E. A. (C). 200	-31437
Cranborne, Viscount (C), 301S. Dorset 23,475 Cripps, Sir S., K.C. (Lab.), 97E. Bristol 429	Daventry (The Speaker)	unop.
/ day		moh.

Ma).	Maj.
Flanguan W H (C) v64Clauton 4 002	Harvey, G. (C), 33 Kennington 8,183
Flanagan, W. H. (C), 164Clayton	Harvey, G. (C), 33 Kennington 8.183 Harvey, C. M. Barclay- (C), 56 Kincardine 5.376 Harvey, Maj. S. E. (C), 36 Votnes 6.563 Haslam, Dr. H. C. (C), 38 Horncastle 9, 313 Haslam, St. I. (C), 28 Horncastle 9, 313
Flint. A. J. (N. Lab.). 288 Ilkeston	Harvey, Maj. S. E. (C), 298 Totnes 6,562
Foot. D. M. (L), 533 Dundee 19.475	Haslam, Dr. H. C. (C), 380 Horncastle 9,312
Foot, I. (L), \$33Dundee	Haslam, Sir J. (C), 87 Bolton 29,666
Ford, Sir P J., Bt. (C), 538N. Edunburgh 17,590 Fraser, Capt. I., C.B.E. (C), 43N. St.	Headlam, Lt. Col. C. M. (C), 303Barnard
Fraser, Capt. I., C.B.K. (C), 43N. St.	Castle 2,434
Pancras 10,233	Healy, Cahir (Nat.), 613 Fermanagh 5,296
Fraser, J. A. Lovat- (N. Lab.), 425 Lichfield 10,879	Hellgers, Capt. F. F. A. (C), 431 Bury St.
Fremantle, LtCol. F. E. (C), 337St. Albans 26,401	Edmunds unop
Buller, A. F. (f. (L), 109 ATUMCK 5.000	Henderson, Capt. R. R. (C), 410Henley 18,604
Galbraith, J. F. W., K C. (C), 434 E. Surrey 29,535	Henderson, LtCol. Sir V. L., M.C. (C), 314
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		**,***	Manufaction Co. To M. (1) and W. W. June	3,385
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Purbrick, R. (C), 158 Walton 19,952	(1.14) D. W. (0), 2141141416
Pybus, P. J., C. B.R. (Nat. L.), 217 larwich 22, 359 Raikes, H. V. A. M. (C.) 321 S.E. Essex 10, 370 Ramsay, A. (C.), 242 West Bromswich 525 Ramsay, Capt. A. H. M. (C.), 550 Vestern  3, 350 Ramsay, T. B. W. (L. Nat.), 550 Western	Smith, R. W. (C), 552Central Aberdeen 3,743
Raikes, H. V. A. M. (C) 321 S E Exect 10,370	Smith, Sir Walker (C), 66Barrow 4.c50
Rumsay, A. (C) sas West, Brommeh sas	Smithers, Waldron (C), 245Chulehurst 36.640
Rumgay Cant A H M (C) roo Peebles 8 are	Somerest T (C) for N Religet mon
Daniery, (1606, A. 11, Mr. (1), 5931 77/1/18 0,850	Somethor, 1. (c), outr. Deliant
Ramsay, 1 B. W. (L. Nat ), 580 Hextern	Somerven, D. B., K.C. (C), 308Crewe 0,790
1,000	Somerville, A. A. (C), sor Windsor mop.
Ramshotham, H., O.B.E, M.C (C), 363 Lan-	Somerville, D. G. (C), 248E. Willenden 18.082
caster	Soper, R. J. (L. Nat ), 6s Rarneleu
caster 21,876 Ramsden, E. J. S. H., O.B.E. (C), 92	(C), 83 Mackvarn 24,462 Smith, L. W. (C), 214 Hallam 19.050 Smith, R. W. (C), 252 Central Aberdeen 3,743 Smith, Sir Walker (C), 658 Central Aberdeen 46,590 Smithers, Waldron (C), 345 Chishelwart 56,640 Somerset, T. (C), 504 N. Belfast unop. Somervell, D. B., K.C. (C), 268 Crewe 6,750 Somerville, D. B., K.C. (C), 268 Crewe 18,983 Soper, R. J. (L. Nat), 65 Barnsley 770 Southly, Com. A. R. J., R. N. (C), 435 Eysson 36,505
M Durdenni	
N. Bruijoru 19,130	Spears, Brig Gen. E. L , C.B., C.B.E., M C.
Rankin, R (C), 156Kirkdale 4,772	(C), 105Carlisle 4,634
Ratcliffe, A. (C), 424 Leck 1,088	Spencer R A (C) soft Helens
Rathbone, Eleanor (Ind.), 491Combined	Stanley, Lord. M.C. (C), 260 Fulde unon
limmereities	Stanley, Hon. O. F. G. (C), 450 Westmor-
Universities	land
Rawson, Comm Sir A. Cooper (C), 94	lana unon.
Drighton	Stevenson, J., K.C. (C), 542Camlachie 3,179
Rea, W. R. (L), 113 Dewsbury 8,362	Stewart, W. J. (C), 605S. Belfast unon.
Dood A C (C) realization	Stevenson, J., K.C. (C), 542Camlachie       3,179         Stewart, W. J. (C), 605S. Belfast       unop.         Stones, J. (C), 359 Farmworth       2,907
Reid D. D. (C) Stollows	Storey, S. (C), 230Sunderland
Dold I Q ( //\ a6-Ctid-ua	Stoneton T T (A) and C Caldard
1001u, 0. 0. C. (C.), 5010wrully 9,303	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Keld, W. A. (U), 112 Del Dij 25,888	SUBUSE, E. A. (L. Nat.), 48N. Southwark 5,992
Remer, J. R. (U), 271 Macclesfield 16,942	Strickland, Capt. W. F (C), 107 Coventry 15,994
Rentoul, Sir G. S. C., K ( (C), 420 Lowest off 11.002	Stuart, Lord C. Crichton (C), 272 North-
Renwink Mai G. A (C) 220 Stretford -6 and	wich 14,315
Pornolds It Col Sir J Dt Dan Co	Street Hon I C Wyo wa (7)
Redd, D. D. (C), 61s Doven unop.  Redd, J. S. C. (C), 56s Stirling 9,363  Reid, W. A. (C), 11s Dir by 25,888  Remer, J. R. (C), 27t Maccles field 15,942  Rentoul, Sir G. S. C., K. C. (C), 42s Jovest of 11,992  Renwiok, Maj. G. A. (C), 370 Strefford 26,366  Reynolds, Lt. Col. Sir J., Bt., D.S.O. (C), 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15, 125 Strefford 15,	Stuart, Hon. J. G., M v.o., M C. (C), 591 Moray and Naira unop.
154100000000000000000000000000000000000	Moray and Nairn
Rhvs Hon C. A. U., M.C. (C) Applicabilities   1966.	Suctor. Rear-Adm. Sintray F., C.R. (C).
Roberts, A. O. (L), 5xx Wiexham 1,8ax	335Hertford 18,659
	Sugden, Sir W. H. (C) veo W. Leuton
Robertson, Maj. J. A. Fitzwarrenne-	
, Avonorusti, Maj. v. A. Fluavaliculis.	
Duamanaan o n w (M O-)b	Summersby, C. H. (N. Lab.), 49Shoreuitch 4,608
Despencer-, O B E. (C), 453 Salisbury 16,233	Summersny, C. H. (N. Lab.), 49Shorearch 4,608 Sutcliffe, H. J. (C), 369Royton
Despencer-, O B E. (C), 453Salisbury 16,233 Robinson, J. R. (C), 373Wulnes	Summersby, C. H. (N. Lab.), 49Shoreuten 4,608   Sutcliffe, H. J. (C), 369Royton 6,902   Tate, Mrs. H. B. (C), 249 W. Willesden 8,360
Robinson, J. R. (C), 373 Wulnes	Summersny, C. H. (N. Lab.), 495Noveuter. 4,608 Sutcliffe, H. J. (C), 369Routon 6,902 Tate, Mrs. H. B. (C), 249 W. Willesden 8,360 Taylor, W. R. (C), 430 Woodbridgs 12,762
Robinson, J. R. (C), 373 Wulnes	Summersby, C. H. (N. Lab.), 49Shorecuren 4,608 Sutcliffe, H. J. (C), 269Royton
Despencer. O B E. (C), 453 Statebury 16,232 Robinson, J. R. (C), 373 Wutnes	33.Hertford 18,659 Sugden, Sir W. H. (C), 149 W. Leyton 10,200 Summersby, C. H. (N. Lab.), 49.Shoreditch 4,608 Sutcliffe, H. J. (C), 369.Royton 6,902 Tate, Mrs. H. B. (C), 249 W. Willesden 8,360 Taylor, W. B. (C), 430 Woodbridge 19,769 Taylor, Vice-Adm. E. A. (C), 39.S. Paddington 25,674

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		Maj.		Maj.
1	Templeton, W. B. (C), s8aCoatbridge	1,501		2,875
	Thom, LtCol. J. G., D.S.O., M.C. (C), 573		Watt, Capt. G. S. H. (C). 472 Keighley	5,887
		12,288		4,407
	Thomas, Rt. Hon J H. (Lab.), zzz Derby .		Webb, Col. J. B (C), 414The Wrekin	8,006
	Thomas, J. P L (C), 33aHeretord	6,953	Wedderburn, H. J. Scrymgeour (C), 506 !!	
	Thomas, Maj L. Beaumont-, M C. (C),			7,115
i		11,047	Wedgwood, Col. Rt. Hon. J. C., DSO.	• • •
i	Thompson, Luke (C), 229 Sunderland	23,679	(Lab.), 176 Newcastle-under-Lyme 1	mop.
ì	Thomson, Sir F. C., Bt., K.C. (C), 530		Wells, S R (C), as6Bedford	5,376
١	S Aberdeen	a7,361	Weston, Lt Gen Sir A. Hunter (C),	
١	Thomson, Rt. Hon. Sir W. Mitchell-, Bt.,		567 Bute and Northern	4,240
l	K.B E. (C), 1098. Croydon	30,722		7,110
	Thorne, Will, C.B.R. (Lab.), 243 Plaistow	unop.	White, H. Graham (L), 69E. Berkenhead	7,075
	Thorpe, L. T (C), 175 A elson	7,684	Whiteside, B. N. H (C), 141S. Leeds .	7=5
i	Tinker, J. J. (Lab.), 147 Leigh	2,128	Whyte, J. B (C). 289 N. E. Derbyshire	1,334
ŀ		14,605	Williams, Charles (C), 297 Torquay	7,339
	Todd, Capt. A J. K (C), 401 Berwick	unop.	Williams, David (Lah.), 502 E. Swansea	3,949
ì	Todd, A. S. (C), 423Kingswinford	2,439	Williams, E. J. (Lab.), 5180amore	22,421
•		26,858	Williams, Dr. J. H. (Lab.), goo Llanelly	
!	Train, J (C), 543Catheart	17,783	Williams, T. (Lab.), 470 Don Valley	8,093
i	Troyte. LtCol. G. J. Aclaud., CM.G.,		Wills, W. D. (C), 68Batley	9,978
1	1).8 0 (C), ag6Tiverton	unop.		5,635
1	Tryon, Maj. Rt. Hon. G. C. (C), 95			nnop
į	Brighton	62,041		38,954
	Turton, R. H. (C), 466Thirek d. Malton .	unop.	Wise, A. R (C), any Smethweek	7,018
	Walker, Sir C. L. Forestier-, Bt., K.B.R. (C),		Withers, Sir J. J., C.B.R (C), 488Camb U.	unop.
1	584 Monmouth	14,612	Wolmer, Rt Hon. Viscount (C), 326Alder-	
1	Wallace, Capt D. Enan, M.C. (C), 128		Westernal W. L. (1) and temperature	18,043
	Hornsey	33 600		
	Wallace, J. (L. Nat.) 535 Dunfermline		Wood, Rt. Hou Sir K (C), 6aW. Woolwich	
	Wallhead, R ( (Lab.), 498 Merthyr	13,789	Wood, Maj. M , O.B E (L), 570 Banf	anob
ŧ	Ward, Col Sir A. Lambert, Bt , D.S.o. (C)	-6 6	Worthington, Dr.J.V. (A Lab.), 323 Forest	
1	Nand Jane N. B. and A. College Walleng	16,603	of Dean	1,524
	Ward, Irene M. B., C.B. L. (C), 236 Wallsend	7,606	Young, Com. Rt. Hon. Sn E. Hilton.	7,911
,	Ward, Mrs S. A. (C), 422Cannock	4,665		****
	Warrender, Sir V., Bt., M.C. (C), 354Grant-		Young, E. L. (L), 172E. Middlesbrough	unop.
Ċ	ham	15,049	Tours, II In (II), Lyans, in outsexprottyn	6,329

#### THE GENERAL ELECTION OF 1981.

The result of the General Election of 1931 is shown in tabular form below. The Electorate numbered approximately 30,000,000, and if the voters in uncontested constituencies (2,358,000) are deducted the number of electors who recorded their votes amounted to seven-minths of the remainder. In 1832 the electors numbered about 1,000,000, increased to 2.500,000 in 1867, 5,000,000 in 1884, 21,000,000 in 1807, 1918 (when women of 30 were enfranchised), and to 28,850,000 in 1929 (women having the vote on the same terms as men).

	NUMBER OF CANDIDATES	. Vorrs	MEMBIRS RETURNED				
PARTY AND LEADER	Men	Women	Total	RICENTED	Unop	Орринесі	Total
Povernment:  Nat. Labour (MacDonald) Conservative (Baldwin) Liberal National (Simon) Liberal (Samuel) Independent Nationalist	22 504 39 82 3	0 16 1 4	22 520 40 86 3	340,000 xx,873,000 870,000 x,332,000 90,000	0 49 7 5	13 423 28 28 3	13 47* 35 33 3
Total for National Government	650	ax	67x	14,505,000	6x	495	556
Labour (Henderson)	477	36	513	6,642,000	6	46	52
Liberal (Lloyd George)	33	1	34	346,000	0	4	4
New Party (Mosley)	24	0	24	36,000	0	0	0
Communist	23		25	75,000	0	0	0
Independent	24		. 26	100,000	.   •	3	3
Total against National Government	581	4x	622	7,199,000	6	53	59
Grand Total	1,231	62	1,293	21,704,000	67	548	613

182 PAI	LIAMENTARY CONSTITUENC	TES	
Figures following name of constituency denote the number of electors (M. = Men. W. = Wome: C. = Conservative: Com. = Communist; Ind. = Independent; L. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Liberal; L. Nat. = Rotting it; Lab. = Labour; N. Lab. = National Labour; N. P. = New Party; Nat. = Scotti Weish or Irish Nationalist. * Denotes a Member of the late Parliament for the same, and j a different, Constituency.			
Pugland.  LONDON BOROUGHS, 6a.  CITY OF LONDON,  M. 23,704; W. 20,198  2*Sir V. Bowater, Bi., C	15*G. M. Gillett, N. Lab	South, M. sz,157; W. s3,559 28 T. F. Hoteard, C18,071 *W. S. Cluse, Lab20,20 West, M. s0,233; W. s1,947 29 P. W. Donner, C24,487 *F. Montague, Lab9,977	

16* I.t.-Col. Sir K. P. Vang-BATTERSEA. han-Morgan, o.B.E. C.23,438 Sir John Maynard, North, M. 23,872; W. 26,001 3 Com. A. Marsden, R.N., C 18,688 *W. S. Sanders, C B.R., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Lab. ... 8,917 J. H. Greenwood, L . 1,788 . .....zr,985 Lab West, M. 23,372; W. 27,619 17*Sir Cyril S. Cobb, K.B.E.. S. Saklatvala, Com. ..... 3,0ax South, M. 25,909; W. 31,288 M.V.O, C. ... 24,25 J W Banfield, Lab. 12,16 12,164

GREENWICH, M. 30,122; W. 33,263 BERMONDSEY. 18 Sir George Hume, C. ...29,278
*E. T. Palmer, Lab. ... 13,722 Mrs. K. Duncan, Com. 2,024

West, M. 15,807; W. 17,097 6*Dr A. Salter, Lab. .....10,039 N. H. Bower, C. ... 9,948 W. Hannington, Com 873 HACKNEY. Central, M. 21,866; W. 26,159 19 J. C. Lockwood, C. . . . 161963 *F. ('Watkins, Lab. 9,295 L. B. Franklin, O. B. E., L 6,316 BETHNAL GREEN. North-East, M. 16,361; W. 18,016 7*Major H. L. Nathan, L.13,135 W. Barratt, Lab. .......10,368 North, M. 20,251; W. 25,766 Capt A. U.M. Hudson, C 20,545 F. G. Bowles, Lab. ..... 9,022 South, M 20,864; W 23,509

*Rt. Hon H.S. Morrison, J. J. Vaughan, Com ..... 2,970 CAMBERWELL HAMMERSMITH. North, M. 21,369; W. 24,324 22 Hon Mary Pickford,

North, M. 17,127; W. 18,026 10 A. L. Bateman, C. ..... 10,63 *C. G Ammon, Lab. .. 9,869 North-West, M. 18,976; W 22,208 гг J D Самева, К.С., С'. 17,58г Н. Hughes, Lab. .. .... 8,693 HAMPSTEAD.

M. 24,242; W. 40,285 Peckham, M. 22,538; W. 25,395 as Lt Viscount Boudale, 24*George Balfour, C. .... 36,928 H. Smith, Lab .... 5,475 HOLBORN,

M. 15,678; W. 17,864 25 Stuart Bevan, K.C., C. 16,094 CHELSEA, F. W. Hickmbottom, M. 16,076; W. 26,455 13°Col. Rt. Hon. Sir S. J. G. Lab. ... 2,916 ISLINGTON

Hoare, Bt., G.B.K , C .. 23.015 G. Foan, Lab. ..... 4,726 26 Thelma Cazalet, C. ..... 27,221 DEPTFORD,

man, Lab. .....23,244

KENSINGTON. North, M. 26,524; W. 34,307 30 J. A. L. Duncan, C. .. 27,860 *F. R. West, Lab. . . . . . 15,843 South, M. 21,484; W 47,857 3x*Sir W. H. Davison, K.B.E., C. .....unop. LAMBETH. Brixton, M. 23 722; W. 28,847

32*N. C Colman, C..... 24,673 E A. Radice, Lab. ..... 7,358 Kennington, M. 22,177; W. 24,423 33 George Harvey, C. ..... 18,371 *L. W. Matters, Lab. ... 10, 188 North, M. 18,781; W. 20,142 Norwood, M. 26,147; W. 33,408, 35*Sir W. Greaves-Lord, K.C., C. ...... 30,851 Mrs. A. J. Anstey, Lab. 7,217

LEWISHAM. East, M. 37,725; W. 44,881. 36°Lt ·Col. Sur Assheton Pownall.O.B E.,T D.,C. 41,354 J. C. Wilmot, Lab. ..... 30,485 West, M. s8,603; W. 35,343 37*Sir Philip Dawson, C. 34,289 R. M. M. Stewart. Lab. 9,956

PADDINGTON. North, M. 21,405; W. 28,196 38*B Bracken, C ......23,901 Dr. Bsther Rickards, Lab. ..... 9-597 South, M. 19,786; W. 31,865 C. .....27.206 Miss L. A. Cox, Lab ... 4,532

POPLAR. Bow and Bromley. M. 21,130; W. 22,649 40*Rt. Hon. George Lans-South, M. 23,679; W. 24,487 41 D. M. Adams, Lab......16,253 H. I. M. Jones, L. .....11,965

ST. MARYLEBONE, M. 28,233; W. 44,368 42* Right Hon, Sir, Rennell 

Col. A. W. Goodman, C. 28,7 *R. S. Young, Lab. ..... 14,783 WRITARER'S ALMANACK, 1982.

East, M. 27,976; W. 33,659

*Mrs. L. Manning, Lab. 13,111

North, M. a9,508; W. 35,978

ST. PANCRAS.	Westminster.	Edgbaston, M. 23,351; W. 30,604
North, M. 21,328; W. 26,618	Abbey, M. 22,358; W. 26,280	74* Rt. Hon. Neville Cham-
43 Capt. 1. Fraser, C. B. E., C. 23,490	40*Otho W. Nicholson, Cunop.	berlain, C 33,085
James Marley, Lab 18,257	St. George's, M. 21,460; W. 34,088	W. W. Blaylock, Lab 5,157
W G. Shepherd, Com 456	60 A. Duff-Cooper, D.S.O , C unop	Erdington, M. 31,877; W. 35,571
South-East, M. 19,549; W. 21,818		Erdington, M. 31,877; W. 35,571 75 J. F. Eales, C 35,672 *(' J. Simmons, Lab16,676
AA Su A. L. Beit. Bt., C. 18,064	Woolwich.	"1" J. Simmons, Lab16,676
44 St. A. L. Beit, Bt., C. 18,064 *H. G. Romeril, Lab 8,684	East, M. 20,824; W. 22,033	Handsworth, M. 23,653; W. 29,007
Shankat (smani, Com. 332	01"G. HICKK, 1/10 10,050	76*Com.O. Locker-Lampson,
South-West, M. 19,784; W. 22,232	J F. Finn, C 16,050	C.M.G., D.S.O., C 30,989
45 C. G. Mitcheson, C 18,737	West, M. 25,305; W. 27,612	L. A. Fenn, Lab 8,548
*W. Carter, Lab 7,514	Wood, C	King's Norton,
	J. Reeves, Lab 14,520	
SHOREDITCH.	0. 100,000, 1200,000	nn* Mai L. Reasimont
M 30,133; W. 31,741 46 C H. Sunnnersby, L.	ENGLISH BOROUGHS, 193.	Thomas, M.C , C 22,063
Nat 19,596	1	Thomas, M.C., C
*E Thurtle, Lab14,988		A. P. Marshall, L 5,894
2 11111011, 21110		Ladywood, M. 19,149; W. 21,980
Southwark.	63 Maj. II A. Procter, C. 30,799 *T Snowden, Lab 18,177	78 G. W. Lloyd, C
Central, M 19,469; W. 19,783		3,
Central, M 19,469; W. 19,783 47 I. M Horobin, Nat 15,913 *Harry Day, Lab	ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.	Moseley, M. 41,961; W. 50,222
-Harry Day, Lau 8,466	M. 16,029; W. 18,945 64* Lt -('ol J. Broadbent,	79*P J H. Hannon, C 53,041
North, M. 15.613; W. 16,171		F. G. Lloyd, Lab 13.399
48 E. A. Strauss, L Nat 13,045	J. W. Gordon, Lab 15.652	Sparkbrook, M. ax,446; W 24,627
*G. A. Isancs, Lab 7,053	J. Middleton, L 2,696	80* LtCol. Rt Hon. L C. S.
South-East, M. 17,147; W. 21,216	C. B Hobhouse, N.P. 424	
49 Lt .Col. E.G. H. Powell,		
*T. E. Naylor, Lab 9,678	BARNSLRY.	West, M 20,639; W. 22,803
1. E. Haylor, 1200 9,070	M. 25, 164; W. 24,738 65 R. J. Soper, L. Nat 21,392 *J. S. Potts, Lab20,622	81*Rt. Hon. Sir Austen
STEPNEY.	*J S Potts, Lab20.622	Chamberlain, K. G., C. 22,448 O. G. Willey, Lab
Limehouse, M. 18,581; W. 20,101		
50*Major C. R. Attlee, Lab. 11,354	BARROW-IN-FURNESS,	Yardley, M. 30,705; W. 33,412
R Girouard, C 10,803	M. 20,866; W. 20,329	82 E. W. Salt, C 32,061 *A. (1 Gossling, Lab 16,648
H. I. Hodge, N.P 307	00 Sir Walker Smith, C 20,794	E. J liartlett, N P 479
Mile End, M. 17,807, W. 19,089	D Adams, Lab 15,835	
51 Dr W. J. O'Donovan, C. 12,399	BATH.	BLACKBURN,
*John Scurr, Lab 9,738	M. 19,649; W. 28,281.	M. 38,656; W. 48,168
whitechapel and St. George's,	67 T. L. E B. Guinness, C. 24,690	83 Lt -Col. Ser W. D. Smiles,
.w. 18, goz ; w. 19,313	8. R Daniels, L 8,241	C I E., D.S O., C50,105
52 B Januer, L	1	CIE., D.S O., C50,105 84 G. S. Elliston, M.C., C. 49,953 *Mrs. M. A. Hamilton,
H. Pollitt, Com 2,65		
T Lewis, N.P 154	M. 22,758; W. 27,384 68 W. D. Wills, C26,376	*T. H Gill, Lab 25,643
	68 W. D. Wills, C26,37	1
STOKE NEWINGTON,	*Sir Ben Turner, C.B.E,	BLACKPOOL,
M. 15,300; W. 19,291 53 Sir G. W. H. Jones, C. 16,03	Lab16,700	711 . 3019A3 . 11 . 341704
F. L. Keiran, Lab 5,83		85 C. E Bolst, C 53,010
	East. M. 22, 279; W. 24, 277 69*11. Graham White, L. 26,931	Edgar Wallace, Ind. L. 19,524
WANDSWORTH.	O Movey Lab	BOLTON,
Balham and Tooting,	('. McVey, Lab 9,86;	
M. 25,743; W. 31,456	West, M. 19,917; W. 22,083	M. 56,255; W. 66,657 5 86 May C F. Entwistle C. 66,385
M. 25,743; W. 31,456 54*Sir Alfred Butt, Bt., C. 28 59	*W. H. Egan, Lab	87 Su John Haslam, C62.402
P F. Pollard, Lab 9,78	0	*Albert Law, Lab
Central, M. 18,323; W. 21,140	BIRMINGHAM	*M. Brothers, Lab 33.040
55 Sir Henry Jackson, C. 19,15	9 Aston, M. 20,655: W. 23,468	BOOTLE,
A. M. Diston N P	9 Aston, M. 20,655: W. 23,468 27 A. O. J. Hope, C	M. 22,778; W. 24,262
Clanham W as son: W -6 6-4	*E. J. St. Loe Strachey,	50 Cal C da W Court
Clapham, M. 21, 307; W. 26, 629 56*Sir J. Leigh, Bt., C21, 64	8 Ind 3,23	88 Col. C de W. Crook- shank, C 22,966
MissH. A. Browning, Lab. 7,31	7 Deritand, M. se 400 : W. se 102	*John Kinley, Lab14,160
J. H. Clarke, L 2,86	9 72 J. S. Crooke, C 21.68	4
Putney, M. 21,667; W. 28.871	*F. Longden, Lab11,16	BOURNEMOUTH,
57* Samuel Samuel, C 27,31	8 Duddeston M. zo.o64 : W. zz.za8	M. 26,826; W. 44,032
5. C. DEWICE, DOV 0,17	* 73 U. E. Simmonus, C 10,33	89*Brig. Gen. Str H. Page-
Streatham, M. 20,970; W. 29,10	G. F. Sawyer, Lab 9,78	9 Croft, Bart., C.M.G., C.39,859
58" Sir W. Lane-Mitchell, C. 30,35	B Moore, Com 32	7 J. H. Collingbourne,
Mrs. R. B. Fraser, Lab. 5,34	3 J. Williams, N.P 28	4 Lab 9,943

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BRADFORD.	CHELTENHAM,	GATESHRAD,
Central, M. 23,578; W. 28,418	M. 15,003; W. 21,971 106*Sir Walter Preston, C. 22,524 J. Ramage, Lab 5,263	M. 35,801; W. 38,072 221 T. Magnay, L. Nat34,764
90 G. H. Kady, C	1 Rumage Lah	E. Bevin, Lab
East, M. 20,905; W. 25,589	COVENTRY.	J S Barr, N.P 1,077 J. Fennell, L 187
es J. Hepworth, C		J. Fennell, L 187
*Rt. Hon. F. W. Jowett, Lab	10) Out w. T. Do somewing,	GLOUCESTER,
		M. 16,038; W. 18,421 122*H. Leslie Boyce, C 19,201
North. M. 23,197; W. 29,667 92 E. J. S. H. Ramsden, 0.B E, C31,537	CROYDON.	C H. Fox, Lab 9,883
P. Butler, Lab 12,401	North, M. 36,844; W. 44,461	GREAT YARMOUTH.
South, M. 25,610; W. 31,916	North, M. 36,844; W. 44,461 108*LtCol.G. K.M. Mason,	
South, M. 25,610; W. 31,916 93 H. Holdmoorth, L31,531 *W. Hirst, Lab15,994	D S.O., C45,595 H. W. Ray, Lab10,795	M. 16,639; W. 20,470 123*Arthur Harbord, L. Nat
Brighton,	South, M. 32,992; W. 41,089 209*Rt Hon. Sir W. Mitchell	J. H Martin, Lab 5,735
M. 52,919; W. 75,860 94*Com. Sir A. Cooper Raw-		Christin
94*Com. Sir A. Cooper Raw-	C40,672	M. 34,917; W. 36,080
son, C	T. Crawlord, Lat 9,950	M. 34,917; W. 36,980 124*W J. Wome. sley, C. 33,725 G. E. Farmery, Lab16,124
Tryon, C	DARLINGTON,  M. 21,462; W. 23,484  210 C. U. Peat, C	G. E. Parmery, 190010,184
Mrs R. Moore, Lab 11,878	110 C. U. Peat, C24,416	HALIFAX,
Bristol.	*A. Shepherd, Lab15,798	M 30.590; W 38.865 125 Gilbert Gledhill, C36,731 *A W. Longbottom, Lah,
! Uentral, M. st.020 : W. 24.021	Divido,	*A W. Longbottom,
96 Lord Apsley, D.S.O., M.O., T.D., C	M. 40,687; W. 44,855	F. Sykes, Ind. L 2.578
J. A. Alpass, Lab15,143	N. Lab 49,857	HARMINDOORS TUR
Rast, M. 22,813; W. 25,111	*W R Raynes Lah47,729	M. af. 289 : W. ag. afe
97*Hon. Sir S Cripps, K.C , Lab19,435	N. Lab	xa6* W. G. Howard Gritten,
J. M. Spreull, C 19,006	DEWSBURY,	C30,842 A A. MacGregor, Lab. 14,462
North, M. 23,397; W. 27,107 98 R. Bernays, L	M. 16,476; W. 19,810 113 W. R. Rea, L19 463	Hastings.
*W. H. Avles, Lau 13,820	*Ben Riley, Lab	M. 17,019; W. 26,563
South, M. 24,941; W. 28,350 99 N. K. Lindman, C26,694 *A. G. Walkden, Lab17,174	DUDLEY,	127*Rt Hon, Lord Eustace
*A. G. Walkden, Lab7.174	M. 16,928; W. 17,890	Percy, C22,640 Irene Goddard, Lab. 4,983
West, M. 27, 127; W. 38,613	M. 16,928; W. 17,890 114 D. B Joel, C	T. A. E. Spearing, L. 4,56r
West, M. 27,127; W. 38,613 100*C. I'. Culverwell, C43,264 F. E. White, Lab 8,875	Ealing,	Hornsey,
Browley,	M. as,494; W. 30,659	M. 28,829; W. 40,251 128*Capt. D. Euan Wal- lace, M.C., C
M. 34,978; W. 45,521	M. 22,494; W. 30,659 115 Str F.B. Sanderson, Bt.,	lace, M.C., C
M. 34.978; W. 45,521 101*E. T. Campbell, C47,077 B. B. Gillis, Lab 9,265	J. W. Maycock, <i>Lab.</i> 6,857	H. A. Franklin, Lab. 7,585
Burnley,	Kast Ham.	Huddersfield,
W at 128 W. 26 068	North, M. 21,865; W. 25,137 216 Lt -Col. J. M. Mayhew,	M. 36,346; W. 44,146
M. 31,138; W. 36,968  202 Rear - Adm. Gordon	116 Lt -Col. J. M. Mayhew, C	*J. H. Hudson, Lab 47,056
*Rt. Hon. A. Hender-	South, M. 23,365; W. 25,066 117 M. Campbell-Johnston,	HYTHE, M. 13,860; W. 19,396
D.S.O., Nat35,126 *Rt. Hon. A. Hender- son, Lab	- C18,300	*20* Mai Rt Hon. Sir P
Bury,	A. Dittaco, 2001	Sassoon. Bt., G.B.B., C.M.G., C
M. 19,690; W. 23,812 103*LtCol C. Ainsworth, C. 24,975	ECCLES,	Gertrude M. Coleman.
J. Bell, Lab 10,532	M. 24,027; W. 27,616 118 J. Potter, C26,049 *D. L. Mort, Lab16,101	Lab 3,608
CAMBRIDGE,		ILFORD,
M. 18.481: W. 23.764	EDMONTON,	M. 43,035; W. 47,529
204*Sir G. D. C. Newton, K.B.E., C	M. 22,634; W. 24,410 119 J. R. Chalmers, C18,774	131*SirGeorge Hamilton, C.43,737
	*F .A. Broad, Lab14,250	P. Astins, Lab
CARLISLE,	EXETER, M. 19,581; W. 13,996  120 A. C. Reed, C	L 9,179
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M. 16,267; W. 20,109 205 BrigGen. E. L. Spears,	Lady Acland, L 8,571	M. 26,654 ; W. 30,365
C.B., C.B.E., M.C., C. 18,079 *G. Middleton, Lab13,445	D S.O., M.C., Lab 7,958	132*Sir John Ganzoni, Bt., C. 29, 782 R. F. Jackson, Lab17,490
	7,950	

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. Central, M. sr, s85; W. sr, 868 133 Capt. B. K. Barton, C.19,773 *Lt Com. Hon. J. M. Kenworthy, Lab. ...16,113 East, M. 24,849; W. 25,645 134 Big.-Gen. J. J. H. Nation, C. V. O., D.S.O., C. .....84,003 *G. Muff, Lab. .... 18,026 North-West, M. 20,906; W. 24,853 135*Col. Sir A. Lambert Ward, Bt., D.S.O., C. 26,549 J. H. Baum, Lab. .... 9,946 South-West, M 23,946: W. 25,376 136 Richard K. Law, C. ...25,909 *John Arnott, Lab. .....12,857 KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES. M. 28,390; W. 34,477
137*Sir F. G. Penny, C. ...35,925
J. W. Fawcett, Lab. ... 7,613 LEEDS. Central, M. 26,251; W. 29,831 138*Hon. Richard Denman, N. Lab. .....26,496 M. Turner - Samuels, Lab.....10,633 North, M. 26,209; W. 23,739 139*Capt. Osbert Peake, C. 34,964 L. J. Edwards, Lab. ... 9,427 North East. M. 25,421; W. 31,563 140*Maj.SirJ. D. Birchall, C. 32,671 A J. Dobhs, Lab. ......10,294 South-East, M. 23,225; W. 25,490 142*Ma). J. Milnor, M.C., Lab. .....17,845 P. R. Le Mesurier, C. 16,109

#### LEICESTER.

South, M. 23,708; W. 30,500 145" Capt. C. Waterhouse, C. 32,767 J. Dugdale, Lab. ..... 9,892 West, M. 24,518; W. 28,734 146 E H. Pickering, L. ...26,826 *F W. Pethick Law rence, Lab. ... .. ....12,923

#### LEIGH,

M. 25, 275; W. 27, 140 147* J. Tinker, Lab.... 23, 965 P. T. Eckersley, C. ... 21, 837

LEYTON. East, M. 16,955 W. 19,643 148 Str F. Müls, Bt., C. ...17,285 *A. Fenner Brookway, Lab. .....20,433

LINCOLN, M. 18,777; W. 20,754. 150 W. S. Liddall, C. .....20,688 *R. A. Taylor, Lab.....14,454 LIVERPOOL East Toxteth, M. 21,543; W. 28,814 151*P. G. T. Buchan-Hep-A. S. Doran, L. ..... 9,093 Edgehill, M. 20,206; W. 28,188 Exchange, M. 25,002; W. 25,636 154*Lt.-Col. Str James Rey-nolds, Bt., D.S.O., C. 24,038 T. Maclean, Lab. .....10,894 Fairfield, M. 20,357; W. 24,622 155 C. E. R. Brocklebank, C. 24,636 A. Dodd, Lab. ..... 7,960 Kirkdale, M. 19,603; W. 21,259 *E. Sandham, Lab. . . . 9,531 Rev. H. D. Longbottom, Walton, M. 25,438; W. 29,167 158*R. Purbrick, C. .....31,135 F. A. P. Rowe, Lab....1,183 Wavertree, M. 26,219; W. 30,952 159*A. R. Nall-Cain, C....33,476 C. G. Clark, Lab .... 9,503 West Derby. M. 25,721; W. 30,031 West, M. 23,382; W. 27,585
143 S. V. T. Adams, C. ...24,701
*T. W. Stamford, Lab. 14,354 West Toxteth, M. 22,101, W. 24,665
161 C. T. Wilson, C . ....20,613
*J. Gibbins, Lab. ....14,978 MANCHESTER. Ardwick, M. 28.500; W 25.158 162 A. E. G. Fuller, C. 21,630 *JosephHenderson, Lab. 15,664 Blackley, M. 18,267; W 21,991 163 J. Lees-Jones, C. ....15,717 *P. M. Oliver, C B E ,L 11,382 W. A. Burke, Lab 6,752 Clayton, M. 23,013; W 25,025 164 W. H. Flanagan, C ...23,072 *J. E. Sutton, Lab... ...17,169 Exchange, M. 24,403; W. 25,465 265*E. B. Fielden, C. .....24,261 E. A. Gower, Lab. ..... 8,727 Gorton, M. 22,318; W. 24,744 166 E. A. G. S. Bailey, C. 21,228 *J. Compton, Lab. ...... 16,316 C. Flanagan, Com...... 1,000

Moss Side, M. 20,889; W. 25,001 168*Col.SirG.B.Hurst,T.D., Rusholme, MIDDLESBROUGH. East, M. 18,420; W. 17,558 E. J. Young, L.........18,409 *Ellen Wilkinson, Lab.12,080 MORPETH, NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME, M 19,904; W. 21,656 176*Col. Rt. Hon. J. C. Wedgwood, D.S.O , Lab. . . unop. NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE. North, M. 20,672; W. 26,240 179*Sir N. Gratian Doyle, C. 30,245 R. J. Thomson, Lab . . 5,791 West, M. 23,987; W 26,538
180 Dr. J. W. Leech, C. 28,560
*J. H. Palin, Lab. . . . 13,514 NORTHAMPTON, M. 29,029; W. 33,548 181 Lt Col. Sir Mervyn Manningham Buller, Bt., C ......34,817 *Lt.-Col.C.L'E. Malone,

Lab. ..... 19,898

Norwich,	READING,	E
M. 37,799; W. 45,956.	M. 29,997; W. 35,022	313
18s* G. H. Shakespeare, L.	M. 29,997; W. 35,012 199 Dr. A. B. Howitt, C34,439 *Dr. S. Hastings, Lab. 19,277 E. R. Troward, N.P 861	214
Nat40,925 283 G. A Hartland, C38,883 *W. R. Smith, Lab28,295	E R. Troward, N.P 86s	
*W. R. Smith, Lab 38,295		Hil
Dorothea Jewson, Lab. s6,537	RICHNOND (SURREY),	215
NOTTINGHAM.	M. 24,769; W. 33,301 200*MajGen. Hon. Sir Newton	
Central, M. 19,223; W. 24,962 184*T. J. O'Connor, K.C.,	J. Moore, R.O M.G., C 35,333	
184*T. J. O'Connor, K.C., C	J. Moore, R.C M.G., C 35,333 J. L. Thomson, Lab6,460	216
A W Waterson Lab - see	ROCHDALE,	
East, M. 19,008; W. 24,147 185 L H. Gluckstein, C17,484 *W. Norman Birkett,	M. 28.668 : W. 24.685	
185 L H. Gluckstein, C 17,484	aox Maj. T. E. Jesson, C 25,436 *W. T. Kelly, Lab 18,329	1
*W. Norman Birkett, K.C., L	E. Dodds, L	
W. Windsor, Lab 5,339		1 217
South, M. 19,566; W. 23,538 186*G W. Holford-Knight,	ROCHESTER,	
186*G W. Holford-Knight,	Chatham, M. 21,881; W. 21,534	
A R. Ellis, <i>Lab</i> 10.583	202 Sir Park Goff, K.C., C 19,991 +T.Olivei Baldwin, Lab 10,837	' e-9
West, M. 21,008; W. 24,640	M. F. Woodroffe, N.P. 1,135	319
187 A C. Caporn, C 20,596	M. F. Woodroffe, N.P. 1,135 Gillingham, M 19,800; W 19,864 203*Sir Robert Gower, O B.E.	-
*A. Hayday, Ind 14,903	203*Sir Robert Gower, () B.E.,	
OLDHAM.	Mrs. C. M. Wadham,	1
M. 44,520; W. 51,998	Inb 9,103	}
188 A. C. Crossley, C 50,693 189 H. W. Kerr, C	Rossendale,	1
*Rev. G. Lang. Lah 28,620	M. 21,993; W. 25,170	230
*J. Wilson, Lab26,361	M. 2x,993; W. 25,270 204 R H. Cross, C 26,206 W. F. Dean, L23,089	
Oxford,	*A Law, Lah	
M. 17,305; W. 21,898		ŀ
200*Capt.R. C. Bourne, C. Unop.	ROTHERHAM,	221
PLYMOUTH.	M. 28,619; W. 27,597 205 G Herbert, C 23,596 *F. W. Lindley, Lab 22,834	
Devonport, M. 20,424; W. 21,144	*F. W. Lindley, Lab 22,834	l
191 Ma) L. Hore-Beluka,	ST HELENS,	1
L Nat 33.440	11 W	221
P. Reed, Lab 9,039	206 R. A. Speucer, C 26.222	
Drake, M. 22,434; W. 25,063 292 Capt. Rt Hon F. E.	Sir J. Sexton, C.B.R.,	
Guest, CBE., D.S.O.	Lab 23,701	
	SALFORD,	1323
*, 3. If *10868, Lab 12,669	North, M. 22,276; W. 26,399 207 J. P. Morris, C	324
Sutton, M. 22,453; W. 25,409 193" Viscountess Astor, C24,277	*Ron Tillett Lah	
G. Wald, Lab14,073	South. M 22.001 : W. 24.882	
Downstawn	South, M 22,901; W. 24,883 208 J. J. Stoutton, C23,140 *Joseph Toole, Lah 15,302	1
PORTSMOUTH.	*Joseph Toole, Lab 15,303	
R K R Regument C as 622	West, M 20,709; W 23,968 209 LtCom F. H. Ast- bury, C 24,083 *A. W. Haycock, Lab. 12,320	23
*Capt. W G. Hall, Lab. 14,512	bury, C 34,083	1
North. M. 25,229 ; W. 26,475	*A. W. Haycock, Lab. 12,320	В
195*Sir B. Falle, Bt , C26,331 Rear-Adm K. G. B.	SHEFFIELD.	-
Dewar, CBE, Lab. 13,181	Atterchiffe, M. 21,359; W. 20,875 210 C. F. Puke, C	1
South, M. s4,308; W. 31,180	210 C. F. Pike, C 15,185	
196*Maj. Sir H. R. Cayzer, Bt., C	Lab 15.030	i
W. G. Beck, Lab7,715	G. H. Fletcher, Com 2,790	1
	Brightaide, M. 22,802; W. 24,226	
PRESTON, M. 38,x47; W. 46,096	*F. Marshall, Lab15,528	1
was W. M. Kirknatrick, C. 46 and	J. T. Murphy, Com 1,571	
197 W. M. Kirkpatrick, C. 46, 276 198 A. C. Moreing, C45,84;	J. T. Murphy, Com 1,571 E. C. Snelgrove, N.P 847	4
*Rt. Hon. T. Shaw, C.B.E.,	Central, M. 21,431; W. 21,940	23
Lab	P. C. Hoffman, Lab 12.212	!
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Scolesall, M. 19,482; W. 23,667 3*Sir S. Roberts, Bt., C. unop. SMETHWICK. SOUTHAMPTON. M. 52,832 ; W. 54,540 SOUTHEND-ON-SEA. M. 33,519; W. 45,704 o*Countess of Iveagh, C.B.K., C. ......46,564 A.E. Bechervaise, Lab...7,741 SOUTHPORT, M. 22,257; W. 33,335 R. S. Hudson, C. .... ..30,307 R. M. Hughes, L. .....13,983 SOUTH SHIELDS. M 31,465; W 32,232 *J. Chuter Ede, Lab. .. 20,528 STOCKPORT, M. 39,012; N. 47,272 13*S. S. Hanmersley, C. 50,936 14 Capt. A V G. Dower, C. 47,757 *A. E. Townend, Lab. 23,350 J. T. Abbott, Lab..... 15,591 STOCKTON-ON-TEES, M. 26,716; W. 26,871 *F. F. Riley, Lab. ... .. 18, 168 STOKE-UPON-TRENT. Burslem, M. 20,344; W. 22,438 6 W Allen, C ...... .. 18,647 *Andrew MacLaren, Lab. ... 16,248 A Rowland-Entwistle, Ind. ..... Hanley, M. 22,532; W. 24,900 Stoke, M. 27,303 . W. 30,309 

+Sir O Mosley, Bt., N.P. 10,534

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l	SUNDERLAND, M. 49,452; W. 54,107 and Luke Thompson, C53,386 and Samuel Storey, C52,589 "Marion Phillips, D. Sc.,	WRST HAM.	Mid, M. 19,370 ; W. 21,185
1	M. 49,452; W. 54,107	Plaistow, M. 23,557; W. 25,119	*Milner Gray, L
İ	220 Samuel Stores. C53,380	Labunop.	H. W. Fenner, Lab 3,156
	*Marion Phillips, D.Sc.,	Silvertown, M. 22,486; W. 22,154	
1	Lab29,707 D. N. Pritt, Lab29,680	244*J. J. Jones, Lab 19,851 Mrs. E. E. Tennant, C. 5,654	BERKSHIRE.  Abingdon, M. 18,598; W. 19,356
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Stratford, M. so red : W. sz.oza	259 Major R. G. C. Glyn,
	Tottenham,	Stratford, M. 20,704; W. 22,024 245 T. E. Groves, Lab13,925	М.С., Сипор
1	North, M. 25,503; W. 29,419	C. G. Wodehouse-Tem- ple, C13,722	Newbury, M. ar, gor; W. 24,941
	North, M. 26,503; W. 29,419 231 E. Deran, C22.172 *R. C. Morrison, Lab17,651	Unton. M. 10.650: W. 22.007	Newbury, M. 21,961; W. 24,941 260*BrigGen. H. Clifton Brown, Cunop.
	South, M. sz,8s6; W. s4,706	Upton, M. 19,650; W. 22,997 246 A. J. Chotzner, C17,561 *B. W. Gardner, Lab12,453	Windsor, M. 25,559; W. 30,850 261*A. A. Somerville. Cunop.
1	South, M. 21,826; W. 24,706 232 F. N. Palmer, N. Lab. 17,824 *Fred Messer, Lab 12,602		261*A. A. Somerville. Cunop.
		WIGAN.	Buckinghamshire.
	TYNEMOUTH,	M. 26,103; W. 28,586	Aylesbury, M. 26,248; W.30,573
	M. 19,514; W. 20,905 233*Maj. A. West Russell, C. 17,607	247* J. A. Parkinson, C.B.E., Lab23,544	262*M. W. Beaumont, C 29,368 C B. Dallow, L 8,927
	S. Holines, L 8,295	G. D. Roberts, C22,526	C B. Dallow, L 8,927 Miss D Woodman, Lab. 4,677
	T. H. Knight, Lab 8,110	WILLESDEN.	Buckingham,
	WAKEFIELD,	East, M. 30,666; W. 37,686 248* D. G. Somerville, C 28,993	M. 21,934; W. 23,731 263*Capt. Sir G. E. W. Bow-
	M. 15,458; W. 16,876 234 Dr. G B. Hillman, C 15,881	248* D. G. Somerville, C 28,993 W. D. Lloyd, Lab 10,010	263*Capt. Sir G. E. W. Bow- yer, M.C., C23,783
	*G. H Sherwood, Lab 11,774	1 171. 0. 0. Dilugus, 11 7.004	J. L. George, M.C., Lab. 11,736
	WALLASKY	West, M. 26,693; W. 28,365. 249 Mrs. H. B. Tate, C 23,910 *S P. Viant, Lab 15,550	Wycombe. M. 37,298; W. 39,737 264*MajGen. Sir A. W. F.
	M. 27,292; W. 34,800 235 LtCol. J. T. Moore- Bialazon, C	*S P. Viant. Lab 15.550	Knox, K.C B., C.M.G.,
	235 LtCol. J T. Moore-	Wimbledon,	C 41,208
	J. D. Mack, Lab 7,712	M. 30,761; W. 38,747	Dr. L. Haden Guest, Lab
	WALLSEND,	250 Su J C. Power, Bt , C 30,643	Garanto au
	M. 25,583; W. 26,694 236 Irens M. B Ward,	T. Braddock, Lab 9,674	CAMBRIDGE,
	236 Irens M. B Ward,	WOLVERHAMPTON.	M. 24,471; W. 24,829 265*Capt. R. G. Brisone, M.C., C 23,742
	*Rt. Hon. Margaret Boudfield, Lab18,393	Bilaton, M. 22,624; W. 24,195	M. C., C
	Boudfield, Lab18,393	Bilston, M. 22,624; W. 24,195 251 G. K. Peto, C20,620 *J. Baker, Lab	
	Walsall,	East, M. 21,374; W. 21,788 252*G. Le M. Mander, L14,945	CHESHIRE.
	M. 30,545; W. 32,565 237 J. A. Leckie, L 30,507	Maj. A. T Waters-Taylor,	Altrincham, M. 34,104; W. 42,047 266*C. Atkinson, K.C., C unop.
	*J. J. McShane, Lab23,952	C12,628	City of Chester,
	WALTHAMSTOW.	J. Smith, Lab 6,340	M. 10 102 W. 11 8r6
		West, M. 24,038; W. 27,317	267*Sir C. Cayzer, Bt , C18,174 A. Herbert, L11,770
	238 Sir B. C. Beauchamp,	*W. J. Brown, Lab 17,090	J. Lewis, Lab 5,186
	East, M. 19,533; W. 22,357 238 Sir B. C. Beauchamp, Bt., C	Worcester,	Crewe, M. 25,026; W. 26,422
	A C. CTHIE. L 3.100	M. 18.100 : W. 15.500	268 D. B. Somervell, K.C.,
	West, M. 20,925; W. 22,102 239*V. La T. McEntee, Lab.14,144 C. H. Grundy, C13,137	R. R. Fairbairn, L 6,611	268 D. B. Somervell, K.C., C
	C. H. Grundy, C 13,137	H. Bolton, Lab3,874	Eddusbury, M. 15,207; W. 16,095
	8. W. Robinson, L 4,053	YORK,	269* R. J. Russell, L Nat. unop
	WARRINGTON,	M. 25,248; W. 28,864	Knutsford, M. 25,306; W. 30,340
	M. 24, 208; W. 25,006	*F G. Burgess, Lab. 30,316	270* Brig. Gen. E. Makins
	240 N B Goldne, K.C., C. 24,400 *C. Dukes, Lab 19,055	*F G. Burgess, Lab. 16,310	C.B., D.S.O., Cunop
	WEDNESBURY,	ENGLISH COUNTIES.	Macclesfield, M. 24,566, W. 30,388
	M. 25,379; W. 26,129	(Excluding Monmouthshire)	271*J. R. Remer, C
	241 ) theorem Eunam, m.c.,	BEDFORDSHIRE	Morthwich, M. 27,474; W. 27,816
	*A Short, Lab25,000	Bedford, M. 21,531; W. 25,821 256*S. R. Wells, C. 25,030	272* Lord Colum Crichton-
	WEST BROMWICH,	256*S. R. Wells, C 25,030 Lady Clare Annesley,	Stuart, C30,061 Mrs B. A. Gould, Lab. 15,746
	WEST BROMWICH, M. 23,067; W. 24,425	Lab 9,654	Stalybridge and Hyde,
	2A2 A Ramonis C. venno	Tuton, M. 27.707 : W. 21.172	M. 26,446; W. 31,859 273 Sydney Hope, C
	*Rt Hon.F.O. Roberts, Lab	257*E. Leslie Burgin, LL.D., L. Nat	W. Dobbie, Lab
	W. Ramage, L 3,851	J. H. MacDonnell, Lab. 7,897	P. H. Jones, L8,849

188 Wirral. M. 32,817; W. 38,739 Bouthern, M. 34,727; W. 35,618 8. Wormald, Lab. .....10,117 CORNWALL. Bodmin, M. 19,521; W. 21,752 275*Isaac Foot, L.....unn. Camberne, M. 19,437; W. 25,105 DEVONSHIRE. 276 Lt.-Com, P. G. Agnew, Barnstaple, M. 19,793; W. 24,489 Morthern, M. 18,271; W. 21,749 277* Rt. Hon. Sir Donald Maclean, K.B.R., South Molton, Lt. Com. A. M. Williams, D S.C , R.N., C 15,526 294* Rt. Hon. George Lam-A. Bennett, Lab ... . 1,907 Penryn and Falmouth, M. 23,525, W. 27,242
278 M. Pelherick, C. ......16,388
†E. D. Simou, L. ......14,006
A. L. Rowse, Lab .....10,093 St. Ives, M. 16,843; W. 21,387 279*Rt Hon Walter Runciman, L. Nat. .....unop CUMBERLAND. Northern, M 13,310; W. 14,775 280*Capt F. Graham, C. 12,504 W. H. W. Roberts, L 11,277 Penrith and Cockermouth, M. 12,951; W. 15,117 281*A. C. Niven Dixey, C. 12,904 DORSET. A. Holgate, L .... ...... xx,418

Whitehaven, M. 16,519; W 17,560 *M. P. Price, Lab. ....14,255 Workington, M. 19,724; W. 19,429 283*Tom Cape, M. B. K., Lab. 18,469 Major C. W. Lowther, C.....x6c

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Belper, M. 23,137; W. 24,198 *J. Lees, Lab. .. .. 15,450 Chesterfield, M. 24,874; W. 25,202 285 R. J. E. Conant, C. ...23,026 *George Benson, Lab. ...17,046 Clay Cross, M. 23,179; W. 20,752 C. Duncan, Lab.. ... .21,163 J. Weinberg, L. Nat... 11,612 weinberg, L. Nat... 11,611 M. 13,300; W. 13,921 High Peak, M. 22,233; W. 26,256 303 Lt. Col. C. M. Head-287*Sir Alfred Law, C. ...27,577 G H. Bagnall, Lab ... 9,640 Ilkeston, M. 21,675; W. 22,441 North-Eastern.

M. 26,669; W. 24,750 

*Maj. D. G. Pole, Lab. \$3,955 Western, M. 19,909; W. 21,945 291 Marquess of Hartington, M.B.E., C.....unop.

sos Sir Basil E. Peto, Bt., C.so.ost R. T. Dyke Acland, L. 18,318 Heniton, M. 18,889; W. 24,736 293 C. Drewe, C. ...... 21,854 J. G. H. Halse, L. ..... 14,563 M. 17,470; W. 18,563 bert, L. Nat. ..... . \$5,700 R. Messel, Lab. ...... 3,499 Tiverton, M. 17,120; W. 19,467 296*Lt.-Col. G. J. Acland-Troyte, C M.G., D.S.O.,

Torquay, M 26,602; W. 32,497 Charles Williams, C. .34,690 H. M. Medland, Lab. 7,351

Totnes, M. 25,944; W. 30,364 Es 298*Maj. S. E. Harvey, C. 26,765 Chelmsford, M. E. R. Haylor, L. ..... 30,203

Eastern, M. 25,448; W. 30,856 299 G. R. Hall Carne, C.B.E.

Northern. M. 15,098, W. 16,800 300*Cecil Haulury, C. .....15,499 Hon. W. Borthwick, L. 10,681

Southern, M. 19,043; W. 22,019 301* Viscount Cranborne, C.21,284 A. W. Wiltshire, Lab .... 8,800 Western, M. 14,803; W. 16,787 302* Maj. W.P. Coljox, M.C.,

.....15,510 G. E. Chappell, L. .... 10,371

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lain, D S.O , O.B.K., C.12,721 *W. Lawther, Lab. .... 10,287

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Blaydon, M. 23,716; W. 22,513

Chester-le-Street. M. 25,767; W. 24,977 306*John J. Lawson, Lab. 24,373 R. G. Kellett, C. ..... 15,834 Censett, M. 26,410; W. 24,688 307 J. P. Dickie, L. Nat...21,474 *Rev. H. Dunnico, Lab.19,927 Houghton-le-Spring.

M. 29,000; W. 29,343 309 Col R. Chapman, O.M.G., D.S O., T.D., C.....25,549 *R. Richardson, Lab...22,700 Jarrow, M. 24,903; W. 24,232 310 W. G. Pearson, C.....21,263 *R. J. Wilson, Lab. .....18,071

Seaham, M. 31,956; W. 28,954 311 Rt. Hon J. Ramsay MacDonald, N. Lab. 28,978 Bedgefield, M. 22,647; W. 21,740 312 Roland Jennings, C....21,956
*J. Herriotts, Lab. .....15,404 Spennymoor,

M. so,670; W. 19,883 313*J. Batey, Lab. ..........18,072 M. D. McCarthy, C. ...14,072

314 Lt - Col. Ser V. L. Henderson, M.C., C. 31,961 J. A. Sparkes, Lab. ... 7,755 Colohester, M. 315*Oswald Lewis, C. .....22,285 Com. E. A. Digby, Lab. 10,725

Epping, M. ; W. 316* Rt Hon. W. S. Churchill, C.H., C. .....35,956 A S. Comyns-Carr, L. 15,670 J. Ranger, Lab. ... . 4,713

Harwich, M. 317*Percy John Pybus, C.B.K., L. Nat ...... 26,818 E. I. McKeag, Lab ... 4,229

Maldon, M. 318*Lt.-Col. E. A. Ruggles-Brise, M.C., C .... 32,055 W. F. Toynbee, Lab .... 9,078

Romford, M. 319 W.G. Douglas Hutchinon, C. .....50,097 *H T. Muggeridge, Lab.31,410

> Saffron Walden. M. 20,229; W. 21,430

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M. ; W. 321 H.V. A. M. Rankes, C. 30,436
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F. Greene, N. Lab. ...6,539

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232 W. S. Morrison, M. C., C. C. M. E. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 338 D. J. Vaughau, Lab	GLOUCESTERSHIRE.	Hitchin, M. 22,683; W. 25,879	Maidstone, M. 22,396; W. 24,862
232 W. S. Morrison, M. C., C. C. M. E. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 337 L. C. C. R. F. Pr. 338 D. J. Vaughau, Lab	Circucester and Tewkesbury.	336 Viscount Knebworth, C.25,84x	351 Alfred C. Bossom,
### Manier, Lab	M. 22, 287; W. 25,080	Maj. D. Freyer, Lab 8,312	F.R.I.B.A., C 27,394
### Manier, Lab	322" W. S. Morrison, M.C.,	St. Albans, M. 29,993; W. 36,238	
M. 18, 535; W. 18, 608 33 Dr. J. Vaughan, Lab	C	337*Lt. Col. F. E Fre-	
M. 18, 535; W. 18, 608 33 Dr. J. Vaughan, Lab		mantle,0 B.R ,M.D., C.36,690	Sevenoaks, M. 21,734; W. 23,870
323 D. J. Vaughau, Lab	Ferest of Dean,	Monica Whately, Lab. 10,289	Hillon Vonna C. B.
*Broud, M. as, 367; W. 27,659 34*R. D. Perkins, C	M. 18,539; W. 18,008	Watford, M. 28,933; H. 33,981	
*Broud, M. as, 367; W. 27,659 34*R. D. Perkins, C	383 Dr. J. V. Worthington,	335 Sir Dennis Herbert,	Tonbridge M as See W as see
## A. Derkins, C	*1) I Vanchen Lah *2 201	F M Incurse Lab 0.422	28.2*Col Rt. Hon. H. H. Suen-
Holland-with-Boston   R.   20,065   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20,055   Spar D   W   20		1 . met atterfaces, 12400 314-3	arr-otoy, o. m.d., m.o.,
Thornbury, M. 8,400; W. 97,097, 339 James Binidell, L. Nat, 20,275 335 D. W. Gunston, M. C. C.23,078 G. P. Hillsrard, Lab	204* H. D. Perkins C 20 672	HOLLAND-WITH-BOSTON.	C30,60s
Thornbury, M. s., ago; W. s7, c97, 338* James Biludell, L.X. Act, 20, 235 338* D. W. Genston, M. C. (2-3, 072).  G. P. Blizard, Lab	F. W. Davies. Lab11.030	M as ord: W as are	Mrs. C. E M. Borrett,
328* D. W. Gunston, M. C. C.32,078. G. P. Billizard, Lab	Thornbury, M. sc. 400 : W. 87.057	220 James Blindell, L. Nat. 20, 225	Lab 8,208
## AMPSHIRE. Alderahot, M. 18, 102; W. 21, 850 326° Rt. Hon. Vuccount Woohner, C	225* D. W. Gunston, M C . C.23,072	H. J. H. Parker, Lab. 8,840	KESTEVEN AND RUTLAND.
## AMPSHIRE. Alderahot, M. 18, 102; W. 21, 850 326° Rt. Hon. Vuccount Woohner, C	G P. Blizard, Lab11,008		Grantham, W. 24.008: W. 25.224
HAMPSHIRE   M. 18,105   W. 18,833   W. 18,133   March   M. 18,105   W. 18,133   March   M. 18,105   M. 18,105   M. Orbach, Lab	J. H. Whitehouse, L 7,826	Huntingdonshire,	354 Sir Victor Warrender,
MAY PSHIRE   Aldershot   M. 18, ros   W. x1,850   M. Orbach   L. Nat		M. 18,233; W. 19,151	Bart., M C., C27,164
Addershot, M. 18, 103; W. 21, 185  346* Rt. Hom. Vuccount Wolmer, C	Hampshire.	340 S. J. Peters, LL.D.,	M. W Moore, Lab 12,115
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Blef Of Elty   M. 23,024   W. 23,478   M. 23,024   W. 23,478   M. 23,024   W. 23,478   M. 23,024   W. 23,478   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,025   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M. 24,024   M	Wolmer, C22.134	_	355*A. W. Smith-Carington,
Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,   Maingstoke,	Miss M. Richardson,	ISLE OF ELY,	U
**M ** 2,004   W. 23,478	Lab 4,091		F. E. Church, 120 7,440
Miss F. I. Josephy, L. 6, 4,505 C. A. Goutcher, Lab4,124 Farcham, M. 27,776; W. 30,947 328*Sir T. W. II. Inskip, C.B. R. & C. C	Basingstoke,		LANCASHIRE.
Miss F. I. Josephy, L. 6, 4,505 C. A. Goutcher, Lab4,124 Farcham, M. 27,776; W. 30,947 328*Sir T. W. II. Inskip, C.B. R. & C. C	M 22,004; W. 23,478	child, D.C.M., L 20,842	Chorley, M. 23,839 , W. 27,957
Tareham, M. 27,776; W. 30,947   38*Sir T W. H. Inskip,	327" \ \iscount Lymington, C.23,523	J. A. Whitehead, Ind. 6,993	
Tareham, M. 27,776; W. 30,947   38*Sir T W. H. Inskip,	C A Contabar Lab 4 204	F. Knowles, Lan 4,302	mq, o B.E., C 28,749
388*Sir T W. H. Inskip, C.B.E., & C. C		Torm on Wrone	J Barrow, Lab 12,734
New Forest and Christchurch   34,920   M. 27,734; W. 33,606   M. 27,734; W. 33,606   328 M. Col. Rt. Hon. W. W. Ashley, C			Clitheree, M 20,080; W. 23,022
New Forest and Christchurch   34,920   M. 27,734; W. 33,606   M. 27,734; W. 33,606   328 M. Col. Rt. Hon. W. W. Ashley, C	328* Sir T W. 11. Inskip,		357*Cupt Sir W Brass, ( 24,361
M. 27,734; W. 33,606 328*Lt.Col. Rt. Hon. W. W. Ashley, C	с.в.к, к с, сипор.		8 Awhery, Lab 14,920
339* M. 20, 23, 4. 3, 4. 3, 5. 4. 3, 5. 4. 4. 5. 3, 5. 4. 4. 5. 5. 5. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	New Forest and Christchurch,	I F Drammand Lub a 620	Darwen, M. 18,018; W 23,116
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**Gill Rowson, Lab. 19,553  **Winchester, M. 27,987; W. 30,108  331 R. G. Ellis, C	330*Col. Rt Hon. W. G.	*Day D M Vodward	Farnworth, W. 22,831; W. 20,719
Winchester, M. 24,787; W. 29,987   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,787; W. 30,108   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529   M. 21,529	Nicholson, C 26,081	I. Nat v4 60.	*Gus Royson Lab vo see
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Melton, M. 23,842; W. 26,476 377*W Lindsay Everard, C. 30,355 A. E. Stubbs, Lab ..... 8,100

371*Capt. H. M. Bullock,

Westhoughton,

M. 20,544; W. 21,686

LEICESTER-HIRE.

375 Farl of Castlestewart,

190

LINDSHY (PARTS OF). Brigg, M 23,022; W. 22,543. 378 Capt. M J Hunter, C. 21,809 *D. J. K Quibell, Lab 15,614

Gainsborough, M. 17,166; W. 17,330 379*Capt. II. F. C. Crookshank, C. .... 14,839 H. G. Purchase, L. ... 8,009 G. Deer, Lab ...... 5,856 G. Deer, Lab Horncastle, M. 16,207; W 18,241 

Louth, M. 19,327; W. 20,890 

Ramay Muir. L. ..... 24,439

Wood Green. M. 34,852; W. 43,078

NORFOLK. Eastern, M. 22,013; W 23,353 39a* Viscount Elmley, L. Nat. .....25,945 W. Holmes, Lab. ..... 6,562

King's Lynn, M. 22,547 ; W. 23,895 393* Lord Fermoy, C. .....23,687 D. Freeman, Lab. ..... 10,054 Northern, M. 19, 161; W. 20,978 

James, M.O., C. ... ... 22,127 *George Dallas, Lab....14,137 NORTHUMBERLAND Berwick-upon-Tweed, M. 18,313; W. 21,071 401*Capt A. J. K. Todd, C. 1110p. Hexham, M. 16,703; W. 18,817 402*Col D. C. Brown, C. .. 20,578 E. O. Dunnico, Lab... 7,557 Wansbeck, M. 34,387; W. 36,202 *G W. Shield, Lab. .....34,126 NOTTINGHAM. Bassetlaw, M. 25,843; W 25,357

404 * Malcolm J. Mac Donald, H. M. Watkins, Lab....23,58s 403* Frederick Seymour Mansfield, M. 31,395; W. 31,248 406*C. W. E. Brown, Lab. 26,865 E S. B Hopkin, C ...21,303 Newark, M. 23,452; W. 24,344

407 Marquess of Titchfield, J. R. Bellerby, Lab. ... 10,840 Rusheliffe, M. 30,808; W. 34,542 408*Rt. Hon. Sir H. B. Betterton, Bt., C.R.H., C. 36,670 | Mrs. F. B. Paton, Lab. 14,176

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OXFORD.  Banbury. M. sz,6sz; W. s4,785 409 Maj. A.J. Edmondson, C	<i>M</i> 423 <i>A. £</i> *C. Ii
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SALOP. Ludlow, M. 13,916; W. 16,864 411* LtCol G. Windsor- Clue, c. M. G., C 19,700	425*J. N G I Staffor 426*Cap
T. Hardwick, Lab 4,683 Oswestry, M. 20,973; W. 22,687 412*Maj. B. E. P. Leighton, C. 23,740 W. E. Warder, Lab. 8,343	Lon
8hrewsbury, M. 17,345; W. 19,459 413*G. A. V. Duckworth, C. 18,505 Dr. Betty Morgan, L. 9,338 E. Porter, Lab 2,567	W.
The Wrekin, M. 22,084; W. 21,688 414 Col. J. Baldwin Webb, C. C. 22,258 *Edith Picton Turber- vill, O.B.E, Lab14,162	428* E. I Lowest
SOMERSET. Bridgwater, M. 19,311; W. 22,723 415*R. P. Croom-Johnson, K.C., C	M
Frome, M. 23.371; W. 25,407 416 l'iscount Weymouth, C.24,858 4F. Gould, Lab	1
Dr. F. G. Hushnell, Lab. 8,367  Wells. M 27,400; W 19,402  418 Maj. A. J. Musrhead,  M. C. C	8udbu: 432* Lt. 0 Ala
Weston-super-Mare,  M. 24.537, W. 32,789  419*Lord Erskine, C 35,255  W. B. Craig, Lab 5,905  Yeovil, M. 22,728; W. 24,872	Oherta
420*Ma), G. F. Davies, C. 20,165 B. II. Hefter, L. 14,046 H. Fyle, Lab	Easter

STAFFORD.

Burton, M. 22,624; W. 24,195 

Cannock, M. 33,445; W. 32,823

Guildford, M. #8, 214; W. 34,411 Kingswinford, 437*Hon. C. A. U. Rhys, . 27,218; W. 27,920 M.C., C. ......39,008 S. Peck, Lab. ....... 6,242 S. Todd, C.... ..... 21,934 I. Sitch, Lab. .. .19,495 Mitcham, M. 34,079; W. 38,912 , M. 23,300; W. 25,353 438º R. J. Meller, C. .... . 38,948 hur Ratcliffe, C . 20,067 Bromfield, Lab. . . 18,979 W. Graham, Lab. . ... 13, 124 Reigate, M. 25,204; W. 29,467 ld, M. 28,457; W. 29,132 439 G. C. Touche, C.........33,934 P. H. Collick, Lab. ... 7,076 A. Lovat Fraser, Lab. ..... 26,669 H. Jones, Lab. .....15,790 EAST SUSSEX. rd, M. 16,770; W 17,765 Eastbourne, M. 20,952; W. 30,004 t, Rt. Hon, W. G. A. 440*E. Marjoribanks, C. ...31,240
A. J. Marshall, Lab.... 5,379 rmsby-Gore, C. .....18,467 Smith, Lab. ...... 8,640 East Grinstead. i, M. sz,zog ; W. 22,738 7f. 25,836; W. 31,861 J. Q Lamb, C .....20,327 Meakin, L. ... .. 6,407 I. Simcock, Lab. . 5,993 Lewes, M. 19,888; W. 23,823 EAST SUFFOLK. 442 Capt. J de Vere Loder, M 20,219; W. 20,613 ... .. .....25, 181 L. Granville, L.Nat unop F. Hancock, Lab ..... 5,795 oft, M. 22,410; W. 25,327 Rye, M. 19,987; W. 26,093 443* Lt.-Col. Sir G. L. Cour-Gernais Rentoul, thope, Bt., M.C., C. ...unop. Woodbridge, WEST SUSSEX. Chichester, M. 33,197; W. 39,554 . 21,348; W 23,447 Ross Taylor, C.....25,654 s. I. M. N. Keeble, 444*Maj. J. S. Courtauld, M.C , C. ......43,756 C W. Higgins, Lab. ... 6,085 ab... 5,885 Horsham and Worthing. WEST SUFFOLK M. 32,955; W. 42,530 445*Earl Winterton, C. .... 44,886 MissH M Keynes, Lab. 5,932 Bury St. Edmunds, V. 18,964; W. 20,148 ot F. F. A. Hedgers, WARWICK . ... .. . . . . . . . . . . . unov Nuneaton, M 40,571; W. 38,946 ry, M. 15,478; W. 16,397 446 Capt. E. T. North, C 25,839 *Frank Smith, Lab ... ... 23,375 H W.Willison, L. Nat. 12,811 -Col. H. W. Burton, B.E , C. .. .... 13,500 in Sainsbury, L. ...10,929 Rugby, M 21,583; W. 22,788 447*Capt. H. D. R. Mar-gesson, M.C., C. .... 24,493 E. J. Pay, Lab. ... 10,523 SURREY. ey. M. 29,484; W 35,191 A Boyd Carpenter, Tamworth, M. 30,964; W. 35,475 448* Rt Hon. Sir A. Steel-Maidand, Bt., C. .. . 41,571 rn, M. 23,454; W. 29,775 J. Willbery, Lab. .... 7,527 Warwick and Leamington. M. 30,034 , W. 36,584 449*Capt. R A. Eden, M.C., C. ...... 38,584 C. G. Garton, Lab. ... 9,261 Epsom, M. 33,752; 11 41,153 435 *Com. A. R. J. Southby, R N., C. ... .... 44,076 Rev. Stanley Morgan,

WESTMORLAND,

M 19,961; W. 24,065

450 Ma). Hon. O. F. G. Stanley, M.C., C.....unop.

Farnham, M. 25,183, W. 31,108

Lab. ..... 7,571

Barberough and Whithy, M. 17,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,661; W. 18,661; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 18,660; W. 19,664; M. 18,661; W. 18,661; W. 19,664; M. 18,661; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; W. 19,664; M. 19,662; M. 19,664; M. 19,662; M. 19,664; M. 19,662; M. 19,664; M. 19,662; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,662; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664; M. 19,664;			
Magnetian, M. 19,600; W. A. Cazdel, S. S. Paul Lathon, Bt., C	Witmuiton	Searborough and Whithy.	Rother Valley.
### **Coper P. A. Casalet, M. A. C			
B. Howard, L	Unippendam, M. 17,000; W. 18,000	M. 83,017; W. 31,989	M. 26,419; 17. 25,705
B. Howard, L	am*Capt V. A. Cazalet.	46x*Sir Paul Latham, Bt.	470*T. W. Grundy, Labs6,186
B. Howard, L	W.C. C		LtCom. A.G. Olliver, C. 15,818
Devizes, M. 16,009; W. 26,268 452*Percy A. Hurd, C15,708 452*Percy A. Hurd, C15,708 554*Combard, D. S. 6, 505 554*Combard, O. S. 6, 505 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 705 55*Combard, O. S. 6, 70	S Howard L to ook	D S Pastman Ich 6 see	
Devizes, M. 16,009; W. 26,268 452*Percy A. Hurd, C15,708 641*Shury, M. 19,733; W. 23,190 453*Moj. J. A. S. G. Futz- recurrense Inseptence: Robertson, O.B.E., C. 23,185 A. B. Lemon, Lab 6,955  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,195  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  8windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,737; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 23,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 23,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24,297; W. 24,295  9windon, M. 24	W D Doblas Lab.	r. n. Masullali, 100 0,375	Rothwell, M. 20,022; W. 20,963
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Salisbury, M. 19,753; W. 28,190 453*Mol. J. A. St. G. FM:		.M. 18,908; W. 19,904	Maj. C. H. Stringer,
Salisbury, M. 19,753; W. 28,190 453*Mol. J. A. St. G. FM:	453 Percy A. Hurd, C 16,708	466* Robert Haigh Tourton C amon	D.S.O., O.B.E., C 22,198
Salisbury, M. 19,753; W. 28,190 453*Mol. J. A. St. G. FM:	J. W. Molden, L 8,50x	the reserve tradition to the constitution.	
### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 23, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 23, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 23, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 23, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 23, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 195; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 19, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; W. 21, 250  ### Standard N. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M. 20, 240; M.			Shinley, M. 22, 587 : W. 20,877
A. B. Lemon, Lab. 5, 6,956  Swindon, M. 23,727; W. 23,872  424 Sir R. Mitchell Banks, K.C. C	Salisbury, M. 10.782; W. 22.100	YORKSHIRE, WEST RIDING	and the factorinal Comment
A. B. Lemon, Lab. 5, 6,956  Swindon, M. 23,727; W. 23,872  424 Sir R. Mitchell Banks, K.C. C	and Mal T A Ch (1 Than		481 J. H. Lincitwood, C . 37,304
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A. B. Lemon, Lab. 5, 6,956  Swindon, M. 23,727; W. 23,872  424 Sir R. Mitchell Banks, K.C. C		M. 24.767 : W. 25.548	W. J. Leaper, N.P 601
**R.** Hot. C. addison, M. 23,737; W. 23,873  **St. Hon C. Addison, M. D., Lab	Robertson, O.B.E., C. s3,189		
### Ser R. Hon C. Addison,	A. B. Lemon, Lab 6.056	407 Col D. Ropmer, C27,924	Skinton M as for . W as 408
### Ser R. Hon C. Addison,		Rev. G. S. Woods, Lab. 14,585	
444 SY R. Mitchell Banks,	Swindon, M. 22,727; W. 22,872		482*E. Roy Bird, C 28,013
**E. C. C		Coine Valley, .	J. P. Davies, Lab 13,053
**Rt. Hon. C. Addison, M.D., Lab	454 Sir R. Mitchell Banks,	M. at are: W an are	
M. D., Lab	K.C., C22,755		Sowerby, M. 20,003; W. 25,111
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## Westbury, M.   W.   ## 435 R. V. Grimaton, C.   16,949 J. H. Harris, L.   11,044 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, Lab.   12,197 M. Hackett, M. H. H. M. H. M. H. M. M. M. 1,195;   12,197 M. H. H. Evith, Lab.   12,197 M. H. H. Evith, Lab.   12,197 M. H. H. H. M. M. 31,195;   W. Wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75;   W. wentworth, M. 31,75	M.D. Lab	L	453 M. S. McCorquodate, 0.35,511
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463 LtCom. R. T. Bover, R.N., C			ays Dir A. H. Crumiuck,
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*W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  Eichmond, M. 21,593; W. 24,385  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066  *W. T. Manafield, Lab. 20,066	R. N., C 20.608	7 W	†Rt. Hon. Sir W. A.
Wichmond, M. 21,593; W. 24,258 478 Hills. C	*W. T. Mansfield Lab as ass	M. 23,716	Jowitt, K.C., N. Lab. 2.622
######################################		478*Rt. Hon. Mai. J. W.	H. G. Williams. C
464 Capt. T. L. Dugdale, C. unop. R. J. Hall, Lab 5, 225 N.P	Eichmond, M. az,593; W. a4.248	Hills. C	i Hon. H. Nicholson.
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Wales and Monmouth.	CARRIARYON,	Pontypridd, M. 24,33x; W. 23,015
WELSH BOROUGHS (11).	M. 23,302; W. 24,702	519*D. L. Davies, Lab
• •	506*Maj. Goronwy Owen,	T. M. Jones, Ind 2,210 W. Lowell, N.P 466
CAERNARVON DISTRICT,	D.S.O., Ind. L	W. Lowell, N.P 466
M. 15,58a; W. 20,297 493*Rt. Hon. David Lloyd	W. P. O. Evans, Ind. 7,950	Muntonmut
George, D.M., L17.101	Prof. J. E. Daniel, 1744. 1,130	Merioneth, M. 13,631; W.15,342.
George, D.M., L17,101 F. P. Gourley, C1,714	Cardigan,	520*H. Haydn Jones, L 9,756
CARDIFF.	M. 18,269; W. 20,937	J. H Howard, Lab 7,807
Central, M. 22,770; W. 25,295	507*R. Hopkin Morris,	C. Phibbs, C 6,372
	M.B.E., L 20,113	Monmouth.
494*Capt. Sir E. N. Ben- nett, N. Lab24,120	Lloyd Jones, Lab 6,361	Abertillery, M. 20,809; W. 18,234
E. Archbold, Lab10,758	<b>a</b>	521*George Dagger, Lab unop.
East, M. 18,660; W. 21,656	CARMARTHEN.	Bedwellty, M. 23,415; W. 21,017
495 O T. Morris, C 12,465 *J. E. Edmunds, Lab. 20,292	Carmarthen, M. 21,952; W. 24,502	522*Charles Edwards,
J. E. Emlyn-Jones, L. 9,559	508 Capt. R. T. Evans, L. 15,532 *Maj. D. Hopkin, M.C.	C.B E., Labnnop.
South, M. 18,475; W. 20,184	Lab 14,318	Ebbw Vale, M. 20,550; W. 18,332
496 Capt. Arthur Evans, C. 17,976	Lab	523*Aneurin Bevan, Lab .unop.
*A. Henderson, jun.,	Evans, C9,434	Monmouth, M. 21,863; W. 23,066
Lab22,092	Llanelly, M. 34,139; W. 32,908	524*Sir C. L. Forestier- Walker, Bt , K.B.E., C 24,829
MERTHYR TYDFIL.	509*Dr.J.H. Williams, Lab. 34,196 F. J Rees, C18,163	Rev. D. Hughes, Lab. 10,217
Aberdare, M. 27,936; W. 25,866	,	Pontypool, M. 21,394; W. 19,696
497*G. H. Hall, Labunop.	Denbigh.	sag*T. Grifiths, Lab18.081
Merthyr, M. 22,527; W. 21,381 498*R. C. Wallhead, Lab. 24,623	Denbigh, M. 20,149; W. 24,465	T. Keens, L. Nat 14,709
498*R. C. Wallhead, Lab. 24,623	510*Dr. J.H. Morris-Jones,	Montgomery,
S. Davies, N. P10,834		W =4 === : W =6 ===
NewPort,	Wrexham, M. 27,718; W. 26,621	
M. 27.001 : W. 20.124	*R. Richards, Lab20,653	526*E C. Davies, KC, L. Natunop.
M. 27,901; W. 29,134 499 Reginald G. Clarry, C. 27,829 *James Walker, Lab19,238	20, 20,000,000,000,000	Desenhary
*James Walker, <i>Lab.</i> 19,238	FLINT,	PEMBROKE, M. 26,548, W. 28,743
RHONDDA.	M. 34,700; W. 37,90s	
East, M. 23,204; W. 20,835	5x2* Frederick Llewellyn-	527*Maj. G. Lloyd George, L 24,606 Maj. C. W. M. Price, C. 19,560
500* LtCol. D. Watts-Mor-	Jones, L. Nat40,405 Miss F. Edwards, Lab 16,158	
gan, C.B.E., D.S.O.,		WELSH UNIVERSITY,
Lab	GLAMORGAN.	M 3,325; W. 1,796
	Aberavon, M. 23,562; W. 23,128	528*Capt. Ernest Evans,
West. M. s1,677; W. 19,273 501*Will John, Lab23,024	and W C Come Lab an ana	S. Lewis, Ind 914
J. L. Davies, Com 4,296	E. Curran, L 16,378	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1	Caerphilly, M. 23,055; W. 20,744	
SWANSE.	514*Morgan Jones, Lab23,061	
East, M 17,869; W. 18,049	Mrs. C. Bowen-Davies,	BCOTTISH BURGHS (88).
So2* Damd Williams, Lab. 17,126 R D. Chalke, L	Gower M as 208 . W as 824	ABERDEEN.
West, M. 29,858; W. 21,822	515*D. R. Grenfell, Lab 21,963	North, M. 23,037; W. 25,581
	Sir Edgar Rees Jones,	North, M. 23,037; W. 25,581 529 J. G. Burnett, C 22,931 *Capt. Rt. Hon. Wedg- wood Rep. b. 5
503 L. Jones, L. Nat20,603 *H. W. Samuel, Lab 14,587	4	
	Llandaff and Barry.	D.F.C., Lab 8,753
WELSH COUNTIES (24).	M. 29,735; W. 27,783	South Wester IV
ANGLESRY,	*C. Ellis Lloyd, Lab,21.262	**Sir F C Thomson B*
M. 16,096; W. 17,604 504*Megan Lloyd George,	Weeth W as seen W 2	K.C , C33.988
L	517*Sir W. Jenkins, Lab. 30,853	Mrs. H.Crawford, Com. 3,980 South, M. 22,261; W. 31,299 1530*Sir F. C. Thomson, Bt., K.C., C
A. Hughes, C	D. G. Davies, L	AYR DISTRICT,
BRECON AND RADNOR.	Ogmore, M. 25,820; W. 23,383	M. 22,088; W. 27,644
M. 24.510 : W. 24.680	518*E. J. Williams, Lab. 23,064	azz*LtCol. T. C. Russell-
M. 24,519; W. 24,680 505 Cupt. W. D'Arcy Hall, M.O., C	Sir T. G. Jones, K.B K.,	Moore, C.B.E., C28,256 Mrs. C. McNab Shaw,
*Peter Freeman, Lab27,223	1 0	Mrs. C. McNab Shaw, Lab
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	DUMBARTON DISTRICT,  M. 19,789; W. 19,534  536*D. Kirkwood, Lab16,335  M. J. McCracker, C15,338	348*Ma 348*J.
	DUNDEE, 1  M 46,595; W. 62,709  533 D. M. Foot, L	Maryh 549 Do *J. : Partic 550 Mo *A.
	Dunfrrmline District, M. 17,272; W. 19,001 535 John Wallace, L. Nat.16,863 *W. McL. Watson, Lab 12,247	Pollo 551*Col G J.
	EDINBURGH.  Central, M. 18,201; W. 21,105 536 J. C. Morrison Guy, C 17,293 *Rt. Hon. W. Graham, Lab	St. Rol 552* Wi F. S Mis
	F Douglas, Com 1,319  Rast, M. 18,597; W. 21,079  537 D M. Mason, L17,372  *Dr.Drummond Shields,	8hettle: 553*./. ا. الر الر
	M.O. Lab	Springt 554 C *(1 A
	R. Gibson, Lab 8,771  South, M. 17,350; W 29,419  539*Sir Samuel Chapman, unop.	Trades 555 W. *T
	West, M. 24,006; W. 31,701 540 W.G. Normand, K.C., C.31,407 *G. Mathers, Lab12,704	
	GLASGOW.  Bridgeton, M. 19,954; W. 20,386 541*James Maxton, Lab16,50 Dr. Catharine Gavin, C. 11,941	T. A.
	Camlachie, M. 20,421; W. 22,725 342 James Stevenson, K.C. C	557 <i>All</i> *Rt <i>L</i>
	Catheart, M. 20,051; W. 25,347 543* John Tratin, C	M 558* Err I. A.
	544*BrigGen. Sir W.Alex- ander, K.B.E., C.B., O.M.G., D.S.O., T.D., C. 21,547 W. H. Martin, Lab 11,456	M M 559*Ma G
	Gorbals, M. 23,279; W. 24,093 545°G. Buchanan, Lab19,278 M. Bloch, C	A M
	Govan, M. 19,372; W. 19,727 546*Neil Maclean, Lab15,047 A. McClure, C14,443 Hillhead, M. 14,394; W. 21,626 547*Rt. Hon. Sir R. S. Horne, G.B. E., K.C., C21,279	560 Hos *Jan Stii
į	G.B.E., K.C., Czi,279	561 J.

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SCOTTISH COUNTIES.
                                                               ABERDERN AND KINCARDINE.
                                    hill, M. 22,544'; W. 25,336
                                                              Bastern, M. 16 364; W. 18,163

563*R. J. G. Boothby, C....16,396

F. Martin, Lab......... 6,299
                                    nıglas Jam teson, К.С.
                                          S. Clarke, Lab. .....16,613
                                                                  Kincardine and Western,
                                    ok, M. 17,048; W. 19,086
a). C. G. MacAndrew,
                                                              M. 13,483; W. 15,266
564 C M. Barclay-Harvey,
                                                .....18,004
                                                                 *James Scott, L. ..... 8,890
                                    M'Kinlay, Lab. ..... 11,252
                                    k. M. 18,671; W. 25,521
                                                                         ANGUS,
                                    l. Rt. Hon. Str John
Fülmour, Bt., D.S.O., C 27,772
Raukin, Lab. ....... 6,323
                                                              llox, M. 20,077; W. 20,781
illiam Leonard, Lab. 13,545
                                                                         ARGYLL.
                                    M. 19,607; W. 21,044
                                    C.....unop
                                                                     AYR AND BUTE.
                                                                    Bute and Northern,
                                                              M. 22,993; W. 28,202
567* Lt -Gen. Sir A. G. Hunter-
                                    burn. M. 22,083; W. 23,185
E. G. Emmott, C. .16,092
                                                                   Weston, K.C.B., D S.O.,
                                                                  D. Hardie, Lab ... ... 16,058
                                    Haimes, Com. . . 1,997 Kilmarnock, M. 21,363; W. 24,643
                                                             ton, M. 19,296; W. 19,730
                                    II. MacLean, Ph.D ,
                                    Henderson, C.B E.,
                                                                     South Ayrshire,
                                    Lab. ..... ..... . ... ... 13,579
                                                              M. 19,315; W 19,144
569 Capt. J. O Mac-
Andrew, C. ..........16,675
                                       GREENOCK,
                                    M. 21,345; W. 22,601
l. Sir G. P. Collins,
                                                                 *Rt Hon. James Brown,
                                                                    O.B.E., Lab. ... 13,733
                                    L.B.E ,C.M.G., L. Nat. 18,013
                                    Irwin, Lab...... 10,850
                                                                         BANFF,
                                    Ferguson, Com ..... 6,440
                                                                   M. 16,830; W. 18,597
                                                              570 Ma). Mackenzie Wood.
                                    IRECALDY DISTRICT,
                                                                    O B.E , L. ..... unop.
                                    M. 19,650; W. 21,827
bert Russell, K.C., C.19,132
Hon.Tom Kennedy,
                                                                BERWICK AND HADDINGTON,
                                                                M. 21,744; W. 24.053

1 J. H. F. McEwen, C. 25,169

*George Sinkinson, Lab. 9,089
                                    Lab. ..... 14,492
                                         LEITH,
                                    M. 24,209; W. 26,770
nest Brown, M.C.
                                                               CAITHNESS AND SUTHERLAND,
                                    Sinclair, Bt., C.M.Q.,
                                    IONTROSE DISTRICT,
                                                                    L.....unop
                                    M. 12,380; W. 17,576
11.-Gen. Sir R. Hut-
hison, K.C.M.G., C.B.,
                                                                      DUMBARTON.
                                    PAISLEY.
                                                                        DUMPRIES,
                                    W. 24,098 ; W. 29,275
                                    M. 20,488; W. 29,275
m. J. P. Maclay, L. 26,187
mes Welsh, Lab. ....16,183
J. S. Paterson, Lab. ... 7,693
J. S. Paterson, Lab. ... 7,693
                                    RLING AND FALKIRK
                                       DISTRICT,
K.C., L. Nat. .....unop.
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Western, M. 28,065; W. 23,175 LINLITHGOW. M. 23,588; W. 22,024 588 Sir Adrian Baillie, Bt., *Emanuel Shinwell, FORFAR, see ANGUS MIDLOTHIAN AND PREBLES. GALLOWAY. Northern, M. 18,195; W. 21,101 589 *Maj. David John Col-Peebles and Southern, INVERNESS AND ROSS AND CROMARTY. Inverness, M. 22,479; W. 23,820 578*Sur M. Macdonald, MORAY AND NAIRN, M. 14,853; W. 15,250 579*Rt Hon, J. Ian Mac-Kinross and Western, Western Isles. M. 13,790; W. 14,930 580*T. B. Wilson Ramsay, 593*Ducheus L. Nat ..... 5,793

I. M Moffatt-Pender, C. .. 4,785 LANARK. Bothwell, M. sz.698; W. 20,970 581 Mrs. Helen B. Shaw, C.16,571 *J Sullivan, M.B.E Lab. 14,423 Lanark, M. 18,662; W. 20,727 584 Lord Dunglass, C ....20,675 J Gibson, Lab. ....11,815 Motherwell, M. 18,722; W. 17,949 585 Thomas Ormiston, C 15,513 *Rev. J. Barr, Lab . 14,714 ROXBURGH & SELKIRK. Northern, M. 26,964: W. 26,632 586* W. J. Anstruther Gray, STIRLING & CLACKMANNAN. *Jennie Lee, Lab..... 19,691

Western, M. 16,233; W. 16,751 599 J. Campbell Ker, C.S.I., *Thomas Johnston, Labiraigs SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES. (St. Andrews, Glasgow, Aberdeeu, and Edinburgh.) M. 34,295; W. 12,702 600*John Buchan, C.....unop. 601†A. Noel Skelton, C. ...unop. 602*D. M. Cowan, L. ....unop. ville, C. ..... 22,211 A. B. Clarke, Lab. .....8,501 Northern Freland. BOROUGHS (4). BELFAST. East, M. 26,858; W. 30,308 603*Capt.Rt.Hon.H.Dixon, | Moray and Nairn, | Mostarial | Moray and Nairn, | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mostarial | Mo COUNTIES (8). ANTRIM, M. 60,763; W. 64,425 607*Maj. Rt. Hon. Sir Hugh O'Netll, Bt , C. ... ...unop. 608*Sir Joseph M'Connell, ARMAGH, M 37,524; W. 33,691 609*Lt.-Col. Sir W. J. Allen, K.B.E., D S.O., C. ... unop. FERMANAGH AND TYRONE, LONDONDERRY. UNIVERSITY (1) M.D., C..... unop.

[&]quot;Right Honourable."—Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council are entitled to be designated "The Right Honourable," but, in practice, this prefix is sometimes absorbed in other designations; for example, a Prince of the Blood admitted a Privy Counsellor remains "His Roya Highness"; a Duke remains "His Grace", a Marquess is still styled "Most Honourable" In the case of Early, Viscounts and Europs a question has lately been raised whether peers of these three degrees are entitled to be called "Right Honourable" if not Privy Counsellors. While not presuming to make attenuent in settlement of the question, the Edutor feels bound to direct attention to the recital of Modes of Address of Peers of these three degrees (on pages 173, 172 and 122 of present Edition). The Style appearing these headings has been 'ecited in this manner for more than sixty years in Wurrears, and appears to be evidence of a long-standing cuttom, moreover, it is borne out in each instance, in A Musical of Dignitics, by C. R. Dodd (Whittaker & Co. 1842), and in The Book of the Court, by W. J. Thoma, P.S.A., "Dedicated by Command to the Queen" (H. G. Bohn, 1844). Earlier evidence of the courtesy could no doubt be produced. Chief Magistrates entitled to the prefix are found on p. 532.

# Government and Public Offices.

#### ONOTE AS TO SALARIES.

THE salaries shown in the 1932 WHITAKER, in the case of H.M. Judges and of Government Departments, are subject to abatement in accordance with the decisions of His Majesty's Government. These abatements, which are set out in Command Paper Number 3952, in various Treasury Circulars, and answers to Parliamentary questions. may be summarised as follows:

#### (a) Ministerial valaries

£5,000 a year and over, 20%; £2,000 a year and over, but under £5,000, 25%; under £2,000 a year, 10%.

(The salaries of the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General have been reduced to £3,000 a year plus fees.)

(b) Other salaries

£5,000 a year and over, an abatement of 20%; £2,000 a year and over, but less than £5,000, x0%, subject to the proviso that the remuneration of any officer in receipt of over £4,000 a year, but less than £5,000, shall be x0% less or such larger amount as will suffice to reduce his remuneration to

£4,000. Salaries of £1,800 a year and over, but less than £2,000; such abatement as will suffice to reduce remuneration to £1,800.

#### THE COST OF LIVING BONUS

In the year 1920, in order to counteract the increase in the Cost of Living the Government introduced a Cost of Living Bonus Scheme, under which salaried Civil Servants and wage-earning Government employees receive temporary additions to their salary or wages. The scheme was applied, irrespective of age or sex, as from was applied, irrespective of age of act, as from March; a pass, the limit of the addition in any case being £750 per annum. In general, salaries under £2,800 a year, except where described as inclusive, are supplemented by the grant of a cost of living bonus on a sliding scale.

The Government Scheme was adopted generally

by Public Authorities, certain modifications being made in particular instances

The standard cost of living in March, 1920, was 230 per cent. in excess of that of July, 2224, and the scheme of increase agreed by the Whitley Council on the basis of that figure was as follows:

the basis of that figure was as follows:—
Where the ordinary rate of remuneration does not
exceed 30s per week—320 per cent, increase
Where the ordinary rate of remuneration exceeds
gs a week, but does not exceed £500 per annumrape per cent on the first 30s a week k£61 s per
annum and 60 per cent on the excess over £61 gs
Where the ordinary rate of remuneration exceeds
£500 per annum—250 per cent, on the first £61 ss.,
65 per cent, on the next £60 ss., and a5 per cent on
the amount in excess of £500 up to £500.

The standard rate rises or falls z twenty-sixth in response to every five points rise or fall in the Index figure average of prices over a six months

In addition to the reduction caused by the automatic decline of the cost of living figure the following decreases have been introduced :-

so per cent, on substries from £500 to £500, ag per cent on substries from £500 to £500, so per cent. on substries from £500 to £500, and so on until 60 per cent. in reached in the case of salaries of £1,500 a Year.

From September, 1931, bonus is related to an average cost of living figures of go per cent. over the rors level.

The following are examples of the bonus at present payable (i.e. the standard rate, decreased by sixteen twenty-sixths):-

Annual	Bonus	Weekly	Bonus
Salary.	Sept., 1931.	Wages.	Sept , 2931
£ 90 150 200 250 400 500 600 700 800 900 1,000	45 0	м. d.	8. d.
	59 4	14 о	7 o
	70 14	15 о	7 6
	79 8	17 о	8 6
	88 0	18 о	9 o
	105 7	30 о	15 o
	122 13	40 о	18 8
	126 0	50 о	90 11
	133 13	60 о	23 3
	143 18	70 о	25 7
	145 9	80 о	27 8
7 750	50 0	100 0	31 Z

Further examples, showing the bonus expressed as percentage of salary, are appended :-

Halary	Bonus	Bonus expressed as Percentage of Halary
£	£ 8	7
90	45 0	50
150	59 4 70 8	39'5
250	79 8	31.8
500	122 13	24'5
1,000	146 9	14'6
1,500	133 #	8.0
1,750	50 0	2'9

Payment of bonus is subject to the proviso that no bonus is payable so as to bring total remuneration, inclusive of bonus, above f.z.800.

#### SMINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

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Decovis. Harold Andre

Lyon Clerk and Keeper of Records, Harold Andrew Balvaird Lawson Procus attor-Fuscal, John MacGregor, w b. Heradit Painte, A G. Law Samson

#### IRISH HERALDS' COLLEGE

Office of Arms, The Castle, Dublin.
Utster King of Arms, Major Sir Nevile R. Wilkinson, K ( 1.0., F B.A

Two Heralds,
Dublin, Guillamore O'Grady, M.A.
Conk, Capt. R. A. L. Keith.
Two Pursuivants

Athlone, (vacant).

Registrar, Thomas Ulick Sadletr, v . , M.R I A. BRITISH BROADCASTING CORPORATION.

Broadcasting House, Portland Place, W. z. The B RC was instituted in ray 1 successors to the British Broadcasting Company, whose heence cylined Dec 21, 1926, and operation under Hocucs from the Postmaster-General. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and other Governors, are appointed by The following Broadcusting Stations were in operation

H.M. Goroman Bronusser.

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OCHARITY COMMISSION.

Scoretary, H D. S. Leake
Assist Commissioners and Principal Cierks, J K. C.
Adams, W F Fox; G B Rooke, A E McLaron,
o.e.e.; C. N. Hope-Wallace, w b e ; F. B. Jackson

nst Class Clerks, R. E. Ford, S. E. Turner; L. T. Ford; J. C. G. Pownall ... Sees to Lyoo and Class Clerks, C. G. Barnardo; P. T. Carden; G. E. L. Pardington, M. J. Richards; W. Calrus

Accountant, Official Trustees' Dept., F. Buckingham

£700 to £800 .£500 to £600 A. V. Masham 

#### OTHE GOVERNMENT CHEMIST

(Government Laboratory), 13 Clement's Inn Passage, Strand, W.C. 2 Establishment Exponses, 1931-1939, £64,344. Government Chemist, Sir Robert Robertson, E.E. ... ... ... ... ... £1,200 to £1,500 M. A. D. B. O. F. F. R. Deputy Government Chemist, J. Fox. o B 2, 5 80, F1 C £500 to £2,00 Truns, new, Ait; R. Sudeline, N. A., Ait, J. Allig, J. A. Hende, N. C. B. Burls, J. I.; J. Stophenson, new, Al. J. A. Hende, M. C., B. No., Pic.; J. W. Fooloy, n. ne., A. L.; S. A. Ashmore, n. no., Allo.; C. E. Barton, S. C.; P. M. Moonoy, n. no., A. L.; C. E. Barton, A. C.; L. C. Nickolls, M. Sc., Di. C., Are. N., A. L.; A. C., A. L.; P. McGregor, B. C., Alle. S., A. L., A. C., A. L.; P. McGregor, B. C., Alle. S., Allo.; B. F. Hirst, R. No., Allo.; J. R. Frasor, M. Sc., Allo.; P. McGregor, B. C., Allo.; J. R. Frasor, M. Sc., Allo.; J. F. Hirst, R. No., Allo.; J. R. Hirst, R. No., Allo.; J. R. Hirst, M. S., Allo.; J. R. Hirst, M. S., Allo.; J. R. Hirst, M. S., Allo.; J. L. Global, M. C., L. J. L. Global, M. C., L. C. G. Daubnoy, M. K., Allo.; M. L. Bollon, A. L., C. G. Daubnoy, M. K., Allo.; M. L. Bollon, A. L., Saog Ob. S. K. McG. Obsert, I Wortland. £450 to £550

#### CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. Burlington Gardens, W. z.

12d Commissioner, 5ir Rodorick Meiklejolin, 8 B F, C B (presental Lagrace 1 Issustant Commissioners, D. B Mair (Director of Economations); L C. II Wookes (Secretary)

each £1,000 to £1,200 Assist Sec., G. G. Menuell Lyon to Lyon Sensor Clerks, T. L. Hedley, J. Lloyd . Lyon Lyon

#### OCOLONIAL OFFICE,

Downing Street, S.W. z.

Downing Street, S.W. z.

The business of the Colonies was, until 120s, included in the functions of the Home Socretary, to be trains ferred in that year to the newly-created "Socretary for War" In 120s, the outbreak of the Russian War led to the appointment of a Socretary of the functions to relieve the War Socretary of Colonial Indicess. The Salaries, etc. of the Colonial Office 5799,485 for 1299,390 occretary of State to the Colonian, Rt. Hon Sir Philip Chulliffo-Listor, o. ar, n. n. nr. 55,000

Private Secretaries, E. H. Marth, c. n. o. n. o. c. o. f. K. B. Boyd, C. G. L. Syers, (fernomial and Reception), Rear-Admiral Arthur Brouley, c. n. o.

UNDER-SECRETARIES.

Permanent, Brig-Gon Sir S H Wilson, G. M G. Proute Sec. D. C. J. McSwooney
Parlamentary, Sir R. Hamilton, s. r. £1,500
Proute Sec. P. H. Morris
Private Sec. P. H. Morris
Private Sec. P. H. Morris
St. Sir J. E. Shuckburgh, Economic & Financial Adviser, Sir John Campbell, ( S.I., O.B.E

(S.1., O.K.E. Mooretaries, J. F. N. Groon; A. Fiddian, E. R. Darniey; H. R. Cowell, c. M. a.; R. V. Vernon, c. n.; J. F. W. Flood, O. G. R. Williams, H. T. Allen; C. J. Jeffries, o. n. E. (Establishment Officer) (acting); Maj R. D. Furne, n. o.; H. Beckett (acting) Leval Assistants, H. H. Duncan; K. O. Roberts-Wray

£700 to £900

Principals, J. A. Calder; H. F. Downie; A. Cooke, G. I. M. Clauson, o. N. Y. G. A. Jones, A. J. Dawe, G. I. M. Clauson, o. N. Y. G. A. Jones, A. J. Dawe, G. I. M. Clauson, o. N. Y. G. A. Jones, A. J. Dawe, C. I. B. Fresston, o. R. Y. S. M. Campbell; A. B. Acheson; G. E. J. Gent, D. S. O., C.; F. J. Howard, o. S. K. G. H. Cross, A. L. A. Avton; Capt. A. F. Newbelt; G. N. Irby, Major G. S. M. Hutchinson; A. Bevir; J. H. Hall, D. S. O., o. R. N. S., J. J. Faskin, M. C. T. I. K. Lloyd; G. F. Seel; J. B. Sidobotham (actg.); S. Robinson (actg.) K. W. Biskert (actg.); W. J. Bigg(actg.), G. Hazlen igg, o. F. (rem); J. Free to Specked and Frincipals, G. A. L. Chite; D. C. J. Moswenner, F. G. Lees, P. H. Morris, S. Calno, C. G. Eastwood, J. M. Martini, A. H. Poulton, N. L. Mayle, J. B. Williams, S. E. V. Iake; D. L. P. Tover, F. J. Pedler, T. L. Rowan, T. W. Invites, J. H. Emmeirs, F. J. Pedler, T. L. Rowan, T. W. Davies, J. H. Emmeirs, F. J. Humer, G. Fleming face to figorate and account, H. P. Humer, G. Fleming face to figorate and account, H. P. Humer, G. Fleming face to figorate and account, W. H. Humer, G. W. H. Hutchen, W. H. Bickle, J. Mogson, W. H. Harman, M. R. E. H. Howell, M. F. C. M. Hatchen, W. H. Bickle, J. Mogson, W. H. Harman, M. R. E. H. Howell, M. F. C. M. Hatchen, W. H. Bickle, J. Mogson, W. H. Harman, M. R. E. H. Howell, M. F. C. M. Hatchen, W. H. Bickle, J. Mogson, W. H. Harman, M. F. J. J. Brearlet. Consulting Physicians. London—A. E. Horn, C. M. M. L., D. N. E. P. Licepool—G. E. H. Lee Fann, M. B. C. M., D. N. E. L. Licepool—G. E. H. Lee Kann, M. B., C. M., D. M. Ethiburght—Lt.-Col W. Gleen Liston, C. L. R. L. Leepool—G. E. H. Lee Fann, M. B., C. M., D. M. Ethiburght—Lt.-Col W. Gleen Liston, C. L. R. L. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G. E. H. Leepool—G.

(rotd)

Dublin-II C Drmy, M D., B ch., P R. CP I. Belfust, Foster Conton, M D., D P H

## (Colonial Audit Department,

58 Victoria Street, S W z.

The Accounts of certain colonies and Protectorates are audited on behalf of the Secretary of State for the Colonies The cost of this audit is borne by the Colonies and Protectorates affected.

**Protection A. J. Harding, c. M.S., c. N. E., 200 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 300 to E., 30 £250 to £500

## CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

4 Millbank, Westminster, S.W z

(Stock Transfer Office, a Tokombone Buildings, E.C.a.)
The Crown Agents for the Colonies are appointed by
the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and art as business and financial agents in this country for the
Governments of the Colonies, Protectorate, etc., some 60 m number

60 in tunner Crown Agents, Sir Henry Lambort, κ ∈ κ α , c κ ξε, goo; H. C. Thornton, c.κ.σ, c.ν.σ, β.τ., γρ. Percy Hubert Ezechiel, c.κ.σ, pl. t. Col. Sin J. K. H. Carmichael, c. м.σ., с. в. ε, м. inst. c γ, late κ. κ. (Ευμικέα - in-Chief) General Dept., H. C. Bansom, o s.r. (Charf Clerk), 5850
to £1,000, H. K. Purcoll (Deputy Charf Clerk)

U £1,000, H K Purcoll (Deputy Cheef)

Finance do., N. E. O. Willis £850 to £1,000; F. Davis £750 to £850, F G Brudste ect. £550 to £700 for flay do. W A Fillilly 8 M E. £750 to £850, J. W. Potter

Stores do., H. M. J Warde, £850 to £700, G F. Rowe, J S. Trupbet

Appointments do. H W Letts-Naylor, on the £750 to £700 to £850 to £700 to £850 for £700 to £850 for £700 for £750 to £700 to £850 for £700 for £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 for £750 for £750 to £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 for £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £750 to £7

· Seconded for service abroad.

#### 600MMISSIONERS OF CROWN LANDS, 55 Whitehall, S.W. z.

gs Whitchall, S. W. z.

The Landra-The Land Revenues of the Grown in the United Kingdom have been collected on the public account since yee, when George III, surrendered them in return for a fixed annual payment or Gwil List. At the time of the surrender the gross revenues amounted to about \$50,000 and the net return to about \$52,000 in the year ended March z. 2022, the total Receipts by the Commissioners were \$5.126,000,000 which amount \$52,524 was from the Mines. The Expenditure tincheding Property Fax allowed was \$695,000. The sum of the property Fax allowed was \$695,000. The sum of the property Fax allowed was \$695,000.

Heuds of Branches, H. C. Eyles, N. B. E. E. Blanford; G. P. Best Stoot of Room of Resident Heads of Branches, C. C. Herd, R. Talbut, E. T. Drake, T. R. Oswin; R. Roddis; A. E. Horton, H. Garride H. Garside ... £400 to £500 Accountant & Receiver-General, H. Clarke £530 to £700 Principal Architect, C. E. Varndell, FRIBA., FS.

Chief Mineral Inspector, W. Forster Brown. Solinitor, England, A. D. Stocks, on E. Solicitor, Scotland, A. McNell, s.c.

WINDSOR PARES AND WOODS.

Deputy Ranger, Lt.-Col. Sir Malcolm Murray, & c v.o., Deputy Surveyor, E. H. Savill, P A.S I.

#### THE CONVENTION OF THE ROYAL BURGHS OF SCOTLAND.

City Chambers, Edinburgh.

City Chambers, Edibburgh.

Instituted about 1189, and extended in 1495 and 1487
Annual General Convention meets in Edibburgh,
Committees meet in Edibburgh City Chambers.—
Freze, The Lord Provest of Edibburgh; Chapletis,
The Very Rev. Charles Laing Warr, N.A.; Standing
Counsel, W. G. Normand, La.B., E.C., Englisser.
D. A. Stovenson, Jr., 280, J. 188, N. 1181. C., Englisser.
Officer, Alexander Colin MacArthur, City Chambers,
Edibburgh, Agent and Treas, John L. Officer, La.B.,
W. S. (26 Castle Street, Edibburgh; Paris, Agente,
Beveridge & Co. (23 Abingdon Street, Westminster,
S. W.)

#### SBOARD OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3.

Commissioners of Customs were first appointed in reyz and housed by the King in London, the present "Jorg Room" replacing that built by Clurice II and rebuilt after destruction by fire in rys and rest. The Excise Department was formerly under the Inland Revenue Department, and was amaginated with the Customs Department on r April, 1999

#### THE BOARD.

SECRETARIES' OFFICE.

Assist. Sees. E. S. Bettenhaw; J. Cook, O.R., A. J. Dedman; C. J. Flynn, A. S. Lupton, c.R. E.; O. Mundy; J. S. Sutton
Principale, R. H. Davis: C. E. L. Fletcher; A. E. Greene; H. S. Grogory; J. B. Hardle; C. W. Hardisty; R. W. Harrison; E. H. Hart; J. H. Higginson; E. H. Kenney; H. S. Marshall, W.R. E.; J. H. Newman; W. E. H. Rhydderch; H. H. Ryder, c. B.; A. J. Simons; L. Smith; J. W. Train; A. E. H. Tucker

Deputy Chief Inquiry Officer, H. E. Inatcher Superintendent of Regustry, P. M. Duddy, M. S. E. Spot to Loo Librarian, B. R. Leftwich, M. B. F. Loo to Loo Staff Officer, A. W. Hume, M. S. F. Loo to Loo

SOLICITOR'S OFFICE

Solicitor, C K. FitzRoy . £2,500 to £2,800
Assistant Solicitors. J C. Robertson . C. V Walker £1,000 to £1,200

Chief Clerks, F. Dart, H. N. Harrington, A. F. Hubbard.

And do, R. L. Fisk, T. G. Gibson, A. R. Pierson, E. D. Teasdale

Professional Clerks, E. R. Booth; L. F. Coults, J. P.

Lavies, R. S. Jaquet, B. M. Stephenson; D. J. William £230 to £500

Augustant and Comptroller-General's Office Accountant and Comptroller-General, W. Christain

Accountant and Compiroller-General, W. Christain
Deputy Accountant-General, H. R. Poole, O. B. 2.136
Asistant Accountant-General, J. H. Avison, O. B. 2.
R. Eirlet, O. B. 2.
R. Eirlet, O. B. 2.
R. Eirlet, O. B. 2.
Shepherd-Jones, M. E. Tope to Asis of Accountants, P. S. Brandon; J. I. Lambert,
A. E. Miles, G. S. Shepherd-Jones, M. E. Tope to Asis
Accountants, T. A. Bourne, A. H. Chandler, J.
Crozier; J. W. Doble, M. B. 2.
R. P. Easton; G. F.
Epperon, R. Gibeon; J. P. C. Letchford; F. W.
Loveless; B. H. Quayle, W. G. Rose; S. H. Strong;
J. W. Taylor; A. C. Wood.
Asst. Accountants, H. F. Baker; B. W. R. Batchelor,
G. S. Bratchell; R. W. Bridger, A. Calvert, T. J.
Clarke; A. B. Clinkeales, J. J. Kondon, L. W.
Elson; H. A. Everett; D. Forde, F. Godfrey; A. G.
Lane, J. C. Lavender, R. J. Lloyd; H. G.
McDlarmid; H. Pepper, R. Boar; J. C. Spicer, J.
de W. Stapletord; A. E. Thoppe, F. W. Tompkins;
H. Walden; J. G. Walker; H. J. Wickins; C.
Williams.
Sparistical Orytics.

STATISTICAL OFFICE.

STORES BRANCH.

Superintendent of Waterward (1st Class), (vacant)

Collectors of Customs and Excise, Scotland. Odlectors of Customs and Excise, Scotland.
Abe deen, J. E. Hall, Soo to Spec, Asst., C. Bumby,
£650 to £750; Dundee, J. W. Crook, £800 to £900;
Asst., C. L. Hopps, £690 to £750, £610 tour,
J. D. Ryall, £925 to £7,000; Asst., W. Maclennan,
£650 to £790; (Haspar, J. P., Cross, o. E., £925 to
£7,000, Assts, H. Walkor, £800 to £900; A. M.
Duff, £650 to £790; Greenock, J. Miller, £600 to
£900; Asst., F. H. Starks, £650 to £790, Inverness, L. D. Robertson, £800 to £900; Asst., A. R.
Lillie, £650 to £750; Letth, P. Sibbitt £800 to £900

ODEVELOPMENT COMMISSION,

Appointed under the bevelopment and Road Improvement Funds At so I soon and spo Advances are made for the bevelopment of Appointed and Rural Industries, Restamation and Dratinge of Land, Harboara and

Chairman, Rt Hon. Lord Richard Cavendish, c.n

Vice-Chairman, Sir Thomas H Middleton, K.BF, C.B,

VICE-CRAITMAIN, SIT THOMAS II Middleton, R.B.F.,C.B.,
11.D. S.B. SO.
Other Commissioners, Prof. W. G. S. Adams, M. A., Sir.
Walter W. Berry, R.B.R., Sir. William Haldane,
H. Jones-Darles, F. Vaughan Nash, c. B., C.V.O.; C.B.
Rt. Hon, Earl of Shaftesbury, R.F., Q.V.O.; C.B.
Private See to Chairman & Vice-Chairman, S. Stagg
Norvary, R. T. Warner

Assatant Seeretary, E. H. E. Havlock,
(DOMINIONS OFFICE,
Llowning Street S.W.

C. G. L. Spers

Private Sec. (Oeremonial and Reception), RearAdmiral Arthur Bromley, c.m.c.

£300 to £400 (£50 allowance)

Overseas Settlement Department.

Caxton House Totalil St., Sw 7 (20 to 5, Sat. 20 to 2, 30).

H M Government have found it necessary to undertake closer responsibility in connection with the movements of British subjects wishing to settle overseas within the Empire, or to emigrate to foreign countries, than they have exercised in the past. The Oversea Settlement Committee was appointed in order to assist them in carrying out their policy which is embodied in the Empire Settlement Act, 1928.

President, The Socretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

Chairman, The Parliamentary Under-Secretary do the Ministry of Labour The Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Labour Vice-Chairman, G. G. Whiskard, c. R., c w c. Secretary, G. F. Plant, c. B. E.

Secretary, G. F. Plant, c. B.

Empire Marketing Board. Dartmouth Street, S.W.r. Chairman, The Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M. P. Scoretary, S. G. Tallents, C.B., C.M. G., C.B.E.

## THE DUCHY OF CORNWALL,

Buckingham Gate, S.W. r.

Buckingham Gate, S.W. r.

Cornwall was created a Duchy by Rdward III. for the support of his sidest son (atterwards created Prince of Waliss), and the eldest son of the Noverign has since that time been born Duke of Cornwall.

The Revenue of the Duchy of Cornwall in the year ended Becember 21, 1985, was 5485, 125, and was durived principally from Rents and Profits of Courts, 525, 525, 527. The Payments Include 548, 937, Outlay for the benefit of the betate; 529, 349, Deductions under various Acts; 514, 952, Allowances, Ionattons, and Charittes, and \$25, 935, Expenses of Management. The sum of \$66,73 was paid on account of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales's Coursel.

Prince of Wales's Council.

The Lord Clinton (Lova Watles's Council.

The Lord Clinton (Lova Warden of the Stannaries and Keeper of Privy Scal); Edward Robert Peacock (Receiver-General); The Earl Fortesene, x . B , The Kail of Radnor , Adm. Sir Lionel Halsey, a c. M. G. a C. V. a. K. 12. C. B. Hon. Geoffley Lawrence, D. B. O. E. C. (Attorney-General); Sir Gedfrey Thomas, Bl., E.C. V. C. I.E.; Raj Hill. grove McCormick, M. G. (See and Keeper of Records)

grow incoming, s. o. e. and heper to new Officers of the Duchy of Cornwall. Andton, Sir Laurence E. Halsoy, K.B.E. Solicitor. B. E. Tucker Chief Cleck and Surveyor, H. W. Kirk. Deputy Receiver, G. A. Conyard Shertf (1932-28), Lk.-Col. E. H. W. Bolitho, B.S.O.

THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER, Temporary Office, 4 Norfolk St , Strand,

Temporary Office, 4 Norfolk St., Strand, W.C. a.
The County of Lancaster was erected into a Duchy or
County Palatine Duchy by Edward III for his son John
of Gaunt in 1377, but in 1399 it because merged in the
Crown through the accession of John of Gaunt's son as
Henry IV
The Revenue of the Duchy of Lancaster was £59,000
in 1847 and amounted to £13,000 in the year ended
Derember 31, 1330 The contributory items are Rents
and Profits of Courts, £65,55, Rayalties and Ducs,
£31,246. Expenditure: £13,500, Outlay for the benefit

Seconded for service in Australia.
 Seconded for service in Canada.

202 of the Estate; £8,718, deducted under various Acts of Parliament; £8,817, Allowances, Donations, and Obartites; £8,600, Salary of the Chancellor of the Duchy, and £50,000 Expenses of Management. The sum of £60,000 was paid (for His Majesty's use) to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, Chancellor, The Marquens of Lothian, c. H. . . . £2,000 Private Sec., Norman R. C. Warwick, o. n. Piece Chancellor, Sir Courthope Wilson, s. c. Attorney-Gen., Sir Loseph Herbert Cunliffe, k. c. Receiver-Gen., Lt. Col. Rt. Hon Sir F. Ponsonby, 9 C.B. 0.0. Vol. a c.n., a.o.v.a.. Auditor, F. W. Pixley. Clerk of Conneil and Keeper of Records, Louis F Fergusson Solicitor, Eliot A C. Druce Surveyor-Gen. and Deputy Receiver-Gen, T Vaughan Noteum, Moura de Poputy Receiver-Gen, T vaugnas Surveyor-Gen, and Deputy Receiver-Gen, T vaugnas Prickard, M vo. Chief Clerk, Norman R. C. Warwick, o N r. Registrar, Preston District, J M Worthington Do. Manchester District, Harold Roberts, Do. Liverpool Dist. R. W. Lowden Constable of Lancaster Castle, J. Travis Travis-Clegg

THE COUNTY PALATINE OF DURHAM.

THE OUUTTY PALATINE OF DURHAM.

It is uncertain when "Palatine" privileges were first exercised in the County of Durham, as no formal creation of the Palatinate by charler or deed appears to have ever been made. From the founding of the Nee of Lindistame, out of which the hishopric and palatinate of Durham arose, the lishops received large transit of lands, with extensive immunifies; and durhed, king of Northmutha, and Alfred the ireat appear to have comfirmed the grint of the test appear to have confirmed the grint of the test appear to have confirmed the grint of the test appear to have confirmed the grint of the Conqueror, and they were exercised by the Frelates until resumed by the Verwin 1 mag. Falatine counties are understood to have been erected for the defence of neighbouring king dome against the Welsh and Scota, and were in reality self-contained kingdoms in alliants with their creator. The ancient customs of the County Palatine of Jurham are in some measure retained, the activity of Purham are in some measure retained, the Alex Crown.

Concoller, and Herbert F. Manisty, a condition of the County Palatine of Jurham are in some measure retained, the Alex Crown.

Concoller, and Herbert F. Manisty, a condition of the County Palatine of Jurham are in September of Chemory Court, A. O. Smith Recovery of Crest of Hallotte, 1.8 Believer of M. Sladden.

Deputy do., A. de Bock Porter, 1.1.8 Registrar, G. M. Sladden. Mining Surveyor, Sir A. N. Lindsay Wood, Bt. Receivers, Smiths, Gore & Co.

# ECCLESIASTICAL AND CHURCH ESTATES COMMISSIONERS.

z Millbank, Westminster, S.W. z. (Hours 10 to 5.) The Ecclesiastical Commission for the Management of The Ecclesistical Commission for the Management of Church Property, as now existing, was incorporated in sign, its constitution being amended in sign-2 and sign free main function of the Commission (whose members are given below is the management of the Estates of the Church in order to endow or augment benefices, &c. Simaar of Richard and Experturear (Extracted from Annual Report presented to Parliament)

| 1985. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995. | 1995

Receipts ... .. £3.070,000 £3.150,000 £3,435,000

Benefices, Archbishops, Bishops, Administra-tion, &c. Appropriation for future ..£8,205,000£2,261,000£2,334,000 462,000 *564,000 80,000 80,000

Anginentations, &c. . Min Depreciation Fund Towards replacement of value of Securities transferred to Church of England Pensions

50,000 254,000 50,000 207,000 297,000 Expenditure ...£3,070,000£3,150,000£3,835,000

· Including £200,000 special.

Reciculation Commission. The s Archbishops, the se Hishops, The Deans of Canterbury, St. Paul's and Westminater; The Lord Chancellor, The Lord President of the Council; TheFirst Lord of the Treasury; The Chancellor of the Exchequer; one of H.M. Principal Secretaries of State; The Lord Chief Justice; The Master of the Rolls, Earl Beauchamp, K.O., T.O., K.O. M.O.; Viscount Hallfax; Lord Daryngton, R.C.; Rt. Hon. H.) Hobhouse, R.C.; Rt. Hon. Lauronce Hardy, R.C., Col. Sir George Lord Courthope, Bt., M.C. M.F.; Hon Richard Denman, M.F.; George Middleton
Church Estates Commissioners and Treasurers

Whoeler.

Assistant Scoretary (Augmentation, &c.), G. H. Whoeler.

Asst Financial Adviser and Accountant, S. S. Brister assistant Secretary (Entates, &c.), E. J. Davies.

Specul Commussioner (Union of Benefices, L. G. Dibdin, Ileuta of Divisions, R., W. Fowell; A. E. Palmer, W. H. Mouncey; W. Telfor.

Establishment Officer, J. W. Lintott, o. B. F. Assistant Heads of Divinions, A. N. Allan; W. H. Webb, S. Mills, E. V. Oliver, o. B., E. W. Green, M.C., E. H. F. Phillips, C. E. M. Broadley, J. S. Collins; G. M. Sladdon (Dus ham Hadmote Court Office), S. J. Gunningham, J. A. (Actuary)

Higher Eccentre Officers, J. J. A. Dwyer, A. A. Morgan; H. L. C. Johnson, S. W. I. Kimpton, H. L. Tinkler, D. P. Dixon; G. J. Lockwood; E. F. Daubercies; J. R. Brown; W. G. Paskitt.

Cierk in Charge of Reputry, S. W. I. Kimpton (acty). Solicitors, Messers. Milles, Jennings-White & Foster, S. Little College Street, Westminster, S. W. T. Architects, Messers. Caroe & Pasamoro, 3 Great College Street, Westminster, S. W. T. Legal Department.

Legal Department.

Official Solicitor and Assistant Steward of the Manors. H De Bock Porter

Asst Solicitor, H T H Bond
Sentor Legal Assistants, W T T Channell, F
Walmsley,
Legal Assistants, A F G, Ruston, J. M. Wilkinson,
W. M Jones.

SCOTTISH ECCLESIASTICAL COMMISSION. Merchants Hall, as Hanover Street, Edinburgh

For the purposes of the Church of Scotland (Property For the purposes of the Church of Scutland (Property and Endowments) Act. 1988.

Chairman, Hon. Lord Blackburn; other Communications, Rt Hon James Brown, 0. R., Mr.; Robert Candlish Henderson, R c; Charles Ker, LL.D., CA; Sir Iain Colquiboun, BL, D S.O Secretary, M G. Fisher, Adv.

#### BOARD OF EDUCATION. Whitehall, London, S.W. z.

Whitenall, London, S. W. I.

The Government Department of Education was until
the establishment of a separate office, a Committee of
the Privy Council appointed in 459 to supervise the distribution of certain grants which had been made by
Parliament since 459. The Act of 4599 established the
Board of Education, with a President and Parliamentary
Secretary, and created a Consultative Committee The
cost of administration was estimated at £39, 245 in
the Financial Year 1933, with £395 650 for Inspection
and Examination THE BOARD

THE BOARD.

The Right Hon Sir Donald Maclean, KRE, MP.
President (£a,see inclusive): The Lord President
of the Council; the Principal Secretaries of State;
the First Lord of the Treasury; and the Chancellor
of the Exchequer
Principal Private Recretary to the President, W. C.
Cleary (Principal), £700 to £900 + (additional)

£sec

Assistant Private Secretary to the President, G. A. N. Lowndes, M.c. (Assistant Principal), £200 to £500 + (additional) £200.

#### Secretariat

Permonent Secretary, E. H. Pelham, c. s. £3,000
Private Sec, G. N. Florming (Assistant Principal), Esso to Sec. 4 (additional) Sec.
Parlamentary Sec., Herwald Ramsbotham, c. s. s., .... £1,200 M C , M.P. .... . ... . .....

Private Sec, A. McL Currie (Assistant Principal), £sec to £sec + (additional) £sec

Deputy Secretary, M. G. Holmes, a B., O.B.S. . . £2,200 Permanent Secretary of Welsh Department, Sir l'ercy £1,000 to £1,200

#### Establishment Branch.

Director of Establishments, R & Wood

£1,000 to £1,000 ..£700 to £900 Principal, L. G. Duke . ... .... .

#### Finance Branch.

Accountant-General, E. G. Howarth, c p r.

Deputy do., B P Moore ... £1,000 to £1,000 Principal Finance Officer, J. G. Rhodes

Finance Officers, H. W Buckley; J. W. Hughes £750 to £850

## Legal Branch.

Legal Adviser, W. G. B Ritchie, c. B. £2,200 to £2,500

Assistant Legal Advisers, D. Vescy, o.n.L., £2,000 to £2,200 t. L. Hopkins; J. B. Lincoln, os r. £378 to £300 t. £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478 to £478

#### Training of Teachers, &c., Division.

Principals, A. T. Baines, A. J. Finny 6,700 to 6,900
Assistant Principals, H. D. Bentliff, E. N. Strong Assistant Administrative Officer, A. L. Cadman £400 to £500

#### Pension Awards Division.

Assistant Secretary, L. J. Morison .. £2,000 to £2,000 Principal, J. C. Gravestock ... .. £700 to £900 Principal, J. C. Gravestock ...

#### Territorial Divisions.

Principals, N. D. Bosworth Smith; J. H. Burrows, D. G. Cochrane; D. W. Corle, M. R.; H. A. S. Ferris; E. L. Heath, E. D. Marris, A. Maxwell-Lyte; B. L. Pearson, D. S. O., M. C.; G. D. Rokoling, A. F. Sharam; G. H. V. Sutherland; T. H. H. Walrond; G. G. Williams; P. Wilson froeto £500 Laskey .....

### Teachers' Salaries Division.

Principal, H. B. Jenkins ...... £700 to £900 Assistant Principal, J. Rhodes..... £200 to £500

#### Medical Branch.

Uhref Medical Officer, †Sir George Newman, K.C.B., M D ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF.

Assist. Sec., C. W. Maudslay ...... £1,000 to £1,200 Principals, E. L. Turnbull; C. W. Woodward, M.B.E. £700 to £900

Assistant Principal, A. F. Birch-Jones, w.c. Assistant Administrative Officer, N. H. Sharp
£400 to £500

† Chief Medical Officer in the Ministry of Health.

MEDICAL STAFF.

Office of Special Inquiries and Reports.

Assistant Secretary, S H Wood, M c £1,000 to £1,000

Principal, W. R. Richardson £500 to £500

Librarian, Miss D F Shuckburgh £500 to £600

Architect's Office.

Architect, G. E. Kendall, M.B.E., ABIRA. £600 to £800 Assist Architect, F Jackman, ARIBA. £400 to £600 Welsh Department.

£400 to £500

#### Committees.

Principal Executive and Clerical Staff.

Principal Executive and Olerical Staff,

Heads of Sections, W. C. Bulber, 1.8.0. M.B.E., £65e to
£750. R. C. Brewer; S. P. Brewer; A. Brown;
W. W. Cook, J. F. Fresth; W. T. J. Hickman;
A. E. Marshall, M.B.E; H. C. Tasker, £55e to £76e;
J. P. Lloyd.

Staff Uterks, E. Biggs, G. A. Brinson, F. W. Butler;
E. J. C. Dighton; E. O. Esdes; C. E. Fish; G.
Green; G. F. Grundy; I. C. Gwinnell; H. W.
Harlewood; J. S. Jackman; A. H. Jones; G. F. A.
Jones, A. C. Keurley; S. T. Kelly; R. R. Nichol;
P. Nixon, C. M. Slack, M. Sween); W. B.
Tret Lowan; J. Tucker; W. H. Wood. £40e to £50e
(b) Finance Staff.

**Accountants, G. A. Burling, M.B.E., A. R. Cordingley,
E. Durk C. E. Halin
**Association of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the Staff of the

Stooto Egoo

Principal Staff Officers, H E Down; J A. Manger, one, W. T. Orme, £550 to £700; Miss 1.

Strevens, M RT. 

Inspectorate (England).

Nenior Chief Inspector, Sir Henry M. Richards, c. B. Chief Inspectors, A Abbott, c.B.E ; F. B. Stead, C.R. ..

G. B. B. Loch; J. MacInnes; F. O. Mann, o. B. I.;
C. F. Markham; R. E. Mareden; J. Maudaley;
A. M. Moore; T. J. M. Moore, e. R.; A. M. Morley;
M. C. Mortis; F. A. B. Nowman; A. F. NormanBuller, e. R.; F. M. Osborne; A. F. Page; G. W.
Paget, H. N. Parker, R. O. W. Pemberton, A. N. G.
Peters; A. Platte; G. F. Quarmby; J. B. Reynish,
M. R., C. A. Richardson; K. J. Ritchio; E. K.
Roborte; J. R. F. Robinson; M. P. Roeverare;
L. C. Schiller, M. C.; J. S. Scott; D. M. Simmonds,
W. K. Spencer; G. K. Sutherland; H. R. Sweeting,
V. Taylor; F. W. Thompson; H. M. Thurston;
R. A. R. Tricker; E. R. Watson, A. F. Watts;
E. J. Wholdon; J. H. Whiteley, C. E. Winn;
L. S. Wood; W. H. Young

**Assistant Inspectors* H. W. Allam; G. Amex, M. C.;
E. C. Andrews; T. W. Balmer, E. E. Bessey; W. S.
Birkett; F. C. Bishop; J. F. Blicksidge, P. F.
Burns; H. L. Burrows; A. H. Cheshire, C. K.
Clague; J. R. Coulthard; W. E. Crabb, H. Crosswell;
S. F. Crew, W. L. Crutchley; G. F. Dakin, M.,; F. E.
Dann; F. W. Dee; G. P. Dunn, D. G. Kvans; E. E.
Gomersall; T. H. Goose; H. E. B. Green; T. P.
Gunton, S. E. Halman; N. Heslop; A. J. Hiff;
A. W. Holton, R. R. R. C. Howard; W. Hunt;
R. E. Jefferis; W. Jewsbury; S. Lamplugh; D. H.
Lawton; L. G. H. Lee, A. A. Martin, E. H.
G. Metcalfe; A. Mills; H. Moorhouse, G. Nell, M.-C.
J. W. Page, C. C. Parmée; R. R. R. Phillips,
G. A. Poccek; W. J. Rayner; J. Reynolds, W. J.
Rood; J. P. Scothorne, P. W. South, E. J. Smith,
L. W. Smith, P. F. Smith, T. W. Southou; W. D.
Squire; W. Maton; J. H. Stombridge, W. Stringer,
D. Summits, D. H. Thomson; W. S. Threlfall,
A. G. Tompkins, E. W. J. Towler, E. J. Rynol,
H. E. Thomas, M. C., D. Thomson; W. B. Threlfall,
K. W. Hickle; C. B. Joyner, o. R.; E. C. Kittson,
H. B. Lawson; A. R. Marshall, D. A. M., W., W.
Newbold, o. R.; G. R. Ovest; C. W. Parkes; I. T.
Pritchard; W. St. J. Pynn; A. B. Roberta; A. J.
Sunth, K. S. Snelling; U. J. R. Whithere, M. S.
Scott. Spec

Smith, E. S Shelling; C J. R. Whithere, No. 2550 to 2500 Temporary Inspector of Art (part time), G. H Hooper (inclusion) £555

Inspector, J Lunaden
Paysical Exercises.

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The official returns rendered to the Electricity Commissioners show the following growth in electrical output in Great Britain —

20,914,000,000

#### CENTRAL ELECTRICITY BOARD. (Established under the Electricity (Supply)

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Office, Trafalgar Bidgs., r Charing Cross, S. W. r Office, Trafalgar Bidgs, x Charing Cross, S.W.z.
The Board are charged with the duty of supplying electricity to authorised undertakers in Great Britain Their main functions are to construct main transmission lines (commonly known as "The Grid") to concentrate generation at standard frequency in proceediffications with the contract generation at standard frequency in proceedification with that object in view, nine schemes have been adopted by the Board, and are now leng earned into effect. They culturace the whole of Great Britain, except the north of Scotland. The borrowing powers of the Board are \$50.00,000,001 (i) in May, 1998, \$7,000,000 (s) (ii) in May, 1998, \$7,000,000 (s) (ii) in Nov. 1930, and \$5,000,000 (s) (ii) in Nov. 1930, and \$5,000,000 (s) (ii) in Nov. 1930 (ii) in the published Reports and Statements of Accounts on earing the period to December 31, 1930.

counts covering the period to December 32, 2930
Chairman, Sir Androw R. Duncan, M.A., M.M., M.D.
Other Members, The Lord Barnby, Ch.C., GR.,
M.YO. Sir James Dovonshire, K.R., M.E. E., Frank
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Wedgewood, C.M., C.M. G.
Secretary and Solution, Richard H. Fox.
General Manager and Chief Engineer, Sir Archibald
Pages wington, M. E.

Page, m inst.o.m., MIEE Chief Accountant, I) W Coutes, C B E.

#### RMIGRANTS' INFORMATION OFFICE (see Oversea Settlement Department, p. sor ) 6 EXCHEQUER AND AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

SEXCHEQUER AND AUDIT DEPARTMENT,
Victoria Embankment, E.C. 4.

This is the Department of the Comptroller and Auditor General, an office created by the Act sp & 9 Vict. c. 9 (2009) to replace, with extended powers, the squarate of the Receipt and Issue of the Section of the Receipt and Issue of the Section of the Receipt and Issue of the Public Accounts. This officer is appointed in the Public Accounts. This officer is appointed in Leiters Patent under the Great Seal, and is irremovable except upon an address from the Two Houses of Parliament. In his capacity of Comptroller General of the Receipt and Issue of the Exchanger he authorises all issues from the Exchanger accounts and makes an annual report the Exchanger accounts and makes an annual report on them to Parliament. In his capacity of Auditor General of Public Accounts ha is charged with the duty

of examining on behalf of the House of Commons the accounts of expenditure out of monies provided by Parliament, the accounts of the receipt of revenue, and generally all other public accounts, including the accounts of Government stores and of trading services conducted by Government Departments. The results of his examination of those accounts are reported to the House of Commons,

House of Commons.

The net expenses of the Department were estimated to amount to Analogo in 1999-1939
Comptroller and Analitor General, Gilbert Charles Upcott, c. Private Scoretary, W. C. G. Cribbott.

Societary, F. N. Dixon, c. R.

Directors of Analit, A. C. Hayward; N. W. Lindsay, J. W. Halmford, M. B. B.; A. J. Knowlden

Douglas
There are also zes Auditors

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og Market Eurott. (Sgrs.)
The Overeas Trade Acts. 250-2520, empower the
Roard of Trade to give guarantees in connection with
the expert of British goods. These rowers are seeded in
the expert the dits Guarantee Department section in
the expert the contract of the previous account of the purpose. The Minister in charge
of the Busyatment is the Secretary of the Dusquartment
of Overous Trade, who in April, 250, appointed an
Executive Committee to control the daily conduct of
the business

Executive Committee to control the daily conduct of the business 

Statutory Advisory Committee 
Chairman, "Col Hon Sidney Pool, in, dec. 
Deputy Chairman, "Sir John Caulcutt. 
Other Adembers, Chas D Soligman, J Picton Bagge, c w u; "Sir Ernest Bain, k b ! "W R Blair; 
Goldsmith; Capt W J Hall, w ; W R Blair; 
Goldsmith; Capt W J Hall, w ; Maj Bk Hon. 
J W Hills, w r; W E Proston; E R Pulbrook; 
Sir Gilbort C Vylo; W E Wells. 

Manage and Chief Underwriter, F. H. Nixon 
(seconded f) om H M. Treasury) 
(sinclusive) Spoe 
Private Secretary, S E King 
Assistant Manager, H Somorvillo Sinith, dec. 
(sinclusive) Spoe 
Secretary, J. A Stirlingo B M. (acting). Spoe to Spoe 
Certairy, J. A Stirlingo B M. (acting). Spoe to Spoe 
Certairy, J. A Stirlingo B M. (acting). Spoe to Spoe 
Chief Claims Officer, E. C Adams 
Accommand, G W Hutcheson ... 
Spoe to Spoe 
Chief Claims Officer, E. C Adams ... 
Spoe to Spoe 
Higher Executive Officers, G S. Chutor; R. J. Lawrence (acting) ... ... Spoe to Lyon 
Higher Executive Officers, H. V. Davios, A 
Griffith 
(acting), Spoe to Spoe; Miss D. W. Thorn

Temperous Officers A Greenblatt (sections) ... Spoe to Spoe

Temporary Officers, A Groenblatt (inclusive), £453 to £555; A. L. Trunp; L. E. L. Wright (inclusive) £360 to £463; G. A. Fitch ... (inclusive) £360

## ROYAL FINE ART COMMISSION,

ROYAL FIRE ART COMMISSION,
Appointed in sas, "to enquire into such questions of
public amenity or of artistic importance as may be referred to them from time to time by any of our Departments of State, and to report thereon to such Department, and, furthermore, to give advice on similar
questions when so requested by public or quasi-publibodies, where it appears to the said Commission that
their assistance would be advantageous.

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National Gallery, Edinburgh.

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Page, O Fish Interioriton, Comm. L. D. Fisher, D.R.O., R.M. (ret)
Raginer: Superintendent, G. P. Finlay.
Commodore Captain, John Wright
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The Secretaryship of State for Foreign Affairs was created in 1782, superseding this ancient Secretary for the Nothern Department of Europe (as the Officer had seen called since 1688). He is assisted by two Under Secretaries (one Parliamentary, the other Permanent), two plants there is no Parliamentary, the other Permanent), two plants there is no parliamentary, the other foreign for the foreign think of the formal duties, are realized an answering communications from individuals or other Government Departments, from Diplomatic and Consular Agents of this country or others, and in fother mining the point of the contents of the Foreign Office of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Poreign Office of the Country of the Foreign Office of the Country of the Foreign Office of the Country of State for Foreign Affairs, The Rt. Hon Str. July 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch. 1804 Sch.

Private Sec., H. M. G Jobb.
(a) Overseas Trade, Haj. D. J. Colville, u.r. Lages
Private Sec., E. L. Mercier.

Deputy Under-Secretaries of State, Sir Victor Wellesley, K.C.M.S., c.B.; Sir Hubert Montgomery, Sir Victor

Wellesley, E.O.M. e., C.S.; Sir Hubert Montgomery, E.O.M. e., E.V. o., C.B., E.M. e., E.M. e., E.V. o., C.B., E. A. Moumey, C.R., E.S. o. A. Steferst Under-Secretaries of State, Sir Lancelot Oltphant, E.C.M. e., C.B.; G. A. Moumey, C.R., C.M. o., S. E. C. o. B. E. St. o. E. St. o. E. St. o. E. St. o. E. C. o. E. E. C. o. E. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. C. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E. o. E

uell w.m. Communications Dept. and King's Messages to Sees Communications Dept. and King's Messages to Sees Kastwood, Mead, See to See (Red.), Comfir R. W. B. Cottesworth, n. Deptsty Head, 538 to See (incl.); Maj. A. F. Custanoe; L. C. O. A. S. M. · Seconded as a Private Secretary to the Prime Minister

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Asst do. James W Stafford, o. n. n. 1539 to 1830 Estub Officer & Account, Lealie C. Brown 1490 to 1530 Staff Officers, O. J. Hubbert, M. n. e. , W. T. Harrower; H. S. Blank .... 

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## FORTH CONSERVANCY.

FORTH CONSERVANCY.
Grangemouth, Stirlingshire.
Instituted by the Forth Conservancy Order Confirmation Act year for the preservation, maintenance and improvement of the River and Firth of Forth within the limits prescribed in the Order Charman, The Earl of Eigin, U.S. o., LLD.
Clerk and Treasurer, Duncan Kennedy, w. s. 3 Bank Street, Falirik
Marine Superintendent, Capt. E. Roynon Jones, R.R.

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Acts, the Building Societies Acts, the Trade Union
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THE GOVERNMENT ACTUARY

OTHE GOVERNMENT ACTUARY,
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Secretary, Maj. E. N S Crankshaw, w s. s. (MINISTRY OF HEALTH,

Private Secretary, A. N. Rucker ... £5,000 £300 £100 ...unp. Parliamentary Secretary Ernest Brown, M.C., M.P.

Private Secretary, K. McGregor . .. .. £250 duties in relation to Industrial Assurance Companies and Collecting Societies, and in that capacity is styled and Collecting Societies, and in that capacity is styled secretary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a Spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a spectary, in Arthur Robinson, a · s., c s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a · s. a Principal Assistant Secretary for Finance and Accomplant General, S. H. G. Hughes, c.s. ... £1,750
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Regional Dental Officer, J. Woodford Williams, L. D.
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(ENGLAND AND WALES),

Somerset House, W.C. z.

The Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths is believed to have been inaugurated by Thomas Croming In the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the Sta

receipts from fees for the same period is £56, 500.

Quarterly Skitstics.—In the Registrar-General's report, for the June quarter of 1931, the estimated birth rate is given as 165 per 1,000 population, which is the layest birth rate recorded in any second quarter of a year since the establishment of civil registration. The estimated death rate was 125 per 1,000, this being 03 per 1,000 about the rate recorded during the second quarter of last year. The natural increase of population for the June quarter, 1932, by excess of births over deaths was 49,174 as against 50 825, 59,723 and 58.389 in the second quasters of 1938, 393 and 1830 required in the March quarter of 1931 was 49,350, as decrease of 4,365 compared with the number of persons married in the March quarter of 1931 was 1930 consulted with the number in the corresponding quarter of 1939. The number corresponds to an annual rate of 9.5 per 1,000 of the pre liminary 293 Consus population.

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Private Sec, W. A. Smoker.

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Ministers, Major, Rt. Hon Sir Archibald Sinclair, Bt., c.m.c., m. , Nocretary of State for Scotland, and A. N. Skelton, m.r., Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Scotland

Secretary, J. Jeffrey, c B. C B. E. .... Assistant Secretaries, J. L. Juck, F.R. v. E. (Establishment Officer) £1,300 f.A. McKinna, o.b. v. J. M. Vallance, w. v. £900 to £2,200, Miss M. Ritson (Controller of Insurance and Pensuran) £2,200 Heads of Branches, J Brough; C L Faimer, P T S Jeffrey; A Sinall; P Taylor, G. W Wight, G. Wallaco, A Oliphant, 180 (Superintendent of Statistics and Asst Edubishment Officer)

£600 to £800 Chief Accountant, J Stewart Seggie, ca, Fra. A 850 to £1,000
Asst. Accountants, T. A. Mowat, c.a.; J Dunlop

Soliculor, G A Birse, MA, BL . . ... Soco to £1,200 Amistant Solicitors, D. Gerrand £600 to £800; A. Thomson £400 to £500

United Officer, T. H. J. Douglas, Lines, 7.8. F. F. B. C.

Chief Engineer and Housing Commissioner, D. Rouald,
M. inst. R.

Leave of Local Housing Commissioner, J. Wilson,
M. W. L. L.

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Chief Architect and Housing Commissioner, J. Wilson,
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Leave of Architect and Housing Commissioner, J. Wilson, halb a froc to foo Deputy Chief Architect and Housing Countissioner, G. D. Machiven, Falsa footo & Soo General Impectors, M. Beaton; J. B. B. Brown; G. H. Henderson; G. A. Mackey for Soo Chief Inspector, Insurance, J. E. Highton, B. L.

Deputy Inspector (Insurance), A. Morrison

Chief Inspector of Alkali Works and River Pollution, B. Wriam, M.S., vh D 1680 of Public Cheansing and Suivage, T. B. Crookes Sage to Spee

(GENERAL BOARD OF CONTROL. Lunsoy and Mental Deficiency.
2g Palmerston Place, Edinburgh.
Commissioner, Lt.-Col. Sir H. Arthur Rose, p.s.o.

#### (H.M. GENERAL REGISTER HOUSE. Edinburgh.

Edinburgh.

Lord Clerk Register and Keeper of the Signet, The Duke of Bucelench and Queenberry, s. r.

Keeper of the Registers and Records of Scotland, George A. J. Lee, w. s. and Records of Scotland, George A. J. Lee, w. s. Mitchell See Chief Assistant Keepers, C. J. Poole; J. M. Deas; J. A. Masterton See Chief Clerks, D. R. Couper; S. Daigloish; C. M. West.

Lee Chief Clerks, J. Burt; W. Smart; J. M. Milligan; J. A. Maoqueen, H. Robertson; G. Nisbet; K. M. MacGregor, W. E. S. Brebner, T. Curran; T. Crossan, J. Fisher; D. R. Ross; A. Smith; W. Morikon, W. Robertson; R. Barron; J. Movle; A. Drydon, J. Sommerville ... each £475

NEW REGISTER HOUSE.

#### General Registry Office of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

Registrar-General, A. Froude, 1.8.0. Registrar-General, A. Fronce, I.A.
Secretary, J. C. Yrio
Staff Officers, A. McKinlay; H. A. Scott.
Higher Vande Clerks, H. Johnson, J. Stoven.
Registration Examiners, J. Ross; J. J. Blyth; D. B.
Gardner; J. Tupman; J. C. Young

OHOME OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. z.

of HOME OFFICE, Whitehall, S. W. z.

The Secretaryship of State for Home Affairs was created in 172s, the dutes having previously been assigned to the "Southern" Secretaryship, which emission of the Southern Europe, "I have a state of the Colonies, and the Southern Europe, "I have a probable of the secretary ship, which emission of the Colonies, and the Southern Europe, "I have a probable of the secretary ship and the secretary ship and the secretary ship and the secretary ship and the secretary is the nedium hig which the Soureign acquaints his people of his pleasure, and a channel of communication with the Sovereign acquaints his people of his pleasure, and a channel of communication with the Sovereign acquaints his made for the internal well-being of the community, and the same functions are the maintenance of the King's peace, the enforcement of rules made for the internal well-being of the community, and the seri-class of the prerogatave of mercy

Principal Secretary of State for Home Affairs, Rt. Hon.

Principal Serretary of State for Home Affairs, Rt. Hon. Sir Horbert Samuel, a.B., a.B., a.B., a.F. .....£5,000
Private Sec., F. A. Newsam, n.c.
Asst Private Sec., S. Hoare

UNDER-SPORETARIES. Permanent, Rt. Hon Sir John Anderson, g.c.s., £3,000 Private Sec, A. S. Hutchinson.

Private Sec., A. 5. Internation.

Private tec., C. B. McAlpine.

Assetant (Legal), Sir Ernley Blackwell, R.c.a., L.s. soc;

Permanent Deputy, Sir Malcolm Delevingne, R.c. B.

Principal Asst. Secretary, Sir J. Pedder, R.B. E., C.B.
Assistant Secretaries, A. J. Eagleston, ev.e.; R. R.
Bannatyne, e.B.; S. W. Harris, c.B., ev.e.; A. L.
Dixon, c.B.; A. Locke, c.B. E., e., e., e., e., e.,
Principals, H. B. Scott; C. D. C. Robinson; M. H.
Whitelegge; A. Crapper, Sir Ernest W. E. Holderness, B.C.; W. G. Allem, e.B.; F. C. Johnson;
G. R. A. Buckland; H. H. C. Prestige; F. A.

Reynolds... £550 to £700 Staff Officer, Accounts Section, Finance Branch, W. H. Supt. of Registry, A. H. May
Supt. of Registry, A. H. May
Chief Clerk, Factory Dept., W. Gaskell ... Lago to Lyoo
Chief Clerk, Childs on's Brunch, E. J. Mottors, 1.8.0.
Lago to Lyoo
Chief Clerk (B Division), S. W. Drinkwater, M. D.
Lago to Lyoo
Chief Clerk (Aliene Branch), W. W. J. Burton, M. R.
Docha Lynch, O. R. L. W. B. M. Official Analysis, G. Roche Lynch, o.B.E. M.B., St. Mary's Hospital, W 2, and J H Ryffell, s.ch, Guy's Hospital, S.E. z.

#### Factory Department, Home Office.

Guy's Hospital, S.E. r.

Factory Department, Home Office.

In 2014 there were 2,309,668 mules and 1,668,000 females employed in factories in the United Kingdom, a total of 4,993,669, in 1938 the unmiers were (excluding Ireland) 3,93,500 males and 2,635,568 females, a total of 5,705,566, in 1939 there were 244,758 accidents reported under the Fautory and Workshop Acts, of which 899 were fatal.

H.M. Chief Inspectors, Home Office, H. 3. Wilson, c.B. 5,1000 to 5,1000.

Dep. Chief Inspectors, Home Office, H. 3. Wilson, c.B. 6,1000 to 5,1000.

Miss H. Marthndale, c.B. 6,1000 to 5,1000.

Miss H. Marthndale, c.B. 7, 1000 to 5,1000.

E. A. R. Wornor, c.B. Firmungham; John Law, Sheffield; V. Buchan, Liverpoot, G. 7, Taylor, Cas, London, and Miss F. I Taylor, Levels; and T. C. Taylor Bristo, Lygo to 5,809, tiles H. T. Slocock, London, and Miss F. I Taylor, Levels; and T. C. Taylor Bristo, Lygo to 5,809, tiles H. T. Slocock, London, and Miss F. I Taylor, Levels; and T. C. Taylor Bristo, Lygo to 5,809, tiles H. T. Slocock, London, and Miss F. I Taylor, Levels; and T. C. Taylor Bristo, Lygo to 5,809, tiles H. T. Slocock, London, and Miss F. I Taylor, Levels; and T. C. Taylor Bristo, Lygo to 5,809, tiles H. T. Middleton, s.A. Home Office, E. R. A. Morowether, s. D. Middleton, s.A. Home Office, E. R. A. Morowether, s. D. Hondon, A. N. Currle, s. S. of the Soc to 5,900 Mocrical Inspectors, H. W. Swann, a. M. R. R. Hirmshndham; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., London; S. J. Emierson, A. M. S. R., Machapow; F. H. Murgatroyd, A. M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., L. M. Murgatroyd, A. M. S. R., Chaspow; F. H. Mann, M. S. R., L. M. Marcham; W. B. Emperson, A. M. S. R., Marchapow; F. H. Murgatroyd, A. M. S. R., S. Sco to 5,790 Englishers of Soc to 5,790 Englishers of Soc to 5,790 Englishers of Soc to 5,790 Englishers of Soc to

§ Additional for Irish Business.
† Also in receipt of an allowance of £3s.

Miss A. M. Ahrons, Leeds, North; E. L. Allhusen, Edithurgh; H. W. Younger; West London; S. R. Bennett, Leeds, Swith; Miss I. M. S. Keely; Birmingham, East; Miss M. C. Anderson, Bethnal Green; G. E. Duckering, o. R. * F. G. Mudford, Botton, H. H. C. Thomas, Sheffeld, North; R. U. Shaxby; East London; T. Forteus, Finsbury; Miss E. Sanderson, H. M. C. Thomas, Sheffeld, North; W. E. Harding, Middlebrough; S. Hird; Salford; H. R. Rogers, Gotzehed; G. G. Sumner, Wolverhampton; A. W. Garrett, (Husgon; P. A. Hoath, Nevoastle-on-Tyme, H. A. Soot, Brind; H. Topham, K. R., Wolnich, F. W. Hunt, Warrimpton; C. C. Plumbe, Southwark; M. K. Pedlar, Steamen, H. Clarke, N. W. London, J. W. H. A. Soot, Brindshan, Stoke; L. D. Hooper, Southwark: M. K. Pedlar, Steamen, H. Clarke, N. W. London, Miss A. W. Hastlings, Literpool, N. A. C. Lowe, South Esser, A. Folheringham, Stoke; L. D. Hooper, Southampton. W. Turner, Coventry; J. S. Young, Cardiff, C. B. Roos, Rothe ham; H. E. Chasteney, North London; Miss A. W. Hastlings, Literpool, N. A. C. Lowe, South Esser, A. Folheringham, Stoke; L. D. Hooper, Southampton. W. Turner, Coventry; J. S. Young, Cardiff, C. B. Roos, Rothe ham; H. E. Chasteney, North London; Miss A. R. Ewart, Burnley; H. A. Hopburn, Manchester Eust; G. L. Crampton. Rengrew. W. Barrett, Paddington: C. J. Fatorson, Walsall; E. M. Roes, Wrecham; N. H. Jones, Blachburn; J. Whiteadle, Manchester, West, C. G. Gates, Luton; H. W. Akthnson, Huddershedt, D. Monzies, Brighton, C. H. Taylor, Worrester, G. F. Bedgwick, Hull; W. Abbott, Ipswich, E. F. Smith, West Cheshaburn; J. Whiteadle, Manchester, West, C. G. Gates, Luton; Miss E. M. Barting, C. L. Scholm, M. W. G. Poore, Newport; T. Dymock, Barrow. S. H. Makopeace, Stockport; G. P. Barnett, Preston, Miss E. M. Bennett, Preston, Miss E. M. Branley, Ashdon.under-Lype; A. G. Lotinga, Birmingham, South; W. F. Finday, Stirling; G. Lyon, Ayr. T. A. Edwards, Reading; J. A. Woodward, Northampton; W. J. Carter, Keighley, S. S. Phillips, Luncon, Miss D. Monton, Gonzeler, Miss E. Bohnidan, ien .... £350 to £550; 3z to £650 Jomen .... £350 to £450, 7 to £550 Senior Inspector of Textile Particulars, £ J. Holmos,

Inspectors of Explosives, Home Office.

In 1926, 55 accidents at Pactories and Magazines were reported, causing a deaths, in 1927, 56 accidents and 6 deaths; in 298, 65 accidents and a deaths, in 298, 65 accidents and a deaths; in 298, 28 accidents and 7 death. (Delta Inspector, Lt.-Col E. A. Thomas, c.s. 2

£800 to £2,000 Inspectors, H. E. Watts, M.B.B., Ph.D., B.RG., F.L.C., £700 to £800; G. Harcourt Gibbs ......£800 to £800

Lent to another Department,
 Also in receipt of an allowance of Ass.

Inspector under the Inshriates Acts. Inspector, W. N. East, M.D., L. R.C.F. (London).

Inspector under Dangerous Drugs Act, 1920.

and Wales.

Maj.-Gen Sir L W Atcherley, o Maj.-Gen Scr. December 25,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 to £

Woman Medical Inspector (Assistant), Miss A M
Whitlock, M.R., B.S., D.F.H. ... £400 to £600

(Terk in charge of Accounts, J. H. Palmer, 550 to 5700 Staff Uterks, J. C. Hepworth, W. Smith (Accounts); J. G. Hollom; A. H. Wade (Stores), E. L. Ashton (Secretaria) State Management Districts.

(Licensing Act, 1921), King's Buildings, Dean Stanley Street, S.W. 1.

Presidents, The Secretary of State and Parliamentary Under Secretary of State, Home Department, and the Secretary of State, Home Department, and Members, Sir John Pedder, z. s. z., c.z., and P. J. G. Rose, c.z. (Official Representatives), Sir William Waters Butler, Bt. S. O. Nevile, Sir J. C. G.

Sykes, M.C.B. Sykes, M.C. ... £750 to £850 to £850 to £650 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell . £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to £700 Kenior Clerks, P. R. Higgins; J. Orbell ... £550 to

Seconded for duty as an Acting Principal in the Home Office.

# POLITICAL HONOURS SCRUTINY COMMITTEE.

The Royal Commission on Honours, 1982, recommended that a Committee should be appointed to consider, before they are submitted to the King the names and particulars of persons recommended for appointment to any dignity or honour on account of political services, and after such inquiry as they think fit to report to the Prum Minister whether, so far as they believe, such persons in the whole circumstances are fit and proper persons to be recommended hecretary, James Rae (Treasury, S.W. z).

#### IMPERIAL ECONOMIC COMMITTEE. 2 Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S.W. z.

a Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S. W. I.
This Committee was established in 1995, following on proposals of the Imperial Economic Conference, 1993, for the purpose of considering the possibility of improving the methods of preparing for market and marketing within the United Kingdom, the products of the Overseas parts of the Empire, with a view to increasing the consumption of such produces in the United Kingdom in preference to imports from foreign countries, and to promote the interests both of producers and consumers from the Committee of the Committee of the Committee in the following terms of reference to the Committee in the following terms of reference.

(a) To investigate the marketing of Empire foodstuffs in the United Kingdom

(a) To undertake inquires into the production for export and the marketing in various parts of the world of raw materials of the Empire (3) To prepare, at the instance of the Governments of the Commonwealth, surveys of any branch of Empire trade and marketing

(4) To carry out certain in estigations adopted by the imperial Conference, zgg of 59 To facilitate conferences among those engaged in particular industries in various parts of the major.

(6) To examine and report on any economic question which the Governments of the Empire may agood to refer to the Committee.

The Committee has published eighteen reports: The

The Committee has published eighteen reports: The first a general report, and reports on meat, fruit, dairy produce, fish, poulity and eggs, honey, functions and work of the Committee, tobacco, timber, agricultural machinery, pigs and pig products, the trade of the British Empirer, rubber manufactured goods, hides and skine, progress report (1939), tea and coffee 'charmana, Sir Svidery J. Chapman, E.C.B., C.B.E. Sceretary, Sir David Chadwick, C.S.I., C.I.E.

#### IMPERIAL SHIPPING COMMITTEE,

IMPERIAL SHIPPING COMMITTER,

Set up in 1980 (1) To enquire into complaints from persons and bodies interested with regard to cease freights, racilities and conditions in the inter-imperial trate or questions of a similar nature referred to them by any of the nonmating authorities, and to report their conclusions to the flowerments concerned (1). To our seasons to the other than the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of struction or harbour works and similar matters; and so doing to take into account facilities for air transport on the routes in question. Like the Imperial Economic Committee, it derives authority from and reports to all the Governmente represented at the Imperial Conference. Charmons, Rt Hon. Sir Halford Mackinder. Secretary, R. M. Nowell,

### SINDIA OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. r.

Assistant Private Secretary, M. J. Clauson (allnoc. Fige).
Political A D.C, Lt.-Col. S. B. A. Patterson, G.S. I.

0.1.R. ...... 

#### Under-Secretarine.

Permanent, Sir Findlater Stewart, R.C. 17., 08.1. £3,000 Private Sec., A. T. Williams (altree, £130) Parliamentary, Most Hon. Marquess of Lothian, C.H. £1.500
Private Secretary, H. A. F. Rumbold (allnee £150).
Deputy Under Secretary, Sir Malcolm C. C. Seton,

Council of India.

Sir Raginald A. Mant, x.o.f. z, c. s.i.; Sir Campbell W. Rhodes, c. s. s.; R. P. Paranjuye, p. sc.; Sir Henry Wheeler, z. c. s.; Colouel Nawab Sir Umar Hayat, x.c.; z. c. s. c. s. c. o.louel Nawab Sir Umar Hayat, x.c.; z. c. s. s. s. s., x.o., x.d.c.; Sir Denya de Saumerer Bray, x.o.x.; k. s.; z. c. s.; Sir Henry Strakosch, o. s.k.; Sir Atall C Chatterjee, x.c.s.; a.c.; z. s.; Sir Reginald I R. Giancy, x.c.; z. c. c. s.

Clerk of the Council, L. D. Wakely, a.s. Deputy da., J. A. Simpson (allnes £200). Assistant to Clerk of the Council, T. Rowlands (allnes

Assi to Pol A.D.C., O Gruzeller, M.V.O. £400 to £350 Resident (Verks, W. B. Goodchild; K. Anderson (allnee. £80).

SECRETARIES, RTC.

Financial, C H Kisch, c n., D. T. Monteath, c v.o. Military, Major-Gen S F. Mushratt, c a . c.s t., c i r .

S. Brown, a.v o (Joint Soc) ... ... £2,200 Economic & Overscas, E. J. Turnor, c. s. g., 20,200 Political and Scoret, J. C. Walton, c. s., s., c. R. H. A. Carter, c s. . . . . £1,200 

£2,000 to £2,200 Superintendent of Records, W. T. Ottowill, M H.

5550 to £700 EXECUTIVE DIVISION.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Ohief Exec. Officer, R. H Headley, c. n. 1750 to Some Superintending Lineautee Officers, J. Putnam; A. W. Thomson L. Thomson L. S. Son L. Thomson L. S. Son L. S. Son Ligher Resecutive Officers, H. G. Bull; J. G. Crickmay; A. W. Dunton, a. c.; M. K. Jephaon

MISCRILLANBOUS APPOINTMENTS.

Consulting Engineers, Randel, Palmer and Tritton. Establishment Officer, F. W. H. Smith, c.i.z.

Editors, India Office List, R. S. Brown; A. J. Stewart

Clerk of the Codes, R. R. de R. h Ababreiton (allowance) Seo Information Officer, Hugh MacGregor Seo to \$1.500 Koonomic and Overseas Department, Clark for Special ...... £500 to £700 Duties, C Slocombe . . .

Clerk, Legal Adviser's Dept., C. A. K. Norman Fresident Medical Board, and Medical Adviser to Secretary of State, Maj., Gen. Sir Leonard Rogers, o. 1. R., M. D., IM. S. 1981. Leonard Rogers, o. 1. R., M. D., IM. S. 1981. L. Col. G. Members Medical Board, L. Col. G. M. C. Smith, O. M. G. 1981. C. Smith, O. M. G. 1981. C. Smith, O. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. C. M. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1981. G. 1

Papys, DR Surveyor & Clerk of Works, H. M. Edwards £300 to £300

#### India Andit Office.

#### High Commissioner for India, India House, Aldwych, W.C. z.

£2,800 to £2,000 ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Chief Accounting Officer, G. H. Stoker, Cl.R., O. R.

Deputy Chief Accounting Officer, A J C Edwards,

#### EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

.....£700 to £900 .....£850 to £700 er; V. I. Gaster £450 to £600

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, R. E. Montgomery .... . L800 to £2,000 Superintending Executive Officer, F J. Adams Higher Executive Officers, W. Marlow: E. Simcook £400 to £500

UBLIC DEPARTMENT. Secretary, C. R. Menon, I.C.s.

TRADE DEPARTMENT

Trade Commissioner, H. A. F. Lindsay, c.i.z., c.b.z., i.c.s. £1,477 to £1,782

Trade Commissioner, Hamburg, S. N. Gupta, 1 c.s. £2,000 to £2,500

Deputy do., H. S. Malik, 1 c.8

Higher Executive Officer, C. W. Butler & 400 to £500

Trade Publicity Officer, B. D. Asii... £400 to £500

Assist. do., B. Deb.... .......................... £500 to £400

#### STORE DEPARTMENT, Belvedere Road, Lambeth, S.E. s.

Director-General, Lt.-Col S. S. W. Paddon, c. 1 x

£z,200 to £z,50
Directors of Purchase, R. R. Howlett; J. P. Forsyth Controllers, W. F. West; W. G. Crockett, M. R.; M. Daniels; A. B. Clark.

Daniels; A. B. Clark.

Daniels; A. B. Clark.

M. Good D. Soo Principul Executive Officers, A. Philbs; J. L. Jenkin, A. W. Ward; W. Harrison; F. Price, M. R.; J. W. Cooper: P. J. S. Clatworthy.

Cooper: P. J. S. Clatworthy.

Holling F. Coopers, A. V. Moran; H. S. Briggs, E. Scamp; H. J. Bennett; W. V. Anderson; F. Taylor; D. Carlin; W. N. Gardiner, H. W. McRae, W. G. Hodges, E. J. Hawker; G. F. Drayson; A. C. Berryman; A. F. Skinner

Lago Coopers, G. L. R. L. Benest

Lago Coopers, G. L. R. L. Lewis

Mechanicod Engineer, A. L. Haus

Mechanicod Engineer, A. L. Lewis

Mechanicod Engineer, L. L. Lewis

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Lago Coop £800 to £1,0

Carey-Evans, M. c... £300
Shipping Surveyor and Adviser, Capt S. W. Huddelton, O. 17, C. R. £750 to £650
Ezzaminer, Medical Stores, Lt. Col. A Miller £300
Consulting Engineers, Rendel, Palmer and Tritton
Naval Architects, Sir J. H. Biles & Co.

## INDUSTRIAL ASSURANCE COMMISSIONERS (see Friendly Societies Registry).

#### BOARD OF INLAND REVENUE,

Somerset House, W.C. 2.

Homerset House, W.C. 2.

The appointment of Commissioners of Stamps dates from rees and of Commissioners of Taxes from 1929 By 4 and 5 Will IV c 60. a consolidated Board of Stamps and Taxes was established, and by 22 and 23 Vict. c 2 this Board was amalgamated with the Commissioners of Excise to form the Board of Inland Revenue By Silw VII, c 56 the soministration of Excise was transferred to the Board of Customs The present sources of 'Inland Revenue Commist of Death Indies, Stamps and Taxes. Salaries and Expenses of the Board for 1932 are estimated at £5,72,660.

#### The Board.

Chairman, P J Grigg
Private Secretary, E. M. T. Firth.
Deputy Ladrinan, Bir Percy Thompson, R. R. L., C. B. S., 200
Private Secretary, A. J. D. Woods.
Commussioners, F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. B. Canny, C. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. F. A. Barrett, C. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.;
C. G. Sing G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G. R.; G.

С. G Spry, с в. .... ипр

#### Special Commissioners of Income Tax, York House, Kingaway, W.C. s.

#### Secretaries' Office.

Woman Establishment Officer, Mrs E. M. Garner. 

#### Office of Special Commissioners of Income Tax, York House, Kingsway, W.C. z.

Clerk to Special Commissioners of Income Tax, 

Hall, T. A. Mangau, T. E. Harvey, G. H. Whybrow, of Br.; A. R. Clark, J. H. Ellison.

Austatant Principal Cherks, H. de P. Ganvalai, s. o., W.E. Bickford; W. A. Jennerv, W. H. Chick; K. P. Jago; S. E. C. Bircham, Chas. Smith. S. W. Barker, A. B. Tucker, E. Denmiford, W. P. Shephord, J. R. Bowman, s. s. W. Watson, W. W. Shephord, J. R. Bowman, s. s. W. Watson, W. W. Brugham; J. H. Hooper; G. E. Howell, J. W. Middleton, C. B. Cox. J. Robertson, A. W. Gady. Segs to Secon Senior Staff Officers, A. W. Burgoss, M. F., W. E. Dogerdon.

Hoher Executive Officers and Staff Officers, J. P. Howatson; F. C. Oldridge, J. F. Waight, A. H. Willott, W. A. Read, G. G. Greenfield, C. Lambert, H. E. Lawrence, T. E. Crchard, W. B. Sheppard; A. L. Fielding, A. J. Gilchrist, E. J. Norris; A. E. Duffett; J. Key, A. P. P. Chalke, A. F. Butler; H. W. C. Cripps, L. Baker, W. A. Webb; W. E. Roberts, C. E. Cook; L. T. Cunningham, H. E. Messor; A. C. Towell; J. Vann; S. H. Hopkins, H. G. Howard; L. R. Oppermann; S. J. Spice, G. E. Thompson, G. E. Marior; W. F. Merry; A. P. Cox; S. W. Sharvoli; F. C. Ward, E. W. Harris, C. H. E. Grüneborg, H. J. H. Newton, E. C. Hennings, H. Fleeman, W. G. H. Pearco, S. J. Cassey; A. S. Cox, C. Roobuck, J. R. Marsdon, G. F. Hiner, M. G. H. Fleeman, T. G. W. T. Latcham, R. G. Woollectt; H. E. C. Gray, F. Minchin; L. C. Story, F. Minchin; L. C. P. In receipt of allowance as Acting Principal Clerk

 In receipt of allowance as Acting Principal Clerk
 In receipt of allowance as Acting Assistant Principal ‡ Granted special pensionable allowance of £500 p.a. whilst in charge of Assessments Division. Rew; J. D. Stewart; F. J. Cann; D. Miller; O. C. Fletcher; A. S. Wood; B. J. McCarthy; L. F. Grant; L. A. Pavey; R. E. Catley; J. W. Simmons; W. Knowlman; A. F. Boddington; W. G. Howard (acting); R. L. Southern (acting); W. M. Smith (acting).

Statistics and Intelligence Branch.

Higher Rescutive Officer, L. G Street .. £400 to £500

Estate Duty Office.

Marked thus t are on the scale £600 to £800.

Assistant Prencipal Clerks, E. W. West; J. F. Park; W. S. Imrie; F. B. Short; F. Moore; A. H. Goldsmith; J. G. Tottingham, R. G. Pilcher (acting)

smith; J. G. Tottingham, R. G. Picher (acting)

£559 to £700

Higher Executive Officers and Staff Officers, A. M. P.

Dawson; W. J. Gibby; G. E. W. Herbert; J. A.

Matheson; C. Cozens, H. J. A. Lambert; B. H. C.

Houseman, A. C. Reid; W. Adams, J. Stoel; G. E.

Wright; H. C. Harris, G. E. Wilkinson, H. E. Grant

(acting); W. J. B. Baylis (acting); G. H. Pearce

acting); W. L. Calder (acting); O. C. Webb (acting)

According to Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of Expense of

Office of the Controller of Stamps, and Registrar of Companies, Business Names, Newspapers, and Bank Returns, including the Stamp Offices, London Stock Exchange, and Lloyd's.

London Stock Exchange, and Lloyd's.

Controller and Registrar (and Registrar of Business Names), F Greenwood.

States, F Greenwood.

States, F Greenwood.

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#### Office of the Director of Stamping.

#### Chief Inspector's Office.

† Personal pensionable allowance of fees

In receipt of allowance of Lico as Deputy Controller.
 Personal salary Lago.

£250 to £500

Solicitor's Office H. E. Nye
Sentor Staf Officer, J. Jamos, M.R. ... £500 to £600
Valuation Office.

Chief Valuer, H. Firth, val. | 1, val. | 51,500 |
Deputy Ohief Valuer for England and Wales, D. L. |
Paton, FS. | 200 |
Superintending Valuer (exranged alphabetically), S. G. Baxendale, v.s. | H. B. Beddall, N. B. E. V. I. |
J. L. A. S. G. F. Crisp, v.s. | D. T. Davies, o. R. r. st. | J. M. Kerr, F. I. | A. E. Killick, o. R. p. st. |
J. W. Marsden, F. S. J. S. Martin, R. I. J. O. Nebitt, J. S. y. | H. Ovenden, r. s. | J. E. Torry, v. s. | B. G. Turner, r. s. | A. C. Spico, v. Caluers attached to Head Office, A. E. Flock, v. A. |
R. E. G. Terry, v. s. | J. F. Ingram, r. s. | A. C. Spicor, r. s. | C. C. C. C. Spicor, r. s. | C. W. Carr, r. s. 1. ; F. C. Lane, r. a. s. |

## Edinburgh Branch Office. Waterloo Place, Edinburgh Stamps and Taxes

Higher Executive Officers and Staff Officers, P. McL. Milne; J. Lush; J. H. Logan; G. E. Edwards, F. J. Cogman; W. B. Johnston (acting).... \$400 to £500

Solicitor's Office. 

Valuation Off.ce, Scotland.
9 Weinyss Place, Edinburgh.
(Thief Valuer for Scotland, J. Watt, A M.1.C.E., F.S.I.

£1,100 M. I Min E. .... £550 to £700 . ... ...... .

# MINISTRY OF LABOUR

MINISTRY OF LABOUR.

Moutagu House, Whitehall, S.W. z

The gross amount for the services administered by the Ministry was estimated at £5.574.00 for the year ending March 37, 1921. Test gross settmate is made up as follows—Salaries £48.500 for Headquarters Departments. £605.000 for Claims and Record Office, Kew. £5.800.400 for Provincial Offices, £93.000 for Law Oharges. £55.000 for For August Office, £93.000 for Law Oharges. £54.43.500 for Unemployment Insurance (State Grants, £0.); £93.000 for Law Oharges. £55.430,000 for Law Oharges. £55.430,000 for Law Oharges. £55.000 for For Chairms and Telephones. £3.000 for Law Oharges. £55.000 for Chairms and Telephones. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £55.000 for Law Oharges. £55.000 for Chairms and Telephones. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for Law Oharges. £50.000 for L

Principal Private Nec, C H Ince.
Asst do, H H. Sellar
Parliamentary Private Sec, Capt C. Waterhouse,
unpaid 

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Street, W.C. a.

H M Land Registry was established in pursuance of a
recommendation of a Royal Commission by the Land
Registry Act. 256. The aim of the Act was to render
dealings with land more simple and economical by establishing a State register of landowners who voluntarily
submitted the titles to their land for examination and
approval by the Registrar on behalf of the State. The
Registry was reformed by the Land Transfer Act. 257,
which, while making many changes in the system, continued its voluntary basis. In 1897 the Land Transfer
thrused its voluntary basis. In 1897 the Land Transfer
and four Orders in Council under that Act between 1898
and 2008 made the system compulsory on sale in Eastbourne, and under an order made in 1988
in Hastings The Land Registation Act 1995 consolidated the previous Acts and made such changes in the
system as the experience of a generation had shown
to be necessary. The keynote of the system is that the
machinery for the pure base and sale of land is activated
the land Registry was east and the semilated to
the Land Registry regustred by the State
chimple forms, analogous to those used on transfers of
Stocks and Shares, are provided. The cost of buying,
selling or mortgaging registered land is much less thun
the cest in the case of unregistered land. It is open to
any County Council for council of a County Borough to
apply to the Privy Council for an order making registration of title compulsory in its area. The Land Registry
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Lee Conservance Catobinant Reard.

large owners on the river

Lee Conservancy Catchment Board, appointed by the Lee Conservancy Catchment Board, appointed by the Lend Drassage Act 2930, consists of the members for the time being of the Lee Conservancy Roard together with sadditional members, appointed by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, and g by County Councils in the oatchment area.

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The Royal Mint, as now constituted, may be said to date from 1817, and the buildings from 1810, the latter being completed in that year at the cost of over 7820,000. The first known Masten (or Warden) of the Mint dates from Henry I, and the last Warden was Lord Maryborough 1814-29), the last Master being Professor Thomas Graham, who died in 1856. In 1870 the Coinage Act abolished the ancient post of Master of the Mint as such, and combined it with that of the Chancellor of the Krchequer The estimated administrative expenses amount to £2,725,000 for 1923-1923 Appropriations in aid, £2,855,000, leaving a net cost of £200,000.

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and must send a recommendation from a person of recognised position. The British Museum may be said to date from 1753, when British Museum may be said to date from 1753, when British Museum may be said to date from 1753, when British Museum may be said to date from 1753, when British Museum 1854, when British Museum 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, and 1854, an Civil Estimates

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and at 3 p.m. daily (except Sundays) free of charge, and his services are available at other times for special parties (also free of charge) by arrangement with the Director. Students are admitted daily for the special study of the collections, and to make drawings and task photographs of specimens, under special regulations to be obtained from the Director. The Assistant Keepers, First Class, G. T. Hales, M.A.; H. J. M. Milne, R.A.; E. G. Millar, M.A., F.R.A.; A. J. Collins, R.A.; R. A. Coates; R. Schofield, M.A. Ph.D. Museum issues a large variety of publications, comprising scientific monographs and catalogues, the "Natural History Magazine" (quarterly), popular guide-books and manuals, instructions for collectors, economic pamphlets, and picture post-cards, both monochrome and in colour. in colour.

The Natural History Collections in the British Museum were removed to South Kensington and rearranged there in 28x-8, the new museum being opened to the public in 28x. The collections comprise all branches of natural history. A morphological series in the central hall; a collection of domesticated animals; a series of meets illustrating economic soology; galleries of mammals, including what s; birds and their nester, sinks, reptiles; insects, shells; corrais; sponges, &c; is nesten to the standard of the contraction of the standard of the standard of the series of meets of the series of minerals, rocks, and meteorities, with series of specimens forming introductions to their study. The administrative expenses were estimated at £102,772 in 1921-28x. Axog, 771 in 2021-32. Director, C. Tate Regan, M A., D SC, F R.S. £2,200 to £2,500 £ago to £440 Keeper of Zoology, W. T. Calman, D. S. . F. S. . £2,000 Deputy Keepers, M. A. C. Hinton; G. C. Robson, M. Keeper of Ceramics and Ethnography, Robert L. £390 to £390 to £390 to £400 Keeper of Entomology, Maj. E. E. Austen, D s o. Tains, W. E. China, B.A.; H. Scott, Sc. D.

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Thursdays, 6d.; other days free; closed for cleaning on Friday till s p.m. Hours:—April x till opt. 32, nos. m. till 6 p.m. (Sundays s to 6 p.m.); Nov. x to March 2z, zo a.m. to 4 p.m. (Sundays to 4 p.m.).

The London Museum was instituted, on the lines of the Carnavalet at Paris, for the conservation of antiquities and other objects associated with the his-tory of London. The Collection was originally housed in Kensington Palace, and was reopened in 1914 at Lancaster House.

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The Ectence Museum was instituted in 1833 under the Science and Art Department as a part of the South Kennington Museum, and opened in 1833 to 16 the South Kennington Museum, and opened in 1833 to 16 the South Kennington Huseum, and opened in 1833 to 16 the Art Collections, which were transferred to the Victoria and Albert Museum. The Collections in the Science Museum illustrate the application of science to industry and the development of scientific and industrial Engineering, Land Transport and Construction; (a) Water Transport and Construction; (b) Water Transport and Transport and Construction; (b) Water Transport and Transport of Science and Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science (c) Science and Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Science (c) Scie

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except Good Friday and Christmas Day. Admisston free. Persons desiring the use of the Library must apply for a tacket. The Indian Section, containing collections illustrating the arts and industries of the Indian Empire, is situated in the Imperial Institute Road; open free every day, same hours as above. On Sundays the Indian Section and all other Departments of the Museum, with the exception of the Library and the Circulation Department, are open from s.30 p.m. till 6 p.m. Casts of various objects in the Museum, and also from Sculptures in the British Museum, can be obtained to order on application to the Department for the Supply of Casts.

The history of the Museum may be said to begin in 182, when the Museum may be said to begin in 182, when the Museum to Ornamental Art-was founded at Marihorough House The collection consisted of certain objects which had been purchased at the 1832 Exhibition, "on account of the excellence of their art and workmanship," at a cost of 5.5, 200, together with other specimens purchased for the use of the various Echocis of Design since 1827, and dispersed among them, Additions have since been made by purchase, gift, and bequest. The Museum contains nine departments, viz.:—Architecture and Sculpture; Oeramios; Hingravier, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818, 1818,

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Assistant Keeper (First Vissey, H.C. Andrews 5475 to 5800
Assistant Keeper (Second Usasa), A. W. Wheen;
P. B. James (Secondary to Advisory Vouncil), J.
Wardrop, ... 5828 to 5440

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Department of Metalunge.

Deputy Kepper, A. J. Koop
Assistant Keeper (First Class), Maj. C. T. P. Balley
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BETHNAL GREEN MUSEUM.

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BETHNAL GREEN MUSEUM.

Bethnal Green, Cambridge Rosd, S. a.—
Branch of Victoria and Albert Museum. Collections of pictures, furniture, pottery, textiles,
British birds. Section for objects of special
interest to children. Free daily (closed Good
Friday and Christmas Day); Mon., Th., to a.m. to
to p.m.; Tu., Wed., Fri., Sat., to a.m. to 6 p.m.
Assistant Keeper (First Class), A. K. Sabin £475 to £800

#### SIMPERIAL WAR MUSEUM.

Imperial Institute Road, S. Kensington, S.W. 9. Open free daily (except Good Friday and Christmas Day), 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays 2.30 p.m. to 6 p.m.

a.30 p.m. to 6 p.m.

The formation of a collection connected with the War, was approved by the War Cabinet on March 8, 207. The Imperial War Museum Act received the early Assent on July 8 2020 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 1 Curator and Sec , Charles John floulkes, o, B.E., F S.A.

#### SNATIONAL GALLERY, Trafalgar Square, W.C. a

Open 10-4, 5 or 6, according to season. Paying days (6d.), Thursday and Friday. Open free other days; Sunday, from 2 to 4, 5 or 6. Closed on Good Friday. Christmas Eve, and Christmas Day

Christmas Day.

The National Gallery is the result of a Parliamentary grant of \$50,000 in 1884 for the purchase and Exhibition of the Angerstein collection of pictures, the present building being opened in 1882 and enlarged in 1885, 1895, 1897, 2021. Rost and 1930. The cost of administration of the National Galleries (Trafalgar Square and Millburn) in 1831-29 was estimated at \$23,000.

Director, A M Daniel £2,100

Keeper and Secretary, C H Collins Baker £900

Assistants, H I Kay; E K Waterhouse £250 to £600

Higher Cerical Officer, F G. Thompkins £300 to £400

#### (NATIONAL GALLERY, MILLBANK. (The Tate Gallery), Millbank, S.W. z.

Students' days, Tuesday and Wednesday, 6d; ther days free. For hours and Sundays see other days free. National Gallery.

TREMOUBLY TREETY.

The National Gallery. Millbank, better known as "The Tate (tallery," was opened in 1897 on the site of Millbank Gao, the cost of erection (1806,000) being borne by Sir Henry Tate, who also contributed the nucleus of the present collection. The "Turner Wing," hunt at the expense of the late Sir Joseph Juveen. Senr, was opened to the public in soo. The fallery now includes a gallery for Modern Foreign Art and a gallery for Modern Foreign Art and a gallery for Modern Foreign Art and a gallery for the sent of the gallery for the sent of the six open language works, opened in 1896, the gift of Sir Joseph Integer.

. . . £1,000 £250 to £600 £250 to £600

#### **SNATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY.** St. Martin's Place, Charing Cross, W.C. z.

Open free on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday from so to 4, 5, or 6, according to season; free on Sunday, 2, 30 to 5, 30 (a to 4 in winter); Thursday and Friday (Students' days) admission 6d from so to 4 or s.

The first grant to the institution was made in 1855, the collections being successively housed in Green teleorge Street, Westminster, in South Kensington, and in Bethnail Green The present building was opened in 1896, 250,000 being contributed to its cost by Mr W H Alexander; an extension is now being erected at the 100000 being contributed to the cost by Mr W H Alexander; and extension is now being erected at the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of the cost of 

Admission 6d. on Tuesdays and Fridays; other days free. Open on weekdays to a.m. to 5 p.m. ; Sundays a p.m. to 5 p.m. Official lectures daily (Wed. excepted) at 3 p.m., and Saturday at 22 noon. Closed on Good Friday, Christmas Eve and Christmas Day.

The Wallace Collection was bequeathed to the nation by the widow of Sir Ild Wallace, Et., a.c. b., m. r. in 250, and Hertford House was subsequently acquired by the Government The collection includes pictures, drawings and miniatures, French furniture, bronzes, porcelain, armour, and miscellaneous objets darf. The expenses were estimated at £12,475 in 1931

Keeper d Secretary, S J. Camp, F R A .... £900 Assistants to Keeper, J. G. Mann, M A, R Litt, F S A, W. P. Gibson, R.A. ... £250 to £600

# NATIONAL LIBRARY OF WALES. Aberystwyth.

Open free on weekdays, to a.m. to 5 p.m.; closed on Sundays.

Founded by Royal Charter, 1907, and maintained by annual grant from the Treasury Contains over 200,000 printed books, together with valuable MNS, and rare printed books in Welsh and other Celtic languages One of the six libraries entitled to certain privileges under Copyright Act

Librarian, W. Ll. Davies, M A

#### NATIONAL MUSEUM OF WALES, Cardiff. Amgueddfa Genedlaethol Cymru.

Open free on weekdays, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Apr.-Sept , 8 p.m.); Sundays (admission 3d.) 2.30 to

Sept., 8 p.m.); Sundays (admission 3d.) 2.30 to 5 p.m. Founded by Royal Charter, 2907, and maintained by Annual Grant Form the Government and Museum rate from the Cardin City Council. The collections consist of the Cardin City Council. The collections consist of the Cardin City Council. The collections consist of the Cardin City Council The Cardin City Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Council Cou

President, Sir William Reardon Smith, Bt , p 1. Vice-President and Acting Treasurer, Rt. Hon. the

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Earl of Pijmonth Director, Dr. Cyril Fox, F.S.A.

Necretary, A. H. Lee, M. C.

Kerpers (Festlory), Dr. F. J. North, F.O.S.; (Botany)

H. A. Hydo, M.A.; (Zoology) Colin Matheson, M.A.; (Archaeology), V. E. Nash-Williams, M.A., F.S.A.; (Art), Issae J. Williams, M.A., F.S.A.;

#### NATIONAL GALLERY OF SCOTLAND. Mound, Edinburgh.

Open free Sun. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter); Open free Suil. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter);
Mon, Tu., Wedl, Sat., to 2,m. to 5 p.m. (4 in
winter). Admission 6d. Thurs. and Fri., to 2,m.
to 5 p.m. (4 in winter).

Director, Stanley Curster, 0 B E, A.R.R.A, E.E.W.

Keeper, A. E. Haswell Miller, R N.W.

Secretary, Robort Monotrieff

#### SCOTTISH NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY

Queen Street, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays, to a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter). Not open on Sundays.

Director, Stanley Cursiter, o B.E., A.R.S.A., R.S.W. Keeper, A. E. Haswell Miller, R.S.W. Secretary, Robert Moncrieff.

#### MATIONAL MUSEUM OF ARTIQUITIES OF SCOTLAND,

Queen Street, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays, zo a.m. to 5 p.m. (4 in winter). Not open on Sundays.

Director, J Graham Callander.

Assistant Keeper Arthur J. H. Edwards

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF SCOTLAND. Parliament House, Edinburgh.

Open free on weekdays to a.m. to 5 p.k..;
Saturdays, ze to z. Not open on Sundays.
Under the National Library of Roothand Act, 2285,
the Advocates' Library, Edinburgh, became the
National Library of Scotland
Onderman of the Trustees, Rt. Hon. Sir Herbert
Maxwell, Bt.

Librarian of the National Library, Henry William Meikie, v litt.

#### OTHER LIBRARIES, MUSEUMS, &c.

ASHMOLEAN MUSEUM, Oxford. — Art and Archeological collections of the University. Arambological collections of the University Randolph and Egyptian Soulpture galleries; Meditsval room; Arundel vestibule; Dept. of Antiquities (with Cretan Collection); Dept. of Fine Art (with Raphael and Michelangelo drawings, &c.). Open daily so to 4, admission 6d.; free after a p m.: Sundays, a to 4, free

od.; free after 2 p m.: Sundays, 2 to 4, free (Term time only).

Resper of the Ashmolean and Dept. of Antiquities,

E. T. Loeds, M.A.

Keeper of Dept. of Fine Art, K. M. Clark, M.A.

BEDE LIBRARY (Theological), 36 Eccleston

Square, London, S.W. z.

Warden, Roy. Gillert Shaw

Brownstan Ashm. All INDY AND MUSEUM.

BIRMINGHAM ART GALLERY AND MUSEUM. Open free daily xo to 5; Wednesdays to 8;

Sundays a to 5.

Bodleian Library and Picture Gallery, Oxford (one of the 6 Copyright Libraries). - Open

Oxion (one of the Scopyright Libraries).—Open daily from 9 to 7; Sadmission to visitors 3d.

Boiley's Librarian, (vacant).

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY, Senate House Yard, Cambridge (one of the 6 Copyright Libraries).—Open daily from 9.30 to 4; Saturdays

9 to 1.30.
Lthravian, A. F Scholfield, M.A.
CARLYLE'S HOUSE, 24 Cheyne Row, Chelses, S. W. 3.—Maintained as a nuseum by the
Carlyle's House Memorial Trust. Open daily so

Carlyle's House Memorial Trust. Open daily zo a.m. to sunset, zs. (6d. Saturdays) Hon. Secretary, Miss Duplue Sanger CUMING MUSEUM, Central Library, Walworth Road, S.E. zy.—Natural History, "Folk" relics, "Bygones," Royal relics, Marshalsea Pump. Tinworth panels. Open free daily, zs noon (Sat. zo a.m.) to 8 30 p.m.; Sun., 6 to 9 p.m. DAVID COPPERFIELD LIBRARY, Somers Town, Paraton Panel N. W.

Buston Road, N.W. z.
DIOKENS MUSEUM AND LIBRARY, 48 Doughty
Street, London, W.C. z (Dickens Fellowship).
Open daily zo to g (Sundays and Bank Holidays
excepted); admission zs.

The Lorence Allege Gouch Source Float

DR. JOHNSON'S HOUSE, Gough Square, Fleet Street, London, E.C. 4—Open daily from 10.3 of to 4.30 or g (according to season); admission 5d. Not open on Sundays. Entrance through Johnson's Court. Fleet Street, or through Wine Office Court

DOUGLAS, I. OF MAN, Manx Museum, Library and Art Gallery (established under Act of Tyn-

wald 1886 and 1899).
Gurator, P. M. C. Kermode, M. A., F.B.A., Scot.
Librarian and Sec., W. Cubbon.

Firswilliam Mussum, Trumpington Street, Cambridge.—Art collections of the University. Numerous Picture and Sculpture galleries.

Library. Open free daily so to 4, or 5 (according to season); Sundays from z to 4, or 5. Closed first Wednesday of each month.

Director, S. C. Cockerell, Litt D.

GEFFRYE MUSEUM, Kingsland Road, E. 2 (formerly Ironmongers Almshouses).

Exhibition of old furniture, period rooms, staircases, mantelpieces, doorways, panellings, carvings, and relics of vanishing London of antiquarian and artistic interest. Thursday evening lectures on furniture and allied arts. Maintained by L.C.C.

Open free from 12 am. to 6 p.m. on week-days, and a p.m. to 6 p.m. on Sundays. Not open on Mondays (except Bank Holidays).

GLASGOW.—Corporation Art Gallery, Kelvingrove Park. Open free Mon., Wed., Fri. o a.m. to 5 p.m.: Tu., Th., Sat ro a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays.

days a to s.

GAPS 2 to 5.

GLASSOW.—Royal Glasgow Institute of Fine
Arts, 270 Sauchiehall Street.

Scortury, George Middlemass, c.a. (actiny).

GUILDHALL LEBRAEY, MUSRUM, ARD ART

GALLERY, Guildhall, London, E.C.a.—Admission

and Town and Town art of free from 10 to 5 March to Sept. and from 10 to 4. Oct. to Feb. Library and Newspaper Room open daily so to 6

Librarian, Curator of the Museum, and Director, Art (fallery, J. L. Douthwaite. Asst. ('urator, Museum, Quintin Waddington, r s.a.

HOGARTH'S HOUSE, Hogarth Lane, Chiswick, W. 4.—Open Mon., Wed., Sat. May z to Aug. 3z, zr to 5; Sept. z to April 30, zz to 3. Admission 6d.

HOME OFFICE INDUSTRIAL MUSRUM, 97 Horse-ferry Road, Westminster, S.W. z.—A permanent exhibition of methods, arrangements and appliances for promoting safety, health and welfare of industrial workers. Open every weekday so a.m. to s p.m., and a to 4 p.m. Visits at other times by arrangement with the Director Admission free. Persons under 18 not admitted except in parties for instructional purposes.

Director, Sir Gerald Bellhouse, c s. (H.M. Chief In-

spector of Factories)

HORNIMAN MUSEUM AND LIBRARY, London Rd., Forest Hill, S.E. 23(L.C.C.).—Natural History of Man and Animals. Admission free. Weekdays:--11 a.m. till 5.30, 6, or 7 p.m., according to season. Sundays throughout the year from a to 8 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays and on Christmas

Day.

(urator, Dr. H S Harrison

HULL.—Ferens Art Gallery. Continuous discollection of pictures. Also Spring and Autumn Open Exhibitions. Admission free daily to to 5; Sundays a. 30 to 4. 30.

Curator, Vincent Galloway.

KEATS MEMORIAL HOUSE, Keats Grove, Hamp-

stead, N.W.3.—Open free Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays so to 6 April to Sept., so to 4 Oct. to March. Other times by appointment. Tel. Hampstead 206s. Keats Museum (adjoining)

open every weekday 20.30 to 8.

Resident Curator, F. Edgeunbe,
LAMBETH PALACE LIBRARY, Lambeth, S.E. z. Open to readers on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 10 to 4 (May to July, 10 to 4.90 and forence on Tuesdays. A large collection of Kentish books, prints, and Diocesan history. Closed at Christmas and Easter, in September, and early part of October.

LEEDS ART GALLERY. -- Open free daily 20 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Wed. and Sat. re a.m. to 9 p.m.; Sunday a 30 to 5 p.m.; Director, (vacant).

LENGHTON HOUSE, 28 Holland Park Road, Kensington, W. 14.—Arab hall, edilection of Lord Leighton's aketohes and pictures, and works by well-known Kennington and other artists.

Open free M., Tu. and Th. zz to 3; Wed. and Fri.
zz to z; Sat. zz to s. Closed on Sundays.

INVERPOOL. — Walker Art Gallery. Roscoe collection of Old Masters and large collection of Modern Paintings. The gallery is undergoing extensive alterations and large extension. Closed to public at present.

LONDON LIBRARY, St. James's Square, S.W. z. Sec. and Librarian, Dr. C. T. Hagberg Wright.

MANCHESTER ART GALLERY, Mosley Street.— Open free daily so a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays 2.30 to g. Curator, Lawrence Haward, M.A.

MANCHESTER.-Chetham Library. Open free daily 9.30 to 5; Saturdays 9.30 to 4.

MANCHESTER. - The John Rylands Library, Deansgate. Open to holders of Readers' Tickets (forms of application to be obtained from Librarian) Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, zo to 6; Tuesdays and Fridays, zo to 9; Saturdays, zo to 2. Public admitted to view exhibition and main hall, Tuesdays and Fridays, a to 6.

NATIONAL CENTRAL LIBRARY, Galen Place, Bury Street, Loudon, W.C.x. Books may be borrowed through any public or other library in England and Wales.

Librarian, Luxmoore Newcombe

NATIONAL LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND (1884), 35 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W. x; Northern Branch, 5 St. John Street, Manchester. —Open free daily. 184,612 volumes (including music) in Braille and Moon types.

See and Librarius, Miss O I Prince.

NEWGASTLE-UPON-TYNE, Laing Art Gallery and Museum.—Admission free, daily 10 to 6 (Fridays a p.m. to 6 p m.; Saturdays 10 a.m. to

8 p.m.); Sundays 3 to 5 p m. Curator, C Bernard Stevenson

NORWICH CASTLE MUSEUM, Norwich.—"Norwich School" pictures and Industrial Art; pre-historic, Roman and other antiquities, &c.

NOTTINGHAM MUSEUM AND ART GALLERY. The Castle, Nottingham.—Open ros.m. to 6 p.m. (Winter), 8.30 p.m. (Summer), free; Fridays ro to 4 (or 6), admission 6d.; Sundays 2 to 5, admission rd.

PARKES MUSEUM of the Royal Sanitary Institute, so Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W.z., contains various sanitary appliances and exhibits relating to health and hygiene; there is a large library of sanitary and public health literature. The Museum is open free daily from 10 to 5; Saturdays 20 to 2.

PASTEL SOCIETY, Royal Institute Galleries, Piccadilly, London, W. z.—Exhibitions open in January.

PATRIT OFFICE LIBRARY .- See p. 406.

PEPYSIAN LIBRARY, Magdalene College, Cambridge —Collection bequestied by Samuel Pepys. Open free on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays 12 to z, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays 2.30

to 3.30.
Librarian, F. McD. C. Turner, M.A. PRIVATE PICTURE GALLERIES. - There are many private collections of pictures in the great house of London, admission to which can usually be obtained by written application beforehand. Among the most notable are those at Appley

House, Hyde Park Corner (Duke of Wellington); Bridgevater House, Flocadilly (Earl of Ellesmere); Doughty House, Elchmond (Sir F. L. Cook, Et.); Holland House, Kensington Road (Earl of Ilchester); Lansdowne House, Curzon Street (Marquess of Lansdowne).

PUBLIC REGORD OFFICE. - See p. 834.

RADCLIFFE CAMERA, Oxford.—Reading room for Bodleian.—Open daily to a.m. to to p.m.; admission (for visitors) ad.

BOYAL ACADEMY OF ARTS, Burlington House, Piccadilly, London, W. z (founded in zy68).— Exhibition of works by living artists, open from ast Monday in May to first week of August, from o to 7; admission ss. 6d.; catalogue, ss. Exhibition of works by old masters, British and Foreign artists, 8 weeks from middle of January, from zo till g; admission, zs. 6d.; catalogue, zs. Gibson and Diploma Galleries, free, daily (exc. Sundays), from xx to 4, catalogue ze

ROYAL CAMBRIAN ACADEMY OF ART, Plas Mawr, Conway, North Wales. Annual Ex-hibition June to Sept. (inclusive). Plas Mawr, a beautiful Elizabethan mansion, is open daily (exc. Sundays) from 10 to dusk all the year round.

ROYAL SCOTTISH ACADEMY, Princes Street, Edinburgh.—Annual Exhibition of works by living artists, middle of April to end of August; admission, zo to 5.30, ze; 6.30 to 9.30, 6d.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF PAINTERS IN WATER COLOURS, 195 Piccadilly, London, W. 1. — Exhibitions open to all artists, March 23 to May 29; admission 28.

ROY'L INSTITUTE OF OIL PAINTERS, 195 Piccadilly, London, W. z.—Open from Oct. to mid-Nov., admission 18.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF PAINTERS IN WATER COLOURS, 5A Pall Mall East, London, S.W. 2 (founded in 2804).—Exhibitions confined to the works of Members and Associates are held in March and October; admission ss.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS, Lincoln's Inn , Fields, London, W.C. a.—Admission to the Museum by order of Members, or on application to the Secretary or (lonservator, Monday to Friday, so to 5; Saturday, 10 to 1. Closed Friday, to t

ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY'S LIBRARY, Northumberland Avenue, W.C.s.

ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY, Kensington Gore, S.W. 7.-Map room open to public free.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF ARTS, Adelphi, London, W.C. a.—Barry's Pictures in the Great Hall. Admission free, daily, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 2.

ROYAL UNITED SERVICE MUSEUM, Banqueting ROYAL UNITED SERVICE MUSEUM, Banqueting Hall, Whitehall, London, S.W. r.—Rubens's celebrated celling (new flood-lighting), models of Trafalgar and Waterloo; interesting naval and multary relies; modelstypifying the development of weapons, ships and aeroplanes for the fighting services. Admission to the Museum 1s., daily (except Sunday); 6d. after noon on Saturdays. H.M. Forces in uniform, free. 29 to 8. days. H.M. Forces in uniform, free. 20 to s.

St. Bride Foundation Institute, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, London, E.C. 4. St. Delniou's Library, Hawarden, Flintshire. Warden, Rt. Rev. W. F. Wentworth-Shellds, D.D.

SHEFFIELD .- Museum and Mappin Art Gailery, Weston Park. Open free to to 5 (Oct. to March); 6 (April and Sept.); 7 (May and Aug.); 8.30 (June and July); Sundays, a to 5 p.m. Curstor, J. W. Bagaley

SIE JOHN SOANE'S, 13 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C. a.—The interesting house of the famous architect of the Bank of England, built in 1812, and maintained in its original condition, containing valuable collections and pictures by Mogarth, Watteau, Canaletto, Reynolds, Turner, &c., the alabaster sarcophagus of Seti I. (B.C. 1370), and many architectural, sculptural and antiquarian treasures. Open free on Tuesdays, Miduarian treasures. Open free of fluescays, and Fridays from March to August inclusive; and on Thursdays and Fridays in October and November. Closed for the month of September. Hours, 10,20 to 5, in November to 4. For permission to view on other days apply by letter or personally. A list of publications of the Museum will be sent on application.

Curator, Arthur T. Bolton, r.s.a., r.s.i.b.a. Welloome Historical Medical Museum, 54 Wigmore Street, London, W.z.—Dally, so to 5.30; Saturdays, so to z. Admission, Medical men, dental and veterinary, pharmacists, nurses and research workers on presentation of card; others

on application to

Conservator, L. W. G. Malcolm, M.Sc., F.R.S. E. WESLEY'S HOUSE MUSEUM, 47 City Road, London, E. C. z.—Interesting relics of John and Charles Wesley. Open week-days from zo to z

Unkries Wessey. Upon weardays non ac to a and a to 4, charge 6d. Warden, key George H. McNeal, M. Curator, Rev W. O. Barratt. WHITECHAPEL ART GALLERY, High Street, Whitechapel, London, E. z. Stations, Aldgate and Aldgate East.—Loan Exhibitions held here and Aldgate East.—Loan Exhibitions held here are admission from weekdays as to during year. Admission free, weekdays as to 9 p.m.; Sundays a to 9 p.m. DR. WILLIAMS TRUST (AND LIBRARY), Gordon Square, London, W.C. 2.

Nec., Rev. J. Worthington, B.A. Librarian, S. K. Jones, B.A.

WOOLWICH ROTUNDA MUSEUM, S.E. 18.—The circular building, now known as the Rotunda and used as a Museum of Artillery, was originally the tent erected in St. James's Park on the occasion of the visit of the allied Sovereigns in 2814; it contains a collection of ancient and modern guns, rifles, models of ships, &c., modern guns, rifles, models of ships, &c., daily, free, from x April to 20 Sept., xo a.m. to xz.45 p.m., and from s p.m. to 5; x Oct. to 3x March, from xo to xz.45 and from s to 4; x Oct. to 5; March, from xo to xz.45 and from s to 4; x to 4 p.m. Arrrangements can be made to conduct parties and schools round the museum on application to the Secretary, R.A. Institution, Woodwich S.E. x8 Woolwich, S.E. 28
YORK.—Yorkshire Museum, founded in z8az.

Open a to 5; admission 12. Collections of Yorkshire pottery and porcelain, medieval pottery, Roman and medieval antiquities, flint, stone and bronze implements, mediaval archi-

tecture, geology, etc.

Keeper, Dr Walter E. Collinge, F S A

ONATIONAL DEBT OFFICE,

o MATIONAL DEST OFFICE,

10 Old Jewry, E.C. z.

The National Debt Commissioners were appointed under as (see 111, c. z. (1789), by which a permanent slinking Fund was to be established, and a sum of Asso.com issued a be established, and a sum of Asso.com issued a National Debt. Supplies the supplies of the commissioner of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the St

Lord Chief Justice, the Accountant-General of the Supreme Court, and the Governor and Peputy-Governor of the Bank of England. The not administrative expenses of the Board were estimated at \$3,599 in 1967-28. Comptroller-General, Engineer and Pepulser Com-

§ NATIONAL INSURANCE AUDIT DEPT.

Head Office, 17 North Audley Street, W. 1.
By the National Health Insurance Acts, 2004-1008, 11
Browled that the accounts of Approved Societies and
Branches, and Insurance Committees shall be submitted
to sudd it y auditors appointed by the Treasury. This
Department was created by the Treasury Minute of
August 5 research. August 6, zoza.

Chief Auditor & Secretary, W. A. Middleton, o.B.E.

Leso to Soo Inspectors of Audit, (5); Senior Auditors, (13), Audi-tors, (24); Senior Assistant Auditors, (27).

§ H.M. NAUTICAL ALMANAC OFFICE. Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S.E. zo.

The "Nautical Almanac" was first published for 2767, by the Board of Longitude. The office is now under the control of H M Board of Admiralty. Superintendent, L J. Comrie, rh.D , r.R.A.S. Specito Spec

# 

The Royal Observatory was founded by Charles II in x67s, the building, designed by Moore and Wren, heing orened in x67s. The administrative expenses of the Observatory are estimated at about £8,000 annually Astronomer Royal, Sir F.W. Dyson, K.B.R , LL D , F R.S. £2,000 to £2,000

£300 to £400

Royal Observatory.

Blackford Hill, Rdinburgh.—£2,657.

Astronomer Royal for Scotland, R. A. Sampson, p.sc., First Asst Astronomer, J Storey, F.R. A. 8, 5350 to 5450 Asst. Astronomers, R. W. Wrigley, M.A.; E. A. Baker,

R.S. See to Sage

Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope.

Astronomer, Harold Spencer Jones, M.A., Sc. D., F.R.S.

£657 to £1.057

Chief Assist., Herbert Horrocks, M.A., F.R.A.S.

£667 to £867

Assistants, R. W. Cheesman; A. J. Wilkin; J. W. 

DEPARTMENT OF OVERSEAS TRADE. (Under the joint control of the Fereign Office and

the Board of Trade).

35 Old Queen Street, S.W. z. (Victoria co4c.)

City Branch Office, 73 Basinghall Street, E.C. a.
(Metropolitan 4713.)

For H. M. Trade Commissioners, see p. co.

For Commercial Diplomatic Officers see pp. 785 to 877 (Complete Edition). This Department was formed during the autumn of Comptroller-General, Sir E. T. F. Crowe, K.C.K.G... £2,800 Private Secretary, R. H. Owen. 

o.s. (Travel Asso., Great Britain and Ireland):
J. J. Hollowny; A. B. Marchant; S. A. Descon;
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C. M. Pickthall (acting), T. L. Relton, M. S. L.
Sentor Executive Officers, J. N. Goad: A. A. Longden,
D. S., O. R.; J. H. Jones (Figure 2014)
Accountant); J. L. Butler (acting); S. J. Graham
acting) Higher Executive Officers, G. F. Rivers; J. Ridler (Deputy Finance Officer), Miss F. M. Wood, M.R.

#### BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORIES.

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		Altitude.	Position.		
Observatory.	Director.	Metres.	Long. E. or W.	Let. N. or 8	
Armagh	Rev. W. F. A. Ellison, M.A	28 )	и. м. я. о яб 35 W	ga za's N	
Dunfunk Durham University	Charles Martin (Acting) Committee (Chairman, G. R. Goldsborough)	96 xo8	0 25 81 W	55 93'n N 54 46'z N	
Edinburgh Glasgow University Greinvich Norman Lockyer (Salcombe Hill,	(See ahove) Professor L. Becker, ph.n (See ahove) Major W. J. S. Lookyer, m.a., ph n	246 55 47 272	6 IS 44 W 6 I7 II W 6 0 6 6 IS 53 W	55 55 5 N 55 50 7 N 51 98 6 N 50 41 8 N	
Devon). Oxford (University)	The Savilian Prof. of Astronomy H Knox-Shaw, M a., D.Sc Prof Herbert Dingle, B Sc., Sec. R.A B Rev E. D. O'Connor, S.J., N.A Prof. L N. G. Filon, M v., DSc., P.R B	6g 11 117	0 5 0 W 0 5 3 W 0 0 42 W 0 9 53 W	51 45.6 N 51 46.6 N 52 80.8 N 53 80.6 N	
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(Registrar); A. Froude (Retablishment Officer); F. Hollings (Deputy Accountant); G. V. Honey; S. O. Gray; Miss. A. J. Pligrin; G. M. Herring (acting); A. H. Piko (acting); Men); £300 to £400 (Women) Executive (Piners, Miss. S. Cooper; G. W. Dainty; J. H. Devine; V. G. Fikins; W. H. J. Gillham (Assistant Accountant); Miss. M. K. Gooderham; I. Harrison; V. W. Hatton; C. J. Honewood; Miss. S. Naish; E. H. Osborne; C. N. Pattrick, W. T. Pawley (Assistant Accountant); J. T. Proscott; F. L. Sharp (Assistant Accountant); C. E. Thorogood; W. M. Wilson; W. H. Young; F. A. Barnes (acting)

Thorogood; W. M. Wilson; W. H. Young; F. A. Barnes (ecting)
Stoo to Sec (Men); Loc to Sec (Women)
Higher Ciercial Officera, F. Bull, S. W. Rose (Librarian); R. C. P. Hughes; W. H. Hook; F. A.
Hubbard; I. Cohen; F. Doy (Assistant Accountant),
W. E. Rumble; D. Broad; Mrs. F. M. Edmonds
(Asst Repistrar); C. B Gascoin; G. Harrison; R. S.
King; C. E. Meager; F. A. L. Borrowdale; A. J.
Germain; H. W. Swain; H. S. Clarke (acting);
Miss M. S. Piedge (acting); I. E. Maclean-Hayes
(acting); Miss M. E. Andrews (Assistant Repistrar)
(acting); Miss M. E. Andrews (Assistant Repistrar)
(acting); Syos to Leco (Men); L. Sayo to Syoo Women)

Enquiry Room Cleris, A. Gunsberg; J. F Payne Chief Superintendent of Typists, Miss M. G. R. Beres-

Overseas Trade Development Council. Special Commissioner, L. B. G. S. Beale, c. s. Z. ,700

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

South Kensington, S.W. 7.

The Imperial Institute was erected as a memorial of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1837-189). The Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1837-189). The Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1837-189). The Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1837-189). The Jubilee of Queen Victoria (1837-189). The Jubilee of the Jubilee of the Exhibition Galleries are open to the public free from 20 a.m. to 5 pm (Sundays 20 p.m. to 6 pm) After a complete reorganisation of the exhibits and their disposition in the various Courts, the collections illustrate the products and also the seenery and life of the different countries of the British Empire. There is a Central Stand for distribution of literature and for dealing with enquiries. Lecture demonstrations are given to parties from the schools and to members of the public at stated times. A Chinema has been installed in which films are above daily free, depicting the life, sports and industries of the Products begannest. This department deals with all investigations and enquiries relating to Foodstaffs, Oil-seeds, Essential Oils, Rubber, Fibres, Tobacco, Timbers, Gunns and Resins, and such-like products. An Advisory council has been appointed, and technical advisory committees, including representatives of the trades or industries concerned, co-operate in the work on Rubber, Timber, Silk, Vegetable Fibres, Animal Fibres, Tanning Materials, Hides and Nims, Essential Oils and Resins, and Oils seeds. (3) Mineral Resources Department. This department is responsible for dealing with all enquiries and the Mineral Las been appointed and there are g advisory technical compatities, each dealing with a special group of minerals and metals.

Boand of Governors.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

President, The Parliamentary Secretary, Department

President, The Parliamentary Scoretary, Department of Courseas Trade,

Fice-President, Sir E. T. F. Crowe, x c.m.c. (Comptroller-General, Department of Overseus Trade),

Scorelsry, Captain F. B. H. Drummond, x.c.

The Score of Governors is sessioned by a Managing

Committee and a Laboratory Committee, as well

as by the Advisory Councils and Technical Committees.

as by the Advisory Councils and Technical Committees.
PRINGPLA OFFICERS.
Director, Lt. Gen. Sir W. T. Furre, R.C. B., D.S.O.
Secretary, Captain F. H. B. Drummond, M.C.
Plant and Antinal Products Department, H. Brown,
o.R.P. (Principal); E. Goulding, D.S.C. (Vice-Principal); B. E. Chandler, D.S. (Chief Assistant); J. R.
Furlong, Ph.D. (Superintendent Laboratories).
Misseral Resources Department, T. Crook, A.R.S.O.,
r.o.s. (Principal); S. J. Johnstone, B.S.O., R.C. (ViceRrincipal); W. O. R. Wynn, F.L. (Superintendent
Laboratories).

Misseric Galleries, H. Spooner (Curator).

#### SPATEMT OFFICE

(and Industrial Property Department, Board of Trade), as Southampton Buildings, W.C. s.

The prerogative of the Crown to grant monopolies was limited by as Junes I. c. 3 to the grant of Letters Fatent for New Inventions, and the control of much grants was transferred to the Board of Trade by #6 £47 Vict. a. gr. The duties of the Department, which deals mainly with the granting of patents, the registration of designs and trade marks, and with questions relating to literary and artistic copyright, are performed by a Comptroller-General with a staff of officials. For the year 1920 the expenditure was £441,193, and the revenue from fees, &c. was £556.475.

L. F. Coulman; W. H. Languadd; P. H. Knapman; W. A. Rowe; W. E. Watte; L. H. Duncanson; R. M. Colmer; L. R. W. Poole; W. Langutaff; H. F. Gill; E. C. Catterali; A. W. Clarke; J. L. Gfrling; V. F. Dorey; L. S. Morris; P. F. Thompson; G. Roberts; G. James; F. H. Overell; H. S. Hole; A. H. Virgo; O. W. Gundry; H. N. O. Smith; W. Glass; D. H. Beed; E. S. Arundel; J. J. Breslin; B. G. Lane; R. Cary; F. H. Moore; T. H. Martin; A. C. Rufihend; R. A. Palley; N. E. Kearley; P. H. Goffey; R. C. E. Yarnold; R. J. Bann; A. W. Snoad; G. H. Carruthers; G. M. Westrip; R. W. Riddet

Tarnold; R. J. Bann; A. W. Snoad; G. H. Carruthers; C. M. Westrip; R. W. Riddet

Sage to See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See or See

Deputy Librarian, W. E. White ... £350 to £450

Keeper of Cotton Marks (Manchester Branch), Mitton ...... ... ... £450 to £ .. .£450 to £600 

#### SPAYMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Whitehall, S.W. z.

The Paymaster General & Office was formed by the consolidation in sign of various separate pay departments then existing, some of which dated back at least to the Restoration of side. Other offices were incorporated in side. Its function is that of paying sgent for the different Government Departments, other than the Revenue Departments. The majority of its payments are made through banks (to whose accounts the necessary transfers are made at the Bank of Regisand), but cash payments are also made, and the payment of pendions is an important feature of its work. The Establishment expenses were estimated at £58,000 in 1931-32.

Paymaster General (see p. 169) .. Assistant Paymaster General, Roland Wilkins, c B.

#### OMINISTRY OF PENSIONS.

18 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W. z. The amount required to defray the salaries and expenses of the Ministry and for sundry contributions in respect of the Administration of the Act, was estimated at £10, 200, 400 for 193 - 32. Maj. Rt. Hon. G. C. Tryon, 18.1. . . . . . . . . £2,000 Private Secs., I. Powell; C. A. Pearce, M.B.B., M.C. Do (Party), Maj. A. J. Edmundson, M.F. ...unp. Permanent Secretary, Sir George Chrystal, M. S. Sa, Sec. Private Necrotary, R. Herbert.

General Administration.

Awards.

Accounts.

Accountunt-General, W. Sanger, c.a., J. F. . £1,200
Deputy do , R. A. Ledgard, c.a. . . £850 to £1,000
Assistant Accountant Ucurral, J. D. Stowart, c.a. £5720 to £820

Pension Issue Office.

£750 to £850

Special Grants Committee. Secretary (Senior Principal Clerk), F. G. Hinks, o.B.E. £750 to £850

Headquarters—Executive and Clerical. Senior Principal Clerk, A. W. Rowe, o.n.n

Principal Clerks, S. Aldridge, o.m. s. 750 to 6840
Principal Clerks, S. Aldridge, o.m. s. 750 to 6840
Attimson, D. S. o., m. s. 7 to C. J. Attimson, D. S. o., m. s. 7 to C. Blotham, A. R. Campbell; W. A. G. Christie, R. R. Cobb, M. R. S. J. A. Cutforth, o. m. s.; P. I. Davies, M. S. S. A. C. Dodd, G. J. Gilbert, M. S. S. P. G. Grimble; C. W. Hall, F. A. Halliday; E. W. H. Harbour, M. S. S. J. W. Hodges; H. W. Hortridge, M. H. W. C. Letta, M. R. S. T. E. Metcalite, o. M. S. J. R. Owen; H. C. Potta; H. V. Rhodus; E. S. Roberta; J. P. Sykos, M. R. S. C. V. Tapp; W. A. Tutcher, M. S. S. D. Walker Arnott; F. Warburton, C. G. Ward, A. J. Watta, M. S. S. W. H. Whiteley, M. M. S. S. S. Wisdon £550 to £700

Senior Staff Officer, P V F. Raffaelli, M.B.

Senior Staff Officer, P V F. Raffaelli, M.B.E.

Deputy Principal Clerks, Capt. J. C Arnold; W S.
Boll. F D. Bickford; W E Filint; W. Hendorson, H H Rix; R. C. Roborts, M B.E., C Watts. Age.

Higher Eccustive Officers, C. A. Allen; T. W. Annos; A. J. Batonan; G W. Bayllas; R.

Belford; T. A. Brown; R. H. Burden; H. D.

Burley, T. Cairns; H. F. Calder; J. Cameron, C. C. Cobbe; F Cooper, J. J. Cooper; F.

Coward; Maj B. S. R. Cunningham; E. L.

Cuthbert; W. S. E. Dailley, M. Daneyger; C. F.

Loyle, H. C. H. Eland, Maj H. Erwin, o. S.E.,

J. D. Feely, M.S.E; W. W. Fleiding; C. A. N.

Fostor, J. Gray; A. H. Grower; M. W. Hallett;

G F Hayes; E. Haythornthwaite; D. Hondy, J. H. Hennequin; P. A. Hirst; E. V. C. Hughes, W. J.

Lucas, A. F. MacDonald; A. S. Martin; R. R.

Martin; P. Mitchell; W. C. G. Moger, M. E.

R. S. Morgan; A. W. Moss; H. L. Nicholis, M.S.Z.,

A. K. Noakes, A. M. Olson; Capt. R. E. Orton, M. C.; A. N.

Pirouet; A. T. Forter; F. Pratt; W. G. Fratt; F. G. Fries; E. J. Prudhoe; A. G. Rayner, D. R. Roberts, A. T. Forter; F. Pratt; W. G. Pratt; F. S. Stoffall; B. A. Slimes; A. Smith; F. J. B. Smith; J. Stables; C. A. S. Stephens.

C. Stokes, V. W. H. Waller; G. B. White; A. Wilson

Staff Officers, F. E. Best; R. Borland; R. Cook; Wilson .... State of Secondary Officers, F. E. Best; R. Borland; R. Cook; A. H. Hudson; F. A. Pickett; B. D. Wenban

Higher Executive Officer, Miss M. F. T. Hitchcook £300 to £400

Canadian Office, Ottawa. Asst. do., S. V. Paterson, \$4,200; D. W. Page

Medical Services,

Director-General, Col. Sir A. Lisle A. Webb, R.BE. A. Sandhold, B. R. M. D. C. R. Schwart, G. B. F. M. D. Woldock, M. B.; H. D. Waldock, M. B.; H. D. Wyaldock, M. B.; H. D. Wyaldock, M. E. Sope to S. R. Rosen, D. W. B. R. S. W. M. B. S. M. M. C. R. M. B.; W. E. Alderson, M. D. A. A. Atkinson, M. B.; T. M. Bellew, M. R. G.; Col. L. J. Blandford, G. B. B., T. D. M. D.; W. A. Brend, M. D.; T. G. Buchanan, M. R. J. G. Davles, M. C. M. R. C.; F. B. Dutton, M. B.; J. E. Davles, M. C. M. R. C.; F. B. Dutton, M. B.; J. E. Davles, M. C. M. R. C.; F. B. Dutton, M. B.; J. H. C. Fegan, M. R. C. S.; R. R. Matthews, M. R. G.; J. Wilson McCagle, L. R. C.; H. E. McCready, M. C., M. D.; Findlay Murchie, M. R.; J. P. T. Musson, M. R.; W. G. Porter, M. P. F. T. Bees, M. C. M. R. C. S.; T. Basil Rhodes, M. R.; J. S. R. S. L. R. C. J. R. C. C. R. L. R. C. S. C. G. L. Thornton, M. C. M. R. C. L. R. Tosswill, G. B. R. M. C. S. R. M. C. S. L. R. Tosswill, G. B. R. Williamson, M. B.; Col. E. A. Wralth, G. B. R. R. R. C. S. C. Falin, G. B. R. R. R. R. C. S. Soo Principal Matron, Miss H. G. Falin, G. B. R. R. E. S. Soo

#### PORT OF LONDON AUTHORITY.

Head Office, London, E.C. 3

Head Office, London, E.C. 3

The Pert of London Authority, established under the Port of London Avalages (6 Edw. VII.1 ch. 68), on the gast March, 1995, for the purpose of administering, for the purpose of the london of the state of the longer of the purpose of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the longer of the lo

Chairman, Rt Hoff Lord Ritchie of Dundee Vice-Chairman, C F Leach

#### APPOINTED MEMBERS.

By the Admiralty, Adm. Sir F C Learmonth, R.R.B. c. B. (Mindely of Transport) J. D. Gilbert, D. L. F.; J T. Scoulding, J r. (Corporation of London) Sir Francis Agar, Adm. Sir W E. Goodenmach, c. o. R. Y. S. (L.C.) Sir Alfred Baker, J. F. W. Devenay, J. F. J. Greanwood, D.L., J. P. Vice-Adm. A. G. Hotham, C.B., c.R.G.; (Trinky Hovse) Captain Owen Jones, C.B.E., B. D.

#### ELECTED FUNBERS.

Seventeen members are e seted by payers of dues, wharfingers and owners of river craft, and one by wharf-F. C. Allen; F. W. Bellamy; Capt. Sir I. H. Benn, Bb., Can, D. S. O., Th.; L. H. Bolton; Sir A. C. Corywinght, Bt., J. F.; A. C. Davis, J. F.; C. S. S. Guthrie; C. W. Hodge; D. Johes, J. F.; C. F. Lesch; E. Andrey

Lloyd; W. J. McAlister; A. Maelean; Sir C. C. Molecod, Rt.; O. H. Smith; Sir M. C. Turner; Rt. Hen. Themas Wiles, p.c.; W. L. Wrightson.

Officera.

General Manager, Sir David J. Owen. Soliotor and Secretary, J. D. Ritchie, n.c.

#### SPOST OFFICE.

Chief Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, 及C. z.

Chief Office, St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. 2.

A House of Commons report in 244 states: "It is uncertain at what predicts period the Crown undertook to be the regular carrier of letters for its subjects." The first "Master of the Pouts" was appointed in 155, but the duty was not then undertaken as a remunicrative department of the Government. The Post Office is now one of the three great revenue-collecting departments, and while efficiently discharging its multifations duties, shows a large annual profit. It also receives large sums for duties and taxes on behalf of the Inland Revenue Berartment, for certain Hesenes for the Unytons and Excise Pepartment and the Centry Councils, and for National Insurance on behalf of the National Health neurance Commissioners and the Pourd of Trade. The Post Office also pays Widows', Orphans' and Old Agentical Commissioners and the Control Commissioners and the Pourd of Trade. The Post Office also pays Widows', Orphans' and Old Agentical Commissioners and the Control Commissioners and the Control Service in Execution and Allowances The Pours Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. the Post Office Sevings Bank in Sec. and the Post-Office Sevings Co., celly were estimated at £35,568,51 in 1295-32.

Postmaster-General, Rt. Hon. Sir Kingsley Wood, Mr. Postmaster-General, Rt. Hon. Sir Kingsley Wood, Mr

Private Hecretary, B Napier Assistant Postmaster-General, H. Graham White, M. r

Private Secretary, C. O. L. Leigh-Clare

Permanent Serretary to the Past Office, Sir G. Evelyn Private Secretary, Comdr. B V Sturdee, B N. Scool Second Secretary, Comdr. B V Sturdee, B N. Scool Secretary, C. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, E. Raven, C. B. Second Secretary, C. B. Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second

Director of Telegraphs and Telephones, L Simon, £1,000 to £2,200

Secretary's Office,

## Investigation Branch.

#### Technical Staff.

Architect and Surveyor, W. H. Ludlow, ARIBA

Assistant Architect and Surveyor, C B Smith, Buildings Surveyor, A Faulkner, r.r. A 5 Assistant Buildings Surveyor, R Jackson £170 to £450

Headquarters Telegraph and Telephone Organisation,

## Headquarters Postal Traffic Organisation.

Chief Inspector of Postal Traffic, G. H G. Smith

Inspectors, F. Lane; A. E. Squirrell; F. N Gossling, £400 to £500

## Wireless Telegraph Establishment.

Inspector of Wireless Telegraphy, Lt.-Col. C G G 

#### Registry Branch.

E. J. Mayes; E. H. Ward; H. Dunn; C. H. Sainsbury; W. Ingram; F. Wormald; T. E. F. Turner

#### Female Staff.

Superintendent, E. Sanday, o. Br Sego to Spoo Deputy Supts, M. C. Underwood, m. B.; A. Keith; B. Blackburn ... Sunf Officers. K. A. Boulding; F. O. Steer; R. A. M. Blackburn

Stop Officers, K. A. Boulding: F O. Steer; R. A. M
Thompson; I Budd, M. A. Bartholomew; M. G. A.
Drunnan; A J Davis; M. M. Page & 300 to £400

#### Central Telegraph Office.

Controller, J. Stuart Jones, w s s fasce to fasce Deputy Controller, G. T. Archibald Assat Controllers, A Faull, Condr. E. L. C. Grattau, p. 8 o s. x.; H. W. Dunne ... fee to free Prancipal Clerk, Staff Officers, R. J. B. Bidwell; Capt W. G. Bouch

Superintendents (Higher Grade), W. A. Look; H L

Superintendente (Higher Grade), W. A. Look; H. L. Dont
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Superintendents (Louer Grade), E. I. Clare, W. H.
Knight, E. R. Jones, A. E. Wheeler; W. H.
Heliron; W. K. Ware, C. B. Franklin, Sige to Case
Superintendents (Cable Room), J. G. Kling; C. R.
Gladman; J. R. Van der Eat, F. S. J. O'Bhangmensy

£430 to £460 £350 to £400 Misses E Horsley; Chief Supervisor, Miss G Hall Supervisors (Higher Grade), Mi J. E M Nash; A. J. McCarthy £300 to £345

#### Engineering Department.

Engineer-in-Chief, Colonel Sir Thomas F. Purves, MIFE. .... 51,500
Assist Engineers-in-Chief, Lt.-Col. A. G. Lee, O.B.E,
M.C.; Major H. Brown, O.B.E; A. B. Hart

A Soo to As, roo Principal Power Engineer, H C Gunton, M B E. Superintending Engineer (London), E. Gomersall, o. B.

232 Submarine Superintendent, F. G. Ramsay, M. B. B. Commonders, Lt. Condr G.H. Flavel, m.m. (11 M.S. Mesorch); E. R. Hutchons (H.M.T.S. Alert)

Assistant Superintending Engineers (London and Assistant Superintending Engineers (London and Ironmoea), Assistant Stoff Engineers (London and Ironmoea), Assistant Stoff Engineers (Engineers (Engineers Linguisters (Engineers Linguisters)), Assistant Stoff Engineers (Engineers), C. A. Jackson; A. Gray, C. J. Mercer; P. J. Ridd, E. J. Willoy, A. Wright, H. H. S. Thoupson, S. C. Bartholomew, A. H. Billows; J. Barter; E. A. Fluk; J. E. Statters; J. G. Lucose; Major F. R. H., L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. T. L. London Postal Service Department. Controller, T R Granding S1,200 to £2,200 to £2,200 Controller, F T Green £500 to £2,200 Controllers, A & Chelle; W P Baines; F G Assist Controllers, A. A. Consai, V. T. Saines, F. G. Gould, J. Lender, G. Gould, J. Lender, G. S. L. S. Gould, J. Lender, G. S. L. W. H. W. S. A. Killis, D. Laws, Boe to £ 600 co. S. L. W. H. Cox, P. A. Cornishi, J. G. Bott, A. J. McOurraher, a. w. F. Pidduck; H. A. Crawford, A. Micklothwait; J. H. G. Stowart, Crawford, A Mickichwall; J II G. Course, ware
Notes of Officers, F C. Redgrave, J A. McRitchle,
A. Hamilton; L. Freeman; T D. Borthwick; C R.
Reynolds, J J C Rowden; F. T Shaw; W. W.
Mortimer; G Hickman; H J Tabor; D M.
Hoyde; E J. Robinson; A H Robinson; H J
Crabb; A. W. Coccuber, G R Tomilinson; W J.
T Porter, A E. Briggs, F. W. Clark, H. S. Wigner,
F. W. Knight, A W Johnson, G Nicol, o B E.
G. Wickins; H J Cunningham; A G Sümpson,
P. R. McBlors; A. B. Holland, J. Gardiner; P B
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Stanle ... £550 to £700 J A. McRitchie, Superintendents (Higher Crude), H Wolls; J. N Crows; J. W Blyth, G E Hardiman; G. D Sweeney; H. McLood, P Shea; J. L. Nicholson, C J. Holland; E T Charlton, W Harrison

METROPOLATAN DINTRICT OFFICES

West Central, Non Oxford Street, W.C. x

District Postmaster, W. J. Letch

Assist, District Postmaster, F. J. Pedlou, 5400 to 5500

Superintendents, †T. K. Stone; F. W. Wesks; W. G.

Fancock

Superintendents, IT K Stone; F. W Wooks; W Go Hancock
Western, Wimpole Street, W 1.
District Postmaster, J W Baskerville 5550 to 5450
stated Postmaster, J W Naylor 5480 to 5500
Superintendents, †W C Biley, A. J G Pearson;
A. W. Scroggs 500 paddington, 19 London Street, W 2.
District Postmaster, M. Delaney ... 5550 to 5650
stated District Postmaster, A Sandilands 5400 to 5500
Superintendents, *S. H. Veltom; W H Hancock;
W T. Julyan; W H Hammon & 550 to 5450
Eastern, 200 Whitochapel Road, E. 1.
District Postmaster, G H A Gould
Sandist. District Postmaster, G H A Gould

£400 to £500 Superintendents, R.'Ingham ; †S. J. Harris, J. Douglas £360 to £460

Also allowance of £50. † £30 allowance. Northern, 116 Upper Street, N. 1

District Postmaster, D. Burden. ... Lysp to See
Assat. District Postmaster, P.B. Hawkins Aspect of See
Superintendents, J. C. Potts, J. H. Rolfe; G. Chambers £350 W £460

North-Western, Eversholt Street, N.W. z. District Postmuster, T O'Kolly.

Asso to Logo to Logo Assist. District Postmuster, H D. W. Davis

Superintendents, G. Burnett; †A. H. Whitehead, T. A. Skegg . . . . . . £360 to £460

Superintendent (Female Exchange Staff), Miss A. E. Cox, M.B R.

Haure, M. M. Medical Officer, Miss E. C. Rolle Visher, Let P. L. R. S. 1 AFFS. ... 5520 to 5650 Assistant Women Medical Officers, J. V. Good, M. R. S. L. R. P. M. Hellier, M. B., Ch. B. E. M. Anderson, M. D., S. S. K. M. McLaren, M. B. C. L. L. R. E. S. 2320 to 5520

Money Order Department.

* Also allowance of £30.

† £30 allowance.

† On personal scale, £350 to £2,000.

Female Staff.

Superintendent, Miss E. M. Le Plastrier £550 to £700 Deputy Supts, Misses A. A. Renwick, T. M. Jackson; H. M. Nichols; L. E. G. Dunn

#### Savings Bank Department,

Blythe Road, West Kensington, W 24. Controller, Col T M Banks, D s o , M.C.

£2,000 to £2,200 Deputy Controller, J Thompson . ... £800 to £900 Assistant Controllers, T. M Wood, o s z ; T. C Arm-

Cochrane; W. H. Cain; A. Davidson; S. C. Harry
Staff Officers, J. W. Smart; F. W. Esset & £70c
Howill; P. E. Lewis, F. M. Hunn; E. H. Hathes,
J. Nicholson, J. Gray, R. T. Hurring; P. Roney;
N. Wardle, R. A. Criewton, H. B. Bouddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
Vincent, C. R. Wood, C. C. S. Broddarf, R. J.
V. E. Parler; H. Smith, T. W. McDly-nough, W. E.
Hall, A. P. Clifford, J. L. Robertson, H. J. W. E.
V. E. Parler; H. S. Troviord, G. R. Dicker, J. C.
Wood; O. H. Taylor, H. J. T. Proctor; A. Buckingham, J. M. Shaw, R. R. Poole, H. W. Chupman,
H. J. S. Chennell, S. C. Prior, W. G. Park,
F. Grant; U. M. Mook, F. P. Stone; H. W.
Ridley, C. Clarke, N. O. Hogben; W. Gooding;
F. P. Hislop; T. H. Harrison, H. S. Turner

**Look to £50c

£400 to £500 Female Staff.

Supermendent, Miss M Curtis
Deputy Supts, Missos J Low; E L Ireland; I M
Bradbook; E M Butterfill
Sayo to £550
Staff (fifters, Missos P B Mills; A L Hollowa;
G. E. Gold, M J. Carr; S E. Whitaker; H M
Ridges, E M. Frost, E. Irwin, A L. Heaton;
A. D. de Gruchy, M BE; N M Board, A. 1 M
Sayle; E. E. Welch
£500 to £400

#### Solicitor's Department.

Chief Cherks, J. Okell. D. A. Stroud, Lip.; B. E. Gallaher, i. B.; C. T. Hallam, J. Lygo to Loo.

Annt Chief Cherks, S. Johnson, L.B., J. Torbes Smith, R. A., L.B.; W. N. Baywood; I. B. Watte; B. Robson, R.A., I.B., W. N. Baywood; B. Watte; B. Robson, R. A. A. R. Martin, A. E. Normington, L. B. A. A. R. Martin, B. C. L., G. W. McL. Henderson; W. A. Harmson, B. C. L., G. W. McL. Henderson; W. A. Hammerton, L. B. C. L., G. W. McL. Henderson; W. A. Hammerton, Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phonometry, L. Sance Phon

#### Stores Department.

Controller, H. Sparkes, ( B. . . . . £1,200 to £1,500 Vice-Controller, A. G. Tydennan . . . . £900 to £1,200 

London, Sigo to Lyoc; Birmingham, L495 to E620 Staff Officer, D. Macadie; T. Wevell; H. Phillips; R. J. Fewings; W. G. Potter; H. J. S. Bennott, G. T. Hennel; T. L. Adamson; H. E. Willmott, T. H. Handerson; Major P. G. Bennell; W. Mahon; A. W. Burt; Capt. A. Hesth; W. P. Hines; H. J. Hall; P. Green; G. W. Somers; C. F. Ratcliff, A. F. Glover; R. Tonking; R. Crook; R. W. R. Cross, M.B.E.; D. P. Dell; R. C. Owen; H. A.

Thomas; M. H. Hallett; R. G. Bennett; A. G. Farron; H. A. Silcock London, £400 to £500; Edinburgh, £380 to £478; Hirmingham, £360 to £480.

Surveyors' Department (United Kingdom).

Surveyors' Department (United Kingdom).

Rurrepore, R. F. Braiford; E. J. Gayos; R. Boll; W. W. Grierson; C. H. C. Baillie; T. P. Hobbins, c.R.; A. O. Spafford, c.R.; V. C. Hall, o.R.; C. A. Jackson; R. T. R. Mensham, o.R.; J. T. Foxell, R. F. Nunns.

Socoto & Stoom Assist Nurrepore, ist Class. D. K. Hopkyns; H. C. A. White; T. W. McConnell, J. W. Juy; A. H. Barry; L. Hide, M. B. F. W. R. Stort; S. E. Sliften; T. B. Braund; A. S. Langhands; T. H. Boyd, Lt. Col. W. R. Roberts; S. H. Hunt, C. J. Miles, M.R.; E. R. Davies, M. C. D. Spottiswoode; A. E. Stocker; G. P. Hall; W. H. Coutts; E. E. Harpe; G. T. Cairnetoss; H. L. Sealey.

Assist Nurveyore, and Class., J. Caldwell-Johnston; G. Muir, o.B.; J. Sweeney, Capt. H. P. Bullock, M. C. H. D. Wooster; S. W. Campbell, I. W. Nicholson, H. O'Halloran; J. Haig-Smith, o.R. K. A. H. Wilson; A. R. Angles, C. R. Millen; D. Mackenzle, A., W. Langford; G. R. Parsons; A. J. Ryan; W. H. Bloomidel; R. Hutchinson; H. F. Rodgets, C. A. Blackmore, F. R. Price, R. H. Locke, J. R. K. Aitkon, W. H. Monnaughton; S. H. Batos, W. H. Ponny, S. H. Head; L. J. Taylor; H. Howatt, G. D. Franze.

Staff Officers, I. Setchell, H. A. Hurraye.

Carke, E. J. Attwood; A. Ackroyd, S. G. Stanbury; I., H. Westawny; S. F. Galnagan; F. W. Essey; I., G. Gilbert.

Postonaster State Fatzer and S. Stanbury; I., H. Westawny; S. F. Galnagan; F. W. Kasey; I., G. Gilbert.

#### Postmaster Surveyors

Birmingham, L. Col. W. T. Brain; Bristol, W. B. Harris; Leeds, Lt. Col. A. A. Javne, n. o., n. n. n. Livery, Liverynol, Lt. Col. F. H. Kenne, n. c., Manchester, J. G. Maddan, N. n. n. n. Chem., T. F. Forguson; Sheffer I, T. J. Hubbard, (Masport, Lt. Col. F. N. Westbury, o. n. n., Blitts, A. J. Ardern

#### General Post Office.

Waterloo Place, Edinburgh.

Secretary, F. C. Milne . . . £2,000 to £2,200 Principal Clerks, H. McPake; A. J. Turner

Staff Officers, A. M. Forsyth, J. Kinloch, J. Mac-nillan, J. F. Calder; J. Robertson; H. G. Bruce (£400 to £500), £380 to £478

# OPRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. 2.

SPRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE, Whitehall, S.W. 2.
The Privy Council is of very ancient origin. A Council, the number of which was about twe leve, was instituted by Alfred, 895, and it discharged the functions of State now confined to members of the Calinte In the Middle Ages the Chief Advisers of the King who were permanently about him formed the Privy Council. Having become unwieldy, it was reconstituted in 2672. At present it consists of certain eminent persans whose names are given on pp. 254-5. Members of the Calinset must be Privy Council. The Council is summoned as such to act. "with others" upon the demise of the Crown, and many matters are referred by the Sovereign to Counciltuses of the Council, some of which are standing Committees, and others constituted to deal with particular cases, e.g., the Judicial Committee, the Board of Trade, g.s. The Lord President of the Council is the Fifth Great Officer of State, and as such is always a prominent member of the Cabinet.

#### Cabinet Office,

# s Whitehall Gardens, S.W. z.

Secretary, Col Sir Maurice Hankey, a.c.m., a c.m.o.
Deputy Secretary, R. B. Howorth, c n
Principals, L. F. Burgis, c m a., m.v.o. (Private Sec. to
Secretary); W. D. Wilkinson, p. s o, m.c. (seconded
from the Treasury).

#### Committee of Imperial Defence,

#### Whitehall Gardens, S.W. r.

Secretary, Col Sir Maurice Hankey, a c. n. a c. n. c. Assistant Secs., C. Longhurst, c. n.; L.c.Col G. N. Macready, n. n. o., n. e., n. c.; Com L. F. H. Maund, n. n.; Wing-Com. E. J. Hodsoll; Maj N. C. Hind. Confidential Clerk, Copt W H M. Ives, o. n. n.

#### Economic Advisory Council.

a Whitehall Gardens, SW. x.

Joint Secretaries, Hubert D. Henderson; A. F. Hemming, .. B.E. Confidential Clerk, Capt F W Rawlins, M B B.

Historical Section Secretary, Lt.-Col E. Y. Daniel, C B.E.

## OTHE PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

Chancery Lane, W.C. z.

Chancery Lane, W.C. a.

National Records since the Norman Conquest brought
together from various repositories. Rearch rooms open
daily, with certain exceptions, from so to 4.59. Saturdays,
so to a. The Museum (open Mon to Fri, so 4.1 m) contains Domesday Book (a veilum volumes) made by
order of William the Conqueror in 265, and "Ibouesday
Cheet,"; Lord Monteagle's anonymous warning comerning the Guppowder Plot (2565), build Pope Clement VII.
confirming Henry VIII as "Fidel Defensor (1584), the
'Soray of Paper"; and many other documents of
permanent interest

Keeper of the Records, The Master of the Rolls.

Loo to Lyon

#### Land Revenue Records and Enrolments. Keeper of the Records, A. F. Stamp, C.B , 1.8 A.

#### CITY OF LONDON RECORDS OFFICE. Guildhall, E.C. 2.

Guildhall, K.C. 2.

Contains charters of William the Conqueror, Henry II, and later Kings and Queens to 1837; ancient custumals, Horn, Dunthorne, Liber Custumarum, Ordinacionum, Memorandorum and Albus; Liber de Antiquis Legibus, and collections of Statutes, continuous series of judicial and administrative rolls and books from 1852 to present day; records of the Old Bailey and Guildhall Seadons from 1862, and financial records from the 26th century together with numerous subsidiary series and misceliance of historical interest. Regarded as the most complete collection of ancient numicipal archives in the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of the 1852 of

Reeper of the City Records, The Town Clerk. Deputy Keeper, A. H. Thomas, M.A., F.S.A. Assistant Clerk, P. E. Jones, LL.S.

#### SPUBLIC TRUSTEE OFFICE.

Kingsway, W.C. s. (See also p. 269).

Public Trustee, Sir Oswald R. A. Simpkin, R.C.B., CRE. Sagoo Assistant Public Trustees, J. R. Jacob, O.B.F.; R. S. 

Signing Officer, J. H. E. Higgins .. ..... £500 to £700 Statistical Officer, G. R. Firth ... ...... £400 to £500 Superintendent of Women Staff, Miss F. D Garner, Lady Visitor, Miss S. G. Clark ...... . £ago to £350

Chief Accountant, A. F. Day, o.n.z ..... £850 to £1,000 

Securities Officer, F. W. Norledge ...... . £500 to £700 Chief Property Adviser, H. H Hadden, o B R., F.S.1

Assistant Property Advisers, C. Bowes, 1.8.1.; P. G. Crawley, r.a.i ...... ..... £400 to £700

MANCHESTER OFFICE, Arkwright House, Parsonage Gardens, Manchester,

Deputy Public Trustee, T. M. Young £2,000 to £2,500 Principal Clerk, P. Archer, M B E ..£700 to £900 . ..... £400 to £700 Chief Accountant, F. E. Chapman .. ... . £500 to £700 Accountant, W. R Howrie .... ... 5400 to \$600 Chief Clerk, Property Section, R. A. Ashby £400 to £650 Chief Clerk, Securities do., H. Greguen .. £500 to £700 Staf Officer, R. Watson ......£350 to £550

#### OPUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD.

Old Jewry, E.C. s.

The Public Works Loan Board was created in 1827 for the purpose of advancing money to Municipal Authorities for Public Works. During the financial year 1829—182 the Commissioners advanced leans amounting to 55.433,560. Of the total advanced out of the Local Loans Fund the sum of 59.833,680 was for purposes of the Honston Acts. Housing Acts.

The average rate of interest was:-

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4	17	**	per cent.	in	z930-3z
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•	29	5	**		
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•	45		••		

Chairman, The Rt. Hon. Lord Hunsdon .....unp. Deputy-Chairman, Laurence Currie .....unp. Assist, Secretary (Legal), D. F. Buckley See to \$2,000 Assist. do. and Olief Olerk, T. B. Ellis, 1 s o. £600 to £800

#### Quera Anne's Bounty, 2 Dean's Yard, S.W. r.

Incorporated in 1924, when Queen Anne, with the consent of Parliament, transferred to the Governors the cannal income of the "first fruits" and "tenths" derived from the sees, dignities, and benefices, with a view to the augmentation of insufficiently endowed lyings. By the First Fruits and Tenths Measure, 1926, these payments have been extinguished with a few extentions. The surplus heome from capital held by the Governors is distributed in grants towards the relief of dilapidation assessments on benefices not exceeding \$500 in net annual value; the total amount so available for the year ended Dec. 21, 2029, was \$50.496 They are the Central Authority under the Recleainstical Philapidations Measure, 1925, and important duties have been last upon them in connection with ecclesiastical tithe rentedrage under the Title Act, 1926. The tovernors act as trustees for endowments and many descriptions of Unitry funds.

dilapidations.

Secretary and Treasurer, F. G. Hughes.

Assistant Secretary, W. G. Hannah

Head of Dispidations Divesion, D. F. Smeaton.

Head of Tithe Division, W. Russell

Deputy to, C. S. Annaden.

Solicitor, E. J. Hare

Asst. Solicitors, N. H. Oldham; L. R. C. Cornford,

Architect, Martin Skinner.

Ast. Anchitect, A. P. Lay

Chief Accountant, H. R. Ford

Aut. Accountant, M L. Warren.

Accountant (Tothes Accounts), C. G. Harris.

Antist. Accountant (Tithes Accounts), D F Herring Asst. Heads of Divisions, E. Jump, W. J. P. Smith. W. Holford; S. D. Knight; G. C. Baird, J. H. Hurdman; W. J. Gimson.

Higher Executive Officers, F. E. Willott; R. E. Darby; F. W. Eatherley; S. B. Wood; A. Fraser; J. R. Brumfit; C. Noedoll, S. C. Grimes.

#### RAILWAY ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY AND

#### ANGLO-SCOTTISH BAILWAYS ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY.

44, Queen Anne's Gate, London, S.W. z.

44, Queen Ame's Gate, London, S.W. z.

The Railways (Valuation for Railway) Act, 233, applies
for rating purposes) the principle of valuation in coundo
to the undertakings of the four amalgamated railway,
gonganies, so far as they are situate in Empland and
control of the control of the control of the control
and the control of the control of the undertaking of
any other Railway Company. The valuation of railway
bereditaments for local rates in Empland and Wales will
in future be determined by the Railway Assessment
Authority set up under the Act, and not by the local
Railmay Authorities and Assessment Committees. The
Act also provides for the setting up of an Angle-Scottish
England and Scotland the greater part of the receipts
of the two amalgamated railway companies (viz. LM S
and LN E: whose undertakings extend into the two
countries

Chairman of the Railway Assessment Authority and of the Joint Authority, Joshua Scholefield, R. c.

(Verk of the Railmay Assessment Authority and of the Joint Authority, A E Joll.

#### ODEPÁRTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.

z6 Old Queen Street, Westminster, S.W z.

TO Use Queen Street, westminster, S. W 1.

The Committee of the Prity Council for Scientific and Industrial Research was appointed by Order in Council dated July as, 1995, amended by an Order in Council dated February 5, 1995, to direct, subject to such conditions as the Treasury may from time to time prescribe, the application of any sums of money provided by Parliament for the organization and development of Scientific and Technician Research. The Committee committee of the lodders Research.

offices. The Order in Council also appointed an Advisory Council to whom all proposals for researches stand referred. By Charter dated November 23, 245, amended by a supplemental Charter dated April 27, 250 and the members of the Committee of the Privy Council and Scientific and Industrial Research Local Research and Committee of the Privy Council and Committee of the Privy Council and Industrial Research Local Research Council and Industrial Research Council and Industrial Research and a separate of the Committee On December 25, 255, a separate Department, having its own Parliamentary Vote, was created for the service of the Committee

The agreegate net estimate for the lepartment in 1931-33 amounts to £55,000, a decrease of £12,850 on the same estimate for 1950 or The from estimate on the same estimate for 1950 or The from estimate amounts to £55,000. Headquarters administration, £3,43,61 (allo) gived is Survey of Great Britain and Russum of Practical Geology, £55,400.

Britain and Russum of Practical Geology, £55,400.

President of the Committee of the Privy Council, The

President of the Committee of the Privy Council, The Lord President of the Council.

Addisony Council, Lord Rutherford of Nelson, o.m., D.S.O.; 11, D.F.R.S. (Chāchwan); Sir Arthur Balfour, Bl., K.B.E.; Sir William H. Bragg, K.B.R., D.SC., F.R.S.; E. J. Butler, C.F.R., D.C., M.B., F.R.S.; A. C. († Figorton, F.R.S.; Sir J. Alfred Ewing, K.C.B., LL.D., BC., Sol., P.N.S., MINBÉO E.; Kenneth Lee, LL.D.; Lord Rayleigh, So.D., J.R.S.; Sir David Milnewatson, M.D., D. E.; N. V. Sidgwick, O.B.F. SOL., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., Sol., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D.B.C., D K C.B , C B.Z., D SC , LL.D , BOL.K.S

#### Headquarters Staff.

Secretary, Sir Frank E. Smith, s.c s, c.s.s, p.sc, 11...D., Sec R.S.
Private Secretary, G. R. D. Hogg.
Assatant Secs., Ll. S. Lloyd, c.u., £1,000 to £1,000
Hetherington......£1,000 to £1,000

Principals, A. F. Barnes; L. C. Bromley, O. F. Brown; W. A. M. Murray; R. O'F. Oakley, P. J. Who.ldon, o.s. (Establishment Officer) £700 to £600 Assistant Principals, I G Evans; G. R D Hogg

Records Officer, C A. Speneer . . ..... £500 to £600 Asst. Records Officer, H. J. Dowdon ... \$250 to \$350 Staff Officers, C. D. James; W. F law, £400 to £500; Miss M. Robb

Higher Grade Clerks, L. W. Crawford, W. A. Macdonald; F. W. Smith, J. Williamson, £300 to £400

#### Building Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir G W. Humphreys, R.B.R. M.Inst c B

Building Research Station. Bucknalls, Garston, near Watford

Director of Research, R. E. Stradling, Mc, Ph D., p sc, 

Aso to £1,000 Principal Assistants, P. W. Barnett , A. Zuiman

Sensor Assistants, B Bakewell; A k Dufton, £500 to £500, W. H Glanville, n sc (acting).

Assistants, F I. Broden, A. Assistants, F. L. Brady, A. D. Cowper: N. Davoy; R. Fitzmaurice; F. M. Lea; R. J. Schaffer, F. L. Shipman, Sage to Lago; J. F. Baker; H. E. Beckett; D. G. R. Bonnell; L. F. Cooling; H. M. Llewellyn, C. M. Wakkins, rb.n. . . £sgo to £350

Principal Technical Assistant, F. J. McConnoll Accountant, Miss E. A. Leighton .... 5305 to £400

#### Chemical Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir Richard Threlfall, a B E , s.z s Chemical Research Laboratory.

Teddington, Middlesex.

Director of Research, Prof. G. T. Morgan, c.B.R., p.sc., 

236 Food Investigation. Chairman of Board, Sir Joseph G. Broodbank, J P. Director of Food Investigation, Sir William B Hardy, D.SC., Li.D., F.R.S.
Assistant Director, E. Barnard. p s o £700 to £900 Low Temperature Research Station. Downing Street, Cambridge. Downing Street, Cambridge.

Superintendent, SirWilliam B Hardy, D. Sc., 11. D., F. R. N. (inclusive) £1,350

Principal Assistant, F. Kidd, D. Sc. £560 to £750

Nentor Assistants, T. Moran, rh.D.; J. J. Plut; A. J. Smith, rh.D.; C. West, D. Sc. £560 to £560

Assistants, J. Barker, rh.D.; E. H. Callow, rh.D., T. N. Morris; E. C. Smith, rh.D., £350 to £450.

J. Brooks, rh.D.; J. M. Bryan, R. G. Tomkins, R. B. Haines Torry Research Station, Aberdeen. Dutton Laboratory.

East Malling, near Maldstone, Rent.

Assistant, J K Hardy.

£350 £350 to £450 Forest Products Research. Chairman of Board, Principal Sir James C. Irvine, C.B.E., D. Sc., 11 D., F.R., Research Laborato; y.
Forest Products Research Laborato; y.
Princes Risborough, Bucks.
Director of Research, R. S. Pearson, C. E., F. L. Assistant Director, F. M. Oliphant. Liose to Lisso Administration Officer, A. R. H. Cox ... Lisso to Lisso Timber Mechanics Officer, C. J. Chaplin

Fuel Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir Richard Throlfall, a B.E., F.R.S. Director of Research,

£z,200 to £z,200
Assistant Director and Superintendent of Survey, F. S. Sinnatt, M.B.E., D.SC. ... £1,000
Assistant to the Director, Maj E. O Henrici

£700 to £000 Intelligence Officer, Sir Frederic L. Nathan, K.H.F. (part time)

Registrar of Survey, Miss N. Renoul . £250 to £250 Assistants, A.C. Maries; O.A. Saunders £250 to £250 Fuel Research Station.

Physical and Chemical Survey of National Coal

Radio Research.

Chairman of Board, Lt.-Col. A. G. Lee, o s E., M.C. Radio Research Station. Slough, Bucks.

Principal Assistant, R. A. Watson Watt £690 to £750 Assistants, R. H. Barfield; L. H. R. Bell; J. F. Herd; J. Hollingworth, £390 to £490; S. R. Chapman, £890 to £390; Miss M. Taylor, Ph.D. ...£225 to £275 Water Pollution Research.

Chairman of Board, Sir R. Robertson, E.B.R., D.SC., LLD., 1.R S.

Director of Research, H T. Calvert, M.B R., Ph.D., F.I C (part time)

Assistant Director, A Parker, D ac. Geological Survey of Great Britain and Museum of Practical Geology.

of Fractical Geology.

Head Offices: Jermyn Street, London, S.W., and Southpark, 19, Gringe Terrace, Edinburgh (Branch Offices at Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and York The Geological Survey and Museum was commenced in sign; it was under the Science and Art Department from 183, till 1850, when that Department became merged in the Board of Education. On Nov. 1858, the administrative control of the Survey and Museum was indicatific and Industrial Research. The normal work of the Survey includes the preparation of geological maps and memoirs dealing with the general survey of the country and with various economic aspects of that survey. The Museum of Practical Geology conserves and exhibits rocks, minerals and cossils which afford evidence for the published records of the survey or illustrate that survey. It is also a function of the Museum to exhibit consonic minerals from all parts of the world, and especially Great Britan. The Airmen of Geological Survey Board, Dr. T. F. Sibly, Dec.

District Geologists, C. R. N. Bromehend; R. G. Carruthers; H. Dewey; C. H. Dinham; T. Eastwood; F. L. Kitchin, s.c.b., rh.n. r.n.s (Patconiclogist); J. E. Richey, M. C.; H. H. Thomas, so. p., r.n.s. (Petrographer); G. V. Wilson; W. H. Wright, w. D.

Museum of Practical Geology, Jermyn Street, London, S.W.z.

#### The Mational Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex.

The National Physical Laboratory was founded in the year sea as a public Institution for standardising and verifying instruments, for testing materials, and for the determination of physical constants. The Laboratory comprises eight main sections:—12 Physics; (a Electricity; (p) Metrology; (a) Engusaerun, (g) Aerodynamuc, (d) Medicaryon and Mediluryned (Dennistry; (r) The William Fronde Laboratory; (8) Secretaria;

A May; H. Shepherd ..... £300 to £400

Physics Department, 

Assistants, J. H. Awbery: I. Backhurst Specto Good Lage to Lage; G. H. Aston; G. E. Bell; W. Binke, R. J. Evans; N. Fleming; A. E. Knowler D. Perfect; R. W. Powell; J. Thewlis, W. A. Wood

Electricity Department.

Superintendent E. H. Rayner, NO D. 5800 to £1,000 Principal Assistants, D. W. Dye, p. sc., r. n. s. J. W. T. Walsh, p. 800 to £750 Sentor Assistants, H. Buckley; L. Hartsborn, p. sc., R. L. Smith-Rose, ph. p., p. sc., R. S. J. Spilsbury

issistants, H. C. Booth, F. M. Colebrook; T. I. Jones, H. A. Thomas; C. E. Wobb, £350 to £450 the Arnold; G. W. Bowdler; L. J. Collier; R. Davis; C. J. W. Griereson; P. J. Higgs; T. H. Harrison; J. S. McPotrie; J. S. Proston, E. Rushton; W. G. Standring, W. S. Stiles; J. E. P. L. Vigoureux

Metrology Department.

Engineering Department.

Superintendent, H. J. Gough, M B.E , D sc , rh D.

Frincipal Assistants, R. G. C. Batson; C Jakeman 

Aerodynamics Department.

Superintendent, E. F. Rolf ..... £000 to £1,000 Principal Assistants, A. Fago; J. L. Nayler

Department of Metallurgy and Metallurgical (Themistry.

£800 to £2,000

Principal Assistant, J L. P. Kent, M. Inst N.A.

Assistants, W. C. S. Wigley, £350 to £450; G. H. Bottomley; G. Hughes...... £250 to £350

# ROYAL COMMISSION FOR THE EXHIBITION OF 1851.

Offices, z Lowther Gardens, Exhibition Rd., S.W.7. Incorporated by Supplemental Charter as a perma nent Commission after vinding up the affairs of the Great Exhibition, in 28c., thas for its object the promotion of scientific and artistic education by means of funds derived from its Kensington Estate, purchased with the surplus left over from the Great Exhibition. Presulent of the Royal Commission, H R.H the Prince

of Wales, K G Chairman, Board of Management, The Lord Mac-millan, Lt. P.

Chairmun, Neuence Scholarships Committee, Sir Richard Glazebrook, a. s., f. s. s. Secretary to Commissioners, Evelyn Shaw, c.v.o.

# OTHE NATIONAL SAVINGS COMMITTEE.

Secretary to Commissioners, Evelyn Shaw, c.v.o.

§THE NATIONAL SAVINGS COMMITTEE,
Sanctuary Buildings, Westminster, S.W. z.

The National Savings Movement is directed in England and Wales by the National Savings Committee, if R.P. the Prince of Wals is Patron of the Movement, and in Neolund by the Neotisis Navings Committee are appointed by the Levice Commissioners of His Majesty a Treasury, and include twelve representatives elected annually by the voluntary workers in the National Savings Movement and also representatives of such State Departments and other institutions as have a spocial interest in the promotion of popular thrift. In its origins, the National Savings Committee goes back to the National War Savings Committee goes back to the National War Savings Committee goes back to the National War Savings Committee goes back to the National War Savings Committee goes back to the National Savings Committee goes back to the National Savings Committee of the organisation of the National Savings Committee at the purchase of National Savings Committee and the purchase of August, against the savings Committee and the country are usually statu-ded to the Local Committee of the areas, these Committees being the links between Savings Associations and the National Savings Committees of the areas, these Committees being the links between Savings Certificates so that claim as the country as a continuous committees of the areas, these Committees being the links between Savings Certificates on that date was approximately £499,000,000 On April 2 1988, the price of the Savings Certificates on Tapes. The price of the Savings Certificates was raised from 156 decreases, the maturity value was reduced to 458

Department of the Savings Certificate was raised from 156 decreases, the maturity value was reduced to 458

Department of the Savings Certificate was raised from 156 decreases, the maturity value was reduced to 458

Department of the Savings Certificate was raised from 156 decreases of the Savings Certificate was raised

to 248

President, Sir Robert M. Kindersley, c. s. s. Chavanan, Maj. Gen. Rt. Hon. J. E. B. Seely, c.s., C.N.O., D.S.O., T.D. Vice-Chairmen, Sir T. G. Chambers, s.s. s.; Sir W.

Schooling, K.B.E.

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King Charles II, in 1600. This paid towned was sholished
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President of its own) was appointed. The President of
the Board of Trade, as it present constituted, controls
the Department principally responsible for matters
relating to trade and industry. The Board is concerned
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and administers certain giatutes including those relating to merchant situpping and seamen, bankruptcy,
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right, and mines and quarries. It administers the Consignard, and also exercises control over the principal lighthouse authorities of the fauntity, and the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the conveyance of personnel and stores by the fighting services and other Government Departments. In most important now remaining being those of the Clearing Office for Enemy lebts. Jointly with the Yoreign Office it controls the Overness Trade Department.

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with certain Secretaries and a staff of officials. The
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are those of the Parliamentary Secretary and the Junior
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rrencipote, A. E. Banham , G. G. Barnes , J. B. Beres-
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L. Cuthbertson; H E. Davies, J. D. B. Fergusson,
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* Government Waips -The Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury and the Junior Lords, together with
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Treaturer of the Household, Sir Frederick Thomson, R., R.C., w. P., Camplipiter of the Household, W. Russell Rea, n.r.
Comptroller of the Household, W. Russell Rea, M.r.
Vice-Chamberlam of the Household, Sir Frederick
11 Discours of a contribition of the "Clauses when the
Guothe Lauth, w.t., commercate rue movemments
Thing." The following are "Assistant White" (unvaid)—
The following are "Assistant White" (unpaid) — Cantain Sir George Bowyor, M.C., M.F., Mal. G. P.
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and Yos.Chamberlam of the Household, Sir Frederick Hooge Penny, M.F., constitute the Hovernment Thing: The following are "Assistant White" (unpaid)— Captain Sir George Bowyor, M.C., M.F., Mai, G. F. Dadies, M.R., Lord Engline, M.F., Lord, A. B. J. Southby, M.M., M.F., J. Blindell, M. F., Moro, M. M. B. J. Southby, M.M., M.F., J. Blindell, M. F. Mailler, M.F. M. M. M. J. Hardourt Johnstone, M.F.

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Nec Scottish Law Courts and Offices, p. egs

Departments of H.M. Procurator-General and of the Solicitor to the Treasury, Storey's Gate, St James's Park, S W z. Procurator-General and Treasury Solicitor,

Procurator-General and Treasury Solicitor, Bir Maurice Gwyer, K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C., K.C.

Accounts Branch
Clerk in Charge of Accounts, C 11 Hunt, M.R.S., I.E.o
Deputy do , E. W. Mounter.

Ksug's Proctor's Office (Divorco Business) as Old Queen Mt., Westminstor, S W z., King's Proctor, Sir Maurileo Gwyer, K c n., K Assistant King's Proctor, W. G. Chapman Assistant Chief Clerk J. B. Finch

Ministry of Transport Branch.
6 Whitehall Gardons, S.W. z.
Assistant Solietior, G.F. Carter, on n...
(they Clerk, E. V. Thompson.
Assistant Unity Clerks, C. A. Higgins, P. Ludbrook

Statute Law Committee. Statute Law Committee,
at Tressury Chambers, Whiteball, S.W. r.
Chairman, Sir Frederick F. Liddell, s. c., s. c.
Editor of Revised Statutes, Statutory Itales and Orders,
dec, C. T. Car, Li.D.
Assistant to the Editor, A. F. Smyly.
(Irrk desistant, J. E. Pringle
Sec. to Committee, F. W. Lescelles, M.G., House of
Lords, S.W. L.

TRINITY HOUSE, Tower Hill, E.C. &

TRIBITY HOUSE, Tower Hill, E.C. 3.
Trinity House, the first General Lighthouse and Rilesage Authority in the Kingdom, was a body of importance when Henry VIII. granted the Institution is into charter in 1814, sister evia "for the relief, increase and augmentation of the Shipping of this Realm of England." Since that period the duty of erecting and maintaining lighthouses and other marks and signs of the sea has by Royal Oherter and Acts of Parliament been entrusted to the Corporation of Trinity House, and utili 1879. Masters of the Navy were examined by the Elder Brethren of the Corporation of Trinity House, and the principal duty of the Corporation of Trinity House. Alghbanuse, the principal duty of the Corporation of Trinity House, and the principal duty of the Corporation and the Cartain Statutory invisition in regard to lighthouses and other seamarks in Scotland, Ireland the Channel Islands and Gibraltar, whilst the Corporation are also the chief Pilotage Authority in the United Kingdom, and in their capacity as a private corporation or guild they summinister certain Charitashe Truste specifically dedicated to the relief of aged and distressed master mariners and their widows. The Acting Rider Brethren of the Corporation also sit with the Judges of the Administry Division of the High Court of Juntice to not as Nauleal Assessors in Marine Cabes tried in that Court takend out of the General Lighthouse Fund, this fund being provided by means of special ducs called Light Dues levied on shipping using the ports of the United Kingdom. The accounts are submitted annually to Parliament.

ELDER BRETERE

Master, Field-Marshal H. R. H. the Duko of Connaught and Strathearn, R. G.; Deputy Master, Vice-Adm Sir Robert Mansell, R. C. V. C. B. E. Eder Brechren, H. M. The King; Capt. O. C. B. E. Eder Brechren, H. M. The King; Capt. O. P. Marshall, C. B. R. Fetired); Capt. O. P. Marshall, C. B. R. Fetired); Capt. O. P. Marshall, C. B. R. Fetired); Capt. T. Golding, C. B. E. (retired); Maj. Gen. H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, R. G., The Marquess of Crewe, R. G., Rt. Hon. Winston Spencer Churchill, C. H., R. F., Capt. Own Jones, C. B. R. P. (Capt. P. N. Layton, C. B. E. R. D.; Vice-Adn. H. R. H. Prince of Wales, G., Capt. A. R. H. Morroll. Capt. H. C. Birule, D. R. G., D. Capt. A. R. H. Morroll. Capt. H. C. Birule, D. R. G., D. Capt. A. R. Morroll. Capt. H. C. Birule, D. R. G. Sanley Baldwin, M. F.; The Viscount Bridgeman, Capt. W. K. Chaplin, Adm of the Fleet Earl Jellicoe, G. C., O. A., C. V. O., Capt. W. E. Crumplin; The Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, M. F.; Capt. C. E. Homan.

OFFICERS.

Booretary, M. K. Smith, o. R. Booretary, M. K. Smith, o. R. Principala, H. T. Miller, R. R.; J. M. Nicolle, o. R. Chief, Accountent, R. H. G. Thomson, a. C. L. L. C. Vedy (Deputy Accountent); H. F. W. Bartlett; W. M. Lleeching, R. A. Ebecutive Clerks, T. H. Burleigh, M. A.; A. W. Nicholls; J. H. Simpson; R. S. McLornon Engagerer-in-Chief, J. P. Bowon, R. R., M. L. C. Asst. Engineers, H. G. Nvales, A. M. Noch. E. Crief, R. C., M. L. C. Merch, S. C. C. L. C. Chief Engineering Assaciant, C. W. Glass, A.M. Inst. C. K. Chief Engineering Clerk, H. P. Turner. Surveyor of Shipping and Marine Engineer, R. Kingdom, M. 1 Noch R. A. M. 1 Noch R. Chief Engineering Clerk, H. P. Turner. Principal Plutage Clerk, W. J. T. Halliwell. Principal Clerk of Estates, &c., E. Godber.

#### COMMISSIONERS OF NORTHERN LIGHT-HOUSES.

84 George St.. Edinburgh.
Secretary, J Glencorse Wakelin, o B.E.
Engineer, D. A. Stevenson, B.Sc., F.R.S.E., M inst.c.E.

OLYDE LIGHTHOUSES TRUST, 137 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow. Chairman, George Sloan. Clerk, J. F. Anderson. Engineers, Mossis. D & C. Stevenson.

CLYDE NAVIGATION TRUST.

26 Robertson Street, Glasgow.
Chairmon, William F. Robertson.
Deputy do., William Cuthbert.
General Manager and Scoretary, Jas. Macfarlana.
Engineer, A. C. Gardner.

FORTH COMBREVANCY.

Grangemouth, Stirlingshire Chairman, The Earl of Eigln, c.s.a., LLD. Cterk and Treeswere, Duncan Kennedy, w.s., 2 Bank Street, Falkirk. Marine Supt, Capt. E. Roynon Jones, R.S.

# IRISH LIGHTS COMMISSIONERS.

Carlisle Buildings, D'Olier St., Dubliv Chairman, Rt. Hon. Andrew Jameson, n.L. Secretary, J. B. Phelps.

# , TRUSTER SAVINGS BANKS, INSPECTION COMMITTEE,

INSPECTION COMMITTEE,

3 & 4 Clement's Inn, Strand, W.C.s.

This Committee was established under the Savings
Bank Act, sign, and is responsible for the inspection of
the books and accounts of Trustee Savings Banks and
or other duties set out in this and subsequent Acts.
The Trustee Savings Banks, whose history goes back to
tace, had on Nov so, sage, 494 offices in Greet Britain
and Ireland, and total funds amounting to over

Arghonoson Cir William G. Turpin, s.c.s.

Chairman, Sir William G. Turpin, s.c.s.

Vice-Chairman, G. R. Freeman, s.c.s.

Char Members, Sir Arthur E. Binko, r. s.z.; Col. H. A.

Char Members, Char. c. c.s.z.; Thomas Liddle, s.s.; Erskine, c.s., c.s.c., c.s.e; Thomas L. Philip H. Martineau; Digby L. F Koe Secretary, Percy C. Taylor, F.C.A.

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMITTEE,
Caxton House West, Tothill Street, S.W. z.
The Committee was appointed by the Chancellor of
Exchequer in July, 2892, to askips the Government as to
the application of grants made by Parliament towards
meeting the needs of University Education in the
United Kingdom.
Charmans, Sir Walter Buchansu-Riddell, Bt., M.A.
Other Members, Sir William Bragg, z. s. s. f. k. s.; Sir
Duguld Clork, z. n. z., j. n. z.; Miss S. M. Kry, L. D.,
Sir Wilmot Herringham, z. o. z. o. z., Sir Arbur
Keith, r.m.s.; Sir F G Kenyon, z. c. z.; Sir Stanley
Loathes, z. c. z.; Sir James Walker, r. z. s.
Secretary, A. H. Kidd.

VOLUNTARY AID DETACHMENT COUNCIL.

The Voluntary Aid Detachments Council is composed of representatives of the Admiralty, War Office, 4 in Ministry, the Territorial Army Associations, the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, the British Red Cross Society and St. Andrew's Ambliance Association, Chairman, Sir Humphry Rolleston, Bt., a c.v.o.,

Secretary, Lt.-Col W H A. De la Pryme, D.a.o, So Pall Mall, S W. z

#### IMPERIAL WAR GRAVES COMMISSION. 3 Sanctuary Buildings, so Great Smith Street.

3 Ossiculary Bindings, so Great Similar Street,
Westminister, S. W. z.
President, H. R. H. The Prince of Wales, x c.
Chairman, The Secretary of State for War.
Permanent Vice-Chairman, Maj.-Gen. Sir Fabian
Waro, x c. v. o., x.n.z., c.n., c.n.e.
Personnt Assistant to the Vice-Chairman: Capt E J.

King, n.c.
Artistic Adviser, Lt.-Col. Sir F. Kenyon, g.n.n., n.c.n.
Assistant Secretary, Finance, Lt.-Col. C. P. Oswald,

O.B P., Director of Works, Lt.-Col. H. F. Robinson, C.M.G. Director of Records, Maj. H. F. Chettle, O.B.R. Secretary to the Trustees, Lt.-Col. Sir H. Elliasen, C.R.R.

# 6 WORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS, Storey's Gate, S.W. z.

H M. Office of Works was constituted in sign to perform certain overseeing duties, &c., previously belonging to the Office of Woods and Forests.

First Commissioner, The Rt. Hon. William Ornaby-

Do. (Parliamentary), Maj. J. J. Llowellin, w :

Other Commissioners, The Principal Secretaries of State and the Fresident of the Board of Trade. Secretary, Sir Lionel Earle, s.c.s., s.c.v.o., c.m.c., s.s.

Secretarias.

Principals, M. Connolly, c.m.; H. A. Russell, M.m.z.; H. R. Seagrave, c.m.z.; H. L. Davis, c.m.z.; E. N. de Normann; D. L. Macintyre, Yef H. W. Spencer.

H. W. Spencer.

J. P. Ferguson; F. J. Root.

J. P. Ferguson; F. J. Root.

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Architects Division. Chief Architect, Sir R. J. Allison, C.B.E., F R.I.B.A

Head of Section. C. Coates, M.B.E. ...... £550 to £700 Staf Officer, B. C Cross, M.B.E. ..... £400 to £500 Maintenance Survey ors Diresson.

Chief Surveyor, H. Ryle, M. VO, O B. E., F S L., A R 1 B A £900 to £2,000

QUARTER SESSIONS IN COUNTIES.

Under \$ of the Criminal Justice Act rose Quarter Sessions in Counties must be held within the period of zx days immediately preceding and immediately following the four Quarter Days Berwerze Szessions are regulated by Sec. 20 of the Licensing (Consolidations) Act, 2920.

#### COUNTY OF LONDON SESSIONS SESSIONS HOUSE, Newington, S.E. z.

Under the scheme of the London County Council for regulating the holding of Courts of Quarter Sessions for the County of London approved by the Secretary of State for the Home Department (Sect. 40 (2) of the Local Government Act. 2003) Sessions are held dwice in each month—as Sessions during the year—the first Sessions in January, Arit, July and October being Quarter Sessions for January, Arit, July and October being Quarter Sessions in Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2) Chamber (Sect. 40 (2)

# MIDDLESEX QUARTER SESSIONS. Guildhall, Wostminster, S.W. z.

Chairman, Sir Montagu Sharpe, s. c., v. t.
Deputy do., Rt. Hon Sir Herbert Nield, s. c., m. r., d. l.
Assistant Deputy do. Sir Thomas Forster, s. c.
Clerk of the Peace, E. S. W. Hart, m. s., Gulidhall, S. W. r
Deputy do. do., C. W. Radollffe, m.a.

SURREY SESSIONS. COURTY HALL, Kingston-on-Thames

Chairman, Cecil Whiteley, a.c.
Deputy Chairmen, Charles Martineau; J. H. W.
, Filcher.

Surveyore, J. M. Davidson; W. C. P. Eve, M. E.; A. J. Marshall, L. R. I. R.A. Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Division. Chief Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, Hubert

Chief Mechanicus und Balnes, car. School Mechanicus, car. School Magineer, J. A. MacIntyre, car., s. sec., m mat.c. Sequence (New Works), A. P. Patey, M. M.E., M. Lef.; M. P. Melaren, M.R.; A. G. Ramsey, M.B.E., B. S.C., AM.LOE, AMLEE, J. W. Arnot, M.R.; G. Smith, AMLOE, AMLEE, J. W. Arnot, M.R.; C. Smith, AMLOE, AMLEE, J. W. Arnot, M.R.; C. S. Sequence (M. M. S. Sequence).

Quantity Surveyors Division.

Chief Quantity Surveyor, G C. Widdowson, o n z Supplies Division *

Directorate of Lands & Accommodation 

W. J. Heweley, F.C. a. a. a. p. .

Estate Surveyors (Grade I), N. Black, A.A.I.; F. W. Wright, A.A.I.; G. M. Hooper, M. ; W. M. Reuney; W. D. Marshall, F. A.I.; J. A. Hartley; J. N. Davies, F. S.I., F.A.I., N. Sutton, A.I.; T. B. Maclesan; W. J. Eves; E. R. Dunn, A.I.; J. B. D. Dutton; E. F. Simmonds; G. H. Cannon (acting), H. S. C. Bishop, F. S.I., F.A.I. (acting); F. J. Hando, F.A.I. (acting); F. J. Hando, F.A.I. (acting); Staff (ifficer, G. H. Laker

Roual Parks Division.

Royal Parks Division.

Ballif of Royal Parks, de. F. E. Curter £650 to £800
Ancient Monuments Inspectorale.

Chief Inspector, Sir C. R. Peers, c.s.e., M.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A., P.S.A.

Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh.

Regius Keeper, Professor W. W. Smith, M.A., F R.S. 2 . £700 ______

Clerk to the Lieutenancy, A. F. Copp, M.c., Burwood House, Caxton St., S. W.z. Clerk of the Peace, Dudley Aukland

# SALFORD HUNDRED COURT OF RECORD.

Albert Square, Manchester. The Court of Record for the Hundred of Salford dates from Angle-Saxon times, and was left undisturbed by the Judicature Acts of \$73 and \$955. High Steward, Rt Hon, the Earl of Sefton. Judge, John Roskill, & c. Registrar, F E Warbreck Howell (Town Clerk). Deputy Registrar, A Desquesnes, Ll.B. Senio: Clerk, H Binks

#### COUNTY OF LONDON CORONERS.

Northern District, W B. Purchase, M C ... £1,700 Coronor's Office, Cambridge Street, St. Pancras,

Borough of Southwark District (see p. 606).

# § Law and Justice.

APPELLATE TRIBUNALS.

# THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVE COUNCIL.

- Office, Downing Street, Whitehall, S.W. r. The Supreme Judicial Authority of the Empire is the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, before which appeals may be brought (in the form of a petition to the Crown) from Consular Courts and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, and from the Courts of India and every British Dominion. The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council consists of the Lord Chanceller, Lord President, ex-Lords President, the Lords of Appeal in Ordinary (see col. 2), and such other members of the Privy Council as shall from time to time hold or have held "high Judictal Office" within the meaning of the Appellate
Jurisdiction Acts, 1876 and 1887. Among the last
are included Viscount Hailsham, Lord Buckmaster, Lord Darling, Lord Warrington of Clyffe and Lord Salvesen. Sir John Wallis is a member by virtue of section 30 of the Judicial Committee by virtue of section 30 of the Judicial Committee act, 1832; Sir George Rivers Lowndes and Sir Dinshah F. Mulia (Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1998); and the following judges from the Dominions beyond the Seas (various Acts, 1805-1908); Sir Charles Fitzpatrick (Canada), Sir James Rose Innes (S. Afreca); Mr. Justice Lyman Poore Duft (Canada — Supreme Coust); Sir Adrian Knox (Australia); Sir Isaac Alfred Isaacs (Australia); Chief Instee Fernels Alexander Applied Canada Chief Justice Francis Alexander Anglin (Canada—Supreme Court); Chief Justice Sir William Mulock (Ontario); Sir Lancelot Fanderson (Bengal), and Chief Justice Jacob de Villiers (South Africa—

.....£800 Second Clerk, D. G. Lys ...... ... ... £450 THE HOUSE OF LORDS." "

THE Supreme Judicial Authority for Great Britain and Northern Ireland is the House of Lords, which is the ultimate Court of Appeal from all the Courts in Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It is constituted as under:—

The Lord High Chancellor Presides.

Lords of Appeal in Ordinary (each £6,000).

	Appta.	2000 x
Rt. Hon. Viscount Dunedin, G.C.V.O.	1013	8s
Rt. Hon. Lord Blanesburgh, G.B.E.	1983	70
Rt. Hon. Lord Atkin	292 <b>6</b>	64
Rt. Ron. Lord Tomlin	1929	.64
Rt. Hon. Lord Thankerton	1989	58
Rt. Hon. Lord Russell of Killowen	1929	64
Rt. Hon. Lord Macmillan	1930	58

And such Peers of Parliament as are holding, or have held, high judicial office.

#### LAW SITTINGS, 1938.

Huary January 12 to March 23.
EasterApril 5 to May 23.
Trinity May a4 to July 30.
MichaelmasOctober za to December az.

#### THE INNS OF COURT.

#### DINING TERMS, 2021.

		, -90
Jan. 11	to	Feb. r
Apr. 5	to	May a!
May 24	to	June 13
Nov. z	to	Nov. 25

# The Judiciary of England and Males.

#### SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Court of Appeal. Re-Officio Judges.

The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of Rugiand, the Master of the Rolls, and the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiraty Division.

The Master of the Rolls (56,000).

Rt. Hot Ernest Murray, Baron Hanworth, z.r.z., born: 285 (appld zgg).

Lord Justices (each £5,000)— Rt. Hon. Sir T. Edward Scrutton Rt. Hon. Sir Faul Ogdon Lawrence Rt. Hon Sir F Arthur Greer Rt. Hon Sir Honry Herman Siesser Rt. Hon. Sir Mark Lemon Romer.	Apptd 1916 1926 1927 1929 1929	Age, Jan. 2932. 75 70 67 48 65

#### HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

Chancery Division.

	. Aı	re, Jan. z,
Justices (each £5,000)-	Apptd.	103st
Hon, Sir Harry Trelawney Eve Hon, Sir Albert Charles Clauson,	2907	75
C.B.B	1926	6z
C.R.R. Hon.SirFrederickHerbt.Maugham Hon. Sir Arthur Fairfax Charles		15
Coryndon Luxmoore	29 <b>89</b>	55
Coryndon Luxmoore	1989	84

# King's Bench Division.

The Lord Chief Justice of England :-The Rt. Hon. Gordon, Lord Hewart (b 1870, apptd 

	Apptu	Age, Jan	1
Justices (each £5,000)-		293a.	
Hon Sir Herace R. Avory	IQIO	Bo	
Hon. Sir Thomas G. Horridge	2020	74	
Hon SirSidney A.T Rowlatt, k.c.s.	. ZOZE	74 69	
Hon. Sir Henry A. McCardie	zoz6	.6a	
Hon. Sir Alexander A. Roche	Z927	60	
Hon. Sir Rigby P. W Swift		57	
Hon. Sir Edward Acton	2000	őģ	
Hon. Sir George A. H. Branson	Iggi	66	
Hon. Sir George John Talbot	1983		
Hon.SirFrankDouglasMacKinnon	2004	<b>₹</b>	
Rt. Hon Viscount Finlay, K. B		116	
Hon. Sir Robert Alderson Wright	1985	55 6e	
Hon Sir John Anthony Hawke		62	
Hon SirErnest BruceCharles, c. s. z		60	
Hon Sir Travers Humphreys	. zos8	64	
Hon Sir Malcolm Macnaghten	y		
A.B.Z	. zgs8	6e	

#### Court of Criminal Appeal.

Judges, The Lord Chief Justice and all the Judges of the King's Bench Division of the High Court,

* PENSIONED Ex-Lord Unancettors.—The following ex-Lord Chancellers are in receipt of annual pensions:— Viscount Hailgham, £5,000; Lord Buckmaster, £5,000.

Probate, Diverce and Admiralty Division. Hon. Sir Alexander D. Bateson (born 1966, apptd. 1993); Hon Sir George Philip Langton (born 1881, apptd. 1939). King's Proctor, Sir M. L. Gwyer, E.C.B., E.C. COURTS, OFFICERS, &c. Corwa Office, House of Lords, S.W. z. Cherk of the Croten, Sir Claud Schuster, e.c.n.c.v.o., c Deputy Clerk, Hon A. E. A. Napler, c.a. Staff Clerk, A. J. Johnston. Lord Chancellor's Office, House of Lords.

Permanent Sec. and Clerk of the Crown, Sir Claud Permanent Sec. and Clerk of the Crown, Sir Claud Schutter, a.c.s., c.v., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c., k.c.,

Thomas Hickman, M. R. Asst. do., and Purse Hearr, H. Pusey. Trainbearer, G. E. Collins. Staff Cherk, J. W. Macaree. Vote Office, B. C. Gray

Charles Courts.
('hief Master, attached to all the Judges: Sir Charles Mr Justice Eve. Mr. Justice Maugham, and Mr Justice Bennett. At Chambers—Masters of the Supreme Court, A to D

A. F. Ridadale; E to K, M. G. Willmott, M. L.

L to R, H. W. Jolf; S to Z, P. W. Chandler Mr Justice Clauson, Mr Justice Luxmoore, and Mr Justice Farwall

Justice Farwell At Chambers — Masters of the Supreme Court, A to D.
J. H. P. Chitty; E to K, A. H. Holland; L to R,
R. T. Watkin Williams; S to Z, Robert Lee Mosse

.. £ soo to £ soo

Smith

Chancew Registrars, Optics

Registrars, E. Hicks Beach; J. F. More, O.B.P.;
W. F. Jones

W. R. Jones

Principal Cleris, H. C. Reader; J. F. Hay; F. V.

Harris; V. E. Farr, A. F. Adams; J. B. H. Wyman

Third Class Clerks, W. J. Papworth; J. Bisloy;
E. A. E. F. Clack; G. E. Nicholls; O. R. K.

Thomas; S. B. Holloway

Petition and Entry Clerk, H. B. Goddard.

COMPANIES COURT Judges, Hon. Sir Harry Trelawney Eve, Hon. Sir Frederick H Maugham, and Hon. Sir. Charles A.

Bennett,
Registrar, Arthur Stiebel ...... £1,500
Principal Clerks, J. B. Bull and R. Y. Marvin

CONVEYANCING COURSE, OF THE COURT.
Sir Arthur Underhill; T. C. Williams; Sir Benjamin
L.Cherry; A. E. Russell; T. R. C. Dill; P. M. Walters

(Empowered to take Examination of Witnesses in all Divisions of the High Court )
A. J. Spencer; A. Robinson; C. G. Moran; C. Douglas-Pennant; H. M. Stebbing; R. C. Hawkin; L. Mead; J. J. Roberts

Official Reperses of the Supreme Court.

Courts—Royal Courts of Justice.

Sir F. Newbolt, a.c.; George Alevander Scott; Sir E. W. Hansell, s.c.; ... each 52,500

E. W. Hansell, s.c.; ... each 52,500

Official Solutions to the Supreme Court.

Charles Randal Bradburne .... ... . £1,500 Supreme Court Pay Office.

Accountant-General, Sir Claud Schuster, c.c.n.

Central Office of the Supreme Court.

Masters of the Siprime Court.

Bouner (Senior Master of the Supreme Court Sir G. A. Bonner (Senior Master of the Supreme Court and King's Remembrancer) 5.,800; Sir Leonard W. Kernhaw (b) (King's Coroner and Attorney and Master of the Croum (Moe); Ernest A Jelf; W. Valentine Ball, O.R.; Porcy Roginald Owen Abstract, D.O., M.C.; F. S. Arnold Baker, Geoffrey Moseley; R. F. Burnand, O.B.S. each £1,200 to £1,500

each £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £1,see to £

Election Petitions, Philip Clark, o B E.

King's Remembrancer's and Acknowledgments
Department **
King's Remembrancer, Sir G A. Bouner (Senio)

Master,

Master,

Clerks, S. A. Lynn, F.C.1,8.; A. L. Woodcock, C. G.

Moule; R. S. Hill. †

Clerks, Charles, And Associates Department \$

Clevis, S. A. Lynn, F.C.I.S.; A. L. HOOGICOUK, C. T. MOULE; R. S. Hill.;

CROWN OFFICE AND ASSOCIATES DEPARTMENTS, Sing's Coroner and Attorney and Master of the Crown Office, Sir Loonard W. Kershaw. Head Clerk, W. E. Davis; G. W. Townesend; M. F. C. Willson; J. O. Griffits; G. M. Townesend; M. F. C. Willson; J. O. Griffits; G. M. Towner; G. L. Warren; R. Pawsey; W. H. Hills; T. K. Roberts, A. C. Killott; W. J. Tabner.

Courn of Justic Escatevery Department. Superintendent, W. C. Keoling

Assistant Superintendent, E. J. Talbot.

SUPERINE COURT TAXINO OFFICE.

Masters of the Supreme Court, H. Hughes-Onslow, C. E. (Life Master), S. Specie; D. S. Gibbon, M.C.; Edmund Cave; Albert G. Rivington; R. M. Greenwood, C. B. K. L. M.; H. F. Blake. A. E., 2000 to S. Specie.

43 Sit Leonard Kershaw in Radistrar of the Court of

(b) Sir Leonard Kershaw is Registrar of the Court of Criminal Appeal. · Office hours, zo to 4. Vacations, zo to a: Saturdays,

to to I no to x

i The malaries of clerks in the Central Office range
from—sat class, £500 to £700; and class, £500 to £400;
and class, £500 to £500

I Office hours, 20,30 to 4,30; Vacations, 20,30 to 2,30;
Saturdays, 20,30 to 7,30; Vacations, 20,30 to 2,30;
Vacations, x to s.

# 248 § Probate Division—Central Criminal Court. Circuits of Judges.

Clerks (Principal Clerks), J Sworder; W. R. Shaw; A. F. Sinall; H. J. Howes; A. W. Porter; H. M. Drake; isud Class (Gerks), A. W. Pinder; T. H. Parker; R. G. Gurney; W. F. Poltook; J. M. Cole; F. R. Cutler; W. Fairfan; M. H. Spicer. J. J. Ramsay, C. B. Cooper; W. P. Hunt, A. E. Bishop; grad 'lass (Gerks), R. F. C. Roach; G. N. H. Harris; J. R. Sinith; W. E. Gadd; W. J. Milton; G. Boker. G. Baker Rota (Nork, B. P. Trengus.

Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division. PRINCIPAL PROBATE REGISTRY, Somerset House Registrary, Walter A. Inderwick (Senior), £7,500 H. F. O. Norbury, s.c. L.; H. A. de C. Pereira C. P. Hawkes ...... £2,200 to £2,500 C P Hawken ..... £1,200 to £1,500
Assistant Registrar, C. T. A Wilkinson £850 to £1,000

ADMIRALTY REGISTRY AND MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

ADMIRAUTY R. GISTRY AND MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Royal Courts of Justice
Registrar, E. S. Roscoe
Assistant Registrar, H. Stokes
Marshal and Chief (Verk, A. K. J. Harris
Clerka, H. G. Cockell, Dallas Young, M. M.; C. S.
Roscoe; R. D. Lamb; L. B. Tidy; E. H. Scott; V. H.
Roscoe; R. D. Lamb; L. B. Tidy; E. H. Scott; V. H. .. .. £x00 to £600

Bankruptoy Department.

Carey Street, Liucoin's Inn Fields. - £14,40s. Judge, The Hon Mr Justice Clauson; Hon Mr Justice Luxmore and the Hon Mr Justice Farwell Sentor and Chief Registrar, Frank Mollor £2,600 Registrars, Arthur Stiebei; Sir Marshall D Warmington, Bt.
Principal Clerk (Sentor Registrar's Department), C. C Cartwright

TAXING OFFICE IN BANKRUPTCS

Taxing Masters. The Taxing Masters of the Supreme Principal Clerk, F. G. Wortham and Class Clerks, T. G. Thomas and H. G. Aiton 3rd Class Clerk, T. Tomoy.

OFFICIAL RECEIVER'S DEPARTMENT.

Senior Official Receiver, Hon W. J. Hoyle, c. B. H., 200 Official Receivers, E. Parke; E. C. F. Vyvyan Senior Assistant Officual Receiver, H. Wheoler Assistant do, V. Armstrong; H. H. Gaino; C. Bruce Assistant do , V. Armst Park ; W F. Crosswoll.

## Companies Court.

Judges, Hon Mr Justice Eve, Hon. Mr. Justice Maugham and the Hon Mr. Justice Bennett

# Court of Criminal Appeal-Registrar's Office.

(Offices-Room 473 Royal Courts.) Registrar, Sir Leonard W. Kershaw (Master of the Crown Office)

Assist Registrar, Carrol Romer, Chief (Jerk. R. E. Ross, 11.8, Clerks, C. M. D Pigott; W. E. Stone.

# Railway and Canal Commission.

(Offices-Rooms 772, 773 and 774 Royal Courts.) Ba-officio Commissionera, Hon Mr. Justice Mackinnon (England), Hon Lord Blackburn (Scotland); The Rt. Hon. Lord Justice (James) Andrews (Northern Ireland).

Commissioners, Hon Sir William Francis Kyffin Taylor, a.n., x.c.; Sir R. Francis Dunnell, Bt., x.c.s Registrar, Sir Robert McCall, x.c.v.c., x.c. Secretary, J J. Clare Hunt.

Lunsoy.

Management and Administration Department and Lord Chancellor's Visitors.

Royal Courts of Justice.

 Land Values Reference Committee.

(Office-Room zer Royal Courts.) Committee, The L.C.J., the Master of the Rolls, and the President of Surveyors' Institution. Secretary, S. A. Lynn, 1.c.t & Assist. Sec., A. L. Woodcock.

Board of Referees Finance Acts, 1915-27. (Room 803-New Wing-Royal Courts of Justice, W.C s.)

Chairman, Sir D M. Kerly, a.c Deputy do., Francis Edmond Bray Registrar, J K F Cleave

Coal Mines (Reference) Committee.

(Room 773, Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, W.C. 2.)

Committee, The Lord Chief Justice of England; The President of the Court of Session, and T. E. Forster, 3, Edon Square, Newcastle-upon-Tyue.

#### Director of Public Prosecutions.

z, Richmond Terrace, Whitehall, S.W. z. Director, Edward Hale Tindal Atkinson, c. B z. Sa,ge Aust. Directors, Swand Pearce, C.R.E. 51,460. A. Sefton-Cohen . 52,000 to 51,500 to 161 (Et.s. C. R. V. Wallace, 52,000 to 52,500 to 50,000 to 40,000 to 40,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70,000 to 70, mc, B Gwatkin 

#### CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT .-- Old Bailey.

The following days have been appointed for holding the Sessions for the jurisdiction of the Contral Criminal Court, for ——

1932. xsth January. 1932. 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st May 21st M

Clerk of the Court, Wilfrid Waltor Nops, Li.s. Deputy, Joseph Avory Tickell Judges, The Lord Mayor, Lord Chancellor, any person who has been Lord Chancellor or Judge of any Superior Court, and the present Judges of my of the Superior Courts, the Aldermen, Recorder, Common Serjeant, and Judges of the Mayors and City of London Court for thm benn. (Office hours: 20 to 4, during August 20 to 2; Saturdays, 20 to 1) GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS.

London. 1932. 6th January. Southmark Southwark, rogs. to January.

, 4th April

, syth June.

, 2th Oct.

Clerk of the Feace, Wilfrid Walter Nops, LL B.

#### Under-Sheriffs.

Under-Sheriffs (1931-33), Sidney Newton, 22, Queen St., E.C., and T. Howard Deighton, Deputy Alder-man, 90 Cannon St.

#### CIRCUITS OF JUDGES.

CIECUITS OF JUDGES.

The dates of the Assises, in the s Circuits into which England and Wales are divided, are respectively about the middle of Asy Summer), and middle of October (Autumn). Except in Leicestershire, Northungherland, Newcastic-upon-Tyne, Glamorganshire, Borton Bristol, Suffolk and Sussex, the Autumn assize it for criminal business only. At Norwich, Matricansial Concess are tried W., S and A. There is an additional assise, for Lancashire and Yorkahire only, in May.

South Eastern Circuit.

Hussingdonaker (Huntingdon)—W. and S.

Cemberiogdonaker (Huntingdon)—W. and S.

Cemberiogdonaker (Cambridge)—W.S. and A. (for Winter Assise County No. 3) (Chesterton).

# §Circuits of Judges—Industrial Court—Ecclesiastical Courts. 249 Stayfolt (Ipswich W.), (Bury St. Edmunds S.)—and A. siterinately (Ipswich, 1928). Norfolk (Norwich)—W. S. and A. Do. (City of Norwich)—W. S. and A. Essec (Ciclumford)—W., S. and A. Herts (Hertford)—W., S. and A. Kent (Maidstone)—W., S. and A. Surrey (Kingston)—W., S. and A. Surrey (Kingston)—W., S. and A. Clerk of Assize, Sir Arthur Denman, 1 Hare Court, Temple, E.C. 4. Soo Associate, H. S. Stowe, 2 Hare Court, Temple, E.C. 4.

£800 Brecon, Criminal business only; but at the Glamor-gan Assize, Civil and Criminal business are taken. Cumberland (Carlisle)—W, S and A (for Assize County No 2)
Westmoriand (Appleby)—W. and S
Lancastire, Northern Division (Lancaster)—W, S. Lancasnire, Aurice and A. Salford Division (Manchester) —W., Spring, S and A. Userpool—W., Spring, S and A. Userk of Assize, W. J. H. Graham, Preston Seconds, H. H. Harding, Preston Clerk of Indictments and Tawing Officer, Junn F. Coupe, Proston Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second S North-Eastern Circuit. Northumberland and City of Newcastle (Newcastle)-Western Circuit. & For Salaries see note, p. 196.

Beds (Bedford)—W., S. and A.
Bucks (Ayleabury)—W., S. and A.
Derbyskire (Dorby)—W., S. and A.
Leicesterskire (Leicester)—W., S. and A. (for Auslze

Victoria Street, E.C. 4.

Bouth Wales Division.

Pembrokeshire (Ilaverfordwort)—W and S
Cardiganshire (Lampeter)—W and S
Cardiganshire (Lampeter)—W, and S
Carmarthenshire (Carmarthen)—W, S, and A. (for
Assize County No. 6)
Glimorganshire—(Cardiff) W, and A, alternately with
Swansos : Swanson (S).

Brychnockshire (Brecon)—W, S, and A (for Assize
Cannty No. 2).

County No 7.

Radnorshire (Frestolgu, W and S.

Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of Assiste and Associate, Hon

Stephen Coloridge, M A., Room 771, Royal Courts

5500

Jones Jones
At the Autumn Assizes held at Carmarthen and

HE INDUSTRIAL COURT.

The National Wages Board (Bailways).

g Old Palace Yard, Westminstor, S. W. z.

The National Wages Board was reconstituted by 5 &

of the Bailways Act., sear, for the determination of questions affecting wages and couditions of servit so for certain

classes of railway employees, on appeal from the Central

Wares Banil.

Wages Board.
Churman, Sir Harold Spencer Morris, E.C., M.B.E.
Representing Railway Companies (Panel of 35, from
whom 6 to be elected for each reterence). National
Vision of Railwayners, (a). Issociated society of
Locomotive Engineers and Firemen (a). Railway
Ceris' Association (a). Uses so Railways (4).
Secretary, W. II Reynolds, M.B.E.

ECCLESIASTICAL COURTS.

Judge, The Rt Worshipful Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin,

[Judge of the Provincial Courts of Canterbury and York under "The Public Worship Regulation Ast,

Court of Arches.

Regustry, 22 Knightrider St., Doctors Commons, E.C.4.
Dezas, Rt. Worshipful Sir L. T. Dibdin, n c L.

Regustrar, Arthur W. D. Mooro

Court of Faculties (Registry and Office for Marriage Lienness (Special and Ordinary), Appointment of Notaires Public, &c., ag Knightrider Street, Doctors Commons, &.C. Office hours, to to 4; Naturdays, to to 2.)
Master, Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin, to C.L.
Reptistrar, Arthur W. Dodwell Moore.
Deputy do., F. J. Colon.
Chap Clerk, Charles A. Brown. Vicar-General's Office

Vicar-General's Office,
for granting Marriage Licences, and Cours or Pact11ABB, 1 The Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W. 2. Office
hours, 10 to 4; Saturdays, 20 to 2. Closed on Sundays,
Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Bank Holidays.
Vicar-General, Sir L. T. Dibdin, n.c. L.
Registrar, H. T. A. Dashwood, M.
Ohld Clerk and Record Keeper, H. S. Allam.
Ohancery Gourt of York.
Official Principal, Sir L. T. Dibdin, n.c. L.
Registrar, Arthur Vaughan Hudson.
Offices or Test Vicar-General Licences in the Diococe
of York, and for the Consistory Court of York,
and for granting Marriage Licences in the Diococe
of York, and for the Consistory Court of York,
Vicar-Gen. and Chancellor, Sir P. W. Baker-Wilbraham, Bt.

Vices-Grm. and Chancellor, Sir P. W Baker-Wilbra-ham, Bt.
Registrar, Arthur Vaughan Hudson.

** There are also the Consistory Courts of the various Diocean Bishops, these are invariably situated in their cathedral Cities, and it is at the Registries of those Courts that Licences for Marriage in churches outside the London area can be obtained. See also section, "Marriage Licences."

Them and Mapter of St. Paul's Court.

Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's Court.
Commissery, F. H. L. Errington, c. g., p. c.,
Chapter Clerk and Registrar, H. T. A. Dashwood, z.
The Sanctuary, Wewminster
Rectiver, H. T. A. Dashwood, The Chapter House, E. C.,
Bishop of Lendon's Registry,
for granting Licences for Marriages in the Diocese
of London and for his Country, z. Dean's
Court, St. Paul's Churchyard, E. C. 4. Office hours,
ze to 4; Saturdays, ze to z.
Judge, F. H. L. Errington, c. n. p. c.;
Registrars, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dashwood
Chief Clerk and Record Keeper, Albert E. Cave.
Apparator, A. C., Cross.

Apparitor, A. C. Cross.

#### COUNTY COURTS,

In 1989 the total number of proceedings in County Courts of England and Wales (including the Mayors and City of London Court) was 1,133,856, as against a pre-War figure of 1,264,286 (1913) The number of debtors imprisoned was 5,433 (1913) and 3,485 (1920), and of the last number of representations of the county with the order for represent

imprisonment for "Contempt of Courts of State of County Courts Branch.

Lord Chancellor's Dept., House of Lords, S.W. x.

Registry of County Courts Judgments, &c., 

Head of Establishments Section, A.J. Hill. \$550 to \$700
stadiors, H. Slade; V. E. Jones, N. P., El, G. Fty,
J. H. Wagstaff; G. R. Morris; E. Bryant; R. T. Rayment; G. Hardwick; S. H. J. Dunn; A. Greenwood,
H. J. Etton; C. F. Dyson; H. I. James; P. J. Darby;
H. S. Hughes; M. M. Pullen; H. Hullme, E. Burn,
A. C. Barker; J. B. London; R. Graaves, F. A. J.
Kemp; J. Rees; J. W. Bibby; E. M. Nowling;
G. Barton; D. Graham. ... (sr to \$550) \$530 to \$500
Higher Clerical Officers, C. H. Howes, A. Leen

# **MAYOR'S AND CITY OF LOWDON COURT.** Guildhall, E.C. 2.

#### **COUNTY COURT JUDGES**

(each £1,500).
England and Wales: For Bootland see "Sheriffs

[County Court Judges are addressed as "His Honour."]
Bearley, Hugh Loveday (15), Hull, Malton, &c.
Bowen, Ivor, x.c. (18), Mid Wales.

Bradley, Francis Ernest, LL.D. (4), Preston, Blackburg, &c. (10), Cheshire, Lancs, Yorks. Chapman, Edward Henry (13), York, Ripon, &c. Chements, A. F. (46), East Kent. Chur, Albert Rowland (39), Shoreditch, &c. Crowford, John Dawson (26), Edmonton, &c. Crowford, John Dawson (26), Edmonton, &c. Crowford, John Dawson (26), Edmonton, &c. Crowford, John Dawson (26), Carmarthenshire, &c. William Frank de Rolande (27), Carmarthenshire, &c. Dowdall, Harold Chaloner, E.C. (6), Liverpool, &c. Drucquer, Maurice Nathaniel (23), Coventry, Northampton, Maurice Nathaniel (23), Coventry, Northampton, H.C.S. (26), Kent, &c. Dumas, H.C.S. (26), Kent, &c. Dumas, H.C.S. (26), Kent, &c. Croone, J. A., c. a., a., c. (13), The Model, &c. Groone, J. A., c. a., a., c. (13), The Model, &c. Hardgons, Thomas Edmet, a. (16), Zelosstershire, &c. Higgins, George Herbort (46), Brentford and Willes-Hildesley, A., a.C. (29), Essex and Suffolk Bradley, Francis Ernest, LL.D. (4), Preston, Black-burn, &c. den
Hildesley, A. k.c. (33), Essex and Suffolk
Hildyard, Gerald M.T., k.c. (18), Nottingham, &c
Hills, Eustace, k.c. (3), Cumberland and Westmor-land, &c,
Hogg, Adam Spencer (48), Lambeth, &c,
James, Arthur Gwynne- (58), Bath, Devisse, &c,
Jones, Sir Artemus, k.c. (89), North Wales, James, Arthur Gwynne- (gs.), Bata, Devises, &c. Jones, Sir Artemus, x.c. (ss), North Wales.
Jones, Austin (gs.), Biasex.
Kelly, Stanley Anthony Hill (gs.), Bloomsbury,
Kennedy, Affred Ravenscrott, x.c. (gs.), Gloucestershire, &c.
Lailey, Barnard, x.c. (gs.), Winchester, &c.
Lailey, Barnard, x.c. (gs.), Winchester, &c.
Lailey, Barnard, p. (gs.), Exeter, &c.
Lindley, Hon. Walter B. (gs.), Exeter, &c.
Lindley, Hon. Walter B. (gs.), Exeter, &c.
Lindley, Hon. Walter B. (gs.), Exeter, &c.
McCleary, Robert (rs.), Yorks, W. Riding
Maxwell, A. Hyaloy (gs.), Wilts and Dorset, &c.
Mo re, Robert Ernet (gs.), Greenwich, &c.
Proctor, William (s), Liverpool, &c.
Randolph, Joseph Kandolph, x.c. (gs.), Oxford, &c.
Reeve, Raymond Herbert Roope, x.c. (gs.), Worcester,
&c.

Roeve, Raymond Herbert Roope, s.c. (as), Worceater, Ec. (20), Richards, Whitmore L. (2), Birkenhend, &c. Richardson, Thomas (s), Durham, &c. Rowlands, H. J. (41), Clerkenwell.
Rowlands, H. J. (41), Clerkenwell.
Rowlands, Rowland (20), Galanorganshire, &c. Smith, C. Herbert (21), Norlolk and Sufolk.
Smage, Sir Thomas Mortolk and Sufolk.
Snage, Sir Thomas Mortolk and Sufolk.
Thesiger, A. L. E. (12), Durham and Northumberland Thomas, Leonard Charles (as), Cardiff, &c. Thompson, (wen, a.c. (42), Bow.
Tajhin, Sir Afred Aspinalk, ac. (44), Westimister.
Turner, Richard W. (34), Uzbridge, and (44) Westminster.
Woodoock, Hubert Bayley Drysdale, s.c. (14), Leeds Wakefield and Dewsbury, &c.

#### RECORDERS.

Abingdon, Stephen Riou Benson (1988).
Andover, William Thomas Snell (1988).
Banbury, Harry Joseph Turrell, (1988).
Bannstople and Bidgford, Wilfrid Barnard Faraday

Baynstapie and Bideford, Wilfrid Barnard Faraday (1985).

Bath, Reginald Powell Croom Johnson, K.C., K.P. (2988).

Bath, Reginald Rowell Croom Johnson, K.C., K.P. (2988).

Beiford, Hon Victor Russell, o. R. (1988).

Beiford, Hon Victor Russell, o. R. (1988).

Birkenhand, Alexander Mere Latham (1989).

Birkenhand, John Gibbard Hurst, K. (1983).

Birkenhand, John Gibbard Hurst, K. (1983).

Birdoburn, John Henry Thorpe, o. R. (1983).

Bournemouth, William Thomas Lawrance, K.C. (1988).

Bradford, Frank Beverley, M.C. (1988).

Bridpacter, Wyndham Newer Slade (1988).

Bridpacter, Wyndham Newer Slade (1988).

Bristo, Herbert du Paroq, K.C. (1988).

Bristo, Herbert du Paroq, K.C. (1988).

Bristo, Noel Barié Goldie, K.C. (1988).

Burton-on-Trent, Afred Ernest William Hazel, C.R.K. K.C. (1913).

Coldecter, Sir Henry Honywood R. (2988).

(1988).

Croyelon, Robert Frederick Ednes, R. C. (2988).

Croyelon, Robert Frederick Colan, R. C. (2908).

Deal, Major William Wilson Grantham, R. C. (2908).

Derby, Thomas Holia Walker, R. C. (2928).

Derby, Thomas Holia Walker, R. C. (2928).

Donoaster, Cheort George Eston (2904).

Donoer, Sir A. H. Hodkin, R. C. (2907-1920, and 1931).

Dudley, William George Estongoy, R. C. (2921).

Durlum, John Stapleton Grey Pemberton (1924).

Rocter, Edward Peruival Clarke (1924).

Rocter, Edward Peruival Clarke (1924). Faversham, John Castleman Swinburne-Hanham (1998).
Folksgione, Rohand Gifford Oliver, M. c., k. c. (1996)
Glouester, Charles Francis Vachell, k. c. (1998).
Grantham, George Blakklock (1918).
Grantham, George Blakklock (1918).
Grant Granshy, Charles Leete Attenborough (1918).
Gratt Granshy, Charles Leete Attenborough (1918).
Gratt Granshy, Charles Leete Attenborough (1918).
Halfax, James Willoughby Jardine, k. c. (1928).
Halfax, James Willoughby Jardine, k. c. (1921).
Hastinge, Bt. John Hutchinson, k. c. (1921).
Hastinge, Bt. John Hutchinson, k. c. (1922).
Hadderyfield, Arthur Morley, c. h. k. (1928).
Hutcheryfield, Arthur Morley, c. h. k. (1928).
Hydle, W. T. Monckton, k. c. (1930).
Hydle, W. T. Monckton, k. c. (1930).
Hydle, W. T. Monckton, k. c. (1930).
King's Lynn, Henry St. John Digby Raikes, k. c., c. k. King's Lynn, Henry St. John Digdy Resides, A.L., C.B.R. (1905)

Kingston, Sir Thomas Inskip, C.B.R., K.C., N.P. (1908).

Lectes, F. A. Mitchell-Innes, C.B.R., K.C., (1908)

Leicester, George Wightman Powers (1923)

Lichoteld, Stamford Rutton, B.B.R. (1908).

Lichoteld, Stamford Rutton, B.B.R. (1908).

Lichoteld, Schward George Hominerde, R.C. (1909)

Londond, Sir Ernest Wild, R.C. (1928).

Ludlow, William, Allen, K.L. (1928).

Malderone, Thoubald Mathew (1921).

Malderone, Thoubald Mathew (1921).

Maldon and Sagron Wolden, Charles Edward Jones (1921). Maldon and Sufron Watten, Charles Edward Jones (1921).
Manolester, Sir W. Greaves-Lord, E. C., M.P. (1995).
Marquet, George Malcolm Hilbery, R. C. (1995).
Merthyr Tydyl, H. Walter Sannel, R. P. (1932).
Middlesbrough, Joshua Scholsfield, R. C. (1994).
Newcosk, Francis John Fitzgerald, R. C., C. R. (1994).
Newcoski-sunder-Lyrae, Saminel Lower Porter (1928).
Newcosalts-upon-Tyne, James Witloughby Jardine, R. C. (1924). (1931) Northumpton, Charles Bertrand Marriot, a.c. (1928). Norwick, Rt. Hon. Sir William Ellis Hums-Williams, NOTIFICA, R.C. HOH. SHY WILLIAM EARS HUME-WHITEN BL., R.E., R.C. [1987]
NOLINDAMM, HONLY HOMES JOY, R.C. [1987]
NOLINDAMM, TON Eastham, R.C. [1984].
OSTOCATY, Frederic Oswald Langley, R.C. [1987].
CAPTOR, HOM Geoffrey Lawrence, R.C., R.C. [1984].
Pensance, Randolph Alexander Glen [1980].
Pensance, Rayner Goddard, R.C. [1988]
Pontefrance, Robert Horton Vernon Wragge [1905].
Poole Beny Geon [1986]. Pontegrate, moner lictor version wrage 1905).
Poole, Henry Geon (1986).
Portmonth, Echert Frederick Bayford, o. B. 18.1. (1999)
Preston, John Edward Singlaton, s.c. (1998).
Reading, St. John Gore Micklathwait (1993).
Richmond, Yorks, (todfrey Russell Vick (1999).
Rochester, Charles Murray Pitman, s.c. (1994).
Rothe ham, R. Storry Desna (1998). Rott. Roin, h. Rotter Rott. Ref. (1918). Salisbury, Thomas Henning Parr, s.c. (1918). Salisbury, Thomas Henning Parr, s.c. (1918). Stackbolch, Sir Gervals Rentoul, s.c., s.r. (1918). Stackbolch, Sir Gervals Rentoul, s.c., s.r. (1918). Sacarborough, Herbert Brent Grottian, s.c. (1918). Shegield, Walter Hedley, s.c. (1921). Shegield, Walter Hedley, s.c. (1921). Shegield, Digby Octas-Preedy, s.c. (1928). Specification Digby Cotas-Preedy, s.c. (1928). Shegields Digby Cotas-Preedy, s.c. (1928). B.S., M B.C P. Consulting Surgeon, C. Max Page, D.S.O., M.B., M.S., Deputy Physician, H. B. Russell, M.D., R.S., R.R.C.F.,

Bury St. Edwands, Sir Reginald Neville, Bt. (1905).
Cambridge, Roland Burroys (1926).
Cumbridge, Roland Burroys (1926).
Cumbridge, Roland Burroys (1926).
Curdiff, R. E. I. Vanghan, Williams, z. c. (1926).
Curtiste, Edward Wooll, o. z. (1926).
Curtiste, Edward Wooll, o. z. (1926).
Curtiste, Edward Wooll, o. z. (1926).
Curtiste, Edward Wooll, o. z. (1926).
Chebetter, Robert M. Montgomery, z. c. (1927).
Colchester, Walter Frampton (1926).
Colchester, Sir Henry Honywood Curtis Bennett, z. c. (1928).

Southend, Rt. Hon. J. Ian Macpherson, R.C., M.F. (1992). South Molton, Sydney Charles Sichols Goodman (1993). Stambord, William Marshall Freeman (1996). Stabe-on-Treat, Hon. Sir Reginald Covenity, R.C. (1997). Suddary, Sir Harry Courthops-Monro, R.C. (1997). Sundary, Sir Harry Courthops-Monro, R.C. (1997). Numericand, Sir Henry Succiner Cauties, St., E.G., Nr. (1928).
Succinest, Edward William Milnor-Jones (1920).
Trusterien, John Foster Vosey FitzGerald (1923).
Trusterien, Wilfrid Price (1931).
Thetford, Arthur Lombe Taylor (1927).
Tiverton, Sir Trehawke Herbert Kekewich, Bt. (1830).
Walsall, Samuel Ronald Courthore Bosanquet, R.C. K (1928)

Noiverhampton, Frederick John Wrottesley, R.a. (1938).

Worczeter, F. M. Russeil Davies, R.a. (1933).

Warnouth, Great, William Rowley Elliston (1923).

York, Rt. Hon. Sir Horbert Nield, R.L., R.R. (1937). COITY POLICE OFFICE, 26 Old Jewry, E.C. 2. Commissioner, Lt -Col. Sir Hugh Turnbull, n.n.n. £2,600 to £2,000
Assistant Commissioner, John Stark, c.u.n. Loos to Li, see Chief Superintendent, Ernest Thompson Lize to Less CITY OF LONDON POLICE RESERVE. Commandant, William G. Lovell, c. s. s. Chief Staff Officer, Capt A. J. Roberts. CITY OF LONDON JUSTICE ROOMS. METROPOLITAN POLICE OFFICE, New Scotland Yard, S.W. z. Commissioner, Marshal of the Royal Air Force The Lord Trenchard, a c s, p.s. o, p.s. t, p.s. D. ... £2,000 Private Recretary, Deputy Commissioner, Hon Sir Trevor Bigham, E.a.E., Senior Clerks, M B Frere, o.a.e; G Carmichael; G R Sharpe; H G Gilbert; G. A Scoley Higher Execution Officers, W. G. Galley, R. N. Huggett, S. W. Richards, S. J. Chamberlain, p.r.o., J. F. Pearson; F. J. Payne; E. R. Hooper; E. I. Hastings, H. Wilkinson; F. Mayell (acting) Clerk in Charge of Lost Property Office, E. G. Brown. Erective Officer. E. St. John; G. Buck; A. R. Files; H. H. Bowhill; A. E. Cattle; A. F. Hamikon-Smythe, E. C. A. Keen; R. L. Wyn. Williams; W. F. Barter; W. J. Bolland; D. F. A. B. Physician and Usid Medical Officer, imac Jona, L.D. Physician and Usid Medical Officer, imac Jona, L.D.

P.R.C.S.

M.B.C.S.

	MI wy on ir wood		_
Solicitors to the Comm Chief Constables, J. H. gutton Department), ministration; G. A. Superintendent, H. M. Superintendents of the W. Brown, M.B.E.; Cornish; C. A. Coo	issioner, Messra W. Ashley, o s. e. (Or, F. W. Abbott, M. v. bbiss, M. s. e. (Traissy (Public Carriede Criminal Investigation). G. Nicholls; P. ipper.	ontner & Sons. iminal Investi- io., M H.E. (Addining School). uge Ofice). itigation Dept., Savage; G. W.	
Ohief Constables of D H. D. Morgan, o.n. adier J. Whitehead	ons of the Metroj istricts, Maj. M. 1 .z ; T. J. Landon l. c x.g., p.s.c	Condin, c.s.z.; consin, c.s.z.; c. c.s.z.; Brig-	1
R CHELSEA HODTY	endents of Division ary Martin, N.B. E. attendance upon H Watkins.	ns. I M. the King).	
G ST. JAMES'S.—Ber MARYLEBONE.—Ge HOLBORN.—Willin PARRIVOTON.—Ha	Watkins. Watkins. trand Roberson, of the Collins. m Chamberlin. rry Varney. Johnson lerbert Darke.	), FL, E.	1
FINSBURY.—John H WHITECHAPEL.—H HACKNEY.—Willis	THE T OMORE		
Bow.—Herbert B L LAMBETH.—Ernes Southwark —Her Islington —Alfor	t Brind. nry Mann.		
R GREENWICH —Joh B HAMPSTEAD.—Arti	ederick White. n Prothero hur Anniss, hristopher Hicks		
WANDSWORTH —Js W BRIXTON —Charle KILBURN.—Charle HIGHGATE —Char Choydon—James THAMES.—(Chief			
Choydon—James Thames.—(Chief . Portsmooth Docs	Wilson. Inspector), Inspector), INSPECTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF T	ons	
<b>SOFFICE</b>	of the recei	VER	
	tland Yard, S.W.		l
Private Secretary, 6 Secretary, C. A. Palm Accountant, A. T. Sh Amistant Secretary.	Capt. T. L. N. Mod er, oss spheid H. H. Comvn	styn. £850 to £2,000 £750 to £850 . £650 to £800	1
Rostver, J. F. Moyla Private Secretary, G. A. Palm Accountant, A. T. Sh Assistant Secretary, Contracts Officer, R. Deputy Accountant, Hydrer Execution of Roynolds, R. J. H. P. W. J. A. Lawles Solicitors, Mossrs 1 S. W.:	K, O'Neili E, W. Petty licers, E. D. Conri	. £550 to £700£550 to £700 an, M.C.; J. B. J. F. Marshall	
4 Literat march Commons	om CLM Thursday		
Peputy-Surveyor, F. Assistant Architects F.1., H. J. P. Pric	T. Bush, A H I B.A. and Surveyors, F	£750 to £850 £500 to £700 L. G. Struchan,	
Hinkley  Engineer, G. A. H. W.  Ass. do, C. N. MacD	o, A.R.I B A , 20450 Tootton, A M I.E.E. Permott, M I.E.E ;	. £600 to £700 R. F. H Allen	
Superintendent Storei Superintendent, Prin	keeper, W. T. Bratt Ling Branch, G. A	Los to Asso Chamberlin	
OFFICE OF THE CONSTAR Scotland House,	METROPOLITA BULARY RESER New Scotland Y	N SPECIAL VK ard, S W. 1.	1
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SMETROPOLITAN MAGISTRATES COURTS.

Question of the Metropolitan Police Courts Act. 250.)

How Street, Covent Garden, W.C. a.

Magistrates, Sir Chartros Biron (Chief Metropolitan Magistrates)

Rolls F Graham-Campbell ... £1,500

Theodore wilfrid Fry, 0.8.2. ... £2,500

Ohief Clerk, Albert Henry Lieck ... £500

1
JUVENILE COURTS.
JUVENILE COURTS.  Chief Clerk, Arthur Cooll Lockwood Morrison £750
CLERKERWELL, King's Cross Road, W.C. r.
Charge Cherk, Arther Ceoil Lockwood Morrison
Chief Clerk, B. A. Collington
GREAT MARLHOROUGH STREET, W. 2.
Magistrates, Frederick Mead
Chief Clerk Ernest A Carr
GREENWICH AND WOOLWICE, Blackbeath Road, S.E. so.
Magistrates, M. P. Griffith Jones £2,500
Chief Clerk J. L. Hutchison w. G. Cres to Core
L. unver Renfrow Road Lower Kennington
Lane, S.R. 11.
Mogistrates, John Brown Sandbach, K.c£z,500
Harold McKenna
Marvingora, Sevenour Place, W. z.
Magistrates, John G. Hay Halkett
Henry C. A. Bingley
North Loring, Stoke Newington Road, N. et
Magistrates, Basil Watson, R.C
J. Bertrand Watson
United Cherk, A. E. Crankshaw
Magistrates, John Brown, School Stage to Appendix Albert Metalis Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Medical Stage to Appendix Albert Medical Medical Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Medical Medical Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Stage to Appendix Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical Medical M
Ivan Edward Snell, M.C
Chief Clerk, F. A. C. Pratt
Magistrates John Henry Barris
F. T. Barrington-Ward, K.C
Chief Clerk, H. J. Cannan
Tower Bridge, Tooley Street, S.E. z.
Magistrates, William Harold Stowe Utilton \$1,500
Chief Clerk, George Pegg
WESTMINSTER, Rochester Row, S.W. z.
Magistrates, Arthur E. Gill
Chief Clerk E. Hughan
West Lorner Southsomhe St. W Kensington W.
Magistrates, Kenneth McLean Marshall, c.s.r. &z. soo
Ronald Arthur Powell
Chief Clerk, J. H. Craine Esse to £700
Manistrates, John A. R. Cairns
W. J. H Brodrick £1,500
Magistrates, John A. R. Cairns
(Appointed by the Home Secretary under the
Municipal Corporations Act, 2800.)
Magneticals, Worker St. John Morrow Is.
(Appointed by the Home Secretary under the Municipal Corporations Act, 1982) West Han, West Ham Lane, Stratford, E. 1g. Magnetrate, Forbes St. John Morrow
Chief Clerk, James H. Jackson £900
CHILDREN'S COURTS
Children's Courte, in separate buildings from Police
Courts, have been constituted by Orders in Council.
Children's Courts, in separate buildings from Police Courts, have been constituted by Orders in Council. These are held at Caxton Hall, Westminster; Linkey Hall, The Mail, Notting Hill Gate; Lambuth Town Hell; Kattersea Town Hall; Sington Town Hall; and Toynbee Hall, & Commercial Street, Er.
Kattersea Town Hall; Islington Town Hall; Deptford
Town Hall; Woolwich Uld Town Mail; and Toynbee
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES.
Atkin, Peter Wilson, o.n r , Salford (1913).
Brough, Bertram Charles, Potteries District (2909).
Griffith, Robert Arthur, Merthur Tudal (xaza).
Grimley, Bertram Griffiths, South Staffordshire (1923).
likeston, The Lord, Birmingham (1910).
Marshall, Horace, Leeds (xoxo).
Morice, Beaumont, Bradford (2924).
Mundahl, Henry Smethurst, Middlesbrough (1968).
Orr, John Weltstey, Remchester (1927).
Samson, Sir E. Mariay, a.s. e., a c., Swansen (rose).
Smith, Joseph, Grimsby (1995).
Atkin, Poter Wilson, on a Salford [1982]. Brough, Bertram Charles, Potteries District (1989). Brough, Bertram Charles, Potteries District (1989). Brough, Bertram Charles, Potteries District (1989). Griffith, Robert Arthur, Merthyr Tydfel (1982). Griffith, Robert Arthur, Merthyr Tydfel (1982). Griffith, Robert Arthur, Merthyr Tydfel (1982). Macdonald, J. R., o z. r., Hull (1989). Marshall, Horace, Leade (1989). Marshall, Horace, Leade (1989). Morice, Beaumont, Braceford (1989). Mundahl, Henry Sinethure, Middlesbrough (1988). Ort, John Wellesley, Meschester (1989). Paine, Wratt Wyatt, Leat Ham (1986). Samson, Sir E. Mariay, z. s. z. c., Sudnaca (1983). Thomas, Daniel Lieuter, Fontspridd and Rhondda (1989).
Williams, William St. J. Francis, Oardiff (shoot
(1909). Williams, William St. J. Francis, Cardiff (1903),

COURT OF SESSION (1932) LAW SITTINGS, Oct. 15 to March se and May 16 to July se.

Lord President of the whole Court, Lord Clyde (Right Hon. James Avon Clyde).

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achburn Dobort F T. Blackburn Co 600	. 1
rd President	. !
rudy' sil Culmeobilet is iconog a diffision 23'oc	"

Second Division Lord Alness (Rt. Hon. Robert Munro) Lord Justice Clerk. \$4.800
Lord Ormidale, George Lewis Macfarlane. \$3.500
Lord Hunter, William Hunter \$3.500
Lord Anderson, Andrew Macbeth Anderson \$5.500

OUTER HOUSE.

Lord Murray, Rt. Hon. Charles David Murray,

C.M.A., Lorente David Murray, 63,600
Lord Fleming, David Pinkerton Fleming 5,600
Lord Monoriefi, Alexander Monoriefi 5,2600
Lord Mackay, Alexander Morrice Mackay 5,2600
Lord Pitman, James Campbell Pitman. 5,2600
Frincipal Clerk of Session, John Moir (staterin)
Inner House Depute Olerks, J. Autonio; W. H. Ford
Ford 5600 and 5550
Inner House Ordinary Clerks, William Drummond, 8 5.0.; R. A. Hannah each £400

Outer House Depute Clerks, John Moir; John Cairns; David D. McLaren; R. A. Roxburgh; George Hume. Soc to See Outer House Assistant Clerks, F. C. Budge; J. S. Mackintosh, s.1., s.a.; R. G. Mackensie; John McKensie; James Maclean Asse to See

High Court of Justiciary (1672).

Lord Justice Gen, Rt. Hon Lord Clyde

Lord Justice Clerk, Rt. Hon Lord Alness

Lorda Comm. of Justiciary, all the other Judges.

Lord Account, Rt. Hon. Craigne Antchison, R.C., M.R.

Solicitor-General, John Churles Watson, R.C.

Ellerk of Justicians IB Christia Solicitor-General, John Charles Watson, s.c. Clerk of Justiciary, J. R. Christio, o Bl., s.c. Depute and 1st Assistant, Alex. Ras. Depute and 1st Assistant, Alex. Ras. Depute and 2st Assistant (Ierk, V.S. M. Marshall, Bl. Clercal Assistant, Thomas S. Stowart. Circust Clerks, Alex. Ras; Victor S M. Marshall, Bl. Advocates Depute, Daniel P Blades; Thos M Taylor; John Canneron; J. G. Thom, D 8 o, M Crown Ayen, R. Alian McDougall, B. C.

Auditor of Jourt of Bession,

Auditor of Social Auditor, A Thomson Clay, w.s.

Principal Ulrik, Taxation Dept, George P Graham,
Do., Cash Audit Dept., J. C. Mackay.

Grown Office,
9 Parliament Square, Edinburgh.
Grown Agent, R. Allan McDougall, s.s.c..., £s,coc
Chief Clerk, Duncan Loe
Second Clerk, James Brown.
Other Clerks, H. Weaver; D. J. Stevenson; A. P. G.
Ritchie

Justiciary Office

Court of Lords Commissioners for Teinds. The Judges of the Inner House, and Lord Mackay, Lord Urdinary on Trinds. Clerk of Trinds & Extractor, George Turner ....£500

Exchequer, z Parliament Square, Edinburgh.

Lord Ordinary, Lord Fleming
King's Remembrancer, John Alexander Inglis, k.c.
Chief Clerk, D. G. Mackie.
First Class Clerks, W. R. Mackensie; A. W. Old,
W. D. Collier; P. Jamieson.

Sheriff Court of Chancery,

2 Parliament Square, Edinburgh.

H.M. Chancery,

Interim Director, Alex. G. Veitch.

Great Seal Office.

Lord Keeper, Rt. Hon. Sir Archibald Sinclair, Bt , n.r. Depute Keeper (vacant). Substitute Keeper, A. G. Veitch.

Extractor's Office.

Principal Extractor, T. S. Paterson, v.s. Assistant Extractor, Donald J. Macrae, w.s.

Bill Chamber,
H.M. Register House, Edinburgh.
Principal Clerk of Bills, Petitions and Sequestrations,
David Alex. Duncan.
Assistant Clerk, Frederick James Borthwick.

Minute Book Office and Edictal Citations Office. 14 H M. Register House, Edinburgh,

Keeper (ad interim), T. S. Paterson, w.s. (Nerk (ad int.), Donald J. Macrae, w.s.

Rolls of Court and Calling Lists.

Keepers of Inner House Rolls, William Mill; John A. Smart ... ... each £400

General Register of Sasine

H.M. Register House, Edinburgh. Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, George A. J.

Hornings, Inhibitions, Adjudications, and Entails.

so Sasine Office, General Register House, Keeper of the Registers of Hornings, Inhibitions, Adjudications, and Entails, George A. J. Lee, w.s.

Register of Deeds and Protests. Keeper, George A. J Lee, w s

Accountant of Court (Judicial Factories and Bankruptey).

Accountant, Ernest F. Parker ...... £1,000 Chief Clerk, O G Elliot.

Joint-Stock Companies Registry Office.

z Parliament Square, Edinburgh Requestrar (also of Limited Partnerships and of Business Names), John A. Inglis, & c.

Edinburgh Gazette Office,

z Parliament Square, Edinburgh. Supt. and Keeper, John A. Inglis, & c.

> Receivers of Crown Rents, Scotland, H.M. Register House, Edinburgh.

SCOTTISH LAND COURT.

z Grossenor Croscent, Edinburgh.

Members, The Hon. Lord St. Vigosas, (Chairman); Donald Mackay; James E. Esslement; John A. Cameron.

Cameron.

Secretary and Principal Clerk, G. R. Lamb.

Clerks of Court and Legal Assessors, Walter Murray;

W. A. A Cairns; John Cook.

Clerk of Accounts, J. D. MacCallum.

## GLIST OF SHERIFFS, SHERIFFS-SUBSTITUTE, SHERIFF-CLERKS, AND FISCALS OF COUNTIES IN SCOTLAND.

Connties.	Sheriffs.	Sheriffs-Substitute	Sheriff-Clerks	Procurators-Fiscia,
<del></del>				
Арвирани	A. L. M'Clure, s.c. 2,050	Sheriffs-Substitute  A. J. Louttit Laing. 2,200 J. Dewar Dallas 2,200	James Hunter	Thos. Maclennan.
Angus— Forfar	George Morton, K c 800	8 McDonald, c M.G., b.s.c.		
		Boo		
Anarut-	John L. Wark, R.G 700	R. C Malcelm z,ooe		
Dunoon Campbeltown	John L. Wark, R.G 700	James B. Ballingall . 900 John M. Campbell . 700 T. A. Menzies 700	D. A. Allan	A R. Nimmo
Ohan	1	T. A. Menzies 700		D. M. MacKinnon.
AYR	W. L. Mackensie, K.C. 700	J R Haldane coo	J Hamilton	R D Macmillan.
Kilmarnock .	See Ahardeen	A M. Laing	R G Shired	R S. Henderson.
Berwick	See Roxburgh	IL Burn Murdoch 700	Jas Somerville	R. G. Johnson.
CAITHNESS	Alex Maitland, x.c. 775	Thomas Trotter 700	Robert Bruce	Peter Sinclair.
CLACKMANNAN	See Stirling	J Dean Leslie 950	Douglas McGregor.	J R Haig.
DUMPRIES	Rt. Hon. Baron Kinross.	J R Haldane	John McBurnie	E. W. Paterson.
MOINBURGH	Chas H. Brown, K.C. 1,800	R. I. Off. E.c	And. Harrison	W. Horne.
		J. G. Jameson		
FLOW OF MORAY	See Inverness	('RA Howden See Dudley Stuart	John Foster.	D A. Shiach
Cupar		Dudley Stuart z.coo	Robt, J Davidson	Geo. Brander
HADDINGTON	See Edinburgh	J G. Jameson	Andrew Hamilton	Thos. W. Todrick
Inverness	George Watt, & C Coo	John P Grant, M.C See Alexander Steedman 700 W. R. Garson	Arch, A. Chisholm	George Duguid.
Fort William		Alexander Steedman 700	••••	Dun Machiven
Lochmaddy		W. R. Garson		A C F. Davidson,
WINDWHINK	Nee Aberdeen	J Dewar Dallas	ham	M. A. Hamelton.
KINNOSS	See Fife	F A. Umpherston	D. A. B. Cuthbert	John S Soutar, Jas Williamado
LAWARK-	A. O. M. Mackensie, g. c.	1 4 W. 1.	D-b	T. D. Gamelle
Glasgow	2,000	J. A. Welsh	Slorach.	J. D Strathearn.
.,		John Swan Mercer. 2,200		
·. ·		John Bartholomewz,200		•
,		W. Boyd Berry	,	
Lanark	••••	G. W. Wilton, K.C X,800		Wm. Tennant.
AL 3-t-	••••	Jas, Macdonald, s.c s,200		D. T. M.
Linkitheow	See Edinburgh	J. A. T. Robertson	A. P Simpson, w.s.	Geo, S. Macnight.
NAME	See Calthress	C. R. A Howden	A. Robertson, s s.c.	James Lamb. J. S. Cormack
PREBLES	See Edinburgh	W. Mitchell, kr 800	R Lendrem Ainslie	J W Buchan.
Renerew-	J M. Irvine, a c . 800	G D. Valentine	JOHN DICKSON	ALECCEN IL ILUWINGE.
Paisley		A Maccilandid 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long State 1,800 Long Long Long Long Long Long Long Long	A F Lochhead	W. Guthrie Young
ROSS AND CHOMARTS	Jas Mackintosh, k c. 700	Hon H D Gowlen See	Alex Word	W R T Middleton
Stornoway		J. G Burns 700	A D OV.	( G Mackenzie.
MOZBURGH	J. M. Hunter, K.C 750 See Roxburgh	W. Mitchell, K.c.	T. M. Kinnaird	syaney Hilson. John Pollok.
Brinismo—	J. R N Macphail, E C 800	Hon H D Gordon. 800 J. G Burns. 900 Ronald H. Ballile 780 W. Mitchell, x.c J. Denn Leelle, J. T. Robertson,200 J. W Forbos, 700 W. G Skinner J. R. Gibb	I A Proctor	Charles C Hierra
Falkink		J A T Robertson .z,zee	2 2 2100001	J. G. Morrison
WIGTOWN	See Ross and Cromarty .	W. G Skinner	A. J. Macrae James Warnock	A. Argo H C Todd
Stranfaer	See Calthness	I R Gibb	A Sutherland	Alex Aitken
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in Scotland the principal local court is the Sheriff Court. The Judge Ordinary is the Sheriff-Substitute, and the Sheriff is an Appeal Judge. The jurisdiction of the Sheriff Court is both civil and criminal. In civil quest lons the jurisdiction is unlimited in regard to the money value of the cause. On the criminal side the Court has ogguzance of all serious crime with the exception of murder and three other charges, but the power of punishment is limited to fine and finarisament: it does not extend to censil servicule.

The Sheriff Clerk is the Clerk of the Sheriff Court, and his duties correspond nearly to those of a Registrar in the English Courts.

Prosecutions are conducted by Crown officials at the public expense; the Lord-Advosate and his deputes prosecute in the High Court; the Procurators-Fiscal in the Sheriff Court.

The Convener of the Sheriffs is Sheriff Alexander L. McGure, Aberden.

The Address of the Secretary of the Sheriffs-Pubsitives Assoc. is County Buildings, Ayr.

#### ADOPTION OF CHILDREN.

In England and Wales the adoption of children is regulated by the Adoption of Children Act, ross. An Order of Court is necessary to legalize the adoption, and the Act provides a number of safeguards. Adoption puts the child adopted practically on the same footing as a child born An Order of Court is necessary to legalize to the adopter in lawful wedlock, in all matters of custody, education and maintenance; but does not alter the child's rights in property of his real parents (e.g., on intestacy) nor give the child rights in respect of the adopter's property. The Act provides for a register of adopted children. Applications are made to the High colliders. Applications are made to the fluid Court (Chancery), County Court, or Magisteria; Bench. Orders will not usually be made for a man to be sole adopter of a girl, and applicant must be twenty-five years of age, or older. Scotland.—The Adoption of Children (Scot-

land) Act, 1930, makes similar regulations for Scotland as from Oct. 1, 1930, and directs the Registrar-General for Scotland to establish and maintain an Adopted Children Register. Appilications are made to the Court of Session, or the Sheriff Court within whose jurisdiction either the applicant or the child resides at the

date of application.

#### BIRTHS (REGISTRATION).

(For Certificates, see p. 257.)

WHEN a birth takes place, personal information of it must be given to the local Registrar of Births and Deaths, and the register signed in his presence, by one of the following persons:

1. The father or mother of the child. If they fail, a. The occupier of the house in which the birth happened; 3. A person present at the birth; or, 4. The person having charge of the child. The duty of attending to the registration therefore rests firstly on the parents. The registration must be made within 42 days of the birth. Failure to do this without reasonable cause, involves liability to a penalty of forty shillings. If at the end of 4s days the birth is not registered, the Registrar may require any one of the above-mentioned persons to attend to register at a stated time and place. Failure to comply involves a penalty of forty shillings. The registration of a birth will be free when it takes place within 4s days (in Scotland at days), unless the Registrar is requested to attend at a residence or at the house where the child was horn, when he may claim a fee of one shilling After three months a birth cannot be registered except in the presence of the Superintendent Registrar, and on payment of fees, amounting to five shillings, to him and the Registrar After twelve months no birth can be registered without the Registrar-General's consent, and on payment of further fees, amounting to ten shillings. In Scotland, after the lapse of three months, it can only be registered on the authority of the County Sheriff. The regulation that no birth in England and Wales could be registered after seven years was revoked in 1988, but late registration cannot be allowed unless satisfactory evidence is supplied to the unless satisfactory evidence is supplied to the Registrar-General. The only legal proof of age and place of birth is afforded by the civil registers, which the law now requires to be made as above described. In districts under the Notification of Births Act, 2907 (as extended by an Act of 17218), notice of every birth must be given by the father, or person in

attendance on the mother, to the district medical officer of health by post within 36 hours of the birth. This is in addition to the registration already mentioned.

A "Stillbirth" must be registered, accompanied by either a certificate of doctor or midwife, or a declaration that no doctor or midwife was present at the birth, and that the child was not born alive.

The re-registration of the birth of a person under the Legitimacy Act, 1926, is provided for in that Act (see p. s6r).

Birth at Sea. The master of a British ship must record any birth on board and send particulars to the Registrar General of Shipping.

Birth Abroad Consular Officers are authorised to register births of British subjects occurring in their districts.

#### BRITISH NATIONALITY.

The law as to British Nationality is mainly to be found in the British Nationality and Status of Allens Act, 2512, as amended by certain Acta passed in 1518 and 1523. It is important to notice that the Act of 1512—which defines a natural-born British Subject—does not affect the status of any person born before Jan. z. 1015.

The following are deemed to be British Sub-

r. Any person born within His Majesty's dominions and allegiance.

a. Any person born out of His Majesty's Dominions, before Jan z, 2025, whose father's father was born within His Majesty's Dominions,

rather was born within His Majesty's Dominions, provided that the grandfather was, at the time of the father's birth, a Bittsh subject.

2.* Any person to whom a Certificate of Naturalization has been granted, or who has acquired British nationality by reason of annexation of territory, or by special Act of Parliament.

4. The wives (whatever their nationality of origin) of British subjects, save in certain cases where the man changes his nationality after marriage.

5. The children of naturalized British subjects born out of His Majesty's Dominions, provided that they comply with one of the following conditions :-

- (a) in the case of a child born before January
  - rst, rgrg,
    (i) if a Certificate of Naturalization has been
    granted to his father or his mother
    (being a widow) before January z, rgrg,
    and he has become resident with such father or mother (being a widow) in the United Kingdom before that date while
  - under age, or

    (ii) if a Certificate of Naturalization is
    granted to his father or his mother
    (being a widow) after January 1, 1918,
    and his name is included therein.
- (b) in the case of a child born after January z,
  - 1915, (i) if before his birth a Certificate of Naturalization had been granted to his father or

birth a British subject, and who fulfils any of the following conditions—e.g., if either
(i) his father was born within His Majesty's

allegiance; or

(ii) his father had a certificate of Naturaliza-

tion; or (iii) his father had become a British subject by reason of any annexation of territory;

(iv) his father was, at the date of the birth, in the service of the ('rown; or

(v) his birth was registered at the British Consulate within one year or, in special cases, two years or, in the case of a person born on or after January z, zozs who would have been a British Subject if born before that date, within as months after August z, 1922.

A child of a British Subject is deemed to have been born within the allegnance if born anywhere where by treaty, &c. His Majosty exercises jurisdiction over British subjects.

A person whose British nationality depends upon his registration at a Consulate ceases to be a British Subject unless he asserts his nationality by declaration within a year after attaining az, and abandons any other nationality he may have acquired.

7. A person born on a British ship.

LOSS OF BRITISH NATIONALITY .- A British subject loses his British nationality :

(a) if by any voluntary or formal act he be-comes naturalized in a foreign country;

(b) if, in certain cases, he makes a declaration of alienage. These cases are:—

(i) where a person is a British subject by reason of birth in His Majesty's Dominions and allegiance or on board a British ship and is also by birth or becomes during minority a subject of any foreign State,

(ii) where a person is a British subject, but was born out of His Majesty's Dominions,

- (iii) where a Convention has been made between this country and any foreign State, to the effect that any subject of that state who has been naturalized as a British subject may divest himself of
- that Status;
  (c) if during his minority his father loses
  Brutish nationality in circumstances
  which involve the acquisition by the child of a new nationality:

(d) in the case of a woman, if she marries an alien;

(N.B. A woman who was originally a British subject and loses British nationality by mairiage with an alien does not regain British nationality on the death of husband or the dissolution of her marriage. If in such a case she desires to resume British nationality she must apply for a Certificate of Naturalization.)

(e) in the case of a person to whom a Certifi-cate of Naturalization has been granted if the Secretary of State revokes the

Certificate:

(f) if the territory of which he is an in-habitant is severed from the Crown; cf., e.g., the cases of the inhabitants of Hanover and Heligoland.

ACQUISITION OF BRITISH NATIONALITY.—An alien may acquire British nationality :--

(a) by special Act of Parliament;

(b) by the conquest, annexation, or cession of the territory of which he is an inhabitant;

(c) in the case of a woman, by marriage with a British subject, and

(d) by naturalization.

Naturalization —All Certificates of Naturalization granted in the United Kingdon between May 13, 1870, and December 21, 1914, were granted in accordance with the provisions of the Naturalization Act, 1870. And this Act did not secure that a Certificate granted in any part of the Empire should be valid throughout the Empire.

Under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, every person to whom a Certifi-cate of Naturalization is granted in accordance with its provisions after January 1, 1923, is a British subject, not only in that part of the British Empire where the Certificate is granted, but also in the United Kingdom and in any Dominion which has adopted the Act, and in any other British Possession.

Persons naturalized prior to January 1, 191 may, after that date, apply for a fresh Certificate of Naturalization under the new conditions.

In order to be eligible for the grant of such a Certificate in the United Kingdom, an alien must.

(a) during the eight years preceding his application have resided for not less than five years in His Majesty's Dominions (of which not less than one year ummediately preceding the application must have been spent in the United Kingdom) or have been for not less than five years in the service of the Crown;

(b) be of good character and have an adequate knowledge of the English language; and (c) intend to reside in His Majesty's Dominions

or to enter or continue in the service of the Crown.

Instructions for the guidance of persons desiring to apply for a Certificate of Naturalization are supplied with the form of application for a certificate which may be obtained (price 6d.)

from H.M Stationery Office.

The fee payable to the Home Office in respect of the grant of a Certificate of Naturalization is fixed by the Government of the day, and is at present £10, of which £1 is payable on submission of the application and the remainder on the grant of the Certificate. The £1 payable on submission of the application is not returnable, whether or not a Certificate is granted.

N.B — In the case of a woman who was a British subject previously to her marriage to an alien, and whose husband has died or whose marriage has been dissolved, the above requirements, both as to residence and us to fee, are relaxed.

STATUS OF ALTENS -- Property may be held by an alien in the same manner as by a natural born British subject, but the title to such property does not confer any right on an alien to hold real property out of the United Kingdom, or qualify him for any franchise. Aliens are not entitled to be tried by a jury

de medietats lingues, but are triable in the same manner as if they were natural-born

ADMISSION, SUPERVISION AND DEPORTATION OF ALIENS.—Under the Aliens Order, 1980, any alien coming from outside the United Kingdom must obtain the leave of an Immigration Officer to land in the United Kingdom, and such leave

is refused in many cases, e.g., where the alien is without means, or (if he is seeking employment) is unable to produce a Permit issued by the Minister of Labour. Provision is also made (Article 6 of the Order) for the registration of resident aliens and (Article 12) for the deportation of aliens by order of the Secretary of State, which can be made on various grounds. The Aliens Order, 1920, was made under the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, as amended and extended by the Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919.

#### BUSINESS NAMES REGISTRATION.

REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS NAMES ACT, 1916.
This Act received the Royal Assent on 22 Dec., 1916, and its provisions were explained on pp. 414-415 of the 1921 "WHITAKER." The Office of the Registrar of Business Names is at Somerset House, W.C. 2.

#### CERTIFICATES

#### OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, OR DEATHS.

England and Wales—Certificates of Births, Deaths, or Marriages can be obtained at the General Register Office, Somerset House, on payment of fees amounting to y. yd., viz., v. for search, zs. 6d. for the certificate, and xd. for the stamp affixed thereto. (When application is made by post the charges are ys. xd.) They can also be obtained from the registration officer having the legal custody of the register book containing the entry of which a certificate is required. Certificates of marriages in churches of the Church of England can also be obtained from the meumbent of the church in which the marriage took place.

Certificates at reduced rates can be obtained for the purposes of certain Acts of Parliament Friendly Societies Act, 1896, Birth or Death, 12.; Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, and for purposes of Elementary Education, Birth, 6d; Savings Banks Act, 1887, Birth, Death, or Marriage, 12.; National Insurance Acts, 1912 and 1913, Birth, 6d., Marriage, 12.; Industrial Assurance Companies Act, 1896, and Trade Unions Amendment Act, 1896, death of child under 10 years of age, 12., but only from the local Paragraphs.

English Registers—Birth registration exists at Somerset House from 1837. An index to 2,000,000 earlier entries can be consulted at the Society of Genealogists at 5 Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C. z.

Scottish Registers of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.—Parish registers were instituted for these in 1521, but until the Registration of Births, &c. (Scotland), Act, 1854, they were not properly kept in many cases. Extracts may, however, be obtained from them on payment of 2s. 1d. for each entry, but to be valid evidence it must be shown that the registers from which the entries are taken were regularly kept. Lists of the old parish registers may be consulted in the offices of the Registers-General, H.M. General Register House, Edinburgh, or of local Registers These old registers are in the charge of the Registrar-General, and since 1854 local registers have been transmitted to him at stated periods. Registers up to the end of 1907 are now in his possession. There is a general index to the registers which may be searched on payment of 2s. A search of the index of a particular parish is 1s. A fee of 2s. is payable for a search of a particular parish.

An extract of an entry may be obtained on payment of ss. rd. The office of the Registrar-General is open on weekdays between ro a.m. and 4 p.m.

#### COPYRIGHT.

The law of copyright is contained in the Copyright Act, 1911, under which copyright subsists automatically, without registration, in every original literary, dramatic, musical and artistic work. The provisions of the Act were explained on the Act-act of the vors. "WHITAKER"

on pp. 413-416 of the 1921 "WHITAKER."

Registration at Statoners' Hall under the Copyright Act of 1842 terminated on Dec. 31, 1923, and in the following year the Stationers' Company established a new Register in which Books and Fine Arts can be registered. A copy has to be filed at Stationers' Hall and certified copies of the entries are issued, the fees being 5s for a Book, and 2s. 6d. for Fine Art; certified copies 5s. in either case. (Office open on Wednesdays only, 1x a.m. to 1x noon, and a to 4 p.m.) Such entries are of value in proving the existence of a work on a given date in the case of infringement.

#### DAYS OF GRACE,

Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, payable at any time after date, have three days of grace allowed; thus, a bill dated x Jan. at two months' date is not due until March 4. It abill or note is payable by instalments to be paid "punctually," this does not exclude the days of grace (Schaueren v. Morris, 3,7", L.B., 366). Bills drawn at sight, or on denand, must be paid on presentation without days of grace. In the United Kingdom, bills falling due on Sunday are payable the previous Saturday, and in England and Wales and in Ireland bills falling due on Good Friday or Christmas Day are similarly payable on the previous day. Bills falling due on Bank Holdays are payable the day after.

#### DEATHS

#### (For Certificates, see previous col.)

In England and Wales—When a death takes place, personal information of it must be given to the local Registrar of Births and Deaths, and the legister signed in his presence, by one of the following persons.—x A relative of the deceased present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness. If they fail, z. Some other relative of the deceased. In default of any relatives, 3. A person present at the death; or, the occupier of the house in which the death pappened. If all the above-named fail, 4. An imnate of the house, or, the person causing the body to be burred. Relatives present or in attendance are first required to attend to the registration. The registration must be made within live days of the death, or within the same time written notice of the death sent to the Registrar, accompanied by a certificate of the cause of death, signed by a registered medical practitioner, if any such attended the deceased during his last illness. If notice is sent, information must nevertheless be given and the register signed within fourteen days from the death. It is important that every death should be registered and a certificate of the clark should be registered and a certificate of the clark should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the register at a mental than the properties of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered and a certificate of the clark of the should be registered

stated time and place. Failure to comply involves a penalty of forty shillings. The registration of a death is free of charge when it takes place within the above-mentioned periods, unless the Registrar is requested to attend at a residence, when a fee of one shilling is payable.

After twelve months no death can be registered without the Registrar-General's consent and on

payment of fees amounting to ten shillings.

A body must not be disposed of until (a) either the Registrar has given a certificate to the effect that he has registered the death, or (a) until the Coroner has made a disposal order.
(Births and Deaths Registration Act, 1986, 88 1, 2).

continue and Deaths Registration Act, 2926, 82 x, s). A person disposing of a body must within ninety-six hours deliver to the Registrar a notification as to the date, place, and means the disposal of the body (2b. s. g).

"Still-born" child. (See under Births (Registration), p. sgs).

Death at Sea.—The master of a British single punts regord any death on beard and search registration.

must record any death on board and send particulars to the Registrar-General of Shipping.

Death Abroad—Consular Officers are authorized to register deaths of British subjects occurring in their districts.

In Sotland, the rules of registration are similar, but (1) the death must be registered within 8 days, (2) the medical man concerned must give a certificate of death to the Registration terms of the Registration of Births, &c. (Sotland) Act. 1842, within 7 days; (3) the informant of a death receives from the Registrar This is given to the death has been registered. This is given to the undertaker, who delivers it to the keeper of the cemetery. Failure to com-

ply is under penalty in all cases. CORONERS' INQUESTS.—Corone CORONERS' INQUESTS.—Coroners' inquests are held in cases of violent and unnatural deaths, such as the case of a person slam or drowned, or dying suddenly, and of any person dying in prison. Coroners do not obtrude into the houses of persons for the purpose of holding inquests, but are sent for by the peace officers, to whom it is the duty of those in whose houses violent or unnatural deaths occur to make immediate communication, whilst the body remains in the same situation as when the death occurred. Inquests are not to be held on Sunday. With a view to avoiding duplication of proceedings it is now provided that if some person has been charged before examining Justices with murder, manulaughter or infanticide, the Coroner shall adjourn his inquest until after conclusion of the criminal proceedings (Act of 1926, s. 20). On application by the Attorney-General the high Court may order a new inquest if the interests of justice so require. A jury is only essential in the five cases specified in the Coroners (Amendment) Act, reac, but may be summoned in any other case if the Coroner thinks fit. The jury is to be composed of not more than 11 nor less than 7 "good and lawful men" (sex disqualification now removed). If the minority is not more than two the Coroner may accept the verdict of the majority of the The jury is usually summoned from the jury. Ine jury is usuarry summoned from the householders residing in the neighbourhood in which the death took place. Any person summoned as a witness is housed to attend. The fine for defaulting juryssen or witness is any sum not exceeding £5. (See, generally, the Coroners Act, 1897, and the Coroners (Amendment) Act, 1995.)
In Scaling there is no Coroner II and new the contract of the coroners and the coroners are contracted to the coroners.

cases of sudden death a private inquiry is held by the Procurator Fiscal (a Crown official who is the Public Prosecutor in criminal cases in every County, see p. sg2). The result of such inquiry is reported to the Lord Advocate. In the case of a death occurring in the course of an industrial employment, and in every case in which the Lord Advocate may so order, a public inquiry is held before the Sheriff and a jury.

#### BURIALS.

The duty of burial is incumbent on the deceased person's Executors (if any appointed); it is also a recognized obligation of the husband of a woman, and the parent of a child, also of a householder where the body lies. Funeral expenses of a reasonable amount will be repayable out of deceased's estate in priority to any other claims. Directions as to place and mode of burial are frequently contained in the de-ceased s will, or in some memorandum placed with private papers, or may have been communicated verbally to a relative. Consequently steps should be immediately taken to ascertain the deceased's wishes from the above sources. If Cremation is desired it is advisable for deceased to leave instructions in writing to that effect. Cremation may not take place if deceased has prohibited that form of burial. Under the Cremation Act, 1902, regulations have been made by the Home Secretary dealing fully with the cremation of a body, disposal of ashes, etc., and containing numerous essential safe-guards. A person may legally leave directions for the anatomical examination of his body. As to place of bmial-unless closed by order in Council—the parish churchyard is the normal burying place for parishloners, or any person dying in the Parish, but this will only nowadays apply in villages and the smaller towns. the more populous districts cemeteries have long been established either by the local coun-cil, or a private company, and burials will take place there in accordance with the Cemetery Regulations. For an exclusive right to a burial space in the churchyard a faculty is required from the Ecclesiastical Court. Foor persons may be buried at the public expense by a County Council or County Borough Council; and as to place of burish, &c., see Poor Law Act, 329, 82, 73 to 78. A person being found drowned on the sea shore is to be buried by the Overseers of the Parish. As to the necessity for Overseers of the Parish. As to the necessity for registration of a death before burial see Notes under Deaths, p. 257.

#### DIVORCE.

Preliminary — Matrimonial suits may be conveniently divided into three classes, viz. (2) those in which a declaration against marriage tions in which a declaration against marriage is sought; (a) those in which the marriage is sought to be upheld; and (3) those in which, the marriage being admitted, partial or complete divorce is sought.

(z) Nullity of Marriage.—Marriage is void ab

(1) Nultity of Merriage.—Marriage is void ab-inste if the parties were in the prohibited degrees of affinity, if it was bigamous, if there was no consent, if one of the parties was inasne, or if one of the parties was under the age of consent, i.e. x6—Age of Marriage Act, 1999, Inability to consummate a marriage may also be a ground for avoiding it. In such a case a degree of nultive may be obtained. decree of nullity may be obtained.

(a) Restriction of Conjugal Eights.—This is a In Scotland there is no Coroner. In ordinary form of relief generally sought by a spouse who

has been deserted. Disobedience to a decree of restitution of conjugal rights, although two years have not elapsed, at once constitutes desertion; and such desertion, if coupled with the husband's adultery, whether committed before or after the decree of restitution, is a ground for granting to the wife a decree of dissolution of marriage.

(3) Judicial Separation and Divorce. - The third class of suit includes the suit for judicial separation (which does not dissolve a marriage), and the suit for divorce proper (which, if successful, dissolves the marriage contract altogether and leaves the parties at liberty to marry again). Either spouse may petition for judical separa-tion on the ground of adultery, or cruelty, or of desertion without cause for two years or upwards. In such a petition a husband may claim damages from the co-respondent. A decree of judicial separation is often made the ground of a petition for divorce A petitioner who has committed adultery which has not been condoned cannot obtain a judicial separation or a decree of restitution of conjugal rights unless there has been condonation. The fact that a petitioner has been guilty of cruelty or desertion does not, however, debar him from a decree of judicial separation on the ground of adultery unless his conduct has conduced to the adultery.

Dirorce.-Where partial or complete divorce is sought, relief can only be obtained upon proof of certain offences which fall under two heads, namely (z) those which are offences under ecclesiastical law, e.g., cruelty, adultery, and unnatural offences; (z) those which are offences by statute, e.g., incestuous adultery, bigainy

with adultery, rape, and desertion.

If a husband seeks divorce, it is sufficient for him to prove the wife's adultery, in which case he may obtain damages from the adulterer. In the case of a wife it was formerly not sufficient the case of a wife it was formerly not summents that she prove mere adultery; but now, by an Act which came into force on July 18, 1923, she may petition for divorce on the ground that, since the mariage and the passing of the Act, her husband has been guilty of adultery. A wife can also obtain divorce if the husband has been guilty of bigamy with adultery, or rape or certain other criminal offences, or of adultery coupled with such cruelty as without adultery would have entitled her to a divorce a mensa et thore, or of adultery coupled with desettion. "Cruelty" is conduct of such a character as to have caused damage to life, limb, or health (bodily or mental), or as to give rise to a reasonable apprehension of such danger. It is cruelty wilfully and recklessly to communicate a venereal disease : and a course of conduct calculated to break the spirit of the sufferer (generally the wife), continued until health breaks down or is likely to break down under the strain, is also a ground for relief.

If a wife gives birth to a child of which her husband could not possibly be the father, that is

sufficient proof of adultery.

It is desertion in the legal sense if one party to a marriage, without the consent or against the will of the other, wilfully without cause or reasonable excuse makes the other live apart for two years or more. It is, however, a question of intention. Powell v. Powell (1922) para 298. Formerly the only remedy for desertion was a suit for the restitution of conjugal rights: but now desertion without cause may enable the

deserted spouse to obtain a degree of judicial separation, and if coupled with adultery, a

divorce.

When the decree will be refused .- A decree must be refused, even if the suit is undefended, if the allegations in the petition for divorce are not proved. There is no such thing in the Divorce Court as judgment by default. Other absolute bars to relief are (i) connivance at the adultery of the respondent; (ii) collusion, as where the initiation of the suit is procured by agreement or bargam (but this does not prevent a fresh suit being brought free from collusion); (iii) condonation, i.e. complete forgiveness which restores the status quo. Forgiveness, without restoration of the wife to her former position, cannot amount to condonation. (Crocker

v Crocker (1921), P. 15) There are also certain discretionary bars, as, e.g. where the petitioner has been guilty of unreasonable delay, or has been guilty of such vilful neglect or misconduct as has conduced to the adultery.

Intervention by King's Proctor.—At any time during the progress of a suit for dissolution or nullity of marriage, and before the decree mer is made absolute, the King's Proctor may intervene to show cause against making a decree absolute.

Decree Absolute, - Every decree of dissolution or nullity is in the first instance a decree nisi, or numby is in the lists. Instance a decree was, and is not made absolute until the expiration of six calendar months. The marriage subsists until the decree is made absolute. After that date either spouse may marry again; but a man may not marry the sister of his divorced wife whilst the divorced wife is alive. A divorced wife may call herself by her late husband's name. Persons who have been divorced may re-marry.

Children .- When a suit has been commenced, the children should not be removed from the person in whose custody they are at the time. Until a sult for judicial separation, nullty, or dissolution of marriage has been diamissed, the Court may make orders for the custody, maintenance, and education of children. Either spouse may make applications for access to the

children.

Alimony.—A wife may in any cause file a petition for alimony (i.e., means of support) pending suit, provided evidence of the marriage is adduced. The right to alimony continues until there is a decision against the wife in the court of first instance. The amount may be agreed between the parties, otherwise onefifth of the joint incomes is generally allowed. An order for permanent almony may be obtained by a wife who has obtained a final decree of judicial separation.

Protection Orders -A deserted wife may apply to a court of petty sessions or to the Divorce Division for an order to protect any money which has come to her after such desertion against her husband and his creditors. Disobedience to the order renders a party retaining the property hable to restore it and to pay twice the value thereof.

Costs.—Where a sunt is about to be set down for hearing, the wife, if she has not sufficient separate estate, may obtain payment from her husband of a sum sufficient to cover her costs to date; and where a decree has been obtained against her for judicial separation on the ground of adultery, she may defend herself at his expense should he afterwards bring a snit for dissolution of marriage. If a suit be decided against a wife who has separate estate, she may be condemned in costs. A co-respondent may be ordered to pay the whole or any part of the costs of the proceedings.

#### SEPARATION BY AGREEMENT.

Husband and wife may agree, with or without consideration, to separate and live apart, but the agreement, to be valid, must be followed by an immediate separation. Although usually made by deed, a mere oral agreement is binding. If made, however, with a view to facilitating divorce proceedings it is void. A wife is not bound by a separation agreement if she was forced to make it by threats of violence. A clause which binds the husband to give up the custody of the children will be enforced, unless the Court is of opinion that it is not for their benefit. The agreement usually contains mutual covenants not to sue for the restitution of conjugal rights—a covenant by the husband not to molest the wife, and a covenant by the wife or her trustee to indemnify the husband against debts contracted by her during the separation. The remedy for a breach of the agreement is specific performance.

#### SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

When a husband has been guilty of assault or has deserted his wife, or has been guilty of persistent cruelty, or of wilful neglect to maintain her or her infant children, or where he is an habitual drunkard, the wife may obtain relief from a Court of Summary Jurisdiction. By an Act which came into force on Sept. 30, 7925, the following grounds for an application were added to those already existing (2) cruelty to her children, (b) that her husband insists on having manital relations while suffering from a veneral disease, (c) that he has compelled her to submit herself to prostitution. A husband may apply on the ground that the wife has been cruel to his children. Relief may also be obtained by a husband whose wife is an habitual drunkard. The Court may declare that the applicant is no longer bound to cohabit with the other spouse. Where a wife is the applicant, the legal custody of children under sixteen may be given to her, and the husband may be ordered to pay a weekly sum not exceeding £s. Where the husband applies, the custody of all the children of the marriage may be given to him, and the wife may be committed to an inebriates home. If the wife has been guilty of adultery, no order will be made on her application unless there was condonation; and if, having obtained an order, she commits adultery, the order may be discharged, but not if the court is of opinion that the husband conduced to the salutery by failing to make payment of the separation allowances. An order may be altered, varied or discharged any time on cause being shown. All applications for relief must be made within six months of the ground of complaint.

#### DOMESTIC SERVANTS.

"Domestic Servant" signifies, in law, a person employed in and about a residence, e.g., cook, butler, gardener, &c., but does not include, e.g., a governess or tutor. By general custom, one calendar month's notice, given at any time on either side, is required to terminate the contract of domestic service, but the Courte have recognised a custom for termination at the

end of the first month if notice is given at the end of the first fortnight.

Dismissal without notice is justified in the event of wilful disobedience to a reasonable order, gross misconduct, dishouesty incompe-

order, gross misonduct, disholecty, incompetence, or permanent incapacity. A "character," however unfavourable, is a privileged statement, so long as given without malicious intent. The Workmen's Compensation Acts impose serious liabilities upon an employer in the event

The Workmen's Compensation Acts impose serious liabilities upon an employer in the event of death or disablement of a servant from an accident in the course of employment, and prudent employers will protect themselves by a Policy, which can be obtained through the leading Insurance Companies for a small annual premuum.

#### THE FRANCHISE.

The Representation of the People (Equal Franchise) Act, 1988, considerably amended both the qualifications for the franchise and the mode of registration of electors, and assimilated the franchises for men and w men both for Parliamentary and Local Government elections.

#### PARLIAMENTARY.

The qualifications for the franchise are now the same for men and women. A person is entitled to be registered as a Parliamentary elector who is an years of age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and

(a) Has the requisite residence qualification; or (b) has the requisite business premises qualification; or (c) is the husband or wife of a person having a business premises qualification.

having a business premises qualification.

Residence is the actual inhabitancy of premises,

.e., where a person's home is and where he
sleeps. The residence must have been during
the whole of the qualifying period, i.e., three
months, in the constituency or in another constituency in the same Parliamentary borough or
Parliamentary county. If not, it is essential
that the residence should have been successive
from a Parliamentary borough or Parliamentary
county contiguous to that borough or county.
The Administrative County of London is treated
as a Parliamentary borough.

Business premises means land or other premises of at least  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Ro}}$  yearly value. The business premises must be occupied for the purpose of the business, profession, or trade of the person to

be registered.

Universities.—A person of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity, who has received a degree, is entitled to be registered as a Parliamentary elector for a University constituency; also a woman who has passed the final examination and fulfilled the conditions required of women by a University which did not at the time the examination was passed admit women to degrees

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

The qualifications for the Local Government franchise are now the same for men and women. A person is entitled to be registered as a Local Government elector who is ar years of age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and (a) is on the last day of the qualifying period occupying as comer or tenant land or premises in the electoral area; and (b) has during the whole of the qualifying period occupied as conner or tenant any land or premises in that area; if that area is not an administrative County or a County borough, then in any administrative

## Legal Notes-Voters' Qualifications-Registration-Illegitimacy, 261

County or County borough in which the area is situate; or (c) is the husband or wife of a person who is entitled to be registered in respect of premises in which the person entitled, and the husband or wife reside. There is also a service qualification for the Local Government franchise. A person (man or woman) who inhabits any dwelling-house by virtue of any office, service or employment is deemed to occupy the dwelling house as tenant and so obtains the Local Government franchise provided the dwelling house is not inhabited by the employer.

#### REGISTRATION.

Each parliamentary borough and Parliamentary county is an electoral registration area, and for each registration area, and for each registration area there is a Registration Officer. Normally, the Town Clerk is the Registration Officer for the Parliamentary Borough and the Clerk to the County Council for the Parliamentary County. It is the duty of the Registration Officer to compile the register of all persons entitled to vote as parliamentary electors or local government electors in his area. It is also his duty to comply with any directions given by the Secretary of State as to the arrangements to be made by the Registration Officer in carrying out the registration.
The electoral lists when prepared are published

by the Registration Officer. A copy can always be inspected at his office, and generally at the chief post offices and other convenient places in the area, including Ciurch Porches, Public Libraries, and Local Council Offices The lists should be examined to see if the entries have been correctly made. If not, claims and objections may be made as by notice directed

The Index letters showing the nature of the qualifications of an elector are :-

R = Residence qualification

B = Business premises qualification.

O = Occupation qualification.

D = Qualification through wife's occupation.

NM = Naval or military voter.

FOR WOMEN. Rw = Residence qualification.

Bw = Business premises qualification.

Ow = Occupation qualification

Dw = Qualification through husband's occupation

#### RIGHT TO VOTE.

Every person registered as a parliamentary elector is entitled to vote at an election of a member to serve in Parliament. But at a General Election a person shall not vote for more than one constituency for which he or she is registered by virtue of a residence qualification, or for more than one constituency for which he or she is registered by virtue of other qualifications of any kind; which means that a person (man or woman) may, if qualified, lawfully vote twice at a General Election, but one vote must be in respect of a residence qualification, and each vote must be recorded in a different constituency.

#### ILLEGITIMACY AND LEGITIMATION. ENGLAND AND WALES.

A man may be summoned to petty sessions on the application of the mother of a bastard child, or by the Guardians of the Poor where the child and the Justices, on his being proved to be the father of the child, may make an order requiring him to pay for its maintenance and education a sum not exceeding sos, a week. The mother has the custody of her bastard children. No person is required as father of an illegitimate child to give information concerning the birth of such child, and the registrar is forbidden to enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child unless at the joint request of the mother and father. Such person is in that case required to sign the register, together with the mother. An unmarried domestic servant found to be encernte may be peremptorily dismissed without notice; but any attempt to examine without her consent a servant supposed to be encerate renders the employer liable to an action.

LEGITIMATION.—By the Legitimacy Act, 1986, which came into force on Jan. 1, 1987, where the parents of an illegitimate person marry or have married whether before or after that date, the marriage, if the father is at the date thereof domiciled in England or Wales, renders that person, if living, legitimate as from Jan. 1, 1927, or from the date of the marriage, which ever last happens This does not legitimate a person whose father or mother was married to a third person at the time when the illegitimate person was born

How to Secure Legitimacy - A person claiming that he, his parent, or any remoter ancestor has become legitimated, may petition the High Court under the Legitimacy Declaration Act, 1858, or the County Court for the necessary declaration.

Rights of Legitimated Persons to take Interest in Property.—A legitimated person may take property under an intestacy occurring after the date of legitimation, or under any disposition (e.g. a will) coming into operation after such date, as if he had been legitimate.

Rights and Duties of Legitimated Person .- He must maintain all persons whom he would be bound to maintain had he been born legitimate, and he is entitled to the benefit of any Act of Parliament which confers rights on legitimate persons to recover damages or compensation. The Act specially provides that nothing therein contained is to render any person capable of succeeding to or transmitting a right to any dignity or title.

Persons Legitimated by Extraneous Law-Broadly speaking, the Act provides that persons properly legitimated abroad shall be recognized as legitimated in England and Wales.

#### SCOTLAND.

Illegitimate Children (Scotland) Act, 1930.— The mother of an illegitimate child may obtain a decree of affiliation and aliment against the father. The process may be raised either in the Court of Session or the Sheriff Court, but usually is in the Sheriff Court. Where in any action of affiliation and aliment the Court finds that the defender is the father of the child, the Court shall in awarding any sum in name of inlying expenses, or in name of aliment, have regard to the means of the pursuer and the defender, and the whole circumstances of the case. The court may upon application by the mother or by the father of any illegitimate child, or in any action for aliment for an illegitimate child, make such becomes chargeable to the Union or Parish; order as it may think fit regarding the custody

of such child and the right of access thereto of either parent, having regard to the welfare of the child and to the conduct of the parents and to the wishes as well of the mother as of the father and may on the application of either parent recall or vary such order. The obligation of the mother and of the father of an illegitimate child to provide aliment for such child shall (without prejudice to any obligation attaching at common law) endure until the child attains

the age of sixteen years.

By Souts Law an illegitimate child is legitimated by the subsequent marriage of its parents provided there was no impediment to the marriage of the parents at the time of the conception of the child. Such legitimation is recognized by International Law so far as the laws of particular countries allow it. It is valid in England except that such a child cannot succeed to real estate in England on intestacy After the marriage of the parents such a child may be registered as legitimate by warrant of the Sheriff.

#### JURY SERVICE.

Preliminary.-The juries with which the public are most concerned are the grand juries; juries summoned to try causes in the High Court. at assizes and county courts; and those sum-moned to try criminal cases at assizes, the Old Bailey, and courts of Quarter Sessions, and coroners' juiles

Qualifications .- All natural-born subjects of the King and aliens domiciled for ten years or more, being men or women between 22 and 65, are

liable to serve as jurors [
The sex disqualification was removed in roxe. and women are now liable to serve, but a judge may order that the jury shall be composed of men only or of women only, or may, on an application made by a woman, grant her exemption in respect of any case by reason of the nature of the evidence to be given or of the issues to be tried.

The qualification of a juroi is a property one

that is to say, he or she must be a person who owns property or pays rates. A householder or shopkeeper in the City of London who owns personal estate worth £100; a resident in a county or borough owning £100 a year in real estate or reut charge, or £201 leaseholds, or a householder in a county or borough occupying accounty whose persons the support of the property of the second property whose net annual value is assessed at not less than £30 a year in Middlesex and the County of London, or £30 in other counties, and occupiers of houses with not less than fifteen windows, are all compellable to serve as jurors

unless exempted or disqualified

Exemptions and Disqualifications — Aliens (subject as above), felons, lunatics, imbeciles, deaf or blind persons are disqualified from serving on juries, while the fullowing classes of persons (amongst others) are exempt—peers, members and officers of both Houses of Parliament, clergymen and priests, ministers of any congregation of Protestant dissenters and Jews, whose meeting place is duly registered, judges, barristers, solictors (if practising), officers of the supreme court, magistrates, clerks of the peace, sheriffs' officers and servants of such officers, justices of the peace, members of local bodies, governors of prisons and gaolers, super-intendents, &c, of lunatic asylums, doctors and pharmaceutical chemists (if actually practising), dentises, officers and men in Navy, Army, Air and Territorial Forces, licensed pilots, postal, custom and inland revenue servants.

Special exemption.—A judge, and, by virtue of S. 3 of the Juries Act, 1922, the sheriff, may for good reason excuse attendance on any particular jury.

Jury Lists.—Lists of juries are now prepared in accordance with the Juries Act. xxxx. the names of persons apparently qualified as Jurors being so marked on the Electors Lists (exhibited at Town Halls, Public Libraries, in church porches, &c.). Persons who deem them-selves to be entitled to be exempted should communicate with the registration officer, for all whose names appear on the Jury List as flually settled are liable to serve.

Grand Juries .- The function of the grand jury is to make presentments on oath to judicial hodies or personages, mainly of accusation against persons against whom criminal proceedings are pending. The jurors have to say in effect whether there is a prima facie case against the accused, against whom an indictment has been prepared, and if they are satisfied of this they find "a true bill", if not, they "ignore the find "a true bill", if not, they "ignore the bill" and the accused is discharged

Juries in Criminal and Civil cases. - An accused person against whom a true bill has been found is trued by a "jury sworn." A "panel" of jurors are summoned to attend the court on a particular day, and it is from amongst them that the jury who are to try the prisoners are selected at random (an interesting note on the selection of jurors will be found in Halsbury's Laws of England, Vol. 18, p. 246). In a criminal case the prisoner has a right of challenge which is of two kinds—a challenge to the array—i.e., the whole number of jurors summoned (which is so rare that it need not be further considered) and a challenge to the poll, i.e., to individual jurors, which may be peremptory or for cause. Peremptory challenge, or challenge without retemptory charlenge, or charlenge without cause, exists only as of right in treason and felony, and the prisoner can only challenge a limited number without reason. In the exercise of this right prisoners frequently object to the women on the jury. "Challenge for cause" sometimes takes place on the ground that the proposed juror is a peer or is alleged to have committed some crime which makes him miamous.

Except upon trials for murder, treason, and treason felony juries after being sworn may separate, e.g., for lunch and at night. The verdict must be given in open court in the presence of all the jurors, and in cases of treason and felony in the presence of the defendant. It must be unanimous, except that in civil cases the parties may agree to take a majority

verdict.

Special Juries. - Special Jurors are selected from persons having larger property qualifica-tions, e.g., the occupier of dwelling house in a large town rated at not less than £100. Trial is generally by Common Jury, but in any cause or matter at Assizes or in the High Court an order for a Special Jury may be obtained in certain cases.

Payment of Jurors .- A Special Juror is entitled to a fee of one gumea for each case in which he is sworn to act, whereas a Common Jury is only entitled to is, on each cause tried in the High Court or a County Court; and on Circint, 8d. In Criminal Cases the jury is en-titled to and, in fact, receives nothing. At Inquests, held before Coroners, the jurors are entitled to such fee as the local authority may

parmit the coroner to pay.

A juror is not accountable for, nor will any action lie against him, in respect of anything said or done by him in discharge of his office. If he fail to appear in the High Court or at assizes when duly summoned he may have to pay a fine

of £ 10, while non-appearance at a county court may involve a fine of £5.

Coroners' Juries. - (See Deaths - Coroner's

Inquests, page sg8.)

#### LEGAL AID FOR THE POOR.

Civil Cases.

A system now exists for giving legal aid to poor persons in civil proceedings—including divorce—administered by the Law Society, Chancery Lane, W.C a, and through various Provincial Law Societies. Under this system committees are now established throughout England and Wales. Anyone desiring this form of aid may apply to the nearest "Poor Persons Committee" for a Poor Persons Certificate, and if this is granted a Solicitor and Counsel will be allotted to act without remuneration The Certificate can be given if the poor person is not worth £50 (excluding wearing apparel and trade tools) and the usual income does not exceed £2 a week In special curcumstances above figures may be £100, and £4 a week. The Committee may require the poor person to deposit a sum not exceeding £5 (in the first instance) to cover out-of-pocket expenses of the conducting solicitoi.

Divorce proceedings under the Poor Persons system may be commenced at the Divorce Registry in London or in one of the numerous District Registries in the Provinces now authorised for the purpose, and the trial or hearing may be in London or at the Assizes at one of the many towns at which Divorce business may now be taken under the Rules of the Supreme

Court.

#### Criminal Cases.

The Poor Prisoners Defence Act, 1930, provides for free legal aid in criminal proceedings in specified cases. On trial for an Indictable offence the person charged may have free legal aid, with Solicitor and Counsel, if Justices or Judge of trial court grant a Defence Certificate. If the person's means are insufficient, such Certificate may be granted in cases where desirable, and must be given for a murder charge. In Courts of Summary Jurisdiction, assuming manificient means, a Defence Certificate may be granted to a person if considered desirable to do so owing to gravity of charge or exceptional circumstances

Scotland.—In every town there are Solicitors for the Poor, and in the Court of Session there are Counsel for the Poor, all of whom act gratuitously. Any class of litigation may be gratuitously. Any class of litigation may be undertaken for poor persons, but the operation of the "Poor's Roll" is chiefly important in matrimonial and bastardy cases. Legal services are rendered free of charge, and no Court dues to the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control are payable. In cases of divorce application must be made to the Court of Session. In cases of separation simply, application may be made to the Sheriff Court. The means that preclude a person from the benefit of the Poor's Roll are not fixed, and each application depends on its own circumstances. The Poor's Roll was estabhahed in 1484.

#### MARRIAGES.

#### BY BANNS OR LICENCE.

BANNS OF MARRIAGE. - The Marriage Act. so Geo. II. c. 33, prescribes audible publication according to the rubric, on three Sundays preceding the ceremony, after the Second Lesson. Where the parties reside in different parishes, the banns must be published in both, the minister giving his certificate of the same to be hauded to the minister of the parish where the marriage takes place. Under the Marriage Measure 1930, hanus may be published and marriage solemnized in the parish church which is the usual place of worship of the persons to be married or either of them although neither of nutries of either of them such oursels, but this publication of banns is in addition to any other publication required by law. The law provides specially for the case where one of the parties resides in Scotland, the publication being then in the parish church. In like manner in Scotland the publication takes place in the parish church, in whatever church the parties are married — It may be noted that, by Scottish law only, omission to publish the banns does not invalidate the marriage, because it would still stand as an irregular marriage carried out by consent before witnesses (see sub-tit., "Marriages in Scotland," post). The names by which the parties are known are sufficient for publication of banns, so that a variance from the strict baptismal name is not important. But where wrong names are designedly given, for the purpose of concealment or otherwise, the case is different, and the marriage may be null and void (Midgeley v. Wood, 4 Sw. & Tr 267) Where a wrong and fraudulent name is given by one party only, and the other party is innocent, the validity of the marriage is not affected.

The Bishop may license a Chapel of Ease for the celebration of marnages, but where a district has been assigned to a chapel, and it becomes a vicarage, or "ecclesiastical parish," the option ceases, and the banus must be proclaimed and marriage celebrated therein, and not in the "mother church" or that of the

civil parish
If three months be permitted to elapse from the last time of publication, the banns become useless, and the parties must either obtain a licence, or submit to the republication of banns The minister ought to satisfy himself that the parties are of full age, or that the consent of parents is obtained, and it is usually on the score parents is obtained, and it is usually on the score of insufficiency of age that banns are "forbidden." By the Act 6 & 7 Will IV. c 85, a marriage may be performed in church on the superintendent registrar's certificate without banns, provided that the incumbent's consent is obtained. One of the parties must be resident within the Ecclesiastical parish of the church in which the marriage is to take place

MARRIAGE LICENCES are of two kinds-(x) the Common or Ordinary Licence grantedby the Archbishops and Bishops, through their Surrogates, for marriage in any church or chapel duly licensed for marriages, (a) the Special Licence granted by the Archbishop of Canterbury for marriage at any time or in any place on good reason being shown (see p. 364). The Act of 18a3 is severe on the clergy, making it a felony for any clergyman to marry the parties in the absence of banns or licence; and every Registrar or other person who knowingly unduly solemnizes

a marriage is also guilty of felony. By a sub-sequent alteration in the law, the hours for marriage were extended, and they are now from

8 a.m. to 3 p.m.

GENERAL NOTES.—The minister should be careful that there are two or more witnesses present, and that two witnesses attest the entries in the register books, which are kept in duplicate.

All civil jurisdiction over marriage was taken away from the Ecclesiastical Courts by the Divorce Act of 1857. An incumbent may, under Section 56 of this Act, refuse to marry a divorced person whose marriage has been dissolved for his or her adultery, but must allow another clergyman of

the diocese to perform the service.

A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE is nothing more than a copy of the entry in the church register, and the customary fee is 28. 6d, and a stamp duty of rd. Searches in the register-books may be made on payment of small fees, viz., rs. for a single year, and 6d additional for every other year. There are small fees, regulated by custom, on the certifi-cate given of banns in one parish for marriage in another. MARRIAGE FEES are not uniform, and of excessive there is power with the Diocesan Chancellor to moderate them. With those who are in a position to afford it, it is usual to pay a guinea to the clergyman, and 5s. to the clerk; and the usual fees are paid although a strangerclergyman be invited to perform the service.

INFANTS cannot be lawfully married without the consent of certain persons. The law on the subject is to be found in the Guardianship of Infants' Act which came into force on Sept. 30, Where both parents are living both must consent; where one is dead, the survivor; or if there is a guardian appointed by the deceased, the guardian and the survivor. The Age of Marriage Act, 1929, prohibits any marriage where either party is under 16 years of age.

#### MARRIAGE LICENCES FOR ESTABLISHED CHURCH

MARRIAGE LICENCES can be obtained in London by application at the Faculty Office (23 Knight-rider St., Doctors' Commons, E C.4), at the Vicar-General's Office (1 The Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.z), and at the Bishop of London's Diocesan Registry (1 Dean's Court, Doctors' Commons, E.C.4), by one of the parties about to be married. In the country they may be obtained at the offices of the Bishops' Registrars, but licences obtained at the Bishop's Drocesan Registry only enable the parties to be married in the diocese in which they are issued; those procured at the Faculty Office are available for London and all England and are available for London and all Engiand and Wales; those procured at the Vicar-General's Office (hours in both offices to to 4; Saturdays to to 1) are available for London and all England, except the Province of York. No instructions, either verbal or in writing, can be received, except from one of the parties. Affidavits are prepared from the personal instructions of one of the parties about to be married, and the licence is delivered to the party upon payment of fees amounting to thirty shillings, in addition to the cost of stamp, ros. od. No premous notice is required and the licence is available as soon as it is issued. The cost of licences through a clerical surrogate in the country varies, according to the discess, from £z zgs. to £z zss. 6d. By the 4th George IV. c. 76, it is enacted, in order to avoid fraud and collusion in obtaining licences for marriage, that before any such

licence be granted one of the parties shall make a declaration, on oath, that there is no legal impediment to the intended marriage; and also that one of such parties hath had his or her usual place of abode for the space of fifteen days immediately preceding the issuing of the licence within the boundary of the parish church, or the district parish in the church of which the marriage is to be solemnized.

It may be added that in the country there may generally be found a parochial clergyman who is also a surrogate, before whom the above-mentioned aison surrogate, before whom the above-mentioned affidavit hay be taken, and whose office it is to deliver the licence personally to the applicant. (In some parts of the country it is necessary for the surrogate to procure the licence from the Bishop's registry.)

#### SPECIAL MARRIAGE LICENCES (FOR ESTABLISHED CHURCH).

SPECIAL LICENCES are granted by the Archbishop of Canterbury, under special circumstances, for marriage at any place with or without previous residence in the district, or at any tune, &c.; but the reasons assigned must meet with his Grace's approval. Application must be made to The Faculty Office, 23 Knightrider Street, Doctors' Commons, E C. 4 (tel., 6834 Central). Fees for licence stamp, &c., £25.

## BEFORE A REGISTRAR AND IN NON-CONFORMIST BUILDINGS.

Marriages can take place in a District Register Office or in a Nonconformist building registered for marriages, (z) by Certificate, (a) by Licence. Notice of such marriages must be given personally Notice of such marriages must be given personally to the Superintendent Registrar, a Registrar of Births and Deaths, a Registrar of Marriages, or the deputy of such officer. A marriage at a register office takes place in the presence of the Registrar of Marriages and the Superintendent Registrar; a marriage at a registered building takes place in the presence of the Registrar of Marriages, unless it is had under the provisions of the Marriage Act, 1898, respecting which see below. In each case the presence of at least two witnesses is necessary.

#### NOTICE OF MARRIAGE BY CERTIFICATE.

If both parties reside in the same registration district, they must both have resided there for seven days before the notice can be given. It

may then be given by either party.

If the parties reside in different registration districts, notice must be given by each to a registration officer in the district in which he or she resides, and the preliminary residential qualification of seven days must be fulfilled by each before the notice can be given.

#### NOTICE OF MARRIAGE BY LICENCE.

One notice only is necessary, whether the par-ties live in the same or in different registration districts, and either party may give the notice.

If both live in the same district, one of them must have lived there for fifteen days before

If they live in different districts, and both have fulfilled the necessary residential qualification, notice may be given in either district. If one only has fulfilled the qualification, the notice must be given in the district in which the residence has been fulfilled, and the other party must be resident in England or Wales when the notice is given.

The notice contains particulars as to names, ages, residence, length of residence, and the building in which the marriage is to take place. It also contains a declaration that there is no legal impediment to the marriage, and, in the case of minors, that the consent of the person whose consent to the marriage is required by law, has been duly given. A person making a false declaration renders himself or herself hable to prosecution for perjury.

ISSUE OF CERTIFICATE (WITHOUT LICENCE).

After the lapse of twenty-one clear days from the date of the entry of the notice in the noticebook, the Superintendent Registrar may, provided no impediment is shown, issue his certificate for the marriage, which can then take place at any time within three calendar months from the date of the entry of the notice.

#### ISSUE OF CERTIFICATE AND LICENCE.

After the lapse of one week-day (not Christmas Day or Good Friday) from the date of entry of the notice, the Superintendent Registrar may, provided no impediment is shown, issue his certificate and licence for the marriage, which can then take place on any day within three calendar months from the date of entry of the

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED AT THE MARRIAGE.

(1) Marriage by Certificate :-

a. If both parties live in the same district.—The certificate of the Superintendent Registrar of that district. b. If they live in different districts :- A

certificate from the Supermtendent Registrar of each district.

(a) Marriage by Licence :- The certificate and licence of the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the notice is given.

#### PLACE OF MARRIAGE

The marriage must generally take place at a building within the district of residence of one of the parties, but if the usual place of worship of either is outside the district of his or her residence, it may take place in such usual place of worship, provided that it is not more than online distant from the boundary of the distant in which the notice is given; and if there is not within the district of residence of either party a registered building within which marriages are solemnized according to the rites and ceremonies of the religious denomination to which the parties belong, it may take place in a registered building of the required denomination in the nearest district.

A marriage which has been duly celebrated in a register office in Ireland may be proved by the certificate of such marriage (Guillet v. Guillet, 27 T.L.R 416).

#### MARRIAGE CEREMONY.

The marriage must be solemnized between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m , with open doors. Each of the parties must declare as follows:-"I do solemnly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I, A. B., may not be joined in matrimony to C. D."; and each of the parties must say to the other, "I call upon these persons here present to witness that I, A, do take thee, C, D., to be my lawful wedded wife for husband!" A wedding-ring may be, and is generally, used at a marriage at a register office.

### MARRIAGE ACT, 1898.

The presence of a Registrar of Marriages is not necessary at marriages at Nonconformist registered buildings which have adopted the provisions of this Act. The Act (which does not apply to Scotland or Ireland, or to marriages according to the usages of the Jews or of the society of Friends) provides for the appointment of an "authorised person" (a person, usually the minister or an official of the building certified by the trustees or governing body as having been duly authorised for the purpose) who must be present at and must register the marriage. If the presence of a Registrar is required at a marriage at a building at which the provisions of the Act have been adopted, the fact must be stated when notice of the marriage is given, and the consent of the munster or trustees to the Registrar's attendance must be obtained

The parties must at some time during the ceremony make the following declarations.

"I do solenmly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I, A. B., may not be joined in matrimony to C. D"

Also each of the parties must say to the other —
"I call upon these persons here present to
witness that I, A B, do take thee, C, D, to be
my lawful wedded wife [or husband]";

or, in hen thereof -- "I, A. B., do take thee, C. D., to be my wedded

wife for husband!

#### NAVAL MARRIAGES ACT, 1908.

This Act provides that any officer, seaman, or marine borne on the books of one of His Majesty's ships who wishes to marry may, if the marriage 18 to take place at a register office or a Nonconformist registered building, give notice to his commanding officer, who, after the lapse of twenty-one clear days, can issue a certificate for the marriage. The other party must give notice in the usual way to a registration officer in the district in which she resides.

If the marriage is to take place at a church of the Church of England, the chaplain or commanding officer must publish the banns on board the ship on three successive Sundays: he can then issue a certificate of publication of banns. The banns must also be published in the church in which the marriage is to take place.

No marriage by licence can take place under

this Act.

#### MARRIAGE FEES.

For entering notice of a marriage by certificate in the marriage notice-book For entering notice of a marriage by licence in the marriage notice-book. For a certificate for marriage without licence..... . ... 0 For a certificate for marriage by licence For a licence for marriage .... 30 Stamp duty on a licence for marriage . . For a marriage by certificate in the piesence of a Registrar .....

of a Registrar Exclusive of the fee for a certificate of the Exclusive of the fee for a certificate of the marriage ("marriage lines"), the total fees for a marriage by certificate, when the parties live in the same district, amount to 7s.; if they live in different districts, to 9s.

For a marriage by licence the total fees are

For a marriage by licence in the presence

£2 128. od.

#### MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION RESPECTING MARRIAGES.

Parties should be married in the name in

which they are generally known.

A marriage may take place at a registered building before a Registrar without religious cere-mony if the consent of the trustees is obtained.

If parties who have been married at a register office desire to go through a religious ceremony at a church, they may do so on production to the incumbent of a certificate of the register office marriage, but this ceremony is not recorded as a marriage in the register books.

A divorced person desiring to marry again in a register office or registered building must give notice to the Superintendent Registrar, to whom a copy of the divorce decree must be produced. In Wales, and in places where the Welsh tongue

in wates, and in places where the welsh longing is used, the declaration and contracting words may be said in Welsh, as provided by Section 33 of the Marriages and Registration Act, 1837.

If both parties are Jews, they must give notice to a registration officer in the usual

way, and may marry according to their usages in a synagogue or private dwelling-house at any hour; the marriage must be registered by the secretary of the synagogue of which the man is a member.

If both parties are members of the Society of Friends (Quakers), or if, not being in membership, they have been authorised by the Society of Friends to solemnize their marriage in accordance with its usages, they must give notice to a registration officer, and may be married in a Friends' meeting house; the marriage must be registered by the registering officer of the Society appointed to act for the district in which the meeting-house is situated. The presence of a Registrar of Marriages is not necessary at such marriages of Jews or members

of the Society of Friends.

Relaxations have been made by Marriage Prohibited Degrees of Relationship) Acts, 1907 to 1931, which successively permitted the follow-

ing marriages, i.e., With a deceased wife's sister. Act-1907. deceased brother's widow. Act-ross. deceased wife's brother's daughter. Act-regr.

deceased wife's sister's daughter. do. father's deceased brother's widow. do.

mother's deceased brother's do. widow. deceased wife's father's sister. do. deceased wife's mother's sister. do. brother's deceased son's widow. do.

sister's deceased son's widow. No clergyman can be compelled to solemuize any of the foregoing marriages, but he may allow his church to be used for the purpose by another minister

During the lifetime of a person upon whose decease a marriage is now authorized (but which would otherwise be prohibited owing to affinity), it is not lawful for a man to contract such a

MARRIAGE IN ENGLAND OR WALES WHEN ONE PARTY LIVES IN SCOTLAND OR IRELAND.

Notice for a marriage by a Superintendent Registrar's certificate in a register office or registered building may be given in the usual way by the party resident in England. As

regards Scotland, the party there, after regards southand, the party there, after a residence of fifteen days, should apply to the session clerk to publish banns; as regards Ireland, the party there, after a residence of seven days, must give notice to the District Registrar of Marriages. Notice cannot be given for such marriages to take place by the licence of the Superintendent Registrar.

Marriage of such parties may take place in a church of the Church of England after the publication of banns, or by Ecclesiastical licence.

#### MARRIAGES OF BRITISH SUBJECTS ABROAD.

British subjects may contract a valid marriage in a foreign country provided they conform to the provisions of the Foreign Marriages Act, 1802. One of the parties to the marriage only need be a British subject.

Where a marriage according to the local law of a foreign country is valid by English law, then, before the marriage is soler nized in that country under the Act, the marriage officer as defined by the Act must be satisfied—

(a) That both parties are British subjects; or,

(b) If only one of the parties is a British subject, that the other is not a subject or citizen of the country; or, (c) If only one of the parties is a British sub-

ject and the other a subject or citizen of the country, that sufficient facilities do not exist for the solemnization of the marriage in the foreign country in accordance with the law of that country; or,

(d) If the man is a British subject and the woman a subject or citizen of the country, that no objection will be taken by the authorities of the country to the solemnization of the marriage under the Act.

In the case of any marriage under the Act where the woman is a British subject and the man a foreigner, the marriage officer must be satisfied-

(a) That the marriage will be recognized by the law of the country to which the foreigner belongs; or,

That some other marriage ceremony in addition to that under this Act has taken place, or is about to take place, between the parties, and that such other ceremony is recognized by the law of the country to which the foreigner belongs; or, (c) That the leave of the Secretary of State

has been obtained.

The marriage must be solemnized by or before marriage officer as defined by the Act.

It is necessary for one of the parties to the intending marriage to sign a notice stating the name, surname, profession, condition, and resi-dence of each of the parties, and whether each of the parties is or is not a minor, and to give the notice to the marriage officer within whose district both of the parties have had their residence not less than one week then next preceding, and the notice must state that they have so resided.

If the parties reside in different districts, such notice must be given to the marriage officer of the district before whom the intended marriage is to be solemnized, by the party who has resided for a period of not less than one week within the district of such marriage officer

If one of the parties resides (a) in the United Kingdom, or (b) in a Colony or India (a) notice must be given in like manner as if the party so

0 10 0

0 5 0

resident were about to be married in that part of the United Kingdom in which he or she readies, and in England or Ireland must be given to the superintendent registrar or registrars, and in Scotland must be given by proclamation of banns, and (b) such notice must be given by the party dwelling in such Colony or in India as may be provided by any law of that Colony or of the Governor-General of India in Council, or in like manner as if the party were about to be married in that place.

If the non-resident party has dwelt in the district of a marriage officer in a foreign country notice must be given by that party in like manner as if the marriage were to be solemnized by or before such marriage officer, or if the place in a foreign country at which the non-resident party has dwelt is not within the district of a marriage officer the notice may be given to any person authorised by the Secretary of State to receive such notices. Where neither party has resided for a period of not less than one week within the district of the marriage officer before whom the intended marriage is to be solemnized, and (a) the marriage cannot conveniently be solemmzed at the place where either of the parties has had his or her usual place of abode, or (b) the permission of the Secretary of State has been obtained, notice must be given by each of the parties in the place where he or she has had his or her usual place of abode for a period of not less than one week immediately preceding the giving of such notice in the prescribed manner, and a certificate of the giving of such notice obtained.

If the Secretary of State is satisfied that for some good reason the party has not been able to give the required notice and that the marriage is not clandestine and that adequate notice has been given, he may permit the marriage to be subconvized.

Before the marriage is solemnized each of the parties must make on oath

- (a) That he or she believes that there is no impediment;
- (b) that both the parties have had their usual place of residence in the district of the consular marriage officer for three weeks immediately preceding, or if they have not both resided there during three weeks then that one of them has so resided, and stating the place where the party who has not so resided has within three months immediately preceding had for three consecutive weeks his or her usual place of shode, and the notice that has been given in that place, or, if neither party has resided there, stating the place or places where each party has within three months immediately preceding had for three weeks his or her usual place of abode, and the notices that have been given in those places.

After the expiration of 14 days after the notice of an intended marriage has been entered, then if no lawful impediment to the mairiage is shown, and the mairiage has not been forbidden in manner provided by the Act, the mairiage may be solemnized. A consular officer holdinga wairant for a district can only solemnize a marriage at his own official house. Patties residing within a consular district who may wish to be married under the Act must go to the consular officer provided with a warrant for that dis-

trict; two or more witnesses are required to be present.

The following fees for marriages under the Foreign Marriage Act are payable to His Majesty's Government:—

For certificate by a Marriage Officer of notice having been given and posted up, in case of one of the parties residing outside the consular district in which the marriage is to take place.......

Marriages may be solemnized 8 a m to 3 p.m. No religious ceremony is required, but any form according to the creed of the contracting parties may be used. The presence of the duly authorised Marriage Officer is, however, necessary to render the marriage valid. If the ceremonal be that of the Church of England, it can only be performed by a clergyman of that Church.

Marrages solemnized under the Foreign Marrage acts are legal by English law when both parties are British subjects, and also when only one of them is a British subject, but such marriages are not necessarily valid out of His Majesty's dominions. In cases where one of the parties is a subject of the country where the marriage is proposed to take place, or of a third country, the party in question must previously comply with the requirements of the marriage law of the country to which he or she belongs, so far as it may be possible to do so, in order to render such marriage also valid by the law of that country.

marriage also value by the law of that country.

An Englishwoman married to a foreigner follows the nationality of her bushand

lows the nationality of her husband.

In Germany and Switzerland marriages by any foreign consular officer are, in the absence of any

treaty stipulations, strictly prohibited.

A marriage which would not be valid in England would be equally invalid if solemnized in an embassy, legation, or consulate abroad. For instance, marriages within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity would not be valid.

A marriage between Christians in India may

A marriage between Christians in India may be proved in England by an India Office certificate (Braid v. Eraid, 1909, 25 T L.R. 646).

cate (Braid v. Braud, 1909, as T l. R. 646).
Marriages may also be solemnized under the "Foreign Marriages Act, 1892," before the commanding officer of any of lits Majesty's ships on a foreign station provided he be of such rank and of such vessel as is for the time being authorised for that purpose by Admiralty instructions.

## MARRIAGES ABROAD WITH FOREIGNERS ACCORDING TO FOREIGN LAW.

ACT OF 1906 — Under the Marriage with Foreigners Act, 1906, any Britsh subject desiring to be married in a foreign country to a foreigner ground for the law of the country may, after giving notice of the marriage, obtain a certificate from the registrar that there is no legal impediment to the marriage. In order to obtain the certificate, the rules set out in the schedule to the Act must be complied with. Any persons may enter an objection to a certificate, the validity of which will be decided by the Registrar-General.

A marriage by repute which is valid by the law of the domicile in a foreign country will be recognised as valid by the English courts (re Green Noyes v. Pitkin, 1909, as T.L.B. 222).

#### MARRIAGES IN SCOTLAND.

According to the law of Scotland marriage is a contract which is completed by the mutual consent of parties. No formalities are required and no consent of parents or guardians is neces-sary. It can be contracted by a male over 14 years of age and a female over zz. Marriages may be "regular" or "irregular."

A regular marriage is one which is celebrated by a Minister of religion after due notice by the publication of banns or publication by the Registrar. Any Minister of any denomination (including a person officiating at a Quaker wedding) who performs the ceremony is reckoned to be a minister of religion. It must be performed before two witnesses and one of the parties must have resided in Scotland for at least 1g days before the ceremony. Public pro-clamation is made by (a) banus or (b) notice by the Registrar. Banns must be proclaimed in the parish church of both parties. It is ordered that the proclamation of banns should be made three times, but by immemorial practice pro-clamation on one Sunday is sufficient. The Clerk of the Kirk Session of the Parish takes in notices of hams and issues certificates of proclamation. The fee for proclamation may

not exceed as 6t. A certificate of proclamation of banns is only valid for three months. Under the Marriage Notices (Scotland) Act, 1876, a notice posted up in a conspicuous or accessible place on the board or outer wall of the Registrar's office is equivalent to the proclama-tion of banus. Exhibition is made for seven consecutive days. Objection may be made within other seven days. If no objections are lodged the Registral issues a certificate : fee, 18 6d Such certificate of publication is only valid for three months. Under the Naval Marriages Act, 1908, hauns may be published on board one of His Majesty's ships where an officer, seaman or Marine on the ship's books wishes to contract a marriage in Scotland. A declaration under the Marriage Notices (Scotland) Act already referred to may also be filled up and the officer commanding the ship may grant a

certificate.

Irregular Marriages are survivals of modes of marriage which were general throughout Europe in mediaval times, Scotland having disregarded the decrees of the Council of Trent invalidating irregular mairiages; Scotland following the ancient Cauon law. These marriages may be contracted in three ways: (a) by exchange of consent before two witnesses (called in legal language per verba de presenti); (a) by promise of marriage followed by intercourse on the faith of the promise (called marriage by promise, subsequents copula): the promise, however, can only be proved by the writing or the oath of the party when action is brought; (3) by constant living together as husband and wife (called marriage by habit and repute), i.e., the general repute of the neighbourhood supported by consistent conduct. Marriage by the first mode is only valid if one of the parties has been resident in Scotland for ar days before the contract is entered into. (This is the result of legislation and not part of the common law of Scotland.) "Gretna Green" marriages were abolahed in 1856 by the Act 19 and so Victoria, Chap. 96. Marriages thus contracted may be registered if the parties appear before the Sheriff with their witnesses and petition for registration within three months. On the Sheriff granting warrant the Registrar registers the marriage for a fee of 5s. rd. The other two forms of marriage before they are held to be valid must be declared by a decree in the Court of Session.

Marriage with a foreigner may be solemnized regularly if one of the parties has a residential qualification and provided that one party has resided in Scotland for ar days and the minister agrees to dispense with the proclamation of banns in the case of the foreigner. Marriage of a Scottish person with a foreigner, or marriage of two foreigners, may be contracted irregularly if one or other of the parties has resided in Scotland for az days.

#### MOTOR LAW.

The modern Charter of Motor Law is the Road Traffic Act 1930 and Regulations made thereunder by the Minister of Transport. This Act not only consolidated the law by repealing some thirty earlier Acts, but made numerous amendments and new provisions to keep abreast with the rapid development and modern universal use of motor vehicles.

Some of the new features are Compulsory Insurance against Third-party risks; abolition of speed limit for ordinary private car; publica-tion of a "Highway Code"; physical fitness for driving licence. The following provisions of the law have been selected for special reference in

these notes

Driving Licence.—As to fee, &c., see p. 549.
No person to drive without a licence, nor
employ a person to drive who is not licensed
To be produced to police constable on demand; but no conviction if heence produced at a police station within five days. On application for heence declaration must be made as to any physical disability, &c., certain disabilities will involve refusal of licence.

Speed Limits.—The Act prescribes Speed Limits for various Classes of Motor Vehicles. but for ordinary passenger motor cars (adapted to carry not more than seven, excluding driver) there is now no speed limit. But heavy penalties may be incurred for driving recklessly or at a speed or in manner dangerous to the public having regard to all the circumstances, nature and condition of road, amount of traffic

at the time, &c.

Pillion Ruling.—Only one person (pillionaire)
on a motor-cycle in addition to driver, and then only on proper seat securely fixed behind the

driver.

Third Party Insurance.-No person may use, or permit to be used, a motor vehicle unless covered by a Policy of Insurance in respect of third-party risk. There is to be a "Certificate" of such insurance, and this certificate of insur-ance must be produced by a driver to a constable on demand. Under the Regulations of Transport Ministry an applicant for a car licence under the Finance Acts must with his applica-tion produce to the Licensing Authority his Certificate of Insurance.

Highway Code.-The Minister of Transport has compiled a Highway Code as authorised by the Act. It is issued with driving licence, and copies may be obtained from H.M. Stationery Office or booksellers, price zd. The code is

intended as a guide to persons using the road, and may be revised from time to time. Failure to observe any provision of the code is not an offence of itself, but it may be relied on as tending to establish or negative the liability of a party in any proceedings whether civil or criminal.

Accidents.-In the case of an accident causing damage to any person, vehicle or animal, the driver of the motor vehicle must stop, and on

request of any person having reasonable grounds for so requiring, give his name and address and identification of his vehicle. If this is not done on the spot then the accident must be reported at a police station or to a constable as soon as possible, and in any case within 24 hours.

NOTE.—From January 1, 1932, every motor vehicle, but not motor-cycle, must be fitted with a reflecting mirror.

#### PASSPORTS.

Applications for Foreign Office Passports must be made in the form printed on the back of the Regulations (to be had on application), and enclosed in a cover addressed to "The Passport enclosed in a cover addressed to "the Passport Office, r Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, Westminster, S. W. r," or to "The Branch Passport Office, 35 Dale Street, Liverpool" The charge for a Passport 19 75.60. Passport are issued in London between the hours of xo and 4 (Saturdays, so to s), and in Liverpool, 9 30 to 4 (Saturdays, 9, 30 to 1). The Passport Offices are closed on Sundays and Tublic Holidays (except in London between the hours of ro a m. and noon for cases of special emergency only). Pass noon for cases of special intergency only). rasports may be obtained through the post if a Postal Order for 7s. 6d., which should be crossed, made payable to the Passport Office, is forwarded with the application. Cheques, treasury notes or postage stamps should not be sent in payable the application which it results were held to be sent to pay the stamp of the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the payable to the pa ment. Application should, if possible, reach the Passport Office not less than four days before that on which the Passport is required

Foreign Office Passports are granted (1) to natural-horn British subjects; (2) to the wives and widows of such persons; and (3) to persons naturalised in the United Kingdom, in the British Dominions or Colonies, or in India.

The wife of an alien is deemed to be an alien. Passports are granted (z) in the case of natural-born British subjects and persons naturalised in the United Kingdom, upon the manurament in the United Kingdom, upon the production of a Declaration by the applicant in the form printed at the back of the Regulations, verified by a Declaration made by a member or official of any Banking Firm established in the United Kingdom, or by any Mayor, Magastrate, Provost, Justice of the Peace, Minister of Relingan, Bayerster, at Inn Discussion. of Religion, Barrister at law, Physician, Surgeon, Solicitor, Notary Public or Chartered Accountant, resident in the United Kingdom and being him self a British subject. The applicant's Certificate of Birth and other evidence may also be required Applicants serving in His Majesty's Forces may have their declarations verified by their Commanding Officers ; (a) in the case of children under the age of 16 years requiring a separate Passport, upon production of a Declaration made by the child's parent or guardian in a Form (B), to be obtained upon application to the Passport Office: duction of a letter of recommendation from the High Commissioner or Agent-General in London of the State concerned. Persons naturalised or

ordinarily resident in any of the Crown Colonies must obtain a letter of recommendation from the Colonial Office.

If the applicant for a Passport be a British subject by naturalisation, the Certificate of Naturalisation must be forwarded to the Passport Office with the Declaration or letter of recommendation. British subjects by naturalisation will be described as such in their Passports, which will

be issued subject to the necessary qualifications. British Passports are only available for travel to the countries maned thereon, but may be endoused for additional countries. The possession of a Passport so endorsed does not, however, exempt the holder from compliance with any Immigration Regulations in force in British or foreign countries, or from the necessity of obtaining a visa where required

Passports endorsed as valid for the British Empire are also ave'lable for travelling to termtory under Britith protection or mandate, not, however, including Palestine or Iraq, for which countries special endorsements must be obtained

Foreign Office Passports are available for five years from the date of issue, unless otherwise stated. On the expiration of their period of validity they may be renewed for further consecutive periods of one to five years. In no circumstances are they available beyond ten years from the date of issue. Thereatter, or if at any time the Passport contains no further space for visas, application must be made for the issue of a new Passport.

A Passport cannot be issued or renewed by the foreign Office on behalf of a person already abroad; such person should apply, in a foreign country, to the nearest British Mission or Consulate, or, within the British Empire, to the nearest Passport issuing authority.

Persons resident in the Irish Free State should make application for their Passports to the Passport Department, Ministry of External Affairs, Dublin.

#### CERTIFICATION OF PHOTOGRAPHS.

Note -- It is essential that one of the two photographs of the applicant (and wife, if to be included on the Passport) should be certified on the back as shown on the Application Form.

### Safe Custody of Passports.

Pas-ports, when not in use, should be kept in a seenre place At the expiration of the period of validity a Passport should be returned to the Foreign Office.

#### PAWNBROKERS' REGULATIONS.

For the TICKET on goods pledged for ros or

For INTEREST on pledges not exceeding 40s ,

for every 28. or part of 28., per month ... 1/d. And after the first month any time not exceeding 14 days to be charged as half a month

FORFEITURE.-Pledges for ros. and under must (3) in the case of persons naturalised in any of | be redeemed within twelve calendar months and the British self-governing Dominious, upon proseven days from the date of pledging After that seven days from the date of pledging. After that they become the property of the pawnbroker. Pledges above ros, if not redeemed within twelve calendar months and seven days from the

day of pledging, may be sold by auction by the pawnbroker, but may be redeemed at any time before the day of sale.

Within three years after sale the pawner may inspect the account of the sale in the pawnbroker's books on payment of one penny, and receive any surplus produced by the sale. Should there be a deficit, the pawner, or the person producing the ticket, is liable to pay the deficiency. Any deficit on sale of one pledge may be set off by the pawnbroker against surplus on another.

If any pledge is destroyed or damaged by fire, the pawnbroker will be bound to pay the value of the pledge after deducting the amount of the loan and profit-ie, the loan and profit and as per

cent. on the amount of the loan.

If any ticket is lost, mislaid, or stolen, the pawner should at once apply to the pawnbroker for a form of declaration to be made before a magistrate, or the pawnbroker will be bound to deliver the pledge to any person who produces the ticket to him and claims to redeem the same

When the loan is 5s or under, the charge on form of declaration is one halfpenny, when the

loan is above 5s, one penny

SPECIAL CONTRACTS,-A pawnbroker may make a special contract with a pawner in respect of a pledge on which the pawnbroker makes a loan of above 40s, provided that— (1.) The pawnbroker at the time of the pawning

shall deliver to the pawner a special contract pawn-ticket, signed by the pawnbroker
(2) The duplicate of the special contract pawn-

ticket shall be signed by the pawner.
The pawnbroker may also charge: —For ticket, profit per calendar month, for storage of the pledge, and payment to inspect account of sale, such sums and rates as may be agreed upon at the time of making the contract

After the first calendar month any time not exceeding fourteen days will be charged as half a month, and any time exceeding fourteen days and not more than one mouth as one mouth

The charge for storage of the pledge will be per calendar month, or any part of a month, in addition to the charges above mentioned

Pledges may be pawned under special contract for a period of not less than three months.

In all other respects pledges under special con-tract are subjected to the same rules as to sale by auction, inspection of account of sale, payment of surplus produced by sale, and loss of ticket, as in the case of ordinary pledges for more than xos.

#### POOR LAW.

The Poor Law in England and Wales is now administered through Public Assistance Com-

RECEIPTS should be kept for six years from the date of payment, after which period no action can; be brought concerning the goods, &c , received

#### VACCINATION.

In England and Wales vaccination is compulsory within six months from birth, the obligation to comply with the law being imposed on the parent or other person having custody of the child. The local Public Vaccinator (a ing directions may be found useful to those who, doctor appointed by the local authority) will in cases of emergency, are called upon to draw vaccinate free of charge. Penalties are incurred; up wills, either for themselves or others:—

TESTATOR OR TESTATRIX.—The person who

Exemption may be obtained if a parent, within four months from the birth, makes a declaration that he conscientiously believes that vaccination would be prejudicial to the health of the child.

#### WARD OF COURT.

By appropriate legal process an Infant may be made what is termed a Ward of Court in the Chancery Division of the High Court. In this way judicial control of the Infant may be secured, the court assuming and exercising wide powers in respect both of the person and property of Wards of Court. Legal advice will obviously be necessary as to the circumstances in which an order might be made in any particular case.

REASONS FOR MAKING A WILL.—Every man having a wife and family should make his will. However small his estate, it is an imperative duty m most cases, and is safer in every case, to protect the interest of the survivors by a will, and by the appointment of one or more trustworthy persons to carry his wishes into effect. When persons die intestate, having foolishly put off making a will until it is too late, their negligence may deprive those for whom they were most anxious to provide The help of a lawyer in anxious to provide The help of a lawyer in making a will is not in every case essential, but it is always advisable, particularly where there is a desire on a testator's part to provide for his property being "settled" as it is called -e.g., the income being paid to his widow and the capital being ultimately divided among his children, for this requires the skill of a practised lawyer. Assuming a lawyer is not employed, a person having resolved to make a will must not regard it as a light matter, to be got rid of in a few minutes, but one demanding the most serious attention. It is only after a person is dead, and cannot explain his meaning, that his will can be open to dispute. It is the more necessary, therefore, to express what is meant in language of the utmost clearness, avoiding the use of any word or expression that admits of another meaning than the one intended. It is better to be prolix than to leave the smallest room for doubt or uncertainty, although the same name or word be often repeated. Sounding phrases are entirely out of place Avoid the use of "legal terms," such as "heirs" and "issue, when the same thing may be expressed in plain language. If m writing the will a mistake be made, it is better to rewrite the whole. Before a will is executed, that is, signed by the testator in presence of two witnesses, an alteration may be made by striking through the words with a pen, but oppo-Boroughs, which take the place of the old Boards site to such alteration the testator and winnesses of Guardians. The law is consolidated in the should write their names or place their initials.

Never scratch out a word with a kinfe or other and noalteration of any kind whatever must be made after the will is executed. testator afterwards wishes to change the disposition of his estate, it is better to make a new will, revoking the old one, or to add a codicil to the first, which must be duly executed and attested in the same manner as the original will. A will should be written in ruk and very legibly on a single sheet of paper. Although, of course, forms of wills must vary to suit different cases, the follow-TESTATOR OR TESTATRIX.—The person who

maker be a woman, the testatrix.

BSTATE.—By this word is to be understood property of all kinds, both real and personal.

Real property includes tithes and advowsons, as well as freehold land and houses; while personal property includes debts due, arrears of rents, money, leasehold property, house furniture, goods, assurance policies, stocks and shares in companies, and the like.

RESIDUARY LEGATEES.—It is well in all cases to leave to some person or persons "the residue of my estate and effects," although it may be thought that the whole of the property has been disposed of m legacies already mentioned in the will. It should be remembered that a will operates on property acquired after it has been

To BEGIN A WILL.—A form in which a will may be commenced is:—"This is the last will of me, Thomas Smith, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street, Reading, in the county of Berks."

TO END A WILL. - After disposing of the property, the will may be ended as follows :- " And I hereby appoint the said — sole (or joint) executor(s) of this my Will, and I revoke all former wills and codicils. Dated this — day of —, 19—.

EXECUTION OF A WILL AND WITNESSES—The

testator should sign his name at the foot or end of the will, in presence of two witnesses, who will immediately sign their names in his and in each other's presence. A person who has been left a legacy or share of residue in the will, or left a legacy or share of residue in the win, or whose wife or husband has been left a legacy, should not be an attesting witness. Their attestation would be good, but they would forfeit the legacy. It is better that a person named as executor should not be a witness. Husband and wife may both be witnesses, provided neither is a legatee. If a solicitor be appointed executor, it is lawful to direct that his ordinary fees and charges shall be paid; but in this case he (as an interested party) must not be a witness to the will

Opposite to or beneath the testator's signature should be written the attestation clause. following form of attestation will be found

sufficient.

Signed by the testator [or testatrix, as the case may bel, in Thomas Smith the presence of us, both present [Signature at the same time who in his for of her] presence and in the presence Testator. of each other have hereunto set our names as witnesses.

William Jones, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street, Reading, Tailor. Henry Morgan, of North Street,

Reading, Esq

It is desirable that the witnesses should be fully described, as they may possibly be wanted at some future time. If the testator should be too ill to sign, even by a mark, another person may sign the testator's name to the will for him, m his presence and by his direction, and in this case it should be shown that the testator knew the contents of the document. The attestation clause should therefore be worded "Signed by Thomas Brown, by the direction and in the presence of the testator, Thomas Smith, in the joint presence of us, who thereupon signed our names in his presence and in the presence of each other, the will having been first read over to the testator, who appeared fully to understand the same."
If the testator be blind the will should be read aloud to him in the presence of the witnesses. and the fact mentioned in the attestation clause.

makes the will is the testator, or if the will- If by inadvertence the testator should have signed his will without the witnesses being present, then the attestation should be:—"The present, then the attentation should be:—The testator acknowledged his signature already made as his signature to his last will and testament, in the joint presence, &c. Amy omission in the observance of these details causes delay and expense, and sometimes great the attention of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of t difficulty is experienced in procuring an affidavit by one of the attesting witnesses before the will can be admitted to Probate. The stringency of the law as to signature and witnessing of a will is only relaxed in favour of soldiers, sailors and airmen in certain curcumstances

Codion .- When any change is required to be made in the disposition of property as stated in the will the change should be embodied in a codicil. A codicil should begin:—"This is a codicil to the will of me, Thomas Smith, of Vine Cottage, Silver Street, Reading, in the county of Berks, the said will bearing date," &c. A codicil must be dated at the end, and signed and witnessed with exactly the same formalities as the will.

EXECUTORS.—It is usual to appoint two executors, although one is sufficient. The name and address of each executor should be given in full, as follows .- "I appoint John Jones, of number twenty-one, London Street, Ipswich, and Edward Matthews, of number seventeen, Market Street, Lincoln, executors of this my will " cutor may be a legatec. Thus a child or wife to whom the whole or a portion of the estate is left may be appointed sole executor, or one of two executors. The addresses of the executors are not necessary; but it is desirable, here as else-where, to avoid ambiguity or vagueness.

APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES -The form of appointment of executors will also serve when the estate is left in care of trustees, except that the persons should be designated "executors and trustees." The Public Trustee may be appointed executor or trustee of a will. See Public

TRUSTER, post.

TRUSTS OF THE WILL.-When the estate is wholly for the children, the will may read, after the appointment of the executors and trustees :-"I give and devise all my estate and effects, real and personal, of which I may die possessed or entitled to, unto the said John Jones and Edward Matthews, upon trust in equal shares for all or any my children or child living at my death who being sons or a son attain the age of a years or being daughters or a daughter attain that age or marry. And for all or any the children or child living at my death, who being male attain the age of az years or being female attain that age or marry, of any child of mine who dies in my lifetime leaving children or a child living at my death, such last-mentioned children or child to take the share or shares which their parent would have taken if living at my death, and so that no grandchild of mine shall take whose parent is living and capable of taking." Where the widow is to have a life-interest use the following words: "upon trust for my wife during her life [or during her widowhood], and after her death [or second marriage, which first happens) upon trust in equal shares for all or any my children or child "&c. as before The words in square brackets will only be used where the widow is to lose her interest if she marries again.

TESTAMENTARY CAPACITY—A minor cannot make a will. A married woman (married since January x, 1883) may dispose by will of any real or personal property as her separate property as

if she were a feme sole (Married Women's Property Act, 1882, s. z (z)) As to the powers of a woman married before that date it is advisable to con-

sult a solicitor.

-A will is revoked by a subse-REVOCATION .quent will (but only so far as such subsequent will operates as a virtual revocation, as by making other provisions inconsistent with the previous will: for this reason a will should always have a clause revoking previous testamentary dispositions), or by burning, tearing, or otherwise de-stroying the same It is not sufficient to obliterate the will with a pen. Muniage in every case acts as the revocation of a will, unless, in the case of a will made on or after Jan. z, 1926, it is expressed to have been made in contemplation of mairiage (Law of Property Act, 1925, 8. 177); so that after marriage the old will should be reacknowledged, or a new one made.

LAPSED LEGACIES -If a legatee die in the lifetime of the testator, the legacy or share of residue lapses and falls into the residue, excepting only in cases where the legatee is a child or "other issue" of the testator and leaves issue living at the testator's death, and the will does not provide for the class of children or issue being ascertained at some period other than the death of the testator For instance, if a share of residue is left to "all my children hving at my wife's death," the share of a child who died in the wife's lifetime would lapse even though the child should

leave issue

TO ONE PERSON ABSOLUTELY .- When it is the intention to leave all the property to one person, as for instance a wife or child, the will may real.—"I devise and hequeath all my estate and effects, real and personal, which I may die possessed of or entitled to, unto my wife Mary Smith, absolutely

TO CHILDREN UNDER AGE -When estates are left wholly or in part to children under the age of az years, trustees should be appointed to hold the property in trust for those to whom it will ultimately belong. The trustees will have power to apply the annual meome for their maintenance A wife may be appointed a trustee, or may be sole trustee. It is also usual to appoint the executors or some near relative, guardians of children under age. By the Guardianship of Infants Act, 1896, the mother of a child, if she survives the father, becomes the guardian of such child, either alone, if no guardian is appointed, or jointly with any guardian appointed by the father.

ALL PROPERTY TO BE INVESTED.—Executors and trustees may be empowered to sell and dispose of an estate, and after the payment of all just debts and expenses to invest the remainder. For this purpose the section headed "Trust Investments" should be consulted.

DUTIES OF EXECUTORS, -After the death of the testator, the duties of the executor are briefly as testator, the duties of the executor are briefly as follows.—The first duty of the executors, or of one of them, is to see that the funeral takes place in a suitable and becoming way, then to make lists of the delts and the assets or property. For purposes of duty it is necessary to estimate the value of the real and personal property left, or get it valued. (For scale of duty see Index, "Estate Duty.") Under the Kinanco Act. 1804, duties are charged on all Finance Act, 1894, duties are charged on all property in which the testator had a life mterest, even though the property may not have been under his personal control. The executor must take the will to the Principal Probate Registry, Somerset House, or to the local Dis-

trict Probate Registry, or to a solicitor, and prove the will. Collect all the property of the deceased and pay all his just debts, and before distributing the estate, if it be a large one, it is necessary in order to relieve the executors from personal liability to advertise in certain London and local newspapers for all claims against the estate to be sent in before a specified date. Pay the legacy or succession duty. Dispose of the residue of the property as directed in the will. All the testator's real estate becomes vested in the executors, who hold the same as trustees for the persons beneficially entitled under the will or otherwise, and such persons can only acquire a title to the estate through the executors, after payment of all charges and liabilities to which the same is subject. Executors are not obliged to act, neither is it necessary that all the executors should act . one alone is competent to prove a will and carry out its provisions. In small estates, probate and letters of administration may be obtained through an Liland Revenue Office.

ADMINISTRATORS -If an executor has not been appointed in the will, or if the executor be dead, or does not wish to act, the residuary legatee nearest of kin to the deceased, or a legatee under the will, is entitled to act and administer the will, and is called administrator.

#### WHERE TO FIND A PROVED WILL

To find a will proved before Jan. x, x858, the date on which the Court of Probate Act, 1857 (as & zr Vict. c. 77), came into operation, it is lest to scarch first—if the testator was a man of substance—the index to the wills proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, which is kept at Somerset House. Failing this, the will is probably to be found in the registry of the district in which it was proved. The wills proved prior to 1858 were all distributed among the district registries when these institutions came into This is the only broad rule which can be laid down to guide a searcher. To find a will proved since 1858 is a far simpler task. It must have been proved either at the Principal Registry at Somerset House, or a District Registry In the former case the original will itself is carefully preserved at Somerset House, the copy of which probate has been granted is in the hands of the executors who proved the will, and another copy for Parliament is bound up in a folio volume of wills made by testators of that initial and date; the indices to these volumes fill a room of considerable size at Somerset House, where the indices may be examined and a copy of any will read on payment of a search fee of one shilling. In the latter case, the original will, proved in the District Registry, is there kept, and may be seen or a copy obtained, but a copy is sent to and filed at Somerset House, where also it may be seen. A general index of grants, both probate and administrations, is prepared and printed annually in lexicographical form, and may be seen at either the Principal or a District Registry. This index is usually ready by about October of the following year. The reader October of the following year. The reader may not copy any part of the will except the names and addresses of the executors and the date and private number of the will. If he desires a copy, he can order one to be made, for which he will pay according to the length of the will, at the rate of sixpence a folio (minety words) for an ordinary copy, and ninepence a folio for a certified copy, which can be produced and read in any court of law. The ap District Probate Registries established by the Act of 1857 are at:—Bangor, Birmingham, Blandford, Bodmin, Bristol, Carlisle, Carmarthen, Chester, Durham, Excter, Gloucester, Ipswich, Lancaster, Leicester, Lewes, Lincoln, Liverpool, Llandaff, Manchester, Newesthautun, Twee Manchester, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Norwich, Nottingham, Oxford, Peterborough, Silrewsbury, Taunton, Wakefield, Winchester, York.

#### SAFE CUSTODY OF WILLS.

There is a depository for the safe custody of the Wills of living persons at Somerset House. A will not troug person at someract rouse.

A will may be deposited personally, or through
the Registrar of a District Registry, who will
transmit the will to London in a registered
letter. The fee is ze, with an additional ze,
if forwarded by a District Probate Registrar. A will once deposited will not be given up to anybody, but must remain in the registry until the testator dies. Any will appointing the Public Trustee as Executor may be deposited with him for safe custody. (See Public TRUSTEE, post.)

#### PROBATE OF WILLS.

OBTAINING PROBATE OR ADMINISTRATION WITHOUT THE AID OF A SOLICITOR.

The entrance to the office for personal applications is in the south-east corner of the Quadrangle of Somerset House, Strand, Room 44.
The applicant should bring the registrar's certificate of the death of the deceased, or an official certificate of burnal, and the will, if there be one, and full details of the property and debts of the

If there be no will or no executor be appointed, or the executor will not act, two sureties must be obtained to enter into a bond for the faithfui administration of the estate, unless the whole personal estate does not exceed £55, when one surety only will be required. They need not attend upon the first visit.

In no case can any correspondence be entered into; nor can an interview be given to any agent. The business of the department can be transacted only with the applicant in person.

Application may be made at a District Probate Registry instead of at Somerset House.

Where the whole real and personal estate, without the deduction of debts or funeral expenses, does not exceed £500, application may be made at one of the Inland Revenue Offices in the suburbs and many principal towns throughout the country.

Where the deceased has left no will, and the whole personal estate does not exceed £100, the widows, or children, if residing at more than

three miles from any Probate Registry, may apply to the Registrar of the County Court. Scotland.—"Confirmation" is the Scottish equivalent of Probate. That is obtained in the Sheriff Court of the County in which the deceased was domiciled at the date of his death or where the had no fixed domicile or died abroad, in the commissariat of Edinburgh. Executors are either "nominate" or "dative." An Executor nominate is one nominated by the deceased in his will. An Executor dative is one appointed by the Court (x) in the case of intestacy or (a)

declared executors dative. An inventory of the deceased's estate and a schedule of debts, together with an affidavit, must be given up. If the deceased had personal property in England or Ireland it is shown in the inventory, and then the confirmation is produced in the principal Court of Probate in England or Ireland. It is then sealed in such Courts and has the effect of probate or letters of administration in England or Ireland. In estates under £500 confirmation is obtained at reduced fees.

#### SCOTS LAW OF WILLS.

The only formalities required by the Law of Scotland as regards due execution of a will are for purposes of authentication A will must be in writing (except that a person may leave a legacy verbally if the amount of that legacy does not exceed no Scots (£8 6s. 8d. sterling). A will may be eithe. (1) holograph, i.e., written by the testator himself, in which case no witnesses are necessary; (a) tested, which means that it is signed in presence of two witnesses. It is not necessary that these witnesses should sign in presence of one another, or even that they should see the testator signing so long as the testator acknowledges his signature to the witnesses. If the testator cannot write, his will may be authenticated by a notary and two witnesses. A parish minister may act as a notary for the purpose of subscribing a will in his own parish. Wills are registered for execution purposes in the Books of the County in which the deceased died domiciled, and in the Books of Council and Session, H.M. General Register House, Edinburgh, for preservation. The original deed may be inspected in the General Register House on payment of a small fee. A certified official copy may be obtained from either register on payment of stamp duties and writing fees.

#### TRUST FUNDS AND INVESTMENTS.

By the Trustee Act, 1925 (which came into force on Jan. 1, 1926), a trustee may invest trust funds in (a) any parliamentary stocks or Government securities of the United Kingdom; (b) on real or heritable securities of the United Kingdom. dom; (c) in stock of the Bank of England or Ireland; (d) in India 7, 5½, 4½, 3½, 3 and ½ per cent. stock or other stock issued by the Secretary of State for India charged on Indian revenue, (e) in securities the interest of which is guaranteed by Parliament; (f) in Consolidated Stock of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of Stock of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of the London County Council, or Debenture Stock of the Receiver of Police, or Metropolitan Water Stock; (q) in Debenture, Guaranteedor Preference Stock of any railway in the United Kingdom Incorporated by special Act, and having paid a dividend of not less than 3 per cent. on its Ordinary Stock for 10 years; (b) in United King-dom Railway Stock when the railway is lessed in retrictifity to any railway such as that menperpetuity to any railway such as that men-tioned in (g) supra; (i) in Debenture Stock in Indian Railways; (j) in "B" annuities of the Eastern Bengal East Indian, the Scinde, Punjaub and Delhi, Great Indian Peninsula and Madras Railways, and in Deferred Annuities in the register of holders of Class D Annuities comprised in the register Class C of the East Indian Railway Company; (k) in the stock of thy Indian railway upon which a fixed or minimum where the deceased had failed to name an executor in his will. In the former case the Indian railway upon which a fixed or minimum deceased's next-of-kin are all entitled to be dividend is guaranteed by the Indian Govern-

ment, or upon the capital of which the interest ment, or upon the capital of which the interest is so guaranteed; (1) in the Debenture or Prefer-ence Stock of any Water Company supplying water for profit, and incorporated by special Act or Royal Charter, which has paid a dividend of not less than 5 per cent. on Ordinary Stock for to years; (m) in the nominal or Inscribed Stock to years; (m) in the nominal or Inscribed Stock of any Municipal Borough in the United Kingdom having a population of more than 50,000, or of any County Council; (n) in the Nominal or Inscribed Stock of any commissions supplying water by statute, and having power to levy rates over an area embracing not fewer than 50,000 persons, provided the rates for xoyears have not exceeded 80 per cent. of the amount authorised exceeded so per cent. of the amount authorised excessed as per cent. of the amount authorised under the Colonial Stock Act, 1900; (p) in local bonds issued under the Housing (Additional Powers) Act, 1919; (q) in any Stock or Securities issued in respect of any Government loan in Northern Ireland; (r) in Stocks, &c., authorised for the investment of cash under the control of the Court. All such investments may be varied Court. All such investments may be varied. As regards railway investments, the L & N.E. Ry., the S.Ry., the L.M. & S. Ry., and the G.W. Ry., are to be treated as if they were a company which had in each of the ten years before amalgamation paid a dividend of not less than 3 per cent, on its Ordinary Stock. All the Stocks above mentioned may be purchased, although they are redeemable, and the price evceeds the redemption value; but as to those mentioned in paragraphs (y), (i), (k), (l), (m), (v), (p) and (q), supra, if any of them is hable to be redeemed at par or at some other fixed rate, a trustee may not purchase (a) at a price exceeding 15 per cent. above par or such other fixed rate; nor (b) if the stock is liable to be so redeemed as aforesaid within x5 years of the date of purchase at a price exceeding its redemption value. 66 3 to 12 of the same Act contain various important provisions as to the rights of trustees in the matter of investing trust monies.

As to the investments permitted by The Rules of the Supreme Court, 1883, see "WHITAKRI" [on 1927, p. 254, Where The Trusts Amendment Act, 1884 (Scotland only), The Colomial Stock Act, 1900, and The Housing (Additional Powers) Act, 1919,

are also noted.

#### THE PUBLIC TRUSTER.

This is a Government Office (opened in 1908) by means of which the State acts as Executor and as Trustee under a Will, or as Trustee under a Settlement, whether new or old, and in other capacities of a like nature. The public demand for the services of the Public Trustee is well maintained. The value of the trusts excepted up to March 31, 1921, 1925, 252, 278,78,799.

The facts of any trust, new or old, in which it is desired that the Public Trustee should act may be brought to his notice by letter or by personal interview. Upon his assenting to act, his appointment is effected in the same simple way as in that of a private trustee, or he can be appointed by an Order of the Court. He can act solely or jointly with others.

jointly with others.

In the case of a Will about to be made, all that the testator need say is, "I appoint the Public Trustee executor and trustee of this my Will"; or the appointment may be a joint one with friends or relations. In the case of a Will already made, the appointment of the Public Trustee can be effected by means of a codicil. Executors who have obtained probate can trunsfer their duties to him under an Order of the Court. He can also act as Administrator with, or without, the Will annexed.

The Public Trustee being a permanent trustee, the expense of fresh appointments is saved. His integrity is gnaranteed by the State, while the public demand for his services should ensure a valuable experience and skill in the execution of his office; and a wide knowledge in the work of

investment

As regards investments, the Public Trustee, is bound by such powers of investment as may be given him in the Will or trust instrument under which he acts or under the general law. See Trust Funds ants. The statutory rules require that strict secreey shall be observed in respect of all matters dealt with in the Department. Accounts of every trust, in shaple form, are furnished to the beneficiaries as required.

The Public Trustee Act provides that the fees to be charged shall be arranged from time to time so as to defray the expenses of the Department and to more. A profit is not intended

ment and no more A profit is not intended.

An interview with the Public Trustee or with any of his senior officers can be arranged at

any time.

A pamphlet giving full patticulars and details of the fees can be obtained free of cost upon application to the Office of the Public Trustee, kingsway, W.C. s (tel., Holborn 4,300), or at any Post Office.

There is a branch office in Arkwright House, Parsonage Gardens, Manchester.

#### WIRELESS RECEIVING LICENCES,

HEAVY penalties are prescribed by the Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1904, on conviction of the offence of establishing a wireless station, or installing or working wireless apparatus without the Postmaster General's licence Licences for receiving broadcasting programmes and messages sent for general reception can be obtained at any post office on payment of the fee of rec

### STATISTICS OF PASSENGERS PER DAY AT LONDON TERMINI (1930).

	Station.	Number.	Station	Number	Station.	Number.
i	Liverpool Street London Bridge (Waterlow) Broad Street Victoria	135,000 121,000	King's Cross Euston Charing Cross Cannon Street Paddington	50,000 59,000	Fenchurch Street Holborn and St. Pauls St. Pancias Waterloo and City Marylebone	44,000 30,000 88,000

The succession to the property of a person dying Intestate on or after January 1, 1926, is regulated by The Administration of Estates Act, 1925, which repealed the old law and established one new Code applicable both to Real Estate (land, &c.) and Personal Estate (leaseholds, chattels, investments, &c.). The Act abolished the rule of Primogenture (inheritance by eldest son), the rights of dower (widow's third) and of curtesy (husband's life interest), and all special customs (e.g. gavelkind and Borough English). As to Personal Estate: Parents were placed on an equal footing; a mother regained her ancient preference over an intestate child's brothers and sisters; relatives of the whole blood obtained priority over those of the half blood; and relatives more remote than first cousins were excluded from the distribution. "The widow's £500" under the Intestates Estates Act, 1890, was increased to £1,000, whether there be issue or no issue, and given also to a husband; whilst the widow or husband now also takes all the "personal chattels."

#### TABLE OF EXAMPLES

Important.—Note.—By Section 45 of the Administration of Estates Act, 1925, a surviving husband or wife takes absolutely (i) the "personal chattels", and (i) £1,000 free of death duties and expenses. The "residue" is then distributed as indicated in the Table.

"Personal chattels" are:—Articles of household use of ornament, &c (not used for business

purposes).

marry under that age.

she had survived the Intestate.

(Legitimacy Act, 1926, 8. 9.)

#### In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than those named. The Estate is distributed as follows -If the Intestate leaves. One half to widow (or husband) for life, and then to children equally. widow (or husband), and children . . . Other half to children equally at once Widow (or husband) for life, and then to father 2 Widow (or husband), and father and mother and mother equally 3 Widow (or husband), and either father or Widow (or husband) for hie, and then to father or mother absolutely mother, not both "... Widow (or husband), and biothers or sisters (Widow (or husband) for life, and then to brothers of whole blood ...... and sisters equally. Widow (or husband), and biothers or sisters Widow (or husband) for life, and then to brothers and sisters equally. (Widow (or husband) for life, and then to nephews 6 Widow (or husband) and nephews or nieces and meces per stripes. (See Note I ) Widow (or husband) for life, and then to grand-7. Widow (or husband), and grandparents ... prients equally Widow (or husband) for life, and then to uncles : 8. Widow (or husband), and uncles or aunts ... and annts equally. Widow (or husband) but none of above All to widow (or husband) relations or descendants . .... zz. Father and mother .... Father and mother equally. ra Father or mother, not both ..... ... Father or mother. 23 Brothers or sisters of whole blood, and of half Brothers and sisters of whole blood equally. blood ..... (Amongst brothers and sisters in equal shares, 14 Brothers or sisters, and nephews or nieces the children of deceased brother or sister (children of deceased brother or sister) taking equally their deceased parent's share. Brothers or sisters, and grandparent ...... Brothers and sisters equally. x6. Grandparents, paternal or maternal ..... Grandparents equally. Grandparent. Grandparent, and uncles or aunts .. ... Uncles or aunts of whole blood, and of half I noles and aunts of whole blood equally. 19. Uncles on annts, and deceased uncles or [Amongst uncles and aunts in equal shares, the children of deceased uncle or aunt taking aunt's children .. .. ... ... ... equally their deceased parent's share. Nephews and meces per storpes. 20. Uncles or aunts, and nephews or meres ... 22 Any other relation than those named in preceding examples (e g. Great grandparents). The Crown.

Taking per stripes is taking by descent or representation. Thus, in Example 6 nephews and nieces take amongst them the share which their decreased parent would have taken if he or

Since January 1, 1927, in certain circumstances the mother of an illegitimate child, may succeed to real or personal property on the intestacy of the other.

## Intestates' Estates, Scotland.

#### I.-MOVABLES.

In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than those named.

By the Intestate Husband's Estate (Scotland) Act, 1922, the widow of a man dying intestate and without issue is entitled to the whole estate both heritable and movable if under £500 in value; if over that amount she takes £500 out of the heritable and movable estate rateably before any division is made, and after that the share in the remainder to which she was entitled before the passing of the Act.

If the Intestate die, leaving	His representatives take in the proportions following
Widow only	Half to widow, half to next of kin, or if none, then to the Crown.
Husband only Widow or husband, and child or children by one or more marriages	Half to husband, half to wife's next of kin. One-third to widow or husband; one-third to children surviving deceased equally; one-third to surviving children per capita* and issue of predeceasing children per storpes.*
Widow and father	Half to widow, half to father.
Widow and mother, no father	Half to widow, one-half to mother.
Widow, brothers or sisters	Half to widow, half equally amongst brothers and sisters whether of the whole or half blood consangumean. If a deceased brother or sister has left issue, such issue take amongst them their deceased parent's share.
Widow, mother, nephews or nieces	Half to widow, one-half to mother.
Father and mother	Whole to father
Father, mother, brothers and	Half to father; half to brothers and sisters equally.
Father and mother and their grandchildren	man to father; han to grandentidren equally per stripes."
Father, brothers and sisters	One-half to father, one-half equally amongst brothers and sisters.
Mother, brothers and sisters	Mother one-half, brothers and sisters one-half equally.
Mother, but no other kin	Whole to mother.
Child, children or grandchildren by deceased children	Amongst children in equal shares, the grandchildren by de- ceased children taking amongst them their deceased parent's share.
Brothers or sisters and nephews or nieces	Amongst brothers or sisters in equal shares, the children of deceased brothers or sisters taking amongst them their deceased parent's share.  All to brother or sister.
Brother or sister and uncles or	
aunts	All to brother or sister.
Grandfather, no nearer relation .	All to grandfather.
Father's father and mother's mother	All to father's father.
Grandmother, uncles and aunts	All to uncle and aunts, if paternal.
Great-grandfather, uncles and	
Uncles and aunts	All equally.
Uncle and deceased uncle's child	All to uncle.
Uncle by mother's side, and de- ceased uncle or aunt's child	maternal uncle
Aunts, nephew and niece	Nephew and niece.
Cousins	Equally per capita.*
Nephew hy brother, and nephew by half-sister	All to nephew by brother.

NOTE A.—Illegitimate children do not succeed to their father or mother as heirs in intestacy.

NOTE B.—In Scotlaud, a lease on intestacy and in the absence of any destination descends to the heir-at-law.

Note C.—When a person dies intestate leaving heritable estate as well as movables, the heir to the heritage, if he is also one of the next-of-kin, is not entitled to any of the movables if he takes the heritage. He may, however, "collate" the heritage, i.e., share it with the other next-of-kin and thus get an equal share of the mixed estate.

* Per capita means by the head; per stirpes means inheriting through a parent deceased. Manables takes per capits divide into as many shares as there are children. Where representatives of a deceased parent take per stirpes they take equally amongst them the share that would have fallen to the deceased had he or she survived.

#### II.-HERITAGE.

Table of Succession to heritable property in Scotland on intestacy and in the absence of any destination in the property writs, other than "to heirs and successors."

In each instance it is supposed there are no nearer relations than these named.

	If Intestate die leaving	Heritage would descend to
(1)	Wife only; no blood relations.	One-third to wife for life; rest to Crown as ultimus haeres.
(2)	Wife and child or children, and children of a deceased child	One-third to wrie for life. Fee to eldest son or his heir male.  If no son then to daughters equally. The eldest son of a deceased daughter taking his mother's place.
	Wife and father	One-third to wife for life, rest to father.
	Wife and mother	One-third to wife for life. Fee to nearest heir male.
G,	children of a deceased brother or sister	One-third to wife for life. Fee to immediate younger brother and his heir male; if none, then to immediate elder brother.
(6)	Wife, mother, nephews and	One-third to wife for life; rest to nephew (eldest) or nieces
l	nieces	oqually if brother left no son. See No. 2. One-third to wife for life; rest to younger brother and his
4	Wife, mother, brother, sisters	heirs. If the only heirs are nieces they will take equally.
יש	and nieces (children of de-	If no younger brother then to immediate elder brother and
	ceased brothers and sisters).	his heirs in the same way. If sisters but no brothers the sisters take equally, and if the sisters have predeceased leaving only daughters they succeed equally.
(8)	No wife or child or issue of a	To brother as in (5) whom failing to lineal ancestor paternal
(6)	deceased child	
(9)	and the issue of deceased children	All to eldest son or his issue. If no male issue then to female issue as in (z).
	Husband and child or children	Liferent of whole to husband Fee to eldest son.
(11)	Mother, but no wife, child or issue of a child, father,	
	brother, sister, nephew or	Nearest paternal collateral (uncle or his heirs) If none, then to grandfather and his heirs.
	niece or more distant de-	w grandrauder and ma nema.
(**)	scendants of father	All to younger brother whom failing to immediate elder
' '	sisters	brother.
(13)	Mother and sisters	All to sisters equally.
(24)	Child and grandchild by de-	Fee as in (5).  (See No. 2.) "Rest to eldest son or his issue," under head,
	ceased child	"Wife and child," &c.
, , ,	Brother and grandfather	All to brother (All to great-nephew, if grandson of brother (conforming to
(17)	Brother's grandson, and bro- ther or sister's daughter	{ Nos sand 7).
(-8)	Brother and two aunts	All to brother's daughter, if child of eldest brother.  Brother, all.
	Brother and wife	One-third to wife for life; rest to brother.
(30)	Grandfather (no nearer)	All to grandfather.
(21)	Father's father and mother's mother	All to father's father.
(22)	Grandmother and uncle, or	431.4
	aunt on father's side (no)	
()	linele and deceased uncle's	iff deceased uncle was younger brother, then to child. If both brothers older than intestate, then to the younger of them
	child	or his heir male.
(24)	Uncle by mother's side, and deceased uncle's or aunt's child	Child of deceased uncle on father's aide, or (if none) child of deceased aunt on father's side.
(25)	Two aunts, nephew and niece, )	Nephew.
(26)	children of deceased brothers Uncle or aunt's children, and	
, ,,	brother's grandchildren through a son	Brother's grandson, or if granddaughters between, then equally (conforming to Nos. 2 and 7).
(27)	Nephew by brother, and nephew by half-sister.	Nephew by brother.
(28)	Nephew by deceased brother,)	
	deceased sister	All to eldest nephew, son of deceased brother.
N	OTEIn Scotland succession to	heritage on intestscy NEVER ascends to the mother and her
rela	tions. Even the mother's own	estate, after vesting in her son or daughter, never ascends to
· whe	maternal line again.	

#### SOLICITORS' CHARGES.

These are now usually regulated in conveyancing and non-contentious business by the Solicitors' Remuneration Act, 1881, and the Scale thereunder, but the Act allows an option to a solicitor of declining to adopt it. It chiefly relates to sales, purchases and mortgages, and is based upon the value of the property or amount of the money involved. Besides this, it is legal for a client to make a bargain beforehand for a fixed sum. The amount coming to the solicitor, whether under Scale or agreement, as intended to cover the services of agreement, is intended to cover the services of himself and his clerks, while it is, of course, exclusive of actual outlay for stamps, &c On purchase or mortgage money exceeding \$5,000, the Scale charge for each party's solicitor is 1½ per cent.; this does not apply to sales by auction Where a negotiation fee is chargeable, in addition, by the exceeding surchaser's or murtrager's fact northernocents. vendors, purchasers, or mortgagee's (not mortgagers) solicitor, the Scale charge on sums exceeding £300 and not exceeding £300 is per cent. It should be noted that if the solicitor negotiates the purchase or mortgage, he is entitled to an additional fee of substantial amount under the Scale referred to. Charges are now subject to an increase of 33½ per cent.

Scotland - Solicitors' fees for Conveyancing and General business are regulated by a joint table approved by the different societies of Law Agents (Solicitors). Frees for litigation are regulated by the Court of Session. The tables of fees are published in The "Pailiannent House Book" and in "The Scottish Law Directory. When a solicitor sues for payment of a pro-fessional account it is remitted to the Auditor of the Court for taxation of his charges.

#### MEDICAL FEES.

The following are the charges usually made by General Practitioners :-

GENERAL PRACTITIONI RS.	RENTAL (OF PATIENT'S HOUSE)			
PRACTITIONI RS.	Lu to £=	£25 to £50	£50to £200	
Ordinary Visit Night Visit Mileage beyond two	Double an	ss to zes 6d rdinary visi	7# 6d to 158 t.	
miles from Home Detention per j hour	28.6d 51 to 78 6d	38. 58 to 208.6d	78 6/l to 158	
Letters of Advice Attendee on servants	5A.	easforanord	58 to 78. 6d	
Midwifery Adminstrug Chlfrm	11 (18 154	zi to 4i Gs. zi Gs.	3 (is	
Consultants Advice or Visit alone	3 Gs	3 Us	3 Ga	
Advice or Visit with another Practitioner	zi (is	zi to 3 Gs.	zi to 3 Gs.	
Mileage beyond two miles from Home	x58	158	254	

Special visits— $\iota$   $\epsilon$ , of which due notice has not been given before the practitioner starts on his daily round, are charged at the rate of a visit and a half. Patients calling upon the doctor are charged at the same rate as if visited by him.

When the ordinary medical attendant is called

upon to meet another in consultation, he is entitled to charge double his ordinary fee. When he himself is called in in consultation he is entitled to the minimum fee.

When more members of one family are ill at the same time, halt a fee is charged for each beyond

the first.

In midwifery cases the fee generally covers all charges for visits, &c., if all goes well; but if the

illness be protracted, or if any special operation has to be performed, there is an extra charge.

If attendance on servants is paid for by employer, or if he send for the doctor, the charge is the same as to himself.

Certificates of health are to be charged for same as visits, except where special investigation is needed, as in certificates for lunacy, insurance offices, &c., when the charge may be from half a guinea to two guineas.

Vaccination is usually charged for according to

the number of visits required Medical bills are commonly rendered once or twice a year.

STOCKBROKERS' CHARGES.

The Rules and Regulations drawn up by the Loudon Stock Exchange "Committee for General Purposes" are very voluminous and technical. The customary scale of brokerage is 5a, per £100 on British (with some exceptions) or Foreign Government or American dollar stocks, and ros. per £100 on British Railway registe ed stocks. On shares not exceeding zgs. the brokerage is 1/2d. per share; not exceeding 30s., 3d. per share, not exceeding 30s., 3d. per share, not exceeding 30s., There are minimum charges of 10s on less than £100 and £1 on over £100.

#### ACCOUNTANTS' CHARGES.

The following scale of fees is generally applicable, but for special work fees are usually a matter of negotiation:—

Company Audits.—Fee fixed by Shareholders in

General Meeting.

General Meeting.

Preparing Balance Sheets, Investigating Accounts, &c — Principals' time, per day of seven hours, 5 to ro Gs.

Managing Clerks (if Chartered or Incorporated Accountants), 2 to 5 Gs.; (not Chartered or Incorporated Accountants), 1½ to 2½ Gs.; other Clerks, 2 G. and upwards. If at a distance from the office or outside the United Kingdom, hotel and travelling expenses will be charged. will be charged.

Receivers, Liquidators and Trustees in Bank-ruptey.—Usually by percentage on realisation of assets and dividends paid

Voluntary Liquidators — Usually fixed by the Company in General Meeting.

ARCHITECTS

Fees on New Works .- For taking the Client's mstructions, preparing sketch design, making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurement, or otherwise, preparing drawings and specifications for the purpose of estimates, obtaining tenders, advising on tenders and in preparation of contract, selecting and instructing of consultants, furnishing to the Contractor one copy of the drawings and specification and such other details as are necessary for the proper carrying out of the works, general supervision as above defined, issuing certificates for payment, and passing and certifying accounts, a percentage on the total cost of all executed works as follows:—

(a) If the contract or order exceeds £2,000 the percentage is to be 6 per cent.

(b) If the contract or order does not exceed £3,000 the percentage is to be no per cent. in the case of works costing £100 graduated to 6 per cent. in the case of works costing £2,000 as the special character of such works may render

appropriate. Alterations and Additions. - A percentage not exceeding twice the amount due for new works of the same cost.

Fittings, Decorations, &c .- In works in which designs for fittings, appointments, decorations, or complex detail or construction are main features, special fees may be charged according to the circumstances, and also for designs for furniture.

Omitted Works.—In addition to the per-centage on the total cost of executed works, the Architect is to be paid in respect of all works included in the tender or order, but not executed, two-thirds of the charge which would have been

due upon them had they been carried out.

Partial Service.—If the project or part of it be abandoned, or if the services of the Architect cease or are dispensed with before a contract is entered into or order given, the charges in respect of the works abandoned or for which the Architect was employed (as the case may be) are as follows :-

(a) For making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurement, or otherwise, one-fourth of the percentage on the estimated cost of such

works

(b) For making approximate estimate of cost by cubic measurement, or otherwise, and preparing drawings and particulars sufficient to enable quantities to be prepared or a tender obtained, two-thirds of the percentage on the estimated

cost of such works.

Instalments,-On a contract being entered into or order given for the works the Architect shall be entitled to an instalment of two-thirds of the charge calculated on the total amount of the contract or order, and no part of such payment shall be reclaimable from the Architect in the event of the subsequent abandonment of the The remainder of the Architect's remuneration shall be payable by instalments

From time to time as the work proceeds.

Work Executed with Old Materials, dc—In
all cases where work is executed wholly or in part with old materials, or where material, labour or carriage is provided by the Client, the percentage shall be calculated as if the works had been executed throughout by a Contractor,

and with new material.

Services Not Included in Percentage.-The foregoing percentages do not cover the following services, for which, and for any other services not covered by any payment herein provided for, additional charges may be made in accordance with the amount of work involved :-

Advising as to the selection and suitability of site. Negotiations relating to the site or building. Surveying the site or building and taking levels, and making surveys, measurements, and

plans of existing buildings.

The preparation of further sketch designs necessitated by a material alteration in, or addition to, the Client's instructions, or altering the working drawings and specification in consequence thereof prior to the commencement of the works. Altering drawings, or preparing new drawings, and other services involved in consequence of variations or additions desired by the Client after the commencement of the works. Making extra drawings for the Client's or Contractors use, and making drawings for and negotiations with ground laudiords, adjoin-ing owners, public authorities, or others, and making applications for licences and consents.

Making arrangements in respect of party walls and rights of light and other easements, reservations or restrictions. Services in connection with litigation or arbitration. Services consequent upon or resulting from the death or bankruptcy of Contractors or the failure or neglect of Contractors from any cause whatever to carry out the works in accordance with the contract or order or consequent upon the fraud or negligence of the Clerk of Works. Services in connection with fire, flood, or tempest during the execution of the works, and services in connection with the planning of grounds or gardens.

Housing Schemes and Laying Out Estates.— The fees are those approved by the Ministry of Health, the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,

and the Scottish Board of Health.

Approval of Lesse's Plans — For approving plans submitted by a lessee and for inspecting the work during its progress so far as may be necessary to ensure the conditions being fulfilled, and certifying for lease when required, the charge is as follows :-

For each £100 or part of £100 of the total cost up to £500, 1% per cent. (minimum fee,

A3 3s.).
For each £x00 or part of £x00 from £x00 to £5,000, 1% per cent.
For each £x00 or part of £x00 above £5,000,

z guinea per cent.

Litigation and Arbitration.—For qualifying to give evidence, settling proofs, conferences with the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the c Solicitors and Counsel, attendances in Court or before Arbitrators or other tribunals, and for other services in connection with litigation and arbitration the charges are based upon the time occupied and the professional standing of the Architect.

I and Surveying and Levelling.—For surveying and making a plan of a town, village, street or road, estate or grounds, or any part thereof, for taking levels, setting out streets or roads, and for other services in connection with land not otherwise specifically provided for, the charges are by time in accordance with Clause az.

Sanitary Surveys.—For inspecting, reporting and advising on the sanitary condition of premises, the charge is by time in accordance with Clause ar, the minimum fee being £3 3s., in addition to the cost of assistance and ap-

pliances.

Expenses. - The above-mentioned fees are, in all cases, exclusive of the cost of copies of docu-ments, lithography, travelling and hotel ex-penses, and all other disbursements, which are to be charged in addition.

#### QUANTITY SURVEYORS.

1.-ARCHITECTURAL WORK. Note.-In cases where any of the materials used in construction are supplied by the building owner the percentage charge is based upon the estimated or actual value thereof.

Lump Sum Contracts.

(a) Taking out and preparing Bills of Quantities:—2½ per cent. upon the estimated cost of the work up to £5,000; a per cent. above

- £5,000.
  (b) Pricing out estimates:—½ per cent.
  (c) Measuring and making up account of variations upon contracts including pricing :-21/2 per cent. upon the amount of the gross additions and 11/2 per cent. upon the amount of the gross omissions.
- (d) Preparing approximate estimates:—½ per cent. upon the estimated cost.
- (e) Surveying work in progress, taking particulars, and reporting for Interim Certificates:-1/2 per cent. upon the amount of the valuation

(f) Taking particulars on site and writing specifications for works of alterations or repair, including supervision if required :-7½ per cent. on the amount expended or alternatively a charge based upon the time involved.

#### Schedule Contracts

(a) Preparing, pricing and agreeing a schedule of prices .- 1/2 per cent. upon the cost of the work.

(b) Measuring, bringing to account and valuing work done. - 21/2 per cent. upon the gross amount of the account.

#### II .- ENGINEERING WORK.

Lump Sum and Schedule Contracts. Percentage charges half those for architectural work but the same scale in respect of charges based upon time

#### III .- LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION.

For qualifying to give evidence, settling proofs, conferences with solicitors and counsel, attendance in courts or before arbitrators or other tribunals, and for other services in connexion, the charge is based upon the time involved, with a minimum of 5 guineas per day.

The above charges are exclusive of the cost of printing, lithography, and fair copies of accounts, and in all cases travelling and other out-of-pocket expenses are payable in addition to the fees.

#### CONSULTING ENGINEERS

On Constructional Work the payment is usually a commission upon the estimated or actual cost of works covered by the Engineers' Specifications and (or) Drawings, or alternatively an agreed The total commission is normally 5 per cent. unless such cost be less than £ 20,000, when remuneration is at a higher rate or by an agreed fee. Additional fees (usually 3 per cent. increase) are payable for Reinforced Concrete work.

For Quantities and Accounts (the services which in architectural work would not be covered by the Architect's fee but would be Quantity Surveyor's work) the usual charge is

1½ to 1½ per cent. or an agreed fee.

A copy of Professional Rules and Practice and Scale of Fecs may be obtained (price zs ) from the Hon Sec of the Association, xx, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W. x.

#### AUCTIONEERS, SURVEYORS AND ESTATE AGENTS.

#### 1. Sales by Auction.

Freehold, Leasehold, and Copyhold Propertics, including the preparation of particulars, and advising as to reserves:—On the first £300, g per cent, on the next £4,700, 2½ per cent.; on the residue, 1½ per cent

In addition to the above charges :- On amounts paid by the purchaser for Chattels, Fratures, Fittings, Trade Stocks, and other Movable Effects, Trunber, and Tenant-right under the conditions of sale, in addition to the purchase-money of the on residue, to include inventory and valuation.

Where the division of an Estate into a number

of lots involves substantial additional work, increased remuneration as arranged between the

Vendor and Auctioneer.

#### Sale before Auction.

After issue of advertisements, the same scale as by auction.

#### Non-Sale.

In the event of non-sale at the auction, a fee, the amount of which is a matter of arrangement, is payable.

Sale after Auction.

In the event of the property being sold within three months after the auction, the charges for non-sale would merge into the ordinary com-

mission then payable.

Furniture, Trade Stocks, and Chattels, on the Vendor's Premises.—5 per cent. on the amount realised, exclusive of preparation of catalogues.

Plant and Machinery -5 per cent. on the amount realised, exclusive of preparation of catalogues.

Live and Dead Farming Stock (except Horses, Pedigree Inve-Stock, and Milk-Recorded Cattle). -a½ per cent on live stock, and 5 per cent. on dead stock, on the amount realised.

Horses, Pedugree Live Stock and Mulk-Recorded

Cattle.—5 per cent. on the amount realised.
On Lots referred to in the last four paragraphs, reserved or bought in by or on behalf of the vendor. -One half the commission on sale, calculated on the amount of reserve or buying-in price.

#### 2. Private Treaty Sales.

Freehold and Copyhold Estates and Houses, and Ground Leases.—On the first 3300, 5 per cent.; on the next £4,700, 2½ per cent.; on the residue, 1½ per cent.; and a commission, in addition, on the amount paid for Chattels, Fixtures, Futurgs, Furmiture, Trade Stocks, and other Namel. Executives of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of th Movable Effects, Tunber, and Tenant-right, of 5 per cent. up to £500, and 2½ per cent. on the residue, to include inventory and valuation

NOTE .- In Sales by Auction and Private Treaty Sales .- Where two Agents are co-operating at the request of the owner, the commission shall

be at the rate of a scale and a quarter.

#### 3. Purchases,

Freehold and Copyhold Estates and Houses, and Ground Leases .- One-half of the scale for and Ground Leases.—One-hair or the scale for sale by private treaty, calculated upon the amount of the purchase-money, but includ-ing inspection, advising as to value, and negotiating or bidding. If no purchase is effected, the usual scale for valuation should be charged: one guines per cent. on first £1,000; half a guines on next £9,000; and a quarter of a guines per cent. beyond on the value of the property. Minimum fee, £5 5s.

Business Premises, Unfurnished Houses, Flats, Business Premises, Unfurnished Houses, Flats, d.c., or on Disposing of all Leases (other than Ground Leases) by assignment or otherwise.—
If the annual value be £x00 or less 5 per cent. on one year's rent, where the term is for one year or less, and  $\frac{7}{2}$  per cent. on one year's rent where the term is for more than one year. If the annual value be over £x00 the above scale shall apply to the first £x00 and on the excess shall apply to the first £x00 and on the excess rental over that amount, where the term is for three years or less, 5 per cent. on one year's rent; where the term is for more than three years, where the term is for more than three years, 7½ per cent, on one year's rent; in the case of leases requiring the lessee to repair the demised premises the commission is zo per cent. on one year's rent, whatever the term. Upon the premium or consideration (in all cases), 5 per cent. up to £zoo, and s½ per cent. on the residue; and the commission on any sum obtained for fixtures, furniture, or effects of any kind of a per cent, up to £soo. sum obtained for fixtures, furniture, or effects of any kind, of 5 per cent. up to £500,

and s1/2 per cent. on the residue. In the case of a progressive rent the commission is based on the average rent receivable. When a property, which an agent has been instructed to 'st or sell, is let by him with an option to purchase, and the tenant afterwards exercises his option, the commission for selling, less the commission already paid on the letting, will then become payable.

For negotiating the Renting of Unfurnished Houses or Flats, excluding Survey or Valuation. -Half the commission payable for a letting.

On Letting Furnished Houses or Flats in Town or Country, or Shootings, including Collection of Rent.—5 per cent. on the first year's rental, and

3/2 per cent. for the remainder of the term.

For negotiating the Renting of Furnished

Houses or Flats, excluding Survey or Valuation. -Half the commission payable for a letting.

For Making or Checking Inventories of Furni-

ture and Effects.—A minimum fee of two gumeas

per day, exclusive of expenses.

On Letting Land on Building Lease.—(a) On Ground Rents up to £50, one year's ground rent, (b) on Grount Rents exceeding £50 and not exceeding £50 and ont exceeding £50, plus 75 per cent. on the residue; (c) on Ground Rents exceeding £x00 and not exceeding £x,000, as in (b) on first £100, plus so per cent. on the residue; (d) on fround Rents exceeding £1,000, as in (c) on first £1,000, plus as per cent. on the residue, together with 5 per cent. on the first £1,000 of the premium and 2½ per cent. on the

On Assigning Building Agreements at a Pre-mium.—One-half of the scale for Letting Land on Building Lease, together with 5 per cent. on the first £1,000 of the premium and 21/2 per cent. on the residue.

#### 5. Collections or Receiverships.

10 per cent. upon gross rental of weekly property; 5 per cent. upon gross rental of other property or tithes; 7½ per cent upon the gross rental for the management and collection of rents on agricultural estates, 2½ to 5 per cent. on ground rents, according to the amount of the rents and the number of collections

5. Laving Out or Development of Estates.

For Road Construction, 5 per cent. upon the outlay, exclusive of expenses.

z. Valuation of Freehold, Copyhold, or Lease-hold Properties.—A guinea per cent. on the first  $£_{1,000}$ ; half a guinea per cent. on the next £9,000; and a quarter of a guinea per cent. beyond on the value of the property, subject to

a minimum fee of five guineas.

2. Of Property taken under Compulsory Powers.—(a) For qualifying to give evidence the charge is on Ryde's Scale; (b) to the valuer preparing the case (including negotiation for a settlement, where required) one-third addi-tional to Ryde's Scale. The fee is exclusive of five guineas per day for attendances. Plans and

disbursements extra

3. Valuing for Annual Rental,-(a) Agricultural Property—7% guineas per cent. up to £250, 5 guineas per cent. on the next £250, and 2% guineas per cent. beyond. (b) Busness and Residential Property—5 guineas per cent. up to £300, and a½ guineas per cent. beyond. Minimum fee 5 guineas.

4. Valuation of Furniture, Fixtures, Trade Stocks, and Effects.—5 guiness per cent. up to £ 500, and 21/2 guineas per cent. on the residue.

5. Valuation of Plant, Machinery, and Trade Stocks.—2½ guineas per cent. on first £300; 1½ guineas per cent. on the next £4,500; on the next £5,000, x guinea per cent; over £70,000, by arrangement. Valuation to include inventory. Minimum fee, 5 gumeas.

6. Valuation of Live and Dead Farming Stock. -5 guineas per cent. on first £100, and 2½ guineas per cent. on the residue. Valuation of Tenant-Ruht.—5 guineas per cent on first £100, 212 guineas per cent. on next £ 900 and 11/2 guineas per cent on residue. For Settling Dulapidations --5 gumeas per cent, on the amount of the settle-

7. Valuation of Hotel and Public House Fixtures, Fittings, and Contents -- 5 guineas per cent. on the amount of th. valuation as settled

8. Valuation for Probate and Estate Duty Purposes.—(a) Prechold, Copyhold, and Leasehold Property.—One gumen per cent on the first £1,000, half a gunea per cent. on the next £4,000, and one quarter-gunea per cent on the remainder. Minimum fee, £5 gs. (b) Of Furniture and Effects.—g guneaa per cent, on the first threached of contractive and the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfect of the perfe £100, and 2½ guineas per cent on the next £400, and 1½ guineas per cent of the remainder of the amount of valuation, to include mventory. Minimum fee, £5 55.

9. Valuations for Rating purposes and Assessment Appeals.—This scale applies to single Properties which have to be valued for Ratepayers, Rating Authorities, Assessment Committees or County Valuation Committees, but does not apply to the preparation of new Valuation Lists or the assessment of Special Properties or all Licensed Premises in a Rating Area. Where the net annual value does not exceed £1,000, s guineas per cent., plus 5 guineas; not exceeding 55,000, a guineas per cent, with minimum fee of as guineas; not exceeding £10,000, a guineas on first £5,000 and 1½ guineas on residue; not on hist £5,000, and 1/2 guineas on first £5,000, 1/2 guineas on next £5,000, and 1/2 guineas on first £5,000, 2 guineas on first £5,000, 1/2 guineas on next £5,000, 1/2 guineas on next £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on the £5,000, 1/2 guineas on th the residue.

In addition to the foregoing, for attending before Assessment Committees, 5 guineas per day; and before Quarter Sessions, 10 guineas per day, together with travelling expenses

10. Preparing Specification of Dilapidations, and settling the amount if required .- s guineas per cent on the amount. Minimum fee. £5 5#

Marking, Valuation and Sale of Timber and Underwood.—5 guineas per cent. on amount realised. When valuing only, 5 guineas per cent. on first £500, and 2½ guineas per cent on the

Where one Valuer acts between both parties the minimum charge shall be scale and a half, divisible between both parties.

#### SHIPBROKERS' CHARGES.

A scale of Minimum Agency Charges became operative for Members of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers (Office, 24 St. Mary Axe, London, E.C. 3) from Aug. 1, 1927. Copies may be obtained from the Secretary.

## The Royal Mayv.

4 THE	BOARD	OF	ADMIRALTY.	Whitehall	S.W

ı	9 THE BOARD OF ADMIRALTY, Whitehall, S.W. I.
	First Lord of the Admiralty, Rt. Hon Sir Austen Chamberlain, K a., M.F. (with house) £4,500 Naval Secretary, Rear-Adm. G K Chetwide, C H, C H
	Private Secretaries to First Lord, T Fry, H V. Markham, m.c.
į	First Sea Lord and Chief of the Naval Staff. Admiral Sir Frederick L. Field, R.C.R. R.C M. G.
ı	Auval Assistant, Com. J. W. Rivett-Carnac, D & C. (with house) *La,790
i	Secretary, Phym -Capt. F L. Horsoy, c n., o s r., p s.c.
Į	Second Sea Lord and Chief of Naval Personnel, Adm. Sir Cyril T M Fuller, & c.B., c.M 6 , D.S 0 £1,940
Į	Naval Assistant, Capt. J. C Tovey, p.s o
	Ertra Navat Assistant, Engineer Rear-Adın. H. L. Parry, c.s., c.s.s.
į	Secretary, Paym. Capt. E. D. G Colles, o s a.
į	Third bea Lord and Controller, Vice-Adm Roger R. C. Backhouse, c.B., c.N G
١	North Sep Lord and Chief of Supplies and Transport, Vice-Adm. L. G. Preston, c.s
1	Secretary, Part Cont. H. K. Totton.
į	Denuty Chief of Napul Staff, Vice-Adm F C. Dreyer, Ca., CBE
ı	Semetaga Paym Com H M Horne
ł	Assistant Chief of Navat Staff, Rear Adm J K im Thurn, ca., cas. cas
Ì	Secretary, Pavin Com C. G. Necves.
۱	Oivil Lord, (not yet filled)
1	Private Secretary, A. S Le Maitre, n
į	Parliamentary and Francial Secretary, The Earl Stanhope, v s o , v.c
Ì	Private Secretary, A. S. Le Maitre, u.
ļ	Permanent Secretary, Sir Oswyn Alexander Ruthven Murray, a c s
1	Private Secretary, R. E. Roucher.

#### The Secretary's Department.

Deputy Secretary, Sir Charles Walker, x c B. . . £2,200 Principal Assistant Secretaries, Sir V W Haddeley, eputy servery, resistant Secretaries, Sir v v moipel Assistant Secretaries, Sir v v £1,200 to £2,500 £1,200 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,500 to £2,50 Assistant Secretaries, J. S. Barnes, c. s., o. s. s., H. Eastwood, E. Lee, P. E. Marrack, o. s. s., S. H. Phillips, S. H. Plummer, W. A. T. Shorte, c. s. s.

Principals, R. E. Boucher, J. A. C. Champion, o. K., C. B. Coxwell, o. n. K., H. Crombie, M. R. G. Dunn, T. Fry, W. H. Hancock, M. R. K. J. Lawson, N. Macleod, C. G. Madin, o. n. F. W. A. Medrow, M. R. R. H. N. Morrison, C. Perham, E. Sawers, R. Walton

#### Divisions of the Naval Staff.

Directors . Naval Intelligence, Rear-Adm. C. V Usborne, c s , C.N.O. (State of Co. L. C.) Miller, M. N. R. Soo to E. Pians, Capt J. H. D. Cuuningham, N. O. Operations, Capt. J. B. N. North c. N. C. N. O. Transing and Staff Duties, Capt. J. S. M. Ritchie Navoul Au, Capt. C. E. Turlo, p. 8.0. Tuetical, Capt. C. D. Burko. £2,953 £500 to £600

### The Hydrographic Department.

Hydrographer of the Navy, Vice-Adm (ed.) H. P. Douglas, c. B. N. B. Assast, dillo, Cart. J. A. Edgell, c. R. Sasson, dillo, Cart. J. A. Edgell, c. R. Sasson Streeter of Navyadian, Cart. K. E. L. Creighton, Supt. of Chart Branch, Com. E F B Law Supt of Sailing Directions Branch, Capt. (ret.) F. A Reyne.

Supt. of Tidal Branch, Com. (ret.) H. D. Warburg.

#### Manning Department.

Director, Rear-Adın. Hon R. A R Plunkett-Erule-

#### Maval Recruiting Department.

8g Whitehall S W. z Lirector, Lt -Col. A S Cantrell, R m Asst. and Deputy do., Maj. (Qr.-Mr.) A. J. Dixon, R.M.

* In addition to naval half-pay.

#### Physical Training and Sports Department and Head of the Naval Personnel Committee. .

Director, Capt. A. T. B Curteis

#### The Medical Director-General of the Navy. Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street, S.W. z.

Director-General, Surgeon-Vice-Adni. R. St. G S 

#### The Paymaster Director-General.

Director-General, Paymaster Rear-Adm. H. W. E. Manisty, c. B, C M of Deputy do, Paymaster-Capt. W. D T Morrish.

#### The Chaplain of the Fleet,

Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S.E 10. Chaptain of the Fleet, Venble. Archdoncon Walter K Knight-Adkin, on B. B. B. R. B. B. L. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L. M. S. L

#### Education Department.

Adviser on Education, A P. McMulien, c B., M.A Deputy Superintendent of Naval Evaminations, Instr-Capt J Camp, cn, n.a. Deputy Inspector of Naval Schools, Instructor-Capt. E.W. Pitch, s.a.

#### Royal Marine Office.

Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street, S.W. z. The Royal Marines were first raised in 266 and were administered by the Mintary Authorities Mince 2755 they have been administered by the Admiratly They are organized in three Invasions (Chatham, Portsmouth and Plymouth) with a recruit depot at Deal Adjutant-General, Lt.-Gen. R. V. T. Ford, c B., Asset do., Col and Coundt. W W Godfrey, c M a Deputy Asset. Adjt General, Bt.-Lt.-Col T L Hunton, M v.o , o B L.

#### Naval Construction Department.

Chief Constructors, G. Bulkeley, E. F. Coast, м в.к., 5 V. Goodall, м в.к., L. D. Stansfield, м в.к., L Woollard. (with house allowance £225) 5700 to £850

#### Engineer-in-Chief's Department.

Engineer-in-Chief of the Fleet, Eng -Vice-Adm Sir 

#### Electrical Engineering Department.

Director, W McClelland, C.R., O.B., MIP.E £1,500
Assistant Director and Deputy, A. D Coustable, O. B. F.
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L2, Asst Directors, J McCanory, o B E., A.E. Williams, G.R.F., MIEF .... £900 to £1,100

#### Naval Ordnance Department.

...£500 to £600

£1,255 to £1,395

Armament Supply Department Chief Superintendent, Capt (ret ) H J B Hall, o B. Deputy Chief Superintendent, R. W Wharhirst, o B : L850 to £1,000 (with £100 additional)
Supt. T W. Midmer. . . . . . . £850 to £1,000

### Torpedoes and Mining Department.

Director, Capt B Egerton, Deputy do , Capt J F B Carslake

### Naval Equipment Department.

Director, Roar-Adm P L H Noble, c v o . . . £1,953 Asst. Director, Capt. H G C, Franklin.

#### Compass Department.

Ditton Park, Slough, Bucks. Du ector, Capt. (ret ) H. L. Hitchins . £850 to £1,000

Dockyards Department.
Durector, Vice-Adm (ret.) Sir A. l'. Addison, K B r.

Assing Director, J. J. S. Pringle, on R. Chief Constructor, G. A. Bassett (acting) (with house allowance £105) £700 to £850

Bignal Department,

Dockyard Expense Accounts Department. Director, () Lance, o B K. . . . . £1,000 to £1,000

Anst. do , J. H Jeffery . . . . £350 to £1,000

Naval Store Department. 

#### Victualling Department.

Director, G. F. Cotton, M. v. o. v. B E . . £x,000 to £x,200
Assistant Director, W. E. Clayton, o B E £850 to £x,000

Civil Engineer-in-Chief's Department.

Civil Engineer-in-Chief, Sir Leopoid II. Savile, a c. B. M.I.C.E., A I.N A.

Deputy ('wil Engineers-in-Chief, T. B. Hunter, o. B.E.,
MICE, W. H. Moorby, I.B.O. M. SC., M. OE. .. £1, 300

Assistant Civil Engineer-in-Chief, F. Clark, M. I. C.

£700 to £900

#### Greenwich Hospital Department.

24 Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.

24 Buckingham Gate, S.W. 1.

The total estimated income of Greenwich Hospital for 1330 is \$555,418, as compared with \$565,628 for 1332. The total estimated expenditure is \$58,620 as assainst \$48,608 in the previous year, leaving a surplus income of \$5,500, which will be utilised towards meeting expenditure on the new Royal Hospital School in course of crection at Holbrook, Suffolk Of the total figure it is estimated that \$54,250 will be spent on Greenwich Hospital pensions to seamen and marrnes, including Greenwich Hospital Canada pensions, pensions to vidows and the education of children, and \$572,72 will be devoted to the Royal Inspital School. Director, A W Smallwood, c B.E. . . . . . . Clerk in Charge, A. W. J. Davios, M.B.E.

#### *Contract and Purchase Department.

Director of Contracts, W. St. D. Junkins, c.e., e. e. f. 2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.2.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to f.3.500 to

Accountancy Division

Principal Accountant, F W l'apworth, o B r , F R A A.

### Accountant-General's Department,

## Scientific Research and Experiment Department.

V. Drysdale. o B E , Director, C

#### Statistics Department.

Director, Paym -Rear-Adm (iit) C J E Rotter, c.s. (in addition to Navid retued pay) \$700

58 Victoria Street, S.W. z.

Admiral Commanding Reserves, Vice-Adm H.W. Parker, CH, CHG
Nasal Member, ENV.R Committee, Capt K D. W.

Macpherson

Norr —Except where otherwise shown, Naval and Marine Officers at the Admiralty are in receipt of Naval Pay and Allowances

### Judge Advocate of the Fleet.

c.o. Royal Naval College, Greenwich, S.E. 10. Judge Advocate of the Fleet, C. M. Pitman, K. t. Deputy do , Paym. Capt M. G. Bennett, O. R.

#### LIGHTHOUSES

In 1929-30 the receipts of the General Light-house Fund were £ 1,035,036, made up of £ 1,036,549 light Dues collected: £5,574 Rents of disused lighthouses and Sundry Revenue; disused Lightnouses and Sunday A.7,888 Basses and Minicoy Light Dues ; £4,975 interest on Investments. The total expenditure of the three General Lighthouse Authorities Trunty House, Commissioners of Northern Light-houses and Commissioners of Irish Lights—was houses and commissioners of from Lights (\$37,46s, the total Ordinary Expenditure being £850,839, leaving a balance of £304,847 to be carried to the Net Revenue Account.

"The Admiralty Pattern Rooms are at Queen Anna's Chambers, Broadway, S.W. z, and at 5 Cornwall Street Livery Street, Birmingham.

#### ADMIRALS OF THE FLEET.

Sir Arthur Dairymple Fanchauce, a.c.u., a.c.v.o. (born 1847)	roro
Rerl Jellicoe, a c.n., o.n., a.c.v.o., Ll.b. (born 1859)	
The Rt. Hon. Earl Beatty, u.c.a., c.m., c.c.v o., D.s.o , D.c L., LL.D. (born 2872)	
Lord Wester Westyes, G.c.n., c.n.e., n.v.c., D.c.L., Extra Equerry to the King (born 1864) Nov. 1,	zgzg
Sir C. E. Maddén, Bt., a c.n., o m., a.t v o , m.c.m a., p c.t., lt p (born 1862) July 31,	1984
Hon, Sir S. A. Gough-Culthorpe, G.C.R., G.C.R.G., C.V.O. (born z864)	1925
Sir H F, Oliver, G C.B., K.C M.G , M V C., LL.D (born 1865)	zgaß
Sir (), de B, Brock, G.C.E., E C.M.G., E.C.V.O., D.C.L. (born 1869) July 31,	1989
Sir R. J. B. Keyes, Bt., c c.s., k.c.v.c., c.m.c., d.s.c., d.c.l., ll.d (born 1872)	1930

#### ADMIRALS.

Str W. H. Cowan, Bt., K. on. p. s.o., R. St. G. S. Bond, C. S. L. C., (Nivat and Principal Naval A.D.C to the King).
Str F. L. Field, K. o. n., R. c. L. o. (set Sea Lord and Chief of the Naval.) Staff). Hon. Sir H G. Brand, a c n., a.c m.c

Hon. Sir H. G. Brand, K. C. R., C. M. G., K. C. Y., (Extra Koperry to the King): C-in-C., Plymouth;
Sir R. Y. Tyrwhite, Bt., a. C. R., B. R. C., D. R. C., C. C. T. C., Porce,
Sir M. H. Hodges, K. C. R., C. M. G.,
M. Y. G. (C-in-C., Nord):
Sir A. F. M. Chathold, K. C. B., K. C. K. G.,
G. Y. G. C. H. C., Mediterranean;
Sir C. T. M. Fuller, R. C. R., C. M. G.,
D. N. G. Wed Sea Lord and Chief of Noral Personnels.

Naval Personnel). Sir A. K Waistell, K c.s. (C.-in-C.

Portunoviki)
Sir J D Kelly, K C.B
Sir D M Anderson, K C.B., C.M 6, M. V o (League of Nutrons Commun-

### VICE-ADMIRALS.

Sir W A H. Kolly, a. u., a. u., a. u. v. o. (C.-sa-C., China)
Sir W W Fisher, a. a., a. v. o. (zet Hattle Squadron).
B. S. Thosigor, a. u., c. m. a.
Sir V, H S. Haggard, a. a., a. u. a. (C.-sa-C., America and West Variety, Confer.)

Indies.
P. H. Hall Thompson, c.u., c.u.
Bir W. H. D. Boylo, u. c. u. (President, R.N. College, Greenwich, and
Vice-Admiral Commanding R.N. War College)

War College;
F. C. Droyer, c. B., c. B. E. (Deputy
Chief of Naval Staff).
H. Mitchell, c. B., B. B.
F. Earken, c. B., c. M. G. (Reserve Fleet)
R. M. Burmestor, c. B., c. M. G.
H. W. Parker, c. B., c. M. G. (Reserves,
Administration of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College

Admiralty).
R. C Backhouse, c B , c.m.c

R. R. C. Backhouse, c. B., c.M.G. (Controller).
L.G. Preston, c. B., (Fourth Sea Lord).
Hon. Sir H., Meade, E. C. C., c. B., D. B. G., A. D. C. (H. M., Yachte).
H. J. Tweedle, c.M.(C.-49-C., Africa).
H. R. H. The Prince of Wallow, K. G. (Personal A D C. to the King).
E. J. A. Fullerton, c. B., D. B. O., M.A. (C.-49-C., East Indice).
W. B. Kerr, C. B., C. B. Lat Stat Lord.
W. B. Kerr, C. B., C. B. Lat Stat Lord. W. M. Kerr, c.n., c.n.s. (zet Sea Lord,

Australia). R.E. Domvile, c. B., c. M. c. (3rd Cruiser Squadron).

Engineer-Vice-Admiral, R. C. Dalglish
Sir R. W. Skelton, E.C.B., C.B., E., D. So.
(Eng.-in-Chee'). F. M Austin.

#### Surgeon Vice-Admiral.

#### REAR-ADMIRALS.

C K. MacLean, CB, CVO, BSO W Tomkinson, C.E. M.V. O. (Battle Cruiser Squadron) J. C. W. Henley, CB. (1st Cruiser Squadron).
A. Astloy-Rushton, c s., c x c (and Cruiser Squadron). B. Curtis, c. s., c. s. c., p. s.o Hon R A R. Plunket-Ernle-Erle-Drax, c B., D. B o (Director of Munning) M. E. Dunbar-Nasmith, РД, с в M. E. Dunbur-Nasmith, Fig. c B. Hon. M. R. Best, c. s., p. s. o., m. v. o. (Multa)
H. T. Walwyn, c. s., p. s. o. (Director, Royal Indus Marine)
R. R. G. R. Evans, c. s., p. s. o.
H. K. Kitson, c. n (Portsmouth)
H.O Reinold, c. s. c. v. o. (Devonport)
T. I Wallett, c. s. v. v.

Usborne, c.B., C M.G. (Naval Intelligence)
C K Chetwode, c. B., c. B.E. (Naval Sec. lo 2st Sea Lord)

C M Forbes, c s, D s o C J C Little, c s (Submarines, Portemouth) W M James, e s. R. G H Henderson, c s (Aurcraft

Carriers)
V. F French, (MG (and Battle Squadron)
V. N James, (B, MV.0 (Gibralta))
L. M. Colvin, Che. (Chef of Stage,

Atlantic). F. Rose, c B , D.S o. (Destroyers,

F. F. Rose, c B., d. Bo. (Destroyers, Mediterraneau)

J K im Thurn, c B. c M e., c B.e. (Ass t Chief of Navul Staff).

Ron. W. B Loveson-Gower, d. B.e. (Coast of Scotland)

P L. H. Noble, c v o. (Naval Equip-

C.W.Round-Turner, ( m c (Chatham

NZ). R. C. Dalglish.

B. W. M. Fairbairn, c. B. E. F. G. Chilton.
A. E. F. Bedford.

Engineer-Rear-Admirals.

E. P. St. J. Benn, c. B.

E. D. Sydenham, c. B. E. (lent to R. A. N.)

E. G. Pallot, p. s. o. A. W. McKinlay, o. B. E. H. A. Brown

G. Preeve G. Preeve G W Phillips, T. Gurnell, J. H. Hocken W. S. Mann, 6.8 E. R. Beeman, C. M.

Surgeon-Rear-Admirals.

Surgeon-Acar-Aum
A J Hewitt, (R., C.R.,
H C Whiteside, C.B.
J H. Fergusson, C.R.
E. W B Hall, C.R., ORE
W W. Kelr, C.M.
G.
H R H Denny

Paymaster-Rear-Admiral.

H W E Manisty, c n., c.m u (Paymaster-Director-Gen)

#### COMMODORES

L.S. Holbrooke, n v.o (Com II M.A. Fleet)

Ion A R. M Ramsay, D S O , A D C.
(R N Burracks Portsmouth)
N F. Laurence F. Laurence, p s.o. (R N. Bar-

N F. Laurence, D.S.O. (R.N. Barracks, Chenham).
A B Cumungham, D.S.O. (R.N. Barracks, Chelham).
A. H. Walker, O.R. (Hong Kong).
H. E. Dannieuther, D.S.O. (R.N. Barracks, Portsmouth)
E. O. B. S. Osborne, D.S.O. (Designation).

stroyers, Atlantic)
H O Lane-Poole, o B. 2 (Com., South American Divn., A. & W.I. Squadron).

#### INTERCHANGE.

Interchange of personnel and co-operation, especially for train-C.W. Round-Turner, C.B. o. (Chief of Blake, C.B., D. So (1st Sea Lord, NZ).

High Superscript of this was shown in the arrangement made between the Admiratty and the Australian Naval Board for Rear-Admiral G. F. Hyde, C.V. O. C.E.E., Royal NZ). ing purposes, continues between the Royal Navy and Dominion Navies. An interesting example of this was shown in the arrangement made between the Admiralty and the Australian Naval Hyde, CVO, C.B.E., Royal Australian Navy, to command the Third Battle Squadron for a year from May, 1930.

Muy 23, 2932

#### NAVAL COMMANDS.

. ...Oct. z, z93z 

Portsmouth C.-in-C., Adm. Sir A K. Waistell, s.c.s. (Victory) C.-in-C., Adm. Sir A R. Walston, a.c.s. (June 9, 1931 H.M. Submarmes, Rear-Adm. C J. C. Little, c s (Dolohin) Sept. 2, 1931 (Dolphin)

H.M. Yachts, Vice-Adm Hon Sir H. Meade, & c v v, c n, n. so (Victoria & Albert)

Portsmouth Dockyard, Rear-Adm. II K Kitson, c B May 12, 1921

Plymouth.
C.-in-C., Adm. Hon. Sir Hubert G Brand, Kon.
K.t.k.c. v. (Erebus). Oct. 8, 1939
Devenport Dockyard, Rear-Adm. H O. Reinold, v. v.
March s, 1931

Coast of Scotland. Commanding, Rear-Adm. Hon. W. S Leveson-Gower. D.s o (Greenwich) . . . . . . . ... July 6, 1931 Reserve Fleet.

Commanding, Vice-Adm. F Larken, ch., ch., ch., (Constance) ...... April 22, 1930 Atlantic Fleet.

Mediterranean.

#### THE ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE.

The R.N.R. was formed in z853, and its affairs are governed, under the Board of Admiralty, by the R.N.R. Advisory Committee, which meets as necessary

R.N R ADVISORY COMMITTEE. 58 Victoria Street, S.W z

President, Vice-Adm. Sir J. D. Kelly, R C B Secretary, Paym.-Lieut. Com G W Bost, R N.

Commanders for R N.R. and M.M Duties Laverpool (30, Canning Place), Com & E H Wright, D S O , R N. London (P. L. A Buildings, Tunity Square, E.C. 3), Com M. J. Palmey, R N. Southampton (Prudential Buildings, Above Bar), Com N. M. F. Corbett, R N.

and in Command and ast Battle Squadron, Vice-Adm one (Curacon)

Destroyer Flotillas, Rear-Adm F F Rose, Feb z, 1932 China.

China.

(3 "Berwicks," a "Kents," and r Pre-Jutland Cruiser

Hernes, Aircraft Carrier, 12 Submarinos )

C.-in-C., Vico-Adm Sir W A H Kelly, K C B, C M G,

c. 70. (Signold)

Hong Kong, Conninodore A II. Walker, O.B.E.

(Tamar)

S.N.O., Yangtse, Roar-Adm. R. A S. Hill, O.B.

(Re)

S.N.O., West River Capt K. L. H Mackenzie,

(Tarantula)

Nov. 17, 1032

Singapore, Capt. M. B. Birkett, D. S.O., R v (Tamar III)

Nov. 17, 1932

India.

Director, Royal Indian Marine and Principal Naval Transport Officer, East Indies (Hombay), Roar-Adm H. T. Walwyn, c.s., b.s. o Oct. 5, 1928 Deputy Director, Capit H. Morland, R. 1 M. 012. DOC. 13, 1925

(2 Pre-Jutland Cruisers)
(*C-in-C*, Vice-Adin Hugh J Tweedie, c n (*Cardiff)
Feb 25, 1932

New Zealand Distribut.

Commanding, Rear-Adni. Geoffrey Blake, c B , D.s o ,
Sopt 9, 1929

Royal Canadian Navy. Director of Naval Service, Commodore W Hose, CBK, R.C.N. (Guelph) . . . . . July 1, 1980

### THE ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

The R.N.V.R was formed in 1902, and its affairs are governed, under the Board of Admiralty, by the R.N V.R Committee

R N V R. COMMITTEE.

58 Victoria Street, S W. z President, Vice-Adm Sir J D Kelly, & c. B

Commanding Officers of Divisions

London (II M S President, Victoria Embankment, EC 4), Capt N ff Wells, O B F , N D Stresser, Capt Rt Hon Earl Howe, C B.E., V.D Tyme, Capt E W. Swan, O B E , N D Mersey, Capt E Eigood, N D Mersey, Capt E Eigood, N D Mersey, Capt E G C Cavendish East Scottish, Capt W F Ken, N D Later, Capt E G C Lavendish East Scottish, Capt W F Ken, N D Ulsten, Capt Earl of Kilmorey

#### NAVAL PERSONNEL, 1914 and 1929.

Country	1914 1929			29
CODATE	Active.	Reserve	Active.	Reserve
Great Britain United States of America	146,047 67,258 50,645	66,697	99,800 114,506 88,000	72,000 33,000
Japan France Italy	50,645 69,885 40,023	::	68,000 46,000	

### SHIPS OF THE ROYAL NAVY (Nov. 1, 1931).

	POST-JUTL Batt	AND T	YPES.		
Com-		-		Main	
pleted.			Tons	Armament	
1987 R	dney, Nelson		35,000	9 × 1610.	pl
1	Battle	Cruiser.			
igao Ho	od	4	4I,000	8 × 15in.	×ς
•	Ora	lisers.			
"	A " Type		10.000	8 × 8in.	١ _ ـ
1927 B	rwick, Cor	nwall,	,		zg
-9-/	Cumberland.				l
	ent, Suffolk.				١
1929 Lo	ndon Devonsl	ire.			Σç
Su Su	ondon, Devousl ssex, Shropshi	16			
		folk.			
1930 7	B" Type		8.400	6 × 8in.	
1931-32	Neptime, Or for	Achilles	3		15
1930-31	Vork. Exeter.	Leander.			ì
1919-25	York, Exeter, . Hawkins, Fro	bishet.			1
-9-9 -3	Effingham		9,770	7 × 7'510.	19
1	Vindictive.		9,750	7 × 7.5111. 6 × 7.5111 7 × 6111	ı
1925 E	nerald, Enterp	risc	7,500	7 × 6111	19
1918-22	Danac, Dan	ntless,	7,5	, ,, ,	1
1910		patch,			[
	Dragon Durba	n	4,650	6 × 6m.	I
L	Dragon, Durba ent to New Zea	land-	4,-5-	- , ,	1
	Diomede, Dun Cairo, Calcutta	edın			Ĺ
1018-22	Carro Calcutts	.Cane-			l
1910 22	town, Carlisle	. Col-			14
1	ombo		4,190	5 × 6111	1
1	Flotalle	Leader	4,-y- L	3 / (	l
1930 Cc			1,520	5 × 4.7111.	l
1930 D	uncan, Gie	nville,	-,,,-0	3 / 4 /	1
I 1930 K	empenfeldt, K		1.200	4 × 4 7111.	i
1		troyers.	-,39-	4 / 4 /	-
0		chates,			1
1928-31					1
1	Acheron, Amazon, Ambi	active,			l
1	Antalona An	thony			C
1	Autolope, Au	Don			8
1	Ardent, Arrow dicea, Blanch	, Irou			1
1	mon Deallule	landa			6
1	zen, Basilisk, l	illiant,			l i
1					S
i	Boreas, Cri Cornet, Cygnet	Chag			1~
1	cent (se knot	s) Sav-			1
1	cent (37 knot venay, Skeen	s (R.	1,532-		1
Į.	Can N )		1,173	4× 4.7in	t
1932	Dainty, Daris	g. De-	-,-/3	441.0	1
1932	coy, Defende	r, De-			8-
	light. Dis	imond,			Į te
	Diana, Duches				10
1	Suh	marines.			ij
тожб Х			2,425	4 × 5'2lll	19
1028-20	Oberon, Odin,	Olym-	-7-3	- , . J =	1
-gy	pus, Orpheus,	Osiris.			1
i	Oswald, Otus	I	345-2.0	20 1 X 4in.	١.
1929-30	Pandora, Pa	rthun,			C
-9-9 3-	Perseus. P	hænıx,			L
	Proteus		570-2,0	040 x X 4in.	L
1930-31	Rainbow, 1	Regent,			15
100	Regulus, Rove	r 1	·,475-	z × 4in.	1
i			2,015	·	1
1030-31	Swordfish, Stu	ngeon,	-		1
- 75- 3-	Thames, Starti	sn,sea-	640-		1
	horse		1,760		0
1	Royal Aus	trahan .	Navy.		5
İ	Cr	uisers.	•		18
ross A	ustralia, Canbe	era	10,000	8 × 81D.	l t
	Flotal	la Leader	r.		a
rga8 A	nzac		1,310	4 × 4in	F
	Subi	narines.			8
1928 O	t <b>way</b> , Oxley		I.535	1 × 4in.	8
					<u>.</u>

## PRE-JUTLAND TYPES.

	Battleships.		
L	ife = so years under Was	hingto	n Pact.
Com- pleted	Queen Elizabeth, Ma-	Tons.	Main Armament.
1910	laya, Barham, Valiant, Warspite	27.000	8 × 15in.
1917	Royal Sovereign, Royal Oak, Revenge, Reso-		- T
1914	Iton Duke, Marl-	25,750	
	borough	25,500	10 × 13.2in.
	Battle Cruiser	·s.	
1916	Repulse, Renown	<b>2</b> 6,500	6 × 15iu.
	Cruisers.		
1917	Cardiff, Ceres, Coven- try, Curacoa, Curlew	4,19c	5 × 6in.
1917	Concord	3,750	
1916	Caledon, Calypso, Cara-		
_	doc	4,120	
1916	Centaur	3,750	4 × 6111.
1915	Cambrian, Canterbury, Castor, Champion,		
1914	Constance	3,750	4 × 6111.
-9-4	Comus	3,750	4 × 6in.
	Submarines.		
×5 '	"H," x " K," 24 " L," z "	'М," г	" Old R."

#### THREE POWER AGREEMENT 1930.

	Brit Emp.	. US	Japan.
Capital Ships (Numbe	r) 15	15	9
8-in. gun ('ruisers ,,	15	18(a)	12(b)
,, ,, (Tounage)	146,000	180,000	108,400
6-in. ,, (Tounage)	192,200	143,500(1)	100,450
Destroyers (Tonuage)	150,000	150,000	105,500
Submarines (Tonnage)	52,700	52,700	52,700
Total Tonnage	541,700	526,200	367,050

Notes, -(a) U S A undertake not to complete more

Norre, (a) USA undertake not to complete more than 13 Stand Tuners before 1935 (b) USA. retains option to rost on above figure for Stand Tuners, before 1935 (b) USA. retains option to rost on above figure for lone, making parity with Brit Empire at 541,700 tons. If option is not exercised, the 16th, 17th and 18th Stand Utuners will be Laid down in 1933, 1934 and 1935, and Japan will then be at liberty to claim (at Conference in 1935) an increase in its 8-gun Cruiser tonnage.

#### Naval Programmes, 1930.

		G B	France	Italy
('ruisers		 3	1	3
Leaders		1	6	
Destroyers .		8	0	4
Submarines	•••••	 3	II	22

#### GERMANY'S "POCKET BATTLESHIPS."

Germany is building 5 "Pocket Battleships" Gernany is building 5 "Pocket Battleships of ro,000 tons displacement, heavily armoured, 50,000 h p., with 6 xr-in. guns (670 lb. projectile), 36-in. guns, and 4 3'5-in. guns, with 6 torpedo tubes. "A" (Erastz Picussen) was laid down at Kiel early in 1930, and "B" was voted by the Reichstag in May. The designed speed of these ships is 36 knots, with a cruising area of x0,000 see wiles (at 50 knots). sea miles (at 20 knots).

#### FLEETS OF THE MARITIME POWERS (March, 1931).

NOTE.—As a result of the London Naval Conference (Jan. az-April 25, 1930) the British Empire, the United States and Japan undertook to proceed at once with the reduction of their capital ships, and all five Powers agreed to waive (during the years 1932-1936 inclusive) the right to replace obsolescent ships granted by the Washington Treaty.

Class.	B	ritis npir		U	.S A		J	apar		1	rane	e. /	1	taly.		R	12081	R.		Jer-	
	C.	B	P	0	В	P	C	B	P	c	В	P	O.	B.	P	U.	В	P	'O	В	ľ
Battleships	14 4 53 18 16 132 	5 - 3 *3 7		18 19 3 309 107	9 1 - 3	- 8 - 12 12 - 1	6 4 37 4 5 105 67	10 4		9 16 1 13 60 4 54 8	5 2 1 18 1 56 6		4 13 19 65 3/40 22	- 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111111111	4 8 31 6 15 4			7 8 16 22		3
Boats Gunboats Minesweepers	18 33	-	=	20 43	=	=	3 14 10	; <u> </u>	=	54 26	9	=	36 8 48	<u>-</u>	=	25 8 20	_	=	3 27	- I	6

C = Completed

B = Building

P = Projected

#### MAVAL CASUALTIES IN THE WAR.

Casualties to all ranks of Royal Navy and Royal Naval Reserve, including Mercantile Marine Reserve while servic, in H.M. ships and merchant ships, but excluding casualties of the Royal Naval Division and British Mercantile Marine losses:—

MINITED TORSES .—		
		Men.
Killed in action or died of wound	3,074	80.735
Died	400	II,433
Wounded in action	549	3,961
Injured	255	392
Missing		2
Prisoners of War	ZII	824
Interned	. 5x	170

Total ..... 3,541 37,517

### WARSHIP LOSSES IN THE WAR.

Allies. ... ....803,000 displacement tons. Enemy (excluding

Scapa Flow) ..... 415,000 displacement tons

Class	UK.	USA	France	Italy	Japan	Germ	Aust -H
Battleships Battle Cruisers Cruisers Monitors Destroyers Torpedo Boats Submarines Small Craft	13 3 45 6 64 10 59		5 14 8 14 0	3 1 10 58	1 4 31	1 2 34 72 51 216	3 3 5 4 8

## WAR LOSSES OF BRITISH WERCANTILE SHIPPING.

## BRITISH CAPITAL SHIPS. COMPARISON WITH PRE-WAR TOTAL*

Ships.	By T.R's Cruisers &c.	By Sub- marines.	By Mines	By Air- craft	Total.	Date.		leships Building		Cruisers Building	Total.
Merchant	442,702	6,635,059	673,427	7.913	7,759.090	Jan. 1, 1914	58			_	82
Fishing	5,637	67.5 <del>8</del> 3	8,454	NΠ	7z,765	Jan 1, 1931	14	14 0	4	0	18
Total	448,339	6,6ga,64s	60z,96a	7,923	7,830,855	'	- • Fr	om official	sources	<u>.                                    </u>	

Institutes.—Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes, known to the Services as "Naafi," conducts the Canteen and Institute service for His Majesty's Forces. Registered under the Companies Acts as an Association not trading for profit, the Corporation exists for the exclusive benefit of the serving element of H.M. Forces, with whom it is alone entitled to deal. Charman of the Board of Management, Lt.-Col. Sir Murrough Wilson, B.E., General Manager, F. Benson, C.B.E.; Secretary, S. Baker; Headquarter Ofices, Imperial Court, Upper Kennington Lane, S.E. xz. Telephone: Reliance 1200. Telegraphic Address: "Naafi," Lane, London. In the year ended Aov. 1, 1932, there was a surplus of £451,404. Rebates and discounts amounting to £34.092 were paid to the Royal Navy and £321,168 to Army and Royal Air Force.

#### The Army Council, The War Office, Whitehall, S.W. z.

Secretary of State for War (President of the Army Council), Hou. Col. The Marquess of Crewe, s.a., r.c., Financial Secretary of the War Office (Finance Member) (Vice-President of the Army Council), A. Duff Cooper,

D. N.O. M. F. P. Onder of Staff, Field-Marshal Sir George F. Milno, G. C. M.O. D. S.O., D. C. L., L. D. Adjutan-Cherral to the Forces, Gen. Sir Archibald A. Montgomory-Massingbert, K. C. M. G., A. D. C. U. L. D. Adjutan-Cherral to the Forces, Lt. Gen Sir Folix F. Ready, K. C. M. C. H., C. M. G., A. D. C. U. M. G. Master-General to the Forces, Lt. Gen Sir Folix F. Ready, K. C. M. C. M. G., D. S. O. Master-General of the Ordanace, Lt. Gen J. R. E. Charles, C. M., C. M., D. S. O. Permanent Under-Secretary of State for War (Secretary of the Army Council), Sir Herbert J. Creedy, K. C. M.

The Scoretary of State for War.

Hon Col. The Marquess of Crewe, ka, r. .

Principal Private Secretary, HJ B Clough.

Assistant do., J. R. McGregor, m.c.

Millary Secretary (See etary of the Selection Hourd),

Maj.-Gen. G S Clive, ch, cha, d. d. d.

#### The Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

Chief of the Imperial General Staff, Field-Marshal Sir George F. Milhe, a.c.a. a.c.a. a., b.s.o., b.c.b., b.l.d. Military Assistant, Bt Lt. Col. J. G. des R. Swayno Personal Assistant, Lt. G. H. N. Larden.

Director of Military Operations and Intelligence, Maj. Gen. W. H. Bartholomew, c. B., C.M.S., B.S.O Director of Staff Duties, Maj. Gen. Sir Ivo L. B. Vosey, K B.E., C.B., C.M.G., D 5 0

Director of Military Training, Maj -Gen. Sir Hugh

J. Ellen, K.c.m G , K C.v.o , C B , D N O

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District, Dera Ismail H.

E. Herdonn, C. R.

District, Dera Ismail H.

E. Herdonn C J B. Hay, c.s., c.m c . c s E . b s (Lucknow District, Naini Tal). A. W. H. M. Moene, (B., CNO., DRO (D.Q.M.G and Director of Movements & Quartering). E. C. Alexander, c. B., c. i. R. D. S. O. (D.A. & Q.M. G., Southern Command, India). N Mulanat Division, Derby)

R. G. Finlayson, c. R., c. M.G., D. S. O.

(Rawalpituli District)

G. Dill, c. R., t. M. O. D. S. O.

(Staff College, Camberley)

G. H. N. Jackson, c. R., c. M.G., D. S. O.

(acth-West Ridling Division, York).

H. Karalake, c. R., c. M. G., D. S. O.

C. M. Wagstaff, c. B., c. M. G., C. D. S.

D. W. G. M. A., Woolerich).

H. Needhuin, c. R., c. M. G., D. S. O.

G. Thorpe, c. R., d. M., D. S. O.

A. F. McNamara, c. E., c. M. G., D. S. O.

G. W. Howard, c. M., D. S. O.

Ministration, Rastern Command,

Horse Charda) H. Boulton, c.B., c.B., M.D., K.H.S., I.M.S. (D.D.M.S., Northern Com-mand, Murree). D.S.O. (43rd-Wessex-Divn', Devonport).

C. R. Newman, c. M., c. M., c. B. S.O.
(Madrus District, Hangalore).

Sir R. S. May, K. R.F., C. R., c. M. O.,
D.S.O. (Coundt, R.M. 'C Sandhurs').

F. J. Marshall, c. R., C. M. C., D. B.O.
(54th & Anglian-Divn', Hertford)

W. R. Blackwell, c. B., c. M. O., K. H.
(Deputy Director-Gen' & M.S.
(Was' Office)

H. K. M. Doughan, Frig., c. M. G. D. B.O.
(D. D. M.S., Southern Command,
India). C Hudson, c B., c I F, D B o., F R.c. 8, K II. N, I M S (D.D M S., Eastern Command, Naint "at). D I. Shuttleworth, c.r., c.r. r. b s o (D A. & Q M (I., Northern Com-mand, Murree) W.L.O Twiss, c. R.C. R.F., M.C. (Jullundur Bde Area, Dalhousie).
J. W. D. Moguw, C.I.F., M. R., K.H.F., V.H.S., I.M. S. ministration, J Horse (Juards) J. Kennedy, c M a, n.s o.
M. G Taylor, c.M a, n.s o.
Sir J L G Burnett of Leys, Bt,
c.M a, n.s o (sist-Highland-Divn,
Perth) v.n s., I.M S S. F. Muspratt, c.s., c.s i., c.i r, India W. S. Anthony, c n, c m.c. (Director Gen., A.V S., War Office).
C. J. C. Grant, c n., v. s.o., Col K. S. L. I (53rd · Welsh · Division, R. C Wilson, c s., D 40, M c. Perith)
H. Nalt, c. M. o., D. No. (T.A. Ai
Depende Formations, Umb idge).
B. D. Fishor, c. h., c. M. o., D. v. o.
A. Hrutgh, M. o., c. R. y. D. o.
II. N. Foster, c. M. o., c. N. e.
A. M. N. Foster, c. M. o., c. N. E.
A. M. N. Foster, c. M. o., c. N. E. C Kirkpatrick, C.B., C.B.E. (Sind Brigade Area, Karachi). W. C. H. Forstor, M.B., v. H. S., I.M.S. K.S. L.I. (gyd. Welsh. Division, Shrevosbury).
J. A. Hartigun, C. M.G. D. B.O., M.B., R.H.F. (D.D. M.S., Aldershot).
J. E. B. Brind, C. M., C. M.G. D. B.O. (Director of Artitlery, India).
R. D. F. Oldman, C. M., C. M.G., D. S.O. (47th-snd-London-Diem, Chelsed).
W. J. Dugan, C. B. C. M. G., D. S.O. (58th-snt-London-Diem, City Ikoad).
H. C.R. Hime, D. S.O., M. B. (D.D. M.S., Southern. Command, Satisbury).
H. K. Betholl, C. B., C. M.O., C. V.O., D. B.O. (Presidency and Assam District, Jalapahar) J. D. Graham, св, сів, м.н., R HS, I.M S

R Moberley, c.s., b.s.o. (Landi Kotal Brigade) В C. A. Sprawson cla, MD, FRCP, Royal Marines. \ н в., I M S. F. H Griffiths H F E MacMahon, e n., c n. n., u c. (Director of Supplies d'Transport) H. A. H Jones. G Carpenter, o.m.r, p s c. W V Coppinger, cir, dso, wh, r.a.csi, 1 M.S.
S B. Pope, c.a., dso
W Dent, c.a.r., dso Indian Army. J F S D Coleridge, c.B, c M G, D.S o (Peshawar District). ----

#### RELATIVE RANK-SEA, LAND AND AIR.

Commissioned Officers of The Royal Navy, The Army, and The Royal Air Force rank with one another according to Seniority or Date of Appointment, as shown in the following table:—

ROYAL NAVY. ROYAL AIR FORCE. z. Admiral of the Fleet. z. Field-Marshal. z. Marshal of the Royal Air Force. Admiral. a. Air Chief Marshal, General. 3. Lieutenant-General. 3. Air-Marshal. Vice-Admiral. 4. Rear-Admiral. 4. Major-General. 4. Air Vice-Marshal. 5. Brigadier. 5. Air-Commodore. Commodore (sat & and Class). 6. Colonel. 6. Group Captain. Captain. Lieut,-Colonel. 7. Wing-Commander. Commander. Lieutenant-Commander. 8. Major. 8. Squadron Leader. 9. Flight-Lieutenant. 9. Captain. Lientenant zo. Lieutenant. zo. Flying Officer (or Observer). Sub-Lieutenant and Mate. 10. Commissioned Officer from Warrant Rank zz. Second Lieutenant. zz. Pilot Officer. II.

Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marines rank at all times, according to Seniority, with Army Officers of the same titles.

[•] In place of the former Army title of Brigadier-General.

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ARMY.

All Banks.  Regimental Troops (exclusive of India) do. do. (Indian Establishment Army Reserve	132,000
Supplementary, do	23,000
Channel Islands Militia	2,326
Malta and Bermuda, do	1,483
Territorial Army	
O.T.C. (Officers and Permanent Staff)	1,245

Total..... 651,394

Order of Precedence of Regiments, etc., of the Army.

The Life Guards and the Royal Horse Guards (The Blues).

Royal Horse Artillery (but on parade, with their guns, to take the right and march at the head of the Household Cavalry).

guns, to take the right and march at the head of the Household Cavairy).

Regements of Cavairy of the Line.—ist King's D.G., The Queen's Rays (and D.G.), 2rd/5th Carabineers (P. of W. D.G. and The Carabineers), 4/7th D.G. (4th Royal Irish and 7th Princess Royal's), 5th Inniskilling D.G., 1st The Royal Draguons, The Royal Scots Greys (1sh D.), 2rd The King's Own Hussars, 4th Queen's Own Hussars, 7th Queen's Own Hussars, 5th King's Own Royal Irish Hussars, 5th King's Own Royal Irish Hussars, 6th Queen's Own), 1sth Royal Hussars (Prince of Wales's Own), 1sth Royal Lancers (P. of Wales'a), 13/18th Hussars (13th H. and 18th Royal Queen Mary's Own H.), 14/2soth Hussars (13th King's and 19th Royal, Queen Alexandra's Own), 16/5th Lancers (16th The Queen's and 5th Royal Irish), 17/2sst Lancers (17th D. of Cambridge's Own and 11th Empress of India's).

Royal Regiment of Artitlery.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Royal Corps of Signals.

Regiments of Footguards.—Grenadier Guards (3 Battalions), Coldstream Guards (3 Bns.), Scots Guards (8 Bns.), Irish Guards (2 Bn.), Welsh Guards (z Bn.)

Regiments of Infantry of the Line.—49 English
Regiments (a Battalions each); 3 Welsh
Regiments (a Battalions each); 10 Scottish
(s Highland and g Lowland) Regiments
(a Battalions each); and a Irish Regiments (a Battalions each).

(a Battaions eacn).

Titles—Certain Infantry Regiments have special titles—e.g.. The Queen's Royal Regt. (West Surrey); The Buffs (E. Kent); The King's Gwn Royal Regt. (Lancaster); The King's Regt. (Liverpool); The Green Howards (Yorkshire); The Cameronians (Soottish Rifles); The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding); The Prince of Wales's Volra. (South Lance); The Bisck Watch (Royal Highlanders); The Sherwood Foresters (Notta and Deuby): The Loyal Regt. (North Highlanders); The Sherwood Foresters (Notis and Deby); The Loyal Regt. (North Lancs); The Queen's Own (R.W. Kent); The King's Own (Yorkshire L.I.); The King's Shropshire L.I.

Royal Tank Corps.

Local Companies of Royal Artillery abroad.

Royal Malta Artillery.

Royal Army Chaplains Department.

Royal Army Service Corps.

Reyal Army Medical Corps.

Reyal Army Ordnance Corps.

Reyal Army Pay Corps. Royal Army Veterinary Corps.

Army Educational Corps. (Hdqrs., Army School of Education, Shorncliffs).

The Army Dental Corps.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing

Royal Monmouthshire Royal Engineers.

Supplementary Reserve.

Militia (In order of Arms as for Regular Army). Honourable Artillery Company.

Territorial Army.

Territorial Army Nursing Service.

Militia Units in Bermuda, Channel Islands and Malta.

Officers Training Corps.

#### THE MILITIA.

In 1907 the "Old Constitutional Force" knewn as the "Militia" was transformed into the "Special Reserve," but the following Militia units were retained —The Bermuda Militia units were retained:—The Bermuda Militia Artillery, the Channel Islands Militia, and the Malta Militia. In 1982 the terms "Special Reserve (and Extra Reserve) Battalions" were abolished, and "Militia" restored, but no appointments are at present made to the force.

Milita in the War.—At the outbreak of the Great War all units were embodied, the majority being included in Defence Schemes. One or two units served abroad, but, generally speaking, the units were employed as training and reinforcing centres for the Armies in the field.

#### THE TERRITORIAL ARMY.

In 1907 the "Yeomanry" and the "Volunteers" were transferred into the Territorial teers" were transferred into the Territorial Force, which included English, Welsh, and Scottish Cavalry; Royal Horse, Royal Field, and Royal Garrison Artillery; Royal Engineers; Infantry; Royal Army Service Corps and Royal Army Medical Corps. In roar the title was changed to "Territorial Army."

Territorials in the War.—The strength of the Territorial Force in July, 1914, was about \$65,000. During the Great War are new units were formed, and there passed through the ranks of the force about 50,000 officers and 1,000,000 officer ranks. The Territorial Force suffered total battle casualties of 27,000 officers and nearly 600,000 other ranks, of which some 6,600 officers and 105,000 other ranks were killed. Among the war honours gained by officers and men of the Territorial Force were 70 Victoria Crosses.

#### OFFICIAL END OF THE WAR.

The Oficial Termination of the War, when Treaties of Peace had been ratified by the respective Governments, was Aug. 32, rear. The Ottoman Empire was excluded from the Order in Council, and War with Turkey was declared at an and on a worst force. at an end on August 6, 1984.

#### Armies and Air Fleets of the World-Great War Medals. 292

ARMIES OF THE WORLD.

Country.	Вунть м	PEACE STRENGTH	ESTIMATED WAR STRENGTH	Country.	No. of Arroplanes.
Argentina	Militia	30,000	100,000 to 300,000	Argentina	30
Austria	Voluntary .	30,000	(4) 30,000	Austria	(e)
Belgium	Compulsory	90,000	•••	Belgium	190
Brazil	Compulsory	46,000	100,000 t() 130,000	Brazil	100
Bulgaria	Voluntary	80,000	(b) 33,000	Bulgaria	(r)
Chile	Compulsory .	25,000		Chile	100
China	Voluntary .	1,000,000		China	(/)
Czechoslovakia	Compulsory .	150,000		Czechoslovakia	130
Denmark	Militia	12,000	•	Denmark	30
Estonia	Compulsory	20,000	90,000	Estonia	50
Finland	Compulsory	36,000	136,000	Finland	60
France	Compulsory	350,000	1,300,000	France	z,358
Gormany	Voluntary	100,000	(4) 100,000	Germany	(g)
Gt. Britain .	Voluntary	148,800	600 000	Ot. Britain	goB
Greece	Compulsory	95,000	•••	Greece	6
Hungary	Voluntary	35,000	(d) 35,000	Hungary	(h)

(d) 35,000

750,000

360,000

900,000

150,000

450,000

750,000

250,000

•••

...

•••

•••

35,000

200,000

50,000

270,000 60,000

264,000

32,000

150,000 502,000

304,000

05,000

45,000

120,000

145,000

127,000

8,000

310,000

Voluntary . ... Compulsory ...

Compulsory

Japan Compulsory
Mexico Compulsory
Netherlands Compulsory
Norway Natl. Militia
Peru Voluntary
Poland Compulsory
Pertugal Compulsory
Rumania Compulsory
Russia Compulsory
Spain Compulsory
Sweden Compulsory
Rwitzerland Natl. Militia
Turkay Conscription

Turkey .... Conscription
U.S.A. Voluntary ....
Yugoslavia ... Compulsory ...

Hungary ...

Ishly .....

Japan . . Mexico . . .

AIR FLEETS OF

THE WORLD.

Hungary .... ..

Italy.....

Japan ......... Mexico ......*

Netherlands ..

Norway .....

Peru .....

Poland.....

Portugal ....

Rumania... ..

Russia .....

Spain ......

Sweden ... ...

Switzerland ..

Turkey ..... U.S.A .....

Y ugoslavia.....

(h)

1,100

1,250

400

124

200

Notes —(a) Austria limited to 20,000 all runks by Treaty of St Germain (b) Hulperia limited to 20,000 all ranks, with Gendarmeric 20,000 and Frontier Guard 2,000 by Treaty of Neudly (c) Germany limited to 20,000 all ranks by Treaty of Vermains. (d) Hungary limited to 35,000 all ranks by Treaty of Trianon. (e), (f), (p), (k) Prohibited by respective Treaties.

#### GREAT WAR MEDALS.

THE following Medals for service in the Great War have been issued up to Sept. 30, 1931 :-

Medal	Admiralty	War Office.	Air Ministry	Board of Trade,
British War Medals	538,483	5,685,099	110,538	97,476
Conspicuous Gallantry Medals	108	•••		•••
Distinguished Service Medals		•••		•••
Meritorious Service Medals	z,058	95,735	892	•••
1914 Stars	12,387	366,04x		•••
1914-15 Stars		2,08s,031		•••
Victory Medals	476,667	5,141,050	104,785	***
Distinguished Conduct Medals	•••	31,173		•••
Military Medals		130,874	1	
Perritorial War Medals		33,944	1	
Distinguished Flying Medals			x6e	•••
Air Force Medals	1		164	
Mercantile Marine War Medals				131,569

	1 293
COMMANDS OF THE ARMY.	THE AIR PROGRAMME, 1980-81.
Aldershot.	GREAT BRITAIN32 regular squadrons
G.O.Cin-Chief, Gen. Sir Charles H. Harington, G.B.E., K.C.E., D.S.O., D.C.L., A.D.C.Gep.	13 auxiliary or Cadre
G.B.E., K.C.B., D.S.O., D.C.L., A.D.C.Gep.	squadrons.
June 30, 1931 Major-Gen. (Administration), E. Evans, C.B.,	Overseas:
C.M G , D.S.O	India
Eastern, Horse Guards, S.W. z.	Egypt, Palestine and Transjordan 6 squadrons.
G.O.Cin-Chief, Gen. Sir Webb Gillman, K.C.B.,	Aden ı squadron.
K.C.M.G., D.S.OMarch z, z931	FLERT AIR ARM:
Major-Gen. (Administration), G. W. Howard,	At home and abroad 26 flights.
	FLYING BOATS:
London District. Horse Guards, S.W. z.	At home and abroad 7 squadrons.
G.O.C., MaiGen. A. B. E. Cator. C.B., D.S.O.	STRENGTH OF THE AIR FORCE,
London District, Horse Guards, S.W. z. G.O.C., MajGen. A. B. E. Cator. O.B., D.S.O. Feb. z, 1938	
Northern, York.	The Air Estimates for 1930 show a maximum
G.O.Cin-Chief, Lieut. Gen. Hon. Sir J. Francis	number of Royal Air Force personnel allowed
Gathorne-Hardy, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.	for the year of 33,000, the same as for 1989. These numbers, exclusive of officers and airmen
May 15, 1931 Northern Ireland, Newtownards.	serving in India are shown below ;-
G.O.C., MajGen. E. S. Girdwood, C.B., C.M.G	1930
Sept. 17, 1931	Air Officers 36
	Commissioned Officers 3,300
Scottish, Edinburgh. G.O.Cin-Chief, Lieut -Gen. Sir P. P de B. Rad-	Cadets 187
cliffe, K.C.R., K.C.M.G., D.S.O Feb. 19, 1930	Warrant Officers 466 Non-Commissioned Officers 5,300
	Non-Commissioned Officers
Southern, Salisbury	Aircraftmen
G O Cin-Chief, LieutGen. Sir Cecil F Romer, K.C.B., K.B.R., C.M.GMarch 1, 1931	3,400
Mayor-Gen. (Administration), H. de ('. Martelli,	Total 32,000
C.B., D.S O	The numbers recorded above include 4,615
	officers and airmen in Educational Services
Western, Chester. G.O.Cin-Chief, LacutGen. Sir Cyril J	(including cadets and aircraft apprentices under
Deverell, K.C B., K.B.E April 11, 1931	instruction), r.oss Medical Services, ros Air
	Ministry, and 734 in Experimental and Research Department and attached to Auxiliary and
China, Hong Kong.  G.O.C., Maj. Gen J. W. Sandilands, CB, C.M.G.,	Department and attached to Auxiliary and
D.S.OJan. 5, 192)	Reserve Forces
Egypt, Cairo.	Air Force Reserve.
G.O.C., Lieut Gen. Sir J. T. Burnett-Stuart,	The establishment of the Air Force Reserve
K.B.E., C B., C.M.G., D.S.OJune 5, 1931	18 1,350 Officers and 12,000 other ranks in 1930,
Sudan Defence Force.	the average estimated strength being 1,300
G.O.C., Col. (temp. Brigadier) S. S. Butler, C.M G.,	officers and 11,360 airmen (exclusive of Perina-
D.S.O	nent Staff), a total of zs,660.
Iraq.	GREAT WAR CASUALTIES, 1914-1919.
Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal E. B.	British Empire.
Ludiow-Hewitt, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C.	Deaths Wounded.
Oct. 2, 1930	Gt Britain and Ireland 812,317 1.840.404
Cin-Chief, Gen. Sir P. W. Chetwode, Bt.,	Canada 62.817 166.105
G.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., A D.C.Gen, Nov. 20, 2020	Augtralia 60 426 YEA man
Chief of the General Staff, Lieut, Gen. Sir K.	New Zealand 18,212 45,946
Chief of the General Staff, LieutGen. Sir K. Wignam, K.C.B., C.S.I., C.B.E., D.S.O., Judian Arny	South Africa 9,032 17,843
Army	Newfoundland   x,609   3,628   Colonies
Adjutant-General, Lieut. Gen. Sir C. N. Mac-	India 73,432 84,715
munion. A.C.B., Cal.G., Cl.B., D.S.O., Indian	757.5
Army	Total, British Empire 2,089,929 2,400,988
Wardrop, K.C.B., C.M.G	Allied and Associated Countries.
Master-General of the Ordnance, MajGen. B. R.	Deaths Wounded
Kirwan, C.B , C.M.GApril z, 1930	France 1,303,388 1,490,000
Kirwan, C.B., C.M.G	Belgium 44,686
C.B., C.M G., D.S.OJune 8, 1928	Italy 047,000
Indian Commands.	Portugal 7,222 13,751
Northern, Gen. Sir R. A. Cassels, K.C.B., C.S.I.,	Rumania
D.S.O., A.D.C.Gen., Indian Army May 10, 1930	Serbia
Western, LieutGen. Sir T G. Matheson, K.C.B.,	
C.M.GJune 30, 1931	'Enemy Countries.
Eastern, Gen. Sir J. S. M. Shea, G.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., Indian Army	Germany 2,050,466 4,202,028
Southern, LieutGen. Sir G. D. Jeffreys, K.C.V.O.,	Austria and Hungary 1,200,000 3,620,000 Bulgaria
C.B., C.W.G March as vosv	Turkey 300,000 570,000

## & The Royal Hir Force.

THE KING, Chief of the Royal Air Ferce. The Air Council.

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Chief of the Air Staff and Senior Air Member of Council, Air Chief Marshal Sir John M. Salmond, c.c.s., c.M.c., c.v.o., d. c., l.i.d. Armarshal Sir E. L. Ellington, K.c. B., c. M. c., c. B. E. Afr. Member for Personnel, Air Marshal Sir E. L. Ellington, K.c. B., c. M. c., c. B. E. Afr. Member for Supply and Research, Air Vice-Marshal H. C. T. Dowding, c. M., c. M.c. Deputy Chief of the Air Staff (Additional Member of the Air Council), Air Vice-Marshal C. S. Burnett, c. M., G.E.E., D S O. Secretary, Christopher Liewellyn Bullock, c.s. c.s. z., A.M.

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Director of Civil Aviation, Lt.-Col F. C. Shelmerdine, C.I E., O.B.B. .....

Personal Assistant, H. Jones, M.B.R. Deputy Director of Civil Aviation, F. G. L. Bertram,

Chief Technical Assistant, R. H. S. Mealing.

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Deputy Secretary, Sir Signund Dannreuther, c. s.

Private Sec., W. E. L. Courtney.

Private Sec., W. E. L. Courtney.

Private Sec., W. E. L. Courtney.

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C. N. Knight, O.R. E. R. L. Megarry, O.R. R. (active);

F. G. Nutt, C. R.; I. G. S. Reynolds, S. R.; R. C.

Richards; A. H. Self; J. A. Smith, O.R. E.

S. 55,000 to S. R. S. C.

Richards; A. H. Self; J. A. C. Caines, R. R. E.; W. G.

Principale, J. H. Barnes; C. G. Caines, M. H. I; W. G. Clements, M. C.; E. F. Cliff; J. T. Cotton, G. R. E. W. B. Foden; C. J. Galpin, Jan. G. J. G. Gibson; B. Monk-Jones; F. W. Musson, A.F.C.; P. J. Oldfield; J. B. Proper, L. F. Schooling; W. L. Scott, D. S. C.; W. G. Stovens; F. G. C. Young £700 to £900

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Denuty Directors, H. W. Clothier; F. W. N. Sibley 

#### DIRECTORATE OF CONTRACTS.

Director, C. R. Brigstocke, c n. ....£1,200 to £1,500 Deputy Director, L. V Meadowcroft £1,000 to £1,000
Assistant Directors, G T. Jones; E. L. Pickles,
E. L. Bentor Contracts Officers, E. Backhouse, M.R. 1; S.
Davey, M.R.E.; H. Russell (acts.); E. C. L. White £850 to £700

† Representative of Great Britain on the International lemmission for Air Navigation.

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Director of Operations and Intelligence, and Deputy Olucy of the Air Staf, Air Vico-Marshal C. S. Burnett, c. H., C. B., D. B. Deputy Director, Group-Capt. R. E. C. Peirse, D. S. O.

Director of Organisation and Staff Duties, Alr Commodore R P Mills, c.B., M C A Y C Deputy Director of Staff Duties, Wing Commander T. L. Leigh Mallory, D. So Deputy Director of Organization, Group-Capt. L. A. Pattinson, D S G., M C., D Y C. Signals Branch, Air-Commodore A D Warrington-

Morris, C.M. 6, O.B.B.

Director of Works and Buildings, Col. J. F. Turner, D 5.0

Deputy do., R. F. M. Pearson, C. B. E., M. Inst. C. H. Asst Director of Works, H. A. Lewis Dale, M. J. C. E.

MI Moch H

Chief Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, Maj. D.

Goad, OB.B., M.I.E.E

### Department of the Air Member for Personnel,

Air Member for Personnel, Air Marshal Sir E. L. Ellington, K C R., C M.G., C R E. Private Scoretary, E. H. T. Wiltshire Director of Postings, Group Captain F. K. Haskins,

D S.C., A D.C Director of Personal Services, Air Commodore E. D. M.

Director of Personal Services, Air Commodore E. D. M.
Robertson, D. F.
Deputy Director of Manning, Group Capt. H. R.
Nicholl, c. E.
Director of Truining, Air Commodore W. G. S.
Mitchell, c. E., p. 8.0., M. O., A.F.C.
Director of It. A. F. Medical Services, Air Vice Marshal
J. Mollyte, M.C., M.B., R.Ch.
Asst. Director (Himiene), Squadron Leader H. S. C.
Staykay on E. M. D. B. C. M. E. G. J. R. C. P. D. P.
Staykay on E. M. D. B. C. M. E. G. J. R. C. P. D. P.

Starkey, O.B.B., M.D., H.C., M.R.O.S., L.R.C.F., D.Ph. Matron-in-Chief, Miss K. C. Watt, R. E. (Chaplain-in-Chief, Rev. S. L. Clarke, M.A., B.S. Educational Advisor, W. M. Pago, C.B.E., M.A.

#### Department of the Air Member for Supply and Research.

Air Member for Supply and Research, Air Vice-Marshal H C T Dowding, c B., c M a. Private Sec, A. E. Slater Director, of Technical Development, Air-Commodore

H. M Cave-Browne-Cave, D. to , D. r. C.
Director of Scientific Research, H. E. Wimperis, C. R. R.

MA, FRASE, MIEE
Deputy Director of Technical Development, Group
Capt. N J Gill, C.B. R.C.
Deputy Director of Scientific Research, D. R. Pye,

MA, BAO.R.

Director of Arrahip Development, Royal Airship
Works, Cardington, Beds, Group Capt. W. C. Hicks, A.F.C Director of Aeronautical Inspection, Lt.-Col. H W S

Outram, C.B.E., A.R.S.N., A F.R.AOS., A.M.I.E.E., M.T E I.

M.TE.L.

Director of Equipment, Air Commodors A W

Bigsworth, c. M. S., D. A. F.C.

Deputy do., Group Capt. W. R. Bruce, c. R. R.

Deputy do. (Stores), Group Capt. C. G. Smith, c. R. R.

#### COMMANDS OF THE AIR FORCE.

#### Air Defence of Great Britain,

Hillingdon House, Uxbridge, Middlesex. Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Air Marshal W. G. H. Salmond, E.C.E., E.C.E.G., D.S.O. Sept. 30, 1931 Wessex Bombing Area, Andover, Hants.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal W. I. Webb-Bowen, o B., c M.G. Sopt. 30, 1931 Sopt. 30, 1931

Fighting Area, Uxbridge, Middlesex. Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal F. W. Bowhill, c. M. G., D. S. O. May 4. 2021 May 4, 1931

Inland Area, Bentley Priory, Stanmore. Middlesex.

Coastal Area, 33-34 Tavistock Place, W.C. z. An Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal R H Clarke-Hall, c.w c, b s c. . . . . . . . . Oct. z, 1931

#### Royal Air Force, Cranwell. Cranwell, Lincs.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal A M. Longmore, c B, D S o. . . . . . . . . . . . Dec 25, 2929

#### Royal Air Force, Halton.

Halton House, Halton Camp, Bucks.

#### Royal Air Force, Middle East, Villa Victoria, Cairo.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal C L. N Newall, C B. C B. G. C B. C. C. C. C. L. 2, 1031 Air Commodore, Transfording and Palestine, Air Com-modore W R Froeman, D S. O., N. C. Nov. 20, 1930

### Iraq Command.

#### Hınaidı.

Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal E R. Ludlow-Hewitt, c B, c M, c , D S O, M C Oct 2, 1930

#### Royal Air Force, India,

Sunla (May-Oct.); Delhi (Nov.-April). Air Officer Commanding, Air Vice-Marshal Sir J M ....Fob 6, 1931 Steel, K.B.E , C B., C.M G.

Royal Air Force, Mediterranean, Valletta, Malta. 

#### Aden Command.

#### Steamer Point, Aden.

Officer Commanding, Air Commodore C T. Maclean, D.S O , M C. .....Sept 5, 2909

#### Far East Command.

Singapore, Straits Settlements.

Singapore, Strates counterment.

Officer Communiting, Group Capt. A. H Jackson
Oct 27, 1930

Princess Mary's Royal Air Force Nursing Service. Under the Presidency of H.R.H. Princess Mary (Countess of Harewood).

#### OFFICERS OF AIR RANK. Marshal of the Royal Air Force.

The Lord Trenchard, GCR, DSO, DCL, LLD (Col R. Scots Fus and Hon, Maj-Gen in Army) Jan 2, 1987

#### Air Chief Marshal.

#### Air Marshals.

Sir E. L. Ellington, K.C.R., C.M.G., C.R.E., A.D.C.
July z, 2009
Sir W. G. H. Salmond, E.C.R., K.C.M.G., D.S.C. & O.C.
H. R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G., K.T., E.R., G.C.E.I.,
G.C.M.G., G.C.I.Y., G.C.Y.G., G.R.E., M.G. (Personal
A.D.C. to the King)

A.D.C. to the King)
Sir R. Brooke-Popham, a c B., c.m.c., d s.o., A.F.c.,
Jan. z, zgz

#### Air Vice-Marshals.

top Area ... July 1, 1938
H. C. T. Dowding, c.n., c.u. G. (Air Member for Supply and Research) ... Jan. 2, 1930
R. H. Clark-Hall, c.u. 6., D s.o. (A.O.C., Coastal Area)

A E Borton, ob, c.m a, D so., A r.c. (A O.C., Inland

A residual w-Hewith, c. s., c. s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o., s.o.,

C. S. Burnett, c.s., c.s.e., p.s.o (Director of Operations and Intelligence and Deputy (hief of the Air Stoff) July 2, 2932

J. Meintyro, Mc., MB., Bch (Director of RAF.

Medical Services) .................................July z, zgzz

#### Air Commodores.

I. M. Bouham-Carter, c B , o. B. r. . . . . . July z, zgsg J I Forbes, o B & A O C , Mediterraneau July z, zgsf A G Bourd, c M o. p S o . . . . . Jan. z, zgsf A D Warrington-Morris, c M o., o. B. z (Suppeds)

W K. Frommin, D. 8.0, N.C. (1 rute or acade area Palestree). July 1, 1929 W. G S. Mitchell, C S K., D. 8.0, N.C., A.F.C. (Director of Trusting). July 1, 1929 P. H. L. Playlair, C R, N.C. (Senum Air Stag Officer,

A W. Bigsworth, c M G, D.B O., A.F.C. (Director of

Inland Arra) July 1, 1930
R. P. Ross, Dr. O., Arc (Senior Air Staff Officer, Middle East) Jan 2, 1931
C. D. Courtney, C.B.R., Dr.O. (Senior Air Staff Officer,

C E H. Rathborno, D 8.0 (Senior Air Stoff Office),
Induad Area). Jan. 1, 2932
C T. Maclean, D.8.0, M . (A.O. ' Aden) July 2, 2932
E D M. Robertson, D 1 (Director of Personel
Services). July 1, 2932
R C. M. Pink, C.8.E. July 1, 2932
H. M. Care-Browno-Cave, D 8 0, D F C. (Director of
Technical Development). July 2, 2932
H. D. M. Brock, C.B., D 8 0 (No as Gross), Indand
Arca) July 2, 2932

#### Chaplain-in-Chief.

# Religious Statistics.

CONTINENTAL DISTRIBUTION.

Religion.								
,,	Europe.	Asia.	Afr	ica.	N. America.	S. America.	Gommin.	Total.
Christians :								
Roman Catholics	220,000,000	7,000,000	3.0	00,000	40,000,000	6x,000,000	1,500,000	331,500,000
Orthodox Catholics	120,000,000	20,000,000		00,000	T,000,000		7	144,000,000
ProtestantChurches		7,000,000	3,0	00,000		900,000	6,000,000	200,900,000
		7,						
Total Christians	455,000,000	34,000,000	8.0	00,000	116,000,000	61,000,000	7,500,000	682,400,000
1	100,,	34,			, ,			
Non-Christians :			ı ·					
Jews	10,000,000	I,000,000		00,000	4,510,000	100,000	30,000	16,130,000
Muhammadans	5,000,000	160,000,000		00,000	20,000		•••	209,020,000
Buddhists		150,000,000		••	180,000			150,180,000
Hindus		230,000,000	١.	••	150,000		•••	230,150,000
Confucians and								
Taoista	1	350,000,000		••	600,000			350,600,000
Shintoists		25,000,000	١.	••	•••			25,000,000
Animists		45,000,000	90,50	00,000	50,000		100, 00	135,650,000
Unclassified	5,000,000	18,000,000		•	25,000,000	2,000,000	870,000	50,870,000
1								
Tot'l Non-Christian	20,000,000	979,000,000	135,0	000,000	28,000,000	3,100,000	1,000,000	1,165,100,000
				<u> </u>				
TOTAL	475.000.000	1.013.000.000	143.0	000,000	146,500,000	64,000,000	8,500,000	1.850,000,000
	17.5		1 147					7-0-7
RELIGIONS OF TH	R BRITIS	W TAT.RA. 1	929.		RELI	GIOMS O	F CAWAD	<b>A</b> .
					Paliel	***	****	IOSI.
(From The Church S		ment Chroni	cle,	Rom	an Catholic		2,833,04	
Le	nt, 1931.)			Presi	yterians		1,116,07	x x,409,407
-	ingland.			Angl	inne.		1,043,01	
Religions	marena.	lumber	%	Mat)	icans odists		2,043,01	
Anglicana			10°24	Rent	ists		1,079,993 382,72	
Anglicans	3	,120,000	9 54 5 66	Linth	orans	•••••		9 431,731
Eastern Orthodox .		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3 -0	Gran	k Church	••••	. 230,86	4 286,458
Old Catholics		30,000	80.0		••• •••• ••		88,50	
Lutherans	(	30,000	-	Mon	onites	•••••	74,56	125,197
Methodists	٠ ٠,	.800,000	7'54	Brom	regationali	**********		
Congregationalists .		,020,000	2.74		ucians		34,05	
Bentiets	·· · •	890,000	a.39		tion Army		14,56	27,114
Baptists Presbyterians		500,000	1.34		gelical Asso			
Church of Christ	••••	50,000	0.13	Chal	tian Science	MINIOTE		
Salvation Army			0.32		hobors			
Moravians			0.08					3 18,648
Brethren			0.81	Die	hren hists	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3 71,580
Catholic Apostolic Ch	h	15.000	0.04	Duuc	TT 1808	••• •• •••••	10,01	13,281 E
			0 04		RELIGI	ONB OF	ATISTRA	T.T.A.
Swedenhorgians	••••••		0.08		Religio			
Society of Friends .			0.00	Chry	ch of Engle	me.	igiz	zgez
Unitarians				Drock	yterians	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3,372,995
Christian Scientists.			0.40	Math	odists			636,974
Jews			0.48		Protestan			
Others	3	,165,000	8.28					
Wales and	W	shire.	1		in Catholic			
			- 1	OWB		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	17,28	7 21,615
Anglicans								
		750,000 2	7.77			TR OF W	EW ZEAT	LAWD.
Calvinists		750,000 a 550,000 a	0 37		RELIGIO			
Calvinists		750,000 2 550,000 2 520,000 2	9.85	Chus	RELIGIO	na.	,	tgző zgad
Calvinists		750,000 2 550,000 2 520,000 2	9.85	Chur	RELIGIO Religion	ns and	4:	1926 1926 1 75 AT ST
Calvinists	 	750,000 a 550,000 a 520,000 a 410,000 a	9 37 9 25 5 18 6 11	Prest	RELIGION Religion ch of Engla	ns upd	4:	1916 1926 1 75 41 81
Calvinists		750,000 8 550,000 8 520,000 1 410,000 1 165,000	9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70	Prest	RELIGIO Religio ch of Engla syterians odista	ns npd	4	1926 1926 175 41 21 3'71 24'60 9'64 9'02
Calvinists		750,000 8 550,000 8 520,000 1 410,000 1 165,000	9 37 9 25 5 18 6 11	Prest	RELIGION Religion ch of Engla	ns npd	4	1916 1926 1 75 41 81
Calvinists Congregationalists . Baptists		750,000 8 550,000 8 520,000 1 410,000 1 165,000	9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70	Prest	RELIGIO Religio ch of Engls syterians odists an Catholic	ns npd	4 2	1926 1986 175 41 81 3'71 24'60 9'64 9'02 3'79 12 89
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Boman Catholics Others 8		750,000 2 550,000 8 520,000 1 410,000 1 165,000 100,000 205,000	9:25 6:11 3:70 7:58	Prest	RELIGIO Religio ch of Engla yterians odists un Catholic	ind s	4 2	1926 1926 1 75 41 21 3 71 24 60 9 64 9 02 3 79 12 89
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Boman Catholics Others  S Church of Scotland		750,000 2 \$50,000 8 \$20,000 1 165,000 100,000 205,000 7	9'85 5'18 6'11 3'70 7'58	Prest Meth Roma	RELIGIO Religio ch of Engla yterians odists un Catholic Religio	ns and s IGIONS	4 2 1	1916 1926 175 41 21 3'71 24'60 9'64 9'02 3'79 12 89
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Roman Catholics Others  Church of Scotland Roman Catholics	cotland.	750,000 2 550,000 2 520,000 2 410,000 2 105,000 2 100,000 2 205,000 7 600,000 2	9 37 9 35 5 18 6 11 3 70 7 58	Prest Meth Roma	RELIGIO Religio ch of Engla yterians odists un Catholic Religio	ns and s IGIONS	4 2 1	1916 1926 175 41 21 3'71 24'60 9'64 9'02 3'79 12 89
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Methodists Others Others  S Church of Scotland Episoopal Ohurch		750,000 2 550,000 2 520,000 1 65,000 1 105,000 2 205,000 7 600,000 2	9'85 5'18 6'11 3'70 7'58	Prest Meth Rome Prote Other	RELIGION Religion ch of Engla syterians odists an Catholic Religion stant Episo r Protestan	ns ind  8 IGIONS (  ns copal	0F U.S.A	1916 1926 175 41 21 371 24 50 9 64 9 02 379 12 89 Estimate for 1926. 1,220,000
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Ecoman Catholics Others  Ghurch of Scotland Ecoman Catholics Episoopal Church Congregationalists		750,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,00	0 37 9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70 7 58 1 93 2 24 3 34 2 18	Prest Meth Rome Prote Other	RELIGION Religion ch of Engla syterians odists an Catholic Religion stant Episo r Protestan	ns ind  8 IGIONS (  ns copal	0F U.S.A	1916 1926 175 41 21 371 24 60 9 64 9 02 3 79 12 89 Estimate for 1926. 1,280,000 78,000,000
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Boman Catholics Others  Church of Scotland Roman Catholics Episcopal Church Congregationalists Baptists		750,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,000 a 550,00	0 37 9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70 7 58 1 93 2 24 3 34	Prote Other Roma Easte	RELIGIOI Religio Ch of Engls yterians An Catholic Religioustant Episc Protestan an Catholic rn Orthode	ss	0F U.S.A	1916 1926 1 75 41 21 2 71 24 50 9 54 9 52 3 79 12 89 Estimate for 1926. 1,280,000 28,000,000 18,000,000
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Ecoman Catholics Others  Ghurch of Scotland Ecoman Catholics Episoopal Church Congregationalists		750,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 205,000 205,000 205,000 256,000 256,000 207,000 63,000 37,000 37,000	0 37 9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70 7 58 1 93 2 24 3 34 2 18 1 28	Prote Other Roma Easte	RELIGIOI Religio Ch of Engls yterians An Catholic Religioustant Episc Protestan an Catholic rn Orthode	ss	0F U.S.A	rgrf 1986 1.75 41 21 2.75 42 42 2.75 42 45 2.76 9 54 2.79 12 89 1,200,000 2.8,000,000 4,70,000
Calvinists Congregationalists Baptists Methodists Boman Catholics Others  Church of Scotland Roman Catholics Episcopal Church Congregationalists Baptists		750,000 2550,000 2550,000 2550,000 2 205,000 2 205,000 2 205,000 2 205,000 2 256,000 2 256,000 2 256,000 2 37,000 337,000	0 37 9 25 5 18 6 11 3 70 7 58 1 93 2 24 3 34 2 18 1 28	Prote Other Roma Baste Latte	RELIGION Religion ch of Engla syterians odists an Catholic Religion stant Episo r Protestan	ss	4 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1925 1926 17.75 41 21 17.71 24 50 19.64 9 02 17.79 12 89 Estimate for 1926. 1.1200,000 18,000,000 470,000

#### THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

#### THE CHURCH ASSEMBLY.

8, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W. z.

(Hours to to 5.)
Sessions of the Church Assembly in 1932. Feb. 1-5; June 13-17; Nov. 14-18.
MEASURES PASSED BY THE ASSEMBLY, 1931.
(Date of Royal Assent is shown in brackets.)

Boclesiastical Commissioners (Loans for Church

Training Colleges) Measure, 1931 (March 27, 1931) Episcopal Pensions (Sodor and Man) Measure, 

Cathedrals Measure, 1931.....(July 8, 1931) Channel Islands (Church Logislation Measure, 1931 ......(July 8, 1931) Channel Islands (Representation) Measure, 1931

(July 8, 1931) Ecclesiastical Commissioners (Provision for Unbeneficed Clergy) Measure, 1928 (Amendment) Measure, 1931 .....(July 8, 1931)

THE CHURCH ASSEMBLY (or "National Assembly of the Church of England") was established in 1920, "to deliberate on all matters concerning the Church of England and to make provision in respect thereof." The Assembly consists of three Houses, composed of Bishops, Clergy, and Latty respectively. The first two Houses consist of the Convocations of Canterbury and York, of which the respective Upper Houses form the House of Bishops, and the respective Lower Houses the House of Cleryy: the House of Laity comprises representatives of the Laity of the Provinces of Canterbury and York, elected the Provinces of Canterbury and York, elected every five years by the Lay members of the bhoosean Conferences, who consist mainly of representatives elected, either directly or indirectly, by members of the ('hurch of England on a roll prepared in each parish.

The Church Assembly is free to discuss any

proposal concerning the Church of England, and to make provision in respect of such matters, but where this includes Parliamentary sanction for any alteration contemplated, this authority is to be sought in the manuer prescribed by the Church of England Assembly (Powers) Act, 1919, otten referred to as the "Enabling Act." It is specially provided that any innovation touching doctrinal formulæ, or the services or ceremonies of the Church, or the administration of the Sacraments or sacred rites thereof, must be debated and voted upon by each of the three Houses sitting separately, and must then be either accepted or rejected by the Assembly in the terms in which it is finally proposed by the liouse of Bishops. It is further laid down that the Assembly or any of the three Houses may debate and formulate its judgment by resolution upon any matter concerning the Church, or otherwise of religious or public interest, but the Assembly may not issue any atatement pur-porting to define the doctrine of the Church on any question of theology. None of the powers belonging to the Convocations of Canterbury and York is to be diminished or derogated by the Assembly, which is also prohibited from exercising any power or performing any function distinctively belonging to the Bishops by right

of their episcopal office.

Parochial affairs are managed by Parochial Church Meetings of parishioners who are members of the Church of England and by Church Councils elected by such meetings.

General Statistics.—The number of baptisms in 1989 was 487,858, the Easter communicants in the various English Dioceses numbered 2,443,887. the various English Diocessa numbered 3,443,827, The total gross income of 12,824 incumbents was £6,469,705, including £199,807 contributed as Easter offerings. The stipends of the assistant clergy were £1,021,325. The amount of voluntary parochial contributions in the 43 diocess of England was £6,028,837, and the total from all sources £9,873,765.

Central Board of Finance.—Receipts in 1930 community of the 1940 aum Diocessa.

amounted to £143,416, of which sum Diocesan contributions amounted to £109,064. Below are the principal items of expenditure:—

are the principal items of expendiente	_
Training: Training for Holy Orders	£1,176
Religious education	31,047
Special purposes	793
Missionary Council	5,831
Investment of Gifts to Capital	1,378
Clergy Pensions	
Overseas Fund	50,000
Overscan Fully	1,188
Sponsor's Scheme	24,807
General Administration : Convocations,	
Church Assembly, Central Board,	
Organisation, &c., committees	27,146

*Total expenditure .....£242,760 Total receipts ...... 243,426

#### OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Chairman, The Archbishop of Canterbury.
Vice-Chairman, The Archbishop of York.
Treasurer, Col. Sir R. Williams, Bart.
Secretary, Sir Philip W. Baker-Wilbraham, Bart.
Assistant Secretary, Guy H. Guillum Scott.
Frinancial Secretary and Secretary to Legal
Board, Canon F. Partridge.
Secretary Central Ad hyper Conneil of Transmiss.

Secretary Central Advisory Council of Training for the Ministry, Rev. Frank Woolnough. Sec. to Miss. Council, Canon A. W. Dayles, D.Litt. Sec. Press d: Public'us Board, Canon F. Partridge. Hon. Sec. Social and Industrial Committee, Rev. P. T. R. Kirk.

Secretary, Archbishops' Commission on the Relations of Church and State, L. Eaton Smith.

The House of Bushops.

Charman, The Archbishop of Canterbury. Vice-Chairman, The Archbishop of York,

The House of Clergy. Chairman, The Archdeacon of St. Albans, D.D. Vice-Chairman, The Archdeacon of Halifax.

The House of Laity.

Chairman, The Earl of Selborne, K.G. Vice-Chairman, Lord Daryngton.

#### CONVOCATION.

Canterbury, Upper House.

President.—The Archbishop of Canterbury.
Regustrar, H. T. A. Dashwood.
Apparator-General, Sir John Hanham, Bt.

Lower House, Prolocutor, The Archdeacon of St. Albans. Actuary, Guy Bowman.

York, Upper House. President. - The Archbishop of York.

Lower House. Prolocutor, The Archdeacon of Halifax. Registrar, A. V. Hudson, Minster Yard, York.

The Board also incurred a Capital Expenditure of figures in connection with the rebuilding of Training Colleges, which was defrayed out of debentures issued and special contributions.

#### DIGCESES OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The sums appended to the various effects are the full incomes derivable from the satates and revenues of the Church.

The leans and Chapters of certain Dioceses (unarked * 14 the following pages) preferred several years ago to retain these of steed annual money pagments, estates estimated at that time to produce the same annual women.

20 ma himan as All antanhum	STREET AND AND C
Probince of Canterbury.	Westminster. £a,∞∞.
*CANTERBURY. £15,000. esth Archbishop and Primate of All England, Rt.	Dean, The Very Rev. W. Foxley Norris, c.v.o.,
Hon. and Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, D.D.	Canons Residentiary (each £1,000).
(consecrated 1901). (Lambeth Palace, S.E. 1.) [Signs Cosmo Cantuar:]1988	W.H.Carnegie, M.A. 1913 P. Dearmer, D.D. 1931 Archd. Storr, M.A1921 H. W. Blackburn,
	Archd. Storr, M.A 1981 H. W. Blackburn,
Bishops Sufragan. Doner, Rt. Rev. J. V. Macmillan, O.B.E., D.D.	F.L. Donaldson, M.A. 1984 D.S.O., M.C1931 C. S. Woodward,
(Lambeth Palace, S.E. r)	M.C., M.A. rgas Sub-Dean, W. H. Carnegie, M.A. rgz8
Vicarage, Croydon)	Sub-Dean, W. H. Carnegie, M.A
Dean (£2,000).	Receiver-Gen. & Chapter Clerk, Sir E. F. Knapp-
Very Rev. Hewlett Johnson, D.D., B.Sc . 1931	Fisher.
Canons Residentiary (each £1,000).  8. Bickersteth, D.D. 1916   Archdn Hard-	Precentor, Rev. Leigh H. Nixon, M.A. Organist, E. Bullock, Mus.D., F.R.C.O.
T. G. Gardiner, M.A. 1917   castle1924	
Bp. of Doverxgsx J. M.C. Crum, M.A. xgs8	*WINCHESTER. £4,500.
Organist, C. Charlton Palmer, Mus.Doc.	89th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Frank Theodore Woods, D.D., cons. 1916. (Wolvesey, Winchester.) Prelate
Archdeacons.	of the Order of the Garter. [Signs Theodore]
Canterbury, Ven. E. H. Hardcastle, N.A 1924 Maidstone, The Bishop of Dover1981	Winton]
Reneficed Clergy, 310; Curates, d'c., 152.	Bushop Sufragan. Southampton, Rt. Rev. Cecil H. Boutflower, D.D.,
Vicar-General of Province and Diocese, Sir Lewis	cons. x905x92x
Tonna Dibdin, D.C.L. Commusary of Diocese, F. H. L. Errington, C.B.,	Dean (nominally £1,970).
D.C.L., K.C.	Very Rev. Edward Gordon Selwyn, D.D1930
Principal Registrar of Province and Diocess and	Dean of Jersey, Very Rev. S. Falle, M.A 1906
Legal Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanctuary, S.W. z.	Dean of Guernsey, Very Rev. D. F. Carey, D.S.O.,
LONDON. £20,000.	X.A1928  Canons Residentiary (nominally £917).
zosth Bishop, Rt. Hon, and Rt. Rev. Arthur Foley	P. R. P. Braithwaite, Cyril Hepher, M.A. 2016
Winnington-Ingram, R.C.V.O., D.D., LL.D. (Provincial Dean of Canterbury; Prelate of the	P. R. P. Braithwaite, Cyril Hepher, M.A. 1926  M.A
Order of the British Empire), cons. 1897. (Ful-	A. G. Robinson, M.A. 2008 zgas Organist, W. Prendergast, Mus. Doc.
ham Palace, S.W. 6.) [Signs A. F. London.] 1901	Archdeacons (£300).
Assistant Bishop, Right Rev. Herbert Bury, D.D., cons. 1908. (8 Greycoat Gardens, Westminster,	Winchester, Ven. Alfred Edward Daldy, M.A. 1920
8.W.) 1911	Basingstoke, Ven. J. Carpenter Turner, M.A. 1927
Bishops Suffragan,	Beneficed Clergy, 306; Curates, &c., 82.
Stepney, Rt. Rev. Chas. Edwd. Curzon, M.A. 1938 Kensington, Rt. Rev. John Primatt Maud, D.D.,	Chancellor, Guy H. Guillum Scott, M.A(1930)
b. 1860 (88 Gloucester Terrace, W. 2) 1911	Registrar, Charles Wooldridge, Winchester. Secretaries, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dashwood,
Willesden, Rt. Rev. Guy Vernon Smith, M.C., M.A. (65 Hendon Lane, Church End, Finchley,	z The Sanctuary, S.W. z.
N.W. 3) 1989	BATH AND WELLS. £5,000.
Fulkam ( for Norta ana Central Burubel, Rt. Rev. )	meet Richan Rt. Ray St. John Regil Woman
Dean of St. Paul's (£2,000).	Willson, D.D. (The Palace, Wells.) [Signs Basil Bath & Well.]
Basil Staunton Batty, O.B.E., M.A 1926  Dean of St. Paut's (£3,000).  Very Rev. Wnn. Ralphi Inge, K.C.V.O., D.D.,  Deanery, Dean's Court, E.C	Bishop Suffragan.
Deanery, Dean's Court, E.C	Taunton, Rt. Rev. George Arthur Hollis, M.A.
Canons Residentiary (each £x,000). S. A. Alexander, c.v.o., O. C. Quick, N.Ax930	(Bishop's Mead, Taunton)2932
M.A1909 J. A. MOZIEY, D.D. 1931	Dean (£1,000). Very Rev. J. A. Robinson, D.D
Archd. Sharpe, M.A. 1939' Organist, Stanley Marchant, Mus. Doc., F.R.C.O.	Canons Residentiary of Wells (each £600).
Archdeacons.	Canons Residentiary of Wells (each £600).  J. M. Alcock, M A. 1915   Bishop of Taunton 1918 Bishop de Salis 1915   T. H. Davis, Mus.D. 1980
Loudon Ven. E. N. Sharpe, W.A	Organist, Rev. Canon Davis, Mus.D. 1980
Middlesex, Ven. F. N. Thicknesse, M.A.(£333) 1930	Archdeacons (each £ 200).
Hampstead, Ven. C. E. Lambert, M.A	
Beneficed Clergy, 561; Curates, &c., 2015. Chancellor and Commissary of the Dean and	Taunton, Bishop de Salis, D.D 1911 Wells, Ven. Walter Farrer, M.A 1917
Chapter, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L.,	mene, ven. warm railer, m.a igi7
Joint Registrars, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dash-	Beneficed Clergy, 49s; Curates, &c., 136. Chancellor, F. H. L. Errington, C.B., D.C.L., K.C. Registrar, Sec. & Chapt. Clerk, R.G. Harris, Wells.
Joint Registrars, C. W. Lee and H. T. A. Dashwood, z Dean's Court, E.C. 4. Chapter Clerk and Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood,	Registrar, Sec. & Chapt. Clerk, R.G. Harris, Wells.
The Sanctuary, S.W. 1.	London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, 1 The Sanctuary S. W. z.

s Subject to pension of fines to predecessor.	Organist, T. H. M. Armstrong, Mus. Doc.
Organist, Harvey Grace, Mus.Doc.	D. McLaren, M.A1913   Archd. Thompson 1920   Archd. Leeke1921   Bp. of Crediton1930
Canons Residentiary (each £475).  Bishop Houthwell, E. Mortlock, M.A. 2026 C.M.G., B.D	Dean (£1,500). Very Rev. Walter Robert Matthews, D.D1921 Canons Residentiary (each £1,000).
Dean (£930). Very Rev. A. S. Duncan-Jones, B.D	Masterman, M.A
Bishop Suffragan.  Lewes, Rt. Rev. Hugh Mandalay Hordern, M. A. 1929	Bishops Sufragan. Crediton, Rt. Rev. William Frederick Surtees, M.A. (The Close, Exeter)
G. K. Cicestr: ]	D.D. (The Palace, Exeter.) [Signs W. Exon :] 1917
97th Bishop, Rt. Rev. George Kennedy Allen Bell, p.p. (The Palace, Chichester.); [Signs:	S.W. r.  EXETER. £2,800.  65th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Lord William Gascoyne-Cecil,
CHICHESTER. £4,200.	Registrar, E. R. Evans, Ely. Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood, 1 The Sanctuary,
Beneficed Clergy, 460; Curates, &c., 238. Chancellor, Sir P. Baker Wilbraham, Bart.	Beneficed Clergy, 308; Curates, &c., 100. Chancellor, Kenneth M. Macmorran, LL.D. Registrar, E. R. Evans, Ely. Secretary, H. T. A. Dashwood, 1 The Sanctuary,
Colchester, Bishop of Colchester(£600) 1922 West Ham, Bishop of Barking(£400) 1920 Southend, Ven. P. M. Bayne, M.A (£300) 1922	Ely, Rt. Rev. Bishop Price, D.D. (£600) 1919 Hunts, Ven. K. D. Knowles, D.D(£800) 1921 Wishech, Ven G. H. Ward, M.A(£800) 1924
Organist, F. R. Frye, B.A., F.R.C.O.  Archdeacons. Calchester Bishon of Colchester (£600)	Archdeacons.
Barking, Rt. Rev. J. Theodore Inskip, D.D. (The Walnuts, Walthamstow, E. 17)	Canons Residentiary (each £820). R H. Kennett, D. D. 1903 F. V. Watsou, M. A. 1925 Bishop Price, D.D. 1921 C. J. Smith, M.A. 1925 G. W. Evans, M.A. 1923 J. M. Creed, D.D1926
Bishops Sufragan. Colchester, Rt. Rev. Thomas Alfred Chapman, D. D. (Derby House, Colchester)	Very Rev. A. F. Kirkpatrick, b. b
(Bishopscourt, Chelmsford.) [Signs Henry Chelmsford] 1989	Dean (£1,720).
CHELMSFORD. £3,000.  3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Henry Albert Wilson, D D.	Leouard Ely]
8.W. 1.	orst Bishop, Rt. Rev. Leonard Jauncey White-
Beneficed Clergy, 190; Curates, &c., 104. Chancellor, H. C. Dowdall, K.C., M.A1919 Registrar and Secretary, Wm. Setton Clarke, M.A.	Beneficed Clergy, 262; Curates, &c., 45. Chancellor, H. B. Vnisey, M.A., K.C. Registrav, J. R. T. Ducker, Derby. London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W. 1.
Swindon, Bishop of Malmesbury 1927	Chancellor, H. B. Vainey, M.A., K.C. Registrar, J. E. T. Ducker, Derby.
Organist, Hubert W. Hunt, D. Mus. Archdeacons (each £300).	Derby, Ven. Edward Spencer Noakes, LL.D. 1909 Chesterjield, Ven. Geoffrey Hare Clayton, M.A. 1938
H.B. Freeman, M.A. 1984 F. D. V. Narborough, M.A	Edmund Derby]
Canons Residentiary (each £680). R. J. Fletcher, D.D. 1919   T.W. Pym, D.S O., M.A. H.B. Freeman, M.A. 1984	p.D. (Breadsall Mount, Derby.) (Signs
Dean (£1,360). Very Rev. H. L. C. V. de Candole, D.D 1926	Regultrar, Walter Browett, Coventry (1918).  DERBY. £3,000.
Bishop Sufragan.  Malmesbury, Rt. Rev. Rouald Erskine Ramsay, LL.D	Beneficed Clergy, 201, Curates, &c., 70. Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A(1921) Registrar, Walter Browett, Coventry (1918).
ristol]	Coventry, Ven. J. W. Hunkin, O.B.E., M.C., D.D. 1947 Warwick, Ven. H. St. B. Holland, M.A1949
40th Bishop, Rt. Rev. George Nickson, D.D. (cons.	Provost, The Very Rev. C. E. Morton, M.A1929 Organist, Dr. Harold Rhodes. Archdeacons.
Benefoed Cleryy, 166; Curates, &c., \$5. Organist, F. W. B. Dunnill, F.R.C.O. Chancetter, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C. M.A(1921) Registrar and Secretary, Charles Ekin, 36 Waterloo St., Birmingham.	[Signs Coventry.]
Organist, F. W. B. Dunnill, F.R.C.O. Chancelor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C. M.A(1981)	COVENTEY. £3.000. 3rd Bishop and Dean, Rt. Rev. Mervyn George Haigh, D.D. (The Bishop's House, Coventry.)
Birmingham, Ven. Charles Hopton, M.A1915	Secretary to the Bishop, Chapter Clerk and Registrar, G. Ashley Tyacke, Chichester. London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S. W. z.
D.D., Birmingham (cons. 1893)1913  Archdeacons (cach £300).	Beneficed Clergy, 397; Curates, &c., about 295. Chancellor, Kenneth M. Macmorran, LL.D. 2968 Secretary to the Bishop, Chapter Clerk and Regis
D.D., LL.D., F.R.S. (Bishop's Croft, Harborne, Birmingham.) [Signs E. W. Birmingham] 1924 Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. A. Hamilton Baynes,	Chichester, Ven. Benedict G. Hoskyns, M.A. space Hastings, Ven. A. F. Alston
BIRMINGHAM. £4, mee. § grd Bishop, Bt. Rev. Ernest Marmes, Sc. D., Br. Br. Br. Bishow's Cont. Harbows.	Archdeacons (each £300). Leves, Ven. F. H. D. Smythe, M.A

Archdeacons.	Archdeacons (each £200).
Exeter, Ven. A. Huxley Thompson, M.A 1930 Barnstaple, Van. F. Emlyn Jones, M.A. (£340) 1930 Totnes, Ven. T. N. Leeke, M.A. (£300) 1931 Plymouth, Ven. F. W. Daukes, M.A. (£300) 1938 Randices sees Jacumbests see: Curates & to plt. 200	Leicester, Ven. F.B. Macnutt, M.A., F.R. Hist.S. 1980
Barnstaple, Van. F. Emlyn Jones, M.A. (£340) 1930	Loughborough, Ven. W. P. Hurrell, M.A 1983
Totnes, Ven. T. N. Leeke, M.A (£300) 1921	Beneficed Clergy, 242 : Curates, &c., ss.
Prymouth, ven. F. W. Daukes, N.A. (£300) 1938	Chancellor, N. C. Armitage, N.A. London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W. r.
Benefices, gan; Incumbents, gon; Curates, &c., abt. 300. Chancellor, Sir Francis Newbolt, K.C.	London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanc-
Registrar and Secretary, H. W. Michelmore. Exeter.	tuary, S.W. z.
London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanc-	LICHFIELD. £4,200.
tuary, S.W.z.	
	93rd Bishop, Right Rev. John Augustine Kemp-
*GLOUCESTER. £4,300.	thorne, D.D., cons. 1910. (Bishop's Hostel, Lichfield.) [Signs J. A. Lichfield] trans. 1913
33rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Arthur Cayley Headlam, D.D., C.H. (Palace, Gloucester.) [Signs A. C.	Dishon Chefingan
Gloucester]2983	Bishop Sufragan. Staford, Right Rev. Lionel Payne Crawfurd, D.D.
Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edwin James Palmer,	(Edgmond Rectory, Newport, Salop)1915
D.D. (cons. 1908)	Dean (£1,000).
Dean, Very Rev. Henry Gee, D.D. (about £1,400)	Very Rev. Hy. E. Savage, D.D(1909)
1017	
Canons Residentiary (each about £700).  F. H. Dudden, D.D. 2928   Archd. Ridsdale 2921 F. Peacock, M.A.,   H. M. Smith, D.D. 2921	Canons Residentiary (each £ 300).
F. H. Dudden, D.D. 1918   Archd. Ridsdale 1981	A. Moncrief, M.A
F. Peacock, M.A., (Canon Missioner). 1919 M. E. Atlay, M.A. 1923	Alfred Penny, M.A. 1919
(Canon Missioner). 1919   M. E. Atlay, N.A. 1923	Arch. Bright, M.A. 1928   Organist, Ambrose P. Porter, B.Mus., F.R.C.O.
Organist, Herbert Sumsion, Mus.Bac., F.R.C O.,	
£400.	Archdeucons (each £200).
Archileacons (each £300).	Stoke-on-Trent, Ven. John M. A. Graham, N. A. 1908
Gloucester, Ven. C. H. Ridsdale, M.A	Salop, Ven. Hon. H. E. S. S. Lambart, M.A. 1917
Cheltenham, Ven. A. W. Cornwall, M.A1924	Stafford, Ven. Hugh Bright, M.A1972
Beneficed Cleryy, 300; Curates, dc., 90. Chancellor & Vicar-Gen., Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C.,	Beneficed Clergy, 472; Curates, &c., 282.
	Chancellor, F. O. Langley, LL.B(1928)
_ M.A1923	Registrar and Sec., G. J. Muiray Atkins, The
Regist. & Sec., (vacant)	Close, Lichfield.
GUILDFORD. £3,000.  28t Bishop and Dean, Rt. Rev. John Harold Greig, D.D., cons. 1922 (The Grange, Cobban, Survey) Ellens Child Carlletonia.	LINCOLN. £4,500.
rat Bishon and Dean, Rt. Rev. John Harold	ooth Bishop, Right Rev. W. Shuckburgh Swayne, D.D. (The Old Palace, Lincoln.) [Signs W. S. Lincoln]
Greig, D.D., cons. rosz (The Grange, Cobham.	D.D. (The Old Palace, Lincoln.) [Signs W. S.
Surrey.) [Signs John Guildford]1927	Lincoln] 1920
Archdeacon (£300).	Asst. Bishop, Rt. Rev. John Edward Hille, D.D.
Surrey, Ven. Lionel Blackburne, N.A1928	(cons. 1896)1930
Dorking, Rt. Rev. C. H. Golding-Bird, D.D. 1930	Bishop Suffragan.
Beneficed Clergy, 140; Curates, dec., 76	Grantham, Right Rev. Ernest Morell Blackie,
Chanceller, K. Macinorran, M A.	B.A. (The Subdeanery, Lincoln.)1930
Registrar, A. W. D. Moore.	Dean (£2,000).
Registrar, A. W. D. Moore, London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanctuary, S.W. z.	Very Rev. Robert Andrew Mitchell, M.A., xooo
tuary, n. w. z.	Canons Residentiary (each £1,000). Sub-Dean Jeudwine J. H. Srawley, D.D. 1923
HEREFORD. £4,200.	Sub-Dean Jeudwine J. H. Srawley, D.D. 1923
goth Bishop, Right Rev. Charles Lisie Carr, D.D.,	ioi3 ( Disnop nine 1925
cons. 1922 (The Palace, Hereford.) [Signs	Bishop of Grantham
Lisle Hereford]trans. 1930	( igaz
Dean.	Organist, Gordon Slater, Mus Doc.
Very Rev. Reginald Waterfield, D.D. (£1,000) 1919	Archdeacons.
Canonis Rendentiary (each about £700).	Lincoln, Bishop Hine, D.D
A. I. Billey W. A. Sore H. A. Moore W. A. Sore	
Canons Residentiary (each about £700). A.T. Baunister, M.A. 1969 B. H. Streeter, D.D. 1915 A. L. Lilley, M.A. 1921 H. A. Moore, M.A. 1939 Oryanist, Percy C. Hull, F.R.C.O., Mus. Doc.	Benefices, 38a; Curates, de., 73.
Ambidenous food food	Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A(1983)
Archdeacons (each £300).  Hereford, Rt. Rev. G. D. Iliff, D.D	Registrar, A. E. T. Jourdain.
Ludlow Ven E R Bartlett D.D	NORWICH. £4,800.
Reneficed Clauses nor Counter to	65th Bishop (205th of East Anglia), Rt. Rev.
Beneficed Clergy, 299; Curates, &c., 23. Chancellor, S. R. C. Bosanquet, K.C., M.A. Registrar, Francis R. James.	Bertram Pollock, K.C.V.O., D.D. (The Palace,
Registrar. Francis R. James.	Norwich.) [Signs B. Norwic.]
Lond. Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanctuary,	
8.W. 1.	Dean (£1,800).
LEICESTER.	Very Rev. David H. S. Cranage, Litt.D1928
zoth Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cyril Charles Bowman	Canons Residentiary (each £900).
zeth Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cyril Charles Bowman Bardsley, D.D. (Bishop's House, Leicester),	J. Allen Bell, M.A. 1918 Archd. Buckland, M.A.
[Signs Cyril Leicester] cons. 19231926	A. R. H. Grant, 1927
Canons Residentiary.	C.V.O., D.Dxgs6 (vacancy)xg3x
Archdn. Macnutt 1987 S.T. Winckley, M.A. 1927	Oryanist, Heathcote Statham, Mus. Doc., £325.
Archdn. Macnutt 1997   S.T. Winckley, M.A. 1927 Archdn. Hurrell1927   G. W. Briggs, M.A. 1927 F. R. C. Payne, M.A.   A. Linwood Wright,	Archdeacone (each £300).
s. E. C. Payne, M.A. A. Linwood Wright,	Nortale Van Angustus R Buckland M.A 1980
Organist, George C. Gray, Mis. Bac., F.R.C.O.	Norwich, Ven. G. M. MacDermott, M.Ax900 Norfolk, Ven. Augustus R. Buckland, M.Ax900 Lynn, Ven. H. S. Radeliffe, M.Ax906
oryannes, Goorge C. Graj, Mas. Bac., F.E.C.U.	
	1000

Beneficed Cleryy, 475; Curates, dc., 154. Chancellor, F. Koppel North, L.E. Register & Sec., O. B. Bollighroke.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  OXFORD. \$1,000.  Bikhop, Rt. Rev. Thromas Banks Strong, G. R.R., D.L., D. Man, cons. 2980. (Caldesdon Palace, Uson). [Signs Thomas Coxon). Irans. 1995.  Bikhop, Stiffragan.  Buckingham, Rt. Rev. Flittly H. Ellot, D.D. 1994.  Statistant Bikhop, Rt. Rev. Edward Domett Shaw, D. D. 6008. 2914.  Dean of Christ Church (\$5,000.)  Cyro Rev. Henry Julian Wilte, D.D	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	-
*ROCHESTER, £4,000. (1907).  Registrar, E. C. Parker.  Loud Bighop, Rt, Rev. Martin Linton Smith.  Loud Secretary, W. E. Bigg.	S.W. I.  OXFORD. £5,000. 36th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Thomas Banks Strong, G.B.R., D.D., D.Mus., cons. 1328 (Cuddesdon Palace, Oxon.) [Signs Thomas Oxon.] trans. 1328 (Euglas Banks Strong, G.B.R., D.D., D.Mus., cons. 1328 (Cuddesdon Palace, Oxon.) [Signs Thomas Oxon.] trans. 1328 Bishop Sufragan.  Buckingham, Rt. Rev. Edward Domett Shaw, D.D. (cons. 1324)	Very Rev. Reginald Thomas Talbot, D.D
London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W. z.  *ROCHESTER. £4,000.  roand Bishop, Rt. Rev. Martin Linton Smith.  Lengt Secretary, W. E. Bigg.	Portsmouth, Ven. H. N. Rodgers, M.A227 Isle of Wight, Ven. R. McKew, C.B E., D.D. 1929 Chancellor, T. H. Parr, K.C., M.A. (1930). Registrar, E. Bechervaire.	Durset, Ven. W. O. Parish, M.A. 1299 Wilts, Ven. J. W. Coulter, M.A. 1297 Sarum, Ven. H. W. Carpenier, O.B.E., M.A. 1291 Sherborne, Bishop Joscelyne, D.D. 12919
D.S.O., D.D., cons. zers. (Bishop's Court, London See., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sanctuary, Rochester.) [Signs M. L. Roffen.]	London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W. r.  *ROCHESTER. £4,000.  reand Bishop, Rt. Rev. Martin Linton Smith.	Chancellor, Alan Cyprian Bourne Webb, M.A. (1907).  Registrar, E. C. Parker.  Legal Scoretary, W. E. Bigg.
	D.S.O., D.D., cons. 1918. (Bishop's Court, Rochester.) [Signs M. L. Roffen.] 1930	London See., H. T. A. Dashwood, z The Sauctuary, S.W. z.

SOUTHWARK. £3,000.	Prebince of Berk.
2rd Bishop& Dean, Rt. Rev. Cyril Forster Garbett,	*YORK. £9,000.
D.D. (Bishop's House, Kennington Park, S. E. zz.)	
[Signs Cyril Southwark]1919	90th Archbishop and Primate of England, Right
Bishops Sufragan.	Hon. and Most Rev. William Temple, D.D., D.Litt., consecrated rest. (Bishopthorpe, York.) [Signs W. Ebor]1988
Weolwich Rt. Rev. W. W. Hough, D.D. (93 Pepys	Vork ) (Siene W Phori
Road, New Cross Gate, S.E. 14)1918	
Road, New Cross Gate, S. E. 24)	Bishops Sufragan.
Macarlan Boad Clarkers (Singston House,	Hull, Rt. Rev. Bernard Uliver Francis Heywood,
pracading most, Chapmani Common, S. W. 4)	M.A. (cons. 1926)
Canona Residentiary.	combe, D.D. (Bolton Percy, York)1983
R. C. Joynt, W. A rove F. A. Cookin, W. A. rose	
B. C. Joynt, M.A 1927 F. A. Cookin, M.A. 1929 J. B. Haldane1928 H. G. Monroe, M.A. 1926 A. W. Maplesden, A. L. Preston 1930	Very Rev. Lionel G. R. J. Ford, D.D2925
A. W. Maplesdan, A. L. Preston 1930	Canone Residentiary (each £ 500).
Organist, Edgar T. Cook, Mus. Bac.	George Austen, M.A. roof   Archd, Cooper ros6
	George Austen, M.A. 1908   Archd. Cooper 1926 C. C. Bell, M.A 1914   L. Dewar, B.D 1930
Archdeacons (each £200).	Organist, E. C. Bairstow, Mus. Doc.
Southwark, Bishop of Kingston-on-Thames 1927	Archdenouse (anch form)
Lewisham, Bishop of Woolwich 1929	York, Ven. C. H. H. Cooper, M.A
Lewisham, Bishop of Woolwich	York, Ven. C. H. H. Cooper, M.A
Beneficed Clergy, 218; Curates, &c., 335. Chancellor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A(1983)	
Chancettor, Sir E. W. Hansell, K.C., M.A(1983)	Beneficed Clergy, 448.
Registrar, Arthur Day.	Official Principal and Auditor of the Chancery Court, Sir Lewis Tonna Dibdin, K.C., D.C.L.
SOUTHWELL. £3, 180.	Vican Can of Province and Chancellor of Province
4th Bishop, Right Rev. Henry Mosley, D.D. (Bishop's Manor, Southwell.) [Signs Henry	Vicar-Gen. of Province, and Chancellor of Diocese, Sir Philip W. Baker-Wilbraham, Bt.
(Bishop's Manor, Southwell.) [Signs Henry	Registrar and Secretary, A. V. Hudson, York.
Southwell]	
Archdeacons (each £300).	DURHAM. £7,000.
Newark, Ven. E. Hacking, N.A	86th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Herbert Hensley Henson,
Organist Cant G. T. Francis E.B.C.V.O.	D.D., cons. rors. (Auckland Castle, Bishop)
Reneficed Cleran over Curates &c. 96	Auckland.) [Signs Herbert Dunelm]1980
Chancellor, W. T. Mouckton, K.C., M.A.	Bishop Suffragan.
Newark, Ven. E. Hacking, M.A	Jarrow, Rt. Rev. Samuel Kirshbaum Knight,
TRURO. £3,000.	D.D1924
7th Bishop and Dean, Rt. Rev. Walter Howard	Dean (£3,000).
Frere, D.D. (Lis Escop, Truro.) [Signs Walterus	Rt. Rev. Bishop Welldon, D.D2918
Truron :]1983	Canons Residentiary (each £x,000).
Canone Residentiary,	A B. G. Lillingston,   Bishop of Jar-
8. Cooper, M.A. (£400) H. H. Mills, M.A 1925	M.A 1914 POW 1924
1919	Dawson Walker, G.C.Richards, D.D. 1927
H. W. Sedgwick, M.A. Archd. Hockley, M.A.	D D rore Archd. Rawlinson 1928
(£300) rgs6 rg30	Organist, Rev. Arnold D. Culley Mus. Bac.
Archdeacons (each £300).	Archdeacons. Durham, Bishop of Jarrow, D.D. (£200) 1924
Cornwall, Ven. G. W. Hockley, M.A1925 Bodmin, Ven. M. B. Williamson, M.A1923	Auckland, Ven. A. E. J. Rawlinson, D. D. (£300) 1028
Organist, F. G. Ormond, B.A.	Beneficed Clergy, 265; Curates, &c., 165.
	Chancellor, Sir Philip Baker Wilbraham, Bt,
Beneficed Clergy, 223; Curates, 33; other Clergy, 48. Chancellor, Sir Philip Baker Wilbraham, Bt.	MA 1 mip Daker Windsham, Bt,
Registrar and Sec., A. W. Harvey.	Registrar, J. B. Lazenby, Durham.
London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood.	Secretary, H. C. Ferens, M.A., Durham.
WORCESTER. £3,900.	MA
zoyth Bishop, Right Rev. Arthur William	Pancenary, A. W.I.
Thomson Perowne, D.D. (cous. 1920) (Hartle-	BLACKBURN, £3,000.
bury Castle, Kidderminster.) [Signs Arthur	
Wordester]1931	set Bishop, Rt. Rev. Percy Mark Herbert, D.D.
Dean.	(cons. 1982) (Bishop's House, Blackburn) 1927 Bishops Suffragan.
Very Rev. Wm. Moore Ede, D.D (£1,600)1908	Burnley, Rt. Rev. Edgar Priestley Swain, M.A.
Canons (each £800). Archd. James, M. A. 1916   Archdn. Peile, M. A. 1926 T. A. Lacey, D.D. 1918   A. J. Carlyle, D. Litt. 1930	IQLI
T A Tagey D D Total A I Carlyle D 144	Whalley, Rt. Rev. A. G. Rawstorne, D.D.
Organist, Sir Ivor Atkins, Mus.D.	(Croston Rectory, Preston)
1	Archdeacons (each £300).
Archdeacons (each £300).	Blackburn, Bishop of Whalley
Dudley Van S. P. Tawas & A.	Lancaster, Ven. F. G. Moruby, M.A
Reneficed Clarent aco.	Changelor, Wilfrid Lawis, O.B.R., M.A. (2004).
Worcester, Ven. J. H. F. Pelle, M.A	Blackburn, Bishop of Whalley
	WAYAGE .1082.
WMPAYD'S A	THE STANDARD STUDY.

BRADFORD. £2,700.  and Bishop, Rt. Bev. Alfred Walter Frank Blunt,	Beneficed Clergy, 223; Deaneries, 22; Curates, &c., 250   Chancellor, His Hon. Judge Dowdall, K.C.,
B.D. (Horton Hall, Bradford) [Signs Alfred Bradford]	B.C.L. Registrars, R. Farmer & T. H. Arden, Church
Archdeacons (each £300).  Bradford, Ven. C. W. Wilson, M.A	House, Liverpool. Secretaries, Gamon & Co., Liverpool.
Craven, Ven. J. F. Howson, M.A1988	MANCHESTER. £4,200.
Chancellor, Sir F. Newbolt, K.C. Registrar and Secretary, F. A. T. Mossman, a Tyrrel Street, Bradford.	Guy Warman, D.D. (Bishopscourt, Higher Broughton.) [Signs Guy Manchester] (cons.
CARLISLE. £4,500.	Bishops Sufragan.
6xst Bishop, Rt. Rev. Henry Herbert Williams, D.D. (Rose Castle, Carlisle.) [Signs Herbert Carliol]	Hulme, Rt. Rev. (Rectory, Bury)
Bishop Suffragan. 1920 Barrow-in-Furness, Rt. Rev. Herbert Sidney	Middleton, Rt. Rev. Richard Godfrey Parsons, D.D
Pelham, M.A	Dean (£1,500). Very Rev. Frank Garfield Hodder Williams, 0.B E., M.B
Vory Rev. Henry Venn Stuart, D.D1924 Canons Residentiary (each about £850).	Canons Residentiary (each £850).
T. B. A. Saunders, M. A. Archdeacon Campbell, M. A	P. Green, N.A
Organist, F. W. Wadely, Mus. Doc. Archdeacous.	Archdeacons (each £200).  Manchester, Ven. N. L. Aspinall, M.A
Carlisle, Ven. D. Fitzherbert Campbell, M.A. 1930 Furness, Ven. G. S. Smith, M.A(£300) 1936	Beneficed Clergy, 370; Curates, &c., about 190. Chancellor, H. P. Lewis, O.B.E., M.A. (1930). Registrar and Diocesan Secretary, E. S. Chesney.
Westmorland, Ven. J. H. Hopkinson, M A. (£200) 1931	Legal Secretary, Henry Schoneld.
Beneficed Clergy, 283; Curates, &c., 64. Chancellor, H. B. Vaisey, K.C., M.A. (1930).	Diocesan Registry & Office for Marriage Licences, gr South King Street, Manchester.
Registrar and Sec. G. W. Rowman, M.C., Carlisle. London Sec. H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanctuary, S.W.r.	NEWCASTLE. £3,400.  6th Bushop, Rt. Rev. Harold Ernest Bilbrough,
CHESTER. £4,200.	D.D. (Beuwell Tower, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.) [Signs Harold Newcastle] (cons. 1915)1927 Assistant Bishop, Rt. Rev. Cecil J. Wood, D.D.
34th Bishop, Rt. Rev Henry Luke Paget, D.D., cons. 1906. (The Bishop's House, Chester.) [Signs H L Chester]	(cons. 1912) (St. George S, Jesmond)1924
Dean (£x,200). Very Rev Frank Selwyn Macaulay Bennett, M A ,	Canons Residentiary.  A. Boot, M.A
The Deanery, 59 Liverpool Rd., Chester 1920 Canons Residentsary (each £600).  Arch. Paige Cox, B.D. J. F. L. Southam, M.A.	Archde. Hunter 1931 Archdeacons.
M. R. Newholt, M.A. A. E. Simpson, M.A.	Lindusfarne, Ven. R. R. Mangin, M.A. (£200) 1924 Northumberland, Ven. L. S. Hunter, M.A 1931
rga6   1931 Organist, Charles Hylton Stewart.	Organist, William Ellis, Mus. D., F.R.CO.
Archdeacons (each £300).	Beneficed Cleryy, 185; Chaplains, 11; Curates, 61. Chanceller, F. H. L. Errlington, C.B., D.C.L., K.C. Registra and Sec., J. B. Lazenby, Newcastle. London Sec., H. T. A. Dashwood, 1 The Sanctuary,
Chester, Ven. W. L. Paige Cox, B D 1914 Macclesfield, Ven. J. H. Thorpe, B.D1918 Benighted Clergy, 264; Curate., &c., 197. Chancellor, Sir Philip Baker Willmaham, Bart.	S.W. I. RIPOW. £3,900.
Chancetter, Sir Philip Baker Wilbiaham, Bart. Bishop's Secretaries, Gamon, Farmer & Co., Charton and H. T. A. Dahmund The	6th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Edward Arthur Burroughs, D.D. (The Palace, Ripon.) [Sigus Arthur
Bishop's Secretarics, Gamon, Farmer & Co., Chester, and H. T. A. Dashwood, r The Sanc- tuary, S. V. I.	Ripon] 1926 Bishop Suffragan,
LIVERPOOL. £4,200.  3rd Bishop, Rt. Rev. Albert Augustus David.	D.D. (Methley Rectory, Leeds)1905
D.D., cons. 1921. (Bishop's Lodge, Liverpool.) [Signs Albert Liverpool]1923  Bishop Suffragan.	Dean (£1,000). Very Rev. Charles Mansfield Owen, D.D., V.D. 1915
D.D., cons. 1930. (Winwick Rectory, Warring-	Canons Residentiary (each £ 500). G. W. Garrod, B.A. 1907 J. G. W. Tuckey, C. B E.,
ton)	J. B. Harford, B.D. 1911 B.D., K.H.C1923 Archd. Watson, M. A. 1921 Organist, C. H. Moody, C.B.E., Mus. Doc., F. R. C.O.
Canone Revidentiaru	Archdeacons (each £300).  Leeds, Bishop of Knaresborough, D.Drgos
C.E. Raven, D.D. 1983 J. C. How	Richmond, Ven. A. Herbert Watson, M.A 1981 Beneficed Clergy, 221; Curates, 60.
Archdeacons (each £300).	Chancellor, E. A. Mitchell-Innes, M.A. (1929).
Warragion, Ven. George John Howson 1916	Harrogate.

## 304 The Church of England-Suffragan Bishops-Bishops Resigned.

SHEFFIR			
n D. D., cons. 1909. (	ACCE HIGHOR	d Hedle	y Burrows,
Signs Leonard H. Sh	AMAIA	1	
Organist, T. W. Ha	ement.	]	
Organist, I. W. Ha	niorui,	MUS.B.,	F. R. C. O.
Archdeacon	s (each	£ 300).	
Shefield, Ven. A. C. E.	Jarvis	D.D	
Donoaster, Ven. F. G. S	andfor	N. N. A.	
Beneficed Clergy	/ Tee .	Courate	60
Chancellor, Humphrey	trine"	W A II	, oo.
Desistant and Land	Aing,	A.A , LL	Gendleyd
Registrar and Legal	Dec.,	ν. п.	Bandioru,
30 Bank Street, Shef	neid.		

### Registrar and Legal Sec., V. H. Sandford, 30 Bank Street, Sheffield.

### 80DOR AND MAN. £2,000.

### 80DOR AND MAN. £2,000.

### Pontsfract, The Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop of Pontefract. 1.16 Bishop 

Beneficed Clergy, 28; Curates, &c., 24. Vioar-General, Sec. and Registrar, Ramsey G.

### WAKEFIELD. £3,000.

Bishop Sufragan,
Pontefract, Rt. Rev. Campbell Richard Hone,

#### SUFFRAGAN BISHOPS OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND AND CHURCH IN WALES.

Barking (Chelmaford); Barrow in Furness (Carlisle); Buckingham (Oxford); Burnley (Blackburn); Colchester (Chelmaford); Crediton (Bxeter); Croydon (Canterbury); Dover (Canterbury); Fulham (London); Grantham (Lincoln); Hull (York); Hulme (Manchester); Jarrow (Durham); Kensington (London); Kingaton (Southwark); Knaresborough (Riyon); Lewes (Chichester); Malmesbury (Bristal); Middleton (Manchester); Plymouth (Exeter); Pontefract (Walsfield); St. Asaph (St. Asaph); Sherborne (Salisbury); Southampton (Winchester); Stafford (Lichfield); Stepney (London); Taunton (B. & Wells); Warrington (Liverpool); Whalley (Blackburn); Whitby (York); Willesden (London); Woolwich (Southwark).

#### CHURCH OF ENGLAND BISHOPS WHO HAVE RESIGNED.

OHUBOR OF ENGLISH BASIN	ATD WING TITLE DEPOTURED.
Name. Diocese. Cons. Res.	Name, Diocese, Cons. Res.
C. T. Abraham, b. 1887 Derby1909 1927	E. A. Knox, b. 1847 Manchester 1903 1920
E. A. Anderson, b. 1859 Riverina1895 1925	G. 11. Lander, b. 1861 Hong Kong 1007 1000
W. Andrews, b. 1854 Hokhaido 1909 1918	G. E. Lloyd, b. 1861 Saskatchewan 1922 1931
F. S. Baines, b. 1858 Natal 1901 1928	J. Lofthouse, b. 1855 Keewatsn 1902 1921
Arthur H. Bayues, b. 1854 Natal1893 1900	J. R. Lucas, b. 1867 Mackenzie River 1913 1916
F. H. Beaven, b. 1885S. Rhodesia1911 1925	S. P. Matheson, b. 1852 Ruperts Land 1903 1930 H. J. Molony, b. 1865Cheh Kiang1908 1938
A. P. Berkeley, b. 1868 Windward Is 1917 1930 E. J. Bidwell, b. 1866 Ontario 1913 1926	H.H. Montgomery, h. 1847 Tasmania 1889 1901
C. H. Golding Bird, b. 1874 Mauritius 1919 1930	William R. Mounsey, b. 1868 Labuan1909 1916
H.Bury, b. 1857 N. and Central Europe 1908 1925	J. O. Nash, bCapetown 1917 1930
W. M. Carter, K C.M.G. b. 1850 Cape-	J. A. Newnham, b. 1852Saskatche-
town189x 1930	wan1892 rosi
A. Chandler, b. 1860Bloemfontein 1902 1930	wan
Eyre Chatterton, b. 1863 Nagpur1903 1986	E. A. Parry, b. 1860
E. A. Copleston, b. 1854 Colombo 1903 1924	E. Palmer, b. 1869Bombay1908 1929
Chas. E. Cornish, b. 184s Grahamstown 1899 1915	W. W. Perrin, b. 1848Willesden1911 1920
E. D. L. Danson, b 1879 Labran1917 1931	H. M. E. Price, b. 1863 Fuh-Kien 1906 1918 J. H. G. Randolph, b. 1866 Guildford 1909 1927
C. J. Ferguson-Davie, b. 1872 Singapore 1907 1927 G. F. C. De Carteret, b. 1866 Jamaica 1915 1931	E. F. Robins, b. 1870Athabasca1910 1927
G. R. Eden, b. 1869 Wakefield	W. W. Sedgwick, b. 1859 Waiam 1914 1930
H. J. Foss, b. 1848Osaka1899 1926	R. G. Shedden, b. 1889 Nassau1919 1931
Geo. H. Frodsham, b. 1863 N. Queens-	W. F. W. Shields, b. 1867 Armidale 1916 1920
land 1008 1018	John Taylor Smith, b. 1860 Sierra Leone 1897 1901
J. L. Fuller, b. 1881 Lebombo1913 1920	Wm Eden Smyth, b. 1858 Lebombo 1802 1013
R. S. Fyffe, b. 1869 Rangom 1910 1918	H. K. Southwell, C.M.G., D.D., b. 1860
C. Hope Gill, b. 1861 Travancore. 1905 1924	Lewes
F. Goldsmith, b. 1853Bunbury 1904 1917	J. M. Steward, b. 1874 Melanesia 1919 1928
Charles Gore, b. 1853 Oxford 1902 1919	Edward S. Talbot, b. 1844 Winchester .1895 1923 H. Tugwell, b. 1854 Equatorial Africa 1894 1931
H. A. Gray, b. 1872Edmonton1914 1931 A. V. Green, b. 1857Ballarat1894 1915	T. C. Twitchell, b. 1866 Polynesia 1908 1921
M. H. M. Gumbleton, b. 1878 Ballarat1916 1927	W. L. Vyvyan, b. 1861Zululand1903 1031
J. R. Harmer, b. 1857Rochester 1895 1930	H. R. Wakefield, C.B.E. b. 1844 Bir-
J. C. Hill, b. 1862	mingham
C. Hook, b. 1844 Kingston-on-Thames 1905 1914	H. P. WEISH, O. 1570 A SEGIR
W. B. Hornby, b. 1851 Nausau 1898 1919	Jas. Edwd. C. Welldon, b. 1854 Calcutta 1898 901 G. White, b. 1859
G. D. Iliff, b. 1867Shantung 1903 1921	G. White, D. 1859
Albert E. Joscelyne, b. 1866 Jamason 1905 1918	Henry Whitehead, b. 1853 Madras1897 1982
C. Julius, b. 1847 Christchurch, N.Z 1890 1985	H. I. Wild, b. 1864 Newcastle 1912 1927 J. W. Williams, b. 1887 Kafraria 1942 1946
George L. King, b. 1860 Madagasour 1899 1919 Arthur M. Knight, b. 1864 Rangoon 1903 1909	Cecil J. Wood, b. 1873 Melanesia
Al onthi at. Alingito, o. 1004 Manyours1903 1909	/ Annua a Anni a. ra/2 uranamineni ibu 1/23 (

CANADA.	1	0 0	;
Province of Canada.	- 1	AUSTRALIA.	- 1
Archbishop and Metropolitan.	. [	Province of New South Wales.	-1
Sees. Apptd Cl Nova Scotia, C. L. Worrell, b. 1853 (cons.	gy	Archbishop and Metropolitan of New South Wales and Primate of Australia.	•
1004)1915	120	Sees. Apptd. Clgy.	. 1
Bishop Coadputor, J. Hackenley, b.	- 1	Sydney, John Charles Wright, b. 1861	١.
18771925 Bishops.	- 1	(c. 1909; Archbp. 1909; Primate 1910) 1909) Bp. Coadjutor G. A. D'Arcy Irvine 1926	.
Montreal, John Cragg Farthing,	1		- 1
b. 186a	140	Bishops.  Armidale, John Stoward Moyes, b. 2884 1989 46	. 1
Predericton, J. A. Richardson, b. 12681907 Quebec, Lennox Waldron Williams,	79	Bathurst, Horace Crotty, b. 1886 1989	
b. 18401915	84	Bathurst, Horace Crotty, b. 1886 1925) By Conductor A. L. Wylde, b 18801927	
Province of Ontario.	1	Goulburn, Lewis B. Radford, b. 18671915 6: Grafton, John Wm. Ashton, b. 18641921 4	
Archbishop and Metropolitan. Huron, D. Williams, b. 1859 (cons. 1905) 1926	152	Newcastle, F. de Witt Batty 1931 8.	: 1
Rishops.	-5-	Riverina, Reginald C. Halse, b. 1881 1985 3	
Algorna, R. R. Smith, b. 1872 1926	57	Province of Victoria.	ı
Viagara, Derwyn T. Owen, o. 1876 1925	92	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	- 1
Ontario, C. A. Seager, b. 1872 1926 Otawa, J. C. Roper, b. 1859 (cons. 1912)1915	73 68	Melbourne, F. W. Head, M.C., b. 1874 1929 28	. 1
Teronto, J. F. Sweeny, b. 18571909	243		۱
Teronto, J. F. Sweeny, b. 1857		Bishops.	. 1
Archbishop and Primate of Canada Rupert's Land, Isaac O. Stringer, b. 1866,	- 1	Ballarat, P. C. T. Crick, b 188s (c. 1921) 1927 8 Bendigo, Donald Baker, b. 1882 1921 3	
cons. 1905; Archbishop and Primate,		Granuland, G. H. Chanawick h sake same	
10311931	III	St. Armana, Meiville C. James, b. 1877 1927	. !
Bishops.		Wanyaratta, J. Stephen Hart, b. 1866 1927 3	3
Atrabasca, (Vacant).	24	Province of Queensland.	١
Athabasca, (vacant).  Brandon, W. W. H. Thomas, b. 18751924 Calgary, L. R. Sherman, b. 18861937	34 85	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	- 1
Edmonton,1931	3z	Brisbane, Gerald Sharp, b. 1865 (c. 1910;	1
Kewatin, A. D. Dewdney, b. 1863	7	Archip. and Metropolitan, 1921) 1921 11	5
Mossonee, J. G. Anderson, b. 18661909	14	Buhopa.	- 1
Prince Albert, 1931		Carpentaria, Stephen H. Davies, b. 1884 1922 2 New Gumea, Henry Newton, b. 1867	4
Qu'Appelle, M. T. McA. Harding,	120	(C. 1915) 10013 New 1001, U. 1007	6
b. 18651909 Sankatoon, W. T. T. Hallam1931	1-0	N. Queensland, John O. Feetham, b. 1876 1913	•
Yukon. (vacant)		Rockhampton, Fortescue L. Ash, b. 1882 1928	•
Province of British Columbia.  Archbishop.		Province of Western Australia.	- 1
New Westminster, A. U. de Pencier,		Archbuhup and Metropolitan.	- 1
b. 1866 (cons. 1919; Archbisho)	_	Perth, H. F. Le Fanu, b. 1870, c. 19151929	• [
and Metropolitan, 1925) 1925 Bishops.	63	Bishops.	
Caledonia George Alexander Rix. b 1008	16	Bunbury, Cecil Wilson, b. 1859(1894) 1917 Kalgoorlie, William E. Elsey, b. 18791919	4
Canboo, W. R. Adams, b. 1877	13	Kalgoorlie, William E. Elsey, b. 18791919	8
Columbia, C. De Veber Schofield,		N.W. Australia, John Frewer, b. 1883 1929	4
b. 18781916 Kootenay, A. J. Doull, b. 18701915	44 41	Extra-Provincial Dioceses.	
PROVINCE OF INDIA AND CEYLON.		Adelaide, Arthur N. Thomas, b. 1869 1906 10 Tasmania, Robert S. Hay, b. 1864 1919 10	
Metropolitan Bishop.			8
Calcutta, Foss Westcott, b. 1863 (cons.	120		-
Bishops.		PROVINCE OF NEW ZEALAND.	
Assam, George Clay Hubback, b. 18801984	15	Archbishop and Metropolitan.	
Rombay, R. Dyke Acland, b. 1882 . 1929 Chota Nagpur, K. W. S. Kennedy, b	94	Auckland, A. W. Averill, b. 1865 (cons.	
	50	1910; Archby. and Metropolitan 1925) 1914 11	
Cotombo, Mark Carpenter-Garnier, o.		Bishops,	
	93	Christohurch, Camphell West West-	
Lahore, Henry B. Durrant, b. 18711913	94	Watson, b. 1877 (cons. 1909)	3
Dornakai, V. S. Azariah, b. 1874	110	Melanesia, F. M. Molyneux, M.B.E., b. 1885)	
Lucknow, Chas. J. G. Saunders, b. 1888 1928 Madras, E. H. M. Waller, b. 1870 (c. 1915) 1988	96 1 <b>6</b> 2	(c. 1934)	16
Nagpur, A. Wood, O.B.E., b. 1863 (c. 1920) 1926	40		
Nasik, P. H. Loyd, b. 1884 (c. 2024) 1028	_	Polynesia, L. S. Kempthorne, b. 18861983	6
Rangoon, N. H. Tubbs, b. 1879 (c. 1923) 1928 Timevelly, Ramnad and Madura, F. J.	49	Polynesia, L. S. Kempthorne, b. 1886 1983 Waiapu, H. W. Williams, b. 1860 1930 Bp. Suff. (Astearoa), F. A. Bennett, b.	
TOPA	86	III.	78
Travancore and Cockin, E. A. L. Moure.		Waikato, C. A. Cherrington, b. 1872 spec Wellington, T. H. Sprott, O.B.E., b. 1836 rgsz	
b. 1870	50	1 11 entropy vot 1. 11. Director, v. D. 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 11	73_

#### Church of England Bishops Abroad-The Church in Wales. PROVINCE OF SOUTH AFRICA. PROVINCE OF JAPAN. Apptd. Clay. Archbishop and Metropolitan. 8 Cape Town, F. R. Phelps, b. 1863 (cons. 1915; Metropolitan 1931)......1931 113 3z Bishops. 31 Bloemfontein, Walter Julius Carey, b. 27 57 UNDER ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY. 51 Korea, A. C. Cooper, b. 1881 ......2931 Labuan and Sarawak, N. B. Hudson, D.S.O., b. 1872 ...... 2923 Zululand, C. A. W. Aylen ......2930 60 PROVINCE OF THE WEST INDIES. Archbishop of West Indies 45 Antigua, Edward Hutson, C.M.G., b 1873 (cons. 1911; Archbishop, 1921) ... .....1921 34 Bushops. 25 (c. 1919) 1927 79 23 12 PROVINCE OF CHINA. 33 Chung Hua Sheng Kung Hui. (Chinese Holy Catholic Church.) 68 41 The Greek Orthodox Church of Cyprus. Archbishop (Primate of the Autocephalous Church of Cyprus), Monsignor Kyrillos 7 17 Vassilliou (elected 1916). Bushops. 31 West China, H. W. K. Mowll, b. 1890 .1922 Bp. Assistant, Ku Ho-Lin ...... 1929 30 Kyrenia, Mgr. Makarios Myriantheus ...... 1917 Do., Song Tzu-Cheng......1989 THE CHURCH IN WALES. (Disestablished March 31, 1920.) ST. ASAPH. £4,200. 2st Archbishop and Metropolitan of the Province of Wales, Most Rev. Alfred George Edwards, LLANDAFF. £4,800. 6th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Timothy Rees, D.D. (Llys Esgob, Llandaff, Cardiff.) [Signs T. Llandaff] D.D., D.C.L., D.Litt., cons. 1889. (Palace, St. Asaph.) [Signs A. G. Cambr.] elect. Archip. 1980 (Palace, St. Bishop, Rt. Rev. Charles Alfred Howell 74th Bishop, Rt. Rev. Charles Alfred Howell MONMOUTH. £2,000. and Bishop, Rt. Rev. Gilbert Cunningham Joyce, D.D. (Bishopstow, Stow Hill, Newport, Mon.) [Signs Gilbert Monmouth].....rgs9 Green, D.D. (Bishopscourt, Bangor.) [Signs C. Bangor: 1 1928 £ 1,400. 1928 1250th Bishop, Rt. Rev. David Lewis Prosser, D.D. (Palace, Abergwill, Carmarthenshire) [Signs D. J. Se Taul²12. SWANSEA AND BRECON. £2,400.

(Palace, Abergwili, Carmarthenshire) [Signs D. L. St. David's] ......2927

#### THE CHURCH OF IRELAND (DISESTABLISHED 1869).

<b>4</b>	A		noum-	burates, of	come
Sees.	Archeshops. Apptd.				
Armagh	Most Rev. Charles F. D'Arcy, D.D., b. 1859 1920	55,359	<b>59</b> ···	25 ··· ,5	2,500
	(cons. 1903)				
Dublin	Most Rev. John A. Fitzgerald Gregg, D.D., b. 1872 2920	70,532	107	77	3,500
	(cons. 1915) . Bishops.				
Month	Most Rev. John Orr, D.D., b 1874, cons. 1983,				
	trans. 1987	9,89x	43	7 ?	2,500
	Rt. Rev. Frederick John McNeice, D.D., b. 1866 1931	8,271	37	5	1,470
	Rt. Rev. James Macmanaway, D.D., b. 1860 1923				
	Rt. Rev. Charles Benjamin Dowse, D.D., b. 1868 1918	32,935			z, <del>703</del>
	Rt. Rev. Joseph Irvine Peacocke, D.D., b. 1872 1916	47,746			
	Rt. Rev. Charles T. P. Grierson, D.D., b. 1856 1919				1,750
	Rt. Rev. Henry Edmund Patton, D.D., b. 1867 1924	9,332			I,500
	Rt. Rev. Arthur William Barton, B.D., b. 1881 1930				1,542
Constice .	Rt. Rev. Harry Vere White, D.D., b. 1854 1921 Rt. Rev. J. Godfrey FitzM. Day, D.D., b. 1875 1920	3,200			1,405
	Rt. Rev. John Mason Harden, D.D., LL.D., b. 1871 1928			3	
T 1000-110	Ton Inc. and ill promote trustant, b.p., nn.p., o. and a same	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	···	J ***	-1773

ST. PATRICK'S NATIONAL CATHEDRAL, DUBLIN.

Dean and Ordinary, Very Rev. Hugh Jackson Lawlor, D.D., Litt.D.

#### GENERAL SYNOD,

Consisting of House of Bishops (13) and House of Representatives (viz., 208 clerical and 416 lay). Honorary Secretaries, Ven. C. K. Irwin, B.D.; Very Rev. H. B. Kennedy, B.D.; J. A. Maconchy and Major E. H. C. Wellesley.

Secretary to the REPRESENTATIVE CHURCH BODY (INCORPORATED 1870), A. F. Maude, 52 St. Stephen's Green E., Dublin; Asst. Sec. Rev. J. H. Yates, B.D. Chief Accountant—George B. Butler.

By the Act of Union, 2800, the Church of Ireland | Synod, and 3 parochial nominators (lay) appointed was united with the Church of England, the | by the registered vestrymen of the parish. was unused with the Church of England, the Sovereign, as one of its members, being supreme governor on earth. By the Act of 1859 this union was severed, and on Jan. 1, 1871, the Church of Ireland resumed her independent position. The Act of 1859 not only disestablished the Irish Church, but also took away her endowments, nothing being 19th but the right to the life services of the annulant Bishops and Charge the annuof the annuitant Bishops and Clergy (the annuities provided were commuted for a capital sun), the right to claim churches in use for divine service, the right to buy the See and Glebe Houses (with garden and curtilage), and £500,000 in lieu of private endowments.

The supreme governing body of the Church of Ireland is the GENERAL SYNOD, which meets annually.

Subject to the GENERAL SYNOD are so Diocesan Synods, which are assisted by smaller elected bodies called Diocesan Councils.

The Bishop of the Diocese is closen by the clerical and lay members of the *Diocesan Symod*. The Primate is chosen by the House of Bishops

The financial trustees of the Church are the REPERSENTATIVE BODY, composed of the Arch-bishops and Bishops, 12 clergymen and 25 laymen, chosen by the Diocesan Synods, with 12 00-opted members (clerical or lay). This body holds the property of the Church, and administers its funds, subject to the General Synod.

The first property it held was the capital sum £7,58,075, representing the life annuities of the Bishops and Clergy paid over as commutation money by the Church Commissioners, and also money by the Church Commissioners, and also £500,000 compensation for private endowments. The commutation capital on Dec. 31, 1930, was only £32,479, charged with annulties to 9 annultants. The funds, however, in the custody of the Representative Body amounted in all to £10,727,324, made up of Commutation £32,79 Private Endowments £342,470, Parochial Sustentation £7,003,57, Energyal Sustentation £75,257,67, General Symod Funds £705,127, and Miccellaneous purposes £2,003,454.

Since 1869 members of the Church have paid clerical and lay membors of the Diocesan Synod.

The Primate is chosen by the House of Bishops from amongst their own number.

The incumbent of the Parish is appointed by a Board of Nonunation, consisting of 7 persons, viz — The Bishop, 3 diocesan nominators (solution and x lay) appointed by the Diocesan in the Diocesan schemes was £340,954.

## THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN SCOTLAND. THE RT. REV BISHOTS. COME Clay Stipd. Sees. THE RT REV. BISHOTS. COME Clay, Stipd.

Aberdeen...Fred. Ll. Deane, D.D. 1917...44... £*916 Argull...Kenneth Mackenzie, D.D. 1907...14... **695 Argyll...Kenneth Mackensie, D.D. 1907... 14... *695 |
Brechts . Most Rev. W. J. F.
Bobberds, D.D. (Primus 1908) 1904... 27... *1,335 |
Bdubby H. S. Reid, D.D. ...... 1929... 79... *1,355 |

Glasgow ... J.R. Darbyshire, M.A. 1931... 89 £ Moray...... A. J. Maclean, D.D. ... 1904 ... st. Andrews, E. T. S. Reid, D.D. 

With residence

Registrar of the Episcopal Synod, George J. Wood, W.S., 24 Young Street, Edinburgh. Churches, Mission Stations, &c., 414. Parsonages, 225. Clergy, 326. Communicants, 30.538. THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND is Presbyterian in constitution, and is governed by Kirk Sessions, Presbyteries, Synods, and the General Assembly, which consists of both clerical and lay representatives from each of the Presbyteries. It is presided over by a Moderator (chosen annually by the Assembly), to whom His Majesty the King has granted precedence in Scotland, during his has granted precedence in Scotland, during his term of office, next after the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain. The Sovereign is represented by a Lord High Commissioner (appointed each year by the Crown), who receives the sum of £a,coo towards his expenses. The country, for Church purposes, was, prior to the union of the Church of Sootland with the United Free Church of Scotland which was effected at a joint meeting of the General Assemblies of both Churches held on October 2, 1929, in the presence of H.R.H. the Duke of York as Lord High Commissioner, divided into 16 Synods and 84 Presbyteries, and there were about 1,800 ministers and licentiates engaged in ministerial and other work. engaged in ministerial and other work. The number of communicants on the roll (Dec. 3;, 1985) was 750,797. The sum of £80,865 32. 3d. was (apart from Seat Bents levied by Church Authority and amounting to £73,372.65. 7d.), but including legacies, amounting to £45,330 6s. 9d., raised in 1988 for church and missionary purposes. Within the last 80 years considerably over 500 chargis at a cost for stirends and supulsances. within the mat as years considerably over age chapels, at a cost for stipends and supplementary endowments of over £4,45,000, have been endowed and erected into parishes quoud scara. The parish churches numbered 1,470. There were in addition age churches and mission stations, in all of which worship is regularly conducted. The figures applicable to the Church of Scotland as now re-united after 86 years of separation are only partly available :-

Congregations, 3,542; total membership, 1,354,449; Sunday Schools, 3,957, with 352,570 scholars and 45,577 teachers. In so Foreign Mission fields there are 575 European Mission Agents (and in addition ars missionaries' wives, many of whom are doing mission work in the various fields) and 6.767 native pastors, evan-gelists and teachers, including in both cases those of the Women's Foreign Mission. The

those of the Women's Foreign Mission. The income of the Cliurch was £3,391,730.

Until 256 the Church of Scotland was Roman Catholic, but in that year the Scots Parliament abolished the jurisdiction of the Pope, proscribed the Mass, and ratified a Confession of Faith drawn up by John Knox and other divines. In

it all essential articles of the aucient creeds of the Church were adhered to. Ceremonies were declared to be temporary in their nature, and ahould be altered when they began to foster superstition. Presbytery was settled in 1890. The restoration of the rights of the Bishops, civil and ecclesiastical, was, however, sanctioned by the General Assembly of 25:0, and three Scottish Bishops were in that year consecrated in London. Further innovations by King James VI. alarmed the people, and the at-tempt of Charles I. to impose on the Church a Book of Canons and a Liturgy was met by the National Covenant and the restoration of Presbyterian forms, which culminated in the Westminster Confession of Faith in 1846. At the Restoration the Church again became Episcopal, but in 1890 the Scottish Parliament re-established Presbyterianism. By the Tresty United between Parliament Scottish Parliament re-established Presbyterianism. of Union between England and Scotland (ratified by the English Parliament 6 Anne c. ii.) the Church of Scotland was secured in its Presbyterian form of government, and the very first official act of a sovereign of the British Empire on his accession is to take an oath to maintain inviolably this settlement. In 1921 Parliament passed the Church of Scotland Act, 1921, to declare the lawfulness of certain Articles declaratory of the constitution of the Church of Scotland. These Articles were framed with a view to facilitating union among Presbyterian Churches in Scotland A committee, appointed by the Secretary for Soctiand (under the Presidency of the late Viscount Haldane), enquired into the question of endowments, following upon which the Church of Scotland (Property and Endowments Bill) was introduced and was passed into law (15 and 16 Geo. V. c. 33) in 1925. The primary purpose of this legislative measure was to transfer to and vest in the Church of Scotland General Trustees, incorporated under the Church of Scotland (General Trustees) Order Confirma-tion Act 1921, the whole properties and endowments belonging to the Church as it then existed for behoof the latter. Further legislation is in progress for the unification of holding of Properties and Investments of the re-united Church of Scotland.

LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER, Rt. Hon. Jas Brown, o.B.E., M.P., Holyrood Palace, Edinburgh Moderator (1931-2), Rt. Rev. John Anderson

Graham, C.I.E., D.D. Senior Clerks, Rev. J. T. Cox, D.D.; Very Rev. James Harvey, D.D.

Junior Clerk, Rev. J. G. Sutherland, D.D. Procurator, William Chree, K.C., LL.D.

Agents of the Church, J. A. S. Millar, M.v.o., w.s., so Castle St., Edinburgh; Arthur H. McLean, w.s.; and E. J. McCandlish, w.s.

Chairman of General Trustees and Legal Advuer, J. A. S. Millar, M.V.O., W.S. Parliamentary Solicitor, A. H. Speus, London.

#### OTHER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.

(1) The Presbyterian Church in Ireland.—The largest of the Presbyterian churches in Ireland consists of 34 presbyteries, 579 ministers, 545 congregations, with x08,986 communicants, 94,536 families, 7,868 Sabbath school teachers, and families, 7,565 Sabbath school teachers, and of.836 scholars. During the 12 months ended Dec. 31, 1930, this branch contributed by congregational effort £363,497 for religious, charitable, and missionary purposes. The total income for the period for all purposes was £480,953.—Moderator, Rt. Rev. J. Gilbert Paton, M.C., M.A., b.D. General Seo., Rev. W. A. Watson, M.A., B.D., Church House, Belfast.

(a) The Presbyterian Church of England has 14 presbyteries, 352 congregations, 6 preaching stations, and 84,598 members. It has a Theological College (Westminster College, Cambridge). and supports 68 missionaries abroad, including 14 women. In 1928 the amount raised for all purposes was £390,313.-Moderator, Rev. Principal John Oman, M.A., D.D., D.Phil. Gen. Sec., Rev. Thomas Mackay, M.A. Church Offices: 15 Russell Square, W.C. z. Publications Office: az Warwick Lane, Paternoster Row, E.C. 4.

UNDER the general designation of METHODISTS are included all those religious bodies which owe their existence, directly or indirectly, to the efforts of the Revds. John and Charles Wesley. The most numerous and influential of them are

WESLEYAN METHODISTS.

z. Wesleyan Methodists, the original body founded in 1730 by these two brothers. The first Conference, consisting of six clergymen and four laymen, was held in 1744. Since then the growth of Methodism has been great, its present adherents Methodism has been great, its present adherents being given as 23,000,000. The latest statistics of Methodism throughout the world (2932) are: Ministers, 60,27; local preachers, 82,543; members and probationers, 20,028,547; Sunday schools, 23,608; officers and teachers, 967,337; applications of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contro scholas, 93,608; officers and teachers, 967,337; scholars, 9,949,543; churches and other preaching places, x68,638. The conference is now composed in its Representative Session of 300 mmisters and 300 laymen, with a ministerial president and secretary at its head, elected year by year. The Wesleyams are governed primarily by the Conference, secondarily by the Synois, which are semi-annual meetings of the ministers and selected layman in each district over which selected laymen in each district, over which selected higher in each district, over which as chairman is appointed by the Conference, and thirdly by quarterly meetings of the ministers and lay officers of each direct. The authority of both these last meetings is subordinate to the Conference, which has the supreme legislative and judicial power in Methodism.—Pres. Designate (1938), Rov. Dr. H. Maldwyn Hughes, Principal of Wesley College, Cambridge: Sec. of the Conf., Rev. Robert Bond, 107 Palace Road, Tulse Hill, London, S.W. a.

THE PRIMITIVE METHODISTS.

s. The Primitive Methodists, who sprang up in Staffordshire, in 1810, under the leadership of Hugh Bourne and William Clowes. Owing to the excesses attending certain outdoor services called "camp meetings," the Wesleyan Conference prohibited the continuance of the practice. Bourne and Clowes refused to comply with this decision, and were in consequence expelled. They and their sympathisers handed together in a new body, with enlarged powers for the laity. Next to the Wesleyans they are the most numerous and the most democratic of all the denominations which have arisen out of the Methodist movement.—President (1931-32), Rev. E. McLellan, 22 Roe Lane, Southpurt, Lancs. Gen. Sec. of the Church, Rev. Jacob Walton, 78 Harrow View, Harrow, Middlesex.

THE UNITED METHODIST CHURCH.
3. The United Methodist Church was formed by the Union in 1907 of three denominations of Methodists which hitherto had been separate from and independent of each other. These were :

The Methodist New Connexion, which owed its origin in 1797 to the Rev. Alexander Kilham, one of the early itinerating Wesleyan preachers. He demanded that the members of the societies, and not the Conference, should be constituted the source of all power in Methodism; and that the Conference should consist of lay as well as minis-terial members, all of whom should be elected by

the members of the various societies as their delegates. He was expelled by the Conference, and at once founded a new community.

The Bible Christians, founded in 1815 by

The Bible Cariations, founded in 222 of Wm. O'Bryan, a Wesleyan lay preacher in Cornwall. They existed mainly in the West of England.

The United Methodise Free Churches, which was itself an amalgamation of three different secessions—the Protestant Methodists, formed in 1828; the Wesleyan Methodist Association, which sprang out of a controversy in 1834, concerning the need for a trained ministry; and the Wes-leyan Reform Association, founded in 1849, during a great agitation. A strong opposition to the leading Wesleyan officials was organised, which found expression in Conference delates, but more strongly in anonymous and bitter pamphlets, which were widely circulated. On suspicion of being the authors and circulators of these pamphlets three ministers were expelled. They found so many sympathisers that over 100,000 members seceded to found a new denomination.

The act of union of these three denominations into one took place in London on Septemtions into one took place in London on September 27, 2907, when the first united Conference was held.—President (1932-32), Rev. John Ford Reed, Shebbear College, Beaworthy, Devon; President Designate (1932-32), Rev. Wm. C. Jackson, B.A., 45 Northumberland Street, Higher Broughton, Manchester. See. of Conference, G. P. Bunt, "Rostornel," Alexandra Road, St. Austell, Cornwall; Connexional See., Rev. Henry Smith, 13 Albey Road, Brighton. Abbey Road, Brighton.

INDEPENDENT METHODISTS

4. Independent Methodists .- This body is Conregational in its organisation, with an unpaid Ministry. Its first Conference was held in 1805.

WESLEYAN REFORM UNION, 5. This Union is Methodist in doctrine, Congregational in government, with, if any church desires it, a paid ministry. It is the remnant of the original Reformers expelled from Western Head of the Original Reformers expelled from Western Head of the Midland counties.—President (1921, J. T. Waterhouse, as Burnett Avenue, Bradford, Yorks.; Gen. Sec. and Connexional Editor, Rev.G. A. Metcalfe, Wesleyan Reform Book Room, as Chance Alley Sheffeld s5 Change Alley, Sheffield

RE-UNION.

A scheme for the re-union of the Wesleyau Methodists, the Primitive Methodists and the United Methodist Churches has been approved by all three Conferences. It is anticipated that

An Enabling Bill has been passed by both Houses of Parliament and has received the Houses of Parliament and has received the Royal Assent. The final vote on Union (that is, the final vote prior to that of the Uniting Conference) was taken by the three Conferences in x931, the majority of 79 per cent. being requisite in each case. This vote will take effect in x932. The Uniting Conference will then meet in x932 subsequently to the meeting of the several Conferences. The first United Conference to meet in x932.

the state of whom should be elected by   lefence to meet in 1933.					
The Statistics relate to Great Britain and Ireland only and are for the year 1930.	Ministers	Lay Preachers	Members	Chapels	Sunday Scholars.
Wesleyan Methodists Timitive Methodists United Methodist Church Independent Methodists Vesleyan Reform Union	2,868 2,140 738 398 33	19,437 13,599 5,214	547,819 222,978 181,054 10,796 13,828	9,070 4,807 2,149 164 232	780,845 388,036 887,841 88,931 86,870

The CALVINISTO MERICOUST OR PRESETTIRIAN CHUNCH OF WALES is the only Church of purely Welsh origin, and embraces a very large section of the Welsh-speaking population. Its form of government being Presbyterian, it is in federation with the Presbyterian Church of Rugland, the United Free Church of Scotland, and the Presbyterian Church of Ireland. It is also a constituent of the Pan-Presbyterian Council or Alliance. It has foreign missions in Assam. India, and in Brittany. Churches and Assam, India, and in Brittany. Churches and preaching stations in Assam, 1,428; church members, 88,380; adherents (including com-

municants), cs.964.
In 1930 the body numbered—churches, 1,462; chapels and other buildings for Sunday-school branches, 1,707; ministers and preachers, 1,152; elders, 7,514; communicants, 185,827; on probation, 849; Sunday-school teachers and and

officers, se.400; teachers and scholars, 189, 193; adherents (including communicants), 294,547. Contributions in ald of the Ministry in 1833.

Saca, 72s. For various religious purposes (including the ministry), £27, 25. One of the features of the Weish churches is the Sunday-school, which is attended by adulta as well as children; the vernacular is the language used generally in these schools. The Enguage used generally in these schools.

lish branch of the Church has 378 chapels and preaching stations, with 34,849 communicants. All the rest are Welsh.

All the rest are Weish.

Moderator (South Wales) Synod, Rev. Stephen
George, M.A., Liandrindod; (North Wales)
Rev. D. D. Williams, M.A., Liverpool.

Moderator of General Assembly, Rev. William
Thomas, Maesteg, Bridgend, Glam.
Ohief Secretary, Rev. R. Cunllo Davies, M.A.,
Bryn Elwydd, Machynlleth, North Wales.

#### THE INDEPENDENTS

The Independents, or Congregationalists, are the most ancient community of Dissenters. In 1831 the majority of their churches were formed into the Congregational Union of England and Wales, incorporated in 1908, and in 1900 nine districts were formed, each under a Moderator. districts were formed, each under a Moderator. There are 3r county and other Associations in the British Isles, with 4,768 churches and preaching stations; the number of ministers in the British Isles is 3,900. Chavman of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, 2031-32, Rev. H. C. Carter, M.A. Secretary, Rev. Sidney M. Berry, D.D. Office and Publication Department, 2s, Memorial Hall, Farringdon St., T. C.

The Countess of Huntingdon's Connexion, with and continues of intensinglon's Connexion, with an chapels and mission stations, is governed by nine trustees assisted by an annual conference of ministers and delegates. Secretary, E. Dolly Shelton. Offices, 4x, Holborn Hall, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. x.

#### Minor Religious Denominations.

The General Assembly of Unitarian and Free Christian Churches, has about 330 ministers, 345 chapels and other places of worship. Gen. Sec., Rev. Mortimer Rowe, B.A., Essex Hall, Essex Street, W.C.z. The Brethran number about \$6,000, of whom five-eighths belong to the "Open" body. The Society of Friends (Quakers) consists of 10,117 members in Great Britain, and has 396 places of worship with as places of consists of 19,117 members in creat brivating places of worship with as places of worship with as places of worship with as places of worship in Ireland and a.144 members. Central Offices (Great Britain), Friends House, Euston Ed., N.W. z. (Ireland), 6 Eustace Street, Dublin of Thysteirs, Archbishop Germanos, Ed. N.W. z. (Ireland), 6 Eustace Street, Dublin of Thysteirs, Archbishop Germanos, 25 Churches in the British Isles, with 150 Sunday Schools, 1,712 teachers, and 16,813 scholars. The Church of Officis, 150 Sentist, In Boston, Mass., U.S.A. (Offices, Dorington House, Norfolk St., Strand, W.C.s.). The Exravian Ohurch (Offices, 25 Fetter Lane, E.C. has in the U.K. 42 congregations and preaching stations, with 3,336 communicants. The Catholic Apostolic Church has above 85 churches, including a fine Gothic building in Gordon Square, W.C.; the New Church Gwedenbergan), 75 societies, with about 6,700 registered members; the Latter-Day Saints (Bermans) have 85 churches. The Free Church of England (otherwise called The Refermed Episcopal Church) combines two churches, the Free Church founded in 1844 and

#### AND THE BAPTISTS.

The BAPTISTS are similar to the Congregationalists in all respects but one—viz., the Baptian by immersion of believers only. Like the Congregationalists, they are for the most part grouped in associations of churches, and the majority of these belong to the Baptist Union, which was formed in 1813. In the British Isles there formed in 1813. In the British Tales there were, in 1930, 4,243 chapels and 2,031 pastors. The members numbered 4,05,34s. Sunday-school teachers 59,539, and Sunday scholars 483,430. President of the Baptist Union, 1931-29. Rev. Carey Bonner. Secretary, Rev. M. E. Aubrey. Office, 4, Southampton Row, London, W.C. x. The Baptist World Alluance (founded in 1905) is a Federation of National Conventions and Unions in mora than Securities. Communicant members of the second section of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second

in more than 60 countries. Communicant membership about 11,500,000. General Sec., Rev J. H. Rushbrooke, p. D. Office, 480uthampton Row, W. C. I. The Strict and Particular Baptists have about

600 places of worship in England and Wales, and so,000 members, with Foreign mission fields.

the Reformed Church founded (in New York) the Reformed Church founded (in New York) in 1872. Presiding Bishop, Rt. Rev. F. Vanghan, D.D., Emmanuel Rectory, Morecambe. Gen. Sec., Rev. A. V. Bland, D.D., Rydal Mount, Morecambe. The Old Roman Cathelic Ohurch: Archbishop in Gt. Britain, Mott Rev. Bernard Mary Williams, Madam's Wood, Painswick, Stroud, Glos. The Seventh Day Advantists (Hidgra., Stanborough Park, Watford, Hertz) have 64 corranized churches. Seconomoles and 4.588 Stanborough Fark, Watford, Herts) have 64 organized churches, 32 companies, and 4,588 members in the British Isles. The Greeks (Bzarch of Western and Northern Europe, Metropolitan of Thyateira, Archbishop Germanos, 20, Newton Rd., Bayswater, W.s.) have8t. Sophia's Cathedral (Moscow Road, W.s.) and churches in Manchester, Liverpool, and Cardiff. The Armenians have a church in London (S. Sarkis, Iverns Gardens) and in Manchester (St. Trints.

Ladika, res. Winnipeg ...... 2909

312 The Roman C	atholic Church.
Africa.  DelApostolic to S. Africa, Abp. Jordan Gijlswijk.	Dinajpur, G. B. Auselmo
	Galle, The Bp. of Trinoomalee, A. A.       1927         Hong Kong, Henry Valtorta       1966         Hyderabad, Denis Valmara       1909         Jafina, Alfred Guyomard       1984
Valerio Valeri 1927	Hyderabad, Denis Vismara 1909
Bugamoyo, Bartholomew Wilson, V. A 1984	Jafna, Alfred Guyomard 1984
Bahr-el-Ghazal, Antony Stoppani, V. A 1917	Kundy, Bede Beekmeyer
Basutoland, (vacant)	Kottayam, Alexander Chulaparambil 1914
Benin, Coast of, Francis O'Rourke, V. A 1930	Kumbaconam. Peter Rayappa
Cape of Good Hope, R., H. MacSherry, V. A. 1806	Lahore, Hector Catry       1988         Malacca, E. Barillon       1904         Bp. Coadj., P. L. Perrichon       1980         Mangalore, Victor R. Fernandes       1931         Meliapur, A. Teixeira       1938
Do., West, Bernard O'Riley, Vic. Ap 1925	Ro. Condi. P. L. Perrichon 1994
Dar-es-Salaam, Edgar Maranta, V. A 1930	Mangalore, Victor R. Fernandes 1931
Egypt, Hyginus Nuti, Vic Ap 1982	Meliapur, A. Teixeira
Gold Coast Ernest Hanger V A	Nagpur, Francis S. Coppel 1907
Great Namaqualand, Joseph Klemann. 1931	Nagpur, Francis S. Coppel
Rhartum, Hector F. Bini, V. A 1931	Poona H. Doering
Kimberley, Hermann Meysing, Vic. Ap 1925	Quilon, (vacant)
Risantu, Adolphe Verwimp, S. J 1931	Salem, Henri Prunier 1020
Valerio Valeri  Richops.  Bigamoyo, Bartholomew Wilson, V. A. 1924  Bahrel-Ghazal, Antony Stoppani, V. A. 1927  Bangucolo, Stephen Larue, V. A. 1923  Basutoland, (vacant)  Benin, Coast of, Francis O'Rourke, V. A. 1939  Bukoba, Burckart Huwiler, V. A. 1939  Bukoba, Burckart Huwiler, V. A. 1939  Caps of Good Hope, E. H. MacSherry, V. A. 1930  Do., West, Bernard O'Riley, Vic. Ap. 1932  Dar-sa-Salaam, Edgar Maranta, V. A. 1932  Dar-sa-Salaam, Edgar Maranta, V. A. 1932  Engipt, Hyginus Nuti, Vic Ap. 1932  Engoe, Thomas Spreiter, Vic Ap. 1936  Godd Coast, Ernest Hauger, V. A. 1931  Künhan-Njaro, Henry Gogarty, V. A. 1931  Künhan-Njaro, Henry Gogarty, V. A. 1932  Kinhan-Njaro, Henry Gogarty, V. A. 1931  Kinhan-Njaro, Henry Gogarty, V. A. 1931  Kunthi, Adolphe Verwimp, S. J. 1931  Lover Volla, Angustus Hermann, Vic. Ap. 1933  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1923  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1923  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1923  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1924  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1924  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1924  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1924  Marianhill, Adalbert Fielsoher, V. A. 1924  Marianhill, Adalbert Allery Delalle, Vic. Ab. 1920  Matal. Henry Delalle, Vic. Ab. 1920	Poona H. Doering
Mwanza, Antony Oomen, V. A 1989	Trinconnalee, Gaston Robichez 1927
Wagner Mathumin Chilland Vic An	Tuticorin, Francis Roche 1983
Orange River, J. Simon, Vic. Ap 1898	Vayayapuram, John V. Arana 1931 Vizagapatam, Peter Rossillon 1918
Bp. Coady., Odilo Fages 1928	Australia.
Port Victoria, Seychelles, Louis Gumy 2921	Delegate-Apostolic to Australasia, Abp. Cattaneo.
Salisbury, A. Chichester	Archbishops.  Adelaide, Robt. W. Spence 1914
Sierra Leone, John O'Gorman, Vic. Ap 1910	Brisbane, James Duhig 1905 Hobart, William Hayden 2930
ygusz, nacurin Guinelle, vic. Ap. 1910 Orange River, J. Simon, Vic. Ap. 1898 Bp. Coady. Odilo Fages. 1928 Port Louis, James Leen 1925 Port Victoria, Seychelles, Louis Gumy 1922 Salisbury, A. Chrohester 1933 Shiré, Louis Auneau, Vic. Ap. 1910 Sierra Leone, John O'Gorman, Vic. Ap. 1920 Srn Nigeria, Ignatius Shanahan, Vic. Ap. 1920 Bn. Coad. Charles Heerev 1927	Hobart, William Hayden 2930
Suez Canal. Ange-Marie Hiral. V. A 1927	Melbourne, Daniel Mannix 1912 Perth, Patrick Joseph Clune 1913
SYN Nigeria, ignatius shananan, vic Ap. 2920 Bp. Coad., Charles Heerey 2927 Susz Canal, Ange-Marie Hiral, V. A. 2929 Tanganyica, Joseph Birraux, Vic. Ap. 1929 Tanganyica, Joseph Birraux, Vic. Ap. 1925 Uganda, Henry Streicher, V. A. 1925 Upper Nile, John W. Campling, V. A. 2925 Windhoek, Joseph Gotthari, V. A. 2926 Windhoek, Joseph Gotthari, V. A. 2926 Zanzbor, John Gierald Neville, Vic. Ap. 2926	Syaney, Michael Kelly 1901
Tanganyica, Joseph Birraux, Vic. Ap 1920	Bishops.
Uganda, Henry Streicher, V. A 1927	Armidale, Patrick J. O'Connor 1903
Upper Nile, John W. Campling, V. A 1985	Ballarat, Daniel Foley 1926
Windhoek, Joseph Gotthard, V. A 1926	Armatate, Patrick J. O'Connor 1903  BD. Coad, John Coleman 1926  Batharat, Daniel Foley 1926  Batharat, Daniel Foley 1926  Batharat, John Norton 1926  Central Oceania, Joseph Blanc, Vic. Ap. 1924  Eastern New Guinea, Francis Wolf, Vic. Ap. 1924  Frys, Charles Nicolas, Vic. Ap. 1926  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J. P. O'Collinis 1920  Geraldton J.
Zanzibar, John Gerald Neville, Vic. Ap 1913	Contrat Oceania, Joseph Blanc, Vic. Ap
Delegate-Apostolic to India, App. Leo Kierkels.	Eastern New Guinea, Francis Wolf, Vic. Ap. 1914
Patriarch.	Geraldton J. P. O'Collins
Jerusalem, Louis Barlassina	Concernational concent amount and ash and
Bp. Auxu., Francis Feilinger 1939	Goulding John Barry vos
Archbishops, Agra, Angelo Bernsechioni	Kimberley, Otto Raible, Adm. Ap. 1989 Limure, John Carroll 1910 Bp. Condj., Patrick Farrelly 1931 Moitland, Edmund J. Gleeson 1920
	Bp. Coady., Patrick Farrelly 1931
Caloutta, Ferdinand Périer 1928	
Colombo Pierre Marque 1930	Papuaria, A. G. de Bolsmenu, Vic. Ap 1899
Bombay, Joachim Lima 1298 Caloutta, Ferdinand Périer 1292 Colombo, Pierre Marque 1293 Cyprus, Paul Aouad 1292 Ernakulam, Augustine Kandathil 1292	Papuasia, A. G. de Bolsmenu, Vic. Ap 1899 Rabaul, Gerard Vesters, Vic. Ap 1983 Port Augusta. Andrew Killian 1984
Magazus, Lukene Dieueriet	Rockhampton, (vacant)
Simia, Anselm John Kenealy 1921	Sandhurst, John MacCarthy 2023
Verapoly, Angelo Perez	South Solomon Islands, Aloysius Raucaz reso
Ajmer, Maturin Le Ruyet	Tooteoomba, James Byrne
Arabia (Aden), A. da Treppio, Adm. Ap 2016	Wagga-Wagga, Joseph Dwyer 1918 Wilcannia Forbes, Thomas Fox. 1992
Burma, North, Eugene C. Foulquier, Vic. A. 1906	Wilcannia Forbes, Thomas Fox 1932
Arabia (Aden), A. da Treppio, Adm. Ap 2926 Burma, North, Engene C. Foulquier, Vic. A. 2905 Burma, South, Frederick Provet 2932 Calicut, Paul Perini 2930	<b>New Zealand.</b> Archbishop.
Changanacherry, James Kallacherry	Wellington, Francis Redwood 2874 Archinshop Coady., Thomas O'Shea 2923 Bishope. Auckland, James Liston 2990
Castingong, A. M. Lepailleur 1927	Architshop Coady, Thomas O'Shea 1913
Compatore. (vacant)	Auckland, James Liston
Dacca, (vacant)  By. Aux., Timothy Crowley	Christchurch, Matthew Joseph Brodie 2916 Dunedin, James Whyte 2980
ay. Aux., Timothy Crowley 1987	L'uniours, Januar Willyle 1980

## Cathedrais, Churches, &c.

e anyeviai	₽,
ENGLISH CATHEDRALS.	
See. Period and total length (in fert)	
Tieth & 197-11- (NY 11-) and sound tempts (NY Jert)	٠
Bath & Wells (Wells).—rsth-rath Cent Birmingham.—rsth Cent. (Archer)	3
Birmingham.—zeth Cent. (Archer)	
Bradford.—zsth Cent	
Bristol zath Cent. (Nave zoth Cent.)	3
Canterburyzrth-zeth Cent	5
Carlislexsth-z4th Cent	*
Chelmsford	_
Chelmsford.—zgth Cent	-
Chickenter and Comb	34
Chichester.—xxth-xxth Cent	37
Coventry.—14th Cent	
Durham.—rrth-rath Cent	47
Elyzzth-zzth Cent	5
Exeterzeth-zeth Cent	3(
Gloucester-rath Cent	44
Guildford (Holy Trinity)	_
Hereford seth Cont	
Rereford.—zsth Cent	34
Lelcester (St. Martin's)	
Lichnold 13th-14th Cent. (Three spires.)	37
Lincoln.—13th-14th Cent. (Three spires.) Lincoln.—13th-15th Cent. (Central tower	
syz feet.)	4
Livernool.—soth Cent. Largest in England	-
(when completed)	6:
Tondon -St Paul's Cathedral with Cent	42
Manchester.—15th Cent.	•
Manchester.—Isui Cent.	
Newcastleisth Cent. (Spire 193 feet.)	
Norwich	35
Oxford.—Christ Church, zsth Cent	I,
Peterborough.—seth Cent	4
Portsmouth-(St. Thomas of Canterbury)	-
Ripon Minster.—rath-rath Cent	3
Dockerton act auth Cont	
ROCHEBOT.—IBUI-IAUI COUL.	3
St. Albans.—13th-14th Cent.	5
St Edmundsbury & Ipswich (Bury St.	
Edmunds).—r5th Cent	
Edmunds).—15th Cent. Salishury.—13th Cent. (Spire 404 feet.) Sheffield.—14th-15th Cent.	44
Sheffieldx4th-xsth Cent	•
MODOR AT MIGHT (Pro-CRINEGIAL CHRISEL DI.	
Nicholas, Bishopscourt, I. of Man.)	
Southwark arth Cont	
Southwark.—13th Cent.	
Southwell Minster rsth-r3th Cent	
Truro roth Cent	87
Wakefieldzsth Cent	
Winchester.—xxth-xxth Cent	51
Worcesterrith-rith Cent	44
York Minster rath-rath Cent	4
_	-
WELSH CATHEDRALS.	
see Period and total length (in feet).	
Bangor reth-reth Cent	
Llandeffreth Cent	
MonmouthPro-Cathedral, St. Woollos,	
Newport, 13th Cent	
St. Asenh	

Swanses & Brecon.—(Brecon.) zath-z3th C. ST PAUL'S CATHERDRAL, City of London, E.C. 4 (1675-1710) cost £747,666. The cross on the done is a fee fit. above the ground level, the inner cupols azs ft above the floor. "Great Paul," in S.W. tower, weighs 17 tons. Organ by Father smith (enlarged by Willis) in case carved by Grinling Gibbons (who also carved the choir stalls. Nava and transacta fras. Teas choir stalls). Nave and transepts free; Fees Choir stalls). Nave and transepts free; rees, to the following parts (on week-days only): Abrary, whispering gallery, and stone gallery, a.d.; golden gallery, e.g.; crypt, 6d.; ball, e.g., total, gs. Service on Sundays at 8, "zo., z., "4, ("Services re choral.) To the 8 are remains of the Chapter louse and Christers of "Old St. Paul's," detroyed by the Paul of London 1, e866. troyed by the Fire of London in 1666.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY, S.W. z (built A.D. reso-ryfe). — Open on week-days at 8 a.m. Admission to Royal Chapels by fee of 6d., Admission to Royal Chapels by fee of \$d., except on Mondays (open free); wax effigies, \$d. Norman undercroft, 3d. Transepts open on Sundays for service only, and Nave only between services. Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer at 3. Sermon at 6.30. Daily—Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer at 3. Sermon at 6.30. Daily—Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer at 3. Sermon at 6.30. Daily—Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Prayer at 3. Sermon at 6.30. Daily—Holy Communion at \$z\$. Morning Edward the Confessor's ahrine, a.D. \$z\$6, tombs of kings (Edward I., Edward III., Henry V., Mary, Queen of Scots, Queen Elizabeth), and many other monuments and objects of interest, especially the grave of "An Unknown Warrior" at the W. end of Nave (\$z\$80), and Poets Coruer. The Coronation Chair encloses the "Stone of Scone," brought from Scotland by Edward I. in \$z\$97. The Chapel of the Pyx is open on Tuesday and Saturday.

SOUTHWARK CATHEDRAL, south side of the Thames, near London Bridge, S.E. z.—Mainly 13th century. Known as St. Mary Overie previous 1300 century. Anown asc. Mary Overse previous to 1540. Open 7,30 a.m. to 6 p. m., free Sunday services, 7,30,8, and 11 a.m. (choral) and 6.30 p.m. (choral). Week-days: 7,30,8, and 5 p.m. (choral). The tomb of John Gower (1330-1408) is between the Bunyan and Chaucer memorial windows, in the N. aisle; Shakespeare effigy backed by view of Southwark and Globe Theatre in S. aisle; the altar screen (erected 1500) has been restored; the tomb of Bishop Andrewes (died 1623) is near screen. The Early English Lady Chapel (behind the choir), restored 1930, is the scene of the Consistory Courts of the reign of Mary (Gardiner and Bonner); and is still used for this purpose.

ALL HALLOWS, Barking-by-the-Tower, E.C. 2. -rsth century church, containing a very fine series of brass offigles; Jacobean pulpit with Sussex ironwork and font cover ascribed to Grinling Gibbons; crypt of earlier church.

ALL SAINTS, Margaret Street, W. z.—Built by
Butterfield in 1859. Auglo-Catholic and noted

for its music.

for its liusic.

Bow Church (Sr. Mary-Le-Bow), Cheapside,
E.C.s.—Rebuilt by Wren with beautiful steeple
(sas ft.). 12th century crypt and church open
daily (except M.) 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Since 17th
century anyone born within sound of the bells
of Bow Church has been designated a "Cockney." The xxth century church was built on stone arches or "bows."

CHRIST CHURCH, CRRIST CHUROH, GREYFRIARS, E.C. 1.—
Rebuilt by Wren. The organ (repaired rest) is
by Renatus Harris, and the marble font is attributed to Grinling Gibbons. Until removal to
Horsham (spee) the boys of Christ's Hospital'
(Blue Cost School), the site of which is now
occupied by the G.P.O., attended services at
Orrist Church and the galleries contain seats
with raised benches for the "Grecians" Blue
Cost School boys still attend annually on 66. GREYFRIARS, Coat School boys still attend annually on St. Matthew's Day (Sept. 21). "Spital Sermon" is preached at Christ Church at Easter.

GUARDS' CHAPEL, Wellington Barracks (Bird-cage Walk, St. James's Pk., S. W. 1).—Chapel redecorated in 1898. Open to visitors on week days, so to 1 and 2 to 4 (Mondays and Saturdays, so to 12). Parade service on Sundays at 11 a.m. (tokets of admission can be obtained on application to the Chaplain, R. M. Chapel, Wellington Barracks);

FELLOWSHIP GUILD SERVICES, instituted by Miss Maude Royden, c.H., D.D., and Dr. Percy Dearmer at Kensington Town Hall in March, zeco, and removed in June, zest, to Guidhouse, Eccleston Square, S.W. z. Sundays, Music and address, 3.30, and service and sermon, 6.30.

HARECOURT CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Paul's Road, Canonbury, N. z.—Founded about 2648 at Pancras, Soper Lane, from there to Redcross Street, and to Hare Court, Aldersgate, in 1691, and removed in 1857 to Canonbury. John Bunyan died in the House of a Deacon of Hare-

court. Minister, Rev. Kobert Anderson. Sun days, xx and 6.30; Wednesdays, 8.0 p.m.
The Kings Weigh House, Duke Street, Groavenor Square, W. 1.—Rev. W. E. Orchard, D.D. Sundays, H.C., 9 and 10; xx a.1u and 7 p.m.

Thurs. 7.30 p.m.
PILGRIM FATHERS' MEMORIAL CHURCH, New Kent Road, S.E. z .- The oldest Congregational Church in London (A.D. 1616), was enlarged by American subscribers in 1856.—Sunday Services at 12 and 6.45: Tuesdays at 8. The Church, with the Memorial Chapel, may be seen at any time.

UNION CHAPEL, Islington.—Sundays, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., Wed., 8 p.m. Minister, Rev. J. Westbury Jones, M.A., D D. (pro tempore).

WESTMINSTER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.—Sundays, zz and 7. Minuster, Rev. Hubert L. Simpson, M.A., D.D

WHITEFIELD'S CENTRAL MISSION (London Congregational Union), Tottenham Court Road, W. z.—Founded by the Rev. George Whitefield, W. z.—rounded by the Lev. George Whitehed, M.A., in 1756. Institutional Church founded by Rev. C. Silvester Horne, M.A., M.P., in 1703. Superintendent Minister, Rev. A. D. Belden, B.D. Organizing Sec., Harry E. Gaze. Sunday Ser-vices, zz and 7. Men's Meeting, 3.15. Thursday Service, 7.30 p.m. Institute and Clubs for young people open daily.

Baptist.

BLOOMSBURY BAPTIST CHURCH, Shaftesbury

BLOOMSBURY BAPTIST CHURCH, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. a.—Suudaya, xx and y, Thursdays, 8 p.m. Muneter, Rev. F. Townley Lord, D.D. METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, Newington, 8.E. xx (Mr. Spurgeon's, 186x-189a).—Sunday, rx and 6.30; Thursday, 7.30. Pastor, Rev. H. Tydeman Chilvers.
Wystbourke Park, Porchester Rd., Bayswater, W. a.—Pattor, Rev. S. W. Hughas D.D. Smiley.

W. 2 - Pastor, Rev. S. W. Hughes, D.D. Sundays, 22 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Wednesdays, 7.30 p.m. Wesleyan.

WESLEY'S CHAPEL, City Road, E.C. z. "The Cathedral of Wesleyan Methodism." Contains Contains many relics of John and Charles Wesley and other great founders of Methodism. As the " Mother Church of Methodism" visitors attend from all parts of the world .- Sunday morning at zz; evening at 6.30. John Wesley's tomb in graveyard behind chapel. In front is Wesin graveyard behind chapel. In front is Weeley's House and Museum (see p 286). Minister,
Rev. George H. McNeal, M.A., 49 City
Road, E.C. r. Opposite Wesley's Chapel is
Bunkul Fields Burial Ground, City Road, the
burial place of Dr. John Owen (1882), John Bunyan
(1888), Daniel Defoe (1737), Dr. Watts (1748),
William Blake (1888), and Susaniah Wesley
(1741). To the west of the cometery is the
Friends' Burial Ground, with the grave of
George Fox, founder of the Society of Friends.
CENTRAL HALL, Westminster, S.W. 1.—Sunday
Services, 13 a.m. and 7 b.m. Sunday Pracher.

Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday Preacher,
Rev. Dinsdale T. Young, D.D.
KINGSWAY HALL, Kingsway and Great Queen

Street, W.C. a.—Sundays at 11, 3.30, and 7. Preacher, Rev. Ira G. Goldhawk. Roman Catholic.

WRSTMINSTER CATHEDRAI, Ashley Place, Westminster, S.W. z (close to Victoria Station), built 1293-1903 from the designs of J. F. Bentley (the campanile is 183 feet high).—Sundays: Low Masses, 6, 630, 7, 730, 8, 830, 9 (with short Sermon): Capitular High Mass, 10.30; Low Mass with Sermon, 123: Solemn Vespers and Low Mass with Sermon, xs; Solemn Vespers and Benediction, 2, 15; Compline, Sermon and Benediction, 7 Week-days. Low Masses, 7, 7, 30, 8, 8, 30, 9; Capitular High Mass, 10, 30; Vespers, Compline and Benediction, 2, 15; Matins and Lauds (of the following day), 6; Sermon and Benediction, 8, 15. Holidays of Obligation: Low Masses, 6, 6, 30, 7, 7, 30, 8, 8, 30, 9; Capitular High Mass, 10, 30; Low Mass, 12; Solemn Vespers, Compline and Benediction, 8, 15. Devotions, Sermon and Benediction, 8, 15. Church open 6, 30 a.m. to 9, 30 p.m. Cardinals Wiseman and Manning buried in crypt. Shrine of Blessed John Southworth in the Chapel of St. George and the English Martyrs. Campanile open to public by English Martyrs. Campanile open to public by new electric lift, admission is.

new electro lift, admission ze.

St. Gronge's Cathridhal, Lambeth Road,
S.E. z.—Built by Pugin z846-8 (tower not yet
built), near Waterloo Station and Lambeth
North "Tube." Sundays. Low Masses, 7, 8, 29
(children), zs (with short sermon): High Mass,
zo,30; Italian Sermon and Benediction, 4, 20;
Vespers (Sermon and Benediction), 6, 30 p.m.
Week-days: Low Masses, 7, 7, 30, 8, zo. Sermon and
Benediction on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays
at 8, zs. Hohdays of Obligation: Low Masses, 6, 7,
8, 9, zo, High Mass, zi. Vespers and Benediction,
8 p.m. Church open, 6 30-z and 2, 30-2, 30.

The Oratory, Brompton, S.W. ..—Sundays:
Low Masses, 6, 30, 7, 7, 30, 8, 8, 30, 9, zo; High

Low Masses, 6.30, 7, 7.30, 8, 8.30, 9, 10; High Mass, 10.45; Low Mass and Sermon, 12; Vespers, Mass, xo.45; Low Mass and Sermon, xz; Veapers, 23c; Evening Service and Benediction, 7. Weekdays' Low Masses, 6 30, 7, 7 30, 8, 8, 30, 7c. Evening Service and Sermon daily, 8 (except Saturday). Holidays: High Mass, xo.45; Low Mass, xz. Thursdays and Saturdays, 4, 30, Benediction. Great Day—St. Philip's, 36 May, High Mass, xz; Solemn Vespers, 4, 30; Benediction, 8. Dutch Reformed.

AUSTIN FRIARS, Old Broad Street, E.C. a.— 14th century church, assigned by Edward VI. to Protestant refugees and ultimately to the Dutch : contains many 14th century and later tombs. Christian Science.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.—First Church of Christ, Scientus (Sloane Terrace, S.W. 1); Second (Palace Gardens Terrace, W. 8); Third (7 and 8, Curron Street, Mayfair, W. 1); Fourth (34 Woburn Place, Russell Su, W.C.1); Fyfth (35, Crouch Hill, N.4); Sixth (Gwendolen Avenue, Putney, S.W. 24); Seconth (Wright's Lane, Kensington, W. 8); Eighth (80, Arre Lane, Brixton, S.W. 2); Ninth (Marshum Street, Westminster, S.W. 1); Tenth (Beunett Park Hall, Blackheath, S.E. 2); Kleventh (Nutford Place, Bryanston Square, W. 2); Treefth (Ullswater Road, West Norwood, S.E. 27). CHRISTIAN SCIENCE .- First Church of Christ, Jews.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE SYNAGOGUE, Bevis Marks, E.C. 3.—Founded during Commonwealth; present building erected in 1701. The oldest Jewish synagogue in the country.

GREAT SYNAGOGUE, St. James's Place, Dules Street, Aldgate, E.C. 3 — Founded in 250 (present building 1790). WEST LONDON SYNAGOGUE, Upper Berkeley Street, W. z.

## Educational Statistics.

#### I .- ELEMENTARY.

Statutes require parents in England and Wales to cause their children to receive efficient elementary instruction or to attend school from 5 to 14 years of age; in Scotland, to provide efficient education up to 15 years; in Ireland, to cause their children to attend school from 6 to 14 years.

In England and Wales (1920) there were 20,792 public elementary schools with accommodation for 7,120,382 pupils, and average attendance of 4,975,336; in addition, there were 227 special schools for bilind and deaf children, with accommodation for 9,284, and 465 for defective and epileptic children, with accommodation for 40,303. There were (120) 33,508 certificated college-trained men teachers and 64,058 women, 5,542 certificated not college-trained men teachers and 30,953 women, and 2,048 uncertificated men and 29,942 uncertificated women.

In Scotland (1929) there were 2,915 primary schools with accommodation for 851,555, and average attendance of 584,473. There were (1929) 3,916 certificated men teachers and 15,128 women teachers, and 34 provisionally certificated

Elementary school education includes teaching in practical matters—needlework, drawing, gardening, handicrits, cookery, &c.—and the sections upon health, medical attendance, physical training, evening play centres, home study, future employment, &c., show that the schools are valuable agencies in child-welfare generally.

#### II.—EDUCATION BEYOND ELEMENTARY. Secondary.

The aims, methods, and instructions are in marked contrast to the comparative simplicity of those in Elementary Education. In all the four countries it is now felt that although technical instruction was the first branch to be promoted by statute, undifferentiated 4-year secondary (intermediate) courses should be gone through before pupils proceed to specialisation for industrial, commercial, &c., employments.

dustrial, commercial, &c., employments.

In England and Wales (1929) the number of Secondary schools recognised for grant was 1,241, with 10,249 full-time men and 10,255 full-time women teachers. The Authorities aim at securing graduate teachers as far as possible. The full-time pupils numbered 48,279 boys and 45,272 girls under 12; 140,584 boys and 15,582 girls over 16-a total of 26,938 boys and 15,582 girls over 16-a total of 26,938 boys and 28,247 girls. Of these about one-fourth come up from elementary schools with "free places," others with scholarships. Mine-tenths of these schools receive State grants, and nearly one-third are controlled by Local Authorities. Fees are charged to most of the pupils. Of these "efficient" schools about 40 per cent. receive boarders (about 27,000) in varying proportious and drawn in many cases from distant areas. Most of them are endowed or under trusts, and their trust incomes and property form a considerable asset in secondary school finance. The system in Wales is much the same as in England, though the schools are under earlier statutory provisions, and are called "Intermediate" in many cases. In Wales there is a Central Welsh Board.

In Scotland there are Preparatory and Secondary Departments under the same Commissioners and Local Authorities as the Elementary schools. In 1989 there were 207 Preparatory Departments with 76,091 children on the Register and average attendances of 65,347, and 252 Secondary Departments with 75,231 children on the Register and average attendances of 73,153. The Authorities aim at securing honours graduates as far as possible, and all teachers are certificated.

#### Technical.

Technical Education in England and Wales is provided in Evening and similar schools and in Day Technical Classes and Technical Institution Courses (mostly controlled by Local Authorities). State grants are paid on the number of students, of whom about one-half are under 17 years of age The average attendance of a student is about 50 hours per annum. There are also Teachers' Courses, Tutorial Classes, and also Schools of Art, Branch Schools of Art, and Art Classes In Scotland Technical Education is provided in like manner.

#### Training.

Training is provided by the State for Elementary School Teachers, of whom so per cent. have been trained in Colleges having nearly 23,000 places. Slight progress has been made lately towards providing for the Training of Teachers for Secondary Schools, a small annual State grant being made for the purpose; in Scotland all candidates for employment as teachers must undertake a course of training of at least one year in teaching.

#### Universities.

Many of these institutions now receive annual State grants, nainly in the form of "block grants paid by the Treasury on the advice of the University Grants Committee. Substantial grants are also received from local Education Authorities in England and Wales. State grants to Irish Institutions were transferred from the Treasury to the Irish Governments as from April, rgas.

In 1930-31 the Professors and Undergraduates

Universities. England (xx)	Professors,	Under- graduates. 34,960
Wales (z) Scotland (4)	375 939	3,070
Total (x6)	5.814	49,680

# EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION, 1928-29 (Out of the Parliamentary Vote).

Branches.	England & Wales.	Scotland.
Elementary	33,687,300) 7,619,798	£ 6,073, <b>8</b> 04
Teachers Pensions Museums, &c  Deduct—	703,520 4,562,558 208,640	117,372 <b>58</b> 4,758 25,634
Appropriations in Aid	5,0 <b>09,76s</b>	700,675
Net Total£4x,75x,024 £6,200,893		

318 UNIVERSITIES, COLI	LEGES AND BOHOOLS.
THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD.	Secretary of
Oxpord University Thrms 1932.	Committee for Appointments, C. E. D. Peters, M.A., Corpus, and E. A. Gres-
Hilary, or Lent, Jan. 14 to March 19.	Peters, M.A., Corpus, and E. A. Gres- well, M.A., Hertford.
Trinity, March 30 to July 9. Michaelmas, Oct. 20 to Dec. 27.	Adviser to Overseas Students, H. S. Williamson, M.A., Ch. Ch.
	The Rhodes Trustees, C. L. Allen, M.A., New
NUMBER OF UNDERGRADUATES IN RESIDENCE Oct., 1931, 4,870.	The Trustees of the Oxford Endorment Found
University Officers, &c.	Nigel Bond, M.A., Magd., 49 Sloane Square, London, S.W. 1.
Chanceller, The Viscount Grey, K.G., PC, Elect	HEBDONADAL COUNCIL.
D.C.L., Balliol 193 High Steward, Lord Sankey of Moreton,	Oficial Members, The Chancellor; The Vice-Chancellor; Proctors; The Provost of Wordster.
G.B.E., B.C.L., M.A., Hon. D.C.L., Jesus 193 Vice-Chancellor, Rev. Canon F. H. Dudden,	Rt. Hou. H. A. L. Fisher, M.A., Hon. D.C.L.; A.
D.D. Master of Pembroke 198	I) Lindsov W A · I W Stanning W A · G Q
Proctors, A. B. Burrowes, M.A., Pembroke; H. W. House, M.A., Queen's	Grier, M.A.; A. S. L. Paiquidarson, M.A.; C. G.
H. W. House, M.A., Queen's	T. Morison, M.A. Sir Kardinar-Biyesed in M.
Oman, M.A., Hon, D.C.L., All Souls 198	A. H. Smith, M.A.; H. M. D. Parker, M.A.; J. R. H. Weaver, M.A.; J. L. Brierly, D.O.L.; G. Dreyer, M.A.; E. W. B. Gill, B.Sc., M.A.; H. B. F. Harlod, M.A.; G. N. Clark, M.A.;
Assessor of the Chancellor's Court, A. E. W.	G. Dreyer, M.A.; E. W. B. Gill, B.Sc., M.A.; H. R. F. Harrod, M.A.; G. N. Clark, M.A.;
Hazel, K.C., B.C.L., M.A., Principal of Jesus 19s. Public Orator, A. B. Poynton, M.A., Hon.	P. A. Landon, M.A.
D.Litt., Univ 192	UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS. Elect.  American History (Harmsworth), R. McN.
Member of the Medical Council of the United Kingdom, Sir Farquhar Buzzard, Bt.,	McElroy, M.A., Queen's xoas
D.M., Ch.Ch. 192 Bodley's Librarian, H. H. E. Craster,	Anatomy (Lee's), A. Thomson, M.A., Ch.Ch. 1893 Anglo-Saxon, J. R. R. Tolkien, M.A.,
D.Litt., All Souls	Pembruke roof
Sub-Librarians, H. H. E. Craster, D.Litt., All Souls, 1912; E. Lobel, M.A., Queen's 192.	Arabic (Laudian), D. S. Margoliouth, D. Litt., New Coll
Keeper of Archives, S. Gibson, M.A., St Cath.'s 192	
Reeper of the Authoreum museum	Line. 1925 Assyrwlogy, S. Langdon, M.A., Jesus. 1912
Curator of the Lewis Evans Collection,	Astronomy (Savilian), (vacant)
R. T. Gunther, M.A., Magdalen 198. Keeper of Art Galleries, R. McK. Clark,	Botany (Sherard), A.G. Tansley, M.A., Magd. 1927
B.A., Trinity	Byzantine and Modern Greek Lang. and Lit.
M.A., Corpus 193	Celtic, John Fraser, LL.D., Jesus 1920 Chemutry (Lee's), F. Soddy, M.A., Exeter 1919
M.A., Corpus	Chemistry (Lee's), F. Boddy, M.A., Exeter 1919 Chemistry (Waynflete), R. Robinson, M.A.,
Secretary of Faculties, H. M. Margoliouth.	Magd 1929
Radclife Observer, H. Knox-Shaw, D.Sc.,	Chinese, W. E. Soothill, M.A., Trinity 1980 Civil Law (Regius), F. de Zulueta, D.C.L.,
Trin 192	
Secretary to the Curators of the University Chest, (vacant)	All Souls 1020
Chest, (vacant) Curator of Sheldonian Theatre, J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden of Wadham 198	Comparative Anatomy (Linacre), E. S. Good-
Acting Curator of Schools, L. H. Dudley	Comparative Philology, G. E. K. Braun-
Buxton, M.A., D.Sc., Exeter	Divinity (Regnus), Henry Leighton Gondge.
Gamlen, MA, Balliol	Divinity (Regrus), Henry Leighton Gondge, D.D., Ch. Ch.
Ch. Ch, 1899; F. E. Marshall, M.A., St.	Divinity (Margaret), N. P. Williams, D.D., Ch Ch
University Causel, W. A. Greene, K.C.	Koclesnastical History (Regues), E.W. Watson,
M.A., All Souls 198	Removes History (Chichele) G N Claule
Solicitor, J. C. B. Gamlen, M.A., Balliel 1988 Summoner of Preachers, H. M. Lodge, Hon.	M.A., All Souls regret Egyptology, F. Ll. Griffith, M.A., Queens regret
M.A 191	Engineering Science, R. V. Southwell, M. A.,
Clerk of the Schools, G. H. White	Engluh Language and Literature, H. C. K.
Examination of Schools, C. H. Wilkinson.	Wyld, B.Litt., M.A., Merton
N.A., Worcester. Extra - Mural Studies, Rev. F. E.	English Literature, D. Nichol Smith, M.A.,
Hutchinson, M.A., Trinity	Exegesis (Ireland),
University Museum, S. G. P. Plant,	Experimental Philosophy (Lee's), F. A. Lindemann, M.A., Ch. Ch
D.Phil., Magdalen	Fine Art (Slade), R. M. Y. Gleadowe,
Hutchinson, M.A. Trunky	Forestry, R. S. Troup, D.Sc., St John's

	Elect.	Oxford Colleges.
French (Foch), G. Rudler, M.A., All Souls	IGIG	(With date of foundation )
		(West divice of Journalitions)
Comstant (San Gian) W C Titchmounh	1897	(With date of foundation.) All Souls (1437), F. W. Pember, D.C.L., Warden.
Geometry (Savuran), E. C. Hudimarsii,		Dano (1202), A. D. Lingsay, M.A., Maker.
Geometry (Savilian), E. C. Titchmarsh, M.A., New Coll.	1931	B.N.C. (1509), C. H. Sampson, M.A., Principal. Ch. Ch. (1532), H. J. White, D. D., Dean.
German Landunge with Ductulute, D. G.		Ch. Ch. (1822). H. J. White, D.D. Dean.
Fiedler, M.V.O., M.A., Queen's	1907	Comment Christi (rest) D & Allen to Titt Dusgidant
Good (Remove) G. G. A. Murroy D. Litt.	-9-7	Corpus Christi (1546), P.S. Alleu, D. Litt., President. Exeter (1314), R. R. Marett. D.Sc., Rector.
Greek (Negrus), G. G. A. Mullay, D. Mich.,		Exeter (1314), R. R. Marett. D.Sc , Rector.
Ch, Ch	1908	Hertford (1874), C. R. M. F. Cruttwell, M.A., Prin.
Hebrew (Regius), G. A. Cooke, D.D., Ch.Ch.	1914	Jesus (1571), A. E. W. Hazel, K.C., B.C.L.,
History, Ancient (Camden), J. G. C. Ander-		
con M A D N C		Principal.
son, M.A., B.N.C.	1927	Lincoln (1427), J. A. R. Munro, M. A., Rector.
History, Ancient (Wykeham), J. L. Myres,		Magdalen (1458), G. S. Gordon, M.A., President.
M.A., New Coll	1910	Merton (1264), T. Bowman, M.A., Warden.
International Law (Chichele), J. I., Brierly,		Aren Cold (and the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first the first t
Zinorinationale Little (Chichele), v. 14 Diletty,		New Cat. (1379), Rt. Hon. H. A. L. Fisher, M A.,
D.C.L., All Souls	1928	Hon. D.C.L., Warden.
International Relations (Montague Bur-		New Coll. (1379), Rt. Hon. H. A. L. Fisher, M A., Hon. D.C.L., Warden. Oriel (1326), W. D. Ross, M.A., Provost.
ton), A. R. Zimmern, M.A., New Coll	1930	Pembroke (1624), K. H. Dudden, D.D., Master. Queen's (1340), E. M. Walker, M.A., Provost. St. John's (1828), H. A. James, D.D. Presedent
Intermetation of Hale Consulated D (	-93-	I emorone (1014), F. H.Dunach, D.D., master,
Therpretation of Hotel Screpture, D. C.		Queen's (1340), E. M. Walker, M A., Provost.
Interpretation of Holy Scripture, D. C. Simpson, D.D., Oriel	1925	St. John's (1555), H. A. James, D.D., Prendent. Trunty (1554), H. E. D. Blakiston, D.D., Pres.
Italian (Serena), C. Foligno, M.A., Magd.	1919	Transity (vers) H E i) Blobigton to D. Down
Jurusprudence, A.L. Goodhart, D.C.L., Univ.	1931	Trumping (4334), 11. M. D. Diakiston, D.D., 1778.
t at a Comment A C Clouds at a Comment		University (1249), Sir M. E. Sadler, M.A., K.C.S.I.,
Latin (Corpus), A. C. Clark, M.A. Corpus	1913	Master.
Latin (Corpus), A. C. Clark, M.A., Corpus Law (Vinerian), Sir W. S. Holdsworth,		Wadham (1612), J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden
K.C., D.C.L., All Souls	1922	Wordestor (vers) F I I'm M A Danuar
Logic (Wykeham), H. H. Joachim, M A.,		CA The Trape of A To The Trape of The Trape of The Trape of The Trape of The Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape of Trape o
		St. Lam. Ball (1209), A. B. Emden, M.A., Prin.
New Coll,	1919	Wadham (2612), J. F. Stenning, M.A., Warden. Worcester (2714), F. J. Lys, M.A., Procost. St. Edm. Hall (1260), A. B. Emden, M.A., Prin. Keble (1870), B. J. Kidd, D.D., Warden.
Mathematics (Rouse Ball), E.A. Milne, M.A.,		
Wadham	1928	St Catherine's Society (-Deal V T W Deal
Madining ( Decision) Sin Familibor Burgani		St. Catherine's Society (1868), V. J. K. Brook, M.A.,
Medicine (Regius), Sir Farquhar Buzzard,		Censor.
Bt., K O.V.O., D'M., Ch. Ch	1927	Campion Hall, R. G. O. Vignaux, M.A., Master.
Metaphysical Philosophy (Waunstete), J. A.		S. Benet's Hall, P. J. McCann, M.A., Master.
Smith, M.A., Magd	1910	Ch D. A. J. Mart. J. S. M.COMIII, M.A., MUSIEF.
Man Man Man Man Man Com Cla	1910	St. Peter's Hall (1929), C. M. Chavasse, M.A.,
Military History (Chichele), Maj Gen. Sir		Master.
E. Swinton. K.B.K., C.B., D.S.O., M A, All		
Souls	1925	Societies of Women Students.
		LADY MARGARET HALL (1878).
Mineralogy, H. L. Bowman, D.Sc., Magd	1909	Dula singl Mica Yanda Chian at a
Modern History (Chichele), Sir C. W. C.		Principal, Miss Lynda Grier, M.A.
Oman, K.B.E., M.A., Hon. D.C.L., All Souls	1905	Vice-Principal, Miss E. Jamison, M.A.
Madam Hatam ( Decisio) W M Domicko	*3~2	Librarian and Secretary, Miss Anson, M.A.
Modern History (Regius), F. M. Powicke,	_	Bursar, Miss Harbottle.
M.A., Oriel	1988	
Moral Philosophy (White), H. A. Prichard,		SOMERVILLE COLLEGE (1879).
M A Commen	1938	Principal, Miss H. Darbishire, M.A.
M.A., Corpus	-920	L'aca Dimperinal Man M. V. Domo at a
Music, Sir Hugh P. Allen, K.C.V.O., D.Mus.,	_	Vice I I theepat, miss m. R. Pope, M.A.
New Coll	1918	Vice-Principal, Miss M. K. Pope, M.A. Secretary and Treasurer, Miss A. Beauchamp, Rurear Miss M. B. Stonedale
Natural Philosophy (Sedlevan), A. E. H.	-	Bursar, Miss M. B. Stonedale. [O.B.E.]
Natural Philosophy (Sedleian), A. E. H. Love, D.Sc., Queen's	1899	Bursar, Miss M. B. Stonedale. [O.B.E.] Dean. Miss V. Farnell, M.A.
12010, D.Bo., Gacone		Library de Miss H Napier 25 4
Papyrology, A. S. Hunt, D. Litt., Queen's Pastoral Theology (Regues), R. L. Ottley,	1913	Librarian, Miss H. Napier, M.A.
Pastoral Theology (Regrus), R. L. Ottlev.		ST. HUGH'S COLLEGE (x886).
D.D., Ch. Ch	***	Principal, Miss Barbara Elizabeth Gwyer, M.A.
	1903	Librarian Mice P P S Drouter M 4
Pathology, G. Dreyer. M.A., Linc	1907	Librarian, Miss E E S. Procter, M.A. Burwar, Miss G. Thornycroft, B A.
		Burkar, Miss G. Thornycroft, B A.
Pharmacology, J. A. Gunn, M.A., Balliol .	1912	ST. HILDA'S COLLEGE (1893).
Philosophy of the Christian Religion (Oriel),		Dainal and Ming I do I Marin (1993).
L. W. Gronsted, D.D., Oriel Physics (Wykeham), J. S. E. Townsond, M.A., New Coll.	1930	Principal, Miss J. de L. Mann, M.A.
Physics (Wukeham), J. S. E. Townsond	50	Vice-Principal, Miss A. M. Sandys, M.A.,
NA Nam Call		F.R.Hist.S.
M.A., DEW COM.	1900	Bursar, Miss V. L. Winslow.
Phymology (Waymflete), SIT C. B. Sherring-		Durani, Buss v. 11. Willistow.
ton, O.M., G.B.R., Hon. D.Sc., F.R.S., Magd.	1913	Secretary, Miss J. C. Thornton, M.A.
		SOCIETY OF OXFORD HOME-STUDENTS (1879).
Poetry, E. de Selincourt, D.Litt., Univ Political Economy, D. H. Macgregor, M.A.,	1928	(- Towest Walls Ordered)
Political Economy, D. H. Macgregor, M.A.	-	(r Jowett Walk, Oxford.)
All Souls	1007	Principal, Miss Grace E. Hadow, M.A.
Dulitiant Misamu and Institution W. C. C.	1921	Vice-Principal, Miss R. F. Butler, M.A.
Political Theory and Institutions, W. G. S.		Treasurer Mrs H Prichaul W.
Adams, M.A , All Souls	1912	Treasurer, Mrs. H. Prichard, M A.
Pure Mathematics (Waynflete), A. L. Dixon,	-	Secretary, Miss E. M. Moore, M.A.
	7000	
N.A., Magd	1982	THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.
Roman-Dutch Law (Rhodes), R. W. Lee,		
D.C.L., All Souls	1921	CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY TERMS, 1938.
Komance Languages, A. Ewert, M.A., Trin.	1930	Lent Jan. 5 to Mar. 24.
Rural Recommy (Sibthornian) T A &	-330	Easter Apr. 25 to June 24.
Weter M. S. T.L		Manhalman Oct - to Dog -
WRUSON, M.A., St. John's	1985	Michaelmas Oct. 1 to Dec. 19.
Rural Economy (Sibthorpian), J. A. S. Watson, M.A., St. John's		NUMBER OF UNDERGRADUATES IN RESIDENCE,
Balliol`	1987	Oct., 1931, 5,880.
	-7-/	Chancellor Rt. Hon Stanley Reldwin man
Spanish (King Alfonso XIII) (vacant)		Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Elect.
Zoology, E. B. Poulton, D.Sc., Jesus	1893	M.A., M.P., Hon. LL.D., Trin 1930

Electe	University Receipts for Year Ended
Vice-Chancellor, W. Spens, M.A., Master of Corpus Christi	31 July, 1930, £212,795.
High Steward, His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, K.G., P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.,	University Expenditure for Year Ended 32 July, 1930.
Hon. LL.D., Trin. 1983 Deputy High Steward, The Lord Han-	Total payments£207,831 Balance due to Chest
WUFUR, M.A., 1774,	Balance due to Chest
Representatives in Parliament, Sir J. J. Withers, M.A., Hon. LL.D., Cath. & King's; G. H. A. Wilson, M.A., Cla 1989	University Professors.
Commissaru. Hon. Mr Justice Machagh-	Aeronautroal Engineering (Francis Mond), Elect.
ten, K.B.E., M A., Trin 1925	B. M. Jones, N.A., Emm
Orator, T. R. Glover, M.A., St. John's 1920 Registrary, E. Harrison, M.A., Trin 1926 Assistant Registraries, R. E. Priestley, M.A.,	M.A., Joh 1930
Assistant Registraries, R. E. Priestley, M. A., Clare, 1924, H. Claye, M. A., Cai 1927	M.A., Joh
Librarian, A. F. Scholfield, M.A., King's 1923	Ancient Philosophy (Lawrence), J. M.
Treasurer T Knov-Shaw M A Sid Susu	Cornford, H.A., Tren 1931
Esquire Bedells, R. Hamblin Smith, M A.,	Anglo-Saxon (Elrington and Borworth), H. M. Chadwick, M.A., Clare
Proctors, F. J. Dykes, M.A., Trip.: W. N.	Animal Pathology, J. B. Buxton, M.A 1923 Arabic (Sir T. Adams's), R. A. Alcholson,
C. Van Grutton, M.A., Aing 8 1931	Litt D., Trin 1926
Organist, B. Ord, M.A., Mus. B. (King's). Director of the Observatory, Professor Sir A. S.	Arabic (Lord Almoner's), A. A. Bevan, M.A., Trin 1893
Eddington, M.A., Tran.	Archæology (Dieney), E. H. Minns, Litt.D.,
Director of the Solar Physics Observatory and Nevall Observer, Professor F. J. M. Stratton,	Astronomy and Geometry (Loundown), H F. Roker and P. Lub
M.A., Cai. Superintendent of the Museum of Zoology, C. F.	Baker, Sc.D., Joh. 1914 Astronomy (Pluman), Sir A. S. Eddington,
Cooper, M.A., Trin. H. Director of the Fitzurlliam Museum and Marlay	M.A., Trin 1913 Astrophysics, F. J. M. Stratton, M A., Cui. 2928
Curator, S. C. Cockerell, M.A., Hon. Litt.D. Strickland Curator, F. R. Parrington, B.A., Sid.	Biochennistry (Sir William Dunn), Bir F. G.
Suss.	Hopkins, M.A., Trin
Curator of the Museum of Archivology and Ethnology, L. C. G. Clarke, M.A., Trin. H.	Botany, A. C. Seward, Sc.D., Down 2906 Chemistry, Sir W. J. Pope, K.B.E., M.A.,
Curator of the Museum of Classical Archae-	Sid. Suss
Curator of the Museum of Classical Archaelogy, Prof. A. B. Cook, Litt.D., Queens'. Director of the Botamc Garden, H. Gilbert-Carter,	Chinese, H. A. Giles, M.A., Trin
M.A., Trin. Librarum of Squire Law Library, T. E. Lewis,	Caius 1914 Classical Archarology (Lawrence), A. B. Cook, Litt. D., Queens' 1931 Colloidal Physics, E. K. Rideal, M.A.,
Ph.D., Can. Representative on General Medical Council, Prof.	Collordal Physics, E. K. Rideal, M.A.,
Sir H. D. Rolleston, Bart., M.D., Joh Director of the Psychological Laboratory, Prof.	Trin. H 1930
F. C. Bartlett, M.A., St. John's.	., (Lady Margaret's), J. F. Bethune-
SECRETARY TO	Baker, D.D., Pemb
Local Examinations Syndicate, W. N. Williams, M.A., Selw., Syndicate Buildings.	, (Hulsean), W. E. Barnes, D. Pet. 1901
Board of Extra-inural Studies, G. F. Hickson,	(Fly), J. M. Creed, D.D., Joh 1926 Ecclesiastroal History (Dixe), J.P. Whitney,
M.A., Cla., Stuart House. Highest Grade Schools Examination Syndicate, T.	_D.D., B7/1/16 1919
G. Bedford, N.A., Sid. Suss., University Offices. Appointments Board, H. A. Roberts, M.A., Cai.,	Economic History, J. H. Clapham, Litt.D., King'sxga8
University Offices.	English Law (Rouse Ball), P. H. Winfield,
University Press, S. C. Roberts, M.A., Pemb.	LL.D., Joh 1928  English Literature (King Edward VII), Sir
Council of the Senate. (Secretary, The Registrary.)	A. T. Oniller-Couch W. A. Jessey
Official Members, The Chancellor; Vice-	Experimental Physics (Cavendish), Lord Rutherford, O.M., M.A., Hon. Sc.D., Trin. 1919
Chancellor.  Heads of Colleges, The President of Queens'; The	Experimental Psychology, F. C. Bartlett,
Master of Sidney Sussex; The Master of Magdalone; The Master of Corpus Christi.	M.A., Joh. 1931 Fine Art (Slade), E. S. Prior, M.A., Caius. 1915
Hagdalene; The Master of Corpus Christi.	French (Drapers), O. H. P. Prior, M.A., Joh. 1919
Professors, Dr. Dean; Dr. Winfield; Professor J. S. M. Stratton; Professor F. E. Adcock.	Genetics (Arthur Balfour), R. C. Punnett, M.A., Caius
Other Members of the Resent House. I.K. Cameron	Geography, F. Debenham, M.A., Caius 1931 Geology (Woodwardian), O. T. Jones, M.A.,
H. McL. Innes, M.A. (Trin.); S. W. Grose,	2747L 1028
M.A. (Cat.); Prof. D. S. Robertson, M.A. (Trin.); H. McL. Innes, M.A. (Trin.); S. W. Gruse, M.A. (CAr.); F. R. Salter, M.A. (MagA); H. Thirkill, M.A. (Cas.); C. A. Elliott, M.A. (Jes.);	German (Schröder), K. H. Breui, Litt. D., King's
G. G. Morris, M.A. (Corp.).	Greek (Regius), D. S. Robertson, M.A., Trin. 1918

Hebrew (Regiue), R. H. Kennett, D.D.	, Elect.
Industrial Relations (Montague Burton)	1903 ),
International Land Whentall, A. P. Higgins	. <b>-y</b> 3-
K.C., C.B.E., LL D., Trin	. zgac
Italian, R. Piccoli, M.A., Magd	. 1929
Lann (Kenneay), A.E. Housman, M.A., Trib Laurs of England (Downing), H. D. Hazel	. 1911
tine, Litt.D., Downing	. 1919 ',
M.A., Hon. Sc D., St John's	. 1903
Mathematics (Rouse Ball), J. E. Little	
wood, M.A., Trin.  Mechanism and Applied Mechanics, C. B. Inglis, O.B.E. N. A., King's  Mental Philosophy and Logic, G. E. Moore	. 19a8
Mechanism and Applied Mechanics, C. E.	i.
Mental Philosophy and Logic G F Moone	. 1919
Titt D. Twie	', <u>-</u>
Litt.D., Trin. Mineralogy and Petrology, (* E. Tilley Ph.D. Emm. Modern History (Regine), G. M. Trevelyan	1935
Ph.D. Kmm.	, . 1931
Modern History (Regius), G. M. Trevelvan	93-
O.M., M.A., Trin	1927
Modern History, H. W. V. Temperley	,
Litt.D. Pet	. 1930
O.M., M.A., Trin. Modern History, H. W. V. Temperley Litt.D. Pet. Moral Philosophy (Knightbridge), W. B	
Sorley, Litt.D., King's	. 1900
Music, E. J. Dent, M.A., Mus.B., King's	. rgs6
Natural Philosophy (Jacksonian), C. T. R	·•
Wilson, M.A., Sid. Suss	198
Rose, Litt.D, Christ's	
Pathology, H. R. Dean, M.D., Trin. H	
Physic (Regrus), Sir H. D. Rolleston, Bt.	1981
Physic (Region), Sir M. D. Rollestoll, Do.	,
Diverse Sir I I Thomson ON WA	1925
Hon son Trein	., 1919
Physical Chemistry, T. M. Lowry, C.B E.	9-3
M.C.B., M.D., Joh.  Physics, Sir J. J. Thomson, O.M., M.A.  Hon. Sc.D., Trin.  Physical Chemistry, T. M. Lowry, C.B.E.  M.A., Trin. H.	1990
Political Economy, A. C. Pigou, M.A.	9-0
King's	. 1908
Political Economy, A. C. Pigou, M.A. King's Political Science, E. Barker, Litt D. Pet.	. 1927
Pure Matrematics (Sautetran), G. 1	١.
Hardy, M.A., Trin	1931
Sanskrit, E. J. Rapson, M.A., Joh	zoot
Zoology and Comparative Anatomy, J. S.	3.
Gardiner, M.A., Caius	1909
Combridge Colleges	

#### Cambridge Colleges.

#### (With date of foundation.)

Christ's (1505), Norman McLean, M.A., Master. Clare (1326), G. H. A. Wilson, M.A., Master. Corpus Christi (1328), W. Speus, M.A., Master. Downing (1800), Albert C. Seward, Sc. D., Master. Emmanuel (1324), Peter Giles, Litt. D., Master. Gonnille & Caius (1348), J. F. Cameron, M.A., Master.

Jesus (1996), Arthur Gray, N.A., Master.
King's (1441), A. E. Brooke, D.D., Propost.
Magdalene (1942), A. B. Ramsay, N.A., Master.
Pembroke (1947), A. Hutchinson, M.A., Master
Peterhouse (1984), Field Marshal Sir W. B. Bird-wood. wood, G.C.B., G.C.M.G, K.C.S.I., M.A., LL.D. (Hon.), Manter.

Queens' (1448), Thomas C. Fitzpatrick, D.D., Pres. St. Catharine's (1473), F. M. Rushmore, M.A., Master

St. John's (1511), Sir R. Forsyth Scott, M.A., Master. Manuer: Salays (1896), G. A. Weekes, M.A., Master. Trinity (1846), Sir J. J. Thomson, O.M., M.A., Hon. Sc.D., Master. Trinity Hall (1826), H. B. Dean, M.D., Master.

APPROVED FOUNDATION.

Selwyn College (1882), G. E. Newsenn, M.A., Master. Non-Collegiate Students (1869), W. S. Thatcher, M.A., Censor.

Colleges for Woman.

GIRTON COLLEGE Mistress, Miss H. M. Wodehouse, M.A.
Vice-Mistress, Miss H. M. R., Murray, M.A.
Bursar, Miss F. M. Smith, M.A.
Juntor Bursar, Miss K. M. Robertson, M.A.
Librarian, Miss H. I. McMorrah, M.A.
Secretary, Miss M. Clover, M.A.

NEWNHAM COLLEGE.

Principal, Miss J. P. Strachey.
Tutors, Miss E. M. Chrystal; Miss A. B. Dale;
Mrs. Palmer; Miss Steele Smith. Bursar, Mrs. Lacy.

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON,

South Kensington, S.W. 7. 1836, 1900 and 1989,

DATES OF SESSION, \$931-32.

1st Term.—October 8 to Dejember 27, 1932.

and Term.—January 12 to March 22, 1932.

3rd Term.—April 26 to June 28, 1932.

During the Session 1930-31 the total admissions amounted to 20,531; the number of internal Students reading for Degrees and Diplomss in July, 1931, was 11,483.

Pistor, H.M the King in Council.

THE COURT.

Chancellor (vacant).
Vice-Chancellor, Rev. John Scott Lidgett, D.D.,

Chairman of Convocation, Sidney Luxton Loney,

MA.
Appointed by the Senate, Prof. H. G. Atkins,
H L. Eason, Prof. L. N. G. Filom, Sir E. G. G.
Little, M.P., J. L. S. Hatton, E. H. Pooley,
By His Hajesty in Counsel, Sir C. Addis, Sir
G. I. Barstow, Rt. Hon. Lord Magmillan, Sir
E. Cooper Perry. By the L.C.C., Sir J. W.
Gilbert, Sir O. E. Warburg. Co-opted Member,
Rt. Hon. Viscount Burnham.

THE SEMARE.

The Chancellor, The Vice-Chancellor, The Chancellor, The Vice-Chancellor, The Principal.

Heads of the following Schools—The Provost of University College, The Principals of King's College, Bedford College, Bithseck College, and East London College, The Rector of the Imperial College of Science and Technology, The Director of the London School of Economica and Political Science, The Principals of Royal Holloway College and of Westfield College. Arector of the London School of Recommics and Political Science, The Principals of Royal Hollowsy College and of Westfield College. Appointed by Convocation—(Theology), Rev. Canon J. A. Douglas; (Arts), Rev Dr. J. Soott Lidgett, Prof. Sir T. Perey Nunn, Prof. A. W. Reed, Miss R. Strudwick, Rev. Dr. H. B. Workman; (Lawe), His Honour T. B. Napher; (Music, Dr. G. Oldroyd; (Medicine), Sir E. Graham Little, M.P. W. G. Spencer; (Science), Maj. A. G. Church. M.P., G. D. Dunkerley, Dr. C. W. Kinmins, Dr. E. H. Pickard, Prof. W. Wilson; (Engineering), R. Smith; (Economics(including Commerce and Industry) and Political Science), Dr. W. H. Coates. Appointed by the Faculties—(Theology), Rev. Dr. E. S. Waterhouse; (Arts), Prof. H. G. Atkins, Prof. H. E. Butler, Prof. E. A. Gardner, Rev. Canon C. Jenkins; (Lawe), Prof. D. H. Parry; (Music), Prof. P. C. Buck; (Medicine), The Lord Dawson of Penn, Dr. H. L. Eason, Sir Cuthbert S. Wallace; (Science), Prof. A. J. Allmand, Prof. L. N. G. Filon, Prof. A. J. Allmand, Prof. L. N. G. Filon, Prof. E. H. Horton: (Engineering), Prof. S. M. Dixon, Prof. E. H. Lamb; (Economics (including Commerce and Industry) and Political Science), Prof. A. L. Bowley; (General Medical Schools), Dr. A. M. H. Gray, Prof. William Wright. By University College, Sir Andrew T. Taylor. By King's College (Theological Department), Rev. Canon W. R. Matthews. Co-opted Members, The Et. Hon. Lord Hanworth, Sir James H. Jeans, Prof. Major-General Sir Frederick Maurice, E. H. Pooley.

#### Principal Officers.

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On January x, sopy, University College was transferred to the University, of which it now forms an integral part in the Faculties of Arts, Laws, Medicine, Science, Engineering, and Economics. On January x, zgso, King's College was, in respect of all its Departments except that of Theology, transferred to the University of which it now forms an integral except that of Theology, transferred to the University, of which it now forms an integral part, in the Faculties of Arts, Laws, Medicine, Science, Engineering, and Economics. The Theological Department of the College remains a "School of the University" in the Faculty of Theology. Other University Institutions are the Brown Animal Sanatory Institution in Wandsworth Road, Goldsmiths' College at New Cross, the Francis Galton Laboratory for National Eugenics at University College, the School of Architecture at University College, the Institute of Historical Research in Malet Street, and the University Observatory. Malet Street, and the University Observatory.

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Astro-Physics, A. Fowler, D.Sc., F.R.S.

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Armytage, M.A.
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Renistrar, D. J. Cameron, M.A.
Secretary, C. G. Burton, M.Com.
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—Queen's College, Somerset Road, Princ.,
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Weetwood Hall, Warden, Mrs. Redman King, B.sc.

#### UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD, 1905.

Chancellor, The Marquess of Crewe, E.G.
Pro-Chancellors, Lt. Col. H. K. Stephenson, D.S.O.,
LL. D.; Sir William E. Clegg, C.S. E., LL.D.
Vice-Chancellor, A. W. Fickard Cambridge,

M.A., D.Litt

M.A., D.LICE.
Transiers, W. Newton Drew, J. P.
Registrar, W. M. Gibbons, O.B.E., M.A.
Librarian, A. P. Hunt, B.A.
Curator of the Observatory, R. R. S. Cox, M.A.
Tutor for Women Students, Miss D. M. Bennett,

HALLS OF RESIDENCE. Men-Stephenson dall, Warden, Rev. R. C.

White, B.A. omen—Oakholme Univ. Hall, Warden, Miss Women-V. C. Murray, M.A.
Tapton Cliffe Univ. Hall, Warden, Miss
V. C. Murray, M.A.

V. C. Murray, M.A.

Warden, Miss

Endcliffe Univ. Hall, Warden, Miss

G. M. Hadley, B.A.
TRAINING DEPARTMENT (for Men and Women). Professor, G. H. Turnbull, Ph D.

#### UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL, 1909.

Chancellor, Rt. Hon. Winston S. Churchill, C.H., LL.D., M.P. Vice-Chancellor, Thomas Loveday, M.A., LL.D.
Treasurer, S. H. Badock, LL,D., J.P.
Librarian, W. L. Cooper, M.A.
Secretary and Acting Registrar, Winifred
Shapland.

Chief Accountant, Ivor Fox. Agricultural and Horticultural Research

Station, Long Ashton.

Director, Professor B. T. P. Barker, N.A. Fruit and Vegetable Preserving Station, Chipping Campden.

Resident Director, F. Hirst, M.Sc. Department of Education.
Professor of Education, (vacant).
Reader in Education, T.S. Foster, M.A.
HALLS OF ERSIDEACE.

Men-Mortimer House and Wills Hall. Women-Clifton Hill House.

(Dept. of Education)-3 Hostels.

### UNIVERSITY OF READING. 1926.

Chancellor, J. Herbert Benyon, M.A. Vice-Chancellor, T. Franklin Sibly, D.Sc., LL.D. Treasurer, Sir W. A. Mount, Bt, C.B.E, M.A. Registrar, H. Knapman, M.A.
Bursar, J. S. Simpson, B.Sc.
HALLS OF RESIDENCE.

Men-Wantage Hall, Warden, J. B. Passmore, M.C , M.SC.

Women—St. Andrew's Hall, Warden, R. L. Pearson.
Women—St. Andrew's Hall, Warden, Miss
D. Mack Smith, B.Sc.

.. -Wessex Hall, Warden, Miss E. M. Wise-

man, M.A , -St. George's Hall and Ashdown Hall, Warden, Miss I. A. Turner, M.B.E., B.Sc.; Sub-Warden, Miss H. M. Wood, B.A.

Training Department (Men and Women). Lecturer in Charge, H. S. Cooke, M. A.

#### UNIVERSITY TEXTRESON.

Oxford, Rev. F. E. Hutchinson, E. A., Delegacy for Extra-mural Studies, Review House, Wellington Square, Oxford.

Combridge, G. F. Hickson, M. A., Stuart House.
London, John Lea, M. A., University Extension
Registrar, University of London.

Monhaster, Director of Extra-Mural Studies.

London, Sec., University Extension Committee.

Mistol, Director of Extra-Mural Studies.

Dighom, Director of Extra-Mural Studies.

Dighom, Director of Extra-Mural Studies. Dighon, Director of Extra-Mural Studies.

Miningham, Beoretary, Extra-Mural Dept.

Nottingham, Professor, E. Peers, M.C., M.A., Univ.

Ooll., Nottingham.

ENGLISH UNIVERSITY COLLEGES. BRISTOL-MERCHANT VENTURERS'
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TEACHERS' TRAINING DEPARTMENT (Men and Women).

Head of Dept., Prof. S. H. Watkins, Ph.D.

Tutor to Women Students, Miss A. J. Walker,

HULL-UNIVERSITY COLLEGE. (Opened, October zz, 1928.) Principal, A. E. Morgan, M.A. Registrar, C. Meggitt.

HALLS OF RESIDENCE.

Men-Needler Hall-Warden, P. G. Espinasse, -Thwaite Hall - Warden, Miss J. C. Women-

Murray. LEICESTER-UNIVERSITY COLLEGE (ross).

Principal. (vacant). Registrar, L. M. Sear. Women Students' Hestel.

Warden, Miss M. D. Knox. LONDON-BEDFORD COLLEGE FOR

WOMEN (See University of London.)

LONDON-QUEEN'S COLLEGE. 43, 45 & 47 Harley Street, W. 1. Principal, Miss G. E. Hollowsy, B.A. (acting). Librarian, Prof. J. Hampden, W.A. Bwrser, Prof. P. A. Ellis Brichards, F.Lo. Secretary, Miss E. Southgate, A.S.A.A. MANCHESTER-MUNICIPAL COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY.

Principal, B. Mouat Jones, D.S.O., N.A. Vice-Principal, D. Casdwell, M.Sc., R.Com. Registrar, T. W. Harwood:

NEWCASTLE - UPON - TYNE -- ARMSTRONG COLLEGE. (See University of Durbara.)

MOTTINGHAM UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, Notdingham (1986).

Principal, H. Stewart, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., M.A. Registrar, J. E. Shimeld.

HALLS OF RESIDENCE.

Men-Mapperley Hall, Warden, Prof. H. A. S.
Wortley, M.A.

Lenton Hall, Warden, J. E. Shimeld.

Women-F. B. Hall, Warden, Miss. I.de Castro, M. A. Broadgate House, Matron, Miss A. A. Lawford.

SOUTHAMPTON-UNIVERSITY COLLEGE. Principal, Kenneth H. Vickers, M.A. Registrar, George Grant, B.A.

The University of Wales, 1893. Chancellor, H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G. (1921). Pro-Chancellor, Right Hon. W. N. Bruce, C.B.,

Vice-Chancellor, Principal C. A. Edwards, D.Sc., Warden, Guild of Graduates, Rev. Principal J.

Morgan Jones, M.A.
Registrar, D. B. Anthony, M.C., M.A. (Cathays
Park, Cardiff).

Fart, Carming Council, Jenkin James, O.B.E., M.A. Treas., Guild of Graduates, F. E. Rees, B.B.C. Clerk, Guild of Graduates, Henry Lewis, M.A. Representative in Paritament, Ernest Evans,

I. UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF WALES--Aberystwyth (1872).

Principal, H. Stuart-Jones, M.A., D.Litt., F.B.A. Secretary, E. B. Hicks, A.S.A.A. Academic do., G. J. Walker. Librarian, J. D. Williams, B.A.

ALEXANDRA HALL Warden, Mrs. K. Guthkelch, B.A. II. UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF NORTH WALES—Bangor (1884).

Principal, D. Emrys Evans, M.A., B.Litt. Secretary and Registrar, W. P. Wheldon, D.S.O., M.A., LL.B.

UNIVERSITY HALL. Warden, Miss M. O. Davis.

III. UNIVERSITY COLL. OF SOUTH WALES AND MONMOUTHSHIRE—Cardiff (1883). Principal, J. F. Rees, M.A., M.Com. Registrar, D. J. A. Brown.

ABERDARE HALL Principal, Miss Kate Huribatt. IV. UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF SWANSEA. Principal, C. A. Edwards, D.Sc., F.R.S. Registrar, Edwin Drew.

BECK HALL.
Warden, Miss M. K. Wilkinson, M.A.

ST. DAVID'S COLLEGE (1807). Principal, Rev. Maurice Jones, D.D. [Lampeter possesses by Charter the privilege of conferring degrees B.A. and B.D., and is affiliated to Oxford and Cambridge.]

Scotland.

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Chanceller, Rt. Hen. Stanley Baldwin, Lt. D., M.P. Vice-Chanceller, Principal Sir James C. Irvine. Recter, Sir Wilfred Grenfell, M.C.M.S. (1988).

UNIVERSITY OF ABERDERN, 1494.
Chancellor, Lord Meston, R.C.S.I. V.D., LL.D Rector (1930-3), Sir Arthur Keith, M.D., F.R.S. Vice-Chancellor and Principal, Very Rev. Sir George Adam Smith, D.D., F.R.A. Secretary of the University, H. J. Butchart, D.S.O., B.L.
Librarian and Registrar, and Clerk of the General Council, W. Douglas Simpson, D.Litt.
UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH. 1582.
Chancellor, Sir James M. Barrie, Bt., O.M., M.A., LL.D.
Rector (1939), Rt. Hon. Winston L. S. Churchill, C. H., LL.D., M.P.
Vice-Chancellor and Principal, Sir Thomas H. Holland, K.C.S.L., K.C.I E., P.R.S.
Sec. of University, W. A. Fleming, L.L. B., Advocate.
SCOTTISH UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.
GLASGOW ROYAL TECHNICAL COLLEGE, George Street, Glasgow (1796).
Director, H. F. Stockdale, LL.D., F.R.S.E. Secretary, A. Mackay, F.C.I.S.
Aorthern Kreland.
THE QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY OF BELFAST.
Chancellor, The Marquess of Londonderry, K.G., P.O., M.V.O., LL.D.
Prendent and Vice-Chancellor, Sir R. W. Living- stone, Litt.D.
Scoretary, Andrew Picken, LL.B. Representative in Imperial Parliament, Col. Thomas Sinclair, C.B., M.D.
frish Free State.
UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN (AND TRINITY COLLEGE), 1591. Elected
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Principal, Sir J. C. Irvine, C.B.E., LL.D. Registrar & Secretary, Andrew Bennett. Librarian, George H. Bushnell.

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M.D., LL.D. Vice-Chancellor, The Principal. Rector (1933-3), Edward Montagu Compton Mac-

kenzie, O.B.E., M.A.

Principal, Robert S. Rait, C.B.E., LL.D.

Dean of Faculties, F. O. Bower, Sc.D., LL.D.,

QUEEN MARGARET COLLEGE (Women).

Mistress, Frances H. Melville, B.D., LL.D.

Registrar, Robert Brough. '

Factor, J. Grieve.

Dean F.R S.

Senior Prector, W. Kennedy, M.A. Burear, R. Russell, M.A. Auditor, W. E. Thrift, M.A. 1904 1904 1907 Sc.D.

Physic (Registrar), George L. Allen, M.A...

Engineering, H. Thrift, M.A.

Indian & Home Civil Service, E. H. Alton, Litt.D.

Music, W. F. Starkie, Litt.D.

Agriculture, John Joly, F.R.S.

Commerce, H. W. Parke, M.A.

Education, R. J. Fynne, M.A.

Lady Registrar, Miss C. F. Godfrey, M.A. Litt.D. 1914 193° TORE 1931 APPOINTMENTS COMMITTEE.
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President, Denis J. Coffey, M.A., M.B., LL.D.
Registrar, Prof. Arthur W. Conway, D.Sc., F.R.S.
Sceretary and Bursar, John W. Bacon, M.A.
Librarian, James J. O'Neill. IRISH UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.

MCCREA MAGEE COLLEGE, LONDON-DERRY. 1865. (In connexion with the University of Dublin.)

President, Prof. MacMaster, D.Lit., LL.D. Secretary, Rev. Prof. Farley, M.A., B.D.

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#### British Obersea Unibersities (With dates of Foundation.) AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, S. A. (1874).
MELBOURNE, Vio. (1893).
QUEENSLAND, Brisbane, Q. (1909).
SYDNEY, N.S. W. (1854).
TASMANIA, HOBERT, Tas. (1890).
WESTERN AUSTRALIA, Perth, W. A. (1911).

# 228 Overseas Universities Professional Education Accountancy, &c.

#### BRIDGE WEST INDIES

IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF TROPICAL AGRICULTURE, St. Augustine, Trinidad (rest).

#### CAMADA.

ACADIA, Wolfville, Neva Scotia (1838).
Atherita, Edmonton, Alta (1906).
BREIO'S COLLEGE, Lennoxville, Quebec (1843).
ERITISH COLUMBIA, Vancouver, B.C. (1908)
DALHOUSIE, Halifax, N.S. (1818).
EIRG'S COLLEGE, Halifax, N.S. (1808). LAVAL, Quebec (1831). MOGILL, Montreal (1841). MANITAL, MONITOR (1885).

MANITOBA, Winnipeg, Manitoba (1887).

MANITOBA, Winnipeg, Manitoba (1877).

MONTREAL, MONTREA (1898).

MOUNT ALLISON, Sackville, N.B. (1898).

NAW BRUNSWICK, Fredericton, N.B. (1899). NEW BRUNSWICK, Frederickon, N.B. (1889).
OTTAWA, Ottawa (1866).
QUEEN'S, Kingston, Ontario (1841).
ST. FRANCIS XAVIER, Antigonish, N.S. (1866).
RASKATOLEWAN, Saskatoon (1807).
TOEORTO, Toronto, Ontario (1807).
TRINITY COLLEGE, Toronto, Ontario (1841).
WESTERN ONTARIO, LONDON, Ontario (1878).

CEYLON MEDICAL COLLEGE, Colombo (1870). UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, Colombo (1981).

#### HONG KONG.

UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG, Hong Kong (1011). INDIAN EMPIRE.

AGRA UNIVERSITY (1926).
ALIGARI MUSLIN UNIVERSITY (1920). ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY (1887). ANDHRA UNIVERSITY, Bezwada, Madras (1986). BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY (1916). BOMBAY UNIVERSITY (1857). CALOUTTA UNIVERSITY (1857). DACCA UNIVERSITY, Dacca, Bengal (1921). DBLHI UNIVERSITY (1922). LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY (1930). MADRAS UNIVERSITY (1957).
MYSORE UNIVERSITY, Mysore and Bangalore NAGPUR USIVERSITY (1923). OSMANIA UNIVERSITY, Hyderabad, Deccan

(1917). Patha University (1917). Pubjab University, Labore (1882). RANGOON UNIVERSITY (x900).

#### JERUSALEM.

HERREW UNIVERSITY, Jerusalem (1055).

#### MALAYA.

KING EDWARD VII. COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Singapore (1913). MALTA

University of Malta, Valletta (1769).

## MAURITIUS.

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, Port Louis (1985).

## MEW ZEALAND.

University of New Zealand, Wellington (2870). Canterbury College, Christohurch (2873). University of Otago, Dunedin (1869). University College, Auckland (1862). Victoria University College, Wellington (1897).

#### MEWFOUNDLAND.

NEWFOUNDLAND MEMORIAL COLLEGE, St. John's (1934).

#### SCUTH AFRICA.

CAPE TOWN UNIVERSITY, Groote Schuur (1918). STELLERBORGE UNIVERSITY, Stellehborch (1918). UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AFRICA, Preforia (1916). Grey University College, Bloemfontsin, O.F.S. (1855).

Buguenot University College, Wellington, C.P. (1874). Natal University College, Pietermaritzburg,

Natal (1999). Potchefstroom University College, Potchefstroom, Transvaal (2002). Rhodes University College, Grahamstown.

C.P. (1884). Transvaal University College, Pretoria, Trans-

vaal (1903). WITWATERSKAND UNIVERSITY, Johannesburg (1921).

#### Brofessional @bucation. APPOINTMENTS BOARDS.

The Appointments Boards of the several Universities invite enquiries from Professional and Business employers in need of men or women as Assistants, Secretaries or Clerks, &c. The Boards are the official agencies of the Universities and are in close touch with Professors and Tutors in the Colleges of the Universities. Employers with a vacancy should write to "The Secretary of the Appointments Board, -University."

## ACCOUNTÁNCY.

INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF ENGLAND AND WALES. SOCIETY OF INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANTS AND

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GLASGOW. INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS IN TRE-LAND.

### AGRICULTURE.

Diploma Courses in Agriculture are given at the following Universities:—Oxford, Cambridge, London, Reading, Durham, Leeds, Wales, Aberdeen, Edinburgh and Dublin; and in Horticulture, Cambridge, London (Degree Course), Reading (Degree Course), Reading (Degree Course).

ABERDEEN, North of Scotland Cell. of Agric., 41½ Union Street.—Sec., A. A. Prosser. ABERYSTWYTH UNIVERSITY COLLEGE (q.v.)

ALBERT AGRIC. COLL., UNIV. COLL. DUBLIN, Glasnevin, Dublin, Ireland.—Dir., Prof. J. P.

Drew, M.Sc., A.R.C.Sc. I.
UUCHENGRUIVE, Ayr (West of Scotland Agric.
Coll.)—Princ. Prof., William G. R. Paterson,
B.Sc., N.D.A.

BANGOR UNIVERSITY COLLEGE (q.v.) BRANINSTER (Agric. Training Centre for Boys).—
Headmaster, L. Skyrm, M.A.
BELFAST, QUERN'S UNIVERSITY (q.v.).
BRISTOL UNIVERSITY (q.v.).

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY (q.v.)

CARBINGE VENTERITY (2,0.).
CIRENCESTER (Royal Agricultural College).—
Principal, Robert Boutslower, M.Sc.
DAUNTSEY'S SOH. (West Lavington, Wilts).—
Headinanter, George W. Olive, M.A.
DURHAM COLLEGE OF SOIEHOE (q.v.).
EAST ANGLIAN INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE.
Chelmsford. — Principal, James Campbell Leslie, M.A., B.So. (Agr.)

Epinburgh (and East of Scotland Coll. of Agric.), 12 George Sq.—Principal, Professor E. Shearer, M.A., B.S., F.B.S. E. HARPER ADAMS AGRIC. Coll. (Newport, Salop).

BLACKHEATH, School of Arts and Crafts.—Principal, W. H. Meggs, P.S.A.M.

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-Frincipal, Charles Crowther, M.A., Ph.D.
IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF TROPICAL AGRICULTURE,
St. Augustine, Trinidad, West Indies.—Sec.,
Sir Algernon Aspinall, C.M.G., C.B.E., 24 Trinity

Square, E.C. 3.

LEEDS UNIVERSITY (q.v.)

Hands Univ. of Bristol Agricultural and Horticultural Research Station (National Eruit and Cider Institute).—Director, Prof. B. T. P. Barker, M.A.

LORD WANDSWORTH AGRIC. COLL., Long Sutton, Basingstoke, Hants.—Principal, Lt.-Col. W. B.

Little, D.S.O., M.C. MADRYN CASTLE FARM SCHOOL, Pwilheli, Car-

narvon.—Princ., Isaac Jones, N.D.A. MIDLAND AGRIC. COLL (Sutton Bonington, near Longhborough).—Principal, T. Milbum, Ph.D. NEWOASTLE-UPON-TIME, Armstrong Coll. (q.v.) KEWTON RIGG, Penrith (Farm School).—Principal, J. H. Faulder, B.Sc., N.D.D. NOTEINGHAM, Univ. Coll. (q.v.).

OXFORD UNIVERSITY, Institute of Agricultural

Engineering.

Rugineering.

PRESTOR, Lancs. (Harris Institute).—Principal and Sec., T. M. Naylor, M.Sc.

READING UNIVERSITY (g.w.).

ROTHAMSTED, Harpenden, Herts (Experimental Station of the Lawes Agric. Trust). For Research and post-Graduate Workers only.

Director, Sir E. J. Russell, O.B.E., D.Sc., F. R. S.

SRALE-HAYNE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Newton Abbet S. Deven. Principal D. P. Edwarder.

Abbot, S. Devon.-Principal, D. R. Edwardes-

Ker, O.B.E., M.A., B.Sc. S.E. AGRIC. COLL. (see University of London). STUDLEY HORTICULTURAL AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, Warwickshire.—Prince-pal, Miss Ekins, B.Sc., N.D.H. SWANLEY, Kent (Horticultural College for Women).—Principal, Miss Kate Barratt, C.B.E.,

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USK (Monmouthshire Agric. Inst.).—Principal,

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Commandant, Air-Commodore P. B. Joubert de la Ferté, C.M.G., D.S.O.

> ROYAL AIR FORCE COLLEGE, Cranwell

Commandant, Air-Vice-Marshal A.M. Longmore, C.B., D.S.O.

## ART AND ARCHITECTURE.

(See also Technical Education.) Diploma Courses -The Universities giving Diploma Courses in Architecture are Liverpool Loudon, Manchester and Sheffield. Cambridge grants a Certificate to graduates.

#### SCHOOLS OF ART.

ABERDEEN, School of Arts and Crafts.
BIRMINGHAM, Municipal Schools of Arts and
Crafts.—Director of Art Education, H. H. Holden, A.R.C.A.

BLACKHRATE, School of Arts and Crafts.—Principal, John Platt, A.R.C.A.
BRADFORD (CITY OF), College of Art and Crafts.
—Principal, W. H. Maggs, F.S.A.M.
BRIGHTON, Municipal School of Art.—Principal, Wm. H. Evans, A.R.C.A.
CARDIFF, Technical College (q.v.),
BRISTOL, University College (q.v.),
Merchant Venturers' College (q.v.),
CHELTENHAM, School of Arts and Crafts.—
Principal, A. Seaton White, R.So.
DERBY, School of Arts and Crafts.—Principal,
F. W. Hounsell, A.R.C.A.
DOVER, School of Art.—Headmaster, J. L.
Robinson, A.R.C.A.

Robinson, A.R.C.A. DUBLIN, Metropolitan School of Art, Kildare St.—Headmaster, George Atkinson, R.H.A. DURHAM UNIVERSITY.

EDINBURGH, College of Art .- Principal, Gerald Moira, A.R.W.S. Secretary (vacant). Professors, David Alison, R.S.A.; Alexr. Carrick, R.S.A.; John Begg, R.R.I.S.A.; Herbert Hendrie, A.R.C.A. Supt. of Evening Classes, drie, A.R.C.A. Healey Hislop.

GLASGOW, School of Art. — Chairman, Keppie, A.R.S.A., P.R.I.B.A., Director, John D. Revel, A.R.C.A. Professors, R. Anning Bell, R.A., LL.D.; F. Forrester Wilson, A.R.S.A.; Revel, A.R.C.A. Professors, R. Anning Bell, R.A., LL.D.; F. Forrester Wilson, A.R.S.A.; Alex Adam, A.R.L.B.A.; Miss D. Carleton Smyth.

GLAS-10W, Technical College (q.v.).
HARROW, School of Art—Head Master, J. G.
Platt, A.R.E.A.

HUDDERFIELD, Technical College (q.v.).
LANASTER (Storey Inst. School of Arts and
Crafts), Headmaster, Leonard Barton, A.R.C.A.
LEEDS, College of Art.—Principal, Douglas

Crata, Headmaster, Leonard sarron, A.R.C.A.
LREDS, College of Art.—Principal, Douglas
S. Andrews, A.R.C.A.
LIVERPOOL, University (q.v.).
LONDON.—Royal College of Art. South Kensington (see "Government Offices").
LONDON.—Royal Academy Schools of Painting,
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W.—Kesper, W. W. Russell, C.V.O., R.A.;
Curator, C. Genge; Sec., W. R. M. Lamb,
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# Professional Education-Domestic-Drama, Engineering, &c. 331

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RESIDENTIAL COLLEGE FOR WORKING WOMEN (Incorporated), Hillcroft College, Surbiton, Surrey.—Principal, Miss F. Street, M.A.

BOY SCOUTS. (Incorporated.)

FOUNDED in 1908, as a result of an experi-mental camp held by the Chief Scout the previous summer at Brownsea Island, Dorsetprevious summer at Brownses Island, Dorset-shire, the movement was organised by Lord Baden-Powell, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., Chief Scout, to develop good citizenship among boys by forming their character—training them in habits of observation, obedience and self-reliance; inculating loyalty and thoughtfulness for others; teaching them services useful to the public and handicrafts useful to themselves,

and promoting their physical development and hygiene.

The Movement (whose membership exceeds 2,310,000) has taken root in all parts of the British Empire, and nearly every other country has adopted it.—Impered Headquarters, 25 Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W. z.

THE GIRL GUIDES ASSOCIATION. A movement founded by Lord Baden-Powell, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., K.O.B., Chief Scout, on the lines of the Boy Scouts and incorporated by Charter in 1915, while in the year 1923 H.M. the King granted the Movement a Royal Charter. It to develop and the transition of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of King granted the Movement a Royal Charter. Its aim is to develop good citizenship amongst girls by forming their character, training them in habits of observation, obedience, and self-reliance; inculcating loyalty and thoughtfulness for others, and teaching them services useful to the public and handicrafts useful to themselves. It also seeks to promote their physical development, making them capable of keeping good domes and of bringing up good children. Its desire is to co-operate with educational and other bodies working to this end. The membership of the Movement now numbers over each cose ship of the Movement now numbers over 947,0 all over the world, that of the British Isles alone being over 551,000 Imperial Headquarters, 27-29 Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W. z.

# Beadmasters' Conference Schools.

THE HEADMASTERS' CONFERENCE (Secy., W. A. Buikeley-Evans, C.B. A. L. D., 5 Paper Buildings, Temple, E. C. 4.)—The Headmasters' Conference was founded in 1866 and incorporated in 1869. The object of the Conference is the discussion of educational questions which affect such schools as are in close connexion with the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. In considering what Schools shall be included in the List, or removed from it, the Committee will have regard to the Governing Scheme or other Instrument under which the School is administered, and if the School is maintained or aided by a Local Education Authority (s) how the Governing Body is constituted, (b) to what extent by right or in practice the Governing Body acts independently of the Local Education Authority in directing general policy or administering disposable funds, to the numbers in the School and, in the case of Schools in Great Britain and Ireland, the number of resident Undergraduates of Oxford and Cambridge educated at the School. The Committee may also take into account the proportion of boys in the School.

who, having passed the School Certificate or other equivalent Examination, are continuing their studies beyond that stage. The sumus meetings are, as a rule, held in December, alternately (a) at some school represented on the Conference, (b) at London or some University town.

NOTES:—(a) "Annual Fees" represent the average amount payable annually, exclusive of fees for optional subjects.

(b) "Headmaster." In certain Schools other titles prevail, e.g., Beaumont, "Rector"; Belfast Academical, "Frincipal"; Dulwich, "Master"; Edinburgh Academy, "Rector"; Glenalmond, "Warden"; Halleyhury, "Master"; King William's, I. of Man, "Principal"; Liverpool College, "Principal"; Magdalen Coll. Sch., "Master"; Manchester Gr., "High Master"; Mariborough, "Master"; Radley, "Warden"; St. Columba, Dublin, "Warden"; St. Edward's, Oxford, "Warden"; St. Pall's, "High Master"; Stonyhurst, "Rector"; Victoria College, Jersey, "Principal"; Wellington, "Master"

Name of School.	F'ded	No. of Boys	Annual Fees. See note (a), D = Day Boys.	Headmaster. See note (b).
England and Wales.				
bingdon, Berks	1372	252	£98D£x8	W. M. Grundy.
Aldenham, Elstree, Herts	1597	240	£184D£54	H. M. Beck.
Alleyn's Dulwich, S.E. sa	2019	776	D£. 18	R. B. Henderson.
Impleforth (R.C.), York	1802	<b>280</b>	£178	Rev. V. P. Nevill, o.s. B.
Seaumont (R.C.), Old Windsor	2862	250	Z150	Rev. W. J. Weld, s.J.
Bedford	2552	850	£130 D£30	H. Grose-Hodge.
Bedford Modern School	x 566	600	£95D£13-30	H. W. Liddle.
Berkhampsted, Herts	1523	600	£ 120D£30	C. Machell Cox. W. F. Bushell.
Birkenhead, Cheshire Bishops' Stortford Coll., Herts	1860 1868	405	£78 D£39	H L. Price.
Bloxham, Banbury, Oxon	1860	350	£185	V. L. Armitage.
Blundell's, Tiverton	1604	300	7.137 D.f. at	A. R. Wallace.
Bolton	1584	350	Zr37D£s5	E. Percival Smith.
Sootham, York	1883	248	£159-165D£24	D. Gray.
Bradfield, Berks,	1850	320	£148	E. E. A. Whitworth, M.C.
Bradford Gr., Yorks	166a	740		W. Edwards, Litt.D.
Brentwood	×557	730	£82D£30	J. F. Hough.
Brighton, Sussex	1845	440	£ 150	Canon W. R. Dawson.
Bristol Gr	1532	774	£70-90D£18-s1	J. E. Barton.
Bromsgrove, Worcester	×553	300	£140D£40	D. J Walters, M.C.
Bury Gr., Lancs	1615	258	DZ:3	L. R. Strangeways.
ambridge and County	1900	455	£80D£12-17 D£10 £101-108D£35	A. B. Mayne.
arlisle Gr	2541	270		C. F. C. Padel
Jaterham, Surrey	1811	308	カ101-108カよ35	A. P. Mottram. Frank Fletcher.
Charterhouse, Godalming	1841	600	£175D£54	
Chigwell, Essex	1641	700	£99D£34	H. H. Hardy, M.B.E. E. H. Stewart Walde.
hrist Coll., Brecon	2542	150	Z73DZ27	Arthur D. James.
hrist's Hospital, Horsham	1552	830	273	H. L. O. Flecker.
ity of London, E.C. 4	1445	734	D£30	F. R. Dale, D.S.O., M.C.
lifton College, Bristol	1360	754	£173D£68	N. Whatley.
Coatham, Redcar, Yorks	1700	393	£80D£22	Rev. H. D. Littler.
ranleigh, Surrey	z863	335	Z151DZ50	Rev. D. G. Loveday.
Trypt, Gloucester	2539	300	Z151DZ50	D. G. Williams.
Dartmouth (R.N. Coll.)	1903	435	************	E. W. E. Kempson, M.C.
Danutsey s, Devizes	1543	150	£100	G. W. Olive.
Dean Close, Cheltenham		130	£226	P. Bolton,
Denstone, Staffs	z868	880	£135	Rev. T. Allen Moxon.
Dover, Kent	1871	ago	£224-235D£33-45	W. S. Lee, J.P.

Name of School.	Pded.	No. of Boys.	Annual Fees. See note (a). D=Day Boys.	Headmaster. See note (b).
Douai (R.C.), Woolhampton, Berks.	zózg	130	£150	Rev. W. I. Rice, c.s. B.
Downside (R.C.), Bath	1605	330	£190	Rev. R. S. Trafford.
Dulwich College, S.E. 27	z6z9	330 841	£150D£45 £120D£40 £148D£59 £135-155D£57	W. R. Booth.
Durham	2080	200	£ 130 D£40	Rev. Canon R. D. Budworth
Eastbourne, Sussex	1867	300	£148 D£59	G. V. Carey. A. C. Powell.
Epsom, Surrey Eton College, Windsor	1853	410 1125	£135-155£57	Rev. C. A. Alington, D.D.
Exeter, Devon	1033	950	£07D.£36	J. T. Andrews
Felsted, Essex	1633 1564	360	£230	Rev. F. Stephenson.
liggleswick, York	ISIR	200		E. H. Partridge.
Econ College, Windsor Exeter, Devon	1555	268 600	Zr65D£9-50 D£84	Rev. F. Stephenson. E. H. Partridge. J. R. Eccles. Rev. F. J. Kemp.
stead N.W. s.	1090	•		Mev. F. S. Kemp.
Haileybury, Herts	1862	530	£150	J. Talbot, T.D
Harrow		530 650	£216D£90	C. Norwood, D.Litt.
Hereford Cathedral	1571 1381	165	£98D£33	J. H. E. Crees, D. Litt.
Highgate, Middlesex	1565 1848	690 160	±130D£50	J. A. H. Johnston, D.Sc. Rev. H. Bernard Tower.
Hurstpierpoint, Sussex	2845 2889	515	ま150	W. V. Cavill, M.C.
Hymers, Bull	7078	320	£105—125 D£13 £188 D£24 D£24-54 £75 D£3x-84 £130 D£40	R G. A Reckwith.
Ipswich, Suffolk	1386	308	₹88D.Z24	Rev. E. C. Sherwood. E. T. England. Rev. H. K. Luce
King Edward's, Birmingham	2558	57×	D.£34-54	E. T. England.
King Edward VI, Southampton	2553	480	£75 D£ax-24	Rev. H. K. Luce
King's College Sch., Wimbledon	1829	565	カェ30 Dを40	H Lionel Rogers.
King's Sch., Genterburg	1519	28g	7 725 D.754	N. P. Birley, D.S.O., W.G.
king's College sen., wimbedon King's Sch., Bruton	2542	=68	£114D£42 £135D£54 £102D£38	C. H. Tremlett. N. P. Birley, D.S.O., M.C. C. W. Baty. Canon T. J. Kirkland. Rev. W. Parker B.D. Rev. C. Creighton.
King's Sch., Ely	2543	160	± 102 D ± 28 ± 128 D ± 28 ± 29 D ± 28 ± 29 0 D ± 28 ± 25 4 D ± 10 108 ± 108 D ± 10 108 ± 108 ± 108 D ± 10 108	Canon T. J. Kirkland.
King's Sch., Rochester	1542	190	£83-103D£28	Rev. W. Parker B.D.
King's Sch., Worcester	254Z	200	£90 D£27	Rev. C. Creighton.
Langester (Royal Gr. Sch.)	1748	500	7:40D£40	A.B. Sackett, M C. Rev. J. H S. Bailey, D.D. C. H. Riekiston
Lancing Coli Sussey	2472 2848	355	£54 £10 100.	C. H. Blakiston.
Lancing Coli , Sussex Leatherhead, Surrey	2852	238	£274D£35	Canon E. A. Downes.
Leeds Gr. Sch Leighton Park, Reading	1552	640	£.100 D£.10-35	T. Thomas.
Leighton Park, Reading	1890	130	Z180	E. B. Castle.
Leys Sch., Cambridge	1875 1840	960 430	£252	Rev. H. Bisseker.
Liverpool Coll	1848	140	£ 128	Rev. R. W. Howard. Rev. T. Walker Thomas.
Magdalen Coll. Sch., Oxford	1480	170	ZooDZ.s6	R. Kennard Davis.
Malvern, Worcestershire	z865	550	₹165D£60	F. S. Preston.
Manahartan On Rub	2525	1150	D£24	Douglas G. Miller. G. C Turner, M.C.
Mariborough, Wilts	z843	750	T. 1.45-105	G. C Turner, M.C.
Marchant Taylors, E.C. I	1561 1680	470 552	D£36	S. Leeson.
Mill Hill, N. W. 7	z807	470	7:60 D7:76	Rev. C. F. Russell M. L. Jacks.
Monkton Combe, Bath	z868	375	Z135 DZ45	Rev. E. Hayward
Monmouth Sch	1615	84C	£91 D£s6	C. F. Scott.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne (Royal Gr.).	2545	700	D.£30	E. R. Thomas.
Newcastle-under-Lyme (High) Newport, Mon. (High) Northampton (Town and County)	1873 1896	367 400	D£36   D£36   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35   D£35	T. Stinton.
Northampton (Town and County)	1541	550	£70 DZ 10	David J. Lloyd, W. C. C. Cooke. T. W. G. Acland.
NOTWICH DON	2547	840	785 DZ 25	T. W. G. Acland.
Nottingham High Sch	1513	500		C. L. Reynolds. F. C. Doherty.
Oakham	1584	245	£209 D£23	F. C. Doherty.
OakhamOundle, NorthantsOxford (City of Oxford Sch )	1556	580	\$ 150	K. Fisher, Ph.D. W. Parkinson, M.C.
Perse Cambridge	1878	354	£125 D72	H. A. Wootton.
Perse, Cambridge	1854	433	D£18 £135 · · · · · · D£30 £93 · · · · · D£87 £93 · · · · · D£83	H. A. Wootton. H. W. Ralph. Canon W. J. Barton. Rev. W. H. Ferguson. G. H. Keeton.
Portsmouth Gr. Sch	17722	550	£93 D£*3	Canon W. J. Barton.
Radley Coll., Abingdon Reading Sch., Berks Repton Sch., Derby Rossall, Fleetwood, Lancs.	1847	340 600	£185 D£15-a1 £268	Rev. W. H. Ferguson.
Reading Sch., Berks	2485		大51 リカ15-81	G. H. Keeton.
Rossell Flastwood Lance	1557	480 360	<b>女145</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rev. G. F. Fisher. Canon E.J.W. Houghton, D.
Rugby	2557 2844 2567 1885	625	+.201	P. H. B. Lyon, M.C.
Rugby	1884	200	£126	P. H. B. Lyon, M.C. Rev. A. J. Costain.
St. Bees', Cumberland	1553	170	£130 £108-215	E. A. Bell. Canon W. F. Burnside.
St. Edmund's, Cauterbury	1749	150		

8t. George's, Harpenden, Herts. 8t. Lawrence, Ramagate	Rev. H. E. Kendall, O.B.E.
Sedbergh, Yorks	8ev. C. Grant.  10
Sedbergh, Yorks	H. G. Abel.
Sedbergh, Yorks	H. G. Abel.
Sedbergh, Yorks	6. B. Smith.  5. D\$\frac{1}{2}42  6. D\$\frac{1}{2}44  6. D\$\frac{1}{2}44  6. D\$\frac{1}{2}44  6. D\$\frac{1}{2}5-30  6. Smith.  C. L. F. Boughey.  C. L. F. Boughey.  C. L. F. Boughey.  Rev. J. D. Day.  H. N. P. Sawyer.  Rev. J. D. Day.  J. F. Roxburgh.  Rev. W. W. Holdgate.  H. Nicholson.  M. N. P. Sloman, M.C.  G. Kendail.  Rev. H. R. O./en.  A. J. Bplisbury.  G. A. Riding.  P. A. Fryer.  F. R. Malnu.  Rev. H. Costley-White, D.D.  A. G. Pite, M.C.  Canou A. T. P. Williams, D.I.  W. M. Gordon.  T. Kingdom.
Stowe, Bucks.   1932   490   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976	9
Stowe, Bicks.   1933   490   51   523   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525	9
Stowe, Bicks.   1933   490   51   523   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525   525	9
Stowe, Bucks.   1932   490   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976   1976	9
Treat College, Derbyshire	19
Treat College, Derbyshire	6
Treat College, Derbyshire	6
Trent College, Derbyshire   1866   200   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201	6
University Coll. Sch., Frognal, 1830 730  N.W. 3.	G. Rendall.  Rev. H. R. Oen. A. J. Spilsbury. G. A. Riding. P. A. Fryer. F. R. Mainn. Rev. H. Costley-White, D.D. A. G. Pite, M.C. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.J. Warren Derry. H. R. Pullinger. Case. F. J. Shirley, Ph.D. W. M. Gordon. T. Kingdom.
Warwick         944         345           Wellingborough, Northanta.         2595         365           Wellingborough, Northanta.         2595         365           Westminster, Dean's Yard, S.W.z.         1239         365           Westminster, Dean's Yard, S.W.z.         1239         365           Wornotester (Royal Gr.)         1394         47         52           Worlsop, Notta.         1895         330         47         52           Worksop, Notta.         1893         330         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         52         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54         54	A. J. Spilsbury.
Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varw	A. J. Spilsbury.
Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varwick   Varw	P. A. Fryer. F. R. Malinn. Rev. H. Costley-White, D.D. A. G. Pite, M.C. Canou A. T. P. Williams, D.1  D£39  D£39  Marren Derry. H. R. Pullinger. B. W. M. Gordon. T. Kingdom.
Wellingborough, Northants	P. A. Fryer. F. R. Mainn. Rev. H. Costley-White, D.D. A. G. Pite, M.C. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. T. P. Williams, D.I. Canon A. Canon A. Canon A. Canon A. Canon A. Canon A.
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Sociland.  The Edinburgh Academy	T. Kingdom.
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Scotland.  The Edinburgh Academy	
Faminurgan College, Glenalmond 1841 500 £2  Northern Ireland. Campbell Coll., Belfast	5 D£50 A. L. F. Smith.  A. H. Asheroft, D.S.O.  J. R. C. Grauples, D.S.O.
Familuaring.  Frinity College, Glenalmond 1841 500 £2  Northern Ireland.  Campbell Coll., Belfast 1528 172  £2  Portors Royal, Enuiskillen	A. H. Ashcroft, D.S.O.
Familuaring.  Frinity College, Glenalmond 1841 500 £2  Northern Ireland.  Campbell Coll., Belfast 1528 172  £2  Portors Royal, Enuiskillen	I P C Grounless 11 BA
Aminurga.  Frinity College, Glenalmond 1841  Northern Ireland.  Campbell Coll., Belfast	J. A. O. Grounds, D.S.U.
Frinity College, Glenalmond 1841 500 £2  Northern Ireland.  Campbell Coll., Belfast	5 Cecil Stagg.
Sampbell Coll., Belfast	Canon F.W. Matheson, M.B.
Royal Academical Institution, 18to 600 Belfast.  Iriah Free State.	
Royal Academical Institution, 18to 600  Belfast.  Iriah Free State.	3 D£35 W. D. Gibbon, D.S.O., M.C.
Boyal Academical Institution, 1810 600 Belfast. Irish Free State.	5 Rev. E. G. Seale.
	D£19 G. Garrod.
t. Columba's, Dublin   1843   100   £1	Rev. C. B. Armstrong.
Channel Islands.	
Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey 1363 200 £8 Victoria Coll., Jersey 1852 240 £1	-95D£20 Rev. F. Hardy, LL.D. A. H. Worrall, T.D.
	A. H. William, E.D.
Isle of Man.	
King William's Coll 1668 230 £1	8-126 D£32   Rev. G. H. Harris.

# Bublic Schools in the British Bominions.

NOTE.—Those marked with an asterisk (*) are "Headmasters' Conference Schools."

MALE - LIGHT INTEREST AVAILABLE OF THE TOTAL PARTY OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE						
Name of School.	F'ded.	No. of Boys.	Annual Fees. See note (a). D=Day Boys.	Headmaster. See note (b).		
*St. Andrew's Coll., Aurora, Ont. *Trinity Coll., Port Hope, Ont *Upper Canada Coll., Toronto Australia.	1899 1865 1899	170 #55 685	\$050 \$165 \$155	Rev. D. B. Macdonald, LL.D. Rev. F. G. Orchard, D.D. W. L. Grant, LL.D.		
N.S.W.:— *Armidale Sch., Armidale *C. of E. Gr. Sch., Sydney *King's Sch., Parramatta *Newington Coll., (R.C.), Sydney St. Ignatius Coll. (R.C.), Sydney St. Joseph's Coll. (R.C.), Sydney	1869 1832 1863	 640 432 319 	£118 D£36 £126 D£39 £101 D£39	Rev. H. Sanger. L. C. Robson, M.O. Rev. E. M. Baker. Rev. C. J. Prescott.		
Scott's College, Sydney Sydney Gr. Sch	:::	:::	• • • • •	J. Bee, H. S. Bettmann.		
*C. of E. Gr. Sch., Melbourne *Geelong Coll., Melbourne *Geelong Gr. Sch., Corio *Scotch Coll., Melbourne *Weeley Coll., Melbourne *Xavier Coll. (R.C.), Melbourne South Australia:— *Collegiate Sch. of St. Peter,	1858 1861 1857 1851 1865 1878	1100 300 340 1145 590 430	£140 D£40 £180 D£30 £105-180 D£35 £135 D£35 £125 D£35 £92 D£35	R. P. Franklin. Rev. W. E. Rolland. J. R. Darling. W. S. Littlefohn, LL. D. L. A. Adamson, C.M.G. Rev. R. Frost, S.J.		
*Prince Alfred Coll., Adelaide	1847 1869	700 4=5	£130 D£50 £81-205D£18-27	Rev. K. J. F. Bickersteth, M.C. J. F. Ward.		
Western Australia : *Guildford Gr. Sch			*****	Rev. R. E. Freeth.		
*Auckland, Gr. Sch  *Auckland, King's Coll  *Christohurch, Christ's Coll  Nelson College, Nelson  Otago High Sch. Dunedin  *Timaru High Sch  *Waitaki High Sch., Oamaru  *Wanganui Collegiate	1869 1914 1855 1856 1863  1878 1858	950 250 317 450 800  500 270		H. J. D. Mahon. Rev. H. K. Archdall. R. J. Richards. C. H. Broad. W. J. Morrell. W. Thomas. F. Milner, C.M.G. J. Allen.		
Union of South Africa.  *8t. Andrew's Coll., Grahamatown  *Dioceaan Coll., Bondesbosoh  *8t. John's Coll., Johannesberg  *Mest Indies.  *Harrison Coll., Barbados	1849 1898	300 480 450 	£150 D£50 £105 D£42 £180 D£15	Rev. P. W. H. Kettlewell, Rev. R. H. C. Birt. Rev.C.H.S. Runge, D.S.O., M.C. R. Curry, M.C. H. N. Haskell,		

THE BOYS' BRIGADE. (Incorporated.)

The senior boys organisation; founded in 1889 by the late Sir William A. Smith. The object of the Brigade is attained by a combination of discipline and religious training. Every Company is connected with a Church or other Christian body. The total strength is 200,000 officers and boys, with 50,000 juniors in The Life Boys.— Abbey House, Westminster, S.W. z.

#### CHURCH LADS' BRIGADE.

of 60,000 lads.—Headquarters, Aldwych House, Catherine Street, W.C.z. Chaplain General and Secretary, Very Rev. Edgar Rogers, O.B.E., M.A.,

#### THE BROTHERMOOD.

THE BROTHERHOOD MOVEMENT, "to lead men and women into the Kingdom of God, to unite in Brotherhood of mutual help, to win the masses of the people for Jesus Christ, and to encourage the study of social service," may be said to have been founded in 1875 as the outcome of the Pleasent Sunday Afternoon movement initiated by John Blackham of West Bromwich. The movement is mon-molitical and unsactation. An organisation especially aduable for helping a parish to keep the elder lads to their religious duties; was founded in 1893, and combines a military method with moral and religious instruction. It is estimated that 1,000,000 is and connected with it are other societies—instruction. It is estimated that 1,000,000 is disterboods, P.S.A., Bible Classes, &c. President, W. H. Bolton; General Sceretary, Rev. J. W. training, and to-day there are over one thousand Tuffley; Headquarters, 27 Norfolk Street, Companies throughout the Empire, with upwards |

# Zecondary Schools.—F. Boys.

A Secondary School, as defined by the Board of Education, is a school for pupils who intend to remain for at least four years, and up to at least the age of ro. It must provide a progressive course of general education of a kind and amount suited to an age-range at least from 12 to 17.

THE INOBPORATED ASSOCIATION OF HEAD MASTERS, so Gordon Square, W.C. r. President, L. W. Taylor, M.A. Joint Hon. Secs., W. Jenkyn Thomas, M.A.; F. R. Hurlstone-Jones, M.A.; Hon. Teasurer, W. W. Yaughan, M.V.O., M.A.; Ass. Sec., H. Marshall.—The qualification for membership is the holding of the head mastership of a Public Secondary school for bows in ship of a Public Secondary school for boys in England or Wales administered under a definite form of public or corporate control by a governing body which has powers both to control the school finances and to appoint and dismiss the head master.

THE SCHOOLMASTERS' ASSOCIATION, IRRLAND (Sey., Rev. C. B. Armstrong, M.A., St. Columba's College, Rathfarnham) is similar to the I.A.H.M. ASSOC. OF ASSISTANT MASTERS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS, so Gordon Sq., W.C. z. Sec., G. D. Dunkerley, B.Sc.

"See H.M.C." refers to preceding list of Headmasters' Conference Schools.

* Denotes Membership of I.A.H.M. † Denotes Dual School (Boys and Girls).

#### ENGLAND.

#### Bedfordshire-BEDFORD

*Bedford Gr. Sch.—See H.M.C. *Bedford Modern—See H.M.C.

*DUNSTABLE (Ashton Gr.)—A. F. R. Evans.

*†LEIGHTON BUZZARD—F. Fairbrother.

*LUTON (Modern Sch.)—T. A. E. Sanderson.

*ABINGDON (Roysse's Sch.)—See H.M.C. 1
*BRAGENELL (Ranelagh Sch.)—E. Cleave.
BRADFIELD (Coll.)—See H.M.C.
CAVERSHAM (Oratory Sch., R.C.)—Rev. G. W.

*MAIDENHEAD (County)—A. E. Brooks, *NEWBURY (Gr.)—T. R. Harley. RADLEY (Coll.)—See H.M.C.

READING-

*Leighton Park—See H.M.C. Reading Sch.—See H.M.C.

WALLINGFORD (County Gr.)-J. Moody. WANTAGE (King Alfred's Gr.) (vacant). *Wallington (Coll.)—See H.M.C.

*Windsor County—H. Fairhurst. *Imperial Service Coll.—See H.M.C.

### Buckinghamshire

*¡ARERSHAM (Gr.)—R. E. Yates.
*†AYLESBURY (Gr.)—G. P. Furneaux.
*†BUCKINGHAM (Royal Latin)—M. W. Thomas.
ETON (Coll.)—See H.M.C. *GREAT MARLOW (Sir W. Borlase's Sch.)-W. S.

Booth. *HIGH WYCOMBE (Royal Gr.)-G. W. Arni-

son, J.P. *|SLOUGH (Sec.)—E. R. Clarke, M.O. +WOLVERTON (Sec.)—E. J. Boyce.

## Cambridgeshire and Isle of Ely-

### CAMBRIDGE-

*Leys' Sch .- See H. M. C

*Perse Sch .- See H. M. C.

*Cambridge County Sch.-A. B. Mayne.

*ELY (Cathedral Gr.)—Rev. Canon Kirkland. *MAROH (Gr.)—A. Heathcote. SOHAM (Gr.)—B. J. A. Neill. *Wiebroh (Gr.)—H. Lawrence White.

#### Cheshire

*ALTRINCHAM (County High)—L. S. Laver. *Bebington (County)—J. M. Moir.

BIRKENHEAD

BIRKENHEAD—
*Birkenhead Institute—E. Wynne-Hughes.
*Birkenhead Sch.—See H.M.C.
*Park High Sch.—J. M. Ure.
*Rock Ferry High.—E. J. Griffith.
*CHRADLE HULME (Warehousemen and Clerks)
Sch.—T. "P. Vockheadt, M.C.

Sch.)-T. T. R. Lockhardt, M.C. CHESTER

**CHESTER—**CHESTER—**CHY and County—J. K. W'lkins.

*King's Sch.—See H.M.C.

**CREWE (County Sec.)—D. H. McCurtain.

**HYDE (County Sec.)—R. E. Jones.

**LYMM (Gr.)—W. B. S. Hawkins.

**MACCURSFIELD (Gr.)—F. D. Evans.

NANTWICH-

*†Nantwich Gr.—A. T. Powell.
*Willaston—H. Lang Jones.
†Northwich (Gr.)—C. F. A. Keeble.

*†Runcorn County Sec.—F. J. Skinner. *Sandbach Sch.—H. L. Crockett.

STOCKPORT-*Stockport Gr .-- C. H. Gilkes.

*†Stockport Municipal Sec .- M. J. H. Cooke. WALLASEY

*Wallasey Gr.-F. Wilkinson.

*Voldershaw Sec.—A. B. Archer.
*WEST KIRST (Calday Grange Gr.)—R. T. B.
Glasspool, M.C.
*†WINSFORD (Verdin County).—E. Russell.

*HBODMIN (County)—J. B. Wilkinson,
+BUDE (County)—W. W. Wright,
+CALLINGTON (County)—A. J. Freeman.
+CAMELFORD (Gr.)—C. E. Leese,
-KALMOUTH (Gr.)—

FALMOUTH (Gr.)—
+ Howev (County)—E. H. Fawcett.
+ Helston (County)—H. E. S. Dramsfield.
LAUNCESTON (Coll.)—H. Spencer Toy.
+ LISKEARD (County)—J. R. Canney.
NEWQUAY (County)—G. H. Widgery.
PENZANCE (County)—G. L. Bradley.
REDRUTH (County)—H. J. Hewitt.
+ ST ALESTL. (County)—H. J. Hewitt.
+ ST ALESTL. (County)—W. V. Rapritt

*+ST. AUSTELL (County)-W. V. Barritt.

TRURO-*Truro Coll.—Dr. E. H. Magson. *Truro Cathedral Sch.—Rev. Canon Welch.

*†ALSTON (S. King's)—W. Lawson. †BRAMPTON (Sec.)—G. S. Wood. *CARLISLE (Gr.)—See H. M. C.

*COCKERMOUTH (County Sec.)-J. G. McIntosh.

*+KESWICK (High Sch.)-H. W. Howe. †MILLOM (Sec.)—J. Sharp. †PENRITH (Gr.)—H. B. C. Carr. *ST. BEES (Gr.)—See H.M.C.

* WHITEHAVEN (County Sec.)—A. Clifford.

WIGTON-*†Friends' Sch.—D. W. Reed. *Nelson Sch.—R. Sayle. *†WORKINGTON (County Sec.)-A. B. Coles. Derbyshire-*†ASHBOURNE (Queen Elizabeth's Gr.)-C. F. Rall. *†BAREWELL (Lady Manner's)—E. L. Wilks.
*†BELFER (Sec.)—W. W. Tunnicliffe.
*BUXTON (Coll.)—A. D. C. Mason.
*(HESTERFIELD (Gr.)—A. C. Bescoby.
*†CLAY (ROSS (Sec.)—G. S. Hollister. DERBY-*Derby Sch.-T. J. P. York. *Bemrose Sch.—W. A. Macfarlane. *DRONFIELD (Gr.)—N. S. Millican. *†ECKINGTON (County Sec )—T. P. Spencer. *†GLOSSOP (Gr.)—C. H. Chambers. *+HEANOR (Sec.)-F. L. Allan. *+ILKESTON (County Sec.)-8. R. Wood. LONG EATON-Trent Coll. - See H. M. C. *†Long Eaton Sec.—F. E. Roberts.

*†MATLOCK (Sec.)—Dr. E. H. Chapman.

*†NEW MILLS (Sec.)—W. A. Whitton.

*REPTON (Sch.)—See H.M.C.

*|STAVELEY (Neverthorpe Gr.)—A. R. Black-*†SWANWICK (Swanwick Hall)-W. J. Paynter. WIRESWORTH (Gr.)-C. Round. Dewanshire-*ASHBURTON (Gr.)—H. Naylor.

*BARNSTAPLE (Gr.)—W. D. Canham.

*BIDEFORD (Gr.)—M. Marples.

*COLTON (Gr.)—D. McKay Ohm.

*CREDITON (Queen Elizabeth's Gr.)—F. Clarke.

*DEVORPORT (High Sch.)—A. F. Treseder.

EXETER EXETER—

*Exeter Sch.—See H.M.C.

*Hele's Sch.—A. E. Nichols, M.C.

*†Exmouth (Gr.)—D'Arcy W. A. Hughes.

HONITON (Allhallows)—D. B. Briggs.

*†LIFRACOMBE (County Sec.)—S. B. Tatton.

*KINGSBRIDGE (Gr.)—P. H. Wykes. NEWTON ABBOT-*Newton Abbot Coll.-H. Pallot. *\Newton Abbot County Sec.—J. Hembrough.
*\OKRHAMPTON (Gr.)—W. Hunter.
*\OTTERY St. MARY (King's)—J. M. O. Johnson. PLYMOUTH-*Plymouth Coll.—See H. M.C. *Sutton Sec.—A. L. Strachan. *+Plymouth Corporation Gr.—F. Sandon. *†PLYMPTON (Gr.)—H. W. Hale.
*SHEBBAR (United Methodist)—J. Rounse-

. *Blundell's Sch.—See H. M.C. *Tiverton Middle Sch.-J. F. Duffin. *TORQUAY (Gr.)—W. Jackson.
*TOTRES (Gr.)—F. G. Hanks.
*WEST BUCKLAND (County)—Rev. E. C. Harries.

*Kelly Coll.—Rev. N. Miller. Tavistock Gr.—(vacant). *|TRIGNMOUTH (County Sec.)-8. Silverston.

fell. TAVISTOCK-

TIVERTON-

*+BEAMINSTER (Gr.)-L. S. M. Skyrm, c.c. BLANDFORD *+ Blandford Gr.-W. Greenhalgh.

*BRIDPORT (Sec.)—W. F. Hill.

*†DORGHESTER (Gr.)—R. W. Hill.

*†GILLINGHAM (Gr.)—M. T. Perks.

*LYME ERGIS (County)—S. L. Watton.

*†PARKSTONE (Sch.)—Rev. E. S. Moss.

†POOLE (Municipal Sec.)—A. W. M. Greenfield.

*SHAPTESBURY (Gr.)—Dr. C. H. Tovey. SHERBORNE-*Sherborne Sch.—See H. M C. *Foster's Foundation Sch.—H. Lush, M.B.E. †SWANAGE (Gr.)—W. P. Bannister. WEYMOUTH-*Weymouth Coll.—See H.M.C. *+Weymouth Sec -F. J. Babb. WIMBORNE-MINSTER-

*BARNARD CASTLE (Sch.)—A. G. Coombs, D.S.O. *BISHOP AUCKLAND (King James's Sch.)—A. Morrison.

*†BLATON-ON-TYNE (Sec.)—R. N. Wilson.
*†CHESTER-LE-STREET (Sec.)—J. J. Simms.
†CONSETT (Sec.)—E. C. Jones. DARLINGTON-

*Wimborne-Minster Gr.-J. C. Airey.

Canford Sch.-Rev. C. B. Canning.

*Darlington Central Sec.—W. G. Bainbridge. *Queen Elizabeth's Gr.—L. W. Taylor. DURHAM-

*Durham Sch.—See H. M.C. *Johnston Sec.-J. Cleminson. *†GATESHEAD (Sec.)-W. Walton.

* HARTLEPOOL (Henry Smith Sch.) -J. Moor, M.C. *HOUGHTON-LE-SPRING (Sec.)—J. M. Jones.
*JARROW (Sec.)—A. R. Stevens.
*†RYHOPE (Sec.)—R. P. Williams, J.P.

SOUTH SHIRLDS *South Shields High-W. T. Lucas.

*†Westoe Sec.-T. A. Lawrenson. * SPENNYMOOR (Alderman Wraith Sec.) - T. Welch, M.C.

*†STANLEY S.O. (Alderman Wood Sch.)-J. B. Hardy. STOCKTON-ON-TRES-

*Stockton-on-Tees Gr.—T. Ridley.
*Stockton-on-Tees Sec.—Dr. J. R. Kinnes.

*SUCCECON-ON-1608 Feet, -17. 5. a. Allindon.
*SUNDERLAND (Bede Sch.) - G. A. Bradshaw.
*WASHINGTON (Sec.) - A. J. Schoffeld.
*WELLFIELD (Sec.) - J. Ingram. *WEST HARTLEPOOL (Sec.)—R. Todd. *WOLSINGHAM (Gr.)—J. Backhouse.

†Barking (Abbey Sch.)—E. A. Loftus. †Braintree (County High)—A. M. Dell. *Braintwood (Sir A. Browne's)—See H. M.C. *CHELMSFORD (King Edward VI. Gr.)—H. J. E. Bailey. Bailey.

*CHIGWELL (Sch.)—See H M C.

*CLIACTON-ON-SEA (COUNTY High)—V. Smith.

*CULCHESTER (ROYA! Gr.)—H. J. Cape.

*EARL'S COLNE (Gr.)—J. H. N. Kearns.

*EARL'S COLNE (Gr.)—W. H. Barker.

*ELST HAM, E 6 (Sec.)—W. H. Barker.

*ELSTED (Sch.)—See H. M.C.

*GRAYS (Palmer's Sch.)—Rev. H. A. Abbott.

*HARWICH (County High)—H. Meteyard.

*LEVTON, E. 10 (County High)—Dr. I. Couch.
LOUGHYON (Sch.)—O. G. Johnson.

LOUGHTON (Sch.)—O. G. Johnson.

*†MALDON (County High)—S. G. Deed.
NEWPORT (Gr.)—Rev. F. J. S. Wyeth.
ROMFORD (County High)—S. B. Hartley.

*†SAFFRON WALDEN (Friends' Sch.)—C. B. Rowntree.

*Southend (High)-Dr. W. I. Moore.

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Walthamstow-
                                                                                                                      Herefordahire
   (Forest Sch.)—Rev. B. C. Guy.
(Moneux Sch.)—P. D. Goodall.
(+Wasstrad (County High)—A. F. Joseph.
*Wastculff-on-Sta (High)—H. G. Williams.
                                                                                                                      *BROMYARD (Q. Elizabeth Gr.)-A. W. Tuckey.
                                                                                                                           HEREFORD.
                                                                                                                             *Hereford Cathedral School—See H.M.C.*
*Hereford High—R. G. Ruscoe.
    WEST HAM—

*West Ham MunicipalSec —Dr. E. F. Churchill.

†Plaistow Sec. —J. W. Hand.
                                                                                                                      -meretora high—R. G. Ruscoe.
-Kington (Lady Hawkins's Sch.)—E. Robinson.
-Ledbury (Gr.)—W. G. Greaves.
-Ledbury (Gr.)—John Lodge.
-Lucton (Sch.)—P. A. Openshaw.
-+Ross (Gr.)—F. Leeds.
      WOODFORD (Bancroft's Sch.)-T. G. Wells.
Gloucestershire-
     BRISTOL-
                                                                                                                      Hertfordshire
                                                                                                                        Hertfordahre—
ALDENHAM (Sch.)—H. M. Beck.

*BARNET (Queen Elizabeth Gr.)—E. H. Jenkins.

*BERRHAMSTED (BerkhamstedSch.)—Sce.H. M.C.

*BISHOP'S STORTFORD (Coll.)—Sce. H. M. C.

*BUSHEY (Masonic Sch.)—T. R. N. Crofts.

*HALLEYBURY (Coll.)—Sce. H. M.C.

*HERTFORD (Gr.)—T. H. Bunt.

*HITCHIN (Gr.)—T. E. Jones.

*ST. ALBANS (Sch.)—W. T. Marsh.

*STEVENAGE (Alleyne S Gr.)—H. P. Thorne.

WATFORD—
       *Bristol Gr. Sch.—See H.M.C.
    "Bristol Gr. Sch.—See H. M.C.
Bristol Cathedral Sch.—Rev. H. A. Watts.
"Colston's Sch.—Rev. A. R. Millbourn.
"Cotham Sec.—T. V. T. Baxter.
"Fairfield Sec.—M. J. Truscott.
"†Klingswood Sec.—M. J. Eaton.
"†Merrywood Sec.—M. B. Lyon.
"Queen Elizabeth Sch.—J. B. White.
"†St. George's Sch.—Dr. O. R. Baldwin.
Cherterel A. W.
     CHELTENHAM-
       *Cheltenham College—See H.M.C.
*Dean Close Memorial Sch.—See H.M.C.
                                                                                                                           WATFORD-
                                                                                                                             *Watford Gr.-E. Reynolds.
*Pate's Gr.—R. B. Dobson.

*CHIPPING CAMPIEN (Gr.)—W. J. Bright.

*CHIPPING SOBBURY (Gr.)—C. D. Waters.

*CIMDERFORD (East Dean Gr.)—C. L. Saunders.
                                                                                                                             *London Orphan Sch -- Rev. C. R. Atten-
                                                                                                                      borough.
Huntingdonahire
                                                                                                                     *†Fletton (County)—H. E. Rayner.
*†HURTINGDON (Gr.)—J. H. Howgate.
*KIMBOLTON (Gr.)—W. Ingram.
*†RAMSEY (Gr.)—F. T. Allen.
     CIRENCESTER
     *†Cirencester Gr —T. Frazer.
*Rendcomb Coll.—J. H. Simpson.
*CLIFFON (College)—See H.M.C.
*†COLEFORD (Bell's Gr.)—J. S. Hough.
*DURSLEY (Sec.)—E. Barrett.
                                                                                                                      ASHFORD (Gr.)—H. L. Jenkins.
*Brokenham (County)—S. Gammon.
*Belvedere (Rrich County)—A. Bell.
Borden (Gr.)—W. Murdock.
     GLOUCESTER-
       Crypt Gr. Sch.—See H. M.C.
King's Sch.—Rev. E. H. P. Muncey.
*Sir_Thomas Rich's Sch.—H. F. Rogers-
                                                                                                                          BROMLEY (County)-G. L. Heawood.
                                                                                                                           CANTERBURY-
             Tillstone.
                                                                                                                            *Kent Coll.—A. Brownscombe.

*King's Sch.—See H. M.C.

St. Edmund's Sch.—See H. M.C.
*HISTOR.

*LYDNEY (Sec.)—F. Dixon.

†NEWENT (Sec.)—F. W. Dickinson.

*NORTHLEADH (Westwood's Gr.)—W.P. Bassett.

*STROUD (Marling Sch.)—H. W. Carter.

†TETBURY (Gr.)—R. J. Woodward.

*TEWERSDURY (Gr.)—W. H. Struthers.

*THORNBURY (Gr.)—C. H. Ross.

*HWOTTON-UNDER-EDGE.—C. E. Fiske.
                                                                                                                        *Simon Langton Sch.—L. W. Myers.
CRANBROOK (Gr.)—G. Russell Scott.
*DARTFORD (Gr.)—H. Pochin, M.C.
                                                                                                                           DOVER-
                                                                                                                               Dover Coll .- See H.M.C.
                                                                                                                       **POVER COUNTY—F. Whitehouse.

*FAVERSHAM (Gr.)—J. C. Booth.

*FOLKESTONE (Harvey Gr.)—A. B. Downing.

*GILLINGHAM (County)—Dr. H. C. Barnard.

*GRAVESEND (County)—S. Lister.

*MAIDSTONE (Gr.)—A. J. Woolgar.

*MOTINGHAM (Eitham Coll., S.E. 9)—G. Turnamental County)—S. Lister.
Hampshire & I. of W .-
*#ALDERSHOT (County)—A. E. Chapman.
*#ALRESFORD (Perin's Gr.)—G. T. McKay.
*#ALTON (Eggar's Gr.)—C. W. Wheatley.
*#ANDOVER (Gr.)—C. L. Denyer.
*BASINGSTOKE (Queen Mary's Sch.)—C. W.
                                                                                                                                    berville.
              Percival.
*BOURNEMOUTH (Sch.)—Dr. E. Fenwick.
*FARBHAM (Sch.)—S. R. N. Bradly.
*†FARBDROUGH (Sec.)—R. H. May.
*†GOSPORT (Sec.)—L. C. Keating.
*†ODHAM—(May's Gr.)—E. S. Gore
                                                                                                                      *†NEW ROMNEY (Southlands Gr.)-Rev. F. H.
                                                                                                                                    Manser.
                                                                                                                          RAMSGATE-
                                                                                                                            *St. Lawrence Coll.—See H. M.C.
                                                                                                                            *Ramsgate County-H. C. Norman.
   *PRIRRSPIELD
                                                                                                                          ROCHESTER-
                                                                                                                            *King's Sch.-See H.M.C.
       Bedale's-J. H. Badley.
*Churcher's Coll.-A. H. G. Hoggarth
                                                                                                                            *Rochester Mathematical Sch.-E. D. Clark.
                                                                                                                        *SANDWIGH (Gr.)—Rev. W. Burton.
*SRVEROAKS (Gr.)—J. A. Higgs-Walker.
SIDCUP(County)—Dr. C. R. McGregor Williams.
*SUTTON VALENCE (Gr.)—See H.M.C.
    PORTSMOUTH-
       *Portsmouth Gr. Sch. - See H.M.C.
*Portsmouth Northern Sec.—C. W. W. Beedem.
*Portsmouth Southern Sec.—D. E. Collier, M. C.
*PURBROOK (County)—E. Stedman.
*SANDOWN (I. OF W.) (County)—J. J. Walton.
                                                                                                                       TONDRIDGE—
TONDRIDGE Sch.—See H.M.C.
"Judd's Commercial Sch.—C. Lloyd Morgan.
"TURERIDGE WHILE (Skinners' Sch.)—W. R. G.
    SOUTHAMPTON—

*|Itchen Sec.—E. Coteman.

*King Edward VI.—See H.M.C.

*Taunton's Soh.—F. J. Hemmings.
                                                                                                                                   Bye, D.S.O., M.C.
                                                                                                                     Lancashire
       "Taukon s son.—r. s. hemmings.
Whenesperre—
*Winchester College—See H.M.C. [M.E. E.

*Peter Symond's Sch.—Dr. P. T. Freeman,

*TAGETON-IN-MAKERFIELD (Gr.)—F. G. Hall.

*TAGETON-UNDER-LYME (Sec.)—G. B. Jackson.
     WINCHESTER-
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*†STRETFORD (Gr.)—A. Dakin.
*†ULVERSTON (Victoria Gr.)—Dr. H. W. Cousins.
*†UPHOLLAND (Gr.)—C. H. Cox.
**URMSTON (Gr.)—W. Baker.
 *+BACUP AND RAWTENSTALL (Sec.)-E.
                                                                                                                    H.
                Holden
   *BARROW-IN-FURNESS (Municipal) - W.
                                                                                                                        D.
                Fraser.
                                                                                                                                         WARRINGTON—
*Boteler Gr.—Rev. H. Gray.
   *BLACKBURN (Gr.)—A. Holden.
*BLACKPOOL (Sec.)—J. Turral.
                                                                                                                                          *+Warrington Sec .- J. S Broome.
      BOLTON-
        *Bolton Gr.-See H.M.C.
                                                                                                                                    *†WHITEFIELD (Stand Gr)—G. T. Locke.
*†WINNS (Sec.)—H. Green.
WIGAN (Gr.)—S. W. Whitehouse.
Leicestershire—
  *+Bolton Church Institute—Rev. A. D. Clark.

+Bolton Municipal Sec —W. H. R. Grundy.

*Bootle (Sec.)—W. Ditchlurn.

BURNLEY (Gr.)—A. W. Fletcher.
                                                                                                                                       *ASHBY-DR-LA-ZOUCH (Gr.)—T. A. Woodcock
+BARROW (Gr.)—T. G. Wilklinson.
+COALVILLE (County Gr.)—A. Rigby.
+HINOKLEY (Gr.)—G. E. S. Coxhead.
-KIBWORTH (Gr.)—J. E. Elliot.
        *Bury Gr. Sch .- See H. M.C.
 "Bury Wunicipal Sec.—E. W. Holman.
"CHADDERTON (Gr.)—J. C. Platt.
"CHORLEY (Municipal Sec.—F. E. Gauntlett.
"CHORLEY (Municipal High)—A. F. Chappell,
                                                                                                                                          LEICESTER-
                                                                                                                                               *Wyggeston Sch.—See H.M.C.
*Ald. Newtou's Sch.—R. L. Ager.
*CLITHRIOE (Royal Gr.)—C. W. Stokes.

+(OLNE (Sec.)—E. A. How, O.B.R.

+(DARWEN (Sec.)—R. W. Ferguson.

*ECOLES (Sec.)—T. I. Cowlishaw.

*HARNWORTH, BOLTON (Gr.)—J. McCarter.

*FLEETWOOD (Sec.)—A. Brier.

*GREAT CROSSY (Merchant Taylors' Sch.)—See

H. M. C.—Ray. C. K. Russell.
                                                                                                                                               *Leicester City Boys Sch.-R. W. Grammer.
                                                                                                                                            LOUGHBOROUGH-
                                                                                                                                       *Gr. Sch.—S. R. Pullinger.

*College.—A. T. Eggington, M.C.

†LUTTERWOETH (Gr.)—W. J. G. Readman.

*MARKET BOSWORTH (Gr.)—J. F. Smith.

*†MARKET HARBOROUGH (County Gr.)—A. J.
                H.M.C.—Rev. C. F. Russell.
                                                                                                                                                    Bright.
                                                                                                                                       *†MELTON MOWBRAY (K. Edward's Sch.)—R. Stuart Smith.
    *HARDHORN
                                            POULTON (Baines's) - F.
                Stafford.
Stafford.

+HASLINGENN (Sec.)—A. Weston.

+HEYWOOD (Municipal Sec.)—A. Oldroyd.

+HINDLEY AND ABRAM (Gr.)—W. S. Fairbrother.

HUTTON (Gr.)—Rev. C. P. Hines.

*KIRKHAM (Gr.)—Rev. C. Strange.

*JANOASTER (Royal Gr.)—See H. M. C.

+LEIGH (Gr.)—R. E. Edge.

+LEVLAND (Balshaw's Sch.)—V. U. Oldland.
                                                                                                                                       *†Quorn (The Rawlins Gr.)-G. Keith Thomson.
                                                                                                                                    Lincolnshire
                                                                                                                                      Lincolnabire—

*ALPORD (Gr.)—J. A. Staley.

*HBARTON-ON-HUNBER (Sec.)—H. Boulton.

*BOSTON (Gr.)—H. H. Morris.

*BOURNE (Sec.)—C. P. Matthews.

*Baigg (Gr.)—J. T. Daughton.

*CALETOR (Gr.)—H. E. J. COXON.

*CLEE (Gr.)—S. F. Thomas, D.S.O.

†DONINGTON (Gr.)—J. N. WOTMAN.

*GAINSBOROUGH (Gr.)—J. Hewetson.

GRANTHAM (King's)—C. Bisphan.

*†GRIMSBY (Wintringham Sec.)—

*†HORNCASTLE (Gr.)—A. N. WOTMAN.

LINCOLN—
      LIVERPOOL
   LIVERPOOL—
*Liverpool Coll.—See H.M.C.
*Alsop High Sch.—F. B. Halford.
*Liverpool Institute—Rev. H. H. Symonds.
*Liverpool Collegiate Sch.—A. M. Gibson.
*Holt Sec.—C. W. Balley.
*Oulton Sec.—W. J. R. Gibbs.
*Quarry Bank High Sch.—R. F. Balley.
*LIVHAM (King Edward VII. Sch.)—J. R. Ll.
*Papers.
                                                                                                                                   LINCOLN—

"Lincoln Gr.—C. E. Young.
(City).—A. Suteliffe.

"LOUTH (King Edward VI. Gr.)—E. A. Gardiner.

"MARKET RASEN (De Aston Sch.)—P. J. Timms.

"MOULTON (Gr.)—J. A. Holden.

"SCUNTHORPE (Sec.)—W. A. Taylor.

"SLEAFORD, NEW (Carres Gr.)—E. C. Watson.

"SPALDING (Gr.)—L. J. Driver.

"SPALMFORD (Sch.)—See H. M. C.

London (City and County Council Area)—

BATTERSEA, S. W. 11—

"Battersea Grammar Sch.—H. R. Ellis.
                                                                                                                                             LINCOLN-
                Penry.
      MANCHESTER-
         *Manchester Gr. Sch.—See H.M.C.
        *Hulme Gr.—Trevor Dennis.
*Manchester Central High Sch.—R. Cros-
                thwaite.
         *North Manchester School, Higher Brough-
                 ton-T. Horn.
            North Manchester Munic.—J. C. Burnett.
South Manchester Munic.—W. S. Mont-
                                                                                                                                              *Battersea Grammar Sch.—H. R. Ellis.
*Sir W. St. John's—Dr. J. G. Taylor.
                 gomerie.
*+MIDDLETON (Gr.)—H. Bromley.
*+MORECAMBE (Gr.)—H. H. Palmer.
*+NELSON (Sec.)—A. C. Patrick.
NEWTON-IN-MAEERFIELD(Gr.)—G.C. Harrison.
                                                                                                                                        *SIF W. S. W. S. Sch.—A. J. White. BOW, E. 3.—

*Coopers' Company's Sch.—A. J. White. BRIXTON, S. W. s.—

*Strand Sch., Elm Park—L. S. Dawe. BROCKLEY, S. E. 4.—

*County Sch.—G. I. Sinclair.
      OLDHAM-
OLDHAM—

"Hulme Gr.—H. B. Shaw.

+Oldham Sec.—G. M. Handley.

+ORMSKIRK (Gr.)—Rev. J. R. Bate.

*PERMETH (Friends Sch.)—S. E. Maltby.

*PRESOT (Gr.)—C. W. H. Richardson.

*PRESON (Gr.)—H. Hodgson.

*PREVINGTON (Gr.)—E. J. Bonnor.

*RUVINGTON (Gr.)—E. J. Bonnor.

*BALFORD (Munic. Sec.)—J. G. Aitham.

+SEAFORTH (Waterloo Sec.)—J. H. Thomas.

*SOUTHPORT (King George V. Sch.)—G. A.

Millward.

*ST. Heyer (Couley Gr.)—G. A. Downe.
                                                                                                                                          CAMBERWELL, S.E. 5—
*Wilson's Gr. Sch.—W. R. Hecker.
                                                                                                                                          CATFORD BRIDGE, S.E. 6—
*St. Dunstan's Coll.—J. F. Usherwood.
                                                                                                                                          CHELSEA, S.W. 10—
Sloane Sch., Hortensia Rd.—G. H. S. Boas.
                                                                                                                                          CITY, E.C.
                                                                                                                                              *Central Foundation Sch.—N. M. Gibbins.
*City of London Sch.—See H.M.C.
*Mercers' Sch.—R. W. Jepson.
    *ST. HELENS (Cowley Gr.)-G. A. Dowse.
                                                                                                                                               *Merchant Taylors' Sch.—See H.M.C.
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CLAPRAM CONNON, S.W. 4—
*Henry Thornton Sch.—W. D. Evans.
CLAPTON, E. 5—
*Hackney Downs Sch.—W. Jenkyn Thomas. HARROW-*Harrow Sch.—See'H.M.C. *Lower School of John Lyon—O. A *County High—Randall Williams. -O. A. Le Beau. DUCANE ROAD, W. 12-*Holborn Estate (Gr.)--W. P. Fuller, O.B.E. | HENDOM (County)-J. G. Barr. HORNSRY-*Hornsey County—Dr. H. E. Piggott.
*Stationers' Sch.—J. Huck, c.R.E.
Tollington Sch.—Dr. F. W. M. Draper. DULWICH, S.E. 21-*Dulwich Coll.—See H.M.C. *Alleyn's Sch.—R. B. Henderson. *Forest Hill, S.E.—H. B. King, D.C.M. Gospel Oak, N.W. 5—

*Wm. Ellis Sch.—Dr. T. Crockett. ISLEWORTH-ISLEWORTH—
Isleworth County High—C. B. Thurston.
*†Spring Grove Sec.—C. A. Wood,
*KILBURN (Gr.)—J. McLeish, M.B.E.
*†KINGSBURY (County)—A. G. Tracey.
*MILL HILL (Sch.)—See H.M.C.
*PINNER (Commercial Travellers' Sch.)—J. L. GREENWICH, S.E. 3-*Rosn Sch. for Boys-W. J. Potter. HAMMERSMITH, W. 6—
*Latymer Upper Sch.—Rev. Dr. E. Dale, O. B. E Mallett. HAMPSTEAD-†Southall (County)-C. G. Vernon. *Haberdashers' Aske's Sch .-- See H. M.C. *University Coll. Sch .- See H. M C. SOUTHGATE *†Southgate County—T. B. Everard. *†Minchenden Sec.—A. G. Gibbs. HATCHAM, S.E. 15--*Haberdashers' Aske's Sch.—John Lees. TOTTENHAM-HOLLOWAY-*¡Tottenham County—C. H. Peters.
*Tottenham Gr.—W. J. Baldwin.
*TWIGKENHAM—Thames Valley County Sch.—
H. W. Bligh. *Highbury County Sch.—R. J. Marsh.
*Holloway Sch., N. 7—F. R. Hurlstone-Jones
ISLINGTON, R.C. z.—
*Owen's Sch.—Rev. H. N. Asman. *†UXBRIDGE (Bishopshalt Sch.)—J. Miles
*WEMBLEY—(Alperton Sec.)—E. Lightley.
*†WILLESDEN (County)—L. F. Wallis. KENNINGTON OVAL, S.E. 11 *Archbishop Tenison's—C. B Rusbridge. Lewisham, S.E. 13— *Colfe's Gr.—G. W. Morris. WOOD GREEN-MARYLEBONE, N.W. z—

*Marylebone Gr.—P. A. Wayne.

*Polytechnic Sch., Regent St.—P. W. H.
Abbott. *†Glendale-R. H. Cocks. *†Trinity-Dr. E. E. Jones. Monmonthshire-See WALES. Norfolk-*+DISS (Gr.)—C. H. Gray. †DOWNHAM MARKET (Sec.).—L. L Smith. +FAKENHAM (Sec.)—J. R. Cox. *HOLT (Gresham Sch.)—See H.M.C. *KING'S LYNN (Gr.)—C. J. L. Wagstaff. New Cross, S.E. 14—
*+Addey and Stanhope Sch.—B. A. Howard. POPLAR, E. 14-*+George Green's Sch -J. K. King. SOUTHWARK, S E. 1-*St. Olave's-See H. M.C. NORWICH-STEPNET, E. 2—

*Raine's Sch., Arbour Sq.—W. A. W. Dagger.
Tooting Bec, S. W. 17—

*Beechcroft Rd.—S. R. Gibson. *King Edward VI. Sch.—See H.M.C.
*City Sch.—G. L. Thorp
*NORTH WALSHAM (Paston Sch.)—P. Pickford, D.S.O., M.C. BWAPFHAM (Hamond'a Gr.)—R. S. Purdie.
*THEFFORD (Gr.)—C. W. Godfrey.
*WALSINGHAM (Gr.)—H. V Hayler.
*YARMOUTH (Gr.)—W. G. Williams. VICTORIA PARK, E. s.—
*Parmiter's.—R. McArthur. M.C. *Parmiter's—R. McArthur, M.C.
WANDSWORTH, S.W. 28—
*Emanuel Sch.—C. G. M. Broom.
*County Sch., Southfields—Dr. H. W..i.c.
WEST KENSINGTON, W. 24—
*St. Paul's Sch.—See H.M.C.
WESTMINSTER, S.W. 2—
*Westminster Sch.—See H.M.C.
*Westminster City Sch.—J. C. Dent.
*Westminster Lity Sch.—J. C. Dent. Northampton (and Soke of Peterborough)-*BRACKLEY (Magdalen College Sch.) - A. H. B Bishop. *†DAYENTRY (Gr.)—J. H. Barkell.
*KETTERING (Gr.)—J. I. Scott.
*NORTHAMPTON (Town and County)—W. C. C. WHITECHAPEL, E. 1-*Foundation Sch -W. Warren. Cooke. *OUNDLE (Sch.)-See H.M.C. WOOLWICH, S.E. z8-*County Sch.—R. Affleck. PETERBOROUGH-King's Sch.—(vacant.)

*Deacon's Sch.—Dr. J. H. Davies.

*TOWORSTER (Gr.)—P. G. F. Clarke. ACTON (County)—G. C. T. Giles.

*|ASHFORD (County)—T. H. Adams, O.B.E.

*|CHISWICK (County)—W. Carran.

*|EALING (County)—W. J. Dudman. WELLINGBOROUGH-*The School—See H. M.C. *Gr. Sch.—F. C. Lay. Northumberland-*ALNWICK (The Duke's Sch.)—P. W. Shelford. †BEDLINGTON (Sec.)—A. J. Williams. *BERWICK-ON-TWEED (Gr.)—G. H. Ballard. EDMONTON-* Latymer's Sch.-V. S. E. Davis. *†Edmonton County Sec.—J. North. *ENFIELD (Gr.)—E. M. Eagles. *BLYPH (Sc.)—N. O. Parry.

*BLYPH (Sc.)—N. O. Parry.

HEXHAM (Gr.)—E. S. Hurst.

*MORPETH (Gr.)—G. F. Howell.

*NAWSDEN (Lamington Sec.)—J. Farquhar.

NEWGASTLE-UPON-TYRE—

*Brond-Gr. Sc. H. M. O. FINCHLEY-*†Christ's Coll.—H. B. Pegrum. †Finchley County—C. H. Carr. *†Woodhouse Sec.—E. Barlow Butlin.

*Royal Gr.—See H.M.C. *Allan's—A. K. Wilson.

*Hampton (Gr.)—A. S. Mason, O.B.E. Hamwell—S. Allenby.

*Rntherford Vol.—W. Maw. *Heaton Sec.—F. R. Barnes. *{Gosforth Sec.—R. Y. S. Morrison. *WHITLEY and Monkseaton (High)—H. B Widdows Nottinghamshire-*BULWELL (County Sec.)-T. O. Balk. MANSFIELD *+Brunt's Sch.-A. Campbell, M.C. *Queen Elizabeth's Gr.—L. Burgess.
*NEWARK (Magnus Gr.)—Rev. D. Campbell-Miller NOTTINGHAM-*High Sch -See H.M C *High Pavement Sch.—G. J. R. Potter.
*Hundella Sec.—R. B. Wight.
*REFFORD (King Edward VI. Gr.)—C. W. Pilk-ington-Rogers. *Southwell (Minster Gr.)-R Matthews *+WEST BRIDGFORD (County Sec )-Rev. F. B. Davis. *WORKSOP (Coll.)-See H M.C Oxfordshire-*†Banbury (County)—R. Lascombe.
*†Bicester (County)—J. L. Howson.
BloxHam (All Saints' Soh)—See H.M.C.
*†Burford (Gr.)—D. C. G. Stileman *†CHIPPING NORTON (County)—B, C Orme,
*†HENLEY (Royal Gr.)—L. C. Soar. OXFORD-St. Edward's Sch -See H M.C. *Magdalen Coll. Sch.—See H M.C *City of Oxford Sch.—See H M.C *Oxford Municipal Sec.—A. H. Flemming *Thamk (Lord Williams' Gr.)—A. C. Dyer *+WITNEY (Gr.)-E 8. Wood. Rutlandshire OAKHAM (Oakham Sch )-See H M.C *UPPINGHAM (Uppingham Sch )-See H. M.C. *+BISHOP'S CASTLE (County)-C. W. Dodson. *+BRIDGNORTH (CI.) -J. L. Bairitt. *+CLEOBURY MORTIMER (Childe's) - F. T Cheetham. *ELLESMERE (St. Oswald's Coll.)-Rev Dr A V. Billen. *Ludlow (Gr.)-A. C Telfer. *MADELEY (Coalbrookdale)—G Fraser.
*MARKET DRAYTON (Gr.)—J. Elliott.
*NEWPORT (Adams' Gr.)—W S Brooks OSWESTRY . *County-J. F. Gibbons. High Sch -R Williamson. SHREWSBURY-*Priory County-A. R. Florian. *Shrewsbury Sch - See H.M.C *Wellington (High Sch.)—H. W. Male.
*Wey (Adams' Gr.)—G. L. Bretherton.
*Whitchurch (Gr.)—L. J. Medway. Somersetahire BATH-*Kingswood Sch -See H.M.C Monkton Combe Sch. - See H. M.C. *†Bath City Sec.-F. C. Holmes. King Edward's Soh.—A. W. Annand.

*{BLACKFORD (Sexey's)—L. Abram.

*BRIDGWATER (Dr. Morgan's)—C. Trenchard

BRUTON-

*King's-See H.M.C. *Sevey's-W E. Page.

*('REWKERNE (Gr.)—W. V. P. Hexter.
*†FROME (County Sec.)—T. T. Foster, M. C.
*†LANINSTER (Gr.)—L. H. Mermagen.
**LANGPORT (Gr.)—C. W. Pinton
*†MIDSOMER NORTOR (Gr.)—G. Hillier.
*†MINEHEAD (County)—C. T. F. Glibb.,
*ISIDOOT (Frends)—T. C. Elliott.
**STREET (Elmhurst County)—C. Rose. *Huish's (Gr.)—A. Goodliffe.

*Taunton Sch.—See H.M.C.

King's Coll.—Rev. P. M. Taylot.

*Queen's Coll.—C. L. Wiseman. *WELLINGTON (Wellington Sch.)—See H.M.C.
*WELLS (Blue Sch.)—R. W. Bishop.
*WESTON-SUPER-MARE (County Sec.)—T. E. Lindfield. *YEOVIL (Sch )-J. W. Pearson. Staffordshire BREWOOD (Gr )—E. J. Gaman.

*BURTON-ON-TRENT (Gr )—S. E. Wilson.
DENSTORE (Denstone Coll.)—See H. M.C

*LEEK (High Sch)—T. C. Warrington
LICHFIELD (King Fdward VI.)—Rev. R. W. Clarke *Newcastle-under-lyme (High)—T. Stinton
*Rugeley (G1)—H. H. Hntchinson, M.C.
Smethwick (Holly Lodge)—F. Barton.
**TAFFORD (King Edward VI. Gr.)—F. T. Nott
Stoke-on-Trent— *tHanley—E G. Laws †Longton—L T. Brown TLOUGION—L 1. DIOWI *STONE (Alleyne's Gr.)—H. M Fraser. *TAWORTH (Gr.)—F Burkitt *UTTOXETER (Alleyne's Gr.)—S.G. Atkinson, M.C. *WALSALL (Gr.)—L. T Brown WEINESBURY (High)—C. H. S. Kipping †WEST BROMWICH (Munic )—A. J. Menzies. *WOLSTANTON (County Gr )—Dr. T F Rutter WOLVERHAMPTON-*Wolverhampton Gr. Sch - See H M C *†Wolverhampton Municipal Sec -- S T Baker *Royal Orphanage—C. R. Gibbs
*Tettenhall Coll —H. Pearson Suffolk—
*BURGLES (Sir J Leman's)—G Watson
*BURGLES (Sir J Leman's)—G Watson
*BURGLES (Gr)—C. H. Lockitt.
*BURY ST. EDMUNDS—Dr. J. W Skinner
*King Edward VI (Gr)—J. M. Wadmore
*KING (Gr)—J. Weaver.
*EYE (Gl. )—J H. Smedley.
*FELIXETOWE (Sec. Sch)—H. R. MOFTIS.
FRAMLINGHAM—W. H. A. Whitworth, M. C.
HAVERHILL (Sec. Sch.)—A. J. Eusor
LEGWICH. IPSWICH-*Ipswich Sch — See H.M C.

*Ipswich Municipal Sec.—A. Morris.

*LEISTON (County)—J. A. Broadhead.

†LOWESTOYT (Municipal Sec.)—Dr. P. H. B. Robinson *†NEWMARKET (County)—W. J. Watterson.
*†STOWMARKET (Sec.)—F. J. Eldridge.
*SUDBURY (Gr.)—R. L. Gillingham.
*WOODBRIDGE (Sch.)—Rev. D. J. Symon. *ADDINGTON (Russell Sch )—G. A. Roberts
*ASHTEAD PARK (City Freemen's Sch.)—W. W. Parkinson. *Caterham (Sch.)—See H.M.C. CRANLEIGH (Cranleigh Sch.) - See H.M C. CROYDON-*Whitgift Gr.-See H.M.C. *Whitgift Middle Sch.—H. S. Clayton. *Selhurat Gr.—W. H. Bentley.

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*County Sec.—F. L. Clark.
*FARNHAM (Gr.)—F. A. Morgan, M.C. *+FRIMLEY (County)-C. E. Baldwin. GODALMING *Charterhouse Soh.—See H.M.C. County Sch.—S. C. Nunn, *GUILDFORD (King Edward VI. Gr.)—A. J. B. Green. KINGSTON-ON-THAMES-*Kingston Gr.—C. A. Howse.
*Tiffin's Sch.—T. Dean. *LEATHERHEAD (St. John's Sch.)—See H.M.C. *MERTON (Rutlish Sch.)—E. A. A. Varnish. *MITCHAM (County Sec.)—A. J. Doig.
*\OXTED (County Sec.)—B. E. Mitchell.
*PURLEY (County)—B. E. Mitchell.
*REIGATE (Gr.)—F. S. Orme.
*BIGHMOD (County)—T. W. Beasley.
*SURBITON (County)—A. G. F. Willis. *SUTTON (County Sec.)—J. A. Cockshutt.
*WALLINGTON (County Sec.)—W. T. Hutchins.
*WINBLEDON (King's Coll. Sch.)—See H.M.C.
*WOKING (County Sec.)—J. Holden. *ARDINGLY COLL., Haywards Heath.—(vacant).
*BEXHILL (County Sec.)—W. L. Lamb. BRIGHTON-*Brighton Coll.—See H. M.C. *Brighton Gr.—W. A. Barron. *Brighton Munic. Sec.—W. J. Stainer. *CHICHESTER (Sec.)-H. F. Collins. EASTBOURNE—
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LANGING (Coll.)—See H.M.C.
*LEWES (County Sch.)—N. J. R. Bradahaw.
*MIDHORST (Gr.)—Rev. B. Heald.
*†RYE (Gr.)—H. H. Wallis.
*SEAFURD (Coll.)—Rev. W. Talbot-Hindley.
*STEYNING (Gr.)—A. Bolton.
*WORTHING (Sec.)—R. G. Martin. Warwickshire-*†Alcester (Gr.)—E. Wells. *†Atherstone (Gr.)—J. W. Holmes. BIRMINGHAM-King Edward's Schools—
*King Edward's Sch.—See H.M.C. *Aston Gr.-J. Manton. *Camp Hill Gr.—T. W. Watson, M.C.
*Five Ways Gr.—A. E. Barker.
*Central Sec.—W. H. Reyuolds, M.C.
*Geo. Dixon Sec. Soh.—J. R. Brown *Handsworth Gr.-A. Clendon. *King's Notion Sec. — A. James.

*Moseley Sec. — E. H. Robinson, D.S.O., M.C.

*St. Philip's Gr. — Rev. F. V. Reade.

*Saltley Sec. — J. MoGill Clouston. *+Small Heath Sec.—F. P. Whiteley.
*+Yardley Sec.—H. P. Lunn.
COLESHILL (Gr.)—R. J. Green.

*Dobking (High)—A. J. Rivett. *EAST SHEEN (County Sec.)—H. H. Shephard. *EGHAM (Strode's Sch.)—J. M. Gittins.

*Henry VIII Gr.—A. A. C. Burton.
*Bablake Soh.—Rev. Dr. J. N. Frankland.
*Lraningfrom (Coll.)—Arnold Thornton.
*NUNRATON (King Edward VI Gr.)—A. S. Pratt. RUGBY-Rugby Sch.—See H.M.C. *Lawrence Sheriff Sch.—C. Wheeler, D.S.O. *Solihull (Gr.)—A. R. Thompson.
*Stratford-on-Avon (King Edward's Sch.)— Rev. A. Cecil Knight. *SUTTON COLDFIELD (Gr.)—A. Sylvanus-Jones. *WARWICK (Sch.)—See H. M.C. Westmorland-+AMBLESIDE (Kelsick Gr.)-APPLEBY (Gr.)—H. A. Counsell.

*HEVERSHAM (Gr.)—R. B. Threifall.

KENDAL (Gr.)—E. R. Roe-Thompson

Stramongate Sch.—T. F. Green. *†KIRKBY LONSDALE (Queen Elizabeth Gr.)— J. L Johnson. A*WINDERMERE (Gr.)-B. W. Abraham. Wiltshire MARLBOROUGH-*Marlborough Coll.—See H.M.C.

*Marlborough Gr.—S. Pontefract.

*SALISBURY (Bishop Wordsworth's Sch.)—F. C. Happold, D.S.O. SWINDON-†Bwindon Sec.— (vacant).

*Commonweal Sec.—T. Hartley.

*†Swindon Coll.—G. H. Burkhardt. *Trowbridge (High Sch.)—J. W. Henson. *WEST LAVINGTON (Dauntsey Sch.)—See H.M.C. Worcestershire-BROMSGROVE-*Bromsgrove Sch.—See H.M.C. *Bromsgrove Scin.—Nee H.M.C.

*Bromsgrove County Sec.—F. A. Hibbins.

*Dudley (Gr.)—T. W. Watson.

*Everham (Gr.)—Dr. S. R. Haslehurst.

*HALESOWEN (Gr.)—W. A. Grace.

*HARLEY CASTLE (Gr.)—R. H. F. Walling.

*HARTLEBURY (Queen Elizabeth's Gr.)—G. H. Ashe. *KIDDERMINSTER (King Charles's Gr.)-J. Drake. *MALVERN (Coll.)—See H.M.C.
*†OLDBURY (County High)—J. G. Howarth.
*†REDDITUR (Sec.)—A. E. Scothern, c.m.G., D.S.O.
*STOURBRIDGE (Gr.)—J. E. Boyt.
*WOLVERLEY (Gr.)—R. C. Lucas. WORCESTER-*King's Sch. (Cathedral)—See H.M.C. *Queen Elizabeth's Gr.—See H.M.C. College for Blind-G. C. Brown. Yorkshire (East Riding)—

*BEVERLEY (Gr.)—C. H. Burden.

*BRIDLINGTON (Sch.)—F. R. Richards. HULL-*Hymers Coll.—See H.M.C. *Hull Gr.—F. Mayor. *Houlevard Sec.—H. W. Gilbert.

*Craven Street Sch.—H. Shoosmith.
Riley High School.—W. S. Cooper. *POORLINGTON (Gr.)—P. C. Sands. Yerkahire (Merth Riding)— +AskRige (Yorebridge Gr.)—R. C. Shorter. *EASINGWOLD (Westerman Foundation)—

Tillott

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*+GREAT AYTON (Friends' Sch.)-H. Dennis.
                                                                                                             PONTEFRACT (King's Sch.)-E. Bruce Forrest.
                                                                                                         *†PUDSRY (Sec.)—S. Sawyer. (3'
*RIPON (Gr.)—J. W. Dyson.
*RISHWORTH (Sch.)—Rev. C. E. B. Kingsford.
*ROTHERHAM (Gr.)—F. W. Field.
SEDBERGH (Sch.)—See H.M.C.
  GUISBOROUGH (Gr.)—
+MALTON (Gr.)—E. L. Watt.
*MIDDLESBROUGH (High Sch.)—W. W. F
*+NORTHALLERTON (Gr.)—H. T. Palmer.
                                                                  -W. W. Fletcher.
  †PIOKERING (Gr.)—F. A. Hyde.
REDGAR (Coatham Sch.)—Rev. H. D. Littler.
*RICHMOND (Gr.)—F. C. T. Woodhead.
*SCARBOROUGH (High Sch.)—H. W. Marsden.
                                                                                                             SHERRIELD
                                                                                                           *Sheffeld Central Sec.—Luther Smith, M.A.

*King Edward VII Sch.—R. B. Graham.

*Firth Park Sec.—Dr. L. Storr-Best.

*Nether Edge Sec.—W. Ritchings.

*|Woodhouse (Gr.)—R. J. Evans

SHIPLEY (The Salt Sch.)—W. P. Winter.

*KRIPTON (Gr.)—A. M. McIntosh.

*Sowers Number (Sec.—H. E. Long.)
SORTON (Gr.)—M. V. Steggall.

†Thirsk (Sec.)—A. E. Peatfield.

*†Whirsk (County)—Dr W. A. Bradley.

*†YARM-ON-TEES (Gr.)—W. A. Wood.
 Yorkshire (West Riding)
                                                                                                         **HOWERBY BRIDGE (Sec.)—H. E. Long.

†TADCASTER (Oglethorpe's Sch.)—A. H. Harries.

THORNY (B. ..)—J. E. Shipley-Turner.

†THORNYON (BRADFORD) (dr.)—H. A. Beaton.

*†TODMORDEN (Sec.)—A. R. Allen.
 *+ACKWORTH (Sch.)-W. A. Cooper.
  *ALMONDHEN (Gr.)—W. A. COOPER.

*ALMONDBURY (Gr.)—T. Dyson.

*APPERLEY BRIDGE (Sch.)—C. W. Towlson.

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                                                                                                             WAKKFIRLD
                                                                                                               *Wakefield Gr. Foh .- See H.M.C.
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*Thornes House Sec.—G. E. Liddle.
      *Bradford Gr. Sch .- See H.M.C.
       *Belle Vue-F. B. Fisher.
                                                                                                           *WATH-UPON-DEARNE (Sec.)-A. T. L. Grear.
      *Carlton Sec.—A. Jackson
Grange Road—M. Denby,
Hanson Sec.—C. G. Davies.
                                                                                                           †YEADON (Sec.)-W. M. Rigby.
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*Brighouse (Rastrick Gr.)—J. M. Lewis.
*†Castleford (Sec.)—J. L. Hampson.
*†Cleckheaton (Whiteliffe Mount Sch.)—G
                                                                                                               *Bootham Sch -See H M C.
                                                                                                              *Archbishop Holgate's Sch.—P. J. Vinter.
*Einifold Coll.—Rev. Dr. D. H. Anthony.
*Haughton Sch.—G. H. Golledge
*Nunthorpe Sec.—W. D. Seville.
  Ducker, M.C.
Drwsbury (Wheelwright Gr.)—L. Sadler,
DOROASTER (Gr.)—J. A. Claxton.
**DRAY (Read's Sch.)—E. V. Watkins.
**ECCLESSIRLD (Gr.)—A. C. Hairison.
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     ELLAND-
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*†Eliand and District Sch.—I. Thorpe.
Grace Ramsden's Sch.—H. W. Cushing.
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*†GOOLE (Sec.)—R. B. Calder.
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LLANGEPNI (County)—S. J. Evans, C.B E.
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                                                                                                             BRECON
       *Heath Gr.-O. R. A. Byrde
                                                                                                                 Christ Coll.—See H.M.C. County Sch.—J. Morgan
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     HARROGATE-
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+BUILTH (County)—P G Davies
+YSTRADGYNLAIS (County)—W. E. Rees.
     *†Harrogate Munic. Sec —A. E. Thoseby.
*Ashville Coll.—J. T Lancaster.
*+HEBDEN BRIDGE (Sec.)—H. Howarth.
*+HECKMONDWIKE (Gr.)—H. W. Edwards, D S.O.,
                                                                                                         Caernarvonshire-
                                                                                                           Jaernarvonshire—
*BARGOR (Finers' Sch.)—W. St. B. Griffith.
†BETHESDA (County)—D. J. Williams.
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†LLANBERIS (County)—R. B. J. Rowlands.
             M.C.
*†Hrmsworth (Sec.)—A. G. Jenkinson.
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*†Honlky (Holme Valley Gr.)—K. R. Brain.
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                                                                                                         †LLANDUDNO (County)—E. M. Jones
*PENYGROES (County)—D. R. O. Plytherch.
†PORTMADOC (County)—W. Rowlands
†PWLLHELI (County)—D. H. Wilhams
       *Huddersfield College Sch.-H. E. Atkins.
  *†Royds Hall—E. F. Chaney.
*ILKLEY (Gr.)—N. L. Frazer.
KEIGHLEY (Gr.)—W. N. Palmer.
 *+KNARKSBOROUGH (King James I Sch.).-A. S
                                                                                                         Cardiganshire-
             Robinson.
                                                                                                          *+ABERAYRON (County)—H T. Evans
                                                                                                         *ABERTATRO (COUNTY)—D. T. EVENS.

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†LLANDYSSUL (County)—J. E. Parry.

†TREGARON (County)—G. T. Lewis.
     T.EEDS
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*Leeds Modern Sch.—Dr. G. F. Monton.
*West Leeds High Sch.—T. Curzon.
       *Fulneck Sch.-Rev. J. Connor
                                                                                                         Carmarthenshire—
*AMMANFORD (County)—G. O Williams
'ARMARTHEN (County)—E. S. Allen,
Hiwendrakth (Valley Sec.)—L. Williams.
     *†('ockburn High Sch -F. L. Norden.
     *Roundhay Sch.—B. A. Farrow.
MALTBY (Gr.)—G. Rush.
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*†MERBORUJGH (Sec)—H. L. Wilkinson,
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†County—J. Evans.
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*ILIANELLY (County)—G. J Thomas. +WHITLAND (County)—D. S. Richards.

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       ABERGELE-
           County←J. Williams.
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*DENBIGH (County)—W. A. Evans.
*†LLANGOLLEN (County)—H. Hugh Jones.
†LLANRWST (County)—H. P. Jones.
*RUABON (County)—Rev. D. J. Bowen.
*WIRKHAM (County)—J. R. Edwards.
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         *Cardiff High Sch.—J. R. Roberts.
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*PONTYPOOL (Jones's W. Mon. Sch.)—R. Ivor
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*†PONTYWAUN (County)—W. Alfred Hughes.
†RHYMNEY (Sec.)—T. Price.
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*MILFORD HAYEN (County)—F. L. Lowther.

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Presteign (County)—A. G. Lucas.
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     ABERDKEN--
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Gr. Sch.—D. M. Andrew.
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             son, LLD.
    ELION (Sec. Sch.)—Samuel Lipp.
FRANKRBURGH (Academy)—Robert Lees.
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    INVERURIE (Academy)—Dr Gordon (* Lawson
Kemnay (Soc Sch.) - J. Minto Robertson
  †PRTERHEAD (Academy)—Muir Burns,
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TURRIFF (Sec. Sch.)—Alexander Gordon.
     ARBROATH (High Sch.)-David Drysdale.
     BRECHIN (High Sch )-D. M. Man, M.C.
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  ARDROSSAN (Academy)—James Jackson.
AYR (Academy)—Wm. Dick; H. A. Jamieson.
('UMNOCK (Academy)—Andrew Martin.
(HRVAN (High Sch.)—Alan Glbson.
†IRVINE (Royal Academy)—James Porter.
KLIMARNOCK (Academy)—A. R. Cumming
MAYBOLE (Carrick Academy)—A. J. Merson.
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BANFF (Academy)— David Mackenzie, M.C., J.P.
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MORTLACH (Sec. Sch., Dufftown)—G. K.
        Drimmie.
Berwickshire
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Duns (Berwickshire High Sch.)-T. F. Walton.

Bute-

ROTHESAY (Academy)—A. G. Burgess, D.Sc., F.R.S.E.

Claithness

THURSO (Miller Inst.)—T. G. Ironside. WICK (High Sch.)—Alex. Robertson.

Clackmannanshire...
ALUOA ACADENY...D. N. Stewart.
ALVA (Academy)...John Liddle.
†DOLLAR (Academy)...Hugh F. Martin.

Dumbertonshire...

†BEARDSDEN (Academy)—Hugh Primrose. CLYDEBANK (High Sch.)—A. G. Paterson, Ph. D., J.P.

DUMBARTON-

Academy—John Harvey, Ph.D. Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.)—

Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.)—St. Patrick's High Sch. (R.C.)—Thomas F. Mulgrew.

HELENSBURGH (Hermitage Sch.) — John R. Reid, M.C.
LENZIE (Academy)—George Murray

Lenzie (Academy)—George Murray.
Vale of Leven (Academy)—James Wallace,
F.S.A. Scot.

Dumfriesshire-

DUMFRIES (Academy)—Alfred Lodge. †LANGHOIM (Academy)—Reorge Badenoch. LOCKERIBIR (Academy)—Ranulton. MOFFAT (Academy)—James Shaw. WALLACE HALL (Academy, Closeburn)—H. F. Menzies.

East Lothian-

DUNBAR (Sec. Sch.)—Robert Macaulay.
HADDINGTON (Knox Inst.)—James Black.
NORTH HERWICK (High Sch.)—John T. Brown.
PRESTONPANS (Preston Lodge)—Andrew H.
Miller

Fife-

Anstruther (Waid Academy)—(vacant). Ekath (Sec. Sch.)—T. Pullar, J.P. BUCKHAVEN (Sec. Sch.)—Thomas T Buchanan. COWDENBEATH (High Sch. R.C.)—Laurence O'Brien.

CUPAR (Bell Paxter)—William Douglas.
DUNFERWLINE (High Sch.)—J. G. Lindsay,
F.R.S E
KIRKCALDY (High Sch.)—Frank Maynard

Earle.
St. Andrews (Madras Coll.)—James D. McPetrie, J.P.

Inverness-shire-

FORT WILLIAM (Sec. Sch.)—John M. Beattie, M.C. INVERNESS (Royal Academy)—W. Crampton Smith.

KINGUSSIK (Sec. Sch.)—Wilfred Brewis. PORTREE (Sec. Sch.)—Alex. J. Tait.

Kıncardineshire-

BANCHORY (Sec Sch.)—A. Gullett. STONEHAVEN (Mackie Academy)—A C. Knox.

Kirkoudbrightshire-

CASILE-DOUGLAS (High Sch.)—F. G. Deans.
DALBEATTIR (High Sch.)—Alexander Baxter.
KIRKCUDBRIGHT (Academy)—D. G. Ramsay.

Lanarkshire-

AIRDRIE (Academy)—John Anderson.
†BELLSHILL (Academy)—Alexander Donaldson.
BIGGAR (High Sch.)—John A. Masterson, J.P.
("OATBRIDGR (Sec. Sch.)—William Low.
DALZIEL (High Sch.)—Walter J. Gibb, Ph.D.

GLASGOW-

Academy—E. Temple.
Allan Glen's—James H. Steel.
Bellahouston Academy—Thomas Keen
Eastbank Sec. Sch.—W. H. S. Farquilarson.;
Govan Sec. Sch.—Donald MacLean.
High Sch.—John Talmau.
Hillhead High Sch.—Frank Beaumout.
Hutchesons Gr. Sch.—J. E. Scott, Ll. D.
Hyndland Sec. Sch.—Walter Jamieson.

Hutchesons' Gr. Sch.—J. G. Scott, Ll. D. Hyndiand Sec. Sch.—Walter Jamieson. Kelvinside Academy—I. M. Bain. North Kelvinside Sec. Sch.—W. Tod Ritchne. Pollokshields Sec. Sch.—Herbert Ellicott. Queen's Park Sec. Sch. (Grange Rd.)—James Sinclair.

St. Aloysius's Coll. (R.C.)—Rev. J. Bullen,

St. Mungo's Sec. Sch.—J. O'Connell. Shawlands Sec. Sch.—Peter McLlougall. Whitehill Sec. Sch.—Robert M. Weir Woodside Sec. Sch.—John A. Petrie.

HAMILTON— Academy—Lavid Anderson, M.C. St. John's Gr. Sch.—John Frew.

LANARK (Gr. Sch.)—
I.ARKHALL (Academy)—J. Macphail Cameron.
RUTHREGLEN (Academy)—David J. Byers.
STRATHAVEN (Academy)—George Stewart.
UDDINGSTON (Gr. Sch.)—James Sheridan.
WISHAW (High Sec. Sch.)—A. J. C. Kerr.

Midlothian-

DALKRITH (High Sch.)—John Lyon Pirie. EDINBURGH—

Academy—See H.M.C. Boroughmuir Sec. Sch.—Donald Maclean. Broughton Sec. Sch.—Alexander L. Pearson, D Sc.

Daniel Stewart's Coll.—C. H. Milne, D.Litt. Fettes College—See H. M.C.
George Heriot's Sch —W. Gentle, F.R.S.E.
George Watson's Coll —G. Robertson.
Holy Cross Academy—A. C. Paterson.
Institution—Norman K. Barber, M.C.
Leith Academy—Pete. Courie, LL.D.
Metchiston Castle—See H. M. C.
Portobello See. Sch.—John I. Mitchell.
Royal High Sch.—W. King Gilhes, F.R.S.E.
St. Thomas of Aquin's (R.C.)—
Thinty Academy—James A. Scott.

Trimty Academy—James A. Scott. LASSWADE (See Sch.)—J. A. Copland. MUSSELBURGH—

Loretto School—See H.M.C. Gr. Sch —R. W Barr.

WEST CALDER-(High Sch.)-Thomas Brydone.

Moravahire-

ELGIN (Academy)—Ian G. Andrew FOCHABERS (Milne's Inst.) — William Wishart. FORRES (Academy)—James B. Ritchie, 1980., F.R.S. E

GRANTOWN (Gr. Sch.)-Thomas Hunter.

Mairn-

+NAIRN (Rose's Academical Inst.)—J. M Milne, D.Litt.

Orkney-

KIRKWALL (Sec. Sch.)— †STRONNESS (Sec. Sch.)—John R. Leanmonth.

†PERBLES (Burgh & County High Sch.)-M. Ritchie.

Perth--

ABERFELDY (Breadalbane Academy)—Edward

J. Balfour.

BLAIRGOWRIE (Sec. Sch.)—Peter Allan.

1				MINNERS SINCE 1901	•			
	School.	Mks .		School	Mks	1	School.	Mks
1861	Rugby	914 1	:884	Clifton	364	1907	Rugby	497
1862	Harrow	234	1885	,, '	430	1908	Hairow	498
1867	Eton	246	:886	Dulwich	383	1909	Rugby	518
1864	Harrow		887	Eton	430	1010	Bradfield	584
1865			888	Clifton	433	1011	Edinburgh Acad	
1866			1880	Charterhouse	459	1913	Rugby	495
1867	**		1800			1913	Repton	508
	774			,,	450			504
186E	Eton		:89z	,, ,	405	1914	Sedburgh	496
1869	Harrow		1893	D40-13	443	1919	Winchester	649
1870			1893	Bradfield	447	1930	Charterhouse	702
1871	Winchester.		1894	Rugby	422	1921	Sedburgh	656
1873	,, `	313 1	:895	Charterhouse	432	1922	Lancing	478
z873	,,	424 2	<b>1896</b>	,,	414	1023	Eton	492
1874	Marlborough	429 2	1897	Bradfield ,	465	1984	Rugby	468
1875	Harrow		898	Charterhouse	467	1925	Lancing	487
1876	Winchester .		899	Rossall	472	1986	Clifton	475
1877	Cheltenham		1900	Dulwich	400	1937	Brighton	
1878	Eton		TOO	Eton	456	1928	Clifton	474
	**			Cheltenham	469		Glenalmond	472
1879			902			1989	Winchester	464
1880	Eton		903		500	1930	Winchester	4 <u>7</u> 4
1881	Cheltenham		904	Winchester	476	1931	Charterhouse	485
188a	Charterhouse		1905	Harrow	473			
1883	Charterhouse	405 'I	1906	Dover	467	•		
	`							

· Points.

† Marks since 1862.

NOTES:—(a) "Annual Fees" represent the average amount payable annually, exclusive of titles prevail, e.g., St. Paul's, "High Mistress"; fees for optional subjects.

St. Michael's, Bognor, "Lady Warden."

fees for optional subjects.		186	. Michaels, Bognor, "	Lady Warden."
School.	F'ded	No. of Girls.	Annual Fees, See note (a) D = Day Girls.	Headmistress See Note (b).
Abbey Sch., Reading	1887 1883 1859	274 245 170	£120D£11 £110 D£30 £120-158	H. E. Musson, J.P. M. Spurling. B. M. Baker.
Bath, Royal Sch	1864 1882	217 590	£87-100D£12-24	E. Steel, O.B E. K. M. Westaway, D Litt
Bedford Modern Sch	1883	300	£.70 D£.10	B. A. Tonkin
Beneuden, Kent	1923	340	£199	K. M. Westaway, D Litt B. A. Tonkin C. M. Sheldon. C. F. Mackenzie. G. M. Rossiter.
Berkhamsted, Herts Beverley, Yorks Bilston Girls' High, Staffs. Birkenhead, Convent Sch. (R.C.)	I gos	165	£105 D£sz £60 D£s3-16 D£s1 £44D£s1	G. M. Rossiter.
Bilston Girls' High, Staffs	1918	300	D£11	A. B. Dawson. B. M. Robinson.
Blackburn, Notre Dame Sch. (R.C)	1907	316		M. Swift.
Bolton, Lancs	1904	398	£126-135 D£32 £96-108 D£38	M. H. Mcade.
Bournemouth Collegiate	1899 1898	100	£126-135 . D£32	M. Davie. C. F. Stocks
Bradford Girls' Gr	1875	471 540		M. A. Hooke.
Brentwood, Ursuline High Sch (R.C).	1900	400	£85 D£15	Mme. U. Schoenen.
Burton-on-Trent High Canterbury, Simon Langton's	1875 1881	370 a8a	DZ12	E H. Liduell. Miss N. Campling.
Canterbury, Simon Langton's Casterton, Kirkby Lonsdale	1823	176	£60-106	D, de B Dobson,
Chaltenham Ladier' College	1906 1854	300	D£10	Ada F. Evans. B M. Sparks.
Cheltenham Ladies' College	1558	875 280	£85	N. C. Craig.
Church Education Corporation (34. Denison House, Westminster, SW z):			~.	<b>.</b>
Redgebury Park Goudburst	1920	85	£170-180	D. F. Hunter.
Sandecotes, Parkstone	1900	25	£170-189	M. C Harding.
Sandecotes, Parkstone Uplands, St. Leonards-on-Sea Church Schools Company (Church House, Dean's Yard, S.W. 1):	1903	100	£105	M. V. Hill.
Dean's Yard. S.W. x):	İ			7 700.
Dulwich Guildford	1878 1888	200	D£10-96	M. Williams.
Guildford	1884	215	£116 D£36	H. G. Ralph.
Hull	rosó	172	D£14-20	H. G. Ralph. E. M. J. Elliott. G. M. Pierce-Jones.
Streatham College Sunderland	1886	183	DZ 15-28	A. J. Board.
Sunderland	1884 1884	253 256		A. J. Board. E. M. Ironside. A. M. Proctei. E. E Ellett. E. M. Almond
Sun biton	1908	118	D£25-29 £342 D£30	E. E Ellett.
Clergy Daughters', Bristol	1831	135	£73-120 D£30-45	E. M. Almond E. Addison Phillips.
Clifton High	1891	450 600	D£.13-16	G. M. Morgan
Clearcon might bollim	1910	160	£59 D£11	E. J Prebble.
Crewe, Ursuline Convent Sch. $(R.C)$ Croydon, Ladies of Mary Convent $(R.C)$	1931	167	£40 45 D.C.16	H G. O'Brien. D Ibbett.
Dee House Convent Sch., Chester (R.C.)	1925	245	£66D£13	Mme, Regis Woodlock.
Derby High Sch	1892	171	D£14-30	(Mrs.) L. P. Kirk. (Mrs.) M. A. M. Kuk
Durham High Sch	1716	504 100	£03 . D£ss	M. L. Stafford Smith.
Edgbaston, C of E Coll Edgehill, North Devon Enfield (N. Middlesex High)	1876	287	£75 D£26-45	W M. Casswell.
Edgehill North Devon	1886 1884	382 186	275 · 17254	Freda Godfrey E. Cuthbertson Hill.
Enfield (N. Middlesex High)	18ga	*35	£150 D£30	Wilmot Gascongne.
Exeter, Episcopal Modern Sch	1877 1658	250	£148 D£30-45 £130 D£30-45 £130 D£30-45 £59 D£13 £59 D£16 £50 D£16 £60 D£13 D£16 £60 D£16 £75 D£10 £93 D£20 £75 D£30 £75 D£30 £550 D£30 D£30-13	J Headridge. C W. Dixon.
Faruborough, Hillside Convent $(R,C)$	1938	350 273	£.130 D£.19	A. Mason
Farringtons, Chislehurst	IGII	100	. ₹. 185	A. H. Davies.
Girls' Public Day School Trust (Broad-	1883	232	D£9	(Vacant).
Girls' Public Day School Trust (Broadway Court, Westminster, S.W. 1)		1		
Bath High	1872	209	£60-75. D£13-30	E. M. Cull.
Blackheath High	1880	500	D£16-30	M. Gale.
Bath High	1876	350	£97-107D£14-30	E. M. Cull. H. N. Stephen. M. Gale. I. M. Oakden. K. D. B. Littlewood. A. S. Barratt.
Claphau High	1872	475	£75-05. D£13-38	A S Barratt.
	10/5	, 400	7/3-73. · PZ13-30	, 11 27611600

School.	F'ded,	No. of Girls	Annual Fees See note (a). D=Day Girls.	Headmistress. See note (b).
irls Public Day School Trust —cont.				
Croydon High  Ipswich High  Kensington High  Liverpool (Belvedere)	x874	<b>68</b> 0		E. Ransford.
Ipswich High	x878	370	£75-90 D女12-87	I F Charlesmenth
Kensington High	1872	280 260		C. N. Williams. L. E. Charlesworth. M. C. Fraser. D. F. P. Hiley.
Liverpool (Belvedere)	1895		£81-90 1)£10-30	D. F. P. Hiley.
Newcastle ('entral) High	1875	345 340	£48-60 D£12-20	E. P. Jameson.
Nottunchen High	1875	430		W. D. Philipps.
	1873	300	£80-00 . 1)£14-30	J. M. H. McCaig.
Oxford High	1875	230	£79 . 1)£16-30	R. M. Haig Brown.
Portsmouth High	1882	369	£74-88 D£18-38	A. F. Cossey.
Putney High	1893	440 460		K. E. Chester. D. L. Walker.
Sheffield High	1878	400	D£10-30	D. Gale.
Shrewsbury High	1885	300	±03-73 · 12-14-30	M. L. Potter.
South Hampstead High Streatham Hill and Brixton High	1876 1887	470	D£16-30	E. R. Gwatkin.
Direction flush	1884	600		E. R. Gwatkin. E M. L. Lees.
Sutton High	1887	330	D£16-30	M. S. Smith, Ph.D. E. K. East. M. E. Lewis. C. R. Ash.
Tunbridge Wells High	1883	130	45.70・・・ リカェ3-30	E. K. Fast.
Wimbledon High	1880	450	1)£15-30	M. E. Lewis.
Jodolphin, Salisbury	1726	270	£150 D£33	C. R. Ash.
Sydenam High Tunbridge Wells High Wimbledon High Jodolphin, Salisbury Frast Crosby, Lanes, Sacred Heart Sch.	1904	217		Mme. Fortistal.
(n.v.).			D.C	M. S Copeman.
Freat Yarmouth High	1893	300 504	D£18	A. Hill.
Freenhead High, Hudderstield Haberdashers Aske's, Acton	1909	600	D£19	D. W. Sprules.
Hannorta College	1893	355	£144-174	M E. Jones.
Harrogate College	1929	80	7.4	J G Townshend
Headington Sch , Oxford	1915	170	£156-168 D£54-66 £85-200 D£17 £115 D£40 £64 D£16	K. L. Porcher.
Hitchin Gırls' Gr	1639	360	£85-200 D£27	A. M. Chambers.
Hitchin Girls' Gr Howells', Denbigh Howells', Llandaff	1858	365	£115 D£40	C. E. Robinson.
Howells', Llandaff	1859	360	£64 D£16	E. Trotter
	1887	321	D£19	P. D. Cowell.
Ilford, Ursuline High Sch (RC)	1920			M. H. Boyle S. N. E. Trood.
Kendal, Girls' High Sch	1888		£78 D£14	E. Doorly.
King's High, Warwick	1879	458 326	\$70-05 D \$9.15	L. Milroy.
Leanington High	1847		£76-85 . D£9-15 £70-95 . D£10-25 £66 . D£22	Lucy A. Lowe, Litt D.
Leods, Wotse Dume Collegists (E.C.)	1905		2,500	Lucy A. Lowe, Litt D. M. T. Talbot.
Huime Gr. Oldnam  Hord, Ursuline High Sch (E.C.)  Kendal, Girls' High Sch  King's High, Warwick  Leanington High  Leeds, Girls' High  Lincoln, Girls' High	1893		£88 D£15	L. C. Savill,
Lincoln, Girls' High	1894	337	£135 . D£7-15	S G. Anthony F. M. Fordham.
Liverbool College, Liverbool	1878	335	1 17£, 12-15	F. M. Fordham.
Liverpool (Everton), Notice Dame Colle-	1902		). D£10	Sister Imelda
mate (R.C.)	1 _			M. GUINA
Livernoul (Mt. Pleasant), Notre Dame	1851	502	D£10	M Gilbey.
High Sch. (R C.).	l		1	
London *: Henrietta Bai nett, Hampstead, N.W r.	1911	490	D£17-19	Ethel Hutchings.
C E. Brooke Sch , Camberwell, S E 5	1904		D£ia	M. K Cotton.
Burlington, Old Burlington St., W. z	1699	250	. D£12	M A. Burgess
Frances Mary Buss Schools:	99	-3-	1	
N London Coll , Sandall Rd., N W.	1850	1 560	D£3s D£15 D£3s D£16	I M. Drummond.
	1871	500	D£15	Olive Wright
City of London, E.C 4	1894		· · · · · · · D 5/35	H. D. Bugby.
Godolphin and Latimer, Hammer-smith, W. 6	1905	516	D₹16	K. T Zachary.
smith, W. 6		1	D.C.s	A. I Nolting.
	1876	400	D£x6	W. S. Crapper.
Francis Holland, Tarchice Gate, N W	1070	1 200	C-82 D.C62	A. R. Morison.
Francis Holland, Clarenceciate, N W Francis Holland, Graham St., S.W.z Lady Margaret, Parsons Green, S.W 6	1001	874	DZ12	E Moberley Bell.
La Retraite, Claphan Park (R C.)	1070	822		D. S. Hansen.
Lewisham, Prendergast, Catford, S E.6	1882	560	D£13	J. Franklin. [Litt
Mary Datchelor, CamberwellGr , S, E 5.	1877	600	DZ15	M. D. Brock, O.B.E
Dame Alice Owen's, Islington, E C.z	1613	334	D£13  £183 D£63  D£13  D£13  D£13  D£14  D£15	Eleanor Wilson.
Queen's Coll., Harley St., W. z	1040	170	£144-156 D£22-63	( to The storio and ( and )
Sacred Heart Couv't, Ham's mith(R.C.)	1904	200		Mme. E. Hutchiuson.
St. Mary's Sch., Lancaster Gate, W. r	1873		£165 D£19-55	D. Apperson. Ethel Strudwick.
St. Paul's, Brook Green, W. 6	1904	450		

A				
School.	F ded	No of Girls	Annual Fees, See note (a) D = Day Girls	Headmistress. See Note (b)
		-		
London*—continued. St. Saviour's and St Olave's, New Kent Rd, S.E 1.	1562	494	D£8-15	M G. Frodsham.
St. Ursula's, Greenwich (R.C.)	1920	<b>#8</b> 7		E. Z. Cooren.
Loughborough High Sch	1850	390	£71 D£11	E. A. Bristol.
Maidstone Grammar Sch	1887	437	D£13	R. Bartels
Malvern Girls' College, Worcestershire Manchester High Sch	1893	450	£137-158)£32-48 	I M. Brooks. M. G. Clarke
Marchent Taylors' Ot Crosby Lance	1874 1882	515 460	£ 15 7 24	E Fordham
Merchant Taylors', Gt. Closby, Lancs Milham Ford, Oxford	1905	336	£70 D£17	E Fordham. E J. Bailey.
Milton Mount Coll., Crawley, Sussex .	1871	166	£140 D £42	Mrs D. M. Henman.
Milton Mount Coll., Crawley, Sussex . Monmouth Sch. for Gills	1891	x88	£140 D£42 £100 D£25 £80 D£10	M G Odling
Moravian Sch., Fulneck, Leeds	1753	100	£80 D£10	K. P. Cury. L. M. Gurney. M. A. Vivian.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Church High Sen	1885	450	D£37 D£11 D£10 D£10 D£10 D£11 D£10	L M Gurney.
Newport High Sch., Monmouthshire	1896	240	D≰xx	M. A. Vivian.
Normanton High Sch., Yorks	1904	245	1/2/10	Katherine Reeve E. M. Wallace.
Norwich, Blyth Secondary School	1878	220 501	D20	Mrs. F. E. Whitaker.
Orme Girls' Sch., Newcastle-under-Lyme	1929	457	DZ'10	Jessie Spiunt.
Overstone, Northants	1929	84	£180	Mrs. D. L Esslemont,
Palmers Endowed, Gravs, Essey .	1706	270	£60-64 D£12-18	E M Wren [OB.K
Overstone, Northants	1908	180	£180 £60-64 D£12-18 D£20	M. Paul Murphy
Pate's Gr. Sch. Cheltenham	1905	400		A. N. Miles.
Penrhos, Colwyn Bay Penzance, W. Cornwall Coll	188o	300	£88-127	E. Wainwright
Penzance, W. Cornwall Coll	1884	150	£74D£18	B. H KUMP
Perse Sch., Cambridge	1881	340	之95-100 D之21-20	M. H. Cattley. M. Crockett.
Perse Sch., Cambridge Plymouth, Notre Dame High (R C). Plymouth, St. Dunstan's Abley	1905	255 208	£-6 D.C-6	M. M Tompson
Preston Lark Hill House (R.C.)	1923	240	£/5	C. Bartley.
Preston, Winkley Su. Convent (RC)	1875	370	745D7.10	A. McLaughliu
Preston, Lark Hill House (RC) Preston, Winkley Sq. Convent (RC) Princess Helena, Ealing, W. 5	1820	96	£,105-120	(i. Milvain
Uneen Annes, Caversnam	1698	250	£120	K. R. Moore.
Queen Elizabeth's. Mansfield Queen Ethelburga's, Harrogate	z885	390	£95-100. D£16 £45. D£16 £45. D£10 £45. D£10 £105-120.  £100-120.  £150-180 D£12 £150-180 D£13-48 £150-180 D£3-48 £150-180 D£3-48 £185 D£3-48 £185 D£3-48	D C. Johnson
Queen Ethelburga's, Harrogate	1912	120	£150-180	Evelyn L. Young.
Queen Margaret's, Scarborough	1901	180 200	£150-180 D£38-48	M. B. Taylor. D. Bailey
Queen Many, Lytham	1930	250	£8r	M. T. Nedham,
Oneenswood Hatfield	1894	230	£140	Ethel M Trew.
Redland High Sch., Bristol	1882	350	£.00D£.21	C M. Taylor.
Rochester Gr. School	2888	333	D£12	Dora L. Sandford.
Roedean, Brighton	z885	310	£165-195	E M. Tanner
St. Alban's High Sch	1907	290	£165-195	Edith Archibald
St. Clare's, Polwithen, Penzance	1889	109	<b>太94-97·・・・1 1 14-25</b>	V M. Macpherson. M Lambe
St. Dominic's, Stoke-on-Treut (R C) St. Elphin's, Darley Dale, Derby	1906 1844	320	£120	Margaret L Flood.
St. Felix, Southwold	1897	270	£150-165l)£45-54 £86 D£10-20	E. M. Edghill.
St Helen's, Abingdon	1907	190	£80 D£10-20	T. Hull.
St. Helens, Lancs., Notre Dame High	1907	272		H Roberts.
(R.C.)		1		
St. Hilda's, Whitby, Yorks	1926	120	£70-80	G. E Clapham,
St. John's High Sch., Newport, Mon	1903	120	九75····································	B. Symonds.
St. Joseph's, Bradford, Yks. (R.C.)	1905	373	£75	M. B Duffey. J. O. Cudliph.
St. Katharine's, Wantage	1907	127 70	£150-180 1)£20-45	C. M. Hartnell.
St. Margaret's, Bushey	1749	215		Julian M. Boys.
St. Margaret's, Bushey St Mary & St. Anne's, Abbots Bromley	1874	303	£120-135	O. F. Martin.
St. Mary's, Calne, Wilts	1873	130	£126 D£16	E. M. Matthews.
St. Mary's, Caine, Wilts St. Mary's School, Wantage St. Mary's Hall, Brighton	1873	120	£145-165 £130-135	Sister Catherine
St. Mary's Hall, Brighton	1836	340	九70-1501) <b>九30-48</b>	F. L. Ghey.
St. Michael's, Bognor Regis	1844	83	7.50	Kate Dawson. S. C. Archer.
St. Michael's, East Grinstead	1890	121	7.210	F. Bervon.
St. Stephen's High Sch. Windsor	1882	140	7.85-05D£ 22-22	M J. Porcher.
St. Swithun's, Winchester	z884	260	£142D£21-48	Ethel Finlay.
St. Winifred's, Llanfairfechan	1887	140	£85-95D£13-23 £142D£21-48 £90D£26	N. M. Doman.
Salford, Adelphi House (R.C.)	1904	28z		A. Shuley
Sheffield, Notre Dame High (R.C.)	1855	538	D£13	C. Foley.
Sherborne Sch. for Girls, Dorset	1999	279	£150-160 D£25-30	H V Stuart.
# Sen also - Olale' Public T	les Sah	of The	et and Church Schools (	umpant

362	Girls'	Public	Sch	iools	.—Civil	Pension	18.
	School.		F'ded	No. of Girls.	Annua (See n D – Da	ote (a).	Headmistress, See note (b),
Southend-on	-Sea High Sch -Sea, St. Bernard's	Convent	1913	457 380	£68	D£11 D£17	F. A. Swann. M. H. Boyle.
(R.C.). Stafford, Gir	rl's High Sch	!	1907	300	£7= · ·	D£11 D£12-17	G. J. McCrea, J.P. J. Nicol.
sunderland,	igh Sch St Anthony's (R.C		1906	300			R. Farrelly.
annny mill.	Renton	1	1714	171	£62-65.	D£12-16 D£10	R. Farrelly. J. T. Wells. M. L. Marsden. J. M. Heyworth.
l'iverton Gi	Girls' Sch., Wigton rl's Sch., Devonshire	в	1877	107		DZ:11	I. M. Heyworth. Dora Coate.
Watafialda	Schirls' High		1880 1877	132 600	£75	D£12-16 D£10 D£11 D£26	M E. Martin.
Wallasey, M	iaris Stella High (A gh Sch., Staffs ow Hall, Sevenoaks	t.C.)	1926 1553	194 360		D£16 D£21 D£21	M. O'Flanagan. M. V. Stafford.
Walthamsto	ow Hall, Sevenoaks		z838	203	£105-110	D.Z. 22	E. L. Ramsay. H. Woodhead.
WARD UIT. DO	:h		1906 1704	295 430		1)£16-21 D£17-18	H. Woodhead.
Westonbirt,	Tetbury, Glouceste it Gr. Sch., Dewsbur	rshire	1928	<b>273</b>	<b>龙210</b>		Mrs. Houson Craufurd.
Wheelwrigh Wigan, Not	it Gi. Sch., Dewsbui re Dame High Sch.	(R.C.)	1889	300 445		D£ 10	I. Thwaites. T. Hind.
Willesden, (R.C.)	re Dame High Sch. Convent Secondar	ry Sch.	1920	303	1		K M. Macaulay.
Wycombe A	bbey, Bucks	:	1896 1901	330	£200 .	. n¥11	W M. Crosthwaite. Eva E. E Dessin.
St Bride's	Scotland, Edinburch		-8		Cor-vor	D.Cra.40	M. E. Macdonald Clark.
St. George's	, Edinburgh .	· . ·	1835 1888	275	£106-120	D£13-40 D£36-45 D£63	Margaret C Aitken.
St. Leonard Girls' School George	Edinburgh	4x West	1877	375	£195 ·· ··	1)£63	K. H McCutcheou.
Weigner	Park Sch rgh, St. Bride's lm, St. Columba's	•	1880 1895 1897	300 230 190	£126-142	D£,16-40 D£32-42 D£39	Janie M Robertson. M. C Bell. B. S. B. McMurtie.
	Isle of Man.						
Buchan Sch	., Casletown		1875	65	£83.	D£15-24	M. W. Matthew.
Ladies' College	Channel Islands. ege, Guernsey ge, Jersey	•	1872 1880	160 300	£96-110 £120	D£15-29 . D£16-26	V. A. Prain. M. E. Popham.
· ·	- The Principle of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of th	CIVII	L PE	NBIOL	TB, 1930-3	1.	
A list of ended Marc the Civil Li	Pensions granted th 31, 1931, under st Act, 1910.	during t the provi	lie ye isious	of 3	Kather) R. Alfrei	THOMAS I	, £80 PORTER, artist £60
MRS. MARI	ion Louise St. Joe	IN ADCOC	K,	D	IRS. OLUA	ADA PET	r Lidge, in recog-
MRS. AGNE	of Mr. Arthur St. Jo 8 Bertha Bronwic	H. in reco	H7.		band, th	e late Mr.	ry work of her hus- William Pett Ridge £60
nition o	of the services rende	red by h	er	- 1	tion of i	ier services	SMITH, in recogni- to botanical science £70
I'Anson	of the services rende d, the late Profe Bromwich, Sc.D.	F.R.S.,	to	- 1	irs. Evel	YNE BEAT	TRIX SOMMER, in services rendered by
mather	natical science	•••••	· · *	90	her hus	band, the l	ste Dr. Henry Oskar
to the	LEY CARTER, for ecutudy of the drama		£	60	Sommer	, in the	study of medieval £50
MISS REB	RCCA HALLRY CHI	EETHAM.	in ial	3	ling Jeann Louise	KTTE FRIED MISS ('H	DERICA, MISS MARIE
Bervice	CES MARGARRT MA	•••••••	£	70	Victori	ENRIETTA LA THUDIC	and MISS THERESE HUM. in recognition
student	t of medieval Englis EMIA NEIL MILLER	h literatu	re 🖸	50	oi the w	ork of their	r latner, the late Dr.
in reco	gnition of the servic	es render	red .		on the	chemistry :	m, F.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., of living processes. £200
John N	r husband, the lat licol Farquhar, D.L	144 D.D.	in	7	IR. CHARL	ES N'RANCIS	ANNESLEV VOVSEV
the stu	dy of comparative in George Forbes, i	religion	<u></u> 4	70 1	IISS MARY	WYN WI	architecture£8c LLIAMS, in recogni- ces rendered by her tev. W. H. Williams
PROFESSOR physics			2	Ç80	tion of father.	the late H	es rendered by her lev. W. H. Williams
MISS CLOS	TILDE INEX AUGU 8 (Richard Dehan),	STA MA	RY		(Watcy	n Wyn), to	Welsh literature £50

# Zecondary Zchools.—II. Girls.

For Dual (Co-Educational) Schools (Girls and Boys), see pp. 348-348.

A Secondary School, as defined by the Board of Education, is a school for pupils who intend to remain for at least four years and up to at least the age of 16. It must provide a progressive course of general education of a kind and amount suited to an age-range at least from 12 to 17.

ASSOCIATION OF HEAD MINTERSSES.—Head mistresses of Public Secondary Schools are electible for member ship. A Conference is held annually in June. Prevident (1931-33), Miss E Strudwick, St. Paul's Girls' School, Hammer-Secretary, Miss R. Young, 20 Gordon Square,

W.C z. "See G P.S." refers to preceding list of tabulated Girls' Schools.

* Denotes Membership of the Association of Head Mistresses.

#### Bedfordshire-

BEDFORD-

Bedford High Sch - *See G P S Bedford Modern Sch .- * See G P.S

LUTON-High Sch - *Miss H. K. Sheldon

#### Berkshire-

ABINGDON-St. Helen's-*See G.P S.

CAVERSHAM-Queen Anne's Sch -*See G P S.

FARINGDON-

County (In ls' Sch - *Miss A H Moore

MAIDENHEAD-County Girls' Sch .-- *Miss M. Burn.

NEWBURY

County Girls' Sch .- *Miss E. J Luker NEW WINDSOR-

Clewer St Stephen High Sch .- *See G.P.S. County Girls' Sch - *Miss M Curtis

READING-Abbey Sch. - See G P.S.

Kendrick Girls' Sch .- * Miss 1) Prebble WANTAGE -

St Katharine's-*See G.P.S. St Mary's-*See G.P.S.

Wokingham-Girls' Sec -Miss G. M Brown.

# Buckinghamshire-

BEACONSFIELD Oakdene - *Miss L. Watts. CHIPPING WYCOMBE-

Wycombe Abbey—See G P.S. Wycombe High Sch.—See G P.S.

BLOUGH-

St. Bernard's Convent (R.C.)—*Madam Hilda-Wells, Cambridgeshire and Isle of Ely-

CAMBREDGE-

Perse Sch. for Girls-See G P S. Camb and County Girls' High Sch .- *Miss A Dovey.

Paston House (R.C.) - See G P.S. ELY

High Sch .- * Miss E. M. Verini.

High Sch - *Miss E. John. WISBECH-

High Sch - *Miss E M. C Prideaux.

#### Cheshire-ALTRINCH AM-

County High Sch .- *Miss M. Howes-Smith.

BIRKKNHKAD -

High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P S. Council Sec Sch —Miss E. N. Howells Faithful Companions Convent (R C.) -* See

G P.S. Higher Tranmere High Sch.—*Miss M. L. Hall.

BEBINGTON-

County Sch -*Miss M. Chambers.

City and County Sch -* Miss H M Footman. Queen's Sch -See G.P 8

Dee House Convent (R.C.)—*See G.P S. Ursuline Convent (R.C.)—See G.P S. HOYLAKE-

County High Sch - Miss A. S. Wallis.

MACCLESFIELD-County High Sch .- * Miss K. E Parr.

County High Sch - * Miss B. H. Morgan. STOCKPORT-

Fylde Lodge High Sch .- *Miss R M. law. High Sch -*Miss E. Robinson.

Upton Hall Convent (R.C.) -* Miss A. Kelly. WALLASE\-

High Sch.—*Miss A. Catnach.

Maris Stella High (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.

Oldershaw Sch.—*Miss V. M., Blyth

West Kirby-County High Sch .- * Miss M A. Layne.

### Cornwall -

CAMBORNE

County Sch .- * Miss M. J. Pratt. FALMOUTH

County High Sch - * Miss G. A. Hollowell. LAUNCESTON

Horwell Gr. Sch .- * Miss L. C. Tindal-Atkinson.

NEWQUAY-County Sch -*Miss M Beaumont.

Penzanče--

St Clare's, Polwithen—See G P S. County Sch —*Miss B J. Varley. West Cornwall Coll —*See G P S

TRUEO. County Sch -* Miss M Foreman. High Sch .- See G.P.S.

#### Cumberland-

CARLISLE--

Carlisle and County High-*Miss K. C Wilson. COCKERMOUTH-

St Helen's-Miss H. M Wheeler. SEASCALE

Calder Girls' Sch .- Miss A. Hilton Wilson

Thomlinson Girls' Gr -See G.P S.

# Derbyshire-

BUXTON

Cavendish High Sch.-See G.P.S. CHESTERFIELD

Girls' High-*Miss E. D. Hyslop.

DARLEY DALE-St. Elphin's-See G.P.S. High Sch.—See G.P.S. Ockbrook (Moravian)—*Miss F. J. Orr. Parkfields Cedars—*Miss D. Stead. DUFFIRLD St. Ronan's-*Mrs. Melbourn. SHIRRBROOK-Sec. Sch.-*Miss M. E. Wills. BARNSTAPLE-Girls' Gr. Sch .- *Miss A. Jenkin. BIDEFORD-Edgehill Girls' Coll - See G P S. West Bank-Miss W E. Abbott. CREDITON Girls' High-See G.P.S EXETER-Episcopal Modern-*See G P S. Maynard's Girls'- See G.P.S. Southlands-Miss M. M. Hoyle. PLYMOUTH-Gunnerside Sch.—Wisses Stranger. High Sch.—*Miss V. Turner. Notre Dame High Sch.—See G.P.S. St Dunstan's Abbey—See G.P.S. Devonport High Sch.—Miss Orchard-Sharp. Devouport Munic - * Miss D. Moore Stoke Damerel Sec. Sch .- * Miss E. M. Bence. TRIGNMOUTH-St. Mary's-Mrs. D. M. Hudson. TIVERTON-(lirls' Sch .- *See G.P.S. Greenway Sch .- * Miss D. Forsyth Burn. TOROUAY-Girls' Gr. Sch .- *Miss M Jackson. TOTAKS-County Sch .- *Miss A. M. E. Scott. PARKSTONE-

Dorsetshire

Sandecotes-See G P 8. Dorchester Sch -- Miss E. de Putron. SHAFTESBURY-Grosvenor High Sch -Mrs. M. Raad. Sherborne-Sherborne Sch. for Girls—*See G.P.S. Lord Digby's—*Miss M. M. Billinger.

BISHOP AUCKLAND— (Hirls' County Sch.—*Dr. Alexandra Fisher.

DARLINGTON—
High Sch.—*Miss A. L. Harrison.
Polam Hall—Mrs. H. Baynes, Miss M.S. Pim.
Immagulate Conception (R.C.)—Miss C. M. Clerk.

DURHAM-High Sch .- See G P 8

Girls' County Sch.—*Miss H R. F Cowie. SEAHAM HARBOUR.—

County Sec. Sch.-Miss G. H. Aird. STOCKTON-ON-TEES

Queen Victoria High-*Miss B. Carpenter. Secondary-Miss I. M. Nelsor. SUNDERLAND-

Bede Coll. Sch,-*Miss M. E. Boon, High Sch .- See G. P.S. St. Authony's (R.C.)-See G.P.S.

WEST HARTLEPOOL Munic. High-*Miss C. Houghton

St. Joseph's Convent (R.C.)-Miss M. J. Carolan.

Essex-

BRENTWOOD County High Sch .- * Miss A. L. Williams. Ursuline High Sch. (R.C.)-*,See G.P.S. BUCKHURST HILL-

Oaklea Sch .- Miss B. Gardner.

CHRLMSFORD-County High Sch .- * Miss E. M. Baucroft.

COLCHESTER-County High Sch .- * Miss R. H. King.

GRAY'S THURROCK-

Palmer's Endowed-See G.P.S.

Gr. Sch .- *Miss F. M. Jackson.

County High Sch .- *Miss E. E. Morris Ursuline High Sch. (R.C.)-*See G.P.S.

LEYTONSTONE-County High Sch -* Miss S. L. Edwards. LOUGHTON

County High Sch .- * Miss M E. Hall. ROWFORD.

County High Sch.-*Miss G M. Chappel. SOUTHEND-ON-SEA

High Sch .- See G.P.S. Westeliff High Sch .- *Miss D. H. Wilkinson. Alexandra Coll.-Miss F. Le Page. St Bernard's Convent (R.C.)-*See G.P.S.

WALTHAMSTOW-County High Sch .- * Miss M. E. Norris.

WEST HAM-High Sch .- *Dr. F. E. Barnett. St. Angela's (R C.)-*Miss Boord. WOODFORD-County High Sch .- * Miss J. M. Gordon.

Gloucestershire-

BRISTOL-Badminton Sch .- *See G.P.S. Clifton High Sch.—See G.P.S. ('lergy Daughters' Sch .- See G P.S. Colston Girls' Sch - See G.P.S. Redland High Sch .- See G.P.S La Retraite (R C)—*Miss S. R. Yerby, Red Maids' Sch.—*Miss M. Webb. CHELTENHAM-

Ladies College-See G.P.S. Pate's Gr. Sch. -*See G P.S.

GLOUCKSTER (lirls' High Sch -Miss E. Penson Ribston High Sch .- * Miss G. L Whitaker. STROTTE

Girls' High Sch -- * Miss B Brew. TRTBURY

Westonbirt Sch .- See G.P.S. TRUKESBURY.

High Sch.- *Miss D. M. S. Holmes.

Hampshire--

BASINGSTOKE— High Sch.—*Miss H. Costello. BOURNEMOUTH-Collegiate Sch .- See G.P.S. Congrate Son.—Net al. 18. Endowed High Sch.—See G.P.S. County Borough Sch.—Miss E. Burras. Grassendale Sch.—Miss M. J. R. Lumby. Groveley Manor.—Miss A. Gaskius. BROCKENHURST-County Sch .-- *Miss E. C. Ward. EASTLEIGH BISHOPSTOKE-County Sch .- *Miss A. Smith.

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FARNBOROUGH-
                                                        CANTERBURY-
    Hillside Convent (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.
                                                          Simon Langton-See G.P.S.
 PETERSFIELD-
                                                        CHATHAM-
    County Sch .- *Miss E. Lowde.
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss M. E. Mitchell.
  PORTSMOUTH-
                                                        CHISLEHURST-
    High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S.
Council Girls' Northern Sec. Sch. —*Miss
                                                          County Sch.—*Miss E. M. Woodhouse.
                                                          Farringtons-See G.P.S.
    K. F. Wade.
Council Girls' Southern Sec. Sch.—*Miss
E. M. Knight.
                                                        CRANBROOK-
                                                          Benenden Sch .- See G.P.S.
  SOUTHAMPTON-
                                                        DARTFORD-
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss E. M. Fryer
    Atherley 8ch.—See G.P.S.
    Convent High Sch. (R.C.)—Miss E. M. Power.
Gr. Sch. for Girls—*Miss A. M. Platt.
Granville Coll.—Miss Pither and Miss
                                                        DOVER-
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss E. M. Gruer.
                                                        ERITH-
      Meredith.
                                                          St. Joseph's Convent (R.C.)-Miss J. Robin.
    St. Anne's (R.C.)-Miss K. M. Dunne.
  WINCHESTER
                                                          W. Gibb's Sch .- See G.P.S.
    St. Swithin's.—See G.P.S.
County Sch.—*Miss A. M Wright,
                                                        FOLKESTONE.
                                                          Athelstan Sch.—Miss Browning.
County Sch.—"Miss F. Ames.
Eversley—Miss K. N. White.
Keut College—*Miss M. Walker.
Herefordshire-
  HEREFORD-
    High Sch .- * Miss E. M. Medwin.
                                                          St. Margaret's-Misses de la Mare.
Hertfordshire-
                                                          St. Stephen's College-Sister Superior.
  BARNET
                                                        GOUDHURST-
    Qn. Eliz. Gr.-*Miss D. Griffiths.
                                                          Bedgebury Pk. Sch .- See G.P.S.
  BISHOP STORTFORD-
                                                        GRAVESEND
    Girls' High Sch.-Miss M. A. F. Hammill.
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss J. E Wills.
    Chantry Mount-Miss Harries and Miss Fisher.
                                                        HAYES-
                                                          Haves Court Sch. - Miss K. A. Cox.
  BUSHEY-
  St Margaret's—See G.P S. ('HORLEY WOOD—
                                                        MAIDSTONE-
                                                          Girls' Gr. Sch .- See G.P.S.
  College for Girls—*Miss P. Mouk.
                                                        RAMSGATE-
                                                          County Sch -*Miss I. E Helm.
    Girls' Gr. Sch .- See G P.S.
                                                        ROCHESTER-
                                                          Gr. Sch .- See G.P.S.
  HATFIELD
    Queenswood-See G P S.
                                                        SEVENOAKS-
                                                          Walthamstow Hall-See G P S
  HERTFORD
    Christ's Hospital-Sec G.P.S.
                                                        SITTINGBOURNE-
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss E M Edwards
  HITCHIN
    Girls' Gr. Sch .- See G.P S.
                                                        TONBRIDGE-
  ST. ALBANS-
                                                          County Sch .- * Miss W. M. Faverman.
    High Sch .- See G.P.S.
                                                        TUNBRIDGE WELLS
  WARE-
                                                          High Sch - See G.P.S.
    G1. Sch .- Sec G.P.S.
                                                           County Sch - Miss E. M. Hughes.
  WATFORD-
                                                           Hamilton House-Miss Ferguson and Miss
    titils' Gr. Sch -See G.P S
                                                            Body.
    London Orphan Sch. - *Miss B. S Orsborn
                                                          St. Clair Sch.-Miss C. E. D. Vickery.
Huntingdonshire-
                                                        WESTGATE-ON-SEA-
                                                          St. Margaret's-Miss Martin and Miss Simms.
  ST IVES-
    Slepe Hall-*Miss Hilda Newton.
                                                      Lancashire....
Isle of Wight-
                                                        BALROW-IN-FURNESS-
                                                          Munic. Sec. Sch .- * Miss M. Auld.
  NEWPORT-
    County Sec. Sch .- * Miss F. J. Mouk.
  SHANKLIN-
                                                           High Sch.—*Miss M. E. Gardner.
    Upper Chine Sch .- Miss K. M. Damon.
                                                           Notice Dame Convent (R.C.) -See G.P.S.
Kent-
                                                        BLACKPOOL-
                                                          Girls' Sec. Sch.—*Wiss M. McL. Dunn.
  ASHFORD-
                                                          Convent Sch. (R.C.)—Miss K. S. Graham
South Shore High Sch.—Miss J. Smallpage.
    County Sch.—*Miss B. A. Leary.
High Sch.—Miss L. Brake.
                                                        BOLTON-
  BECKENHAM-
    County Sch .- * Miss E. M. Fox.
                                                           Bolton Sch. (Girls)—See G.P.S.
                                                           Mount St. Joseph (R.C.)-Miss E. M. Forrest.
  BROADSTAIRS.
    Abbotsford Sch.-Miss E. L. Parker Gray.
                                                        BOOTLE-
                                                          Sec. Sch .- Dr. E. M. Steuart.
    North Foreland Sch .- * Miss R. M. Waller.
                                                        BURNLEY-
  BROMLEY-
    High Sch.—See G.P.S.
County Sch.—*Miss L. Godwin Salt.
Kinnaird Park—Miss Leishman and Miss
                                                          High Sch .- * Miss D. D. Howard.
                                                           Girls' Gr. Sch .- * Miss N. Neild.
       Fairbairns.
                                                           Convent High Sch. (R.C.)-Miss M. M. Kirk.
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Lincolnahire-
 CLITHEROE-
   Girls' Gr. Sch .- Miss G. Llewellyn.
                                                              BOSTON-
 DROYLISDEN-
                                                                 County High Sch .- *Miss E. S. Henry.
   Fairfield High Sch.-*Miss E. F. Edwards.
                                                                 Girls' High Sch .- *Miss M. L. Lardelli.
   Merchant Taylors'-See G.P.S.
                                                              CLEETHORPES
    Sacred Heart Sch. (R.C.) - See G P.S.
                                                                 Girls' Sec. Sch .- *Miss D. M. Fisher.
 LANCASTER-
                                                              GAINSBOROUGH
                                                                 Girls' High Sch.-*Miss C. M. Hargrave.
   Girls' Gr. Sch .- *Miss Wright.
                                                              GRANTHAM-
                                                                 Kesteven and Grantham Girls' Sch.—*Miss
H. G. Williams.
    Girls' Gr. Sch.-*Miss K. E. Perrott.
 LIVERPOOL-
    Belvedere-See G. P. S
                                                              GRIMSBY-
   Delveuere—See G.F.S
Liverpool College—See G.P.S
Huyton, Liverpool Coll —See G P.S.
Algburth Vale High—*Miss J. L. Coates
Calder High Sch.—*Miss F. A. Macrae
                                                                 High Sch .- * Miss M. A. Bradford.
                                                              LINCOLN
                                                                 Guls' High Sch. - See G.P.S.
                                                                 South Park High Sch .- * Miss M. A. Hall.
    Holly Lodge High Sch.—*Miss A. Drummond
Liverpool Inst High—*Miss E. I. P. Ashwell.
The Queen Mary High Sch.—*Miss M. F
                                                                 King Edward VI Gr .- * Miss M. Nalder.
                                                               SLEAFORD-
                                                                 Kesteven and Sleaford High Sch .- * Miss F.
      Adams.
    St. Edmund's College—*Miss C. Hennings.
Waterloo Park Sch,—*Miss Lawrence.
                                                                   M. Kirk.
                                                               SPALDING-
    Waterino Fasti, Soli, — Miss F. Murray,
Bellesive (R.C.)—Miss F. Murray,
Notre Dame Collegiate (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.
La Sagesse Convent (R.C.)—Miss A. Brown,
Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.
                                                                 County High Sch .- *Miss E. M. Curry.
                                                               STAMFORD-
                                                                 High Sch .- See G. P.S.
  LYTHAM-
                                                            London-
    Queen Mary Sch .- See G.P S.
                                                               BATTERSEA-
  MANCHESTER-
    High Sch — See G.P.S.
Central High Sch — *Miss C.E.L. Macwhirter.
                                                                 Notice Dame High Sch. (R.C.) -*Sister Maile.
                                                               BAYSWATER-
                                                                 Our Lady of Sion (R.C.)-*Sister Marv
                     Convent (R C.) - *Miss N.
    Fallowfield
     McCorry.
Has purhey Munic. High—*Miss A. E. Bell
                                                                   Franciscus.
                                                               BERMONDSEY-
                                                               County Sec. Sch — *Miss Bowman.
BLACKHRATH—
     Levenshulme Munic High - *Miss M. A.
                                                                 High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)-See G.P.S.
    Loieto High (R.C)—Miss M. J. P. Kerr.
Notice Dame High (R.C)—*Sister Coulin
                                                               BROOK GREEN-
                                                                 St. Paul's-Sec G.P.S.
       Mary.
     Whalley Range High—*Dr. C. M. Arscott
Withington Girls' Sch —*Miss M. A. Grant.
                                                               CAMBERWELL
                                                                 Mary Datchelor-See G.P.S.
                                                               CHELSEA-
  OLDHAM-
                                                                  Carlyle Sch .- *Miss A. B. D Finney.
     Hulme Gr. - *Sec G P S
                                                                CITY OF LONDON-
  PRESTON-
     Lark Hill House (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.
Park Sec. Sch.—*Miss K. M Reynolds
                                                                 City of London Sch. for Girls-See G.P.S.
                                                                ('LAPHAM
     Winckley Sq. Convent (R.C.) - See G.P.S.
                                                                  High Sch. (G.P.D Co.)—See G.P.S. County Sec. Sch.—*Miss E. A. Jones.
  ST HELENS
                                                               CLAPHAN JUNCTION-
     Cowley Middle Sch -- Miss E. E. Hurt.
     Notre Dame High (R.C.)-*See G.P.S.
                                                                  Royal Masonic Sch .- * Miss Dean.
                                                                CLAPHAM PARK
    Adelphi House (R.C.)—*See G.P.S.
Broughton High Sch.—*Miss D. E. Limebeer.
Pendleton High—*Miss L. U. Whale,
                                                                  La Retraite (R.C.)-*See G P S.
                                                                CLAPTON-
                                                                  County Sec .- *Miss Ursula D. Hunt.
                                                                DALSTON
  SOUTHPORT-
                                                                  County Sec .- * Miss M. J. Griffith.
     Brentwood Sch., Senior-Miss A. G. Hogben.
     High Sch -*Mrs. A. Dymond. Trinty Hall- *Miss L. Feasey.
                                                                DEPTFORD-
                                                                  Haberdashers' Aske's Hatcham-See G P.S.
                                                                DULWICH-
  STRETFORD-
     High Sch .- * Miss Horrocks.
                                                                  High Sch .- See G.P.S
                                                                  James Allen's-*Miss E. M. Belcher.
                                                                EATON SQUARE-
    Convent High Sch. (R C.)—See G.P.S. Girls' High Sch.—*Miss D. M. Sackett.
                                                                  Francis Holland-See G.P.S.
                                                                FINSBURY.
Leicestershire
                                                                  Dame Alice Owen's-See G.P.S.
                                                                FOREST GATE
  ARRHY-DE-LA-ZOUCH-
                                                                  Angela's Ursuline Convent (R.C.)-
     Girls' Gr. Sch .- * Miss B. N. Champion.
  LEICESTER-
    Alderman Newton's—*Miss E. G. Davies.
Girls' Collegiate Sch.—*Miss D. R. Smith.
Newarke Sec. Sch.—*Miss E. E. Caulkin.
                                                                FULHAM-
                                                                  County Sec. Sch .- *Miss B. Callender.
                                                               GREENWICH—
Roan Soh.—*Miss M. K. Higgs.
Ursuline Convent High Sch. (R.C.)—See
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Wyggeston Gr. - Miss N. Caress.

LOUGHBOROUGH— High Sch.—See G.P.S.

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HACKNEY-
   Lady Eleanor Holles's-*Miss M. Nickalls.
  Our Lady's Convent (R.C.)-Rev. Mother
    Prioress.
HAMMERSMITH-
  Godolphin and Latymer-See G.P.S.
  Sacred Heart Convent (R.C.) -- See G.P.S.
HAMP-TEAD
  South Hampstead High Sch. (G.P.D.Co.)-
    See G.P.S.
  St. Christopher's-Miss V. H. Wright,
  Threave House-Miss Douglas-McMillan.
HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB-See Middlesex.
HARLEY STREET, W.z. Queen's College—See G.P.S.
  Highbury Hill High Sch.—*Miss E. E. Kyle.
Our Lady of Sion Convent (R.C.)—*Mother
    Marie Gerard.
KENSINGTON-
  High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)-See G.P.S.
  Convent of the Assumption (R.C.)—Miss M.
  Lycee Français.—Mme T. M. Oakeshott.
  Roland Houses Sch .- Miss L. L. Roberson.
  St. Martin's Sch .- * Miss C. H. Banmster.
  Charles Edward Brooke Sch .- See G.P.S.
LEWISHAM.
  Lewisham Gr. Sch. -- See G P.S
NOTTING HILL AND BAYSWATER—High Sch (G.P D. Co) -- See G P S.
PADDINGTON AND MAIDA VALE-
  St Mary's Coll.—See G P.S.
High Sch.—*Miss G. H. Bracken.
PARSON'S GREEN-
  Lady Margaret Sch .- See G.P S.
PECKHAM-
  Honor Oak Sch .- * M188 A. M. Ashley.
PLUMSTRAD
  The King's Warren Sch -*Miss H. Bartram.
POPLAR-
  Coborn Sch .-- * Miss M G. Philpot
  Howrah House Sch. (R C.)-*Mother Per-
    petua Meagher.
PUTNEY.
High Sch. (G.P D. Co.) See G P.S.
County Sec. Sch.—*Miss G. L. Fauner.
REGENT'S PARK—
  Francis Holland Sch .- See G.P.S.
ST PANCRAS-
  Camden Sch .- See G P.S.
  St Aloysius ('ouvent (R.C.)-
                               - * Miss C Moffat
  Highgate Road Convent (R.C) - Miss A.
    Collins
  North London Collegiate Sch — See G P.S. Parliament Hill Sch.—*Miss N. Edmed.
SOUTHWARK-
  Notre Dame High Sch. (R C.)-*Sister Teresa.
  St. Saviour's and St. Olave's-See G.P.S.
STAMFORD HILL-
 Skinners' Co. Sch.—*Miss L. Barton.
STEPNEY-
 Central Foundation Girls Sch. - *Miss D.
    Menzles
  Raine's Sch. for Girls-*Miss M. B. Haugh.
STREATHAM-
 Streatham College—See G.P.S.
County Sec. Sch.—*Miss Muriel Davies.
STREATHAM HILL AND BRIXTON
  High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S.
SYDENHAM-
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High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S. County Sec. Sch.—*Miss E. Turner.

367 WESTMINSTER-Burlington Sch. -See G.P.S. Grey Coat Hospital .- "Miss D. F. Chetham. Strode. WOOLWICH-Eltham Hill Sch .- * Miss I. B. Ozanne. Middlesex-ACTON-Haberdashers' Aske's-See G.P.S. ASHFORD Welsh Girls' Sch .- Mrs. K. Grenville Ed-CHISWICK-County Sch .- * Miss C. Hedley. EALING Princess Helena Coll.—See G.P.8 County Sch.—*Miss D. L. Beck. Hardington Coll.—Miss F. E. Watson. ENFIELD-County Sch .- * Miss E. R. Broome. North Middlesex High Sch .- See G.P.S. HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB-Henrietta Barnett Sch -See G.P.S. HARROW-ON-THE-HILL-County Sch .- * Miss M. Huskisson. HIGHGATE-Channing Sch .- * Miss A. Haigh ! King's House Sch .- Miss F. M. Lear. County High Sch.—*Miss M. H. Cole St. Aidan's High School—*Miss F. L. Lunn. ISLEWORTH-Gumley House (R.C.)-*Mother Dynipus. Fox. ISLEWORTH-The Green Sec. Sch.—* Miss D. Carruthers. St. Mary's Coll. (R C.)-*Mother Fox. MILL HILL— St. Mary's Abbey Sch. (R C.)—Miss K. O'Connor. MUSWELL HILI Tollington High Sch .- * Miss L. Broad. PALMERS GREEN St. Angela's Convent (R.C.)-*Mother Mary Aloysius-Browne. Royal Commercial Trav .- * Miss D. A A. Bellamy. RUSLIP NORTHWOOD-Northwood Coll.-Miss G. M. Potts. St Helen's-Mrs. Broadbent; Mrs. Burton. Brown. TOTTENHAM-High School-*Miss E. Felvus. TWICKENHAM-Royal Naval-See G.P.S. County Sch .- * Miss Sewell. WILLESDEN-High Sch.—*Miss K. I. Johnston The Manor House, Brondesbury—Miss M. F. Abbott. Convent Sec. (R.C.)-*See G.P.S. Norfolk-EAST DERKHAM-County High Sch.—*Miss L. M. Galloway, GREAT YARMOUTH— High Sch .- Sec G.P.S. KING'S LYNN-West Norfolk and King's Lynn High Sch.—
*Miss B. Williamson. NORTH WALSHAM-County High Sch .- * Miss K. Worsnon.

NORWICH-High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S. Blyth Sec. Sch.—See G.P.S. Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.)-Sister Cécile. THETFORD-Gr. Sch .- * Miss M. C. Murrell.

WEST RUNTON-

Runton Hill Sch. - Miss J. V. Harcourt.

# Morthamptonshire-

BRACKLEY-County High Sch .- * Miss K. Whitehead. KKTTERING

County Sch .- *Miss J. Whyte.

NORTHAMPTON-

High Sch.—See G.P.S Sch. for Girls—*Miss M. F Millburn. PETERBOROUGH -

County Sch .- * Miss K. Wragge.

WELLINGBOROUGH-

County High Sch .- *Miss A. R. Tinkler.

#### Northumberland-

The Duchess's Sch .- Miss Edwards-Rees. BERWICK-UPON-TWEED— High Sch.—*Miss D. L. Tasker.

BLYTH-Sec Sch -* Miss M H. Murdoch.

HEXHAM-Gr Sch .- Miss A. M. Ellis.

MORPETH-

County High Sch .- Miss E. Morgau. NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE-

Central High Sch. (G.P.D. Co )-See G P.S Church High Sch.—See G.P.S.

Dame Allan's Girls' Sch.—*Miss S. E. Dobson. Heaton Sec. Sch - Miss W. M. Cooper.

Rutherford Coll. Girls' Sch.— Mrs. A. Pochin. Sacred Heart Convent (R.C.) — Mine. O'Connell.

WALLSEND-

County Sec. Sch .- "Miss E. Giles. WHITLEY AND MONKSEATON-High Sch. - * Miss Highton.

# Nottinghamshire-

EAST RETFORD-

County High Sch .- * Miss E. M. Mellor. MANSFIELD

Queen Elizabeth's-Sec G.P.S.

NEWARK-

Lilley & Stone's-*Miss E. G. Morgan. NOTTINGHAM-High Sch. (G.P.D Co.)-See G.P.S.

County Sec .- * Mrs. G E. Yates.

#### Oxfordshire-

THAME-Girls' Gr. Sch .- Miss M. Hockley. OXFORD-

High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See U P.S. Headington Sch.—See G P.S. Milham Ford-Ser G. P.S.

## Shropshire-

LUDLOW Girls' Public High Sch .- * Miss M. R. Baldwin. MARKET DRAYTON-County Gr. Sch .- *Miss K. E. Fanner.

NEWPORT

County High Sch .- Miss J. McWeau.

Girls' Public High Sch.—*Miss L. Mickleburgh.

SHREWSBURY-High Sch. (G.P D. Co.)—See G.P.S. Priory County Sch.—*Miss L. Ellison.

WHLLINGTON

County Sch .- * M188 E. B. Ross.

WENLOCK

Coalbrookdale County Sch .- * Miss A. Hurst. WHITCHURCH-

Girls' Public High Sch .- *Miss H. L. Thompson.

#### Somersetshire-

High Sch. (G P.D. Co.)—See G.P S. City Sec Sch.—*Miss G. M. Thatcher. Royal School—See G P.S.

BRIDGWATER-

County Sch .- *Miss G. Nicholls.

BRUTON

Sunny Hill—See G.P.S.
HEATHERTON PARK, BRADFORD—St Katherine's—See G P.S.

ILMINSTER-

Gr. Sch —*Miss E. M. Earl. TAUNTON-

Bishop Fox's-*Miss A. M Peile.

Blue Sch .- Miss L A. Thomas.

WESTON-SUPER-MARE-

Beau Rivage—Miss Picq; Miss Peacock. Eastern House—Mrs. A. L Laws. Rossholme Sch.—Mrs. L. M. Griffin. Westcliff Sch .- * Miss M. G. Aldwinckle. WINSCOMBE-

Sidcot Sch .- *Miss H. M. J. Neatby.

Girls' High Sch.-*Miss M. M. Bone.

# Staffordshire-

ABBOTS BROMLEY-St. Mary and St. Anne-See G.P.S.

BILSTON-Girls' High Sch -Sec G.P.S.

BURTON-UPON-TRENT Girls' High Sch .- Sec G.P.S.

LEEK-Girls' High Sch .- * Miss E. F. de Sausmarez. LICHFIELD

The Friary Sch .- * Miss D. M V. Hodge.

NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME

Orme Girls' Sch, - See G.P.S. SMETHWICK-

Holly Lodge-*Miss M. J. Bishop. STAFFORD

Girls' High Sch .- See G.P.S. STOKE-ON-TRENT

St. Dominic's High Sch.—See G.P.S. Brownhills High Sch.—*Miss A. E. Wilmott. TAMWORTH-

Girls' High Sch. - *Miss E. B. Taylor. UTTOXETER

Glils' High Sch .- *Miss H. Woodhead. Walsali

Queen Mary's High Sch .- See G.P.S. WOLVERHAMPTON-

Convent of Mercy High Sch (R.C.)-*Sister Margaret Mary. Girls' High Sch.—*Miss D. E. de Zouche.

Royal Orphanage-Miss G. M. Wright.

Sussex-

# Suffolk-FELIXSTOWE-County Sec .- * Miss M. M. Robinson FRAMLINGHAM-Mills G1. Sch.-*Miss E. M. Fisher. IPSWIOH-High Sch. (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P S. Northgate Sch —*Miss M. Jarrett. SOUTHWOLD-St Felix Sch.—See G.P.S. SUDBURY-Sec. Sch. for Girls-*Miss M. V. Wilson. Surrey-BRAMLEY-St. Catherine's-*Miss A. Symes. BURGH HEATH, TADWORTH-St. Monica's-See G P.S. CARSHALTON-Wallington County Sch. - *Miss K. I. Wallace. St. Philomena's (R.C)-Mme. H. Minne. CATERHAM-Eothen Sch .- *Miss C. Pye. CHKRTSEY-Sir W. Perkins's-*Miss M. A. Eastaugh. COMPTON Prior's Field Sch.-Miss B. Burton-Brown. Commonural Lodge Sch -Miss Bourne. Warehousemen Sch .- Miss W. M Reade. CROYDON-High Sch (G.P D. Co)—See G P.S. Croham Hurst Sch —Miss B S. Humphrey. Fidelis Convent (R C)—*Mother St. Rita Ladies of Mary Convent (R.C.)—See (I.P.S. Old Palace—*Sister Advenue. Selhurst Girls' (Ir. Sch.-*Miss H. Listei. EPSOM-Rosebery County Sch -* Miss J K. Hall. FARNHAM-Guls' Gr .- * Miss D. M. Drought. GUILDFORD-High Sch.-See G.P.S County Sch .- * Miss H. M. Wright, KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES Tiffin Girls' Sch .- * Miss F. Watson. MITCHAM-County Sch .- * Miss E F. Dunn. RRIGATE County Sch -* Miss J Aitken. RICHMOND County Sch.-*Miss E. M. Weeks. SANDERSTEAD-St Anne's Coll. (R.C )-Miss M. E. Everitt. SURBITON-High Sch -See G P.S. SUTTON AND CHKAM-High Sch. (G.P D. Co.)—See G.P.S. Eversfield Sch.—Miss D. Norman.

WARLINGHAM-

WIMBLEDON-

WOKING-

Veronica-Paddison.

County Sec .- * Miss K. E. Maris.

BATTLE Battle Abbey Sch.-Mrs. Jacoby; Miss Sheehan Dare. BEXHILL: Ancaster House—*Miss F. H Burrows. County Sec. Sch.—*Miss E. Davis. St Ives-Miss E. Kyrke-Penson. BOGNOR REGIS-St. Michael's-See G P S. Courtfield House-Miss C. Moorhouse. BRIGHTON-Roedean Sch .- See G.P.S. Brighton and Hove High Sch (G.P.D. Co.)-See G. P.S. St. Mary's Hall-See G.P.S Varndean (Munic. Sec. Sch.)-*Miss E. V. Ellis. BURGESS HILL-P N E U Sch .- Miss B. M. Goode. CHICHESTER-High Sch - *Miss Matson. EAST GRINSTEAD St Michael's Sch .- See G.P.S. St. Agnes's Sch .- *Miss E. E Tovey. EASTBOURNE-Clovelly-Kepplestone Sch,-Miss K. A. Bussell. High Sch -- * Miss C. Adams. Queenwood -Mis. Steer-Trant St Wmifred's Sch -Miss E M Gilling-Lax. HASTINGS AND ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA-Ladies' Coll -- Miss Gardner. High Sch -*Miss F. M. Commin. HAYWARD'S HEATH-County Sec. Sch. - * Miss A. L Stevens. HORSHAM-County High Sch .- * Miss E M. Marchant. LEWES. County Sec. Sch .- * Miss L. E. Vobes. ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA-Uplands Sch .- See G P.S. St. Mary's, Baldslow-Sister Rose Horn-blower. SEAFORD-Ladies Coll.—Miss Paine, MissWitherington, Micklefield Sch.—Miss Jones; Miss Muiray. Southlands Sch.—Miss F. E. Oliver The Downs Sch.—Miss L. M. Cameron. WORTH-Milton Mount Coll .- See G.P S. Worthing County High Sch .- * Miss K E. Coast. Convent of Our Lady of Sion (R.C)-Miss E. G. Clark. Warwickshire BIRMINGHAM-Edghaston C. of E. Coll.—See G P.S. Edgbaston Coll.—Miss A. G. H. O'Loughlin. Edgbaston High Sch.—See G.P.S. Erdington Council Sec. Sch .- *Miss S. M. Hooker George Dixon Sch.—*Miss E. L. Ritchie. Handsworth Gr. Sch.—*Miss L. C. Brew King Edward's Gr. Sch., Camp Hill—*Miss E M. Keen. Whyteleafe County Sch. -* Miss W. Atwool King Edward VI High Sch -*Miss L. K. Bairie. High Sch (G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S.
County Sch —*Miss C. J. Borthwick
Uraulme Convent (R.C.)—*Mother Mary King's Norton Sec. Sch .- *Miss C. M. Sant. Paul's Sch. (R.C.)-*Sister Veronica Marie-Groves. COVENTRY Barr's Hill Sec. Sch.—*Miss G. A. Howell. Stoke Park Sec. Sch.—*Miss S. W. Michell.

NUNKATON High Sch. for Girls-*Miss K. Grant. Convent Sch (R.C)—Miss Van Bylevelt. ROYAL LEAMINGTON SPA—' High Sch .- See G.P.S Learnington Coll. -- * Miss J. M Abbott County High Sch.—*Miss D N. Glenday. SUTTON COLDFIELD High Sch .- * Miss K I. Bradley WARWICK-King's Sch .- See G.P 8.

Westmorland-CASTERTON-Casterton Sch .- See G P S. KKNDAL Gn ls' High Sch,-*See G.P.S. KIRKBY STEPHEN-(h. Sch -*Miss A. Whitley. WINDERMERK-St. Aune's Sch.-Mrs. Leigh; Miss Morrison.

# ('ALNE-

St. Mary's Sch .- See G P S. SALISBURY-Godolphiu Sch .- See G P.S. South Wilts Sec Sch .- * Miss G. A. Moore TROWBRIDGE-County High Sch .- *Miss E. M Moore.

Worcestershire-

Girls' High Sch - *Miss S. Frood. GREAT MALVERN-Lawnside Sch -Miss W. Barrows KIDDERMINSTER-High Sch - *Miss Y. G. Raymond. MALVERN-Girls' Coll.—See G.P.S. MALVERN WELLS— The Abbey Sch - Misses F. & A Jueyon. STOURBRIDGE-County High Sch -*Miss E. M. Firth. WEST MALVERN-St. James's Sch.-Miss A A Band WORCESTER-Alice Ottley Sch — See G.P.S City Sec, Sch.—*Miss J. H. Steel.

# Yorkshire-BARNSLKY-

BATLEY . Gr. Sch -- * Miss D M. Hibgame. BEVERLEY-High Sch .- See G.P.S. BINGLEY-G1. Sch - *Miss Townley Scott. BRADFORD-

High Sch .-- * Miss A. R. Nuttall.

Girls' Gr. Sch .- See G.P.S. Belle Vue High Sch - *Miss E. M. Robinson Hanson Girls' High Sch - *Miss E. E Hart. St. Joseph's (R C.)—*See G.P S. Carlton Sec. Sch —*Miss E. Greene The Grange-*Miss E. E. Richardson.

BRIDLINGTON-High Sch .- *Miss E. Drummond BRIGHOUSE-

County Sec. Sch .- * Miss E. M. Scott. DEWSBURY-

Wheelwright Gr. Sch .- See G P S.

DONGASTER-Munic. High Sch .- * Miss H. G. Brown. Hunmanby Hall-*Miss F. A. Hargreaves HALIFAX-Municipal Secondary and High School.—
*Miss M D M. Scott Crossley and Porter-*Miss E.M. Richardson. HARROGATE . Queen Ethelburga's-See G.P.S. Harrogate Coll .- See G.P.S HUDDERSFIELD-Greenhead fign Scu.-See G P.S. HULL-See KINGSTON-UPON-HULL

KRIGHLEY-Drake and Tonson's-See G.P.S.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL-Park St. High Sch .- See G.P.S Newlands High Sch .- *Miss G. H. Row-

St. Mary's (R.C.) -- Miss J. M. Corkery. LEKUS

Chapel Allerton High Sch .- *Miss N. J Hen-Guls' High Sch --- See G.P.S. West Leeds High Sch - *Miss A. I. S. Smith, MIDDLESBROUGH-

High Sch.—*Miss M. S. Hutt. St. Mary's Convent (R C.)—*Mother Elfrida Bretherton. Ku by Sec. Sch .- *Miss M. McCombie.

NORMANTON

Guls' High Sch - See G.P.S. PONTEFRACT Ackworth Sch -* Miss Hartley

County High Sch - *Miss L Hall. Pubsky Fulneck Moravian-See G.P S.

RICHMOND-High Sch -*Miss D O. Shepheid. RIPON

Guls' High Sch .- * Miss W. M. Johnson ROTHERHAM-

Mumc. High Sch - *Miss D Vailey. SALTBURN-BY-THE-SI A
High Sch.—*Miss M. G. E. Bailey.

SCARBOROUGH -Queen Margaret's-Sec G P S Girls' High Sch .- *Miss E. Glauert. SELBY-

County Sec. Sch .- *Miss G. F. Merson.

County High Sch .- * Miss H. Hook. SHIPLKY Salt Girls' High Sch.-*Miss M Duckitt

SKIPTON Girls' High Sch, -*Miss E, Wise St. Monica's (R.C.)-Miss A. Kirby.

SHRFFIRLD Abbeydale Sec. Sch.—*Miss A. E. Bamber. Central Sec. Sch.—*Miss E. M. Jackson. High Sch.—(G.P.D. Co.)—See G.P.S. Notre Dame High Sch. (R.C.)—See G.P.S. WAKEFIELD

Girls' High Sch.—See G.P.S.
Thornes House—*Miss W. G. Chinneck. WHITBY St. Hilda's- *See G.P.S.

#### YORK-

Coll. for Girls-See G.P.S. Mill Mount Sec. Sch.—*Miss M. T. Nicholls. Queen Anne Sec Sch.—*Miss E. Netherwood. Bar Convent (R.C.)—*Mother Aquinas. The Mount (Friends')-*Miss E. C. Waller.

#### WALES AND MONMOUTH.

** For Co-Educational Schools (Girls and Boys), see previous list, pp. 355-6.

#### Breoknockshire-

BRECON (County)-*Miss M. E. Jarvis.

#### Caernarvonshire-

BANGOR (County)- *Miss B. E. Hughes. LLANDUDNO-Arnhall Sch.— Miss Woffatt; Miss Hill. Loreto Coll.—Miss B. M. Bruen. LLANFAIRFECHAN (St. Winifred's)-See G.P.S.

### Carmarthenshire-

('ARMARTHEN-County Sch.—*Miss E. Ll Davies. High Sch.—*Miss E. I Sutton. LLANELLY (County)-*Miss E. M. Smith.

### Denbighshire-

ABERGELE (Pentre Mawr)-Miss L. H. Sales. COLWYN BAY (Penrhos) -- See G.P.S. DENBIGH (Howell's) -- See G.P.S RUABON (Sec. Sch )-Miss M. Jones. RUTHIN (County)-Miss C. Parry (acting). WREXHAM (County)-*Miss A. G Jones

#### Flintshire-

PANTASAPH (St. Aloysius High Sch , R.C.)-Miss W. M Fith

RHYL (Lowther Coll.) -- *Mrs. F. Lindley.

# Glamorganshire-

ABERDARE (County)-*Miss M. S. Cook. BARRY (County)-*Miss E E. Morgau. CAERPHILLY (Sec.)-*MISS E. G. Thomas.

CARDIFF-Canton Munic. Girls' Sch.—*M188 J. M.Potter City of Cardiff High Sch.—*M188 F Rees Heathfield House (R.C.)—Miss E Smith. Howard Gardens Munic.—*Miss L G. Hugon. COWERIDGE (Sec. Sch ) -Miss C. Bennett-Jones.

GELLIGAER (County)-*Miss G. M Richards LLANDAFF (Howell's)-See G.P S.

MERTHYR TYDFIL (Cyfarthfa Castle)-*Miss A. C. Davenport

NEATH (County)-*Miss A. D. Jones. PENARTH (County)--*Miss K. Hughes. PONTYPRIDD (County)-*Miss C. E. Bedford PORTH (County)-*Miss E. M. Harris. SWANSKA

Delabeche Sec —*Miss W. S. Nayler. High Sch.—*Miss H. M. Cameron. Winefride's Convent (R.C.)-Miss C. A. Campbell.

#### Merionethshire-

BALA (County)-*Miss E. J. Owens. DOLGELLRY (Dr. Williams's)-*Miss E. C. Nightingale.

#### Monmouthshire

ABERGAVENNY (County)-*Miss G. Gethin-Davies. MONMOUTH (High Sch.)—See G.P.S. PONTYPOOL (County)—*Miss B. Evans.

NEWPORT-

High School—*Miss Horser.
Drayton High Sch —Miss F E. Winter.
Munic. Sec. Sch. for Girls—*Miss M. M. Hughes. St. John Baptist High Sch.—*Miss B.

Symonds

Joseph's High Sch. (R C.)-Miss E. O'Connor.

# Montgomeryshire-

NEWTOWN (County)—*Miss F. E. Davies. WELSHPOOL (County)—*Miss E A. Davies.

HAVERFORDWEST (Taskers High Sch.)-*Miss G. James.

#### SCOTLAND.

ABERDEEN-Girls' High Sch .- *Miss B. M. Rose. Queen's Cross Convent Sch. (R.C)-Mother

Superior. St. Margaret's-*Miss M. E Holland.

CRIEFF, PERTHSH.

Morrison's Girls' Sch - *Miss B. S. Mason. EDINBURGH-

Edinburgh Ladies' Coll. - *Miss Tweedie.

Watson's Ladies' ('oll. - *Miss George Catherine C. Robertson St. George's School-See G P.S Esdaile Ministers' Daughters' Coll.-*Miss

H. P. Auld. St. Bride's-Sec G.P.S.

GLASGOW-

High Sch. for Girls -*Mrs. F. Tebb. Hutchesons' Girls' Gr. Sch.—*Miss Kennedy. Laurel Bank Sch.—*Miss M. A. Hannan Watson. Park School-Sec G.P S.

Notre Dame High School (R.C.)-Mother Superior.

HRLENSBURGH, DUMBARTONSH — St. Bride's—See G.P.S.

KILMALCOLM (St. Columba's)-Sec G.P.S.

POLMONT, STIRLINGSH .-St. Margaret's-Miss D. E. Nimmo.

ST. ANDREWS, FIFESH -St. Leonard's-See G.P.S.

#### CHANNEL ISLANDS.

GUERNSRY-Ladies' Coll.—See G.P.S. States Intermediate-*Miss Troughton.

Ladies' Coll .- See G.P S.

### ISLE OF MAN.

CASTLETOWN-Buchan Sch .- See G. P.S.

DOUGLAS-High Sch.-*Miss A. A. Hunter.

# 372 Principal British and Frish Societies and Institutions. *_* For List of Abbreviations, see pages following Index.

ACADEMY, THE BRITISH, Burlington Gardens, London, W. 1 — President—Rt. Hon. H. A. L. Fisher. Council—N. H. Baynes, Prof. W. W. Buckland, Professor F. C. Burkitt, Sir Edmund Buckland, Professor F. C. Burkite, Sir Edmind K. Chambers, K. Be., Sir Arthur E. Cowley, Dr. P. Giles, Dr. G. E. Hill, C.B., Dr. J. W. Mackail, Prof. G. E. Moore, Prof. R. A. Nicholson, Dr. W. D. Ross, O.B. E., Prof. W. R. Scott, Prof. W. R. Soiley, Sir Josiah C. Stamp, G. R. W. P. Dof. F. M. Stanley, Sir Josiah C. Stamp, G. R. W. P. Dof. F. M. Stanley, Sir Josiah C. Stamp, G.B.E., Prof. F. M Stenton, Sec.—Sir F G. Kenyon, G.B.E., R.C.B.; Treas., Prof. W. B.

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Premdent, Sir William Llewellyn, G C V.o.
(1938) Keeper, W W. Russell, C.V.O, R.A.
Treas., Sir Frank Short, R.A. Sec. W. R. M.
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BELGRAVE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, THE (Incorporated), z Clapham Rd., S W.9. Medical, M., Tu, W., Th., Fri., 9; Surgical, M., Tu, Th., Fr., 9; skin, W., at 2 p m.; dental. W., 9 a.m.; eye, Tu, 2 p.m. Matron, Miss M. Cursiter. Sec., Thomas Claphan.

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Homes).
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N. Western, Lawn Road, Hampstead, N W.3. Western, Seagrave Road, Fulham, S. W 6. S. Western, Landor Road, Stockwell, S W.9. Grove, Tooting Grove, Tooting Graveney, 8, W. 17.

S. Eastern, Avonley Road, New Cross, S. E. 14. Park, Hither Green, Lewisham, S. E. 12. Brook, Shooters Hill, S. E. 18.

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E.C. 4. Sec., Charles Cutting ROYAL MIDLAND COUNTIRS HOME FOR INCURA-BLES, Leamington.—Sec., Maj E. S. Phillips,

D.S.O.

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THE HOSTEL OF GOD (Free Home for the Dying),

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LOCK HOSPITAL. Female Hospital for In-patients and Home, Harrow Road, W. g. Admission daily. Male Hospital and Out-patient department, or Dean St., Soho, W. r. Admission for In-patients daily. Out-patients, Males, M., Tu., s to and 650 S. W., 6 to S. Th., ra., 20 to r., 20 Fr., 6 to S.; Sat., s to 4; Females, T., 5 to S.; Fr., ra., 20 to r., 20 There are facilities for daily structured from former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the former and still the still the former and still the former and still the former and still the still the former and still the former and still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the still the stille irrigations for men, women and children at both Hospitals. The new Out-patient department at Harrow Road for females is open from to a.m. to 8 p.m. There are private wards for both sexes.

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GENERAL LYING-IN HOSPITAL, YOR ROad, Lambeth. Patients requiring letters can see Lady Almoner on any day at, a.30 a.m. except Sat. Training school for midwives and nurses. Matron, Miss E. Tunbridge.
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B.A., M.D., B.Ch.

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Long Grove, Epsom. - Med. Sup., D Ogilvy, M.D.,

B.Ch., B.A.D. West Park, Epsom.—Med. Sup., Roberts, O.B.E., M.D., B.S., D.P.M. Maudsley Hospital (see below).

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—Unimprovable adult cases Med. Supt., R. M. Stewart, M. D., F.R.C.P., D.P.M.

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Healthy unimprovable adult cases, and children over 9 years of similar type. Med. Supt., T. Lindsay, M.D., F.R.C.S., D.F.M.

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MIDDLESEE

### MIDDLESEX

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barming Heath -Med. Sup , A. C. Hancock, M C., M.B., D.P H.

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ST. MARYLEBONE HOME (for Incurables), 61 Wey-

mouth St., W.

HOME FOR CONFIRMED INVALIDS, 36 Aubert Park and 2 to 3 Highbury Terrace, N. s. For invalid ladies of limited incomes.

### SKIN.

THE HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE SKIN, Blackfriars Road, S.E. (1841). Out-patients, daily at 1.30, and on F., 6 p.m. Radium, Ultra Violet Light and X-Ray treatment daily.

LONDON SKIN HOSPITAL, 40 Fiteroy Sq., W.z. Outpatients treated daily at z to a.30 and 5 to 6.30

p.m.; Sat. 1 to 2.30 p.m. only.
St. John's Hospital for Diseases of Skin Chem's Hospital for Diskass of Ski. (Locop.), 49 Leicester Sq., W.C. a. (4863). Inpatient Dept., 26a, Uxbridge Road, W. 12 (32 beds). Out-patients daily at Leicester Sq., at 03, and (except Sat.), 5 to 7 p.m. Free and paying in-patients received. Sec., L. G. R. Turpin.

St. Paul's Hospital for Diskass (Including

CANCER) OF THE GENITO-URINARY ORGANS AND SKIN, Endell St., W.C.a. (33 beds). Neces-sitous cases both In- and Out-patients (free). Sec., R. T. Lawlor.

WESTERN SKIN HOSPITAL, 44-46 Hampstead Road, N.W. 1. M., Tu., W., Th., F., 1.30 p.m.;

Tu. and Th., 5 p.m.; F., 5 p.m.

### STONE AND URINARY DISEASES,

ALL SAINTS' HOSPITAL FOR GENITO-URINARY DIERASES (INCOPL.) Out-patients, 40-58 Vaux-hall Bridge Rd., 8.W. s. In-patients, 91, Finchley Road, N.W. s. In-patients, 91, FIRE'S HOSPITAL FOR STONE, STRICTURE, AND OTHER URINARY DISEASES, Henrietta St.,

Covent Garden. 40 beds, with 10 beds in Private Ward. Out-patients, M., Tu. and S. at 2; M. W. and F. at 5; Th. 3; F. (women and children only) at 2.

### THROAT, NOSE, AND EAR,

CENTRAL LONDON THROAT, NOSE AND EAR HOSP., Gray's Inn Rd., W.C. z.

GOLDEN SQUARE THROAT, NOSE, AND EAR HOSPITAL (Incorporated), Golden Sq., W. z. Open daily (Sat. excepted), za_zo to z p.m.; Tu. and Th. evenings, 6.30 to 7,48; Sat., 9 to zz z.m

METROPOLITAN EAR, NOSE AND THROAT HOSPITAL (2528), INCORPORATED, 2 Fitzroy Sq., W. ROYAL EAR HOSPITAL, Huntley Street, W. C. z. (Ear, Nose and Throat Dept. of U.C.H.), W. and Th., z p.m.; Tu. and F., 9 s.m.

### TROPICAL DISEASES.

HOSPITAL FOR TROPICAL DISEASES, as Gordon Street, Endsleigh Gardens, W.C. z., an establishment of the Seamen's Hosp. Society.

ROSS INSTITUTE AND HOSPITAL FOR TROPICAL DISEASES, Putney Heath, S.W. 15. Director-in-Chief, Sir Rouald Ross, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., in-Chief, Sir Ronald Ross, K.C.B., F.R.S.—Sec., Maj. Lockwood Stevens.

### WOMEN.

CHELSEA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, Arthur St., Chelsea. S.W. 3. (Convalescent Home at St. Leonards, not limited to Hospital patients). Out-patients daily at sp.m. (except Sat.) ELIZABETH GARRETT ANDERSON HOSPITAL, 144 Euston Road, N.W. Out-patients Mon. to Fri.

at z Sat. at 9.

GROSYENOR HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, Vincent Sq., S.W. Out-p. daily, z to a p.m., exc. Sat. HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, ap Soho Square, W. z. Sa heds.

SAMARITAN FREE HOSPITAL, Marylebone Road, N.W. Out-dept. daily (except 8at.), zz to z. ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND

CHILDREN, Plaistow, E. 13. SOUTH LONDON HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (INCOPP.). South Side, Clapham Common, S. W.4. rae beds.

ADELPHI, Strand, W.C. a.—Adelphi Terrace and district commemorate the four architect brothers (adelphos = brothers), James, John, Robert and William ADAM, who laid out the district (formerly Durham House) at the close of the 18th century. James, John, Robert, and William Streets (the last named is now Durham William Streets (the last named is now Durham Street) commemorate the brothers, who were the founders of the Adam style of architecture and internsi decoration. In the neighbourhood of the Adelphi was York House, built by the Duke of Buckingham in réag (the Water Gate of Which still stands in Embankment Gardens, q.v.), the commemorative streets being Charles Street, Villers Street, Duke Street, Orlane, Buckingham Street (Of Lane is now "York Place").

AUSTRALIA HOUSE, Strand, W.C.s.—A hand-some and imposing building, erected x9xx-4 by the Commonwealth of Australia as the offices of the High Commissioner for the Commonwealth. The Agents-General for NEW SOUTH WALES, VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, and TASMANIA are accommodated in Australia House. QURENS-LAND and WESTERN AUSTRALIA have separate offices in the Strand.

BANK OF ENGLAND, Threadneedle Street, E.C.a. (Not open to sightseers).—The Bank of England was founded in 1694, and, although a joint stock bank, has always been closely connected with the Government. The present building (now being enlarged) was erected from the designs of Sampson (1734) and Sir John Soane (1788). A "Bank Guard" is furnished every evening by

the Battalion of Foot Guards on duty.

BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL.—The site in
Lambeth, formerly occupied by this institution, will be laid out as a public park under the supervision of the L.C.C., through the generosity

of Lord Rothermere.

BELGRAVIA.—A fashionable district of London west of Buckingham Palace and south of Hyde Park, extends from Grosvenor Place on the east to Sloane Street on the west, and includes Bel-grave, Chester, Lowndes, and Eaton Squares and Cadogan Place.

BRIDGES.—The bridges over the Thames (from East to West) are the Tower Bridge (opened in 1894), with its bascules, affording a fine view of the Pool and of the metropolis; London Bridge the root and of the metropons; London Bruge (opened after rebuilding in 1832, and until 1750 the only bridge over the Thames in London), with the Monument (q.v.) and Fishmongers Hall: Southwark Bridge (opened in 1829, and rebuilt by the Corporation of London, 1921); St. rebuilt by the Corporation of London, xsax; St. Paul's Bridge (proposed to be built by the Corporation of London); Blackfriars Bridge (poened in x865 and widered by the Corporation of London in x968); width, xsgt.; Waterloo Bridge (Rennie), width, xsft. 6ins (opened in x877) commanding a fine view of western London (to be reconstructed or rebuilt by L.C.C.); Hungerford Bridge (for pedestrians only), Westmuster Bridge (built in xy50 and then presenting a view that tengined Wordsworth's aponet: rebuilt and that inspired Wordsworth's sonnet; rebuilt and that inspired Wordsworth's sonnet; rebuilt and reop ned in 186s; width, 84ft) with Thorny-croft's Boudica at the north-westen end; this bridge leads from Westminster Abbey and the Houses of Parliament to the County Hall (q.v.) and St. Thomas's Hospital; Lambeth Bridge (opened in 186s) leading to Lambeth Palace (now open for footpassengers only); Vauxhall Bridge (rebuilt in 1966) leading to Kennington Oval; Victoria Bridge (1898); Chalsea, leading from Chelsea Rospital to Battersea Park, and Albert Bridge (1873); Battersea Bridge (opened in 1893); Wendsworth Bridge (opened in 1873); Putney Bridge (opened in 1886) where the Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race is started for Mortlake; Hammersmith Bridge (rebuilt 1889); Barnes Bridge (for pedestrians only); and King Edward VII. Bridge, Kew (rebuilt in 1904), leading to the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.— The County Council of Middless and Cambridge Middless and Cambridge Middless and Cambridge. Councils of Middlesex and Surrey are building three new yoft, bridges over the Thames, at a total cost of £x,rey,coc (a) Richmond to Twickenham (£345,coc), (b) Uniswick to Mortlake (£325,coc), (c) Hampton Court, in place of existing bridge (£380,coc); the connecting roads will cost £307,000.

will cost £307,000.

BUCKINGHAN PALACE, St. James's Park, S. W. r.

(Not open to the public).—Was purchased by King George III. In 1762 from the Duke of Buckingham, and was altered by Nash for King George IV. The London home of the Sovereign since Queen Victoria's accession in 1837. Refronted in stone (part of the Queen Victoria Memorial) by Sir Aston Webb in 1913.

BURLINGTON HOUSE, Plecadilly, W. .—Occupied by Royal Academy of Arts (for annual exhibitions, see "Picture Galleries"); British Academy; Royal, Antiquerian, Astrumomical, Linnean, Chemical and Geological Societies, CANADIAN BUILDING, Trafalgar Square, S.W. ..—A conspicuous building on the Western side of the Square, in which are the Owner.

side of the Square, in which are the Offices of the High Commissioner of the Dominion and Officials dealing with Trade, Emigration, &c. Designed by Sir Robert Smirke in 1820, it was renovated and embellished when vacated by the Union Club. Certain interior features of the original building are preserved, and the spacious, richly furnished room now occupied by the High Commissioner is much admired sur-High Commissioner is much samined. Sur-rounded by Offices of Canadian Agents-General, Steamship, Railway and other Dominion Com-panies, the Canadian Building is one of Lon-don's new landmarks. It was opened by Their Majesties the King and Queen in June, 1285.

CANONBURY TOWER, Canonbury, N. r. - A social club for tenants of the Marquess of Northamp-

CANONBURY TOWER, Canonbury, N. z. — a social club for tenants of the Manquess of Northampton's estates in the vicinity (in the remains of the reth century house of the Priors of St. Bartholomew). Contains the "Spencer" and "Compton" oak-panelled rooms. Other relies of Canonbury House can be seen in the vicinity.

CRENTERIES. — For Bunhult Fields, see p. 326. In Kensal Green Cemetery, North Kensington, W. zo (70 acres), are tombs of W. M. Thackeray, Anthony Trollope, Sydney Smith, Shirley Brooks, Wilkie Collins, Tom Hood, W. Mulready, George Cruikshank, John Leech, Leigh Hunt, Bruuel ("Great Easter"), Rose (Arctic), Charles Kemble and Charles Matthews (Actors), Robert Owen Gootal Reformer). In Highgate Cemetery, N. 6, are the tombs of George Eliot, Herbert Spencer, Michael Faraday, and G. J. Holyoake. In Abney Park Cemetery, Stoke Newington, N. z6, are the tomb of General Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, and memorials to many Nonconformist Divines. In the South Metropolitan Cemetery, Norwood, S.E. 27, are the tombs of C. H. Spurgeon, Lord Alverstone, Douglas Jerroid, John Beicher, R. A., Theodore Wester, But M. Meffet (Missioner, Br. M. Douglas Jerrold, John Belcher, R.A., Theodore Watts-Dunton, Dr. Moffat (Missionary), Sir H. Bessemer, Sir H. Maxim, Sir J. Barnby, Sir A. Manns, and J. Whitaker, F.S.A. (Whitaker, Almanack). CREMATORIA.— Iford (City of London); Norwood; and Golder's Green (grassure), adjoining Hampstead Heath, with "Garden of

Rest" and memorials to famous men and

Rest" and memorials to famous men and women. Since cremation was first instituted in 1885 there have been 190,000 cremations in Great Britain. Of these, 180,000 have been carried out at Golder's Green, 7,500 at Woking, 6,500 at Manchester, and the remainder at 18 different centres in Great Britain. CENOTAPH, Whitehall, S. W. x.—(Literally "empty tomb"). Monument erected "To the Glorious Dead," as a memorial to all ranks of the Sea, Land and Air Forces who gave their lives in the service of the Empire during the Great War. Erected as a temporary memorial Great War. Erected as a temporary memorial in 1919 and replaced by a permanent structure in 1930. Unveiled by the King-Emperor on in xoso. Unveiled Armistice Day, xoso.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT, Old Bailey, E.C.4. Built by Corporation of London, 2022-2027. Fine mural paintings by Sir W. B. Richmond and Professor Gerald Moira in Great Hall. To be viewed on Tuesdays and Fridays (from 20 to 4) when sittings of the Court so permit. Applica-

tion to be made to the Keeper.

witch storage of the Keeper.

CHARTERHOUSE, in Charterhouse Square,
EC. I (Master, Rev. W. T. B. Hayter, M.A.).

Carthusian monastery until 1535, purchased
from the Earl of Suffolk in 1621 by Thomas
Sutton and devoted by him as a home for aged
gentlemen (60), "Brothers of Charterhouse," for
particulars see Times, p. 12, Feb. 5, 1921. The
buildings are partly 14th (but mainly 16th) century. Chapel, great hall, and staircase. Mon.,
Wed, and Fridays, admission 28, at 3 p.m.
Service on Sundays at 8 and 11 a.m., and on
weekdays at 9, 30 a.m. and 6 p.m. Buildings weekdays at 6.30 a.m. and 6 p.m. Buildings not shown on Sundays. Roger Williams, the founder and governor of Rhode Island, U.S.A., was on June 25, 2621, elected a scholar of Sutton's Hospital.

CHEISEA, S.W. 3.—A western metropolitan borough (see p. 6e2), with a fine embankment between Victoria and Battersea bridges over the Thames (see p. 4e2). "Cheisea Old Church" (All Saints) contains memorials of Sir Thomas More, Sames contains memorate of sit nomes from Sir Ham Sloane, Shadwell (poet laureate), Wood-fall (printer of "Junius"), and many others. Steele, Smollett, Turner, Rossetti, Whistler, Leigh Hunt and Carlyle (see p. sa2) lived there. The borough was formerly famous for buns

and porcelain.

and porceiain.

CHELSEA PHYSIC GARDEN, Royal Hospital
Road, S.W. 3.—A gaiden of general botanical
research, established in latter part of 17th century by the Society of Apothecaries, occupies
site presented in 1772 by Sir Hans Sloane. Transferred in 1895 to the Trustees of the London
Parochial Charitties. Tickets of admission obtainable from the Clerk to the Trustees. Temple tainable from the Clerk to the Trustees, 3, Temple

Gardens, E.C. 4. CHELSEA ROYAL HOSPITAL (founded by Charles CHELSEA ROYAL HOSPITAL (founded by Charles II. in ress, and built by Wren; opened in reset). Royal Hospital Road, Chelsea, S. W. 3, for Old and Disabled Soldiers. Flags and other War Trophies in the Great Hall. Accoumnodation for 588 In-Pensioners. The extensive grounds include the former Ranelagh Gardens. Open daily zo to 3 and a 50 4, and on Sunday atternoons. Governor, General Sir Walter P. Braithwaite, G.C.B. Lieut. Governor and Secretary, Maj. Gen. G. J. Farmar. C.B., C.M.G.

C.B., C.M.G.
COLLEGE OF ARMS OR HERALDS' COLLEGE (see
also p. 198). Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4.—The
Royal "Officers of Arms" ("Kings, Heralds and
Pursuivants of Arms") were incorporated by
Clarkfer, City Road, E.C. 1.—The H.A.C.
Richard III., and acquired "Derby House" on

(Sec., Maj. G. G. Walker, D.S.O., M.G.) received

the site of the present College building from Queen Mary I. The building now in use was rebuilt after the Fire of London. The Power vested by the Crown in the Earl Marshal (The Duke of Norfolk) with regard to all Sate ceremonial, and the granting and use of Armorial Bearings, are exercised by this College. Enquiry may be made to the Officer on duty in the Public Office every day between so a.m. and 4 p.m.

Saturdays, zo to z.
COUNTY HALL, Westminster Bridge S.E. z.-The Headquarters of the London County Council (see pp. 609-622) built on the Pedlar's Acre, Lambeth, from the designs of Ralph Knott, with a river façade of 700 ft. Cost £3,239,293. The building contains a council chamber, reception hall, &c.

CUSTOM HOUSE, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3.

Dank House, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3.—Built early in 19th century, with a wide quay on Thames. The Long Room is 190 ft. long.
DRAN WACE HOUSE, 7 Wine Office Court, E.C. 4.
DOWNING STREET, Whitehal', S.W. 1.—Named after a politician of Charles II.'s reign. No. 20 is the official town residence of the Prime Minister. No. 12 of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and No. 12 is the office of the Government Whips. ELY PLACE, Holborn Circus, E.C. 1.—The site

of the London house of former Bishops of Ely.
The 14th century chapel, now St. Etheldreda's
(R.C.) Church, is open daily until dusk; a charge
of 2d. is made for admission to the crypt.
EMPIRE MEMORIAL HOSTEL (British Sailors

Society), 747 Commercial Road, Limehouse, E. 14.—A memorial erected by the women of the Empire to men of both sea services who lost their lives in the service of their country. The hostel contains sao beds, a restaurant and recreation rooms. Open darly, incl. Sunday,

recreation rooms. Open usry, mer. Sunday, free; night porter in attendance.
FULHAM PALACE, Rishop's Avenue, Fulham, R.W.6.—The courtyrd is 12th century, remainder 18th century. Residence of the Bishop of London. Grounds of 37 acres, surrounded by ancient moat. Previous application to visit should be made to

the Bishop's Secretary.

GUILDHALL, King Street, City, E.C. 2 (dating from early 15th century).—Grand Civic Hall, where Sovereigns and Princes are entertained. Freedoms conferred, and the great City functions take place; Offices and Council Chamber of the Corporation of the City of London (see p. 604). Admission free to Library (containing Plan of London in 1270: Deed of Sale with Shakespeare's signature; first, second and fourth follos of Shakespeare's plays, &c.), and Newspaper Room, to a.m. to 6 p.m. Librarian, J. L. Douthwaite.

GUY'S HOSPITAL, S. E. Thomas's Street, S.E. z.—
Founded by Thomas Guy (a bookseller), in 17m1:
Founded by Thomas Guy (a bookseller), in 17m1:
founder) are early 18th century. 650 beds.
HOLBORN VIADUOT, E.C. 1, was constructed in

1867-1869 by order of the Corporation of the City of London from the designs of William Haywood, of London from the designs of William Haywood, to carry the roadway over the valley of the Fleet river (the "Hole-bourne"). The Holborn Valley Viaduct is 1,400 ft. long, and is mainly of iron construction. The cost (£5,327,000) was borne by the City of London, the loan raised for the purposes of the improvement being secured on the Coal and Corn dues; these dues were abolished in 1889, and 1902, and the loan is otherwise disclared.

its charter of incorporation from Henry VIII. in 1537, and has occupied its present ground since 1641. Four of its members—Duncan, Keayne, Sedgwick, and Spencer-who emigrated in the seventeenth century, founded in 1638 the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, U.S.A. American soldiers and sailors may view

the almoury, on request.

HORSE GUARDS, Whitehall, S.W. z.—Archway and offices bullt about 1750. The head-quarters of the Commander-In-Chief until read. The mounting of the guard (rat or and Life Guards, or Royal Horse Guards) at zz a.m. (zo a m. on Sundays) and the dismounting at 4 p.m. are picturesque ceremonies. Only those on the Lord Chamberlain's list may drive those on the Lord Chamberlain's list may drive through the gates and archavy into Horse Guards' Parade, where the Colour is "trooped" on the King's Birthday, has been enlarged to 300,000 sq. ft. (Trafalgar Square is 168,850 sq. ft.; Parliament Square, 236,000 sq. ft.) Leicester Square, 100,000 sq. ft.). HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, Westminster, S.W.—The "Palace of Westminster" was rebuilt in 1840-1850 from the designs of Sir Charles Barry and Augustus Pugin at a cost of £2 vol company. 2840-2850 from the designs of Sir Charles Barry and Augustus Pugin, at a cost of £2,208,000.

—Open to visitors on Saturdays, and on Easter and Whit Mondays and Tuesdays, if neither House be sittling. Admission at the Norman Porch, House of Lords, on the above-mentioned days, from ro a.m. to 3.30 p.m. Admission to the Strangers' Gallery of the House of Commons, during session, by member's order, or order obtained on personal application at the Admission Order Office in St. Stephen's Hall. The Victoria Tower (House of Lords) is 326 ft. high, and when Parliament is sitting the Union Jack files by day from its flagstaff. The Clock Tower of the House of Commons is 320 ft. high and of the House of Commons is 320 ft, high and contains "Big Ben" (13½ tons), named after Sir Benjamin Hall, First Commissioner of Works when it was hung in 1856. A light is displayed from this tower when Parliament is sitting.

INNS OF COURT.—The Inner and Middle Temple, S. of Fleet Street, E.C.4, and N. of Victoria Embankment, to which the gardens Victoria Embankment, to which the gardens extend, occupy (since early rath century) the site of the buildings of the Order of Knights Templars, the Temple Church (q.v.) surviving. Middle Temple Hall is Elizabethan, and in Middle Temple Gardens Shakespeare (Henry VI, Pt. 1) places the incident which led to the "Wars of the Roses" (ratgs-ratgs). Lincoln's Inn. from Chaucery Lane to Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.s., occupies the site of the palace of a former Bishop of Chichester and of a Black Friars monastery. It was founded early in the rath century. The new Hall is modern, the Library is rath century, and the old Hall early r6th century. is 15th century, and the old Hall early 16th century, the Chapel (Inigo Jones) early 17th century. Lincoln's Inn Fields (y acres); the Square contains many fine old houses with handsome interiors. Grav's Inn. Gray's Inn Road, W.C. z., was founded in late 14th century. The Hall is 16th century (the "Comedy of Errors" was performed there in 1504); the Gardens were laid out (according to tradition) by Lord Chancellor Bacon (died 1556). No other "Inns" are active, but Staple Inn. réas). No other "Inns" are active, but Staple Inn is worth visting as a relicof Elizabethan London; it has a picturesque gabled front on Holborn (opposite Gray's Inn Road), and the Hall, with hammer beam roo!, is intact; in rear of the hall is a picturesque Dutch garden, restored by the present owners of Staple Inn (the Prudential Assurance Company). Clement's Inn (near St.

Clement Dane's Church); Citiford's Inn, Fleet Street and Thavies Inn, Holborn Circus. Sergentit' Inn, Fleet Street, and another (now demolished) of the same name in Chancery Lane, were composed of Serjeants-at-Law, the last of whom died in 1890. KENSINGTON PALACE, W. 8.—Enlarged by Christopher Wreu for King William III. (1691), and continued as a royal residence until 1765. The

topher Wren for King William III (1691), and continued as a royal residence until 175c. The birthplace of Queen Victoria in 1819. Open on Saturdays and Sundays, s to 6; winter s to 4. Kennington Gardens (2.2) adjoin.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL, Denmark Hill, S. E., LAMBETH PALACE, S. E. I.—The official residence of the Archbishop of Canterbury, on south bank of Thames; the oldest part is 13th century, the house itself is early 18th century. For leave to visit the historical portions, applications should be made by letter to the Archbishop's Secretary. LAW COURTS, Strand, W.C. 2.—The Royal Courts of Justice were erected from the designs of G. E. Street (completed by Sir A. Blounfield

of G. E. Street (completed by Sir A. Blomfield of G. E. Street (completed by Sir A. Blomfield and A. E. Street) in 1894-1883 at a cost of £1,000,000 (the site cost £1,500,000 in addition). Until they were occupied by the Supreme Cours of Judicature (established in 1873 by the fusion of High Court, Chancery, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, Exchequer, Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty) the Courts met in Westminster Hall (9 v). The Central Hall is 138 ft. long.

LITTLE BRITAIN, Smithfield, E C x --Benjamin Franklin lived in Little Britain on his first coming to London. If was then a centre of the

ing to London. It was then a centre of the bookselling and printing trade, and Franklin is reputed to have set type in the works which extended into the Lady Chapel of St. Bartholo-

mew's Church (q.v.).

LIVERY COMPANIES' HALLS .- The Principal Companies (see p. 607) have magnificent halls, but admission to view them has generally to be arranged beforehand.

LONDON HOSPITAL, Whitechapel High Street and Road, E. z. - Founded 1750. Hospital con-

tains 930 beds.

LONDON MONUMENT (commonly called "The Monument"), Pudding Lane, Rastcheap, E.C. 2.
—Built from designs of Wren, 1671-1677, to
commemorate the Great Fire of London, which
broke out in Pudding Lane, Sept 2, 1666.
The fluted Doric column is 202 feet high (the flames of fire 42 feet in addition), and is based on a square plinth, with fine carvings on W. face. Splendid views of London from gallery at top of column. Admission 3d., 9 to 6 (Oct.-April to 4).

LORD'S CRICKET GROUND, St. John's Wood Road, N.W. 8.—The headquarters (since 1814) of the Marylebone Cricket Club, the premier cricket club in England and the governing body of cricket. Oxford and Cambridge, and Kton and Harrow matches in July. Lord's is also the Middleser County Cricket Club headquarters, and the scene of some of the principal matches of and the scene of some of the principal matches of the season. Admission to ordinary matches sa, to special matches as, or sa, (including tax). The public can obtain reserved seats on payment. Tenns Court in building behind members' pavilion, where interesting games are played. MANSION HOUSE, City, E.C.4.—(Reconstructed 1920-31). The official residence of the Lord Mayor: the Expertion Hell and Bellycome are the

1930-31). The official residence of the Lord Mayor; the Egyptian Hall and Ballroom are the chief attractions. Admission by order from the

Lord Mayor's Secretary.

MARKETS. — The London markets (administered by the Corporation of the City of

Lendon) provide foodstuffs for 8,500,000 to 9,000,000 provide foodstuffs for 8,500,000 to 9,000,000 provide the largest in the world, the supplies marketed amounting to nearly 900,000 tons annually. Control Meat, Fish, Fruit, Vegetable, and Poultry Markets, Smithfield; Leadenhall Market (Meat and Poultry), Billingsyate (Fish), Thames Street; Spitalfields, Ex (Vegetables, Fruib, &c.), enlarged 1928, and opened by H.M. the Queen; London Fruit Reschange, Brushfield Street (bulk by Corporation and opened by H.M. the Queen; London Fruit Exchange, Brushfield Street (built by Corporation of London xeels) faces Spitalfields Market; Metropoitian Cattle Market (Mon. and Th. General or Pediars' Market, Tu. and Frl.) and Abattors, Caledonian Road, N.z. Other markets are—Oveent Gardes, W.C. a (established under a charter of Charles II. in x651) and Borough Mar-ket, B.E. x, for Vegetables, Fruit, Flowers, &c. MARLBOROUGH HOUSE, Fall Mall, S.W. z. (Not open to the public).—Bullt by Wren for the great Duke of Marlborough shout xyzo, and purchased

Buke of Marlborough about 1710, and purchased as a London residence for the Prince of Wales in 1863. To become the London house of the

Prince of Wales.

MAYFAIR.-A fashionable district of London, north of Buckingham Palace and east of Hyde Park, extends from Oxford Street (N.) to Picca-dilly (S.), and from Bond Street (E.) to Park Lane (W.), includes Curzon Street and Grosvenor and Berkeley Squares. The most fashionable shopping centres of London are included in Mayfair in Old and New Bond Street and Oxford Street. Regent Street almost adjoins Mayfair.

MONUMENTS .- VICTORIA MEMORIAL in front of Buckinghan Palace; ALBERT MEMORIAL, South Kensington; Alb, Victoria Embankment; Bra-COMSPIELD, Parliament Square; Briefan, Vic-toria Embankment: BOADICHA (more correctly "Boudica", Queen of the Iceli, E. Anglis, Westminster Bridge; BURNS, Embankment Gardens; BURGHSRS of CALAIS (replica of Eodin's statue), Victoria Tower Gardens, Westminster; CAYALRY, Hyde Park; CAYELL, 8t. Martin's Place; CKNOTAPH, Whitehall; CHARLES I. (erected Jan 29, 1675), Trafalgar Square; CHARLES II. (Granling Gibbons), in-Square; CHARLER II. Germing Giboons, inside the Royal Exchange; CLROPATRA'S NEEDLE (6936 ft.high, erected 1898). Thames Embankment (the Sphinx, W. of pedestal, and the surrounding stonework, bear sears from an Air Raid); CAPPAIN COOK (Brock), the Mall; CRIMEAN, Broad Sanctuary; CLIVER CROMWELL (Thorny-croft), outside Westminster Hall; DUKE OF CANSTROW WINTERN MINISTER, DUKE OF VORY (ar. 4), 88 BRIDGE, Whitehall; DUKE OF YORK (rag ft.), St.
James's Park; EDWARD VII., Waterloo Place
(Mackennal); EROS, (Gilbert) Embaukment
Gardens; MARKCHAL FOOH, Grosvenor Gardens;
GBORGE III., Cookspur Street; GEORGE IV. GROUGE III., COCKSPUT SCREET; URGINGS TRAFAIGER (Chantrey) riding without stirrups, Trafaiger Square; GLADSFONE, facing Australia House, Strand; GUARDS', (Climes) Waterloo Place, (Great War) Horse Guards' Parade; IRVING (BROCK), N. side of National Portrait Gallery; JAMES II. (Grinling Gibbons), The Mall; EFTCHENER, Horse Guards' Parade; ABRAHAM ETTCHENER, Horse Guards' Parade; ABRAHAN King Edward Street, E.C. z, a handsomely Linnoln (St. Gaudens), facing Westminster fabbey; London Troops, Royal Exchange; Milkon, St. Giles's, Cripplegate; Monument, the line of the subject of the subject of the Royal George; Hall is open for usual postal business from 6.45 THE (see above); RELSON (14z ft.), Trafigar Square, with Landseer's Hons (cast from guns recovered from the wrock of the Royal George); FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, Waterloo Place; "Peter Par" (Frampton), Kensington Gar-George (Cought by the L.C. (1 1 2000, and open free 30 dess; RIORARD CURP DE LION (Marcohetti), old Palace Yard; ROBERTS, Horse Guards contains a Jacobean plaster ceiling and Jacobean

Parade; ROYAL ARTHLEBY, (South Africa) The Mall, (Great War) Hyde Park Corner; ROYAL MARINES, The Mall; SOOT (Antaretic), Water-loo Place; SHARESPEARS (ROHANA), Leicester Square; GEORGE WASHINGTON (Houdon), Trafalgar Square; WELLINGTON, Hyde Park Corner; WELLINGTON (CHOUDON), Trafalgar Square; WELLINGTON, Hyde Park Corner; WELLINGTON (Houdon), Trafalgar Square; WELLINGTON, Hyde Park Corner; WELLINGTON (Leicharte), Royal Exchange; John WESLEY, City Road; WOLSELEY, Horse Guards Parade.

PATENT OFFICE (including Public Library), 25 Southampton Buildings, W.C.s.—In 2320, the Patent Office sealed 20,769 patents and registered 20,169 designs and 6,728 trade marks. The library (239,000 volumes) is open to the public daily from ro a.m. to 9 p.m.

daily from ro a.m. to 9 p.m. PEOPLE'S PALAGE, Mile End Road, The Queen's Hall was destroyed by fire on February 25, 1931, and no decision has yet been arrived at as to rebuilding. Small Hall—Dances and concerts. Social clubs, hard tennis courts, Badminton courts and indoor cricket pitches.

Hall can be hired.

PORT OF LONDON.—The administration of the Port of London is under the "Port of London Port of London is under the "Port of London authority" (see p. 250) whose Head Offices in Trinity Square, E.C. 3, were designed by Sir Edwin Cooper, F.R.I.B.A.; the building, of Portland stone, has a façade facing the river and is surmounted by a "Temple of Neptune," The River Thames has a total length of are miles from its source in Gloucestershire to the "Nore" Lightship in the estuary. The titlat portion below Ted-dington Lock (65 miles) forms the Port of Lon-don, through which over one third of the overseas trade of the United Kingdom flows. The value of the overseas trade of the Port was £603,743,000 in 1930. The Port is served by the following Docks:—S. Katherine's Dock, E. z. (25/2 acres), handling Shells, Tea, Canned Goods, Hides, Perfumes, &c.; London Dock, Wapping, E. z. (200 acres), 1907, Spices, Rubber, Wine, Wool, Marble and general Coutinental and coastwise traffic. Surrey Commercial Docks, Rotherhithe, S.E. 16 Survey Commercial Docks, Rotherhithe, S.E. 16 (376 acres), Timber, Grain and Canadian Produce; West India Docks, E. 24 (242 acres), Rum, Sugar, Grsin, Hardwood and Fruit; Milivadi Docks, Poplar, E. 14 (232 acres), the principal centre of the grain trade of London; East India Docks, Poplar, E. 14 (67) acres), South African and West Indian traffic (Special Banana Berth); Royal Victoria and Albert Docks, E. 16 (26) (2620), Frozen and Chilled Mest, Grain and Tobacco; King George V. Dock, North Woolwich, E. 16, opened in cast (185 acres), Drovides accommodsopened in rear (186 acres), provides accommodation for the largest vessels aftent. Tilbury Docks (675 acres), about at miles below London Bridge, are used principally by vessels plying on the Australian, Indian and other Eastern routes; the Tubury Cargo Jetty is available for vessels to discharge or load part-cargoes; Tulbury Pausenger Landing Stage provides accommodation for liners at all states of the tide and has direct rail councetion with London, the Midlands and the North.
Post Office.—The "General Post Office" is in

King Edward Street, E.C. r, a handsomely fronted, ferro-concrete building (Tanner), with

and Georgiau panelling. (Available for lettings
—Apply Architect, County Hall S.E.z.)

ROMAN LONDON.—Traces of the Roman occu-pation of London from the 1st century to the sth century A.D. may still be seen in situ. There are remains of Roman baths at No g Strand Lane, Strand, W.C. 2, and at the Coal Exchange, Lower Thames Street, E.C. 3. Portions of the Roman Wall which encircled London are still visible, including a bastion below the pavement of the yard of the General Post Office (fronting Giltapur Street). Other pieces of the wall may be seen in the disused churchyard of St. Alphage, London Wall, E.C. a; in the churchyard of All Hallows on the Wall, London Wall, E.C. a; in Roman Wall House, Jewry Street and Crutched Frienz Hallow & W.; a below London Wall Warket. Friars, Aldgate, E.C. 3; below Leadenhall Market; and near the S.E. corner of the White Tower of and near time 5.c. cornier of the white Tower of Koman brickwork was uncovered in March, 1928, on a site adjoining St. Peter's, Cornhill, E.C.3. Many relics of Roman London may be seen in the Guildhall, British and London Museums (q. v.).

BOYAL EXCHANGE, Cornhill, E.C. 3, founded by Sir Thomas Gresham, 1356, opened by Queen Elizabeth 1371, rebuilt 1657—9 and 1843—1844.—Admission free. Statues of Queen Elizabeth, Charles II., Queen Victoria, Sir Thomas Gresham, Wallet and Charles III., Queen Victoria, Sir Thomas Gresham, Wellington (Chantrey), riding without stirrups. Pesbody, and others; frescoss in the ambulatory by Leighton, Abbey, Brangwyn, Wyllie and others. The chimes of the Royal Exchange (re-cast 1921) play English, Scottish and Irish melodies at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 3 and 6 p.m. The building is now occupied entirely by the Royal Exchange Assurance, which has had its

head office there since 1780.

head office there since zymo.

ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY, Kensington
Gore, S.W. 7.—Map Room open to public, free.

ROYAL MINT, Tower Hill, E.C. 3 (building
erected z8ro), where gold, silver, and bronze
are coined. Admission by order only, application for which should be made to the Deputy
Master of the Mint, about 4 weeks in advance
of intended visit. Hours of admission, zo to 3
Mon. to Frl., except Bank Holidays, &c., when
the Mint is closed.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S HOSPITAL. Smithfield

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S HOSPITAL, Smithfield. E.C. 1.—Founded A.D. 2123 by Rahere (see St. Bartholomew's Priory, p. 314). Present buildings mainly 28th and 19th centuries; main entrance 270a. The Great Hall contains a series of portraits including Henry VIII., Harvey, Abernethy, Pott, Radeliffe, &c. Hospital for 760 beds. The Church of St. Bartholomew the Less (rebuilt 1823) is within the hospital precincts; Inigo Jones was baptised in former church.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL, Hyde Park Corner, W. I.—Founded in 1733. Hospital for 340 beds. Present buildings date from 1839. ST. JAMES'S PALACE, in Pall Mall, S.W. I.—(Not open to the public). Built by Henry VIII. (according to tradition, from designs by Hol-(according to tradition, from designs by Mobeln); the Gatchouse and Presence Chamber remain, and part of the Chapel Royal. A royal residence from regs to 1837. Royal Levies held here during the season. Representatives of Foreign Powers are still accredited "to the Court of St. James," and (by the King's permission) the Conference of the Allies was held

St. JOHN'S GATE, Clerkenwell, E.C.z.—Now the Chancery of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, and formerly the gate of the Priory of that Order, of which the gate house (early 16th century)

and choir of Church (crypt sath century) alone survive. The gatehouse may be inspected by written permission of the Secretary of the Chancery. St. Thomas's Hospital, Albert Embankment,

ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, Albert Embankment, S.E. x.—Founded vars. Present buildings (y red brick houses) by Currey, 1868—71. x,000 beds. SMITHFIELD, E.C. x.—Sir William Wallace was executed there (1305) in the reign of Edward I., and Wat Tyler was "despatched" by Lord Mayor *Walworth (136x) in the reign of Richard II. Anne Askew, a Protestant martyr (1445), was hurned there in the reign of Henry (1546), was burned there in the reign of Henry VIII.; and under Mary I. (1553-1568) many suffered there for the Protestant faith. (A memorial is affixed to the W. wall of St. Bar-tholomew's Hospital.) The last to suffer for religion at Smithfield was Bartholomew Leggatt, Unitarian (z6xz), in the reign of James I. At the corner of Cock Lane (W. side of West Smithfield) is a small gift figure commemorating the spot where the Fire of London was finally checked by the demolition of houses, Sept. 6, 5666. Smithfield Market occupies the W. side of West Smithfield.

SOMENSET HOUSE, Strand, W.C. s, and Victoria Embankment, W.C. s.—The heautiful river façade (Soo feet long) was built at the close of the 18th century from the designs of Sir W. Chambers; the remainder of the building is early 10th century. Somerset House was the property of Lord Protector Somerset, at whose attainder in 1552 the palace passed to the Crown, and it was a royal residence until about the close of the 17th century. The building is now occupied by the Board of Inland Revenue and by the Principal Probate Repairty and the office of the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages and Deaths. In the Probate Registry (Central Hall) are the wills (inter alm) of Shakespeare, Milton, Newton, Van Dyck, Pitt, Dr. Johnson, Nelson, Wellington and Burke.

STOCK EXCHANGE, E.C. z. (Strangers not admitted).—Known in the City as the "House," was founded in 1773 and now consists of about 4,000 members. A dealer ("jobber") does business only with other members; a "broker" is the intermediary with the public. Speculators for a rise in prices are "bulls"; those for a fall are "bears." Chairman of the Committee for General Purposes, Sir Archibald Henry Campbell; Deputy Chairman, H. F. Chamen; Secretary, General Purposes Committee, A. L. F. Green; Secretary, Trustees and Managers, R. M. Brydone; Office,

New Court, Throgmorton St., E.C. a.
THAMES EMBANKMENTS.—The Victoria Embankment, on the N. side (from Westminster to Blackfriars), was constructed by Bazalgette for the Metropolitan Board of Works, x860-x870 (the the Metropolitan Board of Works, 2850-2870 (the seats of which the supports of some are a kneeling camel, laden with spicery, and of others a winged sphinx, were presented by the Grocers' Company, and by Rt. Hon. W. H. Smith, M.P., in 1874); the Westminster to Vauxhall section, on the S. (Surrey) side, 2860-2869; the Chelesa Embankment, 287x-2874. The total cost exceeded £3,000,000. Sir Joseph William Bazalgette (183y-1892) also constructed the London main drainage system, 1838-1865, at a cost of £4,650,000. A medallion has been placed on a £4,600,000. A medallion has been placed on a pler of the Victoria Embankment to com-

The "Sword of St. Paul" appears in the zst quarter
of the City Arms, not "Walworth's dagger" as once
commonly believed, an crosstill repeated in an inscription in Fishmongers Hall.

memorate the engineer of the Thames waterside improvements ("Flumini vincula posuit"). The County Hall of the L.C.C. includes an embank-

ment on the Surrey side.

ment on the Surrey side.

THAMES TUNNELS.—The Rotherhithe Tunnel (foot passengers and vehicles); constructed by the LCC. and opened in 1908, connects Commercial Road East, with Lower Road, Rotherhithe; the total length is x mile 440 yards, of which gre yards are under the river. The cost of the tunnel and its approaches was £2,360,041. The Blackwall Tunnel (foot passengers and opened in 1897, connects East India Dock Road, Poplar, with Blackwall Lane, East Greenwich. The total length of the tunnel is nearly 1% miles, of ropiar, with Biscawaii Lane, issued residual in total length of the tunnel is nearly x/2 miles, of which 407 yds. are under the river. The cost of the tunnel with its approaches was about £7,405,000. Greenwich Tunnel (foot passengers only) constructed by the L.C.C. and opened in xpcs, connects the Isle of Dogs, Poplar, with Greenwich that the test is the resident and in the left. The length of the authway is 400 yards, and the cost was about £180,000. The Wolwich Tunnel (foot passengers only), constructed by the L.C.C. and opened in 1918, connects North and South Woolopened it 1978, connects North and South Wool-wich below the passenger and vehicular ferry from North Woolwich Station, E. 16, to High Street, Woolwich, S.E. 18. The length of the subway is about 500 yards, and its oost was \$\frac{2}{3}\$,863. The Thames Tunnel (1300 feet) was opened in 1831 to connect Wapping (N.) with Rotherhithe (S.). In 1865 it was closed to the public, and purchased by the East London Railway Company. The Tower Subway for foot passengers was opened in 1870, and has long been closed.

Tower Hill. E. C. and E. C. a reformed to the control of the second of the control of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the seco

Towns Hill, R.C. z and E.C. 3, was formerly the place of execution for condemned prisoners from the Tower, the site of the scaffold being marked in the gardens of Trinity Square.

Tower of London, E.C. 3 (built by William the Conqueror, A.D. 2066-2097).—Admission to Jewel House, on all week days, 6d.; White Tower and Armouries, including Vaults, 6d.; to Bloody Tower, on all week days, 6d. Free on Saturdays (except Jewel House and Bloody Tower) by tickets issued at the office at gateway. Open from issued at the office at gateway. Open from a May to 30 Sept., zo a.m. to 6 p.m.; z Oct. to 30 April, zo a.m. to 5 p.m. Not open on Good Friday, Christmas Day, or Sunday. Constable, Field-Marshal Lord Methuen, G.O.B., G.O.M.G., G.O.V.O.; Lieutenant, It.-Gen. Sir W. Frimund Ironside, K.C. B., C. M., D.B.O.; Major and Exident Governor, Lt.-Col. Dan Burges, Fry, D.S.O.; Keeper of the Jewel House, Major-den. Sir George J. Younghusband, R.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., O.B.; Curator of the Armouries, Charles foulkes, F.S.A. The Yeoman Warders retain their picturesque Yeoman Warders retain their picturesque Tudor uniforms. During the Great War the Tutor uniforms. During the Great War the use of the Tower as a prison was revived. Sir William Wallace, King David II, and King James I. of Scotland, the "Little Princes" (Edward V. and his brother), Anne Boleyn, Katherine Howard, Lady Jane Grey, Queen Elizabeth, Sir Walter Raleigh, William Penn, Cranmer, Ridley and Latimer and many others were imprisoned in the Twer. were imprisoned in the Tower.

TRAFALGAR SQUARE, S.W. z.-This space was Internation Square, S. W. I.—Interpreted and out in the second quarter of the 1sth century. In the Square are the Nelson Monument 142 feet high, with Landseer's lions round the base, and statues of Haustock, Napier, and Gerdon. The plinth of the Nelson Monument was badly damaged by fire during the (unofficial) celebrations of Armistice Day (Nov. 22-12, 2928). In the façade of the N. Wall of Trafalgar Square

are metal standard measures.
WESTMINSTER HALL, S. W. z (built by William Ruius, A.D. 1087-1100 and altered by Richard II., 1377-1399), adjacent to and incorporated in the Houses of Parliament.—Westminster Hall is part of the Palace of Westminster and survived the fire, which destroyed the remainder of the Palace (Oct. 26, 2824). The Hall is see feet long, 68 feet wide, and so feet high. The hammer beam roof of carved oak, dating from 1339, is one of the principal attractions. King Charles I. was tried in the Hall. For admission, see regulations of Westman & Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Parillander, Paril lations as to Houses of Parliament.

WHITEHALL, opposite Horse Guards, S.W. z. Erected by Inigo Jones as a banqueting-house for the projected Whitehall Palace. King Charles I.

was beheaded here.

### PARKS, SPACES AND GARDENS.

The principal Parks and Open Spaces in the Metropolitan area are maintained as under:—

By the Crown

BUSHY PARK (1, 200 acres), see p 410. GREEN PARK (53 acres) W. 1.—Between Picca-dilly and St_James's Park with Constitution Hill, leading to Hyde Park Corner.

GREENWICH PARK (888 acres), S.E. ro, see p. 41x.
HAMPTON COURT GARDERS (54 acres).
HAMPTON COURT FAREN (17 acres).
HAMPTON COURT PARK (615 acres).
HYDE PARK (360 acres)—From Park Lane,

W.r., to Kensington Gardens, W. a, containing the Serpentine. Fine gateway at Hyde Park Corner, with Apsley House, the Achilles Statue, Rotten Row and the Ladies' Mile. To the northeast is the Marble Arch, originally erected by George IV. at the entrance to Buckingham Palace

and re-erected in present position in 1850.

KENSINGTON GARDENS (275 acres) W. 2 — From western boundary of Hyde Park to Kensington Palace, containing the Albert Memorial.

KEW ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS (288 acres).

REGENT'S PARK and PRIMROSE HILL (538 acres), N.W. z — From Marylebone Road to Primrose Hill surrounded by the Outer Circle and divided by the Broad Walk leading to Zoological Gardens.

RICHMOND GREEN (10 SCres).

RICHMOND PARK (s, 358 acres).
St. James's Park (93 acres), S.W. s.—From Whitehall to Buckingham Palace. An ornamental lake of g acres is spanned by a suspension bridge built in 1857, from which a magnificent view is obtainable towards Westminster eastwards and westwards to Buckingham Palace. The Mall westwards to buckingnam Palace. The Mueleads from the Admiralty Arch to the Queen Victoria Memorial and Buckingham Palace. Birdcage Walk from Storey's Gate, past Wellington Barracks, to Buckingham Palace. Master Gunner of St. James's Park, Field-Marshal Sir George F Milne, G. C. B., G. M. G., D. S. O., D. C. L. L.L. D.

By the Corporation of London.

BURNHAM BEECHES and FLEET WOOD (400

acres), see p. 410. Coulsdon Common, Surrey (153 acres). EPPING FOREST (5,560 acres), see p. 410.

FARTHINGDOWN, Surrey (zer acres).

Highgare Wood (70 acres). Highgate Hill is
the scene of the Diok Whittington legends. KENLEY COMMON, Surrey (80 acres). QUEEN'S PARK, Kilbura (30 acres). RIDDLESDOWN, Surrey (89 acres). SPRING PARK, West Wickham (36 acres).

WEST HAM PARK (77 acres).
WEST WICKHAM COMMON, Kent (25 acres).

By the London County Council.

BATTERSHA PARK (see acres), S.W. 2 to S.W. 11, With Sub-tropical Garden (4 acres)

BLACKHEATH (267 acres), B E. 3.—Morden College, founded in 1635 as a home for "decayed Turkey merchants," is near the S.E. corner.
BOSTALL HEATH AND WOODS (124 acres), S.E. s.
BROCKWELL PARK (127 acres), with Brockwell Hall, Herne Hill, S.E. s.
CLAPHAN COMMON (252 acres)

well Hall, Herne Hill, S.E. 5.

CLAPHAM COMMON (aog acres), S.W. 4.
DULWICH PARK (7s acres), with lake, S.E. 2s
FINSBURY PARK (1s acres), N. 4.
GOLDBYS HILL (36 acres), adjoining West
Heath, Hampstead.
HACKNEY DOWNS (42 acres), E. 5.
HAOKNEY MARH (340 acres), H. 8.
HAINAULT FOREST (805 acres), Hainault, Essex.
HAMPSTEAD HEATH and Extension (283 acres),
N. W. 3—Hampstead Church contains a bust of
Keats, who lived for a time at Lawn Hank
(formerly called Wentworth Place).

(formerly called Wentworth Place) Ken Wood (195's acres), adjoining Parliament Hill Fields, and including Nightingale Valley Part purchased in 1922 by public subscription; opened and dedicated by the King, July 18, 1925. Ken Wood contains valuable art treasures

(Iveagh bequest).

MARBLE HILL (66 acres).—Twickenham, Middlesex (opposite Richmond, Surrey).—A beautiful park, running down to the riverside, on the left bank of the Thames; includes a mansion, formerly the residence of Mrs. Fitzherbert, morganatic wife of George IV. Twickenham contains Pope's Villa (rebuilt) and the poet's tomb in the parish church, near which is York House, where Queen Anne was born. At Strawberry Hill is Horace Walpole's house with ornamental garden.

HILL (s7x acres)-adjoining PARLIAMENT

HAMPATEAN HAMPATHAM A TUMULIS, POPULARLY KNOWN AS Boudoca's Tomb, is believed to be Roman, PROKHAM RYE (64 acres), S.E. 15, and S.E. 22.
PEORHAM RYB PARK (49 acres), S.E. 15 and S E. az.

PLUMSTRAD COMMON (103 acres), S.E. 18. RAVENSOURT PARK (33 acres), Hammersmith.
SOUTHWARK PARK (53 acres), near Surrey
Commercial Docks, Rotherhithe, S.E. re.
STREATHAM COMMON (66 acres), S.W. 16.

TOOTING COMMON (ary acres), S.W. 17.
VICTORIA PARK (ary acres), E. z. The Bethnal
Green Museum (a branch of the Victoria and
Albert Museum) is close by.

WANDSWORTH COMMON (175 acres), S.W. 18. WANDSWORTH PARE (so acres), on the right bank of the Thames, opposite the ground of Hurlingham Club.

WATERLOW PARK (26 acres), on the southern slopes of Highgate Hill, N. 6, containing Lauderdale House, formerly occupied by Nell Gwynne. WORMWOOD SCRUBS (215 acres), Hammersmith.

### EXHIBITIONS, &c., IN LONDON DURING 1982.

ALEXANDRA PALACE, Wood Green, N.ansandra rahaus, wood Green, N.—Pre-sent building erected un 1895; previous building completely destroyed by fire in June 1873; acquired for the public by the Middlesex County Council and other local Authorities in 1900. The building covers an area of 7½ acres. Nearly see acres of beautiful park land are open free to the public dully a variative views count London. the public daily; extensive views over London, from a Fellow of the Zoological Society.

Essex and Hertfordshire can be obtained. The Grand Organ in the Great Hall, recently re-stored, is the finest concert organ in Europe; recitals every Sunday afternoon. Spacious balls available for Exhibitions, Trade Shows, Conventions and Displays. Promenade Concerts in Concert Hall every Sunday during Winter and in the picturesque Grove in the Summer; relier

in the picturesque Grove in the Summer; roller skating rink open daily: dances in Ball Room on Th. and Sat. The Theatre, with the exception of Drury Lane, is the largest in London.

CRYSTAL PALACK, S.E. zg.—The Great Pleasure Resort, originally designed for the International Exhibition in Hyde Paik (zgz.), removed and re-erected on the creat of Norwood Hill. Open daily from ro a.m. Festivals, Shows, Sports bleetings, Speedway Racing, Musical and other entertainments. Firework displays every Thursday at dusk, during August and September. day at dusk, during August and September.
The famous Fine Art Courts and collection
of Statuary have been restored. a8 acres of recreation under cover and soo acres of pleasure General Manager, Sir Henry James park. Buckland.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION, Marylebone Road, N.W.z. Reopened after fire, 1928. Open on weekdays from so a.m. to so p.m., Sundays, a to so p.m. Admission ss. 3d. (incl. tax); children under za, 6d.

OLYMPIA, Addison Road, W. z4. Various Exhibitions in 1931, including Cookery and Food; British Industries Fair (Secretary, British Industries Fair, 35 Old Queen Street, S.W z.); Ideal Homes; Furnitune Trades; Terrier Club Show; Ladies' Kennel Club Show; Royal Tournament; International Horse Show; Health Exhibition; Confectionery Exhibition; Wireless Exhibition; followed by Motor and Cycle and Motor Cycle Show in October and November, ROYAL AGRICOLTURAL HALL, Upper Street, Islincton, N.z.—Cattle Show in December; World's OLYMPIA, Addison Road, W. 24. Various Ex-

lington, N. z.-Cattle Show in December; World's Fair in Dec. and Jan; Dog Show in Feb; Horse Shows in Feb, and March. Used Motor Car Exhibition and Sale in April-May; Con-fectionery and Grocers in Sept.; Shoe and Leather and Dairy in Oct.; Brewers' Exhibition and Bubly Works Exhibition Short and Public Works Exhibition in Nov.

BOYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, KEW.—Accessible by railway, omnibus, and tram. Open daily, M. W. Th., Sat., Sun. and Good Fri. free: '1u. and Fri. (Students' days), 6d. ze to sunset or 9 p m. (summer time). (Houses z p m. to 5 p.m.

and Fr. (Scientist days), 62. 16 billies of p.m. or sunset. O'closed on Christmas Day.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, Vincent Square, S.W., holds fortnightly exhibitions at its Halls in Greycoat Street and in Vincent Square. Square, S.W.r., a Spring show at the Royal Hospital Gardens, Chelsea (May), and Autumn shows in September and October.

WHITE ('ITY, Shepherd's Bush.-Various Ex-

WHITE CITY, Supplied & Dusin.—Various ag-hibitions, May to Nov.; Greyhound Racing. ZOOLOGIOAL GABDENS, Regent's Park, N.W. 8 (opened A.D. 1888; the King's menagerie trans-ferred from the Tower of London, 1834).—Ad-mission on weekdays from 9 a.m. till sunset or 8 during "Summer Time" (warning bell is rung 15 minutes before closing time); Mondays other weekdays, is.; children under twelve, 6d. (except Bank Holldays, when ordinary rates); other weekdays, is.; children under twelve, 6d. Special prices for parties and schools, on applicacation to the Secretary. Open on Thursdays, June to Aug. 30, until 12 p.m. On Sundays admission to the gardens can only be obtained by an order

military band plays on Saturday and Sunday afternoons in summer from 4 p.m. An aquarium (admission on Monday, except Bank Holidays, 6d., other days 18., children under 12, 6d.) was opened in ress.
In rege visitors to the "Zeo" numbered 2, rez, 438

Whipenade Zoological Park. 3 miles from Dunstable (34 from London), opened May, 1931. A country annexe of the Zoo. Open daily so to sunset (incl. Sundays), zs. (children under zz, 6d.).

#### MUSIC

ROYAL OPERA, Covent Garden, W.C. z.—Grand Opera during London Season The (third) Covent Garden Theatre was opened May 15, 1858 (the first was opened Dec. 7, 1732). Secretary of Covent Garden Opera Syndicate (1930), Ltd., W.V. Barrell, Royal Opera, Covent Garden, W.C. z. Bache Choire (Founded 1876).—Fixtures for 1931-232 season Choral and Orchestral Concert Garden, W.G. 2.

1931-32 season Choral and Orchestral Concert at Queen's Hall, Passion Sunday, March 13, 17 a.m. and 230 p.m. Also Private Invitation Concerts at Royal College of Music on Thursdays

Concerts at Royal College of Music on Thursdays Dec. 20, Feb. 21, and May 5, at 8.30 p.m. Musical Director, Dr. Adrian C. Boult; Secretary, Francis J. Belton, 2 Wontner Rosd, London, 8.W. 27, Royal. Albert Hall, South Kensington, 8.W. 7,—Royal Choral Society, and other Concerts, Mectings, Balls, Bazaars, Boxing Contests, Exhibitions, &c. Concert every Sunday, Oct to April, at 3. Manager, Chales B Cochran; Sectary, Reginald Askew

ROYAL PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY, 29 Berners Street, W. 1 — Hon. Sec., Gerald M. Cooper. Series of orchestral concerts commenced 1813 and continued without break to present time. Season, Oct.—Aur at Queeu's Hall.

Season, Oct.-Apr at Queen's Hall.

QUEEN'S HALL, Langham Place, W. z.—Con-

certs during Winter Season.

KNELLER HALL, Twickenham.—Royal Military School of Music. The full band of 160 instrumentalists hold classical military band concerts in the grounds on Wednesdays throughout the summer season. First Wed. of month at 3.30 p.m., all other Wed. at 8 p.m. Particulars of fortnightly winter programme can be obtained from the Commandant.

### ENVIRONS OF LONDON.

BARNET AND HADLEY GREEN.—Scene of Battle, A.D. 1472 Hadley Woods.
BROOKLANDS, Weybridge.—Motor and motor-

cycle races.

BURNHAM BEECHES and FLEET WOOD, Bucks. BURNHAM BECOHES and FILET WOOD, Bucks.

-Magnificent sylvan scenery (ass scres), purchased by the Corporation of London for the benefit of the public in 1879; Fleet Wood (5s acres) presented in 1921. During summer omnibus runs daily, Sundays included, from Slough Station, G.W.R., passing within sgo yards of "Gray's Klegy" (thuich, see "Stoke Poges."

BUSHY PARK (1, 100 acres).—Adjoining Hampton Court, contains many fine trees and avenue of horse-chostnuts enclosed in a fourfold avenue of limes, planted by King William III. "Chestmut Sunday" (when the trees are in full bloom

nut Sunday" (when the trees are in full bloom with their "candles") is usually about 1st to 1sth May. A herd of tame deer is maintained.

Act, 1917. In 1921 the Chequers Estate of 700 acres was added to the gift by Lord Lec. Chequers is a Tudor mansion in the Chilterns, about 3 miles from Princes Risborough, Bucks, and contains a collection of Cromwellian portraits and relica

traits and relics.

CHLTERN HUNDREDS (Stoke, Burnham and Desborough, in Buckinghamshire).—No duly elected member of the Commons can resign his seat; he must apply for some office of profit under the Crown, and so vacate his seat under the Act of Settlement, 2707 (5 Anne, c. 7), and the usual practice is to apply for the Stewardship of the Chittern Hundreds, or of the Manor of Poynings, or Northstead, or the Eschestorship of Munster, whereupon the seat is declared vacant (under the Place Act of 1742, which expressly permitted acceptance of such offices to serve as an excuse for resignation) and a new writ is issued by the Speaker.

tion) and a new writ is issued by the Speaker.
CUFFLEY, Herts.—Memorial to Capt. W. L.
Robinson, F.C., on spot above which the first

German Zeppelin (L zz) was destroyed.

Downe House, Downe, Farnborough Kent.—
Where Charles Darwin thought and worked for 40 years and died in 1882. Open free daily (except Good Friday and Christmas Day) to 6,

April to Sept., and rr to 4 Oct. to March
DULWICH, S E. ar (5 miles from London) contains Pulmich College (founded by Edward Alleyn
in 1619), Dilwich Picture Gallery, built by Sir
John Soane to house the collection bequeathed
by the artist til Vennel Rousel (cons. from hy the artist, Sir Francis Bourgeois (open free daily, to to 4, 5, or 6, and on Sunday afternoons during the Summer), the Horniman Museum (see p. 224), and Duleuch Park (72 acres). In Dulwich Village the rural characteristics of the pre-suburban period are preserved.

pre-sugnroan period are pressived.

ELTHAM, Kent (so miles from London by Southern Ry). Remains of 13th-13th century Eltham Palace, the birthplace of John of Eltham (1316), son of Edward II. The hall, built by Edward IV., contains fine hammer-ham work of sheathy. In the observations beam roof of chestrut. In the churchyard of 8t. John the Baptist is the tomb of Thomas Doggett, the comedian and founder of the Thames Watermen's championship.

ENFIELD, Middlesex (ze miles from London by L.N.E. Ry.). Parish Church contains wellpreserved brasses and monuments.

ENFIELD LOCK, Middlesex. Royal Small Arms Factory may be visited by appointment (intending visitors must be British subjects and

should apply beforehand by letter).

EPPING FOREST (5,659 acres, originally purchased by the Corporation of London for £350,000 and thrown open to the public in 1882; the present forest is 12 miles long by 1 to 2 miles wide, about one-tenth of its original area; in 1929 the deer in the forest averaged 126). LOUGHTON, BUCKHURST HILL, CHINGFORD, HIGH BEECH, on L. & N.E. Railway. Beautiful forest scenery.

Sconery.

ETON COLLEGE.—sa miles from London. The most famous of English schools, founded by Henry VI. in 1440, the scholars numbering 1,114 in Sept. 1936. Buildings date from 1523.

FOUNDLING HOSPITAL SCHOOLS, Redhill, Surrey.—Founded in 1739 by Capt. Coram, of the Merchant Marine, for exposed and deserted young illegitimate children. Coram also bequeathed funds for the benefit of King's Chapel, Hoston, Muss. Offees, 40 Brunswick Sq., W.C. I. GRAVESEND, a borough and river port, 22 miles from London (Southern Ry.). A favourite resort. right May. A herd of tame deer is maintained.

GHEQUERS, a country residence for Prime Surrey.—Founded in 2739 by Capt. Coram, of Ministers (from Jan. z, zgaz), was presented to the Merchant Marine, for exposed and deserted the Nation (with an endowment to maintain young illegitimate children. Coram also bethe estate, &c.) by Lord and Lady Lee of queathed funds for the benefit of King's Chapel, Fareham, as the official country residence for the Frine Minister of the day, and the gift was approved by Parliament in the Chequers Estate from London (Southern Ry.). A favourite resort for Londoners. St. George's Church (1727) con-tains a pulpit of Virginian wood, erected in 1204. and a stained glass window (the gift of ladies of Virginia) in memory of Princess Pocahontas, who was buried in the former church in 1617. Graves-end was formerly considered to be the entrance to London (Tilbury fort and docks are on the

Opposite bank).
GREENWICH, S.E. ro.—A south-eastern metropolitan borough (see p. 603) with a frontage of 4½ miles on the Thames. Greenwick Hospital (since 1873, the Royal Naval College) was built by Oharles II., from designs by Inigo Jones, and by Queen Anne and William III., from designs by Ween Anne and William III. Wren, on the site of an ancient royal palace, and wren, on the site of an ancient royal palace, and of the more recent Placentic, an enlarged edition of the palace, constructed by Humphrey, Duke of Gloucester (1392-1447), son of Henry IV. Henry VIII., Queen Mary I. and Queen Elizabeth were born in the Royal Palace (which reverted to the Crown in 1449) and King Edward VI. died there. The Painted Hall of Greenwich Hospital (Thorphill). Nalson Belies &c. cone on week. (Thornhill), Nelson Relics, &c., open on week-days (except Friday) from 10 (and on Sundays from 2) till 4 or 6, according to time of year. In the principal quadrangle is a marble year. In the principal quadrangle is a marole statue of George II., by Raysbracck, Naval Museum, interesting Collection of Models, &c., open daily, except Friday and Sunday, row till 4 or 6; admission 6d. per person (except Sundays and Bank Holidays)—bona fide parties of so or more, 3d. per person. Chapel open daily except Sundays and Fridays, and after 4 p.m. on Saturdays. Greenwich Park (188 acres) was enclosed by Humphrey, Luke acres) was encosed by numpiney, Duke of Gloucester, and laid out by Charles II., from the designs of Le Notre. On a hill in Greenwich Park is Greenwich Observatory (founded x675), the zero meridian of longitude and of "Greenwich Time." Admission to the observatory only by permission of the Astronomer Royal. The parish church of Greenwich (St Alfeje) was rebuilt by Hawksmoor (Wren's pupil) in 2728, and contains a pulpit and other carvings attributed to Grinling Gibbons. General Wolfe (Heights of Abraham) and Tallis ("the father of Church Music") are buried in the church. Henry VIII. was christened in the formerchurch. The Ministornal Whitebant Dinner, held for many years at the "Ship" Hotel, was last held in 1894.

HAMPTON COURT —Sixteenth century Palace

built by Cardinal Wolsey, and added to by Sir Christopher Wren for William and Mary, 15 miles from London. Fine view of river. Beautiful gardens with maze and prolific grape vine (planted in 1768). Old Royal Apartments and collection of 1768). Old Royal Apartments and collection of pictures. Tennis Court. built by King Henry VII. 11 1839. The State Apartments are open every week-day from 10 a.m., and on Sundays from 2 m. Hours of closing, May to Sept. 6 p.m., March, April and Oct. 5 p.m.; Nov., Dec., Jau and Feb. 4 p.m. Admission, Mon., Tues., Wed., Thur. and Fri., 12; Sat., 6d. (children half price) Admission to the Tudor Kitchen, Wine Cellars and the Great Hall, 2d. (inclusive charge), no half price. Sun. and Bank Holidays, free. Tiokets obtainable at the King's Staircase. Bushy Park adjoins the Lion Gates of Hampton Court Palsoe.

Court Palace.

HARROW-ON-THE-HILL.—10 miles by Metro-politan and other railways. Large public school (676 scholars in Sept. 1988), founded by John Lyon in 1871. The "Fourth Form Room" dates

from 1608

JORDANS AND CHALFORT ST. GILES, near Beaconsfield, Bucks, contain the Old Quaker Meeting House (1688) at Jordans, in the burish ground of which lies William Penn (Pennsylvania); a barn in the farm ground is believed to have been built out of the timbers of the Maylosser by the ryth century owner of Jordans (Gardener). At Chalfont St. Giles is the cottage where At Kingsron-Pon-Thanes, Surrey (about 22 miles from London), is the ancient place of coronation

trom London), is the ancient place of coronation of the Kings of Saxon England. The Coronation Stone (hence the name "King's Stone") is pre-served within railings in the market place.

RICHMOND, Surrey, contains the red brick gateway of Richmond Palace (Henry VII., 1485-1509) and buildings of the Jacobean, Queen Anne, and early Georgian periods, including White Lodge in Richmond Park, the home of Queen Mary's mother (the Prince of Wales was born there June 23, 1894). The Star and Garter Home for Disabled Soldiers, Sailors, and Airmen (the Women's Memorial of the Great War) was opened by Queen Mary in 2024. Rich-mond Park (a. 200 acres) contains herds of fallow and red deer. From the Terrace Gardens, Richmond Hill, can be obtained a wonderful view of the Valley of the Thames.

RUNNIMEDE. -- A meadow of about 100 acres, on S. bank of Thames (part of the Crown Lands), between Windsor and Staines. From June 15-23, zais, the hostile Barons encamped on zars, the nosule Barons encamped on time meadow during negotiations with King John, who rode over each day from Windsor The 48 "Articles of the Barons" were accepted by the King on June 13, and were subsequently embodied in a charter, since known as Magnatical Control of Thich visual content was a Magnatic field of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of Carta, of which several copies were sealed on June 19. About half a mile N.E. of the meadow is Magna Carta Island (claimed as the actual

site of the sealing) presented to the Nation in 1930 by Lady Fairhaven and her sons.

RYE HOUSE, at Hoddesdon, on the River Lee. Scene of the celebrated plot. Old castle and dungeons, pictures, oak fireplaces, chests and panels; Queen Elizabeth's bed; the Great Bed of Ware (mentioned in "Twelfth Night").

St. Albans. -A city in Hertfordshire, on the river Ver, as miles N.W. of London. The abbey church, built partly of materials from the old Roman city of Verulamium by Paul of Caen, was consecrated in ray. Parts still remain of the Norman structure. The city was the scene of the overthrow of Henry VI. in 1455, and of the Earl of Warwick in 1462. On a printing press set up in the abbey the first English translation of the Bible was printed. Ruins of ancient City of Verulam; St. Michael's Church, with tomb of Lord Bacon.

STOKE POGES (a miles from Slough station on GW. Ry.) contains the 14th century Church with the Churchyard of Gray's "Elegy" and "Ode on a Distant Prospect of Eton College." The poet was buried in the church in 1771. There is an eccentric "Bicycle" Window (2643) in an external closster.

WALTHAM ABBEY (or WALTHAM HOLY CROSS), 13 miles from London (L.N.E. By.).—The Abbey runs, Harold's Bridge (zith century), the Nave of the former cruciform Abbey Church (the oldest Norman building in England (consecrated May 3, roso) and the traditional burial place of King Harold II., roso, and a Lady Chapel of Edward II., with crypt below. At Waltham Cross, r mile from the Abbey, is one of the crosses (partly restored) erected by Edward I. to mark a resting place of the corpse of Queen Eleanor on its way to Westminster Abbey. (Ten crosses were erected, but only those at Geddington, Northampton and Waltham remain; "Charing" Cross originally stood on the spot now occupied by the statue of Charles I. at Whitehall.)

WINESSET CASTLE (begun by William the Conqueror, A.D. 1065-1087).—22 miles from London, by Great Western and Southern Rallways. When the Court is not in residence, the State Apartments of Windsor Castle are generally open to the public, during His Majesty's pleasure, on every week-day except Friday. The charges for admission are: Adults, s.e.; children, 6d. On Bank Holidays half the usual fees are charged; by the King's command, the proceeds to go to tooal charities. An authorised guide book can be obtained at the office, price 6d. The hours of admission to the State Apartments are from 1 April to 30 June, and 1 to 31 Oct. between 12 and 4; 1 July to 20 Sept., 12 to 5; and from 1 Nov. to 32 March, between 12 and 2. The Queen's Dolk' Houss is open on the same days and hours as the State Apartments, admission 6d. each person. The Albert Memorial Chapet is open on the same days and at the same hours as the State Apartments. The royal stables and riding school may be viewed daily between the hours of 1 and 2. St. George's Chapel may be viewed on week-days (Fridays excepted), between 12 ann. and 4, p.m.

WOLWICH.—9 miles from London; (Southern Railway), Dockyard and Arsenal Station for Barracks, Rotunda, &c. Old Dockyard; Extensive Barracks for Royal Artillery, Royal Army Service Corps, &c. Common for military evolutions. For Hotunda Museum, see p. 285.

### METROPOLITAN SPORT.

AQUATICS.—The Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race, rowed almost continuously since 1836 (first race 1839) takes place about last Saturday in March. The course is 4% miles from Putney to Mortlake. Henley Regatta occupies four days towards the close of the London season. Doggett's Coat and Badge for Thames watermen on Aug. 1, from London Bridge to Chelsea. The Wingheld Sculls, amateur championship of the Thames, in July.

ATHLETICS.—The Amateur Championships are generally held on the first Saturday in July at Stamford Bridge Grounds, Fulham Road, the headquarters of the London Athletic Club, under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Association (A.A.A.), 10, John Street, Adelphi, W.C. a. The Women's Amateur Athletic Association (Sec., Mrs. I. Goold, Polytechnic, Regent Street, W. z.) is affiliated to the A.A.A. The Oxford and Cambridge Sports are held at Stamford Bridge, Fulham Road, usually on the Friday before the Boat Race. Bowling is managed by the English Bowling Association, C. E. Woodruffe, General Sec., 9-20, Pancras Lane, Queen Street, E.C. 4-Amateur Boxing is managed by the Amateur Boxing is managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing is managed by the Amateur Boxing as managed by the Amateur Boxing is managed by the C.C. 4. Lord's (see p. 446). The grounds of Surrey County Cricket Club at Kennington Oval and of Essex County at

Leyton are also easily accessible. The Croquet Association offices (Sec., Charles Crawley) are at 4, Southampton Row, W.C.z. Rugby Football in the Metropolitan area is played by amateurs only, the International home matches taking place at Twickenham. The Oxford and Cambridge match is also played at Twickenham. The principal Metropolitan Clubs are Blackheath ("The Club," Rectory Field), the Hariequins (Twickenham), Richmond (Athletic Ground), London Scottiah and Rossiyn Park (Old Deer Park, Richmond). Se. of the Rugby Union, Commdr. S. F. Coopper, R.N. Offices, Twickenham. Association Football is principally professional, the leading Metropolitan clubs being Arsenal (Highbury, N.), Chelses (Stamford Bridge), Clapton Orient (Milledis Road, Homerton, E. 9), Fulham (Craven Cottage, S.W. 6), Millwall (New Cross, S.E. 12), Queen's Park Rangers (Shepherd's Bush, W.), Tottenham Hotspur (Tottenham, N.), and West Ham United (Upton Park, E.). F.A. Office, sz. Lancaster Gate, W.z. The governing body for Amateur Gymnaustics is the Amateur Gymnastic Association of Great Britain and Ireland (Hon. Sec., C. J. West, Grassmead, Lingfield, Surrey). Lavon Tennis Champlonships are decided at Wimbledon early in July (or late in June). The controlling body is the Lawn Tennis Association, 2s, Essex Street, W.C. 2. Polo is played at Hurlingham Club (Fulham, S.W. 6), and at Ranelagh Club (Barnes, S.W. 12). Tennis is played at Queen's Club, Prince's Club, and Lord's, and there is a Tennis Court at Hampton Court Palace (built by King Henry VIII. in 1839).

RACE MEXINGS (for Racing Calendar, 2023, 2ec Index).—Flat Racing is under the rules of The National Hunt Committee. The Derby is run at Epsom (14 miles from London). Assot Week at Ascot Heath, near Windsor, about a fortnight after the Derby. The principal fiat races are on Neurarete Heath; meetings near Loudon are

RAGE MERTINGS (for Racing Calendar, 1932, see Index).—Wist Racing is under the rules of The Jockey Club (Hdyrs., Newmarket), Steeplechaung under the rules of The National Hunt Committee. The Derby is run at Epsom (14 miles from London). Asoot Week at Ascot Heath, near Windsor, about a fortnight after the Derby. The principal flat races are on Neumarket Heath; meetings near Loudon are Sandown Park (Esher), Kempton Park (Sunbury). Hurst Park (W. Molesey), Gatwick (Southern Ry). Lingfield (E. Grinstead); Goodsood Races, which mark the close of the London Season, are held in the Duke of Richmond's Park, near Chichester, Sussex in July. The Grand Mititary Steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus (the principal race of the steeplechaus the last Friday in March. The Waterloo Cup (Coursing) is won at Altoar, near Liverpool, about the last Friday in March. The Waterloo Cup (Coursing) is won at Altoar, near Liverpool, white the several evenings weekly at Wembley. The Witter (14), Harringay, Wimbledon, Clapton and West Ham. All the London greyhound tracks, with the excepton of Clapton, are now supplemented by a dirt track for motor cycle racing, and speedway meetings are held on some evenings when there is no greyhound racing. There are also speedways at Les Bridge, Clapton, and High Boech, near Woodford. The Caloutta Sweep (on the race for the Derby) is promoted annually by the Royal Calcutta Turf Club. The Sweep is not open to the public and no "tickets" as s

### MOTOR CABS.

FARE payable : (a) Not exceeding two-thirds of a mile, or for a period of time not exceeding s. d. seven and a half minutes .....

(b) Exceeding do. :

(x) For each third of a mile, or time not exceeding three and three-quarter

(a) For any less distance or time...... In addition to the above the driver is entitled to charge the following extra payments:

(z) Luggage:-For each bicycle, child's mail cart, or perambulator, od.; for each package carried outside . ....

(s) Extra persons:—When licensed to carry more than two persons—for each additional person beyond two,

the whole journey..... o 6
Provided that one child or two children under the age of ten years shaft count as one person.
HORSE VEHICLES.

Exclusive of the extra 6d, authorised by Home Secretary FARES BY DISTANCE (Cabs either with or without a Distance Recorder, but without a Taximeter): If hired and discharged within the Four-Mile Radius, for any dis- s d. tance not exceeding two miles .....

The driver may notify, by means to be approved by the Commissioner of Police, that he is willing to accept a fare of 6d. for any journey not exceeding a mile.

For every additional mile or part of a mile o 6 If hired outside the Four-Mile Circle, wherever discharged, for the first and each

succeeding mile or part of a mile ..... ....
If hired within, but discharged outside the Four-Mile Circle, whole distance not exceeding one mile, xs.; exceeding one mile, then for each mile ended within the circle, 6d.; and for each mile or part of a mile ended outside

FARES BY TIME: Inside the Four-Mile Circle. Four-wheeled Cabs, for one hour or less, as. ; two-wheeled Cabs.. ..........

If above one hour, for every quarter hour of the whole time and for any less period, four-wheeled Cab, 6d.; if two-wheeled Cab If hired outside the Circle, wherever discharged, for one hour or less whether a

four-wheel or a hansom..... If above one hour, then for every quarter hour of the whole time and for anyless period o If hired within, but discharged outside,

the Four-Mile Circle, the same.

EYTRA PAYMENTS.—Hirers of Cabs should particularly notice these regulations, as disputes generally arise from their not being clearly understood. Whether hired by DISTANCE OR BY TIME, or

whether within or without the radius.

LUGGAGE.-For each bicycle, child's mail s. d cart, or perambulator, 6d.; for each package carried outside the carriage . ....

NOTE .- Luggage carried on the footboard of a hansom-pattern cab so that the doors do not close over it is deemed to be outside within the meaning of this clause.

EXTRA PERSONS .- For each above two (one child or two children under zo years of s. d age count as one person)

WAITING .- When hired by distance, and at the request of the hirer made to wait: for every zs minutes completed—if hired within the Four-Mile Circle, 4 wheels, 6d.; 8. d.

If hired without Circle, a or 4 wheels ...

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.—The fares by Taximeter Motor Cabs are based upon a combination of time and distance. When the cab is kept waiting, delayed by traffic, or caused to travel at the rate of less than six miles an hour, then the charge is by time. When travelling at a speed of six or more miles an hour, then the charge is by distance. Fares for horse-drawn cabs are according to distance or time, at the option of the hirer, expressed at the commencement of the hiring; if not otherwise expressed, the fare to be paid according to distance; but driver can refuse to be hired by time between \$ p.m. and 6 a.m.

DRIVER, if hired by distance, is not compelled Daiver, it mied by distance, is not compensed to drive more than six miles, nor more than one hour if hired by time; further, if hired by time, the driver may be required to drive at any rate not exceeding four miles an hour; if required to drive more than four miles within the hour he may demand, in addition to the fare regulated by

time, for every mile or any part exceeding four miles, the fare regulated by distance. AGREEMENT to pay more than legal fare is not binding. If the driver agree beforehand to take any sum less than the proper fare, the penalty for

any sum less than the proper tare, the penatty for demanding more than the sum agreed upon is goe. The driver of every cab shall have with him, and when required produce, the Authorized Book of Distances, and every driver of any cab shall, if so required, deliver to the hirer a printed ticket, showing cab number, name and address

of Proprietor, &c.
Driver may demand a reasonable sum as a deposit from persons hiring and requiring him to wait at any place, over and above the fare to which the driver is entitled for driving thither. Tenalty 40s., if driver, having received such de-posit, refuse to wait, or go away before the ex-piration of the time for which the deposit shall be a sufficient compensation; or if the driver shall refuse to account for such deposit.

The London Cab Act, 1866, enacts that if any person hires a cab, knowing, or having reason to believe, he cannot pay the fare; or, fraudulently endeavours to avoid payment of a fare; or, having failed, or refused, to pay a fare, refuses, or gives a false address, is liable, in addition to the fare, to a penalty of 40s.

The fares legally demandable by a stage carriage are those painted in a conspicuous manner on the inside of every such carriage, and they are recoverable in a summary way before a Justice of the Peace, in the same way as fares for a

hackney carriage.

All property left in any cab shall be deposited by the driver (and in the case of a stage or the driver (and in the case of a stage carriage, by the conductor, or driver if no conductor) at any Police Station within twenty-four hours, if not sooner claimed by the owner; such property to be returned to the person who shall prove to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police that the same belonged to him, on payment of all expenses incurred, and of such sum to the driver as the Secretary of State has by order prescribed. Property found in a stage carriage by a passenger must be given

up to the conductor under a penalty of £1c.
All inquiries, &c., relating to public carriages should be addressed to the Public Carriage Office, rog, Lambeth Road, S.E.x; but inquiries as to property left in a cab or stage carriage should be made at the Lost Property Office (see p. 414).

HACKNEY CARRIAGE STATISTICS. During 1930 there were licensed public carriages: — Hansoms, 6; clarences — animal 63, mechanical 8, 267; omnibuses—animal 1, mechanical 8, 253; char-a-bancs, 1, 262; tramway cars—mechanical 2, 272; total, 12, 563. Drivers and conductors:—Cab drivers—animal 87, mechanical ro,927; stage drivers—animal r, mechanical 27,321; composite licences (stage driver and conductor)—animal r; mechanical 4,059; con-

ductors, 19,745; total, 58,211.

HACENEY AND STAGE CARRIAGE DRIVERS before obtaining a licence are required to pass an examobtaining a meaner are required to place an examination as to their ability to drive, and hackney carriage drivers, in addition, have to pass an examination as to their knowledge of town. It extends to a knowledge of the principal squares, clubs, hospitals, hotels, theatres, streets, and public buildings in London During 1930, 540 applicants for cab drivers licenses passed the examination as to knowledge of London and its environs. 18,365 separate examinations were held. LOST PROPERTY.

Of lost property, 175,318 articles were deposited, of which 67,530 were claimed by the owners. The number of awards paid to drivers,

&c., was 35, 178.

Enquiries as to property left in a London omnibus, tram-car, or cab should be made at the Lost Property Office, roo, Lambeth Road, S. E., Office hours, zo to 4 (Saturdays, zo to z). The office is not open on Sundays, Good Friday, Christman Day and Bauk Holidays. For property left in a motor coach, enquiry should be made at the office of the coach company concerns. of the coach company concerned.

### : LIGHTING-UP TIME.

By the Road Transport Lighting Act, 2927 (27 and 28 Geo. 5, ch. 37) "every vehicle on any road shall during the hours of darkness carry—

(a) two lamps, each showing to the front a white light visible from a reasonable distance;

(b) one lamp showing to the rear a red light visible from a reasonable distance;

and every such lamp shall, while the vehicle is on any road during such hours as aforesaid, be kept properly trimmed, lighted and in efficient condition, and shall be attached to the vehicle in such position and manner as the Minister

in such position and manuer as the Minister (of Transport) may by regulations prescribe. It shall be the duty of any person who causes or permits a vehicle to be on any road during the hours of darkness to provide the vehicle with lamps in accordance with the requirements of this Act and of any regulations made there-

und ar

dar." (Sec. 1(2).)
(Regulations have been made and are con-

tained in S.R. & O. No. 723 of 1989.)

Whole or partial exemption may be given to validles used for naval, military or air force purposes (Sec. x 3) (b)); vehicles carrying imfammable or explosive goods of a nature special technique of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of the complete section of t fied in the regulations; vehicles when standing on places specially set aside for the purpose; vehicles drawn or propelled by hand, save as provided (Sec. 1 (a)).

The Minister may by regulation require or permit, on conditions, distinctive lamps to be carried displaying coloured lights on vehicles used as Hackney Carriages or public service

vehicles or vehicles used for naval, military, or air force, or police purposes, or as ambulances.
The "hours of darkness" are defined thus:—

(a) As respects the period of summer time, the time between one hour after sunset and

one hour before sunrise.

(b) As respects the remainder of the year the time between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise.

Bicycles (pedal and mechanical solo), pedal tricycles, and invalid carriages, require a single white light to the front.

Pedal bicycles and tricycles need not show a red light to the rear if they have attached an

unobscured and efficient red reflector. Pedal bicycles and tricycles and solo motor

cycles need not carry a lamp if being wheeled by a person on foot as near as possible to the near or left hand edge of the carriage way. Horse Vehicles.—A separate lamp showing a red light to the rear shall not be required to be carried if the lamps showing a light to the front

also show a red light to the rear visible from a reasonable distance and no part of the vehicle or load extends more than 6 feet behind such lamps. Any vehicle carrying a load overhanging laterally more than 12 inches from the centre of the nearest side lamp must have either an additional lamp on the sides where the load overhangs or

the position of the one lamp must be such that no part of the load projects outwards more than as inches beyond a vertical line drawn through the centre of the substituted or additional lamp. On any vehicle carrying a load more than 6 feet

ch any vermon carrying a road more than 6 feet behind any lamp showing a red light to the rear carried in accordance with the Act, an additional or substituted lamp shall be carried so that such load shall not project more than 6 feet beyond such additional or substituted lamp.

Certain vehicles engaged in agriculture are exempt from carrying lamps.

There are special provisions as to vehicles There are special provisions as to ventices towing and being towed. A lamp showing a red light need not be carried by the drawing vehicle; no lamp showing a light to the front need be carried on any vehicle being drawn; a lamp showing a red light need not be carried on any vehicle being drawn except the rearmost vehicle. Provided—if the distance between any such vehicles exceeds g feet, each vehicle shall be required to carry the same lamps as if it were not a drawing vehicle or a vehicle being drawn, and if a drawn vehicle carries a load that projects laterally more than as inches beyond the outer-most of the lamps showing a white light to the front, au additional lamp shall be carried on the projecting load so that no part projects more than a inches beyond a vertical line through the centre of such lamp. Public Service Vehicles must, in compliance with the requirements of The Public Service

Vehicles (Conditions of Fitness) and (Equipment and Use) Provisional Regulations, 1931, be adequately lighted inside, and, in the case of double-decked vehicles fitted with a permanent top, also lighted outside at all times during the hours of

darkness when carrying passengers

Regnal Years.—The years of a king's reign are the regnal years, and each begins on the anniversary of his accession: e.g., Regnal year at of the present King began on May 6, 1930; regnal year as begins on May 6, 1931. The system is used for dating Acts of Parliament. The Summer Time Act of 1923, for example, is quoted as 12 and 16 Geo. V. ch. 64, because it became law in the session which extended over part of these two regnal years. The regnal years of Edward VII. began on January 22, so that Acts passed in that reign are, in general, quoted with only one year number, but year 10 of this series ended on May 6, 1910, and Acts of the Parliamentary Session 1910 are headed 10 Edw. VII. and 2 Geo. V.

	Montoon Oth	46.		4-3		
Name of Club.	Esta blish- ed.	Club-House.	Secretary.	Entr	Ann	Remarks.
Albemarle Aldwych Alexandra Almack's	2874 2922 2884 2904	27 Dover Street, W z . z Exeter St , W.C z . z Grosvenor St , W z z Upper Grosvenor St .	Miss Alice M. Smith Edwin T Nind. Miss A M Commins Brig -Gen Bir Hugh If Stewart, Bt.	G 128 6 5	G. 123 6 & 3 6 8 & 5	Ladies and Gentlemen. Social Non-political Social Ladies only Social and Bridge
Alpine American American Women's Argentine Army and Navy	1857 1919 1899	95 Piccadilly, W z	M E Bruce	5 dž 3	4	Mountaineering, Americans in London, Social Argentine interests Officers of II M Services, Social, Non-political
Arthur's Arts Athenseum Authors' Bachelors'	1001	36 Pail Mail, 8 W z 69 St. James's St . S W.z 69 St. James's St . S W.z 60 lover Street, W z 727 Pall Mail, 8 W z 8 Whitehall Court, S W z 8 South Andiey St., W z	Lt Col H. Raymond T W. Hill Algernon Rose Com F C. Piatt, p 5 o.	30 516 30 31 20	6, 4 & 3	Lit &Science, Pub Services Literature Social. Ladies as visitors
Radminton	2876 2867 2894 2865 2876 270a	9 Green Street, W Ca.	A. Troughton Austin Moody . J. Wilson Taylor C. W. Norfield James Attfield	25 30 25 30	22 , 5 13 4 20 25	Sporting and Coaching. Social Bridge Navai, Mil and Sporting Sporting and Social. Social: Non-political.
Boodle's British Empire Brooks's	1906 1764	za St. James's Su . S W	Capt R W Lockie	30	-	Social · Non-political. Sociai
Buck's . Burlington FineArta Caledonian . Camera . Carlton	1898 1910 1832	zs Clifford Street, W z zz Savije Row, W z St James's Sq , S W z zz John St , W C z	A S. Drayson J R Railey H. de L. Ross H. H. Perry.	#5 #5 #5 #5 #40	•	Social Artists and Collectors, Strictly Scottish Photographic and Social, Conservative
Cavalry Church Imperial City Cariton Oity Livery City of London City University	2890 2913 2868 2914 2838 2804	75 Victoria Street, S W 1	Capt. P G Davidson Miss A M Halligey Frank Mead . A Staniey Bell (Hon) D H Hali Capt Gordon Tench	30 1 & 2 1 2 100 5	13 & s 1, s & 3 6 & 1s 3 15 6	Officers Mounted Service Gentlemen U of E Conservative and Unionis Liverymen of City only, Mewhants, Bankers, &c. Oxf and Camb Graduate
City University City Women's. Cobden Cocoa Tree Connaught Conservative Constitutional	2010 2660 2746 2021 2840 2883	St Swithin's Lane, E C 4 sp 0id Broad Street, E C 2 sp 0id Broad Street, E C 2 sp 0id Broad Street, E C 2 sp Vine OfficeCourt, E C 4 69 Victorin Rt, S W z 64 St. James's St. S W z 75 Seymour St. W z 74 St James's St. S W z Northumberland Ave Univide Common S & zz	Miss J M Houghton F J Shaw Walter deen F H Turner Waj E Gray w c IReginald H Cale	A 12 20 30	15 at 3	Social   Free Trade and Peace   Social   Pub School, Service&Pro   Strictly Conservative,   Political
Covered Courts Cowdray	2900	so Cavendish Square, W z	Miss E M Litten	3 & zi	£3 108	Social and Tennis Nurses and Prof Women
Cruising Association Devonshire E India United Serv Raton Gate (Ladies) Ecoentric Empress	2008 2875 2849 2985 2890 2897	Chiltern Court, N W x 50 St James's St. S W x 55 St James's Sq. S W x 67, Eaton Square, S W x 9 Ryder Street, S W x 35 Hover Street, W x 2 Whitehail Court, S W x 36 Piccadilly, W x	F White Miss E L Lees J A. Harrison (Hon. W. H Stone		31 & 21 5 & 3	Yachting, Pilotage, &c. Nocial Non political Industrial Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Indian Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Personal Per
Farmers' Fly Fishers Forum Garrick	1919	6 Grosvenor Place, S W :	Miss Dors Parr Lt -Col. K. A. Plimp	- 20	3 & 3 5 10,8,7.5	Agricultural interests. Flyfishers and Social Women Social and Pro- Dramatic and Literary
Golfers' Green Room Gresham Guards' Haleyon Hursi Park Junior Army & Navy	1893 1877 1843 1813 1911 1868 1911 1864	Whitshall Court, S W z 46 Leicester Sq. W C z 32 Ab hurch Lane, F C 42 Brook Street, W z 13 Cork Street, W z Fulham, S W 6 Cork Street, W z Horne Guards Av, S W z 35 Paul Mall, S W, z	G Haxlerigg, o B R Miss B K Huggins H S Cole Capt H J Fictcher Was M F McWilliam H C Brooke Johnson Maj L E Barry	30 30 10 & 5 5	6 & 4 9 13 15 5 & 4 11 & 8 10 7 5 & 14	Social for Golfers Dramatic Profession Bankers and Merchants. Guards' Officers only. Professional Women Polo, Tennis and Social, Racing and at W. Molesee, Officers past and present. Nocial Non political 'Strictly Conservative
Junior Atheneum Junior Carlton Jun Constitutional Jun Navala Military	1007	30 Pall Mall, S W.z 202 Piccadilly, W z 96 Piccadilly, W z	C W Eldridge	l 5 i		Strictly Conservative Conservative and Unionis Commissioned Officers.
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Automobile Carlton Empire Imperial	2903 2906 2903 2983 2898	76 South Audiey St. W z 5 Grosvenor Place, S W z 60 Grosvenor Street, W z 29 Dover St. S W.z 74 Princes Square, W s.	Miss M D Cressweii . Miss Evelyn L Hogg Miss B Bowman Mrs J R Peter Miss R M Stanton	15 10 5 5	10 & 10 20 & 5 8 20/6	Social Motor Lecomotics Social and Political, Social and Conservative, Students and Workers.
Ladies' Park	2904 2928 2800	3 Whitehall Ct., S.W.z Riverside, Putney, S.W.	Miss Shiela Lynch	3	5.4,3,2,1	Social. Social: Lady Golfers. And at Henley-on-Thame

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	London Fencing	2848 2846	7 (Teveland Row, S W i Riverside, Putney, S W	IA Col C. E P Same	G. 11 £0	G. £30 3	Fencing, &c Amateur Rowing.
1	Lyceum	1904 1707 1869	238 Piccadilly W z SJohn's Wood Rd , N W 8 52 Pall Mall, S W z	key, D s o M L Guy W Findlay Paym - Capt L E Tier, R v Maj T. J. G. Gardiner	£5 25	£3	Ladies Arts and Lit Headquarters of Cricket. Social.
	National Ideral National Ideral National Eporting Naval and Military	2845 2888 2892 2868	Whitehall Place, S.W.I	John Henderson . L. W. Penn Capt. J. F. Tindal- Atkinson.	 10 20	765	Protestant and Social Liberal Sporting and Social Navy, Army, Marines, Air
	New Century New Oxfd & Camb, New University New Victorian Newfoundland Nihon-Jin-Kwai	2899 2864 2896 2982 2988 2900	is Hay Hill W I 15 Stratton Street, W I 157 St. James St., S W. I 300 Sackville St., W. I Danny Club only 2 Cavendish Sq., W I 24 Ryder Street S W. 2.	Mrs Rice (Vacant) R C Drinkwater Miss A K Taylor Victor Gordon, c m.c. A. Kudzutani	30	8 & 6 13 5 & 6 2 & 1	Ladies Social. Uxford and Camb Univ. Uxford and Camb Univ. Ladies. Social. Interested in Newfoundld. Japanese nationality Conservative
	Northern Counties. Norses. Norses. Outses. Outses. Orienta. Oxford and Camb Oxford and Musical Phyllis Court Portland. Portland. Prett's Press. Princes. Public Schools Queen's Queen's	1891 1981 1844 1877 1830 1800	1 Whitehall Ct. 8 W z set Queen's Gate, 8 W z set Queen's Gate, 8 W z set Gate Gate Gate Gate Gate Gate Gate Ga	Capt G H Oborne Miss R Yorsch Miss R Yorsch Miss R Yorsch Miss R Yorsch Miss D Williams Even H D Godder( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace M Abel( Horace	Nel	15 & 3 14 4 & 14 4 & 5 5 & 11	Social, Northumbrians Royal British Nurses' Assoc Social Social Lady guesta. Oxford and Camb, Univ. Chamber Music River heady' re: Social. Ladies Social: Non-political. Social Social: Non-political. Social Frietly Journalistic Real Tennis, Racquets Social - Public Schools Sports and Athletics.
	Railway	1899 1894 1837	57 Fetter Lane, RU 4 Barnes, SW 23 204-5 Pall Mall, SW 2	H A Vallance  S H Berry Lt. Col. Hope John-	20/6 40 £40	2 22 25	Study of Railway matters. Polo, Golf, Croquet, Tennis. Reformers
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	Royal Automobile Royal Ornising Royal Societies Royal Thames 1 acht Ryl. Toxophilite Society R. W. S. Art St. Andrews St. James's St. James's St. Stephen's	1897 1894 1775 1761 1884 1930 1857 1870	66 Knightsbridge, S W z 63 St. James's St., S W z 66 Knightsbridge, S W z 92 Allinon MewsEast, W s 5a Pall Mall East, S W.z 3 Whitehall Court, S W 1	Rufdett, p.s. Com F. P. Armstrong. On H. F. R.N. V. R. Donald C. L. Crec(Hoa) R. H. Humphreys Maj Craishaun, on E. Melville Fostor, M. R. L. H. Philp W. A. Marttin (Hon) D. R. Murdoch May P. S. Long Innes,	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	20,6 & 4 13 & 11 4 1 2 & 1	And at Woodcote Park, Epsum Tachting und Social. Learned Societies Yachting and Social Archery. Social und Art Social und Art Soots. Ladies and Gentlemen. Diplomatic Conservative
	Sandown Park	1875 1857 1868 1895 1798	25 Old Bond St , W z . 6-7 Adelphi Terr , W C z 69 Brook Street, W z . 49 Groevenor St , W z . 22 Hanover Square, W z .	M C. A E Hunt V Woodhouse (Hon ) May Strange Butson Mrs Turnbull	5 7 25 Na	7 1	Racing, and at Esher Literature and Art. Social Social and Literary. Fat cattle, &c.
	patiell Sports Sports Sports Stadium Thannes Rowing Thatched House The Three Arts Travellers Turf Union Unitd. Nursing Servs. United Sports United Sports United Sports United University United University	1917 2893 1988 1860 1865 1911 1819 1868 1981 1881 1981	S Cavendish Square, W. z S St. James's Sq. S, W. z S Fitgh Holborn, W. t. z Futner, S W. z. z S St. James s St. S. W. z. z S St. James s St. S. W. z. z S Fitcanill, S. W. z. z Carlton HouseTer, S. W. z. z S Paul Mail, S. W. z. z 4 Whitchall Ct. S. W. z. z * Suffolk Street, S. W. z. z. Suffolk Street, S. W. z. z.	J. I. Legam Maj Saunders, p. s.o. S. W. Swiff R. H. Coumbe (Hon) Lt. Col G. V. Watson Mrs. C. L. Flack Maj W. E. S. Tyler William Lovelaco Norman F. Wells Miss M. F. Steele, s. n.c. P. m. Cpt. R. H. Gore, o. B. E. R. R. (ref.). Maj, J. E. Barry	:40 80 : 15 30 30 1 40 8	4 18,6,3 3 & 9 16 15 15 & 10 2, 8 & 3	Spanish nationality (Men). Socul and Sports Club. Amateur Rowing. Social Non-political Ladies Music, Art, Drama. Tavellers Racing and Social. Social Non-political Ladies of Music, Art, Drama. Tavellers Racing and Social. Social Non-political. Ladies of Crown Services. Combatant Officers. Social and Sporting. Univot and Camb. Univ.
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## PRINCIPAL CLUBS IN ENGLAND AND WALES.

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Town	Estab-	Address	Mem-	- 7	ription	"Hon Sec or Secretary
	lished		bers	Entr.	Ann	,
	-04		4.	4	G	-
Abergavenny (County) Alderney C I (Grosnez) Aldershot (Officers)	2860 1988	Lower Monk Street Victoria Street	60 30	£.	5. a & t £3	•(' G A Brooks •G D Drewitt Lt-Col T Adair, p.s o R W D Young. •Mrs J Richardson •Col B. C Dwyer-Hampton, D.B. O
Aldershot (Officers)	2005 2858	Farnborough Road				Lt Col T Adair, p.s o
Eath (Bath and County) (Ladies)	2058 2008	Queen Square Milsom Street	350	6	7	Mrs. J. Richardson
Beaumaris (Royal Anglesey	X80s	6 Green Edge	220		•	*Col B. C Dwyer-Hampton,
Yacht) Bedford (Bedford Club)	z883	o De Parva Avenue	235		482	D. S. C. Dwyer-Hampton. D. S. O. School of Clifford Whitworth Capt. C. S. Hickman, D. S. O. Capt. A. Stuart Little Lt. Col. C. L. Seton Browne, W. P. Davidson. D. S. O. School of C. Taunton, M. S. L. H. Keles
(Town and County)	2884 2886	o De Parys Avenue Embankment	235 205		4 2 6	Capt. C & Hickman, D so
(Town and County)  Bembridge, I of W (Sailing)  Bexhill-on Sea (New)	TOTO	Isle of Wight a Marina Court Ave	450 101	6	3	Lt Col C L Seton Browne
Birkenhead (Royal Mersey Yt )	1910 1844 1881	Rockferry Paradise Street	356	3	•	W P Davidson.  D 8 0
Birmingham (Clef)	1981	of New Street	830 447	4	1 24	H Kyles
Birkenhead (Royal Mersey Yt.) Birmingham (Clef). (Chamber of Commerce). (Conservative)	1921 1872 1899 1890	95 New Street 53 Temple Row Fore Street	375	5 & 3	12,6 & 3	H Kyles  A Axel Miller, w  H R Bettinson
(Cosmopolitan) (Liberal)	1890		300 120	•	442	Walter Riles
(Midland)	1808	New Street 13 Waterloo Street	170	5	8, 5 & 4	*Walter Rile;  *K Mareton Rudland, rc.a  *T Harold Platts  Miss R Classes
(Midland Conservative) (Three Counties Ladies)	1882	61 New Street	212	4	78-	Miss B. O'Lenry
(Thurst)	1914 2868 2875 2864	67 New Street Colmore Row Victoria Street	351	20	ia	Miss B. O'Leary F H Doakin John T Rudd Robert Cheetham
Bishop Auckland (The ('lub) Blackburn (Conservative)	1854	( films with Street	365		£1 178 6d	Robert Cheetham
(Union)	1860	45 Preston New Rd Sudley Road	100	7	4 6 24	Merbert A Smitten
Bognor (The Bognor ('lub) .	x877	Sucies Road		•		Capt Herbert C Pucuck,
Bolton (Constitutional)	2870 2880	Maudeles Street .	270	:-	3 & 4	T. B Hawkins
Bournemouth(Boscombe Club)	1890	zo The Crescent Pier Approach	270	3 5	5	ORE, R.N.  T. B. Hawkins  Maj H V. Firth  W. M. L. Pollard, T. Ballan  tana
	1	48 Market Street	36z	Nil		oT. W. Smith; J. W. G
Bradford (Bradford & County Conservative)		48 Market Street	301	114	5	
(The Club)	1860	Manor Row .	155		13	B 1 P Gardner
(Liberal)	1877 1857 1861	Bank Street Piece Hall \ard	400	Nil.	5. 3 & 24 4. 6 & 18	George P Hill
Descent (Classister)	1961 1887	Lion Street	86	3 & *	£3. £21	*George P Hill W M Best, M A  R J. R. Haslewood
Bridgnorth (The ('lub) Bridlington (R. Yorks Yacht)	1847	Bridgnorth South Cliff	300		1 1	
Bridgort (West Dorset) Brighton (County)		xa South Street	130	z		T Shoesmith
(New)	1974 1863	7 Middle Street .	300	•:	846	Miss G Parker Lt -Col H V Barley H J Afford B B Siceman H Kitchingman
(Hulon)	1863	133 King's Road 136 King's Road as The Mall	300		9 & 6	H J Alford
Bristol (Clifton) (Constitutional)	1855 1885 1888	St Stephen Street	370	5	542	H Kitchingman
	1888 1893	St Stephen Street Corn Street	550	3 8 2	3 4 24	A J Gardner H W Gibbs
(University and Literary) Budleigh Salterton	1901	so Berkeley Square South Promenade	230	3	3 & 2 3	PM. Goodman
Hurnham on Crouch (Roya)	1901 1872	Burnh'm-on-Crouch	600	3	3	Com E R Carrington-
Corinthian Yacht) Burton on-Trent (The Club)	x884	Burton-on-Trent .	250	5	6	J 8 Moorby
Buxton (Union) ('aernaryon(RoyalWelchYacht	x886	St. John's Road	135	3	4, 2 2 2	W. H. Tomlinson.
Cambridge (Amat Diamatic)	2847 2855 2884	Porth-y-aur Park Street Corn Exchange St. All Saints' Passage	Varies	1	3	1). A Hedley
(Footlights)	2884	Corn Exchange St.		£	1	M (1 1 Three level)
(Hawks)	2872 2835	Jesus Laine .	800	3	s per tern	Smith J S Moorby W. H. Tomlinson. W S Jones 1). A Hedley "T Whelan Reese M. G I. Turnbull A H Bull. Stanky S Brown
(Union) Canterbury (The (Tub)	zBz4	Bridge Street	14 000	2 2	m & 21	Stanley S Brown
(East Kent)	2875 2868 2866	33 St George's Stree Old Dover Road	330 280	3	£5 108 £.	I) F Andrews
Cardiff (Cardiff and County) (Exchange Club)	1866 1885	Westgate Street Mount Stuart Sq.	260 280	5 & =1	3 & 1	Stanley S Brown Capt A H Smith 1) F Andrews S J Price J Pearson Griffiths
Carlisle (Border)	x86a	8 Victoria Place	210		2	John Mattinson,
(County) . Cheltenham (New) .	1870	Promenade	255	5 4 3	54.2	John Mattinson. eltCol F. W. Halton eltCol S. H. Henderson. elt. Col S. H. Henderson. elt. Henderson. elt. Henderson. elt. Henderson. elt. Hiton Gardner. elt. Hiton Gardner. elt. C. Bensusan.Butt., r.c. elt. G. Bensusan.Butt., r.c. elt. G. Henderson. elt. G. Henderson. elt. G. Henderson.
(Union)	1974 1893	(lambray	400 88			J H. Boulter
Chester (City)	1807 -066	St Peter sChurchyd Eastgate Street	132 158	5	49. 39, 29 5 & 4 3 & 2 3 & 2	Post E Hilton Gardner
(Gross enor). Chichester(West,Sussex)Co'nt	1872	Wust. Struct	145		34.	Bartel G. Martin.
Colchester (The Club) (St Runwald's).	1889 1887	Hank Passage Head Street	110	5	342	G C Bensusan-Butt, r.c A.
Coventry (Banner House)	1909	Little Park Street	100	1	2	S. J Gurner.
(Coventry and County) Cowes (Royal Yacht Squadron		A Queen's Road R.Y S Castle, Cowe	300 No	100	4 & s	Ditaley District.
	1	1	limit		1	M 1 O , O H.E., R.N
(Royal London Yacht) ('romer (The Club)	2838	The Parade Cliff Avenue	. 300	Na	4.3.8 =	E. J. Waller
Deal (Deal & Walmer Union)	1900	Marine Rd . Walme	150	5 6 3	1 6 2	Maj H C. Owen, o B. E , M C.
Derive (North Wilts)	. 1878	203 Friar Gate 27 St. John's Street	170	5 % 3	54.	www.del. Brooke
Dorcnester (Dorset County)	186a	a High Street	224	3	443	Col. H Rouse, c B., b s.o
Dorchester (Dorset County) Douglas, I. of M. (Ellan Vannin Dover (The Club) (Royal Cinque Ports Yacht)	zais	s Waterloo Crescen	t ico	Nu	544	Col W T Mould, c v a.
(Royal Cinque Ports Yacht)	1872	Marine Parade	200	Nil	3	Paym Capt F W Walshe, M \ 0, 0, 0, 8, 8, 8, 8 G H L Watson. E. J Waller Maj H C, Owen, o B. E, M C. Gerrard H Smith. W de L. Brooke etcl, H Rouse, c B., D 8.0 etcl, H Rouse, c B., D 8.0 etcl, W M Mould, c M.0. *Maj, P. Lynch, M.B. E. *L S. Bennack.
Durham (County)		Old Elvet		,	6	Bennett. John Wallace.

418 <i>Pri</i>	ncipa	l Clubs in E	nglar	id an	d Wal	les.
Town.	Estab- lished	Address,	No. of Mem- bers.	Subsc Entr.	ription.	*Hon Sec. or Secretary.
Eastbourne (Devonshire) (Sussex)	1972 1886 1890	Grand Parade	250 340	G. Nil	G 54 :	Maj Frederick Sutton, p s.o
Essex Yacht Club Eton (Etonian Country)	1890	as Grand Parade . Leigh-on-Sea	350			Col L. C. H. Stainforth F. J. Cadman J. R. Turnbull, M. C. A. F. Alcock.
Evesham (Evesham)	1984 1990 1855 1876 1889	Clewer Mead, Eton DresdenHo Evesh'm	2,400 254 318	547	8.7.6 & 5	*A F Alcock.  *Mortimer N Ford.
Exeter (Devon and Exeter)	1855	Northernhay Place High Street	318	20 & 7	645	Mortimer N Ford.
Exmouth (The Club)	288g	The Esplanade	120	3	3, 2, & 1	Paym Capt. A Mudge, R x Maj E J Ralter Horeward H. Tresidder F. A Richards. O. F Rofe
Palmouth (The Club) (Royal Cornwall Vecht)	1871	Western Terrace Greenbank	248	5 4 3	4 & 3 3 & 1	Hareward H. Tresidder
Fareham (Castle Yacht) .	1871 1887 1986	Hill Good	52 130		3	F. A Richards.
Folkestone (Radnor)	z874	136 Sandgate Road	205	Nil 3	5 4 3	Lt('ol W Swinhoe-Phelan
Exeter (Devon and Exeter) (Exeter and County). Exmouth (The Club). (Royal Cornwall Yacht). (Royal Cornwall Yacht). Felisztowe (The Club) Folkestome (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Growen (Radnor). Halfax (The Club). Halfax (The Club). Harrosste (The Club).	2874 2894 2874 2882 2868	Cliff House 136 Sandgate Road Fowey Westgate Street	830	5	4 8 2	J. L. Toyne R. G. Matthews Major W. R. Harris, o B.F T. J. Cunningham, c. A
Guildford (County) .	188a	High Street	240 160	1 5	5 & £3 108 5 & 4	Major W. R. Harris, o B.F
Halifax (The Club)	1866	Fountain Street Victoria Avenue	200	5	7	°C. H. Raevers.
Hairrax (The Club) Harroste (The Club) Harrwich (Royal Harw h Yacht) Hereford (Herefordshire) Hove (The (Tub) (The Drive, B.C.) Huddersfield (The Club)	1856 1843 1870	Pier Hotel	150	I	Ĭ	*T. J Cunningham, (.) C H Beevers. W H Sumsion. J. Inglis. F W Sears A H. Saulez. R V Rigby; H H Ramaden.
Hereford (Herefordshire)	1890	Broad Street . Fourth Avenue .	200 181	Nil	6 & 3	F W Sears
(The Drive, B.C.)	1907	The Drive John William St	60		24	A H. Saulez.
		i zz Anlahy Road	272	===	£10	K V Rigby;"H H Ramaden.
Hythe (Cinque Ports)	2900 2905	74 High Street Hythe Pier, South	70		543	*Brig -Gen T W, Stansfeld Capt.H D Briggs, c m o , R N
Vachti	1	ampton	1			
Ipswich (County Club) (Ipswich and Suffolk) Jersey (R.C.I. Yacnt)	2869 2886	Brook Street	120		5 & 4	Ocoper South GE. Whalley MajorNewmanTaylor, o BE LtCol J J Collas, D S O
Jersey (R C I Yacnt)	1863	11 Northgate Gd Hotel, Mt Helier	143	ī	l i	MajorNewmanTaylor,o B E
(Victoria)	1852	Beresford Street,St Helier	200	£6	6	*i.k -Col J J Collas, D so
Kendal (Westmorland County	1893 1866	Highgate	98	5	5	PH B Greenwood
Kingswear (Royal Dart Yacht	1847	Kingswear Bedford Street .	97	ī	684	of C Spencer Phillips H R Heatley
Leamington (Tennis court) (Leamington Club) Leods (The Leeds Club)	1847 1887	a6 The Parade	62	3	3	George Hunter [Gillespie H D Middleton F W
(The Contral)	2849 2928 2873	3 Albion Place City Square	325 60	=5	128 5	Paul Pullevne
Leicester (County) Lewes (Lewes and County)	1873 1873	Bishon Struct	200		1 5	*Maj G Brooke Hart M C *Rowland Gorringe
Tincoln (Lincoln and Chursty,	1873	St Annes St Mary's Street . South Terrace .	26x		5 & 3	A. E. Collis W S Goldie
Littlehampton (County) Liverpool (Artists') (Constitutional)	1873 1918 1881	South Terrace Eberle Street	259	:	3. 2 & 2 3 & 2	W S Goldie
(Constitutional)	1930	India Buildings	900		10	(leorge Nickson
(Exchange) (Lyceum)	1930 1840 1801	zz Fenwick Street Bold Street	500	7	10 5	"" Hon Secretary " Albert Oulton
(Palatine) .	z836	Bold Street Bold Street	120	10	20	R D Holt
(Racquet) (Royal Dee Yacht)	1847	Up Parliament St 6 Rumford Place .	350 60	Nil	10	°C A Robinson.
(Royal Dee Yacht) (Royal Mersey Yacht)	1836 1875 1847 1844 1895 1859	BedfdR , RockFerry a Mount Pleasant	366	3	•	*R D Holt  *J. Nelson Barstow  *C A Robinson.  *W P Davidson  *Prof F Raleigh Batt  Com H A. Knight, H R.
Lowestoft (Royal Norfolk and	1859	Royal Plain	430	6, 4 2 3	6, 4 & 3	Com H A. Knight, H R.
(University) Lowestoft (Royal Norfolk and Suffolk Yacht) Maidstone (Kent County)	z857	Week Street	102	Nat	6	D D Champs
Manchester (Arts) (Brasenose)	1879 1869	South St . Peter St 94 Mosley Street	350	£	6 & 2	A Ellison
(Brasenose) (Clarendon)	286g	94 Mosley Street 200 Mosley Street .	300	- B	11	PH F Simpson · • A M
· ·			-		1	*A Ellison  *K R Brady  *H F Simpson; *A M  Brown  J Cocklin
(Constitutional) . (The ladies') .	1893 1867	36 St Ann Street. 30 Deansgate 5x King Street	800	Nil zo/6	6 & 3	J Cocklin Miss E Moorhouse F Milnes
(Reform) (Town & Counties)	1867	& King Street	800		10	F Milnes
(Union)	1000	as Maules Street	450	25	15	Miss Mary Gregg L. H Walker  R Nathans.  J R Winpenny  Lt Col R. G Merriman,  J T Vizard [D * 0
		Wellington Hotel Marton Road .		15 & 28	1 700	R Nathans,
(Cruising Association) Middlesbrough (Cleveland) Minehead (West Somerset) Monmouth (Monm'th&County New Brighton (Liverp'l Yacht Newbury (South Berks) Newcastle upon Tyne (Northern Counties) (Dnion)	Igoz	The Avenue	130		58 =	Lt Col R. G Merriman,
Monmouth (Monm'th&County New Brighton (Livery') Vecht	1901 1873 1896 1868	Agincourt Square Promenade	50	Nn		
Newbury (South Berks)	1866	Bridge Street	98	. 3	•	W. H C Follett
(Northern Counties)	28ag 286a	13 Eldon Square .	230	15	20	(Vacant.)
(Union)	286a	13 Eldon Square . Westgate Road High Street	390	80	15	George Lediard. B, C Jones.
(Union) Newport, Mon. (Monmouth shire County) Northampton (The Club) Norwich (Norfolk) Nottingham (Borough) (Nottingham Bahre) (Nottingham and County)	1975		ł	5	5	
Northampton (The Club)	1873	George Row	500	5	74.5	John Woods Com J C. Mansfield, n n A. L. Morell. •William Moss
Nottingham (Borough)	2893 2803	King Street	990	844		A. L. Morell.
(Nottingnamahire) (Nottingham and County)	2863 2800	VICTORIE Street	900	20	3 4 24	H C Scattergood.
()mdomi (()lemmidom)	1899 1863	54 Corn Market St.	260	44.	3 & 12 4 & 8 4 & 3 51 206.	Arthur A. Tyler.
(Oxford and County) (O.U.D S.) (Union Society)	1905 1864	33 Holywell	250 175	£2 200	£2 206	·R Hunt.
(Union Society)		Frewin Court	II,000	£5 30	Z4 108 Z4 108.	H. Bird.
Penarth (Yacht)	1861	Frewin Court  A Kg Edwd Street The Esplanade	194		34 308.	Pay-Com R. Stuart Back,
(Union Society) (Vincent's) Penarth (Yacht) Peterborough (City& Counties Piymouth (The Club) (Royal Western Yacht)	1 1865 1870	Priestgate Lockyer Street Leigham Street	#50	3 & =	4 2 3	owilliam Moss H C Scattergood, Arthur A. Tyler.  oH, R Leake  oH thunt. H, Bird.  eE, L Francis. [s.D., s.v. s. Pay-Com R. Stuart Back, Capt. E. Campling.  of R. Watson.  LL-Col. E. Lascelles, o s.E.
(Royal Western Yacht)	2807	Leigham Street	350	",	57 =4.	LtCol. E. Lascelles, o n.E.
<del></del>				100		

	1	•	No of	Subs	eription,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Town.	Estab- lished.	Address,	Mem- bers.	Entr.	Ann	*Hon Sec or Secretary
(Royal Plymonth Corinthian	2877	Madeira Road	200	G _z	G	•A H Rendle
Yacht) (Royal South Western Yacht) Portsmouth (Royal Naval)	1890 1867	West Hoe Pembroke Road	384 530	£å	£6, a, & x	°D M. Murdoch Instr-Cupt G H Andrew,
(Royal Portsmouth Cornth-	x88o	Southsea	2.263	Na	4 & =	Paym LtCom. L. M. Pos.
ian Yacht) Ramsgate (Royal Temple Yacht)	1857	West Cluff Mansions		••	4. 3 & I	Eng Capt. H. E Rock, a w
Panting (Athanamin)	1842 2875 1881	Friar Street Blagrave Street Station Road	205 205	NU 5	4 4 3	F W C Doughty OA G West. OB Bird
(Berkshire)  Reading (Wellington),  Ripon (The Club)  Rochester (Castle)  (Melway Vacht)	1850 1865	Station Road Market Place Gundulph Square	90 230	3	. 3	P Bruce Elliott
(Medway Yacht)	188o	Willis Avenue North Street	100	ros 6d A il	1	H 1 Callund.
Ryde (Royal Victoria Yacht)	2904 2844	St. Thomas Street .	280		5	Maj J N Meares
Rugby (The Club) Ryde (Royal Victoria Yacht) (Royal Thames Yacht) & Leonards on-Sea (East Sus- sex Club)	1775	Ryde Pier . Warrior Square	1,200 200	Nil		*Ribert H Copper  *H I Callund.  *R E Morris  *Maj J N Meares  Maj H R Cralishamao a.z  *F G Stenning
Starborough (The Club) (South Cluff) Sheffield (The Club)	2867 2898	St. Nicholas ('liff West Street .	94 50	2 & 1	7 & 31 5 & a	•H C Moresby White. •R F Ashby Lt -Col M J Duggan, c. s r
Sheffield (The Club) (Athengum)	1847 1885	Norfolk Street George Street	500	15 5	£6 zos	Lt -Col M J Duggan, o. s z
	1895 1888	St James's Row Oak House, Dogwie	320	1	5.44 =	Raymond Meeke
(Kerorm) Shrewsbury (The Club) (Shropshire County) Southampton (Royal Bouthern Lacht)	2872 2837	The Square By the Pier	150 185	4 20 9	7	•Raymond Meske H. Beaman [D.S.o id Col J. H. Westley, c. m. G. •Maj Gen H. Carr, c. s
(Royal Southampton Yacht)	1875 1873	70. Almove Bar The Cliffs	450 975	3 .	4 & 3 3, 3 & 1	A I Robinson *Alfred Smith
Southend (Alexandra Yacht) (Nore Yacht Club)	1003	Western Esplanade	300	2		PHAILTY TYPE
Southport (Union) Southsea (Royal Albert Yacht) Stamford (Stamford and County)	1864 1871	s, Rath Street Clifton Hoad St Mary's Street	130 168 65	Nil x	32.	*Arthur Quayle  14 -Col A Y Hill.  Walter Goodley
County) Stroud (The Club) Swansea (Swansea and Counties)	2890 187#	George Street . Castle Square	280 284	5	3 & zi	T E Sanders E M Bradford
(Bristol Channel Vacht) Taunton (Somerset County) Tavistock (West Devon)	2875 2880 2890	Mumbles Fore Street Bedford Square	280 200 70	::	5, 3 & 1 \$3 208. & £2	T Carey Griffiths. A F Davey *Lt Col H G Pinches.
Teddington (Royal Cance).	1866	Trowlock Island .	257		2 T3	•G (I Day
Teignmouth (East Devon) Tenby (Tenby and County) Tenterden (The Tudor (Tub) Tonbridge (The (Tub)	2869 2877 2986	Beivedere The Croft	94 85 206	Nil	4 & 3	•G G Day •S B Tudball. •W G Moore
Penterden (The Tudor (Tub)	1884 1884	High Street 145, High Street	206 60	I & 10/6		at alle 1 million- Littitlet
iorquay (Carlton) (Roval Torbay Yacht) Tunbridge Wells (Counties)	1913 1863		168	5	3	*M I Hilline  *Wapor G H Martin  *C E Rotherham  *F A Spencer, *J F Dixon  *J Taylor  Capt. H G Stickley  *J S Ridsdale
Tunbridge Wells (Counties)	1872	Beacon Quay 40, London Road The Great Hall	135 185	5	5 & 3 a & x	of A Spencer, of F Dixon.
(Kent and Sussex)	1909 1893 1881	Drury Lane Bridge Street	150	3	5	Capt. H & Stickley
Walsall (The Club). Warwick (County)	1861 1895	Church Street	100	.:	24.	Arthur C Burrows.
Westeliff on Sea (Welcome)	1910	The Cliffs Westcliff on Sea	300	*:	3 & 1	Arthur C Burrows. H L Davis FF J Sparrow
Westward Ho! (Union)	1900 1870	Westward Ho! 6. Charlotte Row	107	6	1	C A Smith Maj W L Newcombe A M Allinson
Warwick (County) Westchiff on Sea (Welcome) (Westchiff Yacht) Westward Ho! (Union) Weymouth(Royal Dorset Yicht) Whitelaven (West Cumber land)		47. New Lowther St	140	3	3	
Winchester (Hampshire) . (City)	1875 1896	Southgate Street 13, Southgate Street	350 70	Nil	3 & 24	Capt N R de la Lee Gill
Windermere (Royal Winder mere Yacht) Wasbech (The Club)	1867	13, Southgate Street Windermere 13, The Crescent	l	2 & z	4. 3. 4 2	*A L Body *Maj E F Wrigley *(1 English
Wolverhampton(Conservative) Worcester (Worcestershire)	1920 1877 1860	Lichtield Street	153 153	3	6 6 3	*(i English  *W. Vincent Vale  *L. J. (ii)bons
(Union)!	1877	40, Foregate Street The Cross	140	£5 6	Б Б	Col A O Needham.
Worthing (County) Yarmouth, I of W (Solent	x892 x878	35, Marine Parade Yarmouth, 1 of W	18x	Nil 2 & 1	4 & zj 5, 3, & z	*Col A O Needham. H. N. Collet. *Maj J E H. Ford.
Yacht) York (City) (Yorkshire)	1877 1839	o, Museum Street . Lendal Bridge .	178	24.2	3 & zi	oW. W. Masser LtCol H.S Lickman, o.s.z

The same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the sa	- Transact	
CLUBS.  According to a recent return there are 11,780 Clubs of all kinds upon the register in England and Wales, with a total membership of 3,767,000 An examination of the return shows the following results —  Oluecta, &c. No of Clubs Membership Trade Union, &c	Conservative	Membership. 501,600 320,500 363,000 1136,600 1.7,500 74,800 303,100 3,767,000

### PRINCIPAL SCOTTISH CLUBS.

Name of Club.	Estab- lished.	Club-House	No of Mem- bers	Subscription. Entr.   Ann	•Hon. Sec. or Secretary.
Aberdeen (Royal Northern) Ayr (County) Dundee (Eastern) Edinburgh (Caledonian U.S.)	1872	Sandgate 3. Albert Square 4. Shandwick Pl	104 205 272 350	£20 8 (is. £5 6 (is. £20 8 (is. 15 (is. 7 (is.	F. R. Young,  W. H. Kennedy.  W. L. Pattallo,  Paym Rear-Adm. K. S. Hay,  G.B.E.
(New) (Ladies' ('aledonian) (Northern) (Queen's) (Royal Eastern Yacht) (Royal Forth Yacht)	2787 2908 2839 2897 1836 1868	85. Princes St 13, (harlotte Square 92. George St 17. Frederick St 37. Queen Street	1,000 790 300 700 100	20 Gs 8, 5& 4Gs 6 Gs 6 & 5 Gs 2 Gs. None	Cul J. H. M. Davie, n.s. o Miss M. de la Cour. J. Hamilton Craig, c A. Miss L. Meikleyohn.
" (Scottish Conservative) " (Scottish Idberal) " (University) " (University Union)	2890 2864 2869	118, Princes St 109, Princes St 187, Princes St Park Place	2,400 700 750 1,581	( zs & ) ' ) 3,4,5,6, ( 5 G ) ' ( 7 & 9 Gs Nusp 6 & 3 Gs 35 Gs zs & 7 Gs 52 zł Gs	John A E Gunn. Geo J R Hamilton. D. Vincent Summers.
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(Liberal) (New) (Royal Clyde Yacht) (R. Wat'rn of Soot Yeht) (R. Scottish Automobile) (Scottish Constitutional) (The Western)	1869 1856 1875 1899 1891	144, W George St. Hunter's Quay 156, St Vincent St. Blythswood Square 46, Renfield St 147, Buchanan St	448 746 180 6,050 955	30 Gs zó & B G 4 Gs z Gs z G z G z Gs z & z G	William G. France, c.a F. A. Downes, c.a F. A. Downes, c.a Robert J. Smith, c.b., c.a Hugh Brechin, c.a LtCol. L. Cotterill.
Inverness (Highland) Oban (Royal Highland Yacht) Paisley (The Club) Rothesay (R. Northern Yacht)	2869 2881 2880	37. High Street Corran Esplanade 20. High Street 43 Argyle Street	250 120	gGa, 4 Gs	Francis W. Fraser. W. Monteith ('ol. James Cook. 'James Napier.

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Grocer-Eastcheap Buildings, E.C.3. & zd.

Grocers Gazette—y: Eastcheap, E.C.3. & zd.

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Hainiressen Weskly—5:-54 Frith Street, W.z., 3d.
Hardwareman & Ironmongers Chronidle—6 Carmelite
Stiect, E C 4, 4d.
Hardware Trade Journal—255 Fleet Street, E C 4, 22.
Homeopathic World—22 Warwick Lane, E C 4, 2d.
Hotel Review—2 Dorset Bidgs., Salisbury Sq., E.C 4.
  18 6d

Illus Carpenter & Builder—S Temple Ave., E.C.4. 2d

Industrial Management—as Henrietts Street, W.C.a. 9d.

Insurance and Finance Chronicle—a Copthall Buildings.

E.C.3. 4d.

Insurance Record—39 Farringdon Street, E.C.4. 2d.

Investor—19 Dowgate Hill, E.C.4. 2d.

Investor—6 Honnicle—7 Drapers Garden, E.C.4. 2d.

Investors Guardian—39 Budge Row. E.C.4. 6d.

Investors Review—39 Fleet Street, E.C.4. 6d.

Iron and Coal Trades Review—49 Wellington Street,

W.C.a. 4d.
    Jeweller & Metalworker—a Clerkenwell Road, E.O. z. 3d
Joint Stock Companies Journal—zz Queen Victoria
Street, E.U. 4 od
Journal of Commerce—zt. so Bishopsgate, E.C. s
Journal of Education and School World—3 Ludgate
Broadway, E. O. 4 od
Journal of Forestry—8 Salisbury Sq., E.C.4
      Kinematograph Weekly—93 Long Acre, W.C. 2. 28.
    Amematograph weakty-eg. Jung Acre, w.C. a. 21.
Lancet-- Bedford Street, W.C. a. 22.
Land Agents' Record--25 Notthampton St., E.C. 4. 6d.
Lawidry Record--25 Hollown, E.C. 2. 6d.
Law Journal-- 27 & 30 Essex Street, W.C. a. 22.
Law Times-Bream's Buildings, E.C. 0. 4. 22.
Law Society's Gazette-- Bell Yard, W.C. a.
Leather Trades Raview--25 Fleet St. E.C. 4. 202 p. a.
Licensed Victuallers' Gazette-- 22 Farringdon Street,
      E C.4. 3d.
Licensing World-27 Russell Square, W C z
      Jackening word—37 knasset, square, we have a galaxy larger than the Light Car and Cyclecur-5 Roseberg Avenue, E' 12. 3d Live Stock Journal—8 Bream Buildings, E' 2, 4d. Locomotive Journal—9 Arkwight Road, N W 3. 4d Locomotive Journal—9 Arkwight Road, N W 3. 4d Locomotive Journal—9 Chuch Brees, Minories, E 2
Machinery—38-34 Chancery Lane, W.C s. 9d.
Machinery—Market—140A Queen Victoria Street,
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      Motor Trader and Review-N. Eride's House, Sainbury
Square, E.C.4. 35 p.a.
Motor Transport—Porset House, Tudor Street, E.C.4. 3d
Municipal Engineering and Sanitary Record—8 Bream's
Buildings, E.C.4. 4d
Musical Standard—Norbury Crescent, S.W. 76. 3d
Musical Times—26 Wardour Street, W. 1. 6d.
          National Builder - Cromwell Rouse, Surrey Street,
      National Bullet — Cromwell House, Surrey Street, W Ca. 28
Autional Newsagent — Fetter Lane, E C.4 ad
National Ponitry Journal—66 Victoria St., S.W 1 ad.,
Newsagent Booksellers' Review and Stationers' Gazette
—78 & 38 Strand, W Ca. 26.
Newsagent World—26 Fleet Street, E Ca. 3d.
Nursing Mirror—36 Tuesel Street, E Ca. 2d.
Nursing Mirror—36 Tuesel Street, C C.2 ad.
Nursing Mirror—36 Lucid Street, W Ca. ad.
        Oil and Colour Trades Journal—8 Ludgats Broadway,
E.C.a. 6d.
Oil News—3s Great St. Helen's, E.C.2. 2d.
Outfitter—5 & 7 Moor Lane, E.C.a. ad.
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Paper Maker—47 Cannon Street, E. C. 4. 22 6d.
Paper Trade Review—58 Shoe Lane, E. C. 4. 6d.
Performer—16 Charing Oress Road, W. C. 2. 2d.
Performer—16 Charing Oress Road, W. C. 2. 2d.
Performer—17 Lettle Trade Street Place, E. C. 3. 2d.
Pharma-entical Journal—26 it, Russell Street, W. C. 2. 2d.
Pharma-entical Journal—26 it, Russell Street, W. C. 2. 2d.
Policy (Insurance)—432 Strand, W. C. 3. 2d.
Policy (Insurance)—432 Strand, W. C. 3. 2d.
Poultry Wireless—435 Farrington Street, E. C. 4. 2d.
Poultry Mireless—435 Farrington Street, E. C. 4. 2d.
Poultry Meping—735 Fleet Street, E. C. 4. 2d.
Poultry Meping—735 Fleet Street, E. C. 4. 2d.
Poultry Meping—735 Fleet Street, E. C. 4. 2d.
Power Landury—75 Victoria Street, S. W. 2. 2d.
Prower Landury—75 Victoria Street, S. W. 2. 2d.
Practitioner—34 Pleet Street, E. C. 4. 3d.
Practitioner—34 Pleet Street, E. C. 4. 3d.
Produce Marketz Review—235 Cannon Street, E. C. 4. 3d.
Publisher Cannon Street, S. W. 2. 2d.
Publisher Cannon Street, S. W. 2. 2d.
Publisher Cannon Street, S. W. 2. 2d.
Publisher Cannon Street, W. C. 2. 2d.
Radio Times—8:18 Southampton Street, W. C. 2. 2d.
Radio Times—8:18 Southampton Street, W. C. 2. 2d. Radio Times—8-zz Southampton Street, W.C s. sd. Railway Gazette—23 Tothill Street, S W. z se Railway Keriew—a9 Eusten Road, N W. z, sd Review (Insurance)—se Rucklerrbury, E.C.4. 6d. Rubber Age—43 Essez Street, W.C s. zs Review (Insurance)—so Bucklersbury, E.C. 4. 6d. Rubber Age—3g Essex Street, W.C. 8. 128 Sales Management—so Henrietta Street, W.C. 8. 128 School Government Unroutele—Bridewell House, Bridewell House, Bridewell Place, E.C. 4. 6d. Schoolmistress—21 Montague Street, W.C. 2. 2d. Schoolmistress—21 Montague Street, W.C. 2. 2d. Shipping and Shipping Record—33 Tothill Street, S. W. 2. 2d. Shoe and Leather Nuver—South Place, E.C. 2. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breet Street, E.C. 4. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breet Street, E.C. 4. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breet Street, W.C. 2. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breet Street, W.C. 2. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breet Street, W.C. 2. 2d. Shoe and Leather Rever—Breem's Buildings, E.C. 4. 2d. Short Street, E.C. 3. 2d. Shoet Street—30 Shideled Street, E.C. 3. 2d. Shoet Trader—434 Fleet Street, E.C. 4. 2d. Sporting Goods Review—Breem's Buildings, Chancery Lane, E.C. 4. 6d. Stage—15 Ovrk Nirect, W.C. 4d. Retitonery Trades Journal—12 Warwick Lane, E.C. 4. 2d. Stoth Erschange Gassette—Gresham House, Old Broad Stock Exchange Gassette—Gresham House, Old Broad Stock Exchange Gassette—Gresham House, Old Broad Stone Trades Journal—25-8 Southampton Street, Strand, Surveyor—46 Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4. 6d. Syren & Shipping—44-46 Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3. 2d. Tallor & Cuttor—48 Gerrard Street, W.E. 4d. Tailor & Cutter—42 Gerrard Street, W.z. 4d
Teacher's World—Montague House, Bussell Square. Tailor & Cutter—as Gerrard Street, W.z. ad Teacher's World—Montague House, Bussell Square, W''z 3d Textile Manufacturer—3s Bedford Street, W'' z. Tumber and Plywood—33s Middlesex Street, E 2. 6d, Tumber Trades-Journal—25s Fleet Street, E C 4. 6d, Tobacco—as Wellington Street, W''.s. Tobacco Trades' Ketter—Eastchesp Buffdings, E C 3. Toy Trader—434 Shoe Lane, E.C.4. 20s p.a., and Railway World—Amberley House, Norfolk btreet, W C 2. 2s. Undertakers' Journal—Uxbridge, Middlesex zs. Watchmaker & Jeweller-Drury House, Russell Street. W C 2 9d Weekly Notes (Legal)—30 Montague Street, W C 2 Wine Trade Review—hastcheap Buildings, E, C 3. Yachting Monthly-9 King Street, Covent Garden, LONDON OFFICES OF COLONIAL AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS. Adelaide Advertiser—42 Fleet Street, E.C. 4. Adelaide Observer—50 Fleet Street, E.C. 4. Adelaide Register—50 Fleet Street, E.C. 4. Allataif Al Musawara (Egypt), 59 New Oxford Street, W. 1. W 1 Al Mokattem (Egypt), 59 New Oxford Street, W. x Argus South African Newspapers—72-76 Fleet St., E.C. 4 Auckland Star—30-34 New Bridge Street, E.C. 4. Auckland Weekly New-85 Fleet Street, E.C. 4. Australasian, Melbourne—55 Pleet Street, E.C. 4. Bloemfentein Friend-& Fleet Street, E.C.4. Noemontein stemmen of the otherwork, E.O.A.
Cape Argus—ps. 76 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Cape Times—135 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Ceylon Oliverver—the Fleet St., E.C.4.
Ceylon Times—Blackfriars House, New Bridge St., E.C.4.
Ceylon Times—Blackfriars House, New Bridge St., E.C.4.
Chicago Daily News—Tradiagar Buildings, W.C.s.
Chicago Tribune—ps. Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Christoturch Press—26 Fleet Street, E.C.4.
Christoturch Star—26-24 New Bridge Street, E.C.4.

#### Colonial & Foreign Newspapers, &c.—Ambulance Services. 426

Christchurch Times—30-34 New Bridge Street, E. C. 4. Christian Science Monitor—a Adelphi Terrace, W.C. 2. Civil and Military Gaszette (Lahore)—12 Aldwych, W.C. 2. Daily Mail (Brisbane)—30-34 New Bridge Street, E. C. 4. Detroit Free Press—24 Regent Street, H. W. 2. Detroit News—30 Norfolk Street, W.C. 2. Danninon (Wellington N. Z.)—30-34 New Bridge Street,

K.(4 Dumedin Evening Star—30-34 New Bridge St. E.C.4 East London Dispatch—72-75 Fleet Street, E.C.4. Eastern Province Herald—73 St Fleet Street, E.C.4. Egyptian Gazette—65 Fenchurch Street, E.C.4. Englishman (Kalcutta—259 Temple Chambers, E.C.4. Examiner (Launceston, Tas)—30 34 New Bridge Street,

Englishman (Calcutta)—say rempise onamics, r. c., examiner (Launceston, Tas)—ye 34 New Bridge Street, E.C. 4.

Hong Kong Daily Press—as Bride Lane E.C. 4, Indian Daily News (Calcutta)—sa Aldwych, W.C. 2, Indian Daily Telegraph (Link know)—ra Aldwych, W.C. 2, Indian Daily Telegraph (Link know)—ra Aldwych, W.C. 2 Johannesburg Star—ra-26 Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

Le Journal—say Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

Mailay Mail—27 Southampton Street
Mail and Empire (Canada)—say Ludgate Hill, E.C. 4.

Meibourne Age—47 Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

Meibourne Age—47 Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

Mintror (Aurkland, N.A.)—38 Street, E.C. 4.

Montreal Gasetta—as Elect Street, E.C. 4.

Montreal Gasetta—as Lill Mail, R.W.z.

Montreal Gasetta—as Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

Natal Witness—as Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

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New York Heraid—Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. 2

New York Heraid—Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. 2

New York Heraid—Bush House, Aldwych, W.C. 2

New Zealand Free Lance (Wellington, N.Z.)—30-34 New Bridge Street, E.C.4: New Zealand Freming Post—35 Fleet Street, E O 4, New Zealand Farmer (Auckland)—30-34 New Bridge Street, E O 4erald—35 Fleet Street, E C 4, New Zealand Herald—35 Fleet Street, E C 4, New Zealand Smallholder(Auckland)—30-34 New Bridge

New Zealand Herald—25 Fleet Street, E C 4
New Zealand Herald—25 Fleet Street, E C 4
New Zealand Smallholder(Auckland)—30 34 New Bridge
Street, E.O. 4.
Oamaru Mail—35 Fleet Street, E.C. 4
Oamaru Mail—35 Fleet Street, E.C. 4
Ottawa Journal—30 Craven Street, Strand, W C a
Petit Parision—350 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. 4
Penang Gasette—32 Paternoster Row, E C 4
Pioneer (Allahabad)—12 Aldwych, W C a
Poverty Bay Herald (Gisborne, N Z)—30 34 New Bridge
Street, E.O. 4.
Ranguon Gasette—40 Old Jewry, E C a
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Southland Baily News (Inverargill)—30-34 New Bridge
Street, E C 4
Southland Baily News (Inverargill)—30-34 New Bridge Street, E C 4
Sydney Mail—55 Fleet Street, E C 4
Taranaki Daily News (Inverargill—55 Street, E C 4
Taranaki Daily News (Inverargill—56 Street, E C 4
Taranaki Daily News (Inverargill—57 Fleet Street, E C 4
Taranaki Daily News (Inverargill—57 Fleet Street, E C 4
Taranaki Daily News (Inverargill—58 Street, E C 4
Toronto Globe—30 Craven Street, Krund, W C 2.
Washington Star—48 Regent Street, E C 4
Washington Star—48 Regent Street, E C 4
Washington Star—48 Regent Street, E C 4
Weschly Courier (Launceston)—30 34 New Bridge Street, E C 4

### LONDON AMBULANCE SERVICES.

Headquarters (London Ambulance Service), London (County Council, Public Health Department, County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E. z.; (Special Hospitale), Victoria Embankment, E.C. 4 (near Blackfriars); Telephone City 7200).

### Accident Section.

Ambulance Stations.

Ambulance Stations.

Ambulance Stations.

B. 13 Herbrand Street, Tavistock Place, W.C.

C. 5 Montclare Street, Bethnal Green, E.

5 Montchare Ruces, Beating Green, 22, 44 High Road, Lee, S.E. 5 Buckner Road, Acre Lane, Brixton, S.W. Mt. George's Market, Elephant and Castle, S.E. Woolmore Street, Poplar, E.

G. Woolmore Street, Popiar, R.
Corsica Street, Highbury, N.
K. Lyons Place, St. John's Wood, N.W &
L. Battersea Rise, S. W.
M. High Street, Woolwich.
O. 93 Regency Street, S. W. z.
P. Canterbury Road, Old Kent Road, R. S.
R. Paragon Road, Hackney, E. 9

Number of Ambulance calls in 1915, 2,405; 1920, 19,414; 1925, 35,269; 1926, 39,447; 1927, 40,23; 1926, 43,415, 1929, 43,267 The Service is established for the conveyance

to hospital of persons suffering from accident or sudden illness in the streets or public places, or from accident in private houses. It is not, in ordinary circumstances, intended for the removal of persons suffering from illness in private houses. Urgent parturition cases are removed to hospitals on the application of a duly qualified medical practitioner or a certified midwife, provided that either a certified midwife or doctor accompanies the case. Calls for ambulances are made by means of the telephone, the operator being asked for "Ambulance." When communication is established the location of the accident should be given.

### General Ambulance Section.

Ambulance Stations.

Eastern Ambulance Station, Brooksby's Walk, Homerton, E. 9 (near Homerton Railway Station).

North-Western-Ambulance Station, Lawn Road, Fleet Road, Hampstead, N.W. 3 (near Hamp-stead Heath and Belsize Park Rallway Stations)

Western Ambulance Station, Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W 6 (near West Brompton Railway Station).

South-Western Ambulance Station, Landor Road, Stockwell, S.W. 9 (near Clapham Road and Clapham North Railway Stations).

South-Eastern Ambulance Station, New Cross Road, S.E. 24 (near Old Kent Road Railway Station

Brook Ambulance Station, Shooters Hill, Woolwich, S.E. 18 (nearest Railway Station, Blackheath).

The ambulances for general service are available for the conveyance, on payment, of private maternity, mental, medical and surgical cases, at any time of the day and night. Applications for ambulances should be made to the Headquarters, Victoria Embankment, London, E.C.4, when the actual charge for any proposed removal can be obtained.

In addition to the above service and to that of the St. John Ambulance and Brigade, Ambulances are maintained by the City of London.

River Ambulance Service (for conveyance between the wharves and river hospitals of sick tween the wharves and river hospitals of sick and recovered patients, the staff of the hospitals and visitors to patients, as well as stores and parcels). South Wharf, Trinity Street, Rotherhithe, S.E. z6 (z4 beds); Bermondsey zzzc. North Wharf, Managers' Street, Blackwall, E. z4 (c3 beds). Steamers—Albert Victor, Geneva Cross, Maltese Cross, Red Cross, White Cross.

# Banks and Banking. THE BANK OF ENGLAND, FOUNDED 1694.

THE GOVERNOR, DEPUTY GOVERNOR, AND OTHER OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1930
Gapernor, The Rt. Hon. Montagu Collet Norman, D.S.O.
Deputy Governor, Sir Ernest Musgrave Harvey, K.B.R.

Sir Charles Stewart Addis,
K.C.M.G.
Sir Alan Garrett Anderson,
K.B.E.
Sir Basil Phillott Blackett,
K.C.B., K.C.E.I.
George Macaulay Booth.
Lord Cullen of Ashbourne,
K.B.E.
Sir Andrew Rec Dunnen

DIRECTORS.
Albert Charles Gladstone
Kenneth Goschen.
Rdward Charles Grenfell, M.P.
Charles Jocelyn Hambro.
Col. Llonel Hy. Hanbury, C.M. G.
Lord Hyndley of Meads.
Sir Robt. Molesworth Kindersley, G.B.R.
Hon. Roland Dudiey Kitson,
D.S.O., M.C.

Cecil Lubbock.
Robert Lydston Newman.
Edward Robert Peacock.
Hon. Alexander Shaw.
Sir Josiah Charles Stamp,
G.B.E.
Frank Cyril Tlarks.
Henry Alexander Trotter.
Walter Kennedy Whigham.
Arthur Whitworth.

Sir Andrew Rae Duncan. D,S.O., M C. ACCOUNT FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 2, 1931. UE DEPARTMENT. BANKING DEPARTMENT. ISSUE DEPARTMENT. Govt. Debt... 12,015,100 Govt. Securi-Notes issued-Proprietors' Capital ... 14.353,000 ties ..... est ...... 3,699,020 Other Securi-In . Circula-Other Govt. Rest ...... Securities #57,094,879 tion ...... 354,975,935 Other Securi-Public Deublic De-posits ..... 12,925,240 Notes ..... 54,300,555 In Banking Department 54,360,555 ties ..... 2,798,451 Gold and Sil-Other Deposits 122,189,246 Gold and Silver Coin... 1,331,937 ver Coin... 4,091,570 Seven-day and other Bills... Bulhou . ....134,336,490 1,987 £409,336,490

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£143,368,393 Law Courts Branch. Agent, J. L. Tull. COUNTRY BRANCHES AND AGENTS. Birmingham, A. C. Turner. Brutol, L. T. Mosse. Hull, R. B Johnston. Leeds, J. D Mackenzie. Liverpool, F. G. Ager, D.S.O. Manchester, O. Symonds. Plymouth, G. Farr White. Newcastle, E. W. Lidderdale.

		THE	"BIG	FIVE."				
Name	Branches and Sub- Branches	Capital	('apital Paid up	Reserve Fund	Current Deposit and Other Accounts.	Net Pro- fits, 1930, judiud- fng carry forward	Dividend	Special Alloca- tions.
	over	lssued £15,858,217	£	£	£ 39/6/32	£		£
Barclays Bank,		"A" Shares, £4 each,	15,858,217	10,350,000		<b>=,373,639</b>	" A " Shares 20%	200,000
lad.		fully paid. "B" Shares, £r each, fully paid					"B" Shares 14%	
	over	"C" Shares, £z each, fully paid			30/6/3z		'('' Shares 14%	
'LloydsBank,Ltd	1,900	Subscribed £73,30s,076	15,810,25 <del>2</del>	10 000,000		2,637,750	"A" Shares to 30/5/30 16%/ "B" Shares to 30/5/30 5%, "A" Shares to 31/18/30 15%/ "B" Sinres to	400,000
, •	over				30/6/31		31/18/30 5%	
Midland Bank,	2,125	Subscribed £43,504,262	14,248,012	14,848,012		3.177.948	18,	350,000
National Provin-	1,3 <b>8</b> 0	Subscribed £43,617,080	9,479,416	9,479,416	267,875,144 30/6/21	s,780,209	18%	400,000
Westminster Bank, Ltd.		Subscribed £33,000,000	9,380,157	9.380,157	279,486,402		£4 Shares so% £2 Shares zat%	550,000

The interim dividends paid for half year ending June 20, 1931 — Barckays Bank, Ltd., no alteration, Lloyds Bank, Ltd., "A" Shares, 128%; Midland Bank, Ltd., 16%. National Provincial Bank, Ltd., 16%; Westminster Bank, Ltd., 16%. THE BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE,

THE BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE, in Post Office Court, Lombard Street, is the medium through which Bankers obtain the amount of Cheques and Bills in their hands for collecting from other Bankers. The total for the year 1930, was £43.583.34,000, a decrease of £13.383.333,000 as compared with 1930. Town Clearing in 1930, £35.757,000, a decrease of £13.383.333,000 compared with 1930 of £1.183.349,000; Metropolitan Clearing, £1.813.46,000, a decrease of £60.843,000; Country Clearing, £1.853.631,000, a decrease of £112.333,000.—Chairman, J. W. Beaumont Pease; Deputy Chairman, Str Harry Goschen, BL, E.E.; Hon. Sec., R. Holland-Martin, C.E.; Acting Managers, Herbert J. Woodcock (Chief Inspector); B. Miller (Deputy Inspector).

* Clearing Bankers, ‡ Army Agents.

London Banking Hours are 9 a.m.

1B AGRICULTURAL BANK OF EGYPT (1900), Cairo (Stone House, 128, Bishopsgate, E.C. a).—
Capital, £3,740,000 (Ordinary and Deferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £5, Preferred Shares £1, Preference Shares £1, Preference Shares £1, Preference Shares £1, Preference Shares £1, Preference Shares £1, Preference Shares £2, Preference Shares £2, Preference Shares £2, Preference Shares £2, Preference Shares £2, Preference Shares £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preference £2, Preferen

34 ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD. (1865), Calcutta, India (London Agents 1783). Affiliated to the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.— Capital, authorised, Rs. 40.00.000. Issued Capital, authorised, Rs. 40.00.000. Issued and subscribed—25,000 Ordinary Shares of and subscribed—35,000 ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each, 16,000 fully paid, 9,000 Rs 50 paid; 15,000 6 p.c. Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each, fully paid; Reserve Funds, Rs. 44,50,000. Dividend, 1930-31 6 p.c. Preference Shares; 18 p.c. Ordinary Shares. (36 Branches.)

ALLAN (T.H.) & Co., 17, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3 5 THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co. Inc The Sub-sidiary of American Express Co., New York (1841), 65, Broadway, New York, U.S.A.; 70 Bishopagate, E.C.s.—Capital, \$6,000,000 (Shares fully paid). (100 Branches through-

out the world.) ANGLO- CZECHOSLOVAK and PRAGUE CREDIT BANK, Frague. London Office, 48, Bishopsgate, E.C. s. — Capital, 235,000.000 Kc Reserves, 140,786.211 Kc. Deposits and Creditors 4 025,775,308 Kc. (55 Branches) ANGLO-EASTERN BANK, LTD. (1910). 11, Peter

St., Manchester. 9 Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd. (1864). Amalgamated with Barolays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), 54, LombardStreet,

E.C. 3. ANGLO-INTERNATIONAL BANK LTD., 24-28, Lombard St., E.C. 3.—Authorised Capital, £2,000,000; issued, £1,960,008.

χ.π., ουο., ουο.; issuecu, χ.τ., χ.σ.ου, ουο. ΑΝGLO-MALTESE BANK (1809), Exchange Buildings, Malta (London Agents, 164, 197Β; max).—Authorised Capital, ζ. 200, ουο (Δ. 200 Shares, ζ. 400 paid). (Branch at GOZO.)

10 ANGLO-PALESTINE BANK, LTD. (1902), 10-12, Walbrook, E.C. 4 (Landon Agents, 122A) — Capital authorised, £1,000,000. Subscribed, \$300,842 (£1 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £35,000; Deposits, etc., 1988, £1,864,853. (8 Branches.)
Anglo-Portuguese Colonial and Over-

SEAS BANK, LTD. (1930), 9, Bishopsgate, E.C. a.—Capital, £1,500,000. Issued and Fully paid, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc.,

£551,758. TIC ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK, LTD. (1888), 127, Old Broad St., E.C. a.—Capitai, Authorised and Issued, £10,000,000; Paid-up, £5,62a,690 in \$7,466 A Shares of £10 each, £5 paid, and 1,265,340 B Shares of

London Banking Hours are 9 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. (Saturdays 12 noon.)

£1 each fully paid; Reserve Funds, £3,38a,412; Deposits, etc., £49,814,504; Dividend, 1ese-30, 10 p.c. Aflitated Enco Description of South America, Ltd.

BALLARAT BANKING CO., LTD. (1863), Lydiard St., Ballarat, Victoria (London Agents, 70).—Capital, paid up. £13,300; Reserve and undivided Profits, £20,348; Deposits, etc., £475,806. Dividend, 8 p.c. p.a. plus

etc., £475,506. Dividend, \$ p.c. p.a. plus bonus r.p.c. p.a.
rab Banga Commerciale Italiana (1894), Milan, Italy (32 Threadneedle St., E.C. p.)
—Capital: £ire 700,000,000; Reserve, £ire 580,000,000; Depoatts, 30/6/31, £ire 8,323,000,000. (218 Branches.)
BANGO DE BILBAO (1897), Bilbao (Bilbao House, New Broad St., E.C. a).—Capital, Pecetas 50,000,000; Paid-up Capital, Pecetas 57,490,051; Reserve Fund, Pesetas 76,235,075; Depoatts, etc., Pemetas 592,846,935; Dividend, 1925, so p.c. (60 Branches in Spain.)

12C BANCO DE CHILE (1894), Santiago and Fal-parauso, Chile (94, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3).—Capital, paid up, \$200,000,000; Reserves, \$286,200,000. Deposits, etc,

Reserves, \$186,800,000. Deposits, etc., Currency \$310,600,000.

BANCODI ROMA (1880), Rome. (188, Gresham House, Old Broad St., London, E.C. a).—Capital, Lire 200,000; Reserve Fund, Lire 55,000,000; Deposits, etc., Lire 455,901,610. (Over 100 Branches in Italy and Colonies, also Switzerland, Malta, Turkay Syria and Palestine.) Turkey, Syria and Palestine.)

13 BANCO ESPAÑOL DEL RIO DE LA PLATA (1886), Buenos Aires, Argentius (7, Fenchurch St., E.C. 3).— Capital, \$50,000,000; Contingency and Reserve Fund, \$16,427,550

tingency and Reserve Fund, \$16,427,550 (26 Branches, at Agencies.)
BANGALORE BANK, LTD, Bangalore, India—Capital, Authorised Rs. z.oo.coo, Subscience and State of Rs. to each, fully paid; Reserve Fund, Rs. 1,35,795; Deposits, etc., Rs. so. 24,098; Dividend, Sp.c. BANK OF ABYSSINIA (1905), Adia Ababa, Abyssinia (Begistered Office, Carro, Egypt).—Capital, £500,000 (£5 Shares, £1 gs. paid). Dividend, 1930, 5 p.c.

13A BANK OF ADELAIDE (1865), Adelaide, South Australia (zz. Leadenhall St., E.C. 3) — Capital, £1,250,000 (£5 Shares, fully pard); Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc. £5,762,326; Dividend, 1930—3z, Int. Div. 8 p.c. p.a. Final Div. 6 p.c. p.a. (120 Branches and Sub-hyandes) Branches and Sub-branches.)

14 BANK OF ATHENS (1893), Athens, Greece (se, Fenchurch St., E.C. 3).—Capital, Dr. 200,800,000 (Dr. 200 Shares, fully paid). (114 Branches)

(114 Branches.)

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA (1825) (4. Threadneedle St., E.C. 2). — Pakit up Capital, £4,500,000 (£5 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £4,475,000; Deposits, etc., £49,232,596; Dividend, 1939-30, £13 p.c. (23 Branches in Australia and N.Z.)

BANK OF BARODA, LTD. (1908), Mandvi-Buroda, India (London Agenta, 20).—

Issued and Subscribed Canital Rs. 20 co. 200

Issued and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 30.00.000. (Shares of Rs. 200 and Rs. 30 paid up); Reserve Fund, Rs. 24.5,000; Deposits, Rs. 5.95.55.698; Dividend, 1939, 20 p.c. (16 Branches in India.)

BANK OF BERMUDA, LTD. (1889), Hamilton, Bermuda (London Agents, 164).—Capital, £15,000 (£30 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £50,000. (Branches at Somerset and St. George's.)

and St. George's.)

BANE OF N.T. BUTTERFIELD & SON, LTD. (1263), Bernuda.—Capital Subscribed and Paid up 46,000 Reserve Kund, £90,000.

17 BANE OF BETISH WEST AFRICA, LTD. (1264), 37 Gracechurch St., E.C. 3.—Capital, authorised £4,000,000: Reserve Fund, £400,000; Deposita, £5,90,445. (6a Branches and Agendies.)

19 BANE OF ENGLAND (1264), Threadneedle St., E.C. s.—Capital, £14,553,000 (Fully paid Stock); Reserve Fund, £3,699,000. Deposita, etc., Sept. 3, 1931, £18,14,386; Dividend, 1990-31, 12 p.c. (9 Branches in London and England.) See also p. 47 so. BANE OF INDIA, LTD. (1996), Bombay,

in London and England.) See also p. 427
Soa Bank of India, Ltd. (1906), Bombay,
India (London Agents, sax).— Capital,
Rs.s.oo.oo.ooo (Shares of Rs. 100, Rs go paid
up); Reserve Fund, Rs.g.oo.ooo: Deposits,
etc., Rs. 15.80.75.113; Dividend, 1930-31,
10 p.c. (8 Branches).
sra Bank of Ireland (1983), College Green,
Dublin (London Agents, sr. 175).—Capital,
£s.769.3308tock; ReserveFund, £3.480.000,
Deposits, etc., £3.900.127; Dividend,
1930.17/½ less Income Tax. (164 Branches
and Agencies).

and Agencies.)

BANK OF LONDON & SOUTH AMERICA LTD. HANK OF LONDON & SOUTH AMERICA LTD.
1863 (6, 7 and 8, Tokenhouse Yard, E.C.s.)
— Authorised Capital, £4,000,000; Paid-up
Capital, £3,540,000. £5 Shares, fully paid
Reserve Fund, £3,000,000. Dividend, 1939
30, 9 D.C. (57 Branches and Agencies.)
BANK OF MALTA (1818), Matta (London
Agents

BANK OF MALTA (1812), Matta (London Agents, 30, 13s, 164, 221).

BANK OF MONTREAL (1817), Montreut, Canada (47, Threadneedle St., E.C. a, and 9, Waterloo Place, S.W. 1.—L'apital, \$36,000,000'00 (Stoo Shares); Reserve Kund, \$38,000,000'00; Total Assets, etc., \$766,897,706'21; Dividend, 1200-21-22-23,4-25-25-27-28-29-30 12 p.c. and bonus a p.c. (Over 648 Branches.)

83

a4-a5-a5-a7-a8-a9-30 rs p.c. and honus a p.c. (Over 648 Haranches.)

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES (1817), Sydney, N.S.W. (a9, Threadneedle St. E.C. a.—Capital, £7,500,000; Reserve Yund, £6,150,000; Deposits, etc., £66,765,260; Dividend, 1039-9, £9 138. p.c. (1944) Franches and Agencies in Australia, N.Z., Fill, Papus and New Guinea.)

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, Incorporated with Limited Liability in New Zealand (1865), Wellington, N.Z. (r., Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4.)—Capital, Subscribed and paid up, £6,854,373 (£329,988 4 pc. Guaranteed Stock — Freference A£500,000 fully paid £1 shares; C Long term Mortgage Shares of £2 each, £468,750, fully paid.

Preference B £1,375,000 Ordinary Shares of £2 fully paid; Reserve Fund, and Undivided Profits, £4,201,001; Deposits, 132,24,685; Dividend, Ordinary Shares, 1930-31, 13/5 p.c., Bonus 1 p.c. (Over 230 Branches and Agencies in New Zealand; also branches in Melbourne and Sydney, Fiji and Samoa). Fiji and Samoa).

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA (1832), Halifna, N.S., and Toronto, Ontario, Canada (108, Old Broad St., London, E.C. s).
—Capital, \$12,000,000 (\$100 Shares fully paid); Reserve Fund and undivided profits, \$24,534,850 98; Deposits, etc., \$225,000,300 94; Dividend, 1930, 16 p.c. (335 Branches.)

BANK OF RUMANIA, LTD. (1903) (Bucharest) 123, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.—Capital, £300,000 (£6 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £80,000.

Fund, £80,000.
BANK OF SCOTLAND (1695), Bank St., Edinburyh (20, Bishopsgate, E.C.s.), and 16/18, Piccadilly, W. 17.—Capital, £2,850,000 (Stock, £1,500,000 paid up); Reserve Kund, etc., £3,200,076; Deposits, etc., £33,238,468; Dividend, 1930-37, 18% in Ottober 1930-28% in April 1931. (144) Branches and Sub-Branches.

BANK OF SPAIN (1856), Madrid, Spain, (36, New Broad St., E.C. a).—Capital, Pesetas 177,000,000 (Shares of Pesetas 500, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Pesetas 33,000,000. Prevision Fund Pesetas 18,000,000. Special Reserve Fund Pesetas 18,000,000. Deposits, ctc., Pesetas 550,000,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas care Pere Pesetas 18,000,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas care Pere Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas care Pere Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1930, Pesetas 1900,000; Dividend, 1 Pesetas 125 per share.

BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD. (1899). Taipeh, Formosa (40 and 41, Old Broad Street., E.C.s.)—Capital, Ven 15,000,000; Reserve Fund, Yen 414,000. (33 Branches and

Agencies.)

BANK OF TORONTO (1855), Toronto, Ontario, Canada (London Agents, 164).—(Lapital, \$5,000,000 (Shares of \$100, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$9,000,000; Deposits, etc., over \$94,000,000; Dividend, 1939-30, 12 p.c. bonus 1 p.c. (193 Branches in Canada).

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER, I.T.D. (1902), Brussels (4, Bishopsgate St., E.C.2).
—Capital, France soo,000,000 (Shares Fr. 500); Reserve Fund, Fr. 120,000,000; Deposits, etc., Fr. 3,770,511,166; Dividend, 1939-30, 10 p.c. free of tax. (7 Branches) BANQUE CANADIENNE NATIONALE, Montreat. Canada (Bank of Hochelaga and Banque Nationale amalgamated). — Paid up Capital and Reserve, \$14,000,000; Assets over \$146,000,000. (aga Offices in Assets over \$146,000,000. (2) Canada. Subsidiary in Paris.) BANQUE DE FRANCE (1800), Paris.—Paid up Capital, Fr. 183,500,000 (Fr. 1,000 shares, fully paid); Reserves, Fr. 298,801,861; Deposits, etc., za/1z/1929, Fr. 20,093,823,345; Net Dividend, 1929, 52 p.c. (666 Branches, Agencies and Auxiliary Offices.)

BANQUE DU CONGO BELGE (1909), Brussels and Antwerp (20, Copthall Avenue, E.C. 2). (33 Branches in Africa.)

BANQUE NATIONALE DE CREDIT (1913) Paris.

-Capital, Fr. 262,500,000. Reserve Funds Fr. 125,000,000; Current Account. Fr. 125,000,000; Current A Fr. 4,630,768,000. (563 Branches.)

BANQUE FRANCO-SERBE (1910), Paris, Belgrads and London (25, Throgmorton St., E.C. 3... Capital, Fr. 20,00,000 (Shares, Fr. 200, fully paid). (8 Branches.)

BARGLAYS BANK, LTD. (1295), Head Office, 54, Lombard St., E.C. 3; Chief Foreign Branch, 186 Fenchurch St., E.C. 3; City Office, 176 Fenchurch St., E.C. 3 (branches

hhroughout London), Country, North and South Wales, Isle of Man, and Channel Islands—Capital, £18,856,327 paid, (A Shares £4, Iully paid, B Shares £1 Iully paid, S Shares £1 Iully paid, S Shares £1 Iully paid, E Shares £2 Iully paid; Eeseive Fund, £10,350,000; Deposits, etc., 10/6/31, 2348,450,383; Dividend, 1599-30: A Shares 14 p. C. (Over 1,100 Branches.) Afflicated Banks D-BARGLAYS BANK (FANDE) LTD.; BARCLAYS BANK (CANADA); BARCLAYS BANK (DANDA); BARCLAYS BANK (DANDA); The BRITISH LINES BANK (The UNION BANK OF MANCHESTER, LTD, 7.0. throughout London), Country, North and

OF MARCHESTER, LTD, q.v.
BARCLAYS BANK (CANADA), Chief Office, 214,
8t. James' Street, West Montreal.
BARCLAYS BANK (FRANCE) LTD., Chief
Office, 33. Rue du IV Septembre, Paris.
(15 Branches.)

30B BARCLAYS BANK (DOMINION, COLONIAL & OVERREAB), g4, Lomberd St., E.C.—Capital, £10,000,000; Subsorbed Capital, £295,500; Iraid-up Capital, £4,975,500; Beserve Fund, £1,580,000; Deposita, 21,973, £58,473,500—Dividend, 8 p.c. Proference Shares and 44 p.c. on A and B Shares. (495 Branches and Agencies.)

BARING BROTHERS & Co., LTD. (1890), 8, Bishopagate, E.C. a, and Liverpool.—Capital, £3,050,000 (fully paid); Reserve Yund. £3,000,000; Deposits, etc.,

Find, \$2,000,000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.000, \$1.0 1930, 11 p.c. le Nub-Branches )

Nül-Branches )
BENSON & CO., FREDERICK J. (1896), Dorland
House, 14, Regent St., H.W. 1.
BENSON, ROBERT, & CO., LTD., 24, Old
Broad Street, E.C. 2.
BLANDY BROTHERS & CO., LTD. (1883),
Madeira; London Correspondents, Blandy
Bros. & Co. (London), Ltd. (London House,
3, New London St., E.C. 3,
BLANDY BROTHERS & CO. (1886) (Grand
Canary), LTD., Las Palmas; London Correspondents, Blandy Bros. & Co. (London),
Ltd. (London House, 3, New London St.,
E.C. 3).

B. W. BLYDENSTEIN & Co. (1898), 94, 55 & 55, Threadneedle St., E. C. 2. — Capital, \$700,000; Loans, Deposits, etc., £,10,752,482.

£10.725.48a.

BONBRIGHT, WILLIAM P., & CO. (1895), a4.

Birchin Laue, E.C. 3

36 BOYLE, LOW, MURRAY & CO. (1833), 35, College Green, Dublin. (London Agenta, 183.)

BRANDT'S (WILLIAM) BONS & CO. (1805), 36,

Fenchurch Street, E.C. 3, formerly of 4,

Fenchurch Avenue, E.C. 3.

BRIGHTWEN & CO. (1860), 34, Nicholas Lane,

E.C.4.
38 BRITISH BANK FOR FORBIGN TRADE, LTD. Capta, x, Angel Court, E.C. a.—Subscribed Capital, £340,000; 340,000 Shares of £x each fully paid; Deposits and Current Accounts, £348,740.

BRITISH BARK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LTD. (2863), 127, Old Broad Street, E.C. a.—

Capital, £2,000,000 (£20 Shares, £20 paid), Reserve Find, £2,000,000; Deposits, etc., £9,224,042; Dividend, 1930, \$ p.c. (6 Aranones.)

394 BRITISH, FOREIGN AND COLONIAL CORPORA-TION, LTD. (1910), B. F. C. House, Gresham Street, E.C. a.—Capital, issued, fige, coo; Reserve and undivided Profits, £88,798. 40 BRITISH LINEN BANK (2748), 38, 54. Andrew Square, Kanhamph (38, Threadneed St., E.C. a). A filiated to Berelays Bank, Ltd. —Capital. E. accord. —Capital, £1,250,000 fully paid; Reserve Funds, £2,350,000; Deposits, etc., £27,666,843; Dividend, 1930-31, 16 pc. (2006 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

(2006 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

41 BRITISH MUTUAL BARKING CO., LTD. (1857).

Ludgate Circus, E.C.4.—Capital, £200,000
(£5 Shares, £2 paid); Reserve Fund,
£58,500; Deposita, etc., £769,600; Dividend, 1230, 12 p.c.

42 BRITISH URIENTAL BANY, LTD. (1200).

Smyrma (1, Wabrook, E.C. 4).—Capital,
£36,904 (£1 Shares, fully paid); Chedit
to P/L account £3,114; Deposita, etc.,
£2,281. (Figures of Dec., 1250.)

BRITISH OVERSEAS BANK, LTD. (1210), 33,
Gracechurch Street, E.C. 3. Capital,
£5,000,000; authorised, £2,00,000; paid
in full, 200,000 A Shares of £5; 200,000

B Shares of £5; Depusits, £4,549,187,
Dividend 6 p.c. p.a. on A Shares, 6 p.c. p.a.
on B Shares. on B Shares.

BROWN, SHIPLEY & Co. (1810), Founders Court, Lothbury, E.C. 2, & 223, Pall Mall, 8.W. z.

BUNGE & COMPANY, LIMITED, Bunge House, St Mary Axe, E.C. 3.

46A CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORA-ANADA FREMENT MOSTAGES CORPORA-TION (1825), Toronto, Ontarlo, Canada (London Agents, 164).—Capital, Paid up, \$7,000,000.00 (\$100 Blares, fully paid); iteserve Fund, \$8,000,000.00; Deposits, \$14,750,884.97, Dividend, 1930, 12 p.c (9 Branches in Canada.)

Branches in Canada.)

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE (1867),

Toronto, Ontario, Canada (s. Lembard St.,

E.C. 3) — Capital, £6,164,384 (\$200 Shares,
fully paid); Beserve Fund, £6,164,384;

Total Assets, 20/11/30, £141,188,549;
Dividend, 1930, 12 p.c. + 1 p.c. (780
Branches throughout the World.)

CATER & COY., LTD. (1918), Royal Bank
Buildings, g. Rishopsgate, E.C. .

CENTIAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (2018), Bombay. (London Agenta, 164) — Capital,
Rs. 188, 200,000; (Shares of Rs. 50, Rs. 50, Rs.

paid); Reserve and Contingency Fund,
Rs. 56, 200,000; (Shares of Rs. 50, Rs. 12,12/30,
6 p.c. (21 Branches)

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, ADSTRALIA

6 p.c. (ax Branches.)

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA (1833), 38, Bishopsgate; E C a — Capital, £3,000,000 £5 Shares, fully paid): Reserve Fund, £4,000,000; Deposits, etc. £40,833,795; Bividend, 1930, 26% p.c. (45 Branches and Agencies.)

THK CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, New York, U.S.A. (10, Mourgate Street, E.C. 3.)—Capital, \$44,000,000,000. Burplus and Undivided Profits, 30/6/31, \$276,250,823,74. Deposits, \$1,807,844,973190. St. 397, 544, 373, 159 CHILD & Co. (1899), Amalgamated with GLYNN, MILLS & Co.

CHINESE COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD. (1918).

Singapore, Straits Settlementa.—Capital,
Issued and Subscribed, \$1,000,000.00;
Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits,
\$2,29,000; Deposits, etc., \$5,329,853.14;
Dividend, 15 p.c. and Ronus 10 p.c.
CITY BANK FARMERS TRUST COMPANY.
Head Office, 22, William St., New York.
(12, Waterloo Place, S.W. 1).—Capital, \$10,000,000. Surplus and Undivided
Profits, \$13,076,589,28. Deposits, 30/6/31,
\$44,102,306.95. Affiliate of the National
City Bank of New York.
CLYDESDALE BANK, LTD. (1836), St. Vincent

60 CLYDESDALE BANK, LTD. (1838), St. Vincent Place, Glasgow (30, Lombard St., E.C. 3). Affliated to No. 164.—Subscribed Capital, Aguatea to No. 164.—Susscribed Capital, £5,350,000; Paid up Capital, £1,300,000 (100,000 Shares of £50, £10 paid; 30,000 Shares of £10, full paid); Reserve Fund, £1,600,000; Deposits, etc., (Dec. 31, 1930) £30,229,868; Dividend, 1930, 18 p.c. (2011) Branches and Sub-Branches.

Branches and Sub-Branches.)

COATES & CO. (1929), 21, Old Change, E.C. 4.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA, LTD. (1892), Collins St., Melbourns (27, Moorgate, E.C. 2).—Subscribed Capital £4,217,326 (£10 Preference, fully paid; zoc. Ordinary, fully paid); Reserve Kund, £2,250,000: Deposits, etc., £20,823,739; Dividend, 1929-30, 4 p.c. on Pref. shares, 21½ p.c. on Ordinary shares. (292 Branches and Agencies.)

COMMERCIAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, LTD. (1820), George St., Edinburgh (£2, Lombard St., E.C. 3).—Capital, £7,250,000 (2,750,000 A shares of £4, each £2 paid; 500,000 B shares of £4 each fully paid); Reserve Fund, £2,850,000; Deposits, etc., £32,283,232; Dividend, 1929-30, 16 p.c. on A shares; 20 p.c. on B shares. (253 Branches.)

664 COMMERCIAL BANK OF SPANISH AMERICA, LTD. (2004). See Anglo-South American

LTD. (1904). See ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK, LTD.

BANK, LTD.
COMMERCIAL BANKING CO. OF SYDNKY, LTD.
(1834), 343 George St., Sydney, N.S. W. (18.
Birchin Lane, E. C. 3.— Authorised Capital,
£12,000,000 (£23 Shares, £12 102, paid);
Reserve Fund, £4,300,000; Deposits, etc.,
£44,014,105; Dividend, 203,021, 8½, bc.
(443 Branches in N.S.W., Queensland,
Victoria, South Australia and Federal
Capital Territory.) 69

Capital Territory.)
COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA
(2923).—Sydney, N.S.W. (8, Old Jewry,
E.C.s.; Australia House, Strand, W.C.s.)—
Owned and guaranteed by the Government of the Commonwealth. Authorised
Capital, £00,000,000; Capital in hand,
4,000,000. Deposits (General Bank,
June, 30, £37,679,084, (Savings Bank)
£49,877,732; Reserve Fund, General Bank,
£228,728, Savings Bank, £2,585,678. (94
Branches in Commonwealth.) Note Issue
Dept. £25,000,000 70

Dept., £50,706,832. COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS (1889), z4, Rue Bergère, Paris, City Office (8-23, King William St., E.C. 4; West End Office, 8, Princes St., W.z.).—Capital, Francs 400,000.000 (Shares, Francs 500, fully paid); Reserve Fund, Francs 433,585,159; Deposite, etc., Francs 80, 76 Offices in Paris and Suburbs.

71

THOS. COOK & SON (BANKERS), LTD., 1841. Berkeley St., W. 1.—Capital, Author-

ised and issued, £350,000; called up, £125,000 in 250,000 ahares of £2 with recepial; Reserve Fund, £125,000; Deposits, etc., £2,916,368. (17 Branches in London). CO-OPERATIVE WHOLERALE SOCIETY, LTD. (1872), 1, Balloon St., Manchester (and 93, Leman St., E. z.).—Capital paid up, £9,174,82; Deposits, etc., £52,868,850; Reserve and Insurance Fund, £6,523,968; Dividend, 1250-5, 5. p.c. (5 Branches.) Copleys Bank, LTD. (1916), 36-7, Old Jewry, E. C. a, Perth, W. A., and Melbourns. COUTTS & CO. (1502), 440, Strand, W.C. 2; 15, Lombard St., E.C. 2; x, Park Lane, W.z.; 16 Cavendish Sq., W. z., and z. Cadogan Place, Sloane Street, S.W. z.—Capital, issued and paid up, £1,000,000; Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/3z, £17,520,645. (REDIT FUNCIER D'AIGERIE ET DE TUNISIE (1880), 43, Eue Cambon, Paris, (18, St.

CREDIT FONCIER D'ALGERIE ET DE TUNISIE (1880), 43, P.uc Cambon, Paru, (18, St. Swithin's Lane, E.C. 4).—Capital, Francs 150,000,000; Reserves, Francs 20,009,657; Deposits, Francs 2,753,803,548; Dividend Fcs. 37 p.c. (140 Branches.)
CREDIT INDUSTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris de la Vidente Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880), 65 Paris (1880),

CREDIT INDUSTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL (1859), 66, Rue de la Victoire, Paris (96, Old Broad Steet, London, E.C. a.) — Capital, Fcs. 200,000,000. Issued 200,000 Shares fr. 250 paid up, and 50,000 Shares fully paid to 31 Dec., 2528); Reserve Fund, Fcs. 200,000,000; Deposits, etc., Fcs. 2, 256,403,348.86. (64 Branches in Paris and Suburbs.)

UREDIT LYONNAIS (2863), Palais du Commercial de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria del Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria del Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria del Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria del Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria de la Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Victoria del Vict

CREDIT LYONNAIS (2863), Palais du Commerce, Lyons, France (40, Lombard St., E.C. 3), West End Office, 2s-2p, Charles St., Haymarket, S.W.:).—Capital, France 408,000,000 (Shares, Fr. 500, fully paid); Reserve Kund, Fr. 800,000,000; Deposits,

30/6/31, Fr. 14,429,179,524. CREDITO ITALIANO (1870), Genoa and Milan, CREDITO ITALIANO (1870), Genoa and Milan, Italy (a, Royal Exchange Avenue, E.C. 3).—
Capital, Live 500,000, (Shares, Live 500, 101) paid); Reserve Fund, Live 500,000; Deposits, etc., Live 7,336,032,07.30; Dividend, 1930, 8 D.C. (218 Branches.)
ROGER CUNLIFFE, SONS & CO. (2829), 28, Clement's Lane, Lombard St., E.C. 4.
DANIELL, CAZENOVE & CO., 50, Cornhill, E.C. 2.

E.C. 3
DISTRIOT BANK, LTD. (1829), Spring Gardens, Manchester (75, Cornhill, E.C. 3).—
Capital £9,796,000 ("A" Shares £5 each, £1 paid; "B" Shares, £1 each fully paid); Reserve Fund, £2,000,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/31, £50,032,876; Dividends, 1939, "A" Shares, 18½ p.c.; "B" Shares, 10,000; "A" Shares, 18½ p.c.; "B" Shares, 10,000; "A" Shares, 10,000; "B" Shares, 10,000; "B" Shares, 10,000; "B" Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$9,444,879; Deposits, etc., \$107,432,406; Dividends, 12 p.c. plus 1 p.c. bonus. (141 Branches in Canada).

MESSRS, DRUMMOND (1717), 49, Charing

MESSRS. DRUMMOND (2717), 49, Charing Cross, S.W. z. (Now Drummonds Branch Royal Bank of Scotland.)

WILLIAM DUFF & SON, LTD., 115 Cannon

WILLIAM DOLL
St. E.C. 4
St. E.C. 4
EASTERN BANK, LTD. (1909), Crosby
Square, E.C. 2.—Capital, £2,000,000 (£10
Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund,
£480,000; Deposits, etc., £5,376,819; EASTERN

English, Scottish and Australian Bank 

94 ERLANGERS, LTD. (2899), 4, Moorgate, E C.s. 99B GILLETT BROTHERS DISCOUNT CO., LTD. (1867),

93B GILLETT BROTHERS DISCOUNT CO., LTD.(18807),
sy. Clements Lane, Lombaud St., E.C. 4
100*[GLYR, MILLS & CO (1753), 4z, Gracechurch
St., E.C. 3; (Temporary premises during
rebunding of 67, Lombard St., E.C. 3;
Child's Branch, z. Fleet St., E.C. 4; Halt's
Branch, Kirkland House, Whitehall,
S.W. z.—Capital, £1,060,000 (Stock, all
fully paid); Reserve Fund, £530,000; Deposits, etc. £2,270,466. fully paid); Reserve Fund, £530,000; Deposits, etc. £22,790.466.
GORDON, GRANT & CO., LTD. (1911), Port of Spain, Trimidad, West Indies (London Agents, 75) Authorised Capital, Fully paid up, \$2,400,000.00; Reserve Fund, \$234,000; Peposit Accounts, and Sundry Creditors, \$498,007.
GOSCHENS & CUNLIFFE, 12, Austin Friars,

GROCHERS & CUNIFFE, 22, ARBIN Frials, E.C.2.

GRACE BROTHERS & CO., LTD., 247, Leadenhall Street E.C.3; Liverpool.

1051 GRINDLAY & CO., LTD., (1828), 54, Parliament St., S. W. I.—Capital, £350,000; Reserve, £100,000; Deporits, etc., £3,53,552 (6)

Branches in India.)

1063 GUARARTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK (1864), 140, Broadway, New York, U.S.A. (22, Lombard St., E.C.3.—Capital., \$50,000,000 00 (\$100 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$170,000,000.00; Undivided Profits Account, \$250,426,566 45 Deposits, \$2,288,048,552 21 105D GUINNESS, MAHON & CO. (1836), 153, Combill, E.C.3. 17, College Green, Dublin 106 GUNNER & CO. (1809), Bishop's Wattham, Hants (London Agents, 30).

HARS & SONS (1790), 124, Old Broad St., E.C. 2, and Stock Exchange.

HALIFAX COMMERCIAL BANKING CO., LTD.

HALIFAX COMMERCIAL BANKING CO., LTD.

HALIFAX COMMERCIAL BANKING CO., LTD.

(1810), Amalgamated with the BANK OF
LIVERPOOL and MARTINS
HAMBROS BANK, LTD., Head Office, 4x,
Bishopagate, E.C. z.; West End Office,
sr-z-7, CockspurSt., Trafalgar Square, S. W x
— Capital, £4,000,000 (£20 shares, £z xos
paid); and £400,000 ("A." Mares of £x
each fully paid); Reserve, 1,020,000; Deposits, etc., £18,28,25,25; Dividend, 192930, 25/£ D.C., less Income Tax.
114 HARROD'S LTD (1889), Brompton Road,
Knightsbridge, S. W. x.—Authorised Capital, £6,20,000; Issued Capital, £6,25,194;
Reserve Fund, £1,000,000

Reserve Fund, £1,000,000.

RELEBERT, WAGG & CO., LTD. (1919), 41,
Threadneedle St., E.C.s.—Capital Authorised and Issued, £420,000; Shares, £10
fully paid (£300,000 Preference, £120,000 Ordinary).

Ordinary).

BIBERNIAN BANK, LTD. (1825), College Green, Dublin (London Agents, 132)—
Capital, £2,000,000 (£30 Shares. £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £700,000; Deposita, etc., £11,633,730; Dividend half year ending June 30, 1031, 121/2 D.C. (121 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

HIGGINSON & Co. (1907), So, Lombard St, E.C. 3, and 12, Cornhill, E.C. 3.

Dividend, 1930, 98. a share—less Income
Tax. (12 Branches in India and East.)

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH AND AUSTRALIAN BANK,
LTD. (1832), 5, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3.—
Capital, Paid up, £3,000,000 (£5 Shares,
Capital, Paid up, £3,000,000 (£5 Shares,

PORATION (1857). Hongkong (9, Graccolurch St., E.C. 3) — Capital, \$20,000,000 (\$125 Shares, fully paid); Sterling Reserve Fund, £6,500,000; Silver Reserve Fund, \$10,000,000; Deposits, etc., \$225,339,121; Dividend, 1930, £7 per share. (41 Branches )

115E FREDK. HUTH & Co. (1809), 12, Tokenhouse

Yard, E.C =

Yard, E.C. 2

1154 IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA (1875), Toronto,
Ontario (London Agents, 123).—Capital,
\$7,000,000 (\$100 Shares,fully paid); Reserve
Fund, \$8,000,000; Deposites, 31/10/1930,
\$114,291,344; Dividend, since 1290, 129 C,
Bonus, 1 p.C. (330 Branches.)
IMPERIAL BANK OF IMDIA (1291), Calcutta,
Bomboy, Madras. (London Office, 28,
Old Broad St., E.C.2.).—Capital, Subscribed,
Rs. 11,25,00,000, Paid up, Rs 5,62,50,000;
Reserve, Rs. 5,42,50,000. Dividend 1930-31,
12 p.C. free of tax. (164 Branches.)

116 IMPERIAL BANK OF PERSIA (1889), Teheran
Persia (33-36, King William St., E.C.4)—
Capital, £650,000 (£6 128, Shares, 1910)
121 paid); Reserve Fund, £670,000; Deposits,
£3,895,327; Dividend, 118, per share, 193031 plus special Bonus of 22, per share, free

31 plus special Bonus of 25, per share, free of tax. (24 Branches in Persia, India and

Iraq) International Banking Corporation (1901), 55, Wall St., New York, U.B.A. (36, Bishopagate, E.C., ...—Capital and Surplus, \$5,000,000; Undivided Profits, \$4,600, 200 89; Deposits, etc., \$17,697,235.37; Dividend, 1931, 6 p.c. Quarterly. 2 T Z

1931, o).c. Quarters, (1839), 25/31, Moorgate St., E.C. 2.—Capital, Authorised, £1.000,000; Paid up, £00,000 (£5 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £225,000; Deposits, etc., £3.844,301; Dividend, 1930, 61. (42 Branches in Greece, Expt and Cyprus.)
120 IRONMONGER & CO., 5, Angel Court, Throgmoto St. E.C. 2.

IRONMONGER & CO., 5, Angel Court, Throg-morton St. E.C. a.

IRI ISLE OF MAN BANK, LTD. (1865), Douglas,
I. of M. (London Agents, 221).—Capital,
£ 300,000 in 30,000 Shares of £10 each—
£ 3 &c. &d., paid up, Reserve Fund, £166,000,
Deposits, etc., £2,288,340; Dividend, 1930,
11 p.c. (8 Branches).

LTALO-BRIGALY RANK A

ITALO-BELGIAN BANK, Antwerp (xoo, Old BroadStreet, E.C.a.)—Capital, Fr. 100,000,000 (Fr. 500 Shares); Reserves, Fr. 100,000,000. (7 Branches),
S JAPHET & CO, LTD., 6e, London Wall,
E.C s; x Shorter's Court, E.C. z.
Towar LTD. (1800).

182A JEWISH COLONIAL TRUST, LTD. (1899), Brook House, Walbrook, E.C. 4; 90, High 8t, Whitechapel —Capital, £395,235 (£1 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £4,586, December 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 1988, 19 Deposits, etc. £1,343,560.

ESSE N. KEIZER & Co., 9, Drapers Gdns., E.C. 2. xxx0 A. Кнувик & Co. (x853), 3x, Throgmorton St., E.C. 2.

KLEINWORT, SONS & Co. (1830), so Fenchurch St., E.C. 3; and at Liverpool.

LAND MORTGAGE BANK OF VICTORIA, LTD. (1864), 274, Little Collins St., Melbourne — Capital paid up. £76,529 gs. (£z z8c. Shares, xes. 6d. paid). 131 LAZARD BROTHERS & Co., LTD, 11, Old Broad St , E.C. a.

Broad St., E.C. 2.

132*LLOYDS BARK LTD. (1855), Head and Registered Office, 72 Lombard St., E.C. 3; Eastern Department, 39, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2; Branches Stock Office, 21 Austin Finars, E.C. 2; Colonial & Foreign Department, 80, Gracechurch St., E.C. 2; City Offices, 72, Lombard St., E.C. 2; 13, 39, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2; Country Clearing Department, 72, Lombard St., E.C. 2; Trustee Department, 39, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2; 16, St. James's St., S. W.; I.aw Courts, 222, Strand, W.C. 2: Cox's & King's Branch, 6, Pall James's St., S W. r. [Law Courts, sas, Strand, W.C s.; Cuzs & King's Branch, 6, Pall Mall, S W. r.— Subscribed Capital, £73,303,076 (A Shares £5, £r paid, £8 Shares, £r fully paid); Reserve Fund, £70,000,000; Current Deposit, and Other Accounts (30/6/1931), £348,854,392; Dividend, 1930 rg p.c. less lax on "A" Shares, 5p. eless Tux "B" Shares. Over 1,900 Offices in England and Wales Associated Offices in England and Wales Associated Banks-THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOOT-LAND LTD.; BANK OF LONDON AND SOUTH

LAND LTD.; BANK OF LONDON AND SOUTH AMBRICA, LTD. (gr.)—LLOYIN AND NATIONAL FROVINGIAL FOREIGN BANK INHITED; THE NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD.; BANK OF BRITISH WEST APPICA, LTD.

130B LLOYDS AND NATIONAL PROVINCIAL FOREIGN BANK LTD. (1211), 43, Boulevard des Capucines, Paris; 34, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2; and 71, Haymarket, S.W. 1—Capital, £1.200,000 (£50 Shares, fully paid). (21 Branches)
LONDON AND EASTERN TRADE BANK LTD. (1220), 67, Greechurch St. E.C.2—Capital.

LONDON AND EASTERN TRADE BANK LTD. (1930), 6r., Gracechurch St., E. C.3.—Capital, Authorised, £r.,000,000; Subscribed and Paid up., £600,000.

LONDON MERCHANT BANK, LTD. (1873), 38, Lombard St., E.C. 3.—Capital Subscribed, £r.,350,000; Paid up. £685,000. Dividends on A Shares 7 pc., on B Shares 4 pc. for 1930; Deposits £r.,007,058.

LYON & TUCKER (1866), 34, Nicholas Lane, E. C. 4.

1584 MANCHESTER AND COUNTY BANK, LTD (186s), 55, King St., Manchester (London Noss), 55, Aling 50, International Conduction Agents, 1751.—Capital, £5,460,300 (£30 Shares, £4 paid); Reserve Fund, £1,003,040; Deposits, etc., £17,745,272. Dividend, 15½ p.c., 1930 (189 Branches) M W. MARSHALL & CO. (1860), 33, Nicholas Lane, E C. 4.

Lane, E.C. 4.

153* MARTINS BANK, LTD. (1831), 7, Water St.,
Liverpool (68, Lombard St., E.C. 3
Capital paid up, £4,160,042 (939,556 Shares:
of £ac each, £a ros. paid, and x,812,152
£2 Shares fully paid); Reserve £4,160,000; Expo,873; Deposits, etc., 30 June, 1931,
£74,932,390; Dividend, 1932–30, £16 pc.,
Interim. 1931, 14 pc. p. a. (Over 570
Bianches and Sub-Bianches)
MERCHARLE RANK OF LEMPA. LTD. (1862)

Bianches and Sub-Bianches; Mercantille Bank of India, LTD (189a), 125. Gracechurch St., E.C. 3.—Capital, \$1,050,000 (\$60,000 A and B Shares, £s_-tis ros. paid, \$60,000 C Shares, £s_-fully paid); Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits, £1,566.845; Deposits, etc., £13,979,004; Dividend, 1930, 16 p.c. (25 Branches and Agencies.)

MIDDLEWS RANKING (20 LTD (1884))

MIDDLESEE BANKING CO., LTD. (1883).
83. Leadenhall St., E.C. 3.— Authorised Capital, £100,000; paid up, £20,480.
154° MIDLAND BANK, LTD. (1836), Poultry

and Princes St., E.C. 2; Principal City Branches, 5, Threadueedle St., E.C. 2; 80, Cornhill, E.C. 3 Overseas Branch, 128. 30, Cornhill, E.C. 3 Overseas Branch, 128. 30, Cornhill, E.C. 3 Overseas Branch, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30, 128. 30 BANA EXECUTOR AND TRUSTER CO., LTD SAMUEL MONTAGU & Co. (1853), 114, Old

SANUEL MONTAGU & CO. (1853), 118, Old Broad St. R.C. 2.

MONTEKAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK (1846), Montreal, Canada (London Agents, 22).—Capital, \$2,00,000 (\$roo Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$3,200,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/31, \$57,000,850°24, (22 Branches in Montreal and District).

MORGAN GRENFELL & Co. (1838), s3, Great Winchester St, E C. s; Private unlimited ('oy. (1917)—Capital, £1,000,000 fully paid. THOMAS MOSLEY & Co. (1829), Gibraltar

THOMAS MOSLEY & CO. (1889), Gibraltar and Tanquer (London Agents, ast) and 123. MUNSTER AND LEINNTER BANK, L7D. (1889), South Mall, Cork, Iteland (London Agents, 173).—Subscuibed Capital, £1,875,000 (375,000 Shares of £5 each); Capital paid up, £750,000 (375,000 Shares of £2 each); Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, £24,758,105, Dividend, June, 1321. 
Agent Free of Income Tax. (206 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

MURRIETA & Co., LTD (1915), 19, Great Winchester St., E C. 2

THE MUSLIM BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1912),

THE MUSLIM BARK OF INDIA, 17th. (1912),
Lahore (Loudon Ayents are:) (GBranches.)
188* NATIONAL BANK LTD (1835), 13-17, Old
Broad St, E (2 - - ('apita), £7,500,000
(£5 Shates, £1 paid); Reserve Fund,
£1,485,000; Deposits, etc., 30/6/31,
£37,047,569; Dividend, 142. per share
June, 1931. (a68 Bianches and SubBranches in England and Ireland.) June, 1931. (268 Branches and Branches in England and Ireland)

Branches in England and Ireland )
NATIONAL BANK OF AUSTRALASIA, LTD (1858), Collins St., Melbourne (7, Lothbury, E C 2)—Capital, Paid up, £5,000,000 £20 pully paid Shares; £8 Ordinary Shares, £5 paid); Reserve Fund, £3,200,000; Deposits, etc., 31/3/1930, £35,559,323; Dividend, 1929-30, to pc (500 Branches and Agencies in Australasia)
NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT (1868) Caire

Agencies in Australana )

1700 NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT (1808), Cairo,
Egypt (6 & 7, King William St., E.C. 4)—
Capital, £3,000,000 (£10 Shares, fully
paid), Reserve Fund, £3,000,000, Deposita,
£22,828,120, Dividend, 1929, 18 p.c. (40
Offices in Egypt and The Sudan)

171 NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD. (1863), 26,
Bulopagaie, E.C. 2 — Capital, 400,000

Bidnopsgate, E.C. a.—Capital, £4,000.000 (£ag Shares, £rs row. paid); Reserve Fund, £3,000.000; Deposits, etc. £30,860,471; Dividend, 1930, so p.c. (30 Branches and Agencies.)

Agonicos.)

NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD.

(1872), 8, Moorgate, E.C. s.— Capital,

£6,000,000(£7 sec. Shares, £2 sec. paid);

Reserve Fund, £2,000,000; Deposits

£11,657,302; Dividend, 1930-31, 10 p.c. (95 Branches and Agencies.)
173 NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, LTD. (1825), NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTLAND, LTD. (1825), 42s, 8t. Andrew Square, Edunburgh (27, Nicholas Lane, E.C. 4). Affiliated to Lloyds Bank, Ltd.—(lapital, £5,000,000; Paid up, £1,100,000 (£505 Stock, £110 paid); Reserve Fund, £1,550,000; Deposits, etc., 1/1/30, £3,565,197; Dividend, 1929-30, 16 p.c. (183 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

Sub-Branches.)

2734 NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LTD., (1891), Pretoria (Circus Place, London Wall, E.C. s.; 121, St. Martiu's Laue, Trafalgar Sq., W.C.s.)—Amalgamated with Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), 54, Lombard Street, E.C.3.

2730 NATIONAL BANK OF TURKEY (1909), Ilead Office, Galata, Constantinople,—Capital £1,000,000=£Tg.x.00,000 (Shares of £20=£Tg.xr each, fully paid).

173D NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, 55, Wall St., New York, U.S.A. (36, Bishopsgate, E.C. a, and 12, Waterloo Place, S.W.?)—Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$225,769,139.12; Deposits,

S.W. 7).—Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$ 225,750,139.11; Deposits, \$1,450,557,029 53; Dividend, 1930, 20 p c
174 NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO, LTD. (1855), 35, Cornhill, E.C. 3.—Authorised Capital, £2,700,000—Issued £2,253,335. Paid up Capital £1,000,000; Reserve Fund, £2,600,000; Deposits, etc., £26,858,058; Dividend and Bonus, 1930, "A" shares, 10 p.C.; "B" shares, 42 p.C.
1744 NATIONAL METAL AND CHENICAL BANK, LTD., Adelaide House, King William St., E.C. 4.

E.C. 4.

**NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD. (1833), Head Office, 15, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.

**Subscribed Capital, 44,627,080 (£25

**Shares, £3 ros. paid; £30 Shares, £4

paid and £5 fully paidly Paid up Capital
£9,479,446; Reserve Fund, £9,479,446; Deposits, etc., 30/6/31, £367,275,144; Dividend, 1930, 28 p.c. (1,386 Branches and Agencies.)

**Subsellannsch Inducus Hausschaus

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBARK, N.V. (1863), Amsterdam (London Agents, 164, 221A, 1890).—Paid up Capital, Fls. 55,000,000; Reserve, Fls. 29,190,007.33; Deposits, etc., Fls. 137,200,165,25; Divided 1930, 8 p.c.; and at Hong Kong, Singapore, Bombay and Calcutta.

Nangapore, Bonnoay and Catenta.

175A NETHERLANDS BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA (1883), Amsterdam (Salisbury House, Finsbury Circus, E.C. s).—Capital, £468,548 (£60 and Fl. 500 Shares, fully paid), Reserve Fund, £79,666; Deposits, etc. £7,89,8,609; Dividend, 1390, 6 p.c. (16 Branches in South Africa.)

NULLMAN LURPONE & (10 1865-1965 Selic.)

NEUMANN, LUEBECK & Co. 266-294, Salisbury House, London Wall, E.C. 2. NORTH BORNEO, STATE BANK OF (1921), Sandakan. Branch Office, Jesselton.

(London Agents, 53).

176 NORTH OF SCOTLAND BANK, LTD. (1836),
Aberdeen (London Office, 3 & 4, Lothbury, Aberdeen (London Office, 3 & 4, Lothbury, E.C. s.). Affiliated to No. 564.—Subscribed Capital, £3,560,000. Paid up Capital, £1,143,000 (165,000 Shares of £30 each, £7 paid); Reserve Fund, £1,156,000; Deposits, etc., Dec. 31, 1930. £30,886,841; Dividend, 1930, 18 p.c. (178 Branches) NORTHERN BANK, LTD. (1824), Befast (London Agents, 100, 30).—Capital, £3,500,000

(£ 10 Shares, £s paid); Capital, paid up, £ 700,000; Reserve Funds, £ 800,000; De-posits, etc., 3:/8/3:, £24,146,38; Divi-dend, 1930-32; s pc. A shares, 7/2 pc. B shares. (126 Branches and Agencies in Vorthorn Labeld & Branches Northern Ireland; 67 Branches and Agencies in Free State.)

CIES IN FIG. STATE.)

OTTOMAN BANK (1863), Istanbul, Turkey

(26, Throgmorton St., E.C. a). — Capital

£ 10,000,000 (£ 20 Shares, £ 10 paid; Reserve Fund, £ 2,350,000; Deposits, etc.,

Dec. 31, 1930, £ 13,951,304; Dividend, 32.

per Share (paid July, 1931). (45 Branches

in Turkey

in Turkey.)
THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD. 1 HE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD. (1980), 117-128, Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3. West End Branch, 15, Cockspur St., S.W.—Authorised Capital, £3,000,000 £10 Shares, fully paid). Issued Capital, £3,594,150; Reserve, £180,000; Deposits, £7,712,778. Dividend 1930-31, 5 p.c. (36 Branches and Sub-Agencies in India.)
PARRY, MURRAY & Co., Ltd., 107, Old Broad St., E.C. 3.

282 PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA (2900), 221, St. James St., Montreal (London Apents, 12a).

—Capital, \$4,000,000 (\$100 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$1,000,000; Deposits, etc., \$43,282,9796; Dividend, 1293-21, 9 p.c. (141 Branches and 126 Sub-Branches)

183 PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD. (1825), 8, Throgmorton Avenue, E.C. s. (London a, amogmorton Avenue, E.C. s. (London Agents 3c.)—Capital, £4,080,000 (£100 Old Shares, £12 rot. paid); £20 New Shares, £10 paid); Reserve Fund, £670,000; Deposits, etc., £14,679,913; Divideud, 1290-21, 14½ p.c. (135 Branches and Sub-Branches)

Sub-Branches.)
QUEENSLAND NATIONAL BANK, LTD. (1872),
Brabane (8, Princes St., E.C. a).—Capital
subscribed £1,750,000 paid up, £1,750,000,
Reserve Fund, £360,000: Deposita, etc.,
30/6/31, £8,331,164; Dividend, 1930–31,
8 p.c. for Quarters ended 31/3/20, 30/6/30
and 30/9/30, and 6 p.c. for Quarters ended
31/18/30, 31/2/31 and 30/6/32. (142 31/12/30, 32/3/31 and 30/6/31. (142 Branches, etc., in Australia.)
GERALD QUIN, COPE & Co. (1892), 18, Royal

Exchange, E.C. 3.
REEVES, WHITBURN & COMPANY, LTD.,

Exchauge, E.C. 3.

186 REVES, WHITBURN & COMPANY, LTD., 27, Clement's Lane, E.C. 4.

186A REID, CASTRO & Co. (1850), Funchal, Madeira (129, Cheapside, E.C. 3).

187A RELIANCE BANK, LTD. (1900), 105, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4.—Capital, £60,000; Reserve Fund, March 21, 1931, £50,000; Reserve Fund, March 21, 1931, £50,000; ROMANDEN & Co. (1876), Palmerston House, Old Broad St., E.C. 2.

189C N. M. ROTHNCHILD & SONS (1803), Palmerston House, Old Broad St., E.C. 2.

189C N. M. ROTHNCHILD & SONS (1803), New Court, St. Swithin's Lane, E.C. 4.

190 ROYAL BANK OF CANADA (1269), Montreal (2, Bank Buildings, Frinces St., E.C. 2).—Capital, \$33,000,000 (\$100 Shares, fully paid); Reserve Fund, \$35,000,000; Deposits, 31/5/30, \$691,647,731; Dividend, 1938-29, 12 p.C. and 2 p.C. Bonus (913 Branches in Canada, British West Indies, Central and South America, etc.)

191 ROYAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD. (1836), Foster Place, Dublin (London Agentz, 221).—Capital, £7,250,000; Ces Shares, £10 paid); Reserve Fund, £35,000; De-MANACK, 1932.

posits, etc., 318/30 £6.573, 342; Div., 2030-30, 129.c. (69 Branches and Sub-Branches.)

ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (1787).

St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh (3, Bishopsgate, E.C. s).—Capital, £3,780,1926 (£100 Btock, fully paid); Reserve Fund, £3,780,096; Deposits, Oct. 30, £50,387,090.

Dividend, 2038-20, 27 p.C. (426 Branches and Sub-Branches.) Affiliated Bauk, Williams Depoch's Bank Lei. 193 ROYAL Williams Descon's Bank, Ltd.

194 A. RUFFER & SONS, LITD. (1878), 39, Lombard Street, E.C. 3. RUSSIAN AND ENGLISH BANK, (1911). Petro-

grad (1, Broad St. Place, E.C. 2).
195 RUSSIAN BANK FOR FOREIGN TRADE (Incorporated in Russia in 1871, with Limited Liability), 59-60, Gracechurch St., E.C. 3. J. HENRY SCHRODER & Co. (1804), 145, J. HENRY SCHRODER & CO. (1864), 145, Leadenhall St., E.C. 3, A. SCOTT & CO. (1892), Rangoon, Burnia. SELIGMAN BEOTHERS, LTD. (1864), 18. Austin

SELIGMAN BROTHERS, LTD. (1864), 18. Austru Friars, E.C. 2.

SEYD & CO., LTD. (1858), 9. Clements La., E.C. 4.

SOIB SOUISTE BELGE DE CREDIT INDUSTRIEL (1963), Brussels (124, Cannon St., E.C. 4).

SOS COLETÉ GÉNÉRALE (1864), 29. Boulevard Haussmann, Parts (105, Old Broad St., E.C. 2; 12, Waterloo Place, S.W. 1).—Subcribed Capital, Fes. 685,000,000 (Shares, Fes. 500); Paid up Capital, Fes. 320,567,500; Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits, Fes. 412,182,562; Deposits. 106/31. Fes. Fcs. 413,901,632; Deposits, 30/6/31, Fcs. 13,404,678,445. (Over 1,450 Branches in France and North Africa)

France and NOTE AIRCA )
SOUTH APRICAN RESERVE BANK (1920),
Pretoria, Transval (London Agenta, 19).
—Capital, fully paid, £1,000,000; Reserve
Fund, £801,734; Deposits, £8,181,729;
Dividend, 1930-31, 10 D.C. (5 Bianches.)

203 THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA.

LIE GTANDAND BARA DOOR AFRICA, LTD. (1865), re, Clements Lane, E C 4, and 77, Kng William St., E.C. 4, 63, London Wall, E C. s, and g. Northumberland Avenue, W.C. s.—Authorised and Subscribed Capiw.c. a.—Authorised and Subscribed Capital, £ze,000,000; Pand up Capital, £z,500,000, Reserve Fund, £3,764,770. Deposits, etc. £zx.934,667; Dividend, r390-3r. r4 p.c. and Bonus of rs. per share. (370 Branches in Africa.)

(370 Branches in Africa.)
GEORGE RTEUART & Co. (1843), Colombo,
Ceylon (London Agents, 330).
304A JOHN STUART & Co., LTD. (1832), Manchester (London Agents, 173),—Capital,
£40,000; Issued, £32,700 Prefetence,
a,500 Ordinary (£5 Bhares, fully paid).
SUMITOMO BANK, LTD (1895), Osaka, Japan
(67, Hishopsgate, E.C.2.). Subscribed Capital, 180, 70,000,000; Paid-up Capital, 180,
50,000,000; Reserve, 180,30,50,000 oo. Deposits, 30/6/31, 180,684,117,113.34. Dividend, 1931 (18t half), 7 p c 7 n. (67
Branches.) Branches.)

Branches, E.C. s; ric, Regent Street, S.C. s; ric, Regent Street, S.W. s. b.—Capital and Reserves, F.C. srapeo, ose; Dividend, 1930, 8 pc. (ar Branches and Agencies.)
B. TAGLIAFERO & SONS (1812), Malta

B. TAGLIAFERRO & DUBS (1922), Medical (London Agents, 222).

LUKE THOMAS & CO., LTD., 138, Leadenhall St., E.C. 2, and at Aden.

ULSTER BANK, LTD. (1832), Waring Street, Belfast (Aflicated to No. 222)—Capital, \$5,000,000 (£25) Shares, £4 paid); Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits, etc.,

f,zx,444,8s3; Dividend, x9s9-30, x6 p.c. free of tax (xx5 Branches and 97 Sub-Offices) 208 THE UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA, LTD. (1837), Ar Union Bank of Australia, LTD, (2337), T., Cornhill, E.C., 2.—Capital Authorised, £12,000,000; Capital Issued, £10,500,000 (£15 Shares, £5 paid). Reserve Fund, £4,850,000; Deposits, etc., £35,644,249; Div., 2327–28, 18 p.c., free of UK. Income Tax. (214 Branches in Australia and New Zealand.)

Zealand.)

UNION BANK OF MANCHESTER, LTD (1836),
York St., Manchester (London Agents 39).
Afiliated to Barolays Bank, Ltd.—
Capital, £1,500,000 (£5 Shares, £2 10%.
paid), Reserve Funds, £675,000. Deposits,
etc., £7,268,738; Dividend, 1936, 13 p.c.
UNION BANK OF SCOTLAND, LTD. (1830),
xxo, St. Vincent St., Glasgow, C. 2; 64,
George St., Lduilwigh (62, Counhill, E.C.3).—
Capital, £5,200,000; Reserve Fund,
£1,800,000; Deposits, etc., £30,133,381;
Dividend, 1930-31, 18 p.c. (206 Branches
and Sub-Branches)
UNION DISCOUNT COMPANY OF LONDON. SET

UNION DISCOUNT COMPANY OF LONDON, Ind. (1885), 39, Comhill, E.C. 3.—Capital Issued, £3,500,000; Paid up, £1,350,000 (£5 Shares, £2 ros paid); Reserve Fund, £7,750,000; Deposits, etc. £47,522,052. Dividend 15 p.c. less tax, and Bonus 5 p.c. tax free.

TAX free.

WESTMINSTER BANK LTD. (1836). Head Office, 41, Lothbury, E.C. 2; Stock Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad St., E.C. 2; Trustee Department, 51, Threadneedle St., E.C. 2; Lombard Street Office, 21, Lombard Street Office, 22, Lombard Street Office, 22, Lombard Street Office, 23, Lombard Street Office, 24, Lothbury, E.C. 2; West End Office, 1, St. James's Sq., B.W. 1; Foreign Branch Office, 41, Lothbury, E.C. 2; Foreign Branch Office, 41, Lothbury, E.C. 2; Capital, £33,000,000 (7,900,000 Shares of £4 each); Reserve Fund, £9,200,257; Deposits, etc., June 30, 1932, £79,856,402; Dividend, 1930, 20 p. C. £4 Shares, 12½ p.C. £7 Shares. (1,084 Branches, Sub-Branches and Agencies) Affinated Banks, Westmisster Foreign Bank Ltd. (1,12).

BANK LTD. (9.0.).

BIANK LTD. (9.0.).

BIANK LTD. (9.0.).

BIANK WESTMINSTEI: FOREIGN BANK, LTD., 45,

Lothbury, E.C. 2.

BIS WILLIAM WHITELEY, LTD. (1899), Queen's

Rd., Bayswater, W. z. Rd., Bayswater, W. s.
WILLIAMS DEACON'S BANK, LTD. (1836),
Head Office, Mosley St., Manchester (so,
Birchin Lane, E.C. 3.— Issued Capital,
£8.125,000, Pand up Capital, £1,375,000;
Reserve Fund, £1,000,000; Deposits,
31/12/30, £32,008,887; Dividend, 1930.
A Shares 12/2 D. C., B Shares 12/2 D.C.
(202 Branches and Sub-Branches.)
Wealuk £ (20, (1830), 22 (Corphill) £ C. 2.

(202 Branches and Suth-Branches.)

Wordau & CO. (1839), 52, Cornhill, E.C. 3.

Yokohama Sproie Bank, LTD. (1880), Yokohama, Japan (7, Bishopagate, E.C. 2).

—Capital, Yen 200.000,000 (Yen 200 Shares, fully paid), Reserve Fund, Yen 156,200,000; Deposits, etc., 20/6/3x, Yen 227,656,439; Dividend, 1293-30, rop.c. (4 Franches.)

Yorkshilba Fenny Bank, LTD. (1911), S. Infirmary St. Leels (97-99 Chempsite), E.C. 2).—Capital, £2,500,000 (Capital Psid up 250,000 £3 Shares, £3 paid £750,000, 780,000 £4 Shares fully paid, £300,000; Capital uncalled, £500,000; Reserve Fund, £5,000,000; Deposits, etc. £20,235,564, (125 Town Branches, 770 Village Branches and 2,950 Banks for School Children.)

# Country Banks, England and Estales.

The Numbers represent the Names of Banks in the Alphabetical List on pages 428-438.

(H.O) signifies the Head Office; an asterisk denotes Fair and Market Days.

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#### BRITISH AND OTHER BANK DEPOSITS.

The Federal Reserve System, New York (s/7/30)	C404.760.000
Midland Bank, London (20/6/31)	379,055,050
Chase National Bank of the City of New York (30/6/31)	379,508,874
Lloyds Bank, London (30/6/31)	348,854,392
Barclays Bank, London (30/6/31) National City Bank of New York	342,450,383
(31/18/30)	292,111,405

Westminster Bank, London (30/5/3x)	279,456,402
National Provincial Bank, London (30/6/31)	260 200 ×44
Guaranty Trust Company, New	
York (30/6/3x)	
(30/4/30)	

#### BANK HOLIDAYS.

ENGLAND, WALES AND CHANNEL ISLANDS—
Bank of England and the Exchequer: Good
Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday, First
Monday in August, Christmas Day, and Boxing
Day. The Stock Exchange is closed on Good
Friday, Christmas Day and Bank Holidays, and

on May and November z.

IRELAND. — Good Friday, Easter Monday,
Whit Monday, First Monday in August, Christmas Day and Boxing Day.

SCOTIAND.—New Year's Day, Good Friday,

SCOTIAND.—New Year's Monday in August.

First Monday in May, First Monday in August, and Christmas Day; there are also Spring and Autumn holidays in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

SCOTLAND has special Term (Quarter) Days :-Candlemas, Feb. z; Whitsunday, May z5 (Fixed date); Lammas, Aug.z; and Martinmas, Nov. zz; the Removal Terms are May 28 and Nov 28

	E BANK		
AVERAGE	Minimum	Rate per	r Cent.

Month :	1914	1927	1988	1989	1930	1931
January February March April May June July August September November December	3 3.19 5.87	55 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 6 5 6	% 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5	45555555758 4555555555555555555555555555	5.6 4.9 3.5 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	% 3 3 3 3.7 2.5 2.8 4.5 5.0
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# PRICE OF THE FUNDS, 1920, 1930 AND 1931.

Dec 32,	Nov 3	Nov 3,
1980	1030.	393X
44%	581/	56
	931/2	851/4
82	108	961/4
68	951/2	861/
	821/4	75%
. 721/4	97	93
50 1/8	681/4	6a1/4
165	271	245
k 85	1041/2	IOI
851/4	104	IOI
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Securiti	es.	
	1980 44¼ 82   1 68 72¼ 50% 165 68 85 85¼ k. 62½	1980 1030 44¼ 58½ 58½ 93½ 824½ 102 82½ 82½ 72¼ 97 50½ 68¼ 165 271 83 104½ 85¾ 104½

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December	,,	57 13 2			

Australia 6% (1931-41)		00	881/2
Australia 5% (1934-45)	•••	761/2	78
Cauada 4% (1940-60)	72	94 1/2	851/2
Cane 21/2 (1020-40)	60½	861/2	791/2
Gold Coast 6% (1945-70)	100	IIO	402/
Kenya 5% (1948-58)	•••	1041/2	981/
N.S.W. 5% (1935-55)	•••	75	71
New Zealand 4%(1943-63)		88	751/
Nigeria 5% (1947-57)	•••	1041/4	98%
Queensland 5% (1940-60)	•••	76	711
S. Africa 5% (1945-75)	•••	1031/4	981
S. Aust. 5% (1945-75)	•••	753/2	731/
8. Rhod. 5% (1934-49)	•••	103	981
Tasmania 3½% (1940) .	•••	751/2	597
Victoria 5% (1945-75)	•••	75/2	693
W. Aust. 5% (1945-75,		751/2	737

### RRITISH SLC: AR REET

o neithau		;
	1929-30.	1930-31.
Area under sugar beet		
Average yield per	<b>232,000</b>	348,000
acretons	8.7	8-8
Beet delivered to factories tons Average output of	1,999,000	3,042,000
beet grownlb.	2,800	2,720
Productionofsugarcut. Subsidy	5,799,500 £4,838,000	8,486,000 £6,100,000

#### LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE list on the following two pages contains the names of all the more important British Life offices, and of nine Colonial companies (marked C), all of which transact business in this country.

CLASS OF BUSINESS.—The second column shows whether the company is conducted on the Mutual wherein the company is confident on the divisible profit is allotted to participating policy-holders (M), or whether the company has proprietors by whom part (usually a very small proportion) of such profit is received (P). Life offices transacting other insurance business are marked O in this column. In such cases the Life funds are kept separately, and are not liable for the claims of other departments. The Share Capital is usually liable for the claims of all branches. Those having an Industrial branch are indicated by letter I.

FIGURES.—These are taken from the latest annual accounts available at date of going to press, and in the majority of cases refer to annual reports for the financial year ended az December, 1930.

LIFE FUNDS .-- The amounts of these funds, though interesting, are not in themselves a sufficient indication of the financial stability of a company, which cannot be judged unless liabilities are actuarially compared with assets.

PREMIUM INCOME.—The annual premium income is in all cases stated after deduction of the amount paid to other companies for reassuring parts of the risks.

consequently the percentage of the premium income, consequently the percentage of the premium income absorbed in expenses is shown. The average percentage of British offices is about 13/5%, of which about 5% is expended on commission and 7/5% on other expenses. This ratio taken by itself is frequently misleading,

because, if the proportion of new business is large, the percentage of the total premiums absorbed in expenses may legitimately be higher than where the new business is small. Moreover, where rates of premium are below the average any comparisons of percentage should be considered, with due regard to this feature, a gain to the policyholder through reduced premium being equivalent to an immediate cash bonus.

INTEREST .- The rate of interest earned is important for comparison with the rate assumed in valuing liabilities, since the greater the margin between these rates the greater is the surplus available from this source for bonus. The rate of interest given is without deduction of Income Tax except where marked (N)-net.

VALUATIONS.—The last columns of the table are derived from the valuation returns made by the companies to the Bard of Trade. A valuation indicates liability under existing policies, after making allowance for the amounts to be paid and received. It is assumed that deaths will occur in accordance with a mortality table, and that interest will be earned at a certain rate. Various mortality tables are employed, those most usual being known as the H^m and 0^m, and the corresponding Tables Hⁿ(2) and 0^m(2) which exclude mortality in the first five years of assurance. If a company assumes that it will earn a high rate of interest in the tuture, the net liability will appear less than if it assumes a low rate, while the liability on account of mortality appears greater by some tables than by others. The position of an office parts of the risks.

EXPENSE.—The expenses of a Life office intables than by others. The position of an oneclude, in all cases where paid, commission to is most satisfactory when a stringent basis of agents. The amount of expenses is less imporvaluation is adopted, because the margin between the calculated and experienced liability is larged to the calculated and experienced liability is larged to the calculated and experienced liability is larged. The Om and Om(9) tables in conjunction are more stringent than the Om table alone, the Hm is more stringent than the American, and with every table the lower the rate of interest assumed the more stringent is the valuation.

#### FIRE INSURANCE RATES.

Most large fire offices belong to the tariff association, charging identical rates of premium. There are, however, a number of non-tariff offices which claim to assess individual risks

Private Dwelling Houses, built of brick or stone and tiled or slated and in no hazardous

proximity, ss. 6d.

Household goods therein, usually ss.

A number of companies assue "comprehensive" policies embracing in one contract all risks incidental to private houses and contents.

Shops and Warehouses, similarly built and circumstanced, in which no hazardous goods are deposited nor hazardous trades carried on, from as.

Stock and Utensils in trade, fixtures, and household furniture in such shops and warehouses, from as.

Most fire insurance companies transact accident and miscellaneous business, and if a strong

company be selected with a reputation for liberal dealing it will probably be found to the advantage of a householder that he should effect with it all such policies as he may require, in omes which claim to assess interrelated in the second preindependently on merita. Tariff rates of preplace of dividing them amongst several commium per £200 insured against fire for the more
common classes of risk are as follows—

viously referred to, combine in one contract protection against damage by fire to the contents of a house, or from burglary, housebreaking. larceny, theft, &c., and insurance against demestic servants employers' liability, damage from storm or tempest, third party risks, and other hazards. This can usually be arranged for an annual premium of sp. per £ roo of the full value of the contents of the house. Fire insurance of the house itself is not included, however, in this estimate, but can be included under the same policy, if desired. The advantage of a policy of this description is that it obviates the inconvenience of payments of small amounts in insurance premiums at different dates, and that in one comprehensive form it supplies protection at a moderate cost for all a householder's ordinary insurance requirements.

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	,	PRINCIPA	<del></del>				1	
atab.	Class.		ANNUAL AC	COUNTS PUBLI		Mate of	VALUAT	
shed.	CIRBS.	Name of Office.	Life Funds.	Premium Income	% of Ex- penses to Premiums	Interest	Mortality Table.	Assum
	_		£	£		£ 8. d.	1	£ *.
883	FO.	Abstainers & General	2,955,008	389,350	10.03	5 9 10	Om	3 0
904	PO	African Life		737,095	26.20	5 x8 4	()m(5)	4 0
824 808	PO	Alliance*	88,300,375	1,420,557		5 3 7	Om	3 0
		Atlas	7,260,543	4	14.03	5 ±9 4	()m(5) (Hm&Carlisle	3 0 3
849	M		70,836,304		10,00	5 14 11	1 & GOV. 1884	3 0
B66	PIO	Britannic (Ordinary)			13'24	5 ×4 7	Qm	3 0
B54	PO PO	British Equitable	1,713.487	157,650	19'49	500	Om	3 0
904   902	ΡI	British General British Widows (Ord.)	842,146 134,137	128,916 23,638	31,13 13,00	5 4 II 4 I6 4(N)	Om & Hm	3 10
Bog	PO	Caledonian	6,883,743	547,177	16.52	6 3 6	Om & Carlisle	3 0
47}	P	Canada Life (C)	37.262.050	5,683,047	84'13	5 19 0	O ¹⁰ (5)	3 6 3
90a) Ba4	P						Om(5)	, -
B73	MO	Cleric'l, Medic'l & Gen. Colonial Mutual (C)		773,670	25.5g	5 10 4	()m	2 10 3 10
73 361	PO	Commercial Union* .	10,713,665 18,201,123	1,378,372 1,563,642		578	Om Om	3 10
37 z	P "	Confederation (C)	16.304.522	2,975,025		5 13 4	Om(5)	3 0 3
167	PO	Co-operative (Ord.)	4,682,383	756,872		4 19 I(N)	O. de H.	3 0 3
107	PO	Eagle, Star & B. Dom.	15,657,145	961,512	16 07	593	Om	3 & 3
387	PO	Ecclesiastical	228,372	18,282	4'52	5 7 10	Om	21 0
ZOC	PO	Economic	121,026	5,329	8 07	5 = 6	Om	3 0
62 144	M P	Equitable (c) Equity & Law	7,500,251 8,893,076	465,449 882,347	7'3z	5 II 6 4 II 9(N)	E.C. Om & On(5)	4 0
132	M	(Friends' Provident & Century	6,546,624	738,358	19'27	5 18 7	Om & Om(5)	3 0
37	P	General	2,564,984	401,987		5 = 5	Om Am & Af	3 10
148	P	Gresham	8,054,746	909,288		5 2 11	Hm	3 10
lex		Guardian	6,161,760	534,094		5 22 5	Om & Carlisle	3 0
203		Hearts of Oak (Ord )	79,372	11,653	- 1	5 7 2(N)	Om	4 0
396	P	Imperial Life of Canada (C)	12,941,060	2,305,095	23'25	600	Hm	3 0 0
306	PO		10,879,590	695,110	26'o8	5 9 4	Om	3 0
36	PO	Legal & General	80,698,730	2,159,042	21'47	5 10 10	Om	3 0
38	P	Life Assoc. of Scotland	6,979,775	510,634	10'48	572	Om	3 0
36	PO	L'pool & Lond, & Globe	9,500,466	752,440	10.73	567		2 75
43	I	L'pool Vict. Friendly	507,435	173,142	a5 98	4 19 6	Eng. No 8	3 0
108	PO	London & Scottish*	4,783,986	424,221		4 15 11	()m	3 10
69	PO	Lond'n & Manch. (Ord.) London Assurance	5.354.797	921,134 608,101		5 1 10(N) 5 6 3	()m ()m	3 0
20	= =	London Assurance London General (Ord.).	6,401,293 370,732	28,034		4 25 Z	Hw O:::	4 10
66	M		14,055,257	1,318,390		5 8 0	Om(5)	3 6 2
87		Manufacturers Life (C)		4,349,398		6 2 0	Hm, Ameri-	3 & 3
50	M	Marine & General	3,485,917	230,115	19:35	6 0 3	Om .	3 0
86		Mutual L.&Citizens'(C)	14,767,172	1,310,180		5 17 7	{H ^m & a (f) & } A(m)1900-20}	3 0 0
TO	M	Nat. Farmers Un Mut.	13,406	8,373	20.89			
30 69	M	National Mutual	4,915,946	372,960		5 19 10	Hm Om	3 0
9	M	Natl. Mut. of Austr l(C)* National Provident	33,521,387	3,194,860 800,804	14'38 24'31	5 14 2(N)	Om Hm	3 0 0
35 23		Nth. Brit. & Mercantile	10,687,109	s,191,616		5 8 3		300
36		Northern	6.713.252	460,691				2 10
08	M	Norwich Union Life*	6,713,853 33,786,961	3,432,634	14'35	5 9 8	Om	2 10 (
64	PIO	Pearl (Ordinary)	30,087,257	4,653,455		5 7 22		3 0 0
82	PO	Phœnix	15,841,928	1,113,488	14 31	5 10 I		3 0
91	P PI	Pioneer Life (Ord.)*	338,800	39,949	15'19	ix a(N)	0-	3 10
77		Prov. Assoc. of London		838,110 014,057		5 11 4 5 9 4	-	3 10 (
48		Provident Mutual Prudential (Ord.)	7,730,011	914,967		0 2(N)	Ŏ	300
64	PI	Refuge (Ordinary)		4,011,168	15'40	4 25 22(N)	Om	3 0 0
		Royal		1,794,605	13,10	5 2 5	Om & Om(5)*	3 0 6

458		Principa	l Life A	88urance	Compa	mies.		
73-		PRINCIPAL LIF			MPANIES	<del></del>	<u> </u>	
	l		ANNUAL Acco	LNTS PUBLIS	HED IX 1934.	Rate of	VALLAT	riov
Estab- lished.	Class	Name of Office.	Life Funds.	Life Premium Jucome.	% of Ex- penses to Premiums	Interest Earned.	Mortality Table	Interest Assumed
1720 1861	P O P I	Royal Exchange Royal London (Ord.)	£ 9,671,651 6,410,750	£ 925,966 1,216,014	16,3ç	£ 8. d. 5 14 0 5 7 5	Om Om	£ *. d. 3 ∘ ∘ 3 10 ∘
1867 18a6	P I M	Salvation Army Scottish Amicable .	1,862,539 10,503,447	265,503 660,616	13'93 14'86	5 10 10 5 11 5	H ^m Om(5)* (Om(5) with)	3 0 0 2 15 0
1831	М	Scottish Equitable	9,603,009	649,794	14'02	573	O(m) net prems.	300
1877	1	Scottish Insurance	959,877	66,702	19.18	5 6 0	Carlisle	3 0 0
1881 1837 1883	M P	Scottish Life	6,359,a8s aa,495,464 6,784,321	503,264 1,423,233 560,938	14'45	5 11 7 5 11 9 5 12 5	Om Om Om	3 0 0
1814 1815 1891	M P	Scottish Widows' Southern LifeAssociatn.	10,797,835 28,983,877 5,413,843	719,953 1,812,980 603,323	za 68	5 3 7 5 7 4 5 9 11	Om(5)* Om(5) Om(5) with	2 15 0 3 0 0
1825	P	Standard	19,975,738	1,231,751	18.03	5 2 7(N)		2 10 0
1810 1865	P P	Sun Life Sun Life of Canada (C)	35,327,387 114,064,479	5,863,412 24,097,416	12'49 29'18	5 2 3 6 1 3	O ^m (5)	3 & 34
1840 1825		United Kingdom Prov. University Life		76,812	13.00	5 6 5 4 19 7	Om & Om(5)	3 0 0
1841 1824	PO	Wesleyan & Gen. (Ord ) Yorkshire ,		589,545 603,859	17'54	5 6 3	Om & Om(5)	3† & 3!! =1† & 3!
		I	NDUSTRIA	L COMPA	NIES.		(Eng No.8)	v1
1866	P	Britannic	10,657,495	i	, -	5 25 2	Males J	3 0 0
1843 1869 1864	M P P	LiverpoolVict.Friendly London & Manchester Pearl	22,152,609 5,135,249 28,806,458	4,774,449 1,543,527 6,930,424	39°79 42°64 32°86	4 19 6 4 19 2(N) 5 6 1	Eng. No. 8 Eng No 6 Eng. No. 8	3 0 0
1848 1864	P P	Prudential Refuge	124,056,597	18, 181 855 4,941,585	24'69	5 9 10(N) 5 10 6(N)	Eng. No. 8 Eng. No. 8	3 0 0
1850	M	Royal Liver Friendly .	13,942,632	3,187,202	38.28	5 7 4	Eug. No. 6 Om & Om(5) Hm.	3 & 31
1861 1867 1841	P P M	Royal London Salvation Army Wesleyan & General	16,504,869 2,965,494 5,133,311	4,030,134 783,299 1,217,700	39'98 38'79 39'98	5 9 7 5 11 5 5 7 3	E L No 8 Eng No. 9 E. L. No. 6	3 0 0
U = Colonial Office. c = Does not pay Commission Abstainers and General Industrial now merged in Ordinary Alliance Including funds of acquired businesses The eva, of the Life Dept. including Coms are limited to 20, of total prems Commercial Union Including figures of acquired businesses. Eagle Shar and B D = Including figures of acquired businesses Landon and Scottish Includes figures of acquired businesses Ploneer Lafe Year ending March 22, 1932 Regult Own and Ow(5) in conjunction with Ow net premiums. Scottish Metropolitan business Rectifish Micropolitan business Policies Natl Farmers Union Mutual Life Department established December 1936 First Valuation not yet the								

#### INCOM ? TAX ALLOWANCES.

Where an allowance is due in respect of pre-miums paid for Life Assurance or for contracts

following rates:—one-half the standard rate in the £ on the amount of the premium paid on policies taken out since June as, rand filmted to premiums not exceeding one-sixth of total inmiums paid for Life Assurance or for contracts for Deferred Annuities, the allowance is deducted from the amount of tax on the "Taxable Income" (i.e., that part of the income on which the tax is actually charged—the first £275 of the taxable income being charged at half the standard rate of tax; the remainder at the standard rate of tax; the remainder at the on the premiums paid, and is calculated at the standard rate where his income exceeding one-sixth of total income "(i.e., that part of the income on which tax at one-half the standard rate in the £ is allowed on the premiums paid by a claimant whose income does not exceed £2,000, and at the on the premiums paid, and is calculated at the

#### BONUSES.

The following table gives examples of Bonus declared on Whole Life and Endowment Assurances for £100. In each case the rate given is in respect of a policy effected at age 30 next birthday, and the Endowment Bonus is based on a Policy maturing at age 60.

Office.	Last* Valua- tion	Bonus declared on Whole Life Assurances 5 years in 20 years in force, force	Bonus declared on Endowment Assurances	Interim Bonus.
Abstainers and Gen- eral	1020°	£2/0/0	£1/18,0	At full rate last declared
African Life	1929	Guaranteed £2 for first 20 years, knuses then cease and prems are re	£2/26/0	Not stated.
Alliance	1928	duced. £2/2/e compound	Same as Whole Life	42 0 compound for each pre-
Atlas	19000	£s/s/o compound plus special Bonus of 128/-	Same as Whole Lit's	quinquennium, £=/8/6 compound
Australian Mutual	19304	p.c. compound £2/14/0 £3/12/0	£2/6/0 (5 yrs in force)	Proportion of year's bonus
Brittanie	1930A	£2/2/0	\$2/2/0	Three-quarters of that last declared
British Equitable	1986	£2/27/6 Abstainer's Special Bonus Pols £2/5/0	Same as Whole Life	£1/17/6 for 1929 and 1930
British General Caledonian	2930°	£2/0/0 compound £2/10/0	£2/0/0 compound £2/8/0	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
Canada Life	2930A 2930*	£2/2/2 £2/5/5 £2/5/6 £2/22/2	£2/23/7 (5 yrs in force) £2/20/0 (20 ,) £2/9/0 (5 ,)	Allowed on death
and General Colonial Mutual	Z9304	1 3 3	Same as Whole Life	Full rate last declared. Same as Bonns last declared
Commercial Union	29 <b>8</b> 7	£2/28/4 £2/28/9	£2/8/2 (5 yrs in force) £2/21/0 (20 ,, ,, )	For 1931, full 1927 reversion-
Confederation		*£2/2/9 £2/7/7		According to age, plan and duration of policy.
Co-operative . Eagle,Star and Brit Dominions	1986 1930 v	£2/2/0 £1/25/0	£2/2;0 £2/25;0	£212/0 £115/0
Ecclesiastical Economic Equitable	1930* 1930*	£2/2/0 compound £2/0/0 compound £2/22/0 £3/3/0	£2/2/0 compound £2/0/0 compound £2/20/0 on Sum Assured and Existing Bonuses, also extra Bonus of	£s/s/o compound £1/20/o compound At death—From 30/- to £5/25/6 p s. On Surtival—£1/20/o com- pound plus 25/- simple p s.
Equity & Law	1929	£2/2/0 £2/6/0	15/- pc p w sumple on survivance £2/4/0 (5 yrs in force) £2/8/0 (20 ,, ,, )	Whole Life -('ash Bonus rate with minimum of £2:2'a l'ndowment — full reversionary rate.
Friends Prov. and Century	x929	£2/2/0 compound	£2/2/0 compound	£2/2/0 compound
General	1930 1939	£1/25/0 £1/25/0 £2/5/2	£1/25/0 Same as Whole Life	One fifth of last bonus rate for each year
Guardian	1929	£1/15/2 £2/9/7	£1/14/0 (5 yrs. in force)	At rate last declared.
Imperial Life of	2930A	£1/6/20 £1/18/9	£=/13/7 (=0 ,, )	Interim Bonus is allowed on death
Law Union & Rock Life Association of Scotland	1930°	£2/8/0 compound £2/4/0	£2/5/0 compound £2/4/0	£a/5/0 simple £a/4/0
Liverpool, London & Globe	1988	£2/2/0	£2/0/0	Whole Life, £2/8/0, Endt. £2/3/0
London and Man- chester	1931A*	£2/4/0	£2/4/0	Nil—by death.
London & Scottish London Assurance London Life	2930 2930 2930A		£1/20/0 £2/5/0 compound year from July 2, 1932	Same as rate last declared Nil on claims between policy anniversaries
Marine and General Mutual Life	1930¥	£2/23/0 £2/20/0	£2/10/0 £2/7/0 (5 yrs. in force) £2/18/0 (20 ., , ) £2/10/0 (5 yrs. in force)	Full reversionary rate As Bonus last declared.
National Mutual of Australia	2928*	£2/28/0 £3/23/0	£2/20/0 (5 yrs. in force) £3/2/0 (20 )	Same rate as last declared.
National Mutual .	1930	£2/5/e compound plus 6/e compound	£2/5/0 compound	£2/5/e compound
National Provident	<b>2930</b>	£3/0/0 until expecta- tion of Life attained, increasing gradually thereafter to £5/0/0 and	()n death—£2/8/0 On survival—£2/13/0	Last declared rates plus 5/- p c. Whole Life and maturing Endowments.
North British and Mercantile	2930	over £a/6/a	Sume as Whole Life	Full rate last declared

4		9-		
Office	Laste Valua- tion	Bonus declared on Whole Life Assurances 5 years in so years in force force	Bonuses declared on Endowment Assurances	Interim Bonus,
Norwich Union	1930	£2/25/0 £2/28/0	£=/8/o	As full rate last declared
Pearl	2030A	£a/6/o	£2/6/e	Nil by Death Claims
Phonix	1930	£2/20/0	Z=/6/0	By Death - Whole Life £2/5/0; Endowment, £2/0/0 By Maturity, £2/6/0
Provident Amocia-	2930A	£2/20/0	£2/20/0	As bonus last declared
Provident Mutual	1 2007	£2/5/0	£2/0/0	As full rate last declared
Prudential .	1930A	£2/22/0	£2/6/0	Nil by Death
Refuge	2030A	£2/4/0	Z=/4/0	£=14/0
Refuge Royal Exchange	2930	£s/e/e compound	£2/0/0 compound	£s/o/e compound from Jar
Royal	1090	£2/2/0	£a/a/o	£2/5/0
Royal London	1930	£2/0/0	£2/0/0	£3/0/0
Naivation Army	19304	£e/6/o	£a/6/o	i Same as bonus last declared
Roottish Amicable	1030	£2/2/6 compound £1/28/e compound	£a/a/6 compound	£s/s/6 compound
Scottish Equitable	zos8º	£1/18/o compound	£1/18/o compound	£2/0/0 compound from 1931
Scottish Insurance	1020	£2/4'0	Same as Whole Life	£a/a/o
Scottish Life	1030	£s/8/o	Same as Whole Life	£2/8/0
Scottish Provident	29.28	£z/zo/o Policies not pre- viously shared £z/zg/o and £z/o/o Policies previously	£2/0/0 compound	Endowment, £2/e/o compoun
	ì	shared	·	i
Scottish Temper-	1927	£s/4/e compound	£2/4/0	Whole Life, £2/4/2 compound Endowment, £2/4/2 simple
Scottish Union	1927	£a/3/o	£=/3/0	£2/3/o for each year's pren paid subsequent to Dec 3:
Scottish Widows	2006	£a/a/e compound	£a′a/o compound	€a/a/o compound
outhern Life	1C204	£s/o/o compound	£s/o/o compound	£2/0/0 compound £2/2/0 compound
tandard	19500	£2/2/o compound	£s/s/e compound	£s/s/o compound
un Life .	1926	£2/24/20 £2/26/5	Same as Whole Life	Same rate as last declared
Sun IAfe of (anada	2930A	Z1/13/5 Z3/6/7		Special Bonus for 2930—R maturity, g p.c. to 25 p. of sum assured; by death
Inited Kingdom .	1929°	Temp Seet Late compid	Temp, Sect £s/3 comp'd	5 p c to 15 p c of reservable of Policy. Full rates last decclared
onice singuon .	-yay-	Temp Sect £2/5 comp d	tien l 42/2	A dis annua man decomied
University Life	19 <b>2</b> 90	£2/10/0	Gen 1 , £a/z ,, £a/zo/e	At death, £2/0/0 By Maturity £2/20/0
Vesleyan & General	1930A	£2/8/0	£2/2/0	Nil, by Death Claims Full rates
orkshire	1988	£2/4/20 £2/9/2	£2/4/0 (5 years in force) £2/9/7 (20 years in force)	Full races
			The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	I

* Note —The Valuation period is for the 5 years ending in December of the year stated, unless otherwise marked

Life Association of Scotland — Three and three-quarter years ending December 31, 2930.

London and Manchester.-One year ending March 24,

National Mutual of Australasia.—Three years ending September 30, 2928. Bonuses allotted at distribution as at September 30, 2930

tt September 36, 1939

Antonal Provident —Three years ending Dec 32, 2930

Notifish Equitable —Five years ending March 2, 2936, 
Notibish Insurance —Three years ending Dec 32, 2930, 
Notifish Insurance —Three years ending December 33, 1936, 
Standard —One year ending November 23, 1936, 
I'nited Kingdom —Three years ending Dec 33, 2930, 
University Life —Feriod ending Dec 33, 2930, 
University Life —Feriod ending Dec 33, 2930,

## REPAYMENTS OF INCOME TAX ON PREMIUMS. (See also p. 458.)

The amounts repaid by the Income Tax Commissioners on account of Life Insurance Premiums during the years 1914-15 to 1925-26 are shown below. These amounts repaid are additional to the allowances made on assessment (see p. 453).

Year	Number.	Amount.	Year.	Number.	Amount.
1914-15	25,005 32,902 37,929 37,920	£144,185 179,678 343,189 537,761 551,073 585,637	1980-21	\$3,98x \$3,886 	£679,337 784,423 610,464 633,997 836,196 512,178

#### ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR WHOLE LIFE | ASSURANCE.

Life assurance may be effected either with or without participation in profits If without participation, both sum assured and premium remain nuchanged. If with participation, a higher premium is charged, and bonuses can either be payable with the sum assured, applied to reduce the premium, or surrendered for cash. An alternative plan is available in some offices whereby future bonuses are anticipated and used to reduce premiums from the ontset This is called the "Discounted Bonus" or "Cost Price"

system. If the bonuses actually declared exceed those anticipated, the difference is credited to the policyholder; if, however, the anticipated bonuses exceed those declared, the balance bonness exceed these devaned, the balance has to be liquidated by the policyholder or remains as a debt Policies should only be effected on this system in companies which can point to good and consistent bonus records, and whose valuation reserves are particularly strong

The ages applicable to the life and endowment assurance (but not the annuity) rates as hereafter given are "next birthday" unless otherwise stated.

#### AVERAGE ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR WHOLE LIFE ASSURANCE OF £ 100.

Age at Entry	Wit rofi	F	ith rof	out its	co	Dia ouni kon	ted	Age at Entry		Wii rofi			ith 'rof		, ce	Du oun iou	ted	Age at Entry	į		Viti			ith rofi	out ts		Dis punt konv	ed
21 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					d. 2 9 4 0 9 5 3 3 2 1	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	2 2 2 2 2 2	#. 10 11 12 14 15 17 18 0 2	38 8 9 3 11	2 2 2 2 2 2	#. 0 1 2 3 5 6 8 10 11 13	4 7 11 5 11 6	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6	2 4 6 IO 2 6 O 7	41 42 43 44 45 46 48 50 55 60	#	3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5	6	11 10 1 6 0	3 3 3 3	15 17 18 0 4 6 12 17	d 4 3 4 7 0 7 1 10 6 10	* * * 3 3 3 3 3	8. 13 15 17 19 1 4 9 15 13 16	9 9 9

The next table shows the annual premiums payable throughout life for a policy of £100 payable at death, with profits it is not sufficient to judge a life office by premium rates only An office charging a high premium may give higher lonuses than one charging a low premium, and therefore bonus results and prospects as well as premium, lave to be considered. Some offices an assurance is effected, and how suconly allow bonuses to be taken in reduction of premium, and on this plan the rates are usually ally in cases of endowment assurance.

high to commence with, but are greatly reduced after a few years Some reserve bonnses for the older classes of policyholders, and in these cases lower premiums than the average are usually charged. Most offices grant niterim bonness between valuation periods, and it is important to ascertain if this is the case before an assurance is effected, and how such interim bonness compare with valuation bonness, especi-

# ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR ASSURANCE OF £200 PAYABLE AT DEATH, WITH PROFITS.

								***	111		-	,1.1		•		_	_			_				_			
NAME OF OFFICE	A	\ge	SI.	1	Age	25	A	ge	30	A	ge	35	A	ge	40	A	ge	45.	A	gr_	50.	A	ge :	55.	, A	ge (	5o.
	1.	*	d	ſ.	s.	d	7.	8.	d.	1	8.	đ	ſ.	8.	d	1.	×.	d.	1.	8.	ď	1	8.	d	£	ж.	d.
"Abstainers' & Gen.	~	10	0	•	3	-	~	7	8	· 3	14	-	ã	3		ã	14	4	~	٥	1	~	8	4	€	12	8
*+African Life	1	ıź	4			7	2	á		2	17	ĭ	3	7	3	۱ <u>۵</u>		ž	Ä	zδ	7	š	17	10	7	-3	10
+Alliance			4	2	2	- 5	2	۵		12	16	3				2	16	•	4	IO	10		۵		6	76	
+Atlas	•	×8	7	2	. 2	- 6	2	8		۰.	15	1	2	2	7	2	14	6	À	8	4	ĸ.	ĸ	11	. 6	TT	**
Anstralian Mutual .		- 78				Ř	•	8			TE	4	•	•	-	•	76	ο.	4	•	10		7.2	•	~		
+Britannie		x8	3	2	2			7	•	٠,	15	7	ž	7	ŏ	, ž	15	7	7	'n	T .	ž	11	11	6	10	7
+British Equitable	-	18x	10			۰		á	á	١.	15	**	ž	Ä	**	· 2	16	ź	ĭ	11		7	12	-	6	70	-
†Britanne †British Equitable †British General	•		4	•		**	-			1 .	76		ž	7	10	3	76	á	7	10	7	12	70	4	16	78	7
+Caledonian		70	7			**	-	š	- 5		75	4	3	7	6	3	76	77	1	10	7	3	-	7	. 6	73	-
+Canada Life		18	7	-		- 6	-	Ř	3	١.	75	70	3	7	4	, 3	17	10	7	14				••	7	-3	3
Clerical, Medical &			-				1		-		_		1					1				1	-		1	_	
General			8	٠.			٠.	~	6	١.	76	2	١,				₹8			T.A	10		76	**	-		**
General Colonial Mutual		18	-	-		-	-	- 6	~	15	76	3	. 3	- 2	-	3	76	**	7	7	**	2			14	3	-:
Commercial Union .	:	77	3	-		Á		š	ž	-	12	ŏ	3	3	-	3	76		12	,,		2		**	14	÷	:
†Confederation	. ;	. á	••	-		-		ž	3	-	-3	.;	13	3	3	3	77	Ã	7	:3	-	2	:2	·	1	ž	:
†Co-operative Ins	:		٠.					ĭ	7	-	-3	-:	3	3	7	3	::	~	7	::	:	3		-	12	-8	2
+Kagle,Star & B.Do.	٠.		:	- :			•	6	. :	:	::	7	٠,3	3	*	3	::	7	17	~	•	: 3		-,	1 6		7
Reclosination!	٠.		3	- 2			٠.	ž	•	:	-3	- 2	3	3		13	-3	~	17	3	2	3	۷,	-6	1 6	-:	ĕ
Ecclesiastical	١.		3	- 1		. 4				15	:3	- 7	3	:	'	13	:2	ĭ	7	7.	ž	13	.3	٠	: 6	-6	٠
†Equitable	1.	7	-				н		2	15	-3		. 3	7	3	3	-8	÷	17		ž	3	ě	-	` &	-0	•
Equity and Law																											
triends' Provident		. 10	. 9	•	• 4		Т			1	-3		3	•	u	, 3	-3	7	•	-0	y	13			7	*	5
& Century	٦.						٠.			١.					•		72		١,		•				16	-6	
†General Life	٠, ١٠	. 19								1	-2	:	13	7	.3	; 3	-2	:	17	.;	3	13	.9	:	6	-6	
LAAMOTET TITE	, ,					, ,		y			- 20	•	3	•		3		•	•		- 3	- 3	-0	7	10	70	

462 Annua	l Pren	iums į	for W	hole Lif	e Assurance	co-contd.	
NAME OF OFFICE	Age as.	Age ag.	Age 30.	Ago 35.	Ago 40. Ago 45.	Age go. Age	55. Age 60.
†Gresham Guardian †Imperial Life of	1			1 1	s. d £ s. d 2 10 3 14 0 4 6 3 15 2		
Canada	1 18 6 1 19 3 2 0 4 1 19 3 1 19 3 1 19 9 1 17 3	2 2 6 2 3 3 2 4 2 2 3 4 2 2 11 2 3 3 2 0 8	2 8 4 2 8 11 2 9 10 2 9 2 2 8 9 2 9 0	2 15 2 3 2 16 1 3 2 16 to 3 2 16 3 3 2 15 10 3	4 0 3 15 5 4 10 3 16 3 5 9 3 17 0 5 5 3 16 9 4 9 3 16 4 4 8 3 15 10	4 11 1 5 10 4 11 1 5 10 4 11 11 5 12 4 11 11 5 12	6 6 16 0 9 6 16 10 4 6 18 8 1 6 17 6 4 6 17 8 3 5 6 14 11
Marine & General . Mutual and Citizens	1 11 6 1 19 7 1 18 6		2 8 10	2 6 10 2 2 16 0 3 2 16 1 3	5 0 3 16 2	4 4 7 5 6 7 4 11 6 5 11 7 4 9 9 5 11	1 1 6 16 8
National Farmers Union Mutual National Mutual *National Mutual of	209	2 0 2 2 3 4	2 5 7 2 8 4	a 18 4 3 a 14 11 3	0 10 3 11 10 3 7 3 14 11	4 6 0 5 4	6 8 1 6 16 2
Anstralia +National Provident +Nth Brit & Mercan +Northern Norwich Union	2 0 3	2 4 3 2 3 5 2 3 10	2 9 10	2 17 5 3 2 17 0 3	6 3 3 17 4 6 1 3 16 2 4 8 3 16 2	4 7 2 5 6 4 11 1 5 16 7 4 11 11 5 11 8 4 10 10 5 16 7 4 18 5 5 12	0 11 6 15 9 1 2 6 16 2 0 8 6 17 4
†Pearl †Phœnix †Prov Assoc.of Lond †Provident Mutual . *†Prudential	1 19 7 1 19 5 1 19 0	2 3 1 2 3 1	2 8 8	2 15 8 3 2 15 10 3 2 15 8 3	4 4 3 15 4 4 9 3 16 3 4 8 3 16	4 12 0 5 12 4 9 1 5 3 4 10 11 5 9 4 10 4 5 1 4 11 2 5 12	7 10 0 11 3 9 10 6 18 0 9 0 6 13 4
†Refuge Royal †Royal Exchange †Royal London	1 19 4 1 18 5 1 16 7	2 2 8 2 3 3 2 0 7	2 8 0 2 9 0 2 6 8	2 16 6 3 2 15 4 3 2 16 0 3 2 14 2 3	5 9 3 16 6 4 8 3 16 6 1 4 9 3 15 16 3 9 3 15 16	5 4 11 9 5 12 5 4 10 0 3 8 6 4 10 2 5 9 6 4 11 7 5 12	8 4 6 12 8 9 11 6 16 4 8 4 7 0 4
†Southern Life †Standard †Sun Life †Sun Life of Canada	2 3 0 2 1 0 2 18 10 3 0 0 1 18 7 1 18 0 2 0 2 1 18 6 1 18 10 1 17 11 1 18 9	2 6 5 5 6 2 5 6 6 2 5 6 6 2 5 6 6 2 5 6 6 2 5 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 2 6 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2	2 11 9 5 1 16 7 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 18 8 3 8 18 0 3 8 14 8 3 8 16 8 3 8 17 0 3 8 17 0 3 8 16 3 3 8 16 8 3 8 15 10 3	5 6 3 3 16 6 3 3 16 6 3 3 18 14 4 3 3 5 14 18 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16 3 15 16	7 3 15 3 4 1 7 4 9 10 5 9 4 4 12 0 5 1 4 4 7 2 5 9 6 4 10 1 5 8 8 4 14 2 5 1	1 0 7 0 0 0 0 6 16 6 9 7 6 16 2 9 6 6 16 6 3 3 5 16 11 9 1 0 6 15 8 0 3 6 15 6 9 1 6 18 10 8 11 6 17 8 8 11 7 0 10 5 11 7 5 4
*United King Temp *University Life		', <b>s</b> 6 o	2 12 C	2 19 0 3	8 0 4 0		3 0 6 17 0
†Wesleyan & General †Yorkshire					3 5 7 3 17		0 7 6 15 0 2 0 6 19 11

† Offices thus marked have a plan for accepting Assurances without medical examination, but in the majority of cases there is a lin ' to the amount that can be assured under this arrangement.

A bataners am General—deneral section
African Life—lines rates are for the first so years and are then reduced and carry a guaranteed Bonus.
Eagle Star & British Dominions—Lower rates are quoted for "Sceptre Abstainers Section"
London Life—Allewance is made for quarter-years in ages at entry.
Natl Mut of Aust—Rates are for age nearest birthday.
Pradential—A reduction in the rate is made for Assurances of £1,000 or over, up to £5,000, and a further reduction for over £5,000. Sim Life—Reductions granted to total slutainers
University Life—Total Bonuses guaranteed to amount to at least 30/- per cent. per annum for first re years and 35/- per cent per annum thereafter.

#### ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES.

Endowment Assurances are very popular, and medium promising more satisfactory results than are extremely attractive to persons who desire an Endownent assurance participating in profits to combine a provision for their dependants, in a good bonus-paying life office. The selection event of premature death, with the investment of such an office is all-important, as o nuch of savings for the realisation of a fund for their depends upon profit-carning capacity—see first page of Life Assurance section.

# ANNUAL PREMIUMS FOR ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE OF £100. WITH PROFITS.

Under endowment assurances the sum assured is said after a given number of years, or on the attainment of a fixed age. Should the life assured, however, die during the endowment period, the sum assured is paid at death together with any Bonuses attaching under a "with profit" Policy

The following table shows the annual premiums, for various ages at entry, charged by the offices named, to seeme £100 with profits at the end of 15, 20 and 25 years, or at death, if previous

	SLM AUSURED PANABLE AT DEATH, OR AT THE END OF								
NAME OF OFFICE.	,	g Years			so Y	RARF		25 YEARS.	
_	Agr 35.	Age 40			Age		Age as. A	ge 30. Age 35. Ag	e 40.
Alliance	6 12 5 6 18 9 6 17 4	6 14 9 7 1 3 6 19 6 6 18 6	# # d 6 18 4 7 5 2 7 2 10 7 1 8 6 18 10	4 15 1 5 2 5 1 5 0	45 4 35 3 85 a	55 7 8 25 6 0	£ 8 d £ 3 15 03 4 0 84 3 19 74 3 19 24 3 15 13	2 54 5 14 2 54 3 74 0 84 3 04	8 d. 3 8 9 3 7 5 6 8 5 II
Britannic British Equitable . British General	6 19 4 6 15 6 6 12 11	K +8 -	7 4 11 7 2 7 6 18 9	4 18 1	15 I	35 7 2 65 5 0 35 3 2	3 17 03	0 74 3 14 19 34 2 34	6 II 6 7 5 7
Clerical Med. &Gen Colonial Mutual Commercial Union .	6 17 3 7 11 5	7 13 10	7 5 0	5 8	55 I	115 5 9	3 17 03 1 4 2 64 3 14 11 3 1 3 19 64	U 94 3 24 19 04 2 04 4 14 6 94 1	5 8 8 9 7 2
Equity and Law	6 17 18 6 16 5 6 16 0 6 18 4	6 13 3 6 18 9 6 18 0 7 0 10	7 = 5 6 = 6 5 7 = 7 7 = 0 7 5 =	5 2 4 16 4 19 5 0	35 3 84 18 35 I	55 x 2 35 4 3 05 4 0	3 15 63	1 94 3 104 17 0 3 19 44 19 14 1 74 0 04 1 04	2 11 5 8 6 0
Friends' Prov. &Cent General Life	1							0 74 2 11 4 19 04 1 64 1	
General Life			6 18 3 7 5 6	4 16 4 19 4 18 1	44 18 25 1	35 1 2 75 5 0	3 14 11 3 1	19 04 1 64 16 63 19 04 17 104 0 104	2 10 5 2 7 3
Law Union & Rock . Life Assoc. of Scotlad L'pool & Lond & G London & Manchester London & Scottish . London Assurance *London Life	6 16 3 6 15 6 6 17 6 7 2 9 6 17 8	6 19 1 6 17 10 7 0 7 7 5 7 6 19 9	7 3 6 7 1 6 7 4 11 7 10 1	5 0 4 19 5 1 1 5 2 1	05 2 55 1 05 3 15 5	85 5 6 65 4 8 75 7 0 45 9 0 25 6 2	3 18 04 3 17 93 1 4 0 24 3 19 14 3 19 74	0 04 3 04 19 54 2 24 1 94 4 24 1 34 4 74 1 14 3 64	7 3 6 8 8 6 9 0 7 4
Manufacturers Marine and General Mutual & Citizens'	661	6 8	اء		1	1 :		1 1	- 1
National Mutual *Nat. Mutual of Aust National Provident. North Brit & Mercan, Northern Norwich Union	6 12 6 6 15 8 6 16 5 6 17 4 6 12 0	6 18 10 6 15 0 6 19 10 6 18 10 6 19 5 6 15 6	6 16 11 7 2 1 6 18 4 7 5 0 7 2 11 7 3 2 7 0 6	5 0 1: 4 15 10 5 0 1: 4 10 !	15 2 04 18 05 3 15 3	85 5 6 35 1 4 95 8 5 95 6 1	3 13 63 1	0 84 3 14 6 5 11 3 18 94 1 1 74 5 94 1 1 14 3 94 9 84 1 114	7 9
Pearl	7 0 0	7 2 10	7 2 11 8 7 6 3	5 0 2	75 2 45 2 35 4	105 4 5 65 5 6 95 5 9 45 7 4	3 18 84 3 18 84 3 18 33 1	0 44 2 64 6	6 9 6 8 7 0

#### 464 Annual Premiums for Endowment Assurance-continued.

		SUM ASSURED PAYABLE AT DEATH OR AT THE END OF								
NAME OF OFFICE		15 YEARS	20 Years,	25 Years.						
	Age 35.	Age 40 Age 45.	Age 30. Age 35 Age 40.	Age 25. Age 30. Age 35. Age 40						
Royal	6 17 6	1 & s. d & s d o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	05 0 55 2 45 5 2	E 8 d E 8 d E 8 d E 8 d 4 0 0 4 1 4 4 3 8 4 7 0 3 18 10 4 0 5 4 2 10 4 6 7 3 16 7 3 18 7 4 1 6 4 5 11						
Salvation Army Scottish Amicable Scottish Equitable Scottish Insurance Scottish Insurance Scottish Provident Scottish 1enp Scottish Vin. & Nat Scottish Widows' Southern Life Standard Standard Sun Life	7 1 6 18 6 15 6 16 6 19 6 17 6 17 6 17 6 18	17 3 5 7 6 11 67 0 8 7 3 16 67 0 6 7 0 2 6 8 7 7 7 2 6 8 7 7 7 4 1 8 8 6 19 8 7 3 1 6 6 19 8 7 3 3 6 6 19 8 7 3 3 6 6 18 3 7 3 1	1 5 8 85 4 15 7 8 0 5 1 05 3 45 6 3 0 5 0 05 1 65 4 0 2 5 1 05 3 45 5 4 0 2 5 1 05 3 45 5 10 2 5 1 05 3 45 5 7 2 2 6 4 19 85 1 105 7 2 2 5 1 2 5 3 2 5 0 2 5 1 2 5 3 2 5 5 8 2 5 1 2 5 3 2 5 5 8 2 6 4 15 10 4 18 35 1 4 2 7 5 0 05 8 35 5 8 2 7 5 0 5 8 35 5 6 3 4 4 15 10 4 18 35 1 4 2 5 6 5 8 15 6 6	3 19 44 1 04 3 8 4 7 8 4 0 14 2 14 4 74 8 4 7 8 3 17 8 17 3 18 8 4 7 18 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18						
United King Temp University Life Wesleyan & Gen	6 15 7 0 6 18	16 17 37 0 07 3 07 6 07 0 17 3	8 4 19 10 5 1 9 5 4 7 0 5 4 0 5 6 0 5 9 0 6 5 1 9 5 3 8 5 6 7	3 18 13 19 11 4 2 5 4 6 3 4 3 0 4 4 0 4 7 0 4 11 0 3 19 11 4 1 6 4 4 0 4 7 11						
1	1	07 0 17 3	65 1 95 3 85 6 7	3 19 11 4 1 64 4 94 7						

• Abstances & Genl—Abstances rates • African Life—These rates carry a guaranteed Bonus.
• London Life—Allowance is mude for quarter years in agos at entry.
• National Mut of Aust—Rates are for age nearest birthday
• Prudential—A reduction in the rate is made for Assurances of £1,000 or over up to £5,000 and further
reduction for over £5,000
• Septitish Temp—Lower rates for Abstainers
• Sum Life—Reductions granted to total abstainers
• Sum Life—Reductions granted to total abstainers
• Sum Life of Canada—Rates quoted are for nearest birthday

#### LIFE ASSURANCE PROGRESS.

The business of foreign and colonial companies doing business in the United Kingdom is not soluded in the following table:—

	ORDINARY LA	FF COMPANIES.	INDUSTRIAL L	HE COMPANIES
	1980	1929.	2980	1929.
Premiums	£41,246,118 2,262,073 17,695,718	£74,681,487 3,341,663 33,704,306	£25,349,822 3,730,966	£42,002,389  IO,971,125
Total Income	6z,203,909	111,727,461	29,080,788	52,973,514
ClaimsOther Outgo	30,730,140 15,717,212 14,756,557	50,471,410 85,530,180 35,785,871	9,828,359 12,655,778 6,596,651	20,498,196 21,391,794 11,083,524
Total	6x,203,909	111,727,461	29,080,788	52,973,514
Life Assurance Funds	485,938,087	710,089,980	80,519,449	203,112,619
	ORDINARY LI	E ASSURANCES	INDUSTRIAL LI	PE ASSURANCE
	No of Policies	Amount.	No of Policies.	Amount.
Assurances in Force in 1989 as shown by the latest Returns published by the Board of Trade	4	£ 1,491,740,076	58,801,gag	£ 952,820,195

Notes for page 465 .-

A nutrallan Mutual Co-operative, London Life and Mutual and Citizens' Rates are for quarterly payments. † Caledonian—Increased rates for purchase money of \$5,000 or over. ‡ London Life Rates are for exact sage stated, but are apportioned for actual age at time of purchase.

This Table shows amount of Annuity granted for every 2:cee paid. The age is calculated from the last birthday, but many offices quote intermediate rates for every half or quarter year. By some a proportionate amount is payable to day of death. Some Companies pay whole or part of stamp duty. [For Notes see page 44.]

The Annuity is calculated as payable half-yearly. In some cases the quarterly rate is the same; in others it is a little less. Some offices grant special terms in case of impaired lives.

_		MA	LKS		FEMALES.
Oppion.	T T		1		1 1
	Age 50	Age 60	Age 65.	Age 70	Age go Age 60 Age fg. Age 70.
	Se d	& a. d	£ 4 d	& s. d	£ 2 d £ 2 d £ x d £ 2 d
African Life	7 9 0	9 6 4	10 16 4	12 17 E	6 17 4 8 4 2 9 7 251 2 0
African Life	7 9 0 6 16 6	8 15 6	10 6 1	12 8 5	6 3 9 7 12 7 8 17 8 10 14 8
Atlas	7 5 10	9 5	zz 16 8	12 19 E	6 13 6 8 2 6 9 7 oli 2 4
Pritamia	7 1 8	8 13 4	10 5 5 10 8 6	12 9 6	15 19 10 7 II I 8 17 10 10 16 II
Britannie	7 0 0		10 9 6	12 9 4	0 9 10 7 16 10 8 19 8 10 13 6
British General	7 6 6	8 18	10 9 1	12 12 6	10 7 8 7 15 10 8 19 8 10 15 0 16 7 7 7 15 11 8 19 9 10 15 0 16 14 10 8 3 10 9 7 3 11 3 0 16 15 1 8 3 5 9 6 8 11 1 3 16 3 10 7 15 10 9 1 6 10 17 6 16 1 0 8 3 4 9 11 6 11 12 8 16 15 1 8 3 5 9 6 8 11 1 2 16 15 1 8 3 5 9 6 8 11 1 2 16 6 4 7 1 3 4 8 16 0 10 9 9
+Caledonian	7 6 70	9 6	10 16 10	12 10	7 7 7 15 II 8 19 9 10 15 6
Canada Life	7 7 6	9 6	10 15	12 12	10 14 10 8 3 10 9 7 3 11 3 0
Clerical, Medical, & General	6 17 10	9 0 1	70 77 8	72 72 8	6 2 10 8 75 70 0 7 6 70 75
Colonial Mutual	7 0 4	0 2	10 15 8	13 1	6 1 0 8 3 4 6 77 677 79 8
Commercial Union	7 0 0	8 18 e	10 9 1	12 12 0	6 7 7 7 7 15 11 8 10 010 15 0
Confederation	7 7 6	9 6	10 15 6	12 17 L	6 15 1 8 3 5 0 6 811 2 2
Co-operative Ins	6 18 0	8 z5 c	10 3 8	3 Ta 4	6 6 4 7 13 4 8 16 0 10 0 4
British Equitable British General  †Caledonian  Canada Life  Clerical, Medical, & General  Colonial Mutual  Commercial Union  Confederation  Co-operative Ins.  Eagle, Star & British Dom.  Equitable	7 0 10	8 19	10 8 E	IS IO I	6 6 4 7 13 4 8 16 0 10 9 4 6 8 10 7 16 6 8 10 10 14 6 16 16 0 8 4 0 9 8 0 11 4 0
Equitable	7 6 0	9 6 0	10 16 c	13 0	16 16 0 8 4 0 9 8 0 EE 4 0
Friends Prov. & Cant	7 8 6	9 8 1	10 18 9	13 1 11	46 15 6 8 4 8 9 8 20 12 4 8
Congres	7 5 8	9 5	10 15 10	12 19	6 13 8 8 2 10 9 7 0 11 2 4
Gresham	0 10 0	8 .8	10 5	7	6 6 8 7 14 0 8 17 0 10 11 0
Equity & Law	6 17 10	8 16	70 5	72 8	0 7 8 7 15 11 8 19 10 10 15 Q
Law Union and Rock	6 18 6	8 17	20 7	12 0	6 5 8 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 10 6 6 4 7 14 4 8 18 0 10 12 10
Local and General	. 6 -8 A	8 16	10 13	12 8	6 6 6 7 14 4 8 18 0 10 12 10 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 8
Life Association of Scotland Liverpool & Lond, & Globe	6 18 10	8 18	3 to 6	12 12 C	6 6 2 7 14 0 8 17 0 10 11 0 6 6 7 15 11 8 19 10 10 15 0 6 6 5 8 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 10 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 10 6 6 5 2 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 6 0 7 13 8 17 0 10 11 8 0 6 6 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Liverpool & Lond. & Globe	7 3 8	9 .	- 10 y	12 15 E	6 II 4 7 I9 6 9 3 4 IO IS 8
London Assurance		8 18 1	10 9 C	12 12 (	7 15 0 8 19 10 15 e
London & Manchester	7 6 4	9 7	5 xx 0 2	13 7 7	16 13 3 8 3 1 9 8 8 11 7 8
London and Scottish	7 = 1	9 0 1	10 9 10	IS II	6 6 5 7 14 0 8 17 4 10 11 11 6 6 15 0 8 2 0 0 6 0 11 2 0
London Life	7 5 0	9 4	20 14	18 16 ¢	6 15 0 8 2 0 9 6 OII 2 0
Manufacturers	7 7 9	9 6	10 15	5 12 17 S	6 15 1 3 3 5 9 6 8 11 1 3 6 5 2 7 13 0 8 16 4 10 10 10 10 6 3 4 7 15 8 0 2 0 11 2 4
#Mutual and Cityane'	5 17 3	8 15 8 14	10 5	12 7 I	6 5 2 7 13 0 8 16 4 10 10 10 6 3 4 7 15 8 9 3 0 11 3 4
Liverpool & Lond. & Globe London Assurance London & Manchester London and Scottish London Life Manufacturers Marine and General Mutual and Citizens' La National Farmers Union National Farmers Union National Mutual National Mutual National Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mutual Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mational Mation	0 18 0	0 14	110 0 4	IZ XX	6 3 4 7 15 8 9 3 011 3 4
National Farmers Union	6 70	8 75	7 II 4 6	513 16	7 10 5 9 10 7 11 4 0 13 18 8 6 5 0 7 18 9 8 16 2 10 10 8
National Mutual	6 12 0	8 15	8 TO 8	12 12	0 6 3 8 7 16 4 9 4 4 11 5 a
National Mutual of Aust	7 1 8	9 4	4 ze z7	B 12 3	6 3 8 7 16 4 9 4 4 11 5 8 6 18 8 8 5 0 9 13 4 11 14 10
National Provident	7 0 0	8 18 I	0 10 0	E IS IS	6 7 8 7 16 0 8 19 10 10 15 0
North British & Mercantile	7 4 0	9 2	8 zo z3	0 12 16 C	
Northern	7 . 1	0 0	SIZO O Z	OIS II	86 6 E 74 0 8 450 TT TT
Norwich Union Life	6 z8 o	8 z8	9 10 9 8 10 4 7 11 4	I IS IS	0 5 8 7 15 11 8 10 0 10 15 0
Pearl	6 17 2	8 14	B 10 4	2,12 5 1	6 5 = 7 12 4 8 15 6 10 9 8
Le Phenix	7 10 5	9 10	7 xx 4	0 13 18	7 10 5 9 10 7 11 4 013 18 8
Provident Assoc of London	7 0 0	6 18	8 10 4 7 11 4 8 10 9 4 11 7 6 10 6	0 12 13	0 6 7 8 7 15 10 8 19 8 10 15 0
Provident Assoc, of London Provident Mutual	7 12 0	9 14	7	13 13	8 7 2 6 8 14 10 10 3 0 12 4 6
Prudential	7 7 10	9 5	4 20 24	6 TO -6	4 6 8 10 7 15 6 8 18 1 10 11 10 6 16 0 8 3 0 9 5 10 11 0 0
Prudential	.i6 8 5		9 18 I		
Royal	. 7 3 8		O TO IS	4 12 15	
Royal Exchange	7 0 0	8 x8	9 10 9		4 6 II 0 7 19 4 9 3 4 10 18 4 6 7 7 7 15 II 8 19 9 10 15 6
Royal London	7 4 0	9 0	o to 8	0 12 8 e	
Royal Exchange Royal Exchange Royal London Salvation Army Scottish Amicable. Scottish Equitable Scottish Life Scottish Provident Scottish Provident Scottish Union & Nat	7 0 2	9 0	8 TO 13	2 22 76	M6 7 4 8 3 2 0 12 8 11 15 8
Scottish Amicable	7 × 4	9 0	B to to	4 IS II	6 8 8 7 16 4 8 19 8 10 14 4
Scottish Equitable	7 0 0	8 18 1	0 10 9		90 7 8 7 16 0 8 19 10 10 15 6
Scottish Tite	7 0 0	8 18	0 10 9		90 7 5 7 15 10 8 10 8 10 15 0
Scottish Provident	7 0 0	9 4	10 14	0	6 14 0 8 1 8 9 5 411 0 8
Scottish Temperance	777	8 -8	010 10	B 12 19	9 6 15 3 8 3 4 9 7 2 11 2 5 6 7 8 7 15 11 8 19 9 10 15 0
Scottish Union & Nat.	6 17 10	0 0	8 10 12 1	1 TO	
Scottish Widows'	7 0 0	8 .8 .	0 10 0	12 12 I	06 7 8 7 76 0 8 70 70 77
Scottish Temperance Scottish Union & Nat Scottish Widows' Southern Life Association	7 11 4	0 14	6 II B	5 12 1E	7 1 8 8 14 10 10 3 6 18 5 10
Standard	. 7 8 I	107	5 10 18	E, 23 Z (	16 TE 0 8 4 8 0 8 4 B
Sun Life	. 6 14 8	8 10			0 5 8 7 18 10 8 16 8 10 11 0
Sun Life of Canada	7 7 6	9 6	0 10 15	7 18 17	MO 15 0 8 2 4 0 6 0177 9 0
United Kingdom	. 6 15 10	8 13	Sizo a r	0 12 4	46 15 0 8 3 4 0 6 911 1 8 6 3 10 7 11 4 8 14 6 10 8 8
westeyan & General	7 0 8	8 17	0 20 6	0 18 6 E	0 6 6 7 15 0 8 17 8 10 11 6
Sun Life of Canada United Kingdom Wesleyan & General Yorkshire	17 3 2	19 0 1	010 10	BIE IS	0 5 1 2 7 18 6 9 1 8 10 15 10
		•			000

In the following pages, Offices marked G transact the chief classes of Insurance, i.e., Fire, Life, Burglary, Motor, Employers' Liability, &c., whilst those who transact only a particular class or classes are marked accordingly.

Est'd	Nature of Business	Name of Company	Address of Head and London Offices.
1883	G	Abstainers and General	{142, Edmund-street, Birmingham; 223, Kings way, W.C. 2.
1904	Life	African Life	(Johannesburg; River Plate House, Finsbury circus, E.C. s.
1824	G	Alliance	Bartholomew-lane, E C. s.
1987	Mc G, except Life	Anglian	37-29, Lime Street, E.C. 3. Trafalgar Ho., Waterloo Pl., Pall Mall, S.W.:
zgz8	G	Atlantic	36-37. Old Jewry, E.C. s. ga, Cheapside, E.C. s.
1808 1849	G Life	AtlasAustralian Mutual Provident.	
1905	Fire, Burglary	Blackburn Philanthropic	4. Southampton-row, W.C. z Mutual-buildings, Darwen-street, Blackburn
1863 1985	Life M & F	Black Sea aud Baltic	106. Fenchurch Street, E.C. 2.
1866	G	Britannic	Broad-st. Corner, Birmingham; 44-46, Kings way, W.C. s.
1863	Marine	British and Foreign Marine	5, Castle-st., L'pool, 3-4 & 5-6, Lime-st, E.C.3 St. Thomas-street, Sunderland.
1898 1878	Emp Liab. Machinery	British Employers' Mutual   British Engine, &c	24, Femiel-st., Manchester ; 56, Kingsway, W.C.
1854	G	British Equitable	Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1904	G	British General	re-building).
1888 1866	G, except Life Life	British Law	3r & 3s, King-street, Cheapside, E.C. s. 7, West George-street, Glasgow.
1896 1908	G, except Life	British Oak	63 & 64, Gracechurch-street, E.C. 3. 5z-54, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3.
1907 1908	G Life	British Standard Fire and Gen. British Widows .	z. 54, Leadennall-street, E.C. 3. z, Old-street, E.C. z.
1881	Emp. Liab	Builders' Accident	31 & 32, Bedford-street, Strand, W.C. z.
1805 1847	L ife	Caledonian Canada Life	ro, George-st., Edin.; 5, Lothbury, E.C. a. Toronto; a, St. James's-square, S.W. z.
1903	G, except Life	Car and General .	83, Pall Mail, S.W. z.
1899) 1906)	Fire	Central	z, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
2 <b>88</b> 5	G .	Century	[ 18, Charlotte-sq., Edin.; 7, Leadenhall-street   E.C. 3.
1909	Fire	City Fire Office	Tutton street & W -
1886 1824	Annuities Life	Clergy Pensions Clerical, Medical, and Gen Colonial Mutual	
1873	Life & P. A.	Colonial Mutual Commercial Union	Melbourne 4. St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C. 4. 24, Cornhill, E.C 3. Toronto; Bush-house, Aldwych, W.C. 2.
1861 1871	Life	Confederation	Toronto; Bush-house, Aldwych, W.C. s.
1891	G	1	zi, Apsley-crescent, Bradford GOn poration-street, Manchester; 42, Kingsway
1867	G	Co-operative	W.C. a.
1905 1807		Cornhill	3s, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
rgo6	G, ex. Life } G, except Life	County Fire	50, Regent-street, W. z.  Edinburgh: zoSA, Cannon-street, E C. 4.
1908 1909	G, except life	Drapers' and General	104 and 105, Newgate-street, E.C. 1.
1904	G	Eagle, Star and British Dom	ro, and ros. Newgate-street, E.C. z. (z. Threadneedle-street, E.C. z.; 3-6, Lime street, and 30-32, Moorgate, E.C. z. zz. Norfolk-street, Ntrand, W.C. z.
1887	Ģ	Ecclesiastical	zz, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C. z.
1901	G G	Economic	rog, Fenchurch-street, E C. 3. 26, George-st., Edin.; 3, Birchin-lane, E.C. 3
1880	G	Employers' Liability	Hamilton House, Victoria Embankment, E.C.
1898	G, except Life	Employers Mutual	(zz, Charlotte-square, Edinburgh; Melbourne house, Aldwych, W.C. z.
1761	Life Life	Equitable	ze, Coleman-street, E.C.s ze, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C. s.
1844 1802	Fire & Acc.	Essex and Suffolk	Colchester ; 7 & 8, King-street, E.C. 2.
z894	G. except Life	Farmers' Fire and Accident .	go-51, Lime-street, E.C. 3. County Insurance-buildings, York.
1900 1904	- 1	Federated Employers' .	(8, King-street, Manchester; and 15-16, George
1800		*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	t street, E.C. 4.  89 and 90, Cheapside, E.C. 2.  7, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3; 18, Charlotte  square, Edin.
			1.5 x 35 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Est'd.	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Offices.
1885 1837 1848	G Life Life	General Accident	Perth; General-buildings, Aldwych, W.C. s. General-buildings, Aldwych, W.C. s. 188-190, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.
1910 1840 1821	G G	Gresham Fire and Accident Guarantee Society Guardian	188-190, Fleet-street, E.C. 4. 188-190, Fleet-street, E.C. 4. Sun Court, Cornhill, E.C. 3. 68, King William-street, E.C. 4.
1903 1908 1814	G. except Life Marine	Indemnity Mutual	48 & 49, Dame-st., Dublin. Lloyd s-buildings, E.C. 2.
1881 1892) 1907	Emp. Liab. G. except Life	Iron Trades Employers' Law Accident	8z, Victoria-street, S.W. z. 5, Chancery-lane, W.C. z.
1845) 1907	G. except Life	Law Fire	xx4, Chancery-lane, W.C. z.
1907	G G	Law Union and Rock Legal	7, Chancery-lane, W.C. s. Legal Insbuilding, 231, Strand, W.C. s.
1830		Legal and General Licences and General	10, Fleet-atreet, E.C. 4. 24-28, Moorgate, E.C. 2. 82, Princes-st., Edinb.; 28, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.
1838 1836 1866	Life G Plate-glass	Life Assoc. of Scotland L'pool & London & Globe L'pool & London Plate Glass	x, Dale-street, Liverpool; z, Cornhill, E.C. 3.
1918 1843 1890	Life	Liverpool Marine and General Liverpool Victoria, Local Government Guarantee	7, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 3. Victoria House, Southampton-row, W.C. z. z, z & 3, Queen-street Place, E C. 4.
x86a		London & Lancashire	(7, Chancery-lane, W.C. s (Chief Administra- tion); 155, Leadenhall-street, E.C. 2.
186a 1869	G ex Marme	London and Scottish London and Manchester .	so, Finsbury-square, E.C. 2.
1885 1860	1	London & Manch, Plate Glass London and Provincial Marme	Broad-street House, Old Broad-street, E.C. s. 4. Fenchurch-avenne, E.C. 3. 12, King William-street, E.C. 4; 257, Leaden
1720	G G	London Assurance	hall-street, E.C. 3. (Marine.) London House, 27-28, Newgate-street, E.C. 1.
1869	G. except Life	deut	So-ss, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C. s.
1806	Life Engines & Boilers	London Life	81, King William-street, E.C 4 20, Quay-street, Deansgate, Manchester.
1887	Life	Manufacturers	Toronto; British Columbia House, r, Regent- street, S.W.r.
1836 1852	Marine Life &c. Marine	Marine and General	159, Leadennan-street, E.C 3.
1864 1884 1871	Life & P A.	Maiitime	Liverpool, Lloyd's-buildings, E.C.3. 300, High Holborn, W.C. r. 3 & 4, 5 & 6, Lime-street, E C 3.
898x	Emp Liab.	Midland Employers' Mutual.	Winchester House, Victoria-square, Birming-
1896 1906	Plate-glass   G except Life   Fire &c.	Midland Mutual Plate Glass Motor Union Municipal Mutual	200, Wolverhampton-street, Dulley. 10, St. James's-street, S.W. 1. 25-27, Old Queen-street, Westminster, S.W. 1.
1903 1886 1899	Life & Acc.	Mutual Life and Citizens'  Mutual Property	Sydney, x, Arundel-street, Strand, W.C. a.
x864	Boilers, &c.	National Boiler	Manchester, Empire House, St. Martin's-le- Grand, E.C. x.
1914	G. except Life G (G ex Life &)	National Farmers Union	ro, St. Mary Axe, E.C. 3. Church-street, Stratford-on-Avon.
1897 1863	Marine      Fidelity	National of Great Britain  National Guaran & Suretyship	Glasgow; Sr., Cannon-street, E.C. 4.  Edinburgh; Granville Ho, Arundel-st, W.C.s.
1830 1869	Guar., &c.     Life   Life	National Mutual Life National Mutual of Austral	39, King-street, Cheapside, E.C. z. 5, Cheapside, E.C. z.
1835 1854	Life Plate Glass	National Provident National Provincial	48, Graceckurch-street, E.C. 3. 66, Ludgate-hill, E.C. 4.
1921	(NavalOficrs.)	Navigators & General	Finsbury-court, Finsbury-pavement, E.C. s.
1909	G.except Life	1	Orleans House, Edmund-street, Liverpool
1809	G	North British and Mercantile	(t needie-street, L.C. s.
*2836 *797	G.except Life	Norwich Union Fire	z, Union-ter., Aberdeen; z, Moorgate, E.C. z Norwich; go, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.

Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business   Business	1		-	
descept Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   General Life   Gene	Kst'd.	Nature of Business.	Name of Company.	Address of Head and London Office.
degree   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Control   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life   Life				Norwich ; 49, Fleet-street, E.C. 4.
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Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation   Computation	x859	Marine	Ocean Marine	37-9, Lime-street, E.C. 3.
Fine & Acc.  G. except Life  Fire & Emp.  Life  Sex of Life  G. except Life  Life  G. except Life  Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  Life  Motor  John Marine  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  Motor  Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  Motor  Life  Motor  John Marine  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  G. except Life  Marine  G. except Life  Marine  G. except Life  G. except Life  Marine  Acc.  G. except Life  Marine  Acc.  G. except Life  Marine  Acc.  G. except Life  Marine  Acc.  Hollon-Dank E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Life  Marine  Acc.  Acc.  Hollon-Dank Evet, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Birchin-lane, E.C.  Sydney; 2x, Lime-street, E.C.  Liverpool; 3-4, Lime-street, E.C.  Liverpool; 3-4, Lime-street, E.C.  Liverpool; 3-4, Lime-street, E.C.  Liverpool; 3-4, Lime-street, E.C.  Royal Liver  Southish Marine  Marine  Marine  Phonder  Mutual I.ife  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  Acc.  A	1886			a & a, Royal Exchange Buildings, E C. 3.
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Motor   Premier Motor Policies   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Methodist   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Methodist   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Methodist   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Methodist   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W. Of this   Me			Port of Manchester	4. Albert-square, Manchester.
Fire & Emp.   Life   Provident Mutual Life   Provident Accident and White   Provident Accident and White   Provident Accident and White   Provident Accident and White   Provident Accident and White   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident Assocn. of London   Provident   Provident House, Bishopsgate, E.C. s.   Kendal; 3s. Old Jewry, E.C. s.   Holborn-bars, E.C. s.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Birchin-lane, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Birchin-lane, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Birchin-lane, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 133, Oxford St. Manchester; 134, Strand, W.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 134, Strand, V.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 134, Strand, V.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Refuge   Oxford St. Manchester; 134, Strand, V.C. s.   Sydney; 2s. Lime-street, E.C. 3.   Gasyon; 2s. Lime-street,		Motor T		Melbourne Ho., Melbourne-pl., Aldwych, W.C.
Life   Provident Mutual Life   Provident Mutual Life   Cross   Association   Cross   Kinnard House, Pall Mail East, S.W. z.	1866	Fire & Emp.	Primitive Methodist	
G.except Life  G.except Life  Motor  Reversions  1849  G.except Life  Motor  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  Motor  Reversions Life  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  G.except Life  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  Reversions  1851  Reversions  1852  Reversions  1855  G.except Life  Reversions  1855  G.except Life  Reversions  1856  G.except Life  Reversions  1857  Reversions  1858  G.except Life  Reversions  1859  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  Reversions  1850  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  G.except Life  Reversions  1850  Reversions  1850  G.except Life  G.except Life  G.except Life  Scottish Reversions  1850  Life  G.except Life  Scottish Reversions  1851  Life  Reversion  1852  Life  G.except Life  Scottish Reversions  1853  Life  Reversion  1854  G.except Life  Scottish Reversions  1855  Indus. Life  1857  Reversion  1858  Life  G.except Life  Scottish Reversions  1857  Reversions  1858  Life  G.except Life  Scottish Provident  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Provident  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Provident  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions  Scottish Reversions	1840			25-31, Moorgate, E.C. 2.
Life   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Provincial   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodential   Prodentia	1865	G.except Life		I de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de l
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Marine & Fire 1833   Reversions 2038   Gexcept Life 3			Reliance Wire and Accident	Wolworth-road Elephont and Costle & F.
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Royal London   Royal London House, Finsbury-square, R.C.     Royal Nat. Pension (Nurses)   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army   Salvation Army			Royal Exchange	Royal Exchange, E.C. 3.
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Emp. Liab.   Scottish Amicable   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Glasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z7, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8, Tokenhouse-yard, E C. z.   Clasgow; z8,		Life		207, Queen Victoria-street, E.C. 4.
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Indus. Life Life & Acc.  G			Scottish Boller	Glasgow; Sun Court, 66-67 Cornhill, E.C 3.
Indus. Life Life & Acc.  G			Soottish Tusuranea	28, St. Andrew-sq., Edino.; 13, Cornnill, E.C.
Scottish Metropolitan Scottish Reversionary 1864 1875 1876 1876 1877 1878 1877 1878 1878 1879 1879 1879		1 -		Wilson-street, Glasgow, Room 22, Adelph
1876 G	-			
1876   Reversions   1884   1884   1885   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1886   1				Edinburgh; King William House, Arthu
Sea				street, E C. 4
Sea			Souttish Reversioners	no Charlotte Supere Edinburgh
Sea	1070		Scottish Temperance	roo. St. Vincent-st., Glasa.: 2. Cheanside E.C.
Sea			Scottish Union and National	35, St. Andrew-sq., Edinb.; 5, Walbrook, E.C.
Standard Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Standard Life   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard M			Scottish Widows' .	9, St. Andrew-sq., Edinh.; 28, Cornhill, E.C.
Standard Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Standard Life   Standard Life   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard M	_	G. except Life	Sea	[] Liverpool; 31, Cornhill, E.C. 3 (Marine), a
Standard Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Southern Life   Standard Life   Standard Life   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard Marine   Standard M			South British	New Zealand ; a, Cowper's-crt., Cornhill, E.C.
Life Standard Life			South East Lancashire	
1897     Marine     Standard Marine     Ba and Co Exchange-buildings, Liverpool;       1897     G. except Life     State     Liverpool;     A Liverpool;     7 & 3 Royal Exchange, E.C. 3.       1805     Life     Sun Life     Sun Life     53, Threadneedle-street, E.C. a.       1807     Marine     Thames and Mersey     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1807     Trustees, &c.     Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1808     G. except Life     Union Assurance     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;	- "			(2. George-st., Edinb.: 46. Queen Victoria.s.)
1897     Marine     Standard Marine     Ba and Co Exchange-buildings, Liverpool;       1897     G. except Life     State     Liverpool;     A Liverpool;     7 & 3 Royal Exchange, E.C. 3.       1805     Life     Sun Life     Sun Life     53, Threadneedle-street, E.C. a.       1807     Marine     Thames and Mersey     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1807     Trustees, &c.     Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1808     G. except Life     Union Assurance     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;       1809     G. except Life     Union Marine     Liverpool;     Liverpool;     Liverpool;	_			E.C. 4.
1810 G. except Life Sun				Ba and Co Exchange-buildings, Liverpool.
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1724 G. except Life Union Assurance	1887		Trustees Corpn, Lut	Windhester House, Old Drond-street, E.C. 2.
1863 Marine Union Marine 12, Dale-st., Liverpool; z, Fenchurch-av., E.	1867			
	1907	u, except Life		
1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 3, Queen-weet-place, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.C. 4. 1. sac 4, R.	1863	Marine	Union Marine	11, Dale-st., Liverpool; 1, Fenchurch-av., E.C.
United Kingdom Prov 196, Strand, W.C. z	1915	G except Life	United Legal Indemnity	. I, s a 3, Queen-street-Piace, E.C. 4.  6 Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C
ress G except Life Universal Automobile res. Buckingham Palace road S W	1840	Life	United Kingdom Prov.	1 206. Strand. W.C. a.
	*****	G. except Life	Universal Automobile	162, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W. z.

vice endorsed thereon,

This paragraph should be omitted when not applicable

## friendly Societies.

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THE following particulars of some of the principal societies of various types are extracted from the Registrar's Reports. The amount of funds is that for the "Voluntary" side, only and in the case of "Orders" the figures both for membership and funds relate to the Orders and branches registered in Great Britain. Names are in some instances abbreviated :-

Di S	Orders," i.e. Societies with Branches— Independent Order of Oddfellows, Mauchester Unity Ancient Order of Koresters Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity. Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity Order of the Sons of Temperance her Accumulating Sickness Societies— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Henefit Society Stational Association. Sheffield Equalmed Independent Druids	18,411,596 3,376,900 2,105,481 1,895,115	747 562 621 246
Do Do	Ancient Order of Foresters Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity Order of the Sons of Temperance her Accumulating Sickness Societies— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society Rational Association Sheffield Kuuslised Independent Druids	18,411,596 3,376,900 2,105,481 1,895,115	562 621 246
Do Do	Loyal Order of Ancient Snepherds, Ashron Unity Order of the Sons of Temperance her Accumulating Sickness Societze— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society Rational Association Sheffield Kuuslused Independent Druids	1,895,115	621
Do Do	Loyal Order of Ancient Snepherds, Ashron Unity Order of the Sons of Temperance her Accumulating Sickness Societze— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society Rational Association Sheffield Kuuslused Independent Druids	1,895,115	240
Di Di	Order of the Sons of Temperance her Accumulating Sickness Societies— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society Rational Association Sheffield Runainsed Independent Druids	1,995,115	
Do Do	her Accumulating Sickness Societzes— Hearts of Oak Benefit Society Foreman's Mutual Benefit Society Rational Association Sheffield Kuuslused Independent Druids	10.071.106	230
De S	Foreman's Mutual Helient Society	10,071,196	
De S	Foreman's Mutual Helient Society		453
Di S	Sheffield Equalised Independent Druids	1,887,719	X.
Di Di	Significate Equation independent Diving		xo6
De S	ił w kiy knomeman & Kiraman'a Are Szenety	1,089,552 1,087,390	74
De S	G.W. Rly. Ruginemau & Firemen's, &c., Society	989,328	46
De S	L.M. & S. Rly., Midland Friendly Society	66x,374	21
D S	eposit Societies-	,3,4	
D S	National Deposit Friendly Society	1100001011	971
D S	Teachers' Provident Society	3,274,593	, 7:
D S	Ideal Benefit Society	969,975 895,868	1 51
D.	U.K. Commercial Travellers' Benefit Society	699,418	8
D.	Wiltshire Working Men's Conservative Benefit Society	636,653	34
Ş D	Hampshire and General Friendly Society		30
Ş D	ividing Societies—		-
D	London General Omnibus Co.'s Employees, &c., Friendly Society	226,410	44
n	New Tabernacle Sick and Provident Society  Birmingham Ebenezer Provident Sick Society	**91,175	17
D	West Green P.S A. Slate Club	34,889	10
1-	eath and Rurial Societies—		•
	Coventry Church General Burial Society	80,187	24
	Manchester District A.O.F. Friendly Family, &c., Society	51,017	30
1	Amalgamated Engineers' Widows' & Ornhaus' Provident Society	50,082	10
l H	ndows & Orphaus Relief Societies Society for Benefit of Widows of Officers, &c. (Royal Artillery)		
1	Army Medical Officers' W. & O. Fund	277,309 211,827	1
Se	cieites for Providing Institutional Treatment		
~	Post Office Sanstorium	25,204	10
1	Printers' Sanatorium	5,807	43
	edical Aid Society-		
10	Great Western Railway Medical Fund Society	43,761	17
200	cisties Providing Other Types of Benefit— Northumberland & Durham Miners' Relief (provides Accident Benefit)		301
1	Cornoration of City of Glasgow &c (Supersuppation)	- 660 cm	301 27
1	N.E. Rly., Servants' Pension Society	630,188	34
1 01	d Friendly Societies Still in Existence—		~
	Incorporation of Carters in Leith	7,620	1
1	United General Sea Box of Borrowstounness	10,002	1
1	Fraternity of Dyers in Linlithgow  Burgesses and Trades Poor Box of Anstruther Easter		1
	Norman Society		ı
			ı
	Society of Lintot		ı
1 Ce	Society of Lintot		
1	Goldsmiths' Friendly Society		
	Goldsmiths' Friendly Society  Liverpool Viotoria Friendly Society  Leverpool Viotoria Friendly Society	20,062,303	
1	Goldsmiths' Friendly Society	80,962,393 74,845,300	8,146 4,873 2,253

Figures given as at end of 2500, except for Orders and Old Societies, 2528. Figures in membership column for "Oollecting Societies," represent numbers of assurances
 † Divides only Sick Fund
 Annual division about 524,000.
 † Collecting Societies, although registered under the Friendly Societies Acts, are also subject to the Industrial Assurance Acts.
 † Now a Deposit Society.

Building Societies are for the most part associations incorporated with limited hability the members who had not already received under the Building Societies Acts. The exceptions are a few societies established prior to 1857, which have chosen to remain unincorporated. The object of building against in the The object of building societies is to ated. The object of building societies is to balloting for advances was prohibited for new assist their members in acquiring dwelling societies. The Acts define at eleminating society houses, business premises, or other freehold or leasehold property, for occupation or investment.

I mination of the society at a fixed date, or when a Wembers' subscriptions are accumulated in a real specified in its rules attained Usually the fund which may be augmented by deposits and all the members have received advances. Terminates when leasts members in the purchase of properties.

Security for advances is given by a mortgage permanent societies, some of which have become proporties and many if not very wealthy audimportal purpose. upon the property purchased. Many, if not most, of the earlier societies were terminating. In these societies the share subscriptions were accumulated until there was sufficient capital to make an advance to a member upon mortgage. and the right to an advance, or as it was called an "appropriation," was conferred upon the tracted from the Registrar's Report:—

highest premium for the privilege of the appropriation. By later legislation, however, balloting for advances was prohibited for new societies. The Acts define a terminating society as one in which the rules provide for the termination of the societies at wheal date or when a very wealthy and important financial institutions.

All building societies are required to register their rules and file their accounts with the Registrat of Friendly Societies, who is also Registrar of Building Societies

The following is a summary of particulars ex-

BUILDING SOCIETIES, GREAT BRITAIN, 1020

	Class	Number.		'Advancer during Year.	Share Capital.	Due to De- positors and other (reditors	Islance Profit and Reserve	Mortgage Assets.	Other Assets.
Inc	anent— orporated incorporated inaling	806 31 189	1,389,078 33,895 26,459	£,000'8 87,347 1,007 413	£000 8 296,957 4,275 1,553	£000 8 49,709 566 481	£000'8 17,049 348 227	£000'8 309,534 4,736 a,044	£000'8 54,181 453 217
_	TOTALS	1,026	1,449,432	88,767	302,785	50,756	17,624	316,314	54,851
	Buildi	NG SOCIE	TIES WITH	MORE T	IA. <b>£20</b> 0	,coo Assets	AT END O	P 1930.	
stablished.	Nar (a	ne of Socie bbreviated	ty }.	1	Address.		Share Investors.	dvanced on Mortgage uring Year	Total Assets,

Established.	Name of Society Address. (abbreviated).	Share Investors.	Advanced on Mortgage during Year	Total Assets.
1853 1869 1866 1862 1846	ENGLAND.  Barnsley P., 12, Regent St., Barnsley Bath Liberal P. Mut. E., 3, Paragon, Bath  , —British Workmen & Genl. B., 6, Wood St., Bath Bideford—West'n Counties Equit. B., 7, Grenville St., Bideford Bingley, Park Road, Bingley.  (U)Birmingham & Mid Counties B., 42 & 43, Waterloo St., Bham  Citizens P., 47, Newhall St., Birmingham.  —Friendly Benefit, 43, Waterloo St., Birmingham.  —Friendly Benefit, 43, Waterloo St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  "Theorican St., Birmingham.  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"Theorican St., Colehenter.  "Theorican St., Colehenter.  "Theorican St., Colehenter.  "Theorican St	8,314 1,304 1,334 7,625 757 6,190 1,983 11,136 25,977 2,535 1,445 1,760 3,750 23,109 10,370 2,256 8,116 8,116 11,399 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,033 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 2,034 682 682 682 682 682 682 682 682 682 682	257.646 65,352 69,382 69,515 694,332 54,485 111,495 121,495 13,997 118,824 417,895 1586,363 1,586,363 1,586,363 478,883 124,895 13,894 147,995 15,863,792 16,870 17,794 18,875 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 18,872 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2,014.608 257,573 331.140 345.937 3,639.555 358.946 238,958 238,958 238,978 214,256 66,289,778 214,256 469,416 244,256 469,416 244,509 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 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1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,892 1,207,89
1856 1891	Darlington Equit., Church Row, Market Place, Darlington . ,, —Durham & Yorkshire, 52, Northgate, Darlington	6,033 2,704	383,413	1,360,888

47	2 Building Societies (under Acts 1874 to	1894	ı).	
Betabilished.	Name of Society Address. (abbreviated) Address.	Share Investors	Advanced on Mortgage during Year	Total Assecta.
: <b>8</b> 50 : <b>8</b> 66	ERGLARD (continued)— Derbyshire P. B., 7, Iron Gate, Derby Dewsbury&W.Riding P. B., Meoli's. Instn., Church St., Dewsb'ry	12,182	446,681	£ 2,335,013
1 <b>96</b> 6 1 <b>84</b> 8	Indiev & Dist R ess Morket Place Dudley	4 444	94,900 131,050	2,335,01 1,064,78 611,08
£nn	Easthourne Mut., 49A, Grove Rd., Easthourne	1,536	162,586	462,789
847 1849 1865	Easthourne Mut., 49A. Grove Rd., Easthourne Exeter B., Upper Paul St., Exeter , —Provident P., 12, Bedford Circus, Exeter Furness & S. Cumberland P. B., 36, Cornwallis St., Barrow-	944 1,251	61,512 96,204	454,960
280			113,678	675,051 524,168
\$66	Grays Co-op. Mnt. P B., ss. New Rd., Grays	903	56,353	201,020
853 854 88a	Hanley Econ., z, Albion Sq , Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent	1,514	26,893,072 98,866	70,047,399
88e 849	Harrow—Cunningham P., Bessboro Rd., Harrow	2,054	110,260	597,250
BSI	,, & East Sussex, 13, Wellington Pl , Hastings	6,187	444,195 1 ₃ 5,660	1,695,448 481,083
igo	Halifax, Permanent Bidga, Commercial St., Halifax Hanley Econ., r., Albion Sq., Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent Harrow—Cunningham P., Bessboro Rd., Harrow Hastings P., sp & 3o, Havelock Rd., Hastings , & East Sussex, 13, Wellington Pl., Hastings Haywards Heath & Dist., P. B., Lyntonville, Mazelgrove Rd., Haywards Heath			
53	Hinckley & Country P. B., 9, Castle St., Hunckley		44,773 8a,4ao	241,088 466,480
70 165	,, & S. Leicestershire P. B., 17, The Borough, Hinckley	4,138 3,206	73,500	533,965
42	Huddersfield, Britannia Bldgs., St. Peter's St., Huddersfield	20,142	1,737,034	10,834,791
76 49 85	(U) & Suffolk P. B., 8, Northgate St., Ipswich	1,967	64,481 193,068	313.303 844,858
55	Huddersfield, Britannia Bldga, St. Peter's St., Huddersfield  Ipswich & Dist. P. B., 8, Northgate St., Ipswich  (U) , & Suffolk P. B., 44, Upper Brook St., Ipswich  (U) ,—Eastern Counties P. B., 13, Queen St., Ipswich  Jarrow—Tyne Commercial P., 10, Grange Rd. West, Jarrow  Keighige & Crayer P. B. Cooks St. Keighige	6,470	400.281	8,127,952
77 41	Keighley & Craven P. B., Cooke St., Keighley	7,453	41,510 437,606	374,511 2,738,800
51 55	Kingston, 6, Eden St , Kingston-on-Thames	1,551	100,246	295,518
75 48	, P., Permanent House, The Headrow, Leeds	45,017	252,600 3,775,307	
4 4 4 6	,, Provincial, 26, Albion St., Leeds	10,651	810,287	3,155,309
9	United & Midlands, 50, St. Edward St., Leek	8,144	593,823 337,087	3,076,073
	Leicester P., 14, Friar Lane, Leicester	38,600	1,609,250	1,807,409 8,824,807
5	Lewes Co-operative B., 21, High St., Lewes	3,683	198.627 153,194	1,527,827 672,037
7	Liverpool Investment, 67, Lord St., Liverpool	2,690	291,374	1,083,091 224,496
7	., -King Edward, 19, Castle St., Liverpool	973	45,350 35,694	252,600
- 1	Jarrow—Tyne Commercial P., 10, Grange Rd. West, Jarrow.  Keighley & Craven P. B., Cooke St., Keighley  Kingston, 6, Eden St., Kingston-on-Thames Leeds and Holbeck, 105, Albion St., Leeds  P., Permanent House, The Headrow, Leeds  Provincial, 26, Albion St., Leeds  Leek & Moorlands, 15, Stockwell St., Leek  Leek & Moorlands, 15, Stockwell St., Leek  Leicaster P., 14, Friar Lane, Leicaster  Temp. & Gen. P., 13, Belvoir St., Leicaster  Lewes Co-operative B., 11, High St., Lewes  Liverpool Investment, 67, Lord St., Liverpool  ——Chatlam P., 6, Lord St., Liverpool  ——King Edward, 16, Castle St., Liverpool  ——Sun P. B., Belis Bidgs., 36, South John St., Liverpool  London:—	538	17,513	256, 177
4	Abbey Road, Abbey House, Upper Baker St , N.W. z	190,597	12,299,148	
8 8	Chelsea P. Sr. King's Road, S.W. 3	842 1.110	107,411	326,659 320,826
	Abbey Road, Abbey House, Upper Baker St., N.W.:  Camberwell & S. London, S. Camberwell Green, S.E. 5 Chelsea P., Sr., King's Road, S.W. 3. Church of Eug. Temp. & Genl P.B., 26, King William St. E. C. 4. Co-operative P., New Oxford House, Hart St., W.C.:	6,147	702,807	1,780,814
4 9	Equity P., 164A, Strand, W.C. a	49,575 2,278	3,706,167	12,586,259 402,816
3	Finchley, 4 High St., N. Finchley, N 12	1,019 469	112,845	268,206
	Co-operative P., New Oxford House, Hart St., W.C. z Equity P., 164A, Strand, W.C. z Finchley, 4 High St., N. Finchley, N. zz Finsbury, balby House, 398, City Rd., E.C. z Fourth City, 34, London Wall, E.C. z  P.O. Mut., 181, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4  Goldhawk Mut. B., 12, High Rd. Chiswick, W. 4  Hearts of Oak P., 49, Oxford St., W. z  Industrial P. B., Borough Hall, Royal Hill, Greenwich, S. E. z  Lambeth, Boro of P., 112, Westminster Bridge Rd., S. E. z  London P. B., 11, Haymarket, S.W. z  Magnet, Magnet, House, Paddington Green, W. z	3,735	56,763 306,090	257,575 1,323,404
6	,, P.O. Mut., 181, Queen Victoria St., E.C. 4	2,343	180,055 181,671	425,738 662,639
5	Hearts of Oak P., 49, Oxford St., W. x	3,803 6,546 66a	498,998	1,907,126
2	Industrial P. B., Borough Hall, Royal Hill, Greenwich, S. E. 20 Lambeth, Boro' of P., 122, Westminster Bridge Rd., S. E. 2	66a 1,267	46,176 119,444	226,436 544,999
10 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	London P.B., 11, Haymarket, S.W. 1.	308	71,425	297,025
	National, National House, 16-18, Moorgate, E.C. 2	4,422 62,908	456,687 3,483,912	1,774,783 12.441.875
3	North West District P., 119, Marylebone Rd., N.W. 1	2,535	290,966	028,655
49 17 48 17 18 18	Planet, 7, Finsbury Sq., E.C. s	1,074 2,586	59,720 225,718	267,935 752,507
la l	London P.B., xz, Haymarket, S.W. z.  Magnet, Magnet House, Paddington Green, W. z.  National, National House, x6-z8, Moorgate, E.C. z.  North West District P., xzg, Marylebone Rd., N.W. z.  People's Co-op. P., zzz, Greenwich Rd., S.E. zo  Planet, 7, Finsbury Sq., E.C. z.  Portman, z4, Orchard St., W. z.  Reliance P., zg/6 Percy St., Tottenham Court Rd., W. z.  Shern Hall (Meth.), Shern Hall, Oliver Rd., W'lth'mstow, E.zz  Temperance P., & Ludgate Hill. E.C.	9,669	8a0, 233 56, 706	2,781,492 215,289
-	Shern Hall (Meth.), Shern Hall, Oliver Rd., W'lth'mstow. E. 27	1,318	120,592	500,489
1	Temperance P., 4, Ludgate Hill, E.C. 4	11,063	1,005,703	4,748,027
7	Woolwich Equit., 123, Powis St., S.E. 18	28,424 46,273	3,015, <b>288</b> 5,591,774	9,006,988 16,967,205
-	Temperance P., 4, Ludgate Hill, E.C. 4.  Westbourne P'rk. P., 136, Westb'rne Terrace, Paddington, W.s. Woolwich Equit., 113, Powis St., S.E. 18. Macolesfield—Cheshire, Castle St., Macolesfield Manchester—National Indpt. P. B., 69, Bridge St., Manchester Market Harborough, Northampton Rd., Market Harboro'	4,207	214,893 64,802	676,360
20	Market Harborough, Northampton Rd., Market Harboro'	5,509	244,893	245,579 702,307

Established.	Name of Society Address. (abbreviated).	Share Investors.	Advanced on Mortgage during Year.	Total Assets.
60 56 76	ENGLAND (Continued)— Nelson—Marsden, s. Russell St., Nelson Newbury P. B., 6s. Northbrook St., Newbury Newcastle-on-Tyne Globe P., 3s, Grainger St. W., Newcastle-on-Tyne	2,550 1,314	龙 152,962 116,290	£ 827,417,1
6x 5x	P., 18, Grainger St. W., Newcastle-on-Tyne Crown, 21, Eldon Sq., Newcastle-on-Tyne Grainger P., Royal Exch. Bldga, Hood St.,	550 7,946 1,679	<b>28,329</b> 410,908 54,592	2,555,6 528,
63 51	, , , —Grainger P., Royal Exch. Bidga, Hood St., Newcastle-on-Tyne	2,015	x00,318	778,
65	on-Tyne	6,06a 1,346	x84,030 53,856	1,888, 383,
55 70	,, ,, —Rock P. B., 14, Market St., Newcastle-on Tyne —Royal Arcade P. 27 Grev St., Newcastle-on-Tyne	12,528 780	357,675	2,371, 273,
67	,, -St. Andrews P., 3, Ellison Pl, Newcastle-on-Tyne	618	34,340 33,850	245,
64 63	,, —Royal Arcade P., 27, Grey St., Newcastle-on-Tyne ,, —St. Andrews P., 3, Ellison Pl., Newcastle-on-Tyne Universal P., 7, Grey St., Newcastle-on-Tyne Newcastle—N. Staffs. P. Econ. B., 2 King St., Newcastle, Staffs.	2,588 1,509	134,708	97 ⁶ ,
69	Newport—Monmouthshire and S. Wales, z, Friars Chrs., Dock St., Newport	1,554	66,038	416,
88	Northempton Conservative 60 Gold St. Northempton	T,713	55,088 448,788	298, 4,229,
48 48	Northwich, 4, High Street, Bull Ring, Northwich.	14,811 1,864	42.636	814,
95 75		836 2,783	35, 106 85, 811	824, 586,
75 87	,, ,, Standard P., 64, Church Way, N. Smeids	1,654	54,319	474
55	£1., 17. DHIGUD	1,169	45,700 33,599	264, 203,
50	,, ,, —Tynemouth P. B., 53/4, Howard St., N. Shields Nottingham, Friar Lane, Nottingham	8,774	318,434 74,160	2,006,
88 48	Old Hill—Rowley Regis & Dist. B., 266, Halesowen Rd., Old Hill Otley & Wharfedale P. Inv. & B., 40. Boroughgate, Otley	1,566 1,037	74,150 69,163	356,
77	Padiham, 18, Sowerby St , Padiham, Burnley	2,318	145,477	858,
50 95	Otley & Wharfedale P. Inv. & B., 40, Borrughgate, Otley  Padiham, 18, Sowerby St., Padiham, Burnley  Peterborough Provincial B., 49, Priestgate, Peterborough  Portsmouth, City of, 53, Russell St., Portsmouth  Rannsgate—Isle of Thanet B., 46, Queen St., Rannsgate  Redditch B., Church Green West, Redditch	924 502	41,966 02,355	207
60	Ramsgate—Isle of Thanet B., 46, Queen St., Ramsgate	5,971	92,355 315,851	1,315,
59 55	(U)ReigateHolmesdale B, 43, Church St., Reigate	5,910 972	60,044 38,180	944
56 46	(U)Reigate—Holmesdale B, 43, Church St., Reigate Rugby B, Temple Bldgs., Rugby	4,393 2,779	151,911 104,388	547, 469,
8	Sheerness & Gillingham P., Broadway, Sheerness	5,768	198,770	838,
53	SKIDTOD SO HISD St. SKIDTOD	4.575	375,997 48,68a	1,335, 357,
75 56	South Shields Commercial P , Barrungton St., South Shields , —Corporation P , 6,Saville Sreet, South Shields , —Eligible P., 63, King St., South Shields	z,248	94,445	333,
75 50	Stroug Prove B. 4. Rowcroft, Stroug	1 x.200	45,946 48,880	337:
54	Sunderland—Indus. and Provt. P., s3, John St., Sunderland Working Men's, Fawcett St., Sunderland	z,6=0	· 91,443	440,
79 58	working Men's, Fawcett St., Sunderland Swindon P, z, Commercial Rd., Swindon Taunton—Equitable B., zs, Hammett Street, Taunton	3,918 8 <b>8</b> 8	145,754 48,180	614, 335,
57	Taunton—Equitable B., zs. Hammett Street, Taunton	413 1,103	49,315 65,738	378,
16	Wakefield, 57, Westgate, Wakefield	7,767	358,508	z,8e3,
7	Tyldesley P. B., County Bank Chrs., ('hapel St., Tyldesley Wakofield, 57, Westgate, Wakefield Walsall Mutual B., Estate Offices, 45, Bridge Street, Walsall Waitham Abbey P., 5, Church St., Waltham Abbey, Waitham Cross, Herts	z,040 z,327	33,185 121,864	501, 615,
14	Warwick & Warwickshire P. B, 24, Jury St., Warwick	2,482	39,751	256,
9	West Bromwich, 321, High St., W. Bromwich Wolverhampton Pholders' P. 22, Lichfield St., Wolverhampton	9,936 5,914	227,380 225,807	919, 8gs,
77	d District P.,4x, Lichfield St., Wolverhampton	4,348	247,228	857,
9	Warwick & Warwickshire P. B., 24, Jury St., Warwick  West Bromwich, 32s, High St., W. Bromwich  Wolverhampton F holders' P., 22, Lichfield St., Wolverhampton  , & District P., 44, Lichfield St., Wolverhampton  —S. Staffs. P., 34, Princess St., Wolverhampton  Worcester P., 5, Foregate St., Worcester  WALES.	3,419 5,270	167,904 132,846	614,
ò	Cardiff—Principality, Principality Bdgs, 27/9, Queen St., Cardiff SCOTLAND.	. 1	230,150	z,799,
9	Dunfermline, ze, Cross Wynd, Dunfermline Edinburgh—Scottish Amicable, ze, Melville St., Edinburgh	6,479 4,089	80,102 249,590	61s, 61s,

### Monetary Units of the World. 474

GT. BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

Penomination.	Standard Weight.	Least Current Weight	Remody of Weight
GOLD COINS:	Grains.	Grains	Giams.
*Five Pound £5	616.37139	618'500	1 00
*Two Pound Za	a46 54895	245 000	
Sovereign £1	123'27447	122 500	
Half-Sovereign zos	61 63723	61'125	
SILVER COINS:		!	3
(Crown 58,	436'36363	٠	2'000
Double Florin 48	340 00000		1.678
Half-Crown as 6d			1.364
Florin at	174 54545	_	
Shilling 18.		_	0 997
	87'27272	_	0'578
Mixpence 6d	43 63636	_	0'346
*Groat or 4d	39,00000		0.868
Threepence 3d.	a1.81818		0 212
*Twopence ad	14 54545		0.144
*Penny zd	7 27272		0.084
BRONZE COINS:	I		
Penny zd	145 83333		2.01Q
Halfpenny ½d .	87'50000	-	1 750
Farthing ¼d	43 75000		0.875
The "Remedy" is	the amou	mt of s	arietion

from standard permitted in fineness and m weight of coins when first Issued from the Mint.

Standard Gold contains twenty-two twentyfourths (carats) of fine gold and two twentyfourths of alloy; fineness, 916 66, or 22 curats; 240 troy omices of standard gold are coined into 934 sovereigns and one half-sovereign; one troy ounce is, therefore, worth £3 17s. 10¹2d., and one onnce of pure gold, on the same basis, £4 4#. 11  $\frac{1}{2}d$  During 1931 the average market price of gold fluctuated about the mean value up brief of gord internation at the suspension of the gold standard on September at the price has been fixed in relation to the \$, storling exchange being 106/11 on October 17. Bar Gold - The "bar." as purchased in the bullion market, is see oz. troy (except for the Far East, which requires to oz. bars).

Standard Silver formerly consisted of thirtyseven-fortieths of fine silver and three-fortleths of alloy; fineness, 925. Silver for coinage, by an Amending Act (20 Geo V ch. 3), consists of one-half silver, one-half alloy; or in millesimal fineness, 500; az truy ounces of 500 fineness are coined into 66 shillings † [Another Standard, called the "New Sterling" or Britannia, of the fineness zz oz. zo dwt (958 33), is practically obsolete. It is occasionally used, however, for high-class plate ]

The Average Yearly Pilce of Silver per standard Troy Ounce in the London Market during the last twelve years was as follows :- 1919, 57 ind.; the last twelvey ears was as innows:—xgrg, 57, ac.; page, 52, ad.; pag, 56, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag, 34, ad.; pag,

quoted in cents per troy ounce nne. In order to convert an English quotation into cents per ounce fine, first express the pence as a whole number and decimal fraction and then multiply by a rgs; to express a United States price on the English system, multiply the cents by o 456s.

Bronze is an alloy of copper os parts, tin 4

• Issues on special occasions.

† By law a shilling weighs one sixty-sixth of mos.

† By law a shilling weighs one sixty-sixth of mos.

Troy; most of pure silver would be used in coining 7s shillings of 9s fineness and use of 9so fineness.

† The logal weight of a penny is one third, of the halfpenny one-fifth, and of the farthing one tenth of an ounce avoirdupois; the halfpenny is one suck in diameter

† Incontinued

parts, and zinc z part, or of copper 95% parts, tin

parts, and zinc 1/2 parts.

Tokens.—No person is allowed to coin any token to pass for, or as representing, bronze or other money, under a penalty of £ac.

Melting of Coins.—The melting of British gold

and silver coin is prohibited.

Light Gold.—Any person to whom it is ten-dered should break, cut, or deface any gold coin below the least current weight, but under the provisions of the Coinage Act, 1891, and an Order in Council of 16 March, 189s, light gold com which has not been illegally dealt with is received by the Bank of England on behalf of the Mint at its full nominal value.

Bank of England Notes are issued for sums

of row, £1, £5, £10, £20, £50, also for £100, £500, and £1,000.
Treasury Notes of the value of £1 and ros, were replaced by Bank of England notes as from

November as, ress.

Bank Post Bills can be obtained at the Bank of England for amounts of £ 10 and over at seven days sight. They are issued for the full sum named thereon, without allowance for discount. No charge is made for bills so drawn : they may be obtained at the Chief Office of the Bank of England in London, or at any of the branches Legal Tender of Money.—Bank of England

Notes of £x and xos. are legal tender in Great Britain and Northern Ireland for the payment of any amount, those of the higher denominations are legal tender in England and Wales only. Change cannot be demanded except from the Bank of England. Gold, if of or above the least current weight, is legal tender to any amount. Silver is legal tender for sums up to £2, and bronze up to rad

British Ocionge Statistics.—During rose the number of colus struck at the Royal Mint was 193,a15,538. of which 164,936,670 were Imperial, 20,049,468 Colonial, and 8,229,400 Foreign.

### BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Imperial Sterling Coins are the sole legal metallic currency in :-

FALKLAND ISLANDS. NEW ZEALAND. Fiji GIBRALTAR. ST. HELENA. WEST INDIES. See also JAMAICA, below.

Special Coins are current in addition to the Imperial series in :-

COMMONWRALTH. - Special AUSTRALIAN florins, shillings, sixpences, and three-pences in silver, and pence and halfpence in brouze, of the same weights and composition as Imperial coins of these denominations, but of special designs, while the silver coins are of soo fineness

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Silver and bronze coins, bearing special designs, and cor-responding to Imperial coins in denominations, weights and composition, except that the fineness of the silver is 800. BRITISH GUIANA .- A special groat or four-

pence.

British West Africa.—Silver and also "alloy metal," 2s., 2s., 6d., and 3d., One penny, one halfpenny, and one-tenth penny (nickel-bronze).

Guenser.—Eight doubles (= z penny), 4,

s, and z double.

JAMAICA.—Nickel-bronze pence, halfnence. and farthings

JERSEY. - Special pence, halfpence, and farthings MALTA. - One-third of a farthing (bronze).

SPEC	tal moderatio	COR	LEN	ISS OF T	HE DRITISH I	odenions. 475
.6	,			LUE.		
, Домініск.	Monetary Unit (Standard Coin).	In Br Curre	itish moy. d.	Pieces to the Pound Sterling	Gold Couss.	Silver and Other Bubbidiary Comb.
ADEN	(see India.)					
British ' Honduras	Gold Dollar	4	13%	4.867	British and United States	Silver—go, as, & ro cents.  Nickel—g cents.
	g g 3-11 at			_	'	bronze-cents. [cents.
Borneo	S.S. dollar at fixed rating	•	4	8:57	-	Silver—roo, go, re and g Nickel—g, a½, & r cent. Bronze—r cent.; ¼ and ½ cent. rare.
CAMADA	Silver Dollar on gold basis	4	11/3	4.867	Canadian \$10 & \$5; also British gold &	Silver—z dollar, 50, 25 zo, and 5 cents. Nuckel—5 cents.
CEYLON	Indian Rupee, fixed rating	r	6	131/3	U.S. \$10 & \$5. British.	Bronze—cents. Silver—50, 25, & recents. Nickel—5 cents
	71		.,	_		Copper-1, 32, & 34 cent
CYPRUS	Plastre	•	11/3	180	British.	Silver-45, 18, 9, 4½ and 3 plastres.
HAST AFRICA	(see Kenya, &c.)			(		Bronze-z, 1/2, and 1/4 plastre. [cents
Hong Kong (and LABUAN)	Dollar, Mexican	1	913*	11.00	•••	Silver so, so, to, and
SINDIA	Rupee (fixed	1	6	¥3 33	British and	Bronze-1 cent. Silver-14 Ra (8 annas
	rating) = 16				15-rupee piece.	Cupro-Nucket (scottoped
	pice=192 pies.	0				1/4 Rs (4 annas).  Nickel (square) rounder corners, 1/4 R(s annas) (scolloped) 1/4 R ( anna).
						Bronze—r pice (¼ anna) ½ pice or r½ pice (½ anna); r pic (½ anna) or ⅓ pice).
IRAQ	Dinar of 1,000	20	•	x	•••	Silver—so & so fils. Nickel—so, 4, s, z fil.
Irish Frek State	Saorstát Pound	*0	•	1	•••	Silver-28. 6d., 28., 18. Niokel-6d., 3d. Bronze-1d., ½d., ¼d.
KENYA, TAN- GANYIKA AND UGANDA		I	C	20		Silver—18, 50 cents 100 cents = 18. Nickel and Bronze (per forated)—10, 5, 2, 200
φMalaya	S.S. dollar at fixed rating	2	4	8.57	British	si cent. Silver—i dollar, go, se io, and g cents. Anckel—g cents.
MAURITIUS (and SEYCHELLES	Indian Rupee, fixed rating	I	6	131/3		Bronze-1, ½, & ½ cont Silver—Indian Rupec 50, 25, 30 and 10 cents
NEWFOUNDLAND	Dollar on gold basis	4	11/3	4 867		Branze—5, 2, and 1 cont Silver—50, 20, 10 cents Nuckel—5 cents.
NEW ZEALAND	BritishSovereign	20	•	I	British	Bronze—cents. Silver—zs., 1s., 6d., 3d Bronze—id., 1/2d., 1/4.
PALESTINE	Palestine Pound (£P) divided into 1,000	80	•	*	•••	Silver—100, 50 mils. Nickel-bronze—20, 10, mils.
†SUDAN	Milliemes. Gold Pound of 100 Prastres		6¾	975	£Ez ; 50 Piastres	Bronze—z; z mils. Silver—z,5,zo,zopiastro Auskel—zo, g, z mils. Bronze—z, ½ mils.
WEST AFRICA	. BritishSovereign	20	•	1	British.	Silver or Alloy-28., 18
					1	Nickel (perforated) ad., ½d., ¼d., ¼d.

^{*}Variable with the price of silver—(Oct z7, z930),  $z7\%_{16}^{p}d$ . per standard ounce. † The only gold coin in general use in Egypt and the Sudan is the Bittish sovereign, which is current at g7% plastres. § The Exchange value of the following units in z930 (Jan. z to Oct. z7) was:—Canadian. Dollar, max. \$4:940 to £, min. \$4:755 to £; Egyptian Pound, max. g7% plastres to £, min. g7% plastres to £; Indian Rupee, max. 23 % rupees to £, min. 23.43 rupees to £; Malaya, Bollar, max. \$8.549 to £, min. \$8:533 to £.

NOTE.—Gold Standard suspended by U.K. on September 21, 1931.	ispended by U.K.		MATIONS. Money R.	Sates	IATIONS, Money Rates since that date are purely nominal	re pure	y nominal.	
Not normally quoted on daily Foreign Exchange Market.	faily Foreign Exch		re mar	ked on	Quotations are marked on special application to a bank or broker.	on to a	ank or broker	
			Non	Nominal	Rai	te of Exch	Rate of Exchange on London.	
Country and Monetary Unit	Gold Coins.	Silver Coins.	Value of Uni	ritish t	Method of	At Per	January to October 17, 1982.	tober 17. 1981.
				Currency.	Quoting.		Maximum.	Minimum.
Abyssinia-Silver Talari		1, 14, 14 th de 14 Talari	490	~ 0	•	•	•	
Albania—Albanian Franc Argentina—Nominal, Gold Peso of 100 Cen- 21/2 and 5 Pesos	- a 1/2 and 5 Pesos	100, 20, 5 Francs	00	9.216	Francs to £	28.58	26.36 frs.	ag at fre.
Actual, Paper Peso of 100 Centavos	· :	Centavos	•				,	
Austria Schilling of 100 Groschen	. 100 and as	1/2, r and a Schilling	• •	66.9	Schilling to £	%8. K	34.30 Ech.	27 . 50 BCh.
Belgium—Franc of 100 Centimes	8	Nickel 14, 1, 2 and 5 France	- 0 (	9110		1	Paris balance	
Congo Franc of xoo Centimes.	: :	go Centimes	0 0	919		8 8	enfino et . K	en So occiden
Boulvin - Gold Botterand of 100 Centaros	. 20, 10 Boltvianos	I Bol; 10, 20, 30 Centavos	•		Boliviano to £	13.33	x3.60 bols.	13.03 pols.
Brazil-Nominal, Gold Cruzerro of 100 Cen-	:	•		:	Pence to Milreis	8.89d.	4.30d.	s.98d.
Actual, Paper Milreis	:	500 Reis	•	- 86 - 87				
Calificación Peso of 100 Centaros	30. 50. 100 Peros	100, 50, 10 Leta	0 0	20.0	Leva to £	2	671'S len.	goo o lee.
China-Tael of 100 Cents		No Tael coins	•		Sterling to Tael	30	? :	e :
Theis re-Dollars 100 (Nominal)	: :	s Dollar, or Fuan		9	Do. to Dollar		:	:
Colombia Nominal, Gold Peso of no Cen. 2% and 5 Pesos 55 tanos	. 2% and 5 Pesos	1/2 and r Peto; so and ro	•	•	Pesos to £	w	S. of bes.	3.63 pes.
Costa Rica-Gold Colon of 100 Centesimos a,5,10,20 Colones ('uba-Gold Peno (= Sr U.S.)	tesimos 2,5,10,20 Colones	S, 10, 25, 50 Centenmes	. •	6.01 1	Colones to £	10.45	1•	:•
	Pesow	Nickel 5, 2, z Cents	•	25				,
		: :	0 0		D. Gulden to £	2 2		25 D.g.
Ecuador Gold Surve of 100 Centavos	. 25 & 50 Sucres	Ħ,	00		Kronen to £	. 18 18 18	18.18 kr.	17.25 kr.
Egypt—Gold Found of 100 Finefres			•		I justres to £	31.12	97 (s petre.	94't petre.
Estonia—Kroon of 100 Sents. Finland—Gold Markka of 100 Penni	100, 2	Nickel-bronze z Markka;	0 0	×	Kroon to £	103 23	18 24 kroon 193 4 F. mks.	18 so bronn
France—Franc of 100 Centimes	10 &	Markkaa   s. s. s. s. france : so	•	1.934	France to £	H . T	184.45 fr.	96.00 fr.
Algeria—Same as France Indo-China—Progres of and Cours	:	and so Centimes			• :	• •	•	• •
	:	a lunita			rence to Pidstre		•	•

	MOME	MONEYS OF POREIGN NATIONS—continued	S-continued.				
			Nominal	Ra	te of Exch	Rate of Exchange on London.	
Country and Monetary Unit.	Gold Coins.	Silver Coins.	Value of Unit	Method of	4 B.	January to October 27, 1931.	tober 17, 1931.
			Currency	Quoting	707.00	Maximum.	Minimum.
France—Madagascar—Same as France	:	:	. d.				
Tunis—Same as France German States—Reichemark of 100 Pfennige		ro and so Mark 1, 2, 3, 5 Mark; go	e e ii '7483	Marks to £	£.00	za ga mks.	15.75 mets.
Greece-Drachma of 100 Lepta		1, 5, 10, 20 Drachmae; 20, 50		Drachma to £	323	375' 25 drch.	sgo oe drch.
Guntemala-Gold Quetzal		Lepta K, ½, 1 Quetzal	0 4 r.3s	Peror to £	£8.86	:	:
Haiti-Nominal, Gold Gourde of 100 Centatos 1, 2, 5, 10	I, 2, 5, 10	1 Gourde; 5, 10, 20, 25, 50	:	•	•	•	•
Actual, Paper Gourds	. or 'og	1, 10, 50 Cents	0.0	٠		•	•
HungaryPengo of 100 Filler Italy-Nominal Lita of 100 Centesimi	Lempiras  10, 20, 50, 100	10 and so Filler; 1 Pengo	<b>29.8</b>	Pengo to £ Lire to £	84.58 88.46	27.95 pen. 93.00 lire	27.75 pen. 73.00 lire
Actual, Paper Lira		:	9.8 0 0	•	•	•	•
Japan-Gold Yen of 100 Sen	5, 10, 30 Fen	10, 20, 50 Nen	20.80	Pence to Fen	24. 5Bd.	30. Ž2q.	24.30d.
Latela—Gold Lat of 100 grachi.	15. 10, 20 Wm.	5, 2, 1 Late: 50 grasch	915.6	Late to £	5/28.SE	sg. sg late	as as late
Liberia—U.S. Dollar of 100 Cents Lithuania—Gold Litas	::	10, 25, 50 Crnts 1, 2, 5 Litas	0 6 1 38	Litas to £	99.8	£9.8+	litas
Luxemburg-Franc = 30 Piennuge Mexico-Nominal, Gold Peso of 100 Cen. s, s'5, 5, 10, 20	8, 2' 5, 15, 30	s, r Peso; 10, 20, 50	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Peros to £	<b>R.</b>	15.43 pes.	6.75 pet.
Monaco—Franc of 100 Centimes	so & 100 France		915.6 0 0	•	•	•	•
Spanish Zone—see Spain   Netherlands—Gold Fform or Gulden of 100	S, to Florins	14, 1, 21/2 Florins;	7.8a4	Floring to £	18.107	18.18 A.	9.30 A.
Sava—Gold Guilder	5, 10 Guilder	10, 25 Cents   14, 12, 1 Guilder	0 x 7.824	Floring to £	201.81	18 30 A.	10.00 A.
Curaçao—Same as Netherlands Nicarsqua—Gold Cordone of soc Centeros — Norway—Gold Knone of soc Ore — Omán—Muhameit of so Ga) ———————————————————————————————————		5, 10, 20, 50 Centavos x, 2 Kroner, 10, 25, 50 Ore Maria Theresa Dollar and	4 0 0 H	Cordobas to £ Kroner to £	4.8665 18 159	4.96 cord.	4.9s cord. 17.25 kr.
Panama—Gold Balboa of a Pesot 1, 2, 19, 5, 10, 20	1, 21, 5, 10, 20	I Peto; 5, 10, 20, 50 Cents	•	•	•	•	•
Paraguay-Nominal, Peso of 100 Centaros	: :	2, 1 Peso; 30 Centavos	0 0 0 H	•	•	*	•

			À		-	ate of Excl	Rate of Exchange on London.	
Country and Monetary Unit	Gold Coins.	Silver Coins.	19.0	Value of Unit			January to 0	January to October 27, 1951
			క	Currency	Quoting,	At Par.	Maximum	Minimum.
Persia Gold Pahlavi (£ 2 St.) of so Rigals	Pahlan of se Rugals '2 Pahlan of se R., 'Rivel of see Disserts	1/2, x, a, & S Riyale Nickel 5, 10, so Pinars Copper x & a Dunars	φ.n	4 O	Pahlavi to £	•	•	•
ົລ	1, 1/2, I Soles	1, 1%,	•	1/2/ 1	Soles to £	991.81	18.02 soles	sejoe So.EI
re Soles = former Peruvian Libra (£P) Poland—Gold Zloty of 100 Grosz	100, 50, 30, 10	5, 2, 16, 20 Centatos 5, 2, 1, 1/2 Zloty		8.8	Zloty to £	43.36	43.38 zioty	Apojz oo EE
Portugal - Nominal, Gold Escudo of 100	Z, 2, 5, 10	I Escudo; 10, 20, 50 Centaros	۰	4 5%	Becudo to £	8.4		
Centavos Actual, Paper escudo	Recudo	ı	•	0 214	Becudo to £	90,611	110'0 c8C.	200 S.L. Gor
ed = (9 to 9.5) Escuada ==	:	•		i	:	:	:	!
Poraguese Bridia—Indian Rupes = 400 Ress. Rumania—Less of 100 Barni	20, 25, 50 and	r, 2, 5 Lei; 50 Bant	,0 0	9 0.3	Leito £	. Br3.6	30g. ° 7st	197.0.5E9
Russia-Nominal, Gold Rouble of 100 Kopecks	100 Test	I Rouble; so Kopecks or half rouble=voltunite	•	£′1 €	Roubles to £1	9.49	9.457 rbls.	7.312 rble.
Currency = Tehernovetz	5, 10, 20, 40	5, 10,		9.0	Colons to £	6.13	ro. od col.	8-20 Get.
Paper Peto Blam—Gold Bakt of 200 Satangs Spain—Peteta	:::	1, 2, 5 Pesetas; 20, 50	000	95.6 0	Pence to baht Pereta to £	21 8ad.	27.45 pes.	23 %d. 41 yo per.
Sweden-Gold Kronz of 100 Ore	5, 10, 20 Kroner 10, 20 France 25, 50, 100, 250, 500 Piastres		000	27.60	France to £ Prance to £ Prastres to £	85.25 86.25 65.25	18 16 kr. 13 28 26 fr. 19 1032 0 petr.	13.86 kr. 19.25 fr. petr.
Gold Piestre of 40 Perus 1, 21, 5, 10, 20 United States—Gold Dollar of 100 Cents 1, 21, 5, 10, 20	1, 27, 5, 10, 20	14, 14, 1 Dollar; 1 Dime	00	591.1	Dollars to £	98.	\$949.7	3.830\$
Philippines—Filipino = 50 U.S. Centr	:	1, 12 Peros; 20, 10		99.0 #	•	•	•	•
Uruguay-Nominal, Gold Pese of 100 Cen-	10 Pesos	1 Peso; 10, 20, 50 Centenmos	•	m	Pence to \$	Szd.	37. gd.	30.0ď.
Veheznela-Gold Bolivar of roo Centaves	20, 25, 100 Roliveres	1, 2, 5 Bolivares;	•	o 9½	Bolivares to £		700 ob.62	700 oa . Ta
Yugoslavia-Dinar of 100 Paras	no. so Duars	1, 2, 5 Dinar; 50 Paras	•	9x5.6 o	Dinars to £	X22.50	276 8 din.	me o din.

### HALL MARKS ON PLATE .

Assay Office Marks. - Official marks stamped on

gold and silver plate at Assay Offices:—
Assay Office ... Distinguishing Mark.
Leopard's Head (uncrowned from smiths' Hall)
1300 to 1478-9, when it became 1300 to 1478-9, when it became crowned until 1821, since when

it has been uncrowned). From 1697-1730 this mark was no used in London.

Birmingham... Anchor.

Chester ...... Sheffield ..... City Arms (3 Garbs and a Sword) Crown. Edinburgh... .. Castle.

Glasgow ..... Tree, Fish & Bell. Dublin .... Harp crowned The Assay Offices at Bristol, Exeter, Newcastleupon-Tyne, Norwich and York have long been

closed. Makers' Mark (instituted in 1263).—This is impressed by the maker, and consists of initial letter (or letters) indicating the Surname (or Christian and Surname) of the maker.

Dats Mark (instituted in 1478-9) —The year in which the article is marked at the Assay Office is indicated by a letter on a shield, the type of letter and the shape of the shield being changed in cycles and the snape of one streta being changed in cycles of so, as or so years. In so-year cycles (London, invariably, Chester, alternately with as, and Sheffield, alternately with as), the letters J, V, W, X, Y, Z are omitted; in as-year cycles (Birmingham, Edinburgh and Dublin, and alternately at Chester and Sheffield) the letter "j" is omitted from the alphabet; at Glasgow all the letters are employed in a sé-year cycle

The Sovereign's Mark. — The "lion First"

passant," for silver articles only, was first used in 1544, and has been is use ever since (except during the Higher Standard period, 1697-1730). From 1544-9 it was crowned;

since then, uncrowned.

The Sovereign's Head -The portrait of the reigning Sovereign was impressed on all plate reigning Sovereign was impressed on an plate chargeable to duty assayed from 1784-1889-90. The duty on plate was removed in 1890, and the Sovereign's head does not appear on plate assayed before 1784 or after 1890.

The Crown.—On gold articles only, in lieu of the "lion passant" on silver.

Britannia.—A full-length figure of Britannia was impressed on silver plate of a special standard of fineness (zz oz. zo dwt. of fine metal to each so dwt. of alloy) during a short period only, 1697-1720; since that date the Britannia quality has been manufactured in small quantities, bearing the figure of Britannia, with the lion's head erased and the date mark.

Sterling Silver .- Articles of silver plate marked at an assay office are guaranteed to be of the requisite standard of purity and to contain z oz. a dwt. of fine metal to each z8 dwt. of alloy.

Sterling Gold .- Articles of gold plate marked at an assay office are guaranteed to contain such amount of pure gold as is marked thereon by the assaying office in carats and decimals thereof. The relative values of the various standards is shown below:

\$ a. d
Pure gold, a4 c, 4 sri½ 3rd Stand., 15 c. a r 3 r
Standard, as c. 3 ry 10½ 4th ditto, 12 c. a r 3 r
and ditto, 12 c. 3 3 8½ 5th ditto, 9 c. r 11 10½

* For the greater part of the material for this article readers of the Almanaca are indebted to the late Mr Wilfrid Oripps (author of "Old English Plate") by whose courtesy also many of the illustrations were provided.

London (Goldsmiths' Hall) Date Marks From 1438 to 1936.

n e n	B	Lombardic, simple	<b>1438-9</b> t	n <b>1457</b> -8
٤	C	Lombardic, external cusps	145 <b>8-</b> 9 ,	, 1477-8

Lombardic, double cusps ...... 1478-9 ,, 1497-8

Black letter, small ..... 1498-9 ,, 1517-8

Lombardic ...... 1518-9 ,, 1537-8

and other Roman capitals...... 1538-9 ,, 1557-8 Black letter, small . . 1558-9 ,, 1577-8

Roman letter, capitals 1578-9 ,, 1597-8

Lombardic, external Italic letter, small ... 1618-9 ,, 1637-8

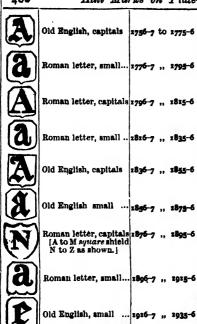
Black letter, capitals | 1658-9 ,, 1677-8

Black letter, small ... 1678-9 ,, 1696-7

x607 only.)

Roman letter, capitals 1716-7 to 1735-6

Roman letter, small 1736-7 ,, 1755-6



The Collector will find but little difficulty in

The Collector will find but little difficulty in distinguishing a letter of one cycle from that of another, presuming his knowledge to be insufficient to judge by the style and period of the article itself, e.g.:

An article marked with the letter F 2721-2 can be distinguished from letter F 1801-3 by the difference in the shape of the respective shields; as also those containing the crowned leopard's head and the lion passant; the absence of the sovereign's head in the former as against its presence in the latter case; the different form of the leopard's head (which was form of the leopard's head (which was "crowned" until x8a3); and lastly, the irregularity of the stamp in the first case as compared with the uniformity of the latter stamp. These again can be distinguished from F x88x-a as before, by the different shield of the date letter only (the shields of the remaining marks being the same as those of r8or-s); the absence of crown on leopard's head, and the presence of the Queen's vice the King's head.

### Imported Plate.

Any gold or silver plate or article manufactured out of the United Kingdom and brought to be assayed, stamped or marked at a British or an Irish Assay Office must be marked in the manner prescribed by the Order in Council of | Manner prescribed by the Orace in Council of May 12, 206, under which the mark for each Assay Office is ordained to be:—London, the sign of the Constellation Leo; Birmingham, Equilibral Triangle; Chester, Acorn and two leaves; Sheffeld, the sign of the Constellation Lips; Edinburgh, St. Andrew's Cross; Glaspore, double block letter F inverted; Dublin, Boujet.

The annual data letter is to be added by the The annual date letter is to be added by the Assay Office, as for plate, etc., of home manufacture.

### The Merinda of Moligh Architecture.

	•	יייים אייים אייים אייים אייים אייים אייים	<i>y</i>
	Date.		Style.
I.	Before B.C. ss		Ancient British
11.	B.C. ss to A D.	480	Roman Period.
Ш.	A.D. 440 to Nor.	man Conquest (2066)	Anglo-saxon.
IV.	1066-1180 (i.e. to	end sath cent.)	Norman.
v.	1180-1307 (i.e. 11	th cent.)	Early English (Lancet, or Geometrical).
VI.	1307 1377 (1.6. 1	4th cent.)	Decorated (or Curvilinear).
VII.	1377-1484 (i.e. 15	th cent.)	Perpendicular (or Rectilinear).
VIII.	1484-1448 (1.e. fi	rst half 16th cent.)	Tudor.
	A.D. sant ston	Early Renaissance	(Elizabethan (A.D. 1558-1603).
IA.	A.D. 1550-1085	Early Achaissance	(Jacobean (A.D. 1603-1625).
v	A D -60	Late Demaissans	(Stuart (A.D. 1625-1708).
Δ.	A.D. 1085-1030.	Dave Achainsaine	(Stuart (A.D. 1603-1625). (Stuart (A.D. 1625-1702). (Queen Anne and Georgian (A.D. 1702-1830).
			(William IV. (A.D. x#30-x837).
Moder	n Architecture	satis sant to means time	Victoria (A.D. 1837-1901).
(The A	ge of Revivals)	19th cent. to present time	Edward VII. (A.D. 1901-1910).
•	•		George V. (A.D. 1910- 1

This Comparative Table shows the approximate period of each style. It must, however, be remembered that the transition from one style to the next was slow and gradual, and can often hardly be traced, so minute are the differences. It is only for convenience in alluding to the different stages of evolution that the division is made, for it must not be forgotten that the Architecture of England is one continuous development.

Note.—The first portion (I-VIII) of this table is based upon that given on p. 347. Parts IX and X on p 777, and "Modern" on p. 858, of "A History of Architecture on the Comparative Method" (9th ed.), by Sir Banister Fletcher, P.R.I.B.A., F.S.A. (Bataford.)

#### MARKS ON PORCELAIN.

PUTTERY or porcelain usually bear distinctive marks either painted on or stamped into the hottom of the article. These marks may indicate the factory, the potter, or the decorator, and in the case of Chinese or Japanese ware the dynasty at the date of manufacture. In the factory at Sevres the practice of marking the date by letters was also followed, and this has led to the forging of many bogus pieces. The factories in Europe generally indicate the place of origin only Special knowledge is therefore required of the collector, and the learned amateur notes not only the mark, but the material, the colouring, and the decoration of the article, and frequently has to compare it with one that is unquestionably genuine. The following hints will, in the absence of the more learned dissertation of Mr. Chaffers, serve as a guide to the ordinary possessor or purchaser.

In the manufacture of porcelain, two main varieties of paste are used, termed 1 espectively hard and soft, or, as the French have it, pâte dure et pâte tendre. The hard paste contains more alumina and less silica than the soft When baked, it is transincent, hard, and sonoous on being struck; it has a white, milky colour, and can sustain, without injury, sudden alternations of high and low temperature. Its essential constituent is pure white kaoliu, a variety of clay which is exceedingly scarce in England and other parts of Europe, but of comparatively common occurrence in many thirties of China and Japun The soft variety has an unctinous, creain-like enamel, and is soapy to the touch, it is lighter than the other kind, and less hard (a knife will scratch it), and does not require so great a heat for solidification.

The manufacture of hard, and what is often considered the only true, porcelain, was invented by the Chinese about 180 B C, and attained its greatest perfection at the beginning of the 18th century. The secrets of the art were in 1818, carried over to Japan, whose inhabitants soon became formidable rivals to the older makers. Specimens of this castein ware had, from a very early date, occasionally found their way into Enrope, but no legiliar importation took place until the middle of the 18th century, when a small settlement was formed on the Japanese coast by some enterprising traders from Portugal. It was from them that the ware first received the name it now bears, its translucence probably reminding them of the cowne-shell which, from a supposed resemblance to the shape of a young pig, had been termed, in their language, porcellana.

In 1641 the Japanese authorities, having versions to Christiantly effected by the Portuguese missionaries, expelled the settlers from the island, and gave to the Dutch, who could always be trusted to refrain from proselytizing, the exclusive privilege of trading with them. Although the commercial industry of the Hollanders supplied England and the Continent with comparatively large quantities of the Oriental porcelain ware, the finer specimens were eagerly sought after, and, by Queen Anne's time, all classes seem to have become infected by a collecting mania. The high prices

they fetched naturally led to many attempts at imitation, which, owing to the difficulty in finding a suntable clay, all resulted in more or less marked failure, nothing but the inferior pate tendre being produced.

The first successful experiment was made, with the kaolin from Auc in the Erzgebirge, by J. F. Bottcher, who had acridentally gained a knowledge of its valuable proporties. In consequence of the discovery, Augustus, Elector of Saxony, was induced to set up a porcelain factory near Dresden, with Bottcher as directon, and, in 1715, the latter succeeded in producing an almost perfect unitation of the hard, white porcelain of the East. The most elaborate precautions were taken to prevent the secret of its manufacture getting abroad, but a very few years later, a heavy bribe extracted it from one of the workmen, and a rival factory was established at Vienna. The works at Berlin, Badon, and other towns in Germany all owed their origin in the same way to the dishonesty of different imployés. The decorations of the earlier German productions were merely mintations, in blue and white, of the Chinese and Japanese; but towards the middle of the 18th century elaborate miniature paintings of flowers, insects, and copies of well-known pictures became fashionable. The best statuettes and groups were made between 1731 and 1795; the finest of these are in plain glazed white, though many are gaily decorated, and the dress richly omamented with fine lace.

Of the factories in England, it is doubtful which has best claim to be termed the oldest; both the Chelsea and the Bow works were established before 2750, and those of Derhy and Worcester very shortly after that date. Though at first confining themselves to ministrons of the simple Oriental models, the English makers soon attained great perfection in the German and French styles, and, after the discovery of the Cornwall knolin in 2755 their best productions ranked, in every respect, very little lover than the masterpieces of Diesden and Sevices

In France, a factory for the soft variety had been set up at St. (lond as early as 1695, and some excellent work was produced there. In 1753, works under royal patronage were set up at Vincennes, and, the eyears later, removed to Sevres. The best productions were sent out during the nine years which followed the purchase of the manifactory by Louis XV. in 1760 At the end of this period the discovery of kaolin near Limoges led to a discontinuance of the manifacture of pate tendre in favour of the more highly valued pate dure. Sevies poncelain, made for use, is usually painted with flowers or figure-subjects on a plant white ground. The purely decorative pieces have panels with pictures on a white ground surrounded by frames of gold scrollwork; the main body of the piece is covered with one deep or brilliant colour.

The following are the thief marks used in the more important European manifactories. The description of the appearance of the various porcelains may be found useful in the detection of forgeries, spurious pieces being unfortunately almost as abundant as genuine specimens.

### GERMANY -- (Hard Paste).

DRESDEN.—The porcelain has a cold white, almost bluish, tint. The marks are always in blue.

1709-1712.—The initials of Augustus Rex.



1712-1720 -The wand of Æscu-



1781, with intervals to present time. -- The crossed swords.



1731-1733 - The same, with a dot



1796-1814 (Marcolini period). — The same, with a star between the bandles.



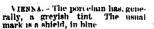
Scratches across the mark show there is some defect in the piece



Sometimes the handles meet, and cause a slight variation in the appearance of the mark.



K.P.M., was painted in italics on pieces intended for royal use.





BRRIIN—The potection closely resembles that of Dresden. In 1761 the manufactory was made a royal establishment. The marks are generally in blue, though a brown sceptre is occasionally found

2752-2762.-- A capital W, with two of the strokes crossing.



1761 onwards.—A sceptre Occa sionally there are two sceptres, crossed to initate the Dresden mark At the present day the porcelain is stamped with the Prussian eagle, encircled by the words KORNIGL, PORRELLAN MARUFACTUR.



CHELSRA.—The porcelain is of a pure white colour, with a tipt almost equal to that of the hard kind. The mark is an anchor, in gold for the best, in red for the second quality.



Bow.—The porcelan is of a fine unlky white In 1750 the works received the name of New Canton; and in 1775 were transferred to Derby. The marks are very various, and often not distinguishable from those of Chelsea. We give two varieties, which generally occur in blue.



DERBY.—The porcelain is very transparent, and of a good white colour. In 1769, the proprietor of the factory, W. Duesbury, purchased the kilns and moulds of the Chelsea works. The marks are in pink, violet, or gold. The earliest mark was an italic D

After 1769, the same, crossed with an anchor (DERBY-CHELSEA).



After x775, the date of the first royal order, a crown with crossed daggers, or a *D*, or an anchor (CROWN-DERBY)



WORCESTER.—The porcelam is not of a very good colom, but is tolerably transparent.

The cathest mark was a W or a crescent, in blue. Crossed arrows, and imitations of Chinese and Dresden marks are also found.





### FRANCE (Soft Paste till 1770)

VINCENNES and SEVRES — The porcelain is remarkable for its creamy softness of colour. The sevres period dates from 1756, when the factory was removed thither from Vincennes.

1745 1753.— Two italic Ls crossed 1753-1756.—The same, with a letter in the centre. The letters A-Z denote the years 1753-77. The Sevres period begins with D



1778-1795.—The period of double letters AA-RR. 1795-1800.—It F., the initials of Republique Française



From 1800 to the present time, the mark has varied with each change of sovereign or government, and is, generally, self-explaining.

The Weights and Measures Act of 1878, super-seding all previous laws, enacts the legal neasures for Great Britain, basing them upon the Standard Yard and the Standard Pound, in the custody of the Standards Department of the Board of Trade.

The YARD and the POUND are the only two mdependent standards for weights and measures. The Gallon, the capacity standard, wet or dry, is based upon the Pound. The Act of 1876 defines the Gallon as the volume of ten standard pounds of distilled water weighed in air against brass weights, both water and air at the tem-perature of 62° Fahrenheit, with the barometer at 30 inches

### Apothecaries' Weight. Measures of Weight

o grams = 1 scruple (A1) (= 1'296 Grammes). 3 scruples = 1 drachm (31) (= 3'888 Grammes) 20 grains 8 drachms=1 ounce (= 31 1035 Grammen)

### Measures of Capacity.

60 mmms (mm ) = 1 fluid drachm (= 3 552 Mullulitien).

1 fluid ounce (= 2 84123 8 fluid drachm-Centultires).

= 1 pint (= 0 568 Latre) = 1 (lallon (= 4 5459631 so fluid onnees 8 pints Lities)

The Apothecaries' giain is the Avoirdupois grain, and the Apothecaries' ounce is the Troy; ounce, of \$80 grains. The Apothecaries' duachus is not the same as the Avondupois drain, and is spelt differently. A thud onnce of distilled water at a temperature of 62° Fahrenheit is water at a temperature of os rainfelliels is equal in weight to the Avoidupois ounce (437'5 grains). A fluid drachm (54'68'5 grains) \$\\$\$ is equal in weight to TWO Atoirdupois drams.

Approximate Equivalents . - r "table-spoon" = ½ fluid or , r ' dessert spoon = ½ fluid or , r "tea-spoon" = ½ fluid

### Avoirdupois Weight.

7000 grains  $(q_L) = 1$  pound (tb.) 16 drains  $(d_L) = 1$  ounce  $(a_L) = 28$  350 Grammer)

16 onnces = 1 POUND ( = 0 45359243 Kilogram

14 pounds = 1 stone* ( = 6 350 Kilograms)
28 pounds = 1 quarter (of a ent) ( = 12 70

Kilograms)

100 pounds = 1 cental (=45'350243 Kilograms)
4 quarters (x12 lb.) = x hundredweight (cot.)

(=50°8028 Kilograms)
20 hundredweight (2,240 lb ) = r ton (= r 0.160
Tonnes 01 1016 to Kilograms)

### Troy Weight.

sa grams = 1 pennyweight (dwt) ( = 1 5552 (+) ammer)

so dwt = 1 ounce (= 31 1035 Grammes).

For gold and silver the ounce, divided decimally, and not into grams, is the sole unit of weight. The Troy ounce is the same as the Apothecaries' ounce, = 480 Avoirdupois grains (32'2038 Grammes) in weight. There is no Troy Pound.

### Jewellers' Weight.

The metric carat of soo millegrammes is the legal standard of weight for precious stones and pearls.

* The bmithfield stone (for dead meat) is \$ 1b. only.

Heasures of Capacity, 4 gills = z pint ( = 0.568 Litre). z pints = 1 quart ( = 1'136 Litres). z pinto = 1 quart (= 1130 Lures).
4 quart = 1 (ALLON (= 4'525631 Lutres).
2 gallons = 1 peck (= 9'0919 Litres).
8 gallons = 1 bushel (= (3'637 Dekallures).
8 bushels = 2 quarter (= 2'090 Hectolitres).
4 chaldron is 36 bushels = 4½ quarters.

Measures of Length. 12 inches (m.) = 1 foot (ft.) (= 0 30480 Metre) 3 feet = 1 yard (yd) (= 0 914399 Metre) 6 feet = 1 fathom (= 1888 Metres). 5½ yards = 1 pole ( =5 osos Metres). 28 yards = 1 cham = 100 links(=20 1168 Metres). to chains = x furlong ( = sor x68 Metres). 8 futlongs = r mile = r,760 yards ( = r 6093 3 miles = r league (obsolete). [Kilametres]. A Cricket Patch 19 22 yards (one chain) between the stumps

A Laun Tennis Court is 78 × 36 teet (double) and 78 × 27 feet (single)

A Croquet Lawn is 105 × 84 teet (full size) or

A Confirm Laws is 30 × 34 and (init sizes or a smaller multiple of 5 × 4 feet A Badminton Court is 44×30 ft, with not 30 ins deep and 5 ft high at centre A Polo Ground is 300 × 150 vds.

A Football Ground (Association) is 200 × 35 yds.

(full size); (Rugby) xxo × 75 yds. (full size).

### Birmingham Gauge.

The equivalent of an inch is 15,0 B.G numbers proceed by units down to x/o B.G., which = 0 3964 inch, and from x B G. ('3532 inch) by units to 52 B.G. ('00095 inch)

Square or Surface Measure.

144 sq mches = 1 sq foot ( = 9 2903 Sq. Decimetres).

9 mg. let : 1 mg ) ard ( = 0 836126 Sq. Metre). 3014 sq 7 rds = x perch, or tod, or pole (=

25 293 Sq Metren)
40 perches = 1 100d ( = 10 117 Acres) 4 1000ls _ x acre ( = 0 40468 //ecture)

to square chains = r acre. (metres). 640 actes = 1 squate unle (= 2 58995 Sq Kilo-

Dimensions of an Acre-The Anglo-Saxon acres-length is the fullong, and the acre'sbreadth the chain, an acre being 4,840 sq. yards, or see × se vards. The length of a side of a square acre is 69 57 yards, an area 110 x 22 yards (or 220 X 11 yards) would be half an acre; an area 55 × 22 yards (or 110 × 11 yards) would be one quarter of an acre, and so on

### Cubic Measure.

1.728 cubic inche- - 1 cubic toot (= 0'028317 Cubic metre) 27 cubic feet = 1 cubic sard (- o 764553 Cubic

### metre Augular or Circular Measure.

60 seconds (") = x minute (') 60 mmutes - 1 degree (') 30 degrees = 1 sign

90 degrees = 1 right angle or quadrant 12 signs (4 quadrants) = x circumference.

13 signs 4 quantable 17 frommerane.

Diameter of circle × 3.1416 = circumference.

Diameter squared × 7854 = area of circle.

Diameter squared × 3.1416 = surface of sphere

Diameter cubed × 5336 = solidity of sphere.

One degree of circumference × 573 = radus. Diameter of cylinder × 3'1416, product by

length or height, gives the surface.
Diameter squared × 7834, product by length or height, gives solid content.

Note .- A circle of 7 yards diameter has, in practice, a circumference of as yards = x chain.

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Miscellaneous Weights and Measures.
Apples (Bushel) = 37 to 43 lb. (average 40 lb.). Ballast (Pig) = 56 lb.
Beef (Barrel) = aoo lb
Biscuits (Bag) = ros lb
Blacklead (Cask) = rr½ cwt.
Butter (Barrel) =4 firkins = sa4 lb
Camphor (Box) = x cwt.
Cloves (Matt) = 80 lb
(Chest) = soo lb.

(Chest) = soo lb.

Coal (Sack) = saa lb

(Bushel) = 80 lb

(Chaldron) = 85 bushels.
        (Ton) = 10 sacks.
Cocoa (Bag) = rra lb.
,, (Cask) = r cwt a8 lb
Coffee (Bag) = 140 to 168 lb
(Bale of Mocha) = 224 to 280 lb
            (Barrel) = xxx to x68 lb
" (Tierce) = 5 to 7 out.
(Cotton (U.S. Bale) = 450 to 550 lb

" (Egyptian Bale) = 700 to 740 lb.

" (Indian Bale) = 400 lb.
(Tinivelly) soo ib
Currants (Caroteel) = 5 to 9 cwt.
Flour (Peck) = 14 lb
           (Bag) = 140 lb
Glass (Seam) = 24 stone of 5 lb = 120 lb,
Gunpowder (Barrel) = 200 lb.
Hides (Last) = 12 dozen
 Honey (Gallon) = 12 lb
Hops (Bag) = 280 lb.
(Pocket) = 11/2 to s ewt

Lead (Fodder):—

London and Hull = 19!, cwt
     Derby and Newcastle = as ! (wt
 Meat (Stone) = 8 lh.
Nuts (Barcelona, Bag) = 126 lb
Oats (Barrel)= 14 stone
Pepper (Bag of black) = 316 lb
(Bag of white) = 168 lb
 Pork (Barrel) = 224 lb
Potatoes (Sack) = rrs lb (since 1923)
Raisins (Barrel) = rrs lb
 Rice (Bag) = 168 lb
Sago (Bag) = 112 lb
Saltpetie (Bag) = 168 lb
Soft Soap (Barrel or Pack) = 256 lb
, (Firkin) = 64 lb
Steel (Faggot) = 120 lb
Sugar (Bag) = 128-196 lb

,, (Hogshead) = 13 to 16 (wt.

,, (Tierce) = 7 to 9 cwt

Tar (Burrel) = 26 /2 gallons
Tes (('hest) = 84 lb
 Tobacco (Hogshead) = 12 to 18 cwt
Turpentine (Batrel) = 224 to 280 lb
Wood (Cord) = 228 cubic feet
 Wool (Sack) = 364 lb
                 Wheat, Corn, and Flour.
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Under the Corn Sales Act of 1921 the Corn Returns Act of 1882 is amended, and provision is made for the sale of cereals by weight in terms of the hundredweight of zzz imperial standard ; pounds.

zoo lb. wheat produces 70 lb. flour zoo lb. flour produces 230 lb bread A quartern loaf = 4 lb.

A last of grain = 80 bushels
Note.—A Quarter is a heaped measure of 8 bushels. A quarter of English wheat is reckoned as 504 lb. weight. On the Winnipeg Grain Market the standard bushel of oats is reckoned at 34 lb. ; in U.S A. at 32 lb.

Hay and Straw. Truss of Straw, 36 lb. Truss of Old Hay, 36 lb. Truss of New Hay (to September 1st), 60 lb.

Load of hay or straw = 36 trusses.

Ton of hay = 36 trusses. An acre of grass should yield z to z tons of hay. Sizes of Barrels and Bottles. Gals.

Firkin or Quarter Barrel ..... Kilderkin, Rundlet, or ½ Barrel 9 = 9 × 1 18 = 9 × 8 36 = 9 × 4 Barrel -9 X 4 54 = 9 X 6 72 = ^ Hogshead (1½ barrels) Puncheon (s barrels)... 78 = 9 X 8 Butt of Ale (3 barrels) . . . .

108 = 9 X 12 An Anker = 10 gallons; a There = 4a gallons; a Tipe of Port or Masdew = 115 gals; Teneriffe = 100 gals; Marsala = 93 gals; Madeira and Cape = 9a gals; Sherry and Tent = 105 gals; Butt of Liebon and Bucellas = 117 gals; Aum of Hock and Rhenish = 30 gals; Hogshead of Hrandy, 60 gals; Claret, 46; Port, 57; Sherry, 54. Madeira, 46 gallons; Puncheon of Brandy or Rum = 100 gals;

Rum = 120 gals.

Bottles.—The customary glr's bottle of wine or spirits should contain one-with of a gallon = #6! fluid onnces.

In the drug trade two large bottles are used -Corbyn .. =40 fluid oz. (quart) Winchester quart =80 (12 gallon). Water

The British Ton is the weight of a cubic British Metre of pure water at the temperature of melting ice, very nearly. At present, the following relations hold good :-

Cubic inch . . ... = 252 458 grains Gallon (277 274 cub in ) = 10 lb. (distilled) Cubic foot 62'321 lh. 35'943 cubic ft. (224 gals ) = 1 ton.

Water for Ships: Tun, 210 gals., Butt 110, Puncheon 72, Barrel 36, Kilderkin 18 gals.

Cisterns A cistern 4 feet' by als and 3 deep will hold brunful 186'963 gallons, weighing 16 cwt 2 qrs 21 6 lb in addition to its own weight

Railway Gauges.

In Great Britain = 4 ft. 81. in.

ntrieat Finan = 4 ft. 8 ft. in.

"Ireland = 5 ft. 3 in.

"It S A = 4 ft. 8 ft. in gauge is also used in Canada, France, Germany, Netherlands, Belgium, Dennark, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Switzerland. Sweden and European l'urkey Australia --

N.S.W. = 3 ft 6 in and 4 ft 8½ in. Victoria and South Australia = 5 ft 3 in Queensland and Western Australia =

New Zealand = 3 ft. 6 in.

New Zealand = 3 ft. 6 in.

India = a ft. 6 in.

South Africa = 3 ft. 6 in.

Egypt = 4 ft. 8½ and 3 ft 6 in.

" Ceylon = 5 ft. 6 m

Japan = 3 ft. 6 m Russia = 5 ft. o in.

, Spain and Portugal = 5 ft. 6 in., Spain and Portugal = 5 ft. 6 in., Asia Minor = 4 ft. 8½ in. and 3 ft. 5½ in. A single track of 4 ft. 8½ in. gauge requires zz ft. of roadway, a double track requires z3 ft. of roadway.

### Electrical Measures.

It is customary to express electrical measurements in terms of the centimetre, the gramme, and the second (C.G.S. units), and the value of the units has been fixed by international agreement The principal units are as follow

As a unit of resistance, the international Ohm, which is based upon the ohm equal to ros units of resistance of the C.G.S. system of electromagnetic units, and is represented by the resistance offered to an unvarying electric current by a column of mercury at the temperature of melting ice, z4 45az grammes in mass, of a constant cross-sectional area, and of a length of 106'3 centimetres.

As a unit of current, the international 228 do. do. = z cord

Ampère, which is one-tenth of the unit of A standard hundred of deals contains 220 pieces

current of the C.G.S. system of electro-magnetic

The Petrograd standard consists of the cubic units and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the unvarying current which, when passed through a solution of nitrate of silver in water, in accordance with a certain specification, deposits silver at the rate of o cozzz8

of a gramme per second. As a unit of electro-motive force, the international Volt, which is the E.M.F. that, steadily applied to a conductor whose resistance is one international ohm, will produce a current of one international ampere, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by 1777 of the R.M.F. between the poles or electrodes of the voltac cell known as Clark's cell at a temperature of 18° C', and prepared in the manner described in a certain specification

As a unit of quantity, the international Condomb, which is the quantity of electricity transferred by a current of one international

ampère in one second.

As a unit of capacity, the international Farad, which is the capacity of a conductor charged to a potential of one international volt by one international coulomb of electricity. The unit international coulomb of electricity generally used in practice is one-millionth part of this, or the microfarad.

As the unit of work, the Joule, which is rounits of work in the (G 8 system, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the energy expended in one second by an international ampère in an international ohm. practice the watt-hour is usually employed represents the work done by such a current in an

hour, and equals 3,600 joules.

As the unit of power, the Watt, which is remits of power in the C.S. system, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the work done at the rate of one joule per second 746 watts = 1 horse-power, and the value of a Board of Trade unit (B.C.T. L.) is 1,000 watt-hours, or 3,600,000 joules, or 11/3 house-power hours.

As the unit of induction, the Henry, which is the induction in the circuit when the E.M F induced in this circuit is one international volt. while the inducing current varies at the rate of one international ampère per second

### Builders' Measurements.

Stock or kiln bricks	83/4	inches				
Welch fire-bricks	9	11				2¥
Paving bricks	9	**				134
Square tiles	914	,,		9%		
,,	6	,,	×		×	
Dutch clinker bricks	۵¼		×	2	×	11/2

A Rod of Brickwork 16% feet × 16% feet × 14% brick thick = 306 cubic feet, or 11% cubic yards, and contains about 4, 500 bricks with about 75 cubic feet of mortar. The rod being 5 British 11/2 bricks thick = very nearly 10 cubic metres.

Ordinary blicks weigh about 7 lb. each; a load of goo weighs about x ton xx (wt. x qr. A Prece of machine printed Wall Pape) is xi½ yd. long and ax in wide, of hand printed xa yd long × ax in. wide. French wall papers are uswelly a yd. × 28 in. are usually 9 yd. × 18 in

Timber and Wood.

100 superficial feet = 1 square of flooring. so cubic feet of planks = r load do. timber = 1 shipping ton toB do. do. = r stack.

The Petrograd standard consists of 165 cubic feet, or rao pieces 11/2 in X rr in X raft, or

130 pieces 3 in × 11 in. × 6 ft A Batten is not more than 7 inches wide , a Deal not more than g inches; Planks are z to 4 mehes thick, and ro inches and up in width

	Stree o	f States	
Countesses	IN IN SUX 16 S6X 14 S4X 14 S4X 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SOX 10 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12 SSX 12	ladies Small Image Plantation poubled	12× 8
8	pecific	Gravities.	

Weight of any rolume of following substances compared with the weight of the same rolume

of water.			
Alcohol		Mercury	
Aluminium	0.79	Milk Olive Oil Petroleum	13.00
	3 07	Olivo Oil	1 03
Basalt Beer	2 00	Potroloum	0 92
Dland	1 02	Platinum	0 00
Dioon .	1 00	Portland Stone .	31 45
Brandy Brass			
Chalk	z 08	, pit	00 I 08 I
Cider		Shangle	1 60
	I '02		
Clay	1 90 '		
Coal, Welch	z 60		0.64
" Newcastle	1'24	Thames ballast	7.75
Copper			
Cork.	0 24		7.29
Earth	z.60	Turpentine .	o <b>8</b> 7
Glass		Unne	I OI
Glycerine	1 26		1 00
gold	19,32	Wine, Bordeaux	o <b>99</b>
Gravel, coarse	z 85	Wood	
Gunpowder .	0,63	Ash	0'84
Honey .	2 45	Beech Cedar	0.85
Ice	0 92	Cedar	o.ęz
Iridium	53.39	Cherry	0.43
Iron, cast	7'20	Ebony	z .33
,, wrought	7 79	Manogany	1.00
Ivory Lead	1.83	Mahogany Oak Poplar	1 17
Lead	11.32	Poplar	0.38
Limestone	3.20	wainut	0 67
		Zinc	7.19
Marl	1 90		
To find the we	ight of	a cubic foot, mu	ninbia
Seres In hy the	enaciffe	romovite To flu	41 1114

62 321 lb by the specific gravity number of cubic feet in one ton, divide 35'943 by the specific gravity.

In Scotland, and at certain places in England and Wales at which the ('ran Measures Act, metres, a rod of brickwork is as square metres 12008, has been put into operation, fresh herrings must be sold by the Cran, containing 371/2 imperial gallous, or Quarter Grass of 9½ imperial gallous. In the Isle of Man and in Ireland herrings are sold by the Maz, which contains 5 iong hundreds of 126 each. On the East Coast of England, at places where the above-mentioned Act is not in force, they are sold by the Last, which contains 13,800 fish. They are counted by the Warp, which is 4 fish. 33 Warps = 1 Long Hundred, 13s; 10 Hundred = 1 Thousand, 1,3so; 10 Thousand = 1 Last, 13,800. Cured herrings and in harrels, the canacity of which, in Scotald in harrels, the canacity of which, in Scot imperial gallons, or Quarter Cran of 93s imperial | 8 31 so Indusand = 1 Last, 13,200. Cured nerrings are sold in barrels, the capacity of which, in Scot-land, must always be 26% imperial gallons, or in half-barrels of 13% gallons. Herring barrels or half-barrels must be of corresponding capacity in England and Wales if they are presented for the

Government Brand at any place at which the Herring Fishery (Branding) Act, 1923, is in force.

A Quintal of fish (Newfoundland, &c.) is 122 lb.; a barrel of anchovies = 30 lb.; a "box of fish" is about 90 lb.; a Newfoundland "box of fish" contains no lb., 123 lb., or 128 lb., to suit the requirements of the different markets.

### Geographical Measures.

The North and South Poles are two points a the opposite extremities of that diameter of the earth round which it revolves. The Equator i a great circle, equally distant from the North and South Poles. For geographical purposes the surface of the earth is divided by circles called the circles of Latitude and Longitude The circles of Latitude are small circles paralle to the Equator. The circles of Longitude are great circles perpendicular to the Equator, and passing through the North and South Poles. These circles are divided into Degrees, Minutes, and Seconds. Degrees of Latitude are and Seconds. Degrees of Latitude are numbered from the Equator to the North and South Poles Degrees of Longitude are numbered from the primary circle of Longitude, or Meridian, which passes through the astronomical observatory of Greenwich (England) The Date or Calendar

Line is shown on p. 78.

A Geographical Mile is the length of one minute of Latitude. If the earth was sphere, every minute of Latitude would be of the same length; but, as it is a spheroid, the length of a minute increases from 6,046 feet at the Equator to 6,208 feet at the Poles. The mean length of the geographical nile is 6.0768 feet.
The Nautical Mile is (strictly speaking) the length of a minute of the meridian, and is thus identical with the geographical nile. In practice, however, it is taken as the Admirally Knot of 6,080 feet, divided into no cables, which are assumed to be not fathoms, or 600 feet.

The Polar diameter of the Earth is 7,800 English miles. The circumference at the Equator is

14,908 miles.

### Measures of Heat.

The comparisons in col. s are of Thermometers constructed by Fahrenheit, Celsius and Réaumur. Gabriel Daniel Fahrenheit, F.E.S. (1865-1725), was born at Daniel, and lived a great part of his life in England and the Netherlands. He was elected in England and the Netherlands. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1794. Anders Calsius (1710-1744), inventor of the Centigrade Thermometer, was born at Upsals, Sweden, and was for many years Professor of Astronomy at the University of Upsals. René Antoine Ferchault de Récumur (1683-1757), was born at La Rochelle, France, and became known as "The Pliny of the XVIIIth Century" on account of his work as a Natural Historian.

i	5 B		Therm	ometer		trisons.		
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e	-	93	199'4	74 4	18	64:4	14.4	
	8 8.1	92	195 8	78.8	<u>z6</u>	60 8	23.8	
B X	1	86	198 z	72.3	14 14	57.	11.3	
×	S	86	186.9	65.5	22	53 6	9.6	
	= 5	85	185	68	10	50	80	
		83	181'4	66 1	8	1	6.4	
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٨	ALMANACK, 1982							

Thermometer Comparisons

Mantical Measures.

6 feet = 1 fathom zoo fathoms = z cable length. to cables = x nautical mile. 60 nautical miles = 1 degree

The assumed length of the cable is 600 feet (=182.87 metres), but it is strictly 606.97 feet (=185 metres). The conventional Nautical (= 185 of metres). The conventional Nautical
Mile (the Knot in speed measurements) is no
cables, assumed at 6,680 feet (strictly 6,669 7 feet),
but the Nautical Mile is strictly the length of
a minute of the meridian and differs according to latitude.

Ship Measurement.

The Ton-measurement of cargo was originally the space occupied by 4 hogsheads (= a Tin) of wine = 50 cmbic feet. It is now 40 cmbic feet, which is approximately the bulk of 4 quarters, or a short ton, of wheat.

or a snort ton, of wheat.

The Ton-register, the nuit of capacity of a ship, was originally the space occupied by a Last of xo Quarters of wheat = xoo culie feet. Thus cubic space is the Ton-register used by all maritime nations, too English cubic feet.

Gross tonnage is the sum in cubic feet of all the

various enclosed spaces of a vessel, divided by 100. Net tomage is the gross tomage less certain deductions on account of crew spaces, engine room, water ballast, and other spaces not used for passengers or cargo.

Dead-reight tomage, or carrying capacity, is the number of tons (of 2,240 lb.) of cargo that a vessel is capable of carrying when charged to the

load water line (y r.)

Displacement tonnage is the number of tons of ea water displaced by a vessel when charged to the load water line (q, r), ie, it is the weight of vessel and contents in tons

Load water-line is the line that would be made round the shell of a vessel when loaded as deep as the minimum freeboard regulations permit.

Draught is the distance in feet from the lowest

art of the bottom of a vessel to the actual water line at which the vessel is floating. Thus the loadwater-line marks the greatest, or loaded, draught of a vessel. A vessel without any cargo in her hold or passengers or their luggage aloand is said to be "light ship," or "light," or "in ballast." Free Board is the distance from the main or

upper deck to the load-water-line of a vessel. As a general rule the minimum free board provides an amount of reserve buoyancy that will keep a vessel afloat with two compartments holed

Bells and Watches on Board Ship.

Bells.—Time is kept by means of a bell which is struck every half hour. Anyone who, in an effort to terminate his watch prematurely strikes the bell early, is accused of "warming the bell," an expression which has grown to include the doing of anything before the appointed time.

Watches.—For purposes of discipline, and to divide the work fairly, the crew is mustered in two divisions: the Starboard (right side, looking forward) and the Port (left). The day commences at noon, and is thus divided .

Watch.	Bells (in 1/2 hours).
Afternoon	noon to 4 p.m., r to 8.
First Dog	4 p.m. to 6 p.m., 1, 2, 3, 4
*Last or †Second	
Dog	6 p.m to 8 pm. z z, 3, 8
First	8 pm to midnight, r to 8
Middle	inidnight to 4 s.m , 1 to 8
Morning	4 a.m. to 8 a.m., z to 8
Foremon	8 a.m. to noon, r to 8.

Last mRoyal Navy; † Second in Mercantile Marine. | the yarn.

This makes seven Watches, enabling the crew to keep them alternately, as the Watch which is on duty in the forenou one day has the afternoon next day, and the men who have only four hours' rest one night have eight hours the next. This is the reason for having Dog Watches, which are made by dividing the hours between 4 p.m. and 8 p.m. into two Watches

For TIME AT SEA see p. 78.

Speed of Ships. The Knot is a measure of speed of ships The following table shows the equivalents of r to 42 knots in land (statute) miles per hour -

knots .	Miles	Knots	Miles	knots	Miles
x ;	1'1515	15	17'2727	20	33'3939
2	s.3030	16	18.4343	1 30	34 5454
3 1	3'4545	17	19'5757	31	35 6969
4	4'6060	18	20'7272	32	36 8484
5	5 7575	19	21.8787	33	38.0000
	6,0000	20	23 0303	34	39'1515
7 8	8.0000	21	24 1818	35	40'3030
8,	0,3131	22	<b>25'3333</b>	35 36	41 4545
9 !	10.3636	23	a6 4848	. 37	48'6060
10	11.2121	24	27 6363	38	43 7575
22	12.6666	25	28.7878	39	44 9090
12	13.8180	26	<b>29'9393</b>	40	46 0006
13	14'9696	27	31 0008	41	47'2121
14	16,1213	# 28	38'8484	1 42	48.3636

Measures of Energy, &c. In Physics the unit of force is the dime, the amount that, acting for one second on one gramme mass, gives it a velocity of one centimetre per second. The Billish mut is the poundal, which in one second gives one pound a velocity of one foot per second. One poundal = 13.825'5 dynes. In Meteorology the unit of atmospheric pressure is the Bar, equal to the pressure of 1,000,000 dynes (1 megadyne) per sq. centimetre The Meteorological Bar is thus 1,000,000 Chemical Bars

Horse power is energy excited at the rate of 550 foot-pounds per second, an alternative unit is the kilowatt (102 kilogram-meters per second)=

737 59 foot poinds per second

Thermal Unit, The British Thermal Unit (B Th U.) is the amount of heat required to raise one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit. The Gas Therm = 100,000 B Th U If U = en ft consumed, H=dcclared heat value of the Company's gas (in B Th. U per cu ft ) P = cost of them in pence, B=total bill in pence-then B=1'×H× P+xoo,ooo, whence equivalent cost (in pence) per 1 000 (II ft =  $B \times 1,000 + V = H \times P + 100$ .

### Yarn Measures.

Cotton and Spun Silk Count -Thread = 11/2 yards Lea or Skem, skn. = 120 yards. Hank, hk. = 7 Skens, or Leas = 840 vards Spindle, i,idl. = 18 Hanks Counts = the number of Hanks in 1 lb

Bundle Hanks, either of 5 lb or 10 lb Reels of cotton vary from 30 to 1.760 vards

they must be marked correctly.

Bundlesof Cotton are chiefly made up for export.

Worsted Count — Wrap, 80 yards; Hank = 960
yards = 7 Wraps; Counts or Numbers are the number of hanks in a lb.

Linea Count .- The Hank or Lea is 300 yards, and the number of these in allo is the count of the

varn A Spindle is 48 hanks; a Bundle is 200 hanks.

West of England Count,—The Hank is 220 yards, and the number of hanks in z lb. is the count of

1 400	
Paper and Book Measure.	Sizes of Bound Books.
Writing Paper. Printing Paper.	Demy 16mo = 5 % × 4 % inches.
wee cheete - e reem	Demy 18mo = 5¾ × 3¾ ,,
at enects = 1 quire. e reams = v hundle.	Foolscap Octavo (8vo) = $6\% \times 4\%$
so quires = r ream.   5 bundles = r bale.	Crown 8vo = 7% X 5
Regular Sizes of Printing Paper.	Demy 8vo = 8 × 5 /8 ,,
	Medium 8vo = 9½ × 6 ,,
Double Foolscap = 27 × 17 ,,	Royal 8vo = $10 \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ ,
$ \text{Crown} \dots = 20 \times 15 ,, $	Super Royal 8vo . = xo¼ × 6½ ,,
Double Crown = 30 × 20	Imperial 8vo . $=$ 11 $\times$ 7½ , Foolscap Quarto (4to) . $=$ 8½ $\times$ 6½
Post = 19½ × 15½ .,	
Double Post = 31½ × 19½ ,	Crown 4to = $10 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ , Demy 4to = $11\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$ ,
	Downlato
Sheet and ½ Post = 23½ × 19½ .,	Importal ato
Demy	Crown Folio = x × xo
	Demy Folio
Medium = 23 × 18 ,,	Royal Folio = 30 × 13 // "
	Music = 14 × 10 1/4 .,
Royal = 25 × 20 ,, Super Royal = 27½ × 20½ ,,	Sizes of Type.
Elephant = 28 × 23 ,.	Sizes of Type.  The type chiefly used in "Whitaker" is named
Imperial = 30 × 22 ,,	Nonpareit (6 point). The column contains 75
NOTE.—Books are usually bound up in sheets	lines, and is 12 Pica ems wide, on an average every
of 16 or 3s pages. Octavo books are generally	column contains about 3,000 letters, or 600 words.
printed 64 pages at a time (32 pages on each side	All Founders cast their type to one uniform.
of a sheet of quad); a crown octave book of	height ("type high"), which is 11 inch. Individual
has make will the ofers weathing a sheets of and	height ("type high"), which is \$\frac{1}{4} inch. Individual letters vary in breadth, but the "body" of each
crown, and a ream will provide zoo books, the	character is of uniform depth throughout the
orown, and a ream will provide xoo books, the odd x6 sheets being reckoned as waste News-	alphabet in each fount. The unit of breadth is
papers (and books circulating in large numbers)	the Pica M (Em) 5 of which, side by side, occupy one inch of space. The unit of depth is the Point of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contr
are printed on rotary presses, for which the paper	one inch of space The unit of depth is the Point
is supplied on reels (and not in cut reams) "Whitaker" is printed on a rotary press, 192	(72 TOLLOS — I IIICII), NO DIIAU O IIIICE OL IZ POLIL
"Whitaker" is printed on a rotary press, 192	occupy r inch in depth. The names and sizes of
nages at a time, the paper being served to the	the various founts are :
press from a reel, and 6 sheets of 32 pages are delivered, printed and folded, at the opposite	Brilliant (3½ point) A column the size of this in "Whitaker," if set in Brilliant would contain
and of the prove	realwas and about a real atters
end of the press.	xa4 lines, and about 7,500 letters. Printing is the art of producing impressions from characters or figures
Sizes of Writing and Drawing Papers.	Diamond (41/2 point) is the next size; the column
Emperor = $72 \times 48$ inches.	would contain 107 lines, and about 6,000 letters. Printing is the art of producing impressions, from characters of
Antiquarian = 53 × 31 ,	Printing is the art of producing impressions, from characters or
Double Elephant = $40 \times 26\%$ , Grand Eagle . = $42 \times 28\%$ ,	Pearl (5 point), 95 lines, 4,370 letters— Printing is the art of producing impressions, from chara
	Printing is the art of producing impressions, from chara.
Atlas = 34 × 26 ,, Colombier = 34½ × 23½ ,,	Ruby (5½ point), 87 lines, 3,740 letters— Printing is the art of producing impressions, from cha
Imperial $= 30 \times 32^{\circ}$	Printing is the art of producing impressions, from cha
Elephant. $= 28 \times 23$ ,	Nonparcil (6 point), 75 lines, 3,000 letters— Printing is the art of producing impressions, fro
Cartridge = a6 × az .,	
Super Royal = 27 × 19 ,,	Minum (7 point), 64 lines, 2,360 letters-
Royal $=$ 24 $\times$ 19 ,	Printing is the art of producing impressions,
Medium . = aa × x7\; .	Brerier (8 point), 58 lines, 1,970 letters-
Large Post $= zz \times z6^{1}$ ,	Printing is the art of producing impressi
Copy or Draft $= 20 \times 16$ ,	Bourgeois (9 point), 53 lines, x,590 letters -
Demy $=$ so $\times rg^{1}_{2}$ ,	Printing is the art of producing impre
Post = $xg \times xs_{4}^{1}$ ,	Long Primer (zo point), 47 lines, z,360 letters -
Pinched Post = 181 × 141/4 ,	Printing is the art of producing im
Foolscap = 17 × 13 ¹ , Sheet and 14 Foolscap . = 22 × 12 ¹ ,	Timong is the are of producing im
Wheat and 1. Voolson	Small Pica (zz point), 43 lines, z zzo letters-
Double Westman	Printing is the art of producing i
Double Bost	Pica (12 point), 37 lines, 890 letters -
Double Large Post = 33 × 22	
Double Demy - 27 X so	Printing is the art of produci
Brief : = 16½ × 13½	English (14 point), 34 lines, 680 letters
Brief = 16½ × 13½ ;; Pott = 15 × 12½ ;;	
Sizes of Brown Papers.	Printing is the art of pro
Casing = 46 × 36 inches.	Great Primer (18 point), 27 lines, 430 letters
Double Imperial . = 45 × 29 ,	
Elephant = 34 × 24 ,,	Printing is the art o
Double Four Pound . = 31 × 21	Deville Pierre
Imperial Cap	Double Pica (zz point), zz lines, z80 letters-
. Haven Cap = 26 × 22 ,	Duinting is the
Bag Cap = 24 × 19½	Printing is the
Kent Cap = 21 × 18 ,,	

### METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

See also "Double Conversion Tables for Weights and Measures.

In addition to the Imperial standard weights and measures, the use of the French or Metric

and measures, the use of the French of Aletric
system of weights and measures was made permissive in Great Britain in 1897.

In the Metric system, the standard of length
is the METRE, the standard of weight is the
KILOGRAM, and the standard of capacity is the LITRE. Accurate copies of the Metre, Kilogram, and Litre are kept in the custody of the Standards Office of the Board of Trade

### x .- MEASURES OF LENGTH.

10 millimetres = 1 centimetre = 0'39370113 inch (mm) (cm.)
so centimetres = 1 decimetre = 3'9370113 inches. (dm) zo decimetres = z METRE (m) = z og36143 yards

zo metres .. = z dekametre = zo 936z43 yards (dam.) 10 dekametres = 1 hectometre = 100'36143 yards (hm')

ro hectometres= r kilometre = o 62137 mile. (km)

A kilometre is approximately five eighths of a mile, so that 8 kilometres may be regarded by pedestrians as 5 miles.

### 2 -MEASURES OF WEIGHT

10 milligrams = 1 centigram = 0 15432 grams (ing ) (cg) to centigrams = t decigram - 1'543# "

(da) to decigiams = r gramme

- 15'4323 " (grm) = z dekagram to grammes - 5 6438 drams (day)

ro dekagrams = r hectogram - 3 5274 oz. (hÿ ) ro hectograms = 1 KILOGRAV = 2 2046223 lb

(kg.) 10 kilograms = 1 myriagram = 22 046223 lb ro myriagrams = r quintal (q) = r 9684 cw(.
ro quintals = r tonic (f) = 0 9842 ton

### 3.-MEASURES OF CAPACITY

10 millilities = 1 (entilitie = 0 0704 gill. (mil) (cl)

recentilities = recentilitie(dl) = 0.17598 pint to decilitres = I LITRE (lit ) = 1'7598 pints

= r dekalitic = a 1997 guls. (dal) 10 dekalities = 1 hectolitic = 2 7497 bushels (hl)

r cubic cm (water) = r gram, r,000 cubic cm (water) or r litre = r kilogram, r cubic metre (r,000 litres, r,000 kilograms) = r metric ton

### 4 -MEASURES OF LAND.

too sq. metres = x are (a.). = 0'0988 rood too ares . = x hectare(ha) = 2 47xx acres too hectares = x sq. kilometre = 0'386xx sq. mile

### NOTES

z hectolitre . .... = 2 75 bushels. z hectolitre per hectare = z zz bushels per acre.

THE UNITED STATES.

The weights and measures of the U.S.A. are the same as those of Great Britain, with the

following exceptions — Weight —In the short ton of 2,000 lb., the Cental of roo lb takes the place of the Cwt in the long ton. There are Two tons, therefore, the long ton of 2,240 lb, the short ton of 2,000 lb.

Capacity—For gram, the old bushel of 2,250 42 cubic inches; its gallon = 2683 cubic inches; This is commonly called the Winchester bushel, though really of the slightly different London standard

For liquids, the old wine-gallon of \$32 cubic inches, five-sixths of the British gallon and = \$5,278 grains of water. It is divided into \$8,9118 = 7,289.7 grains of water = 76 6 imperial ounces. In medicine the pint is divided into 16 fluid ounces = 455 6 grains of water, and the ounce into 8 fluid drachms of 60 minums

### BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Australia and New Zealand .- Same as British Canada .- Same as British but with short ton of 2,000 lb, as in U S A
Newfoundland,—Same as Bittish.
Channel Islands.

The weights and measures in use in the Channel Islands are those of Great Britain, the cental of 100 lb. being used as well as the cut. of 112 lb. The Old Island Measures are as follows. Vergée (Normandy derget. Guernsey

(xo4 lb) = xx2 3 lb Cw L (100 lb.)= 108'q 11) British India.

Lucul = 0.75 inch. Guz, usually 33 inches; also the yard, = 2,000 yards. Cawny (Madras) Tola (rupce-weight). ,, - 1 33 ,, ... = 180 grains Maund, 40 seets .... ... = 82 284 lb. (Bombay) .... ... = 27 864 lb. (Madias) .... ... = 24 68 lb.

Seei (Liquid) ..... ... = 1 760 pints Candy ,, ... .. ... ... ... ... = 500 lb. Visham = 3 lb. . Dangah ..... = 3 pints ... ... .. = 500 lb. Candy ..... = 15 gallons, Parah Catty (Singapore) .... .  $\cdot = x\frac{1}{3}$  lb. Irish Free State. Same as Butish Pikul

### Malta.

## The Metric System Old Maltese Measures.

= x'745 lb

The Metric System is compulsory in the case of chemists, and is permissible (along with British weights and measures) in other cases. In addition, the following old Dutch measures are still used.—Liquid Measure. Leaguer—about za8 

### FOREIGN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

The Metric System has been adopted by the whole of Europe (except Great Britain) and is permissive in all countries.

### China.

Tael w	eight	=	1,33	OZ.	Ch'ih	£	1'175 feet.
Catty	**	=	1.33	lb.	Chang	=	zz'75 feet.
Picul	,,	=	133,33	Ib.	14	=	2,115 feet.
Ts'un		=	1'41	inc	hes.		

### Egypt.

The Metric System of Weights and Measures and the foot and pound and their multiples, are legal in Egypt. The foot and pound are rarely used and the Metric System is little known except in the large towns.

The Weights and Measures in common use, with their British equivalents, are as follows :-Lenath-

Dira Baladi (used for piece goods)= 29.83 inches Dira Mamari, or Pic (used by

architects) ...... Qasaba(used for agricultural land) = xx 65 feet

ı Qirat=209'3 sq. yards , ı Feddau (=24 qirats)= 1'038 acres.

Capacity—

Kéla = 0 454 bushel, 1 Ardeb (=12 kélas) = 5 444 bushels.

Weight—

Capacity—

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r Roti = 0 cg lb., r Oke = 2.75 lb.; r Qantar (= 100 rotis) = 99 cg lb. A Qantar of unginned cotton = 315 lb., of

ginned cotton = roo ib.; an Ardeb of wheat = 150 kilogrammes, of harley = 120 kilogrammes, of beans = 155 kilogrammes, of make = 140 kilogrammes, of whole leutils = 157 kilogrammes of split lentils = 132 kilogrammes

### Germany.

The Metric System. Old Prussian Land Measure

Morgen (3050 sq. ) ds. or o 63 English acre) is still in general use.

r ocque r quintal	=	a'84 lb. 132's lb.	z livie z drachina	o,rr ov
		Japan and	Formosa.	

## The Metric System from July 1, 1984 Old Japanese Measures.

Shaku (20 Sun).. = 12 932 inches Ken (6 Shaku) .. = 2 9884 yarus. Rí. .... .. = 3'4403 miles. = 5'9553 MJ. miles Square ri = 5 4553 ml. filled = 5 453 chains = 2 4507 acres. = 39538 sq. yards = 397033 gallons = 4 9639 bushels Cho ..... Square cho . Tsubo ... . . . . Liquid koku = Dry koku . Koku of capacity = o'z tou. Liquid sho = 1 5881 quarts. Dry sho . .... Kin (160 Momme) = 0'1985 Decks. = 1'3228 lb

Kwan (2000 Mommo)= 8:2673 lb. Russia.

The Metric System from Jan. 2, 1927. Old Russian Measures. Standard of length the Sajen, equal to seven British feet; standard of weight the Funt =

o gonda lb. Length. zé vershok = z arshin.

3 arshin = 1 sajen. 500 sajen

= 1166'66 vards(0'66e66 mile) z verst

	Sur.	lace.
z sq. vershok	<b>=</b>	3'coas sq. inches.
t sq. arshiu	=	5'4444 Buj. feet
t sq. sajen	=	5'4444 sq. yards.
1 8q. verst	==	0'4304 sq. miles.
	Wei	ght.
r zolotnik	=	65 8306 grains.
a golotnik	-	- loth

3 zolot = r funt

40 funt = 1 pood (36.118 lb.) so poods = z berkovatz.

Canacity. = o's:64 pint. z tcharka = 1'08ss quarts. z shtoff (zo tcharkas)

z vedro (zo shtoffs) == 2.705 British gallons. z chetvert (8 chetveriks) = 5.772 British bushels Siam. = 0.83 mch.

Niu ... . = 0'53 men Ru'p ..... . = 10 inches. - 44'4 vards Sen ..... = 44'4 yards.
ltbeneng ... = a'5ag miles.
Tael ..... = 936'a5 Tr. gr.
Chang ... = a'575 lb.

### Turkey.

```
Oke = 400 drams = 2°3264 lb.

Batman = 6 okes = 16°938 lb.

Cantar = 44 okes = 124°3616 lb.
Cheki
          = 195 okes = 551 148 lb.
Kileh
                              = o grao bushel.
Muscal (Ess. of Rose) 1'5 drams = 74'171 grains
Arshin (cloth) = 26'96 inches.
Endaze
                              = 25'555 inches.
= 29'830 inches.
Arshin (land)
Dennum
                              = 1098'765 84 YRIGH
Djerib (hectare)
                             = 2'47 acres
```

### OLD MEASURES. Old British and Irish Measures.

Hand (horses) ... . . = 4 mches. The following are obsolete :-.... .. = 18 inches. English Ell ... = 45 inches.
Scottish Ell ... = 37 a inches.
Scottish mile ... = 1,984 yards. lrish mile .... ... = 3,340 yards.

Note: The mile in Northern Ireland and in the Irish Free State is 1,760 yards, as in Great Britain. Scottish acre..... = 6,150 4 sq. yards. Cunningham acre Cunningham acre = 6,250 sq. yards. Irish acre ...... = 7,840 sq. yards. Cheshire acre . = 10,240 sq. yards. . = 130 acres (average) = ¼ of a hide. Hide Yard of land. ....

### Old French Measures

Toise of 6 feet; Foot = 12.789 in.

Aune (ell) of 4 Boman feet = 46.77 in.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 6 miles.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 6 miles.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 6 miles.

League, 3,000 toises = 2 3 6 acres.

League, 3,000 toises = 2 3 6 acres.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 5 acres.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 5 acres.

League, 3,000 toises = 3 5 acres.

Pound = 7.554 grains. Setter = 34.317 gallons; Boisseau (1) = 2.36 gallons. Pinte = 1.76 pints. Old Hebrew Measures.

Talmud Cubit = st gr4 in.; Egyptian Cubit

= 18'24 in. Cubit of Ezekiel = 25'26 in.; Reed = 151'6 in. Kikkar (Alexandrian talent) = 50 minas of 60 shekels. Shekel = 1/2 oz., of 8 gerah, or (Shekel of the

Sanctuary) of a beka, 4 robe, so gerah.

Bath (fluid), Epha (corn) of 6 hin, 18 cab, 7s log

= 6477 British gallons.

| Cor or Homer (no ephas) = 8*351 bushels.

### DOUBLE CONVERSION TABLES FOR WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

NOTE.—The central figures in heavy type represent either of the two columns beside them, at the case may be. Examples —1 centimetre = 0.334 inch and 1 inch = 2.540 centimetres 1 metre = 2.640 yards and 1 yard = 0.914 metre. I kilometre = 0.621 mile and 1 mile = 2.650 kilometres.

Centi- Inc	hes Metres Yards	Kilo Miles	Becimes Acres	Square Square
Merres		nietres		Kilometres Miles.
5'080   3 o'	394 0'014 1 1 094 787 1'889 2 2'187	3,210 5 1,243	0'404 1 2'471 0'800 2 4'042	2'590 1 0'386 5'180 2 0'772
	181 2'743 8 3'281 575 3'658 4 4'374	4'8m8 3 1'864 6'437 4 2'485	1'214 8 7'413 1'610 4 0'884	7'770 8 r'158
13'700 5 1'	969 4.478 5 4.468	8'047 5 3'107	8.083 2 18,342	12.020 2 1.031
15'240 6 2'	362 5 486 6 6 550a 756 6 401 7 7 655	9 656 6 3 7a8	2'428 6' 14'826 2'833 7. 17'208	15 540 6 2 317 18 130 7 2 703
30,330 g 3.	150 7'315 8 8'749	12'875   8 4'971	3'237 8 19'769	20,480 8 3 080
		16'094 10 6 214	4 047 10 84 711	ag 900 10 3 861
20.800 80 11.	937 9 144 10 10 936 874 18 288 20 21 872 811 27 432 30 32 808	38'187 20 18'487 48'881 30 18'641	8'094 20 49'422 18'140 30 74'132	77'699 30 11'583
101 600 40 15	748 36'576 40 43'745	64'375 40 24'855	16'187 40 98'843	103 598 40 15 444
158'400 60 23'	6am   54 863 60 65 617	96'56s 60 37'88a	20'234 50 123'554 24'281 60 148'265	129,498 60 19,306
	559 64 007 70 76 553 496 73 151 80 87 489	118.058 70 43.495 188.750 80 49.709	28 328 70 172 976 32 374 80 197 686	181 207 70 27 028 207 196 80 30 880
228 600 80 35	433 8a'ags 90 98'4a5	144 843 90 55 923	36.421 90 222,397	233'000 90 34 750 ;
	370   91'439 100 109'361	160 936 100 6a 136	40'468 100; 247'108	258 995 100 38 611
Cubic Cub Metres Yar		Short Long Tons Tons	Metric Long Tonnes Tons	Metric Short Tonnes Tons
	308 0'454 1 2'205 616 0'907 2 4'409	1'12 1 0'892 2'24 2 1'785	1'016 1 0'984 2 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	0 907 1 1,108
3,304 3 3,	984 1'361 3 6'614	3'36 8 2'677	3 048 8 2 953	2'722 3 3'307
	232 1'814 4 8'818 540 2'268 5 11'023	4'48 4 3'570 5'60 5 4'46a	4 064 4 3'937 5'080 5 4'921	3'6ag 4' 4'409 4'536 5 5'51a
4'587 6 7'	848 2'722 6 13'228	6'72 6 5'354	6 096 6 5 905	5 443 6 6 614
6.116 8 10.	464 3 639 8 17 637	8 96 8 7'139	8'128 8 7'874	7'257 8 8'828
6.881 8 11.	778 4 082 9 19 842 080 4 536 10 22 046	10.08 8.038	9'144 9 8 858 10'161 10 9 848	8 165 9 9'981 9'072 10 11'033
15 291 20 26	159 9'072 20 44'003	az 40 20 17 848	20'321 20 19'684	18 144 20 23 046
30'588 40 58'	339 13'608 30 66'139 318 18'144 40 88'185 398 28'680 50 110'831	44'80 40 35'696	30'482 80' 29'526 40'642 40 39 368	37 a15 30 33 069 36 a87 40 44 ogs
38 228 50 55 45 873 60 78	398 as 680 50 110 a31	56'00 50 44'520 67 20 60 53'545	50 803 50 49 211 60 963 60 59 053	45'359 50 55'116
53'SIQ 70 QI'	557 31'751 70 154'333	78 40 70 6a 469	71'124 70 68 894	63'503 70 77'162
90 104 80 104	636 36.884 80 140.340 40.883 80 148.416	89.60 80 71.303	91 444 90 88 579	78 574 80 88 185 81 646 90 90 308
76 455 100 130	795 45 359 100 220 462	112'00 100 89'241	101 605 100 98 421	90.418 100 110.531
Litres Pur	nts Litres Gallons	i S English Gallons Gallons	US English Bushels Bushels	Hecto- English litres, per Bushels,
0'868 1 7	760 4 846 1 0 220	(Liquid) (Liquid)	1,032   1 0 000	Hectare per Acre
1 136 2 3	500 9'092 8 0'440	2'401 2 1'666	8.003 8 1.030	0'596 1 1'113   1'796 2 2'226
	'879 13'638 3 0'660 '039 18'184 4 0'860	3.601 8 8.499 4.808 4 3.338	3'095 8 a'908 4'186 4 3'878	3'593 4 4'453
2 841 5 8	799 28 730 5 1'100	6'008 5 4'165	5 158 5 4 847	4 491 6 5 566
3 4-2	319 31 822 7 1 540	8'403 7 5'83x	6'189 6 5'817 7'321 7 6 786	5'389 6 6'679 6'887 7 7'793
4'546 8 14	078 36'368 8 1'760		8'252 8' 7'756 9'884 9 8'785	2,180 8 8,000
5 682 10 27	598 45 460 10 2 200	18'004 10 8'330	10'315 10 9'694	8 98a 10 rr raa
17'047 80 53	196 90 919 80 4 399 794 136 379 80 6 599	36'013 30 s4'991	30.042 80 s0.083 s0.030 80 s0.380	17'964 80 22'265 26'946 80 33'397
22 730 40 70	794 136 379 80 6 599 392 181 838 40 8 799 990 227 298 50 10 999	48 017 40 33 321	41'260 90'38'778	35'988 40 44'530
34 094 60 TOS	488 274 758 60 13 108	72'050 60 49'98a	6x 89x   60 58 x67	53.898 80 66.794
35'777 70 123 45'459 80 140	'186 318'217 70 15'398		72'206 70 67 861 82'521 80 77 556	6a'874 70 77'9a7 71'886 80 89'059
gr'148 90 ng8	'a8s 400'x 36 90 x0'707	108'039 90 74'973		80.838 80 x20,x00
g6 824 100 175	'980   454 '596   100 az '997	120.043  100   83.303	1103 151 100 90 944	1 89 800 100 TIL 384

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.

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3 4 5 6 8 10 0 3 0 9 10 0 6 8	9 10	7 8 9 10 II 0 I 3 4	9 10 11 0 1 2 3 4 5	11 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
8 8 9 9 10 10 11 11 11 12 13	67777778888	5555566666	333444445	************	
6 8 10 0 4 8 0 6 0 6 8 0 0 4	10 0 2 4 6 8 10 0 2	2 4 6 8 10 0 2 4 6 8	6 8 10 0 2 4 6 8 10 0	10 0 2 4 6 8 10 0 2 4	- 7
12 13 13 14 14 15 16 17 18 19	12 13 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	78888999910	5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7	3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5	300011111111111111111111111111111111111
0 36 06 0 96 36 06	9036903	90 36 9	36 90 36 90 36	9036903690	36 90 36
17 17 18 18 19 20 21 23 23 24 26	13 14 14 15 15 15 16 16	10 10 11 11 12 12 13	9	3444555666	400 11 12 2 2 3 3
48 08 40000400	0 48 0 48 0 4	8 0 48 0 48 0	0 48 0 48	8 0 48 0 48	48 0 48
21 22 23 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 32 33 33	17 17 18 18 19 19	12 13 14 14 15 15 15	8 9 10 10 10 11 11 12	6677	r 1 2
8 1 6 4 2 0 3 6 9 3 0 6	6 11 4 9 2 7	9 7 0 5	5 10 3 8	7 5 10 3 8 1 6	5 3 8 1 6 11 4
25 26 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 36 39 40	22 28 23 23 24 24	16 16 17 17 18	11 11 12 12	566778899	0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5
0	6 0 6 0	6	6 0 6 0 6	06060	06 06 06
30 31 32 33 33 35 36 40 48	24 25 26 26 26 27 28	18 19 19 80	13 14 14 15 15 16	io	0 I I E E 3 4 4 5
9 6 3	11 6 18 3 10 5 0 7	1 8 3 10 5 0 7 2 9 4	5	5 7 2 9 4 11 6 1 8	
34 35 35 36 37 38 40 42 44 46 48 52 53	27 28 29 30 30 31 32 32 33	20 21 22 23 24 24 25 26 26	14 14 15 16 17 18 18 19	7 8 8 9 10 10 11 12 12	80 x x x 3 4 4 5 6 6
40480000800	08408	4 0 8 4 0 8 4 0	4 0 8 4 0 8 4	0 8 4 0 8	8 4 0 8 4 0 8 4 0 8
38 39 44 43 45 47 49 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	30 31 32 33 33 34 35 36 36	23 24 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	15 16 17 18 18 19 20 21	12 12 13 14	0 x a 3 3 4 5 6 6 7
30 96 06 0 36 96 06 0	9630963096	3 0 9 6 3 0 9 6 3 0	96 30 96 30 96	9630963	9630963096
43 44 45 46 48 50 53 55 56 65	34 35 35 36 37 38 39 40 40	25 26 27 28 30 30 31 32 33	17 18 19 20 20 21 22 23 24 25	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 15	0 x 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8
2 0 8 4	8 6 4 2	8	6 4 2 0 10 8 6 4 2	2 0 10 8 6 4 2 0	10 8 6 4 2 0 10 8 6 4
46 47 48 49 51 53 55 60 63 64 66 71 73	37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 44	28 29 30 31 32 33 33 34 35 36	19 20 21 23 23 24 25 26 27	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	1
8 76 4 2 0 96 3 2 0 6	5 4 3 2 1 0	2 0 11 10		10 11 10 98 76 54	11 10 98 7 6 5 4 3 2
55 55 55 56 66 77 77	44444	3 3 3 3 3 4	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 2:	No. 3

### EQUIVALENT INVESTMENTS.

Reamples:—To ascertain the yield of Consols at a price of £57 xos. od look in the column headed x½ Pr. Ct. for 57½, and its will be seen that the yield (column headed Return Per Cent.) is £4.6s. xxd. Similarly, shares paying a fixed dividend of 6 per cent, if purchased at £205, will yield £5 x4s. 3d per cent; while 5 per cent shares at £97½, yield £5 xs 7d per cent.

	!			_	-			-		•		-			
Return Per Cent	212	3)4	<b>3</b> .	314	31/2	n.4.	4/2	D. 5 _{C4}	51/2	. 6	70	.7!	. 8	9	10
1'cr Cent	Pret	Prit	Pret	net	PTCT	Pret	Pret	Pr (t	Pr CT	Pret	Pr CU	Pi Ct	Pi Ct	Pr('t	Pi ('t '
£2 10 0	100	110	120	130	140	<b>160</b>	, z8o `	200	220	340	: 28o	300	320	360	400
3 12 C	951/4	10434	1147	1237	<b>×33</b> /3	152/3	180 171 1/3	190 ¹	2091	228 ·	2662,	285		34224	38x
2 13 9		102 13	xxx2/3	121	130/3	149	107/2	x86	20423	,223,	260 ² ;	2791/3	298	335	378
		100		118	137%	145	1631/2	1812;		218	254	2727;		327	36313
2 17 6	1		1041/		1213	139	1561/6	174	1911/4				278	3x3	_347%
300		912/3	100	1081/4	110/3	133/3	148 /2	166 _{7 1}	1831/		23314	250	266'; 264	300	3331/3
3 o 7		90 % 80 %		105/			146%	162			231   227   2.	247 ·	200	297 2923.	330
3 2		88			112	128	144	160	176 1	102	224	240	256	288	320
3 3 6		8658	9412	1021/4			141%	15712			220 V	2361/4	252	2831/2	315
3 4 6		851/4	93	100%	1081/2	134	139 1/2	×55	17012	x86	217	23212	248	379	310
3 5 7				991/4	106 1/4	122	137%	1521	167	x83	213,	228	<b>244</b>	2741/2	305
3 6 8	. ,	8a15	90	97 1/2	105	120	135 I	150		180	SIO	225	240	270	300
3 7 10		81 8	8812	95 14	103/4	118	133	1471/2	16214		20612	2214	<b>236</b>	265	295
390	* 15				ror½		1301	145	1591		203	217		26x	290
3 10 2	- /-/4		85 ¹ 2		99¾ . 98		126/4	142 /2		171		21334		256)2	285 280
3 12 9	5. 70 6834	77 75 ⁵ 8		91 89½		112	123%	140 1371,	154 1514			20614	224	252 247/2	
	6712	74%		87 %	94 1/2		121/1		1481/2	162	189	202		243	270
3 15		72 8					11913				18512	1981	212	238 2	<b>265</b>
3 16 11		71 1/2		84 1/2		104	117		143	156	182	195	_	<b>234</b>	260
	5 63¾	701/1		82 1/4	891/4	102	XX4341	1271.	140%	153	17812	1914	204	22916	255
4 0 0	0 681/2	6834	75	81 1/4		100	1121/2		137 1/2		¥75.	187	200	225	250
	7 61%	673		7934		98	IIOI1	712,	134/4	147	171 2	183		220 ² ;	
4 3 4		66	72	78_	84	96	108	120		144	168	180	192	216	840
	581/4	6458			8a 1/4	94	105	1171/2	12914		164 1/ 161	176 4 172 -	188 184	2111/2	
4 6 x1		631/4	67 2	74%	80½ 78¾	92	103	11215	126%		157		180	207 202 5	230
4 10 1		6016	66	71.2	77	88	99	110	121	132	154	165	176	198	220
	531/4		6412	69%	75%	86	9634	10712	1181 í.		150	16114	172	1931/2	
	3 53/2	5734	63	681/4	731/2	. 84	94/2	105	1151/		147	15715	168	189	210
	7 51/4	56 %		66 1/4	7134	8z	921/4				14372	15334		1841/	
	50	55	60	65	70	80	90	100	TIO	120	140	150	160	180	200
	7 481/4				681/4	78	8774	97,2			13512		x56	175'2	
1	3 47 2			61 34	661/2	76	851/2	95	104 1/2		133	143 2	152	171	190
	1 46¼			581/2	6434		831/4	98 1/2		IIII	1201/2			166 ½ 162	185
	1 45 3 43%	49½ 48½	54 58 ½		63	73	81 783/4	90 87½	99		122	135 131¼	144	1571/2	175
	B 43 1/2		5x	55%	59 1/2	68	761/2		0316	102	110	127/2		×53	170
	4134	45%		54%	58%		75	8313			1162 (	125	133/3		166%
6 2	40	44%		53	571/6	651	73%	8x39	8933	98	114/3	122 1/2	130%	147	1631/3
6 5	40	44	48	58	56	64	72	80	88	96	III	120	128	144	160
	391/6		47	5034	544	6a3		78 1/3 76 2/3	861.6		10924	117/2		141	256%
	5 38 1/3	4216		49%	53%			70 <i>7</i> 3	84 1/3 82 1/2	92	107/3	115	122%	135	153 ¹ / ₃
	4 37 1/2	424	45		51/3	582	67 1/2		1 - 07		103%	110	117/		146%
	4' 36% 6 _{, 35} ,	40 ½ 39 ½	44	47¾ 46½	501/	507		73/3	784	86	100/3	1071/2		120	143/3
7 2 1		381/2	43	45	49	56	63	70	77	84	98	105	III	xa6	140
	4 34 6	371/2	4×	44 1/2	478	543	61/2	6833	75/6		95%	102/2	1091/	123	136%
7 10	33 1/3	36%	40	43/3	4634	53	, 6o	66%			· _93/3	100	106%	120	_233 ¹ / ₃
7 13 10				421/4	45/2	52	5812	65	71 1/2	78	91	97%	104	117	130
7 17 1			38	4×	44/			631/	692/3	76	88%	95	101/	XX4	12624
	8 30 î	337	37	40	43/6	49%		6x?;	67: 66	74	86 ¹ / ₃	921/2	98% 96	108	183/3
	8 30 5 ≥9⅓	33	36	39 37¾	. 42 . 40%	463	54 53½	581/3		72	81 3/3	90 87.	931/3		116%
	5 <u>29%</u> 6 28%	-	1 -80-	363/				56%		68	79/3		90%	103	223%
QII		301/4		35%	39%		491/2	55	601/2	66	27	8a!6		99	110
	6 36%			34/4	371/	43%	( 48°	531/4	58%	64	742/	80	85 1/4	96	106%
	7 25	<b>287</b>	1 2x	33½	361/6	417		51%	, <b>5</b> 63	6z	72/3	77 1/2	823	93	1037
10 0	0 85	2714	30	3214,	35	40	45	50	55	60	70	75	80	90	100
1				-											

### 494 Present Value of a Leasehold, &c.-English Mile Compared.

PRESENT VALUE OF A LEASE, FREEHOLD ESTATE, OR	R ANNUITY.	TY.	
-----------------------------------------------	------------	-----	--

ears	3%	4%	5%	6%	2%	Years	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%
1/2	49	48	48	48	47	44	24 25	20 55	17 66	15 38	13 56
1	97	96	2 86	94	93	45	24 52	20 72	17 77	15 46	13 61
	1 91	1 8g	ı 86	z 83	2 81	46	24 77	20 88	17 88	15 52	13 65
3	2 83 t	2 78	2 72	2 67	2 62	47	25 02	22 04	17 98	15 59	13 69
4	3 72	3 63	3 55	3 47	3 39	48	25 26	21 20	18 o8 I	15 65	13 73
	4 58	4 45	4 33	4 27	4 10	49	25 50	21 34	18 17 :	15 71	13 77
5	5 42	5 24	4 33 5 08	4 92	4 27	50	<b>25 73</b>	21 48	18 26	15 76	13 Bo
	6 23	6 00	5 79	5 58	5 39	51	<b>*5 95</b>	21 62	18 34	15 82	13 83
7	7 02	6 73	6 46	6 21 .	5 97	52	26 16	21 75 .	18 48	15 86	13 86
•	7 78	7 44	7 12	6 8o	6 51	53 1	26 37	21 87	28 49	15 90	13 89
10	8 53	8 11		7 36	7 08	54	a6 58	21 99	18 56	15 95	13 91
12	9 25	8 76	7 72 8 31	7 89	7 50	55	<b>26</b> 77	22 11	18 63	15 99	13 94
12	9 95	9 39	8 86	7 89 8 38		56	<b>26 96</b>	22 22	18 70	16 03	13 96
13	10 63	9 99	9 39	8 85	7 94   8 36	57	27 15	22 32	18 76	16 06	13 98
14	11 20	10 56	9 90	9 29	8 75	58	<b>27 33</b>	22 43	18 82	16 10	14 00
15	II 94	11 12	10 38	9 71	9 11	59	27 50	22 53	18 87	16 13	14 01
16	12 50	11 65	10 84	10 11	9 45	60	27 67	22 62	18 93	16 16	14 04
		12 17	11 27	TO 48	9 76	61	27 84	22 71	18 98	16 19	14 0
17		12 66	11 60	10 83	10 06	62	28 00	22 80	19 03	16 22	
	13 75						28 15				
19	14 32 14 88	13 13			10 34	, 63			19 07	16 24	14 0
20		13 59		11 47	10 59	64		22 97	19 12		14 10
21	15 41	14 03		11 76	10 84	65		23 04	19 16	16 29	14 21
25	15 94	14 45	13 16	12 04	11 06	66	28 59	23 X2	19 20	16 31	14 11
<b>23</b>	16 44	14 86	13 49	12 30	11 27	67	28 73	23 19	19 24	16 33	14 1
24	16 93	15 25	13 80	12 55	21 47	68	28 87	23 26	19 27	16 35	14 14
25	17 41	15 62	14 09	12 78	11 65	69	<b>89 00</b>	23 33	19 31	16 37	14 1
26	17 87	25 98 j	14 38	13 00	11 83	70	29 X2	#3 39 °	19 34	16 38	14 10
27	18 33	16 33	14 64	13 21	11 99	71	29 24	23 45	19 37	16 40	14 1
28 ·	18 76	16 66	14 90	13 41	12 14	72	29 36	23 51	19 40	16 41	14 1
29	19 19	16 g8 ·	15 14	13 59 ·	12 28	73	29 48	23 57 F	29 43	16 43	14 1
30	19 60	17 29	25 37	13 76	12 41	74	<b>29 59</b>	23 63	19 46	16 44	14 1
31	20 00	17 59	15 59	13 93	12 53	75	29 70	23 68	1g 48	16 45	14 1
38 1	20 39	17 87	15 8o	14 08	12 65	76	29 Bz	23 73	19 SI	16 47	14 20
33	20 76	18 15	16 00	14 23	12 75		30 92	23 78	19 53	16 48	14 2
34	22 13 1	18 41	16 19	14 37 L	12 85	77 78	30 OI	23 B2	19 55	16 49	14 2
38	21 49	18 66	16 37	14 50	12 95	79	30 10	23 87	19 57	16 50	14 2
35 36	az 83	z8 gz	16 55	14 63	13 03	80	30 80	23 91	19 59	16 51	14 2
37	33 17	19 14	16 71	14 74	13 18	85	30 63	84 11	10 68	16 55	14 8
37 38	23 40	19 37	16 87	14 85	13 19	90	31 00	84 27	19 75	16 58	14 2
30	22 8x		17 02	14 95	13 26	95	31 38	34 40	19 80	16 60	
39		19 58	17 16	15 05	13 33	100	31 60	34 50	19 85	16 62	
40						100	32 00	M4 50	19 05	10 02	14 2
42	23 41	19 99	17 29	15 14	13 39		i	In Peri	*******		1
48	23 70	20 19	17 42	15 22	13 45					-6 60	
43	23 98 I	20 37	27 55 '	15 31	13 51		33 33	25 00	20 00	<b>16 66</b>	14 2

years' purchase, or £1.974

Example, z.—A man, sged 54 m the recent of a pension or annuity of £200 a neur net wishes to commute that for a present payment, interest being reckned at 5 per cent. How much will be recedve? Assers —Looking at the Table of Expectation of Life 50 v, it will be seen that the expectation for age 54 is about 27 years; and

Example z —What is the present value of a Lease having zy years to run of the net annual value of £500, interest being re kented at 4 per cent. Asswess —19 14 The present payment required would therefore be £1,127 years purchase, or £1,914

Role to Example 2.— This method is only approximate. The values of annulities which depend on lives of a given present age when properly calculated according to a given mortality table and a given rate of interest, are always somewhat less than those given by the method used in this example.

	THE	ENGLISH	MILE	COMPARED	WITH	OTHER	EUROPEAN	MEASURES.
-					T			

	Fagilish Wile	glish M. M	French Kilom	g. M.	Ruseran Verst	Ele H	atch ire	Wile.	ed lah	mush Mile.	# e	1
	12. 12.	Fing	£3	Gen Fred	Ras e	7	Ē	i i	S	Than MG	Swies Stunde.	1
English Statute Mile	1,000	o 868	1.60g	0'817	1.208	0,313	0.280	0'142	0 151	0,313	0'335	1
English Geog. Mile	I 153	1,000	z '855	0.350	1.738	0'845	0.333	0'164	0.160	0'846	0.386	1
Kilometre	0.081	0 540	1,000	0'135	0'937	0'138	0.180	0 088	0'094	0,133	0.908	l
German Geog. Mile	4.610		. 7'480	1,000	6.953	0.978	z 333	0'657	0 694	0'985	¥ 543	١
Bussian Verst	0.663	0.575	1 007	0'144	1,000	0'141	0'198	0'094			0'222	i
Austrian Mile		4 089		1,088			1.363				1'578	Ì
Dutch Ure		3,000					1,000	0'493	0'580	0'736	1'157	ļ
Norwegian Mile		6.00z			10.280				1 '057	1'499	2'350	į
Swedish Mile		5'764	10,601	1'441	10,010	1,400		0.048		2'419	2'124	
Danish Mile		4'068		1.016	7 278	0 994	1 354			1 000	1'567	1
Swiss Stunde	2'987	3,208	4 808	0.648	4'505	0.634	0'864	0'425	0'449	0.638	1,000	i

### REPAYMENT OF PUBLIC LOANS.

SUMS needed annually for the liquidation of a debt (principal and interest) of £xoo, at the stated percentage, in 5 to 30 years. If the loan be for £x,ooo, each annual intalment must be multiplied by  $x_0$ , and so on. Thus, a Municipal Loan of £x,ooo,ooo at 5 per cut, repayable in 30 years, would cost the ratepayers £5x,o3x 5x annually for that period, and would then be extinguished.

Years.	3≩ per €t.	4 per t't	43 Det Ct	5 per Ct 5, 1	es ( t	6 per Ct.	64 per Ct
5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 65 70 75 80	5 8 d 1/2 18 0 5 18 13 7 1 7 0 8 13 7 1 7 0 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 8 9 3 18 6 7 8 19 10 2 7 7 8 6 8 0 4 5 5 7 6 4 13 14 4 6 9 14 4 5 5 14 4 4 5 7 2 4 4 5 7 2	5 8 81,	3 x x x x x 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x	16 11/1 14 7 1 13 6 12 7 1 12 0 1	3 4 4 4 1 13 14 9 1 15 15 16 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	6 4 1 3 1 1 2 18 8 1 1 2 18 8 1 3 12 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2

### REDEMPTION OF CAPITAL

### BY ANNUAL PAYMENTS

The following are the rates charged by certain first-class Insurance Companies for "Redemption Policies," to secure the payment of £ too in return for so many annual premiums, c.g., an Insurance | Company will undertake to pay £ too on Midsummer Day, 1951, in return for the payment of £ s.g. ad. on Midsummer Day, 1933, and each year afterwards until 1950, or as payments in all; for £ 1,000 the annual premium would be £ s. 11. St., and so on. This table is of particular interest to purchasers of Lecachold property, as it enables such purchasers to see, at a glance, the amount to be paid out of the meome from the property for a redemption policy to provide the sum originally expended (with a imargin for dilapidations, if necessari), by the time the leavehold interest has expired

) rs	Рисш	) 1 rs.	Ртош	Yrs. Prem	Yrs	Prem
11 18 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 28	3 17 3	25 26 27 28 28 32 33 34 35 36 37 37 38	1 18 10	40 I 5 9 4I I 4 8 4I I 3 8 4I I 3 8 4I I 1 9 45 I 0 II 47 0 I9 4 48 0 I8 7 49 0 I7 I0 50 0 I5 II	57 58 59 60 61 63 64 65 66 67	13 3 12 9 12 4 11 11 11 5 11 1 10 8 10 4 9 11 9 7 9 3

### THE RULE OF THE ROAD.

The Rule of the Rond is a paradox quite,
For in driving your carriage along,
if you bear to the left you are sure to go right.
If you bear to the right you go wrong.
But in walking the street, the a different case.

But in walking the streets 'tis a different case,
To the right it is right you should steer,
On the left should be left enough of clear space
For the people who wish to walk there.

THE WALKER'S MANIMS (From The Times, April 9, 1930). Two rules the walker must obey If he would reach his home to-day On Roadway always keep the Right On Footpath just the op-posite

G BUCKSTON BROWNE

THE RULE OF THE ROAD AT SEA

Two steamships meeting.
 When both side-lights you see ahead,
 Port your helm, and show your RFD.

- 2 Too steamships passing GREEN to GREEN, or RED to RED, Perfect safety—Go a head '
- 3 The stamships clossing
  If to your stationard RED appear,
  It is your duty to keep clear.
  Fo act as judgment says is proper.—
  To Port—or Starboard—Back, or Stop her.
  But when upon your port is seen
  A Steamer's stationard light of GREEN,
  There's not so much for you to do,
  For GREEN to Port keeps clear of you.
  Both in safety and in doubt,
  Always keep a good look-out;
  In dauger, with no room to turn,
  Ease her—stop her—go safern.

### CALCULATED EXPECTATION OF LIFE.

THE following table (extracted from the Registrar-General's Beturn for England and Wales) is based upon the Census of 1921, and deaths for 1920-21-22 (English Life Table No. 9).

AGE	OF 200,00 THE NUMBER AT THE PA YEAR O	DO BORN, R SURVIVING D OF FACIL OF LIFF	AFTER (Exp)	EAN LIFETIMF CTATION LIFF)	AGE.	AT THE E	ooo Born, er Surviving ad of facil of Laff	AFTFR-I	ean Jetimp Ctation Jef)
'									
1	Male	Female	Male	Fenmle	li i	Mule	Female	Male	L'emale
•	100,000		55 62	59 58	54	66,243	71,839	18.43	20.01
I	91,004	93,058	60.02	6a 99	55 56	65,161	70,360	17 73	19'86
	88,875	91,069	60 50	63.35	56	64.017	69,432	17'04	19'12
3	87,942	90,167	60'14	62.98	57 58	62,814	68,458	16 35	18.38
4	87,370	89,599	59 53	6= ·38	58	61, <u>56</u> 0	67,435	15.68	17.65
5	86,955	89,182	58.8x	61 67	59	60,217	66,354	15'01	16,03
6	86,592	88,804	58 os	60 93	60	58,804	65,202	14 36	16.33
7 8	86,300	88,508	57.25	60,13	61 l	57,298	63,965	13.73	15 53
8	86,062	88,273	56°41	59'29	62	55,691	62,634	13,11	14 85
9	85,864	88,079	55 53	58.42	63	53,980	6x,202	12.21	14 18
10	85,693	87,909	54'64	57 53	64	52,166	59,666	11.03	±3'53
11	85,538	87,751	53'74	56 63	65 66	50,255	58,027	10.81	12 90
12	85,390	87,593	53'74 58'84	55'74		48,257	56,291	10.81	12 29
13	85,241	87,429	51 Q3	54 84	67	46,183	54,464	10 27	11 '68
14	85,084	87,254	21.03	53 95	68	44,037	52,545	9 75	11,00
15	84,915	87,067	50 12	53'06	69	41,819	50,528	9'24	10 51
16	84,730	86,869	49 23	52.18	70	39,526	48,401	8 75	9 95
17	84,522	86,658	48 35	51 31	71	37,156	46,152	B'27	9'41
18	84,287	86,432	47 48	50 44	72	34,712	43,777	782	8 90
19	84,027	86,191	46.63	49 58	73	32,208	41,28z	7 39	8 40
20	83,748	85,938	45 78	48 73	74	29,664	38,682	6 98	7'93
21	83,456	85,675	44 94	47767	75 76	27,107	36,002	6.29	7'49
22	83,153	85,404	44'10	47'02	76	24,565	33,868	6'22	7 06
<b>23</b>	82,842	85,126	43 27	46 IB	77	22,061	30,504	5'87	6 66
24	82,525	84,843	42 43	45'33	78	19,622	27,736	5 54	6.32
25	82,202	84,553	41 6o	44'48	79 80	17,272	24,991	5 88	5 90
26	81,875	84,257	40 76	43'64		15,035	22,295	4 93	5 56
27 28	81,547	83,955	39 98	42'79	81	12,930	19,672	4.65	5 23
28	81,218	83,649	39 o8	4º 95	82	10,973	17,145	4 39	4 '93
29	80,887	83,337	38'24	41 10	83	9,181	14,745	4'15	4.65
30	80,549	83,019	37 40	40'26	84	7,568	12,505	3 92	4 39
31 I	80,199	82,694	36 56	39 4×	85	6,144	10,456	3 72	4 16
32	79,834	82,362	35 72	38 57	86	4,917	8,630	3 52	3 93
33	79,452	82,021	34 89	37 73	87	3,875	7,034	3.33	3'72
34	79,052	81,672	34 07	36.89	88	3,004	5,632	3 15	3.2z
35	78,634	81,314	33 25	36 o5	89	2,288	4,444	z '98	3.33
36	78,199	80,947	34 43	35.az	90	1,710	3,447	z 8z	3,13
37	77,749	80,571	31 61	34'37	91	1,253	2,625	a '66	2 '95
38	77,283	80,186	30.80	33 53	92	898 a	x,960	" '2 5x	<b>2</b> 79
39	76,798	79,790	<b>a</b> 9.99	32 70	93	629 2	x,433	a '37	a 63
40	76,294	79,381	29'19	31 '86	94	430'I	1,024	2 24	2'47
4z	75,769	78,959	<b>88.39</b>	31 03	95	a86 3	714	2 12	a.33
[ عل	75,222	78,522	27 59	30,50	96	185'3	485	8,00	2'30
43	74,652	78,070	26 79	<b>29</b> 37	97	116'4	380,3	z 189	2'07
44	74,057	77,600	26 ox	28 55	98	70'8	305.3	r '78	z '95
45	73.436	77,109	25 22	27 73	99	41.6	127'4	z '68	z '84
46	72,789	76,594	24 44	26,01	100	<b>3</b> 3.6	76.4	z '59	1,23
47	72,118	70,053	24 44 23 66	26'10	101	129	44'E	1 50	1 63
47 48	71,480	75,484	<b>22 8</b> 9	25'29	102	6.2	24'5	1'42	I '53
49	70,689	74,883	32,13	24'49	103	3.3	13.0	I '34	1'44
50	69,916	74,246	a1 36	23'69	104	1.0	6.6	1'37	1,36
51	69,092	73,567	20 61	23 '91	105	0.2	3.3	1,30	1.88
58	68,208	72,841	19'87	23'X3	106		1'5	-	I '80
53	67,250	72,066	19'14	az.36	107		0.2		1'12

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1932.

### EXPECTATION OF LIFE IN ENGLAND AND WALES, CENSUS BY CENSUS.

	i -	1	: 1			Excess of:								Marian Tol
Males	1871 198	1891	1901	1911	****	1981 over 1871 (fifty vears)	Fe maks	1871	1881	1891	1901	1927	1921	zozz over z87z (fifty venra)
Age	!			- 1		Yeary	Age	1	1	1		-		Years.
•	40'4 43	4 43'2	45 9	5x 6	55 5	14'E		43'5	466	46 7	498	55'4	59 5	16.0
5	49'8 52'	0 518	54'I	57 2	58.8	1 00 1	5	51 g	54 0	54 I	56 7	59 9	61 7	9.8
10	46 7 48	6 48 x			54 7	80	10	48 8	50.6	50'4	52.0	55 9	57 5	8.4
15	48 7 44	4 43 7	45 7	486	50.3	7.5	15	44 8	46.4	46 0	48 5	51 4	53°1	8.3
20	38'9 40'			44 2	45.8	6.6	1 20	41 I	42 4	41 Q	44 3	47 I	48 7	7.0
<b>2</b> 5	35'4 36'				41.6	6.2	25	37 5	38 6	37 9	40 I	42 8	44 5	70
35	28.7 29			3× 7	33.3	4.6	35	30.8	31'4	30 3	320	34 4	36 I	5'3
45	23 3 23	4 2X X			25°3	3.0	45	24 1	24 4	23 2	24 5	26 3	27 8	37
55	16 1 16.	0 15'0			17 8	17	55	173	17.5	16 3	17.5	18 0	199	36
55 65	10 5 10				11'4	00	65	11 2	115	10 6	11 4	13'4	12 0	1'7
25	60 6		6 I	64	6.6	06	75	65	6.2	6 2	6.8	7'3	7.5	10
75 85	3 2 3		34	3.6	3.2	0.5	85	35	3.6	3'4	3.2	4 1	4 1	0.6
-	1 - 1 -	i		- 1	-	1 - 1	-		- 1	٠.			•	

The zgaz Census in Scotland showed longevity both of males and females less than England and Wales at all ages, ranging from 2 54 years and 3 23 years at bith to fractions of a year at later ages, but while at every age women's longevity exceeds that of men in Scotland the excess is much less marked than in England

In Ireland up to 1921, when the last Census was taken of the whole country as one, the longevity of males up to 25 and over 85 years was less than in England, but between ages 25 and 85 was greater than in England. Of females the Irish longevity was consistently less than that of England, except for the ages 55 to 75, when they exceeded the English averages. The Census taken in Northern Ireland in 2926, after 15 years interval, and five vears later than the English figures for males of 55 and over were repeated, though less pronumently. England having improved in the decade of years 2921-2921.

# TABLE FOR CONVERTING AN AREA, WHICH IS SHEWN DECIMALLY, INTO ROODS, POLES AND SQUARE YARDS, AND CONVERSELY FOR SHEWING AN AREA IN DECIMAL PARTS OF AN ACRE.

					-												(
		Poles	Yds	1	Poles	No.		Pole				Nds.					٠,
	'00I	0	5	.050	4	5	ogz	8	5	076	12	5					
	.003	0	10	0:17	4	10	052	8	IO ,	077	12	IO					
	.003	0	15	028	4	15	053	8	35	.078	12	15					
	004	۰	20	029	4	20	054	8	20	.079	12	20					
	005		25	030	4	25	055	8	25	*o8o	12	25					
	00685		-0	'03125	5	ŏ	05625	9	0	08125	13	0 1				-1	
	.002	· •	5	.032	5	5	957	9	5	.08a	13	5	- 1		Runk	Poles	
	.008	1	10	033	5	10	058	9	IO.	.083	13	10	İ	100	0	<b>16</b>	
	.000	ī	15	034	5	15	059	9	15	084	13	15	!	200		3#	
í	.010	ī	20	035	5	20	060	9	20	085	13	20	1	300	1	8	
	OII	ī	25	036	5	25	o6z	ő	35	086	13	25	- 1	400	x	24	
	OXES	-	-3	0375	ĕ	-0	'0625	10	0	· o875	14	ō	ŧ	500	2	-	
١	'OI4	-	5	039	6	5	064	IO	5	089	14	5	,	600	2	16	
ı	ore.	•	10	040	6	10	065	10	10	090	14	10		700	2	32	1
	.01Q		15	041	6	15	.066	10	15	091	14	15	1	800	3	8	
		•	20	048	6	20	067	10	20	092	14	20		500	3	24	1
	017	_		043	6	25	o68	10	25	093	14	25	1	,	•		
	.018	2	25	04375	7	-3	06875	II	· 6	9375	15	0				'	1
ı	· 01875		٥	043/3	<b>'</b>	5	.070	II	5 '	'095	15	5					- 1
	,080	3	.5			10	.071	11	10	096	15	10					- 1
	OSI	3	IO	046			072	11	15	.097	15	×5					- 1
٠	,023	3	15	:047	7	15 20	073	11	20	098	15	30					. !
	.023	3	80	*048	7			11	25	099	15	25					- 1
	'084	3	25	.049	7 8	25	'074	12	-5 I	.100	16	-3					ı
	.082	4	0	050	8	0	975		-	100	20	٠,١					

	Example	-An	Are	a 18	shew	'11 <b>8.</b> 8	\ 10 <b>8</b> 61.	ļ	Conversely	,	An A	rea	18 Q		t. 15	Ng Yd	
	Ac o*l	res	=	Λ	R 3 0	P	Sq Yds o 25	į		A 0 0	R 1 0		5q Y 0 10	=	o 046		
1	herefore 10	86 x	=	10	3	17	25		Therefore	6	I	15	10	_=	6.346		

### SIMPLE INTEREST FROM DAY TO DAY.

Showing the simple interest on £x00 in pence for x to 300 days at various rates per annum.

Days.	One Quarter Per Cent.	One Half Per Cont	One Per Cent	Two Per Cent.	Two and a Half Per Cent	Three Per Cent	Four Per Cent	Fne Per Cent.	Six Per Cent.
	d.	ત.	· d	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d
I	0'164	0.320	0.658	1'315	I '644	1'973	z 630	3.888	3'945
	0.330	o*658	I 315	s 630	3°a86	3'945	5.860	6'575	7.890
3	0'493	0.086	z '973	3'945	4'93#	5.018	7.800	9.863	11.832
Ä	0.658	1.312	a 630	5 360	6.575	7 890	10.281	13'151	15'761
- 3	0'882	I 644	3.388	6 575	8.810	9'863	13.121	16·438	19'786
5	0.086	1 973	3 945	7.890	9.863	11 836	15 781	19.726	23.671
7	1.121	2.30I	4.603	9'205	11'507	13.808	18'411	83'014	27 616
. Ś	1.312	# 630	5 260	10.281	13.121	15 781	21 '04I	<b>26</b> .301	31'562
	1.479	a '959	5 918	11.836	14.795	² 7 [.] 753	23 671	ag:58g	35 507
10	1'644	3.888	6.575	13,121	16.438	19.726	26.30x	3a 877	39'45*
20	3.888	6 575	13 151	26 30I	32'877	39'458	52 603	65.753	78.904
30	4'93*	9.863	19 726	39'45'	49'315	59'178	78.904	98.630	118.356
40	6.575	13,121	26.30x	52 603	65.753	78.004	105 205	131'507	157 808
50	8.210	16'438	32.877	65.753	88,188	98.630	131'507	164 384	197'860
60	0.863	19.726	39'45#	78 904	98.630	118.356	157.808	197'860	236.41S
70	11'507	83 014	46 027	98 055	115'068	138.082	184 110	830'I37	276°164
80	13.121	a6 301	52 603	105'205	131'507	157'808	810 411	203 014	315 616
90	14.795	ag'58g	59.178	118 356	147'945	177'534	236'71E	295 890	355'068
100	16.438	38'877	65.753	131'507	164'384	197 260	263.013	328 767	394'521
800	32 877	65 753	131.202	263°014	328 767	394 '58 I	586'087	657'534	789'041
300	49 315	98.630	197.860	394'581	493 151	591.781	789'041	986.301	1183.201

### A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS FROM ANY DAY IN ONE MONTH

TO THE SAME IN ANY OTHER MONTH IN ORDINARY YEARS.

January February March		365 31 334 365 306 337	Mai April 59 90 28 59 365 31	May June 120 151 89 120 61 92	181 1 150 1	ug Sept 318 343 81 212 153 184	273 242 214	Nov Dec 304 334 273 303 245 275
April.	•	275 306	334 365	30 61		22 . 153	183	314 244
May		245 276		365 31	61	92 123	153	184 814
June		814 845	273 304	334 365		61 92	122	153   183
July .		184 215	243 274	304 335	365	31 62	92	123 153
August		153 184		273 304	334 3	31 62 165 31	δı	92 128
September		122 153	181 212	248 273		165 3x 134 365	30	őz gz
October		98 183		SIE 243		304 335	365	31 61
' November		őz ga		181 212		73 304	334	365 30
December.		31 62		151 182		43 =74	304	335 365

### TABLE OF INCOME OR WAGES.

Per Year	Per Month	Per Week.	Per Day.	Per Year.	Pei Month	Pei Week	Per Day.	Per Year	Per Month	Per Week	Per Day.
Year  £ 8. 0 10 1 00 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 3 3 10 4 0 4 4 0 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 10	a do 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	8 d	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 8 8 8 8 10 9 9 9 10 0 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	6	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0 5½ 0 5½ 0 6½ 0 6½ 0 7½ 0 7½ 0 8½ 0 8½ 0 9½ 0 9½ 0 9½ 0 9½	18 0 18 18 19 19 0 30 0 40 0 50 0 80 0 90 0 100 0 100 0 100 0 500 0	£ 8 10 0 1 11 8 1 13 4 4 1 13 4 4 5 0 0 8 4 7 10 0 0 8 6 8 4 7 10 0 0 8 6 8 4 13 4 4 85 0 0 8 4 13 4 4 5 0 6 8 6 8 4 13 6 6 8 4 13 6 6 8 4 13 6 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8	6 1 4 7 3 4 4 0 15 4 4 4 0 15 4 4 4 7 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 8 d. 0 0 134 0 1 04 0 1 04 0 1 04 0 1 73 0 2 5 0 3 32 0 3 35 0 4 44 0 4 114 0 5 55 0 10 114 1 1 1 1 1
7 7 7 7 50	18 3 18 6	2 10½ 2 10½	0 4½ 0 4¾ 0 5	17 0 17 17	1 84	6 6½ 6 10½	0 11 1/2   0 11 1/2	900 0		15 7 8% 17 6 1% 19 4 7%	2 3 10 2 9 3¾ 2 14 9½

### COMPOUND INTEREST TABLES.

TABLE I —SHOWING THE SUM TO WHICH AN TABLE II.—SHOWING THE AMOUNT WHICH & ANNUTY OF & ACCUMULATING AT COMPOUND INTEREST WILL AMOUNT IN FROM ONE TO FIFTY YEARS AT VARIOUS RATES.

AT VARIOUS RATES

Yr	Per Ct	Per t't	Per ('t	Per Ct	Per Ct	Per Ct	- <b>S</b> 1	ak Per Ct	Per (4	Per in	Per t t	Per in	PerCt .
1	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1	- 2 0250	1 0300	I 0350	1'0400	1'0450	1,0200
3	2'025	2 030	z 035	z '040	2'045	2 050	8	1 0506	1,0003	1'0712	1,0810	1,0080	1'1085
. 3	3.026	3,001	3,100	3 122	3,132	3 ±53	3	1 0769	1 0927	1'1087	1'1249	1 1418	2 2576
	4 ×53	4 184	4 215	4 246	4 278	4.310	•	1,1038	1 1256	1 1475	1,1999	1'1985	1 '8155
 	5'256	2,300	5 362	5 416	5'47z	5 526	5	1 1314		1,1872	2 2167		z <b>276</b> 3
7	6 388	6 468	6 550	6 633	6.212	6'802	6	1 1597	1 1941	1,5203	1 2653	1.3083	1.3401
	7 547	7 66a	7 779	7 898	9.019 8.019	8'148		1'1887	99	1'2723	1,3120	1,3600	1'4071
. 9	8 736 9 955	10 150	10.3 <b>08</b>	9 214	10.808	9 549 11 027	ğ	1 3184	1 2068 1 3048	1,3030	1,3686	1 4861 2 4861	3 4775
10	11,301	11 464	11.431	12,000	12.988	18 528	10	1,3801	1 3439	1,4100	1 4833 1 4802		1 5513
ii		12.808	13'148	13 486	13 841	14 207	īĭ	1 3121	1 3842	1 4590	1.2302	1.2230	1,4103
12	13,400	14'105	14 602	15 026	25 464	15 017	12	I 3440	1'4258	1 5111	1 0010	1.6020	2 7050
13	15 140	15 618	16,113	16 627	17'160	17 713	13	1 3785	1 4685	1 5640	1 6651	1.445	1 8856
14	16 519	17 086	17 677	18 aga	18:038	10 500	14	1 4130	1 Stat	1'6187	1 7317	1 8519	1'9799
15	17 932	18.200	19.296	20 084	20 784	81 579	15	1 4483		1.6753	1.8000	1 0353	2 0780
16	19'380	20'157	20 971	21 825	82'719	23 657	16	1 4845	1 6047	1 7340	z 8730	2'0824	2 1880
17	20 865	21 762	22 705	23 698	24 742	25 840	17	1 5216	z 6528	1 1'7947	I '9479	2 1134	a'agao
18	22'366	23 414	24.200	25 645	26 855	28 132	18	2 5597	1 7024	1 8575	2 025B	2 2085	2 4066 I
19	23 946	25.112	<b>26</b> 357	27 672	29 064	30.236		z 5987	2 7535	1 9225	2'1068	2'3079	2.2220
, 30	25'545	26 870	28°280	29.778	31,34z	33 066	80	z 6386	1 8061	1 9898	2 1911	8 4117	a.6533 ,
21	27 TB3	28.676	30 269	31,000	33 783		,21	1.6796	1 8603		2 2788	2 5202	2'7860
23	<b>28</b> 863	3º 537	32 329	34 248	36 303	38 505	22	1 7216	1 9161	3,1312	<b>2</b> 3699	2 6337	s.0s23
23	30.284	3* 453	34 460	36 618	38 937		23	1 7646	1 9736	2 2061	2 4647	2 7522	3.0712
. 24	32 349	34 426	36 667	30.083	41 689	44 508	24	1 8087	2 0328	z.5833		2 8760	3 2852
25	34'158	36.459	38 950	41 646	44 565		25	1 '8539	a'0938	2 3632	2.6658	3.0024	3 3864
27	30,018	38'553 40 710	41 313	44 312 47 084	47 571 50 711	51 113 54 669	27	1 9003	2 1566	2 4460	2 7725 2 8834	3 1407	3 5557
28	37 912	48,031	43'759 46'agz	49 968		58 403	28	1 9478 1 9965	2 2213	2 5316 2 5316		3 2820	3'7335
29	41 856	45 219	48 911	53 966	53 993 57 423	62,323	29	2 0464	2 3566	8.7110	2 9987 3 1187	3 4297 3 5840	3,0301
30	43 903	47 575	51 623	56 085	61 007	66.430	30	3.0020	2 4273	2 8068	3'2434	3 7453	4'3819
31	40,000	50,003	54 489	50.388	64 752	70,421	'31	# 1500	2,2001	2'0050	3 3732	3 9139	4'5380
82	48.120	58 503	57 335	62'701	68 666	75 299	32	a 2038	2'5751	3 0007	3 5081	4 0900	4'7049
33	50'354	55.078		66'210	72 756	80'064	38	2 2589	z 6523	3 1119	3 6484	4'8740	5 0038
84	52 613	57 730		69 858	77 030	85 067	34	2 3153	2'7319		3 7943	4 4664	5'2533
35	54 '088	60 462		73 658	81 497	90'380	35	2 3732	z 8130	3 3336	3 9461	4 6673	5'5160
36	57'30x	63'276	70.008	77 '598	86 z64	95'836	36	2 4325	s 8983	3 4503	4 1039	4 8774	5 7918
87	59'734	66 174	73.458	81 702	91'041	101 628	87	2 4933	a 985a	3'5710	4'3681	5 0969	6 0814
38	62'227	69'159	77'029	85'970		107 710	38	<b>2</b> 5557	3 0748	3.6960	4 4388		6.3822
39	64.483	72 234			101,464		39	z.6196	3'1670	3.8824	4 6164		6.7048
40	67.403	75 40I			107,030	120 800	40	z 6851	3 2620		4 8010		7.0400
41	70 088				112 847	127'840	41	2 7522	3 3599	4 '0978	4 9931	6 0781	7 3930
48	78'840			104 830		135'832	42	# 8210		4'2413	5 1928		7.7616
43	75 66z	85'484		110 012		142 993	43	a 8915			5'4005		
44	78.552		101.338			151'143	44	2'9638		4 5433	5 6165		
46	81'516		105'788			159 700	46	3 0379					8'9850 0'4343
47			1110 484 115 351			178,110	47	3 1139		5 9373			9 4343
48	00.800		120 388			188.032	48	3 2715	•	5 2136			10,4013
49	94,131		125 608			108.422	49	3 3533	4 2562	5.30er			10,0813
50		118 707	130,008	152 667	148,403	1209.348	50	3'4371		5 5849			
	<i>".</i> 777						-: -:						

When the annuity is payable at the beginning materal of at the end of the year the amount for the following year less £2, must be taken. Thus for £2 at 24 per cent for 25 years, take 26 years, £36 022, and deduct £2-£35 022.

I WENTI-FOR	u rvv	יים בעונו ויים בעונו ויים בעונו ויים בעונו ויים בעונו	
Sir Otto Bert. d. Dec 7, 1930 (Prov ) £3,		Einest Farquhar, d Sept 2, 1930	
	290,447	Hon Sir C A. Parsons, o M, d Feb 11,	
Sir G. V. P. Wills, Bt , d Feb. 1, 1931		1931	810,395
		C J. Phillips, d. Nov. 14, 1930	715,038
Hugh Morrison, d. March 15, 1931 1.	.766,418	H. W Henderson, d. March 16, 1931 .	678,875
Lord Brotherton, d.Oct. sz, 1930 (Prov.) z,	764,580	Mrs H. R Lewis, d. Dec. 23, 1930	668,500
M. I. Napier, d. Jan. 22, 1931 1,	,243.57B	C. F. Reckitt, d. Dec. 29, 1930	644,607
Sir J. Hood, Bt., d. Jan. 10, 1031 1.	,200,649	H L. Doulton, d Dec. 3, 1930	639,358
Lord Melchett, d. Dec. 27, 1030 1	120,673	A.B. Williamson, d Oct. 27, 1930 (Prov.)	630,000
F. C. Le Marchaut, d. Dec. o. 1030	.006,417	4it W.T. Paulin, d. Feb. 26, 1931	617,567
8. B. Joel, d. April 25, 2931 (Prov.) 1	000,000	Mrs. J. C. Barclay, d May 26, 1930 .	613,967
Lord Savile, K.C.V.O., d April 3, 1931	063.644	J. Speak, d. Jan. 13, 1931	559,698
Lord Wittenham d Keh . sans	870 830	W. Faulkner, d. May 20, 1021	640.107

Anderson, Lieut. General Sir Warren Hastings, K.C.B., Quartermaster-General to the Forces,

aged 56. Dec. 56, 2930.

Baldwin, Sir Harry, C.V.O., surgeon dentiat to the King, aged 68.—Sept. 20.

Balfour, Sir Andrew, K.C.M.G., Director of London School of Tropical Medicine, aged 57.— Director of Jan. 30.

Balfour, Lady Frances, D.Litt., LL.D., pioneer in women's movements, aged 72 — Feb 25
Barter, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Charles St. Legel, K C B,

K.C.M.G., C.V.O., commander of 47th Division, aged 75.—March 22

Beavan, Miss Margaret, first woman Lord Mayor Beavan, Miss Margaret, Irst woman Lord Mayor of Liverpool, aged about 55.— Feb. 22.

Beit, Sir Otto John, Barl., K C M.G., art collector and philanthropist, aged 65.—Dec 7, 2930.

Belasoo, David, the American actor-manager-producer, aged 77.—May 14.

Bell. Sir Thomas Hugh, Bart, leading industrialist in North of England, aged 87.—

June 29.
Bennett, Knoch Arnold, novelist, dramatist and critic, aged 63 — March 27 Bentham, Dr Ethel, Labour M.P for East

Bellington, aged 70 — Jan 19.

Bentinck, Lord Henry Cavendish-, former M P. and social reformer, aged 68 — Oct 6

Bethune, Lieut. General Sir Edward Cecil, K.C.B., C.V.O., notable leader in South African

war, aged 75.—Noe. 2, 1930.

Bliss, General Tasker Howard, former United States Chief of Staff, aged 77.—Nov 9, 1930.

Buckingham, Sir Henry Cecil, C.B.E., Congervative M.P. for Guildford, aged 64.—

Aug. z Bull, Rt. Hon. Sir William, P.C., Bart. M.P. for

thirty years, aged 67 - Jan. 23
Burnet, Sir Robert Wilham, k.c.v.o, M.b.,
former physician to Royal Household, aged 79. - Feb. 21

Came, Sir Thomas Henry Hall, K.B.E., the

popular novelist, aged 78—Aug 31
Clarke, Rt Hon Sir Edward, K.C., the distinguished lawyer and politician, aged 90.— April 26. Cobbe, General Sn Alexander Stanhope, T. C

G.C.B., K.C.S.L., DNO, Military Secretary at India Office, aged 6x — June 29

Coke, Desmond, novelist and art collector, aged 51 .- April 27

Cowley, Sir Arthur Ernest, D.Litt, former Bodley's Librarian, aged 69.—Oct x2. Cust, Capt. Sir Charles Leopold, Bart., 6 C 1 0, C.B., C.M.C., Equerry to the King, aged 66 .-

Jan. 19. Dalton, Canon John Neale, former tutor to the

King, aged 91 — July 27.

Doherty, Rt. Hon. Charles Joseph, P.C., former Canadian Minister of Justice, aged 76.— July 29.

Dorman, Sir Arthur John, Bart., K.B.K., great North of England judnstrialist, aged 82.—

Douglas, John William Henry Tyler, sportsman and former cricket captain of England, aged 48.—Dec 19, 1930 Dyke, Rt Hon. Sir William Hait., P.C., Bart, a

Minister in Disraeli's Ministry, aged oz. July 3. Edison, Thomas Alva, the world-famous in-

ventor, aged 84 — Oct. 18. Eliot. Rt Hon. Sir Charles Norton Edgcumbe, G.C.M.G., C.B., distinguished diplomat and scholar, aged 68 .- March 16.

Evans, Rt. Hon. Sir Laming Worthington-, P.C., Bart., G.B.R., former War Minister, aged 6s.— Feb. 14

Fallières, Armand, President of French Republic

Fallières, Armand, President of French Republic from 1906 to 1913, aged 90.—June 22.

Fitzpatrick, Nir Percy, K.O.M.G., South African statesuman and proposer of Two Minntes' Silence, aged 68.—Jun. 25.

Fitzpatrick, Dr. Thomas Cecil, President of Queen's College, Cambridge, aged 70.—Oct. 25.

Forres, Archibald Williamson, P.C., 1st Baron, former M. P. 2004 28.—Oct. 20.

former M.P., aged 7x.—Oct. ag.
Foster, Sir Gregory, Bart, former Provost and
Vice-Chancellor of London University, aged

65.—Sept. 24. Garcke, Emile, President of British Electrical

Federation, aged 74.—Nov 14, 1930.
Glenavy, Rt. Hon. Sir James Henry Mussen
Campbell, P.C., 1st Baron, former Irish Lord Chancellor, aged 79.—March 22.
Glover, James Mackey, former musical conductor

at Drnry Lane, aged 70.—Sept. 8. Gough, Prebendary Alfred William, popular

London preacher, aged 68.—O.t. 7.

Graham, Sir Henry John Lowndes, K.C.B., former and the Clerk to the Parliaments, aged 88.—Dec. 6,

1930 Greenwell, His Honour Sir Francis John, C.B.K.

County Comt Judge since 1895, aged 78 -Harris, Frank, journalist and anthor, aged 75 --

Aug. 26. Harrison, Mrs. Mary St. Legel, "Lucas Malet."

the novelist, aged 79.—Oet. 37.

Hart, General Sh. Reginald Clare, W. C., G.C.B.
K.C.V.O., distinguished Indian soldier, aged 83.-Oct. 18.

Hartshorn, Rt. Hon. Vernon, PC, o.B.E, M.P. Lord Privy Seal, aged 58.—March 23
Healy, Timothy Michael, K.O., first Governor-General of the Irish Free State, aged 75.—

March 26.

Henry, Sir Edward Richard, Bt , G.C v.o , K.c.B , former Commissioner of Metropolitan Police,

aged 80.—Feb. 19
Hill, Rt. Hon, Lord Arthur Wilham, P.C., former
M.P. and Household official, aged 84.—Jan. 13. Holmes, Rev. Dr. Ernest Edward, Cv.o., Db., former Archideacon of London, aged 76—

Holt, Air Vice-Marshal Fenton Vesey, C.M.G., p.s.o., Air Officer Commanding British Fighting

Aren, aged 45 — April 23.

Horn, Aloysius, pioneer African tradei and anthor, aged 78.— June 26.

Hneffer, Oliver Madox, war correspondent and

author, aged 54.—June ax. Isaye, Eugene, great Belgian violinist, aged 72. -May 12.

Joel, Solomon Barnato, mining magnate and

racing owner, aged 65.—May as.

Joffre, Marshal Joseph Jacques Césaire, o.m.,
first Commander in Chief of French forces during Great War, aged 78.—Jan 3. Kelly, Lieut.-Col. John Sherwood, 7 C., C M.G.

D S O , aged 51.—Aug 18. Kennedy, Bait, author and lecturer, aged 66.

Dec. 6, 1930 Kidston, Lleut.-Comdr George Pearson Glen, motor racer and aviator, aged 3a.—May 5.
Knutsford, Sydney Holland, and Viscount, raised thousands for London Hospital, aged 76.—

July 27.
Lipton, Sir Thomas Johnstone, K.C. V.O., merchant

Lloyd, Edward Honoratus, K.C., leader at the Parliamentary Bar, aged 70.—Dec. 7. 2930. Longworth, Nicholas, Speaker of United States House of Representatives, aged 61—April 9 Louise, Her Royal Highness the Princess Royal,

Dowager Duchess of Fife, the King's eldest

Lineas Nir Charles Prestwood, KCB, K.CM.G. Empire historian, aged 77 — Mau 4.

Lyttelfon, General Sir Neville Gerald, GCB., G.C.Y.o, first Chief of Imperial General Staff, aged 75.

aged 85.—July 6.
MacKennal, Sir Bertram Edgar, K.C v.o., R A, famous sculptor and coinage designer, aged 68.-Ort 10

McMillan, Margaret, C.H., C.B.E., pioneer of nursery schools, aged 70 — March 29. Maddocks, Str Henry, K.C., Recorder of Birmingham, aged 60 -June 9.

Melba, Dame Nellic, G B E., the great Australian prima donna, aged 71 — Feb 23.
Melchett, Alfred Montz Mond, 1st Baron, P.C.,

chairman of Imperial Chemical Industries,

aged 62 — Dec. 27, 2930 Melville, Sir James Benjamn, K.C., N.P., former Solicitor-General, aged 46.— Hay z Milner, Rt. Hon Sir Fiederick George, P.C., Bart.,

GC.v.o, leader in work for soldiers' war nensions, aged 81 -June 8

Monash, General Sir John, GCNG, K.CB, commander of the Australian Corps aged 66 -Oct 8

' Moore, Frank Frankfort, novelist and dramatist

aged 75. May 11. Nount, Sir William Aithur, Bart, former M P and Ecclesiastical Commissioner, aged 64.-

Der 8, 1930.
Mullet, Hermann, former German Chancellor aged 54 - March 20 mmo, Neil, distinguished scottish author,

Mmmo, aged 66 -Dec 22, 1930

Muidoch, Major-General Su John Francis Burnксу.о, св. сма. свк, distinguished cavalty officer, aged 71 -Jan. 20.

O Callaghan, Major-General Sn Desmond Dykes K.C.V o , scientific gunnery officer, aged 88 March 16.

Open, Sir William, KBE, RA., the distinguished painter, aged 52 - Nept. 29

Pars, St. Robert John, o Be., former director of N.S.P.C.C., aged 68.—April xx. Parsons, Hon Sir Charles Algernon, o M., K.C.B.,

b se , creator of the steam turbine, aged 76 -Feb II Paul, Sir James Balfom, K.J. vo, former Lyon-

King of Arms, aged 84 - Sept. 15. Pavlova. Anna, famous Russian operatic dancer,

aged 45.—Jan. 22.
Pears, Sir Stewart Edmund, K.C.I E., C.S.I, Chief Commissioner for North-West Frontier Pro-

vince, aged 55.—Sept 9.
Poore, Admiral Sir Richard, Bart., K.C. n., C.v.o., former Commander in Chief at the Nore. aged 77 — Dec. 8, 1930 Portal, Sir William, Bart, head of firm making

bank-note paper, aged 8x.—Sept 30 Procter, Joan Beauchamp, p. Sc. F.Z.s., noted

zoologist, aged 34.—Scrt. so.
Rathcreedan, Cecil Norton, 1st Baron, former
Liberal M.P. and Minister, aged 80.—Dec. 7

Ricketts, Charles, R.A., painter and stage designer, aged 65.—Oct. 7.
Robbuns, Sir Alfred Farthing, distinguished journalist and Freemason, aged 74.—March 25.
Robbuson, Sir Harry Perry & B.E., war correspondent and naturalist aged 71.—Dec. 25.

1930. Royds, Royds, Vice-Admiral Sn. Charles William Rawson, K.B.R., C.M.G., Assistant-Commis-sioner of Metropolitan Police, aged 54 – 74n 5 Russell, John Francis Stanley Russell, and Karl,

Under-Secretary for India, aged 65 -March 3 St. Helier, Lady, famous hostess and former alderman of L.C.C.—Jan 25
Samson, An-Commodore Charles Runney, D.S. o.,

C M.G., pioneer airman, aged 47 -- Feb. 5 Scharlieb, Dame Mary Aim Dacomb, D R.E., one

of first women doctors, aged 85 .- Nor st, 1930

Schwabe, Sir Wulter George Salis, K.C., former Chief Justice of Madnas, aged 58 -Apr d so. Severn, Joseph Arthur Palliser, artist, and friend

of Ruskin, aged 88.—Feb 23 Stamfordham, Licht Col. Arthur John Bigge. rst Baron, the Kings Private Secretary, aged 81 -- March 31.

Stanley of Alderley, Arthur Lymph, 5th Baron, former M.P. and Governor of Victoria, aged 55

- .1 ug. 22. Stewari, James, Labour M.P. for St Rollox division of Glasgow, aged 67 - March 17 Sthamer, Dr. Friedrich, first German Ambassador

in London after the way, aged 74 — June 30. Studd, Charles Thomas, noted missionary and cricketer, aged yo - July x6 Sverdrup, Captam Otto, Swedish Arctic explorer,

aged 76 - Aor. 26, 1930 Symonds, Sn. Anbrey Vere, & CB. Permanent Secretary of Board of Education, aged 56.— March 24

Tittom, Signor Tommaso, former Italian Foreign Minister, aged 74 Feb 6 frent, Jesse Boot, 1st Baron, unitable chemist

and philanthropist aged 8x - June 13 Tyldesley, John T, famous English butsman,

aged 57 — Nov 27, 1930 Tynan, Katharine (Mis Hinkson), Irish poet and novelist -April 2

Von Seidler, Dr. Ernst, former Princ Minister of

Austria, aged 69 Jan 23. Waghorn, Flight-Lieut Henry Richard Danvers 4 F.C., winner of Schneider Trophy, aged 26 — May 7

Waterhouse, Sufficibert Firmwall, distinguished surgeon, aged 67 - May 23.
Waterlow, Alderman Sir William Alfred, Lord

Mayor of London 1929-30, aged 60 - July 6.
Williams, Very Rev William, Dean of St.

David s, aged 82 — Nor 9, 1930
Wilson, Sir Charles Henry, former M.P. Central

l leeds, aged 71.—Dec. 30, 1930 Winslee, Adminal Sh. Affred Leigh, K.C.B., c.M.G., C.V.O., former Commander in chief in China, aged 78.—Feb. 16

Wittenham, George Demson Faber, CB, 1st and last Baron, banker and former MP., aged 78—

Wiavall, George Abraham Gibbs, P.C., 1st Baron and former Conservative Whip, aged 58 .--

rego.
Reichel, Sir Harry, former Principal of University
Reichel, Sir Harry, former Principal of University
College of North Wales, aged 74.—June 22.
Renwick, Sir George, Bart, North-East coast
Wyulliam Lionel, RA, famous maritime painter, aged 79.—April 6.
Wyulliam Lady (Miss Mary Moore), the actress, aged 69.—April 6 Wyllie, William Lionel, R 4, famous maritime

### THE BRITISH ISLES.

THE KING AND COURT.—(1930) Nov. 4 The King, the Queen, Prince of Wales and Duke of Connaught and most of Knights of the Garter attended thanksgiving service at St. George's Chapel, Windsor, on completion of its restora-tion. Their Majesties entertained the Indian Princes in London at dinner party at Buckingham Palace. 11. Empire statesmen and Indian Princes were present when the King, Prince of Wales and Duke of York attended the Armistice Day ceremony at the Cenotaph. 12. The King, in Royal Gallery of House of Lords, opened the Round Table Conference to discuss future system Round Table Conference to discuss future system of government of India. Prince of Wales piloted giant flying-boat Do. X. during short flight over Calshot. 28. King received Premiers of Canada and New Zealand. 29. His Majesty received Mr. Scullin. Deco. 12. Princess Royal aunonuced to be slightly indisposed. 18. Prince of Wales suffering from a chill, and engagements cancelled for few days. 22. King and Queen arrived at Saudringham for Christmas. 27 Duke of Gloucester arrived home from Abyssinia and joined Royal Family at Saudringham. Prince George dislocated shoulder while hunturg with George dislocated shoulder while hunting with Belvoir Hounds. (1931) Jan. 1. New Year's Honours included baromes for Sir John Hindley, Sir Ernest Lamb, and Sir William Plender

4. The Princess Royal (Princess Louise), the
King's eldest sister, dued in her sleep from heart
failure. 7. Prince of Wales, at dinner to celebrate the millionth savings certificate, said Britons had invested £786,000,000 in certificates.

10. King and Queen attended funeral of the Princess Royal in St. George's Chapel, Windson 12. His Majesty received Indian delegates to Round Table Conference at Buckingham Palace. 16. Prince of Wales and Prince George flew from Hendon to Paris on way to join liner at Santander for South America. 23. Princess Beatrice broke both boues of her left forearm by a fall at Kensington Palace 27. Fractured arm of Princess Beatrice made good progress but attack of acute bronchitis caused anxiety but attack of acute bronchitis caused anxiety

Feb. 10. King and Queen returned to Buckingham Palace from Sandringham. 21. King conferred knighthood upon Captain Malcolm Campbell. Mar. 12. King and Queen gave afternoon party at Buckingham Palace. 26. Queen opened new infant welfare centre at Chelses given by slate Lord Melchett. April 5. The King suffering from slight cold and confined to his room at Windsor Castle. 7. His Majesty his room at Windsor Castle. 7. His Majesty suffering from attack of sub-sente brouchitis. but making satisfactory progress. 21. King Alfonso arrived in London and was warmly welcomed by great crowd. 29. Prince of Wales and Prince George arrived home from South America, flying from Paris to Windsor. 30. King went out for first time since his illness. May 3. King received Lord Irwin and invested him as Kuight of the Sayter. 28 King and him as Knight of the Garter 9. King and Queen returned to London. 11. Prince of Wales, addressing Birmingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Birningnam Chamber of Commerce, urged that when trade revival came Britain should be first in the field. 19 King and Queen held first Court of the season. 22. Body of Princess Royal re-interred in private chapel of St. Nintans at Mar Lodge, Aberdeenshire. 24. Duke of York inspected contingents of British

celebrated his birthday by motoring with the Queen to Epsom to see the Derby. S. Prince of Wales unveiled R.N.V.E. war commemoration trophy at Crystal Palace. King attended ceremony of Trooping the Colour. S. King received at Buckingham Palace German Chan-cellor and Foreign Minister. 25. Prince of Wales visited rectil show of Highland Agricul-tural Society at Edinburgh. July 4. King and turni Society at Edinburgh. July 4. King and Queen arrived in Edinburgh and went into residence at Holyrood Palace. 2. They held a Drawing Room. 3 Garden party held by their Majesties was ruined by deluge of rain. 10. King christened King George V. Dock at Shieldhall, Clasgow. 14. King and Queen returned to London. 15. Prince of Wales visited Sir Hubert Wilkins' submarine. Nautuse at Plymouth and vished creat look or their rowart to North Palace. wished crew luck on their voyage to North Pole.

16. King and Queen gave Royal Ball at Bucking-ham Palace, first for 19 years.

18. Their Majesties drove to East London and opened new hospital at liford 23. Thousands of guests attended garden party given by King and Queen at Buckingham Palace 27. Their Majestes arrived at Cowes for holiday on royal yacht.

30 Prince of Wales's car collided with another at Sunningdale, occupants of latter being slightly injured. Aug. 7. Engagement announced of the Queen's mec, Lady May Cambridge, to Captain Henry Abel Smith. Britannia, with the King on board, won race at Cowes. 11. King and Queen went to Sandhingham. 18. Prince of Wales flew to Biarritz for holiday at Chateau de Matignon 21. King and Queen arrived at Balmoral 22. Duke of Gloucester underwent Balmoral operation for appendicitis. 23. King hurriedly returned to Buckingham Palace owing to political situation, and received Mr. MacDonald, Mr. Baldwin and Sir Herbert Sannel. 26. King returned to Balmoral. Sept. 7. King volunteered reduction of \$50,000 in his Civil Last in view of the financial situation, and Prince of Wales announced intention to contribute £10,000 to national Excheques.

19. Prince flew home after brief stay in Pans.

29. King returned to London and heard Prime Minister's explanation of political situation Oct. 24. Queen, Prince of Wales and other members of Royal Family attended wedding at Balcombe of Smith 28 After results of election were known, King and Queen received enthusiastic welcome at Drurr Lane Theatre. 29. Duke of Connaight went to Sidmouth for the winter instead of visiting the Riviera.

### IMPERIAL POLITICS.

### (For Parliament ser pp. 171-175)

and Prince George arrived home from South America, flying from Paris to Windoor. 30 appointed Chief Industrial Adviser to the King went out for first time since his illness. May 3. King received Lord Irwin and invested him as Kinght of the Garter 9. King and Queen returned to London. 11. Prince of Wales, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, addressing Biruingham Chamber of Commerce, a liar. 14. Imperial Conference ended after the decision to meet again. 17. Government stood by its Palestine policy as laid down in White Paper. India Round Table Conference began Princess Royal re-interred in private chapel of its deliberations at St. James's Palace, Mr. St. Ninians at Mar Lodge, Aberdeenshire. 24. Duke of York inspected contingents of British Legion at their annual memorial parade in proposed to make grant of £02,500 spread over the 26 delegates.

20. Mr. Showden announced that Government Private Conference began Princess Royal re-interred in private chapel of the Carter of the St. James's Palace, Mr. 32. Mr. Showden announced that Government Private Conference and Conference ended after the Conference of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 14. Imperial Conference ended after the Conference of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative member at lar. 15. Imperial Conference ended from Bouse of Commons for calling a Conservative m

Table Conference closed and detailed work by committees began. 28. East Renfrew returned conservative candidate by increased majority.

Dec. 1. Round Table Conference agreed in principle to separation of Burma from the Indian Empire. 3. Labour retained White-chapel by reduced majority in four-cornered fight. 5. Mr. Lloyd George, addressing liberal cellor, and Herr Curles, Foreign Minuster, candidates at National Liberal Club, declared that these was reverted reds with Government. that there was no pact or deal with Government.

15. House of Lords by 87 to 14 refused to allow Dyestuffs Act to lapse. Select Committee recom-Dyestuffs Act to lapse. Select Committee recommended abolition of death penalty for experimental period of five years. 23. Negotiatious between Hindu and Moslem delegates to Round Table Conference regarding electorates broke down. (1931) Jan. 8. Final report of Royal Commission on Transport recommended lower railway fares and faster trains and gradual disappearance of trainways. 12. Lord Sankey submitted report to Federal Structure submitted report to Federal Structure Committee of Round Table Conference out-lining general principles of federation. 18. Round Table Conference closed with reading of British Government's statement of policy by Mr. MacDonald and message from the King-Emperor. 28. Mr. A. V. Alexander announced in Commons that three officers of submarine depot ship Lucia had been placed on half-pay as sequel to trouble on the boat, and certain sequel to troube on the loat, and certain members of crew had been punished. 29. Mr. Churchill resigned from Conservative Shadow Cabinet, owing to disagreements over Indian policy. Feb. 13. Great Britain invited France, Italy, Poland, Belgium, Holland, Switzenland and Austria to consider reduction of tailfs on British goods. 19. Labour held East Islungton, Empire Clusade candidate being second of four.
26. Mr. W. J. Brown suspended in House of Commons for refusing to obey Speaker's ruling. 28. Sir Oswald Mosley announced formation of the New Party Mar. 2. Sir Charles Trevelyan resigned office as Minister of Education and was succeeded by Mr. H. B. Lees-Smith, Major Atlee becoming Postmaster-General. 5. Lord Arnold, Paymaster-General, resigned for health reasons Naval Estimates totalled £51,605,000, net reduction of £342,200. 6. Air Estimates amounted to Estimates to £39,930,000, decrease of £570,000.

16. Mr. Snowden underwent successful opera tion. 19. After bitter campaign, Mr. A Duff tion. 19. After bitter campaign, 31. A binding of cooper, official Conservative candidate, elected for 8t. George's, Westminster, by majority of 5,720 over Sir Ernest Petter, backed by Lords Beaverbrook and Rothermere. 24. Liberal Parliamentary Party adopted by 33 to 27 declaration to give general support to Government, but not to enter into pact or alliance. 28. Conservatives won Smidelland from Labour the investments contact. 28. Corresponding was in triangular contest. 28. Correspondence was published between Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Lord Beaverbrook intimating agreement con-cerning Conservative agricultural policy. April 7. Lord Stonehaven selected as chairman of Conservative Party organisation on resignation of Mr. Chamberlain. 16. Conservative motion of censure on unemployment defeated in Commons by 305 to 251. 21. Great Britain recognised Spain's provisional government. 26. The Census was taken. 30. Conservatives won Ashtonunder-Lyne from Labour. May 2. Lord Irwin
was warmly greeted on arriving home from
India. 15. National Liberal Federation approved policy of Liberal Party in Parliament. 21.

of £2,000,000 a year partly by increasing contributions. 5. Dr. Bruening, the German Chancellor, and Herr Curtius, Foreign Munster, arrived in Loudon, on invitation of Mr. MacDonald. 7. German statesmen discussed world financial position with Premier and other Ministers at Chequers. 17. Mr. Mellon, Secretary of United States Treasury, saw Prime Minister and Mr. Henderson. 22. Mr. MacDonald Minister and Mr Hennerson. 44. 31. American announced Britain's co-operation with proposal to summend war debts for a year. 24. Mr. announced Britain's co-operation with proposal to suspend war debts for a year. 24. Mr. Snowden announced that Britain had offered a year's "breathing space," involving sum of £12,000,000, to the Dominions and India in connection with war debts arrangement. July 2. Mr. J. McGovern refused to leave House of Commons on his suspension until removed by attendants, who were inpredied by other colattendants, who were impeded by other colleagues, Speaker suspending sitting for a time. Four MP s who took part in the affair apologised to the Speaker. 13. Report of Macmillan Committee on Finance and Industry issued 20 Conference of representatives of seven Powers on financial restoration of Germany opened in London 23. Conference concluded after deciding that credit recently granted to German Reichsbank should be renewed at matmity for three months. Civil Service Com-mission reported in favour of abolition of cost of living bonus system and substitution of consolidated rates of salary operation performed upon Mr Lloyd George for harmaturia, and he was ordered four months rest. 31. Sensational report issued by Government's Economy Committee declaring nation must find £120,000 000 to balance next year's Budgot. Cabnet Committee set up to consider report. Aug 1. Announced that Bank of France and Federal Reserve Bank of New York had each placed credit of £25,000,000 at disposal of Bank of England. 6 Mr. MacDonald began discussions on international financial crisis with M1. Stimson, United States Secretary of State, during holiday in Scotland. 11. After hurried return from the North, Prime Minister conferred with Ministers and bankers on Britain's financial stability. 13 Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Herbert Samuel saw Premier and Mr. Snowden. 19 Cabinet discussed situation for 11/2 hours. 20. Premier conferred with Party leaders and with T U.C. and Labour executive. 23. After long conferences and discussions Labour Government resigned, majority of Ministers refusing to accept cuts in unemploy-ment pay. 24. Mr. MacDonald entrusted with task of forming a National Covernment. Parliament summoned to meet specially to balance the nation's Budget. 25. New Cabinet, containing 4 Labour representatives, 4 Conservatives and 2 Liberals, sunounced. 26. New Ministers received seals of office from the King and held first Cabinet. Joint meeting of Tiades Union Congress General Council, executive of Labour Party and Parliamentary Labour Party committee decided to oppose new Government, and recom-mended Parliamentary Labour Party to become the official Parliamentary Opposition. 28.
France and United States each placed credit
of £40,000,000 at disposal of the Treasury.
Sept. 1. Mr. Henderson elected Leader of the

Labour Party Conservative and Liberal Party meetings endorsed action of their leaders in supporting National Government. 2. Cabinet decided plans for balancing Budget and summoned Parliament. 7. Second session of Indian Round Table Conference opened by welcome from Mr. MacDonald. 8. Parliament reassembled, Government securing majority of 59. Disturbances occurred outside the House owing to march of unemployed. 10. Mr. Snowden introduced his emergency Budget. Reconomy Bill and memorandum ou Government's proposed savings issued 14. Mr. Gandhi attended meeting of Federal Structure Committee.

15. He explained to the Committee the case of Indian National Congress Party for complete independence. Admiralty amounced that reduced rates of pay had caused unrest among lower ratings of Atlantic Fleet, and programme of exercises was suspended during investigation of representations of hardship. Cabinet decided, after consultation with Bank of Standard, to suspend temporarily the Gold Standard. Bank rate increased to 6 per cent.

21. Bill suspending Gold Standard passed through Parliament. Stock Evoluage and many foreign Bourses closed. Prime Minister announced cuts in pay of teachers, police and the Services should not exceed ten per cent. 22. Treasury prohibited purchase of foreign currency except for business. 23. Mr Baldwin announced that Britam agreed with Italy's proposal for a year's armaments truce, subject to acceptance by other Powers. Oct. 5. Cabinet agreed to immediate General Election as a united body. Sir John Simon formed body of Liberals to support Prime Minister as head of National Government, 7. Mr. MacDonald's election manifesto pleaded for free hand for Government to put nation's trade and finances on sound lasts. on sound basis. Parliament dissolved 8. Mr. Baldwin's manifesto declared that devaluation could be no valid substitute for tariffs. 9. Liberal Party manifesto appealed for support for Prime Minister's attempt to secure mandate. Mr. Lloyd George condemned election and upheld Free Trade. Mr Gandhi announced his failure to secure agreed solution of communal question. 16. Nominations of candidates for new House of Commons, 65 M.P.'s being returned unopposed

22. Federal Structure Committee agreed on tentative finance arrangements.

27. After short sharp campaign, polling took place and resulted in overwhelming victory for National Government, all the former Labour Cabinet being defeated except Mr. Lansbury. New House consisted of 472 Conservatives, 35 Nationalists, 33 Liberals, 13 National Labour, 52 Labour, 54 Independent Liberals and 6 Independents. York extended for three months £15,000,000 of their £25,000,000 credits to Bank of England, remaining sum being repaid.

MUNICIPAL.-(1930) Nov. 1. Labour lost over So seats, mostly to Conservatives, in municipal elections. 4. Frime Ministers of Canada, Australia and New Zealand admitted to Freedom of City of London, and entertained by Lord Mayor. 10. Several persons injured when elephants in Lord Mayor's Show, alarmed at a mascot, walked into crowd on the Embankment.

game manfully and see the nation through. Dec. 18. London County Council decided to prohibit Sunday boxing. (1931) Jan. 5. Mr G. E. Robinson appointed Traffic Commissioner for Metropolitan area under Road Traffic Act. Feb. 3. Following High Court's decision, London County Council decided that licences for clinemas, &c., should be only for week days 27. Sir William Seulsby announced his resignation of position of private secretary to Lord Mayor of London, held since 1875. Mar 5 New L.C.C. elected and composed of 83 Municipal Reformers as Labour and 6. Higher 16 Actuary. New L.C.C. elected and composed of \$3 Minicipal Reformers, 35 Labour and 6 Liberals, Labour's net loss being 7. Jure 9. Agreement reached for inclusion of L.C.C trainways in London transport "pool" to be set up. 16 L.C.C. accepted terms, wherehy it would receive £3,500,000 of stock for its trainways. July 29. Government announced no grant could be made for cost of new Charing Cross Bridge. Oct. 5 Prince (Leguer presented charter to Be action. Prince George presented charter to Barking.

ACCIDENTS AT SEA.—(1930) Nov. 19 British motor limer Highland Hope was wrecked in deuse fog on the Farilhoes Islands, off Portuguese Coast, 153 passengers, 233 emigrants and crew being taken ashore. 24. German steamen Lune Leonhard broke her back in gale at mouth of River Elbe, and crew of 30 perished. Dec 8. Explosion of munitions in ship torpedoed dirring explosion of numinous in ship torpedood during war off Buittany coast killed x2 of crew of Italian salvage ship Artiglio engaged in removing snuken vessel. 10. Liner Empress of Scotland practically destroyed by the in shipbreakers' yard at Blyth 15. Fire occurred on glass-bottomed yacht Emeka 11. zamiles from Miam Beach, Florida, and panic followed explosions, 4 persons being killed and x1 missing. 19 Finnish steamers Arcturus and Oberon collided in dense fog in the Kattegat, latter sinking in few minutes with loss of 42 lives, including Mr. J. W. H. T. Douglas and his father. 21. American liner George Washington tammed duiing fog in Elbe estnary by motor vessel and towed to Hamburg. (1931) Feb 3. By explosion on submarine XI. near Sheerness 12 men were on submarine Al. neur Sheericss 12 men were injured, six seriously Mar. 15. Cross-Channel steamer Princess Marie Jose and a British cargo vessel collided near Dover, former proceeding to Ostend and latter being beached. Explosion occurred on a scaler chartered to make a film in icefield off Newfoundland, 26 persons being killed. 27. Charges steamer (Marie sons being killed. 17. Glasgow steamer Cterne sank off Isle of Man after striking rocks, roof 12 on board being drowned. 21. Canadian Pacific liner Montclars ian aground in fog at mouth of Firth of Clyde with 275 passengers, and refloated following day. April 1. Air carrier H. M.S. Glorious collided in dense fog 60 miles from Gibraltar with French liner Florida, which was badly holed and towed to Malaga by Glorous, to which passengers were transferred. Over 30 lives lost, including one on Glorous June 9. British submaine Poseidon, one of the latest type, sunk in collision with merchant vessel as miles from Wei-hai-Wei, with loss of so lives. 14. French pleasure steamer St. Philbert, with over 300 excursionists from Nantes on board, turned furtle at mouth Mayor. 10. Several persons injured when of the Loire during a storm, only 8 persons elephants in Lord Mayor's Show, slarmed at a mascot, walked into crowd on the Embankment. At Gulidhall Banquet Premier referred to Dominion and Indian Conferences, and, alluding steamer Kwong Sang Condered in typhoon in to unemployment, appealed to all to play the

being drowned. **Sept. 4.** Glasgow steamer *Opal* foundered in gale near Land's End, z of crew being drowned.

TACCIDENTS, GENERAL - (1931) Jan 4, Engine and four coaches of express train from Edinburgh to London left rails near Carlisle, a persons being killed and 30 injured. 7 Through small collision near Tottenham two petrol tanks were thrown off metals and fire broke out, three railway men being killed. 16. Two men killed and 3 injured in head-on collision between newspaper train and light engine near Clacton. 22 Five miners killed and 6 injured in explosion in colliery at Chryston, near Glasgow. 29. Explosion occurred in Haig Ptt, Whitehaven, when soo men were below, and sy men were killed, mostly by after-damp. Mar. 18. Three babies were fatally burned at fire at nursery home at Trull, near Taunton, 30 others being rescued unhurt. 22. The Royal Scot, famous L M S. express from Euston to Scot, tamous Lais. express from Russon to Glasgow, left rails while taking points neal Leighton Buzzard station, 6 people, including Sir George Sathmarsh, driver and fireman, being killed and 6 badly injured. April 14 Earth tremors occurred in north-west Wales 28. By fall of roof 4 miners were killed at colliery near Nuneaton. May 3. Earthquake shook part of Manchester and adjacent districts, causing much Manchester and adjacent districts, causing much alarm but no damage.

23. Two young men and two young men and two young women killed when their car crashed through level-crossing gates near Lewes and struck passing train.

27. A woman killed and ze persons injured in collision letween two passenger trains at Fakenham, Norfolk.

June 7. London and greater part of England and Scotland shaken by an carthquake, severest in Britain for years, but very little damage was done

23 Ten men killed in explosion at Royal Naval Cordite Factory at Holton Heath, Dorset

July 2 Bis overturned at Parkstone, abeonle beling imprisoned and several slightly July 2 Bus overturned at Parkstone, 40 people being imprisoned and several slightly mjured 25 Owing to foul air in steel casson injuried 25 owing to foul air in secticalison at new Ford works at Dagenham, Esser, 5 men lost their lives Sept. 1. One woman killed and two injuried when express crashed imotor-car at level crossing near Preston 3. Explosion occurred in Newdigate Colliery, near Nuneaton, 8 miners being killed Oct. 11. By head-on collision between car and motor cycle 6 persons were killed at Harrietsham, Kent. 13 Explosion destroyed part of spinning mill at Gomersal, near Leeds, one woman being killed and 40 injured. 31 Fen miners killed by explosion in pit at Lochgelly, Fifeshire.

AVIATION. — (1930) Nov 4. Mr Oscar Garden, who left Croydon on Oct. 16, arrived at Wyndham, Western Australia, after five forced landings. 5. German flying boat Do. X flew from Lake Constance to Amsterdam as first stage of projected flight to America. 10. Do. X. arrived at Calshot from Amsterdam, carrying

Dec. 17. General Balbo, Italian Air Minister, led flight of 14 seaplanes from Orbetello on first led flight of x4 seaplanes from Orbeteilo on first formation flight across Atlantic, eight arriving later at Cartagena and four ancholing off Majorca. 21. The x4 seaplanes flew from Cartagena to Kenitra, Spanish Morocco 25. The fleet arrived at Bolama, Portuguese Guinea. (1931) Jam. 1. Lieut Col. F. C. Shelmerdine, Director of Civil Aviation in India, appointed Director of Civil Aviation at Air Ministry. 6. Ten of the z4 Italian scaplanes crossed Atlantic in flight formation from Bolama to Port Natal, Brazil, a being forced down on way but crews unhurt. Two others came down of Rolama, 5 lives being lost. 7 Guy Menzies accomplished first light aeroplane flight between Australia and New Zealand. 29.

Premier announced R.A.F. would defend Schneider Trophy if the public provided finds Feb. 4 Lady Houston gave banker's guarantee for £100,000 to cover expenses R. A. F. flyingboat crashed an Plymouth Sound, 9 officers and men being killed and 3 escaping 19. Hon, Mrs Victor Bruce arrived at Lympne and completed her world tour in light acroplane. 28. First Africa Air Mail left Croydon.

Mar. 8 Glider pilot killed near St. Albans, first accident of the kind in England. 31. Report of Court of Enquiry into Rior disaster stated that cause was leakage of gas from forepart and that there was no failure in competence of crew. Commander Glen Kidston left Netheravon for the Cape April 1 He arrived at Cairo. 5. After forced landing at Lichtenburg he reached Pretoria 6 He landed at Capetown 6 days 10 hours after leaving England 7. Mi. C W. A. Scott, who left Lympne on April 1, arrived at Rangoon on way to Australia 10 Mr Scott landed at Port Darwin after record flight of o days 4 hours ar minutes, 18 hours 40 minutes quicker than Kingsford Smith 12 Captain Neville Stack and Mr. J. R. Chaplin flew from London to Berlin and back in a day 19 First Australian air mail liner from Croydon crashed at Koepang (Timor), occupants and mails being saved. 23. During aerial salute after inspection in Sussex two aeroplanes collided and Air Vice-Marshall Holt. commanding Air Defence of Great Britain, and his pilot were killed May 5. Commander Glen Kidston and a companion killed by a crash in Natal during tom of Union 8 Do X left Portuguese Guinea air centres for South America. 14 First an inall from Australia mirred at Croydon in 27 days. 23 Captain Stack and Mr Chaplin few from London to Copenhagen and back in a day 27. Professor Auguste Piccard and Herr Kipfer ascended from Angsburg, Bavaria, inhermetically sealed cylinder attached to huge balloon. After 17 hours in the air, reaching height of nearly to miles, they landed safely on glacier in the Oetz Alps, by Austro-Italian frontier, having gained valuable knowledge regarding the air. Captain Frank Hawks, American, new from Pans to London, Hawks, American, new from Fans to London, thence to Beilin and back to Paris in time for dinner June 5. Scott arrived at Lympue from Australia in 10 days 13 hours, setting up another record. Do. X arrived at Natal, Brazil. 17. Captain Hawks flew from London to Bome and back in a day 18 Miss Sicele O'Brien and Mrs. Gordon Gallien burned to death through their appropriate assalt. arrived at Calshot from Amsterdam, carrying of Dr. Dornier, its designer, and 40 others. Two dinner June 5. Scott arrived at Lynpus french airmen reached Karachi atter 2½ days flight from Paris. 13. They arrived at Salgon in under 5 days 4 hours, beating previous record in under 5 days 4 hours, beating previous record of 11 days. 14. Do. X. left Calshot for Bordeaux, but came down on sea near La Rochelle. 150 miles north of objective, owing to fog. 15 She insert of the searched Bordeaux. 20. Do. X. arrived at Salgon in Mrs. Gordon Gallien in 15 days 18. Miss method by the searched Bordeaux. 20. Do. X. arrived at Insert of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of the search of th

glider 23. Two Americans, Post and Gatty, left Harbour Grace for Europe in flight round the world. 24. They landed at Chester in record time of 15 hours 45 minutes and then flew to Berlin. Captain Stack and Mr. Chaplin flew to Warsaw and back in a day. Two Danes. Hillig and Holris, left Harbour Grace for Europe. 25. After being lost for some hours they landed 25. After being lost for some hours they landed at Krefeld, Germany, and flew on to Bremen. Post and Gatty arrived at Moscow from Berlin.
28. They flew a, no miles to Novosibirsk. The Danes arrived at Copenhagen, their objective.
27. Post and Gatty reached Biagovieshtchensk in Asiatic Russia. 28. They flew to Khabarovsk, Siberia. 29. They crossed Pacific and reached Fairbanks, Alaska. Captain Stack and Mr. Chaplin flew from Lympne to Constantinople in record time of a hours of minutes. 26. Post. Caspin new from Lympa to Constantinopie and record time of zs hours 35 minutes. 30. Post and Gatty flew from Fairbanks to Edmonton. July 1. They arrived at Roseevelt Field, New York, 8 days zs hours zs minutes after they left, having gone round the earth, zs,500 miles journey. 16. Two Hungarians, Endres and Magyar, made forced landing 30 miles from Rudapest after flight from Harbour Grace, having crossed Atlantic in 13 hours go minutes 25, Flying Officer E C. T Edwards, on Blackburn "Bluebird," won air race for the King's burn "Bluebird," won air race for the Kings Cnp at average speed of xxy's m.p.h. in bad weather. 26. Graf Zeppelin left Lemingrad for the North Pole. 28. Miss Amy Johnson, with a mechanic, flew from Lympne to Moscow on way to Tokio. 29. Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh left New York for Japan. J. A. Mollison left Wyndham for England, and landed near Batavia. Two Americans, Panghorn and Herudon, landed near Cardian after crossing the Atlantic from near Cardigan after crossing the Atlantic from New York in as hours as minutes. 30. Mollison reached Singapore. Pangborn and Herndon flew to Berlin. Graf Zeppelm arrived back at berlin after its Arctic cruise. Two Americans, Russell Boardman and John Polando, landed at Con-stantinople after non-stop flight from New York of 4,984 miles in 49 hours 5 minutes. 31. Amy Johnson made forced landing in Siberia. Pang-Johnson made forced landing in Siberia. Pang-born and Heindon arrived at Moscow after night flight. Mollison reached Rangoon. Aug. 2. Italian Schneider airman, Monti-drowned through his seaplane falling into lake Garda. Mollison landed at Karachi. 3. He arrived at Basra. Pangborn and Herndon abandoned attempt to beat round-the-world flight after reaching Khabarovsk. 4. Mollison flew to Basra. 5. He landed at Rome. 6. Mollison landed on Pevensey beach 8 days as hours as minutes after leaving Australia. hours as minutes after leaving Australia, breaking Scott's record by two days. Amy Johnson reached Tokio in ten days, also a record. 8. Giant air liner Hannibal made forced landing near Toubridge, no one being injured. 18. Lient. Brinton, one of British Schneider Trophy team, drowned when the S5 plunged into the Solent during a trial. Graf Zeppelin arrived at Hanworth and began a 24 hour tour round England. 19. She lauded passengers at Hanworth and returned to Germany. 24. Anny Johnson began return flight from Tokio. 26. Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh arrived at Tokio. Sept. 3. France and Italy asked for six months' postponement of Schneider Trophy race, but this was refused under the rules. 4. France and Italy announced they would not take part in the race. 9 Amy Johnson arrived back at Croydon from Japan. 13. Britain won Schneider Trophy outright, Flight-Lieut. J. N Boothman

completing course over the Solent at average speed of 340°c8 miles an hour, record for the race, and breaking world's record for see kilometres flying start with speed of 343°g m.p.h. Flight-Lieut. G. H. Stainforth set up new world's record, averaging 379°c9 m.p.h. for three kilometres straight flight. 16. Eight days after leaving Japan on attempt to fly across Pacific, two American airmen, Moyle and Allen, were found alive on uninhabited island. An R.A.F. flying-boat flew non-stop from Gibraltar to Plymouth. 21. Three airmen, Willy Rody, Johanssen and Viega, found by steamer floating on wreckage of their machine off Harbour Grace, after flying from Liabon and being adrift for seven days. 24. Air Commodore Kingsford Smith flew from Wyndham, West Australia, to Cheribon, Dutch East Indies, in attempt to beat Mollismu's record flight to England. 28. He arrived at Bushire. 29. Kingsford Smith met heavy sandstorm during hop to Aleppo. Flight-Lieut. G. H. Stainforth set up world's record for fastest flight over three kilometres course above Southampton Water, doing average of 468°8 m.p. h., one run being at 425°2 m.p.h. 30. Kingsford Smith forced by illness to come down at Milas in Asia Minor after flight from Aleppo. Oct. 5. Paugborn and Herndon flew from Japan across North Pacific to Wenatchee (Washington) in 4x hours. 27. Squadron-Leader Gayford and Flight-Licut. Bett flew non-stop from Cranwell to Egypt as test for world's noustop record 30. Miss Peggy Salaman, aged 19, with A. Gordon Store as navigator and engineer, lett Lympu co nattempt to beat light aeroplane record to Capetown, in which she succeeded

CRIMES AND TRIALS.—The Blazing Car Tragedy. Early on morning of Nov. 5, 1820, a car was found burning fuliously in lonely lane near Northampton. In it was body of a man, charred beyond recognition. Car was proved to belong to Alfred Arthur Rouse, commercial traveller. of London, who two days later was charged with murder of unknown man. After six-day trial at Northampton Assizes, Rouse was found guilty of nurder on Jan. 3x and executed on March xo, after unsuccessful appeal Identity of dead man was never discovered. 25. Francis Lorang, the director of Blue Bird oil companies, sentonced at Central Criminal Court to seven year's penal servitude for fraudulently converting £327,000 and publishing false statutory report. 28. Coroner is jury at Plymouth returned verdict of homicide by arsenical poisoning in case of Mis. Alice Thomas, wife of Cornish farmer, who was taken ill after eating sandwiches during an outing at Bude. Her friend, Mrs. Annie Heam, was later arrested and charged with murder of Mrs. Thomas, but after trial at Cornwall Assizes lasting eight days she was found not guilty and acquitted. Dec. 5. Herbert Charles Bidley, xr, and Victor Edward Betts, sx, sentenced to death at Birmingham Assizes for murder of mantaking noney to bank. Former was reprieved but Betts was hanged. (1931) Jam. 6. On lonely moor near Otterburn, Northumberland, Miss Evelyn Foster, daughter of garage proprietor, was found seriously injured and burned by side of wreckage of car which she drove. Before she died on following day she declared she had been murdered. 16. Mrs. Olive Kathleen Wise, aged 37, found guilty at Central Criminal Court of murder of infant son, but after jury of matrons had returned verdict serious propers.

that she expected to become a mother, execution of death sentence was stayed. Mirs. Wise's sentence was subsequently commuted to penal servitude for life. 20. Mrs. Julia Wallace found dead in her home at Anfield, Liverpool, with wounds in head. Her husband, William Herbert Wallace, insurance agent, was sentenced to death at Liverpool Assizes, but Court of Criminal Appeal quashed the conviction and acquitted him.
28. Nude body of Louisa Maud Steele, strangled and terribly mutilated, found on Blackheath not far from house where she was employed as servant. Verdict of murder against some person or persons unknown was returned at inquest. Mar. 28 Skeleton found on Exmoor near Minehead was undentified as that of Gwendoine Molly Phillips, 16-year-old servant who disappeared as months before. Verdict of death by misadventure was returned by coroner's jury. April 7. Body of Mrs. Sarah Anne Isaacson found in Richmond Park, death being due to strangulation. William Gordon Baldwin was found guilty of murder, but sentence of death was subsequently respited to penal servitude for life. May 29. Rodies of a woman and her daughter and their dog found hwinish and her daughter and their dog non-burned beneath concrete fishpoid in garden of their home at Belvedere. Woman's husband, Charles Frederick Lewis, employed by Erith Education Authority, later disappeared from steamer on way to Scotland, having fallen over-board. July 5. Bedy of Ivy Godden, aged zz., found buried in wood near her home at Ruckinge, Kent. Arthur James Faraday Salvage, aged 23, was arrested later and sentenced to death at Central Criminal Court on Sept. 16, for her murder, but he was subsequently found insane, respited and removed to Broadmoo 30. Lord Kylsant was found guilty at Old Bailey of usuing false prospectus and was sentenced to 12 months imprisonment in second division. Aug 1. Mrs. Annie Louisa Kempson, a widow, found dead in her house at Oxford with number of wounds in neck. Some days later a commercial traveller, Henry Daniel Soymour, was arrested and charged with the nurder. He was found guity and sentenced to death at Oxford Assizes on oct. 24. 12. Bank cashier murdered during daylight raid on branch of Clydesdale Bank at 'Clydesdale, near Glasgow, about £2,000 being stolen. 29. Body of Madge Clerie, aged 15, found on lonely marshland at Great Salterns, near Portsmouth. Sept. 5. Body of unclothed man, identified later as Ahmed Musa. a Turk, tound in field at Carrickfergus. Oct. 2 Woman named Norma Upchurch found murdered by strangulation in empty sliop in Soho. 29. Sir Arthur Wheeler sentenced at Leicester Assizes to 12 months' imprisonment in second division for fraudulent conversion.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—(1930) Nov. 18. Archbishop of Canterbury announced to Church Assembly terms of reference and members of Commission on Relations of Church and State, commission on nelations of Church and State, Lord Cecil being appointed chairman. 22. Bishop of Birmingham refused to liceuse a curate at St. Gregory's, Small Heath, and for-bade vicar to employ him. (1931) Jan. 23. Dr. Perowne, Bishop of Bradford, appointed Bishop of Wymerter Lab. 2 Par. W F. Bishop of Worcester. Feb. 8. Rev. A. W. F. Blunt appointed Bishop of Bradford. 10. A Divisional Court ordered Archbishop of Canterbury to admit a fit and proper person to cursay panies informed executives of men's unions of of St. Addan's, Small Heath, as Bishop of Bir-

mingham had declined to license Rev. G. D. Simmonds. 20. The Pilgrim Frust gave £20,000 towards restoration of Lincoln Cathedral and towards restolation of Lincom Cathedras and too, coof or preservation of St. Giles' Cathedral, Edinburgh. Mar. 10. Dr. Percy Dearmer appointed Canon of Westminster. June 1. Archbishop of Canterbury admitted to benefice of St. Aldan's Rev. G. D. Simmonds, whom Bishop of Birmiugham refused to socept. Sept. 22. Federal Conneil of the Free Churches accepted Primate's invitation to resume Lambeth Palace conversations on unity

EDUCATIONAL .- (1930) Nov. 17 Lord Sankey nominated High Steward of Oxford University in succession to Lord Birkenhead. (1931)
Mar 9. Field-Marshal Sir William Budwood elected Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge. 28 Notice to terminate the agreement on teachers salanes under terms of Burnham Award given by Local Authorities Panel. 24 Mr. W. W. Vaughan, headmaster of Eugh), announced his impending resignation May 3 Miss Helen Marion Workhouse appointed Mistness of Girton Callar. Controlled With the State of Callar. College, Cambridge. 7. Rockefeller Foundation conege, Calmonge. 1. Rocketerer romantion gave £146,000 for expansion of London School of Economics 19. Mt. P II B Lyon, Rector of Edinburgh Academy, appointed headmaster of Rugby. 23. Professor Einstein received degree of Doctor of Science at Oxford University after lecturing on theory of relativity. June 24. Mr. MacDonald received honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Law at Oxford University. Oct. 24 Mr Compton Mackenzie, the novelist. Scottish Nationalist candidate, elected Rector of Glasgow University, defeating Sir Robert Horne and four other candidates

IRELAND. — (1930) Nov. 6 On Cork-Carrigiohane road J. S. Wright regained world's motor-cycling record, average over flying kilomotor-cycling record, average over flying kilo-metre being 150-756 in ph. 17 Draw meight Dublin Mansion House for grgantic sweepstake on Manchester November Handicap, for which £658,658 was subscribed. 22. Mr Scullin, Australian Premier, visited Ireland Dec. 23 Mr. J. W. Dulanty appointed Free State High Commissioner in London (1931) Jan. 22 ball Eireann carried proposal of Free State Tariff Commission to levy diffy on all imported Tariff Commission to levy duty on all imported butter. Mar. 20 Superintendent of Civic Guard at Tipperary shot dead by gunmen while motoring 24 Draw made for Guard Attlomat sweepstake, for which £1,755,953 was received. 26. Mr Tim Healy, first Governor-General of the Free State, died at Dubin Mary 30. For the Free State, died at Dubin May 30. For Derby sweepstake, drawn at Dublin, £3,89,666 was subscribed, £69,244 going to Irish hospitals.

Aug. 11 Serious damage done to railway and roads near Cootehill, Co. Cavan, with object of preventing Orange demonstration. 16. Rioting occurred in Annagh through retailators attempts to interfere with Hibermann's meetings 22 N Black on M.O. Midnet wen Position. 22 N Black on M.G Midget won British Car Grand Prix on course near Belfast Oct 14. Free State Parliament reassembled and by 8s votes to 64 passed first reading of bill giving Government powers to safeguard rights of people and prevent conspiracies and stop gunnen. 18.
The bill passed its final stages in Dail. 17. It came into force. 20. 12 Republican organi-sations proclaimed under new Act

LABOUR. - (1930) Nov. 13 Railway com

for majority of workers. 20. Miners' delegate conference decided to resist attempts to reduce wages. 22. Constitution of National Industrial Board for Mining Industry announced. 27. Board considered appeal by South Wales miners against owners offer of new terms, and decided against reduction of wages. 28. Miners' conference rejected applications by certain districts to work "spread-over" of hours, and re-commended all districts to give notice of national strike if any district was involved in stoppage. Government at once urged owners and miners to meet and make temporary arrangements to continue work. Railway unions informed companies that they could not agree to latter's proposals for wage reductions, and submitted their own claims 29. Temporary agreements entered into between coal owners and miners in England and Walez. 30. In Sootland miners stopped work, 93,000 men being affected. Dec. 4 Motion in favour of general strike of miners was rejected by 330,000 votes to sog, ooo at delegate conference in London. 5. Scottish coal strike settled by acceptance of spread-over system. 10. ('onference between representatives of railway companies and men's unions on counter claims regarding wages failed to agree 18. National Wages Board report on Lancashne mining dispute recommended spread-over of hours without reduction of wages. 20 Miners concerned accepted recommendation by 820 votes to x68, thus avoiding national stoppage 23. Districts of Miners' Federation agreed to three months' temporary spread-over without reduction of wages. 31 Final report of Industrial Reorganisation Conference expressed conviction that fullest consultation between employers and labour was essential for in-dustry. (1931) Jan. 1. Negotiations having failed, 150,000 miners in South Wales ceased work, concerning reduction of day-wage men's rates. 5. Strike of 3.500 Burnley weavers against the more-looms system began. 9. Owners closed all Burnley weaving mills, and 25,000 operatives were thrown out of work. 15. Provisional agreement for settlement of South Wales coal dispute reached. 17. Lock-out of weavers became general in Lancashire. 19. Claims of four failway companies for reduction of wages vare presented to National Wages Board. South Walcs pits reopened, mmers accepting terms of provisional agreement. 24. Weavers' ballot gave large majority against negotiations with employers. 31. More Lancashire mills closed after failure of negotiations in London. Feb. 13. Owing partly to Mr. Snowden's speech on the national situation, Lancashire cotton employers withdrew more-looms proposal and ended lock-out. Mar. 5. Railway Wages Board recom-mended reductions of pay for all grades of railwaymen. 19. Miners' delegate conference decided that there should be no extension beyond Mar. 31 of spread-over of hours. 26. National Union of Railwaymen accepted by 49 to 41 wage reductions imposed by award of National Wages Board. April 4. Independent Labour Party by 173 to 37 rejected proposal for disaffiliation from Labour Party. June 23. Resumed negotiations into dispute in engineering industry resulted in agreement over new conditions of employment. July 2. After new discussions on hours in colliery industry, miners' executive informed Prime Minister they could not accept owners' final terms. 6 As result Government

to extend 7½ hours day and existing minimum wage standard for further year. 24. Mr. Ebby Edwards, M.P., elected President of Mincrs' Federation by 434,000 to 100,000 for Mr. Herbert Smith. Aug. 31. Mr. J. H. Thomas resigned position of political general secretary of National Union of Railwaymen to avoid dismissal, thus forfeiting his pension.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS—(1930) Nov. 6 M. Litvinoff, Soviet delegate, at opening meeting of Preparatory Commission for World Disarmament Conference, proposed reconsideration of Soviet proposals for more drastic disarmament. 15. Commission adopted resolution declaring that each of the high contracting parties agreed to limit its annual expenditure on war material for large armaments, either by specific enumera-tion, budgetary limitation or a combination of tion, puggetary limitation or a combination of the two 21 Commission approved principle of Budget limitation for naval expenditure. (1931) Jan. 20. Council of League received report of Preparatory Commission. Mr. Henderson urged reduction of aumaments and not a mere limitation, and said there was no alliance except that of the Covenant against war. 21 Commission of Enquiry for European war. 21 Commission of Enquiry for European Union at Geneva adopted resolution declaring determination of a Retard resonant destantation of a Retard represented to use League's machinery to prevent any resort to violence with object of restoring economic recovery. May 18. League Conneil agreed to refer proposed Austro-German Customs union to Court of International Justice. 19. Mr Arthur Henderson accepted presidency of forthcoming World Disarmament Conference. Sept. 3 German and Austrian Foreign Ministers at a League Commission announced final abandonment of proposed Customs union. 7. M. Nicolas Titulesco re-elected President of League Assembly which opened at Geneva. 8. Signor Grandi laid before Assembly Italy's proposal for armaments truce until end of the Disarinament 22. Council discussed Chino-Conference. Japanese conflict and made representations to the two Governments to withdraw troops from the two Governments to withdraw troops from area of conflict. 28. Third Committee of the Assembly unanimously agreed to recommend armaments truce for one year. 29. Assembly adopted recommendation. Oct 15. Council invited Inited States to take part in discussions on Manchuran situation. 16 Invitation was accepted and American representative attended discussion. 22. Council presented resolution calling upon Japan to withdraw her troops in Manchuria by Nov. 16. 23 China accepted resolution, but Japan in counter-proposals fixed no time for evacuation and invited negotiations. 24. Japan's counter-proposals rejected and resolution adopted by the z3 other members of Council.

decided that there should be no extension beyond Mar. 32 of spread-over of hours. 26. National Indion of Railwaynen accepted by 45 to 42 wage reductions imposed by a ward of National Wages Board. April 4. Independent Labour Party Board. April 4. Independent Labour Party by 73 to 37 rejected proposal for disaffiliation from Labour Party. June 23. Resumed negotiations into dispute in engineering industry resulted in agreement over new conditions of employment. July 2. After new discussions on hours in colliery industry, miners' executive informed Prime Minister they could not accept on conditions. 6 As result Government introduced and passed through all its stages bill 22. Mr. Justice Wright found in favour of 22.

Bank of Portugal in claim against Messrs. Waterlow & Sons, Ltd. (1931) Jan. 27. Court of Appeal confirmed ruling that Sunday opening of cinemas was illegal. Mar. 9. King's Bench Divisional Court held that sale in England of tickets for the Irish free State Lotteries was illegal. April 26. Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., the doyen of the Bar, died, aged 90. May 19. For first time for 20 years Court of Criminal Appeal quashed a conviction of murder and acquitted the appellant, William Herbert Wallace, sentenced to death at Liverpool Assizes for alleged nurder of his wife. Sept. 5. Permanent Court of International Justice at the Hagne decided by 8 votes to 7 that proposed German-Austrian Customs union was not compatible with Geneva Protocol of 1925.

#### IMPERIAL DOMINIONS

(1930) Nov. 5. Crowd and police were in conflict at prohibited meeting to celebrate Gandhi Day in Bombay, over 100 leing injured 22. Sir Douglas Mawson left Hobart in Discovery for the Antarctic Dec. 2. Sir Isaac Afred Isaacs, Chief Justice of Anstralia, appointed Governor-General of the Commonwealth on recommendation of Mr. Scullin. 3. General Hertzog at Bloemfontein repudiated demand of Republicans for separation from the Empire. 8. Inspector-General of Prisons in Bengal shot 38. Inspector-teneral of Frisons in Bengal shot dead and another official wounded by three Bengalis who entered then offices 19. Lord Willingdon, Governor General of Canada, appointed Viceroy and Governor General of India to succeed Lord Inwin. 23 Sn Geoffrey de Montmorency, Governor of Punjab, fired at and wounded by youth at Lahore. 24 Robels in Burma killed member of Forest Engineering Service in his hungalow and levided invenetic Service in his bungalow and looted property, 27. South Africa won first test match at Johannesburg by 28 tuns, and, owing to hat four being drawn, won the rubber (1931)

Jan. 1. Troops and police obliged to fire on noters at Rombay. 2. Binnese rebels routed by troops and "King's" palace destroyed 1M. Scullin accorded evic welcome on arrival at Melbourne after his visit to London 17 Lond Irwin delivered his first address to new Legislative Assembly at Delhi and appealed to Gandhi to co-operate with Government in bringing achievements of Round Table Conference to fruition. 26. Australian Labom Party cancus by a4 to 19 agreed to readmission of Mr. E G. Theodore to the Federal Cabinet. Gandhi released from gaol at Poons on Viceroy's orders, other Congress Working Committee members also 1eleased. 29 Mr. Theodore sworn in as Australian Treasurer. Mr. Lyons and Mr. Fenton resigned from Government. Feb 3. Devastating earthquake shocks, followed by fire and tidal wave, occurred at Napier and Hastings in North Island of New Zealand, causing immense damage to property, 160 deaths, and injuries to 1,500. Other shocks followed for some days.

4. Prince of Wales and Prince George held reception at Kingston, Jamaica. 7. Australian Premiers conference at Canberra considered plans to save £15,000,000 a year. 9. Earl of Bessborough appointed Governor-General of Canada. Australian Premiers repudiated proposals of Mr Lang, New South Wales Premier, to postpoue loan interest payments to British bondholders and resolved that Government of each State abould undertake to balance its Budget within three

years. 10 luanguration of New Delhi. Australian banks rejected Mi Theod years. Theodore's financial scheme and insisted on conomies before giving co operation federal Premiers Conference at Canberra adopted a Three-Year Plan to secure Budget equilibrium. New Zealand Premier announced reduction of all public service wages 17. Lord Irwm and Gandhi began discussions of Indian position at Delhi. 23 Dame Nellie Mella died at Sydney Mar. 5. Conversations between Vicercy and Gandhi resulted in agreement to discontinue Civil Disobedience Movement, for participation of Congress in constitutional reform discussions, and raising of boycott of British goods Cyclone at Mauritius caused considerable damage. 18 Afridis killed four members of a British force neturning after reconnaissance on the Kajuri Plain. 23. Governor of New South Wales refused Mr. Lang's request to appoint sufficient | members to Legislative Council to give Government a majority. Three Indians hanged at Lahore for murder of Police-Assistant Super-intendent 24 As result serious noting occurred at Campore, 400 being killed and 500 mjured, 26. New South Wales Premier amounced that the State would not pay interest due to holders of its bonds in London 28 All-India Congress Committee passed resolution ratifying the Irwin-Gandhi pact. 30. Mr Scullin intimated Com-monwealth Government would pay interest to London due from New South Wales All-India Congress approved the Irwin Gandhi agreement by overwhelming majority April 17. Lord Willingdon, new Vicercy of India, landed at Bombay. Australian Sciente rejected bill providing for new currency, but Mt. Scullin said general election would not take place immediately. 18. Lord Willingdon sworn in as Viceroy May 5. Burman rebels attacked evil police, superintendent and six others being killed, 13. Australian Scuare different bull to provide for shipment abroad of part of gold reserve to meet debt dues 14. Lord Willingdon received members of Federal Structure Committee at members of Federal Structure Commissee at Simils. 15 Mr Gandhi had interview with Viceroy. June 1. In Canadhan House of Commons Prime Minister disclosed deflect of £15,049 oo in preceding flumenal year. 2 Reduction of 20 per cent, in all Government expenditure decided by Australian Premiers 8 Canadian Premer aunounced that Imperial Economic Conference arranged for Ottawa had been postponed Commission investigating Campore communal nots criticised madequacy of police force and 'fatal slowness" of magis trate. 9. M1. Scullin outlined proposal for voluntary conversion of £550,000,000 to loan at reduced interest to prevent default. 26. Mr MacDonald announced Imperial Government would help to maintain India's credit pending settlement of the constitutional problem. 29. South Africa decided to continue her payments under war debts arrangement, but other Dominious accepted Britam's offer of relief. July 22 Young Indian student fired twice at Sir John Hotson, acting Governor of Bombay, at Ferguson College, Poons, without injuring him.
27. Judge Garlick shot dead by young Bengain his Court at Calcutta. Aug. 10. Australian Government proclaimed Debt Conversion Act asking holders of £550,000,000 of internal securities to convert into loan of lower interest before end of mouth. 21. New Zealand Parlianents agreed to an an-party conserence to meet financial situation, and economic committee was appointed. 24. Verdict for defendants with costs given at Brisbane in case in which Queen land Government claimed £30.000 damages from Mr. Theodore, Federal Treasurer and ex-Premier of Queensland, and others, alleging fraudulent conspiracy in Government's purchase of mines.

27. Great earthquake in Baluchistan destroyed several towns and villages, and caused serious loss of life. 29. Congress having reached settle-ment with Indian Government, Mr. Gandhi sailed for Britain to attend Round Table Conference. 31. Australian Convention Loan ended successfully, £480,000,000 having been notified convention. Sept. 4. Australian Premiers unanimously decided that dissentient bond-holders should be compelled to convert. 11 Belize, principal town of Honduras, devastated by hurricane and tidal wave with great loss of life. 18. New Zealand Prime Mulater announced formation of a coalition to take action on finances of Dominion. 21 Gold standard on Indian rupee suspended. On New South Wales agreed Oct. 7. New South Wales agreed to refund to Common-wealth interest on losses paid on State's behalf. 19. Canada prohibited export of gold without licence. 20 Hurricane at Dunedin, ou South Island of New Zealand, caused considerable damage. 21. Prince of Wales's Canadian rauch seriously damaged by fire. Revolt broke out in Cyprus to secure union with Greece, Governor's residence being burned down by mob. 23. British troops arrived in Cyprus by air from Egypt, and warships anchored off coast, situation being well in hand, 24. Bishop of Kitium, leader of revolt, arrested and several small demonstrations broken up.

#### UNITED STATES

(1930) Nov. 4 .- Elections to Senate and House of Representatives practically deprived Motise of Representatives practically depirted Republicans of majority in both houses. 5. Nobel Prize for interature awarded to Mr. Sinclair Lewis 17. Several small banks in Louisville and Kentucky suspended payment.

18. Financial leaders in New York considered plans for alleviating distress, which included interest of Correctional to northware and incommentation. raising of £1,200,000 fund to provide emergency jobs. 27. Mr Frank B. Kellogg, former Secretary of State, awarded Nobel Peace Prize for 1299. Doc 3. President stated Government's revenue would be £83,000,000 less than anticipated, and declared against continuing the one per cent reduction in income tax made last year to help industry. 11. Bank of United States, large New York establishment with deposits of over 440,000,000, closed its doors.

12. Several smaller banks suspended payment. (1931) Jan. 7. Official figures showed over insisted on voting £5,000,000 to feed victims in areas devastated by drought and depression despite President's opposition. 20. In its report the Wickersham Commission on working report the Wickersham Commission on working of Prohibition opposed repeat of the Eighteenth Amendment, and urged stricter enforcement, but in individual reports 6 of xx members favoured some modification. Feb. 3. In unofficial trial at Daytona Beach, Capt. Malcolm Campbell attained speed of a60 miles per hour in his Bluebird. 5. Capt. Campbell did a mean speed over measured inlie at Daytona Beach of a48.736 m.p.h. 6. Capt. Campbell achieved 94 m.p.h. in a "baby" car. Prince of Wales

ment agreed to an all-party conference to meet; and Prince George flew over Panania Canal to Panama from Colon, where they lauded from Oropesa. 26. House of Representatives overrode President's veto of Soldiers' Bonus Bill by 328 to 79. 27. Al Capone, Chicago's notorious gangater, sentenced to six months' mprisonment for contempt of Court by Federal Court. Mar. 18. Part of Stateville Prison, Johet, Illinois, burned down in convicts riot following series of mutinles. 26. Commodore Gar Wood set up world's motor-boat speed record of ros m.p.li. April 7. "Big Bill" "Inompson beaten by huge majority in attempt to secure re-election as Mayor of Chicago. May 9. International Chamber of Commerce at Vashington recommended that war debts should be open for re-examination, annaments reduced and trade larriers removed. rode President's veto of Soldiers' Bonus Bill by 38 to 70. 27. Al Capone, Chicago's armaments reduced and trade barriers removed. June 19. Mr. Hoover conferred with Repub-lican and Democratic leaders regarding steps to assist in economic recovery, particularly in Germany. 20. As result he proposed a year's treedom from inter-Governmental debts. July 6. President aunounced that his proposal had been accepted in principle by all important creditor tovernments 25. In attempt to shoot a rival m East Harlem, New York, gummen killed and wounded several children. Aug 12. Jack Diamond sentenced at New York to four years' imprisonment and fined £3,200 for violating Prolubition law. 17. Lady Inverelyde ("June") granted divorce from Lord Inverelyde at Reno. Sept. 6. Kaye Don on Mus England II won first heart of international myder bear at The fact. Governments 28. In attempt to shoot a rival heat of international motor-boat race at Detroit. 7. In second race Muss' England II sank through wash of an American boat, Kaye Don and mechanics being rescued. Oct. 1. National City Bank of New York took over the Bank of America. 6. President conferred with leaders of both political parties on plans to fight trade depression 9. National Credit Corporation deplession s. Automat Create Corporation with pool of £100.000,000 set up to prevent banks collapsing. 12 Government promised support for League of Nations in stopping quaried between China and Japan. 18. Mr. Thomas Edison died in New Jersey after long illness Al Capone convicted at Chicago of evasion of income tax payment 22. M. Laval, French Prenner, arrived at New York to discuss situation with Mr. Hoover. 25. President promised M. Laval not to propose extension of war debts moratorium expiring in July. Capone sentenced to zz years' imprisonment and fine of £z0,000 \otice of appeal given

### FRANCE.

(1930) Nov. 3. Suspension of payments by the Banque Adam followed by slump on Paris Bourse. 5. Credit du Rhone also suspended payment 6. Banque Oustric of Paris and Banque Lacour et Chasseraud of Angouleme suspended payment 12. New company formed to manage the Banque Adam. 13. Series of landslides buried two streets on hillside in city of Lyons, about 50 persons being killed. 21.
Passenger train from Paris left rails between Oudon and Clermont, two coaches falling into River Loire. Dec. 3. Lord Tyrrell presented gifts to 167 inhabitants of Beauvais and Allonne in gratitude for their work when Rror crashed.

4. M. Tardieu resigned on defeat in Senate of motion of confidence by 3 votes. 13. Senator Steeg formed new Cabinet which in-cluded five ex-Premiers. (1931) Jan. 3. Death of Marshal Joffre after stubborn fight.

5. Huge crowd gathered in Paris for lying-in- and Austria had agreed to enter into a Customs atte of the Marshal, many being hut in a or economic union for minimum period of three stampede. 7. Femeral took place at Notre years. 25. Britain asked Germany and Austria Dame before great congregation, crowds filling route to the Invalides. 14. Cour de Cassation ruled that City of Tokio must pay interest on its rors loan in pounds sterling instead of francs. 20. Government declined to pay British subscribers to French war loans in gold francs. 22. Government defeated in Chamber and M. Steeg and Cabinet resigned. 27. M. Laval formed Cabinet. Feb. 23. Mr. Arthur Henderson and Mr. A. V. Alexander began conference in Paris with Ministers on question of restriction of navies. 24 Mr. Henderson and Mr. Alexander left Paris for Rome to discuss matters with Italian Ministers. Lady (Edmée) Owen found guilty at Versailles of attempting to murder wife of her former lover by shooting her and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Mar. 1. Mi Henderson and Mr. Alexander returned to Paris and British - Franco - Italian naval accord was announced. 11. Three important French banks suspended business. 18. Rear of coaches of Paris-Bordeaux express left rails at Etampes and struck train on adjoining line, eight passengers being killed. April 16. Enthusiastic welcomes given in Paris to King Alfonso, on arrival from Marseilles, and Queen Victoria and her family, direct from Madrid. 27. Prince of Wales and Prince George flew from Pondeauv to Paris. May 6. President opened International Colonial Exhibition at Vincennes 13. M. Paul Doumer, President of the Senate, elected President of the Republic at Versailles after two ballots. 20. Mrs. Charlotte Nirdlinger found not guilty at Nice Assize Court of murder of her husband, Nixon Nirdlinger, American millionaire sooth anniversary of martyrdom of St. Joan of Arc celebrated at Rouen. **June 3**. New suspension bridge 15 miles from Bordeaux collapsed during official tests, 15 men being killed and 17 injured. 22. Death of M. Fallières, a former President 24. France agreed in principle with plan for a year's suspension of war debts, but made special proposals for granting relief to Germany. 28. Dutch Pavilion at International Colonial Exhibition at Vincennes destroyed by fire. July 6 After many conferences on war debts arrangement, agreement was reached in Paris upon France's terms for acceptance of proposal. 17. Duke and Duchess of York arrived in Paris. 18. They visited Colonial Exhibition and were warmly welcomed and were entertained by President at Elysée. 23. Senate acquitted former Minister of Justice, M. Raoni Peret, and three others, of alleged corruption in connection with Oustric Bank crash. Aug. 9 Tidal wave poured into Toulon Harbour, several boats being lost and their occupants drowned. Oct. 16. M. Laval left for United States

# GERMANY.

(1930) Dec. 2. Police raided castle near Breslau and arrested soo of Herr Hitler's "storm rescind the law giving effect to Government's financial programme. (1931) Feb. 2. Reichstag's Foreign Relations Committee defeated National Socialists' proposal that Germany should leave League of Nations. 10. National-Socialists began boycott of Reichstag. Mar. 20. Dr. Hermann Müller, former Chancellor, died from pneumonia. 21. Announced that Germany

years. 25. Britain asked Germany and Austria to delay their proposed Customs union until it could be considered by League of Nations it could be considered by League of Nations Council 27. Reichstag adjourned for six months, giving the Chancellor, Herr Bruening, the powers of a dictator for that period. 31. Germany agreed that League Council should discuss proposed Customs agreement. April 22. Peter Kuerten, the "Ripper" murderer, sentenced to death. May 19. President launched new battleship Deutschland at Kiel. June 6. Emergency decrees intended to restore Budget balance increased taxes and reduced wages and unemployment benefit 12. Budget showed total deficit of about £64,550,000 for year ended Mar 22 21 Government agreed to United States proposal to suspend war debts for a year 25. Credit of £20,000,000 placed at disposal of Reichsbank for short period. July 5 Two British cruisers arrived at Kiel and crews were warmly entertained 8 Decree signed by President legalising the pooling by the German banks and industrial concerns of their resources as security for £25,000,000 9. Dr Luther, President of Reichsbank, flew to London and then went to Paris 12. Ministers and bankers conferred throughout the day to avert financial disaster, and Government decided to control purchase of foreign exchange and to supervise the money market 13 National Bank closed down 13 Darmstadter and Run on all banks followed and eventually withdrawals were rationed. Bank of International Settlements, withdrawals were after all-day sitting at Basic, decided to assist Germany on the various markets and to renew re-discount credit to Reichsbank. 15. General three mouths' moratorium on all foreign private debts proclaimed. 27. Warm welcome given in Berlin to Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Henderson on their return visit to discuss situation. 31 Reichsbank raised its discount rate to 25 per cent. Aug 5. German banks resumed payments upon current accounts, but there was no run 9. In referendum in Prussia 9,700,000 voted for dissolution of the Diet instead of about 13,000,000 required. Fatal rioting occurred in Berlin.

11. Reichsbank reduced discount rate to 10. Further fighting in Berlin and Cologne. 18. World's financial experts, after conference at Basle, recommended that Germany's inter-national obligations should be put upon definite footing. Sept. 3. Berlin Stock Exchange reopened after two months' holiday and thousands of shares were sold at low figures, 26. Further bank failures announced. 27. M. Laval, French Premier, and M. Briand arrived in Berlin and discussed finaucial and trade questions with German Ministers. 28. French visitors placed scheme for reorganising Franco-German relations before the Chancellor and Foreign Minister. Chancellor declared Government and Reichsbank would do everything possible to prevent the mark going off the gold standard. 29. On departure of M. Laval and M. Briand, official announcement expressed hope that other countries might become associated with Economic Committee to be set up. Oct. 7. Herr Bruening resigned and formed new Cabinet. 9. New Cabinet completed. 12. Bank of International Settlements decided to renew its share of credit to Reichsbank for three months. 16. In vital division on question of Fascism in Reichstag, Government had majority of a4—294 to 270.

OTHER COUNTRIES.
(1930) Nov. 2. Duke of Gloucester represented King George at coronation of Ras Tafari as Emperor of Ethiopia at Addis Ababa. 25 Earthquake in Izu Peninsular of Japan caused death of sag persons and destroyed 650 buildings. Prince George attended celebrations at Oslo of agth anniversary of King Haakon's accession to throne of Norway. 30. News received of capture by Chinese brigands of two women missionaries. Dec. 1. Signor Mussolini made missionaries. Dec. 1. Signor mussion made reductions in salaries and wages of 3,000,000 Italians and reduced commodity prices. 5 Valley of the Meuse, near Liege, euveloped in dense fog and 68 persons died. 7. Five professors sentenced to be shot and three to 10 years' imprisonment at Moscow for alleged sabotage and revolutionary plots. Sentences later commendations of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sentences of the sente nuted to respectively

12. Revolt broke out among Spanish garrison at Jaca, south of the Pyrenees, and loyal troops were sent to district.

14. Rebellion crushed by troops

15. Major Franco led Republican revolt at aerodrome outside Madrid, which was quickly suppressed. (1931) Jan 2. Revolution took place in Panama, and President Arosemena was deposed. 3. Resignations of President and Vice-President of Liberta announced owing to report of enquiry into slavery in the republic 8. In Encyclical on Marriage, the Pope condemned birth control, companionate marriage and divorce. 9. Landsilde demolsiad part of Italian town of Lecco on Lake Connew with heavy loss of life. 13 Earth-quake in nowl-west Argentina caused serious damage and loss of life at San Antonio. 14. High death-roll followed earthquake at Oaxaca, Mexico, which was severely damaged. Feb. 5. Anarchist arrested in Rome wounded three policemen and attempted to commit suicide. 8. General strike occurred at Funchal, Madeira as sequel to decree affecting price of wheat and flour. 7. King of Spain signed decrees convening general election and ransing Press censorship. 11. Prince of Wales and Prince George landed at Callao, Peru, and motored to Lima, where they received Freedom of the city.

14. King Alfonso signed decree cancelling Spanish general election General Benenguer's Cabinet resigned 15. Prince of Wales and Prince George flew to Arequipa.

18. They visited La Paz, capital of Bolivia King of Spain formed Cabinet of Monarchists under Adminal Arms.

20. King General Hands short at white Aznar. 20. King Zogu of Albania shot at while returning from Opera House at Vienna, but not injured. Revolutionaries attacked Presidential Palace at Lina, but were rejelled and captured.

22 Prince of Wales spoke on telephone to the
King from Santiago de Chile, to which he flew
with Prince George. 23 The Princes flew to
Valparaiso. 27. They returned to Santiago by air and left for the south by train. Mar. 5 They arrived at Buenos Ayres, covering last part of journey by air. 6. Series of earthquake shocks occurred in many districts in the Balkans, notably Yugoslavia, where heavy death-roll notably Yugoslavia, where heavy death roll interoccurred, 14. Prince of Wales, accompanied by
Prince George, opened British Empire Exhibinot Ruenos Ayres. In another part of the
city bomb evploded in a man's pocket, three
persons being killed. 21. The Princes left
Buenos Ayres for Montevideo in fying-boats.
24. They arrived at Rio de Janeiro. 31. between
Managus, capital of Nicaragua, praotically
destroyed by earthquake, s,oco persons being

killed. April 2. Kaye Don attained speed of 103'49 m p.h. in Miss England II on Parana River near Buenos Ayres. 5. Another revolt occurred in Madeira, rebels arresting Portuguese Government representative and other officials. 8. H.M.S. London arrived off Madeira to safe-guard interests of British residents. 12. In first elections for eight years Spain voted strongly for the Republicans, notably in Madrid and the large towns. Prince of Wales and Prince George left Rio de Janeiro for home. 14 King Alfonso abdicated, and left Madrid for Cartagena, where he embarked on battleship. Spanish Republic was proclaimed with Señor Alcala Zamora as first President 15. Queen Victoria and her children left Madrid for Paris. Manifesto by King Alfonso was published stating that he renounced no rights but suspended exercise of power. 25 Prince of Wales and Prince George landed at Lisbon on their way home. 27. Portuguese troops landed in Madeira to quell rebellion. 30. Torpedo exploded in naval arsonal in Brazil, over noe men being killed.
Portuguese warship opened fire on rebels in Madeira. May 2 Madeira revolt ended after few small encounters with Portuguese troops, majority of rebels surrendering. 11. Serious disorders broke out in Madrid, 6 convents being hurned down and martial law proclaimed. 12
Rioting and fires occurred in other Spanish
cities. 13 Government ordered scizure of King Alfonso's property. 28. Young snarchist, Michael Schirru, sentenced to death at Rome for plotting to assassmate Mussolini June 12.

John Gialdini sentenced at Milan to 5 years so months imprisonment with hard labour on charges of fraud in connection with Hatry crash 17. After run on Austrian banks and breakdown of negotiations with France, Bank of England saved the situation by credit to Austrian Government. 24 Italy accepted United States plan for a year's suspension of war debts. 28 Spanish general election resulted in triumph for Republican-Socialist candidates July 14. Spanish Cortes formally opened. Aug. 12. Rebellion broke out in Cuba against President Machado. 15. Serious floods occurred in China, with heavy death-roll. 19. Cuban revolt ended with victory for the loyalists. 26. Revolutionary movement in Lisbon was speedily suppressed after 50 persons had been killed and soo taken prisoners. 30. Announced that 250,000 deaths resulted from the Chinese floods Sept. 2. Ten former Spanish Unisters arrested on charges of responsibility for Primo de Rivera's actions 3 General strike declared by Syndicalist unions at Barcelona held up work entirely. Entire Chilean navy revolted.

4. Barcelona fight called off, but serious fighting continued. 13. Budapest-Vienna express wrecked by Comminists 4 miles from Budagest, 22 passengers being killed and 40 mjured. 18 Clash occurred between Chinese and Japanese soldiers in suburb of Mnkden, which latter occupied. 21. Japanese bombed five Chinese towns. China saked League of Nations to intervene. 25. Italian Government Increased tariff on imported goods by 15 per cent. 27. Norway and Sweden went off the gold standard. British troops called out and charged mobs in Hong Koug owing to anti-Japanese disturi-ances. 28. Denmark suspended gold standard. Oct. 1. Further fighting occurred near Mukden between Japanese and Chinese. 18. Brazil suspended cash payments ou external

# RETROSPECT OF SPORT.

# THE DERBY, 1888-1931.

# For particulars of the Derby from 1780-1887 100 1921 edition

The Distance of the Derby course at E som is now exactly z mile 4 furlongs, having been shortened so yards by the rounding off of Tattenbam Corner Sir J. Hawley scored four successes with Teddungton, Beadsman, Musjid, and Blue Gown, the second and third being consecutive victories. The late Duke of Westmitster also scored four wins with Bend Or, Shotover, Ormonde, and Flying Fox. Lady James Douglas was the first hady to win the Derby

Year	NAME AND OWNER OF WINTER.	Betting	Jockey	Trainer.	No of Rn're
1888	Duke of Portland's *Ayrshire	s to 6 8 to m	F Barrett	G. Dawson	9
1889	Duke of Portland's †Donovan		T Loates	G. Dawson	13
1890	Sir J. Miller's Sainfoin	100 to 15	J. Watts	J. Porter	8
1891	Sir F. Johnstone's * Common	ro to rr	G Barrett	J. Porter	11
1892	Lord Bradford's Sir Hugo	40 to 1	F Allsopp	T. Wadlow	13
1893	Mr. McCalmont's *!Isinglass	4 to 9	T. Loates	Jewitt	11
1894	Lord Rosebery's *Ladas	a to g	J. Watts	M. Dawson .	7
x895	Lord Rosebery's ‡Sir Visto	9 to x	S Loates	M. Dawson .	15
1896	Prince of Wales's Persimmon	g to x	44 337 - 3	R. Marsh	II
1897	Mr. Gubbins's * Galtee More	x to 4	O. Madden .	S Darling R. Marsh	II
1898	Mr. J. Larnach's Jeddah	zoo to z	M. Cannon	J. Porter .	18
1899	Duke of Westminster's *!Flying Fox . Prince of Wales's *!Diamond Jubilee		H. Jones	R. Marsh	12
1900	Mr. W. C. Whitney's Volodyovski	5 to 2	L Reiff	J. Huggins	14
1901	Mr. J. Gubbins's Ard Patrick	5 60 3	J H. Martin	Darling	25 18
1903	Sir J. Miller's *‡Rock Sand	4 to 6	D Maher		
1903	Mr. L. de Rothschild's *St. Amant		K. Cannon	A Hayhoe	<i>7</i>
1905	Lord Rosebery s Cicero		D Maher .	P. Peck	
1905	Major E Loder's Spearmint	6 to 1	D Maher .	P P. Gilpin	9
1907	Mr. R. Croker's Orby		J. Reiff	J Allen	
1908	Chev. Ginistrelli's †Signorinetta		W. Bullock	Owner	18
1900	King Edward VII.'s *Minoru	7 to 2	H. Jones	R. Marsh	25
1010	Mr. "Fairle's" Lemberg	7 to 4	B. Dillon	A. Taylor	15
1011	Mr J. B. Joel's *Sunstar		G. Stern		26
1012	Mr. W. Raphael's d'agalie		J. Reiff	D. Waugh	20
1913	Mr. A. P. Cunliffe's Aboyeur	100 to 1	E Piper	T. Lewis	15
1014	Mr. H. B. Durvea's Durbar II		M. MacGee	T. Murphy	30
1915	Mr. S. Joel's "Pommern	II to IO	S Donoghue	C. Peck	17
1016	Mr. E. Hulton's   Fifinella		J. Childs	R. Dawson	10
1917	Mr. " Fairie's" *Gay Crusader	7 to 4	S Donoghue	A. Taylor	12
1918	Lady J. Douglas's *Gainsborough		J. Childs		13
1919	Lord Glanely's Grand Parade	33 to 1	F Templeman	F. Bailing	13
1920	Capt. G. Loder's Spion Kop	100 to 6	F. O'Neill		10
1921	Mr. J. B. Joel's Humorist		8. Donoghue	C. Morton	23
1922	Lord Woolavington's Captain Cuttle		S. Donoghue	F. Darling .	30
1923	Mr. B. Irish's Papyrus		S. Donoghue	B Jarvis	10
1924	Lord Derby's Sausovino	g to z	T Weston		
1925	Mr. H. E. Morriss's *Manna	g to z	S. Donoghue	F Darling	27
1986	Lord Woolavington's †Coronach		J. Childs		19
1927	Mr. F. Curzon's Call Boy		E. C. Elliott		
1928	Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Felstead	33 to 1	H. Wragg .	O Bell	
1929	Mr. W. Barnett's Trigo	33 to 1	J Marshall	R. Dawson .	25
1930	H. H. Aga Khan's Blenheim	18 to 1	H. Wiagg		
1931	Mr. J. A. Dewar's *Cameronian	7 to =	F. Fox	F. Darling	25

Marked also won the Two Thousand Gumens, the Oaks, the One Thousand, and the St Leger.

Norte,—2933—Mr C. Hower Ismny's Crugmour G Reffi finished first, but was disqualized for borbig.

2926—Owing to the War the race was decided over the Surfick Stakes fourness in indices at Newmarket.

Record time, a min. 385 sees by Shion Kop in 1920 on old course; new course, a min 345 sees by Captain Cuttle in 2925; a min 345 by Call Boy in 2927.

	2,000GUINS.	1,000GUINS.	OAKS.	ASCOT CUP.	ECLIPSE STAKES. 12 mile.	ST LEGER, 1 m 6 fur. 132 yds.
1985 1926 1927 1988 1929	Manna Colorado Adam's Apple Flamingo Mr. Jinks Diolite	Pillion Cresta Run Scuttle Taj Mah Fair Isle	Saucy Sue Short Story Ream . Toboggan . Pennycomequick Rose of England	Massine Santorh Solano Foxlaw Invershin Hosworth Noble Star	Polyphontes Coronach Colorado Fail way Royal Minstrel Rustoni Pasha	Book Law Fairway Trigo

F 7	Retrospect	of Smort_R	cing, Coursing, Shooting.	
_51	TIMONT WENT WINDS	GRAND NATION	AL. OITY & SUBURBAN KEMPTON	JURIT.KR
	z mile	4 miles 856 3 ds	l stalles a final anger l stalle a	- forming
1987 1986 1989	Priory Park 5, 7st 7lb Durk Warrior 4y 8st 2lb	Sprig 20y 23st 4lb Tipperary Tim 20y 20	Embargo 4y Set zzlb Abbot's Spe t Priory Park 6y Set zalb . Abbot's Spe	ed 4y 7st 61b
1030	Leonidas II 53 8st	Gregalack 73 zzst 4lb Shann Goilin 203 zzs	Parwiz 4y 8st zlb Athford 4y 7lb Lucky Tor 5y 7st 6lb Lucky Tor	ed 4y 7st 6lb eed gy 8st 6lb 8st alb gy 7st 8lb 7 8st 3lb
1931	Knight Error sy 7st 7lb N'MARKET STAKES	ASCOT STAKE	Royal HUNT CUP.   NEW 8	Sat 3lb
	z mile a fur	2 miles	7 furiongs 100 yarus. Ascou-5	inglongs
1997 1988	Call Boy est	Brown Jack 43 7st 23	. Priore Park for fat rall, Mr. Jinka fa	st <b>ze</b> lb
1989 1930	Scout Hoet	Brown Jack 43 7st 23 Old Orkney 5y 8st 4l Bonny Boy 6y 8st 5lb	Macnab 4y 7st 8lb Lightning 8	tar 8st zolb
1931	Sir Andrew get .	Noble Star 43 7st zon	PROSE OF WATER SID Spenser ast	
	GOLD VASE, ASCOT.	ARCOL S IN 6 f 88 ye	New market rat July   DIEWAL	LDS' CUP 6 furlongs
1927	Adieu 3y 78t zalh	Finglas 4y 9st 5ll	Colorado av out rolly Priory Park	Sy ont
zga3	Adieu 3y 7st zzlb Maid of Perth 43 7st zzlb Covenden 4v 8st 4lb Trimdon 4v 8st 4lb	Finglas 5y 9st 21l). Brown Jack 5y 9st 2ll Brown Jack 6y 9st 8.l	Tourist 3y 7st 7lb Navigator 3: Fairway 4y 9st zelb Fleeting Mei	y 7st 5lh mory4y 8st 1lh
1930	Pointed Api 37 7st zalb .	Brown Jack by 9at 811	Press Gang 39 8st 4th Le Phare 49   Recorder 49 9st 3th   Poor Lad 49	
-93-	GOODWOOD CUP. DOI			PION ST.
	a miles a faulumma	miles v furlant	z mile 7 furlongs Now :	mile s fur
1927 1928	Kinchingjunga43 9st 3lb Pon	s Asinoi un6, ost4lb, M	M P Moulines Piterari Asterus Ogden Mills's Cri de Guerre Fairway E Henriques Communderie Red Bianul Barnwalit Govern	4y ost y 3y Sat 7lb 4y ost usha 3y Sat 7lb s 3y Sat 7lb
1930	Brown Jack by 9st 7lb Brown Jack by 9st 7lb Brown	nn Jack 6v get xx lb M	E Henriques Commanderie . Rust. Ps	sha ay 8st 7lb
1931	CESARÉWITCH.	MIDDLE PK STE	DEWHURST STAKES CAMBRID	#EBHIKE
1927	Now a miles a fur	6 furlongs	Lost 7 for of R.M.   Now lest m &:	hand Nientie
1927	Fagles Pride 43 7st (30) Arctic Star 49 8st 2lb (25)		49 000 310 01	h (ar)
		1	1 (20)	
1930 1939	West Wicklow 5,7 7st 6lb (35) I't Majeur 3, 8st 3lb (26) Noble Star 4v 8st 12lb (26)	Press Gang out 3lb	Grace Dalrymple 8st zzlb   Double Life 3 Saugre 8st olb   The Pen 3y 7st Firdausa 8st zzlb   Disarmament	alb (3z)
1931	THE TURF IN 1931 (1 Leading Owners and	up to Nov. 7).	COURSING—WATERLOO C	
v	imming (lwnerg   W	inning Trainers		
Mr. J	A Dewar, £39,034 J Lav M. G Singer 27,342 F Du lator 25 620 J L	wson£oz,z≈o rling 69.633	Year Nominator, W	INNER
Lord A	lator . 25 610 J L	Jarvis 32 8 7 J Lambton . 24,330	rga4 Mr Thomas Cook Cushy J	al.
н и	Aga Khan x8 085 M 1)	J Lambton . 24,330 Peacock . 22,295 (' Boyd-Roch-	zons   Mr H. Pilkington   Pentons	alle
Mr S	Muttareall vafes ford	20.502	zga6 Mr. J. Jarvis Jovial J zga7 Mr A Gordon Smith Golden S zga8 Mrs. Sofer Whitburn White (	Hen)
Lord (	lanely 12,753 F Ha	Persse . 19,854 rtigan . 18,690 Butters . 15,819	1989 Mr. A. Gordon Smith. Golden	Enrprise.
1201 W 2	RC	Dawson 14,388	2932 Mr. G. Smith Church	
	Winning Sire	8. Races Amount Horses Won £	TrottingFastest m in America, z min.	542 secs., by
Pharo	(1980), by Phalaris-Scapa	14 24 43,342	Uhlan, 1913. Fastest pacing m, x min. s Patch, at St. Paul, U S A, Sept. 8, 1906 At Lexington (Ky) in Oct., 1923, Pet	g secs., Dun
Gainsl	orough (zozs), by Bayardo-	23 321 33.615	At Lexington (Ky) in Oct, 1922, Pet trotted a mile in 1 min 56‡ secs., unpaced wind shields, which were used in Uhlan	er Manning and without
Solario	drop (1988) by Gainsborough— Worship	6 18 26 86s	Aug zoss. Peter Manning (zo.6 b g.) trotte	ed two miles
Son-in	Law (zgzz), by Dark Ronald ther in-Law	18 27 24,622	m 4 min zo; secs Rest two-year-olds, Mu and Fire Show (zosz) z mins 4 secs	Elwyn (1923)
Sannos	ino (2922), by Swanford— lolette	,,	SHOOTING-BISLEY 1981	
Phalur Bron	is (zgzz), by Polymelus		See also n see	-
Tetrate	rma (2027), by The Tetrach—	,	King's Prize — Sgt A G Fulton, late Quantinters, seg z: Dr. F H Kelly, late Lo sec, z: C S M H V Northcote, late the sec, z St Fulton also won the Silver Med J. H Regan, Usunda, the Bronze Medial Grand Appreprie — Sgt. J H Regan, Sec dillers.	ndon Univ.
Bruleu	r (1910), by Chouberski—		260, 3. Sgt. Fulton also won the Silver Medi	al; and Fgt.
Papyrt	is (zgao), by Tracery—Miss Trace (zgz7), by Tracery— t's Anne	4410-74	Grand Apprepare Sgt. J H Regan, See	ttish Cana-
Abbot	Trace (2927), by Tracery—	- J41347	Grand Apprepate—Sgt. J H Regan, See dian, r, Lieut D Burke, Canada, s Elcho Svield (see also p 56)—Scotland z, En Kolupore—Mother Country z, Canada s Ashburtus, Shedd (see also p 36)—Che	gland s.
AUUU	Winning Jooke		Ashbarton Shield (see also p 358) — Cha Imperial Service Coll 2.	rterhouse z,
Dioha-	rat and a	rd Unpl Ttl. Pc.	Public School Snap Shooting Trent	t Coll 1,
Wrage,	Н 200 80	70 384 643 1555	Marthorough s.  Tunied service Gup.—Army z, R. Navy z, R.  Territorials z, R.A.F. g.  Knoj's Gup.—Gounty of Reasex z.  Ukaneellor's Plate.—Cambridge z.  Humphrey Gup.—Uambridge z.  Liter. Camersty. — Edinburgh z. Not	Marines 3.
		69 497 728 23 48	King's Cup.—County of Sussex t.	
Beauley	an, R	52 237 484 17 45	Chancellor s Plate — Cambridge z. Humphrey Cup — Cambridge	
Beary. Wragg. Weston	M	53 403 586 II'20 45 389 488 IR'09		ungham 2,
	T 57 65 6 e, B 56 5x 54 89	35 ×36 373 ×565	l'inversity Revolver.—Cambridge. University Snap Shooting.—Oxford Service Rifle Championship.—Ideut. W. Jagge	
JICK, R	54 mg	96 257 376 24'36	Service Rifle Unampionship.—Lileut. W. Jagge	er, K.R R.C.

# CRICKET.

# NEW ZEALAND TOUR, 1932

Result of First Class Matches.—Played 32; won 6; lost 3; drawn 33.

Tari Marcurs.

Lords, June 27-20 -- Drawn New Zealand, 224, 469 (9 wickets declared). England, 453, 246 (5 wickets) and Struns England, 400 wickets, and Struns England, 400 wickets, electrically. New Zealand.

193, 197
Manchester, Aug 15 28.—England, 266 (3 wickets);
New Zealand did not but

# NEW ZEALAND BATTING AVERAGES.

Butsman.	Number of Innings.	Total Rune.	Highert Score.	Times not	Average.
C 8 Dempster R C Blunt J K Mills	36 48 43 44 39 41 43 38 36 37 29 23 33	1778 183a 1368 1290 1002 990 1035 759 804 545 204 448 200	ara asgo r63 r29 r35 r32 r01 66 88 47 72 84 52° 86°	6 50 36 4 36 x 8 8 7 5 7	59 26 43 02 31 81 31 46 30 36 26 75 25 87 23 71 22 97 18 79 18 54 17 70 16 00 12 50

#### * Signifies not out.

### NEW ZEALAND BOWLING AVERAGES

Bowler	Очетв.	Majdens	Runs	Wickets.	Average
T C Lowry  I G Vivian  A M Matheman  B Cromb  F W Allcott  J L Weir  R U Blunt  M L Page	103 568 3 368 3 655 437 820 1 403 432 8	26 143 71 175 155 136 129 95 31	#74 1580 1048 1625 925 8023 937 1188	15 64 44 53 35 99 27 34	18 26 23 75 23 81 26 29 26 42 26 48 34 70 34 76 46 33
R. O Taloot	330	90	863	27_	50.30

#### COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE, 1931.

County Order for 1931 1930 in brackets.	Played	Won	Lost.	Wen on	Lost on ret Innings.	No Result	Points Obtained
Points Awarded .	<u></u>	25		5	3	4	Ŀ
Yorkshire (3) Gloucester (a) kent (5) Sussex (7) Notts (4) Lancashire (z) Let (2) Lancashire (g) Surrey (8) Warwick (25) Essex (6) Middlesox (16) Hampshire (23) Somerset (24) Workester (20) Glaucoyan (zz) Letcester (22) Northants (27)	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2	16 11 12 10 97 76 67 55 65 54 8	1 4 7 6 3 4 6 6 4 5 11 8 9 11 12 7 13	4738 978 75594 4 4 1 7 3	3 5 3 1 6 6 3 7 7 4 2 6 8 7 8 10 0	6 1 3 3 1 4 4 4 5 x 4 4 x 8 4 8 x	287 219 216 205 205 208 174 170 162 156 146 148 129 128 134 105 103 70

The first County Championship was in 1973 when Gloucestershire and Nottinghamshire finished equal on points Yorkshire won 18 times; Surrey 9, Notts 8 Lancs 7; Kent 4, Middleser 4, Gloucester 2; Berby 2 and Warwick 2, Notta and Warwick 1, Notta and Yorks tied in 1979 and 1882, and Notta, Yorks and Surrey equal in 1889.

#### ENGLAND v. AUSTRALIA.

First played, 1876 England have won 47 matches, Australia 50 matches, and 27 matches have been drawn

#### ENGLAND " SOUTH AFRICA

First played, 2828. England have wen 28 matches; South Africa 22, and 22 matches have been drawn

ENGLAND TOUR IN SOUTH AFRICA, 1930 31

Result of First Class Matches -Played as, won 7: lost a; drawn 16

#### TEST MATCHES

South Africa won z; other matches drawn
Johannesburg, Dec. 24 29, 1292—South Africa, won by
36 runs: South Africa, 226, 206, England, 123, 227.
(Swickets, declared); England, 250, 252
Jurhan, Jan 25 30—Jurw South Africa, 513
Jurhan, Jan 26 30—Jurw South Africa, 777, 245
(Swickets), England 223 12 wicket, declared)
Johannesburg, Feb 23 17 — Drawn England, 442, 159
(swickets, declared); South Africa 205, 250 (7 wickets)
Junban, Feb 2 18 25 — Drawn South Africa 255, 219
(7 wickets, declared); England, 230, 72 (4 wickets)

# ENGLISH BATTING (FIRST CLASS). S. AFRICA.

Batsman.	Number of Innings	Total Runs	Hughest Score Tymes not	Ауетаде.
Hammond Hendren .	19 18	1045 905	136° a 170 I	6z 47 53'#3
Farrimond . Levland . R E S Wyatt	22 23	297 774 763	62 5 169 1 138 1	36.82 36.83
Tate M J Turnbull	17	542	115° 2 139 2 87 0	34 '40 28 47
A P F Chapman Lee	7 18	471 188	42 0	27 70 28 57
J C White Goddard	18	ag6 ag8 53	57 3 36° 2 25 0	16 60
I A R Peebles M. J. (' Allom Duckworth .	17 9	7 14 50	26 3 29 2	714

# ENGLISH BOWLING AVERAGES.

Bowler	,	Overs.	Maidens.	Runs	Wickets.	verage.
M J C Allom Tate I A R Pcebles Voce J C White Goddard R E S Wyatt Hammond	:::1	184 347 445 2 477 8 348 4 159 1 81 221 4	38 204 80 130 206 40 11 51	401 621 1274 1046 698 380 210 494 283	22 33 66 49 29 13 7	18 sm 18 8r 19 30 21 34 24 06 29 23 30 00 32 93 35 37

MINOR CO	OUNTIES CI	HAMPIONSHII	², 1931.
Lencester II Surrey II Survey II Suckingham Lancashire II Durham Aorkshire II Stafford Bedford Wiltshire Norfolk Kent II Hertford	77 50 76 90 74 36 67 37 61 66 57 50 57 14 54 88 50 90 48 88 46 90 43 45	Warwick 11 Cornwall Cheshire Lincoln Cambridge Northumberl Nottingham	40 00 36 00 35 55 38 00 and 30 00 37 14

Leicester II. and Surrey II challenge match was abandoned through rane, and Leicester consequently became the champions for 1932

#### HIGHER RATTING AVERAGES TOTAL

MINIAG IGANDIAL		AVA CI JA	٠, ٢٧	3	
Batsman.	Number of Innings.	Total Runs	Highest Innings.	Times .	Average
Sutchfic The Nawnh of Patandi D, R Jardine Rev J H, Parsons Hendren Hobbs K, S, Dulcepsinhji Sandham Harris (Notts) Woolley (Kont) T N Fearce Mead Hammond (Gloucester) R, E S Wyatt C A Fiddan-dreen	42 25 30 87 54 49 51 50 29 51 8 46 49 49	3006 1454 1104 1202 2548 2418 2686 2301 253 153 1781 1784 230	230 238° 106° 190 238 153 168 175 64 224 152 168° 168° 108°	796 28 9 4 0 9 7	96 98 94 94 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94

# · Signifies not out

## CHIEF BOWLING AVERAGES, 1931.

Rowler	Overs.	Mardens	Runs	Wickets.	Average
Arrood Verity Farker (Glom ester) V N Marriot Tate Tate Tresses Macanian V C (18v Tyltesloy (H.) Root Niater Kennedy Genry (Lefocater) Snary 1. A R. Peehles Langridge	651 3 1137 3 1230 4 550 1253 582 1618 949 5 941 8 865 3 1065 948 1161 4 1889 3 117 1 968	353 386 176 398 144 360 341 358 51 264 374 397 388 423 390 165 205	1553 2542 3125 11117 4307 2119 4307 21548 557 1853 2080 1756 2268 2287 1830 257 268 278 288 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 28	189 188 219 76 141 72 276 136 97 35 116 108 131 130 101 139	12 03 13 35 14 26 14 51 15 45 15 60 15 60 15 75 15 97 16 93 17 59 18 11 18 60

# Oxford AND CAMBRIDGE Results

Cambridge won by innings and zoo runs.
Oxford won by innings and 227 runs
(Yambridge won by 9 wickets
Match drawn 1982 1983 1924 1985 1986 1987 1988

Cambridge won by 34 runs. Cambridge won by 226 runs.

Match drawn Match drawn

Cambridge won by sog runs. Oxford won by 8 wickets

ETOY AND HAUROW. First played 1805. Played 102. Eton won 42 Harrow. 35 Drawn 25.
Since the wat Eton has won 6 matches, 2929, 2920, 2921, 2930, 2922, 2930, 2932 Other matches drawn In 2932 Eton won by an innings and 25 runs (5 wickets declared). Harrow 2945, 290

OTHER PHINGPAL MATCHES
Eton beat Winchester by a wickets
Mariborough loat Rughy by 7 wickets
Cheltenham beat Highly bury by zer runs.
Clifton and Toubridge drawn
Royal Nava and A Official and Toplorage drawn
Royal Navy and Army drawn.
Royal Navy beat R A.F by 5 wickets.
Army beat R A F by innings and 37 uns.
Gentlemen and Players, Oral, drawn.
Gentlemen and Players, Lords, drawn.

Record Football Attendance.

The record attendance for a football match is 127,307, at the Association International between Scotland and England at Hampden Park on Mar 22, 2022. The largest "gate" receipts were £27,75 at Cup Final at Womblev Stadium. April 26, 223, between Bolton Wanderers and West Ham, when 126,047 persons passed the turnstiles, besides many who broke in. Accurate figures were not recorded, but probablythe attendance was over 126,000.

#### MISCELLANEOUS CRICKET RECORDS. TEST MATCH RECORDS.

Highest innings.—Australia 299 (6 wickets declared); Lord's, England, 299. 600, Melbourne, Australia, 2984-5, England, 636, Sydney, Australia, 2988-29; 576, Oval, England, 2899.

Highest scorer.—D G Bradman, 334, Leeds, England, 1930; J. Ryder, sox (not out), Adelaide, 1994, and S E Gregory, 202, Sydney, 2894; R E. Fester, 289, Stdney, Australia, 1993-4, C. P. Meud, 282 (not out). Oval, zosa

INDIVIDUAL RECORDS *

Highest individual scores, A E. Stoddart, 485, for Hampstead v Stodes, 4885, in first-class cricket in England A C. Maclaren, 424, for Lancashire v Sonicriset, at Tuunton, July, 1896, in Australia, 10 G Bradman (Australia), 432 (not out) for N S W v Queensland, Sydney, 1985-39.

Ilighest aggregate innings—Australia, Victoria 2,207 "N N N N Melbourne, 2926, England, Yorkshire 887 v. Warwickshire, 2896.

Record win -- Victoria beat New South Wales by innings and 655 runs, Dec. 29, 2926

Smullest totals —Oxford University (one man absent), 12, " M ('C at Oxford, May, 1877, Northants, 12, " Gloncester, June 12, 1967)

Highest Aggregate—1989 was scored by New South Wales " South Australia at Sydn y, Jan, 16, 1926 Scores; N.S. Wules 642 and 593, S. Australia 475 and 219.

Most centuries in one season.—J B Hobbs, 16; next, C B Fry (1998), T. Hayward (1996), E. Hendren (1993), P Mead (1998) and H. Sutcliffe (1998), 13 centuries each.

Most runs made in a year —T Hayward (Surrey), 3,528 in 1900 T Hayward exceeded 2,000 runs in 100 seasons 2,000 runs in May —W (i Grace, 1885, W R. Ham mond, 1927, C Hallowa, 1988

noon, teer, C. rainows, zees

J. B. Hobles, during 1930 reason, beat the record
aggregate of 58,896 runs by W. G. Grace in first class
cruckt. This year, 2931, Hobles faures are 57,766. Jack
Hobbs first played for Surrey in 1905, und has a3 English
someons, the veers 295-2950 excluded in 2932 he finished
six in the batting averages, with 55 33 in 49 limings
like total number of Birst-class centuries to date is 283, also a record

Highest batting average in England 98 66, D. G Bradman (N S W), 1930 Best English average 96 96, H Sutcliffe (Yorks), 1931, beating the old record, 91 23, by Major R M Poore (Humpshire), 1899

#### CROQUET IN 1931.

Championships.—Gentlemen's, B C Apps; Ladies, Miss A ('Ionides

Miss A. C. Ionides.

Open Championships.—B. C. Apps; Mixed, Lt. Col. W.
B. Du Pré and Miss D. D. Steel

Champion (Heddor) Cop.—Miss D. D. Steel (14 points),
z. B. G. Klein (13 points), s.

Lades Champion Osp.—Mrs. E. Reeve (12 points), z.

Rochampion Cup.—Id. (50) W. B. Du Pré.

Reckitt Cup.—Mrs. W. H. P. Oraig.

Gibby Cup.—Miss K. Strickland

# BOWLS CHAMPIONSHIP, 1931,

Single Handed-E. P. Topp (Ryde) beat H Duggan

INTERNATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS (WESTCLIPF-ON-SEA).

Wiles won all countries
Wiles beat England 99-99 shots; Wales beat Ireland
or-9: Wales beat Scotland 88 24.
Scotland beat England 89-86
Scotland beat Ireland 23-86
England beat Ireland 23-66

# BADMINTON IN 1931.

Men's Simples, J. F. Devlin.
Men's Simples, J. F. Devlin.
Men's Inobles, J. F. Devlin and G. S. Mack.
Ladies' Simples, Mrs. M. Barrett.
Ladies' Simples, Mrs. H. S. Uber and R. J. Horsley.
Mixed Poubles, H. S. Uber and Mrs. Uber
England best Scotland 8-z matches, Clasgow.
England best Fredaud 7-z matches, London.
Cambridge best Union, z. s-z matches.

# ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL. International Table, 1939-31.

i		Played.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn	Poi	ints	Result
	England	3 3 3 3	2 1 0	1 0 1 2	0 2 I	For 9 3 4 4 3	Agst 3 1 7 8	4 4 3 1

INTERNATIONAL MATCHES. Oct. 20, 1930, Sheffield (Bramall Lane), England heat Ireland, 5-1 aremand, 5-z Oct. 3, 7930. Glasgow (Ibrox Park), Scotland and Wales, drawn 1-1. Not. 22, 1230. Wrexham, England beat Wales, 4 o. Feb. 22, 1332. Belfast (Windsor Park), Scotland and Ireland, drawn. 6-a. Ireland, drawn. 0-0.
March 26, 1931, Glasgow (Hampden Park), Scotland
heat England, 3-0
April 28, 1931, Wresham, Wales beat Ireland, 3-2.
May 24, 1931, Pursels, England beat Belgand, 5-2
May 26, 1931, Brussels, England beat Belgann 4-2
May 26, 1931, Brussels, England beat Belgann 4-2
May 26, 1931, Wenna, Austria beat Scotland, 5 o
May 26, 1931, Rome, 1 tally beat Scotland, 3 o
May 26, 1931, Genera, Scotland beat Switzerland, 3-2 AMATEUR INTERNATIONALS. Sept 20, 299, Aberdeen, Scotland beat Ireland, 2-0 New 25, 1999, Belfast (Cliftouville), Ireland beat England, 3 r. Feb 7, 1933, Swansea Scotland beat Wales 3-1 Feb 14, 2931, Sournemouth, England beat Wales, 3-0 March 14, 1931, Stamford Bridge, England beat Scot-land 2-1 Chaume
1938 MdHe Le Blan
1939 Miss J. Fishwick
1931 Miss Enid Vilson HING, 4-1

INTER-LEAGUE MATCHER (1931)

Sept. 23, 1931, Blackpool, Football League beat Ireland League, 4-0

(ict. 3, 1931, Belfast, Irish League beat Scottlah land tengen, 1, 1931. Belfast, 17181. 1919. (ht 3, 1931. Belfast, 17181. Augus, 3 Laugus, 3 Laugus, 3 Laugus, 4. Nov 7, 1931. Glasgow (Celtic Park), Scottish Leagus, 4. Football Leagus, 3 LFAGUS COMPETITIONS. LFAGUE COMPETITIONS.

FIRST DIVISION—AIRSENIA, 65 pts. z., Aston Villa, 59 pts. z.; Sheffield Wednesday, 59 pts., 2
SFURN DIVISION—EVETOR, 52 pts., z. W Bromwich Albion 54 pts., z. (both in Faret 1931/39)
THIRD DIVISION—(NOTHERN SELION) Chesterfield., (Southern Section) Notts County.
Scotting II—Third Lanark, 62 pts.
BRISH —Glentoran, 47 pts.
IRISH —Glentoran, 47 pts.
IRISH FERE STATE—Shelbourne, 31 pts.
WYLSH NATIONAL—Merthyr Town, 39 pts.
SOITHERN—(Eastern) Dartford, 33 pts.; (Western) Exeter Gity, 39 pts. Exeter City, 32 pts

Exeter City, 32 pts

Mid (nd —Grinishy Town, 70 pts

Northern — Bishop Auckland, 37 pts.

Istimian — Wimbledon, 42 pts ATHERIAN — Barnet, 40, 42 pts Spartan — Hayward's (Enfield). London — Chelmsford, 42 pts Chip FIRALS

COF FISAIS

F.A. Cur --West Bromwich Albion s Birmingham
1, Wembley
F.A. Amareux --Wycombe Wanderers 5, Hayes o
80 ortish Cur --Celtic 4, Motherwell s (after a
drawn s 3, Hampden Park
IRISH Cur --Wrexbanr 7; Bhrewshurry
A F.A. Cur --Wrexbanr 7; Bhrewshurry
A F.A. Cur --Cambridge Town
ARTHUE BUSE Cur (PUBLIC SCHOOLS) --Old Wyke
hamists.
F.A. Charty Shired --Argenal 1; West Bromwich
F.A. Charty Shired --Argenal 1; West Bromwich
F.A. Charty Shired ---Argenal 1; West Bromwich CHARITY SHIELD .- Arsenal z; West Bromwich Albion o.

ARMY CUP.—Est Sherwood Foresters 2, 4th Division Signals z Signals 1 R. Navy Cup — R. Marines (Chathar Barracks (Devonport), 3-1 Oxford and Cambridge, drawn, 1-2. -R Marines (Chatham) beat the R N

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIPS.

OPEN
(Instituted 1893)
1990 George Duncan,
1991 J. Hutch Island (U.S. A.)
1992 W. Hagen (U.S. A.)
1993 M. Hayern (U.S. A.)
1995 J. Burnes (U.S. A.)
1995 J. Burnes (U.S. A.)
1995 W. Hames (U.S. A.)
1996 W. Hames (U.S. A.)
1998 W. Hames (U.S. A.)
1998 W. Thomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. Thomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. Thomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. Thomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. A. Tomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. A. Tomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. A. Tomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. A. Tomes (U.S. A.)
1998 W. A. Tomes (U.S. A.) OPEN AMATERR AMATEUR
(7885)
1990 (' J H Tolley
1992 W. I Hunter
1993 W. E Holdernes
1993 R. W Wethered.
1994 R. W Holdernes
1995 Robert Harria
1995 D. W Tweddell
1996 T. Perkins
1990 (' J H Tolley
1990 R Tolley
1990 R Tolley
1990 R Tolley
1990 R Tolley
1990 R Martin-Smith LADIFS. PROFESSIONAL PROFESSIONAL
TOURNAMENT
(News of the World)
1919 A Mitchell
1991 B Seymour
1992 G Gadd
1993 R G Wilson
1994 E. R Whitcombe
1995 A Computon
1994 A Head
1997 A Computon
1998 A Head
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1998 A Computon
1998 A Computon
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(2893)
1920 Miss C Leitch.
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#### OTHER GOLF WINNERS IN 1931,

1987 A Compston 1988 C A Whiteombe 1929 A Mitchell 1930 C A Whiteombe 1931 A H Padgham

English Close Amaleur — L. G. Crawley English Women Champion — Miss Wanda Morgan. Linth Women — Miss Pentony American Open — W. Burke, after a tie with G. von Elm

Elm
American Amateur — F Ommet.
American Women — Miss Helen Hicks
Irish Open — E W II Kenyon.
Irish Amateur — E McBive
Irish Professional — II McNeill.
Irish Antievr — J Birke
Soutish Amateur — J Wilson
British Bips — Hector Thomson.
British Girls — Miss P Doran
French Open — A Boye
French Amateur — A Vaglance
French Amateur — A Vaglance
French Amateur — Miss P
Theory — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss — Miss —

ONFORD AND CAMBRIDGE OXFORD WOOD by 8 matches to 5 Foursomes — Oxford 3 matches; Cambridge 1, halved 1 Singles — Oxford 5 matches, Cambridge 4; halved 1

RYDER CUP INTERNATIONAL Foursome

J. Farrell and G. Sarazen (U.S.A.) beat A. Compston and W. H. Davies (G.B.), 8 and 7. W. Hagen and D. Shute (U.S.A.) beat G. Duncan and A. J. Havers (G.B.), 20 and 9. A. Mitchell and F. Robson (G.B.) beat L. Diegel and 4. Espanosa (U.S.A.) 3 and 2. (C.J. Cox and R. Burke (U.S.A.) beat S. Easterbrook and E. R. Whitcombe (G.B.), 3 and 3.

Singles B. Wintcombe (G.B.), 3 and 3.

Singles
B. Burke (U.S.A.) beat A. Compston (G.B.), 7 and 6.
(c. Saragen (U.S.A.) beat F. Robson (G.B.), 8 and 6.
D. Shute (U.S.A.) beat B. Hodson (G.B.), 8 and 6.
W. H. Luvies (G.B.) beat L. Farrell (U.S.A.), 4 and 3.
W. Hagen (U.S.A.) beat C. Wintesymbe (ci.B.), 4 and 2.
A. C. Saragen (U.S.A.) beat C. R. Wintesymbe (ci.B.), 4 and 3.
A. Exploress (U.S.A.) beat E. R. Whitesymbe (G.B.), 4 and 3.
A. Exploress (U.S.A.) beat E. R. Whitesymbe (G.B.), 4 and 3.
A. Exploress (U.S.A.) beat E. R. Whitesymbe (G.B.), 4 and 3.

A. Exploress (U.S.A.) beat E. R. Whitesymbe (G.B.), 4 and 3.

A. Exploress (U.S.A.) beat E. R. Whitesymbe (G.B.), 4 and 3. and I Result-USA, 9 matches; Great Britain, 3 matches

#### Retrospect of Sport-Rugby Union Football, Hockey, &c. 518

# RUGBY UNION FOOTBALL International Table, 1020-21.

			1				
	Played.	Won	Lost.	Drawn.	Poi	ints	Result.
Wales		3 2 2 2	0 1 2 3	1 0 0	For. 74 47 27 24 48	Agst. 25 44 28 54 59	7 4 4 4 2

1	CALCUTTA CUP. , (Eng v Scot.) g t. g t.	COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.
1927	Scotld 2 . (xd.) 4-3 (zp.)	Kent
1928	England st-o	Yorkshire.
1929	Scotland o 4-o s	Middlesex
1930	Drawn o 0-o o	Gloucestershire
1931	Bootland z -3 (zp.) s	Gloucestershire

# INTERNATIONAL MATCHES, 1930 31.

1931 Jan. 1. Paris —France beat Scotland by 3 pts. to ml. Jan 17. Twickenhau —England and Wales drawn, 12 pts each Jan. 24. Edinburgh —Scotland beat France by 6 pts. to 4. Feb. 2. Cardiff —Wales beat Scotland by 13 pts. to 8. Feb. 14. Twickenham —Ireland beat England by 6 pts. 1031

to 5

Fob s8 bwanses.—Wales beat France by 35 pts to 3 Kelv 38. Dublin—Ireland beat Scotkind by 8 pts to 5. Mar 14. Belfast—Wales beat Ireland by 15 pts to 3 Mar. 21. Edinburgh—Scotkind beat England by 28 pts

Apr. 16 Paris —France beat England by 14 pts to 13. COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

Gloucestershire beat Warwickshire by 20 pts to 9

Oxford and Caubrings, 1930-31. Drawn — Oxford, 1 penalty goal (3 pts.), Cambridge, z try (3 pts )

NORTHERN RUGBY LA AGUE

Club Championship -- Swinton beat Leeds at Wigan (24-7) Challenge Cup.—Halifax beat York (22-8) at Wembley.

### HOCKEY IN 1980-31. INTERNATIONAL MATCHES. Final Tables and Goals-

England, won 3 (12 gods to 7), x. Wales, won 2, lost x (8 8), x. Nootland, drawn x, lost x (6 8), and Ireland, drawn x, lost x (7 xo), tred for third place

wn z, lost z (7 zo), then for turn thace; Feb 36 Inverness—Wales beat Fedand, z s. Mar 7 (Inik—Wales beat Fedand, z -z. Mar, z d. Dublim—Fredand and Scotland, drawn, 3 3. Mar, z Beckenhan—England beat Wales, 5-3. Mar, z Selipaston—England beat Fredand, 5-3. Mar, z Pertin—England beat Scotland, z z,

#### OTHER RESULTS.

Bockenham—Oxford beat Cambridge, 3 a Chatham—R. Navy and Army, drawn o o Chatham—R. Nevy beat R.A.F., 2 o Uxbridge—Army beat R.A.F., 2 o Uxbridge—Army beat R.A.F., 2 o Aldershot (Army Cmpl—and K. Shropshire L. I Stammore (R.A.F. Cmpl—littton beat Andover, 3 o

#### WOMEN'S HOCKEY INTERNATIONAL MATCHES.

England won 3 (24 goals to z), z; Scotland, won z, lost z (5-ze), z, Wales, won z lost z (5 z5), 2; Ireland, lost 3 (5 z5), 2; Ireland, Oxtord and Cambridge — Cambridge won by 3 goals to z

#### LACROSSE.

Oxford, zo goals , Cumbridge, 3. British Championship (Iroquois), Oxford, 4; Stock-

port, 6 Northern heat Southern, 16-9, Southern Flags —Oxford, 9 goals , Hampstead, 4 Northern Flags.—Stockport, 5 goals; Old Mancunians 4. Womens' University: Cambridge, 8 goals; Oxford, 6.

# LAWN TENNIS IN 1981.

LAWN TENNIS IN 1981.

THE CHAMPICHENT (WINDLEDGE).

(US A) SCRUCKE, B. WOOD (U.S A) w. C. F. X. Shields

(US A) Scratched.

Women's Singles.—Fraulein C. Anseem (Germany) beat

Fraulen H. Klahwinkel (Germany) (6-2,7-5') beat

House's Doubles.—J. Van Ryn and G. M. Lett (US A)

heat H. Cochet and J. Brugnot (France) 6-4, xo-4,

y-12, 3-6, 6-3).

Winner's Sorticles.—Mrs. D. C. Shepherd and Mise P. E.

Winner's Sorticles.—Mrs. D. C. Shepherd and Mise P. E.

Mille I. Sigart (Balgium) (3-6, 6-2, 6-4).

Mille I. Sigart (Balgium) (3-6, 6-2, 6-4).

Miccol Doubles.—G. M. Lott and Mrs. L. A Haruer

(US A.) beat I. G. Collins and Miss J. C. Ridley (G B)

(6-3, x-6, 6-2).

(6-3, 1-6, 6-1).

All hupland Plate -V G Kirby (8 Africa) beat G L.

Rogers (Ireland) (2-6, 6-3, 6-3)

# HARD COURTS (BOURNEMOUTH)

Samples — C. Boussus
Jambles — H. Boussus
Jambles — H. W. Amtin and C. H. Kingsley.
Women's Man Minn. R. Mathien
Women's Doubles — Miss B. Nuthalia and Muss E. Ryan.
Mixed Doubles.— F. J. Perry and Miss M. Heeley

DAVIDE OF FINAL

FOR THE COPE FINAL

H Cochet (F.) best Great Britain (3-2).

Perry (G B)

J Borotra (F.)

J Borotra (F.)

J Perry (G B)

J Borotra (F.)

J Borotra (F.)

J H Cochet and J Brugnen (F.) best G. P. Hughes and

C. H. Kingsley (G.B.)
Inter-Zone—Great Britain beat U.S.A.
European Zone—Great Britain beat Czecho-Slovakia

European Zone—Great Britain beat Czecho-Slovakia

WIGHTMAN CUP (Wonzew).

Mrs Wills-Moody (U 8 A) beat Miss P. E. Mudford
(G.B.) beat Miss B. Nuthall (G.B.)

beat Miss B. Nuthall (G.B.)

beat Miss P. B. Midford (G.B.)

beat Miss P. B. Midford (G.B.)

beat Miss P. B. Midford (G.B.)

beat Miss P. B. Midford (G.B.)

beat Miss D. Slepiberd-Barron and Miss Mudford (G.B.)

beat Miss Wightman and Miss Pallrey (U 8 A).

Miss B. Nuthall and Mrs Fearnley-Whittingstall (d B.)

beat Miss Wills and Harpor (U 8A)

Anien a Championships —Sungles, J. P., Vines, Doubles,
Wills-Moody; Womens Doubles, Miss B. Nuthall and
Mrs Fearnley-Whittingstall; Missel Doubles, G. M. Lott

and Miss B. Nuthall

Ovens, And Camridgest (Faced Doubles, G. M. Lott

and Miss B. Nuthall

Ovens, And Camridges —Cambidge (4-2) matches,

Oxford AND CAMBRIDGE —Cambridge (14-2) matches. Two matches unfinished

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE BOAT YALR AND HARVARD (26-5). POLO IN 1981.

erican Championship.—Santa Paula (Argentine) beat

American Champsonship.—Santa Paula (Argentine) heat Hurricanes 1.3 Champion Cup.—Merchiston heat Hurricanes. Champion Cup.—Merchiston heat England 8-6 Kings a Coronation Cup.—Pauthers heat Merchiston 8-4. Inter-Requiental.—Queen's Bays heat Royal Arallery 8-2. Natalterus.—R. Soots Greys beat 4th Q D. Hussars 9-4. Duke of 1°0'r's Challenge Osp.—R. Navy heat R. A.F. 4-3. Tyro Challenge Osp.—Life Guards beat Bluejackets County Challenge Osp.—Beaufort.
Sandford Cup.—Bouneries beat Cawston Rochampion Cup.—Hurricanes beat Panthers 7-6; Whitney Cup.—Pauther sheat Merchiston 6-4. Orford and Combridge.—Oxford won 9-0.
America America American Thirtans.

AMERICA AND GRIAT BRITAIN.

Westchester Crup — First meeting in 1826, and Great Britain won both matches. Second meeting in 1906, Great Britain won by two matches to one. U.S.A. won both matches in 1909, 2912, and 1913. Great Britain 1914. U.S.A. 1921, 1924, 1927 and 1933.

# ATHLETICS.

AMATEUR ATHL	etic Championships, 19	WORLD'S RECORDS.				
Event.	Winner. Time					
	Winner.   Time	Distance				
Pole Jump High Jump Hop, Step and Jump Tug of War (200 at ) Tug of War (Catch Weight)		2 x10 0 145 F Wennstrom Sweden 1909				
C. N JACKS	Hold Cir —J. Daranyi ov Cur —G. L. Rampling	WALKING RECORDS				
AWATEUR   Official World's R Athletic	ATHLETIC RECORDS, ecords adopted by International Federation marked © )  RUNNING  Name. Place   1e  Wykoff	Distance   Time   Name   Place   Year				
co 29 500 f 7 50 17 50 18 50 18 19 50 18 19 18 50 18 10 18 50 18 18 50 18 18 50 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Nurmi Finland 48 F Appleby, 1908, 20 miles—sh 29m 18—sh 29m 18—sh 29m 18—sh 29m 18—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles—sh 29m 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles) 18 miles (19 miles)	1				
z mile (4×440 yds )	3 13t USA Team 7 4rt Boston AA 27 art Univ of Illinois	nas Throw   San Lag 12 Dunder law lett 199				

3.0 zastrospace aj aprili 1111	
INTERNATIONAL MATCHES, 1981,	OTHER ATHLETIC EVENTS, 1931.
	OVEODD AND CAMBRIDGE
ENGLAND v. ITALY (STANFORD BRIDGE).	First meeting 2864 in Christ Church Cricket Ground.
England won by 831 points to 621 M. 8	Oxford, Unmbridge won 32 events, Oxford 25, tied 6.
200 yards—H J Cohen (E) 0 224 200 yards—E Toetti (I) 0 224 240 yards—E Toetti (I) 0 224 240 yards—I L Rampling (E) 1 255 250 yards—T Hampson (E) 1 25 251 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 251 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E) 1 25 260 yards—I Hampson (E)	OTHER ATHLETIC EVENTS, 1981.  OXFOED AND CAMBRIDGE  First meeting 2664 in Christ Church Cricket Ground, Oxford. Cumbridge wou ze evente, Oxford z, tied 6.  1931. Cambridge Bevents, Oxford 3 events. M s.  1931. Cambridge Bevents, Oxford 3 events. M s.  1932. Cambridge Bevents, Oxford 3 events. M s.  1932. Cambridge Bevents, Oxford 3 events. M s.  1932. Table 1. M N. Tiedall (C) 250  1932. Smilles—E. M N. Tiedall (C) 257  1932. Varite—E. M N. Tiedall (C) 257  1932. Savine—E. M N. Tiedall (C) 257  1932. Savine—E. M N. Tiedall (C) 257  1932. Savine—E. M N. Tiedall (C) 257  1932. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1933. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1933. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1934. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1935. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  1937. Savine—E. Cawston (U.) 257  19
aso yards—E Toetti (1)	100 yar(18) )) Wade (C)
440 yards—1: 12 Ramping (E.)	880 vards—H. S. Townend (O)
Mile-(' Ellis (E)	Mile-J. F. Cornes (O) 4 sot
3 miles - J A Burns (K) 24 36	3 miles-E. W Denison (C.)
230 yards Hurdles-Lord Burghley (K) 0 25	zao yards-R M N. Tisdall (C) o zg
440 yards Hurdles-L. Facelli (1.) 0 53?	230 LOW HURGIES—IS OBWSCOII (C.) 0 357/10
High Jump-W A Land (E) 6 z	
High Jump—W A Land (E) 6 z Long Jump—A Maffei (1) 23 61 Pole Jump—H Ford (K) 122 0 Discus—K II. Pritis (E) 234 20 Javelin—I. Spazzali (I) 263 24	High Jump—L. F. Yorke (O )
Pole Jump—H Ford (K) 12 0	Pole Jump-P B B Ogilvie (C) zz 6
Discus-K H. Pridie (E) 134 zol	Weight Putting—R M N. Tisdall (C.) 40 8
Javelin-L. Sparrali (I )	Cambridge won by 5 races to a. M s.
IRELAND v SCOTLAND (Dunlin) M R	440 yards (4×220 yds )—Cambridge
zee vards-R. Murdech (8) o zoi	880 yards (4×220 yds)—Oxford x 205
200 yards-R Murdoch (B) 0 222	z mile (4×440 vds )—Cambridge 3 a35
440 yards—1' () Moore (1) 0 51t	a miles (4×880) (ds.—Oxford
440 yards—P () Moore (1) 0 511 880 yards—P () Moore (1) 2 23 2 mile - W Nolau (1) 4 305	4 miles (4× mile)—Cumbridge 27 547
4 miles-J F Wood (8 ) . 20 8	880 yards Low Hurdles (4×200 ydx) Cambridge z 431
4 miles—J F Wood (6) 20 8 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	INTER-SERVICE CHAMPIONSHIP. M 5
FT IN,	440 yards Relay—Army 1, R A F a 0 441 880 yards Relay—Army 1, R N & R M 2 1 321
High Jump-C O'Conno (I)	INTER-SERVICE CHAMPIONSIIP.  1 INTER-SERVICE CHAMPIONSIIP.  140 yards Relay—Army I, R A F s.  150 yards Relay—Army I, R N & R M s.  2 miles Relay—Army I, R N & R M s.  2 miles Relay—Army I, R A F s.  480 yards Relay—Army I, R A F s.  480 yards Relay—R A F I, Army s.  2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Weight Putting—P O Callaghan	Mile Relay Army z, R N & R M z 3 29 2 miles Relay Army z, R A F z 8 4t
Weight Putting—P O Callaghan	480 yards Relay-R A F z, Army 2 . z 25
	a miles Reiny—Army 2, th. A. F. s. 44 460 yazids Reiny—R. A. F. 2, Army 2, th. 2, 1 mile Team—Army, as pts 2, R. A. F. 25 pts s. 3 mile Team—Army, as pts 2, R. A. F. 27 pts s. 4 light Jump—R. A. 2, 27 th Gas, Army, 27 th Gas, Army, 27 th Gas, Army, 27 th Gas, Army, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas, 27 th Gas
GERMANY # ENGLAND (Cologne)	3 mile Team—Army, 22 pts z. R A F , 27 pts 2
Germany won by 71 events to 41	Long lump Army 42ft win . RAF 42ft al
Relay and Team Events	Putting the Weight - R.A.F. 25 ft. at ing z. Army.
400 metres—Gennany 4x z/xos, z, England 4zis, z z600 metres—England 3m 15s, z, Gennany 3m 15is, z z600 metres (Medley, 300, 200, 200, 400 metres)—England	74 ft. 4 ins 2
2000 Metres - Madlet Son 300 300 400 Distres b-Eurland	Athletic Championship - Army, 27, pts. 1; RAF.
more neuros (atentos), soo, soo, soo, soo, soo neuros ("Enisaming an ays."; (termany 3m ays.", 1; Empland ym 46s. 2 (500 metres—England 55 35s.; 2; Gommuny 26m 6s.; 2 460 metres Hurdles—Genmany 59s.; , Fingland 59 92ss.; 3 500 metres Team—England 5 190118; 2; Germany 59	ARMY OHAMPIONSHIP
3200 metres -Germany 7m 45ts , z; England 7m 46ts , 2.	100 varils-Lt P I) Powell, 1st Middlesex o 10
6000 metres—England 15m 53%, 1; Germany 10m 6s, 2	220 yards—2nd Lt G L Rampling, R A o 22
480 metres riunties—treiman 594, 1, Mighan 59 9/108, 3	440 yards—and I.t. C. H. Stonelet, R. Signals . 0 52
	z mileTur A. A. Harris ath Flussers
(Field Events [two to score])	3 miles-L -Sgt R R Sutherland, Carabineers 14 58
High Jump—Germany and England tied 12 ft 2 24 in Long Jump—Germany 47 ft 2 92 in , 1; England	x30 yards Hurdles-Capt I N. M Tubbs 1st Cold-
As ft. 3 to in . 2	stream Guards
43 ft 3 30 m . s Pole Jump—Germany s4 ft 7 z6 m , z; England	High June Son Roy W A Land R E 6 6
22 ft 12 59 in , 2 Weight Putting—Germany 99 ft 2 25 m , 2 , England	Long Jump-LSgt II Marsh, 1st 1 ks & Laus 22 61
Weight Phyting—Germany 99 it 2 15 m, 1, Enginhei	Pole Junio L Cpl E Osborne, 1st Cold, Gd   20 2
88 ft 3 44 in . 2 Discus Throwing Germany 296 ft 5 86 in . z , England	Putting the Skot-1. Col. A. Strang ret S. Cide. of S.
232 ft 4 57 111 , 2,	Throwing the Hammer-L Sgt Holmes, and
MD ANGEL of TINGO AND Glasses	High Jump—Sig Boy W A Land, R.E. 56 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
FRANCE v ENGLAND (Colombes)	
England won by 63 points to 48	
200 nietres - E 11 Pare (E) 0 107	Grenadiers
400 metres—G L Ramping (E) 0 48	ARMY UNIT TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP
800 metres-T Hampson (E) 1 551	and Duke of Cornwall's L.I., zoo pts (z), zst Middlesex,
zgoo metres—J Ladoumege (F) 3 53t	ROVAL AIR FORCE CHAMPIONSHIPS was
5000 metres—R Rochard (F) 15 mm	200 yards-F Off D B. D Field, Andover o 10 3/10
3000 Highres Medicy Relay—(England) 3 281	230 yards A C F S Herring, Cranwell . 0 24 z/z0
200 nietra=E I, P.ue(E)   0 not	440 yards—F Off T C Dickens, Henlow , o 51 g/10
FT IN	Throwing the Javelin—Gids E Tumen, 3rd Girnadiers "TEAM" ("HAMPIONSHIP") 73 ARMY UNIT TEAM" ("HAMPIONSHIP") 73 and Duke of Cornwall's L.I., zoopts (2), zst Middlesex, 264 pts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (2), zst Middlesex, 264 pts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3) and 264 pts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3) and 264 pts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3) and 264 pts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. Soopts (3), T.R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.
High Jump-G Turner (E) 6 3	3 Miles-Col. 8 Ferris, Uxbridge
Pole Vault-P Ramadier (F)	280 yards-L A.C. D O. Finlay, Grantham o 154
Weight Putting-E Duhour (F) . 40 8 45	s Mile WalkOpl -App Smart, Halton 26 64
High Jump—G Turner (E)	High Juan W. Lieut W. E. Nuttall Dichy F. ol
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE v YALE AND	Long Jump-Lt. Cdr D M L. Neame, Gosport 22 0
	Pole Jump-F Off H. Ford, Sealand 12 3
Vale and Harvard won by at events to at	Thursday the Shot-F. Off H. Ford, Bealand 41 5
zoo yards-E W Goodwillie (Oxford) o zoł	Kung's Cun Huit Chammonishin—Halton, so nts
280 yards-E W (toodwillie (Oxford) . 0 28	High Jump—FLieut F E Nuttall, Digby 5 9i Long Jump—LtLir D M L Neame, Geoport 20 0 Pole Jump—F Off H. Ford, Sealand 22 3 Putting the Shot—F. Off H Ford, Sealand 42 5 Throwing the Javelin—Clu R F Eyles, Uxbridge 5a 50 Kings Cap Unit Championiship—Halton, 30 pts Air Consell Unit Junior Terum—Sealand, 34 pts ROYAL NAVY AND ROYAL MARINES.
440 yards—K. W. Warder (1810)	ROYAL NAVY AND ROYAL MARINES.
Mile-N. P. Hallowell (Harvard)	100 yards—r A. U Sherwin
3 miles E. W. Denison (Camb )	440 varis-Lieut. B S Mageo.
zso yards Huidles-A. G. De Vos (Yale) 0 15 1/10	360 yards-Nub. Lieut. A R Kennedy.
Valc and Harvard won by 7½ events to 45  Too yards—E. W. Goodwilhe (0xford) 0 205  2200 yards—E. W. Goodwilhe (0xford) 0 225  240 yards—E. W. Goodwilhe (0xford) 0 225  240 yards—K. W. Warner (Yale) 0 50  250 yards—H. Cobb (Harvard) 1 255  Mile—N. P. Hallowell (Harvard) 1 44  250 yards Hurdles—A. C. De Voe (Yale) 0 25 4/20  250 yards Low Hurdles—E. E. Recond (Harvard) 0 25 4/20  250 yards Low Hurdles—E. E. Recond (Harvard) 0 25 4/20	Mile—Sub Lient. W D King.
High Jump—   I. F. Yorke (Oxford)   6 6 c	ROYAL NAVY AND ROYAL MARINES.  To yards—P A. U. Sherwin  The party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of the party of
High Jump G W. Kullin (Harvard). 6 0	High Jump-Sub-Lieut. L. R. Sarel
Long Jump-W. L. Lang (Oxford) ss 94	Long Junin-Sub Lieut. J. M. Lancaster
Weight Putting-J. M. Kilculler (Vals)	Throng the Menua. A R. Want.
	VILLAMAN NAO TAMONA. UP-TH- 11 CAPP

#### WOMEN'S ATHLETIC RECORDS.

#### WOMEN'S RECORDS - RUNNING.

Distance	Ti	me	Name.	Country.	Year
60 metres	ж. •	71	Walasiewicz	Poland	1930
80 metres	0	10	Mejzilokovat	Czecho . France .	1922
zeo yards		22 }	Radidenu .	France .	zga6
zoo metres	•	12	(M. Cook ) E T Junkers	Canada . Germany .	1931
abray cas	0	25)		England .	1930
440 Jards	0	584		England .	1931
880 metres	2	x69		Germany .	z930
880 yards	2	18		England	1930
z,000 metres	3	6	L Radke .	Germany .	1930
Hurdies— 80 metres		12	E E Green .	England Germany	1031
zoo yards	0	<b>23</b> %	M Clark	N. Africa	rga8
Walking z mile	7	45]	C Mason .	England	1931

#### FIELD EVENTS

Event.	Distance	Name.	Country.	Year
High Jump Long Jump Shot Javelm Discus	Ft. Ins. 5 34 19 7 44 218 138 214 131 214	E Catherwood K Hitomi G Heublein Schumann . G Heublein	Canada Japan Germany Germany Germany	1928 1939 1931 1930 1930

#### PROFESSIONAL RUNNING RECORDS.

Yds	Time	Name	Yr.
100	o o cal	J. Donaldson, S Africa .	TOTO
120	0 0 111	J Donaldson, S Africa	1000
130	0 0 12	J Donaldson, Australia	IOII
250	0 0 144	H Hutchens, Australia	z88a
220	0 0 31	L C McLachlan, N Z	1003
250	0 0 25	H Hutchens, Australia	x887
300	0 0 30	II Hutchens, Edinburgh	1884
440	0 0 47	B R. Day, Australia	1907
99o	O 1 531	F S Hewitt, N Z	x87x
x,320	0 3 7	W Richards, Manchester	x866
Miles			
1	0 4 12	W (t. George, London	1886
2	O O III	W Lang, Manchester	1863
3	0 14 18	G McCrae, Edinburgh	groz 8
4	0 20 35	P Cannon, Glasgow	1888
4 5	0 24 40	J White, London	1863
10	0 50 55	G McCrae, Edinburgh	zgz8
20	z 49 29	H Holmer, Edinburgh .	TOLL
25	2 23 30	W Kolehmainen, U.S A.	1012
-			

# Time Records.

Hours'	Instance	Name	۱r
1 2	81 1100	H Watkins, Rochdale H Holmer, Edinburgh	1899
3 6 23	28 300 50 2200 82 2540	G Mason, London G Cartwright, Westminsten C Rowell, New York	1881 1887 1882

#### Professional Walking.

WALKING RECORDS—1 Mile, 6m mas G Cummings, Manchester, 1923; a miles, 29m 14e; 3 miles, 20m 25e; 4 miles, 29m 36e; 5 miles, 35m 25e; 6 miles, 29m 17; miles, 52m 4s, 10 miles, 25k 14em 45e, J W Raby, London, 1283, 3 so miles, 28, 39m 75e; W. Perkins, 1297

#### Theatre Records.

Theatre Records—The longest run at a London theatre is a 232 consecutive performances of Chu Chin Chon, which was produced at His Magesty's on Aug 32, 2926, reached its 1,496th performance on Oct 27, 2919, and was withdrawn after its 2,252th performance (having brought in 5700,000) on July 23, 2928. The "record run" at a London theatre, in pre-war days, was held by Underley's Aust (2,456 consecutive performances). Other long runs are chur Boya (2,56), The Mound of the Mountaines (2,52), A Lattle Bit of Flinf (2,221, A Chinese Honeymoon (2,075), Romanuse (2,06).

#### WOMEN'S A A A CHAMPIONSHIPS, 2022

	1	1	
Event	Winner.	Times	
	1	M. S.	
200 Yards	N Halstead	O II	
230 Yards	N Halstead	0 254	
440 Yards	N Halstead	0 58	
890 Yarda	( Lainn	8 89	
So Metres (Hurdles)		0 12	
z Mile Walk	( Mason		
L MINE WAIK	i muson		
		PT 198	
High Jump	M F Okell .	18 1	
Long Jump	M Cornell		
Putting the Shot	I M Phillips	3x 9	
Throwing the Javelin	L Fawcett	g6 o	
Throwing the Discus	I M Phillips	97 8	
3 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111 C 111			

#### CYCLING.

#### N C U. CHAMPIONSHIPS. 2022

Winner.	Ħ	M S
z,000 yards J E Sibbit ,	0	X 34
25 miles C W Harn	I	0 17
to miles (naced) If (Frant	1	4Z 271
z mile (tandem) . { J. E. Sibbit }	0	2 23
miles Team Pursuit, Belle Vue	•	4 22
MODELLIS CONTINUE OFFICE SERVICE OFFICE		

WORLD'S CYCLING CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1931 * Kilometre (Amateur) -- H Harder (Denmark) * Kilometre (Professional) -- W Falck Hansen (Den-

mark) 200 Kilometres (track) (Professional) —W Sawall (Ger mmny) Road Champsonship (about 200 kilos.) (Amateur) —

H Humen (Demontk),
Road Championship (about 200 kilos.) (Professional) —
L Guerra (Italy)

# WORLD'S CYCLING TRACK RECORDS

		man	tunk er	art, me	TOT IM	ceu )
IL.	34	1115		34 8		
5	3	<b>188</b>		3 1		L. Vanderstuyft.
	6	376		5 23		L. Vanderstuyft
o	12	753		IO II		L Vanderstnyft
ρ	Зz	120		24 33		L Vanderstuyft.

200 . 60 240 . 49 0 .. L Vanderstnyft 1 Hour -38 m 9 yds , 1 Hour-76 m 504 yds , L Vanderstuyft

# PLACE TO PLACE CYCLING RECORDS.

F W Southall, 1927 I Jandon Bath and back (222 miles), 12 h 3 m. 26 s., C Marshall 1922 London-Brighton and back (106 miles), 4 h. 53 m 20 s.,

(* Marshall 292" London York (288 miles), 9 h 40 m , J W Rossiter, 2926.
London-Edmburgh (392 miles), 23 h 43 m , R Shirley, zoo6 London-Land's End (300 miles), 17 h s8 m , C. F.

Davey, 1923.
Land's End John o' Groats (900 miles), 2 days 13 h. 22 m.,
J. W. Rossiter, 1929. . W Rossiter, 1999. 200 miles Road (Out and Home), C Marshall, 4h

#### CROSS COUNTRY CHAMPIONSHIP, 1981,

International — (Dublin) England, 32 points, x, Stothand, x2 points, x, France, x22 points, 3; Ireland, ix2 points, 4, Wiles, 24 points, 5, Belgium, 20; points, 6, First three home T. F. Sinytho (1), 48 min 23 ec. x; J. W. Winfield (E), 49 min 23 ec. x, T. Econom.

J. W. Winfield (E). 49 min. zz sec., a, T. Etenson (E), 49 min. 45 sec.; a. National—Birchfield H. J. H. Potts, Saltwell H. Sottish, Automat.—Maryhill H. J. Suttle-Smith, Dundee Thistle H. Water—Cwmbran H. D. Phillips, Cwmbran Juter-County.—Staffordshire J. T. Holden, Stafford-

shire.

SWIMI	etva .
WORLD'S AMATEUR SWIMMING RECORDS	NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS, 2932.
TOO LONG. Weissmuller U.S.A 9 ST	200 yards—R J C Sutton 0 561
WORLD'S AMATEUR SWIMMING RECORDS   Mrs.—Far Fruit.   Structure   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far Fruit.   Nr.—Far	100 yards=R J C Sutton
150 yards-W Laufer, U.S A . 1 25 1929	200 yards, Breast—T Cartonnet 2 489
200 metres—I Weissmuller, U.S.A. 2 5 . 1927	440 yards, Salt Water-R J. C Sutton
300 yards J. Weissmuller, U.S A . 3 7 . 1927	500 yards-A Taylor 6 zz
300 metres - J Taris, France 3 271 2931	Mile V & M Miles
400 metres—I, Turis, France . 4 47 1931	Long Distance—J G Hatfield
500 yants—Arne Borg, Sweden 5 31 2986	Diving-C D Tomalin.
500 metres—Arne Borg, Sweden 6 81 . 1985	riniging—A E Beaumont, 85 ft 9} in.
990 metres—A Taris, France 10 172 1931	LADIES CHAMPIONSHIPS
1,000 yards—Arne Borg, Sweden 12 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	100 yards—Miss Joyce Cooper
2,005 metres-Arne Borg, Sweden 23 41 2925	200 yards Breast Stroke—Miss M Hinton 2 461
1,500 metres—Arne Borg, Sweden 19 7; 1927	250 \ards-Miss Joyce Cooper 2 44
I limbe - At the Lang, process	Lung Distance-Miss M J Cooper 6 123
MEN—BACK STROKE	250 varies Dream Scholer—Miss M Jinton. 250; 250 varies—Miss Myce Cooper. 244; 449 yards—Miss M J Cooper 6 123; Long Distance—Miss M Joyce Cooper. Diving—Miss D M Leach.
zeo yards—J. Weissmuller, U.S.A. z 45 zgaz zeo metres—G. Kome, U.S.A. z 85zga8 zgo yards—G. Kome, U.S.A. z 38 zgas	
130 yards-4 Kojac, U 8 A. 1 381 1930	INTER SERVICES CHAMPIONSHIPS
200 metros—T Iriye, Japan . 2 377 1928 200 yards—C A Wyatt, U.S A 2 45° 1926	Arniy, 792 points, z, RAF, 7z, z; RN&RM 491, 3
MKN—BACK STROKE     z     42     zgsz       100 yards—J (Hamuller, USA)     z     42     zgsz       200 metres—W Kojac, U HA     z     81     zgsz       250 zyards—H Kojac, U HA     z     257     zgsz       257     z     258     zgsz       258     zyards—U Kyatt     2     457     zgsz       249     yards—U Kojac, U HA     z     257     zgsz     zgsz	100 yards Back—A B Fryer, R Navy
	Arny, 791 points, z, RAF, 7z, z; RN&RM 499, 3 200 yards—Laeut A C Jackson, Army
zoo metres—W Spence Canada I I4 IQ27	zno vards—Stoker Patchett, R. Navy z 453 440 vards—Spr. A. May, Army 6 zz
2 321 2927	400 yards Relay-Army I, RAF. a. R Nav
2 43   1920   200 metres—Y Faurita Japan   2 43   1920   200 parts—W Spence, Canada   2 44   1930   200 metres—E Rademacher Germany   5 50   1936   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931   2931	& R M . dis 4 zt
400 metres—E Rademacher Germany 5 501 1926	Diring -A -C E A Watson, R A F 75 points
500 metres -T Reingoldt, Finland 7 363 . 1931	Water Polo-R Navy best Army, 3 goals to 2 R Na
WOMEN-FREE STAFF	zoo urris Breast—A C W, Halmes, R A F. 2 43 zoo varis—Stoker Pat hett, R Navy 6 222 440 varis—Spr A May, Army 6 222 440 varis—Spr A May, Army 4 222 Army C B A Watson, R A F 75 points Plengang—Lieut Read, R Navy, 68 ft 2 1 11 Water Polo—R Navy best Army, 2 goals to 2 1 R Na beat R A F , 4-2; Army beat R A F , 2-0
200 yards-Miss H Madison, U.S.A 2 0 2930	EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1931
200 metres—Miss il Madison, USA . 2 63 2930 250 vards—Miss Il Madison, USA . 2 392 2930	37
250 \nids-Miss H Madison, U S A . 2 35 2930	MEN Parany (Hungary) o 502
300 jards-Miss II Madison, U.S.A. 3 41 . 1930	100 metres = 8 Barany (Hungary)   0   504   400 metres = 8 Barany (Hungary)   0   504   400 metres = 8 Barany (Hungary)   5   4   2,500 metres = Habasa (Hungary)   200 metres Back = Deuts h (German)   1   4   200 metres Back = Regard = Refugal(H (Final))   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
co metres-Miss H Madison, USA 3 57 1931	z.500 metres—Halassy (Hungary)
440 vards—Miss H Madison 5 32 . 2930 500 vards—Miss H Madison, U.S.A . 6 26 . 2930	200 metres Breast—Reinguldt (Finland)
goo metres-Miss H Madison, USA . 7 22 1930	Soo metres Breast—Reingoldt (Finland) . 2 52   800 metres relay—Hingary . 9 34
880 yards-Miss H Madison, U.S.A 22 421 1930	200 metres Racke—Jenitas a (termany) 214 300 metres Breast—Reingoldt (Finland) 255 500 metres relay—Hungary 934 500 metres relay—Hungary 934 Fancing Diving—Richas hager (dermany) High Diving—Richandinger (Ametria), Water Polo—Debouard (Jun—Hungay (Occupany)
z,000 yards—Miss H Madison, USA 23 231 2931 z 500 metres—Miss H Madison, USA 23 271 2032	Water Polo-Dubounet Cup-Hungary 1, Germany 2
z mile-Miss H Madison, USA . 24 442 1931	
WOMPN-BRI ART STROKE	WOMEN 200 metres—Mille Godard (France) . 2 20
100 metres-Miss L Muhe, Germany 1 26,01928	200 metres—Mile Godard (Finnee) 2 2 30 400 metres—Ville Bruun (Holland) 5 42 200 metres Hack—Mile Bruun (Holland) 1 22 200 metres Breast—Miss C Wolstenholme (Great
soo yards-Miss C Wolstenholme, G initain 2 541 1930	200 metres Back-Mile. Braun (Holland)
see varde—Miss A Geraghty, U.S.A	Rritain) a real
400 metres - Miss Wolstenholme, G. Britain 6 421 1930	Fancy Diving-Mile Jordan (Germany)
WOVPN—BR9 48T STROMP 100 metres—Miss L Muhe, Germany 100 metres—Miss L Muhe, Germany 100 metres—Miss C Wolstenholme, G Bittain 2 545 100 metres—Miss A Hinton, Great Britain 3 101 100 metres—Miss A Gergality, U.S. Antul 3 101 100 metres—Miss Molstenholme, G Britain 6 445 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholme, G Britain 6 425 100 metres—Miss Wolstenholm	Rettain 3 16? Fancy Diving—Mile Jordan (German) Water Polo - Karopean Cup—Hungary 214 pts. 2, Germany 32, 2, France 36, 3.
WOMEN-BACK STROED.	""(ny 924, 2, France 30, 3.
Woney - Back Stroke   1   124   1924   1909   1141 - Miss B Baner, U B A	INTERNATIONAL MATCH
200 metres - Miss B Mealing, Australia 2 20, 2930 vards - Miss Joyce Cooper, G Britain, 2 54 2932	Rhyl, Wales
150 yards—Miss Joyce Cooper, G. Britain, 1 54 1931 200 metres—Miss F. Holm, U.S.A. 2 58 1930	England, 16 pts , z , Scotland, z5, z , Wales, z3, 3.
400 metres-Miss M Brann, Holland 6 16; 1928	Mvs.
BRITISH AMATEUR RECORDS	MKN 100 vards—A Taylor (E) r, W Burns (S) 2 1 34 150 vards Back—J C P Besford (E.), r, W Francis (S), 2 1 47
Ni v	150 vards Back-J C P Besford (E.), z, W
100 yards—8 de Barany, Hungary 0 54 150 yards—8 de Barany, Hungary 1 28	Francis (S), 2 : 47] 200 yards Breast—S. Bell (E), z, H Richmond
150 yards—S de Burany, Hungary 1 a8	
100 yards	400 vards—R Lievers (E), z, I R Downie (S), z . 5 424 Team Race—England, z, Scotland, z, Wales, 3 . 4 275
440 yards - Arne Borg Sweden 5 18	
500 yards J Taris, France . 5 561	WOMPA TOWNS
880 vards   Taris France   11 198   1,000 yards- E. P. Peters   13 24	zoo yards—Miss J Cooper (E), z; Miss J McDowall (S), z
Mile-A Taylor 3 471	150 yards Back-Miss P M Harding (h.). 1.
	Miss E V Davies (W), z
ago yards, Breast Stroke—S Bell 238 Pinnging—W Taylor, Bootle, 82 it, 7 ins,	Miss G Howard (8), 2 3 26)
337	400 yards-Miss E Kennon (E), z, Miss M.
WOMEN	zoo yards—Miss J Cooper (E), z; Miss J McDowall (S), z zso yards Back—Miss P M Harding (k), z, zso yards Breast—Miss C Wostenholme (E), z, soo yards Breast—Miss C Wostenholme (E), z, Miss G Howard (S), z doo yards—Miss E Kennon (E), z, Miss M. Read (S), z z zso yards—Rade (S, z zso yards—Miss J Kennon (E), z, Miss M. Read (S), z zso yards—Miss J Kennon (E), z, Miss M. Read (S), z z zso yards—Miss J Kennon (E), z Miss M. Read (S), z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z
zoo yards—Miss M. J. Cooper z 25 zgo yards—Miss M. J. Cooper z 48	Team Race—England, z, Scotland, z, Wales, 3 4 56]
230 yards—Miss M J Copper 2 44	WATER POLO, 1931
220 yards—Miss M J. Copper 2 445 300 yards—Miss M J. Copper 3 505	Club Championship Final-Plaistow United a Liver-
440 Jards—Miss M J Cooper	paol Police 3. County Championship, Final—Essex beat Warwickshire
1.000 yards—Miss Ethel Mayne . 14 47	6-7
100 yards = Miss M J Cooper   1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1	England beat Wales 24—2 (Barking) Fingland beat Scotland 9—0 (Great Yarmouth). Wales beat Ireland 4—3 (Swansea) England beat France 9—3 (London)
150 yards, Back Stroke—Miss M J. Cooper 1 55	Empland best Scotland 9-0 (Great Yarmouth).
Plunging—Wiss Hilds Dand, 72 ft. o in	England beat France 7—3 (London)

# BOXING IN 1981.

# World's Professional Champions.

Fly Weight (8 st.)—Young Peres (France). Bantam Weight (8 st. 6 th)—Al Brown. Feather Weight (9 st.)—Bat Battalino (1taly). Light Weight (9 st. 7 th)—Tony Canzoneri (U.S.A.) Weiler Weight (so st. 7 th)—L. Ppoullard (U.S.A.). Middle Weight (ss st. 6 th)—(Nacant) Light Heavy Weight (ss st.)—M. Riosenbluom (D.S.A.). Heavy Weight (sn st.)—M. Riosenbluom (D.S.A.). Heavy Weight (sn st.)—Max Shineling

#### British Champions.

Fly Weight—Jackie Brown, Bantam Weight—(Vacant) Facther Weight—Ned Tarleton, Light Weight—Al For-man, Weight—Weight—(Vacant) Middle Weight—Len Harvey, Light Heavy Weight—H, Crossley Heavy Weight—(Vacant)

# A.B.A. Champions.

Fly Weight—T Partice Bautam—1). McClear Feather—B Caplan. Light Weight—Cpl. F Bennett Wetter—I P. Barry Middle—F Mailin Light Heavy—J Peterson Heavy—M Flanagan.

## Imperial Services Boxing.

#### OFFICERS.

Feathers-Lieut, D & Taunton, Army (Northants Regt.). Light-Lieut H C. D Huxham (Loyals). Welter-Lieut R H Bradshaw, R N (Portsmouth) Muddle-Pilot Officer T M Coslett, R A F (Manston). Light Heavy-Flying Off D. L. McLean, R.A F (Henlow) Heavy-Ident E H G Gregson, R N (Portsmouth).

#### OTHER RANKS

OTHER RAKES

Ply—Sgt -Inst C E Haslam (Army A P T 8) Bandam

Cpl Bennett, Army (E Lancs) Feather—(:pl Jones

(R Welsh Fus) Light—L 8 Jenkins, R.N. (Ports

mouth) Welter—It -Sgt Peters, Arms, (Irish Gds)

Middle—Pte Brennan, Army (R Tanks) Light Heavy—

A B Sendder, R N (Portsmouth), Heavy—Fus Byman,

Army (R Fusiliers)

# Oxford and Cambridge.

#### Cambridge won by 4 events to 3

Bantan P J Macdonald (*). Feather P Marx (*) Light—R D Stewart (0.) Watter—H G Owen-Smith (*) Middle—(* I. A Pullan (*) Light Heary—F, W Blakke (*) Heary—S Knox Cunningham (*)

#### PENCING IN 1981.

Epec-B Childs Sabres-O G Trinder

Forls-J Emrys Lloyd.

Ladies Forls-Miss M M Butler

Oxford and Cambridge—Cambridge won by 6 7 events Foll: Oxford 3 defeats to 6. Sabre Cambridge no defeats to 4.

Epér Match-Cambridge beat Oxford.

Thompson Trophy-

# EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP (Vienna)

Foils-Team: Italy z, Hungary s. Individual Lemoine (France) Epec-Team : Italy z , France z . Individual Receardi

(Italy). Subres-Team . Hungary z , Italy z Individual Piller (Hungary)

Women's Fouls-H Mayer (Germany).

SERVICE CHAMPIONSHIPS (Royal Tournament, Olympia). 

Schrei Huter-Services, Sgt. Maj. G F S. Wyatt, Anny (A S P T ) R Navy. PO J Hawkins R Marines, Sgt. L V. Clarke Army, Sgt. Maj. G. F. S Wyatt B A.F., Sgt. F J. Stubberfale.

# BILLIARDS IN 1931.

Championship - Void; only zentry. Empire Cup.-W Lindrum

World Record Break -W Landrum, 3905, Feb 27, 2932 Professional Snooker Championship. - J. Davis beat T Dennis.

Inusteur Champsonship -8. Lee best M A. Boggin Amateur Snooker Championship -P. H. Matthews beat II Kingsley.

Amateur Junior Championship -F Hollingworth. Amateur Boys' Championship -C. W. F. Desbottes.

Oxford and Cambridge.—Cambridge won by 30 K.C. Gander Dower (C) beat Nawab of Pataudi (O.): R 8 Davis (C) beat F M Bancroft H L Curr (C.) beat S Nixon (O)

Army Champsonship -Q M.S Scully (R A O U ).

British Legion Championship -II W Page (Dulverton)

#### CHESS

World's Champiouship—Dr. A. Alekhine beat E. D. Bogoljubow at Wiesbuden in November, 1939. Alekhine won 11 games, Bogoljubow 5 games, 9 games being drawn. INTERNATIONAL TOPHNAMENTS, 1931.

European (Bled),—Dr Alekhine (15 matches won, 12 drawn) 2, Bogoljubow (22 won, 6 drawn, 8 lost) 2
British (Worcester) —F D Intes

US 1 (New York) - J. R. Capablanes.

Prague Team Congress - U & A 48 matches, 1; Poland 47, 2,

World x Women's Champsonship (Prague) -M188 Men-

#### MOTORING.

# PRINCIPAL RACES, 1931

24 Hours Grand Prix d'Endurance, Le Mans (France).— Earl Howe and Sir H. Birkin (Distance 1975 miles; speed 78 3 miles per hom)

24 Hours Juntor Cars, Brooklands -Lord March and (' S Stamland (1574 9, 65 62 m.p h)

500 Miles, Brooklands,-J Dunfee and C Paul (128 30 m p h)

Irish Eireann Cup, Phoenix Park -- Sir H. Birkin (3 hr m4 min 31 sec ; 88 8 m p h.)

Intrantional Tourest Trophy, Ulster Ands Grenit —N Black (g hr. 13 mm. 51 sec., 67'90 m.p.h.) Fastest time, B. Borzacchini (79 05 m.p.h.)

America Grand Prix, Indianapolis -L. Scheider (66 62) Italy Grand Prix, Monza - Fagioli (c6 623 m p h )

France Grand Prix, La Baule,-Williams (89 ozz mph)

#### MOTOR CYCLING.

Grand Prix. Ulster Circuit - 8 Woods

Senior Tourist Trophy, Isle of Man - P Hunt (3 hr 23 min 26 set , 779 mph) Fastest lap, Hunt (26 min 1 set , 80 82 mph.)

Junior Tour set Trophy -P Hunt (3 hr. 34 min as sec. , 73 94 m p.h )

Light Weight Trophy Graham Walker (68 98 m.p h ). France Grand Prix, Monthlery - P Hunt (72 27 m.p h ) Reigium Grand Priz - S Woods (72 24 m p h )

Haly Grand Prox des Nations, Monza—F G Hicks (76 929 m p h ) F G Hicks was killed in the Isle of Man Senior Trophy.

# WORLD'S RECORDS

Motoring Speed Record, 246 254 m p h , Capt Malcolm Campbell, Daytona Beach, Florida, Feb 5 2532

Motor Cycling Speed Record on the Track, 135'839 in p h , J S Wright, Monthlery, Paris, Aug 31, 1930. Hours' Motor Cycling, 2108 miles, C W. S Lacey, Monthlery, Sept 29, 1931

Motor Boat Speed Record, 103 49 m p.h., Kaye Don, Parana River, S America, April 2, 1931.

# THE UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

Year	Winner	m s	Won by
2980	Cambridge .	21 11	4 lengths.
rger	Cambridge	19 45	z length
zgez	Cambridge	29 <b>2</b> 7	4) lengths.
1983	Oxford	20 54	f of a length.
1984	Cambridge .	28 42	41 lengths
2025 2020	Combridge	21 50	30 lengths.
2926	Cambridge	19 29	5 lengths
1927	Cambridge .	20 14	3 lengths
1988	Cambridge	20 25	zo lengths
1929	Cambridge	Z9 24	7 lengths
1930	Cambridge	19 9	= lengths
1031	('ambridge	10 26	at lengths.

· Oxford were waterlogged

# WORLD'S SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

Year	Winner and Country											
2020	E Barry beat A Felton (NSW)											
IOSI	DA. Hudfield beat R Arnst ( \ Z ).											
1983	J Paddon beat Hadfield (NZ)											
1983	J Paddon Hadfield (N S W )											
1084	J Paddon A Felton (Queensland)											
1924	J Paddon ,, M Goodsell (N S W )											
1025	M Goodsell, J P McDevitt (N S W )											
1925	M Goodsell 3 P Hannan (N S W )											
1985	M Goodsell , J Paddon (N S W ),											
1926	M Goodsell , Tom Saul (N S.W )											
1927	M Goodsell H A Barry (Vunconver)											
29a8	Il A Barry M Goodsell (Vancouver)											
2930 May	E A Phelps beat H. A Burry (Thumes)											
2930 Oct	E A Phelis H A Barry (Thames)											
2930 0	- 21 16 2 16 16 16 16 22 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1											

# HENLEY REGATTA, 1981.

Grand Challenge Cup - London R.C. beat Thames R.C.

7m 33s Lades: Challenge Cup —Jesus (Cambs ) beat Shrewsbury

Ladins' Challeope Cup — Jesus (Cambs ) beat Shrewshury N. hool. 8m 7s
Thamset Challeope Cup — London R C beat Magdalene (Cambs ), 7m 43s
Vastors' Challeope Cup — Pembroke Coll (Cambs ) beat Third Trainty (Cambs ), 8m 43s
Sisseards' Challeope Cup — London R C beat Placenza R () (Italy), 8m 43s.
Wiffold Cup — Thames R, C beat Vesta R C gmin 12s
Silver Goldet — Christ Church (Oxford), beat Pembruke Coll. (Cambs ), 9m 57s.
Namond Neulls — H R. Pearce, Hamilton LB C (Camada), beat F Bradley, Pembroke Coll (Cambs ), 20m 38

OTHER AQUATIC EVENTS, 1931.

Wingfield Sculls —D Guye (London R C)
Doggett's Coat and Bodge,—T J Harding (Putney).

# PUNTING IN 1931.

Scooles —J. A. Urquintt beat A. Esson-Scott, Danides —T. L. Hewett and H. R. Higginson r Women — Miss M. Ellison beat Miss I, Pardoe Novices — A. E. Peters

#### TENNIS IN 1931.

Amateur Champsonship.—L. Lees Open Champsonship.—E. M. Baerlein. University Matches —First Strings, Cambridge (K. G. Gandar Dower): Second Strings, Cambridge (S. H. Bastow). Doubles Cambridge (Gindar-Dower and Instow).

M.C.C. Pruzes—(Gold) E. M. Baerlein, (Silver) Lord Aberdare Inter-Four ('Inb — Manchester (E. M. Imerlein) and In Lecal beat Philadelphia (Jay Gould and W. C. Wright)

Bathurst Cup -Great Britain beat America 3 2.

#### YACHTING.

THE AMERICA CUP

THE AMERICA CUIP
The first, America, yacht won on Angust 22, 2851, and
every race has been won since by the U.N.A.

Namarock I lost to Columbia, 2892; Shamrock II lost
to Columbia, 2902; Shamrock III. lost to Reliance, 2902;
Rhamrock IV. lost to Resolute, 2920. Shamrock V lost
to Enterprise, 2920

Dorade, O. J. Stephens (New York), won in 25 days,
from Newport (Rhode Island) to Pivmonth
King Cuput Cuers—(2921) Rhomrock V (Sir T. Lipton)
Pustuat Cup Conces—(2921) Dorade (U.N.A.)

# OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE,

Principal Events and Winners.

Frincipal Events and Winners.
The first Cricket Match between Oxford and Cambridge was on June 4, 1287, on Lord's Ground, the result was unfinished Annual contests started in 1282. In Rowing, Oxford and Cambridge met in 1282 at Henley (Hambledon Lock to Henley Bridge, 24 miles) and Oxford won easily in 14 min. 25 sec The next match was in 125 from Westminster to Putney, and Cambridge won in 5 min. 1 but for several years Henley Regulta was the match. The first regularly annual race on The Athletic Shorts were instituted in 1284, and the first meeting was on Christ Church Cricket Ground since 1285, London has always been the ground.

	First Year.	Ox. won.	Cam won.	Dwn	W1178. 1930-1	Ву
Cricket	1807	37	44	12	Ox	8 wickets
Roat Race	zano	40	49 33 43 #8	1 1	Cam	at lengths
Rackets	1855	37	33	_	Ox	m ches to o
Tennis	1859 1860	80	43	5		3 m'ches to o
Billiards .	1860	33		-	Cam	3 m chesto o
Shooting-		_		l		3
Chancellor .	1862	24	41	-	Cam	1077-1071
Humohrey	286a	-	26	-	Cam	830-8x3
Athl Sports	z864	29 25 24	38	6	Cam	8 events to 3
Chess	1873	-34	=5	6	Dwn	34 m'ches to 34
Football -	/3	_			D W !!	35 m cues to 35
	1873-4	=3	-	8	Dwn.	z goal to z
	1873-4	=3	20	20		3 points to 3
Golf	x878	23			Ox.	8 m ches to 5
Pole	1879	31	23	3	Ox	9 gonls to 9
CrossCountry	10/4	20	26			d Maurin 10 o
				20	Ox,	a6 points to a9
Lawn Tennu		13	=3		Cam	14 m ches to a
Hockey	1890	¥5	17	4	0x	3 gouls to a
Swimming	z8gs		26	2	0.4	18 points to 13
_Water Polo	zBgz	22	18	7	Cam	3 goals to a
Boxing	zB97	8	16	4	Cam	4 m'ches to 3
Fencing .	x897	24	13	3	('am	a eventa to o
Fencing Epée	1913	8	9	_	()x	zz def ta to zz
Lacrosse	1903	<b>z6</b>	7	2	Ox	zo guals to 3

### Winners of Other Events.

Badminton-Cambridge, 12-3. Squash Racket-Cambridge, 5-0. Le Ho ker -Oxford, 9 a points to 96 8. Winter Sparts-Oxford, 97 a points to 96 8. Jin ptsu Cambridge, 5-2. Atthetic Relays-Cambridge, 3 s. Eton Fives-Cambridge, 355 f6, Eton Fives-Cambridge, 356

# WINTER SPORTS, 1931.

World's Hobsteyh Championship—Germani Bretish St. Remain Championship—R Bashell. Bretish St. Jamping Championship—C. Wyatt Roberts of Kaudubar—P Lamn Figure Skating (Houghton Cap)—D Sanders Create Ran (Carzoa Cap)—J S (Ocats

# ICE HOCKEY.

Oxford and Cambridge—()xford 5-x, 8t Moritz.
World Championship (Final)—Canada, 9 pts., x, U S.A.,
8 pts., x; Austria, 4 pts., 3.

World Speed Championship—C. Thunberg (Finland), Helsingfors. World & Figure Championship-Karl Schafer (Austria),

World's Figure Championship—Mari Schafer (Austria), Victua
World's Ludies Championship—Mile. Sonja Henie (Norway), Berlin.
World's Putra Championship—L. Szollas and Fr Rotter
Rogland Figure Championship (Englind Style)—E. A.
Johnstone; International Style (Men.)—J. F. Page.
(Ladles)—Miss. M. B. Lay; (Patri)—J. F. Page and
Miss. E. Muckett.

# ROLLER SKATING.

Champumahups — i-mile, J Weatherburn zm. 34a; z mile, H Wilkinson, 3m 198; 5miles, J. Weatherburn, 17m. 3 18.

# CHRIING

Scotland beat England, 385 shots to 242,

#### NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Bisley Camp, Brookwood, Surrey. Secretary and Executive Officer, Major C. E. Etches, O.B.E.

THE KING'S PRIZE.

Open only to British Subjects who are past or present members of H.M. Forces, or the Forces of any British Protected State. .

STAGES:-

First Stage, N.R.A. Bronze Medal and N.R.A. Bronze Badge. (Qualifying) (7 shots at 200, 300 and 600 yards.)

Second Stage, N.R.A. Silver Medal and N.R.A. Silver Badge. (Open only to the Three Hundred competitors who have taken the highest places in the First Stage.)

Third Stage, The King's Prize of £250, N.R.A. Gold Medal and N.R.A. Gold Badge. (Open only to the One Hundred competitors who have taken the highest places in the Second Stage.)

# WINNERS OF THE KING'S PRINK.

The present conditions are 10 shots at 300, 500 and 600 yards, and 15 shots at 900 and 1,000 yards. Highest possible score (since 1925) 300

## Third Stage from 1885.

# ELCHO CHALLENGE SHIELD.

The Elcho Challenge Shield was instituted in x86s. It is open to one team of 8 from England, Scotland and Ireland respectively.  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 = x_4 =$ 

# WINNERS SINCE 1862.

Year Country Mks Year Country Mks Year Country	341
	MKs,
1862 England 890 1885 England 1,574 1908 Match declare	
1863 ,, 1,08s 1886 Ireland 1,471 1909 England	2,717
1864 Scotland 1,570 1910 ,,	
1865 England 1,053 1888 Ireland 1,652 1911 ,,	I,644
1866 Scotland 1,170 1889 ,, 1,689 1912 ,,	· ···· 1,687
x867 England 1,097   1890 ,, 1,046 1913 Scotland	1,733
1868 ,, 1,666 1891 England 1,670 1914 ,,	
1869 Scotland 1,149 1892 Scotland 1,696 1915-1918 No Mate	ch —
1870 England 1,166 1893 England 1,688 1919 England	
1871 ,, 1,504 1894 Scotland 1,527 1930 Scotland	
1872 ,, 1,183   1895 England 1,503   1921 ,,	
1873 Ireland 1,195   1896 ,, 1,659 1922 England	· · · · I,632
x874 Scotland 1,437   1897 ,, 1,603   1983 ,,	
. 1875   Ireland 1,505   1898   , 1,595   1924   Scotland	1,607
1876 England 1,463 1899 ,, 1,577 1925 England	· · · I,706
1877 Ireland 1,568 1900 Ireland 1,537 1986 ,,	I 684
1876 ,, 1,610 rgor England 1,600 rgsy Scotland	т,боб
1879 Scotland 1,505 1302 ,, 1.587 1328 ,,	
1880 Ireland 1,538 1903 Ireland 1,553 1929 England	
1881 England 1,542 1904 England 1,570 1930 Scotland	т,боо
188s , 1,536 zood Scotland 1,607 1931 Scotland	1,66g
1383 Ireland 1,600 1906 England 1,658	-,009
2884 Ireland 1,583 1907 Ireland 1,634	

# 526 Close Times for Game—Seasonable and Unseasonable Fish.

# CLOSE TIMES FOR GAME.

IN each case the dates are inclusive :-

Black Game-Dec. 11 to Aug. 19 (Aug. 31 in Somerset, Devon, and New Forest).

*Grouse-Dec. zz (Dec zo, Scotland) to Aug zz.

*Partridge—Feb. 2 to Aug. 31. *Pheasant—Feb. 2 to Sept. 30.

*Ptarmigan-(Scotland only) Dec. zz to Aug. zz.

It is also unlawful (in England and Wales) to kill the game marked * on a Sunday or Christmas Day.

In England and Wales, hares, rabbits, wood-cock, snipe, quail, landrad, and heath or moor game (and the eggs of swan, wild duck, teal, and widgeon) are protected under the Game Laws, though no close-time is fixed for them by those is, under the Wild Birds Protection Acts, 1880 to 1908, from March 2 to July 31 both inclusive. Otherwise this close-time applies to all wild birds throughout Great Britain.

#### HUNTING AND GROUND GAME.

There is no statutory close-time for foxhunting or rabbit-shooting, nor for deer or hares, but by an Act passed in 1892 the sale of hares or leverets in Great Britain is prohibited from March z to July 3z inclusive under a penalty of a pound. The first Monday in November is the recognised date for the opening of the fox-hunting season, which continues till the following April. Otter hunting lasts from and April to mid-September. The period for laws In Scotland the same remarks apply to deer-hunting of statking varies from about August deer and hares, to the first four birds, and to rate obtober refor stags, and four howember rewild duck. The close-time for all these birds to the end of March for hinds. deer-hunting or stalking varies from about August

# SEASONABLE AND UNSEASONABLE FISH.

different kinds of edible fish mostly in use are "in season" and "out of season"

THE following table shows the periods when the ifferent kinds of edible fish mostly in use are in season " and "out of scason" The letter p signifies that the fish are then " close-time" as fixed by statute.

			-	_			-			_							-			_		-			
NAME OF FISH	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	Ė	Aug	Sept	ğ	100	Dec	NAME OF FIRE.	25	Feb.	Mar	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	)et	Nor	Dec
Barbel	p	-	c	c	C	c	-	-	æ	,,	"		Lobster	x		x	"	7	70	p	v	p	9	"	x
Bass	-	<b> </b> -	-	"	p	p	p	p	26	ľ-	-	-	Mackerel	x	æ	æ	n	0	v	'n	'n	x	$\mathbf{x}$	x	æ
Bream	p	p	C	Ĉ	C	c	-	x	p	p	n	2)	Mullet (red)	.   -	-	æ	x	7)	1)	'n	2)	p	x	x	_
,, (sea)	7	x	æ			p	p	p	'n	'n	p	p	,, (grey)	9,	p	æ	x	x	x	",	'n	ע	n	D	. 20
Brill			p	Œ			æ	æ	P	P	111		Mussel	. v	1	v	æ	I I	-	-	1	v	'n	v	'n
Carp	2)	p		C					x		P	1	Oyster (b)	٠(و).	P	p	p	c	C	c	æ	p	6	p	b
Catrish			p	p	9)		p			x	æ	æ	Perch	. P	!-	i	c	L	c	~	_	x	ľχ	1,	1
Char		2	x	x	D	Įν	p	P	P	1	1		Periwinkle	.[p	p	p	p	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	x	20	'n	מ
Chub	x	x	í	ι					1	p	¦x		Pike	$\cdot \mid p$	1			C	c	x	x	x	'n	D	1,
Coal fish or Saithe		p	1	x		æ				ľ	1	P	Pilchard			-	۱-	-	p	р	9)	71	p	æ	x
Cockle	æ	x		x		12		p			P	1 x	Platee	1)	12	p	'n	x.		1	x	x	n	20	20
Çod			x			12		x		ľ	P	1)	Pollack	p	P	x	x	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	p	v	'n	1
Conger	x	x	p	р	p	þ	p	p					Prawn	.12	'p	2	p	p	p	2,	9,	p	'n	-	1-
Crab								P				$\dot{x}$	-saumon & Se	3.	1	ı					1	1	1	1	
Crayfish (a)					P			ľ		x	12	a	Trout (d)	. c	p	9	n	7	p	n	2	c	c	c	c
Dab	2,		p					æ	a	x	ļ.	æ	Shad Shrimp (e)	. -	-	-	p	p	x	æ	-	-	- 1	-	-
Dace		p	ı	С		c		x	I	£	1	19	ⁱ ,Shramp (e)	p	12	2	p	p	"	n	n	p	"	9	20
Dory	p	p	P	£	x					1 x		12	'SKate	. 'p	11	1 2)	n	x i	x	x	x	P	7,	'n	'n
Ed	p	p	P	p		æ	x	P	P	p	P	P	Smelt or Sparling	z' p	121	7)	p	x	-	-:	x	p	20	7)	n
Flounder	x	p	p			l !	Ð	n	1 23	10	ì or.	æ	i'Sole	p	p	x	x.	x	"	p	"	71	p	'n	p
Grayling				۲	C	c,	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	P	ľ	P	p	Sprat	P	P	p	-	-1	-	x	æ	x	x	x	'n
Gudgeon	$\boldsymbol{x}$			C	C	C		-	12	P	P	p	Sturgeon	p	p	p	-	-1	x	x	z	p	p	p	'n
Gurnard (red)		p	p	p	æ		x	x	p	p	p	p	Tench	. P	2	c		C	c	-	-	x	p	p	p
_ ,, (grey)	р	p			x		$\boldsymbol{x}$					p	Thornback	. p	p	x	x		x	x !	x	x	P	p	n
Haddock	1)	p	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$		p		p	p	p	p	P	Torsk or Tusk	P	P	x			$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	x	$\boldsymbol{p}$	1	p	'n
Hake	p	x	x	x			p				P	p	Trout	. c	x	z	2	p	p	p	p	x	c	c	Ĉ
Halibut	p	p	1	P	$\boldsymbol{x}$	$\boldsymbol{x}$	P	p	p	P	p	p	Turbot	P		p	p		x	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	p	p	p
Herring	x	x	x	$\boldsymbol{x}$	$\boldsymbol{x}$		1	1	p	p	p	p	Whelk	P	p	р	p	p	p	p	p	p		p	p
Lampern				c;	C	C	-	-	x	P	p		Whitebait		x	p	p	p	p	p	p	x	-1	-	-
Lamprey			x	P :	1)	p	2,	-	-	-	-	-	Whiting	P	P	p	2	x	x	x	x	p	p	p	p
Ling	p	P	p	p	p	$\boldsymbol{x}$	x	p	p	р	p	p	Wrasse		-	-	-	p	p	p	x	z	-1	۱-	-

(a) This is for sea craytish (or crawfish). River crayfish can be obtained in the summer and It is illegal to take fresh-water crayfish from March to June.

(b) Foreign oysters can be sold in the close

(d) In the close season, salmon from the Netherlands, and also from certain British rivers where net fishing is permitted later in the year than usual, are largely sold.

(e) For the first six months the bulk of our

season, and are to be had almost all through the London supply of shrimps comes from the Nether-year, even though they have been laid down in lauds, but Dutch shrimps are far inferior to the English beds for temporary storage.

#### AVIATION.

KING'S CUP WINNERS

KING'S CUP WINNERS

1983—Capt. F. L. Barnard. Speed, 126 m.p. h.
1993—A. J. Cobham. Speed, 126 m.p. h.
1993—A. J. Cobham. Speed, 266 m.p. h.
1995—Lipt. F. L. Barnard. Speed, 267 m.p.h.
1995—H. S. Broad. Speed, 94 m.p. h.
1997—W. L. Hope. Speed, 394 m.p. h.
1998—W. L. Hope. Speed, 394 m.p. h.
1998—Figure time. Flying Officer S. Bummers, 149 m.p. h.
1999—Flying Officer D. F. W. Atcherley. Speed, 150 3.
1999—Flying Officer D. F. W. Atcherley. Speed, 150 3. Speed, 150 3

Fustest time, D. F. W. Atcherley
2930—Miss Vinifred Brown Npeed, 2027 m. p. h.
2931—Flying, Officer E. C. T. Edwards Epreed, 2278 p. p. h.
2931—Flying, Officer E. C. T. Edwards Epreed, 2278

n p h
Fastest time, Lieut. G Rodd, R N. 227 5 m p h

SCHNEIDER TROPHY WINNERS.

1913—1575 m p h , Prevost (France) At Monaco 1914—80 m p h Howard Pixton (Britain) Monaco 1926—159 m p h , Imigl Bologna (Italy) Venuce 1921—113 m p.h , Giovanni Briganti (Italy) Venuce 1921—123 m p h , Lieut T Rittenhouse (USN) COWAL

1985-432'57 m p.h , Lieut. Doolittle (USA). Bulti rga6—246 496 mph, Major de Bernardi (Italy) Hampton Roads 1927-28: 656 m p h , Flight Lieut Webster (Britain) Venice

1929—328 63 m p h , Flying Officer Waghorn (Britain) Southampton 1930-1931-No race

# SCHNEIDER RECORDS

AVIATION RECORDS AND PERFORMANCES BEFORE THE WAR

2890 - 54 vards, Clement Ader (France) Machine first leave the ground 1897 - 32 yards, Clement Ader (France) First Europe flight

1905 - 12 miles 212 vanis, Orville Wright (U.S.A.) Long distance flight Same season Wright beat twenty miles Annie season Wright Deat twonly innes 1905; miles). Dan toin 1906 to infles gas arris, L Delagrange (France) First 1907 to infles gas arris, Wilbur Wright (USA) Beat 1907 two lings;

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AFTER 2918.

2929-Sir John Alcock and Sir J W Brown Newfoundland to leeland, June 24.

2929-5, 250 miles, R 34. Afrahip (Communder Major G. R Soot). Britain to New York and back, July 2-6.

2929-21, 293 miles, Sir Ress Famith and bir Keith Smith England to Australia, Nov 22-Dec.

2029-Sir Alan Cobium. England: to Cape Town and 2025-Sir Alan Cobium.

2936—Sir Alau Cohham England to Australia and back 2938—Hunefeld and Fitzmaurice First east to west flight, Ireland to Labrador, 26 hours, April 2939—First British Air Mails, London to Karachi,

flight, Ireland to Lauxanage of the Mails, London to marmon, 1899—First British Air Mails, London to marmon, 1899—Squad Ldr A. G. Jones-Williams and Flight Lieut, N. H., Jenkun (R. A. F.). England to India without a stop, in 50 hours 25 minutes, April 24-25 tago—Wiss Amy Johnson First woman's solo flight, Ragland to Australas, May 6 24, 1839—Coster and Bellante First flight Paris to New Ork, 2,00 miles, in 37 hours, Soptember 2523—Bossoutrot and Rossi (France). Ninety hours in the air (over 6,500 miles), d'Istres, June 18-21.

PRINCIPAL RACING FIXTURES FOR 1989.

PRINCIPAL RACING FIXTURES FOR 1988,
Victory Neeplechuse (Munchester, a miles)—Jan 1.
Troptons Neeplechuse (Imagelia, 3 miles)—Peb 50
National Trial Steeplechuse (Imagelia, 3 miles)—Peb 60
National Trial Steeplechuse (Catenada, 4 miles)—March 18
National Trial Steeplechuse (Catenada, 4 miles)—March 18
National Hunt Steeplechuse (Catenada, 4 miles)—March 18
Itarian (Imagelia)—March 18
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Winter Olympic Gamen, Lake Placed, NY - Feb. 4.13. International Skating Championships, Montreal, Winter Olympic (James, Luke Placed, NY - Felinteractional, Skating Championships, Mo. Uninder Felings 50 50
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Wembley—Empland v. Sootland—April 16.

F. A. Anniteur Cop. Final—April 16.

F. A. Cap. Final—April 22.

Lords—Oxford v. Cambridge July 4.6

Alternation (Supplementally) 19.

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Al

CHANNEL SWIMMING.

Capt Matthew Webb swam from lower to Calais
(Aug 44-55, 1875) in 32 hours 45 min 8 Tiraboschi was
the next, best Webb's record, swimming 56 hours 33 min
from 6 alais to lower (Aug 22, 2933). Miss 6; feldele
(I' NA 1, 45 hours 34 min (Aug 6, 2956), and 6; Michel
Fram c, holds the record, 21 hours 5 mins,) (bept, 20, 2936)

satisfies on Getsper to Lower (Aug 22). both from Grisnez to Dover.

PROGRESS IN MOTORLESS FLIGHT. It generally takes two or three years for any new sport to settle down into some semblance of new sport to settle down into some seminiance or properly supervised orderliness. There is a spate of enthusiasm at the outset, which may continue as a flood, or degenerate into a mere trickle according to the success with which the new sport overcomes its initial difficulties, and auryives its various ordeals. Thus has been the case with gliding, which, although not a new sport, has recently received a new lease of life, particularly in x930 when, following various demonstrations by German experts, it again attracted attention in Great Britain. "Booms" are often to be mistrusted, and sometimes the mere fact that hundreds of thousands of people find a new common enthusiasm is sufficient eventually to kill it, but it can be said quite safely that the gliding movement has now become firmly established in Great Britain. Although during the past twelve months the augle of approach has been considerably changed there is little doubt that the enthusiasm has by no means waned, and in some respects considerably increased. This is particularly so with regard to the outlook of the average Gliding Tub When the spectacular feats of Heir Kionfeld and other Gorman pilots first began to create a and other corman phots first began to create a desire for emulation amongst young air-minded people in this country, many thousands of young enthusiasts suddenly discovered that they wanted to glide, and they focked to join the numerous gliding clubs which came rapidly into existence. When they had succeeded in keeping a primary type glider in the air for a fraction of a second they were very pleased with themselves, but too large a proportion of them failed to follow up their success and to qualify for the certificates which can be obtained when advanced training has been completed. It is on this latter aspect of gliding instruction that the clubs have now been concentrating attention This is all to the good, for it is obvious that in order to keep pace with gliding developments in other countries, particularly on the competitive side, Britain must have an ample supply of fully qualified glider pilots. It must be explained that the popularly accepted term 'gliding" does not give a complete idea of the possibilities of motoless flight. Its really advanced form, and undoubtedly its most important ant aspect, is what is known as sailplaning There are three outstanding classes of motorless aircraft: (1) The Primary Glider; (2) The Secondary; and (3) the Sailplane. The two former types are mostly used for instructional purposes, whilst the third type is used for cross-country work, by pilots who have obtained their "C" work, by phots who have obtained their "C" certificate. This e certificates, "A." "B" and "C," are obtainable after tests have been successfully passed under regulations laid down successfully passed under regulations laid down by the Royal Aero Club, and during the past year a greatly increased number of these confificates have been obtained by gliding pupils in Great Biltam. There has been a particularly notable increase in the number of "C" class pilots, whereas at the end of last year they represented a very small number. The Gliding Clubs, too, have now settled down on sound lines, and many new ones have come into existence. The movement in Great Britain is controlled by the British Gliding Association. into existence. The movement in Great Britain is controlled by the British Gliding Association, of which Lieut. Col. Shelmerdine, the new Director of Civil Aviation, is the President. In this office Lieut. Col. Shelmerdine succeeded the

late Sir Sefton Brancker, who was a staunch friend to British gliding, and did much to help the movement. The past year has been one of much experimental effort, and good progress has been made in this direction. The technical side of gliding has received more attention from the Gliding Clubs, many of which now possess a valuable nucleus of members who have acquired valuable knowledge. Glider design has naturally progressed, and some of the new types are a great inprovement in performance on those which preceded them Notable directions in which useful advances have been made are in connection with towed flight and power launching, in connection with both of which much valuable new data has been discovered. Mr. Lowe-Wylde, one of the pioneers of towed flight in England, has been particularly active in experimental work. Many clubs are now training pupils in towed flight, in which a suitable motor car is used to launch the glider into the air, and to keep it aloft. The driver of the car plays a very important part in these operations, and must be specially skilled in the work. Pupils are taught by easy stages. the instructor using a car with dual control. so that he can easily correct any mistake made by either the driver of the car or the pupil in the glider. Power launching is covered by special regulations issued by the British Gliding Association, and has been experimented with in a number of clubs. An interesting gliding event during the year was the crossing of the Channel by Mr. Lissant Beardmore, and Herr Kronfeld, both of whom, however, were towed by aero-planes to a sufficient altitude before being released. The International Commission for the Study of Motorless Flight held a meeting in England towards the end of the year, and the delegates from several countries subsequently saw the first International Gliding competitions take place on the downs near Brighton. These competitions attracted many thousands of spectators Foreign competitors were present, and some of the English competitors flew gliders of foreign design. The Distance Flight for the de Haviland Cup was won by Mr. G. M. Buxton, of the London Gliding Club, on a "Professor" glider, with a flight of 500 yards. Mr. Buxton was also successful in the cross-country fight for the Wakefield Trophy, with a distance of three miles. Soon after this event started a heavy fog descended on the countryside and Mr. Buxton and two other competitors were lost in it for some time. They all succeeded in lauding safely and thus proved the safety of gliding even under such unfavourable weather conditions A large number of other interesting events, designed to test the skill of the many pilots who had entered, also took place, including spot-landing competi-tions, figure of eight contests, rig and fly contests, and a club aggregate event. The wind was too light on both days for a really successful was too light on noth usys for a tenty second meeting. A number of new sallplanes were demonstrated at this meeting and showed considerable advance in design. Unfortunately the siderable advance in design. Unfortunately the meteorological conditions did not allow of their performance being fully appreciated, but there is little doubt that by the time the next international contests take place some excellent British sailplanes will be available. The clubs are now taking up sailplaning seriously and some of them are building their own machines. Progress on the technical side during the year is regarded as satisfac-tory, but it is certain that the possibilities of

motorless flight have not yet been fully probed. Future progress lies with the enthusiastic experimenters rather than with those who are simply attracted by the fascination of the sport itself, and the numbers of the former are now sufficient ly large to ensure that experiments on the right lines will go on. Many suggestions have been made which would divert motorless flight from its orthodox course of development. The glider, it is thought by some, might become "the motorcycle of the air" if fitted with a light engine, but the "Rocket plane" experiments in Germany motive possibilities of a novel kind which might be applied to the glider. The pioneer-experts, however, are seemingly satisfied with the lines on which they are now working. Some critics make much of the point that gliding has no commercial application, but it would seem to be early to argue too rigidly on this aspect of it. At the same time it is equally premature to paint an extravagant picture of the glider being used for purposes which are now fulfilled by other media of passenger transport. At the moment gliding is a sport with a well-developed technical bias and as such it is not surplising that it makes so strong an appeal. There is no other sport quite like it. Its thrills have no pronounced element of danger, the percentage of accidents being very low. This fact is as much a tribute to the common-sense lines on which the movement is common-sense lines on which the inovement is organised as a proof of the absence of serious risk. The growing international interest in gliding was emphasised by the fact that i epresentatives of ten nations attended the British meeting of the International Commission. The aim of the Commission was lucidly explained by Lord Amulree, the Secretary of State for Air in the then Government, when he said that its object was to secure international co-operation in scientific, technical, seconautical and administrative questions concerning motorless flight, and the exchange of ideas for initial benefit which would result should help to solve the large number of hitherto unsolved problems

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Gliding, considers Lord Amulree, has a very definite contribution to make to the general progress of aviation and to certain branches of technical research, and should do a great deal to popularise flying. One point which cannot be too strongly emphasised in favour of a continued interest in gliding is its value in the training of air pilots. It has been proved that a course of motorless flying reduces the time needed to enable a pilot efficiently to control power-driven aircraft. There is no reason why gliding should not provide "flying for the million." Pupils of ordinary intelligence quickly make progress, and once they gain confidence are generally keen to take their "A" certificate. The great need in this country at the moment is the provision of some gliding schools on the lines of the famous German school at the Wasserkuppe, at which, by-the-way, many British pilots have been trained. The training resources of most ordinary Gliding (lubs are obviously limited, and the provision of even one central school of this kind would no doubt be welcomed by gliding enthusiasts in Great Britam. So far, gliding has not made a very pronounced feminine appeal. But there are a number of certificated women priots in Britam. Most of the clubs, however, have not neglected the social side, which, by-theway, has a distinct publicity value, and many of them have ladies' committees to take charge of this aspect of their activities The two-seater glider has made its appearance, and it is not unimportant to mention as an indication of the progress which has been made that at least one progress which has been made that at least one glider of this type has provided hundreds of rived "joy" flights for the general public at gliding demonstrations. A glider "flying-boat" has also been successfully landed by a speed-boat. A notable flight in 1931 was that from Hanworth to Chatham and back on thermal currents by Herr Kronfeld. The 12th aumual competitions at the Wasserkinppo attracted much attention, and the performances of many young German pilots were proof of stiking progress in the science of motol-leafight. gress in the science of motorless flight.

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# AIR LICENCES AND CERTIFICATES. (United Kingdom.)

Comparative figures showing the number of licences and certificates issued in 1925, 1928, 1920 and 1930 :--

		New Li	cness or Certi	ficites						
	Issued,									
	1927	1928 -	1989. 	1930	Current on 31st Dec , 1930					
Pilots, Class "A"	223	414	613	954	1,708					
	21	69	107	110	858					
Navigators	12	14	20	33	56					
Anship Riggers	•••		16	33	5					
Airship Engineers	•••		13	33 33	11					
round Engineers	92	114	227	392	846					
lerodromes	175	206	380	<b>288</b>	121					
Heavier-than-air Craft	204	294	46x	6og	846					
Lighter-than-air Craft	1	3			10					
Heavier-than-air Craft	193	463	6og	527	806*					
Lighter-than-air Craft	- 75	1	i	3-7	1					

[.] This figure includes xor Certificates of Airworthmess for aircraft known to have been sold abload.

# RACING FIXTURES, 1982.

N.H. Rules (Steeplechases) in Italics.

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az, 2a. York

a3, a4. Newbury.

23, a4. Lanark

26, 27. Hamilton Park

26, 27. Hamilton Park

26. Wyr

27. Southwell

27. 30. Newmarket

28. a9. Homouth

28. a9. Perth Hunt

30. Oct z Thirsk
                                                                                                                          6.7 Lingfield
6.7 Monmonth
6. Rothbury
6. Tarpoley,
7. Bansworth
7 Bansworth
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 zo, zz. Gatwick
zo, zz. Chepstow.
zz. Pontefract
ze Windsor
ze Windsor
                                JANUARY.
   JANUARY.
1. 2. Marchaster.
4. 5. Lescenter.
6. 7 Tenby
8. 9. Gatered.
8. 9. Haydook Park.
12. 14. Hurst Park.
13. 14. Hurst Park.
14. 79. Derby.
50. 51. Nesbury
51. 62. Windsor.
57. 63. Gatered.
57. 68. Gatered.
57. 68. Gatered.
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57. 69. Gatered.
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57. 69. Gatered.
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7. Brangay
8. 9. Newbury.
8. 9. Ayr.
8. 9. Ayr.
8. 9. Add-rahof (Military)
11. 12. Ultozeter
12. Chelumford
13. Chelumford
24. 25. Wolverhampton
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13, 14. Cheltenham.
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28-30, July 2 Newmurket
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13. 36 perfeld
15. 16 Derby
25. 16. Begode (J (* & N H))
18. 26. Begode (J (* & N H))
18. 20. Ejssum
18. 20. Edinburgh
18. Golavell
18. Gouvell
20. 27. Poutefinet
21. 22. Samioon Park
21. 22. Samioon Park
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     29, 30. Kempton Park
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5, 7 Bibura (Sahahuny).
6, 7. Ponteria t
8, 9. Lingfield Park.
8, 9 Chopatow
9-12 Kidnburgh
12 14. Newmarket.
  FEBRUARY.

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3, 4 Sindown Park

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8, Phismpton

8, 9, Nottruphen

12, 13, Hurat Park

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14, 13, Huyater

15, 6 Chemaford

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19 so Galveck

24, 25, Lingfeld

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9-12 Edithburgh
12 14. Newmarket.
13, 14 Bath
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15, 29 Loicester.
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8 Kempton Park
10. Uttoxeter
11-14. Newmarket
13. 13. Hecham
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98, 93
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Stockton
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23 Saudann Park
25 Southwell
25, 26 Pontwell Park
26 29 Newmarket
27, 28 Hexham
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20, 21 Honcaster
21, 22 Newbury
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23 Towester
24, 25 Activalum.
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26. 27 Aldershot
26. 27. Manchester
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Bridgion th
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                20. Shirley
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2, 3. Pershare
2 Market Rasen
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25-26 Newmarket.
26, 27 Tannion
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z, z. Birmingham.
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3.5 Chester
3.4 United Hunt, Kelso
4.5 Folkestone
6.7 Kempton Park,
6.7 Ripon
6 Wenlock
- Stratfard on Tran
                            Hurst Park
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1. a. Ripon.
2. a. Reviton Abbol.
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5. 6. Lower.
5. 6. Thirsk.
6. 9. Potkestone.
8. 9. Nottingham.
10. 11. Haydock Park.
12. 12. Haydock Park.
12. 13. Windsor.
13. 15. Redeax.
14. 16. Bath
17. 18. Bath
17. 18. Bath
17. 20. Pontefrat
18. 20. Pontefrat
23. 25. Vork
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I. 2. Newton Abbot.
           4, 5. Catterick
7 Plumpton
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26, 27 Wetherby.
28, 29 Manchester
29 Alexandra Park
32, Nov z Birmingham
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Chelmaford
  10. Sandown Park
11, 12. Grand Melitary
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Sedgefield.
Wye
Utluxeter
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                                   (Sandown Park).
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2, 3. Hawthorn Hill
4, 5. Thirsk
5. Hurst Park
7, 8 Lincoln
   z4. Colwell Park
z4, z5. Hawthorn Hil
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     [Flat Race Season opens ]
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14 Nordon (blot),
14 Nordon (blot),
15 Harth Park
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15 Handlington,
16 Winecusion
16 Carlmont
16 2 Manchester,
18 21 Manchester,
18, 19 Varmonth,
20, 21 Lingfield
21 Handliton Park
23 Coffeed!
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za za Lincoln
za za Lincoln
za, za Nottingham
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7. 8 Wolverhampin
9. 12 Liverpool of (2 \ 11
9. 12 Liverpool of (2 \ 11
12, 12 Wilson
14, 15 Leit ester
16. 16 Perby
15, 17, Chellenham
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18, 19, Chepton
19, Lingfield Park
21–32, Warwick
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25, 26 Hurst Park
25, 27 Hungham
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Melton Hunt
                        , Uttoxeter,
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Chapaton
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Gatwick
Hamilton Park
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30, 31. Sept. 1 Derby
32. Sept. 2 Brighton
31. Sept. 2 Plymouth
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26. Nonthwell
28. Kempton Park
29. Birmingham
ast. Kempton Park
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st. ap. Nowcastle.
st. ap. Cordig
st. Market Busen
st. Market Busen
st. ap. Towerster
st. ap. Wetherby
st. Wincutson.
st. Bruggs
st. Hingligh
st. Hereford Hunt
st. Huntungdon
st. ap. Toruny
st. West. Norfolk Hunt
st. Lineater
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3. Selfepfield
5 Folkestons.
5. Shirley.
6 9 boncaster
7, 8 Totnes
20 Alexandra Park
10 Riport
8, 13. Warvick
27 Warvick
27 Folkes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DECEMBER.
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2. 3. Newbury
2. 4. Haydock Park.
5. 6. Levesster.
7. 8. Worcenter,
7. 8. Worcenter,
9. 10. Lingheld Park,
10. Gartisde
12. Plangheld Park,
12. Nottinghem.
14. 75. Window
15. 17. Nandown Park,
16. 17. Nandown Park,
16. 17. Noverhampton.
16. 17. Sengefeld.
16. 17. Sengefeld.
16. 19. Colebanam
19. 31. Newbury.
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York
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Salisbury,
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Wındsor
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12 Fontwell Park
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Catterick
  30. 31.
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14, 15 Yarmouth
14 16. Western (Ayr)
14. Newton Abbat
16, 17 Windsor
17. Bogside (Irvine)
19, 20 Leicester
19, 20 Edinburgh
                                                                                                               31, June 1 3. Epsom.
                          Royal Artillery (San
down Park).
                                                                                                                                                     JUNE.
                                                                                                                   4 Kempton Park
4 Bogside (Irvine)
6, 7 Lewes
6, 7 Binmingham.
8, 9. New bury
8, 9. Beverley
                                      APRIL.
                       Alexandra Park
Stratford-on Avon
Warwick
        4. 5. Warwick
5. 6 Household
                                Tourchold Brigade
(Hawthorn Hill)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ar as Gatwick
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# The British Empire.

AREA AND POPULATION.

Continental Distribution.	English Square Miles.	Estimated Population.
In Europe Iu Asia In Africa In North America In Central America In the West Indies In South America In Occania	121,512 1,824,550 4,652,000 3,893,020 8,600 12,300 97,800 3,300,000	48,000,000 333,000,000 50,000,000 9,000,000 50,000 1,730,000 314,000 8,000,000
Total	13,909,782	450,094,000

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION .- The British Empire occupies over one-quarter of the known surface of the globe, and its population exceeds one quarter of the estimated number of the human race. The total area is distributed human race. almost equally over the Northern and Southern Hemispheres, but more than two-thirds lie in the Kastern and less than one-third in the Western Hemisphere.

ETHNOLOGY.-The estimated white population of the Dominions in your was 60,000,000, mainly British and Hish, but pat by French, Dutch, and Spanish. The remaining 370,000,000 include 315,000,000 of the native races of India and Ceylon, 40,000,000 black races, 6,000,000 Arabs, 6,000,000 Malays, 1,000,000 Chinese, and 1,000,000 Polynesians, with various other elements, including 100,000 "Red Indians" in Canada.

RELIGIONS.—Of the total population over

RELEIONS.—Of the total population over 210,000,000 are Hindus, 100,000,000 Huhammadans, 80,000,000 Christiaus (67,000,000 Protestants, 12,000,000 Chololies), 12,000,000 Huhammadans, 12,000,000 Sikhs, Jains and Parsees, 750,000 Jews, and the remainder Polytheists and Idol worshippers.

CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT. - There is no fundamental law upon which the Constitution of the British Empire rests, but there are three main principles underlying its administration, main plinciples underlying its administration, viz, self-government, self-support, and self-defence. The first of these principles has been applied for many years, and is fully developed in the case of Canada; Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, the Uniqu of South Africa, and the Irish Free State. The second principle is equally developed, almost every unit being financially self-supporting, and few requiring aid from the central Government. The third principle is of modern growth, and may be said to be the outcome of the Imperial Conference.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.-The origin of the Imperial Conference may be traced to the presence in London (in 1887) of the Prime Ministers of the various Dominious, at the celebrations of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria. Similar gatherings took place in London in 1897, 1902, 1907 and 1912, and in 1907 the title of "Colonial" Conference was obsaged to Imperial Conference. At the earlier meetings the Colonial Secretary presided, but with the change of title additional

with the sessions of the Imperial War Cabinet, was called the Imperial War Conference, and was held under the Chairmanship of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. In 1921, the Premiers' Conference, under the Presidency of the Prime Minister of Great Britain, discussed all matters of general interest to the Empire as a whole. The constitution of the Conference, which again met in 1923, 1926 and 1930, is as follows:—The Prime Ministers and other Ministers of the United Kingdom, Canada, Common-wealth of Australia, New Zealand, Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State, and New-Joundland, the Secretary of State for India and other representatives of India. The Secretariat of the Conference is provided by the Governments represented.

SKLF - GOVERNMENT. - (1) Great Britain. The Constitution recognises certain great principles, including the fair administration of justice, the prohibition of taxation without the consent of the people, and a limited monarchy, the power of the monarch being, in effect, wielded by a Ministry supported by a majority of the House of Commons, the members of which House are elected on a wide franchise, exorcised by electors of both sexes. The component parts of the British Government are the King; the Legislature (House of Lords and House of Commons); the Executive, appointed by the Sovereign and responsible to Parlianient; and the Judicature.

(a) The Indian Empire.—India is governed by the King as Emperor, acting on the advice of the Secretary of State for India, who is assisted by a Council whose members are appointed by the Secretary of State. The latter is responsible to, and represents the authority of. Parliament. Subject to the Secretary of State's direction, the supreme executive authority in India is the Governor-General and his Executive Council, with a legislature of two houses, the Council of State of 60 members (of whom not more than so are government officials), and the Legislative Assembly of 144 members (26 official and the remainder elected).

(3) Imperial Dominions.—All British Dominions are subject (except as regards taxation) to the legislation of the British Parliament, but no Act of Parliament affects a Dominion unless that importance was given to the assembly by the Dominion is specially mentioned. If the legis-assumption of the Presidency by the Prime | lature of a Dominion chacts a law which is Minister of Great Britain. In 1917 and 1918 repugnant to an Imperial law affecting the the Conference, which was held concurrently Dominion, it is to the extent to which it is

repugnant absolutely void. Dominion legislatures may be controlled by the refusal of the Governor's assent to any measure passed; by reservation of a measure for the consideration of the Crown, a measure for the consideration of the country assent; by a suspensory clause and the refusal of the Royal assent. Subject to such control the parliament of a selfgoverning Dominion exercises within its borders all the ordinary powers of a sovereign assembly. The Imperial Dominions may be divided into four classes, according to the way in which they

are governed—

(a) Those utumy Dominion Status. Where

"Dominion Status" is enjoyed the executive is
entrusted to political chiefs who are responsible, not merely or mainly to the Crown, but to the elected legislature of the Dominion. The Dominions thus governed are Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State and Northern Ireland. Malta, Southern Rhodesia and Northern Ern Rhodesia have "responsible government,"

luit certain powers are reserved.

(b) Where there is government by legislative assembly wholly or partly elected, and an executive council nominated by the Crown or the Governor representing the Crown. In this class may be placed the Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, British Guiana, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, and Mauritius.

(c) Where there is government by a Governor acting with an executive and a legislative council, the councils being nominated by the Crown or a Governor representing the Crown. Dominions so governed include Ceylon, Falkland Islands, Fill, Gambla, Gibraltar, Nigeria, St. Vincent, Sierra Leone, Straits Settlements, Tanganyika, Trinidad.

(d) Wherein both legislative and executive powers are vested in the Governor alone. In this class are Labuan and St. Helena, where power is also reserved to the Crown to legislate by Order in Council. In South Africa, Bechuaualand, Basutoland, and Zululand are governed in substantially the same way, but no power is reserved to the Crown.

(c) Protectorates The protectorates are countries which, as regards their foreign relations, are under the exclusive control of the Crown. The protectorates of the British Empire include Kenya, Nyasaland, Somaliland, Swaziland, Uganda.

(f) Spheres of Influence. A sphere of influence may be described as an area wherein other Powers undertake not to attempt to acquire influence or territory by treaty or annexation; such British spheres exist in the Persian Gulf and in Arabia. In addition to the Spheres of Influence are

(g) Mandatory Spheres, where the responsibility for securing good government and a reasonable development of natural resources is confided to an already established government by man-date from the League of Nations. Such British spheres are parts of the former German Colonies in West Africa, and the former Turkish govern-ments of Palestine and Mesopotamia.

SELF-SUPPORT.—With but few exceptions the British Dominions are self-supporting, revenue being raised locally to meet the expenditure. Occasional grants are made by the Central Government to meet exceptional expenditure, or in aid of administration in the earlier stages of development. Certain capital expenses are sentatives of India and the self-governing Doalso undertaken from time to time by the Central minious. India and the Dominious have each a

Authority, e.g., the Nigerian purchase, the Uganda Railway, &c. No taxes are imposed on the subjects of a Dominion or Colony by the the subjects of a Dominion or Colony by the Central Government, as such subjects are not directly represented in the British House of Commons; this principle, "No taxation without representation," was the mainspring of the revolt in the North American Colonies at the close of the eighteenth century. Since that disastrons attempt to impose taxes without the consent of the taxpayers, the principle, which had for many years been accepted in Great Britain, has become an accepted maxim of British Overseas administration.

SELF-DEFENCE.—The Dominions, generally, provide for the defence of their immediate area, but the general strategical defence of the Empire is undertaken by the Central Government. Questions affecting general strategical defence are considered and determined by the Imperial Defence Committee, which co-ordinates the work of the sea, land and air forces. In the Great War of 1914-1918 the Dominions provided Armies or Contingents, which fought in every area and hore a full share of the sacrifices by which victory was achieved. The land and air forces of the Dominions are maintained at the expense of the Dominions concerned. The amounts provided for Naval Defence in the estimates of the under-mentioned parts of the estimates of the under-mentioned parts of the Empire for the year 1930-31 are as follows:—Great Britain £51,730,000; Canada \$3,600,000; Australia £1,756,531. New Zealand £675,480 (including £125,000 as a contribution towards the Naval Base at Singapore, and £100,000 interest and sinking fund on account of H.M.S. New Zealand); Union of South Africa £78,560. The proportion of expenditure on Naval Defence to the total Import and Export trade of these to the total Import and Export trade of these parts of the Empire is as follows: Great Britain 304 per cent.; Canada o 13 per cent.; Australia 1 o 6 per cent.; New Zealand o 17 per cent. Union of South Africa o 043 per cent. Per caput of population the expenditure is, Great Britain of population are expendences, reac britain fr as 7d.; Canada 36 cents; Australia 3s. 6d.; New Zealand 9s. rd.; Union of South Africa (European population only) rol/d. As regards Colonies not possessing responsible governments, contributions to Imperial Defence are paid to the War Office.

THE LEGISLATURE.—The Parliament of Great Britain is the supreme legislative authority of This Parliament has, with the the Empire. consent of the King-Emperor, delegated its legislative authority to other parliaments constituted by itself, while retaining a general supervision of Imperial affairs. The Secretaries of State for the Dominions and Colonies are Cabinet Ministers, their active participation in the government of the nations of the Empire decreasing with the measure of self-government accorded to each. Parliament also exercises a control

over Indian affairs through a Secretary of State, THE JUDICATURE—The Supreme Judicial Authority of the Empire is the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, before which appeals may be brought (in the form of a petition to the Crown) from Consular Courts and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, and from the Courts of India and every British Dominion. The Committee (see p. a46) consists of such members of the Prity Council as have held or are holding high judicial office, judicial system, with judges appointed by the Crown. The Supreme Judicial Authority for Crown. The Supreme Judicial Authority for Great Britain and Northern Ireland is the House of Lords.

EDUCATION .- Educational systems, on a more or less uniform plan, are developed throughout the Empire under the control of the respective governments. Universities (see pp. 328-28) and University Colleges have been established and degrees are conferred. Under the will of Cecil Rhodes scholarships were founded at Oxford, his old University, for students from the British Dominions and Colonies, the United States of America, and the German Empire. Rhodes Scholarships are awarded in each of the United States, in each State or Province of Canada, Australia and South Africa (where there are also scholarships for Rhodesia and for certain towns and schools in Cape Colony), in New Zealand, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Bermuda and Malta. They are of the annual value of £400, and are tenable at any College in Oxford. The normal number of Rhodes scholars in residence together is about 256, of whom 200 come from the British Empire and 56 from America. Secretary to the lithodes Trustees, The Marquess of Lothian, C.H., 27, Waterloo Place, London, S.W. 1. Oxford Country, British W. H. 1. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. Oxford H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. Oxford H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. Oxford H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. Deck C.W. J. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. Deck M. W. 1900 M. 2. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H. Waterloop Place, London, S.W. 1. British H Secretary, Prof. C. K. Allen, M.A., Rhodes House, Oxford.

Statistics issued by the Universities Bureau of the British Empire show that the total number of students from overseas attending Universities and Colleges in the United King-Universities and Colleges in the United Kingdom at the heginning of the 1929-30 session was 5,486, of whom 995 are from Africa, 1,071 from America, 2,282 from Asia, 794 from Europe, and 244 from the Pacific. The principal figures are. India, Burma, and Ceylon, 2,846; United States, 621; South Africa and Rhodesia, 331; Expyrag66; Austalia, 223; Canada and Newfoundland, 233; Germany, 252; China, 143; West Indres, 440; New Zealand, 128; Russia, 64; France, 63, Japan, 62; Netherlands, 46; Poland, 44; Switzerland, 43; Slam, 42, Norway, 32, Hungary, 32; Spain, 30. gary, 31; Spain, 30.
The Davison Scholarships, established in 1923,

have been withdrawn.

Under The Commonwealth Fund (The Fuller Building, 42 East 57th Street, New York, U.S.A.), established in 1918 by Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness, there are available for candidates of British descent 40 Fellowships, of an annual value of approximately £600 each, tenable for two years at certain American Universities. They may be awarded as follows.

2. Thirty Fellowships open to men and women unmarried, under thirty years of age, domiciled in England, Scotland, Wales or Ireland, and graduates of recognised universities therein;

2. Ten Fellowships for (a) candidates from the British Dominions, graduates of a University of a British Dominion or Colony, men or women, unmarried, under thirty years of age, who have studied, but not necessarily graduated, at a British University and (b) candidates who hold an appointment under the British Covern-ment, or the Government of a British Dominion, Colony, Protectorate, or Maudated Territory, or the Government of India. They may be single or married, but must not be more than thirty-five years of age on September x of the year of award. At least five of these ten Fellowships are open to candidates from the Government Service.

FINANCE. — Complete financial autonomy is enjoyed, in fact, by all British Dominions, and customs tariffs are in most cases the principal source of revenue. The tariffs are generally lower for merchandise of British origin There is no Imperial Debt, but certain obligations of Crown Colonies and Protectorates are met in the early stages of their development by the central Government, and occasional grants in aid of revenue are also made at need. Advances so made and still outstanding are shown under the heading "National Debt" (see Index).

Stocks anthorised under the Colonial Stock Act 1000 are Trustee Securities, and the price at which some of them may be obtained is shown

On p. 455.

PRODUCTION.—Canada, India, Australia, and Great Britain are the principal wheat-pro-ducing units, and Mesopotamia (with irrigation) has great potentialities. Barley, oats, rice and malze, and tea, coffee and rubber are largely cultivated, while more than half the world's output of cocoa was produced in British Dominious. Cane sugar is produced in India (for local consumption), West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, Natal, and Mamitius, and beet sugar in Canada and elsewhere Fruit is grown in most of the Dominions and figures largely in the sales of the London Fruit Exchange (Spitalfields). Meat is produced in large quantities in New Zealand, Australia and South Africa. Australia and New Zealand are the greatest wool-producing countries of the world, and the output of coal in Great Britain exceeds that of every country except the USA; coal is also abundant in Australia, Canada, India and South Africa is extensively grown in India, West Africa, East Africa, Sudan, West Indies, and in the tropical parts of Australia; chemical and mechanical wood pulp for paper-making is extensively produced in Canada and Newfoundland. Iron ore is found in many of the Dominions, and pig iron is largely produced; tin is produced mainly within the Commonwealth (particularly in the Malay pennisula), while 70 per cent. of the world's supply of gold is drawn from South and South-West Africa, Australia, New Zealand and Canada; it is produced also in Borneo, British East Africa, British Gunan, Ceylon, India, Malay States, Saiawak, Sudan, and West Africa. Precious stones are found in various parts of the Commonwealth, South Africa producing the principal supply of diamonds, and India of rubies and emeralds. Petroleum is produced in India, Trinidad and Canada, and there are vast resources available at Mosul (Mesopotamia) and in the neighbourhood of the Persian Gulf.

CAPITAL OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.-London

(England). Population (1931), 8,203,828.
The Chief Magistrates of the following Cities of the British Empire are designated Lord Mayor (in Scotland, Lord Provost).

London. *†Edinburgh. Newcastle upon Tyne *Adelaide. tElgin. * | Glasgow. Belfast. Norwich. Birining-Hull. Nottingham. ham. Lends. tPerth. Bradford. Leicester. Sheffield. Busbane. *Liverpool. Manchester. Stoke-on-Trent. *Sydney. Bristol. *York. Cardiff. *Melbourne.

[•] Entitled to the prefix "Right Honourable"

# THE BRITISH ISLES.

Divisions and Capitals.	Area	Population.					
Divisions and Captonis.	(Sq. Miles).	ıgıı.	zgaz.	1931. Ş			
England (London)	50,327	33,649,571	35,230,225	37,354,917			
Wales and Monmouthshire	3,016	2,420,921	2,656,474	2,593,014			
Scotland (Edinburgh)	30,405	4,760,904	4,882,497	4,842,554			
Northern Ireland (Belfast)	32,059	4,390,219	{ *1,256,561 *2,971,992	†1,250,000 †2,949,000			
Isle of Man (Douglas)	221	52,016	60,284	49,338			
Jersey (St. Helier)	! 45	51,898	49,701	50,45			
Guernsey, &c. (St. Peter Port)	45 28	45,001	40,529	42,606			
Total	121,101	45,370,530	47,148,263				

· Census of ros6 Births, Marriages and Deaths (Gt. Britain and Northern Ireland).

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† Estimated for 1988.

§ Preliminary Report of Census

Year.	Births.	Rate per z,oco.	Marriages	Rate per 1,000.	Deaths	Rate per 1,000
rgag rgad rgag rgag rgag	84#,405 8#5,174 777,5#0 783,05# 761,963	18·7 18·2 17 1 16·7	335,827 318,332 348,138 343,449 353,741	14'9 14'1 15'3 15 1 15'5	558,132 536,411 568,655 543,664 623,231	13.6 11.0 12.5 11.0

Divorces (Great Britain).

Illegitimate Births.

Total nu	imber of <i>Div</i> e in England an	orces and A	nnulments of	0	Total Births	Illegitimate
in wife !	THE THIRTH WE	u wales all	u bcorianii	Country.	TOTAL DIPLEM	Births
Year	B & W	Scotland	Great Britain	Belgium (1929)		6 404
1913	577	250	817	Chile (1027)	146,206 172,673	6,175 60,552
1920	3,000	776	3,866	Denmark (1920)	65,297	7,632
1981	3,522	500	4,022	England & Wales (1930)	649,430	a9,68a
1922	s,588	38a	2,970	Finland (1989)	76 011	6,232
1923	s,6 <del>6</del> 7	363	31030	France (x922)	759,846	65,568
1924	z,a86	438	2,724	Germany (1928)	1,182,915	250,958
1925	<b>z,6</b> 05	451	3,056	Italy (1929)	1,040,395	52,696
2986	2,622	425	3,047	Netherlands (1929)		3,181
1927	3,190	474	3,664	Norway (1929)	49,402	3,516
1928	4,018	504	4,522	Scotland (1930)	94,538	6,946
1929	3,396	519	3,915	Sweden (1929)		14,739

# Immigration and Emigration.

# (1) From and to Places out of Europe.

			  - 1	DESTINATIONS OF THE (BRITISH AND NORTH INISH) EMIGRANTS.									
Year	Total In- ward	Total Out ward	To the British Empire.						To other Countries.				
		,	North America	Australia & N Z	South Africa	Other Dominions	Total	UBA.	Else- where	Total.			
1913 1988	372,618 276,705 277,936	701,691 397,247 399,403	196,278 95,307 107,772	77,934 43,851 38,081	25,855 22,569 23,870	30,293	321,450 192,020 194,452		17,814 22,192 32,127	94,828 78,710 86,315			
1030	290,360	327,992	69,281	21,434	21,816	27,992	140,523	59,390	21,053	80,443			

# (2) From and to the Continent of Europe.

i		INWARD					Otitward,				
	Year	Channel Ports.	E ('oast Ports	Other Ports	Air Stations.	Total	Channel Ports	E Coast Ports	Other Ports.	Air Stations.	Total.
	1939	1,091,087 1,092,046 1,111,377	361,419	47,832	25,040	1,516,344 1,526,337 1,549,991	1,059,540	341,663	50,838 43,382 40,010	21,112 23,630 20,575	1,454,183 1,468,215 1,504,857

Nationality of Passengers.—In 1930 British Subjects numbering 220,966 emigrated from the United Kingdom to countries out of Europe and British Subjects numbering 297,256 entered the U.K. from countries out of Europe. In 1930 Aliens numbering 297,023 arrived from non-European countries and 197,025 Aliens left the U.K. for countries out of Europe. The total number of Aliens indeed from all countries was 457,424 (1929) and 454,756 (1930) and the total number of Aliens enhanced for all destinations was 449,645 (1930). Laws to land was refused to 2,200 Aliens (1939) and to 2,235 (1930).

#### CENSUS POPULATION OF THE BRITISH ISLANDS.

Previous to 1801 there existed no official return [ of the population of either England or Scotland; Ireland was taken in 1802, and since the time nor was it till 1813 that statesmen had anything named there has been a fresh numbering every more than surnise to guide them respecting the property of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Ireland, and the census then taken of that country was far from correct. The estimate formed of the English population at various periods, calculated from the numbers of hap-tisms, burials, and marriages, was in the years—

1570.....4,160,221 1670.....5,773,646 1700.....6,045,008 1600 . . .4,811,718 1630 . . ..5,600,517 1750 .....6,517,035 The first general Census of Great Britain and

180116,345,646	187131,629,299
181118,509,116	188x35,026,108
182120,983,092	189137.880,764
183124,132,294	1901 41,609,091
x84x26,854,969	1911 45,370,530
x85x27,533,755	192142,769,196\\\ 193144,790,485\\\
186120,070,032	193144,790,48599

*.* The population of Great Britain and Ireland a month before the outbreak of the Great War was officially estimated at 46,089,349. The number of persons to the square mile was in 1921: England and Wales, 649; Scotland, 164; Ireland (1911), 135 6

POPULATION ENUMERATED IN GREAT BRITAIN 1812-1931, IRELAND, 1831-1911, AND ISLANDS (ISLE OF MAN, JERSEY AND GUERNSKY AND ASSOCIATED ISLANDS), 1881-1931.

ENGLAND		POPULATION		INCREA	N)	FAMIL	115	INHABITE	Hotses
AND	Males	Females	Total	Decennial	' Per	Number	Persons	Number	Person
WALES.		10			Cent:	***************************************	m each		to each
1811.	4,873,605	5,290,651	10,164,256	1,271,720	14 00	2,142,147	4'74	1,797,504	5'65
z8sz.	5,850,319	6,149,917	12,000,236	1,835,980	18 06	2,493,423	4 8 z	2,088,156	
1831.	6,771,196	7,125,601	13,896,797	1,896,561	15 80	2,911,874	4'77	2,481,544	5.60
1841.	7,777,586	8,136,562	15,914,148	2,017,351	14'27	**	**	2,943.945	5'4x
1851.	8,781,225	9,146,384	17,927,609	2 013,461	12.65	3,712,290	4 83	3,278,039	5 47
x861.	9,776,259	10,289,965	20,066,224	2,138,615	11 90	4,491,584	4'47	3,739,505	5 37
1871.	11,058,934	22,653,332	22,712,266	2,646,042	13 21		4 50	4,259,117	5 33
1881.	12,639,902	x3,334,537	25,974,439	3,262,1,3	14'36	5,633,192	4 61	4,831,519	5 38
18q1.	14,058,901	14,949,624	29,002,525	3,008,086	22 05	6,131,001	4'73	5,451,497	5 34
roor.	15,728,613	16,799,230	32,527,843	3,525,318	13'17	7,036,868	4.68	6,260,852	5'80
		18,624,884	36,070,492	3,542,640	10.80	8,005,200	4 50	7,141,781	5 05
		19,803,022	37,885,242	1,814,750	5.03	_		7,811,030	4.08
1931.	19,138,844	20,809,087	39,947,931	2,062,689	5 16	-	_	_	l —
SCOPLAND					ı			l	
1811.	826,296	979,568	1,805,864	197,444	12 27	402,068	4 49	304,093	5 93
1821.	982,623	1,108,898	2,091,521	285,657	15 82	447,960	4 66	34×,474	6.13
1831.	1,114,456	1,249,930	2,364,386	272,865	13 04	502,301	4 70	369,393	6 40
1841.	1,241,862	1,378,382	2,620,184	255,798	10'82	550,428	4.76	502,852	5'21
1851	1,375,479	1,513,863	2 888,742	268,558	10 25	600,098	4 8z	370,308	7.80
1861.	x,449,848	1,612,446	3,062,294	173,55#	6.00	678,584	4 51	393,220	7 75
1871.	1,603,143	x,756,875	3,360,018	297,724	9.73	742,694	4 52	412,185	8 01
1881.	1,799,475	1,936,098	3,735,573	375,555	11 18	812,712	4 60	739,005	5 05
18g1.	1,948,717	2,082,930	4,025,647	890,074	7 77	876,089	4 59	817,568	4 92
1901.	2,173,755	2,298,348	4,472,103	446,456	, II 09	967,200	4.62	926,914	4 82
IQII.	2,308,839	2,452,065	4,760,904	288,8ox	6 46	1,040,147	4 58	1,013,369	4 70
1981.	2,347,642	2,534,855	4,88a,497	121,593	<b>2 55</b>		_	1,057,609	4 62
1931.	2,325,867	2,516,687	4,842,554	939,943	<b>∳o</b> *8x	<u> </u>	_	i —	-
IRELAND	1			1	1		:	1	1
1831.	3,794,880	3,972,52X	7,767,401	965,574		1,385,066	5 6x	1,249,816	6.31
1841.	4,019,576	4,155,548	8,175,124	407,723	5 25	1,472,739	5 55	1.388,839	6'15
185 1.	3,190,630	3,361,755	6,552,385	\$1,622,739	\$19.85	1,204,319	5 44	1,046,223	6 28
x86x.	2,837,370	2,961,597	5,798,967	\$753,4x8	\$11 50	1,128,300	5 14	995,156	5'83
1871.	2,639,753	2,772,624	5,412,377	386,590		1,071,494	5 04	96x,380	5'63
1881.	2,533,277	2,641,550	5,174,836	9237,541	4 39	995,074	5 20	914,108	5 66
r8gr.	2,318,953	2,385,797	4,704,750	\$470,086	<b>%9 08</b>	932,113	5.02	870,578	5'40
1901.	2,200,040	2,258,735	4,458,775	\$245,975	<b>95 ≥3</b>	910,256	4'90	858,158	5'20
1911.	2,192,048	2, 198, 171	4,390,219	\$68,556	\$1.24	910,748	4'82	861,879	5.00
SLANDS.		1	1						1
1881.	~66,08x	75,179	141,260	93,378	§2:34	!	_	24,197	5'84
zSoz.	69,555	78,287	147,842	6,582	4 66	ı —	I —	25,824	5.72
1901.	70,576	79,794	150,370	2,528	1.71			27,770	5'41
IQII.	70,166	78,749	148,915	9x,455	√ο 96	35,664	4'17	29,220	5'26
rgar.	68,585	81, <b>26</b> 7	149,852	937	. 0.6		<u> </u>		-
1931.	66.447	75,958	148,399	\$7,453	64.9	١	·	l	l

#### CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

THE BRITISH CONSTITUTION.—The British Constitution is mainly unwritten and customary, but its development is marked by certain outstanding and fundamental laws, of which the principal are Magna Carta (x215), which secured annual parliaments and the equal administration of justice; the Habeas Corpus Act (1679), securing the liberty of the person; the Act of Settlement (1701), providing for the Protestant succession to the throne; the Act of Union with Scotland (1707), the Act of Union with Ireland (1800), the Parliament Act (1912), which enabled the Commons to pass certain Acts without the concurrence of the other chamber; the Government of Ireland Act (1920), and the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922.

The constituent parts of the British Constitu-

tion may be thus briefly described :

- z. The Sovereign.—The throne is hereditary in the British house of Windsor with mixed succession, the sons of the Sovereign and their descendants having precedence of daughters, but daughters and their descendants preference over lateral lines. The Monarchy is constitu-tional and limited. The King has a right to veto Bills passed by both Houses of Parliament, but in practice his veto is almost obsolete. "The King can do no wrong" is a maxim of the Constitution, and consequently no action for civil wrong will he against the Crown A petition of right will, however, enable an injured subject to obtain refress, while, if in the administration of an Act of Parliament a Government department exceeds its rights, a declaration of right may be obtained in an action against the Attorney-General.
- z. The Legislature.—Parliament consists of two Houses, the Lords and the Commons,

(a) The House of Lords consists of peers A peer may hold his seat by (x) hereditary right, (a) creation by the King, (3) official position or election. English bishops (24), Irish peers (28) elected for life, and Scottish peers (16) elected for dura-tion of Parliament, also set in the House of Lords. The powers of the House of Lords were much

restricted by the Parliament Act, rorr. Thus, if a Money Bill is not passed unamended by the House of Lords within a month of its being sent up, it becomes law upon the Royal assent being signified. A Public Bill other than a Money Bill will become law without the consent of the Lords if it is passed by the Commons, and sent up to the Lords, in three successive sessions, provided two years elapse between the date of the second reading in the Commons in the first session and the date when it is passed by that body in the third session. Passing a Rill with amendments by the House of Lords is equivalent to rejection, unless the Commons approve the amendments. Any Bill by which the maximum duration of Parliament is increased is excepted from this Act. Members of the House of Lords are unpaid.

(b) The House of Commons.—This body consists of 615 members, elected by the registered male and female electors in county, borough, and university constituencies Practically all persons over at years of age are qualified to vote at elections. The maximum duration of Parliament is five years Members of the House of Commons receive annual salaries of £400 and travelling facilities over the railways to and from their constituencies

- 3. The Executive The Crown (the King in Council) "makes peace and war, issues charters, Council) "makes peace and war, issues charters, increases the peerage, is the fountain of honour, of office, and of justice." The Cabinet, under the presidency of the Prime Minister, consists of Ministers, drawn from the ranks of the party in power and appointed by the Sovereign on the advice of the Prime Minister; Ministers receive salaries of varying amounts (see page 169). The Cabinet has no corporate existence. Ministers are severally responsible to Parliament for their actions, and the Cabinet as a whole is respon-sible to Parliament for its joint and several administration. Ministers hold their office during the Sovereign's pleasure; they may be dismissed at any moment.
- 4 The Judicature.—(a) England and Wales.— The laws in England and Wales are administered by judges appointed by the Crown, who hold office for life, and cannot be removed save on petition presented by both Houses of Parliament Two Courts of Appeal hear appeals from the High Court, the ultimate Court of Appeal from all the courts in Great Britain being the House of Lords. Civil cases arising in London and Middlesex are tried at the High Court in London, but civil cases arising in the country are tried on circuit by judges of the King's Bench at the Assizes. The Chancery division has exclusive jurisdiction to try certain classes of actions. To the County Courts is relegated the duty of trying actions where the sum in dispute does not exceed a certain amount. The County Courts, too, have jurisdiction to try cases arising under certain special Acts of Parliament, e.g., the Workmen's Compensation Act. Bankruptcy cases arising in London are heard in the London Bankruptcy Court; those arising out of London are dealt with in the County Courts.

  With regard to criminal law it is a general

principle that, except for certain minor offences, every person charged is entitled to be tried by a jury Courts of criminal jurisdiction in Eng-land are: (x) The judges of the High Court sitting at Assizes for the trial of cases out of London; and at the Central Criminal Court ("The Old Bailey," see p. 248) for the trial of cases arising in and around London. (2) Courts of Quarter Sessions, holden for every county, and formed of justices of the peace, presided over by a chairman. The recorders of certain cities and boroughs have a jurisdiction similar to that of courts of Quarter Sessions. (3) Courts of Petty Sessions, consisting of at least two justices of the peace or a stipendiary magistrate. (4) The Court of Crimmal Appeal has power to hear appeals against con-

victions and sentences.

(b) Scotland.—Scots civil law is administered by the Court of Session, which is a court of law and equity. The High Court of Justiciary is the supreme criminal court in Scotland. consists of all the judges, and as a rule it is confined to the trial of serious cases. The Sheriff of the county (see p. 254) exercises functions which correspond to those of the English County Court Judges and the Chairmen of Quarter Sessions. Burgh magistrates and jus-tices of the peace have jurisdiction in petty Cases

(c) Northern Ireland,-The higher courts in Northern Ireland are very similar to the English courts, but the County Court Judges are also the Chairmen of Quarter Sessions.

#### RELIGIONS AND LANGUAGES.

Religious and Languages.—The inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland are almost entirely Christians, the exceptions being about 300,000 Jews and a small number of non-Christian immigrants. In England the Church of England (with an Episcopal form of Government), and in Scotland the Church of Scotland (with a Presbyterian form of Government), are the "Established Religions." The Church was disestablished in Ireland in 1869, and in Wales in 1930. There has been no religious census since 1853, but many of the religious bodies publish estimates of membership, and estimated figures for 1939 will be found on p. 305. The language of the people is English, with a large proportion of Welsh-speaking people in Wales, many of whom are bi-lingual. Attempts are lening made to revive the Gaelic language in the Inish Free State. Genlic is still spoken in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland, there being 7,059 persons speaking Gaelic only (Ross and Cromarty 3,435, Inverness 3,123, Argyll 335, other counties 176), and 137,149 speaking Gaelic and English at the Census of 1932.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

Local Government is carried out under the central control of the Ministry of Health (which superseded the various Local Government Boaids in 1919). The subjects which local bodies administer are, under alsa, education, the poor law; public health; police; the control of the sale of intoxicating liquors, the provision of lunatic asylums. The ruling principle has been to entrust special interests to those specially interested. In England and Wales there are elective Councils for each Administrative County (under Chairmen), for each City and Borough (under Lord Mayors or Mayors), and for Urban and Runal Districts (under Chairmen), every panish being thus included. Scotland has elective Councils under a Lord Provost or Provost, or Parish Councils with Chairmen.

#### POLICE.

The strength of the Police force was 58,080 in Eugland and Wales (1930), 6.613 in Scotland (1930), and 2.877 in Northern Ireland (1930). The Police of England and Wales are administered by the Home Office, those of Scotland by the Scottish Office The LONDON POLICE consists of the City Police and of the Metropolitan Police. The City Police and of the Metropolitan Police. The City Police and contains two courts of justice, those of the Guidhall and Mansion House, where the Lord Mayor and the Aldermen are the magnitizates (see p. 251). Although the area is comparatively small, the nateable value is enormous. The might population is 10,806, but the day (or working) population is 10,806, but the day (or working) population is 436,721. The Foice under the Commissioner comprises a Assistant Commissioner, 3 Superintendents, 7 Chief Inspectors, ag Inspectors, 12 Sub-Inspectors, 125 Sergeants, and 983 Constables, also 18 Constables on private service duty The City of London Police Reserve (Headquarters, Bunhill Row, E.C. 1) numbered

tendents, 688 Inspectors, 2,963 Sergeants, and 17,002 Constables, making a total of 20,696, with 247 liorses. The strength of the Metropolitan Special Constabulary Reserve and its Auxiliary Force on Sept. 5, 2931, was 27,545. The gross expenditure of the Metropolitan Police and Metropolitan Police from the type of 10,000 for the year 1939-31 was £8,479,958. On March 21, 1932, there were 13,810 Police pensioners, and 1,340 pensioned wildows and 459 children.

## CRIME.

(1) Assizes and Quarter Sessions, England and Wales; High Court and Sheriff Courts, Scotland,

Year	England a	und Wales	Scotland		
	For Trial	Convicted	For Trial	Convicted	
1913 1926 1927 1928 1929	12,511 7,924 7,136 7,283 7,072	10,165 6,350 5,773 6,020 5,879	1,358 1,197 1,214 1,180 1,049	1,056 995 963 989 872	

(2) Summary Courts.

Year	Englas	nd and '	Wales	Scotland			
1 car	Appre hended	Con victed	Com- mitted	Appre- hended	Con- vioted	Com mitted	
1913 1926 1927 1928 1929	79,591 65,163 63,194	33,314 25,223 23,021		28,053 19,519 18,674	17,618 21,807 14,585 13,793 12,963		

CRIME 1910-1914 and 1928 and 1929. (England and Wales.)

THE principal classes of Crime in the Criminal Statistics issued by the Home Office are shown below:—

below:		
Class of Offence. Ann Av		Number 1929
I Against the Person 4,332		5,46x
(a) With Violence 12,28, (b) Without do. 76,83		22,897 101,400
III. Maheious Injury to		
Property 64		354
(Including Arson) 28	3 /50	
IV. Forgery & Currency 708	88g	1,020
V. Other 3,xx		3,449
Total 97,924	130,469	134,5B1
I Crimes of Violence again	st the Pe	rson.
1910-		x929.
Murder 153	: 136	131

do Attempts & Threats 103 Manslaughter ..... 146 122 ¥57 Infanticide 26 23 Concealment of Birth 101 Wounding 257 178 1,162 951 1,070 Endangering Railway

538	Great	Britain-	-Decre	ease o	f Crime,	Drun	ken	ness, &c	;.
Sexual Crin		162	107	89	Expen	ses of Co			(all cases). get. 1909.
Defilemen	t (Girls	un-	73	76	Coroners' Salaries	•		6,958 £9	
do. (13 t Indecent	0 16)	223	275 2.934	346 1,853	Other Ex-	67,12			3,777 128,525
Incest Procurati		71	103	84	-				3,941 £214,681
Abduction Bigamy	1	25	350	30 338		MOTO	RING	OFFENO	RS.
Unnatura		etc. 307	535	657	The tot	al numbe ing offen	erof p ces in	orsons pro 1 1929 Was	ceeded against 187,021, 69,393 e total number
	-	Property will Average	x9#8	1929	others ha	ving been	a cau	tioned. Th	e total number and the total
Sacrilege Burglary		1,612	1,330	101	number o	г опенсе	390,	grr.	
Housebreak Shopbreaki	ing	4,923	8,488 9,985	8,736 10,395				ENNESS. and Wales.	
Attempts to Entering w	o break in	1 483	1,014	1,013		License			
Possessing	Housebre	ak-	-		Year	Premise		Registered Clubs	Convictions
Robbery		. 178	197 128	203 167		On (	Off.	Clum	(Drunkenness)
Extortion b		42 roperty with	<b>69</b> met V <b>i</b> nle	19 nce.	1913 88	,739 23	,63 <b>z</b>	8,457	188,877
Larceny :-		333		152	1920 79	,560 z:	,149 1,174	12,138 12,481	67,126 65,166
from Peri	ю	. a, čor	1,668	1,677	1928 78 1929 78	5,503   22	, 189 1, 171	12,775	55,642
in House by Servan	it .	· 792 4,265	1,496 3,505	1,529 3,606			'		51,966
of Post Le Embezzie	ment	1,902	2,134 348	2,562 292	victed iid	mnerea 4	3,530	and iemai	es 8,430.
Other age	gravated.	. 60,116	136 75,125	108 77,230				County Boi	1012 1.100
Obtaining tences	hyfalse j	ore- - 4,454	10,435	9,971	London (6 Birkenhe	County)	• ••••	5	2.84x 22.701
Frauds by	/ Agents	195	541 824	731 411	Birmingn	am			4.764 2.400
Falsifying Other Fra	uds	243	718	1,048	Liverpool		· · · · · ·		327 183 4,894 3,518
Receiving Bankrupt			2,044 96	2,044 45	DIRIICHER			PROGRES	
Year		Hurders. ibei known.	Per Mil	lion	Number	(	rest	Britain.	sed to Income
1868 1870		129 101	5 · 85		Tax for t	he first to	me 11	each year	ended April 3.
1888		190 144	6.75 3 9	5	Year	England Wale	and	Scotland	Total
1928		162	4'10 z 6	•	1919-20	8,6	66	1,070	9,736
1989	Murc	103 lei x 111 1929.			1920-21	27,0 80,8	77	3,412 6,212	30,489 87,032
In 1929	there wer	re known to	o the po	hee 84	1988-23	137,9	06	14,407	152,313
numbering	roz in all.	. In 28 cas	es (invol	11UC 47	1923-24	100,1	95	10,790 8,765	110,909 130,660
suicide, and	i z suspec	rer or susp t died. In	4z Cases (	50 vic-	1925 26 1926-27	173.5	53 67	14,506 19,383	188,059 234,670
4 cases (in c	me of whi	e arrested ; i ich 3 person	s had bee	n mur-	1927-28	263,9		26,883 25,675	290,882 252,848
dered by made. Of t	arsenical the 44 per	poisoning) sons arreste	no arre d there v	st was	1929-30	214,6	07	25,173	<b>239,78</b> 0
Discharge Insane or	d at Poli	sous arreste ce Court ment		. 2		INFA	NT I	CORTALIZ	
Acquitte	1			. 9				Birth Rat	I Vear, ner
Convicted	dand sen	tenced to de	ath	. 13 . 13	England	& Wales	(1939)	population	1 1,000 Births
		· ·		44	Scotland Northern	Ireland	(1030	) 20.4	74 87 86
Of the 13	persons	Sentences (19 sentenced t	o death	in 1929	Australia Belgium			. 20'5	57 115
there were	executed	5, respited or life 7, reu	and con loved to	muted Broad-	Canada . Denmark			. #5'3	79 69
to penai se									· ·
moor 1.						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			85
moor 1.	and Atte	mpted Surce 6 2907		1949. 1949 4,909	Italy Netherla Norway	nds		. 27°3	8 <u>5</u> 126 67 56

### FINANCE.

Revenue and Expenditure 1880-8x to 1904-05, and for twenty years ended March 3x, 1933 :-NOTE.—The estimated surpluses (£1,521,000 for the Financial Year 1931-32, and £1,500,000 for 1932-32) are resched after providing in each year approximately £32,500,000 out of revenue for amortisation of National Debt and after charging against revenue the amounts for the Unemployment Insurance Fund and the Road Fund which had hitherto been obtained by horrowing.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	Surplus + or Deficit —	Gross Debt.
1880-81	£81,872,000	€80,939,000	+ £933,000	£766,145,000
18go-9x	89,489,000	87,733,000	+ 1,756,000	684,071,000
1899 1900 (S. Afr. War)	129,805,000	143,687,000	- 13,883,000	638,920,000
1900-01 do.	140,124,000	193,338 000	- 53,208,000	703,934.000
rgor-os	152 712,000	205,236,000	- 52,524,000	765,816,000
1902-03	161,319,000	104,251,000	- 32,932,000	798,349,000
1903-04	151,341,000	156,756,000	- 5,415,000	794,498,000
1904-05	153,183,000	151,769,000	+ 1,414,000	796,736,000
913-14	198,243,000	197,493,000	+ 750.000	706,154,000
1914-15 (Crent War)	226,694,000	560,474,000	- 333.779,000	1,161,952 000
g15-16 do	336,767,000	1,559,158,000	- 1,221,392,000	2,189,838,000
916-17 do	573,428,000	2,198,113,000	- 1,624,685,000	4,063,645,000
917-18 do	707,235,000	2,696,221,000	- 1,988,987,000	5,921,096,000
918-19 do	889,021,000	2,579,301,000	- 1,690,280,000	7,481,050,000
919-20	1,339,571,000	1,665,773,000	- 326,202,000	7,875,642,000
920-21	1,425,985,000	1,195,428,000	+ 230,557,000	7,623,097,000
981-88	1,124,880,000	1,079,187,000	+ 45,693,000	7,720,532,000
1983-83	914,012,000	812,497,000	+ 101,516,000	7,812,563,000
923-24	837,169,000	788,840,000	+ 48,330,000	7,707,538,000
924-25	799,436,000	795,777,000	+ 3,659,000	7,665,880,000
925-26	812,062,000	826, 100,000	- 14,038,120	7,633,723,000
1926-27	805,701,000	842,305,000	- 36,694,000	7,652,688,000
927-28	842,824,000	838,585,000	+ 4,239,000	7,630,973,000
928-29	836,435,000	818,141,000	+ 18,394,000	7,620,854,000
1929-300	734,189,000	748,712,000	- 14,523,000	7,596,210,900
930-31	775,894,975	799,170,946	- 23,275,971	7,582,900,600
	(a)803,500,000	(a)803,366,000	(1)+ 134,000	
.93- 3	(1)784,700,000	(0)783,179,000	(b) + 1,521,000)	
193#-33* • •	(b)825,700,000	(1)824,200,000	+ 1,500,000	•••

§ "Self-Balancing" Revenue and Expenditure omitted from 1929 30 Budget Estimate, (a) April 27, 1931, (b) September 10, 1931

23.3, revenue fallin; short by £13.550,000, while expenditure exceeded the estimate by £23,000, and £11,432,000 was added to the Sinking Fund

THE ORIGINAL BUDGET, 1931-1932 than the Budget figure, and Inland Revenue
The Budget for 1931-1932 was introduced
on April 27, 1931. by the Chancelor of the
Excheque (Mi Snowden). The financial
year 1930-1931 ended with a realised depart of
£33,275,971 (in place of the estimated surplus of
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£33,275,973 (in place of the estimated surplus of
£33,275,973 (in place of the estimated surplus of
£33,2 stalment system, and imposed an extra duty on and £xx,432,000 was added to the Sinking Fund petrol to produce £7,500,000, showing a pro-Customs and Excuse yielded £x,300,000 less spective surplus of £x34,000 for contingencies.

	nuayet.	MIE MUHIME.
Revenue.	(Apr 27, 1931) (	Apr z Sept 30)
Customs	£125,650,000	£64,967,000
Excise	119,850,000	56,600,000
Motor Vehicle Duties	•	- 1
(Exchequer share)	5,000,000	1,206,000
Estate Duties	90,000,000	34,480,000
Stamps	24,000,000	6 380,000
Land Tax, House Duty,	•	
and Mineral Rights		1
Duty	800,000	180,000
Income Tax	258,000,000	53,499,000
Surtax	72,000,000	15,890,000
Excess Profits Duty Corporation Profits Tax	1	
Post Office Services (No	t) 12,200,000	6,550,000
Crown Lands (Net)	1,300,000	620,000
From Sundry Loans, &c	. 33,500,000	
Muscellaneous Receipts	55,000,000	7,110,644
Rating Relief Suspense	4,700,000	3,900,000

	J	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
<b>ESTIMATED</b>			E AND EXPENDITURE 1931-1	
Revenue.	Budget. (Apr 27, 1931) (	Six Months. Apr 1 Sept 30)	Expenditure. Budget.	Six Months.
18	£ 125,650,000	£64,957,000	National Debt£ 302,050,000	£ 150, 108,840
		56,600,000	Do., Sinking Fund 52,050,000	19,766,406
Vehicle Duties	• -		Northern Ireland 6,350,000	2,569.360
hequer share)	5,000,000	1,206,000	Local Taxation 15,000,000	
Duties	90,000,000	34,480,000	Other Consolidated	
	24,000,000	6 380,000	Fund Services 3,000,000	1,081,168
ax, House Duty,			Navy 42,809,000\	
Mineral Rights			Do., Pensions 8,796,000	
	800,000	180,000	Army 31,180,000	
e Tax	258,000,000	53,499,000	Do , Pensions 8,750,000	
	72,000,000	15,890,000	Air Force 17,846,000	
Profits Duty ation Profits Tax	7)		Do., Pensions 254,000 Civil Services 317,812,000	218,117,304
ffice Services (No	t) 12,200,000	6,550,000	Tax Collection (Cus-	
Lands (Net)	1,300,000	620,000		
undry Loans, &c.	. 33,500,000	12,083,798	Inland Revenue) 11,569,000	
laneous Receipts	55,000,000	7,110,644		£381,643,097
Relief Suspense	4,700,000	3,900,000	2	~3~-,~43,09/
			Estimated Surplus 134,000	1
Total	£803,500,000	£263,466,442	Total£803,500,000	£381,643,097

#### Changes in Taxation (Original Budget).

The following Changes in Taxation were proposed in the Budget:—

INCOME TAX.—Income Tax (Schedules B, D and E) at present payable in two equal instalments on January z and July z to be payable as to three-quarters on January z.

PETROL AND MOTOR CYCLES — Petrol — The duty on petrol raised from ad. to 6d. a gallon (to yield £6, 300,000 in a full year). Light Motor Cycles—Annual tax of 15a in lieu of the present 30s. on light motor cycles, to encourage the manufacture of a new type of light machine.

LAND VALUES.—The Finance Bill to provide for a tax of xd in £ on capital land value: tax to be levied for 1933 34 and subsequent years.

EXCHANGE ACCOUNT—£20,000,000 taken from the dollar exchange reserve during the War and amounting to £33,000,000.

#### THE REVISED BUDGET.

On Sept 20, 1931, amended Budget proposals for 1931-32 and for 1932-33 were introduced in the House of Commons by Mr. Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the National Ministry The Chancellor was faced with deficits of £74.479,000,000 for the financial year 1931-32 and £179,000,000 for 1932-33. To meet these deficits the following proposals were made:—

ı	our rotto attic In oboses	B WOLC HIMGE	•
	Proposals.	1931-32	1932 33.
	Economies	£22,000,000	£70,000,000
•	Savings on Debt-		
į	Amortisation	13,700,000	20,000,000
	New Taxation—		
ŀ	Inland Revenue		
l	(Direct)	29,000,000	57,500,000
l	Customs and Excise		
ı	(Indirect)	11,500,000	24,000,000
	Total	C-4	C
	Estimated Surplus	2,70,200,000	£171,500,000 £1,500,000
	Manuacou surjuis	夫1,581,000	大1,500,000

#### Economies.

The proposed Economies (£22,000,000 in 1931-32 and £70,000,000 in the complete financial year 1932-33) are summarised as under.—

John 1930 33/ are samman took as man	-0
Reduction of Salaries (Ministers, M.P.s., Judges, Civil Servants, and Members of Defence Services)	£4,534,000
Defence Services (Material, &c.)	5,000,000
Education (Salaries and Grants)	10,300,000
Do. (University Grants)	150,000
Health Services	1,250,000
Police (Pay, &c.)	500,000
Agriculture	655,000
Forestry	478,000
Empire Marketing Board	250,000
Colonial Development Fund	250,000
Unemployment Grants	500,000
Unemployment Insurance :	•,
Reduction of Expenditure	25,800,000
Increased Contributions	10,000,000
Road Fund	7,865,500
Miscellaneous	2,500,000
Total Savings	£70,032,500

#### New Taxes (Direct).

Standard Rate of Income Tax increased from 48 6d. to 5s. in £ and readjustments made in allowances. Increase of Surtax by 10 per cent.

#### New Taxes (Indirect).

l'ax on Beer raised by zd. per pint and on Tabacco by \$d. per lb. Petrol tax increased by zd. per gallon. Entertainment tax raised by zd. on each \$d\$. and extended to include \$d\$. tickets.

## ESTIMATED AND ACTUAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE 1930-1931.

Revenue.	Budget	Actual,	Expenditure.	Budget,	Actua!
Customs	£ 122,710,000	£121.401.000	National Debt	£304,600,000	Cooper
Excise	120,860,000	124,000,000	Sinking Fund	C 304,000,000	C=93,109,509
Motor Vehicle Duties				55,400,000	66,830,431
	4,950,000	4,026,041		6,000,000	6,424,670
Estate Duties	83,000,000	82,610,000			
Stamps	27,000 000	20,650,000	Fund Services	3,300,000	2,896,276
Land Tax, Honse Duty,			Navy	43,070,000	-,-90,0/0
and Mmeral Rights			Atmy	32,117,000	
Duty	800,000	830,000	Air Force	17,584,000	l }
Income Tax	260,000,000	256,047,000		17,504,000	110,524,000
Surtax			Kongo Dungiana		
	64,500,000	67,830,000	Force Pensions	17,318,000	,
Excess Profits Duty and			Civil Services	295,686,000	
Corporation Profits Tax	1.700,000	3,000,000	Tax Collection (Cus-		
Postal Services (Net)	10,125,000	10,100,000	toms, Excise and	}	319,326,000
Crown Lands (Act)	1,300,000	1,280,000	Inland Revenue)	12,134,000	- 1
From Sundry Loans, &c.	33,000,000	32,800,000	Estimated Surplus		,
Miscellaneous Receipts			Doctmarea Karpens	2,236,000	•••
	34,500,000	34,330,533			!
Appropriations from		1			•
Rating Suspense		Į.			l
Account	16,000,000	16,000,000			1
Actual Depoit	•••	23,275,971			
		3,-73,97			1
Total	£789,445,000±	C200 Y20 046	Total	C-00	
2004	J/~3,743,0003	OLANITA INTO I	10/41	, 7 <b>8</b> 9,445,000	5799,170,946

#### EXPENDITURE.

The National Expenditure falls into two main categories (a) Consolidated Fund Services, which include Interest and Management of the National Debt, the Sinking Fund; the Road Fund; Payments to Local Taxation Accounts and in aid of Local Revenues; contributions to the exchequer of Northern Ireland; and salaries of Judges; (b) Supply Services, which include the Navy, Army, Ar and Civil Services and the Revenue Departments.

## Increase in Taxation.

(a) State.

	.,,		
	±913 £ millions.	zgag. £ millions	
State Taxation — Direct (Income Tax and Estate Duties, etc.) Indirect (Customs and Excise Duties, etc.) Local Taxation Employers' and Workers' contri- butions to Social Services	78 163 85 79 27 269	404 677 273 175 91	

(V) LIVUUL GUUETTIINEII	(	(b)	Local	Governmen	t
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	1913 14	1929 30
Total Expenditure Amount falling on	£20,848,000	£67,680,000
Rates Average County Rate	£10.527.000	£28,181,000
in the £	28. 2°13d.	58. 7.7ad.
tion Capital Expenditure	16s. od.	518. 8d.
per Head of Popula-	18s. 6d	318. 6d.

#### Wholesale Prices

Price movements in the countries named.

Note—The basic period represents 100 and the averages for 1939 and 1930 are computed from that base.

Country	Basic	Average for	
	Period	1929	1930
l' K 'Belgium 'Belgium 'Germany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany 'Bermany	Av. 1924 April 1914 July 1914 Av. 1913 Av. 1913 Av. 1926	82 1 851 623 137 2 445 1 96 5	71 9 744 543 124.6 383 86 4

#### MONETARY GOLD.

IN a written Parliamentary reply (Ma) 5, 1930) the Financial Secretary to the Treasury (Ir Pethick Lawrence) stated that the mometary gold supply of the world at the end of 1932 was estimated, in a Memorandum appended to the first Interim Report of the Gold Delegation of the League of Nations, at \$11,79,000,000, equivalent to £2,297,000,000. This includes an amount "in circulation," in the sense of being outside the reserves of central banks and Treasuries, estimated at \$795,000,000 (£185,000,000), but this is very conjectural.

The gold held in the countries named in the question at the end of rosq and at the latest available date was (in £ millions):—

Country	December, 1929	April, 1931
United States France Germany Italy Great Britain	880'3 335'1 115'1 56'1 147'7	969 o 447'7 115'1 57 4 146'3

The proportion of gold to currency in circulation (exclusive of subsidiary coin) was (in millions):—

Country.	Currency	Gold.	Proportion per cent.
United States (\$) France (fr.) Germany (rm.) Italy (lire) Great Britain (£)	77,231 3,685 14,797	4,716 55,616 2,348 5,313 146.3	72.0 63.7 35.9 41.8

#### GOLD PRODUCTION.

THE Annual Production of Gold, for the 25 years 1905-1929, is stated below from figures issued by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, DC, U.S.A. In 1929 the chief producing countries were Unum of South Afreca, \$215,241,881; United States, \$44,514,300; Dominion of Canada, \$39,851,564; Hussaa, \$20,671,825; Mexco, \$23,475,421, Australia and New Zealand, \$12,096,438, Southern Rhodena, \$11,593,034.

Year	Fine Oz.	Value.
1905		\$380,288,300
1906	19,471,080	402,503,000
1907	19,077,260	412,066,600
1908	21,422 244	442,837,000
1909	21,065,111	454,059.100
1910	22,022,180	455,#39,100
IGII	22,397,136	462,989,761
Igrs	22,605,068	467,288,203
1013	22,254,983	460,051,320
1914	21,301,836	440,348,087
1915	22,737,520	470,026,251
1916	22,031,004	455,423,136
1917	20,345,528	420,579,351
1918	18,614,039	384,786,306
1919	17,698,184	
1920	16,130,110	365,853,933
IQSI	15,974,962	332,823,934
1922		330,231,792
	15,451,945	319,420,063
1923	17,790,597	367,764,279
1924	19,031,001	393,405,653
1925	19,025,942	393,301,128
zg <b>36</b>	19,349,118	399,981,749
1927	19.431,194	401,678,427
1928	19,700,049	407,236,156
1929	19,496,721	403,033,049

#### 542 CUSTOMS TARIFF OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND (1981-1982). Showing the several Articles subject to Import and Export Duties in Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the Duty levied upon each Article, according to the Tariff in operation upon the 1st day of November, 1232. TOPFEF Kiln dried, roasted, or o e a mind ground, mile and control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control Rates of Duty. ARTICLES ARTICLES. of Duty. Import Duties. £ 8 d. †Amorphous Carbon Elect Cent of Mechanical Lighter or com-ponent part excepts fint o o 6 TRODES ..... value of goods. †MITALLIO TUNGSTEN, ferro ( 331 per Artique Articles Any goods (other than wines or spirits) proved to have been manufactured or produced more than 200 331/3 years before importation exempt ETHER, ACRTIC ..... 1b per 0 # 7 1 1 10 1 16 6 parts of motor cars, motor bicycles: or motor tri-†ARG-LAMP CARBONS . . . 1b o z o Accessories and component of the ARTIFICIAL SILK See " SILK " ETHYL BROWIDE . .....lb e z 5 BEER called Mum, Spruce, or gal I I 10 †Mantles for incandescent lighting . . gross CHLORIDE . Recalled Mum. Spruce, or Berlin White Beer, or Other preparations, whether fermented on not fermented, of a similar character, where the works thereof tFRUIT, Dried, or otherwise Preserved without sugar .. gross o 6 o tMt sicat. Institutivis, in-cluding gramophones, pinnolas and other simi-lar instruments Currents Signar Currents Signar Currents Fig Cake, Plums Cumponly Called French Plums Price Currents Fatter Fatter Fatter Fatter Fatter Fatter Currents Cut Fatter, liable to duty as such, preserved with Sugarser Sugar Curnuit (At 0 # 0 33/3 Accessed less and component parts of musical instru-ments and records and other means of reproduc-ing music where the worst thereon are, or were, before for mentation, of a specific gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not exceeding gravity—Not ex 070 Beer of any other descripleer of any other description where the works thereof were, before formentation, of a specific gravity of sogs 35 gals 6 24 6 Hortow Wark—see "Ruamelled Hollow Ware" Ous-see "Hydrocarbon Oils" †Offical Glass, optical in-stituments and compo-nent parts thereof... value Principle of Oils-see "Hy. Additional dutyimposed for 0 0 10 Hop ()11 .. . n period of 4 years by the Finance Act, 2025 35 gals ... OX I C O cert extract, essence or other turn made from hops Hlor And so on in proportion for Portion - Translucent or Vitrified .... cwt : 8 o any difference in gravity BUTTONS (334 Int. cent of value value King

	(Curcon): Raw or kiln-dried	ture	(SCIENTING INSTRUMENTS and ) cent	1
1	cwt. 0 23 3	tHosifit Latou Needles . Scent. of	component parts thereof ) value of	ı
ı	Roasted or ground lb. o o a	THOSERY LATOR APEDLES . Cent. of	( goods	ļ
1			1811.K :	ı
١	CHIORAL HYDRATE Ib o z 9	TITIOROGARMON ONLY DELENT O	Cocoons and waste of all	ı
١		Relate of 4d gallon on de- livers for home consump-	kinds	١
1	CHLOROFORMllı o 4 4	tion of any goods other	Undischarged lb. o z o	١
	CINENATOGRAPH FILMS im Per	than light oils	Wholly or in part dis-	١
1	ported for the purpose of linear			ı
ı	the exhibition of nic foot of	Tignition Magneton and 334 Pet		١
ı	tures or other optical the stan	permanent magnets Cent of value	Noils " o z o	ļ
ı	effects by means of a dard	TIMPREGNATED HOSE OR STORE		ı
ı	cinematograph or other width	isas for use in manufac-	Raw-	ŀ
Ì	similar apparatus. of z's in	ture of incandescent	Undischarged , 0 3 0	1
ı	Blank film, on which no	mantles lb. o 4 6	Wholly or in part dis	l
ł	picture has been im-	MATCHES	harged 0 4 4	ı
į	pressed, known as raw	Containers in which there	Yarn-	١
Į	film or stock o o o'	are not more than 20	Undischarged	l
1	Positives, te films contain	unta her-	Wholly or in part dis-	1
l	ing a picture for exhibi-	For every 1,000 such con	charged—	l
I	tion, whether developed	tainers	Not being noil yarn , o 6 8	ï
ı	or not o o r	Containers in which there	Noil yarn o z g	١
Į	Negatives, re films con-	are more than to	Tissnes-	١
Ì	taining a photograph.	matches, but not more		ı
ł	whether developed or not	than so matches -	Undischarged , 0 5 3	l
Į	from which positives can	For every 1,000 such con-	Wholly or in part dis-	ł
	be printed 0 0 5	tainers o za 4	charged—	l
ł	(337)	Containers in which there	Noil tissue o z 7	{
l	CLOCKS. Watches and the per	are more than so	Tisage known as	{
١	component parts of clocks( cent	matches, but not more	habutai not dyed	ı
ı	and watches of the	than so matches	or printed ,, 0 6 6	ı
l	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	For every 244 such con-	Other tissues	l
ł	tCocolcwt. 0 14 0	tainery 0 4 4		ı
i	Husks and Shellscwt o 2 o		†ARTIFICIAL SILE	l
l	Preparations of Cocoa,	tional as matches, or	Waste ,, 0 1 0	ı
l	including Confectionery	part of ag nutches, over	Singles yarn and straw o s o	ı
۱	containing Chocolate	50 in a container—	Doubled or twisted	١
۱	(harged under Sec 7,	For every 244 such con	thread advanced	١
ı	Finance Act, 1901,	tainers, an additional	beyond the stage	١
í	Choos Butter Ih o a ri	duty of	of cincles vern	ı

Cocoa Butter . ... . .. lb o o zł

SACTIANIN (including sub) stances of like nature or

Doubled or twisted thread advanced beyond the stage of singles yarn .... "

9 3 0

tScientific Instruments and component parts thereof value of goods

For every 144 such con tainers, an additional duty of ...... e s

Customs Tariff	of Gre	at Britain and Northern	Irelana, 1931–32. 543
ARTICLES	Rates of Duty.	ARTICLES Rates of Duty	ARTICLES. Rates of Dut  Moi assps—continued £ s.
RTIFICIAL SILK - continued	of Duty.	SPIRITS AND STRONG WATERS-	Moi anne continued & R.
	0 3 6	NAPHTHA—continued & R d	Molasses is free of duty
Tissnes		Warehoused a years and	when cleared for use by a licensed distiller in the
Any other articles mad	c	less than 3 years, proof gal o z o	licensed distiller in the
wholly or in part of Sil or Artificial Silk:	ĸ		manufacture of Spirits.
or Artincial Silk:	٠,١	Liqueurs, Cordials, Max	or if t is to be used solely
Where the article is mad	٤)	tures, and other prepara-	for purposes of food for stock.
wholly of mik or artin	:1	tions containing Spirits in bottle, entered in such	
Ciri Bilk, or where or	22.14	in lottle, entered in such	†Glucosi, Solid cwt. o 7
entificial eille comme	33/3	a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to	Liquid cwt. o 5
Where the article is mad wholly of silk or artifi- cial silk, or where the value of the silk of artificial silk component exceeds so per- cent of the aggregat of the values of al- the components of the article.	el cent	he testedliquid gal 5 = 5	
cent of the aggregat	of the		ARTICIPS CONTAINING SUGAR OR AL
of the values of a	llvalue	Additional in respect of Im	OTHER SWIFTENING MATTER
the components of th	e	mature Spirits —	If Spirit has been used in t manufacture of any of the unde mentioned Sugar Articles,
nı ticle	,	Not warehoused, or ware-	mentioned Sugar Articles
		housed less than 2 years hquid gal 0 2 0	additional duty is charged at the
Where the value of the silk or artificial sill	- 1	hquid gal o 2 o	rate of id per lb or if id per l
component exceeds	20	Warehoused a years and less	additional duty is charged at the rate of \$\frac{1}{4}d\$ per lb, or, if \$\frac{1}{4}d\$, per l is not sufficient to cover the Spir
per cent, but does no	per	than 3 years hand gal o z 4	used, at the rate of zd per lb such higher rate as analysis un.
exceed so per cent of the aggregate of the values of all the compo- nents of the article	cent		such higher rate as analysis m.
the aggregate of the	of the	Perfumed Spirits hand gal *6 o o	show to be necessary.
values of all the compo	) value,	Additional in respect of Im-	† MAN KING, Liquid, containing
nents of the article	•	mature Spirits —	sugar or any other
		Not warehoused, or ware-	sweetening matter cwt. o 2
Where the value of th	۲۱	housed less than a years	Solid, containing sugar or
silk or artificial sil		liquid gal o a 5	any other sweetening
component does not ex	- per	Warehoused a years and less	matter cwt o s
component does not ex ceed 5 per cent of the aggregate of the value of all the component of the article	Cof the	than 3 years liquid gal o 1 7	tCandied or Drained Peel cwt o 8
augregate or the value	orthe		tCaramel, Solid cwt o zz
of the article	J.a.m.	* 18 per gullon extra if im- ported in bottles	
Or DITE ME MICHE	•	Harm marries of the	Liquid ewt o 8
SPINITS AND STRONG WATERS	_	Upon payment of the difference between the Full or Preferential duty,	('HITTER CWt o 5
For every gallon computed at hydrometer pro-		Kull or Preferential date	16 ocoanut, Sugared cwt o 5
ted at hydrometer prod	f	as the case must be on	CONFECTION PRY :-
of Spirits of any description (except perfume Spirits), including Naphtion Methylic Alcohol, purfied so as to be potable, as maximes and preparation containing spirits.	·	as the case non be, on Imported Spirits, and the Excise Daty on British	
tion (except perfume	i	Excise Daty on British	Confectionery Figcwt o 8
Spirits) including Naphtl	IB.	Spirits, Imported Spirits	Licorice, on the entry for which the Importer has
or Methylic Alcohol, pur	I .	may be delivered under	which the Importer has
fied so as to be potable, an	d	certain conditions for use	declared that the duty on
mixinresandpreparation	8	u the number ture of	the Sugar or other sweet ening matter used in the
containing spirits :-		Mmeralised Methylated	ening matter used in the
Enumerated Spirits :-		Spirate	preparation of the goods
Brandy, Rum proof gal	93 25 4	ang an	does not exceed 3s 9d per
Brandy, Rum proof gal Imitation Rum, Genev	1	SUGAR, &c	AB Gums imported in
proof gal	*3 Z5 5	tSugar Not exceeding 76	
Spirits of the above de		deg of janarization, (wt o 4 o	on the entry for which the Importer has declared that duty on the com- bined quantity of Sugar and Glucose used in the manufacture of the goods does not exceed to seed
scriptions sweetened t		Excel 76& notex 77, cwt 0 4 75	Importer has declared
anch an autout that th		77 78 0493	that duty on the com-
Spirit thereby ceases to be an Enumerated Spirit are, if tested, to be charged as Unenumerated	,	78 79 0 4 22 2	bined quantity of Sugar
be an Enumerated Spiri	í	79 80 0 5 09 80 81 0 5 27	and Glucose used in the
are, if tested, to b		" 79 " 80 " 0 5 0 9 0 1	manufacture of the goods
charged as Unenumerate	i	, 81 , 82 , 0 5 4 5 , 82 , 83 , 0 5 6 3	manufacture of the goods does not exceed 5s and per cwt
Sweetened Spirits,		, Baz , B3 , 0 5 63	per cwt cwt. o 5
Il nonumerated Guidt-		83 84 0 5 8 3 84 85 0 5 x 0 3 85 86 0 6 0 3	
Unenumerated Spirits:— Sweetened (includin		84 , 85 , 0 5 ro 3	Poors Turbleb Dolle
Sweetened (includin	6	85 85 0 6 0 3 86 87 0 6 s 3	Summed Almondo to
Liquenrs, Cordials, mix tures and other prepara tions containing Spirits if tested) proof gal		86 87 0 6 a 3 87 88 0 6 4 6	Beans, Turkish Delight, Sugared Almonds, &c., on the entry for which the Importer has declared that the duty on the sugar or other wastening part.
tions containing Soleite		87 88 o 6 4 6 88 89 o 6 6 8	Interester has declared
if tested) proof es	* * 2 25 22	, 89 , 90 , 0 6 9 5	that the duty on the mon
		, 90 , 91 , 0 7 02	
Not Sweetened (includin	ζ.	,, gr ,, qa ,, o 7 a g	ter used does not exceed
Laquents, Cordials, mix		" 9x " 9x " 0 7 x 9 " 9x " 93 " 0 7 5 6 " 93 " 94 " 0 7 8 2	8s 5d per cwt .cwt o 8
tures and other prepara	•	B3	ter used does not exceed 8s 5d per cwt .cwt o 8 Other Sugared Almonds
trong containing Spirits	:	., 93 ,, 94 ,, 0 7 82 ., 94 ,, 95 ,, 0 7 20 9 ., 95 ,, 96 ,, 0 8 2 6	Chewing Gums, Jelly
he shown to be both or	•	,, 95 ,, 96 ,, 0 8 z 6	
Not Sweetened (includin Laquenrs, Cordials, mix tures and other prepara- tions containing Spirits provided such Spirits ca- be shown to be both un- enumerated and no	t.	., 95 ., 97 ., 0 8 43 ., 97 ., 98 ., 0 8 70 ., 98, 0 xx 80	Beeds, and Confectioners.
sweetened, if tested)	•	97 98 0 8 70 98 0 xx 80	made from Sugar, and containing no other ingre-
proof gal	. 3 25 6		
		MOLASSES and invert Sugar and all other Sugar and	dients except flavouring
Naphtha and Methylic Ai		and all other Sugar and	through selicite and Bone
conor, purified so as t be potable proof gal	)	extracts from Sugar which	tFLowers, asViolets and Rose
he potableproof gal	· *3 ×5 5	cannot be completely tested by the Polariscope.	Petals, &c , in Crystal lised Sugar, as Crystallized
Linneys Condinle Mir		tested by the Polariscope.	Fruit
tures and other pressure		and on which Duty is not	
tions containing Salut-		otherwise charged	†FRLIT preserved in Sugar :-
not sweetened when end	:	If containing 70 per cent	(z) Fruit not liable to duty as such —
thres, and other preparations containing Spirits notsweetened, when such Spirits are not shown to	:	If containing 70 per cent or more of sweetening	ns such '-
he nnenumerated, i	į	matter wt 0 7 5	inned or isottled in thin
tested proof gal	*2 IE =	If containing less than 20	Tinned or Bottled in thin Syrup, if the Importer hus declared on the entry
		If containing less than 70 per cent and more than	that the duty on the
Additional in respect of Im	•	so per cont. of sweetening	that the duty on the Sugar or other sweeten-
mature Spirits:		matter cwt o 5 4	ing matter used in the
			114W WHIPPEL SWEET THE CINE
		If containing not more than	presention of the goods
Not warehoused, or ware		If containing not more than	ing matter used in the preparation of the goods does not exceed as 64d
	6	If containing not more than so per cent. of sweetening matter cwt. o = 7.	preparation of the goods does not exceed as 64d. per cwt

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thas declared that the duty on the singar of other goods does not exceed as 27 per cwt	for which the Importer				if containing not more
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* British Empire products are atther liable to reduced make on take !!	Tobacco: Upon tobacco unmanufactured, viz. :- Containing so li or more of moleture in every zoo li weight thereof—Unstrippedli o			Component parts / Paid.  Coffee, Roasted Coffee exported, not mixed with this core or other sub-	faction of the Commis snoners to have been produced from im- ported undischarged
	Tobacco: Upon tobacco unmanufactured, viz. :- Containing so li or more of moleture in every zoo li weight thereof—Unstrippedli o			Component parts / Paid.  Coffee, Roasted Coffee exported, not mixed with this core or other sub-	faction of the Commis noncrs to have been produced from im- ported undischarged

			1	
ARTICIES. Rates of Duty	ARTICIÆS Suk and Artificial S			Rates of Duty
K AND ARTIFICIAL SILK-contd	DM. AND ARTIFICIAL D	ILE-CORRE	SILE AND ARTIVIDIAL SIL	K-00mid.
Tissue known as £ s. d.	1	A sum equal	Bilk tissues in respect	3. d. s. d
habutal if dyed or	}	to the amount	of Altich strawback	
printed in Great Britain	If manufac-	drawback in	Silk tissues in respect of which drawines, under their II. of this schedule is al- lowed at the take of an at the pound. ib.	
or Northern Ireland lb o 7 9	turnel in Great	respect of such	russ accession to st-	
Noil tissue lb o z 7		a quantity of	TO MALE BY THE PARTY OF	
1,011 1,111 0 1 7	thern Ireland	the like silk or	der 2014 mid Beharmer * 100	2 30 4 4
In any other case lb o g 6	from silk or	artificial silk as	Silk tissues in respect of which drawback	
	artificial silk .	has been used	of which drawback	
Waste, dressed or other-		in the manu-	under Park II. of this Schedule is al-	
wise prepared for spin-	1	iacture of the	tura sepeciare is si-	
ning	1	article.	lowed at the rate of gs of the pound .lh.	
Wholly discharged lb. 0 3 0			By our energonist 'tu'	7 94 4 3
	ALTERNATIVE SCALE OF	DRAWBACKS IN	alf made from impo	rted vern of
Not wholly discharged	RESPECT OF ARTIF	WIAL BILK	which a date of customs	Was beid.
lboro		Rates of	a Id matche: from your	produced in
Noilslb o z o		drawback.	Great British at Mart	eta Irelan
Artificial Silk :-	l.	In respect of	from meterials on whi	ha duty o
Singles yarn made from	1	material con-	which a cluty of customs A 12 reads: from year Circus Building as Service from materials of which customs was taken	
staple fibre or other	1	tained in the		
waste lh. o o o		goods being ma-	Sugar which has pass reducing in Great live or Northern lythand, on which the proper pore duties have been	9C &
	1	terial on which	Lenifold to these Bu	TAND
Doubled or twisted thread	i	a Cus- an Ex-	or victional thanking	SHC.
advanced beyond the		tom cise	on caron sue moner	1117:
stage of singles yarn— If made from staple	l l	duty duty	Loco antim un se home	Descr.
fibre or other waste	A	WAR WAS	-upon being exporte	of of
lb e e re	Article	paid, paid	warehouse for use as a	la laur
	Singles yarn made	8 d, 8. d	warehouse for use as a stores, a drawback o	maj .
In any other case lb o z 7	from staple fibre or		to the duty on Sun	ir af
Tissue made from	1		the like polarimation.	
staple fibre or other	other waste lb	2 2 0 7	_	(The
waste 1h, o o zz	Doubled or twisted thread advanced be-		SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHE	INT COLONIE
Waste 11, 0 0 41	youd the stage of		CALR, &c	) of dest
Tissues proved to the	singles yarn-			of data
setisfaction of the Com-			ATTURN NO ME OF THE PARTY TO	
missioners to be made	Made from staple	1	TOBACCO upon which D	TUES
missioners to be made from other forms of artificial silk lb. o z g	fibre or other		have been paid	_
artificial silk lb. o z g	Made from singles	13 08	(s) Tobacco manufact	ured
	yarnlb.		inGreatBritain orN	orth.
Waste, prepared for spin- ning, including tops lb. o e 6	Jan		em Ireland on bein	g ex-
mile, morning tops in 0 0 0	A	The	ported, or shipped use as ships store	I TOT
s) Goods not previously	ALTERNATIVE SCALE OF	DIRAWBACKS IN	deposited in any box	o de d
specified which are	RESPECT OF CERTAIN		warehouse, for us	augu
made wholly or in part	1	Rates of	ships stores, or	AV.
of silk or artificial silk The		drawback.	ported by parcel po	mt: £ 8. 4
which is proved to the amount		In respect of material con-	Cigars	
satisfaction of the Com- of duty		tained in the	Clementton	11 000
missioners to have been payable charged with duty and on the		goods being ma-	Cigarettes Ont. Roll, Cake	9 28
charged with duty and on the which are shown to be same	1	terial on which	other manuf	i, or
in such form and state   weight	1	a Cus on Ex-	1	
in such form and state   weight that, if duty had not   of the	1	torn cise	Smull (not being	othe)
been paid, they would like	1	duty duty	Snuffi	lb. e 20
that, if duty had not been paid, they would like be liable to the same goods.	1	WAS WAS	(e) Shorts, stalks, or	ther
rate of duty as that at	1	paid, paid,	refuse, on being	ex-
which they or their	Article		refuse, on being ported or deposite	l :
which they or their components have al-	Tissues-		In an approved	bon-
ready been charged	Made from staple		ded warehouse	tor
·	fibre or other		ded warehouse exportation, o	r
3) In the case of any made	wastelb		For abandonmer	
up article consisting	1		King's Wareho	use lb o o
wholly or partly of Silk or Artificial Silk:—	Made from singles	3	1	-
	yarulb	# 4 E 3		( The
If exported \ A sum sansi	Made from imported	doubl-	WIRELESS VALVES, &c	) smou
in the form and to the amount	ed or twisted the		WIRELESS TALVES, 60.	Jos uu
If exported A sum equal in the form and (to the amount state in which (raid on importit was imported) tation.	which customs du	v of as	1	( paid
	which customs dut a lb has been paid	1 3 5	WRAPPING PAPER	do.
it was imported ) tation.				
it was imported ) tation.				

The amounts received under the Key Industry Duty are shown below :--

Articles. Optical Glass, etc. Beakers, Flasks, Burettes, etc. Galvanometers, Pyrometers,	£439,495 148,640		Articles. Hosiery Latch Needles Metallic Tungsten, etc Synthetic Organic Chemicals Amorphous Carbon Elect-	£.60.35#	as et Receipt. £so, 117 14,577 189,807
etc. Wireless Valves, etc. Ignition Magnetoes, etc Arc-lamps	149.557 139,304	49,839 45,434 14,841 21,568	rodes	272 23,279	4,426 £624,428

# EXCISE DUTIES AND LICENCES. (ADMINISTERED BY THE BOARD OF CUSTOMS AND EXCESS.)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
APPRAISERS AND HOUSE AGENTS, ann. £ s. d. U.K	DISTILLER'S Annual Licence: according
ARTIFICIAL SILK, Singles, Yarn or Straw (other than yarn produced by spin-	to distillation in preceding year, viz.; not exceeding 50,000 gallons, £xo; exceeding 50,000, £xo for first 50,000.
ning from artificial silk waste on which duty has been paid) Per lb. o z o ARTIFICIAL SILK WASTEPer lb. o o 6	exceeding 50,000, £10 for first 50,000, and £10 for every further 25,000. By a Beginner
ARTIPICIAL SILK YARN OR WASTE, Manufacturers of annual licence z o o	ENTERTAINMENTS DUTY. — Where the amount of payment for admission,
AUCTIONEER'S Annual Licence	excluding the amount of the duty—  Does not exceed sid
BEER.—For every 36 galls. of worts of a specific gravity of rogso and so in proportion for any difference in	Exceeds $a_1d$ . and does not exceed $5d$ . $\circ$ $\circ$ $1$ , $7\frac{1}{2}d$ . $\circ$ $\circ$ $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . $\circ$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$
Rehate of £1 allowed under Finance	,, zod. ,, ,, zs. ojd. o o si ,, zs. ojd. ,, ,, zs. zd. o o z
Act, 1923, or when the duty payable in respect of 36 galls. is less than	,, zs. 3d.: for the first zs. 3d., 3d.; and zd. for every gd. or part of gd. over zs. 3d.
Ls as a rebate equal to the amount by which the duty exceeds £1 4s, and so in proportion for any differ-	Certain exemptions allowed (Schools, Educational Institutions, &c.).
ence in quantity.  BEER-DEALERS'ANDBREWERS (annual):	GLUCOSE, Solidthe cwt. o 6 a
Beer-Dealer, Wholesale	Do. Liquid ,, o 4 5
to quantity brewed in preceding year, viz.: not exceeding zoo bar-	GLUCOSE OF BACCHARIN, Annual Licence to Manufacture
rels, £1; exceeding 100, £1 for first 100, and 126, od. for every further 50.  By a Beginner	HAWKERS Annual Licence (see Pediars) s o o
Other brewers, if the beer brewed by the brewer is not chargeable	HOUSE AGENTS, letting furnished houses at a rent above £s5 a year (annual) s o o
with duty, then, annual value of house not exceeding £10	MATCHES —Containers in which there are not more than so matches—
Ditto in every other case in addition	For every x,000 such containers o 6 o Containers in which there are more
Retailers of beer (Beer-house Licence).—	than so matches, but not more than so matches—
*For consumption on the premises: a Duty equal to a third of the annual	For every 1,000 such containers o 12 o Containers in which there are more than so matches, but not more
value of the premises, subject to a minimum of from £3 ros. ed. to £82 ros ed. according to population of district. There is an option	than so matches— For every 144 such containers o 4 2
tion of district. There is an option to pay in proportion to the annual	In respect of every additional as matches, or part of as matches,
to pay in proportion to the annual "compensation value" in certain cases of large beer-houses and "seasonal" hotels.	over so in a container— For every 144 such containers,
Not to be consumed on premises: from $\pounds x$ ros. od. where annual value	an additional duty of o s r and so in proportion for any less number of containers.
does not exceed £zo, up to £zo where it exceeds £zoo.	Manufacturers' annual licence z o o
CARD (Playing) makers, to sell z o o for every packduty o o 3	MECHANICAL LIGHTER o o 6 MEDICINES (Patent), Great Britain only :
CIDER RETAILER, annual licence:— *For consumption on the premises:	Not exc. xs 3 Not exc. 20s 0 4 0
from $\mathcal{L}_3$ 52. od. where annual value is under $\mathcal{L}_{30}$ , up to $\mathcal{L}_{6}$ where it is	,, 48 I o ,, 508 I o o ,, rest s o Exceed. 508 s o o
Not to be consumed on the premises a c	MEDICINES (Patent), Dealers, &c., Annual (Great Britain), for each set of premises o 5 o
*For Early-closing and Six-day Licences, proportionate reduction, as for Pub- licans (q.v.).	Molassus and Invert Sugar and all
COFFEE MIXTURES or substitutes, per 12 b. o o of	other Sugar and Extractsfrom Sugar which cannot be completely tested
COMPENSATION FUND.—Publicans are now called upon to pay an additional	by the polariscope and on which duty is not otherwise charged :—
duty on renewal; or grant of new licence (Monopoly Value) (4 E.7, c. 23).	If containing 70 % or more of sweeten- ing matter

Home-made, per proof gallon 3 ta Additional in respect of Immature Spirits:— Not warehoused, or warehoused less than a years	6	WINE, BRITISH, Manufacturers for sale of, see Sweets.  *For Early-closing and Siz-day Licences, proportionate reduction, as for Publicans (q.v.).  LMANACE; 1982.
under £go rent o 10 £30 or above	0	Wine retailers (or grocers) selling wine (off): from £s zos. od. (annual value not exceeding £so) up to £zo (annual value exceeding £soc).

SPIRITS :-

## LOCAL TAXATION LICENCES.

(ADMINISTREED BY THE RESPECTIVE COUNTY CORNILA LICENCES, EXCEPT LICENCES TO DRIVE MOOFEN CAREA AND CYCLES, OPERAINABLE ANY POPERA MONEY OBLIVE OFFICE.)  ARRICANDE DRAWN BY HORRES OR MILES OR MILES OF LICENCES OF MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES OR MILES O	LOCAL TAXATIO	
of Rused on any carriage, do	(Administered by the respective County Drive Motor Cars and Cycles, Obtainab	COUNCILS. LICENCES, EXCEPT LICENCES TO LE AT ANY POSTAL MONEY ORDER OFFICE.)
Agent and so Dawn we Horazes or MULDES:— (1.) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two or more of the drawn by two of the drawn by two of the drawn by two of the drawn by two of the drawn by two of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south of the drawn by two or south or south two or south or south of the drawn by two or south or south or south or south two or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south or south oresont or south or south or south or south or south or south or so	ARMORIAL BEARINGS, annual licence, £ s. d.	
MULES:—  (1) With four or more wheels— (2) To be drawn by two or more horses.  (3) Who be drawn by two or more horses.  (3) Who be drawn by two or more horses.  (3) Who be drawn by two or more horses.  (3) Who be drawn by two or more horses.  (4) Who be many by two or more horses.  (3) Who be many by two or more horses.  (4) Who be many by two or more horses.  (5) Who the many by two or more horses.  (6) Who the many by two or more horses.  (6) Who the many by two or more horses.  (6) Who the many by two or more horses.  (6) Who the many by two or more horses.  (7) Who the many by two or more horses.  (8) Who the many by two or more horses.  (8) Who the many by two or more horses.  (8) Who the many by two or more horses.  (8) Who the many by two or more horses.  (9) Who the many by two or more horses.  (9) Who the many by two or more horses.  (9) Who the many two two or more horses.  (1) Who the many two two or more horses.  (1) Who the many two two or more horses.  (1) Who the many two two or more horses.  (1) Who the many two two or more has the many two hides and the many hope the tractors, de., not used for handling or roads any objects except their own necessary to a significant tractors, de., not used for handling or roads any objects except their own necessary to the many land articultural engines other than under the Roads Act, 180, in the name of a person engaged in agricultural engines other than under the Roads Act, 180, in the name of a person engaged in agricultural engines other replaced which are to capacity the theory and the person engaged in agricultural engines other than under the Roads Act, 180, in the many of a person engaged in agricultural engines other replaced which are to capacity the person engaged in agricultural engines other replaced which are than under the Roads Act, 180, in the many of the person engaged in agricultural engines other replaced which are than under the Roads Act, 180, in the many of the person engaged in agricultural engines other replaced which are the person en		
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Dogs under smonths of age, and those kept solely for the purpose of tending sheep or extite on a farm, or by sheepherds, or by blind persons for their guidance, except from Dust.  ALLE SERVICEAN PROJECT AND ALLEGATION OF The definition in the Act (ask 23 Vic. c. x) is a wide one, and embraces all classes of both outdoor and indoor servants but with some exemptions. The employment must, however, be irrapersonal, domestic, or menial capacity.  MECHANICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES:—  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. propelling attachment) not exceeding sewt in weight unladen.—  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1939)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceeding a cubic centimetres.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Not exceeding sea lbs. in weight unladen.—  Exceeding sea lbs. in	(iii.) Hackney Carriages 0 15 0	and agricultural engines other
kept solely for the purpose of tending also per detaile on a farm, or by shepherds, or by blind persons for their guidance, exempt from Duty.  GAME AND GUR LICENCES, see p. 556.  The definition in the Act (3 ad 33 vic. c. 14) is a wide one, and embraces all classes of both outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions. The employment must, however, belir a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. MICHANICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES:—  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. propelling attachment) not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. r. 1939)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. r. 1939)—  (b) In other case—  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as a lbs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. r. 1939)—  (b) In other case—  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. r. 1939)—  (c) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding as gibs. in weight unladen with a recommended in the two preceding paragraphs, that is to say, venicles which are constructed for haulage solely and not for the purposes of carrying or having super-tm-posed upon them any load except such as is necessary for the purpose of carrying or having super-tm-posed upon them any load except such as is necessary for the full of the purpose of carrying or having super-tm-posed upon them any load except such as is necessary for the full of the purpose of carrying or having super-tm-posed upon them any load except such weight unladen.  Exc. a tons but not exc. 4 tons 3 o o lax. 4 tons but not exc. 4 tons 3 o o lax. 4 tons but not exc. 4 tons 3 o o lax. 4 tons but not exc. 4 tons 3 o o lax. 4 tons but no	DOGS of any kind (annually), Great Britain o 7 0	than such tractors or engines,
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MALE SERVANTS, ANNUAL LICENSUME— Great Britain. Every male servant o 15 c The definition in the Act (3a & 3 vic. c. 14) is a wide one, and embraces all classes of both outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions The employment must, however, be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. MKCHANICALLY-PROPELLED VERICLES:— Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. pro- pelling attachment) not exceed- ing 8 cwt in weight unladen :— Bicycles (from Jan 1, 1392)— (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed ago cubic centimetres :— (b) In other cases— Not exceeding sas [bs. in weight unladen :— Exceeding sas [bs. in weight unladen :—  Exceeding sas [bs. in weight unladen :—  Exceeding so with mech, propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids :—  Traincars :—  Other Vehicles having a seating Capacity for—  Wehicles (than)  **A	their guidance, exempt from Duty.	person engaged in agriculture
Great Britain. Every male servant c 15 c The definition in the Act (32 & 3) (10. c 14) is a wide one, and embraces all classes of both outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions The employment must, however, be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. MKCHANCALLY-PROPELIED VERICLES:  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. Propelling attachment) not exceeding 8 cwt in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1939)  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed 150 color of the purpose of, the agricultural land which are couples, and for no other purpose:  (b) In other cases  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Cricycles (including cycles with mech.)  Tricycles (including cycles with mech.)  More of the purpose of, the agricultural land which a couples, and for no other purpose:  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen.  Cricycles (including cycles with mech.)  Dicycles (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including cycles with mech.)  Michael (including c	GAME AND GUN LICENORS. see D. 446.	and used solely by that person
The definition in the Act (3 ac 33 vic. c. 14) is a wide one, and embraces all classes of both outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions. The employment must, however, be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. McMANIALLY-ROFELIEN VERICLES:—  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan, propelling attachment) not exceeding sew in weight unladen:—  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1939)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed a seconbic centimeters. — 2 15 o (b) In other cases—  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen. — 2 15 o (b) In other cases—  Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen. — 3 o o Ricycles, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional a continuation of the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except such as is necessary for their propulsion or equipment and which are not used for constructed for haulage solely and not for the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except such as is necessary for their propulsion or equipment and which he evo reconstructed for haulage solely and not for the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except such as is necessary for their propulsion or equipment and which he couples, and for no other purpose:—  Not exceeding soms unladen. — 6 o o of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any such vehicles in respect of which duty is chargeable under the two preceding paragraphs, that is to say, vehicles which are constructed for haulage solely constructed for haulage solely and not for the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except solely and not for the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except solely and not for their propulsion or equipment and which he care the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except solely and not for their propulsion or equipment and which he care the purpose of carrying or having super-imposed upon them any load except solely and not	MALE SERVANTS, ANNUAL LICENCE-	for the haulage of the produce
outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions. The employment must, hower, be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. McMANIALIX-PROFILES VERICLES:—Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan, propelling attachment) not exceeding sewt in weight unladen:—Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1928)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed you could centimetres — 15 o o Exceeding sas lbs. in weight unladen:—1 o o Exceeding sas lbs. in weight unladen:—2 o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Great Britain. Every male servant o 15 o	of, or of articles required for
outdoor and indoor servants, but with some exemptions. The employment must, hower, be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity. McMANIALIX-PROFILES VERICLES:—Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan, propelling attachment) not exceeding sewt in weight unladen:—Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1928)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed you could centimetres — 15 o o Exceeding sas lbs. in weight unladen:—1 o o Exceeding sas lbs. in weight unladen:—2 o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	The definition in the Act (38 & 33 Vic. c. 14) is	ture land which he complet
be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity.  MECHANICALLY PROPELIER V PERHICLES:  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. propelling attachment) not exceeding set in weight unladen:  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1932)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1932)—  (b) In other cases—  Not exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional 1 ocorricycles.  Bicycles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cort. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Not more than 4 persons.  Not more than 4 persons.  So c so c so c so c so c so c so c so c	outdoor and indoor servents but with some	
be in a personal, domestic, or menial capacity.  MECHANICALLY PROPELIER V PERHICLES:  Cycles (including motor scooters and cycles with mechan. propelling attachment) not exceeding set in weight unladen:  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1932)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles (from Jan. 1, 1932)—  (b) In other cases—  Not exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding set libs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional 1 ocorricycles.  Bicycles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cort. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Not more than 4 persons.  Not more than 4 persons.  So c so c so c so c so c so c so c so c	exemptions The employment must, however.	
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and cycles with mechan. propelling attachment) not exceeding S cwt in weight unladen:  Bicycles (from Jan. x, 2932)—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed x20 cubic centimetres	MECHANICALLY PROPELLED VEHICLES:-	Vehicles of the following des-
pelling attachment) not exceeding 8 cwt in weight unladen: Bicycles (from Jan. x, 2939—  (a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed ago cubic centifiretres.  (b) In other cases—  Not exceeding sat lbs. in weight unladen.  Exceeding sat lbs. in weight unladen.  Bicycles, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional a contributed for invalids.  Bicycles (including cycles with mech. propelling attachment) not exceeding 2 cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids.  Not more than 4 persons.  Morel (but not) than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasumatic than 1 contributed entirely with pasu	Cycles (including motor scooters	cription, other than any such
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(a) If the cylinder capacity of the engine does not exceed ago cubic centimetres		is to say vehicles which are
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Not exceeding say lbs. in weight unladen	150 cubic centimetres e 15 e	carrying or having super-im-
weight unladen  Exceeding sag lbs. in weight unladen	(b) In other cases—	
Exceeding sast bles in weight unladen	Not exceeding and lbs. in	
Bicycies, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional 1 c c Vehicles (including cycles with mech, propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight unladen, adapted and used for invalids	weight unladen I to o	and which are not used for
Bicycles, if used for drawing a trailer or sidecar, an additional x o contribution of trailer or sidecar, an additional x o contribution of the contribution of exceeding years. It is contributed and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:  Traincars  Other Vehicles having a senting capacity for—  Which more than 4 persons.  Not more than 4 persons.  Not more than 4 persons.  Solution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution of the contribution		
trailer or sidecar, an additional x o c Tricycles		
Tricycles		
Vehicles (including cycles with mech, propelling attachment) not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight unisden, adapted and used for invalids.  Hackney Carriages:  Traincars  Other Vehicles having a seating capacity for—  Vehicles fitted entirely with pneumatic tyres.  S. d. S. d. S. d.  Not more than 4  Persons	Tricycles 4 0 0	Exc. 4 tons but not exc. 6 tons 30 0 0
unlaten, adapted and used for invalids	Vehicles (including cycles with	Exc. 6 tons but not exc. 74 tons 35 o o
unlaten, adapted and used for invalids	mech. propelling attachment)	Exc. 78 tons but not exc. 8 tons 40 0 0
Hackney Carriages:—  Traincars  Other Vehicles having a seating Vehicles fitted entirely with presumatic Other tyres. Vehicles.  Not more than 4 for 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6 do 6	not exceeding 5 cwt. in weight	Exc. so tons buyinot exc. 10 tons 50 0 0
Hackney Carriages:—  Traincars — O 15 o Other Vehicles having a seating capacity for—  Whicles fitted entirely with pneumatic tyres. Vehicles fitted entirely with pneumatic tyres. Vehicles. S s. d. S s. d  Not more than 4 persons	invelide	Vehicles (including triggeles weigh.
Traincars	Hackney Carriages :	ing more than 8 cwt. unladen)
Other Vehicles having a seating Vehicles fitted entirely with pneumatic tyres. Vehicles fitted entirely with pneumatic tyres. Vehicles. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S. d. S.	Traincars 0 15 0	
Not more than 4   Porsons	Other Vehicles having a seating	goods
Not more than 4   Deprendent   Other tyres   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Vehicles   Let   Let   Vehicles   Let   Let   Vehicles   Let   Let   Let   Vehicles   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let   Let	capacity for— Vehicles	fitted en-
Not more than 4 persons	tirely with	threly with
Not more than 4 persons		tyres. Vehicles.
Not more than 4   Dersons	tyres, venicles.	土 5. 6. 土 5. 6.
More   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than   than	Not more than 4	Electrically propelled
More     More       More		and not exc. as cwt. in
than 4 more 5 is 6 o 18 o 6 store 12 o 18 o 6 store 12 o 18 o 6 store 12 o 18 o 18 o 18 o 18 o 18 o 18 o 18 o		
14	About 44 More > 5 is o o is o o	
3 tons	, which ,	Exc. a tons but not exc.
10	, ,, ,, ,,, ,,, ,,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	20 26 48 0 0 00 0	
With an additional duty for each per-	, a6 , 32 K7 18 0 78 0 0	_4 tons
With an additional duty for each per-	,, 32 ,, 40 67 4 0 84 0 0	Exc. 4 tons but not exc.
With an additional duty for each per-	,, 40 ,, 48 76 16 a 96 a o	Tro stone
With an additional duty for each per-	,, 48 ,, 55 86 8 o 108 o o	
With an additional duty for each per- Being vehicles registered under the Roads Act, see, in the name	) ,, 55 ,, 64 g6 0 6 120 0 0	
duty for each per- Roads Act, seec, in the name	With an edditional	
	duty for each per-	

Local Taxation	Täcences-	_Sta	mps, Taxes, Death Duties, &c. 549
Mochanically-Propelled Vehic			, Vehicles
of a person following t			tirely with
ness of a travelling sh	owman,	J.	pricumatic Other tyres. Vehicles.
which are permanently with a living van or so	y nttea me other		Being vehicles other than £ s. d. £ s. d. vehicles chargeable
with a living van or son apecial type of body e	r super-		with duty under the
structure, forming par	t of the		foregoing provisions of this paragraph :—
equipment of his she used solely by him for	the pur-		Not exc. 18 cwt. in
pose of his business :	Vehicles		weight unladen to o o to o o
•	fitted en-		Exc. is cwt. but not exc. in weight un-
- <b>D</b>	irely with neumatic Ot	her	laden 15 0 0 15 0 0
Not exc. za cwt. in	tyres. Veh	ricl <b>es.</b> 8. d.	Exc. z ton but not exc. z½ tons in weight un-
weight unladen	10 0 0 10	0 0	laden 20 0 0 20 0 0
Exc. 18 cwt. but not exc. 1 ton unladen	15 0 0 15		Exc. 1½ tons but not exc. a tons in weight
Exc. r ton but not exc.	-33		unladen 25 0 0-85 0 0
a tons in weight un-	20 0 0 20	0 0	Exc. z tons but not exc.
Exc. a tons but not, exc.			laden
3 tons in weight un- laden			Exc. 2½ tons but not
Exc. 3 tons but not exc.	~ 0 0 45		Exc. 2/2 tons but not exc. 3 tons in weight unladen
4 tons in weight un-	. 8 o 28		Exc. 3 tons but not exc. 4 tons in weight un-
Exc. 4 tons unladen,		0 0	laden 38 8 0 48 0 0
Additional in any case			Exc. 4 tons but not exc.
if used for drawing a trailer	6006		s tons in weight un-
Being vehicles registered			Exc. 5 tons in weight.
under the Roads Act,			unladen
a person engaged in			in any case, if used for
agriculture and used			drawing a trailer, of . 6 o o 6 o o Aur vehicles other than those
for the purpose of, the			charged above :
conveyance of the pro-	,		Not exceeding 6 h.p. or electrically propelled 6 o o
duce of, or of articles required for the pur-			Exceeding 6 h.p., for each unit or
poses of, the agricul- tural land which he			part of a unit of h.p z o o
. occupies:			Fire-engines and vehicles kept by a local authority while they are used for the purpose
Not exc. za cwt. in			of their fire-brigade service, ambulances, or
weight unladen	10 0 0 10	o o	road rollers, are exempted. Vehicles used for no purpose other than the
exc. r ton in weight	2		haulage of lifeboats and the conveyance of
unladen Exc. r ton but not exc.	15 0 0 15	0 0	the necessary gear of the lifeboats which are being hauled, are exempt.
s tons in weight un-			*Motor Driver's Licence o 5 o
Exc. a tons in weight	80 0 0 20	0 0	Motor cars and cycles must be registered with, and
unladen	80 0 0 25		licences to drive obtained from, the respective Clerks of the County Councils
STAMPS		DF	ATH DUTIES, ETC.
(ADMINIST	RED BY TI	ня Во	ARD OF INLAND REVENUE.)
Note.—The instruments for	which the us	se of F	ostage (Unified) adhesive stamps is "permitted"
Agreements liable to the duty	of 6ds. 22.	Bills	of exchange (including cheques) for payment of groney registers of births, &c -s. &. Charter-parties-ss 49, 50; for a definite term not exceeding a year, at a rent not hated dwelling house or apartments for any definite term not exceed &to. Letter of renunciation-s. 79 (2s), and of Insurance (not life or marine)-ss 99. Protests of bills to the duty of xdsb. Receipts-s. rex (s) Transfers 80. Werrants for goods-s xxx (s)
Lease or tack—s. 78 · i . of a dwellin	g-house, or pa	urt of it	for a definite term not exceeding a year, at a rent not
exceeding the rate of £40 per annuless than a year, where the rent	um, 11 of any for such term	n does	not exceed fixe. Letter of renunciation -s 79 (s), and
of exchange and promissory notes	a cts a go Posici	olicies e s liuble	of insurance (not life or marine)—s 99. Protests of bills to the duty of zd.—s 80. Receipts—s, zoz (2) Transfers
of shares in Cost book mines—s. xn	Voting pay	MIN-S.	so. Warrants for goods—s zzz (z)  £ s d.
Admission to the degree of a b	arrister 50		As Burgess, on any other ground 3 o o
Any Inn of Court or Stu		0 0	Ditto, Ireland or Scotland so o o
King's Inn, Dublin	25	0 0	As a Burgess in Scotland o 5 o
As Fellow of College of Physi		0 0	AGREEMENT, or memorandum of
As Burgess, by birth, apprent or marriage, England or Ire	iceship, eland z		agreement, under hand only, not
marriago, magnatu ot 11	,		otherwise charged • 6

		,		,
Contract Note following a duly £ s	. đ.	COVENANT-For repayment of money,	£	. d.
stamped option contract note		see MORTGAGE.		
chargeable with half the above rates only.		For original creation and sale of any annuity, see Conveyance.		
Contract or Grant for payment of a		For an annuity (except on original		
Superannuation Annuity: for every	_	creation and sale) or other periodi-		
£5 or fractional part of £5	6	cal payments, see BOND.		
CONVEYANCE OR TRANSFER:—Of Bank of England Stock o is	6	Separate Deed of, made on occasion of sale or mortgage, but not being		
of England Stock o 15 Of any Colonial Stock forming part	, .	an instrument chargeable with ad		
of public debt of Colony, if register		an instrument chargeable with adval. duty as a Conveyance or Mort-		
is kept in U.K. and the Stock is		gage: same duty as a Convey- ance on Sale, or a Mortgage, but		
declared under the Colonial Stock		not to exceed		
Act, 1877: for every £100, or frac- tional part of £100, of nominal		DEATH DUTIES, see ESTATE.	-	
tional part of £x00, of nominal amount transferred o				
Or may be compounded for. See		DECLARATION, see AFFIDAVIT. DECLARATION OF TRUST, not being a		
Stamp Act, 1891, 8. 114.		Will or Settlement		
CONVEYANCE or transfer on sale of any stock (except as aforesaid), shares, or		DEED of any kind not charged under	0 1	
marketable security: where the pur-		some special head	0 1	
chase money shall not exceed $\pounds_5$ or Exceeding $\pounds_5$ and not exceeding $\pounds_7$ or	. 0	DEMISE, see LEASE.		
Exceeding £5 and not exceeding £10 o	. 0	DEPUTATION or Appointment of a		
,, 10 ,, 15 0 3		Gamekeeper	0 10	
,, 15 ,, 20 0 4 ,, 25 0 5	_	DUPLICATE OR COUNTERPART:		
For every additional £35 up to £300 o 5		Same duty as original, but not to exceed	•	5 0
If exceeding £300, then for every £50 o ro	0	ECCLESIASTICAL LICENCES :-	•	
Promuo for composition for transfer		To hold the office of lecturer, &c.	0 1	0 0
duly see 54 & 55 Vict. c. 39, 57 and 58 Vict. c. 30, 10 & 11 Geo. V., c. 18,		for licensing a building for divine service, &c., and any chapel for		
and 12 & 13 Geo. V., c. 17.		solemnising marriages	0 1	
*Conveyance of transfer on sale of any		Licence not otherwise charged	3 (	
property (except as above); where		EQUITABLE MORTGAGES under hand only.		
the purchase money shall not exceed		For every £100 or part thereof	0 1	
Exceeding £5 and not exceeding £10 0 a		ESTATE DUTY:		
,, 10 ,, 15 0 3		In the case of every person dying		
,, 15 ,, 20 0 4		after z August, 1930, where the principal value of all property, Real or Personal, Settled, or Not		
For every additional £as up to £300 o s	0	Real or Personal, Settled, or Not		
If exceeding £300, then for every £50 o so		Settled, passing on the death of		
Of any kind not otherwise charged o to	0	such person,		
Conveyances by way of gift inter vivos			ær c …£:	
are charged as conveyances on sale. Exceptions for marriage settle-		500 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19
ments, and certain gifts of pro-		1,000 3 100,000 .		<b>2</b> 0
perty for preservation of open spaces, and for conveyances to ap-		1	_	82
spaces, and for conveyances to ap-		12,500		24 26
point new trustees, &c.		15,000 7 250,000		20 28
COPY OR EXTRACT (attested or authenti-		z8,000 8 300,000		30
cated), except probates, the same duty as original, but not to exceed o x		sr,000 9   400,000		38
COPYHOLD AND CUSTOMARY ESTATES :	•	25,000 IO 500,000 30,000 II 600,000		34
If on sale, mortgage, or demise, the		30,000 II 600,000		36 38
ad valorem duties under Conveyance,		40,000 · · · 13   1,000,000 ·		30 40
Mortgage, or Lease. Upon any other		45,000 · · · I4   I,250,000	••• (	43
occasion—Surrender or grant made out of court, or the memorandum		50,000 15 1,500,000	(	45
thereof, and Copy of court-roll of any		55,000	!	50
surrender or grant made in court o to		Estate Duty in respect of agricultural		
CORPORATE AND UNINCORPORATE BODIES.		property is to be charged in part		
Upon the net annual value, income, or		on agricultural value at the rates		
profits accrued in respect of all real		set out in the Finance Act, 1919, in		
or personal property vested in such		lieu of the above rates.		
bodiesper cent. 5 o (Subject to certain exceptions laid		Gyts made by deceased during his life for public or charitable pur-		
down in the Act 48 & 49 Vict. c. 5z.)		poses, are charged, unless made		
• In cases where the consideration does not exc	heer	more than twelve months before		
6500 and the instrument contains a certificate as	re-	death; other gifts are charged, un-		
luired by the Finance (2909-20) Act, 1920, sec. 73, that transaction does not form part of a larger transmis	the	less made more than three years		
To case where the Construction to the No. 25, the nind the instrument contains a certificate as a certificate as a contract of a larger transaction does not form but of a larger transaction does not form but of a larger transaction to the contained of the consideration of transaction are respect of which consideration exceeds £500, duty is charged at half share rules.	the	before death; gifts made in con-		
consideration exceeds £500, duty is charged at half above rates.	the	sideration of marriage, or as part of deceased's reasonable normal		
		O. Seconda a Londonanto DOLINAL		

Jul 2 7			
expenditure, excepted. Gifts not exceeding £x00 in value or amount also excepted.			
Payment of Ratate or Succession Duties may, by agreement with the Commissioners, be made, wholly or in part, in the form of real or		•	
leasehold property comprised in the estate.			
Small estates up to £300 and £500 gross are charged, at the option of the accounting parties, either by			
the preceding scale or with fixed duties of jes. and ses., and are exempt from all other death duties.			
Interest at 4 per cent. per annum is also payable on the Estate Duty on personalty from the date of the death up to that of delivery of the affidavit or account.			
The Estate Duty on real property may be paid, if desired, by eight yearly or sixteen half-yearly in- stalments, and that on certain			
annuities may at option be paid in four yearly instalments, and 4 per- cent, interest is charged on all un- paid portions of duty in these cases from twelve months after death.			
FACULTY OR DISPENSATION:  In England, in all cases	30		•
FEES are taken in all Public Departments by means of Stamps: such payments are accounted for to the Exchequer under the heading of Miscellaneous Revenue.			
GAMEKEEPER, Deputation or Appointment of	•	10	•
HIRE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS:  Under hand		e Io	6
The tax is chargeable under five Schedules, A, B, C, D, and E, and the standard rate for the year	în i	the	£
Schedule A: Lauds, Tenements, &c. Owner must allow deduction from next payment of rent when tax paid by tenant.	•	5	۰
Police in remort of the cost of			

Relief in respect of the cost of

repairs is given under Sch. A to the extent of 1/2 part of the assess-

ment in the case of lands, and in the case of houses, where the amount of the assessment—

Houses, for average cost of mainten-

ance, repairs, insurance and management in excess of above relief may be

claimed. Five years' average taken.

A Clergyman or Minister using part of his house
mainly for his duties may obtain an allowance
not exceeding the tax on one-eighth of the rent,

or annual value.

Schedule B: In respect of the Occupa-tion of lands used for the purposes of husbandry only, or mainly for those purposes, on an amount equal to the Annual Value; or, by special request, if made before ght June (gth August in Sootland) in the current income-tax war on profile current income-tax year, on profits of husbandry, as in case of Trades, under Schedule D. In the case of all other lands on an amount equal to one-third of the annual value. Schedule C: Dividends or Annuities from public revenue (Government-Stocks, &c.)
Schedule D: Trades, Professions, Remittances from Abroad, Interest, &c. Schedule E: Salaries, pensions, and other be claimed on the amount of premiums paid for insurance of self or wife in approved Companies legally carrying on business in the United Kingdom, if not exceeding one-sixth of the net personal income; but the amount allowable in respect of any premium for secur-ing a capital sum on death not to exceed 7 per cent. of the actual sum assured, nor in respect of any premium for securing any other benefits, more than £ see in all. RESIDENTS ABROAD .- No exemption or other relief is given to persons not residing in the United Kingdom. Exceptions: British subjects, present or former servants of the Crown, widows whose late husbands were in the service of the Crown, missionaries, servants of native States under British protection, residents in the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man, and persons, previously resident in the United Kingdom, residing abroad for the sake of their health or the health of a member of their family. DOMINION INCOME TAX.—Relief is granted under certain conditions in the case of a taxpayer who has paid, or is liable to pay, United Kingdom Income Tax on any part of his income, and who proves that he has paid Dominion Income Tax for the same year in respect of the same part of his income.

BOHOLARSHIPS.—Income from a scholarship held by a person receiving full-time instruction at a university, college, school, or other educational establishment is exempted from Income Tax (including Super-Tax).
STANDARD RATES OF INCOME TAX.come Tax year is from April 6 to the following April 5. The following were the standard rates for the years mentioned:— 1907-8 and 1908-9 ...... e IQI4-I5 ...... 0 1915-1916...... o 1916-17 and 1917-18 ...... o rgr8-rg to rger-as ..... 1930-31
SUR TAX.—The Sur Tax replaced the Super Tax, which was levied up to and including the Super Tax Year

1928-9 (payable January 1, 1929),

Nul.

based on the statutory income of the year 1927-6). The Bur Tax is in effect year 1927-8). The Bur Tax is in effect a deferred instalment of Income Tax payable on January x after the end of the Income Tax year. Thus the first payment of Sur Tax was due January 1, 1930, and was the deferred instalment of Income Tax for the year 1928-9.

Sur Tax for the year 1990-32 (payable January 1, 1932), is at the following rates plus 20% of each rate on persons whose total incomes exceed £2,000:— 

For every £ of the first £500 of the £ s. d. For every £ of the next £500 of For every £ of the next £1,000 of 

the excess .... For every £ of the next £2.000 of 

For every £ of the next £5,000 of the excess. For every £ of the next £xe,000 of the excess .. . For every £ of the next £so,000 of the excess. For every £ of the remainder of

the excess .....

Notes on Income Tax. Under the Finance Act of 1920 a radical alteration was made in the method of granting relief in the Income Tax in favour of earned income as compared with investment income, and in the method of graduating the burden of the tax according to the size of a taxpayer's income and his family responsibilities. The previously existing exemptions, abatements, and reliefs were replaced by the various reliefs set out below. In introducing the new system, the Act employed two terms not previously used in connection with the Income Tax, viz., "assessable income" and "taxable income."

"Assessable Income" means, in the case of "earned" income, the amount of such income as computed for Income Tax purposes, after deducting the amount of the "earned" income allowance mentioned below, and in the case of other income, the actual amount of such income

as computed for Income Tax purposes.
"Taxable Income" means that part of the
"assessable income" upon which Income Tax is actually charged, that is, the "assessable moome" less the various deductions referred to below.

Deduction in arriving at Assessable Income. Earned Income Allowance.—The differentiation in favour of "earned" income is made by deducting one-fifth of the "earned" income in order to arrive at the assessable income. The deduction is given irrespective of the amount of the total income, but must not exceed £300 for any one individual. The "assessable income" of a taxpayer is, therefore, his total income, as computed for Income Tax purposes, after making the appropriate deduction in respect of any "earned" income.

An allowance is made of one-fifth of the total An allowance is made of one-ritto of the total income (from whatever source) of persons of the age of 85 years and upwards whose total income does not exceed \$500. This allowance is granted, in the case of a married couple, where sither the husband or his wife, living with him, has attained the age of 65 years at the commencement of the very of accurance. of the year of assessment, but the joint total income must in such a case fall within the prescribed limits. Provision is also made for marginal relief, in order to avoid the hardship which would be involved when the total income falls just over the prescribed limit of £500.

Total Exemption. - Exemption from tax may be claimed where the total assessable income does whose wife is living with him, £25c. Where the income is wholly earned, these limits are equivalent

to first and first ros. respectively. See above.

Deductions from Assessable Income in order to arrive at Taxable Income .- Where the taxpayer is not totally exempt, the following deductions may be claimed from the total assessable income in order to arrive at the "taxable income." The deductions may be claimed irrespective of the amount of the taxpayer's total income

Personal allocance may be claimed of £zco, or, in the case of an individual whose wife is living with him, £zso.

Wys's Earned Income.—When a taxpayer's

total income includes any earned income of his

total income includes any earned income of his wife, the personal allowance of £150 is increased by a sum equal to four-fifths of the amount of such earned income, subject to a maximum additional allowance of £45.

Deduction for a Widower's (or Widow's) House-keper taking Charge of Children.—A deduction of £50 may be claimed, under certain conditions, by a widower who has living with him a female relative for the nurses of having the charge relative for the purpose of having the charge and care of any child or adopted child of his in respect of whom the deduction for children (see below) is given or in the capacity of a house-keeper or by a widow who has a female relative resident with her for the like purpose. If the widower or widow proves that he or she has no such female relative who is able or willing to take such charge, the same deduction may be claimed in respect of some other female person employed for that purpose.

Deduction in respect of Widowed Mother, &c., taking Charge of Children —A deduction of £50 may be claimed, under certain conditions, by an Unmarried Person who has living with him and maintains at his own expense either his mother (being a widow or living apart from her husband) or some other female relative, for the purpose of having the charge and care of any brother or sister of his in respect of whom the deduction for children or adopted children (see below) is given.

Deduction for Children .- A deduction may be claimed in respect of each child, step-child, or adopted child under the age of z6 years, or who, if over that age, is receiving full-time instruction at any university, college, school, or other educational establishment. The deduction allowable is £50 in respect of one child, and £40 in respect of each additional child for whom the relief is due. No deduction is, however, allowed in respect of any child or adopted child who is entitled in his or her own right to an income which, after excluding any income to which the child is entitled as the holder of a scholarship, bursary, or other similar educational endowment, exceeds £50 a year. Deduction in respect of Dependent Relatives.— A deduction of £32 may be claimed in respect of (a) any person whom the taxpayer maintains at his own expense, and who is a relative of his or of his wife, and incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself or herself, or (b) his or his wife's widowed mother, whether or (b) into or his whes windowed moduler, whether incapacitated or not, or (c) a daughter who is resident with the taxpayer, and upon whose services he is compelled to depend, by reason of old age or infirmity. The deduction under (a) or (b) is conditional, however, upon the income of the dependent relative not exceeding Go a year. The deduction applies in the case of a female taxpayer, with the substitution of "husband" for "wife" above.

Rates of Tax chargeable on the "Taxable Income."—The following provisions as to the rates of tax chargeable on the taxable income rates of tax chargeane on the taxine income (i.e., that part of the income on which tax is actually charged) apply, whatever the total amount of the income. For the year ending Apr. 5, 1932, the first £275 of the taxable income is chargeable at 22.6d, in the £. The remainder of the taxable income is chargeable at the

standard rate of tax, i.e., at gs. in the £.

Relief in respect of Life Assurance Premiums. Where allowance is due in respect of premiums paid for Life Assurance or for contracts for Deferred Annuities, the allowance is deducted from the amount of tax arrived at under the preceding paragraph, and calculated at following rates:—one-half the standard rate in the £ on the amount of the premium paid on policies on the amount of the premium paid on policies taken out since June sa, 2016, irrespective of the claimant's total income; and on policies taken out before June sa, 2016, a deduction of tax at one-half the standard rate in the £ is allowed on the premiums paid by a claimant whose income does not exceed £1,200, of three-fourths of the standard rate in the £ where his income exceeds £2,000, and does not exceed £3,000, and at the standard rate in the £ where his income exceeds £2,000, and the standard rate in the £ where his income exceeds £s,coo. INEBRIATES' RETREATS Licences ....... 5 0 0

(xos. additional is payable for every patient over so in number.)

INSURANCE POLICIES-LIFE: For any sum not exceeding £xo ..... o 

Policies of Indemnity against loss under the Employers' Liability Act, 1880, and the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1897: Under hand

Under seal.... -ACCIDENTAL DEATH, or Personal Injury, or on periodical payments

7 C. 13, 2. 8 (2). INSURANCE POLICIES—SEA:

Where the premium does not exceed

per cent. :

For any Voyage :-Where the sum insured does not £ s. d. £500 £750 ٥ 9

", £750 ", ", £7000 ", £7000 ", £750 ", £750 ", £7000 or fractional part of £500 ...........

For Time : Where the insurance is made for any time :

(x) Not exceeding 6 months, three times the amount which would be payable if the insurance were made upon a voyage;

(a) Exceeding 6 months and not exceeding zs months, six times the amount which would be payable if the insurance were made upon a

voyage.
Containing Continuation Clause, an additional duty of ......

(r Edw. 7, c. 7, s. rr.) Penalty for fraud, or evasion of Sea 

INVENTORY DUTY, see ESTATE DUTY.

LAND VALUE TAX .- In respect of all land in Great Britain there will be charged in respect of the financial year ending March 31, 1934, and each subsequent year a tax at the rate of one penny for each pound of the land value of every land unit. The Finance Act 1931 imposes on the Commissioners of Inland Revenue the duty of ascertaining the land value of every such land unit and indicates the method by which the valuation is to be made. For the purpose of the charge to the tax the land value is to be reduced either (a) by an amount equal to four times the annual value for income tax purposes or (b) by an amount equal to seven-eighths of the land value of the unit—whichever is the less.

Where any land unit comprises agricultural land a "cultivation" value is also to be ascertained and the amount by which the tax is reduced is either the amount of the cultivation value or the amount calculated as above which would be allowable if no cultivation value was shown, whichever is the greater.

Certain exemptions are granted in respect of land owned by the Crown, National Trust, railways, &c., and also, under certain conditions, land used as playing fields.

If the aggregate amount of tax payable in respect of all the land units owned by one person does not exceed ten shillings he is entitled to relief from the tax.

-The quota payable by each Parish, as fixed in the year 1798 (less the amount redeemed), is raised by an equal pound rate, the rate of Assessment not to exceed 1s. in the £. Where the income of the owner of the the fate of assessment into the control of the fat. Where the income of the owner of the land (when not a body of persons, corporate or incorporate) does not exceed fate he is exempt from payment of land tax, and if the owner's income does not exceed face one-half of the tax is remitted, but he must claim this relief before payment of the tax.

*I.E.ASES:—Lease or tack of any dwelling-house or part thereof for any definite term not exceed-

be charged.

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whole estate.

To Brothers and Sisters of the Deceased,

Mother of the Deceased, or their De-

To Brothers and Sisters of the Grand-

To any Person in any other degree of col-lateral Consanguinity, or to a Stranger

in Blood to the Deceased ......

father or Grandmother of the Deceased,

scendants .....

or their Descendants

LETTERS OF MARQUE AND EXPERISAL

LETTERS PATHET, GRANT OF, to any honour or
dignity, viz.: Duke, £350: Marquess, £300;
Earl, £350: Viscount, £300: Baron, £300;
Precedence, £300: Baronet, £300; Compt d'élire
to elect an Archbishop or Bishop, £30; any
other honour, dignity, or franchise, £30. Ohange
of surname er arms, in accordance with will,
£30: "They voluntary ampliantion. £30." o. ≰ s. d. £50; upon voluntary application, £10. LUNACY ACT, Licence for House ....... LUNATIC: -Grant of custody of person or estate..... MARKETABLE SECURITIES transferable by delivery : (1) Colonial Government Securities, every £10 or fractional part of £10 (3) Securities dated or signed before 7th Aug., 1883, double the duty on Mortgage, Bond, &c. (7.v.).
(4) Of any other description, for every Lie or fractional part of Lie......... Do. not transferable by delivery, same Rate of Duty (payable by the proprietor where he works the minerals, or, in any other case, by the immediate lessor of the working lessee]: 18. od. annually for each £1 of rental value. Exemptions, &c.—Common clay, common brick clay, common brick earth, sand, chalk, limestone, and gravel are not charged: MORTGAGE BOND, &c., not exceeding \$10 0 Not exc. £35...0 0 8 Not exc. £300 0 5 50...0 I 3 Exceptions — Estates not exceeding £15,000.—
Legacies and successions of less than £15,000 (£2,000 in the case of widow or child under the age of 22 of deceased), whatever may be value of whole estate Reconveyance, Release, &c., per £toc Collateral, or auxiliary, or additional, or substituted security (other than an equitable mortrage), when the principal security is duly stamped; for every £200, or fraction of £200, 6d., up to a maximum of NOTARIAL ACT of any kind (except protests) ..... PASSPORT ..... PATENT (LETTERS) for inventions :--On application for provisional protection ..... On filing complete specification...... On notice to have patent scaled .... application for certificate of payment of renewal:—Before the expiration Where deceased died on or after z July, z838, and Probate or Estate Duty is not peyable, Succession Duties for the relationships above are at rates of z36, 436,634, 234, and zz% respectively. .

The Husband or Wife is chargeable with Estate Duty and Legacy and Succession Duty; and the Husband or Wife of a relation is chargeable at the rate at which the relation would

Penalties.-Persons paying or receiving without taking or signing a proper Receipt, or not giving notice of a succession, or not delivering an account, are subject to certain Penalties. LETTERS OF ALLOTMENT AND OF RENUNCIATION. Less than £5, 2d.; £5 and upwards, 6d. LETTERS OF MARQUE AND REPRISAL ......

330 2000, 2000, 2000	
of the 4th year from the date of the patent, and in respect of the 5th year £5, and £1 addit, each year to £16 in respect of the 16th year.  Other small fees are also payable, of such amount as may be from time to time prescribed.  POWEE OF ATTORNEY, &c., receiving	2. Of any Foreign or Colonial Company on first negotiation in U.K., for every 5 to or fractional part of 5 to 0 4 STOCK CERTIF., see BRARE WARRANT. SUCCESSION DUTIES, see LEGACY DUTIES. SUR TAX, see INCOME TAX. TRANSFER OF STOCK, see CONVEYANCE. Transfer of Share in Cost-Book Mines 0 6
prize-money or wages	VALUATION, & APPRAISEMENT.  VOTING PAPER OF Proxy  VOTING PAPER OF Proxy  WARRANT FOR GOODS  The Commissioners as a general rule allow deeds, etc., to be stamped after execution  WITHOUT PENALTY, ON PAYMENT OF DUTY ONLY:  Agreements under hand only, liable to the duty  of 6d — Agreements for letting furnished houses for less than a year. Appraisements  —Attested copies,—within 14 days of Arst
PROCURATION, Deed, etc, of	execution.  Foreign sea policies, within to days of arrival in U.K.  Deeds and instruments not otherwise excepted, within 30 days of first execution.  NOTE — Where wholly executed abroad, the period begins to recken from the date of arrival here.  PENALTIES ENFORCEABLE ON STANPING, IN ADDITION TO DUTY:— Agreements under hand only. At-
REVOCATION of any Trust of Property, £ s d not being a Will	tested copies or extracts: after 14 £ s. d. days from their first execution
£ss, or fraction of £ss o o 3 SHARR WARRANT and Stock Certificate to Bearer:  z. Of any Company, Corporation, or hody of persons in the U.K., on issue, per cent. on nominal value	Other Instruments presented after the proper time (subject to special provisions in some cases)

#### GAME AND GUN LICENCES.

GAME AND GUN LICENCES .- A licence is required by every person who hunts, shoots, or takes game, except persons (in Great Britain) taking woodcock and snipe with nets or springes, proprietors, or tenauts, on enclosed land, killing rabbits; persons hunting deer, or hares, with hounds; owners or occupiers, or their servants, killing deer on their own enclosed land; beaters and others, not holding guns, attending holders of game licences. Occupiers of enclosed land, or owners, having the right to kill game, may them-selves kill hares, or authorise others to do so, without a licence, but such authority must be limited to one person at a time in any one parish, and must be registered with the clerk of the Justices of the Petty Sessional Division in which the land is situate. Even when the quarry is not what is legally known as "game," a "gun" what is legally known as "rame," a "gun" licence is necessary. A game licence, however, covers agun licence, sallors, soldiers, airmen, territurial soldiers, or constables, on duty or at practies, need not take out a gun licence, nor need occupiers of land scaring birds or killing vermin or such land, or persons so acting under the orders of occupiers holding a licence. Unless, however, the occupier is himself licensed, he

cannot authorise any milicensed person to carry a gun. "Scaring" birds is not to be regarded as including killing of any birds, and "vermin" does not include rabbits. The rates of duty are as follows :-GAME LICENCES, if taken out after £ After 31st Oct., to expire 31st July ... Licence for a continuous period of fourteen days ..... Gamekeeper's (Great Britain), to expire 3xst July..... Game-Dealer's Licence, to expire xat July, annually..... DEPUTATION or Appointment of a Gamekeeper ...... 0 to 0

GUN LIGENCES (gun, air gun or pistol)... o so e A Firearm Certificate (5/- for the first, a/6 subsequently—renewable every 2 years) is also necessary (with certain exceptions) for any person in possession of a firearm.

A person under at may not purchase or have in his possession any firearm other than a smooth-bore shot gun or air rifie.

10,475

#### RECEIPTS FROM EXCISE, 1927-1931.

						- a-			
Year ended		f	Lice	Licences.		Table	Entertain-		
March 32	Beer.	Spirits.	- Spirit Retailers.	Other Licences.	Patent Medicines.	Waters.	ments.	Matches.	
	78,763,4 <b>8</b> 0	37,058,506	£ 3,295,612	£ 1,624,796	£	\$	£	£	
1927	77,800,471	40,508,523	3,398,436	1,679,521	1,295,139	369,356 352,848	5,789,054	1,455,895	
1989	70,846,978	38,997,751	3,338,444	1,435,532	1,333,518	354,907	6,119,978 6,003,587	1,744,489 1,880,683	
1930	71,254,674	36,651,064	3,357,631	1,498,295	1,434,199	358,617	6,695,847	2,006,166	
1931	69,869,899	25,137,336	3,343,918	1,457.832	1,097,608	339,398	6,952,088	z,026,621	

Other Licenses issued in 1989 30 included: Auctioneers, 7,509; Bookmakers' Personal Certificates, 13,447; do. Entry Certificates, 6,392; Hawkers, 8,390; Patent Medicine Makers and Vendors, 205,603, Moneylenders, 3,759. Pawthrokers, 2,595; Plate Dealers, 17,599; Tohacco Dealers, 47,509 — Male Servants, 250,777, Armorial Bearings, 25,662; Dogs. 2,997,397, Gun, 250,442, Game (including Gamekcepers), 6a,485, and Game Dealers, 4,555.

### RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS, 1927-1931.

Year ended March 32	Tea.	Cocoa and Coffee.	Sugar.	Tobacco and Snuff.	Wine.	Spirits.	Matches.	Clocks and Watches.
1987 1988 1989 1930 1931	£ 5,96a,408 5,791,485 5,750,718 43,336	960,549 960,189 902,189 907,741 982,854 1,076,496	£ 17,489,320 17,039,115 13,911,816 11,753,395 18,363,749	£ 53,945,660 58,206,703 59,194,861 62,909,202 64,187,910	£ 4,335,998 4,156,194 4,856,243 4,889,710 4,103,184	£ 6,494,390 6,799,169 6,669,65a 5,947,899 5,560,765	£ a,127,598 a,216,363 a,071,859 a,113,893 a,074,866	417,355 559,279 614,465 585,078,

CONSUMPTION PER HEAD.—In 1989, the average consumption per head of the population of Great Britain and Northern Ireland was: Tea, 2013[b]; Coffee, 0.76[b]; Cocoa, 2.82[b]. a total of 1373[b]. per head. In 1890, the figures were: Tea, 1721[b]. Coffee, 1.08; Cocoa, 0.08[b]., a total of 1373[b]. SMUGGLING.—During the year ended the 312t March, 1990, 7,303 setzures of smuggled goods were made. Of these, 4,704 were setzures of cobacco, cigars and foreign spirits. The quantities setzed were 2.862 [b]. of tobacco and cigars, and 322 gallous of spirits.

3,208 persons were convicted of smuggling, and penalties to the amount of £16,647 recovered.

## RECEIPTS FROM ESTATE DUTY, INCOME TAX, POST OFFICE, &c., 1987-1931.

	ESTATE, &C	Duties.						Post Office Revenue.			
Year ended Mar. 32.	Estate Duty.	Legacy and Succession Duty.		INCOME TAX SUPER T				Postal.		Telegraph.	Telephone.
1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	59,085,239 66,621,348 72,231,490 69,548,208 73,704,452	8,363,066 8,703,153 9,557,719	£ 334,727,000 250,583,000 237,620,000 237,426,000 256,047,000	56,150 56,390	,000 ,000 ,000	24,7 27,0 30,0 25,6		35,600, 38,850, 39,000, 40,200, 40,850,	000	6,100,000 6,200,000 6,300,000	£ 17,350,000 18,650,000 20,100,000 21,600,000 22,600,000
	CORPORATION PROFITS TAX. BETTING DUTY.										
Total :	Tax		1989-30 £731,846	1930-31 <b>512,512</b>				(Net	Recei	pts.)	
	nents, &c		87,423	84,881		-	On	Bets.		On ificates.	Total.
Net Re	MOTOR	VEHICLE		5487,631	198	5-a7 7-a8 3-a9	B,44	8,36a 6,342 8,037		06,860 88,900 17,080	£835,222 2,669,242 2,245,117
Division. Gross Receipts. CONSCIENCE MO				MONEY.							
England and Wales£24,975.091 £250-21.  Scotland				"Money remitted to the Chancellor of the Exchequer by Sundry Persons for Conscience Sake, etc.," varies in amount from year to year, as will be seen from the following table:				Conscience			
T	otal	£27,23	13,218 £2€	,556,504	Y	ar	Re	ceived.	1 3	Year	Received.

Details of Receipts from Motor Vehicle Duties from Dec. 2, 1928, to Nov. 30, 1929 (£26,301,965), will be found on p. 380.

Year 1915-16...£1,905

1926-27... 1,931 18 4

Year.

# PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX. NET RECEIPTS FROM INCOME TAX. England.

Scotland

United Kingdom.

Ireland.

					-		
1913-14		£38,974,	376 £3,7	65,769	£2,262		£43,901,763
1089-93		284,288		69,625	N. Ire		314,374,544
		245,448	048 49.4	120,947	2,767		871,433,107
1084-85			736 81.1	15,836	9.371	.608	975,456,964
1985-26		237,204	oBa zo.c	01,817	2,37	.146	258,064,955
1986-27		210,954		84,844	I,996	705	230,135,868
1997-18			800 YE F	44.595	1,950		a53,495,368
1988-19		220,086	362 25,0	10,438	1,577	,553	937,974,3EG
1989-30			564 I 17,1	80,380	1,735	, ze6	a37,873,05s
INCOME TAXIn 192	9-30 there wer	re 5,x00,000 in	dividuals w	ith to	tal incon	nes abo	ve the exemp-
tion limit, but of this	number s,850	,cec were en	drely reliev	ed by	abateme	nts an	d allowances,
leaving only s,250,000 cl	largeable with	LAX. THE R	umoer er p	BURODE	8866886G	ior in	Dus xar-emos
Cuites but not evere	ding Cre coe	nar annum	erceening :	£ 5,000	Was as	TOTHIN	not exceeding
sur-tax in the year 1928  Sistee but not exceed  Las,coo per annum, 7,3	is; and exceed	ding far one	ner annum	* See	7,10,000	,40	non caccouning
ACTUAL INCOME O							SS PROFITS.
_ <del></del>	<del></del>	1					56 PROFILE.
SCHEDULE.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Northern Ireland		and.	YEAR.	YIELD.
1 4 11 4	•	1 0 1	_		_		£
A (From Ownership)	£	- t	£		\$	1981-1	
(From Ownership)	234,328,475	17,187,286	2,592,033		107,794	1926-	4,583,501
B (From Occupation)	a3,538,a97	3,628,417	266,482		433, 196	1937-	
D (From Businesses, &c.)	959,337,965	95,979,219	9,610,019		446,475 927,103	1929-	
E (From Salaries)	900,835,955		20,286,255			1930-	
1							31 4,377,001
1 '	COME TAX A	SSESSMENT	3 (SCHEDI	ILE D	), 1928-2		
Profits from Businesses, Pr tain Employments, and Ce	ofessions, ('er-	England.	Scotla	nd.	Northe	m	United
tain Employments, and Co.	regin interest		_!	[	Treating		Kingdom
Gross Income from :-		£	1 4	: 1	£	1	£
Manufacturing, &c.,	Industries	430,951,858	43,361	,430	3,660,	144	477,973,532
Distribution, &c							
Railways (U.K.)		37,161.173		,872	52,4		37,888,111 486,477,086
Other		437,370,813 178,658,594	43,383		5,722,		486,477,086
Finance, Professions,	AC	178,058,594	17,808	755	1,657,	525	198, 134,874
Interest on War Se taxed at source)	curities (not)						
Do. Dominion and	d Foundam do	90,718,931			1,477,		309,550, <u>55</u> 0
, Do. Domittion and	a roteign dor	85,971,799	4,918	,×35	528,	907	'90,518,8az
Total Gross In	come	£ 1,461,933,158	£284,834		£13,098,		's see 866 ess
Exemptions and	d Reductions			Ass	3,488,	Ren Z	2,399,866,974
i	4 2504 40010115	304,595,193	-0,033	,000	3,440,	-5/	334,939,871
Total Actual	ncome	£959,337,965	£95,979	TIO	£9,6x0,	20 I.	1,064,027,103
INCOME TAX ASSESSMENTS (SCHEDULE E), 1928-29.							
						, -	
Salaries of Government, and Public Company	Officials	England.	Scotla	nd.	Northe Irelan		United Kingdom,
1			-	1		<u></u>  -	
Gress Income -		£	£	_ !	£		£
Government Officials Other Public Officials		86,732,914	866	,026	1,507,	025	89,105,975
Other Employmen		7,798,283		l	•••	- 1	7,798,283
Annually		616,931,427	-4-0-	امت	8 04-	-8-	69a +68 ar-
Manual Wage-Earne	ors. Assessed	·10,931,427	56, a8g	,59=	8,947,		682,168,310
Half-Yearly	, assected	285,421,041	3x,8ac	ا عس	799.	EAA	318,041,583
			31,020		7991		3-21-4-1262
Total Gross In	come	£996,883,675	€88,976	.6aa	£11,953,	844 4	£1,097,114,151
Exemptions an		96,047,780	5,564	576	967,		102,579,897
Actual Income :-							-10171-01
Wages of Manual Ea		254,535,384	39,226		7=9,	531 I	284,491,564
Other Assessments .		646,300,37X	54,18	395	9,350,		720,045,690
m-1-2 4							*********
Total Actual I	ncome	£900,835,955	₹83,411	1,044	£20,2 <b>86</b> ,	955	£994:534:#54

-Whitaebe's 'Almanades :1992.

## STATE EXPENDITURE, 1980-81, 1981-82.

STATE EXPENDIT	JAL, 1930-31, 1981-32.
The expenditure of the various departments	CLASS IV : EDUCATION.
of the State is met from two main sources. (x)	2030-31, 1031-30,
supply grants, (a) receipts appropriated in aid.  Together these form the grows expenditure for the year, the net expenditure being the amount	Board of Education £45,495,653 £48,362,377
Together these form the gross expenditure for	British Museum 196,534 181,471 Do. Nat. History 103,771 103,140
the year, the net expenditure being the amount	Do. Nat. History 103,771 102,149 Imperial War Museum 13,260 11,059
raised by taxation for the particular purpose.  The Estimated Expenditure given below accounts	
only for the net expenditure, after taking credit	London Museum 4,958 5,757 National Gallery 35,483 32,680
for receipts appropriated in aid of expenditure.	Madonal Portrait Gai-
THE CIVIL ESTIMATES.	lery 8,176 8,088
	Wallace Collection 11,218 10,585
Civil Estimates and Estimates for the Revenue	Scientific Investigation 23,303 240,684 Universities & Colleges 1,830,000 1,830,000
Departments for 1931-2 (as originally framed) show an increase of £5,803,161 over 1930-31	
(including Supplementary Estimates).	Scotland.
Service 1930-31, 1931-32,	Public Education 7,197,483 7,582,006
Civil Services£309,409,761 £317,811,992	National Galleries 10,979 9,999
Revenue Depts 72,399,650 69,800,580	National Library 1,301 1,801
	CLASS V: HEALTH, LABOUR AND INSURANCE.
£381,809,411 £387,612,572	Ministry of Health £19,224,200 £19,616,212
The Civil Estimates are divided into ro	Board of Control 194,087 147,680
"Classes," as shown below :-	Registrar-General's Office 100,438 *28.048
CLASS I: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.	Insurance Audit 173,660 162,650
Principal Items :- 1930-31. 1932-38	MIDISUTY OF LADOUT 37,091,000 44,866,000
House of Lords Offices £52,841 £52,799	Unemployment Grants. 2,850,000 3,000,000 Old Age Pensions 36,886,000 38,834,400
House of Commons (incl.	Old Age Pensions 36,886,000 38,834,400 Widows', Orphans' and
payment of Members) 365,962 364,864	Old Age Contributory
Registration of Voters,	Pensions 9,000,000 x0,000,000
Treesury Dents &c 255,000 240,000	
Treasury Depts., &c 329,609 319,543 Exchequer and Audit 150,550 140,750	Scotland.
Royal Commissions 50,000 44,000	Dept of Health £2,791,592 £2,727,203     Board of Control 60,496 26,029
Government Hospitality 47,000 12,000	Registrar-General's Office 27,364 *67,874
Mint, incl. Coinage 250,000 200,000	
Secret Service 180,000 180,000	CLASS VI: TRADE AND INDUSTRY.
Scotland.	Board of Trade £213,060 £204,115
Scottish Office	Mercantile Marine Offices 398,030 350,209
CLASS II: FOREIGN AND IMPERIAL	Dept. of Overseas Trade 502,972 424,807 Export Credits 95,662 200
Foreign Office £195,930 £188,943	Mines' Department 187,438 320,522
DiplomaticandConsular	Ministry of Agriculture
Service	and Fisheries 2,393,070 2,310,152
League of Nations   98,000   117,500   Empire Marketing   618,500   659,000	Boet Sugar Subsidy 6,000,000 2,150,000
Oversea Settlement 833,250 264,750	Surveys of Gt. Britain. 143,203 134,170
Colonial Office zgz,zo6 z49,z80	Forestry Commission 837,800 665,000
Colonial and Middle	Ministry of Transport 208,974 263,522   Development Fund 625,000   500,000
East Services 1,617,765 1,610,716	Scientific and Industrial
Imperial War Graves	Research Dept 467,858 456,004
Commission 652,295 602,000	Scotland.
CLASS III: HOME DEPARTMENT, LAW AND	Dept. of Agriculture 584,928 572,313
JUNTICE.  Home Office	Fishery Board 137,448 81,507
Broadmoor 21.862 68.466	CLASS VII: COMMON SERVICES.
Police (E. & W.) 10,405,308 10,854,129	CLASS VIII. PENSIONS.
Prisons (E. & W.) 1,003,986 952,089	
Reformatories, &c. (E.	Ministry of Pensions £51,850,000 £50,039,000 Merchant Seamen s
& W.) s12,361 s13,153	
Law Charges 164,996 150,638	War Pensions 375,398 387,488 R.I.C. Pensions 679,316 670,680
Scotland.	Superannuation 1,592,533 1,612,983
Police	
Prisons	CLASS IX: MISCELLANROUS.
Land Court	CLASS X: EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTIONS.
Law Charges and Courts	To Local Revenues
of Law 66,890 60,387	(E. & W.) £39,560,000 £39,760,000
Northern Ireland.	Scotland.
Services 12,629 11,976	To Local Revenues 4,147,36s 5,686,287 To Rating Authorities 1,000,000 Ail
Supreme Court 18,196 16,220	To Rating Authorities 1,000,000 Ail
Land Purchase Commission 2,175,877 2,218,818	*Census Year.
.WHITAKER'S A	LMANACK, 1982.

-1		
REVENUE DEP	ARTMENT	3.
A. Customs, Excise &		
(1930-31, £, 18, 134,650 ; 1 Decrease £	931-32, £11, 566,070.	568, 58o.)
B. Post 0	FFICE.	
(1930-31, £60,275,000 ; 1 Decrease £3	931-38, £38 ,043,000.	,838,000.)
THE NAVY E	STIMATES.	
Decrease of £342,200	for the ye	ear. The
number of officers and me	n is <b>94.200</b> , 8	reduction
of 3,350 for the year.		
Pay and Wages	1930-31	1932 -30.
Victualling and clothing	5 13,990,000 4	13,000,000
	3,679,000	3,401,200
Medical establishments	403,800	400,500
Fleet Air Arm	1,267,000	1,1 s6,000
Educational	231,200	232,000
Beientific	480,800	482,500
Reserves	398,000	389,700
Shipbuilding, &c. :		
Personnel	6,280,500	6,427,000
Material	4,168,200	4,683,870
Contract work	5,013,800	4,456,200
Naval armaments	3,382,000	3,433,500
Works, buildings, &c	2,073,950	2,268,500
Miscellaneous	706,850	661,230
Admiralty	1,208,500	1,141,200
Pensions, &c. : Officers	3,180,000	3,187,500
Men	4.567.200	4.640.400

£51,947,200 £51,605,000

4,567,200

4,650,400

1,017,700

THE ARMY ESTIMATES.

Men. ..

Do., Civil, &c ....

The net total of the Army Estimates is £39,930,000, a decrease for the year of £570,000. The number of men on the establishment of the Army, exclusive of those serving in India, is 148,800, a decrease of 100.

ta rie denti u mentense ou	100.	1
	1930 31	1931 32
Pay, &c., of the Army	£9,500,000	£9,343,000
Territorial Army and		
Reserve Forces	5,480,000	5,543,000
Medical services	1,004,000	978,000
Educational establish-	,,	<i>37</i> -,
ments	899,000	850,000
Quartering and move-	-201	30,000
ments	1,411,000	1,394,000
Supplies, road trans-	-141-00	-1394,000
port, and remounts	4,793,000	4,388,000
Clothing	1,233,000	2,111,000
General stores	1,422,000	T,355,000
Warlike stores	1,918,000	
Works, buildings and	1,910,000	2,211,000
lands	- 669	
	s,668,000	s,676,000
Miscellaneous effec-		_
tive services	910,000	558,000
War Office	879,000	829,000
Half-pay, retired pay,		
and other non-effec-		
tive charges for		
officers	3,794,000	3,987,000
Pensions and other		
non-effective charges		
for warrant officers,		
nou - commissioned		
officers, men, and		
others	4,353,000	4,517,000
Civil superannuation,	1,000,000	4,007,000
compensation, and		
gratuities	236,000	245,000

#### THE AIR ESTIMATES.

The net total of Air Estimates is £28,200,000, an increase of £250,000 for the year. The

numbers remain uncha	nged at 32,00	0.
Pay, &c., of the Air Force	1930- 31. £3,731,000	2932-30. £3,907,000
plies and Transport Technical and Warlike Stores (including Ex- perimental and Re-	1,735,000	1,781,000
search Services) Works, Buildings and	7,596,000	7,672,000
Lands	1,720,000	1,790,000
Medical Services	298,000	302,000
Educational Services Auxiliary and Reserve	493,000	484,000
Forces	591,000	599,000
Civil Aviation  Meteorological and Miscellaneous Effec-	500,000	470,000
tive Services	245,000	245,000
Air Ministry Half-pay, Pensions, and other Non-effective	675,000	656,000
Services	266,000	254,000

Total ..... £17,850,000 £18,100,0

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

In addition to the State Revenue and Expenditure large amounts are received and expended by Local Authorities in Great Britain. The estimated total collected from ratepayers and expended by Local Authorities being :-

Service	England & Wales.	Scotland
Poor Relief		(1928 29) £4,858,000
Education		5,307,000
Police	10,300,000	1,073,000
Other	89,500,000	10,680,000
Total	£168,500,000	£sz,gzB,oos

The gross rental of Rateable Hereditaments in Eugland and Wales in 1997-98 was £378,984,347 the rateable value being £978,386,528, and the assessable value under the Agriculture Rates Act 1923, £258,879,292.

Payments to Local Taxation Accounts. In the financial year 1930-31 England and Wales received £395,838, and Scotland received a total of £39,898.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEBTS.

In addition to the National Debt there are considerable amounts outstanding as Loans of Local Authorities. These amounts were raised for the provision of baths, cemeteries, electricity supply, gasworks, harbours, piers, docks, canals and quays, light railways, markets, tramways, waterways and other purposes. On March 31, 1928, there were outstanding loans in England and Wales to the amount of £1,121,225,051, against the total the sum of £6,29,29,29 stood at the credit of various Sinking Funds. The total amount of outstanding loans and capital total amount of outstanding loans and capital. total amount of outstanding loans and capital-25,000 245,000 245,000 246,000 25,1325,336, and in Northern Ireland (on March 31, 1927) £15,479,299.

LOCAL	RECEIPTS.		LOCAL EXP		
	England and	Scotland	Services V	England and	Scotland
Sources of Receipts.	Wales (2927-28).	(zges s6).	Baths	Ar Bes (2007-08).	(2 <del>585-66</del> ).*
Public Rates	£x66.678.842	£18,603,273	Cemeteries	7.404.88Y	
Goyt. Contributions		13,142,351	Elementary Education	40.838.064)	£12,356,098
Market Tolls, &c	a,x80,542,	,,-3-	Higher Education	17,163,182	£ 11,350,095
Harbour & Docks do.		2,001,730	Electricity Supply	24,050,272	2,525,873
	-41-20111		Fire Brigades	2,169,541	•••
Water Undertakings		a,045,539	Gasworks	17,373,602	4,749,578
Gai do	,-0,,0	4,622,414	Harbours, Docks, &c	14,986,242	1,901,861
Electric Light do	<b>56,47</b> 0,898	2,514,283	Hospitals (not Poor Law)	52,127,338 7,056,263	5,711,173
Tramways	25,042,758	3,798,306	†Housing		1,147,517 2,436,332
For Improvements	2,657,178	48,446	Justice	1,426,738	-143-1438
Housing		1,040,415	Public Libraries	1,794,050	200,407
Small Holdings, &c		-1-4-14-9	Public Lighting	4,145,083	670,903
Cemeteries			Lunatics and Asylums	9,706,720	781,209
Other Services	-,-,-,-,-(	3,096,999	Markets	z,643,836	98,703
		-1-2-12-2	Maternity and Welfare Parks, &c	2,099,380	6-6
Miscellaneous			Police and Stations	4,683,456 21,132,082	676,150
Sales of Property		314,275	Poor Relief	34,720,623	a,a98,950 4,351,608
From Loans	128,000,487	11,609,039	Private Improvements.	3,710,214	55,528
			Sewerage		709,880
Total Receipts	£544,029,89x	£60,027,470	Cleansing	6,948,335	1,157,511
-	200111 2: 2:		Small Holdings	2,166,300	•••
			Tramways	25,146,648	3,964,164
Latest return available 1987 28 were £21,400,000	le ; the receipta	from Rates in	Waterworks	17,551,071	2,120,414
t In addition to the above	ve-mentioned su	m there was an	Overhead Charges, &c. From Loans	14,176,874	
expenditure from loans	on Housing of	the Working	ELOIR DOMES	119,957,387	11,791,198
Ulasses of £66, 191,471 in and of £5,227,440 in Scotle	Engiand and W	ales in 1987-28	Total Expenditure ;	£ 102.180.027	£60.010.170
or Wal lidde III poorti	(A-2)*		, Louis Lapandivate it	A2 (203) (	271-0010/0

#### POOR RELIEF.

			10020 2022	ALIA ,				
	ENGLAND AND WALES.			Scotland.*				
Year. Persons Relieved.	Persons	Expenditu	re on Relief.	Persons	Expenditure on Relief.			
	Total.	From Rates	Relieved	Total	From Rates.			
1913 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	794, 287 1,378,098 1,305,267 1,439,810 1,548,911 1,364,691 1,240,666	£14,935,605 37,88a,a8a 36,841,768 40,083,37a 49,774,916 40,918,5a8 39,670,895	£11,590,719 32,569,810 31,215,026 34,536,790 43,903,195 34,727,289 33,370,377	108,398 256,006 211,024 847,139 250,829 240,580 221,443	£1,576,116 4,370,609 3,964,683 4,374,034 5,621,424 4,888,750 4,703,187	£1,282,418 3,988,914 3,583,142 3,967,550 4,925,017 4,508,849 4,217,894		
1930	1,205,417			215,985	4,,53,.07	7,2-7,034		

## National Taxation Compared.

The taxation per head in Great Britain and Northern Ireland in a full year under the proposals in the Finance Bill (Sept. 1931) will be £16 7s. xd. This compares (approximately) with the following figures:—

	Per head	£ at par			
Great Britain		16	7	1	
France	France 1243	10	0	3	
Germany		7	0	5	
U.S.A	Dollars 28.76	5	x8	0	
Italy	Lire 414	4	9	6	

## Taxation per head, U.K.

	1909-30.	1930-31
Direct Taxes	£434,166,000	£462,781,000
Indirect do	±4#,6%5,000°	240,907,000
Per head .	fia rus. rod.	£ 16 78, 1d.

#### Wage Levels Compared.

The level of real wages, is., money wages expressed in terms of food-purchasing power, is approximately as follows (dimistry of Labour Gazette, 1920-30):—

Great Britain .	 100
Germany	 74
France	 59
Belgium	 50
1 bary	 45

### Social Services Compared.

The cost per head of the population for the five social services of unemployment, health, workmen's compensation, old-age pensions, and Poor Law relief, was in 1984 approximately as follows (Report of Royal Commission on Health Insurance, 1926):—

Great Britain	 	 	100
Germany	 	•	48
France	 		17
Belgium		 	-/
Italy		 	7

#### INCREASE IN LOCAL EXPENDITURE.

EXPENDITURE OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN ENGLAND AND WALES UPON CHIEF SERVICES IN THE PRE-WAR YEAR 1913-14 AND IN THE POST-WAR YEARS 1906-1938.

Services.	1923-14.	zg <b>e6-a7</b> .	1987-s8.
Elementary education Higher education Highways. Poor relief Public health Police Asylums Housing Trading and other services	17,047,000 12,295,000 13,764,000 7,676,000 4,397,000	£59,895,000 16,115,000 49,544,000 43,707,000 35,559,000 9,636,000 9,636,000 140,590,000	5,59,83a,000 17,163,000 5a,187,000 34,781,000 36,895,000 81,13a,000 9,706,000 31,499,000 140,158,000
Totals	£148,360,000	£403,218,000	£402,633,000

RECEIPTS OF THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES IN ENGLAND AND WALES FOR THE YEARS, 1913-14 AND 1927-28 COMPARED.

Sources of Receipt	1913-14.	1927- <b>28</b> ,
Public rates	£ 71,276,158 43,198,128 22,617,246 560,576 405,769 10,733,515	166,678,842 107,144,500 90,084,348 19,977,279 1,310,260 30,836,175
TotalsLoans for capital work	149.347,999 19,977,119	416,029,404 128,000,487
Total receipts	169,325,118	544,009,8x9

#### TAXATION PER HEAD.

	Year.		
Country	zgz3-zgz4	iges or iges iges.	
Australia. Canada France. Germany Italy New Zealand South Africa. United Kingdom U.S.A.	£ 8. d. 3 8 1 3 8 3 3 7 0 1 10 8 8 8 6 6 3 0 6 15 4 3 11 4 1 7 11	£ s. d. 12 19 9 6 19 4 8 5 10 5 6 5 3 8 9 12 7 11 11 17 2 15 8 8 6 1 11	

The figures for the Union of South Africa are calculated on the basis of the population of European origin only.

Telephones per head.

The number of telephones per roo of population at December 3r, roos, in all countries containing zoo,oo telephones and unwards where

Carming 100,000 relegation	
it exceeded a is as follow	
U.S.A. 16'4 Canada 14'2 New Zealand 10'8 Denmark 9'4 Sweden 8'3 Australia 8'2 Norway 6'6 Switzerland 6'5 Germany 5'0	Great Britain and N. Ireland
detiment 2 o	

## HIGH AND LOW RATES.

The figures given below are extracted from the 46th Annual Statement issued by the Borough Treasurer of Preston, Lancashire. It includes charges for gas, water, and certain electricity supplies, together with figures showing profits and losses on municipal undertakings by which rates have been reduced or increased.

#### 108. IN THE POUND AND OVER.

Local Area	Total Rates.		
	19 <b>08-29</b> .	1907-st.	
Merthyr Tydfil, C.B	8. d. 25 8 19 8 22 0 23 6 19 0 19 0 19 0 24 0 23 0	8. d. 27 o 19 to 26 o 26 o 20 8 81 2 20 6 26 6 25 o 21 8	

## or. IN THE POUND AND BELOW.

! s. d.	8. d.
7 0	7 0
. 76	
	8 71/2
	7 7
	7 41/4
., 8 0	7 41/2
	9 0
	9 0
. 8 10	8 10
1 8 6	
.1 8 4	2 2
. 8 xx	1 0 2
	1
	7 6 9 4 7 8 0 9 0 9 8 8 6 8 8 4

#### FIRE LOSSES.

The cost of losses from fire in Great Britain The cost of losses from fire in Great Britain and Ireland in read was estimated at £5,67,000, in resp at £12,764,000, and in 1930 at £9,016,000. The lives lost through fires in 1939 was 76. The cost in London (1930) was estimated at £696,778, and the lives lost in London fires (1930) numbered 69.

#### THE NATIONAL DEST.

## AGGREGATE GROSS LIABILITIES, 1930 AND 1931.

Description.	March 31, 1930.	March 31, 1931.	Increase + Decrease -
Funded Debt	1,456,005,799	1,495,084,316	- £30,982,483
	18,163,010	11,999,650	- 163,360
	6,105,278,642	6,092,648,500	- 22,630,242
Deduct Bonds for Death Duties	7,573,447,45 ¹	7,529,672,466	-£43,774,285
	204,408,640	xx6,363,84x	+ 12,955,802
Add	7,469,038,811	7,413,308,6#5	-£55,730,286
Other Liabilities	127,172,189	169,591,036	+ 42,428,947
*Total Gross Liabilities	£7,596,210,000	£7,582.899,662	-£13,311,839
§Estimated Assets	150,805,893	274,823,878	+ 24,017,985

⁶ Exclusive of Sundry Contingent Liabilities which the State is not likely to be called upon, to any material extent, to discharge
– § Exclusive of Debts due from British Dominions and Foreign Countries, £2,258,814,000 (1930) and £2,268,833,743 (1931), suchuding Excharge Excharge Excharges, £6,125,214 (1930), and £5,991,542 (1931) Terminable Amustica

Saldall supergraph tracited		000j 200jan	Of
Gross Total	f the Na	tional D	ebt.
(193	o and 193	3z.)	
On March 31, 19 National Debt co totals:	nsisted	of the	following
External Debt £:	1930 074 148	462 £1	1931. ngg 664 262
Internal Debt	5,499,288,	988 6	,463,010,103
Other Liabilities	127,172,	089	169,591,036
Deduct £:	7,700,619, 104,408,		,699,263,502 116,363,841
£	,596,210,		, <b>58a,84</b> 9,661
Cost	of the D	ebt.	
(Financia	al Year r	(.xs050	
Interest— On Funded Debt On Terminable An On Unfunded Debt	nuities		£49,279,983 434,867 242,159,440
Total In Management and Ex New Sinking Fund .	terest . Peuses .		391,874,290 1,295,280 65,830,430
Total Con	t	₫	360,000,000

#### The Internal Debt.

The Internal Debt consists of the Funded Debt ('iThe Funds'); of the Capital Liability in respect of Terminable Annathus; and of the Unjunded Debt. On March 31, 1932, the Internal Debt amounted to:—

Funded Debt-	•
a%% Consols	£876,807,145
33/% Annuities	2,399,679
* a 1/2 Amnuities	81,180,357
3½% Conversion Losn	789,883,325
To Banks of Hugland & Ireland	341,767,940 13,645,869
TO THE OF THE PROPERTY.	13,045,009

Estimated Capital Value	£11,999,650
Unfunded Debt— Treasury Bills	£560,825,000
Ways and Means Credit 4½% War Loan (x985-45)	24,500,000 22,804,342
5% ,, (1929-47)	2,086,977,857

5% Conversion Loan (1944-64) ... 371,608,858 National Savings Bonds ..... Other Debt ..... 910,510

Internal Debt .. .....£6,463,exe,xe3

1,753,050

#### The External Debt.

The Debt payable abroad was stated at the fellowing totals on March 3x, 292x :--Due to

United States : Government Loan ...... ...... £,903,698,630 (1937) a8,013,733 51/2% Twenty Year Bouds (1937)

Total to U S.A... ... £931,718,363 Allied Governments:-France ...... *53,500,000 Russia ......

Italy (repayable by instalments commencing Sept. 13, 1988) ... *21,450,eec

> External Debt ......£x,c66,662,363 See "Estimated Assets" pp. 20475. The Debt to U.S.A.

The Debt Funding Commission fixed the total repayable at \$4,604, 128,685; of which \$4,128,685 was to be repaid at once in cash and the balance  for the first ro years, and 4 per cent. thereafter, to include the sinking fund. A "Table of Total Indebtedness of Foreign Governments to the U.S. Treasury, July 1, 1930" (p. 776 of Complete Edition) shows a "Funded Indebtedness" from Great Britain of \$4,308,000,000 at that date, a decrease during the twelve months since July 1, 1020, of \$28,000,000.

#### OTHER CAPITAL LIABILITIES.

These sums are not included in the capital on which interest is arranged for in the permanent charge. They consist of various loans contracted for Telegraph and Telephone extension, for the purchase of land for Government offices, &c. On March 31, 1931, these liabilities stood at 1:69,593,595, and increase of £42,418,947 upon the total for the previous year.

There are also sundry Contingent or Nominal Liabilities which the State is not likely to be called upon to any material extent to discharge. These liabilities consist of Unclaimed Dividends and unclaimed amounts due to suitors or to

creditors of hankrupt estates.

Lons Guaranteed by British Government.— The Nominal Net Liability of the State in respect of losss guaranteed by the British Government of losing guaranteed by the British Government was stated on March 31, 1931, to be as follows:—
Turkish Loan, £1,497,504; Egyptian Loan, £3,994,400; Greek Loan; £5,65,600; Mauritius Loan, £7,149; Transvaal Loan, £25,289,698; Sudan Loan, £11,485,400; Welsh Church Loan, £5,27,240,768; Ulator £5,27,240,768; Ulator Eavings Cortflicates, £1,443,589; 24% per cent. of the Austrian Guaranteed Loan, secured on the gross receipts of Austrian Customs and Tolusco gress receipts of Austrian Customs and Tobacco monopoly; Palestine Loan £4,449,626; and Tanganyika Loan £2,070,000.
Unrepaid Advances.—Against these Guaran-

teed Loans may be set the amounts remaining unpaid on March 3t. 1931, on account of Advances made by Great Britain to various Governments, made by Great Britain to various Governments, viz:—Crete, £40,000; Kenya and Uganda, £3,502,502; Uganda, £7,7,77; Nyasaland, £923,000; Petrila, £425,000; Naturu and Ocean Islands, £727,265; Tanganyika, £3,37,200; Somaliland, £178,000; Northern Rhodesia, £203,000; Transjordan, £16,740; Swaziland, £75,500; Dominica, £16,000; Nigeria, £265,588, British Gulana, £30,000.

#### The Sinking Fund.

Reductions in the Debt by means of a sinking fund were first made in 1875 by Sir Stafford Northcote, who set up the New Sinking Fund, consisting of the balance of the Annual Charge after providing for interest and cost of management. That term was afterwards applied to the fund set up by Mr. Baldwin in rees; but has again been transferred to the real rund. The Old Suking Fund, was the applica-tion of the surplus revenue of any year for the redemption of debt when so determined by Parliament. Debt reduction is also made by means of Terminable Amusicia, the capital value of which is deducted from the Debt upon the expiration of the term for which the annuities are payable, and by means of the following Funds :-

victory Bonds Sinking Fund, by means of which Victory Bonds drawn for repayment on Sept. 1 of each year are discharged, £3,923,681.

2 Funding Lons Sinking Fund, £3,341,997 applied in cancellation of Debt in 1928-31.

3. Conversion Loan Sinking Fund, £15,652,131 applied in purchase and caucellation of £19,754,751 in 1930-31.

4. 4 per cent. Consols Sinking Fund, under which £10,043,392 was applied in cancellation of £12,213,829 in 1930-32.

5. Other Sinking Funds. Issues from the Consolidated Fund, £14,765,983 applied in Debt reduction in 1930-32.

6. Deprecation Fund, under the Finance Act

of 1917, by which sums are issued by the Ex-chequer and are applicable to the purchase for chequer and are applicable to the purchase for cancellation of 5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 at a price below 95, and of 4 per cent. War Loan 1929-42 at a price below par. (£386,731,000,075% Stock and £32,930,500 of 4% Stock had been so purchased up to March 31, 1930; no purchases could be made in 1930-31.)

7. Payments for Death Duties, under Section 3 of the War Loan Act, 1919, amounting at March 31, 1931, to £33,021,537 Cash and £121,202 att securities.

£117,302,511 securities.

National Debt Redemption Fund, Very slowly the National Fund, established for the purpose of eventually redeeming the National Debt, grows from the voluntary gifts and interest on invested funds. The audited balance sheet, as at December 32, 1930, of the Fund (of which Messrs. Baring Brothers and Company, Ltd., 8, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2, are the Trustees) shows the following net additions during the year:—Dona-Tollowing net additions during the year:—Donations £305 yr. 7d., profit on investments realised £3,660 ex. 5d., and income £42,838 8s. xzd. The amount of the Find on the gast December, 230 was £520,465 gs. 6d. Under the provisions of Clause 30 of the Finance Act, 1928, the Fund is exempt from Income Tax. The Fund was constituted on November xo, 1927, with a gift of £409,876 4s. xzd., and forty-seven persons added the more 8s. xzd. in the following year. There is £12,705 8s xid. in the following year. There is also a further sum of £5,000 that will pass to the Fund at the conclusion of certain life interests. This National Fund has no connexion with the Government—it is a purely voluntary movement to lighten the debt burden of posterity, but not that of the present generation unless there is an undreamed of accession of funds. It was the expressed hope of the original donor that his contribution should serve as the nucleus of a very large fund.

Estimated Assets.

Against the External Debt of £1,066,668,363 owing on March 31, 1931, may be set the amounts owing to Great Britain by certain of the British owing to Great Britain by certain or the Britain bominions, and by various Countries in Europe. The amount owed to Great Britain far exceeds the External Debt, and the total Assets have a nominal value of £3.403,673,693.

The amounts remaining unpaid, and the estimated value of Investments made by the British Government in various Loans and Jusertakings, and appears allower below (as an March 3: 1822-1916).

were shown below (as on March 31, 1923, prior to the announcement of the Houser Plan).

Dominions and Colonies.

Interest was paid on all these Loans, and in the case of Australia, New Zealand and Trinidad

an annual Sinking Fund :-South Africa ...... 7,500,00 Trinidad ..... · 433,433 

£114,540,747

Description,

Other Countries.	Fu
z. FUNDED.	4 P
Aggregate of agreed Annuity Payments due under Funding Agreements and outstanding on	Lat
March 31, 1931:— Allied War Debts.	De
Allied War Debts.	- 0
France*£759,000,000 Italy 254,000,000	
Yugoslavia 31,900,000	
Rumania 30,500,000	
Portugal ze,600,000	
Greece 28,550,000	As
	geste
Capital Sums outstanding on March 3x, 1931, re- payable by instalments of principal and interest:-	inter
Keller, &c., Loans.	the
Austria £8,825,176	writ
Belgium 9,000,000 Belgian Congo 3,600,000	of Co
Belgian Congo 3,600,000 Poland 4,006,800	deta
Kumania 2, 101,000	payn
Yugoslavia 1,044,713	the
Estonia 218,157	11088
Other Debts.	debt   will
Latvia £1,243,800	Hoo
Estania ora soo	conc
Poland (Upper Silesia Plebia-	give
Silena Piebla-	In King
cite) 613,477 Poland (Other	1932
Debt) 71,035	Gern
Czechoslowakia 464,236	Fran
Lithuania 30,000 Greece 54,844	Italy
Greece 54,544 Rumania 17,730	Belg
£3,411,725	Run
a Not Funded.	Re
Capital Sums owing on March 31, 1931.	Port
Russia£1,373,278,530 Armenia£1,374,875	Yug
	Pola
Total £1,014,653,405	Pr
Total from Dominions and	tic
other countries £, 2, 252, 533, 723	Esto
other countries £, z, z8z, 833,7z3 Other Assets.	Esto
Other Assets. Miscellaneous£x68,83x,336	Esto sto Aust Latv
Other Assets.  Miscellaneous£x68,832,336  Exchequer Balance 5,992,542	Esto sta Aust Latv
Other Assets. Miscellaneous£x68,83x,336	Esto sta Ansi Latv tio Lith
Other Assets.  Miscellaneous£x68,832,336  Exchequer Balance 5,992,542	Esto sta Aust Latv
Other Assets.           Miscellaneous         £168,83s,336           Exchequer Balance         5,992,542           £174,823,878           Grand Total         £1,457,657,552           The Miscellaneous Assets include:—	Esto Aust Latv tio Lith of Czec so
### Other Assets    Miscellaneous	Esta Aust Latv tid Lith of Czed Aust
Other Assets.  Miscellaneous	Esto sta Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so Ausi New
### Other Assets  #### Miscellaneous	Esto std Aust Latv tid Lith of Czec so Aust New Sout
Other Assets.           Miscellaneous	Esto std Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so Ausi New Sout New Trin
Other Assets.           Miscellaneous         £168,828,336           Exchequer Balance         5,992,542           Grand Total         £174,823,878           The Miscellaneous Assets include:         1292           Description         2305           Suez Canal Shares         £54,574,332         £42,690,320           Advances Unrepaid:         Bullión         300,000         300,000           Unemployment         300,000         300,000	Esto std Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so: Ausi New Sout New Trim Jam
### Other Assets  #### Miscellaneous #### ###############################	Esto std Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so Ausi New Sout New Trin
### Other Assets  #### Miscellaneous #### ###############################	Esto std Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so: Ausi New Sout New Trim Jam
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Esto std Ausi Latv tid Lith of Czec so: Ausi New Sout New Trim Jam
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Esto status Latv titl Lith of Czec so Ausi New Sout New Trin Jam Indi
### Other Assets  ### Miscellaneous ### 174,823,336  Exchequer Balance	Esto sta Aust Latv tic Lith of Czec soot New Sout New Trin Jam Indi
### ### ### #########################	Esto statustic Lith of Czec soo Ausi New Sout New Trin Jam Indi
### Other Assets  ### Miscellaneous ### 174,823,336  Exchequer Balance ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Grand Total ### 174,823,878    Gr	Esto state Aust Latv tic Lith of Czec so Aust New Trin Jam Indi
### ### ### #########################	Esto str Austic Lith of Czec so Aust New Trin Jam Indi
### April	Estate state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state state
### April	Esto states Aust Latv tid Lith of Czec so Aust New Sout Tim Jam Indi
### April	Esta status Latv tic Lith of Czec so Ausi New Sout Trin Jam Indi  In zgaz redu Stat prov the
### Other Assets  ### Miscellaneous ### 174,823,336  Exchequer Balance ### 18,992,542    Grand Total ### 18,57,657,602    The Miscellaneous Assets include :	Esto states Aust Latv tid Lith of Czec so Aust New Sout Tim Jam Indi

- 1	Funding Loan do. do.	1930	1931
1	a ner cent do do	346,487	312,306
ae	4 per cent do. do Land Settlement	197,228	x53,837
n	Loans	T4 800 0=4	14,345,415
- }	Death Duties Ac-	14,509,714	-7:543:443
١	count	492	48a
ı			
- 1	Total ≰	144,680.670 £	168,822.226
Į			
	THE HOOV	VER PLAN.	
- 1	Payments due		
	As from July 1, 1931	, President He	oover sug-
	gested to all creditor r	BUIONS & MOT	atorium of
·e-	za months in War Deb	ı payments (C	apital and,
:-	zz months in War Deb interest). On July z4, the Exchoquer (Mr.	1931, the Ch	incellor of
	weitten market (Mr.	nnowden) eir	the Harris
	written reply to a ques	wion asked in	MIC DUUSE
	I am circulating wi	th the Official	Remist -
	detailed statement of	the inter-Gov	ernmental
	payments due to his h	Injestv's Gove	rnment in
	the year July z. 1031, to	June 30, 1932.	It is not
	possible at this stage to	give a stateni	ent of the
46	debts which will actual	lly be suspend	ed as this
•	will depend on the	accentance of	President
	Hoover's proposal by	the other Go	vernments
	concerned and the arra	ngements final	ly made to
	give effect to that prop	osal.	
	Inter-Govermental I	Debte due to t	
	Kingdom in the year	July 1, 1931, t	o June 30,
	1932		c
	Germany (Reparation)	Inomo Amend	14,442,000
	France (War Debt and H	ague Alliulty	
	Italy (War Debt and He Belgium (Hague Annui	ty and Rame	4.471,000
25	Rumania (War Debt, E	telief Debt and	-,
_	Repatriation of Prisc	ppers of War)	460.000
	Portugal (War Debt) Yugoslavia (War Debt a	***************************************	. 350,000
30	Yugoslavia (War Debt a	nd Relief Debt	459,000
75	Greece (War Debt and I	Loan for Stores	361,000
	Poland (Relief Debt, F		
105	Prisoners of War and		
_	tion of Upper Silesia	riediscite area	600,000
,,,	recomme (Rener Debt	when Tong to	
723	Estonia (Relief Debt stores)		70,000 107,000
	Latvia (Loan for Stores	and Remeteda	5/, <b>500</b>
	tion of Prisoners of V	Nar)	. 75.000
378	Lithuania (Loan for St	ores, and cost	وسرور
<u> </u>	of occupation of Plet	oiscite area)	33,000
ίοτ	Czechoslovakia (Repat	riation of Pri-	
-	concre of Wast		nof con
	Australia (War Debt).		*3,920,000
310	New Zealand (War Deb	(i)	1,746,000
	South Airica (War Deb	ω abs	. †337,000
200	Trivided (War Date)	enp)	. 21,000
	Jamaice (War Debt)		. 28,000
66	Australia (War Debt). New Zealand (War Deb South Africa (War Deb Newfoundland (War De Trinidad (War Debt) Jamaics (War Debt) India (War Contributio	m)	. 3,000 . 836,000
		,	
200		a.A.	€42,790,000
	Parmanta Jun 4	_	
200	Payments due f	om Great Bri	walle.

In 'proposing the revised Budget (Sept. 20, 1931) Mr. Snowden stated that the Hower Plan reduced the Debt interest paid to the United States by £13,500,000 for this year and also the provision required for redemption of the Debt to the United States by £5,750,000.

Not including \$2.580.000 previously postponed in respect of the principal of the Australian Debt. † South Africa has expressed the wish to make this payment as usual.

#### 566 Great Britain-Old Age Pensions-Widows' Pensions.

## OLD AGE (Mon-Contributory) PENSIOMS.

Rates of pensions under the Old Age Pensions Act, 1908, as amended in 1911, 1919 and 1924, to persons who have attained the age of 70 years. Weekly Pensen

(a) In the case of a claimant or pensioner who is | (b) In other casesone of a married couple living together in

the same house Weekly Where the combined means of husband and wife (with a deduction not exceeding £78 from the com-bined means other than earnings) do not exceed-

above weekly pension.

Where the yearly means (with , a deduction not exceeding £39 from means not derived from earnings) do not excéed

£26 58. ...... £26 gs. to £32 208. ..... £32 208. to £36 258. ...... £36 158. to £48..... £42 to £47 58. ..... 

ceed £49 178. 6d. ...... No pension.

88.

Number of Old Age l'ensions payable on the gast March in each of the yours stated :-

1					zge8	1909.	Z930.		1991	-
1	· .	2914.	2986,	1987.	1980	ayay.	-41.50	Men	Women.	Total
1	England	648, 161	806.100	870,572	848,877	807,672	785,815	219,568	325,082	745,55×
۱	Wales & Monm'th	44,474	57,224	56,465	54,876		52,001	15,915	33.423	49,348
١	Scotland	97,294		104,538	92,225	89,846	88,919	ax,#86	64,136	85,422
Ì	Ireland	202,202	_		_	-	_	-	-	_
١	Total	084,131	1,071,093	1,031,575	905,978	950,795	926,735	256,769	623,538	880,301
ı				0,0						

#### WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' AND OLD AGE (Contributory) PENSIONS.

pensions was July x, x920, in the case of those widows who were over 60 years of age on that date, and January x, 1932, in the case of those then between the ages of 25 and 65. A further provision extended the time during which the "Pre-Act" widows pensions awarded under the 1932:—

Under the Widows', Orphans' and Old Age Contributory Pensions Act, 2999, which came into force on January a, 2990, pensions are provided for all widows over age gs of men of the insurable class who died or attained age 70 before January 4, 2926, when the Widows' Orphan' and Old Age Contributory Pensions Act, 2939, came into force. The date of commencement of these mainly directed to amending the provisions of into force. The date of commencement of these the zong Act in order to do away with certain restrictions affecting the award or payment of pensions.

> The following table shows the number of persons who came under the Acts on October,z,

WIDOWS' PRISIONS.

Claiens	England. 857,512		Scotland, 110,830	Total. 2,036,565
(1) Contributory Pensions (i.e., to widows of men who were under yo on January 4, 1936, and have died since that date)	303,897	ss,987	37,961	363,545
(a) Non-Contributory Pensions (.e., to widows of men who died or attained age 70 before January 4, 1926) (a) Under 1925 Act	107,956	9,753	26,252	133,870
(b) Under 1929 Act	270,537	19,540	37,160	387,246
Orphans' Pensions.			91 3	10 4
Claims	28,595	2,552	6.88	20,272
(a) Contributory Pensions (i.e., to orphan children of persons who were under 70 on January 4, 1926, and have			t dang	5 10 17
died since that date)	6,og8	688	1,236	** 1,976
persons who died or attained age 70 before Jahuary 4,	22,249	z,225	2,205	24,449
OLD AGE PENSIONS TO PERSONS BETWI	ern 65 ani	70.		
Claims. Awards	1,240,515	90,314 66,071		1,474,959 1,177,1 <b>64</b>
Claims. Unrestricted Old Age Prinsions	(OVER 76):	Action	vell.com	408 -50
Awards	265,100	Fish	107,004	300,705

#### GREAT WAR PENSIONS.

FRESH applications for compensation in respect of disablement claimed to be due to service in or unantement ciaimed to be due to service in the Great War can no longer be entertained, since the period of seven years from the date on which the claimant's active service terminated, or the date fixed (August 32, 1921) as the end of the Great War, whichever is the earlier, has now expired in all cases.

While this is the statutory position, it has been made known by announcement in the House of Commons and elsewhere that except ional cases, in which clear evidence is produced that an ex-service officer or man is suffering substantial incapacity caused by his war service in respect of which for good reason no claim was made within time, will be investigated with a view to the grant of appropriate compensation.

#### DISABLEMENT PENSION.

The disablement pension is at the outset generally a temporary award based on a Medical Board's assessment of disablement arising out of boart's assessment of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state to time reviewed until the case is ripe for consideration for a final award under the War Pensions Act, year and the Regulations made thereunder. Under that authority a system of final awards has been brought into operation, the effect of which is to stabilise pensions, gradually to eliminate recurring medical examinations, and to bring about finality as to the amount of pension to be awarded. A man, on receiving notification that a final award has been made to him, has a right of appeal, subject to certain conditions, to an independent Assessment Appeal Tribunal, whose decision is final and binding on both the Ministry of Pensions and the appellant.

At March 31, 2931, Out of some 485,000 pensions in payment to disabled officers and men, about

425,000 were final awards.

Disablement, for the purpose of pension, is assessed on a percentage scale. Total disablement is reckoned at too per cent., and the lowest degree entitling to pension is so per cent. Where the disablement is assessed at less than 100 per cent, the disablement pension and any allowances attached thereto are proportionately anowances acceled the cost of populations of general dis-selled would receive go per cent. of the full rate of pension and go per cent. of the full rate of allowances for wife and children (if elighle).

Disablement assessed at less than so per cent. is compensated by a gratuity or a final weekly allowance paid over a definite number of weeks. The Great War Pensions expenditure during

the Great, war remisions expenditure during the year ended March 21, 1932, amounted to about £51,875,000, and for the current year ending March 31, 1932, is estimated to amount to about £50,051,000. This will bring the aggregate expenditure of the Ministry of Pensions since 1927, and of the Service Departments from 1914 to 1917, together, to £1,016,000,000.

#### RATES OF PENSION.

The following are some of the principal rates of weekly pension for a private soldier are percent, disabled, and of pensions or allowances for dependants of a private soldier;—
Private—40s.; wife's allowance res.: children's allowances—7s. %d, for first child and 6s.

for each other child; (if there is no wife, ros. for the first, 78. 6d. for the second, and 6s. for each other child).

Widow—over 40 or with children 26s. 8d.; under 40 and without children 20s.; allowances for children 20s., 7s. 6d., 6s.

Parents—need-pensions not exceeding 20s.

Provision is also made for other dependants. A totally disabled man who is certified to require constant attendance may receive an additional allowance not exceeding ses. a week.

#### Treatment.

The Ministry of Pensions provide courses of treatment for disabilities accepted as attributable to or still aggravated by service, and if in consequence of and during a course of treatment a man is unable to provide for his own support and that of his family, treatment allowances may be granted in lieu of pension and allowances. In the course of its fourteen years of work the

Ministry of Pensions has spent on medical treatment and its accessories about £59,900,000, and another £36,300,000 in special allowances to the patients and their families, during the treatment, in addition to their ordinary pensions.

#### NUMBER OF FIRST AWARDS.

Officers and Nurses - From the beginning of the War to March 31, 1932, the following awards of retired pay or pension were made to officers (Navy, Army and Air Force) and their relatives, and to Nurses .-

Omeers 60,725
Widows 12,302
Children 13.405
Other Dependants 8,418
Nurses 2,469
Men's Awards.—The following awards of pensions were made to N.C O's and men (Nsvy, Army and Air Force) and their dependants from the beginning of the War to March 31, 1931:—
Navy—Seamen and Marines 34,418 Children's Allowances 20,890 Army and Air Force—N.C.O's
and Men
Widows (Navy, Army and R.A.F.) 259,256 ('hildren of Widows
Motherless Children 16,417

## Other Dependants ... ..... 417,763 PRINGIONS AND ALLOWANCES IN PAYMENT (on March 31, 1931).

The following were the approximate numbers of pensions in payment as at March 31, 1931:— Officers ...... 23,850 

" Children ...... 5,600 " and Nurses' Dependants . 5,175 Men ... .....460,350 Dependants ......287,700

The following allowances were also in payment as at March 31, 1931:—
Men's Final Weekly Allowances

Allowances for Men's Wives and Children 255, 100 Allowances for Children of Men's Widows, etc..... 80,400

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

have paid in all not less than ze contributions, and subsequent legislation raised the qualification to 30 contributions in the z years preceding the date of claim. This condition (known as the "first statutory condition") however, has in fact, at no time been operative, as a long succession of Acts have been introduced to postpone from time to time the date of its enforcement, and since the Act of the contributions in the previous a veers ager only 8 contributions in the previous a years or se contributions at any time have been required in respect of "transitional" benefit, i.e., benefit paid when the main statutory condition has not been complied with.

When the Act of 1980 came into operation the Unemployment Fund had a credit balance of over fss, coo, coo, but after only 8 months had elepted the reserve was exhausted and recourse

The Unemployment Insurance Act of 1920, and increasing deficiency, and Act after Act has which had the effect of increasing the number of state insured workpeople from about which might be advanced by the Treasury to Acce.coc to 18,000,000, imposed a statutory which might be advanced by the Treasury to days paid in all not less than 12 contributions, was passed largely in the hope that by lifting have paid in all not less than 12 contributions, and subsequent legislation raised the qualification to 20 contributions in the 2 years future be able to meet the ordinary benefits for specific the data of claim. This condition an increasing number of claumants, but the increase in the number of unemployed continued at an unprecedented rate throughout the whole of the year 1920, until by Christmas, out of 12,400,000 workpeople insured against unemployment in Great Britain and Northern Ireland, there were 2,725,000 on the registers of employment exchanges (of whom about two-thirds were wholly unemployed and the remainder temporarily stopped or only in casual work). At that arily stopped or only in casual wors). At that date about x person out of every 5 insured was unemployed, or double the corresponding ratio at the end of 2500. An analysis undertaken for the Royal Commission on Unemployment Insur-ance showed that of the total number of claimants for transitional benefit on January atto borrowing commenced. The cost of "tran-to for the cost of "tran-stitional" (or "uncovenanted" benefit as it was 31, 1931, nearly half of the men and more than known earlier) has left the Fund with a heavy half of the women had paid no contributions

#### # Weekly Rates of Contribution and Benefit :-

(z) National Economy (No. z) Order, October, 1931; (a) Immediately prior to National Economy Bill of September, 2931; (3) Under the Act of 2920; (4) Under the original Act of 2922.

Age of Insured Person.	Employed Person's Weekly Contribution		Employer's Weekly Contribution.		Exchequer Weekly Contribution.	
	Males	Females.	Males,	Females	Males	Females.
21 and under 65 (1) (2)	d 10 7 4 21/2	d 9 6 3 2½	d 10 8 4 2½	d, 9 7 3½ 2½	d 10 7 ¹ / ₂ 2 13/ ₃	d. 9 6½ 1¾ 1¾
28 and under ax (z)	9 6 4 a½	8 5 3 *½	9 7 4 =1/2	8 6 3½ 2½	9 6½ 1¾	8 5½ 12% 12%
26 and under 28 (1) (2)	3½ 2	4 ¹ / ₂ 3 1 ¹ / ₂ 1	5 4 = I	4½ 3½ 2	5 3½ 1½ %	4½ 3½ 3 3 3

	-	_
n.		ca.

Age of 1	Ma Wee	les kly.	Fem		
ax and under 65	(z)	8 15 17 15 7	d 3 •	13 15 18 7	d. 0 0
z8 and under sr	(1)	12 14 15 7	6 0	10 12 12 7	9
17 and under 18	(1) (2) (3)	8 9 7 3	0 6 6	6 7 6 3	9 6 0 6
Under 17	(1)	5 6 7	6	4 5 6	6

Additional i	n respect of ts weekly
Adult.	Child
8. d	s. d.
(1) 8 0	
(3)*	
(4) ⁸	]
(4)	 <u></u>

No benefits in respect of dependants were payable until November, agar, when the Unemployed Workers' lependants Act came into force produing for a weekly benefit of a for an eduit and as for a child dependant. Young bersons, aged as and punder at, who receive additional benefit for a dependant, receive the full adultation.

allowance.

These represent only the principal changes made in rates of contribution and benefit.

in the preceding as months, and nearly three-quarters of both men and women had paid less than 8 contributions during the period. During the real rape, the total contribution income to the Fund amounted to £43,245,000, while expenditure (including "transitional" benefit £16,79,000 amounted in all to nearly twice the contribution income. At the end of 259,090,000, and it was still necessary to borrow heavily in 1921 for which purpose Acts were passed in March and July raising the borrowing limit to £90,000,000 and £115,000,000 respectively.

Apart from the changes in rates of contribution and benefit the National Economy Orders of

tion and benefit the National Economy Orders of Ortober, 2922, embodied the following important changes in administration of the benefit:—Ordinary benefit is limited to 26 weeks in a Ordinary benefit is limited to so weeks in some benefit year (a reversion to the practice in force before the 1927 Act which removed this limit), after which the claimant, until qualified by further employment, would be entitled to "transitional" pay in respect of which all claimants were to be required to astisfy a needs test before a public assistance authority.

#### NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE, 1930.

	England and Wales.	Scotland	Great Britain	North- ern Ireland (1969),
Persons en- titled to	N.	37-	NT.	
henefits:—	No.	No.	No 22,255,000	No.
Women	£ 127.000	620,000	5,757,000	147 500
Total	15,182,000	1,830,000	17,012,000	355,800
Receipts:-	£	£	£	£
butrons Interest on	83,393,000	2,645,000	a6,o38,ooo	381,000
Funds	5,465,000	488,000	5,954,000	84,000
Votes and				
Grants	6,626,000	728,000	7,354,000	189,000
Total	35,485,000	3, <b>8</b> 61,000	39,346,000	654,000
Expendi-	,			
ture on	ł			ł
Sickness	TO 071 000	T 002 000	TT T67 000	
Disable-	20,0,3,000	_,0,000	,,,,	-30,000
ment	5,703,000	616,000	6,319,000	259,000
Maternity.	1,582,000	214,000	1,796,000	49,000
Medroal Other	9,230,000	1,047,000	10,277,000	43,000
Outer	3,051.000	309,000	3,360,000	09,000
Total	29,641,000	3,278,000	32,919,000	718,000
Cost of Ad-	i			
ministra-				i
tion:-	1	1	ĺ	
Approved				
Societies and Com-				
mittees	4,110,000	476.000	4,586,000	8x.000
Central De-			)	į
partments	960,000	206,000	1,066,000	38,000
Total	5,070,000	<b>382,000</b>	5,652,000	113,200

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE FUNDS (ENGLAND, WALES AND SCOTLAND).+

Accumulated Funds at the end of 1920.

Invested with the National Debt 54,813,000 148,000 Cash at Bank of England..... Cash in hands of Approved Societies and Insurance Committees.....

2,601,000 Total......£126,398,000

#### THE UNEMPLOYMENT FUND

Receipts and Payments of the Unemployment Fund from Nov. 8, 1920, to March 31, 1930 :-

		Year ended Mar. 3x, 1930	Total to March 32, 2930.
١	Receipts.	£	£
l	Contributions from :-		
1	Employers and Em- ployed Persons	20 PG4 674	sgs,538,446
į	Service Depts. (Admir-	50,504,014	-na'22a'44a
١	alty, War Office, Air		
1	Ministry)	371,363	4,750,903
1	Exchequer—		
١	Ordinary Contribu-		
1	tion	15,426,386	111,800,262
1	Additional Contri- bution in respect of		
1	Transitional Bene-	i	
!	fit (Sect. 16 (2) U.I.		
1	Act, 1930	3,985,000	3,985,000
1	Interest		1,138,674
ı	Other Receipts	20,032	199,908
	Total	50,367,395	414,437,198
	Payments.		]
١	Benefit :-		
Į	Direct	43,965,847	387,749,823
ļ	Association	1,956,689	38,576,400
ď	Cost of Administration	5,462,513	42,869,223
	Refunds at age 60 (Sec. 25, U.I Act, 1920)		
,	Compensatory Payments	6,432	1,384,559
	at age of so (Sec. 9,		i
•	U I. (No. s) Act, 1924) .	38,419	1,576,799
	Interest on Advances	1.808.228	7,651,867
•	Other Payments and Re-		
	funds	¥59,369	1.031,387
	Total	53,397,497	475,739,998
	Dall's Dalaman of Pour das		c

Debit Balance of Fund at end of year £39,042,149 Treasury Advances Outstanding ... £38,950,000*

#### Unemployment Statistics,

The live registers of the employment exchanges in Great Britain contained the highest figures for unemployment on Sept. 28, 2022.

	Sept 23,	Sept an,	Sept az,	Sept. 28.
Men	889,157	1,495,631	2,045,715	2,070,63
Boys		60,04I	76,825	75,90
Women	206,263		627,628	617,6cc
Girls	38,094	53,322	61,447	60,62
Total	1,165,940	a,109,658	a,811,615	2,824,77

The corresponding figure at August 29, 2932, was 597,593,000 See also "Unemployment Insurance" in Questions of the Day.

† Detailed figures not available for N. Ireland, but the accumulated Funds at the end of 2929 amounted to

## PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. Occupations of the People.

According to the Census Returns of 1921, the occupations of the people of Great Britain (aged 12 and upwards) were as shown in the following tables :-

#### England and Wales.

Classes.	Men.	Women.	Total.		
Agriculture and					
Fishing	1,200,106	83,218	1,283,324		
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	568,034	429,695	997,739		
Transport	2,483,713	559,636	3,043,349		
Domestic Service Government and	339,094	1,676,425	2,016,369		
Defence	442,325	71,881	514,806		
Mines & Quarries		3,364	1,065,113		
Professional	306,830	359,988	666,812		
Others Total of	5,710,017	1,881,131	7,591,148		
Classes	12,112,718	5,065,332	17,178,050		
Unoccupied Total (over	1,768,390	10,634,473	12,422,503		
	801,100,E1	15,699,805	ag,600,013		

#### Scotland.

Classes	Men.	Women	Total
Agriculture and			
Fishing	192,501	24,364	216,865
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	59,487	67,966	127,453
Transport	286,372	94,158	380,530
Domestic Service Government and	31,738	168,149	199,887
Defence	40,085	6,067	46,152
Mines & Quarries	151,884	3,368	155,258
Professional	48,378	44,970	87,348
Others	738,738	227,050	965,782
Classes	1,543,177	636,008	2,179,269
Unoccupied Total (over-	228, o51	1,331,041	1,559,092
12)	1,771,228	1,967.133	3,738,361
	Tuesd David		

#### Great Britain

Classes.	Men	Women	Total.
Agriculture and			_
Fishing	1,392,607	107,582	1,500,189
Clerks & Typists Commerce and	627,521	497,66z	1,125,182
Transport	2,770,085	653,794	3,423,879
Domestic Service	371,682	1,844,574	2,216,256
Government and	3/-,	-104413/4	-,,-30
Defence	482,410	77,948	560,358
Mines & Quarries	1,213,633	6,738	1,220,365
Professional	349,208		754,160
Others		404,958	
Total of	6,448,749	2,108,181	8,556,930
Classes	13,655,895	5,701,484	19,357,319
Unoccupied	2,016,441	11,965,514	13,977,955
Total (over			
za)	15,672,436	17,666,938	33,339,274

## Agriculture.

The total land surface of Great Britain and Ireland in 1930 is stated at 96,448,898 acres; the total area under cultivation, patture and rough grazings, in 1928, was 68,297,000 acres. Of the remainder over 3,000,000 acres were woods and plantition. and plantations.

Productive Acreage, 1930.

Division.	Arable.	Pasture.	Rough Grazings.
England (b) Wales (c) Scotland Ireland Isle of Man Channel Islds,	9,176,000 657,000 3,072,000 (a) 59,000 (a)	13,444,000 2,103,000 1,569,000 (a) 21,000 (a)	3,576,000 1,718,000 9,501,000 (a) 39,000 (a)
(a)	Figures not	available.	

(b) Excluding Monmouth.
(c) Including Monmouth. Acreage under Crops.

Crop.	xga8.*	1989.°	x930 *
Wheat, barley, oats, &c Potatoes, tur- nips, swedes,	6,963,749	6,954,457	6,766,169
&c Hops Small Fruit† Fallow (a) Clover and	3,843,083 23,805 86,907 473,934	3,870,255 23,986 89,174 330,878	3,798,690 19,997 91,880 899,610
grasses	3, <b>943,</b> 169 <i>a</i>	3,869,2140	3,922,7347

Excluding Isle of Man and Channel Islands
 Figures for Ireland include orchards,
 a Great Britain only

Numbers of Live Stock. The Live Stock of Great Britain and Ireland was valued at £300,000,000 in rgss.

Live Stock.	zos6 o	1989.0	1930 *
Horses Cattle Sheep	12,102,801 27,865,594	x,646,887‡ xa,087,304 a7,690,5x6 3,645,799	1,617,263 11,797,149 28,183,299 3,722,151

Totals of the principal crops of Great Britain and Ireland for three years:—

	zgaß,	1939.	x930.
Wheat . Barley Oats Potatoes Turnips Mangolds	Tens 1,365,000 1,255,000 3,255,000 7,945,000 20,913,000 7,400,000 18,816,000	Tons, 1,365,000 1,385,000 3,853,000 8,874,000 19,433,000 7,493,000 18,185,000	Tons. 1,161,000 952,000 2,897,000 6,997,000 17,682,000 7,061,000 14,436,000

Excluding Isle of Man and Channel Islands.
 Figures for Great Britain are the total numbers of horses on agracultural holdings, for Ireland, those used for agriculture and unbroken horses only

## GOOD AND BAD SEASONS AND HARVESTS!

With the average price of British Wheat per Quarter of 48elb. in England and Walss, together with the number of swts. of Wheat and of Wheat-Flour imported into Great Britain and Ireland to supply Deficiencies. The value of the Wheat Crop of Great Britain and Ireland in 1998 was about £31,000,000, and in 1994 (Great Britain only) £18,000,000.

	ERGLAND AND WALES.	GREAT BRITAIN AND IRFLAND.			
ear.	Wheat Harvest compared with the Average of 30 years, 1892-1921.	Average Price of Wheat per Or	* Imports of Wheat.	• Imports of Wheat-Flour,	Marri age Rate
		ı. d.	cwt	cwt	
DOZ	Average	aố o	60,708,530	22,576,430	15.1
908	Good	28 I	\$1,002,227	19,386,341	15.1
903	Deficient	aố o	88, 131,030	20,601,448	15'0
904	Extremely bad		97,784,500	14,788,893	14'2
ON I	Good		97,628,752	II,954,763	¥4.9
000	Very good	3 3	98,967,800	14,190,300	15.6
907	Very good		97,168,000	13,297,366	15.1
908	Decidedly above average	38 0	97,131,805	12,969,855	14
909	Very good	36 11	97,854,485	11,058,540	24
DIO	Deficient	31 8	105,288,698	0,060,40x	14
DII	Good	31 B	98,067,787	10,065,132	14.
DIS	Bad	34 9	100,578,530	10,189,476	24
23	Slightly above average	31 8	105,878,102	11,078,153	15.
	Good	3	103,086,743	10,060,823	15
9 <b>24</b>	Slightly above average	34 11 52 10	88,667,000	10,482,170	18
DI Ş	Bad	58 5	100,070,370	9,960,385	24.
)x6	Deficient		91,435,000		14
P=7		75 9	91,433,000	14,339,782	
8zg	Bad	72 10	57,947,6xo	26,359,600	14.4
9 <b>29</b> '		72 II	71,443,000	17,711,070	
980	Bad	80 to	109,388,326	11,969,740	10.3
981	Extremely good	,	80,478,794	15,841,055	10.1
988.	Slightly above average	47 10	96,379,634	13,474,781	12.0
943	Slightly above average	42 2	200,466,923	11,718,465	12.1
984	Decidedly above average	49 3	117,420,522	11,045,853	12.0
925	Good	52 8	96,854,178	9,112,614	14.6
g <b>a</b> 6	Deficient	53 3	96,256,039	10,651,076	14'1
927	Decidedly above average	49 3	110,435,815	10,960,907	15.3
988	Good	42 10	103,577,471	8,926,84±	
989	Very Good	43 2	111,767,398	9,703,446	
030	Bad	34 3	105,006,857	11,738,527	

Note.—When the yield of whent per acre differed from the average for the 30 years 1893-1921 by less than one-tenth of a bushel, the year has been noted as "Average." When the difference was between o's and e's bushels, as "Decidedly above Average" or "Deficient"; when between o's and x 5 bushels, as "Good" or "Rad"; when between a's and 3's bushels, as "Good" or "Rad"; when between a's and 3's bushels, as "Good" or "Bad"; when between a's and 3's bushels, as "Very good" or "Very bad"; and when above 3'5 bushels, as "Extremely good" or "Extremely bad." * From April x, 1933, the figures of Imports suclude imports (if any) into Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the Irish Free State, but exclude the direct foreign trade of the Irish Free State.

## Production per Acre.

The production per acre of cereal crops, roots and hay in the year of the outbreak of the War, and in 1930, is shown in the following table.—

Crop.		land Wales	Scot	land.	Ire	land
	1914	1930	1914	1930	1914	1930
Oats ,, Beans ,, Post ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post less ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les ,, Post les	15'7 13'9 17'6 12'8 6'4	17 2 24 8 6 5 11 8 28 9	18'9 15'1 20'6 13'0 7'7 14'7	20'0 25'6 21'8 21'8	20'I 17 6 24'I	81.6 80.3 19.1 * 6.6 17.9 4.0

· Figures not available

#### Number of Farms.

Size of Farm or Holding (a).	England and Wales.	Scotland	Ireland.
Not above x acre x to 5 acres s to 5 acres s to 50 acres so to xpo acres so to 300 acres xoo to 300 acres above 300 acres Above 300 acres Above 300 acres	1930 (b) 72,984 181,945 61,703 (b) 66,955 (b) 18,836	1989 (b) 16,856 33,490 10,166 (b) 	1917 118,767 47,619 361,335 57,476 83,159 8,831
Total.,	395,823	75,746	572,574

(a) Exclusive of Allotments under the Small Holdings & Allotments Acts, spec to uses, or provided privately, of which there were estimated to be goo, see (1994) and 95, see (1995) in England and Wales.

(b) Classification for Ireland only.

Fisheries.

The quantities and values of the sea fish of

than in 1920 (previously the largest since the outbreak of the War) but 98,000 tons less than the British taking landed in Great Britain and Ire-land in 1930 (exclusive of river salmon) are shown in the following table. The total catch was 36,000 tons more than in 1939, 27,000 tons more

was £866,000 less than in the previous year.

### Tonnage and Value of Fish Landed, 1930.

Poul of Web	ENGLAND	AND WALES.	Sco	TLAND.	Inc	tand.	To	TAL.
Kind of Fish.	Tons.	Value (≰).	Tons.	Value (£).	Tons	Value(5).	Tons.	Value (£)
God	a16,683	2,966,200 2,131,58a	28,606 54,788	557.559 gao,gg8	1,063	32,122 5,762	246,352 177,290	3,555,88: 3,058,#8:
Hake	34,365 38,513	1,551,352 1,497,901	2,467	51,610 135,517	96 56a	4,197 20,469	35,9 <b>26</b> 35,861	1,607,154 1,653,88
Whiting	21,791 15,316	638,896 az4,280	6,133 12,323	90,349 178,237	5=7 866	9,967 18,985	28,451 28,505	739,811
Merring Mackerel	199,868 5,517 135,558	1,928,060 97,867 3,107,163	3,141	1,462,870	6,113 2,145	62,724 20,501	375,988 20,803	3,453,65
			30,736	765,173	1,003	26,695	167,297	3,899,03
Shell Fish	783,881	14,143,301 377,231	309,987	4,177,775 104,399	12,607	201,422 44,364	1,106,475	18,522,494 526,494
Grand Total		14,521,032		4,282,174		245,786		19,048,991

[•] The figures for Ireland are not confirmed.

#### Mineral Production (Great Britain).

Alletta 1 totatottoti (4 tota 15 totati).					
Minerals won, 1929.	Minerals won, 2929. Tons.				
Coal	257,907,000	173,233,000			
Iron Tin Lead	6,000 83,000	3,646,000 587,000 306,000			
Zinc	8,000	8,000			
Salt Barytes and	1,967,000	1,209,000			
Witherite	57,000	105,000			
Gypsum	967,000 1,097,000	551,000 1,599,000			
For Smelting :	2,024,000	598,000			
Fluorapar	42,000	38,000			
Ganister and Silica Fireclay	549,000 2,214,000	808,000			
For Building and Road- making :					
Limestone	15,033,000	3,385,000			
Sandstone	3,840,000	2,671,000			
Clay and Shale	14,460,000	1,426,000			
Gravel and Sand	6,995,000	1,191,000			
Igneous Rocks	9,178,000	3,276,000			

In the 5,328 quarries, 80,777 persons were permanently employed; of these, 51,382 worked inside the quarries and 29,195 outside the guarries.

#### Coal Production of Great Britain,

Year.	Persons	Output.		
	employed.	Tons.	Value"	
1913 1928 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927	1,x04,406 1,x48,479 1,a03,a90 1,a13,724 1,103,448 1,115,640 1,011,610 967,a83	a87,411,869 ago,808,763 a76,000,588 a67,118,000 a43,176,000 162,879,000 a58,883,000 a37,478,000	.5 145,535,669 819,997,568 859,734,307 851,665,000 198,978,000 183,384,000 183,544,000 158,516,000	

In rest there was a stoppage of production for 88 days, ending in a settlement on June 28, 1921. In 1926 there was a stoppage of production from May 1 until Nov. 30.

### Home Consumption of Coal.

In a normal year about 200,000,000 tous of coal are available for home consumption. Railway locomotives require about 14,000,000 1988; gas works x7,000,000 tons; coke production x7,000,000 tons, of which about half (with x,500,000 tons of coal) is consumed by blast furnaces; colliery engines require about 17,000,000 tons; electrical miners receive about 6,000,000 tons; electrical generating stations require about 7,000,000 tons, and coasting ships require over 1,000,000 tons The selling value (at the mines and quarries) of all minerals won in 1999 was £195,785,000. The total number of persons employed in 1995 to domestic heating and cooking, and over the total number of persons employed in 1995 to domestic heating and cooking, and over the total number of persons employed in 1995 to domestic heating and cooking, and over the total number of persons to making the six months (Jan.—June), 1932, steamers and motor versels used 7,055,000 to 30 and 199,445 males and 4,135 females above ground.

#### Coal Production of World.

. Country.	, Tons of s,s40 lb.			
Belgium Canada Czechoslovakia France Germany† Great Britain Indian Empire Japan Netherlands. Poland Rusia Baar South Africa United States.	3999. 86,931,000 13,180,000 17,650,000 163,437,000 860,838,000 33,100,000 11,613,000 46,814,000 12,582,000 13,582,000 13,582,000 546,186,800	1936. 27,406,000 10,268,000 14,572,000 14,598,000 247,677,000 28,677,000 18,211,000 27,520,000 17,220,000 13,210,000 23,236,000 11,800,000 48,210,000		
Other Countries	51,100,000	1,193,700,000		

#### † Excluding lignite

#### Iron Ore.

The production and importation of iron ore are as shown below Values are not shown, as that of iron ore produced in Great Britam is taken at the place of production, while the value of imported ore is enhanced by transport and handling to the port of entry. The value of the iron ore produced in Great Britain in agag is stated at £3,550,000; that of the imported ore at £6,250,000.

Year	Tons Produced	Tone Imported.
1913 1986 1988 1988	15,997,000 4,093,125 11,205,871 11,261,873 13,214,976	7,441,000 2,087,785 5,163,793 4,439,885 5,688,024

#### Production of Pig Iron and Crude Steel,

The quantity of pig iron and steel ingots and castings made is shown below. In 1905 the quantity of coal used in the United Kingdom in the manufacture of pig iron was 19,255,555 tons; in 1927 the quantity was 1,200,000 tons of coal and 8,300,000 tons of coake. In 1905 there were 345 blast furraces at work, and in 1929 they numbered 166.

Country.	Pig Iron Thousands of Tons (2,240 lb )		('rude Steel.) Thousands of Tons (2,240 lb )		
Belgiam France Germany Gt. Spitain Indian Empire Japan Luxemburg Eussia. Saar United States Other Countries	2989. 4,096 20,442 13,402 7,702 2,350 2,500 4,906 4,925 2,105 48,964 7,302	1930. 3,394 10,098 9,695 6,296  2,474 5,005 1,918 31,903	1989 4,138 9,666 16,246 9,810 570 2,200 2,702 4,897 2,209 55,034 10,574	1930 3.375 9,403 11,539 7,416  2,270 5,683 1.935 40,289	
Total	<b>98,080</b> .	80,000	119,040	96,000	

Figures for Crude Sidel include ingots only; and exclude steel castings 13.357,360 tons in 2906).

## Joint Stock Companies.

On Dec. 32, 1999, there were registered in Great Britain and Northern Ireland 120,139 Joint Stock Companies, with a total paid-up capital of \$5,250,124,132; the total for 1998 was 107,164 Companies, paid-up capital \$5,007,192,238.

#### Trade Unions.

Great Britain.	zgaß	1989.
No. of registered Unions Membership:—	567 3, <b>8</b> 08,811	557 3,8e6,838
Income :— From Members UnemploymentInsurance Other Sources	£ 7,194,068 2,062,571 600,701	£ 7,209,454 1,876,445 739,618
Total	9,857,334	9,825,477
Expenditure:  Benefits- Unemployment, &c Dispute Sickness and Accident . Funeral Other Political Fund To Federations, &c Management, &c Total	3,23,645 128,968 743,631 3,77,739 1,192,431 118,512 278,872 2,918,850 8,942,648	a,85a,568 398,883 799,589 37a,238 x,284,848 179,675 s98,968 a,948,43x
Funds:— Beginning of Year End of Year		10,799,309

NB—The above particulars relate to registered trade unions in Great Britain only, and include unions of employers of which there were By in 2929 with Funds of £223,234. The total number of Trade Unions, registered and unregistered, in Great Britain and Aorthern Ireland (employees only) at end of 1929 was 1,114, and their membership was 433.014.

#### Trade Unions and Politics.

In a written reply to a question in the House of Commons in January, 1931, the Minister of Labour (Rt. Hon. Margaret Bondfield) gave the following figures:—

Total amount subscribed to Political Funds of all Trade Unions making returns—

Year	Registered	Unregistered.	. Total.
1924	£ 146,176		£246,276
1985	154,514		154,514
х92б	137,006		137,006
1937	136,692		136,69a
1928	100,489	£69,612	170,101
1929	107,034	50,632	157,666

 Refere zees Unregistered Unions were not required to make returns.

#### Bankruptey Statistics.

#### England and Wales (1989).

The number of debtors adjudicated bankrupts was 3,229, with liabilities 25,829,326, and assets £,2,627,263; of compositions 29, with liabilities £125,026, and assets £22,016; of administration

## 574 Great Britain Industrial Socs., Workmen's Compensation, do.

orders for detended debtors estates 44, with Habilities £3:8,335, and assets £3:7,336. In addition, there were 2,972 assignments, compositions, &c., under deeds of arrangement, with Habilities £3,262,476, and assets £3,495,527.

Scotland (1929).
The number of sequestrations in Scotland was are, with liabilities £790,681, and assets £99,137.

Northern Freland (1939).
The bankruptcies numbered 27, with liabilities £38,976, and assets £3,527; deeds of arrangement 53, with liabilities £39,477, and assets £48,887; arrangements under the control of the Court 48, with liabilities £89,937, and assets £25,775.

Industrial and Provident Societies.

t it is not generally known that associations for carriting on any industry, business or trade may be registered under the Industrial and Provident Sciences Acts, and when so registered enjoy, among other advantages, the privileges of limited liability. In his report the Registrar of Friendly Societies who administers these Acts anys:—

"A society, established to carry on any industry, business or trade may be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, and obtain the privileges of incorporation with limited liability, provided that it restricts the interest which any member may have or claim in its shares to £200, and if it carries on the business of banking, that its share capital is not withdrawable."

At the end of 1929, 5,853 societies were registered; they had a total membership of 7,279,836; and their balance sheets showed total assets (omitting inter-society investments) valued at £231,868,000. The societies registered at the end of 1929 were classified by the Registrar as follows:

Class of Society	Number of Societies	Share Capital	Balance of Undis- tributed Surplus and Reserves
, ,		£	£
Distributive Trad-	1, <b>3</b> 0g	206,255,237	16,771,397
Distributive Trad-7 ing (Wholesale)	10	9,734,694	7,302,114
Productive Trading	148	2,802,840	921,205
Clubs	2,335	241,631	1,890,913
Other businesses	308	4,446,203	111,901,560
Land and Housing	338	s,sog, 150	769,247
Agriculture and Fishing	1,415	1,7±3,751	550,984
Totals	5,853	*126,409,491	39,507,420

As stated above most of the societies registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts are co-operative. Additional and later figures for these will be found in the Complete Katton under the head of "Co-operation." (See Index.)

Savings Banks.

Post Office Savings Banks.—On Dec. 31, 1930, there were approximately 12,000,000 active deposit accounts in the Post Office Savings

A considerable part of the capital of Co-operative Societies in the ferm of Deposits and Loans. Mainly Insurance Societies' reserve funds.

Barks, with the sum of Lascings, 327 due to depositors. On Dec. 37, 1790, Government Stock to the amount of £288,472,183 stood to the credit of holders in the books of the Rost Office favings Banks. Any sum from one shilling to £300 may be deposited, and interest is allowed at a½ per centum per annum. There is no limit to the amount which may stand to a depositor's credit, but not more than £300 may be deposited in the course of one war.

in the course of one year.

Trustee Savings Banks.—On Nov. 20, 1230, there were \$124, 237 active accounts in the Trustee Savings Banks. The total assets of the Banks amounted to £123, 126, 732 due to depositors in the Ordinary and Special Investment Departments, £32, 232, 132, 250 total and Bonds held for depositors and £6, 134, 134 representing the accumulated surplus of the individual Trustee Savings Banks throughout the country. Information about these Banks and their offices, sumbering 426 (Principal and subordinate) in November, 1250, can be obtained from the Trustee Lavings Banks Association, 126 Gray's Inn Square, W.C.z. (Chairman, Sir Spencer J. Portal Secretary. H. Oliver Horne, M.A.)

Werkmen's Compensation.

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.
Return of Accelents where Compensation
was pad, year and year.

		7		·
_	Cases.		Compensation.	
Year.	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Fatal	Non-Fatal.
1913 1944 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	3,781 8,865 3,019 8,338 8,581 8,705 8,799	468,687 472,991 458,869 356,240 441,503 447,870 463,180	\$50,865 782,911 866,367 672,351 770,810 767,967 804,488	2,536,387 8,821,772 5,827,404 4,778,407 5,044,554 5,163,468 5,240,882

Amalusie by Industry some

A THIN YETS UY	Aroundery	, 19 <b>39</b> .	
Employment.	Number Employed		Cance.
	Embiologi	Fatal.	Non-Fatal
Factories :-		-	
Cotton	518,744	89	20,673
Wool, &c	845,176	24	3,655
Other Textiles	=94,375		3,490
Wood	137,054		6,544
Metals	411,466	111	33,188
Engineering, &c	469,018		29, 154
Other Metal	831,85a	<b>z66</b>	46,368
Paper and Printing	363,144	32	6,420
China and Earthen-		_	
ware	84,387	9	7,733
Miscellaneous	2,300,605	297	67,969
Total	5,665,825	842	209, 194
Docks	118,840		12.06x
Mines	930,857	1,101	196,858
Quarries	8x,588	6z	**************************************
Constructional	114,348	77	8,543
Railways:-			, ,
Clerical	81,268		170
Other	405,701		19,978
Total Railways	486,969	) age	* so, 148
Shipping:—		1	
Steam	802,370		8,028
Sailing		10	326
Total Shipping	206,763	-88s	8,354
" Grand Total	7,598,160	2,799	463,189

#### EXTERNAL TRADE (GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND).

IN statistics of Trade, the term General and the charges for Insurance and Freight, Trade refers to the whole volume of Imports (including such as are temporarily detained and afterwards exported), and to the whole volume of Exports. The term Special Trade includes the merchandise delivered to the exporting ship. Exports for consumption in the country reach their destination, awing become loaded receiving them, and Exports of home produce or manufacture. Imports are taken at their C.I.K. walve with Insurance and Freight. They walve (which includes the Cost of the merchandise

General Trade (Merchandise).		Special Trade (Merchandise).			ise).		
Yeur.	General Imports	General Exports.	Total General Trade.	Year.	Special Imports	Special Exports,	Total Special Trade.
1913 1986 1987 1988 1989 1930	£ 768,734,739 1,241,361,277 1,218,341,150 2,195,598,413 1,220,765,300 1,044,840,194	.5 634,8ao,3a6 778,541,877 832,034,102 843,862,333 839,051,150 657,533,225	1,403,555,065 2,019,903,154 2,050,375,252 2,039,460,746 2,059,816,450 1,702,373,419	1913 1986 1987 1988 1989 1930	659,168,008 1,115,866,309 1,095,388,311 1,075,315,169 1,111,063,478 957,860,915	£ 525,253,595 653,046,909 709,081,263 723,579,089 729,349,328 570,552,946	1,184,421,603 1,768,913,218 1,804,469,574 1,798,894,258 1,840,472,794 1,428,413,86x

Imports and Exports. 1929 and 1930.

Movement and Classes	1929.	1930.
Imports — Nood, Drink, and Tobacco	£535,474,835 339,576,992 334,361,564 3,587,185 7,884,784	£475,551,761 250,808,124 307,499,025 3,678,723 7,302,561
Total Imports	£1,220,765,300	£1,044,840,194
Exports of United Kingdom Produce and Manufact ires — Food, Drink, and Tobacco Raw Materials and Articles mainly unmanufactured Articles wholly or mainly manufactured Animals not for food Parcel Post	£55,656,069 78,900,638 573,799,489 2,025,272 18,967,854	£48,252,396 63,815,024 439,751,039 1,502,029 17,232,558
Total Exports of U.K. Produce and Manufactures	£729,349,322	£570,552,946
Exports of Imported Merchandise — Food, Drink, and Tobscoo	£26,012,567 54,292,732 28,897,295 499,234	£23,807,749 38,375,668 24,161,770 635,092
Total Exports of Imported Merchandise	£109,701,848	£86,980,279
Imports of Bullion and Specie	£70,700,000 86,700,000	£95,200,000 90,200,000
Excess of Imports of Merchandise, Bullion and Specie	£365,800,000	£392,300,000

#### The Balance of Trade, 1928, 1929 and 1930.

Particulars.	z9 <b>09</b> . z930.	
Excess of Imports (see above)	365,800,000 392,300,000	20
Excess of Government receipts from Overseas	24,000,000 21,000,000	
Net National Shipping income	130,000,000 105,000,000	20
	270,000,000 135,000,000	20
sions	65,000,000 55,000,000	20
Net receipts from other sources	15,000,000 15,000,000	
*Total	504,000,000 431,000,000	<b>90</b>
Estimated Credit balance	136,000,000 39,000,000	<b>°</b>
Excess of Government receipts from Overseas Net National Shipping income. Net Income from Overseas investments Net receipts from short interest and commissions	24,000,000 130,000,000 270,000,000 125,000,000 135,000,000 15,000,000 504,000,000 431,000,000	

[·] Estimated.

# DETAILED TRADE OF 2000 AND 2000.

Class and Classes	Imports	(0.1.F).	Special Exports (F.O.B.).		
Class and Group.	1989.	1930.	1989.	1930.	
Food, Drink, and Tobacco— Grain and Fjour	£	£ 7a,9a8,436	£ 4,8ag,38g	£	
Faeding Stuffs for Animals	95,914,625 9,602,904	72,928,430 5,743,873	4,639,359	4,256,047	
Meat	113,574,647	111,670,564	3,078,087 1,784,188 205,148	1,487,813	
Meat Animals, Living, for Food Other Food and Drink, Non-Dutiable Other Food and Drink, Dutiable	16,376,347	18,317,811	200,142	max,633	
Other Food and Drink, Non-Dutiable	ax3,868,07x	193,455,353	36,26x,936	32,632,173	
Pobeso	67,639,710 18,498,531	57,906,750 #5,7#8,974	9,556,327	8,48e,673	
Total					
	535,474,835	475,552,761	55,656,069	48,252,296	
Materials and Articles mainly Unmanu-				× .	
Combin Non-Metallic Mining and Quarry Pro-	32,890	29,120	48,616,811	45,671,03 <b>s</b>	
Note and the like  Note From Metalliferous Ores and Scrap  Wood and Timber	5,967,073	5,275,088	z,994,666	2,648,618	
Won Program Matallifornia Organic More	6,438,283	5,162,104	1,501,519	568,200	
Wood and Timber	17,007,160 45,840,135	12,240,497 42,797,519	1,691,520 372,019	789,117 <b>28</b> 1,015	
Baw Cotton and Cotton Waste	77,365,789	44,920,399	1,150 541	600,200	
Wool, Raw and Waste, and Woollen Rags	63,012,117	45,257,837	9,621,916	4,832,834	
Silk, Raw, Knubs, and Nolls	1,901,003	1,520,313	<b>28,050</b>	14,195	
Other Textile Materials Oil Seeds and Nuts, Oils, Fats, Resins and Gums Hides and Skins, Undressed Paper-making Materials	15,224,506 43,928,333	9,588,±84 33,873,933	419,853 5,159,401	3,612,799	
Hides and Skins. Undressed	20,416,927	16,110,142	a,638,049	1,438,041	
Paper-making Materials	13,149,617	12,073.051 10,728,182	2,560,465	1,048,105	
Rubber	17,285,054	20,728,282	270,997	174 600	
Rubber Miscellaneous Raw Materials and Articles Mainly Unmanufactured	12,007,105	11,230,754	3,859,931	z,869,484	
Total	339,576,992	250,808,124	78,900,638	63,815,004	
Anticles Whelly on Majoric Manufactured					
Articles Wholly or Mainly Manufactured— Coke and Manufactured Fuel	17,660	20,000	4,238,807	3,549, rot	
Pottery, Glass, Abrasives, etc	11,897,353		14,004,563	11,900,88	
Pottery, Glass, Abrasives, etc	24,690,225	83,327,182	58,002,782	51,270,031	
Non-Ferrous Metals and Manufactures thereof Cutlery, Hardware, Implements, and Instru-	37,016,156	29,382,210	18,993,244	12,037,79	
ments		7,697,465	9,333,144	7,336,a54	
Electrical Goods and Apparatus	6,510,079	7,031,957	13,159,465	11,929,229	
Manufactures of Wood and Timber	15,153,160 9,683,514	17,913,104 8,741,421	54,350,8sz 2,003,284	46,928,360 2,215,400	
Manufactures of Wood and Timber	10.038.007	9,734,773	135,449,458	87,573,54	
Woollen and Worsted Yarns and Manufactures	16,885,130	9.734.773 14,863,590	*35,449,458 58,883,047	36,956,234	
Silk and Silk Manufactures  Manufactures of Other Textile Materials	13,173,595	11,221,090	8,167,930	1,556,816	
Apparel	17,131,089	15,330,552 19,305,834	25,865,287 25,611,557	19,557,521	
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Colours	19,955,678 16,882,022	13,568,135	-6 Arm	33.066.KD	
Oils, Fats and Resins, Manufactured	43,428,462	46,281,819	8,590,27	7,478,95	
Leathers and Manufactures thereof	15,821,576	15,247,181	7,904,997 9,809,352	7,478,95 2,478,86	
Vahidles (including Locomotives Shins and	17,972,397	17,989,281	9,009,353	914751454	
Aircraft)	10,758,800	6,8ax,370	50,269,356	50.24£.0E	
Rubber Manufactures	3,757,076	3,947,163	3.404.534	90,741,91 4,830,98	
Paper and Cardboard Vehicles (including Locomotives, Ships, and Aircraft). Rubber Manufactures Miscellaneous Articles, Wholly or Mainly Manufactured.	31,698,431	28,798,xx2	20,505,454	30,482,80	
Total				439,751,98	
Animals, not for Food	337/3/5-4		8,085,878	1,500,00	
Parcel Post (non-dutiable articles)			38,957,954		
Total			-		
10M1	r, 1300	a band draiter half	PHIL 349,322	57-,55-,94	

## WORLD TRADE IN 1929 AND 1930. Statement showing Decline in Values from 1929 to 1980. (Conversions to sterling at par.)

	8	Special Import	a .	Special Exports			
	Declared Value.		Decrease.	Declare	Decreas		
	1929	1 1930	IA-CIERRO.	1929.	1930	Decreus	
	Million &	Million €	Per Cent	Million £	Million &	Per Cen	
Inited Kingdom	1,111 1	957 9	13.8	789'4	570 6	21.8	
	(c) 145 2	(c) 94 4	(c) 35 o	(d) 123.1	(d) 91 3	(d) 25.8	
Canada	a66 8	207 1	22 4	243 0	182.0	#5 I	
India	(c) 103.3	(c) 145 o	(c) 25 o	(d) 238.9	189.2	20'7	
Malaya (b)		(c) 77 3	(c) 19.7	(d) 100.0	(d) 71.8	(d) 28 2	
lelgium-Luxemburg	208 4	176.7	12.7	181.2	150.0	17'4	
zechoslovakia	121.6	95.5	21.5	124'0	106.4	14 8	
enmark	(r) 98·8	(r) 95 I	(c) 3.2	80 0	83 6	6 z	
rance	468.8	421.5	10.1	403.7	344 8	14.6	
ermany	658 a	508.7	22.7	659 9	589 1	10 7	
taly (a)	#34.3	187.7	10.0	164 8	131 1	20'4	
apan (e)		(c) 158·o	(c) 30.3	215.5	146.0	31.8	
etherlands	287'3	199.7	13'1	164.3	141.0	13.6	
weden	08.3	90.2	76	99.8	85°1	14 7	
witzerland	x06.0	100 2	5.5	82.3	60 2	15'9	
nited States		(c) 628·0	(c) 30 4	1,059 6	777.0	26'7	
ther Countries	910.7	778 7	14.2	1,035'5	845.8	18.3	
otal for countries for which							
particulars are available	6,069.3	4,923°1	18.0	5,715'2	4,576 I	19.9	

(a) Including salver bullion (b) Eleven months January-November (c) Total imports (d) Total exports (including re-exports). (c) Trade of Japan with facign countries only

	est Customers		Total Expor	ts of British s	nd Imported	Merchandise
Total Exports of Brit		ported Mer-	by	Months, 1925	, 1930 and 1	931.
chandise consigned to	1929	1930;		1025.	1930 *	2932 †1
India	£79,376,000	£54,320,000	January		£66,436,377	
! S.A	62,053,000	39,964,000				
Germany	60,391,000	44,140.000	February	83,209,864	60,570,838	37,655,884
Anstralia	56,340,000	33,500,000	March	83,079,815	61,606,160	39,437,954
France	49,158,000	44,284,000	April	73,287,548		39,071,112
Canada	37,511,000	31,000,000	-			
Irish Free State	46,307,000	44,200 000	Мау	78,703,466	60,087,593	39,642,284
Union of S. Africas	34,112,000	27,600,000	June	69,493,39x	50,724,315	35,475,999
Belgium	28,639,000	21,602,000	July	76,202,599		
Netherlands	27,031,000	23,002,000				
Argentina	29,676,000	25,714,000	August	74,537,667	49,119,138	32,986,969
New Zealand:	82,188,000	18,600,000	September	71,260.698	48,134,015	33,607,132
Japan	13,645,000	8,397,000	October	80,459,406		
China	14,147,000	8,658,000				
Italy	17,577,000	14,789,000	November.	74,515,622	50,905,709	•••
Brazil	13,705,000	8,127,000	December	80,413,128	43,702,586	

	1925.	1930 °	1931 †1
January	£82,334,173	£66,436,377	£43,601,026
February	83,209,864	60,570,838	37,655,884
March	83,079,815	61,606,160	39,427,954
April	73,287,548	54,705,519	39,071,112
Мау	78,703,466	60,087,593	39,648,284
June	69,493,391	50,724,315	35,475,999
July	76,202,599	57,409,885	39,187,670
August	74,537,667	49,119,138	32,985,969
September	71,260,698	48,134,015	33,607,131
October	Bo 450 406	54 121.000	

- 9 months (1930) Imports, £785.027,885; Total Exports, £508,793,840. 9 months (1931) Imports, £621,352,640, Total Exports, £340,646,021. Provisional figures.
- 6 Excluding South-West Africa Territory.

## Postal Traffic.

### Average Daily Receipts, 1927-1930.

The following table (Board of Trade Journal) gives the average receipts of the Post Office in Great Britain from postal traffic, per woiking day, for each month from January, roaf. Telegraph and Telephone receipts, Savings Bank, and Money and Postal Order business are excluded. The value of postage stamps used for receipt stamp and other revenue duties is included. The figures are an approximately correct index of the movement from month to month of the amount of postal traffic handled. mouth of the amount of postal traffic handled, expressed in terms of postage, and may be regarded as a reflection of the state of the country's trade.

A	VERAGE	AMOUNT	OF	MONEY	RECRIVED	DAILY

Period	1028	1929	1930	1931
	£	£	£	£
Jan	126,696	124,898	130,634	128,857
Feb.	122,406	120,052	125,613	127, 125
Mar	127,995	187,934	130,718	133,159
April	125,310	129,558	131,554	199,947
May	123,669	128,075	130,859	x28,796
June	124,578	128,149	130,185	130,918
July	126,354	131,266	132,387	130,543
Aug	121,518	122,952	122,788	181,883
Sept	128,409	129,187	131,588	T26,554
Oct	138,855	136,691	136,502	
Nov	135,196	135,521	135,045	
Dec	164,907	175,700	174,028	•••
Year	130.574	138.408	134,315	

## 578 Great Britain-Trade Distribution, British Wheat Imports, &c.

BRITISH TRADE DISTRIBUTION.  Distribution of British Trade, 1918 and 1930.  (In Thousands of £ steeling)									
	· 1913.	1	x930						
Imports from	£1,000	i	£1,000	-					
British Countries Foreign Countries	191,191 577,544			25'46 74'54					
Brit. Produce, etc., Exported to .—									
British Countries . Foreign Countries	. 195,310 329,944	37°18	209, 100 326,955						
Re-exports to									
British Countries .	13,610		10,629						

#### British Exports per Head.

Value of Exports of British produce and manufacture to certain countries per head of the population of those countries —

Country.

British Empire
Australia .....

1928-29 .. .. ...

## BRITISH WHEAT IMPORTS, 1929.

From.	Cwt,
Canada	27,190,852
Australia	12,797,402
India	141,169
New Zealand	99,455
Other British	56,469
Total British	40, 285, 347
Argentina	45,378,474
U.S.A	22,265,950
Germany	1,676,404
Rumania	870,576
France	24,284
Chile	3,140
Austria	192
Other Foreign	1,263,031
Total Foreign	71,482,051
Total	111,767,398
	-

#### Corn Prices.

Average price of British corn per cwt. of xxx Imperial pounds as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended October xo, 1931, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1888, and the Corn Sales Act, 1921:—

Period.	A	era	ge Pr	ice p	er (`	<b>w</b> t
2011/41	Who	raf	Bar	icy	On	tø -
	· #.	đ.	R.	d	A.	d.
Week ended Oct. 10, 1931 Corresponding week in-	5	4	9	3	6	2
1927	10	6	13	8	2	2
1928	9	5	10	10	- 6	8
1929	9	4	10	4	?	10
1930	7	0	9	5	0	1

#### THREE YEARS FOOD IMPORTS.

Tables dealing with various commodities imported during 1928, 1929 and 1930 will be found in the pages following the Index to this volume.

### GERMAN TRADE BALANCE, 1927-30.

The figures below of German foreign trade in merchandise include Reparations (deliveries it kind) among the Exports, as indicated in parenthesis.

	Million Reichmarks.					
Year	Imports	Exports.	Balance of Exports.			
1927	14,228	20,802 (578)	-3,427			
1988	14,051	12,055	- r,996			
1849	13,447	13,483 (819)	+36			
1930	10,393	12,036	+ r,643			

	Canada	2	18		3	11	6	2	18	1
2	Ceylon		19	8	1	1	8	ł	14	٤
i	India	!	4	6	1	4	II	1	3	4
!	Irish Free State				12	5	2	ıì	14	ż
ļ	Malaya	3	11	0	4	ő	2	2	13	
1	New Zealand	9	19	10	14	10	6	12	ĭ	2
İ	Union of S. Africa	3	10	2	1 4		5	3	7	
'	West Africa	1	6	5	1	10	2	: -	8	11
	Foreign Countries			_	1					
	Argentina	3	0	6		11	II	=	5	1
	Belgium	ī	14	8	2	8	2	1	17	4
1	Brazil		10	3	1	6	8	1	3	11
i	Chile	1	14	II	2	3	0	1	3	10
ì	China	ĺ		8	1		8	1	_	
i	Cuba		18	7	1	11	3	1	7	3
١	Denmark	2	0		3	0	8	2	18	3
١	Egypt & Sudan		12		1	13	9	İ	11	
ĺ	France	Į .	14	6	1	15	5	1	14	
١	Germany	;	12		]	II	5		8	3
i	Italy		8	3		7	9	1	6	8
i	Japan	i	5	2	i	4	0		2	
i	Netherlands	3	10	3	2	16	I	2	7	10
1	Do. East Indies		3	10	1	3	7	ļ	=	
I	Norway		9	11	3	9	11	4	II	8
ı	Russia		2	x	1		6	ļ		IC
ı	Russian States		_	-	1	5	2	i i	3	11
1	Spain		7	9	}	10	7	j	8	2
ı	Sweden	1	9	2		14	6	1	12	11
ı	Switzerland	1	1	10	1	11	9	1	5	7
١	U.S A	١_	6	1	١	7	_ 5	i	4	_ 7
	KEY II Net Rece	ı zıt	# I	921-	2-19	29-3	30.	10.20		
	1021-22									

## FINANCES AND TRADE OF THE BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Dominions by Continents.	Revenue	Debt	Imp	orta.	Exports		
• •		17600	Total	from UK.	Total.	to U.K	
Europe	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Irish Free State Isle of Man		26,000,000	57,000,000	40,000,000	46,000,000	37,000,00	
Jersey	304,000	982,000)		5,000,000		3,500,00	
Guernsey Malts and Gozo	383,000 940,000	z,062,000)	4 000 000	<u> </u>			
libraltar	147,000	_	4,000,000	1,000,000 570,000	500,000	15,00 25,00	
Asia.				-			
ndian Empire Seylon	8,000,000	739,000,000	28,000,000	56,000,000	173,000,000	4#,000,00	
traits Settlements	7,000,000	30,000,000	103,000,000	4,200,000 17,000,000	27,000,000	14,000,00	
ederated Malay States	10,000,000	11,000,000	20,000,000	3,300 000	25,000,000	3,500,00	
ther Malay States	3,000,000	1,000,000	4,000,000		5,000,000		
long Kong forth Borneo	2,500,000 450,000	2,000,000	45,000,000 860,000	5,001,000 77,000	41,000,000 2,000,000	477,00 385,00	
runei	36,000	50,000	100,000	77,000	230,000	303,0	
arawak	600,000	กป	1,800,000	110,000	2,700,000	25,0	
yprus		170,000	X,500,000	370,000	1,250,000	380 0	
aleatine	4,300,000	4,500,000	6,500,000 7,500,000	2,000,000 1,000,000	3,750,000 2,250,000	1,200,00 500,00	
Africa.	4,400,000	4,300,000	7,500,000	1,000,000	2,250,000	300,0	
nion of South Africa	31,000,000	228,000,000	83,000,000	36,000,000	88,000,000	61,000,0	
asutoland	330,000		700,000	30,000,000	700,000		
echuanaland	150,000	_	-	11,000		-	
outhern Rhodesia	2,500,000	6,150,000	9,000,000	4,000,000	9,000,000	3,000,0	
orthern Rhodesia	700,000 220,000	24,000	530,000	200,000	900,000	175,0	
old Coast	4,700,000	11,791,000	9,000,000	4,400,000	12,000,000	4,400,0	
ierra Leone	750,000	1,788,000	1,500,000	790,000	1,220,000	430,0	
igeria and Cameroon	6,000,000	23,560,000	13,000,000	9,000,000	250,000	6,200,0	
omaliland	205,000 3,250,000	13,500,000	370,000	23,000	1		
ganda	1,500,000	1,000,000	7,000,000	2,600,000	8,000,000	3,400,0	
anganyika	1,800,000	5,000,000	4,000,000	1,400,000	3,000,000	670,0	
anzibar and Pemba	500,000	100,000	1,500,000	220,000	1,500,000	110,0	
yasaland ndan	450,000 7,000,000	823,000	770,000 6,200,000	262,000 2,210,000	780,000 5,000,000	670, <b>0</b> 3, <b>300,</b> 0	
fauritius	1,300,000	2,797,000	3,000,000	610,000	3,500,000	1,700,0	
eychelles	52,000	nil	130,000	40,000	170,000	18,0	
t. Helena and Ascension	20,000	านี	45,000	37,000	20,000	19,0	
America.							
anada	70,000,000	450,000,000	185,000,000	30,000,000	160,000,000	44,000,0	
lewfoundland	z,300,000	27,000,000	7,000,000	1,100,000	8,000,000	1,800,0	
amaica	2,200,000	5,220,000	6,000,000 1,700,000	305 000	4,000,000 335,000	33,0	
ehamaseeward Islands	500,000 250,000	a96,000	920,000	325,000	620,000	33,0	
Vindward Islands	300,000	440,000	700,000		700,000		
arbados	454,000	654,000	2,100.000	700,000	1,300,000	83,0	
rinidad and Tobago.	1,900,000	3,089,000	5,345,000 2,000,000	7 737 000	5,841,000	64x,o	
ritish Guiana ritish Honduras	1,103,000 220,000	374,000	1,000,000	1,131,000	900,000	32,0	
ermuda	430,000	75,000	2,000,000	511,000	200,000	1,0	
alkland Islands	83,000	માં મા	117,000	97,000	214,000	211,0	
South Georgia, &c	85.000	""	500,000	400,000	2,730,000	2,000,0	
Oceanis.	TO 000 000	280 000 000*	131,000,000	54,000,000	125,000,000	66,000,0	
Nustralia New Zealand	70,000,000	276,000,000	43,000,000	21,000,000	45.000,000	36,000,0	
Nji	639,000	937,000	1,220,000	374,000	1,485,000	458,0	
Papua	150,000	=	374,000		325,000		
Pacific Islands	250,000		1,000,000	55,000	1,000,000	250,0	

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

The total mileage of public roads in Great Britain is approximately 177,000 miles, of which 152,000 are in England and Wales and 25,000 in Scotland. The cost of maintenance and improvement in 1914-15 was £18,800,000, and in 1928-29 £57,342,642. The roads of Great Britain have 657,343,643. The roads of Great Britain have been classified by the Ministry of Transport, and out of the total mileage of 177,000, 26,400 (approximately) have been included in Class I, and 15,900 (approximately) miles in Class II.

The maintenance and repairs of public roads is within the jurisdiction of the "highway authorities." Under the Local Government Act, rosa, county councils in England and Wales as from the appointed day (April z, 1930), became the highway authorities for all roads in rural districts and all classified roads (i.e. Class I and Class II Roads) outside the county and metrodate II Roads) politan boroughs, together with the main roads, for which the county councils were already the highway authorities prior to the appointed day. These roads are known as "county loads" and are now a county charge, although district councils in many cases continue to carry out the actual work of maintenance and improvement. The borough and urban councils are the highway authorities for roads other than county roads which lie within their areas. In Scotland under the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1989, the county councils are the highway authorities in respect of all roads outside the boroughs, and in respect of all classified roads boroughs, and in respect of all classified roads in horoughs with a population of less than so,ooo except the borough of Arbroath. All boroughs remain highway authorities in respect of their unclassified roads. The Act provides that the functions of the County Council in regard to lighways may be partially exercised by Committees or by the Town Council of small boroughs in accordance with an administrative scheme submitted by the County Council to and approved by the Secretary of State for and approved by the Secretary of State to Scotland. The motor licence duties (referred to below) are paid into a Road Fund which is administered by the Minister of Transport. Grants are made from the Road Fund to high-way authorities towards the cost of maintenance and improvement of roads and bridges. During the year 1930-21 the grants from the Road Fund amounted to £27,372,123. The bulk of this morey was directed to assisting highway authorities in the maintenance and improve-ment of classified roads and bridges. Under the Local Government Act, 1929, the grants hitherto made out of the Road Fund towards the maintenance of classified roads in London and the county boroughs and of unclassified roads in counties have been discontinued as from April 1, 1930, and a sum corresponding to these amounts, together with an additional contribution, is paid out of the Road Fund towards the block grants to local authorities for which the Act provides.

The total gross receipts from the taxation of The total gross receipts from the taxation of road vehicles between December 1, 1929, and November 30, 1930, amounted to £27,040,384. The approximate number of motor vehicles licensed during this period was 2,260,500, while licences in respect of private and hackney horsedrawn carriages numbered 53,012. The average accidents in London, am increase of 32 on the receipt in respect of a whole year licence was £13 185. 6d. for cars taxed on horse-power, from street accidents in Paris.

£2 152. 6d. for motor bleveles, £26 52. 6d. for internal combustion and steam-driven goods vehicles, £20 156. 6d. for electric goods vehicles and £47212. cd. for motor hackneys.

#### Road Taxes.

	Approximate No. of Vehicles.	Tax Receipts.
Claus tanual on homes marrier		13,182,655
Cars taxed on horse-power		13,102,055
Motor-cycles		1,689,565
Invalid carriages	1,200	298
Goods vehicles—	1	
(z) Internal combustion	j	1
and steam-driven-	1	
(a) Showmen's Special	1	1
Vehicles	1,400	30,606
(b) Agricultural Vans and		
Lorries	2,100	44,291
(c) Other Goods Ve-	,	
hicles	336,000	8,678,807
(2) Electrically propelled	1,700	35,7±3
Agricultural engines (5/-	-,,	
class)	16,100	4,018
Tractors-	,	
(a) Agricultural	200	1,013
(b) General haulage	3,100	02,280
Motor hackneys	98,000	3,089,137
Transcars		10,258
Trade licences—	13,700	10,235
	4,700	113,580
(b) Limited	15,400	68,154
Exempt vehicles	24,800	
Horse-drawn vehicles-		
(a) Private	44,864	34,772
(b) Hackneys	8,151	6 107
Miscellaneous receipts (fees		<b>5</b> '
for driving licences, &c.)	•••	743,918
		1

91242				
	2	999.	1930	
Division England & Wales Scotland	5,817	138,529	6,317	136,077
Totals	6,505	145,296	7,074	149,719

The types of vehicle involved in 1930 are shown in the following lists .-

	Killed,	Injured;
Private cars	1,88a	55,458
With "pillionaires" Without "pillionaires"	699 1,110	15,222
Motor omnibuses and coaches	245 938	6,555 11,330
Motor vans and lorries Pedal cycles	1,4 <del>92</del> 574	21,547 27.576

#### Railways.

The length of road (first track) of the railways owned, leased or worked by the Companies formed under Part I. of the Railways Act, 1921, at Dec. 31, 1930, was as under:—

Southernmiles	2,194
Great Western, London, Midland & Scottish, London & North Eastern,	6,056
Total	19,336

#### Railways in 1930.

The gross receipts during 1930 from railway working amounted to £184,836,388, compared with £195,400,523 m 1200, a decrease of £10,573,141. The principal figures were:—

	Receipts for 1930.	Decrease on 1929
	£	£
Ordinary passengers— third class	46,437,913 46,829,972 15,180,435	2,581,434 3,631,342 1,573,804
fuel	35,592,316	1,950,526

Expenditure on railway working decreased from £151,311,465 in 1939 to £147,595,684 in 1939, a swing of £3,715,782. The operating latio rose to 79.85 per cent. in 1930, compared with

77'43 per cent, in 1929.

The total net receipts of the railway and ancillary businesses in 1930 were £38,044,598, compared with £45,071,208 in 1929, a decrease of £7,026,502. The decrease occurred mainly in net receipts from railway working, which fell from £44,028,037 in 1929 to £37,240,698 in 1930. The net revenue for the year 1930 amounted to £42,007,256, which compares with £49,321,733 in 1929. The amount appropriated for the payment of interest and dividends in 1930 was £43,740,671, compared with £48,355,050 in 1939 per cent. respectively upon the total capital receipts.

receipts.
The total number of ordinary and workmen's journeys was 1,227,285,700, a decrease of 18,366,832, or 153 per cent. compared with 1930. The total number of season tickets (equated to an annual basis) was 779,031. a decrease of 1,871. The total number of passenger jounneys, including season ticket holders on the basis of 600 journeys per annual ticket, was thus 1,684,704,300. a decrease of 20,04,432, or 178 per cent, compared with 1929. Receipts from passengers decreased by 2,3,25,370, or 4'67 per cent, the higher ratio of decrease being attributable to the extended use of cheap fares.

"The total tonnage of goods and uninerals (excluding companies' free-hauled traffic) conveyed on all railways was 304,361,107 tons, compared with 329,578,743 tons in 1929, made up as follows:

Description	1930	Decrease
Merchandise	Tons 53,225,830	Tons
Minerals and		4,349,414
Merchandise		7,026,839
Coal, coke and patent	193,288,726	13,841,383
	304,361,107	

The total number of live stock conveyed was 16,116,280, compared with 17,700,80s in 1999. The passenger and goods road vehicles operated by the four amalgamated railway companies showed substantial increases in traffic in 1930 compared with 1980.

#### Canals.

There are 3,8ag miles of canals and canalised rivers in Great Britain (England and Wales, 5,6ar miles; Scotland, 184 miles), no additions to the mileage having been made for several years. In 1930 the inland waterways carried tomage (so far as returns are available) as under:

	Mileage of Canals	Tonnage carried.
Independent	1,234	11,410,861
Railway owned	1,048	1,693,905
Thames	x26	22,807
Caledonian and Cunan	70	99,121
Total	- 4-9	72 ear =0

A Royal Commission on Transport reported in 1930 that, in spite of their limitations, canals and inland unavigations form a useful component of the national scheme of transport, and that properly nationalised and developed they can be made to render much useful service to the community in the future. The Manchester Shy. Canal., opened in 1894, has a total length of 36 miles, and connects Manchester with the Mersey port of Liverpool; in 1992 the tounage carried through the canal was 6,588,599 tons, and in 1930 the tounage of toll-paying traffic was 6,296,625 tons, and the tolls, dues, &c., £1,395,567.

#### Tramways.

The total mileage of tramways and light railways open in Great Butann on Dec. 31, 1939, was a,323. The total receipts in 1939 were £25,759,000, the working expenses £25,13,000 and the net necepts £5,613,000, the total paid-up capital heng £107,334,000 (gross) and £35,025,000 (net).

ing £19,394,000 (gross) and £36,056,000 (not).

4.613,527,000 passengers were carried.

Under the London Passenger Transport Bill promoted in 1932 by the Minister of Transport (Rt. Hon. Herbert Morrison) it was proposed to transfer the tramway systems in the London netropolitan area to a London Passenger Transport Board which would have been given control of all passenger transport undertakings and interests in the London Traffic Area. The Bill was held over at the Dissolution of Panliament.

#### Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones.

The carriage and custody of the mails has been maintained by the State "from thine immemorial." The telegraphs were transferred to the State on Jan 28, 1870; the telephone service became exclusively owned and operated by the Government (with one or two mimo exceptions) on the transfer of the National Telephone Company's undertaking to the Post Office on Jan. 1, 1912. The submarine telegraph cables connecting the British Isles with the various Dominions and most Foreign Countries except the Continent of Europe are maintained and operated by private companies. The submarine telephone cables from the British Isles to the Continent are either owned entirely by the State or jointly with the Foreign Administration in whose territory the other end of the cable terminates.

11/2

For full conditions, exceptions, &c., see Post Office Guide, pp. 840, published Jan. and July, price 1s.

### INLAND POSTAL SERVICES.

Within Gt. Britain and Northern Ireland and including Channel Is, and Isle of Man.

Lettera. Not exceeding 2 oz

Trop oxcooding a car
For every additional 2 oz., or less $\frac{1}{2}d$ .
Limit: \$ ft. × 1 ft. × 1 ft. or if in the form
of a roll, 30 in. length × 4 in. Weight unlimited.
Postcards, 1d.; reply postcards, 2d. (p. 584)
Printed Papers.
For every 2 oz. or fraction thereof
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Limits: 2 lb. in weight; in size, as Letters. Printed papers not posted by early afternoon are not forwarded the same day unless stamped ad or more. Registered Newspaper Rate (per copy)

Parcels. Limit of size: length, 3 ft. 6 in.; length and girth combined, 6 ft.

#### GENERAL REGULATIONS.

UNPAID PACKETS (letters, newspapers, post-

ONTAID FACERIS (etters, necessapers, post-oards) are charged double postage on delivery; UNDERPAID PACERTS, double the deficiency. REDIRECTION.—(z) By agent of addressee: Letters, post cards, printed papers, and near-papers may be reposted free not later than the day after delivery (not counting Sundays and public holidays), and must not have been opened or tampered with. Parcels may be redirected free of charge, within the same time limits, if the original and the corrected addresses are both within the same Town Delivery Area (the whole London Postal District being for (the whole London Postal District being for this purpose one Town Delivery Area), otherwise they are charged at the ordinary prepaid rate. Registered packets, which must be taken to a Post Office, are re-registered free only up to day after delivery. (a) By the Post Office (not undertaken during temporary absence, unless house be left empty, or from clubs, hotels, &c.). Requests for re-direction of letters, &c., must be on printed forms, obtainable from the postmaster or postmau, and signed by the persons to whom the letters are to be addressed. Re direction is free for ze months; thereafter costs 1s, for each surname months; thereafter costs 1s. for each surname for second, is third, and is, each subsequent year. Separate forms must be filled in for parcels, and for the (postal) forwarding of

BEGISTRATION.—All kinds of postal packets intended for registration must be marked "Registered" in bottom left-hand corner, and must be handed to an officer of the Post Office, and a receipt taken. Parcels (or the string with which they are tied) and letters, must be estanged with way or other adhesive. Wes 3d. fastened with wax or other adhesive. fastened with wax or other adhesive. Fee 3d. Institutes of postage. Advice of delivery, a further 3d. The latest time for registering is usually half an hour before the latest time for posting ordinary packets; at Head Offices, if open, this may be done later for 6d. late fee. Unregistered packets containing coin or better than the station is open, week due or station error or or or or feed, late fee. Unregistered packets containing stamps, uncrossed bearer cheques, uncrossed postal 3d, to other Irish places 4d. Unless marked "to be

orders without payee's name, &c., 10s. or more in value, or any marked "registered" and found in a letter-box, undergo compulsory registration (8d.), earrying no compensation.

COMPENSATION for loss or damage is granted COMPENSATION for loss or damage is granted, though not as a legal right even if fee is paid and packing adequate.—The fees for commission inclusive of registration are:—Fee 3.1., compensation up to £5: 4d., £90; and 1d. for each additional £20 up to the maximum 1s. 11d. for £400. Compensation up to £2 is given on (a) unregistered parcels (for loss, only of certificate of posting is obtained at the time of posting (b) unregistered parcels conveyed by posting), (b) unregulated packets conveyed by Express Delivery Service No. (2). Compensation in respect of money of any kind (coin, motes, orders, cheques, utamps, d.c.) is only given it particulars (for identification) are kept and the money is sent by Regis.-cred Letter Post in one of the special envelopes sold officially (see next page); the maximum compensation for coin is £5. Compensation for specialcry, vacloses, dec., is only given on registered packets; for glass, crockery, greases, colour-powders, fish, meat, fruit, and regetables only when sent as parette. Compensation is not given for damage to (1) eggs, soft fruit, liquids and semi-liquids or contribute that the semi-liquids of the contribute of the semi-liquids of the contribute of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquids of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid of the semi-liquid exceptionally fragile articles, in any case; (a) fragile articles by registered letter poet, unless conspicuously marked "Fragile, with care."

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING unregistered parcels, free; other unregistered postal packets, 1/d.

EXPRESS DELIVERY SERVICE BY SPECIAL MES-SENGER.—There are five services of which (4) and (5) alone are available on Sundays:—(1) All the way, from most offices which deliver telegrams. Inclusive charge, which must be prepaid, in stamps, 6d. per mile, or part of a mile, with ld. on each separate packet after the first, up to ten, the maximum; also a special charge of 3d. on each packet over x lb. in weight, Packets must be handed over the counter with "Express" clearly marked in left-hand top corner. Live animals, liquids, and money may be delivered by this service, and persons may be conducted. The messenger may take back an inland telegram grate. (a) After transmission by post, at sender's request: (a) from the ordinary delivery office, if open for telegraph business (maxinum charge in London &d.); or if so marked, (b) "Express Delivery from Head Office" in large provincial towns, and (c) in London "from Head District Office" or "from G.P.O." Packets must be marked "Express," and letters hear a broad vertical line back and front. Charges as for (z) (without weight fee) in addition to postage. (3) Before ordinary deliveries, at addressee's request (6d. per mile for one packet, and 1d. for every ten or less additional packets). (4) see or every ten or less additional packets). (4) see p. 500. (5) of a message telephone do an express delivery office (30 words for each express fee, besides telephone charges).—Waiting fees: no minutes free; each additional 15 mnutes or part thereof, 2d.—For Sundays and Holidays,

called for." it is posted in the nearest letter-box at station of address, but (except on Sundays and an I.F. X), can be delivered Express (from unual office, or first Express office it reaches) under Service sa, or (by wiring for messenger to meet it at station) under Service x.

messenger to meet it at station) under Service L.

DISPORAL OF UNDELLYBRED POWAL PLANKETS—Inland
packets chargeable with a postage of 14d. or more
undelivered, are returned to sender without charge, it
without sender's address or any enclosure of importance
are destroyed, except parcels which, if not applied for,
are generally disposed of after 2 months, or if perish
able are dealt with as requisite. Packets chargeable
with postage not exceeding id are redelivered to sender
only on payment of a second postage, and if name,
address and request for return appear on outside, those
without such request are disposed of. British packets
middlivered abroad are returned to sender here on payment of charges due; printed papers only if return is
requested. Magazine Post packets are charged with
return postage. For parcels see p 585.

Poers Referants (solely for the accommodation of

return postage. For parcels see p 38s.

Posts Reynaws (solely for the accommodation of strangers and travellers and for three months only)—Any postal packet may be addressed as rubble of the packet may be addressed as rubble have the words. "Poste Restants" or "to be called for" in the address If addressed to initials, fictifious names, or Christian name only, it is treated as undelivered Applicants must furnish sufficient particulars to ensure delivery to the proper owner. Redirection from a Poste Restante is not undertaken for more than 14 days unless longer (up to 3 months) is applied for. Letters, parcels, &c. from abroad, or letters at a scaport for an expected sinp, are kept a months, others, avecks, after which they are treated as undelivered (see above), unless bearing a request for return at end of the interval, or some specified shorter period.

#### Letter Post (see p. 582).

Among prohibitions are offensive or dangerous things, certain kinds of advantagement, eggs, fish, game, meat, fruit, vegetables, and (to I.F.S., I. of Man, Channel Is) dutiable articles

#### Post Cards.

Postage (see p. 58s). The left-hand half of the robage (*** ). 503). The internant man of the address side may be used for correspondence [the same holds for abroad]. Plam cards (mnimum size 4 × 2½ in.), not thinner than official cards, may also be used both inland and abroad (maximum size 5 % × 41/8).

#### Printed Papers Post (see p 582).

For printed or written matter not in the

For printed or written matter not in the nature of a letter, and not exceeding 2 lb. By this post may be sent books and other works of a literary character with or without written dedications, and any other works or printed matter not being in the matter of a letter or, e.g., personal news, drawings, ishintings, photographic prints, engravings, maps, & together with their binding (provided that the materials are those ordinarily used for the purpose and are not brittle or very fragile, and with anything necessary for safe transmission. Commercial printed forms, legal documents, printers copy and proofs, examination papers, answers and corrections, the writing on which refers solely to the subject matter of the document. Christmas and picture cards with date, names and addresses of sender and addresses, and with convertional formulas not exceeding 5 words or initials, are also admitted. (For full conditions see the official Guide) Printed papers being subject to examination, is e, without breaking, tearing, inguinming, or cutting Newmaner Post (see D. 182).

#### Newspaper Post (see p. 58s).

For newspapers "registered at the G.P.O.". The cover, if any, must be open at both ends and easily removable, and copies should be folded so that title is readily inspected No writing or additional printing is permitted, other than the words "with compliments," mame and address of sender, request for return if undelivered and a reference to a page. News spaces not registered at the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered as the registered a

#### Parcel Post.

For bulky and heavy matter (see p. 582). The parcel should be marked "Parcel Post." and handed across the counter or given to a rural postman; and the postage must be prepaid by stamps, affixed by the sender (if underpaid, deficiency plus 1d fine is collected) from addressee). Parcels are neither accepted nor delivered on Sundays. The name and address of sender should be inside or (not too prominent) on the outside of every parcel.

prominent) on the outside of every parcel.

A rural postman must accept any inland packets he cus conveniently carry, but if on fost or cycle not more, without notice, than II in from one person.

Parcels to or from Irish Free State, Channel Is or I of Man are liable to customs duty, except in last case, the sender must declare contents when posting, and addressee must tay fees as for Parcels from Abroad (p. #89) if any duty be payable. Addressees in IFS pay 6d anyhow, on dutable parcels 8s or more, unless sender arranges (fee &d.) to pay duty.

Cash on Delivery Service (not to or from I.F.S.). Cash on Delivery Service (not to or from I.F.S.). A sum (Trade Charge) up to £00 can, under certain conditions be collected from addressee and remitted to sender of a paurel or registered letter posted at a Money Order Othee, or a parcel consigned by rullway. Fees extir to usual postal or rull charges. For Trade Charge up to 18s, \$d. up to £1. \$d. £2. \$d. £5. \$1.0d., and for each further £5 or less, \$d. by rull, \$d. more Literature for the Bluid.

Papers, periodicals and books, if printed in special type and subject to certain conditions of postage marked outside "Bluid Literature," with name and address of sender; £1 b. \$d. \$6 1b. maximum, 1½d. Maximum size, \$2 × 1 × 1 ft. or if a roll 30×4 in.

STAMPS, ENVELOPES, POST CARDS, &c. POSTAGE STAMPS (used also for receipts, tele-grams, and certain Inland Revenue duties up to grams, and certain Inland Revenue duties up to 2x, 6d' -for list of latter are Index) are sold of the respective values of  $\frac{1}{2}d$ , 1d,  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ , 2d,  $2\frac{1}{2}d$ , 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 9d, 10d, 1x, 2x 6d, 5x, and 10x Books of 6 1d, and 6  $\frac{1}{2}d$ , stamps, and 10x Books of 6 1d, at stamps, 3x, or (b) so  $1\frac{1}{2}d$  stamps, 2x Rolls of 480 or 960  $\frac{1}{2}d$ , 1d, 11/2d and 2d stamps are also sold, found leugthwise or sideways. Stamps may be purchased at most offices between 9 a m. and 7 p.m., and at any office open for telegraph hydross. and at any office open for telegraph business. Rural postmen carry  $\frac{1}{2}d$ , 1d, and  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ , stamps and registered letter envelopes

REGISTERED LETTER ENVELOPES for foreign and inland letters, with a 412d. embossed stamp (for registration and postage), are of four sizes: F.  $5\frac{1}{2}$  m.  $\times$   $3\frac{1}{2}$  m.,  $5\frac{1}{2}$  cach; G.  $6\frac{1}{2}$  m.  $\times$   $3\frac{1}{2}$  in., H. 8 m.  $\times$  5 m., or H3, 9 in.  $\times$  4 m.,  $5\frac{1}{2}$  d each;

K, 11/2 m. × 6 m , 6 ½ d each LETTER CARDS with 1½ d. stamp. one, 2d.;

i.etter ('Ards' with 1½d, stamp. one, 2d.; 2, 3½d, 5, 3d Post Cards with impressed 1d stamp. Inland Single: thim—one, 1½d.; 2, 2½d., 5, 5½d.; 11, 1s.; stout—one, 1½d., 5, 6d; 10, 1s.; reply—one, 2½d., 4, 8¾d; 1x, 2s.; Foreign (1½d. stamp): Single—one, 1½d., 2, 3½d., 5, 8d; reply—one, 3½d.; 5, 1½d.; 10, 2s. 8d. EMBOSSED ENVELOPES (a) with 1½d stamp; "A"(4½ × 3¼ in)—x, 1½d; 3, 5d; 5, 8½d.; 1x, 1k, 6d; "Commercial" (5½n in >3, 1 in)—x, 1½d.; 2, 3½d.; 2, 3½d; 5, 8d.; (b) with ½d. stamp, ungunined "Commercial" size ("N"). 1, ½d.; 2, 1½d.; 2, 3d.; 5, 3d.;

#### LONDON POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS

London is divided for postal (not tegraphic) delivery purposes into ze Districta, and these into ze numbered sub-districts. To avoid delay in ichivery, correct initiats and number should appear in addresses. The "Head Obstrict" of each District is [Sub-districts] a function District, is W si, and address of its Head Office ("District Office") appears on p 28

District Onics - separate by as Separate (S.E.) 1-57
West Central (W.C.) 2-8
South Western (S.W.) 2-57
Northern (S.) 2-58
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#### IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN POST.

N B -For times of despatch ses above

The letter rate from Great Britain to Britisl Dominions and Mandates generally (except Irac and Transjordan), to countries outside the Postal Union† (exc. Government of Lattakia) to Egypt, Tangier, French India, and Dubal to the United States and Territorie (incl. Hawaii but not Panama zone or island Dependencies), as well as to H.M. Forces in China, and H.M. Ships outside Home Water (addless c/o G.P.O., London, E.C. 1), is 1½a the first ounce and 1d. for each succeeding ounce or fraction. The charge to all other destina tions is 2%d. the first ounce and 1%d, per ounce afterwards. Limits of size: to Foreign Countrie in the Postal Union, + except Egypt,  $1\frac{1}{2}\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft.; elsewhere,  $a\times 1\frac{1}{2}\times 1\frac{1}{2}$  ft.; lut if in forr of a roll, limits in all cases 30 in.  $\times 4$  in. diameter Max. weight 41b

Post Cards.

Postage 11/4d. single, 3d. reply. (See also p. 582 Reply Post Cards must have the heading "('arte Posta, at ec reponse payée, 'on first half, and on the second ha (valid only to country of origin) "Carte Postale--reponse

For the purpose of prepaying replies to letter the larger offices sell coupons exchangeable abroad fratamps representing a minimum foreign or impetil letter-postage. Price valid within the Postal Union of a coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupon of the coupo

Books, Newspapers, Samples, &c.

(a) PRINTED PAPERS: Newspapers, Book Catalogues, Photographs, Engravings, Sinsiand other wholly printed matter, ½d. per so For Literature for the Blind, in other respectionsidered as a Printed Paper, rates abroad an ½d. for each a lb. up to 8 lb. xz lb (max.), 2½(lb) MAGAZINE POST (for magazines, newspape and trade journals duly registered for such poor for Newspaper Post within the United Kindom) These mackets, which cannot be registered

dom) These packets, which cannot be registered

Except Saturday night Sunday morning.

† Friendly Is (Tongu.), Muscat, Pitcairn I., Governme of Lattskia (Syris), are not in the Postal Union.

**BOUT for late-fee posting Sun.nt.—Mon. mm (p. 59

must be sent to CANADA by direct packet, and thence (or direct) to NEWFOUNDLAND, he packed without a cover, or with cover open at both ends, and otherwise comply with conditions for Inland

Newspaper Post (see p. 953). Rate: s-6 oz. 1d.; s/2 lb., 1/2d.; and 1/2d. per 1/2 lb. up to 5 lb., 5d. (c) Commercial Papers: Legal and mercarthe documents, MSS., invoices, &c., partly settlen, 1/2d. per soz., minimum charge of 2/2d. 1/2d. Samples, Patterns (bond fide), and scientific Specimens, one key, fresh-cut flowers, &c., 1/2d. Der soz.: minimum charge. 1/2d.

&c., ½d. per s oz.; minimum charge, 1d (e) SMALL PACKETS, for small articles of merchandise to many countries: 11/d. per a oz,

minimum 6d

Except that a single printed volume may weigh up to 6½ lb., the limits are: (i) to the British Empire, Tanglers, and Foreign countries not in 18 x 18 x 28 m., (d) 18 x 8 x 4 in.; weight. (a) and (c) 4 lb., (d) 1 lb. (iv) (e) to all places, 18 x 8 x 4 in., a lb. If in the form of a roll, the limits of size for (d) are  $18 \times 6$  in. diameter in case (iii), for (a) and (c) 30 × 4 in., (e) 18 × 6 in. everywhere. Wholly unpaid packets are stopped. Regulations as to packing, writing, &c., are much similar to those for inland packets. Small Packets must be easily examinable.

#### Parcels from abroad.

These are subject to British Customs examination, and duties (with 6d. fee, or 1s. if they exceed 10s.) must be paid before delivery.

#### Parcels sent abroad.

Enquiries should always be made at a P.O., or the P.O. Guide consulted, before packing. Parcels can be (and if containing coin, jewellery, &c., must be) insured for many countries, but not registered. They are subject to Customs, and contents and value must be declared on and contents and value must be declared on special forms; undervaluation or other inaccuracy may lead to confiscation and heavy fines (especially U.S.A.). (Rebate of Customs is given to British goods in parts of the Empire) The Customs charges of Dominious and certain countries (not U.S.A.) can be prepaid by sender, on depositing generally one-fifth to one-half of declared value, otherwise they are collected from addressee. Packing must be substantial, and sometimes special kinds of packing are insisted upon. Certain articles are prohibited; among them letters nearly everywhere.

Delivery in many countries is only to certain towns, post offices, stations, or customs houses, whence addressee, who is notified of the arrival, must arrange conveyance. A delivery fee is sometimes collected from addressee (is cents in U S.A.). In Belgium, France and Spain parcels are mostly delivered by the railway companies. From most countries abroad, an undetuerable parcel as returned without notice at sender's expense, when postray, he instructed either its abundonment or its delivery to some other address or person in the country. Warshouing fees and fravely the foreign customs duty are sometimes payable, the return postage alwars.

always.
Limits.—22 lb.; parcels over 11 lb are only accepted at and for important post offices, for certain countries (c, fin table below), cannot be delivered Express, and generally may not contain coin, jewellery, &c. Maximum length generally \$\frac{3}{2}\text{ ft.}, length and girth of ft. but to Portuguese Timor: length \$\frac{2}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girth \$\frac{4}{2}\text{ ft.} length and girt

Imperial and Foreign Parcel Rates. (With Route, Minimum Duration, and Frequency of Mails.)

Imperial and Foreign Parcel Rates.

(With Route, Minimum Juration, and Frequency of Mails.)

Parcels for H M Ships addressed "in Foreign Waters, c/o it PO., London"—(i) in Atlantic Flore (when this appears in aidress) may be prepaid at inland rate, but are then liable to delay a (i) in other cases, must be provided to the provided at the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of

s follows approximate number of mails per month.

o = as opportunity offers.
p = for parcels not over 4 ft . . . ) in length and girth
q = for parcels between 4 and 6 ft } combined.

 $q = v_0$   $y = v_0 t$  x = for the first lb y = for each further lb, up to z lb,<math>d = days; w = weeks, m = months.

85. (v Urugnay o) b 36. c 56. d 76. c 136. Proming and Washington In (v Hawaii o) b 37. c 56. d 68. c 136.; Furne Is (3 d, 0), a 1/6. c 28. d 37. c 56. d 68. c 136.; Furne Is (3 d, 0), a 1/6. c 28. d 37. c 56. f 68. p 136.; Furne Is (3 d, 0), a 1/6. c 28. d 37. c 56. f 87. Fernando Po. see Spanish (suines, Fyr Is (4). o Cunnik, 28 d., x n) b 3/6. c 52. d 59. c 19.5. (1) p (v N. Zealand, 8 w, a n), b 2/5. c 5/. d 7/8, c 19.5.; Prince Is (direct, 40 d., ev. 3 m.), b 2/5. c 5/. d 7/8, c 13/2; Princand (6d. Tn.), a 2/., c 3/6, d 4/. c 59. c 15/2; Prince Corrigio (falliy), a 1/6. c 23. d 29. c 4 3. French Equatorial Africa (45. w., n France n). (4) Ghom and a places on coast of Middle Congo. a 2/6. c 4. d 4 6. c 76; (a) elsewhere in Middle Congo. a 3/6 c 3/2. d 29. c 4 3. e 1/2. French Guntura (4 w., x n), a 3/6. c 3/2. d 1. d 2 e 1/2. French Guntura (4 w., x n), a 3/6. c 3/2. d 2 e 1/2. French Guntura (4 w., x n), a 3/6. c 3/2. d 2 e 1/2. French Guntura (4 w., x n), a 3/6. c 3/2. d 2 e 1/2. f 8/2. d 1/2. d 2 e 1/2. f 8/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/2. d 1/

d 4/8, e 7/8; North Borneo (v Singapore), b 1/8, c 8/-, d 4/6, e 7/8; Norwey (y-5 d , M , Tu (exc. Oalo), Th., Fr.), a 2/-, c 8/6, d 4/-, e 8/3; Nyasaland Prof. (6 w , v Beira, z n), b 2/6, c 5/8, d 7/3, e 10/-

a 2/-, c 3/6, d 4/-, e 5/3; Nyasadand Prot. (6 w, e Beira, 2n), b 3/6, c 5/8, d 7/3, a 10/Palestine (1) v Egypt, b 3/3, c 3/6, d 4/8, e 8/-; (ii) v Prance, 1/8, c 4/-, d 5/3, e 3/6; Prommer; (a) Republic v 3/8, c 4/-, d 5/3, e 3/6; Prommer; (a) Republic v 1/8, b 2/8, c 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/-, c 1/3/3; ii direct, 2n, b 2/8, c 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/-; 2/3/3; ii direct, 2n, b 2/8, c 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/3, d 7/-, e 13/3; ii direct, 2n, b 2/8, c 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/3, d 7/-, e 13/3; ii direct, 2n, b 2/8, c 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/3, d 7/-, d 1/2, e 1/2, e 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/3; Proma; (5/4, m), a 2/3, c 6/-, d 5/8, e 4/-, d 5/-, e 5/3, d 1/2, e 1/4; iii (v) Pseert Motor, Wed), b 4/8, c 7/3, d 8/3, e 1/4; iii (v) Pseert Motor, Wed), b 4/8, c 7/3, d 8/3, e 1/4; iii (v) Pseert Motor, Wed), b 4/8, e 7/3, d 8/3, e 1/4; iv e France Desert Motor, Wed), b 4/8, e 5/8, e 1/8, e 1/8; iv e France Desert Motor, 9/4, a 3/8, e 5/- d 6/-, e 1/9/-; (a) elssewhere (4 w), (1) (v P N N, 2n) a 3/8, e 5/- d 6/-, e 1/9/-; (a) elssewhere (4 w), (1) (v P N N, 2n) a 3/8, e 5/- d 6/-, e 1/9/-; (a) elssewhere (4 w), (1) (v P N N, 2n) a 3/8, e 5/- d 6/8; Philippine 1x (1) e 5/18, d 3/8, (p) b 5/-, e 3/8, d 5/8; Phortaged (6/1, 4/1), b 1/8, e 3/8, a 1/4; Prixteurn 1. (5/6 w, 2n), elssewhere (4 w), a 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8, e 3/8,

c4,6, d 5,6, e 9,6

Tangrupila Territory (a) Lake Victoria Area only (n
Renya), b 3, c 4/3, d 5,6, e 13/6, (s) all inaces, same as
Kenya, b 3, c 4/3, d 5,6, e 13/6, (s) all inaces, same as
Kenya, 7 opoland (a) Britash, same as Gold Coast. (s)
French (e France o, a 2, c, 23/2, d 4, s, e 10/-, 0/t 6, c 4 8, e 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 10/-, 1

Including French India, Andamans, and arendes in Tibet (Gyangtse, Pharijong, Natung-Chumbii, on Per-sian (ull' (Bahrein, Muscat), and in Baluchistan (Guadur, Pasmi)

[†] Casablanca, Fez, Marrakesh, Mazagan, Mogador, Rabat, Saffi in French, Larache, Tetuan in Spanish zone,

Rates to Postes Restantes only—at Abadan, Ahwaz Pushire, Bander Abbas, Chahbar, Henjam, Jask, Lingeh, Monammerah, and (Route i) Zahedan, (Routes ii and iv) Qasır-i-Shirm.

General Regulations: Postage Abroad.

DUTIABLE ARTICLES, except to some countries, must be sent as Parcela, Insured Boxes, or Small Packeta.

REGISTRATION (except for parcels and maga-EXECUTATION (except for parcels and maga-sine post) is in force to almost all countries; valuable articles may not be sent in un-registered letters. Fee, 3d. Compensation on registered packets up to £3 is paid for entire sybidable loss while in the custody of a country in the Postal Union (see note † p. 524), if claimed within a year.

INSURANCE (including, except for parcels. REGISTRATION) may be effected on packets to many countries at the following rates:—5d for £12; and 2d. for every additional £12 up to £2.11d. for £300. Compensation up to 20s (32s. if over 111b.) may be given on unimaured parcels to or from Newfoundiand, India and the smeller colonies. Except with many larger parcels to or from rewoundand, must after the smaller colonies, Egypt, with many larger foreign countries, except U.S.A., if certificate of posting is produced. Packets containing no articles but valuable papers (banknotes, etc.) or valuable documents (plans, etc.) can be in-sured as letters; other valuable articles should be sent as insured parcels, or as "insured boxes."

De Sent as insured parcels, or as "insured Doxes.

INSURED BOX POST.—Jewellery and similar articles
(not letters, valuable paper, or commercial papers exexpt an open invoice) may be sent in strong boxes by
letter mails to some British dominions (e.g., india and
New Zealand), Europe (except Nowas, Spain and Neur
East), Argentine, Brazil, China, Egypt inct Sudani, many
French colonies, and a few other countries. Fosture
2d, per loss, (minimum led.); maximum weight 2th, size

2d, per loss, (minimum led.); maximum weight 2th, size

11x 8x 4 in Cuntoms deciarations must be filled in in-

13x8x\$ in Customs declarations must be filled in Casu or Dalitumy (Parcels).—A reciprocal service exists between Great Britain and various parts of the Empire and certain Foreign Countries, Fees for collection: 4½d. for Trade Charge (amount to be collected) not exceeding 51, with 1½d. extra for each additional £1 of Trade Charge up to the maximum, which is usually £20 (fee & 6d.), but in some countries loss (e.g., 1,000 france). Addressee has generally also to pay on delivery, busides Customs, if any, a further fee 6d. in UK., not prepayable. If Trade Charge cannot be collected, the rules for undeliverable parcels apply Infrarkarnoral Extras Service—Delivery by special messenger of correspondence (locally including parcels up to 11 lb.) to or from certain countries or certain towns in the same. 6d. is paid by the sender, the rest by addressee.

#### MONEY ORDERS.

ADVICE OF PAYMENT: 2d. inland (and to I.F.S.), 3d. for foreign and colonial orders to certain countries). Payment may be stopped (fee 4d.); or deferred up to 10 days in case of Ordinary Inland Money Orders.

Inland (and I.F.S.) Ordinary Money Orders.

The poundage charged is, for sums not exceeding £3, 4d.; £10, 6d.; £30, 8d.; £30, 1d.; £40 (maximum), 1s. No order may contain a fractional part of 1d. The rules and regulations are on the forms issued. No poundage is charged for M.O. in payment of many Revenues (including Income Tax) if authorising document is produced.

Inland Telegraph Money Orders.

Money may be transmitted by Telegraph Money Order from any Money Order office which

Money Order from any Money Order office which also despatches telegrams, and may be made payable at any Money Order office which also delivers telegrams, and at some other offices. Foundage at the same rate as for Ordinary Inland Money Orders, plus supplementary fee of 2d., and cost of official Telegram of Advice. If the order is to be delivered at payee's address, porterage must be prepaid unless it be in I.F.S.

Ordinary Money Orders Abroad,

These, which are payable in nearly all countries, should be taken out 1 or 2 days before despatch of mail. Poundage, £1, £6.; £3, 1s. £6., and thereafter \$d. per £1 or part thereof. Limits of amount, £20, £30 or £40. Limit of validity, £-13 months.

Telegraph Money Orders Abroad.

Only to certain countries, e.g., to Canada, India and U.S.A., and to certain towns only in others, e.g., Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Egypt and Palestine. Poundage as for Ordinary Money Orders abroad, plus cost of official Telescond gram of Advice (at deferred rate if desired, in most British Possessions, plus supplementary fee of 6d for Newfoundland and foreign countries (Cuba 4s. 8d). L. for British Empire, Egypt and Man-dates (Canada 6d. if telegram is full-rate).

#### POSTAL ORDERS.

British Postal Orders are issued and paid at nearly all post offices in the United Kingdom during the ordinary hours of business on week-days. They are also issued and paid in most British Possessious, Mandates, and Postal Agen-British Possessions, Mandates, and Postal Agencies (not Australia). They are paid (but not issued) in I.F.S and at 55 Canadian offices. They are issued, with a counterfoll, for every multiple of 6d. up to 20s., and for 21s. Poundage: 6d. to 2s. 6d., 1d.: 3s to 15s., 1½d., 15s. 6d. upward, 2d. The name of payee must be inserted. They must be presented for payment within 2 months from last day of the mouth of issue. or 3 months from last day of the month of issue, or a fresh poundage will be charged. Adhesive, unperforated British Postage Stamps may (except for Canada) be affixed to the face of an order in spaces provided (a or 3), to increase its value by 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 pence.

#### TELEGRAMS.

Inland.

TELEGRAMS.

Telegrams may be handed in at a telegraph office, or, if prepaid and enclosed in envelope marked "Telegram," posted (without stamp) or handed to a rural postman. Rate, 12 words or less 1s. (to, from or in Irish Free State 1s. 6d.), each further word 1d... The address is charged for. Original or redirected telegrams, or replies, sent on Sundays and (exc. Scotland) Good Friday, or Christmas Day are charged 6d. extra (prepayable). Replies may be prepaid up to 48 words; the voucher issued to addressee may be used, or its value refunded to sender, within 12 months. Receipt for charges 1d. Certified copy 6d., sometimes more 'The charge includes delivery within 3 miles (1 in Irish F.S.) of the nearest telegraph delivery office, or, if this be a head office, within the town postal limits—beyond that limit the charge is 6d. per mile, calculated from the free delivery limit, to be paid by sender (in I.F.S. by addressee) Usual hours 2 a.m. to 7 p.m.; larger offices 8 a m. to 7.7.30 or 8 p.m. (see below and p. 590). For Sunday and Holidays, see above, below, and pp. 597-2.

ABBEKVIATER ADDRESSES, registered for 67 per annum, appear grafts in Sell's Birsctory 62 e Johnson & Court.

ABBRYIATEP ADDRESSES, registered for 62 per annum, appear graits in Sell's Directory (8 & 9 Johnson s Court, Fleet Site est, London, E.C. 4).

DILIVER IS BY TREFFORE (a) if address is telephonic (exchange, number and town or county if needed count as a words only), (b) if "Telephone" (not charged for precedes full belegraphic address, where exchange and number are unknown to sender; (c) if convenient to the Pott Office, unless (i) subscriber has otherwise directed, or (i)" Fives " (charged one word) precedes telegraphic address

LATE PRES.—A telegram may often be got through from an office which is open to one closed for telegraphic business by payment of the following fees. Is for telegraphist, is for messenger, and 6d an hour for telegraphist if he has to await reply Postmasters may also accept telegrams after the usual hours on payment of is, for the postmaster, is, for the telegraphist, and is for a messenger if it he necessary to call the telegraphist

for a messenger if it be necessary to call the telegraphist Countries, &c.—Plain language, i.e., Latin, Esperanto or any modern Puropean language, i.e., Latin, Esperanto or any modern Puropean language, i.e. charged by the number of words; all other words or unintelligible combinations of letters are charged one word per latters in text, one word each in address The faltering cosmol one word per latter in the construction of the combinations of text and the construction of the construction of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combination of the combi

Offices.

NIGHT TRIMGRAPH LATTERS with full ordinary address, in plain language, for delivery (on week days) by first morning post, may be sont before midnight between offices marked t below (with Fleet Street and House of Comman T of in London) with addition of Inverness defore 19 pm 3 and Londonderry (9 pm), at let (1 F S 1 & 66 f for 3 words or less, and Le per 3 words or less, and Le per 3 words where the second of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the

36. Sindays, 6d ettis. Reply prepaid for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply prepaid for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply prepaid for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply prepaid for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply prepaid for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply for 1s to 4s. [I F. H. 1s 6d, to 4s 6d) oxtra Reply for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s for 1s

at intervals), Selby *d (exc. Sun 4.35 a.m. Mon 3 a m.), Shrevalury, Slouch *d, Stafford (L,M,R), Swindow (0,W), (exc. Sun. 4.3, 4.3, 8.9, 8.7, Tauntou 4, Thirsk 4.3 open also 5.35 a p.n.), Thurles (exc. 5.3 a.m. 4.5 Sun 5.3 nou-17, Trent *u (d.4.3), Wigan (6.79), York.

#### Abroad.

In the following list the names of countries or places are followed by the ordinary or Full Ratte per word (minimum charge, 1s. 3d.) from any part of the United Kingdom, whether transmitted by cable or by radio-telegraphy (wireless). OTHER RATES are indicated by signs referred to in footnotes. Certified copy: 5d. per 50 words or less (minimum 1s. 8d.).

nt lenst list

UROPES; Albania-/4½; Andorra-/2½; Austria-/3½; Belgium-/2½; (c-/4), Bulgaru-/4½; (c-/8); Czechoslovakia-/8½; Danziy Free Ctty-/3½; C-/4); Denmark-/3½; (c-/8); Estonia-/5 (c-/4); Finland-/4 (c-/3); Franec-/3½; (c-/4); Germany-/3 (c-/4); Gwinemunde-/3½; (c-/6); Greece, with Eubes and Poros-/6 or-/4½; other Greek Islands-/6½; or-/5 (c-/4); Italy-/3 (c-/6); Latvia-/4 (c-/2½); Liechtenstein-/3; Lithucnia-/8½; (c-/8); Liechtenstein-/3; Lithucnia-/8½; (c-/8); Liechtenstein-/3; Lithucnia-/8½; (c-/8); Poland-/2½; (c-/6); Roumanna-/4 (c-/3); Russia-in-Europe-/5½; (c-/6); Soutanna-/4 (c-/6); Svottenland-/3; Turkey-in-Rurope-/7 (c-/5); Vatican-City-/3½; Yugoslavia-/4 (c-/6); Vatican-City-/3½; Yugoslavia-/4 (c-/6); Vatican-City-/3½; Yugoslavia-/4 (c-/6); Vatican-City-/3½; Yugoslavia-/4 (c-/6); -/4 (c -/8).

N B.—For explanation of symbols, see p. 59e.

t Night Telegraph Letters allowed (see above)

z Express Sunday Delivery, Service 4, p. 59x

Accepts only urgent or passengers telegrams on
Sundays (or weekdays outside hours shown, if any)

r Betievery restricted, chieffy at high of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the restrict of the

ASIA: Aden 2/- dit 10/- (c-/8); Brunei 3/3, dit 16/3, -/10, wit 14/2; Burma, as India; Ceylon, as India but ve 1/8; China 2/9, ditx 23/11 (as cowns dit 18/4) c-/5; Macao 3/- ditx 25/1- (2; Chosen (Corea) 2/9 dit 18/4 c-/8; French Indo-China: 3/- vm 2/2 dit 18/4 (c-/8); French Indo-China: 3/- vm 2/2 dit 18/4 (c-/8); Hedjaz vml. 3/2 (Djedda, Mecca, Taff 2/4); Hong-kong 2/9 ditx 28/11 (c-/8); India 1/8 (dit 7/1, -1/4); wit 5/5, -/3/4); ve 1/1 (dit 5/10, wit 5/-) (c-/8); Iray (c-/8) 1/8 dit 8/4; ve 1/11 dit 10/-; Japan and Kvany Tung Peninsula 2/9 dit 18/4 (c-/8); Malay Peninsula: 3/10 dit 4/8 wit 11/8); Huscat 1/7; Palastine 1/1 vml, nitz 3/4½, Persua 1/7; Palastine 1/1 vml, nitz 3/4½, Persua 1/7; Bunder Albas 2/1) c-/6; Persun Guff 1/7 (Bahrein 2/1) c-/6; Russic-in-Asaa E/5/5½ (c-/8); Saghalien, as Japan; Saraucak 4/-dit 20/5, 1/6½, wit 17/11, -/11 (except to Goebilt, Kuchlug, Miri, Sadong, Sibu, "Telephone" must precede address and be paid for) (c-/8); Sama 3/6 or 1/11, ve 2/- vm 1/11 (c-/4); Strait Settlements 2/10 dit 14/2 volt 11/8 (c-/6); Syria 1/4 vml (c-/2); Trans-Jordan 1/3 vml; Turkoy-in-Asa E/5-7. ASIA: Aden 2/- dit 10/- (c-/6); Brunei 8/8,

Asia E - 77.

AFRICA: EAST:—Erythrea 1/8 vinl (c -/8); Aska E\( \) -\[ /7\].

AFRICA: EAST:—Erythrea 1\( \) 8 vml \( \( c - \) 6\);

Kenya \( (c - \) 8) same as Uganda; Portuguese nu \( (c - \) 6\); Lour. Marques Town and distr., Inhambane Town 2\( 2\) ve vm 1\( \) 5 dt 10\( 10\); Inhambane dist. 2\( 3\) ve vm 1\( 7\) dt 11\( 3\), -\( 7\); Manica-Sofala Terr: Buzi, Mahave, Mambone \( 9\) 3 ve vm 2\( 7\) dt 11\( 3\), -\( 7\); White offices 2\( 3\) 3 ve vm 1\( 7\) dt 11\( 3\), -\( 7\); ott \( 9\) 2\( 3\), -\( 5\) 4\( 4\); Cais, Inhaminga and Murraca 2\( 3\) ve vm 1\( 7\) dt 11\( 3\), -\( 7\); Mozambique, Quelimane towns 2\( 2\) ve vm 2\( 7\); Mozambique, Quelimane, Tete, Cabo Delgado dists. 2\( 9\) ve vm \( 8\) 2\( v\) ve vm 2\( 4\) dt 10\( 7\); Mozambique, Quelimane, Tete, Cabo Delgado dists. 2\( 9\) ve vm \( 8\) 2\( 4\) ve 11\( 8\) vit 12\( 6\), vit Banana 1\( 5\) dt 10\( -\); Somaltiand, Ritt. 2\( 6\), French\( 6\) nu \( 3\) -\( (c - \) 6\); Ital. 1\( 7\) on\( (c - 6\); Tanganyaka Terr. 2\( 4\) dt 11\( 8\) vit 10\( -\) c\( 6\); Urganda 2\( 4\) dt 11\( 8\) vit 10\( -\) vit: 1\( 6\) dt 1\( 7\)(6\); Zanzibar \( (c - \) 6\) 2\( -\) dt 10\( 10\) vit: 1\( 6\) dt 2\( 7\)(6\); Zanzibar \( (c - \) 6\) 2\( -\) dt 10\( 10\) vit: 1\( 6\) dt 2\( 6\) dt 1\( 6\) \( 6\) vit 1\( 6\) \( 6\) vit 1\( 6\) \( 7\) 4\( 6\) \( 2\) dt 11\( 8\) vit 10\( -\) vit: 1\( 6\) dt \( 7\) 3\( 2\); grad region 1\( 1\) nitz \( 9\) 4\( 4\); 3\( 3\) di ncluding Sudan 1\( 4\) nitz 1\( 5\); 1\( 5\); 1\( 1\) 10\( 6\) Spanish -\( 3\), elsewhere -\( 6\); Sadan as Egypt 3\( 1\) dzon; Tuits 2\( 6\) -\( 4\). Sut 1\( 8\) vit 1\( 8\) vit 1\( 8\) colland 1\( 6\); Senish -\( 3\), elsewhere -\( 8\); Sadan as Egypt 3\( 1\) dzon; Tinssval)
Natal with Zululand, Orange F.S. Transvall elsewhere -/5. Sudan as Egypt 31d zone; Tunis 26.-63. SOUTH -(Erish). C-6/9. E-Union (Cape, with Basutoland and Brit. Bechuanaland, Natal with Zululand, Orange F.S., Transvaal)

1/3 (dtt 6/8 wit 5/10) (c -/6); Rhodesia N. 1/8 (dtt 10/10 wit 10/-) (Abercorn, Ft. Jameson, Kasama, 1/9 dtt 11/8 wit 10/10]; Rhodesia N. 1/8 (with Bech. Prot) 1/5 (dtt 8/4 wit 7/6); S.W. Africa same as Union. WEST.—Bertist (Gambia Bathurst 2/6 dtt 12/8 (c -/6), elsewhere 2/9 dtt 13/9, -/8½; Gold Coast (c -/4); 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/-); Nigeria 3/2 dtt 15/10 (Accra 3/- dtt 15/- c -/4); Sterra Leone (c -/6), Cline Town, Water Street 2/6 dtt 12/6; elsewhere 2/8 dtt 13/8, or 1/5 dtt 10/-; West 15/- dt 15/- c -/5/2; Equatorial Africa xet (c -/4½); and and zone 3/- dtt 17/6; with 12/6 (c -/6); Frewhere 3/4 dtt 13/6 c -4½; zonegal 1/7 dtt 10/- c -14½; Togo 2/8 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenegal 1/7 dtt 10/- c -14½; Togo 2/8 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenegal 1/7 dtt 10/- c -14½; Togo 2/8 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenegal 1/7 dtt 10/- c -14½; Togo 2/8 dtt 15/- (C -/6); Venzum 2/8 dtt 16/6 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/- c -/4); Sterra Leone (C -/6); Sterra Leone 2/8 dtt 12/6 (c -/6); Malaruma, Macken 2/1 dtt 12/6 (c -/6); Sterra 2/2 dtt 12/6 (c -/6); Cenzum 2/2 dtt 12/6 (c -/6); Frewhere 3/6 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 15/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/2 dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/8 (Accra 3/- dtt 16/- c -/4, Xenzum 2/- dtt 16/8 (Accra

3/10 dlt 19/2) c -/5; Guinea: 2/6 c -/4 (Buba 3/10 att 19/2) c -/6; Gunnea: 2/6 c -/4 (Suna que 3/4 vm 2/6 c -/44); Princips 1. 3/5. St. Thoma 1. 3/5 c -/4. Sransu: Fernando Po 3/7 c -/44/5, Rio de Oro§ 2/9, Gunnea 2/7 c -/44/5, Rio de Oro§ 2/9, Gunnea 2/7 c -/44/5, Rio de Oro§ 2/9, Gunnea 2/7 c -/44/5, Rio St. Cont. Africa (Nyasaland) 1/8 dt 10/10 wit 10/-.

AMERICA: CENTRAL nu-Costa Rua, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, 2/7 wit 18/4 nit 16/8 (San José, and Puntarenas in Costa Rica, San José de Gua-temala, San Juan del Sur [Nic.] 2/4 10lt 11/8 ntt 15/-); Honduras, British. 2/4 ultz 18/9 veltz 14/7 (c -/5); Mexco 1/9 nttz 12/8 veltz 10/6 (c -/4/2); Pausma Republic and Canal Zone: Bocas-del-Toro, Almirante 2/10; Balboz and Bocas-del-Toro, Almirante \$/10; Balboa and Colon (c -/8), Ancon, Cristolal, Panama \$/2 wit 10/10 wit 14/3; elsewhere 2/4 wit 11/8 wit 15/-NORTH nu-CANADA pit 2/6; C. Breton, N.B., N.S., Ont, P.E.I., Queb. Provinces -/9 d -/4 (nltx 4/2 witx 3/1½); Manutoba 1/2 (nltx 7/3½ witx 6/3); Alta, Sask., B.C. ist zone (with Vancouver, Vernon, Victolia, New Westminster) 1/3 (nltx 8/4 witx 7/3½) (c -/5); B.C. and zone 1/6, 3rd zone 1/6, 4th to 8th zone 1/8; Yukon, and Mackenze (Ft. Simpson) 2/6. Naw Youwin and pit 2/6: -/9 (nltx 4/2 witx 3/1½) (c. Belle Isle -/3, Cape Race -/5); Labrador -/11, pit 2/8. United Status: New York. City, Brooklyn, Yonkers and 208 other offices in the Nate: -/8 (nltx 4/2 witx 3/1½); slaewhere in N.Y. State, see below; and soß other offices in the State: - /9 (nlta 4/8 nlta 8/1½); elsewhere in N. Y. State, see below; Conn., Manne, Mass, N.H., R.I., Vl. and N.J. (Hoboken, Jersey City, Union City only): -/10 (nlta 4/8 nlta 8/1½); District of Columbia (Washington City), Del., Md., Pa., and all offices not already referred to In N.Y. or N.J.: -/11 (nlta 8/½ nlta 4/8); Ma., No., S.C., Ga., Ill., Ind., Yi., Mich., Mins., Ohro, Tenn., Va., W. Va., Wis., with Fla (Pensacols only), Low (New Orleans only), Mon., (Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, S. St. Paul, S. St. Paul, S. St. Paul, S. St. Paul Stockyards, Winona only), Mon. (St. Louis only); 1/1 (nlta 8/8 nlta) Paul, S. St. Paul, S. St. Paul Stockyards, Winona only), Mo. (St. Louis only); I /1 (ntts 63 veltx 5/23/2); Ark. Col., N. Dak., S. Dak., Iova, Kans., Mont., Nebr., N. Mex., Okla., Tex., Wyo., and all places not already named (except Key West, see below) in Fla., Lou., Munn., Mo.. 1/3 (nttx 7/34/2); Alaxie, Calif., Idaho, Nev., Ore., Utah., Wash. (State) and Key West in Fla. 1/4 (nttx 8/4 wtix 7/34/2); Alaxie 2/5 nttx 18/7 vtix 13/8/4. SOUTH — Argentine 2/1 ntt 14/8 (c-/5); Bolven 8/5 ntt 16/8; (Ballivian, Caclinels-Esperanza. Colnia. Dorbiany. Esteros. Riberalts. 13/6½. SUUTII — Argentine 2/1 ntt 14/8 (c-/6); Boltwna 2/5 ntt 16/8; (Ballivian, Cachuela-Esperauza, Colnja, Dorbigny, Esteros, Riberalta, Esperauza, Colnja, Dorbigny, Esteros, Riberalta, Carlela-Esperauza, Colnja, Dorbigny, Esteros, Riberalta, Co-/6)· vnv ve 2/2 (Recife 1/7) ntt 15/-; also ve: Amazon Co. offices, set zone 3/4 ntt 22/6, and rone 4/7 ntt 30/10; Chile: 13 southern places 2/7 ntt 17/6, elsewhere 2/1 ntt 14/2 (c-/6); Colombia ni: Cartagena (c-/6), Buenaventura and Barranquilla 2/2 vit 10/10 ntt 14/2; Armenia-Caldas, Bogota, Bucaramanga, Caldirardot, Ihague 2/3 vit 12/6 nlt 15/10; elsewhere 2/5 vit 15/-nit 18/4; Ecuador nii 2/6 nlt 16/8 vit 12/6 (c-/6); Guana nii: Brit.: Akyma, Mabaruma, Mackenzie-City, Motowhania, Potaro, Rockstone, Wismar 2/5; Apoteri, Enachu, Kamakusa 3/76; elsewhere 2/3 (Georgetown 2/2 c-/6) nltz 16/8 vitz 18/6; Dutch 2/- vit 13/4 vit 10/- (c-/6); French: 3/- c-/4; Paraguny 2/1 nlt 14/2; elsewhere 2/6 nlt 16/8 (c-/6); Urunany 2/7 nlt 17/6 (c-/6); Venezuela nii: 2/7 (Porlamar also 2/66) nltz 18/8 vitz 14/7 (c-/5).
AUSTRAILA: 3/- dlt 15/- vit 12/8 (ve 1/8 dlt 10/- vit 8/4) (c-/6).

NEW ZEALAND: Kawan I. 61/11; elsewhere 1/8 dit 10/- wit 8/4 (c -/6).

NEW ZRALAND: Kawan 1. 91/11; elsewhere 1/8 dtt 10/- wit 8/4 (c -/6).

ISLANDS, &c., not included in foregoing: Ascension 2/9 dtt 10/-; Azores E6-/9½ (c -/4); Bahamas nu: Nassau 2/1 (c -/6), Gov. Hbr. and Hbr. I., Clarencetown, Hopetown, Inagua, Normanscastle, Watlings I., and WestEnd 2/4 Bimini 2/2; Bermuda nu 2/2 nttz 16/8 witz 18/6 (c -/7); Busnarok Archip.: Admiralty I. [Manus], New Ireland [Kavleng] & New Britain [Rabaul], see New Guinea Territory: Canaries E6-/8 (c -/4½); Cape Verde 1s.: St. Thisgo, 3/1 dtt 16/5. -/9½, St. Vincent 2/8 dtt 11/3. -/7 (c -/4½); elsewhere nu 2/7 dtt 12/11, -/8 (c -/4½); Carolines Yap, Ponape, Truk 2/9, dtt 18/4 (c -/6); Ceylon as India, but ve 1/2; Chatham 1s. nu 5/2 (c -/6); Christmas I. (Str. Sett.) 3/10; Cocce (dc), 2/- dtt 10/-; Comoro 2/3 dtt 13/4 (c -/5); Cook or Hervey nu; Altutaki, Atiu, Manusia, Mauke 2/8, Niue 2/11, Rarotonga (c -/6) 2/5; Cyprus 1/1½ d -/7, nitz 7/3½; Dutck E. Indies [Java, Sumatra, D. Borneo, D. New Guinea, etc] 3/2 dtt 20/- (c -/6); Filliands: Pt. Stanley 3/4 (c -/6), Fox Bay 3/10; Kanning I. 1/8 dtt 10/- volt 3/4; Farbe E6-/3 (c -/3); Fiji: Suva 1/8 dtt 10/- volt 8/4 (c -/6); Labasa, Tavunin & Savusavu (c -/6) and elsewhere 1/10 dtt 10/10 volt 9/2; Formosa 2/9 dtt 18/4; Guibert & Ellico nui; Ocean I. 2/2 c -/8; Tarawa I. 3/8 c -/6; Greenland E6-/8 c -/6; Guam nu 3/1, c -/6; Havorit nu: Hawaii, Kani, Lanzi, Maui, Moloka 2/10 dtt 18/4 wtt 18/- Ochu I. with Honolulu 2/3 dtt 15/- volt 11/8: elsewhere 3/3, dtry and with from Honolulu (c -/6); Hang. Kang 2/9 dtla 2/2 /11/2 c -/6; Lanal, Maui, Moloka 2/10 dlt 13/4 wit 15/-; Cahu I. with Homolulu 2/3 dlt 15/- wit 11/8; clsewhere 2/3, dltp and with from Honolulu (c-/5); Homy kong 2/9 dltx 22/11 (c-/5); Lecland E5-/5½, (c-/8); Jan Mayen E5-/5½; Kamaran I. nuý 3/-; Labuan 2/10 dlt 14/2 wit 11/8; Madagacar 2/3 dlt 13/4, c-/5; Madeira 1/- c-/4; Makatea (Pomotou Archip.) 3/5; Matta E6-/4 (c-/6); Man quesas (Atnona) 2/5 (c-/3); Marien Is., see duam, Saipan; Marshall Is.: Jaiutt 2/9 dlt 13/4 c-/6, Nauruó 2/8 c none; Mauritius 2/- dlt 10/- c-/6; Midacay I. nu 2/8; Nauru, see Marshalls; New Caledonia 2/6 dlt 23/4 (c-/4); New Guinea Territory (Brit.) (c-/6): Aitape, Bulolo, Kavieng, Kieta, Madany, Manue, Salamoa 2/11 wit 17/1, -/10½ (vs 2/7 wit 13/4); Raibaul, Kekopo 2/5, wit 14/7, -/8½ (ce 2/1 wit 10/10); see also Papua; New Guinea, Dutch, see D. E. Indies; New Hebrides 2/2 (c-/2); Norfolk I. 1/8 dlt 10/- wit 8/4; North Borneo 3/2 dlt 15/10 wit 13/4 (c-/6); Palaos and Angasur 2/9 dlt 14/6 (c-/6); Papua Territory (New Guinea); Port Morcaby, Samarai 3/5 wit 14/7, -/8½ (ce 2/1 wit 10/10) c-/6; Perim 2/- dlt 10/- i. Phitippines. Manila 3/6 dlt 18/4 wil 16/8 c-/5; Batzu, Catanduanes, Corregidor, Luzon, Marinduque, Mashate, Mindro, Romblon, Ticao 3/- dlt 20/- wilt 18/4 wil 16/8 c-/5; Batzu, Catanduanes, Corregidor, Luzon, Marinduque, Mashate, Mindro, Romblon, Ticao 3/- dlt 20/- wilt 18/4 wil 16/8 c-/5; Batzu, Catanduanes, Corregidor, Luzon, Marinduque, Mashate, Manila 2/8 dtt 18/4 ntt 16/8 c -/8; Batzn, Catanduanes, Corregidor, Luzon, Marinduque, Mashate, Mindoro, Romblon, Ticao 3/- dtt 20/- ntt 18/4 c -/8; elsewhere 3/6 dtt 23/4 ntt 21/8 c -/3; Poulo Condoro 3/- nm 2/2 dtt 18/4 c -/8; Réunnon nu 2/2 dtt 12/8 c -/8; Rhodes E\u03b3 -/8 (c -/6); Rhodes E\u03b3 -/8 (c -/6); Rhodes E\u03b3 -/8 (c -/6); Rhodes E\u03b3 -/8 (c -/6); Rhodes E\u03b3 -/8 (t 16/-; St. Helsna 2/- dtt 10/-; St. Pierre and Miguelon nu -/9 nitz 4/2 nitz 3/1½ ptt 2/8 (c -/5); Saigan 2/9 dtt 18/4 (c -/6); Samos\u03b3 nu : Apila and Tutulia 2/5 c -/6, Aleipeta, Faganalo, Ofu, Tau, Tuasivi 2/7, Salaslua 2/10; Sandorich In., see Hawaii; Septhelles 2/- dtt 19/-, c -/8; Society Is.\u03b3 Tahiti 3/3 c -/9, Uturoa 3/8 c -/5; Society Is.\u03b3 Tahiti 3/3 c -/9, Uturoa 2/84; South Georgia nu 4/4 (c -/6); Spitzbergen (Svalbard) E\u03b3 -/8\u03b3 (c -/8); Timor

18/9 witz 13/61/2

#### SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS.

SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARB HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARB HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARBANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARBANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARBANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARBANGEMENTS, On SUNDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT SINDAY ARBANGEMENT

vs. - Vid Empiradio, vkr. - Via neuvassus (11) rato), full rato), id Marconi; vi. - Vid Indo-European Co vid. - Vid Marconi, full rate - 8 (dsf. rate, if any, 15d., less. - Except Battersea.

[§] No Defarred Rate. See "Reduced Rates (d)," p. 589.
E.—See "Reduced Rates." (C) p. 589.
e.—Coast-action rhange. See pp. 507-a.
d.—See "Deferred Telegrams." (p. 589).
suc.—No. Urgent Telegrams." (p. 589).
suc.—No. Urgent Telegrams. See p. 589.
suct. nit. dit. pit. veltz. selly, nike, etc.—Letter Telegrams.
See "Reduced Rates il), "p. 589.
see "Leduced Rates il), "p. 589.
see "Leduced Rates il), "p. 589.

telegraphic offices, are closed. Many stations send railway letters (p. 58), and telegrams at train times. There is a collection and night despatch in most towns. Expuss Drivers (Service 4) is available only (1) Sundays, to or from London and a few Provincial Head Offices, in Good or index on and a few Provincial Head Offices, in Good or index of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the C

carrier, in S. e. E. Engann. Fee 2s. resister source and usual express fees (calculated in London as from G.P.O.—6d. to 5s. 69.).

Evrisos of the S. p. 389 is on Stunday restricted to the London S. Price S. p. 389 is on Stunday restricted to the London Police, London. E. C. I. early on Stunday morning will be telephoned to a telephone substriker in the London Telephone Ares if the envelope be marked conspicuously. For Sunday telephone delivery, with a broad perpendicular line back and front, usual postage being prepaid on the envelope, and 3d. per 30 words or less by stamps affixed to the enclosed message. CHRISTMAS DAY AND GOOD FRIDAY—In London One morning delivery of letters, parcels, &c. on Christmas Day; none on Good Friday (except Express Service 8 chovel). Offices usually open as on Sundays, in some cases for shorter hours. Ontside London. In Scotland business is as on week-days. In Eighnid and N. Ireland there is one delivery of letters may parcels, to a ceceptance of parcels. Offices dealy in Eighnid and N. Ireland there is one delivery of letters unique to the control of letters and parcels. Offices one as Sundays.

BANK HOLIDAYS—London. One morning delivery of letters and parcels, control to business to the control of letters, evening trends to business (but not ordinary Money Order, Savings, Inferior, Pensions). Ontaide London's In Scotland, business is generally as usual in England and Ireland only one letter and parcel delivery, and generally one despatch carly in rural districts. Smaller offices are closed, the more important open in morning, some also in evening, for parcels, express, &c., and (norming only) postal orders. PUBLIO HOLIDAYS in Scotland: Telegraph moetly by Ballering and provide letters and parcel delivery and generally one despatch and the provides are closed, the more important open in morning, some also in evening, for parcels, express, &c., and (norming only) postal orders. Public HOLIDAYS in Scotland: Telegraph moetly Telegraph offices bearly all open who has an anagementally at the same hours, if any, as on Sunday evenings. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS in Scotland: Telegraph mostly as usual, other business as English Bank Holidays. On delivery only on Local Holidays. On New Year's Day one delivery of letters and parcels, no parcel, M.O., P.O., &c., business, hours as on Sundays.

Wireless Telegraphy.

Post Ofice as Licensing Authority - By the Wireless Telegraphy Acts, rogs-46, it was made illegal to install or work wireless telegraphy in the United Kingdom or on board British ships the other Angulan or of Makar Steins single in territorial waters except with the Postmaster General's licence. By the Wireless Telegraphy Order 1908, the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 1904 apply to British Ships whilst on the high seas. The Merchant Shipping (Wireless Telegraphy) Act, 1919, made it compulsory for all British sea-going ships over 1,600 tons to carry wireless apparatus. The Post tons to carry wireless apparatus. The Post Office conducts the inspection of such apparatus under the Acts, and also the examination of Wireless Operators for the Postmaster General's Certificate

Ship and Shore Service .- The ship and shore stations of the Marconi Company and Lloyds, to in number, were bought by the Postmaster General in 1900. The service has since been reorganised and now comprises 13 stations, viz.—Cullercoats, Fishguard, Humber, Land's End, Malin Head, Niton, North Foreland, Portishead, Portpatrick. Rugby, Seaforth, Valentia and Wick. Portishead Radio affords (a) world-wide communication with ships equipped with shortwave sending and receiving apparatus, and (b) communication up to a range of about 2,000 niles with ships equipped with long continuous wave-sending and receiving apparatus. Rugby Radio can transmit radiotelegrams to ships

equipped with long-wave receiving apparatus. The range is world-wide, but ships are not in a position to reply to this station. A public tele-phone service between certain Transatiantic Liners and telephone subscribers in Great Britain and certain Continental countries is also afforded through Rugby Radio.

Anglo-Continental Wireless Services. — Post Office wireless services have been instituted side by side with the cable services to the following Continental countries:—Italy, Poland, Estonia, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, the Free State of Danzig, Rumania, Latvia, Finland and Russia. The services with Italy, Hungary, Rumania, Estonia, and Danzig are carried on vid the Leafield Station (near Oxford). The latter station is also used for the transmission of news and commercial intelligence intended for simultaneous reception in several European countries. A medium-power transmitter at the Rugby Station is also used for the services to Czechoslovakia and Poland

Super-power Transmitter at the Rugby Station. This transmitter uses power of 1,000 kilowatts and is capable of communication with any part of the globe. It is used for the broadcasting of British Official news messages, Meteorological Office, reports and Greenwich Time Signals, and for transmitting radio telegrams and news mes-

sages to ships at sea.

Beam and Omni-Directional Wireless Stations -The privately-owned wireless stations in this country at present carrying on commercial services with other countries are owned and operated by Imperial and International Communications Limited. They consist of the Marcon Short Wave Wireless Beam stations at Bodm'u, Bridgwater, Gimsoy, Skegness, Dorchester and Somerton, the high-powered omnidirectional station at Carnarvon, and the medium-power omur-directional stations at Ongar and Brentwood in Essex. The Bodmin and Bridgwater and the Grimsby and Skegness Beam stations consist of two groups of two units each, one unit of each group being a transmitting station and the other unit a receiving station. The Bodmin transmitting station and Bridgwater receiving station carry ont direct high-speed wireless communication with Canada and South Africa. The Grimshy transmitting station and Skegness receiving station carry out similar communication with Australia and India. The Dorchester Beam transmitting station consists of seven Marconi short-wave Beam transmitters, and is the largest beam wireless station in the world. The Somerton station is the receiving station of this shortwave Beam group, and has eight receivers employed on the same services

All these wireless stations are operated and controlled directly from Electra House, London, the central radio office of Imperial and International Communications Limited.

* Radiotelegrams

The Address of a radiotelegram should contain name of addressee, of ship, and of coast-station to be used. Private messages for H M Navy may not be sent through Pottshead or Kingby radio, and must have in the aduress "Warship," followed by the name of the vessel, or "Submarine" (which with identifying letters and figure counts an address as one would Naxt must come figure to the control of the property of the state of the latest property of the state of the latest property of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s

"Radrotelegram," as used in the official Postal Guide, denotes only a message to or from a ship at sea, and includes no other kind of radiotelegraphic message.

Beeretary, Admiralty, London by roply-paid telegram of better, stating when it is proposed to send the message; if it he at ser in the Mediterranean, the only coast station allowed is Ethnelia Radio Haltal (c-f), if on the Chicar Radio Harques and the message; if it he at ser in the Mediterranean, the only coast station allowed is Ethnelia Radio Haltal (c-f), if on the Chicar Radio (c-f) or Maiara Hadio (Cevion) (e-f), if on Aden Radio (c-f) or Maiara Hadio (Cevion) (e-f), if of the Radio (c-f) or Aden Radio (c-f), if of the Radio (c-f), and the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of North America: when north of se N. ionishung Radio, inclusive charge is. 3t. a cord; when he were in N. and so N., Kingston (Jamaica) Radio (c-f), on S. Lucia (West Indies) Radio (c-f) (b) If the help we in None waters, "message must be sent through the Admirality station, Closcherpes Radio (c-f) (b) If the hould not on the control of the sent of the control of the sent of the constitution is uncertain the message may yet be got through by other means (see Note), while if the name of the ship is not known, sufficient particulars of the voyage trannor of ports, &c) may be substituted, at sender sik, under services Al. Bl, and B. Jouly. Trepaneau of Rapites is admirable Counting it teoria, etc., is subject to the rules for ordinary Telegrams Abread; the name of ship with call-skip counts as one word, also (if written in standard form) name of coast station. Here is a standard form) name of coast station denoted by it, station charge (c); and ship charge (s) The normal ship, and synd ship, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 3d, (vir F

(ii) ships of most nationalities, including British, 42, (ii) spanish and Swedish ships, 35, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and Lottonian ships, 15, (iv) Finnish ships and be classified as follows—

A. Short-anac (250-200 miles), to all ships with wireless telegraph,—1. The ough Post-Office coast stations; 15 to 25, (iv) Finnish ships with a coast 162 ships and the same of the same of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the ships of the shi

(which covers transmission to South Africa, as well as the coast and ship station charges) is is. Id. a word irrespective of whether the message is routed and "Empiradio" or vid. "Eastern."

Work of the Post Office.

The following details of the work done by the

1	Post Office have been supplied to the Editor:—
1	1989-30, 1930-31
	Letters &c. delivered 6,400,000,000 6,475,000,000
•	Parcels dealt with 150,500,000 151,000,000
١.	Registered Letters
ı	and Parcels posted(a) 59,700,000 58,600,000
,	ExpressDeliverySer.(a) 1,977,000 1,972,000
	Telegrams dealt with 55,500,000 51,800,000
,	Money Orders (in-
i	cluding Trade
	cluding Trade Charge Money Or-
	G6F8) 15,030,000 14,070,000
ţ	Postal Orders 170,000,000 101,800,000
•	Telephones:
;	Telephones: Trunk Calls 119,290,000 123,900,000
	Local Calls (b) 1,322,000,000 1,370,000,000
t	Savings Bank:
•	Deposits (c) £77,400,000 £76,200,000
١	Withdrawals (c) £88,000,000 £77,700,000
	Government Stock
i	Accounts open 1,770,000 1,690,000
ŀ	Wireless Licences
1	issued 3,090,000 3,650,000
1	Other Licences issued 4,230,000 4,210,000
	Old - Age Pension
:	
:	
	Amount £52,040,000 £54,320,000 Widows' & Orphans'
٠.	Pension Orders
	paid: No
٠.	Entertainment Duty
ч	64
.	Inland Revenue (ex-
	cluding Unitled)
d	and Income Tax
	///
1	Health and Peusions £3,180,000 £2,920,000
	Insurance Stamps
١	
	sold
	surance Stamps
F	sold
	War Pensions paid: No. 46,500,000 45,200,000 Amount £41,320,000 £30,570,000
	Amount £41,330,000 £39,570,000 Naval, Military, &c.
	Amount £9,330,000 £9,390,000 Postal Drafts paid: No. 4,400,000
:	
	Amount
. :	Register Stock £7,800,000 £8,040,000
	Savings Certificates:
	Issued (pur price) £42,430,000 £50,890,000
	Repaid (including
	interest)£66, z80,000(d) £53,800,000(e)
	Telephone Stations 1.882.110 1.682.171
	Miles Miles
	Overhead 1,306,327 1,357,754
	Underground 7,344,406 8,089,108
ı	Submarine 17,121 17,577

(a) Included in Letters, &c., and Parcels.
(b) Including originating Trunk (alls.
(c) Figures are for the calendar years 1989 and 1930
(hose for 1980 are provisional.
(d) Including £., 160.000 converted into other securities

¹ The P O. coast stations are:—Cullercoats, Fishmard, Humber, Land's End, Malin Head, Niton, North-foreland, Portpatrick, Seaforth, Valentia, Wick. t. c. s.—See above. "Cost of Transmission."

⁽c) Including £1,921,000 converted into other securities

or re-invested
(f) Including spare wire,

The Air Port of London (Croydon Aerodrome, Waddon—Tel., Croydon, 2720), extended under the Air Ministry's improvement scheme, was opened on May s. 1928. The cost of the station was about £350,000, and the buildings include hangars, offices and a hotel with 50 bedrooms. Airway traffic is controlled from a tower by a Civil Aviation Traffic Officer. Some of the

biplanes in the services operating from Croyden carry 40 passengers and about x, soo ib. of luggago, and are fitted with refreshment buffets. All expresses are subjected to a complete routine inspection before being granted their daily airworthy certificates by inspectors licensed by the Aeronautical Inspection Department of the Air Ministry.

Services Operated by Imperial Airways.

	***************************************
Nummer	Winter.
(May to Sept.)	(Oct to April )
Four times daily.	Once daily.
Daily.	(No Service.)
Daily.	Daily.
Three times weekly.	(No Service.)
Weekly.	Weekly.
	(May to Sept.)  Four times daily. Daily. Daily. Thuse times weekly.

#### Services Provosed.

Egypt-Capetown -A through service is proposed from Alexandria or Cairo to Capetown in conjunction with existing England-Egypt service, to form a weekly Air Service in each direction between England and South Africa (5,600 miles in 8 days).

India-Australia.—A weekly Air Mail Service between Calcutta and Australia to link with existing mail service between England and India; journey between London and Port Darwin, rr or ra days.

Trans-Atlantic .- Service between Europe and America via Azores or Bermuda.

#### Types of Modern British Aircraft.

Constuctor and Type $L$ -Land $A = Amphibian FB - Flying$ liket	Length	Lond	Passengers	Crew.	Speed.	Range
- 11 T	Ft. ms	(Tons.)		-		(Miles.
Handley-Page "4s" L	86 6	4.68	38	4	105	580
Short Kent F-B	78 o	5 54	16	3	100	500
Vickers "Viastra" L	48 6	x.638	12	2	120	300
Saunders-Roe "Cutty Sark" F.B. A.	34 4	0 56	3	1	88	350
Do. "Cloud" F-B A	47 9	1.33	8	1	95	380
Do. "Windhover" F-B. A.	40 3	0.638	4	1	90	350 380 360
1. V. Roe " Avro VI " L	36 o 38 o 48 o	0 89	4	3	95	475
Westland "Wessex VI" L	38 o		4	2	95	580
Vickers "Vellore IV" L	48 0	<b>2 43</b>	8	2	130	300
De Havilland "Puss Moth" L	25 0	0.388	2	1	105	700
Do. do. Seaplane	25 9	o ag6	2	1	105	700
Simmons "Spartan Arrow" L	25 0	0 265	1 1	X	90	280
Desoutter Mark II L	<b>s</b> 6 0	0 381	2	7	110	550
Short "Valletta" F-B	6g 8	3.5	16	3	110	580

#### PRIVATE FLYING.

#### LIGHT AEROPLANE CLUBS.

- & Berks, Bucks and Oxon Aeroplane Club
- (Reading).
  Bristol and Wessex Aeroplane Club.
- Cinque Ports Flying Club Derby and District Aero Club.
- Flying Club of Ulster.
- * Hampshire Aeroplane Club. 6 Hanworth Club, London Airpark, Hanworth. Household Brigade Flying Club.
- Hull Aero Club.

- Lancashire Aeroplane Club. Leicestershire Aero Club. Liverpool and District Aero Club.
- London Aero Club.
- Midland Aero Club.
- Newcastle-upon-Tyne Aero Club. Norfolk and Norwich Aero Club.
- Northamptonshire Aero Club.
- Nottingham Aero Club.
- Nottingiam
  **Scottish Flying Club.

- Southern Aero Club.
- Southport Aero Club.

  * Suffolk and Eastern Counties Aeroplane Club.

* Suifolk and Eastern counties Aeropiane Ciup. § Yorkshie Aeropiane Ciub (Leeds). National Flying Services, Ltd., operated in 1930 a fleet of 46 aircraft. During 1930 the total amount of "paid" flying was 18,797 hours (5,712 instructional, 3,140 pilvate hire, 566 taxi work and 1,378 short duration passenger flights). The total membership of the clubs rose from The total membership of the clubs rose from 1.100 to 1,744, and 294 members qualified for an "A" pilot's licence. The largest of the clubs is

Hanworth, with 1,050 members.

Other Companies.—During 1930 over 40 companies or individuals carried out commercial flying, za being engaged in air taxı work.

Penancially Assisted Clubs with a total membership (Dec 31, 1930) of 8,806, an increase of 1,935 since Dec 31, 1929. Of the total number, 1,769 held civil pilots' licences. Now grouped as "National Flying Services, Ltd."

594		Avi
CIVIL	AVIATION.	
Britis	h Empire.	
	venditure.	
4	~ 1929-30,	2000 02
Great Britain	£438,860	1930-31. £ 525,500
Canada	749,070	1,020,910
Australia	250,165	1,020,910
South Africa	10,700	47,070
India	200,955	355,070
New Zealand	7,530	11,500
Total	£1,651,280	£2,158,550
	leage Flown.	2-1-3-,33-
	Air Services.)	
(Ingloca)	2949	1930
Great Britain	5,305	5,570
Canada	6,485	7,170
Australia	6,495	8,110
South Africa	1,440	1,440
India	715	715
Total	20,440	23,005
Foreign Cou	intries (1930-3)	l).
	Civil Av. Vote.	Hubsidy
Belgium	£,480,110	£133,910
Czechoslovakis(1930)	220,040	113,400
Denmark	19,920	19,280
France	•••	1,621,850
Germany	2,246,710	932,740
Italy	800,260	662,210
Netherlands	108,000	82,715
Norway (1930)	2,260	5,300
Poland	309,410	138,380
Spain (1930)	107,280	75,230
Sweden	42,300	33,100
U.S.A	17,110	15,920
Yugoslavia	6,628,010 31,980	20 0=0
-		29,070
CIVIL AVIAT: (British Aircraft or		
(Brissa Anerale Of	Tregain VII.	

Year	Mileage Flown,	Passengers o	('argo (Tons)
1919	. 104,000	870	30
1980	- 644,000	5,799	137
1981 ····	. 885,000	5,256	19
1988	717,000	10,393	215
1983	943,000	15,552	328
I984		13,601	543
1985	. 862,000	11.193	550
1926	840,000	16,775	679
1987	. 769,000	18,874	593
1988	. I,0II,000	27,659	772
1989	1,388,000	39,327	840
1930		25,094	732

The totals for 1988 and subsequent years represent the actual numbers of individuals carried, for your prior to 1988 they represent the number of passengers carried on each stage \$ 8 Statistics as to cargo carried include excess baggage from 1985.

#### MUNICIPAL AERODROMES.

On Dec. 31, 1930, Aerodromes had been established or were in course of erection by the following municipalities:

Basingstoke. Ipswich. Portsmouth.
Blackpool. Littlehampton. Sheffield.

Basingstoke.
Blackpool.
Bristol. Liverpool. Manchester. Skeguess. Southampton. Burton. Middlesbro'. Southend. Cardiff. Stoke-on-Trent. Carlisle. Morecambe. Worcester. Hastings. Nottingham. Hereford. Plymouth. York.

Hull.

#### TRADE BY AIR.

VALUE OF GOODS IMPORTED INTO AND EXPORTED FROM GREAT BRITAIN BY AIR.

lear.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.
1919	£50,830	£31,097	£90,936
1980	676,919	345,268	1,022,187
1921	375,374	195,817	571,191
1982	453-377	259,643	713,000
1923	567,303	211,948	786,251
1934	841,815	509,145	1,350,960
1925	1,183,175	403,761	1,586,936
1926	958,237	966,003	1,924,240
1927	1,251,921	1,439,346	2,691,267
<b>1928</b>	2,003,55I	981,139	2,984,690
1929	1,990,350	1,003,219	2,993,569
1930	z,656,68a	834,533	2,491,215
[otal	£12,018,543	£7,187,919	£.10,206,468

FLIGHTS BETWEEN U.K. AND ABROAD. (International Civil Flying commenced on

Aug. 26, 1919.)

Year	British	Aircraft.	Foreign	Aircraft
1411	Flights.	Passengers.	Flights.	Passengers
1919	467	870	64	52
1920 .	2,854	5,799	768	584
1921	993	5,256	2,404	5,475
1922	2,891	9,490	2,048	z,869
1923	2,559	11,947	2,016	3, 189
1924	2,794	20,456	2,044	7,403
1925	2,891	10,008	2,399	10,119
1986	2,879	15,450	2,641	10,074
1927	2,489	16,533	3,325	12,231
x928	3,120	24,810	4,490	18,369
1929	3,244	a6,18a	5,992	22,071
1930	3,000	22,045	6,685	22,190

#### AIR TRANSPORT STATISTICS, 1980,

Country	Miles Flown	Passengers Carried	Goods Curried
-		·	Tons
*Great Britain	1,220,000	23,440	716
Australia	1,625,860	20,257	1,513
Canada	1,592,500	14,199	80
S. Africa	148,200	240	
India	71,760	125	
Belgium	804,380	8,977	264
Denmark	117,420	3,071	40
France	5,838,380	28,935	1,639
Germany	6,707,400	93,126	2,113
Italy	2,758,220	38,36x	628
Netherlands	1,323,440	22,548	790
Poland	809,060	11,88a	267
Russia	3, 116,000	14,237	
Sweden	181,580	3,735	137
Switzerland	469,820	21,533	157
U.S.A	36 945,000	385,910	1,081

#### AIR MATLS.

AIR MAIL SERVICES. Details of services, time saved, and fees payable are embodied in the official Air Mail Leaflet which can be obtained free of charge through any Post Office.

At the Imperial Conference of Oct., 1926, the Secretary for Air, Sir Samuel Hoare, laid down

two broad propositions:—
(z) That the Empire is in urgent need of better communications.

(a) That their improvement will require a sustained and united effort.

By seroplane or airabip London could be brought within a fortnight of the farthest cities and territories of the Empire. Journeys could be reduced to the following periods :-

'Canada	Days
India	• <del>•</del> /2
Cape Town	. 6
Australia	II
New Zealand	13

In April, 1929, a stage of development in the air journey between London and India was marked by the introduction of large passenger aeroplanes for the London—Parls—Marseilles section, transhipping into air boats for the passage over the Mediterranean, and so from Cairo — Baghdad — Basra to Karachi During winter months the route is overland as far as Athens.

#### AIRSHIPS.

Comparative Table of various Airships. Bhin Cu. Can. Length Lift. Engin

		cu ft.	#	gross	No & h.p
		C4 II.	10.	(VIII)	Tro or H.D
(x)	R 34 (Brit.)	·····x,960,000	640	59.2	5×1250
(z).	R 38 (U.S.)	3,724,000	694	82.42	6×2100
(3)	R zoo (Brit.)	5,000,000	709	152	6×4200
(4)	R ror (Brit.)	5,500,000	800	152	5×2925
(5)	Z RS 4 (U.S.)	6,500,000	785	180	8×4480
(6)	Gr, Zep (Ger	m.) 3,708,000	776	129	5×2650
(7)	— (Germ.)	5,500,000	. 6	167	7×5000
(8)	$Z RS \in (U.S.)$			•••	

### AIRCRAFT ON BRITISH CIVIL REGISTER.

Classification,	1980	2929	1930.
Regular Air Transport Joy-riding, Taxi, &c. Schools & B.A.F. Reserve. Clubs Demonstration, &c. Private For re-sale Registered Certified Air worthy	56 166    385 149	#8 146 #8 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6# 6#	35 - 148 - 98 - 68 - 130 - 333 - 34 - 846 - 615

#### AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICATION.

Identification Letters are used by the Countries named, as under :-

## 1 t. Britain { G-AAA to G-ZZZ M-AAA to M-ZZZ

Irish Free State EI-AAA to EI-ZZZ

BelgiumON—&c.   FranceF—&c.	NorwayLA—&c. SpainEA—&c.
Germany D—&c.	SwedenSA—&c. SwitzerlandHB—&c. U.S.AK—&c.

#### BULLION BY AIR.

Value of Bullion and Specie Imported into and Exported from Great Britain by Air.

Year.	Imports.	Exports aud Re-exports.	Total.
1925 1926	£205,842 307,525		£10,040,399 8,883,498
1927	697,726		7,740,968
1928	353,211	5,054,093	
1929	372,994	30,545,051	30,918,045
1930	<b>a</b> 95,672	19,885,256	19,580,988
Total(1925-30)	£2,232,970	£79,738,166	£81,971,136

#### FLYING ACCIDENTS. British Commercial Aviation.

(Including all Imperial Airways Transport operations)

	I.—Air 1	Transport.	II.—Other Flying for Hire.		
Details.	Aug. 1919, to Dec. 31, 1914.	Jan 1, 1926, to Dec. 31, 1930.	May, 1919, to Dec 31, 1924	Jan r. 1926, to	
Aircraft mileage flown Fatal accidents Non-fatal Miles per accident Miles per accident Flights per accident Passengers killed Passengers killed Passenger killed Do Do injured Orew killed Do injured	3,569,000 6 4 357,000 1,756 13 5 3,959 10,894 9	5,693,000 5 1 949,000 5,100 29 5 6,300 23,800 8	1,407,000 7 22 49,000 4,782 8 12 30,213 RO,142 7	1,749,000 3 3 350,000 49,800 3 266,800 500,000	

#### SHIPPING.

NUMBEE AND GROSS TONNAGE OF VESSELS OF 100 TONS AND UPWARDS COMPILED FROM LLOYD'S REGISTER BOOK (June, 1931).

Countries where	B	eamers.	Мо	torships	Bailin	g Vessels Barges,	T	otal.
owned.	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No	Gross Tonnage	No.	Gross Tonnage	No	Gross Tonnage
British Empire United States	9,078 3,031 1,673 1,689 1,582 1,424 907 962 1,056 536 665 494 2,786	20,369,370 12,170,383 3,763,985 3,598,543 8,483,986 3,385,376 8,746,421 1,339,881 1,331,983 1,044,714 722,688 4,198,198	862 355 297 462 359 97 194 448 263 13 106 183	2,757,946 721,929 522,416 627,507 1,637,703 287,803 556,749 684,946 539,535 5,859 167,103 410,533 621,384	746 6a1 a0 9 13a a46 19 89 71 40	aga,683 749,931 	10,686 4,007 1,969 2,171 1,990 2,653 1,347 1,429 1,428 539 842 717 3,566	#3,379,999 13,64a,183 4,a76,341 4,a54,500 4,655,506 3,566,227 3,335,673 3,118,170 1,704,669 1,297,752 1,145,257 5,017,262
TOTAL	25,872	59,291,368	4,080	9,431,433	2,392	1,408,239	32,344	70,131,040

#### SHIPBUILDING, 1930-31.

THE total of new tonnage to which classes have been assigned by Lloyd's Register during the twelve months ended June 30, 1931, amounts to 537 vessels, of 1,758.610 tons gross, while the corresponding figures for the year ended June 30, 1930, were 637 vessels, of 2,60,7816 tons gross. Plans for 240 vessels, of 2,61,250 tons, were passed by the Society in the course of the year. These figures are very much smaller than those for the previous twelve months (60x vessels, of 2,62,516 tous) and are the lowest recorded since 1922. Of this projected tonnage, 40'2x per cent. (226,500 tous) and are the lowest recorded since 1922. Of this projected tonnage, 40'2x per cent. (226,500 tous) in other countries. The countries in which the greater part of the new tonnage classed by Lloyd's Reguster, during the year, has been constructed are shown in the following statement:—

Country.	No of Vessels	Tons Gross
Great Britam and Ireland Japan Germany Netherlands Denmark U.S.A	15 19 31 16 35 15 16	1,033,56a 138,361 115,359 105,680 88,081 78,164 77,028 37,838 24,338 18,425 16,469

The LARGEST VESSELS UNDER CONSTRUCTION and to class with Lloyd's Register, at June, 1933, were the new Cunarder, of 73,000 tons, at Clydebank, Scotland'; Rex, 50,000 tons, at Genoa, Italy; Conte dt Savoia, 45,000 tons, at Trieste, Italy. All are being fitted with quadruple screw geared turbine machinery.

The countries for which the majority of the vessels were built are:—

Country.	No. of Vessels.	Tons Gross,
Great Britain and Ireland	=37	501,308
Norway	55	306,188
Japan	15	138,3611
Netherlands	29	184,081
U.S.A		86,35x
British Dominions	45 46	74,379
Danzig	6	72,073
Sweden	15	61,648
Denmark	14	59,674
Spain	14	25,101
Italy		21,072
France	.3 18	20,391
Germany	6	16,321
Panama		15,88a
Chile	6	15,184
Yugoslavia	6	12,805
Belgium	4	12,347

Mercantile Shipping, 1898, 1914, and 1980.

Country	Gross Tonnage (Steam and Motor Ships only).					
	x898.	1914.	X930.			
Gt. Britain	10,547,000	18,892,000	20,325,000			
Dominions	681,000	1,638,000	2,768,000			
Denmark	308,000	770,000	1,072,000			
France	973,000	1,988,000	3,471,000			
Germany	1,644,000	5,135,000	4,199,000			
Greece	151,000	881,000	1,391,000			
Italy	448,000	1,430,000	3,262,000			
Japan	454,000	1,708,000	4,317,000			
Netherlands	356,000	1,472,000	3,079,000			
Norway	6x9,000	1,957,000	3,663,000			
Spain	545,000	884,000	1,807,000			
Sweden	389,000	1,015,000	1,594,000			
U.S.A. (Sea)	2,276,000	8,087,000	10,646,000			
,, (Lakes)		2,260,000	2,456,000			
Others	1,346,000	3,479,000	4,555,000			
			<del></del>			
Total	10.511.000	45.404.000	68,024,000			

#### Mercantile Shipping.

On June 30, 1930, the sea-going Mercantile Marine of Great Britain and Ireland had a total tonnage of 20,438,444 gross tons, of which 20,321,020 tons were steamers and motor ships, and 216,524 sailing vessels

Census of Seamen (March 31, 1930).—Total number of seamen employed, 194,633, as under:

Sea trading Vessels,	British	Foreign	Lascars
Steam	12.165	13,479 950 4	48,775 3,997 0
Total	127,518	14,433	52,682

The British Fishing Flest.—On Dec 31, 1929, the fishing boats belonging to the United Kingdom, Isle of Man and Channel Islands numbered 14,555 (273,762 net tous) of which 6,283 were salling vessels (26,412 net tous) and 8,272 steam and motor vessels (247,350 net tous). The estimated number of men and boys em-

ployed in sea fishing in 1929 was 60,034, of whom 53,357 were regular fishermen and 6,677 persons occasionally employed in sea fishing.

Wrecks (World),—The total losses of the World's Mercantile Marine in 1930 are stated to be 392 vessels with a gross tonnage of 425,413 as against 499 vessels (604,703 gross tons) in 1929, these losses (1930) include 246 steamers (339,405 gross tons), 14 motor vessels (38,199 gross tons), 37 auxiliary vessels (7,886 gross tons) and 95 sailing vessels (39,923 gross tons).

(British).—In 1929.38 sailing vessels (2,460 gross tons) and roo steam and motor vessels (x13,623 gross tons), a total of 147 vessels (x16,083 gross tous), were totally lost at sea. In x929 the following lives were lost through wrecks at seafrom sailing vessels, crew 4, passenger ml; from steam and motor vessels, crew 127, passengers ml
—a total of 131 The years with the heaviest losses of life at sea were 1912 and 1914. In 1912 the total of a,325 included 673 of the crew and 825 passengers on S.S. Tritanic; in 1914 the total of 1,798 included 171 of the crew and 840 passengers on S.S. Empress of Ireland.

#### Ocean Shipping in British Ports.

Total net tonnage of British and Foreign sailing and steam vessels entered and cleared in the Foreign Trade (with cargoes and m ballast) at all ports in Great Britam and Northern Ireland .-

Your.	Entered	Cleared.	Total.
1913	8s,148,569	82,661.012	164,809,581
1986	91,015,000	92,263,000	183,278,000
1939	96,605,000	97,199,000	193,804,000
1930	97,543,000	97,593,000	195,136,000

## .. British and Foreign Tonnage Entered British.

•			
	1818 1813	46,602,920 56,562,000	35,545,649 34,453,000
	1929	58,849,000	37,756,000
	3030	. E7.440.000	40.004.000

#### Ocean Tonnage at British Ports

Port.	Arrived.	Departed
England-	Tons.	Tons.
Barrow (1929)	267,672	184,531
Blyth (1929)	1,105,447	1,470,115
Bristol (1930)	2,572,000	2,107,000
Cowes (1929)	2,344,939	2,353,351
Dartmouth (1929)	745,353	ço8,654
Dover (1929)	2,056,258	2,043,785
Falmouth (1020)	1,071,690	1,169,775
Fleetwood (1929)	42,036	32,677
Folkestone (1919)	915,429	913,697
Goole (1929)	789,401	875.409
Grimsby (1930)	2,135,000	2,430,000
Hartlepool (1929)	861,246	969,500
Harwich (1929)	2,352,820	2,341,850
Hull (1930)	5,286,000	4,510,000
Liverpool (1930)	14,304,000	13,146,000
London (1930)	22,582,000	20,107,000
Manchestel (1930)	3,587,000	2,940,000
Middlesbrough (1930)	2,267,000	2,411,000
Newcastle, &c (1929)	7,533,588	8,884,172
New haven (1929)	671,131	670,982
Plymonth (1930)	7,442,000	7,413,000
Portsmouth (1929)	149,931	144.979
Southampton (1930)	11,383,000	11,318,000
Sunder land (1929)	1,310,065	1,498,539
Weymouth (1929)	852,726	815,971
Wales & Monmouth-		
Beaumaris (1929)	1,493,674	1,419,266
Cardiff (1930)	5,567,000	7,351,000
Cardigan (1929)	526,042	523,690
Newport (1930)	2,008,000	2,718,000
Port Talliot (1926)	889.793	990,064
Swanses (1930)	2,665,000	3,377,000
Scotland-		,
Aberdeen (1929)	394,567	262,133
Ardiossan (1929)	258,889	238,651
Burntislaud (1929)	235,209	425,240
Dundee (1929)	642,651	538,964
Glasgow (1930)	4,323,000	4,761,000
Grangemouth (1929)	1,110,137	750,917
Greenock (1930)	2,334,000	2,284,000
Leith (1929)	1,436,489	1,428,331
Methil (1929)	539,591	956,884
Northern Ireland-	237.05	
Belfast (1930)	3,655,000	3,416,000
Londonderry (1929)	709,044	666,431
	-	
Ocean Tonnac	re bu Flaas.:	1030.

#### Ocean Tonnage by Flags, 1930.

Flag	Entered	Cleared
British	57,449,000	56,918,000
Belgium	1,517,000	1,511,000
Denmark	2,691,000	2,693,000
France	5,274,000	5,305,000
Germany	6,769,000	6,809,000
Italy	1,549,000	1,617,000
Netherlands	5,814,000	5,804,000
Norway	4,125,000	4,204,000
Spain	1,380,000	
Sweden	2,785,000	2,817,000
USA	3,244,000	3,338,000
Other Flags	4,946,000	5,045,000
	4,940,000	
Total	97,543,000	97,593,000
	71	

#### Constance Tonnage

Year	Arrived.	Departed.
3 8	51,861,000 55,185,000	65,111,086 51,662,000 54,930,000 54,510,000

IQI 192

Foreign

#### THE KINGDOM OF ENGLAND.

occupies the southern portion of the island of Great Britain and lies between 55° 46' and ureat Britain and lies between 55° 46' and 45° 57' 30" N. latitude (from the mouth of the Tweed to the Lizard), and between 1° 45' E. and 5° 44' W. (from Lizard). 5° 43' W. (from Lowestoft to Land's End). England is bounded on the north by the summit of the Cheviot Hills, which form a natural boundary with the Kingdom of Scotland; on the south by the English Channel; on the east by the Straits of Dover (Pas de Calais) and the North Sea; and on the west by the Atlantic Ocean (which washes the Cormsh coast), Wales and the Irish Sea. Total area, 50,851 square miles. Population (1931) 37,354,927.

Relief.—There is a natural orographic division

into the hilly districts of the north, west and south-west, and the undulating downs and lowlying plains of the east and south-east. In the extreme north the Cheviot Hills run from east to west, culminating in the Cheviot, 2,676 feet above mean sea level. Divided from the Cheviots by mean sea level. Divided from the Cheviots by the Tyne Gap is the Pennine Chain, running N. by W. to S by E., with their highest point in Cross Fell, 2,33 feet above mean sea level West of the Pennines are the Cumbrian Moun-West of the Fennines are the Cumbrian Monnians, which contain in Sonfell Pike (3, 2no feet) the highest land in Englaud, and east of the Fennines are the Yorkshire Moors, their highest point being Urra Mooi (1,489 feet). South of the Fennines are the Peak of Derbyshire (2,688 feet) and Dartmoor (High Willhays, 2,039 feet). In the western county of Shropshire are the isolated Wrekin (1,328 feet), long Mynd (1,674 feet), and Brown Clee (1,805 feet); in Herefordshire the Black Mountain (2, 20 feet) in Wor.

shire the Black Mountain (a.330 feet) in Hereiord-shire the Black Mountain (a.330 feet) in Wor-cestershire the Malvern Hills (r.335 feet), in Mommouthshire the Sugar Loaf (r.355 feet) and Cotty (r.305 feet), and the Cotswold Hills of Gloucestershire contain Cleave Cloud (r.134 feet). Hydrography.-The Thames is the longest and most important river of England, with a total length of are miles from its source in the Cotswold Hills to its outflow into the North Sea, and is navigable by ocean-going steamers to London Bridge. The Thames is tidal to Teddington (so miles from its mouth); the Wilts and Berks canal enters at Abingdon, and the Kennet and Avon canal at Reading. The principal tributaries are the Cherwell, Lee, Kennet, Wey, Mole and Medway. The Thames forms county boundaries almost throughout its course, and on its banks are situated the capital of the British Empire; Windsor Castle, the home of the Sovereign; Eton College, the first of the public schools; and Oxford, the oldest university in the kingdom. The Senera is the longest river in Great Britain, rising in the north-eastern slopes of Plinlimmon (Wales) and entering England in Shropshire, with a total length of 220 miles from its source to its outflow into the Bristol Channel, where it receives on the left the Bristol Avon, and on the right the Wye, its other tributaries being the Vynwy, Tern, Stour, Teme and Upper (or War-wickshire) Avon. The Severn is tidal below Gloucester, and a high bore or tidal wave sometimes reverses the flow as high as Tewkesbury times reverse the how as high as revasionly (13½ miles above Gloucester). The scenery of the greater part of the river is very picturesque and beautiful, and the Severn is a noted salmon river, some of its tributaries being famous for trout. Navigation is assisted by the Gloucester and Berkeley Ship Canal (26% miles), which

Position and Extent.—The Kingdom of England | admits vessels of 350 tons to Gloucester, other couples the southern portion of the island of canals connecting with the Thames, Trent, Dee treat Britain and lies between 55° 4° and all Mersey. The Severn Transa, which carries canals connecting with the Thames, Trent, Dec and Mersey. The Senern Tunnel, which carries the Great Western Railway under the river, 14 miles below the Sharpness Bridge, was begun in 1873 and completed in 1886 (at a cost of £5,000,000) after many difficulties from flooding, &c. The tunnel is 4 miles fax yards in length (of which 1/2 miles are under the river). Of the remaining English rivers those flowing into the North Sea are the Tyne, Wear, Tees, Ouse and Trent from the Pennine Range, the Great Ouse (160 miles) from the Central Plain, and the Orwell and Stour from the hills of East Anglis. Flowing into the English Channel are the Sussex Flowing into the English Channel are the Sussex Flowing into the English Chamiter are the cuse classes.

Ouse from the Weald, the Itchen from the Wiltshire and Hampshire Hills, and the Axe, Teign,
Dart, Tamar and Exe from the Devonian Hills;
and flowing into the Irish Sea are the Mersey,
Ribble and Eden from the western slopes of the Pennines and the Derwent from the Cumbrian Mountains. The English Lakes are noteworthy rather from their picturesque scenery and poetic associations than from their size. These lie mainly in Cumberland, but partly in Westmorland and Lancashire, the largest being Winder-mere (no miles long). Ullswater and Derwentwater.

Islands.—The Scilly Islands (Cornwall), as miles from Land's End, consist of about 40 islands, with a total area of about 4,000 acres, only St. Mary's, Tresco, St. Martin's, St. Agnes and Bryher being inhabited, population (1931), 1,732. The capital is flugh Town, in St. Mary's, The capital is flugh Town, in St. Mary's. The cluster is unusually mild, and vegetation luxuriant, semi-tropical plants flourishing in the open. The Isle of Wight is separated from Hampshure by the Solent. The total area is 428. open. The Isle of Wight is separated from Hampshire by the Solent. The total area is  $z_4 z_5$  sq. miles, population (1931), 88.400. The climate is mild and healthy, and many watering places have grown up during the last century. Capital, Newport, at the head of the estuary of the Medina, Cowes (at the mouth) being the chief port; other centres are Ryde, Sandown, Shanklin, Ventnor, Freshwater, Yarmouth, Totland Bay, Seaview and Bembridge. Lundy Island, ix miles N.W. of Hartland Point, Devon, is about  $z_2$  miles long, and x mile broad, with a total area of about 1,050 acres (mainly picturesque), and a population of about 50: it contains the seat of the proprietor of the island and two lighthouses. and two lighthouses.

Climate.—The south-westerly winds from the Atlantic Ocean penetrate to the heart of the country, affecting the temperature of the greater part of the kingdom, and only the coastal regions of the east have a modified continental climate. The mean annual temperature is about so Fahrenheit, varying from so in the Scilly Islands to 48° at the mouth of the Tweed, and generally the west of England is mild and wet in winter and cool and less wet in summer, while the east is cool and dry in winter and spring and hot and less dry in summer and autumn, the wettest region being the Lake district of Cumberland and the driest in the Thames estuary and the Lincolnshire Wash. The climate of England is influenced by the much-indented coastline of the west and by the flow of warm water in the Gulf Stream Drift, which strikes the S.W. projection and proceeds N. and E. along the west and south coasts. EARLY INHABITANTS.

Prehistoric Man.—A skeleton found at Galley Hill, near Northfleet, Kent (in 1895,) has been ascribed to a man of Central Asian race of the Early Stone Age, and stone implements of the remote Eolithic, Palæolithic and Neolithic periods are abundantly found throughout England. The Neolithic period is held to have merged into the Bronze Age about 2000 to 1500 R.C., and a date between these years has been given to Stonehenge (presented by Sir C. H. E. Chulb to the Nation in 1908, and now preserved as a national moniment). Stonehenge (ro miles N. of Salisbury, Wiltshire) consists of two circles of menhirs (the largest monolith being 22½ feet in height), only 16 remaining in position in the outer circle, while two of the five triple sets are still in position in the inner circle. The use for which the temple or monument was erected is the subject of many conjectures.

The Celtic Invasion.—In the latter part of the Bronze Age the Goldels, a people of Celtic race, and in the Iron Age another Celtic race of Brythons, invaded the country and brought with them Celtic civilization and dialects, place names in England bearing witness to the spread of the invasion over the whole kingdom.

The Roman Conquest .- Julius Casar raided Britain in 55 B.C. and 54 B.C., and in 43 A.D. the conquest of the country was undertaken by the Roman Emperor Claudius, who sent Anlus Plautins with a well-equipped army of 40,000 men, and himself visited Colchester (Camulodunum) and Londinium. The British leader from 48-51 A.D. was Caractacus (strictly Caratacus), who was finally captured and sent to Rome. By 70 A 1) the conquest of South Britain was completed, a great revolt under *Boadicea* (strictly Boudicea), Queen of the Iceni (Norfolk), being crushed in 6x A D In 122 A.D. the Emperor Hadrian visited Britain and built a continuous rampart, known as *Hadrian's Wall*, from Wallsend to Bowness (Tyne to Solway), remains of which are still traceable. The Romans administered Britain as a Province under a Governor, with a well defined system of local government, each Roman municipality ruling itself and the surrounding territory. Colchester, Lincoln, York, Gloucester and St Albans stand on the sites of five Roman municipalities, while London was the centre of the road system and the seat of the financial officials of the Province of Britain. A well preserved Roman town of about 100 acres was first nucovered in the 18th century at Silchester (Calleva Atrebatum), so miles south of Beading, and since risco the whole site has been investigated. Four main groups of roads radiated from London, and a fifth (the Fosse) ran obliquely from Ermine Street (at Lincoln), through Leicester, Circu-cester and Bath to Exeter. Of the four groups radiating from London one ran S. E. to Canterbury and the coast of Kent, a second to Silchester and thence to parts of Western Britain and South Wales, a third (now known as Watting South water, a chird (now known as waters) Street; ran through Verulamium (St. Albans) to Chester, with various branches, and the fourth reached Colchester, Lincoln, York and the eastern counties. Christianity reached the Roman Province of Britain from Gaul in the Roman Province of Britain from usur in the grid century (or possibly earlier), the Bishops of Londinium, Eboracum (York), and Lindum (Lincoln) attending the Council of Arles in 314. The Roman garrison of Britain was much harassed in the 4th century by Saxon pirates, who invaded the eastern counties from the Wash

to Spithead, while about 330 A.D. incursions in the north of Irish (Scoti) and Piets became most formidable, and towards the end of the entury many troops were removed from Brit...in for service in other parts of the Roman Empire. Early in the 5th century Gaul was taken from the Romans by Teutonic invaders, and Britain was cut off from Rome; officials were no longer sent to the island, the garrison was left to defend itself, and appears to have been driven inland by the Northern and Saxon invaders, and to have been conquered and absorbed by the Celtic inhabitants whose language and cutous re-amounted

tants, whose language and customs re-emerged.

Anglo-Saxons and Normans. — The Celtic Britons appear to have called in the Saxons to resist the raids of the Picts and Scots, and eventually the English (Angles, Saxons and Jutes) drove the Britons into the mountain fastnesses of the West (Strathelyde, Wales and Cornwall), the name of Welch (old English Waelsse = Foreign) being given to the islanders by the invaders from the continent. The area thus conquered was divided into several kingdoms, of which the chief were Northumbris (Bermcia and Deira), Mercia (Middle Angles), and Wessex. The heathen Angli (whose gods Ti, Woden, Thunor and Frigg are commemorated in "Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Frinday") were converted to Christianity by a mission under Augustine (dispatched by Pope Gregory as 597), which established Archbishoprics at Canteibury and York, and the whole of England appears to have been converted by the end of by the invaders from the continent. The area appears to have been converted by the end of the 7th century. In the 8th century Offa, King of Mercia, is stated to have built a wall and rampart, afterwards known as Offa's Dike, from the month of the Dee to that of the Wye, as a protection against the Welsh. The greatest The greatest of the English kingdoms was Wessex, with its capital at Winchester, and the greatest of the Wessex kings was Alfred the Great (871-901), who resisted the incursions of the Northmen (Danes) and fixed a limit to their advance by the Treaty of Wedmore (878). In the 10th centhe Treaty of Wedmore (878). In the noth centrry the Kings of Wessex recovered the whole of England from the Danes, but subsequent rulers were mable to result the invaders, and England paid tribute (Danegelt) for many years, and was ruled by Danish Kings from 1016 to 1048, when Edward the Confessor was recalled from exile. In 1066 Harold (brother-m-law of Edward and 1016 of Earl (Solwin of Wessex) was closen and son of Earl Godwin of Wessex) was chosen King of England, but after defeating a Northumbrian revolt under his brother Tostig (aided by an invading army of Harold Hadraada of Norway) at Stamford Bridge in Yorkshire (Sept. 25), he was himself defeated at the Battle of Hastings (or Sautlache) on Oct. 14, 1066, and the Norman Conquest secured the throne of England for Duke William of Normandy. Since the Norman Conquest all attempts to invade England have been defeated.

#### ENGLISH COUNTIES.

For Administrative purposes England is divided into 49 Administrative Countes (under the Local Government Act of 1888). The boundaries of these Administrative Counties differ in many cases from those of the older Geographical Countes, while the areas of the ya County Boroughs created under the Act of 1883 are excluded from the County Areas, and the population of the Boroughs is separately enumerated. The area, population and chief officers of the Administrative Counties are shown overleaf.

600 LORDS	ENGLISH COULLIEUTENANT, HIGH	NTIES AND SHIRES. SHERIFFS, AND CHAIL	men of Q.S.
County or Shire.	Lord Lieutenant.	High Sheriff, 2932-38.	Chairman of Q.S.
(z) Bedford	S. Howard Whitbread,	H. Brent Grotrian, K.C	Anthony H. Wingfield, D.L.
(a) Berks	James Herbert Benyon	Vice-Ad. F. C. Brown,	C. Murray Pitman, K.c.
(4) Cambridge	V.D., T.D. Charles R.W. Adeans C.R.	raeli, T.D. Sir Frederick Hiam	Col. Lord Cottesloe, C.B., V.D., T.D. His Hon. Judge Farrant.
(6) Cheshire	Davenport, K.C.B., C.M.G.,	L. Fever Julies	Maj. J. F. T. Royds, D.L.
(7) Cornwall	John C. Williams	LtCol. E. H. W. Bolitho, D. S.O.	Col. E. Treffry, C.M.G., O.B.E., T.D.; LtCol. R. T. G. Tangye, O.B.E His Honour Judge Eustace
	1		niis, ka
			H. St. J. Raikes, K C., C.B.E. Lord Merrivale, P.C.; Sir T. H. Kekewich, Bt.; Sir F. G. Newbolt, K.C. J. C. Sw.nburne-Hanham J. S. G Pemberton, D.L.
(12) Dorset (28) Durham	Earl of Shaftesbury, K.P. Marquess of London- derry, K.G.	Capt. B. C. W. Williams. Capt. G. S. Newall	J. C. Swinburne-Hanham J. S. G. Pemberton, D.L.
	Reig Can P R Colvin	Maj. N. A. C. de H. Tufnell.	Collingwood Hope, R.C., C.B.E.; W. J Courtauld. LtCol. Russell J. Kerr.
(15) Hants )	Seelv. C.B., C.M.G., D.S O.	ID S.O.	(Vacant)
	R.C.B., C.M.G., A D.C.		T. P. P. Powell, O.B.E. Sir J. Priestley, K.C., E. A. Mitchell-Innes, C.B.E., K.C.
• •	Earl of Sandwich The Marquess Camden		G. F. Rowley Hon. H. A. Hannen ; Sir A. F. C. C. Luxmoore, K.C.
			Rt. Hon. Sir L. Sanderson, K.C.; Sir James Openshaw, Sir H. W. Deacon, C.B.K.
Lincoln:	Sir A. G Hazelrigg, Bt		
(a4) Kesteven (s5) Holland	Earl of Yarborough	LtCol. E. Royds, O.B E.	Rarl of Ancaster.   R. Gleed.   Cocil Whiteley, K.C.
(s8) Norfolk	Marquess of Crewe, K G. Lord Rochdale Russell J. Colman	J. A. Keith	Sir Montagu Sharpe, K.C. Ernest Barkley Raikes, K.C.
(39) Northampton (30) Peterborough, Soke of	Marquess of Exeter, c.m. c.	LtCol. P. L. Reid	John Alfred Gotch His Hon. Judge Wood
(32) Northumberland	Sin C. P. Trevelyan, Bt., M.P.	Maj. P. Eustace-Smith,	Bir F. Biake, Bt., C.B.
	l .	į –	Col. Sir L. Rolleston, K.C.B. D S O.
(34) Rutland (35) Salop		Lt -Col. H. P Sykes	Sir W. F. K. Taylor, G.B.E.,
(36) Somerset (37) Stafford (38) Suffolk, E	Marquess of Bath, K.G Earl of Harrowby Sir T. C. T. Warner, Bt.,}	Sir William O. E. M. King James Thompson Sir A. C. Churchman, Bt.	Sir A. T. Thring, K.C.B. Lord Charnwood. JC.H. Lomax; R.E. White; (A. Maitland-Wilson, O. B.E. Cecil Whiteley, K.C.
(41) Sussex, E	Lord Leconfield	Maj. P. S. Foster	I P Rumows Lt. P
(43) Warwick (44) Westmorland (45) Wilts	Lord Leigh Lord H. C. Bentinck, M.P. Sir Ernest S. Wills, Bt	Geoffrey Bird	Lord Ilkeston Earl of Lonsdale, K.G. His Hon. Judge Randolph. Hon.SirR. W.Coventry, K.O.
(47) East Riding (48) North Riding	Lord Deramore		(Viscount Irwin. {His Hon.JudgeMcCarthy.
(49) West Riding	Earl of Harewood, K.G., D.S.O.	• wcommursc	(W. F. Tempest

1		PROPER			LED.		601
1 '	CHAIRMEN OF C.C.	, CLERKS OF	THE	PEACE, CHIEF	CONST	ABLES AND M	.O.H.
	Chairman of C.C.	Clerk of the Pe		Chief Coustable	е.	Medical Off	cer
	ordAmpthill,G.G.S.I., G.C.I.E.			LtCol. F. A. D. St C.B.E.	-		
1	l. Skurray	M C., T.D., LL	.B.	C.R.K			
(4) V (5) S	W. C. Jackson Sir Walter W. West	A Talmin O	2.12	Carnac, M.C.	CIVOLU-	Robert French, 1	K. D.
(6) 8	ir William Hodgson	Reginald Potts		LtCol. P. Ma D.S.O., M V.O.		Meredith Young	•
1	Sir A. Carkeek	T. A. H. Sheen		Lt. Col. Sir H. B. P roe Smith, o B.			
(8) E (9) E	Rev. Canon A. Sutton E. C. Barnes, C.B.E.	I IIL B					
(vv) F	Earl of Shaftesbury	Brian S Miller J Leslie Torr.		Maj L H. Morris Major L. W. Peel George Morley C	Yates	J. Elliott Robins	D. Son, MB.
(23) 3	H. Burrows [D.S.O.	J H Goold .	••••••	George Morley, C. Capt. J. A. Unett,	D.8.0.	W. A. Bullough,	N.B.
(14) B	Peter Lee	E T Gardom,	D.B.K	Maj. F L.S Clarke,	O.B.E	J. Middleton Ma	rtin, M.D.
(10)	m G. Daring, Do		••••	nor. M.V.O., D.L.			
	f. Ballard	l .	о в Е с	Freeman Newton G. Knight, M B.E.	••••••	Peter Lowe, M.B. H. Hyslop Thom	601, M.D.
(19) ( (20) l	J. F. Rowley F. Walter Payne	(Vacant) W. Leslie Plati	ts .	[Carna Capt. J. C. T. I Maj. H. E. Cha ORE	Rivett. Iman,	C.B Moss-Blunds Alfred Greenwoo	all, M.D. od, N.D.
1 '	T. Travis-Clegg	Etherton, o.	B.K	Wilfrid Tinbs			
(22) ]	tCol R. E Martin.	W. J. Free: Eric W. Scoter		Capt. C E. Lyuch	Blosse	J. A Fairer, M 1	), hall were
(23)	Groweneage, O.B.K	A. D. Piper	•••••	LtCol. G H. R	. Hal-	A. H. Lowe, M.	B. 11, 51. 15.
(25) J	Lord Heneage, O.B.E. Sir C Welby, Bt., C.B. J. W. Gleed, M.A	H. C. Marris .		,,,		illi.C. Jennings.	M. R
(26) l	E. Sanger	John Div		(Metrop. Police A	rea)	F N. Kay Menzi	ies, M.D.
(28)	3. Marlow-Reed Russell J Colman	Davies		(Metrop. Police A (Metrop. Police A Capt. S. H. van N C.	Neck,		
(29)	Sir A. de Capell Brooke, Bt.	H. Millington,		\ 1. A. Ferguson		J. M. Mackinto	
(30)	Marquess of Exeter	Walter J Dead	au:	Cent V James C	TO 10	C Rolleston, M	.D.
(32) (	Marquess of Exeter Bir F Blake, Bt., C.B. Col. Sir L. Rolleston, K.C.B., D.S.O	K Tweedale M	leaby	Col. F. J. Lemon,	( B.E ,	A. C. Tiblats, M.	/, м р. D.
(33) 1	BrigGen A D. Miller C.B E , D.S.O. Earl of Ancaster .	F G Scott, N	c	Capt. E K. Arbu D 8.0., R N. Fredk Wm Golde	thnot,		
(34)	Earl of Ancaster . r. W. Green		0. R. W	Maj. Jack Becke,	er Orr	C Rolleston, M.I William Taylor,	) M /)
(36) I	C. H Berryman	Harold King		LtCol H C. Me	tcalfe.	W. G. Savage, N.	.D
1	t -Col W. E. Hairi-						
(39) 3	C. H Lomax Marquess of Bristol. M.V.O.	Munsey		Capt J G Mayne, Maj E P Prest			
(40) 1	Mai Arthur Levcester	Dudley Aul		Maj G. C Nich			
(41) ( (42) I	Penrhyn.  H. S. Ellis  Lord Leconfield	i		Col G. M.Ormerod A. S. Williams, I O.B.E			
1	Lord Algernon Percy	LL R		Commander E. Kemble			•
(45)	G. H. Pattinson . Marquess of Bath, k G (O.B E	1		P T B Browne Lt -Col. Hoel Llev D.S.C.	Iliama	1	
(46) I	LtCol. C. F. Milward.	C. H. Bird		Capt. J. E. Lloy	d-Wil-	Wyndham Parke	г, и в.
(47) I (48) 3	LtCol. C. F. Milward, Lord Deramore Maj. R. B. Turton	J. R Procter H.G. Thornley,	 О В.Е.	Capt. A. F. Horde LtCol. J C. Ch	ern laytor,	R. L. Thornley, I Harry Mason, M.	M. D. . D.
	Sir J. P. Hunchliffe	I		I D S.O. M C.			
				4.4.0			

## AREA AND POPULATION OF THE 49 ENGLISH ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTIES.

County or Shire and Administrative Headquarters.		1	Population	
County of Shife and Administrative Headquarters.	A (reage	Males,	Females.	Total.
Bedfordshire (Shire Hall, Bedford)	302,942	106,453	114,031	220,474
Berkshire (Shire Hall, Reading)	454,725	103,405	111,776	214,181
Buckinghamshire (County Hall, Aylesbury)	479,360	132,538	139,027	271,565
Cambridgeshire (County Hall, Cambridge)	315,168	69,384	70,680	140,004
Cheshire (Shire Hall, Chester)	631,180	320,377	354,813	675,190
Cornwall (County Hall, Truro)	868,x67	148,906	169,045	317,951
Cumberland (The Courts, Carlisle)	968,598	101,040	104,750	805,790
Derbyshire (County Omces, Derby)	640,70x	306,313	308,613	614,9 <b>8</b> 6
Devonshire (The Castle, Exeter)	1,660,948 622,843	212,797	245,867	458,664
Dorsetshire (County Offices, Dorchester)		115,439	123,908	*39,347
Ply Tale of (County Hall March)	627,641 238,073	470,415	453,635	924,050
Essex (Shire Hall, Chelmsford)	962,696	39.181	38,584 618,704	77,705
Honcestershire (Shire Hall, Gloucester)	782,646	579,897 159,527	176,274	1,198,601
Hampshire (The Castle, Winchester)	933,296	237,909		335,801
Herefordshire (Shire Hall, Hereford)	538,924	53,678	234,-13 58,077	472,023
Hertfordshire (Shire Hall, Hertford)	404,520	189,735	211,424	111,755
Huntingdonshire (Walden House, Huntingdon)	*33,985	27,795	28,409	401,159 56,204
Kent (Sessions House, Maidstone)	971,990	571,435	622,680	1,194,115
Lancashire (County Offices, Preston) Leicestershire (10 New Street, Leicester)	1,050,889	853,486	941,371	1,794,857
Leicestershire (10 New Street, Leicester)	584,197	147,206	155,477	302,683
Lincolnshire :			-55,477	302,003
Holland (County Hall, Boston)	268,99 <b>2</b>	45,838	46,475	92,313
Kesteven (County Offices, Sleaford)	463,505	55,562	54,497	110,059
Lindsey (County Offices, Lincoln)	961,200	139,711	133,761	263,472
London (County Hall, S.E. x)	74,850	2,045,575	2,351,246	4,396,8ax
Middlesex (Gnildhall, Westminster, 8 W 1)	148,691	769,178	869,343	1,638,5ax
Norfolk (The Shire House, Norwich)	1,303,568	159,107	162,763	381,870
Northamptonshire (County Hall, Northampton)	581,679	106,132	110,982	217,114
Northumberland (Moot Hall, N'castle-upon-Tyne)	1,279,153	201,609	207,056	408,665
Nottinghamshire (Shire Hall, Nottingham)	529,079	219,459	224,421	443,880
Oxfordshire (County Hall, Oxford)	470,808	63,305	65,754	129,059
Peterborough, Soke of (Cross St., Peterborough) Rutlandshire (The Castle, Oakham)	53,464	, 25,384	26,46x	5x,845
Shropshire (Shire Hall, Shrewsbury)	97,273	8,440	8,957	17,397
Somersetshire (Shire Offices, Weston-super-Mare)	861,800	120,624	123,538	244,162
Staffordshire (County Buildings, Stafford)	1,031,666 686,901	190,866	215,453	406,319
Suffolk —	000,901	349,392	353,75*	703,144
East Suffolk (County Hall, Ipswich)	549,#41		105,680	
West Suffolk (Shire Hall, Bury St. Edmunds)	390,916	101,740 52,427		207,420
Surrey (County Hall, Kuigston-on-Thames)	449,316	436,814	53.710 510,881	106,137
Sussex .—	449,210	430,014	510,001	947,695
East Sussex (County Hall, Lewes)	507,060	123,485	153,396	e76,881
West Sussex (County Hall, Chichester)	401,916	101,303	121,834	223,136
Warwickshire (Warwick)	560,702	176,727	188,596	365,323
Warwickshire (Warwick)	504,917	30,407	34,991	65,398
Wight, Isle of (County Hall, Newport)	94,146	40,365	48,035	88,400
Wight, Isle of (County Hall, Newport) Wiltshire (County Offices, Trowbridge) Worcestershire (Shire Hall, Worcester)	860,829	151,368	151,890	303,858
Worcestershire (Shire Hall, Worcester)	439,953	148,567	161,513	310,080
Youkshire .—			,,,,,	<b>3</b> ,
East Riding (County Hall, Beverley)	737,065	81,947	87.745	169,692
North Riding (County Hall, Northallerton) West Riding (County Hall, Wakefield)	1,357,871	162,955	167,945	330,900
West Riding (County Hall, Wakefield)	1,685,058	749,833	780,277	1,530,110
York City and County (Guildhall, York)	3,730	41,012	43,798	84,8ro
AVERAGE HEIGHTS AND WEIGHTS.	1		As armen	A
			Average Height.	Average Weight.
The average heights and weights of men in	Scotsmen		5 ft. 8¾ in.	zz st. zz ll
he United Kingdom have been tabulated as				10 st. 13 ll
follows. The weights include clothing, which is		n	9	
generally calculated at one-twenty-fourth of the	Talkinging		5 ft. 7¼ in. 5 ft. 6½ iv.	II St. Il
whole.				21 Bt. 41

LONDON, the capital of England and of the British Empire, and the greatest city in the world, is situated on both banks of the River Thames, so miles from its outflow into the North

The City of London represents London within its ancient boundaries. The City is the financial and business centre of London, and includes the head offices of the principal banks, insurance companies, and mercantile houses, in addition to buildings ranging from the historic interest of the Roman Wall, the Norman Tower and the state caury Guildhall, to the messive splendour of 8t. Paul's, and the architectural beauty of Ween's audies (Dec. Chamis Wren's spires (Bow Church, St. Bride's, St. Dunstan's in the East, &c.).

The City of Westminster, which is bounded by the City of London on the east, by Chelsea and Kensington on the west, by Paddington, St. Marylebone and Holborn on the north, and by the Thames and Chelsea on the south, was formed into a borough by the London Government Act of 1899, and was created a city by Royal Charter of Oct. 19, 1900, the Council con-sisting of a Mayor, 10 Aldermen and 60 Coun-cillors. Extending from the eastern end of the Strand to Kensington Gardens, and from Oxfordstreet to the Thames, it includes within its boundaries a large number of the finest buildings in London. The Abbey and the Roman Catholic Cathedral, the Houses of Parliament and the Law Courts, Buckingham Palace and St. James's, and the principal Government offices, Cluis and Early Throughout an area of 1,797 sq. miles. Theatres are situated in Westminster, which Locomotion is provided by the London County also includes the fashionable residential districts of Mayfair and Heigravia. Westminster is the private enterprise as to underground or other richest of the London areas.

Metropolitan Boroughs.-Under the London Government Act of 1899 the administrative functions of the various vestries in the Metropolitan districts surrounding the City of London were transferred to as Metropolitan Boroughs, of which one became afterwards the City of Westminster. The area covered by these boroughs extends northwards to include Stoke Newington, southwards to Wandsworth and Lewisham, eastwards to Woolwich, and westwards to Hammersmith.

London County Council -For County purposes the aftairs of London are administered by the London County Council, which was created by the Local Government Act of 1888.

Muscellaneous Authorities. - For Police purposes the administration is invested in the poses the administration is invested in the City Corporation as to the City Police and in the Home Office as to the Metropolitan Police. The authority for the supply of water is the Metropolitan Water Board; while the River Thames is administered as to its tidal portion by the Part of London Authority and above Thanks is a summing the part of London Authority and above Teddington by the Thames Conservancy, the lighthouse and pilotage authority being Trinity The bridges are maintained in the City House. of London by the Bridge House Estates Committee of the Corporation of the City, and in the remaining area by the London County Council. The London and Home Counties Joint Electricity Juthority (5 Millbank, Westmaster, S.W. z) provides (or secures the provision of) railways, &c.

	LONDON CITIES AND BOROUGHS.								
Ciries and Boroughs,	Popu- lation, 1931	Rate p	Deuths	( Value		- iter 1 32	Town Clerk.	Mayor, 1931-30.	
London: CITY OF LONDON WESTMINSTER Battersea	10,896 129,535 159,542	16 5	11.7	57,487,535 8,694,024 10,850,000 1,072,027	9	5	Su James Bell, C v.o. G. Parker Morris, Lt.B. Edwin Austin	Rev. E. St. G. Schom- berg. G. H. Eaton.	
Bermondsey Bethnal Green . Camberwell Chelses Deptford	59,020		18.2 10.0 13.1	835,183 605,701 1,595,319 1,210,584 675,646	14 11 10	0	E. Goff Clark David J. Keep C. E. Newton S. H. Steel A. Purkis	T. Brooks. A. Pearman. LtCol. S. Boyle.	
Finsbury Fulham Greenwich Hackney	69,888 150,940 100,879	15 9 15 3 15 3 15 4	6, 86 13 1 13 1 11 3	1,207,546 1,120,845 915,306 1,418,813	11 10 12 10	4	Hugh Green Wilfred Townend Fiedk, J. Simpson	S. G. Nunn. W. J. Waldron. Mrs. C. Turner.	
Hammersmith Hampstead Holborn Islington Kensingt'n(Royal)		15.0 17.4 14.6	11 7 12 7 13 7	1,133,533 1,454,705 1,702,458 2,118,699 3,256,628	10 9 10	5	H. R. H. Tee, LL.D. Hugh Royle	B. Smith.	
Lambeth Lewisham Paddington	296,162 219,942	15.16 12.10		2,254,988 1,617,862	10	8	John W. Shuter W. F. Abbiss, M.B.E.	R. L. Sims. H. J. Furneaux. LtCol. Sir G. Hand over.	
Poplar	97,620 198,113 97,038	19 I 15 4 20 I	12.2 11.0 10.0	684,711 3,069,170 2,054,386 830,831	9	8	H. E. Dennis	F. White. Sir A. Davies, K.B.K. W. J. Fudge.	
Southwark Stepney Stoke Newington. Wandsworth	285,203 51,215	16·8 17·4 14·6 13·17	10.20 13.3 11.3	1,323,410 1,732,963 391,737 2,936,890	13	8	D. T. Griffiths W. L. McCarty C. Kent Wright D. A. Nicholl, M.A.	Miss M. Moses. Sir H. J. Ormond.	
Woolwich	146,944	15.2	10.0	1,038,277	13	0	Sir Arthur Bryceson.		

LONDON was famed for its vast conflux of traders and its abundant commerce even in the first century of the Christian era. From the Romans, it is said, it received municipal institutions which have endured in their main features to the present day. In Saxon times it was, in reality, a small independent State, and its burgesses maintained their independence even after the Battle of Hastings. William the Norman only gained possession of their city by means of a treaty with them, and about eight means of a treaty with ment, and about eight years after he granted a charter, which is still preserved. It is addressed to William the Bishop, Godfrey the Portreeve, and all the Burgesses, and promises that they shall be "law worthy" (i.e., possessed of privileges) as they were in the days of Edward the Confessor. The Portreeve, however, received the Norman title of Balliff, which, in 1191, was changed to Mayor, the first holder under the new name being Henry the first holder under the new name being Henry Fitzalwyn, who filled the office for a years. On his death a new charter was granted by King John in 1814, which directed the Mayor to be chosen annually, which has ever since been done; though in early times the same individual often held the office more than once. A familiar instance is that of "Whittington, thrice Lord Mayor of London" (in reality four times A D. mayor of London (in realty four times A 1397, 1398, 1496, 1410); and many modern cases have occurred. The title of Lord Mayor was not in general use in the outer world until about 1445. The Lord Mayor is elected at Michaelmas; he is sworn into office on November 8, and on the dilugation and was a second of the Lord Chief. the following day presented to the Lord Chief Justice at the Royal Courts of Justice, to take the final declaration of office—the pageant being popularly known as the Lord Mayor's Show.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON.

was famed for its vast conflux of its abundant commerce even in the of the Christian era. From the is said, it received municipal institutions and the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the confluence of the c The Common Council, elected annually on St. Thomas's Day (Dec. 21), was, at an early date, substituted for a popular assembly called the Folkmote. At first only two representatives were sent from each ward, but the number has since been greatly increased, some wards having as many as 16 members, and none less than four, Sheriffe (as well as aldermen) were Saxon officers who usually had charge of a large district. The time of their appointment for London is untime of their appointment for London is un-certain, but they appear in ancient records as early as A.D. 1730. At first they were only the officers of the Crown, and were named by the Barons of the Exchequer; but King John gave them, in the first year of his reign, permission to choose their own Sheriffs. The citizens, however, lost this privilege, as far as the election of Sheriff of Middlesex is concerned, by the Local Government Act, 1888; but they continue, as heretofore, to choose the Sheriffs of the City of Loudon. They are appointed on Midsummer Day, and enter on office at Michaelmas.

Officers.—The Recorder was first appointed in 1208. The Chamberlain is an ancient officer. There were at one time two Chamberlains—the King's Chamberlain and the Chamberlain of the Guildhall. The former appears to have fallen into abeyance circ, 1329. The first contemporary record of the office of City Chamberlain is 1276. The Town Clerk and Common Serjeant are mentioned as officers in the charter of Edward II., A.D. 1319; but the offices can be traced to a much earlier date than this.

The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor 1931-1932.

#### The Aldermen.

	TIO TIME INCINE.					
Aldermen.	Ward.	Born.	C.C.	Ald.	Shff.	Mayor
Sir George Wyatt Truscott, Bt	Dowgate	1857	x88z	1895	1902	1008
Sir T. Vansittart Bowater, Bt., M	P Bridge Without (1931)	1862	1800	1907	1905	1013
Sir Charles Johnston, Bt			1000	1907	1910	1014
Rt. Hon. Lord Wakefield, C B.E.			1904	1908	1907	1015
Rt. Hon. Lord Marshall, P.C., K C V.	),LL.D. Vintry	· ··· · 1865	1896	1909	1901	1918
Sir Louis Arthur Newton, Bt	Cordwainer	1867	1905	1916	1916	1923
Sir Alfred Louis Bower, Bt			1896	1917	1913	1984
Sir William Robert Pryke, Bt			1887	1920	1921	1025
Rt. Hon. Lord Ebbisham, G.B.E			1913	1980	1917	1926
Sir Charles Albert Batho, Bt			1913	1921	1985	1927
Sir J. E. Kynaston Studd, Bt., o B.E.,			•••••	1923	1922	1928
Sir William Phené Neal, Bt			1893	1922	1929	1930
	e above have parked the Circ					
Percy Walter Greenaway			1917	1984	1931	•• •••
Charles Hemy Collett			1918	1987	•••••	
Sir Stephen Killık, Kt	Broad Street	186z	1908	1927	1928	•••••
Isidore Nathan Jacobs	Portsoken	1867	1910	{1981}		
		-		(1987)	_	•••••
Sir Percy Vincent, Kt			1932	1939	1926	• • •
Sir Harold George Downer, Kt., L			1921	1930	1924	• • ••
Sir William Jas. Miller Burton, K			•••••	1930	•••••	••••
Sir George Thomas Broadbridge, 1				1930	• ••••	•••••
Harry Edward Augustus Twyford			1930	1930	•••••	••••
Major Sir Frank Heury Bowater, l		1866	1932	1931	1929	*****
Sir William George Coxen, Kt	Butingsgare		1920	1931	1928	•••••
Lt. Col. John Dawson Laurie	Cornhill	1872	1930	•• •••	••••	*****
Sir Daniel George Collins, Kt	rarringdon Within .	1870	1889	1931	1930	•••••
	The Sheriffs.					

	THE	
MEMBER. Adolph, W. E. L. Agar, Dep. Sir F. Algar, C. R	Vintry.	C
Agar, Dep. Sir F.	Aldgate.	G
Agar, Dep. Sir F. Algar, C. B. Algar, C. B. Alleard, V. Alley, E. D. Anning, E. H. Baoon, W. N. Baily, H. D. Barrett, H. Roper Barry, H. C. Beatten, H. R. Beatl, E. S. Beatford, A. H., O. B. Beatford, A. H., O. B. Bennet, Dep. J. F. Berridge, Dep. G. J Berry, F. W. Berry, O. C. Bigga, W. W. Bird, Dep. Sir H. Blackham, Col. R. J C. B. C. M. G. C. R. J C. B. C. M. G. C. R. D S. S. O. M. D. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G. B. Bottarill Col. G.	Broad St	Ğ
Alley, E. D	Cripple, Wt. Cheap.	000
Bacon, W. N	. Walbrook.	G
Barrett, H. Roper	Lime St.	6
Barry, H. C Batten, H. R	Cripple.Wn. Bishopsgate.	
Beal, E. S	. Bridge.	6
Bedford, A	. Bishopsgate.	G
Beecroft, L. C Bennet, Den J. F.	Cordwainer.	G
Berridge, Dep. G J	. Dowgate	E
Berry, O. C	. Bridge.	Î
Biggs, W. W	Farrin. Wt Billingsgate.	ŀ
Blackham, Col. R. J	.,	I
D.S.O., M.D	Farrin. Wt.	E
Botterill, Col. G. P.	. Farrin. Wn. Bridge.	H
Bray, A. W.	Aldgate.	I
Brough, Dep. J. R.	Castle Bynd.	I
Brown, H. W., B.A.	. Brshop <b>s</b> gate. . Broad St.	I
C.B., C.M.O., C.I.R. D.S.O., M.D. Botterill, Col. G. P. Rowles, H. E. Bray, A. W. Brett, W. C. Brough, Dep. J. R. Brown, H. W., B.A Brown, Victor Brown, W. Hurst Brundle, F. W Bull, O	Broad St.	
Bull, O	Bishopsgate.	j
Burgess, H. J	Aldgate. Cripple. Wt.	1111
Champness, DepW.	H. Farrin, Wt.	j
Christie, A. M	CastleBynd.	JJ
Chubb, Hon. C. A.	CastleBynd. Bread St.	į
Conoley, J	Queenhithe.	,
Brundle, F. W Bull, O Burgess, H. J Caunter, F. J Champness, DepW. Chapman, W. B Christie, A. M Chubb, Hon. C. A. Coates, F. B Cooper, E. H Cooper, E. R., O. B. F. M. C Crosse, C. S		1
M.C	Cheap.	1
Crossingham, C	Farrin. Wt.	1
Deighton, Dep. T. 1	I. Bridge.	
Donne, E. F Doree, H. J	Breaa St. Farrin.Wn.	i
Dove, Dep. H. S.	Coleman St.	1
Dann, B. S	Langbourn.	1
Easton, H. A	Portsoken. Coleman St.	1
Cooper, E. R., O. B. F. M.C. Crossingham, C Davenport, Sir H. F. Delighton, Dep. T. I. Donne, E. F. Doree, H. J. Dove, Dep. H. S. Dray, F. G. Uffun, B. S. Dutton, E. H. Easton, H. A. Eaton, Col. R. W. Rdwards, J. J. Elkan, LtCol. C. J. B. S. O., O. B. E.	Coleman St.	١,
Elkan, LtCol. C. J	I.,	I
		i
Elliston, G. S., M.	C., Farrin. Wt.	ŀ
Elliston, G. S., M. M.P., M.A. Farlow, C. D. King	Gamellan ek	Ì
Farmer, H. L		1
Farnan, Dep. F	Tower. Bushovaaate.	1
Farlow, C. D. King M.A. Farmer, H. L. Farnan, Dep. F. Farrow, L. W. Fitch, H. B. Fletcher, Dep. S	Bishopegate.	
B. F.: P.R.I.B.A	١	أ
F.S.A	Farrin.Wn. Farrin.Wn	;
F.S.A	Farrın.Wn.	
Galloway, A Gamon, C	Farrin.Wn.	1
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1	COMMON COUNCIL OF LOND	H
	MEMBER. WARD Gates, P. A	
	Gillett, F	1
	Gillett, S. H , M.C Bassishaw.	
	Goodinge, A. C Aldersgate.	
	Gorman, A. PBillingsgate	ľ
	M.CBishopsgate.	ŀ
	Green Col Sir	ŀ
	F. D Aldersgate.	
	Green, Col. Sir F. D. Alderegate. Green, Dep. Sir F. H., Bt. Vintry. Green, W. W. Tover. Green, W. W. Tover. Greenwood, J. F. Candlewick. Harrowing, T. J. Buhopsgate. Hart, J. T. Farrin Wt. Hay A. M. Bread St. Haydon, D. Alderegate. Hay, A. M. Bread St. Haydon, D. Farrin, Wt. Heath, J. S. Farrin, Wt. Heath, J. S. Farrin, Wt. Heilbuth, G. H. Walbrook. Hewitt, T. W. Aldgate. Hill, H. E. Bread St. Holmes, Sir A. W., K.B. E. Aldgate.	ŀ
	Green, W. WTower.	
ł	Greenwood J. K Candlewick.	ŀ
1	Harrowing, T. J Bushopsgate.	
1	Hart, J. T Farrin Wt.	ŀ
	Haydon, DAlderugate.	ľ
1	Heath A. H Tower	ŀ
	Heath, J. S Farrin. Wt.	
1	Hevitt. T. W Aldaste.	١
-	Hill, H. E Bread St.	l
	K.B E Aldgate	ŀ
	K,BE	l
•	Horner, F. A. Tower. Howe, H. M. Broad St. Hughes, Maj. H. F., D 8.0. Broad St. Jacobs, H. Portsoken. Jennings, Der C.F. J. Walbrook. Johnson, Dep. B. Bishopsgate.	l
	D 8.0 Broad St.	
•	Jennings, Dev C.F.J. Walbrook.	
	Johnson, Dep. B Bishopsqute.	
	Joseph, S. G Castle Bynd	
	Juniper, A. S Farrin. Wt	ŀ
	Key, Dep. W.H Farrin. Wt.	
	Jennings, Dep. C. F.J. Walbrook. Johnson, Dep. B. Bishopspate. Jones, G. W. Karrin. Wt. Joseph, S. G. Castle Bynd Jumper, A. S. Farrin. Wt. Kershaw, C. Cryptle. Wt. Key, Dep. W. H. Farrin. Wt. Kimber, Dep. Sir H. D. Bt. M.A. Lanabourn.	
	King Hamilton, A Cornhill.	
	Knight, A. C., F.S.A Cheap.	l,
	D, BC, M.A	١
•	Larking, Capt. A., C.B R	
	Laws, E LPortsoken.	١
	Layton, J. ETower.	١
•	Leuw, WPortsoken.	١
	Lord, F. A. BCordwainer.	l
•	Lowe, F. W. I Coleman St	١
	H. TBishopsate	İ
	H. T	ļ
	Maguire, HFarrin, Wt	ı
	Maishall, SDowgate.	١
	Mart. G	١
	Martin, Maj. J. G.,	١
	Martin, L. E Portsoken.	
	Matthews, H. E., O. B. E. Dowgate.	١
	Metcalfe, T. DPortsoken.	1
	Metchim, RLangbourn.	1
١.	Martin, Maj. J. G., D.S.O	-
	Mounsey, J. D Crupple. Wt.	1
٠.	Myers, A	1
	Neithronn W. R Candlewick.	ŧ

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OM.
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                                                                                                                     MEMBER.
                                                                                                                                                                     WARD.
                                                                                                  Newson-Smith, Dep.
                                                                                                Newson-Smith, Dep.
F. E. Broad St.
Nicholson, W. Cripple, Wn.
Northcott, J. Bread St.
Nicholson, W. Cripple, Wn.
Northcott, J. Bread St.
Pakeman, Sir J. R.,
C.B.E. Cheap.
Parnwell, W. S. Cheap.
Parnwell, W. S. Cheap.
Patmore, T. Cripple Wn.
Pearse, J. S. Cripple Wn.
Pimm, Dep. T. Queenhithe.
Pimm, Dep. T. Parrin, Wn.
Polden, F. C. Vintry.
Pollitzer, F. J. C. Queenhithe.
Praguell, A. Castle Bynd.
Procter, J. Ccastle Bynd.
Procter, J. Ccastle Bynd.
Procter, J. Ccastle Bynd.
Procter, J. Ridingsgate.
Raphael, J. H. Farrin, Wn.
Reading, W. A. Billingsgate.
Redding, Dep. J. J. Portsoken.
Regge, R. W. Coleman St.
Ridout, A. Farrin, Wn.
                                                                                                 Shepherd, Sir H. P. Lime St.
Shipman, J. H. ... Aldersgate.
Shipton, W. E. .... Tower.
Simonds, S. R. ... Lime St.
Singer, Dep. H. D. Lime St.
Skeate, T. A. .... Bridge.
Slazenger, A. E. L. Dougate.
Smith, Col. Sir W.,
V.D. T.D. M.D. .... Farria Wt.
                                                                                                         V.D , T.D., M.D......Farrin. Wt.
                                                                                                 V.D., T.D., W.D. Farrin, W.L.
Smyth, Dep. R. Aldergate.
Snell, A. T. Dougate.
Spyer, W. Boad St.
Stoneham, R. T. D. Candlevick
Stopher, J. Cornhill.
Syrett, H. S., C.B. E.
L.B. Coleman St.
Taylor, Dep. H. T. Cripple. Wn.
Taylor, Ico. O. B. B. Coleman St.
Teuten, Cant. A. H. Occambits.
                                                                                                   Teuten, Capt. A. H Queenhithe.
                                                                                                 Wells, L. S. M. ..... Farrin. Wn. Whitaker, Dep. Lt.-Cl.
                                                                                                          C. W., M.A., F.S.A. Farrin. Wn.
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OFFICERS OF THE	CITY OF LONDON.
Flect.	Elect.
Recorder, Sir Ernest E. Wild, K.C£4,000 1922	Principal, Guildhall School of Music,
Chamberlain, Sir Adrian Pollock£3,000 1912	Sword-Bearer, Maj. A. E. Wood, D.C.M. £580 2923
Town Clerk, Sir James Bell, C.V.O£3,500 1902 Common Serjeant, Sir Henry Fielding	Marshal, Capt. D. F. Massy £480 2925
Dickens, K.C. £3,000 1917  Judges of Mayor's and City of London Court (and other offices), H. Holman	Common Cryer and Sergeant-at-Arms, William Thomas Boston
Gregory, R.C. £2,500 1929 F. Shewell Cooper £2,000 2922 Commissioner of Police, Lt -(0). Sur H. S. Turnbuil, K. B. R. £2,600 to £2,000 1925	Librarian and Director, Art Gallery, J. L. Douthwaite
Commissioner of Police, Lt -Col. Sur	Medical Officer Port of London, C. F. White, M. B., Ch.B., D.P.H £1,650 2928
Comptroller, V. F. Crowther-Smith £1,950 1925	Clerk to the Lord Mayor, S. Richards £1,500 1980
Remembrancer, John Bridge Aspinall £1,850 1927	Clerk to Sitting Justices (Guildhall)
Solicitor, A. F. I. Pickford, B.A £2,500 2924 Secondary & High Bailif of Southwark, Walter Norwood Raile £800 1931	and Clerk to Special Sessions, Wallace Thoday, LLB
Medical Officer, City of London, W. M	London Court and Clerk of the Seal.
Willoughby, B.A., M.D£1,900 1928 CoronerforLondon(£2,450)and South- work (£126 198. 4d), F. J. Waldo,	Wilfred Lawson Dell
M.D., M.A. [Golden Lane, K C.] £1,575 19 4 1901	Chamberlain, L. C. Michelmore f. 1.200 1024
Steward of Southwark, The Recorder	Town Clerk's Office, F. J. Craker £1,250 1931 Public Health Dent. Francis J. C.
Clerk of the Peace, W. W. Nops, Ll.B. L250 1929 Surveyor, F. C. J. Read, F. J £1,500 1931	Helder £1,200 1927 Valuation and Rating, L. V. Cockell £1,250 1920
Engineer, R. E. Finch, M.L.C.E., F.S.L. £1,900 1915 Head Master of City of Landon School,	Cockell£1,250 1920
F. R. Dale, D. S.O., M.C£2,000 1939	Market Superintendents:
F. R. Date, D.S.O., M.C. £2,000 2929  Head Master of Freemen's School, W. W. Parkinson, M.A. £600 2914  Head Mistress, City of London School  Head Mistress, City of London School	Central, H. W. G. Millman
Head Mistress, City of London School	Billingsgate, J. O'Neill £1,350 1906
for Girls, Miss Hilda Doris Bugby, M.A£680 1927	O.E.E£2,500 2920
•	
*THE CITY'S ES	
NET RECEIPTS. £ s. d.	NET EXPENDITURE. £ s. d.
Estates revenue	To Magistracy 9,861 3 5
Markets Revenue Accounts:— London Central Markets 32,698 0 7	Criminal Justice
Billingsgate Market 22,966 4 10	Open Spaces 17,780 16 9
Leadenhall Market 3,62s 8 10	City of London School 0,860 7 3
243,841 I7 6	City of London School for Girls 4.384 r6 a
Less Metropolitan Cattle Market 22,665 18 x	Freemen's School
	Expenses not allocated to Depts.
Gresham Estate Revenue	To Officers' Establishments 28,436 250 4
Moiety) 18,025 18 3	Expenses of Bonds and Debentures Pensions not allocated to Depts.
Various Contributions 30,092 7 Profit on Realisation	Charitable and Public Donations 16,573 14 6
Front on Realisation 5,030 10 7	Sundry Gratuities
£=79,35° 9 5	Grant to City and Guilds Institute 500 0 0 Expenses of Honorary Votes 206 17 0
• The above is abstracted from the softh "City's Cash Account of the sories extant—A.D. \$633 to 1330-31. (The Accounts eurlier than a D. \$633 were believed to have been destroyed in the Fire of Loudon; but two years'	Freedom and Addresses 4,953 19 0
Accounts earlier than An ross were believed to have	To London Almshouses 2,897 18 12 Debenture Stock Redemption 15,000 0 0
been destroyed in the Fire of Loudon; but two years' Accounts, tesp. Queen Elizabeth, have been discovered among the Corporation Archives, as exceptions to that belief.) The Volumes are in full detail, signed by the Auditors, and in perfect preservation. The above extract is from the 44th Annual Printed Account of the Corporation, a.D. x78; to 250-25. The Accounts are reparsed and stated as directed by Resolutions of the Court of Common Council of the 5th June, 250; the 25th December, 250; and 25th January, 257, upon Reports of the Coal and Corn and Pinance Committee, and they are printed in conformity with the 87th Standing Order of the Court of Common Council The Accounts are made up to the end of March and are issued in the	Supplementary Sinking Fund 15,000 o o
among the Corporation Archives, as exceptions to that belief.) The Volumes are in full detail, signed by the	Contingencies Reserve Fund 30,000 0 0 Market Improvements Res. Fund. 5,000 0 0
Auditors, and in perfect preservation. The above	Purchase of Pictures Reserve Fund 525 0 0
the Corporation, A.D. 2764 to 2030-32 The Accounts are	Rebuilding Suspense Account 13,422 9 6
prepared and stated as directed by Resolutions of the Court of Common Council of the 5th June, 1903, the	Alterations and Repairs Res. Fund 5,000 0 0 Suspense Account—Fruit Brokers'
zeth December, 1905, and seth January, 1917, upon Re-	Leasehold Premises 17,600 0 0
they are printed in conformity with the 87th Standing	Balance
are made up to the end of March and are issued in the	
form prescribed by those Orders, and show the Income and Expenditure applicable to the year on the various	
are made up to the end of March and are issued in the form prescribed by those Orders, and show the Income and Expenditure applies lie to the year on the various Funds.	£=75.33° 9 5

#### THE CITY GUILDS (LIVERY COMPANIES).

In the majority of cases the designation of the Company gives a clue to the trade which gave rise to the guild, the Broderers (Embroiderers), Cordwainers (cobblers), Fletchers (arrow makers), Loriners (bridle, bit, and spur makers), Poulters (poulterers), Scriveners (legal writers), Upholders (upholsterers), and Vintners (wine sellers) retaining the ancient name of the trade. The order of precedence is given in parentheses after the name of each Company.

9,716 Liverymen of the Guilds are entitled to vote at elections in Common Hall (see p. 604). The actual net number is, however, smaller, as many belong to more than one Guild; and only those who have residential or other qualification in the City have the Parlamentary vote in that district.

City have tendential or chief quantization in New Testing and City have the Parliamentary vote in that district. There are 77 Guilds in existence. The Liveries of the Loriners' (390), Stationers (376), and Merchant Taylors (335), are the most numerous, the Fletchers' (as), the amallest.

COMPANY	No of Livery.	Corpo- rate Income	Trust Income	Total	Hall •	Clerk	Master or Prime Warden, 1931—1932.
Mercers (z)	881	£ 53,000	£ 58,000	£ 111,000	4 lronmonger Lane, E C.a	Col. F D Watney,	SqdnLdr. R C. Lane
Grocers (2) Drapers (3)	166 180	37,500 50,000	500 28,000	38,000 78,000	Princes Street, E C a Throgmorton St , E C a	L Hickman Barnes	Osborne A Butcher H F Pearson, M c.
Fushmongers (4) Goldsmiths (5) .	279 150	47,798 43,000	2,428 26,000	50,226 58,000	London Bridge, E C 4 Foster Lane, E.C z	C N Hooper, J.P W. T. Pridenux	Owen H Smith Lord Blanesburgh,
Merchant Tay-	335	33,200 37,000	33,500 x3,000	66,700 50,000	Dowgate Hill, E.C 4 30 ThreadneedleSt , E C 2	J J Lambort C Roche Finnis, M A	
lors (7) Haberdaskers (8) Salters (9)	325 146	8,000 20,000	49,000 2,000	57,000 22,000	33 Gresham St , E C a St Swithin's Lone, E C 4	Guy Eagleton G Everard Nichols	C B. Wright Lt -Col. R. S Weston,
Ironmongers (20)	31	x3,c00	13,000	26,000	Shaftesbury Place,	J F Adams Beck .	H Rokeby Price
Vintners (zz)	298	10,900	4,630	25,530	Aldersgate, E C z Upper Th unes St , E C 4	(Tuffill car un.	
					42 Mincing Lane, E.C. 3	P M Evans, MA .	N G L. Child
					great" Loudon Companies		
A pothecaries (58)	177	1,000			Water Lane, E.C. 4	1	ONG
Armourers and Brasiers (22)	79	7,940	60		8z Coleman St , F C 2 .		
Bakers (29)	130	1,580	320		zé Harp Lane, E.C. 3		()ttomon
Barbers (27) * Basketmaker s(52)	183	•:	95	::	33 Monkwell St, EC s [Gresham College, E.C] [65 Lwr Thames St, EC] [5 Gray's Inn Sq, W C.z]	Do H. H. Bobart, M.B.E	Ottaway. Rev. A W. O Haway Rev. H. Williams
Blackmiths (40)	85		none	684	6s Lwr Thames St . E C 1	F. C. Luffman	Sir F E. R Becker
* Bowyer* (38)	28			690	[5 Gray's Inn Sq , W C.z]	H E Griffith	Ernest A. Abram.
Brewers (14)	48	3,140	21,300		Addie 30, 12 C #	N.C.	IL D GIIIIMUII.
*Broderers (48)	29	•••	••	1	[13 St Swithin's Lane, R.C.]	Sir William Barber.	C T Holford, FRC s.
Butchers (24)	245 120	309	Bz8 none	209	87 Bartholomew Close [Cripplegate Inst.,Golden	J. Woodman Smith	Norman Gow. E E Coxhead
Carpenters (26) ( tockmakers (61)	I 0	16,000 2,768	z,z8o	17,180	Throgmorton Av., E.C. 2 [rosa Cannon St., E.C. 4] Noble St., E.C. 2 [24 & 35 Gresham St., E.C.] Page Page Page Page Page Page Page Page	J Hutton Freeman	F O Keynell
Coarhmakers (99)	118	1,733	none	1.122	Noble St. E.C.	Henry Smith	Sydney Norris
*('vols (35)	68		IOO	2,100	34 & 36 Gresham St , E C ]	( C Sherrard, M A	Gilbert Russell
Coopers (36)	18a	2,400	5,000	7,400	7z Basınghall St , E.C z	Leslie Clarks, M A .	George Elkington
Cordwainers (27)	IIS	9,000	z,600	10,000	7 Cannon St , E C. 4	F W Mander, MA	F D Thorowgood
"('urriers (29)	54	z,088	74	1,103	Tourney St. E C 4]	F W Mander, MA	Happy Crowns
Cutters (z8)	92	5,350	none	5,400	Guildhall E.C. ol	W. N. Karle	T G Vickery
Distillers (74) Dyers (13)	74 84	6,000	z,000	7,000	7 Rasinghall St., E.C. 2 7 Cannon St., E.C. 4 17 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 19 Cannon St., E.C. 4 19 Cannon St., E.C. 4 19 Cannon St., E.C. 4 19 Cannon St., E.C. 4 19 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 10 Cannon St., E.C. 4 11 Cannon St., E.C. 4 11 Cannon St., E.C. 4 12 Cannon St., E.C. 4 12 Cannon St., E.C. 4 13 Cannon St., E.C. 4 14 Cannon St., E.C. 4 16 Cannon St., E.C. 4 17 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C. 4 18 Cannon St., E.C.	M M Merriman, M.A	Lt -Col W H Hat-
*Funnakers (84)	62	ISO	none	250	[62 London Wall, E.C. 2] [246 Bishopsgate, E.C. 2] [Arundel Honse, W.C. 2] [4 Broad St. Place, E.C. 2] [3 St Swithin's Lane, E.C.	H. D P Francis. M c.	S. G Hillyer, o.B.E.
Farriers (sg)	207	325	none	325	z46 Bishopsgate, E.C al	W. R. Starkie	C. J Marsh
o Feltmakers (64)	232	87	x84	271	Arundel House, W.C. a]	S A Williamson	J. J Jackson.
* Fletchers (39)	22	70	none	70	[4 Broad St. Place, E C.s]	P B Shepheard	A S Viney P. Lot Young,
Founders (33)	8a	1,710	680		[18 Essex St , Strand]		MIMOUILF
Framework Kuitters (65)	<b>154</b>	350					
Gardeners (45)	205	340 60	210 70	550 130	[40 Chancery Ln , W.C.2.] [5 Essex Court, Temple, E.C. 4.]	E A. Ebblewhite,	Edward Dean.
4			1		E.C. 4.] 39 Basinghall St , E.C.s [x3 Q'n Anne'sG'te,S W x] [x Garden Court, E C 4]	IL.D., I S.A.	D. C. Advo
Gerdlers (23)	80	3,000	I,500	4,500	39 Ensinghall St, E.C.s	George I Lockic	W. S Aule, I C.S.
*(Hans-sellers (77) *Glasiers (53)	60 80x	nil 243	85 66	300	Garden Court, E C 4	Col. R. J. Blackham	Henry Tanner.
G. W. (23)	.90	-43		309			
*Glovers (6a)	225	100	58	158	[28 Sackville St, W z]	J. J. Edwards, c.c	A W Green.

608		Lon	don	-L	ivery	Com	panie	98,	Fire	B <b>ri</b> gade.		
Company	No of			Total Income.		Hall	•		•	Clerk.	Master o Warden,	r Prime 2932-2932
"Gold & Suver	180	£ 110	Æ 3	£ 113	33 Wal	brook,	E.O s) .			rles Knight,		G. Downer,
Wyredrincers(109) Gunmakers (80) Horners (74) Innholders (38)	34 210 90	ZOS	none tune s50	205		non St	, E.C 4	1. 1	Norman Howard	s.a., cc. Cayley Deighton,c.c. Druce	Capt J. A. F. E. Crow R. S. Pater	е.
*Joiners (41) Leatherseller (15) *Loriners (57) .	62	1.300	none	1.300	Hill,	EC 4	ist .E C	2.1	Arthur		James F. J Dr. John G	anes.
• Манин (30)	62	i i	none	1	EC.	og Lin				lowes, p s.o.	1	
*Musicians (50)	·135	620	662	1,282	[z New		W C 2]	1	11 A.F (	Crewsdon, N.A.	Sir Ian	Malcolm,
Needlemakers(69)	200		none		[3 Crool	ked La	ne, E C	4]		King Farlow,	Sir G Mill	s McKay
Painters (28) Pattenmkrs (76)	189 84			25	a Little	brook.	E.C 2.1	1 1	William	ritchard, B.A Sparks	PJHH	unnon, w.p
Penterers (16)	300	6,500	#32	1 nom.   6,732	14 Cole 15 Lime 24 Theo	man Si	Ċ3.	2]	Arthur	Head S. Grant	Sydney Lo	vering.
Plaisterers (46) Playing Card Makers (83)	47 110	1,250		1,280 55/5/0	24 Theo	obalds I anou 8	Rd , W C	4]. [	W Hay	Mott	walter H.	Moresby,
Plumbers (31)	92	880	20	900	[36 Fur	nival S	t,EC	4].	Maj W	H. Champ-	W. H. M.	Smeaton.
Poulters (34) Backliers (25)	79 86	750 11,200							C R Ru	therford, M.A. Everitt	naught, Lt -Col J	ike of Con- mg (Ald .T Lawrie,
*Neriveners (44) *Shipen ephts (59)	38 239	830	24:HI	830	[56Victe 4 New	oria Sti Londoi	eet,8 W a St ,E	C.3]	A. A. P F C. Li	ngard, M.A.	H A Woo	
*Spectaclemakers (60)	214	400		400	(36 Fur	airal S	t., E C	4] .	Maj. W	H Champ-	SirL Faud	el-Phillips
Stationers (47) Tailowchudirs (22) "Tin PlateWrkrs	376 80 248	1,600 70	220	220 140	Station 4 Dowg (5 Esse	ate Hil x Cour	l, E C t, Tem	j.	RTR M.FMc EA	vington, u a nier-Williams Ebblewhite,	G F Rich	ardson
(67) • I urnera (52) • I ylera & Bkla.(37) • Upholdera (49) • Waxchinallera(20)	38	74 1,900 a80 1,370	80	2,980 300	ay Lone	ord Ros denhall	w, WC lSt,EC	[1] [2]	Arthur Geoffic	A Stone . H Bird Crump James Wood	Rev. J H	l Bird ew Simson Dumme-
* Weaver* (42) .	105	1,250	1,580	2,770	IT Que	en An	ine's G	ate,	L E S	l'anner, m a ,	low, M A. The Lord	
*Wheelerrights(73)	156	35		<b>±37</b>	[Mansi	on Hor	ıse, E C	2]	T Harv	ey Hall	The Lord	Ebbisham,
*B'oolnun (43) .	36	400	none	400	(6a 1.0n	idon W	all, E C	3 =1	а м с	andom		tson.
A 9 14					Y	r-11 44		'	43 411			• · •

* In case of a Company having no Hall, the address of the Clerk is given in brackets.

#### THE LONDON FIRE BRIGADE. Headquarters: 94 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E. 1.

PREVIOUS to the formation of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade in 1866 the churchwardens and overseers of every parish had been compelled, under an Act passed in 1774, to maintain an engine for putting out all fires occurring within their own boundaries; and from about 1830 the leading fire insurance companies had jointly organised and worked a fire-engine establishment of their own. On January 1, 1865, under the Metropolitan Fire Brigade Act, 1865, the Metropolitan Board of Works took over these responsibilities. On January 1, 1867, the Board also took over from the Royal Society for the Protection of Life from Fire (founded 1844) the service of the saving of Life from fire. By the passing of the Local Government Act, 1888, the Loudon County Council assumed control of the Fire Brigade. In 1904 the title of the Brigade was altered from "Metropolitan Fire Brigade" to "London Fire Brigade"

On Dec. 3r, 1930, the complement of the Brigade consisted of :—r chief officer; s divisional officers; 3 assistant divisional officers; and 1,933 officers, firemen, and pilots; a technique.

nical and clerical staff of 189. There were 6x land fire-stations, 3 river stations and x river repairing depot. The appliances included 87 motor fire engines, 74 motor escape vans, 6 petrol-electric motor ladders, 3 petrol motor ladders (in addition to tenders, &c.), 3 hose carts and xxo fire escapes, x long fire ladder, 64 mules of hose, x steam and 3 motor fire floats, 55 mnoke helmets, 399 hook ladders and s93 hook belts. There were x,689 street fire-alarm posts, 7 telephone lines from station to station and 368 telephone lines from station to station and 368 telephone lines from station to station and 368 telephone lines from the to the Brigade responded during the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, totalled 8,368, and the fires numbered 4,619, of which 35 were classed as "serious"

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

Chief Oficer, Arthur B. Dyer, A.M.I.G.E.
Divisional Oficers, Maj. C. C. B. Morris, M.C.;
Com. A. N. G. Firebrace, R.N.
Assist. Divisional Officers, Maj. F. W. Jackson,
D.S.O.; C. M. Kerr, A.M.I.G.E.; F. W. Field.

#### THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

Offices, The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E. z. and Old County Hall, Spring Gardens, S.W. z.

Hours 9.30 to 5 (Monday to Thursday), 9.30 to 5.30 (Friday), 9.30 to za.30 (Saturday).

Meets on Tuesday at 2.30 p.m.

THE London County Council was constituted | elementary schools with over 628,000 pupils, under the Local Government Act of 1888. London is an administrative county, covering an area of

117 square nules.

The City of London is an electoral division of the county. The County of the City of London is a county for non-administrative purposes, such as quarter sessions, justices, &c.; and the Metropolis outside the City is a county for non-administrative purposes, by name the County of London, in which the justices continue their judicial duties.

The Council comprises a chairman, so aldermen, and 124 councillors, together 145, or, if the char-man be also an elected member or alderman, 144. The term of office for aldermen is 6 years, and the retire every 3 years. The councillors are elected for 3 years. The councillors are elected directly for 3 years. The councillors are elected by the ratepayers, and the councillors elect the aldermen. The positions of aldermen and councillors are to the term of ciliors are the same, except as to the term of office.

The method by which the Council discharges the multitudinous duties entrusted to it is a generous delegation of powers to committees under well defined rules, subject to the re-servation to the Council itself of all questions of principle, and to periodical reports of action taken. In addition to members of the Council co-opted members are included on the following committees: Central Public Health, Education, Housing, Mental Hospitals, Midwives Act and Public Assistance.

Under the Local Government Act, 1929, the Council, as from April 1, 1930, became responsible for the administration of all forms of poor relief in London, including the services previously maintained by the late Metropolitan Asylums Board As required by the Act the Connoil prepared an administrative scheme for discharging the functions transferred, and the transferred services were merged as far as possible in the Council's existing organisation and allocated to the committees of the Council to which they were appropriate.

The Finance Committee have important statutory powers. No costs, debt or hability exceeding £50 may be incurred by the Council except upon a resolution passed on an estimate submitted by the Finance Committee. The Council is the principal money-raising body for all the local authorities in the county, and has a net debt, according to the latest returns, of £80,989,000 which £42,708,000 represents debt incurred takings), and an annual expenditure of about forty millions.

The Central Public Health Committee, among other duties affecting public health, are responsible for the treatment of tuberculosis, the diagnosis and treatment of venereal disease, the maintenance of 75 hospitals, with accom-modation for over 42.000 patients, and the Council's ambulance service.

The Education Committee comprise thirty-eight members of the Council and twelve co-opted members, of whom not less than five are

and 273 secondary and technical schools, evening institutes and training colleges, with nearly 200,000 students. In addition it gives grants-inside to 123 secondary and technical schools and training colleges.

The Housing Committee perform the duties cast upon the Council by the various Housing Acts, including the clearance of insanitary areas and the building of working-class dwellings. The total capital expenditure incurred up to March 21, 1931, in respect of all schemes was £36,618,000, and very large works are still in progress. About 45,000 houses and tenements have been completed since the war.

The Improvement Committee deal with questions relating to the carrying out of street improvements and construction of bridges, tunnels and ferries, Among other works now being carried out are the reconstruction of Lambeth and Chelsea bridges and the widening of Putney bridge,

The Mental Hospitals Committee administer the duties falling on the Council under the Lunacy Acts and the Mental Deficiency Act, 1913, and also the mental hospitals transferred from the Metropolitan Asylums Board. The Council has mental hospitals and other institutions for the care of mental defectives, with accommodation for over 31,000 patients.

The Metropolitan Main Drainage system covers about 195 square nules, including certain districts outside the county, and comprises about 400 miles of main, storm-relief, intorcepting and outfall Sewers, eleven pumping stations, two sewage precipitation stations, and five sludge vessels. The total capital outlay on main drainage is over £5.000,000, and further expenditure is in progress for a scheme to relieve certain districts from flooding after heavy falls of rain, and for the installation of plant at the northern outfall for the treatment of sewage by the activated sludge process.

The Public Assistance Committee administer the duties in connection with poor relief, other than hospital treatment, including the maintenance of institutions, receiving homes and training centres, for over xx,000 inmates.

The Council is the Tramicay Authority for Iondon The system (including about 9 miles belonging to the Leyton Urban District Council but worked by the London County Council) extends over 165 street miles, all of which are electric lines (123 miles on the underground electric lines (133 miles on the underground conduit system and 43 miles on the overhead system). The whole of this great system is worked by the Council, and through-running with various systems outside the County of London is now maintained, to the great advan-tage and convenience of the travelling public. The total capital outlay on trainways amounted. on March 32, 1931, to £18,352,000, and the net debt outstanding to £8,383,000. The results of eight members of the Council and twelve coopted members, of whom not less than five are
required to be women. The Education service
involves an annual expenditure of about
£13,000,000. The Council maintains 1,272 Amongst the Other Powers and Duties of the Council may be mentioned the following:—Sanctioning of loans required by the conneils of the metropolitan boronghs; maintenance of the brigade; acquisition and maintenance of parks and open spaces; the sanctioning of local sewers; town planning; controlling the building line, and the naming of streets and numbering of houses; supervising buildings and district surveyors; dangerons structures; cattle diseases; controlling storage of explosive substances and petroleum; infant life protection; gas, gas-meter and electricity-meter testing; testing weights and measures; licensing of slaughter-houses and of cow-houses; supervision of common lodging-houses; the granting of misic and dancing licenes; historic buildings and monuments; inspection of factories and certain other buildings to secure means of escape from fire; administration of the Shops Act, the Children Act, and the Midwives Acts; licensing and inspection of employment agencies; registration of massage establishments; licensing of premises under the Cinematograph Act; registration of motor cars; collection of duties on unotor cars, adg and establishment and certain other local taxation licences, registration of War charities; and welfare of blind persons.

The Expenditure of the Council, including loans to other local authorities, is met by two chief sources of supply—capital money raised by the issue of Stock, Bonds or bills, or by the use of the Sunking Fund of the Council's debt, and current income raised in a county rate or by the revenue of undertakings. Certain contributions, including education grants, are also received from the Imperial Exchequer. All borrowings by the Council are subject to the provision of a sinking fund, under Treasury approval, sufficient to repay all expenditure generally within a period of 60 years (in a few cases the limit is 30 years). The total Stock outstanding at September 30, 1931, was £98,204,521. These figures are exclusive of the issues of Bonds, the amount outstanding at September 30, 1931, being £6,091,775 Local Bonds for Housing.

The Rating for the year 1931-32, as shown by the statement below (which relates to rate accounts only), amounted to 63, 3d, in the pound over the whole county, including the City, and a further rate over the count, outside the City of a½d. In the pound, together 62, 7½d. The total rate for 1930-31 was 72, 2½d. The Assessable Value of the County of London on April 6, 1931, was £59,406,139-8 1d. rate over the whole county producing £447,536.

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE ON RATE ACCOUNTS IN 1031-32.

Service	Expenditure, including Debt Charges	Income (other than Exchequer Grants)	Net Expenditure	Exchequer Grants.	Net Expenditure falling on Rate
Administrative expenses not allocated to specific services	845,070 13,518,924 902,936	£ 7,800 466,045 107,020	£ 837,270 13,052,879 795,916	£  6,356,795 10,000	£, 837,270 6,696,084 785,916
Highways, Bridges and Street Improvements Housing Accounts—net deficiency Judicial Expenses Main Drainage. Mental Deficiency Mental Hospital Buildings Parks Public Control Public Control Relicf Works	7#8,513 #99,061 88,081 841,663 44*,974 #37,#57 *405,573 8,736,976 #59,813 5607,697 ~ 77,635	10,860  7,170 68,300 29,770 3,800 75,825 875,835 151,965 236,315	717,653 299,064 80,911 779,363 413,204 233,457 330,348 7,861,141 107,848 3,371,382 77,635	 80  2,500  1,930	717,653 299,064 80,831 779,363 410,704 233,457 388,488 7,861,141 107,848 3,371,187 77,635
Welfare of the Blind	96,735 99,147 800,000	 59,545 	96,735 39,60s 800,000	 920 	96,735 38,68a 800,000
General Exchequer Grant Proceeds of Local Taxation Licence Dutles	31,988,058	a,093,650	29,894,408	6,372,470 2,637,679	#3,5#1,938 -#,637,679 -131,000
	31,988,058	2,093,650	29,894,408	9,141,149	20,753,259

# ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE RAISED BY RATE IN 1931-32.

	Expenditure.	Income	Nett	Relief from	County Contributions,			
Rate Account			Expenditure	Balances.	Amount.	Rate in £.		
General County Special County	0-0	£ 11,128,479 106,320	£ 20,040,668 712,591	£ 1,051,185 186,570	£ 18,989,483 586,081	8. d. 6 5 0 2½		
	32,988,058	11,234,799	20,753,259	1,237,755	19,515,504	6 71/2		

#### THE FOURTEENTH LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

Riected March 3, 1931, for three years.

Chairman (1931-32) ..... Ernest Sanger. Vice-Chairman ..... Ernest M Dence Deputy Chairman ...... ....... Cecil A. G. Manning.

### ALPHABETICAL LIST OF ALDERMEN AND COUNCILLORS.

	MEMEN AND COUNCILIORS.
Name. Rectoral Division	Name. Electoral Division.
Adams, D. M., M.P. (Lab.) South Poplar.	Hayward, I. J. (Lab.) Rotherhithe.
Allpass, Charles J. (MR) South Battersea.	COERO, TECOTTEV (M K) CYTH OF LONGON
Arlott, David (Lab.) Central Southwark.	Henwood, F. Stanley (MR) North Paddington.
cBaker, Sir Alfred (Lab.) South Hackney. Bateman, Arthur L., M.P.	Hill, Percy (MR) Holborn.
Bateman, Arthur L., M.P.	Howard, Frank G. (MR) Hampstead.
	Howard, T. F., D.C.M., M P.
Benskin, LieutCol. J,	(MR) South Talknaton
Benskin, LieutCol. J, D.S.O, O B E. (MR) E. Lewsham.	Hume, Sir George, M.P Alderman till 1934.
	enunter, Admirai Unthbert
(Lab) East Woolwich.	(MR) Greenwich,
(Lab) East Woolwich. Blacketer, T. J. (Lab.) Bow and Bromley. Boggns-Rolfe, D. H Alderman till 1924 Bosson, Alfred C. F. R. I. B. A. Alderman till 1924	eleckmen Marshall (Lah) South Hackney
Boggis-Rolfe, D H Alderman till 1024	elackman, Marshall (Lab) South Hackney.
Bossom, Alfred C , F.R. I B A. Alderman till 1934	Jacobs, Cyril H. M. (MR) Clapham.  Jeger, Dr. S. W. (Lab) Shoreditch.  Jennings W. J. (MR) Packbags.
Buant, Frank, M.P (Lib.). North Lambeth.	lannings W I (MD) Pashbar:
Brook, C. W., MA, Ph.D.	Jennings, W. J. (MR) Peckham. eJones, Ronald P., M.A.,
Brook, C. W., MA, Ph.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lab.) N. Southwark	P D I D A (IAh) O W Dathard Co
Cadman, Lady (MR) North St. Pancras.	F.R I.B.A (Lib.) S. W. Bethnal Green.
Campbell - Johnston, M.,	eKeeling, Miss C, M B R (MR) South Kensington.
Campbell - Johnston, M., M.P. (MR)	Kemp, E. H (MR) West Woolsrich.
e ('azalet, Miss Thelma, M.P., Alderman till 1927, 1	Kenyon, H V., M.B R. (MR) South Paddington.
Churchill, Dr Stella (Lah.) S E Southwark.	eKingston, Charles (MR) Brixton.
Churchill, Dr Stella (Lab.) S E Southwark. Clarke, A. Vincent, M. I Mech E.,	
ANICE, A.MIE.E (MR) North Battersea.	Lambert, Dr Barrie, C.B E.,
eClavering, Albert (MR) S. E. St Pancras.	D.P H (MR) St. George's.
eCobb. Sir Cyril S. K.B.E.	Latham, Charles, F.L. A.A . Alderman till 1934.
eCobb, Sir Cyril S, K.B.E, M.V O, M.P. (M.R.) West Fulham.	elatham, Paul (MR) E. Lewisham, Lazarus, H. (Lab.) Limehouse
eCobb, Capt. Edward, D.S o	Luzurus, II. (Inu.) Limenouse
(MR) East Islington.	Levita, LtCol. Sir Cecil B.,
"t'ooksey, W. Thoresby (MR) South Islington.	CB.E., M.V.O. DL (MR) North Kensington.
Coumbe, Mai. E. H. (MR) Stoke Newington	elowe, Mrs. EvelineM.(Lab.) W. Bermondsey.
Cruse, Edward (Lab.) Bow and Bromley.	Lyall, Dame Beatrix, D.B.E.
Cnipin, Ewart G., F.R. I.B.A.,	(MR) East Fulham.
M.T.P.I Alderman till 1027	eMacDonald, Miss Ishbel
M.T.P I Alderman till 1937 Dalton, J. C., D.L. (MR) Alibey.	(Lab) South Poplar
	Macdonell, J. H., F.R.S A.
Davies, Sir Alfred, C.B.E. (MR) North St. Pancras	(Lab) N. Southwark.
Davies, D Alderman till 1934.	Mahoney, Rev. James, Ph D.
Davis, M. H. (Lab.) Whitechapel and	(Lab) Deptford.
St. George's.	(Lab) Deptford. Manning, Cecil A. G (Lab.) N Camberwell.
Dawson, Miss Agnes (Lab.) N. Camberreell.	eMarchant, W. F, OB.E.
Day, Col. Harry (Lab.) Central Southwark.	(MR) Norwood.
Dence, Ernest M. (MR) Greenwich.	(MR) Norwood, Mark, J. Elliot (MR) Streatham.
Dove, F L., D.L. (MR) North Islington.	Martin, Edward P. (MR) Cent. Wandsworth.
Emmet, Mrs. E., M.A. (MR) North Hackney	Martin, W. H. (Lab) Finshury
Evans, Evan (MR) S.E. St Pancras.	Martin, W. H. (Lab) Finsbury. Mathew, Mrs. Charles J
	(Lab.) Lamehouse
Frankel, Dan (Lab.) Mile End	(Lab.)
ekulford, Miss C	Th (MR) S.W. St. Paneras
Galer, F. Bertram, M.A., F.I.A. (MR) Streatham.	Memertzhagen, Sir Ernest
F.I.A. (MR) Streatham.	(MII) Chelsen
Gilbert, Sir John, K.B.E Alaerman tut 1937.	(MR) Chelsea. Mills, Capt Bertiam W.
Gir'ing, Mrs H. (Lab.) Shoreauch.	(MR) Fast Fulham.
Gluckstein, Samuel (MR) Abbey.	Nonk Bretton, Lord, CB.,
eGoff. Miss Movrs (MR) N. Hammersmith.	to t (MR) Clanham
eGooch, Sir Henry (MR) Dulwick. Gordon, A. McD (MR) Stoke Newington.	Moore-Brabazon, LtCol. J T. C., M.C., M.P. (MR) St George's.
Gordon, A. Mcl) (MR) Stoke Newington.	J. T. C., M.C., M.P. (MR) St. George's
Grantham, W. W., K.C. (MR) City of Loudon	Moreing, Adrian C., M.A.
Green, Walter H Alderman till 1937.	MP (MR) S.W. St. Pancras.
Greenwood, Hubert J., D.L. Alderman till 1937.	' Morrison Rt. Hon. Harbert. Alderman till 1000
Hodde The Earl of O.R.E.	Morton W J. O.R. E. (MR) N. W. Cambassall
and the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of th	
D. T. (MR) West Frunam.	Monetardiar M PSAA
D.L. (MR)	eMoustardier, M., F.S.A.A.,
enan. Eric. M.A Auterman int 1937.	Morton, W. J., O.B.E. (MR) N.W. Camberwell, eMoustardier, M., F.S.A.A., F.O.18. (MR)
Halse, F. T. (MR) West Weolwich.	Munster, The Earl Of (MR) N. Paddington.
enan. Eric. M.A Auterman int 1937.	Monton, W. F.B.A.A., F.O.I.S. (MR)

· continues -	
Name. Electoral Devision.	
eNathan, Mrs H. L. (Lib.) . A.E. Bethnal Green.	Scott, A1
Newton, Sir Louis A., Bt.	eScriven,
(MR) City of London.	Scurr, Jo
(MR) City of London. Norman, R. C Alderman till 1934.	Selley, H
Northcott, W. C (MR) S. Hammersmith.	Sidney,
	Silkin, L
Oakey, J. M., M.C Alderman till 1937	Simmons
Oldfield, J. R (Lab.) Whitechapel.	D.L. (A
Pearson, R E. (Lib.) N.E.Bethnal Green.	eSimpson.
Towning Colonal John D.)	Smith, M
(MR) Balham & Tooting.	Speakm
(MI)	eSpencer,
(MR) Brixton.	B A. (2
Pollitt, F Leigh (MR) W. Lewisham.	Steer, W
POLL BERINAIG II. (Lag.). F. Protector.	LL.B. (
Prichard Rev. A G (Lab) W. Islington.	Stranks,
Ray, Sir William (MR) . Central Hackney.	Studhol
Reed. Percival H Alderman till 1937.	«Swann,
Richards, N. Geoffrey (MR) W. Lewisham	Tasker,
Rickards, Miss E, MS,	Taylor,
F.R C.S., L.R C.P Alderman till 1934.	
Roberts, Dr. Adeline, O.B R. (MR) St. Marylebone.	Venn, C
(MR) St.Marylebone.	R.N. (1
"Robertson, Charles, N A	eWallas,
(Lab.) E. Islington.	Warbur
Robinson, Dr Henry, M.A.,	eWebbe,
M.D. (MR) N. Kensington.	Wedder
«Sainsbury, E. J., O.R.E.,	(MR)
B.A. (M.R.) North Battersea	eWilmot
Salter, Mis. Ada (Lab.) . West Bermondsey.	Wilson,
Samels, B. J. (MR) S Hammers mith.	M.P (
«Sainsbury, E. J., O.B.E., B. A. (M.R.)	eWorst he
Sanger, Minest (M. A.) Marguevoite.	(MR)
NOTE - The letters (MR), (Lab.), (Lab.), stand	for the l
at the election—viz , (MR) Municipal Reform ; (	

Electoral Division. ngus N., F.C.A.(MR) Putney.
J T (MR) . . . . South Paddington ohn (Lab.) Male End. H. R., M.P. (MR) South Bo Hon. William (MR) Chelsea. South Batternea. L. (Lab.) ... ... S. E. Southwark. MR) ..... City of London. n, (Tharles R (Lab.) Finsbury. MissRosamoud (MR) North Islington. an, John (Lab.) .... Deptford. Major Robert, N.C., MR) ..... V. R. Hornby, M.A., . .. North Hackney. (MR) .... ..... Hampstead. , S. (Lab) . . . . . Rotherhithe. Ime, Henry (MR) . . Kennington Harold (MR) . . . . Kennington. SirRobert, D. L. (MR) Holborn. Robert G. (MR) ... Putney. Commander L. R., (retired) (MR) ..... N. Hammersmith. Miss K. T. .. ... Alderman till 1934. rg. Sir Oscar, O.B.R. Allerman till 1937. W. H., C.B.E. (MR) N.W. Camberwell. rburn, A. H. Melvill S. Kensington, t, H.A., F.A.I. (M.R.) Dulwich. , (Tyde f., B.A., IL. B., (MR) ... MR) ... ..... Central Wandswith orne, Mrs. Priscilla ...... Norwood. Party whose candidate the Member was our; (Lib.) Liberal.

EDUCATION COMMITTER (Chairman, Sir John Gilbert; Vice-Chairman, Captain Edward Cobb).—
Members whose names are marked e form the Education Committee, together with the Chairman,
Vice-Chairman and Deputy-Chairman of the Council, and the following co-opted members.—
F. R. Barker, J. P. Blake, Francis Bowie, Mrs. Barbara Drake, Dr. Sophie Jevons, M.A., the Hon.
Lady Lawrence, Rev. Canon Maplesden, L.D., A. H. E. Molson, Dame Jessie Wilton Phipps, D.B. E.,
Walter T. Prideaux, A. E. Samuels, LL.E., Miss Tomes.

#### CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Taluer, Frank Hunt, C.V.O.
Chef Officer, Public Control Dept, H. J. C.
Davies

Chief Officer, Parks Dept., Brig.-Gen. P.
Mand, C.M.G., C.B.E.

Mand, C.M.G., C.B.E.

Thomas

Ex,400

General Manager of Transcays, T. E.
Thomas

Education Officer, G. H. Gater, C.M.G.,
D.S.O., N.A.

Chief Officer of Supplies, F. W. Mackinney,
C.B.E.

Parliamentary Officer, H. M. Hooke

(Barrister-at-Lavo)

Chef Officer of Public Assistance, Sir
Allan Powell, C.B.E.

Chief Officer, Mental Hospitals Dept.,
R. H. Curtis

#### CRIME IN THE METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT.

Year	Total No of Crimes.	Total No of Persons Apprehended 9,825	First Loss	Amount Recovered	Total Loss.	Estimated Population.	Proportion of Crimes per z,eec of pop.
1926 1927 1928	15,66a 14,908 25,484	10,731 10,427 10,328	451,327 564,269 517,758	110,534 130,080 137,950	340,793 434,849 379,808	7,652,212 7,728,583 7,777,790 7,783,062	1'947 a'0a6 1'916
1930	17,118 20,063	10,917 12,560	287,081 915.495	191,545	595,476 684,668	7,837,ago 7,889,500	1 989 2 184 2,543

### THE PRINCIPAL ENGLISH CITIES. BIRMINGHAM.

BIRMINGHAM (Warwickshire), the second City in England, situated in the heart of industrial England, is the chief centre of the hardware trade of the world. It is practically equidistant from the other important trade centres in the country, being 111 miles from London, 85 miles from Manchester and 91 miles from Bristol. The municipal area is 51,427 acres (about 71 square miles), with a population at the census of 1931

of x,cos,4x3.

It is estimated that over x,see distinct trades are carried on in the city, the chief industries being the manufacture of ammunition and small arms, chocolate, chemicals, cycles and their component parts, magnetos, railway rolling-stock, glass, motor-cars and motor-cycles, motor tyres, tools, electrical apparatus, wireless sets

and components, jewellery and brass working.
Gas, water and electricity are supplied by the
Corporation, who also own the transport under-

Corporation, who also own the transport undertaking, markets and Mnnicipal Bank.
The principal buildings are the Town Hall, built in 1832-1850 on the lines of the Temple of Jupiter Stator at Rome, with a large hall; the Council House and Corporation Art Gallery and Museum (1878); the University (Aston Webb, 1909); the Central Library; the 13th century Church of St. Martin (rebuilt 1873); the Cathedral (formerly St. Phillip's Church, built by Archer, a pupil of Wen's), the Roman Cathohc Cathedral of St. Chad (Pugin), and the Wesleyan Central Hall. A memorial bust of Abraham Lincoln was unveiled in 1921. Birmingham was Central Hall. A memorial bust of Abraham Lincoln was unveiled in 1921. Birmingham was incorporated as a borough in 1838, and was created a city in 1889; it is governed by a Lord Mayor and City Council of 30 Aldermen and 31 Councillors. The city returns 12 members to Parliament. The generally accepted derivation of "Birmingham" is the ham or dwelling-place of the 1929 of the family of Berns, presumed to have been a Sayon. Between the 1921 and 1821. have been a Saxon. Between the 11th and 16th centuries, the de Berminghams were Loids of the Manor.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), J. B. Burman. Recorder, J. G. Hurst, K.C. (1931). Stipendary Magistrate, The Rt. Hon. Lord

Ilkeston (1910).
Town Clerk, F. H. C. Wiltshire (1918).
Clerk of the Peace, Joseph James (1905).

#### LIVERPOOL

LIVERPOOL (Lancashire), on the right bank of the river Mersey, 3 miles from the Atlantic and 194 miles N.W. of London, is one of the greatest trading centres of the world and the principal port in the United Kingdom for the Atlantic port in the United Kingdom for the Atlantic trade. The municipal area is 24,102 acres (which includes 2,853 acres in the bed of the river includes 2,853 acres in the bed of the river. Mersey) (about 33 square miles, excluding the bed of the river), with a population at the census of 1,252 (about 33 square miles, excluding the bed of the river), with a population at the census of 1,252 (about 33 square miles, excluding the arriving in the port during 1,254 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554 (about 3,554

authority is the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board. The chief import is cotton, those next

in importance being grain, provisions, sugar, fruit, oil, timber and tobacco.

The principal buildings are the Cathedral, erected from the designs of Sir Gilbert Scott and consecrated in 1924; when completed this will be the largest ecclesiastical building in England; St. George's Hall, erected 1838-1854, from the designs of Harvey Lonsdale Elmes, at a cost of £300,000, and regarded as the finest modern example of classical architecture; the Town Hall, erected 755 from the designs of Wood; the Walker Fine Art Gallery, the University; the Royal Infirmary; the Municipal Offices; and the Custom House. A Roman Catholic Cathedral, designed to be the largest is the world will be with the continuous and the Custom House. in the world, will be built on Brownlow Hill.

Liverpool was incorporated as a horough early in the 13th century and was created a city in The Corporation consists of a Lord Mayor z88a. and a City Council which comprises 38 Aldermen and 113 Councillors. The City returns 12 members to Parliament. The name is believed to be derived from Norse words meaning the "Pool

of the Slopes.'

Principal City Officers.
The Lord Mayor (1932-1932), J. C. (1088, Recorder, Edward G. Henmerde, R. C. (1909).
Protice Magistrate, Stuart Deacon (1970).
President, Court of Passage, Sir Wm. F. Kyffin Taylor, K B R., K.C.

Town Clerk, Walter Moon, £3,300 (1922). Clerk of the Peace, R. D. Cripps.

#### MANOHESTER.

MANCHESTER (Lancashire), the centre of the world's cotton trade, is 189 miles N W. of London. The municipal area is 28,857 acres Loudon. The municipal area is as, asy acres (about 34 square miles), the population at the census of 1931 being 766, 333. In April, 1931, the addition of the Wythenshawe area.

Manchester is the distributing centre of the cotton spinning and weaving of Lancashive for the whole world, and of butter and foodstuffs for the most density royaleted part of English.

for the most densely populated part of England. It also contains large engineering and machinery works and factories of hats, clothing, india-nety works and factories of hats, clothing, india-rubber goods, chemicals, &c. The city is con-nected with the sea by the Manchester Ship Canad (opened in 1894), which has a total length of 35½ miles, a depth of 38 to 30 feet, and a minimum width at the bottom of 129 feet. The minimum water as the obtain of rap levet. In the tonings of ships engaged in the Foreign Trade was 3,677,681 for arrivals and 3,098,698 for departures in 1,229, the value of the sea-borne trade of the port being £99,886,967 in 1,290. The net tonings of arrivals in the Coasting Trade was

Library (1899), which includes the Althorp collection; the University (Owens College); and the 18th century Cathedral (formerly the parish church). Manchester is one of the principal centres of political, literary and scientific advancement, and the Haile Concerts have placed the city in the forefront of musical development. The Manchester Guardian newspaper expresses a videopressing thinguistic through. paper exercises a widespread influence through-

out the English-speaking world.

The town received a charter of incorporation in 1838 and was created a city in 1853. The City

in 1898 and was created a city in 1893. The City Council will consist (from April 2, 1931), of 36 Aldermen and 108 Councillors. Manchester returns 20 members to Parlameut. The Latin name of the city was Manchium.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Major (1921-1932). E. Green.

Recorder, Sir Walter Greaves-Lord, K. C., M. P. (1925).

Town Clerk, F. E. Warbreck Howell (1922).

Clerk of the Peace, E. M. Redhead.

SHEFFIELD.

SHEFFIELD (Yorkshire, West Riding), the chief centre of the heavy steel and cutlery trade, is situated in the extreme south of Yorkshire, x59 miles N.N.W of London, at the junction of the Sheaf, Porter, Rivelin and Loxley with the river Don. The city has an area of 34,x63 acres (about 53 square miles), with a population at the census of 7921 of 5x1,74s. The principal industries are the manufacture of heavy steel (armour plates rails, tyres, axles, engine castings, &c.). plates, rails tyres, axles, engine castings, &c), cutlery, and instruments, in addition to engines and general machinery, tanning, confectionery, bleycles, iron and brass founding, silver refining, process, non and brass founding, silver refining, brush making, and many other industries. Sheffield plate (silver rolled on other metals) made during the years 1748-1840, when electroplating superseded the process, is greatly prized by collectors.

The principal buildings are the 14th century Parish Church (St. Peter's), the Town Hall (1897), the Cutlers' Hall (1832), Corn Exchange, Market Hall, Museum, Mappin Art Gallery, Ruskin Museum and the University.

The Saxon town of Escafeld was created a county borough in 1885 and a city in 1893, the Chief Magistrate becoming a Lord Mayor in 1897. The Corporation includes 24 Aldermen 1897. The Corporation includes 24 Aldermen and 78 Councillors. Sheffield 1 eturns 7 members to Parliament.

to Parliament.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1932-1932), T. H. Watkins.

Recorder, Walter Hedley, K.C. (1932).

Master Cutler (1932-1932), J. Ward.

Town Clerk, R. B. Gibson (1932).

Clerk of the Peace, G. E. Smith

LEEDS (Yorkshire, West Riding) is favourably strated in the coal and iron districts of England, 18g miles N.N.W. of London, and is the centre of the woollen industry and the wholesale clothing trade. The city has also the largest share of the leather trade of the United Kingshare of the leather trade of the United King-dom, in addition to large rope works, printing works, and factories of thread, glass and earthenware, with metal casting, machinery and machine tools, steam engines, railway wagons, and other engineering works Leeds is connected with the Biersey in the west by the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, with the Humber in the east by the Aire and Calder Navigation, and is an important railway centre.

The municipal area is 38,x66 acres (nearly 60 square miles), the population at the census of

regar being 48.789.

The principal buildings are the Town Hall (1848), the Royal Exchange (1878), the Phillosophical Hall, the Municipal Buildings and Art Gallery, the University and the Leeds Institute of Science, Art and Literature (1865). The Parish Church (St. Peter's) was rebuilt in 2840; the 17th century St. John's Church has a fine interior with century 8t. John's Church has a fine interior with a famous Renafasance screen; the ryth century Mill Hill Chapel was rebuilt in 1849. Kirkstall Abbey (about 3 miles from the centre of the city), founded by Henry de Laci in 1854, is one of the most complete examples of Cistercian houses now remaining. Temple Newsam, birthplace of Lord Darnley, was acquired by the Corporation in 1858. The present mansion, a stately diffice in 1864 birth was built by 8ir Arthur edifice in red brick, was built by Sir Arthur Ingram in 1620. Adel Church, about 3½ miles from the centre of the city, is a fine Norman structure.

Leeds was first incorporated by Charles I. in r656, made a county borot, in 1889, and was created a city in 1893. The Lord Mayor presides over a corporation of a6 Aldermen and 75 Councillors. The city returns 6 members to Parliament. The earliest forms of the name are

Parliament. The earnest forms of the name are Loidis or Ledes, the origin of which is obscure. Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), F. B. Simpson. Recorder, E. A. Mitchell-Innes, G.B.E., K. C. (1938). Stypendary Magistrate, Horace Marshall (1930). Clerk of the Peace, Sir Arthur Copson Peake (1896).
Town Clerk, Thomas Thornton (1984).

#### BRIGTOT.

BRISTOL is situated partly in (flouoestershire and partly in Somerset and is a City and County in itself, and is xxy miles W. of London. The present municipal area is x9,615 acres with a population, at the census of 1931, of 396,918. Bristol is noted for its maritime history.

The principal industries are shipbuilding, rope making, chocolate, sugar and tobacco factories, motor and general engineering, clothing, print-ing, paper bag and cardboard making, glass and earthenware, soap, leather and chemical works, breweries, and copper, lead and iron works. The docks comprised within the Port are the City Docks, 6 miles from the entrance to the river Avon; the Boyal Edward and Avonmouth Docks, at the mouth of the river; and the Portishead Docks, to the westward of the river entrance. The net tounage of ships (en gaged in the Foreign Trade) entered in 1930 was gaged in the Foreign arane, conserved in 1992 was, 655,549 tons, and of those cleared 1,700,409 tons, the value of the seaborne trade being stated at 253,056,568 for 1993; the net tonnage of arrivals in the Coasting Trade was \$65,758 and of the departures 2,155,545 net tens in 1930. The principal imports are grain, flour and meal fruit, provisions, frozen meat, sugar, metals, ores oilseeds, paper, petroleum and petroleum spirit timber, tobaco and general merchandise, and the chief exports are galvanised iron, tin-plates

the chief exports are galvanised iron, tin-plates machinery, manufactured oils, chemicals stronts, hardware, and unmanufactured ciay. The chief building, in addition to the ratic century Cathedral (rebuilt by Street 1868-1888) the rath century Church of St. Mary, Redcliff described by Queen Elizabeth as "the fairsaf goodliest and most famous parish church is Regland"), and the rath century Temple Church are Canyinges' House, the Merchant Venturen

Almshouses, St. Peter's Hospital, the Council Almshouses, St. Feter's Hospital, the Council House, Guildhall, Exchange (erected from the designs of John Wood in 1743), Colston Hall, the University and Clifton College. The Clifton Suspension Bridge, with a span of 70s feet over the Avon, was projected by I. K. Brunel (the designer of the Great Eastern) in 1836, but was not completed until 1860.

Bristol was Royal Borough before the Norman Conquest, and in 1899 its Chief Magnstrate (Sir Herbert Ashman) became a Lord Mayor. The Corporation includes 23 Aldermen and 69 Councillors. The city returns 5 members to Parliament. The earliest forms of the name are Parliament.

are Brigstows and Bristow.

### Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), John Hampden Inskip.

High Steward, His Grace the Duke of Beaufort, T.D. Recorder, Herbert Dn Parcq, K.C. (1929). Town Clerk, Josiah Green.

#### KINGSTON UPON HULL

HULL (officially "Kingston upon Hull") is situated in the East Riding of Yorkshire, at the junction of the Hull with the Humber, 22 miles from the North Sea and 181 miles N. of London, The municipal area is 13,392 acres, with a popu-

Hull is the third port in the United Kingdom and the chief port of North-Eastern England Ten docks cover a water area of are acres and are equipped with every modern appliance for the rapid handling of cargoes. Hull has the the rapid handling of cargoes. Hull has the reputation of being the cheapest port in the U.K. Net registered touninge of ships using the port in 1930, 7,073,914. Value of imports (grain, oilseed, provisions, wood, fruit, wool, etc.) £74,996,352 in 1930; exports (cotton, woollen goods, coal, machinery, cattle food, etc.) £34,377,855. Hull is the largest centre of the seed-cushing and oil-extracting industry in the seed-cushing and oil-extracting industry in the world the presider fighture work of the U.K and world, the premier fishing port of the U.K. and an important centre of the flour-milling industry; other manufactures are acetates, camisters, cement, colours and chemicals, mill machinery, oil cakes and meals, paint, paper, polishes, power alcohol, radiators, rope, shipbuilding, soap, starch, surgical dressings, tanning, tar pro-

ducts, varnish, vegetable oils, wood milling, etc The chief buildings, in addition to the Docks, are the Parish Church (Holy Trunty), 272 feet in length (the longest parish church in England), the Guildhall (1915). Exchange (1956), Chamber of Commerce, Corn Exchange, Market Hall, City U. M. Church Holy Dead (1958), Lington Hall, Custom House Dock Offices, Royal Institu-(1753), and the Ferens Att Gallery. A Municipal Art Gallery has been established under the gift

of the late Mr. T. R. Fereus. A municipal aero-

drome was opened in 1929

The name of Wyke-upon-Hull was changed to Kingston-upon-Hull by Edward I. in the 13th century. The town was incorporated in 1376 and made a county borough in 1888. The Corand made a county borough in 1888. poration consists of a Lord Mayor, 16 Aldermen and 48 Councillors. Hull returns 4 members to Parliament.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), R. W. Wheeldon. Recorder, Charles Frederick Lowenthal, K.C. (19a8). Town Clerk, J. R. Howard Roberts (1931).

#### BRADFORD.

BRADFORD (Yorkshire, West Riding), xos miles N.N.W. of London and 8 miles W. of Leeds, in the coal and iron district, is the centre of the woollen and worsted trade. The city is connected with the Mersey in the west and with the Humber in the east by canals, and is an unportant railway centre. The municipal area is 24,341 acres (about 38 square inites), with a population at the 1931 census of 298,c41.

The principal textile industries are worsteds,

woollens, silks and cottons, and there are also important engineering and iron works, and quarries of freestone.

The chief public buildings, in addition to the 15th century Cathedral (formerly the Parish Church), are the Town Hall (1873), Exchange (1867), Cartwright Memorial Hall (1904), commemorating the inventor of the power loom, the Windson (Baths and Public Halls, 1905), Gramman School, Technical College (1882), and the Mechanics' Institute (1832).

The Saxon townsh.p was created a parliamentary horough in 1832, a county borough in 1838, and a city in 1907. The Corporation consists of a Lord Mayor, 22 Aldermen and 66 Conneillors. Bradford 1 eturns 4 members to Parliament.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), George Walker. Recorder, Frank Bevenley (1926). Stependiary Magistrats, Beaumont Morice (1914). Town Clerk, N. L. Fleming (1920).

#### NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE.

NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE (Northumberland), on the north bank of the Tyne estuary, 8 miles from the North Sea and sys miles N of Loudon, has an area of 8,45s acres (13 square miles) and a population of s83,145 at the Ceusus of 1931.

The city is conveniently placed on the estuary, in the neighbourhood of the Northumberland and Durham coalfields. The exports of the Port of Newcastle upon Tyne (River Tyne) include coal, chemicals, oil fuel (as cargo and bunkers), pig iron, iron and steel manufactures and machinery; the chief imports being wheat and grain, fruits, iron, non ore and steel, sulphur ore, petroleum, timber and wood, and potatoes. The net tonuage of ships engaged and potatoes. The net countage of ships engaged in the Koreign Trade was 7,533,583 for arrivals and 8,884.172 for departures in 1929. the value of ocean-borne trade being £41,749,121 in 1929; the net tonnage of arrivals in the Ceasting Trade was 3,996,146 and of departures 2,652,214 nct tons in 1929. The chief industries are shipbuilding, metal works and machinery, chemicals, glass, brick, tile and earthenware, and was applied. and rope making

The principal buildings include the (xith century)" New" Castle, of which the walls, keep and chapel are well preserved, the Cathedral (St. Nicholas), St. Andrew's Church (12th century), St. John's (14th century), St. George Jesmond, the Roman Catholic Cathedral of Hexham and Newcastle, Holy Trinity War Memonal, Guildhall (1658), Moot Hall (1850), Evchange (1860), Central Public Library and Laug Art Gallery, Wood Memorial Hall (1870) and the Custom The city is connected with the south house. The city is considered with the solid bank of the Tyne by six bridges, viz. - high level (Stephenson) for road and rail, swing bridge (road), Bedheugh (road), Scotswood sus-pension (road), King Edward VII. (rail), Tyne

(road).

The pre-Norman borough of Monkchester was re-named Newastle in the xxth century when the castle was erected as a defence against the Scots. In x400 it was made a county borough, and in x890 was incorporated. The City Corporation now includes a Lord Mayor (x906), zg Aldermen and sy Councillors. Newcastle-upon-Tyne returns 4 members to Parliament.

Principal City Officers.

The Lord Mayor (1931-1932), J. G. Nixon.
Recorder, Walter Hedley, K.C. (1929).
Town Clerk and Clerk of the Peace, Arthur Maule
Ollver, O B.E. (1907)

#### NOTTINGHAM.

NOTTINGHAM (Nottinghamshire), the principal manufacturing centre of hosiery and lace, stands on the left bank of the Trent, where the tributary stream Leen enters the river, ras miles, N.N.W. of London. The municipal area is 10,933 acres (zz square miles), and includes an open market-place of 5½ acres in the centre of the city, recently isld out as an ornamental garden, etc. The population of the Census of rarn was 368.80:

The city is connected with the North Sea and the city is connected with the North Sea and an important railway centre. The principal

industries are ootton, slik and merino hosiery, lace, bleaching, dyeling and spinning, tanning, engineering and cycle works, brewing, the manufacture of tobacco, chemicals, furniture, typewriters, and colour printing.

The ohief buildings are the xxth century Nottingham Castle (restored in 1878, and now the City Museum and Gallery of Art), Wollaton Hall (1986-88) recently purchased by the Corporation, St. Mary's, St. Peter's, and St. Nicholas's Churches, the Roman Catholic Cathedral (Pugin 182-4), the Council House, opened by the Prince of Wales in 1929, the Guildhall and Court House (1887), Shire Hall, Albert Hall. Exchange, University College, Hospital and Eye Infirmary. New University College, opened July 10, 1928.

Snotengaham or Notingeham, "the home of the sons of Snod" (the Wise), is the Anglo-Saxon name for the Celtic Tungogobauc, "Cave Homes." The city possesses a Charter of Henry II., and was created a city in 1897. The Corporation comprises a Lord Mayor, 16 Aldermen and 48 Councillors. The city returns 4 members to Parliament.

Principal City Officers.

Lord Mayor (231-1932), William Green.

Recorder, Henry Holmes Joy, K.C. (1938).

Town Clerk (1912) and Clerk of the Peace (1921),

William John Board, O.B.E.

#### STRATFORD-ON-AVON.

Shakespeare's Burthplace (April 23, 1564), at Stratford on Avon, has been for over 200 years the goal of pilgrims. It was bought for £3, too in 2647 and given to the nation. (Restored in 1857.) Managed by 26 Trustees (16 ex-official). Holds library of rare editions, pictures, and relics. In the garden are many trees and plants named by the poet.

Clopton Bridge, built of stone, on 19 arches, about 1490 by Sir Hugh Clopton, Stratford native, and Lord Mayor of London.

Guild Chapel and Guildhall.—Built A.D. 1396. In the old hall young Shakespeare could witness strolling companies performing (mentioned in Records). In chapel were discovered beneath whitewash, 1804, nural allegorical paintings, done by mediaval priests, further discoveries being made in 1932.

Hall's Croft.—Unaltered old-timbered residence of Susanna, poet's daughter, wife of Dr. John Hall, churchwarden and poet's executor.

Harrard House. — Built 1596 by Alderman Thomas Rogers, whose descendant (John Harvard) founded Harvard University, U.S.A.

Hathaway Cottage.—At Shottery, one mile from Stratford, is the little thatched farmstead, the undisturbed birthplace of Anne Shakespeare, poets wife, who bore lim three children, Susanna, Hamnet, and Judith. Contains curious Tudor and Jacobean furniture. National property, controlled by Birthplace Trustees.

Ring Edward VI. School.—Founded by Thomas Jollyffe, priest, in Henry VI. reign; incorporated by Edward VI. Here Shakespeare acquired his "small Latin and less Greek," and matchless Euglish. The Shakespeare Memorial.—Mainly due to munificence of C. E. Flower (1830-29) and his write Group comprises Lubary, with 10,000 volumes of Shakespeare editions and ana, including lare Wm. Jaggard collection. Gallery of pictures (including unique "Droeshout" portrait). Museum of antiques and relus (including Irving collection). Tower, affording views of 50 miles. Gardens, and Statuary (Lord Ronald Gower's gift). Theatre, burnt down in 1996, has been rebuilt by international subscription. Special spring and summer performances, with floral procession to tomb, commence on the birthday, April 23, each year.

New Place.—Site of the poet's retirement. Shakespeare bought this estate in 1507; letired to it about 1500; died there April 23, 1516. House was rebuilt about 1700, and demolished by Francis Gastrell, the iconoclast, 1759.

The Cage.—For 36 years the home of Judith, poet's younger daughter, who married Thomas Quiney, vintuer.

Town Hall.—Erected 1633; rebuilt 1768. Con tains details of the unbroken sequence of Bailiff and Mayors since A.D. 1292 (including the poet's father, John Shakespeare). Exhibits: Gains borough portrait of Garrick; four Corporation Maces, gilt silver of 15-16th Century, and ancient Corporate Sword.

Trinity Church.—Dates from A.D. 69s. O cathedral-like proportions. Shelters remains o poet and family.

Wilmoots.—The house of Shakespeare's mother Mary Arden, was purchased in 1930, with 60 sore of land at Welcombe, part of 107 acres bought by Shakespeare in 1605; now open to the public.

# THE LARGEST TOWNS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN TRELAND.

Name. Census		pulation.	Name	Census Population		
Manne.	zgez	1931.		rger.	1931.	
England			7-1-1			
		0 0-0	England :-			
ondon	7,480,201	8,202,818	Heston and Isleworth			
irmingham	922,167	1,002,413	U.D	46,664	75,446	
verpool	805,046	855,539	Darlington	66,847	72,093	
neffield	735,774	766,333	Barnsley	67,906	71,502	
eeds	511,696	511,742 482,789	Acton	61,agg	70,523	
ristol	463,188		Rotherham	68,022	69,689	
ingston-upon-Hull	377,018 290,681	396,918	Bath	68,669	68,8ox	
radford	201,001	313,366 298,041	Luton	60,266	68,5#6	
Vest Ham	300.860	294,086	West Hartlepool	68,64x	68, 134	
ewcastle-upon-Tyne	275,000	263,145	Enfield U.D	60,650	67,869	
loke-on-Trent	267,647	276,619	Stockton on Tees	64,126	67,784	
ottingham	262,624	#68.Box	Cambridge	59,264	66,803	
ortsmouth	247,384	249,288	Barrow-in-Furness	72,244	66,366	
ercester	#34,143	239,111	Lincoln	66,048	66,246	
ercester roydon	191,375	233,115	Eveter	59,58s	66,039	
alford	#34,045	283,442	Hastings	66,495	65,199	
lymouth	210,036	208,166	Tynemouth	63,770	64,913	
underland	182,179	185,870	Chesterfield	61,232	64,146	
alford	165,674	184,410	Doncaster	54,064	63,308	
kolton	178,683	177,253	Brentford and Chis-		6- 6	
outhampton	160,994	176,035	wick U.D	57,970	64,617	
oventry	146,108	167,046	Swindon	56,84x	62,407	
oventry	146,711	157,748	Gillingham	58,361	60,983	
irkenhead	147,519	147,946	Dudley	56,098	59,579	
irkenhead righton	147,373	147,427	Wimbledon Wakefield	61,418	59,580	
ast Ham	143,845	142,460	wakeneld	53,058	59,115	
erby	131,351	142,406	F nchley U.D Eastbourne	46,716	58,961	
ldham	144,983	140,309	Easthourne	62,028	57,435	
ldham	131,070	138,489	Poole	43,649	57,258	
Volverhampton	121,316	133,190	Carlisle	52,720	57,107 56,856	
Valthamstow	IBO. 205	131,965	Mrtcham U.D	35,119		
lfordeyton	85,104	131,046	Watford	46,284	56,799	
eyton	128,430	128,317	Stretford U.D Great Yarmouth	46,535	56,795 56,769	
lorwich	120,661	186,207	Breat Yarmouth	60,700	56,186	
tockport	123,300	125,505	Bury	56,403	55,570	
tockport	126,922	122,695	Southgate U.D	39,122		
ateshead	224,142	122,379	Hove	47,507	54,994 54,303	
outhend-on-Sea	106,010	120,093	Dewsbury	54,160	54,190	
reston	117,406	118,839	Gloucester	50,707 51,330	54,932	
Caling	90,433	117,688	Ashton-under-Lyne			
Bournemouth	95,751	116,780	Barking	51,409	51,573 51,977	
tendon UD.	57,529	115,684	Worcester	35,523 48,833	50,497	
fuddersfield	IIO, tos	113,467	Worcester	40,033	20,497	
outh Shields	118,599	113,452	l			
t. Helens	102,640	106,793	Wales:-			
Valsall	97,567	103,108	Cardiff	219,580	223,648	
Blackpool	00.020	101,543	Swansea	¥57,554	164,835	
Burnley	103,186	98,259	Rhondda U.D	162,717	141,344	
Ialıfax	99,183	98, 122	Rhondda U.D Newport, Mon Merthyr Tydfil	92,358	89,198	
Wallasey	94,848	97,465	Merthyr Tydfil	80,116	71,09	
Vallasey	98,278	97,253		· ·		
lornsey	87,659	95-584	Scotland			
Frimsby	85,827	92,463				
kochqale	90,810	90,278	Glasgow	1,034,174	1,088,417	
Dagenham U.D		89,365	Edinburgh	480,981	438,998	
pswich	79,371	87,557	Dundee	168,315	175,583	
Vigan	89,421	85,357	Aberdeen	158,969	167,850	
York	84,039	84,810	Paisley	84,837	86,441	
methwick	82,123	84,354	Greenock	81,183	78,94	
West Bromwich		81,381	Motherwell & Wishaw	68,860	64,70	
Oxford	67,290	80,540	1			
Warrington	26.8tz	79,322	Northern Ireland :		2005	
Southport Edmonton U.D	76,6ez	78,927		zgzz.	2925,	
Edmonton U.D	66,807	77,652	Belfast	386,947	425,25	
Bootle	76,487	76,799	Londonderry	40,780	45,256	

# MUNICIPAL DIRECTORY OF ENGLAND.

A list of CITIES (in SMALL CAPITALS), Boroughs (in ordinary type), and Urban Districts with a population exceeding so,coc (in italics); the County Boroughs named in the Third Schedule of the Local Government Act, 1888, are distinguished by having § prefixed.

England:  England:  bingdon, Berks ccrington, Lancs dwick le Street, Yks. (W.R.). ldeburgh, E. Snifolk ldershot, Hants ldyrston, Derby ltyrston, Cheshire	42,973 70,523 20,257		14.6	Rateable Value	Town Clerk (or Clerk U D.C )	Mayor, 2931-38.  * Lord Mayor, † Chairman U D O
England:  Abingdon, Berks	7,240 42,973 70,523 20,257	16 3	14.6	_ &	(or cierk u D.C.)	† Chairman U 1) O
bingdon, Berks	42,973 70,523 20,257	16 3	14.6			
bingdon, Berks	42,973 70,523 20,257	16 3	14.6			<b> </b>
bingdon, Berks	42,973 70,523 20,257	13.3	14.6			I
cerington, Lanes	42,973 70,523 20,257	13.3	-70	48,000	W.Carlyle Croasdell	Frederick Gibson
cton, Middlesex	70,523 20,257	16 0	12 7	240.882	W. H. Warhurat T. P.	R. I. Constantine
(W.R.). ldeburgh, E. Suffolk ldershot, Hants liferston, Derby ltrincham, Cheshire	20,257		10.9	700.40	J. Morgan	F. J. Matterface
(W. R.). ldeburgh, E. Suffolk ldershot, Hants lfrston, Derby		25.7	11.0	60,840	W. H. Warhurst, LL. B J. Morgan C. R. Marshall	tJ. W. Cresswell
deburgh, E. Suffolkdershot, Hants	2,480	-5 7				
Utrincham. Cheshite		13'4	9.6	17.4 ER	H. C. Casley D. Ll. Griffiths, o. B. E. H. R. Cleaver W. S. Stokoe C. J. Phillips Guy H. Heelis Herbert A. F. Hov	Mrs. Galsworthy.
Utrincham. Cheshite	34,281		13.3	210.41R	D.Ll. Griffiths o.B.R.	R. W. Edwards
Utrincham. Cheshite	31,232		10.04	67.142	H. R. Cleaver	+Walter Cooper
	27 756	12.10	11.0	140,782	W. S. Stokoe	+T. Bell-Houlden
ndover, Hants	9,692	18 7	11'4	50,018	C. J. Phillips	H. J. Humber.
ppleby, Westmorland	1,618	12 8	25 3	9,837	Guy H. Heelis	A. E. P. Slack.
ndover, Hants	2,489	14.8	7.8	16,025	Herbert A. E. Hev .	N. C. Cowd.
shington, Northumb	29,418	33 I2	10.43	90,423	Herbert A. E. Hey . J. W. Cutherrtson	+John Besford.
irnton in makerjieia,	20,541		10.0	66,756	A. Sykes	†Thomas Webster
Lance.				1		
shton und. Lyne, Lancs			12'4	220,493	D.W. Bromley, LL.B.	D. Hall.
yleshury, Bucks	13,382	13.84	11.10	95,243	Harold Crookes P. J. Hodges Arthur Stockton . L. A. Jevers W. T. Goodale	A. Kose.
leann Tenes	an finh	15'4	13.4	81,677	P. J. Hodges	J. Brierley.
anbury, Oxon	13,953	14.17	12.20	74,755	Arthur Stockton .	W. T. Palmer.
arking, Essex	51,277	17.8	97	419,603	L. A. Jevers	Col. A. E. Martin
arnes, Surrey	42,439	13.3	10.3	471,341	W. T. Goodale	william Hutter.
anbury, Oxon	71,522	20.63	11.8 11.31	312,903	A. D. Mason	K. J. Plummer.
arnstaple, Devon	14,693	11.00	11.8	79,967	J. H. L. Brewer	B. W. Uliver.
Barrow-in-Furness, Lines.	66,366	16.5	13,1	335,234	W. A. Chislett	B. I. Dockeray.
жышқысоко, дашы	13,002	38.0	9.3	107,397	A. D. Mason J. H. L. Brewer W. A. Chislett Meirion O. Jones J. B. Ogden, M.A.,	w. u. Hubbard.
Bath, Somerset	68,8oz	11.8	6.6	557,249	J. B. Ogden, M.A.,	n. Chivers.
adden Wenter (W.D.)		l I				
atley, Yorks (W.R.)	34,573	14'4	13.2	143,597	Inos. E. Craik, M.C.	L. Bruce.
Sebington, Cheshire eccles, E. Suffolk	26,742	19.0	10.37	192,395	J. Wilson, M.C., LL.B.	THENTY Smith.
eccies, E. Sunoik	6,544	14.3	13.1	31,635	w. Bryan Forward .	U. U. N. Trollope
eckenham, Kent eddington, Surrey	43,834	13.61	<b>6.08</b>	495,000	C. E. Staddon	TJ. H. Lees, LL.B.
seaungton, Surrey	26,249	14.0	90	287,000	T. Booth	ru. Vale.
edford (Town & County)		13.0	10 5	309,298	II.Dariow, B.A , Ll. M	COL U. H. Wells.
ledlingtonshire, North-	27,315	18.37	10.18	127,259	LLB. Thos. E. Craik, M.C. J. Wilson, M.C., LL.B. W. Bryan Forward . C. E. Staddon H. Booth H. Darlow, B. A., LL.M. H. G. Lester	T. J. Weeks.
umberland.						
eresies Vorbe /F b \	12,299	16.6	10 84	59,079	I Down of	I W Thomas
everiey, IUFKS (E.R.) .	2,868	19.2	12.7	53,985	T Norman back	u w recei
erwick-upon-Tweed everley, Yorks (E.R.). ewdley, Worcestershire exhill, E. Sussex	2,000	82.8	14 8	9,501	Fred G. Normanton J. Dennett	Mrs. O T Mar.
Callill, E. Sussea	21,229	10.8	9.7	291,059	D. J. TRYLOF	ALIS. U. L. MESOS.
exley, Kent	32,940 8,782	16.4	9.0	214,918	T. G. Baynes G. H. Seldon J. L. Aılidge H. O Hilary	T Ruston
Sistem Staffe	27.9/3	10.4	12 03	53,077	I I Alideo	+W T Fallows
ilston, Staffs ingley, Yks. (W.R.)	31,24	20'44	12 06	100,490	U O HORRY	TF Atkingon
Birkenhead, Cheshire	T40,553	13.5	11.4	117,051	Ernout W Thene	K Tweetle
Birmingham, Wai wick.	-47,940	17.6	11.4 10.8	5 704,950	Ernest W. Tame (See p. F. Lavender	E. I WCGGIG.
ishop's Castle, Salop	1,002,413			0,195,030	F Lavander (See p	E Griffithe
Blackburn, Lancs	1,352	13 X	5 4 12 8	5,437	Rrigge H Manudon	W Kanyon
lackpool. Lanes	101,543	10.87	13.08	790,111	D. I. Husbottle zz B	I. Newsome
landford Forum, Dorset		10.07		1,310,500	W H Wilson	Miss R. G. C C.
laydon, Durham		14.2	14.2	20,532	J H Mulcehy	Lichn Oliver
luth Northumbarland	32,259 31,808	31.0	9.22 10.8	132,415	I Leigh Turner	K. C. Hyde
odmin. Cornwall	5,526	14.6	9 2	-53,901	John Pathybridge	John A Jago
Bolton, Lancs	177,253	13.8	12 4	08, 262	Samuel Parker	G. Sykes
Bootle, Lancs	76,799	31.1	II I	482 384	H Partington	A. Hankey
odmin, Cornwall	15,597	19 7	13.0	80.34	Edmund Waita	F. Peck.
ournemouth Hants	116,780	9 74	11.80	T. K28 88~	Herhert Ashling	P. M. Bright
PACKIOV. NOFUIBLIUS	2.101	10.6		0.840	Charles Eric Barnes	Miss E. A. Clarka
BRADFORD, Yorks (W.R.)	298,041	14.03		2,214,693	(See a	Arrit
BRADFORD, Yorks (W.R.) rentford & Chinoick,	62,617	16.6	11.31	=,=14,093	J. Skinner	+V Leahy
Middlesex.	,/		3-	5/9,503	w. Delinici	I am Louis.
ridgnorth, Salop	5,151	14'3	15.1	20 400	Harold A.C.Gardner	(Jeorge Jones
ridgwater, Somerset	17,139	17.21	10.59	80 600	H. Bedale	C Bryer
ridlington, Yorks (E.R.)	19,704		14.37	157.86e	H. Bedale George Melvin Sydney E. Howard	J. A. Dew
ridport, Dorset		14.3	15.4	-3/,008	Sydney E Howend	K W Knight

	Mun	icipal	Dir	ectory o	f England.	619
Critist, Boroughs, and Urban Districts.	Population,		Deaths	Rateable Value	Town Clerk (or Clerk U D C ).	Mayor, 2932-32.  Lord Mayor † Chairman U.D C.
Brighouse, Yorks (W.R.) §Brighton, E. Sussex §Bristot, Glos. and Som. Bromley, Kent	147,427 396,018	11'6 13'55 15 73	13.2 13.36	88 -60	J. H. Rothwell, C. B E	J. H. Turner, T J. Braybon. 614-5.)*
Buckingham	3,08s 98,859	13.35 10.6 11.6	11.8 13.4	16,394 563,078 273,893	Colin Campbell H.B.Chapman, o. B R	R. Place
Bury St. Edmunds, W. Suffolk. Buxton, Derbysh. Calne, Wilts.	16,708	16.40	10.0 10.1 11.83		Thomas Wilson H. C. Hoggett	Mrs. J. W Greene.
Cambridge	66 800	18.1 20.8 12.8	11.8	555,000 118,536 185,446	Cecil H. Kemp C. A. Loxton, LL.B R. H. Wanklyn	W. L. Raynes. †H. J. Foster. F. Hooker.
Carlton, Notts Carshalton, Surrey Castleford, Yks. (W.R.) Chadderton, Lancs.	28,769 28,769 21,781 27,455	11.2 12.0 12.0	11.2 1.6 0.0	74,685 260,097 90,823	H. C. Hoggett C. O. Gough Cecil H. Kemp C. A. Loxton, Ll. B. R. H. Wanklyn Fred. G. Webster E. W. Turpin J. W. Wright G. Marshall J. Scholfield, M. B. E.	†W. Thomas. †Mrs. A. Carpenter. †T.J. Brookes, M.B.E.
Chard, Somerset	4.053	11 73 20 9 16.7	- 1	19,804	John Adams Forward Edward B. Lee	H. E. Dening. H. J. Cloake.
Cheltenham, Gloucester Chepping Wycombe, Bcks 6CHKSTER Chesterfield, Derbyshire	49,385	12 9 17 0 16 3	13 4 10'3 13'6			
Chingford, Essex	13,911	16 64 19 7 14 4 14 3	17.8 9.1 17.8	97,339 91,898 167,000 43,704	J. H. Feather J. W. Loader Cooper . A. S. Coldham	W. H. Leggatt. †GeorgeLattle,F.C.4. E. N. Tuck. G. H. Happis
Christchurch, Hants	30,795 9,183	16.8	11.1 19.0	137,507 59,486	George Jackson W. D. Platt, LL.B	Mis. B. M. Gillett. John W. Tucker.
Hastings, Hythe, Rom- ney, and Sandwich, also Rye and Winchelsea) Cleethorpes, Lincs Clitheroe, Lancs	28,624 12,008	18.1	0.8 0.3	 131,288	Registrar : R. E.     Knocker, M. B. R.     Dover	Earl Beauchamp, K.G. (1913). Sir G. Moody, J. Boothman
Cleethorpes, Lincs. Clitheroe, Lancs. Cadville, Leicester Colchester, Essex Colne, Lancs. Congleton, Cheshire	a1,886 48,607 83,790 12,885	17.9 15.5 14.6	13.3 6.8 3 6	96,481 272,210 125,126	A. S. Barter	W. S. Austin.  J. B. Hazell.  J. King.  F. W. Gibson.
Coulsdon and Purley, Surrey.	25,137 37,666	10.8	11.8	60,733	J. C. Roper	W. Elwell.
Crewe, Cheshire (Croydon, Surrey	46,061 233,115 89,365	14'4 15 8 23'5	11.5 10.5 4.4 11.5	203,127 1,961,171 390,000	Harold S.K. Feltham Dr J M Newnham. F. W. Allen H. Hopkins	3. Wilkinson, W. Peet. H. C. Parry. W. Heslop.
Darwen Tanca	0,707	II O	8·2 9·5 13·16	186,473 48,000 189,189	J. J. Hurtley J Gilbert Jones J Charles C. Byers V Geo. E. Foster	A. Webb. I. H. Smith. V. Jepson. V. T. Wright.
Daventry, Northants Deal, Kent Der by Devizes, Wiltshire Dewsbury, Yorks (W.R.)	54.303	10.4	13.25 13.5 11.4	83,704 774,068 32,553 288.114	Fredk. Smith, RA. Harold S.K. Feitham Dr J M. Newnham, F. W. Allen H. Hopkins J. J. Hurtley Gilbert Jones Charles C. Byers Viso. R. Foster Douglas A. Daniels G. Trevelyan Lee Holland Booth	apt. C. P. Davis. W. H. Salisbury. W. F. Trumper. I. Shaw.
	10,030	14.6	12.0 10.75 16.04	454,106 65,487 247,945 83,744	Holland Booth	A. Thomson. W. J. Kare. Capt. F. R. Powell. D. J. Green.
Dover, Kent	59.579 19.309 8,972 x6.223	18 36 20 78 13 5 14 24 19 77 14 6	8.55 10.30	816,934 68,127 40,898	George C. V. Cant J Ernest Barlow F J. Murray Coombs . G G. A. Carpenter	Fullwood. D'Ashton. S. W. Simonds.
DURHAMEaling, Middlesex	17,688	14.6	10.3	1,114,582	George E. Brydges . I	i. J. Stowell.

620	Mun	icipal	Dire	ectory of	England.	,,
C	Popu-	Rate pe	r z,000	Rateable	Town Clerk.	Mayor, 2021-38.
Ciries, Borongha, and Urban Districts	lation,			Value	(or (lerk U.1) C.)	* Lord Mayor † Chairman U D C
	-93	Births	Deaths	£		- CHARLINAD O D C
Eastbourne, E. Sussex	57,435	11.3	11.5	820.408	Hv. West Fovarque.	L. MacLachlan
East Ham, Essex	142,460	1 25°4 i	9.8	683, r68	Hy. West Fovargue. C. Eustace Wilson. Wm. Percival Jones.	C. W. Brading.
East Retford, Notts	14,228	14.1	13.48	71,982	Wm. Percival Jones.	A. Peatneid.
East Retford, Notts Eccles, Lancs Edmonton, Middlesex ELY, I. of Ely	44,415 77,652	18.4	9 4	431,077	F. W. Claxton	E. Hallsworth. †Henry Barrass. †LtCol.G.L.Archer †E. W. Edwardson. †G. E. Alway.
ELY, I. of Ely	8,382	17'1	9 4 to 8	35,564	A. E. Woodrow	Lt. Col.G. L. Archer
Enfield, Middlesex Epsom, Surrey	97,009	16.45	9.63	485,099 259,660	K. E. Tansley	FE. W. Edwardson.
- "		14 0				
Erith, Kent	32,780	33.6	10.4	201,889	T. Belk	†C. G. Humphreys.
Eston, Yorks (N.R.) Evesham, Worcestershire	31,142 8,799	16.3	11.8 13.1	111,380 47,782	Thomas Allard Cox.	Richard White.
6EXETER	66,039	14.3	10734	555,055	C. J. Newman	H. W. Michelmore.
Eye, E. Suffolk	1,733	13.3	10.8	5,949	Harold Warnes	Miss M. E. Short.
Falmouth, Cornwall	13,492	15.28	14.12	82,132	Krnest P. Skinner .	TRAY I Wilcockson
Farnworth, Lancs Faversham, Kent	28,711		13.4	50.187	Guy Tassell	W I. Gould.
Felling, Durham	27,04I	20.0	11'4	77,539	W. P. Parkin	T. A. Brown.
renontey, meanterex	50,901	13.3	30.8 9.0	665,066	H. Wood Barter	Miss M. K. Short. J. Harris. †Rev. J. Wilcockson. W. I. Gould. †T. A. Brown. †A. T. Pike. †P. McNicholas,
Fleetwood, Lancs	22,983	21 4	10.9	125,420	A. COUMIN	M.B.E.
Folkestone, Kent	35,890	13.5	10.2	380,596	C. F. Nicholson W. C. P. Gattey G. T. Fletcher J. R. Mountain R. T. Gould, M.A. Roger Rose G. S. McIntyre, Li. R. Alfred P. V. Moon Kenneth Hunnylun, J. W. Pullon H. Manguall Aubrey Cyrll Malim	J. W. Stainer.
Fowey, Cornwall Friern Barnet, Middx	2,382	18.4	11.13	14,925	W. C. P. Gattey	C. J. Mitchell.
Gateshead, Durham	23,081	12.1	7 51 12.6	501,431	John W. Porter	J. H. Ritson.
Gillingham, Kent	00,083	14.8	11.1	296,787	F J. R. Mountain	A. M. Davenport.
Glastonbury, Somerset . Glossop, Derby	4,515	17.3	xx.8	22,018	R. T Gould, M.A	Major E. M. Baily.
Glossop, Derby	19,510	1 32.4 [	12.4	85,745	Roger Rose	A Daniels
Godalming, Surrey	10,400	25 7	11.3	81,475	Alfred P. V. Moon	E. D. Brown.
Godmanchester, Hunts Goole, Yorks (W.R.)	1,991	12.3	11'4	6,132	Kenneth Hunnybun.	Miss G. Prescott.
Goole, Yorks (W.R.)	30,238	21 9 17 53	11.0	103,949	J. W. Pullon	C. E. Davis
Gosport, Hants Grantham, Lincs. (Keste'n	37,928 19,709	16.8	12.0	108.520	Aubrev Cyril Malim	F. Weekly.
Gravesend, Kent	35,490	18.8	13.0	264,225	Aubrey Cyril Malim Hy. H. Brown, B.A. J. W. Jackson, O.B.E.	E Aldridge.
(Grimsby, Lines, (Lindsey)	02.462	18.7	11.7	413,019	J. W. Jackson, O.B.E.	C. W. Dixon.
Guildford, Surrey	30,753 31,058	10.1	9.4	82.017	A. Basterfield	+E. C. Starling.
(Halifax, Yorks (W.R.)	98,122	12 2	13'4	549,262	Percy Saunders	R. Stirk.
Halesowen, Worrs (Halifax, Yorks (W.R.) Harrogate, Yorks (W.R.) Harrow, Middlesex	39.785 26,378	13.3	11.0	493,075	J. W. Jackson, O.B.E. Charles H. Wood A. Basterfield Percy Saunders. Jos. Turner Taylor J. Strachan W. Woodward A. J. Hansilp Ward. Thomas Oldroyd	A. L. Foster.
Harriepool, Durham	20,378	15.0	13.3 7.28	50,425	W. Woodward	F J. Carr.
Harwich, Essex	12,700	16 9	10 3	64,643	A. J. Hanslip Ward.	Mrs. R. Hill.
Haslingden, Lancs	16,637	10.0	18.0	99,072	Thomas Oldroyd	A. S. Watson.
6Hastings, E. Sussex Hayes and Harlington,	65,199 23,646	12.3	10.32	655,415	Thomas Oldroyd D. W. Jackson G. Mervyn Heap	H. Ormerod.
Midlesex.						
Heanor, Derbyshire	22,386	18.0	9°5	76,870	K. Cattle	J. T. Smith.
Hebburn, Durham Hedon, Yorks (E.R.)	24,125 1,509	32.4 16.6	17.0	71,015	J Watson	J. E. Tinkler
Helston, Cornwall	2,544	16.8	15.84	2,885	Jos. Walker Tyacke.	Henry Toy.
Hemel Hempsted, Herts.	15,122	15.0	11.3	83,789	Alfred E. Usher	F. Stratford.
Hendon, Middlesex Henley-on-Thames, Oxon	115,682 6,618	33 69 18 4	10.3 18.10	1,371,687	Alfred Calderott	TA. A. NBBF, M.B.E.
HEREFORD	84,159	15.2	11.0	167,453	T. B. Feltham	W. H. Wright.
Hertford	11,376	14.0	9.5	79,683		A. T. Webli,
Heston & Islemourth,	75,446	17.13	8.65	548,315	more, M.B.E. H. J. Baker	+H. J. Nias, M.B.R.
Middlenex.		ا ۔۔ ا	12.8		George G Roughies	W Duckworth
Heywood, Lancs	25,967 	14.8	12.0	11#,933	See " Chepping	W. Duckworth Wycombe.": F. W. Margetts. †J. Smith Rev. F. L. Courtenay.
High Wycombe, Bucks Higham Ferrers, N'thants	2,928	14.1	12.1	11,514	F. J. Simpson	F. W. Margetts.
Hindley, Lancs	6	14.6	11.4	64,694	T. Robey	J. Smith
Honiton, Devon Hornchurch, Essex	3,008	13.0	8.1 18.3	19,875	W. C. Allen	+ F. H. R. Davis
AL UI TOUBTUI UIS, INGADIA	20,417	13.7	11·8		E. B. Crossdell	W. Rowlands.
Hornsey, Middlesex	45.5					
Hornsey, Middlesex Hove, E. Sussex \$Huddersfi'ld, Yks.(W.R.)	54,994	9.83	10'47	783,726	W. C. Allen E. B. Croasdell W. J. Harrison, B.A. Samuel Procter	E. J. J. Thompson.

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		Rate p	er 1,000			1
Cirius, Boroughs, and	Popu- lation,			Rateable	Town Clerk (or Clerk U 1) (').	Mayor, 1931-32.
Urban Districts	1931.	Births	Deaths	Value	(or Clerk U 1) (' ).	• Lord Mayor † Chairman U D C
				_£		
ATTERS Vender (T.D.)					400	
AHULL, Yorks (E R.) Huntingdon	313,300	15.3	12.4	1,571,021	W Winter (See p.	615.)*   Corum
Hyde, Cheshire	4,108	13.8	12.4	144.508	Thos. Brownson, B A Herbert Stainer A. Partington	A. Winterbothum
Hyde, Cheshire	8,397	11.0	13.7 13.7	62,664	Herbert Stamer	Capt G Few.
Ilford, Essex	131,046	16.4	8.7	909,282	A. Partington	H. G. Odell.
liford, Essex	32,509	30.38	11.8	129,141	A. Partington	J. Richardson.
LOTDSWICH, E. SHITOIK	N7.887	10.8	10.2	50,020 482 888	A. Moffat	C W Senton
Jarrow-on-Tyne, Durham	32,018		16.65	113,796	*******	William Gordon.
Jarrow-on-Tyne, Durham Keughley, Yorks (W.R.) Kendal, Westmorland	40,440	13.3	11.0	306,327	S. Walker	M. P. Cryer.
Kendal, Westmoriand Kettering, Northants	15,575	15 5	13.8	96,735	John E. Bolton	Clarence S. Webb.
Kidderminster, Words	31,230 28,914	13.97	10 78	170,104	J. Chaston	W H S Smith
King's Lynn, Norfolk	20,580	16 41	10.21	04.083	J. W. Woolstencroft	Lord Fermov.
King's Lynn, Norfolk Kingston-on-Thames	39,052		11 0	382,965	Alfred W. Forsdike	William Bell.
(Royal), Surrey.		-6			D M Middleton	W Droot
Lancaster	43,396 4,071	10.34	24.24	225,448	Stuart L. Peter	J. Harvey
Leanington, Spa (Royal),	29,663	74 0	77 7	a65,818	R. M. Middleton Stuart L. Peter Leonard Rawlinson	Dr. R. F. Bury.
Warwick.					(See p. H. A. Pritchard	
§LREDS, Yorks (W.R.)	482,789	15.8	12.4	3,085,757	(See p.	614.)*
Leigh, Lancs.	45.212	15.00	11.30	1,005,704	T. R. Bamber	T. Hindley.
Leuningter Hereford	# mm	14.8	14 4	20,383	A H. Gibson	C. H. Harvey.
Lewes, E. Sussex	10,785	13.43	zo 68	80,290	C. W. Stephenson	A. Turner.
Leyton, Essex	125. 317	13.60	9.28	675,633	John Atkinson	J. B. Shiminin.
LICHFIELD, Staffs	66.246	17.5	13.0	45,970	L. O. Need	W. A. Wood. W. K. Elderkin
Liskeard, Cornwall	4,266	10 4	18 2	20,200	R. A Peter	G C Maddever.
LIVERPOOL, Lancs	855,539	33.3	13 2	6,414,518	(See p	613) *
Liskeard, Cornwall  Liveston, Lancs.  Long Eaton, Derbyshire Lostwithiel, Cornwall  Loughborough, Leics. Louth, Lincoln (Lindsey) Lowestoff, E. Suffolk	8,202,818	17.9	11 9	55,927,428	(See p. 603 and	Pp. 604-6).*
Lostwithiel, Cornwall .	22,339 1,325	10.88	9 53	5.227	J. Percival Heath	J. H Turner.
Loughborough, Leics	26,945	15 9	10 3	151,279	W S A. Robinson .	T. W. Bailey.
Louth, Lincoln (Lindsey)	26,945 9,678 41,768 5,642 68,526 2,778 2,620 5,157 25,760	10.03	12,00	43,949	Hugh E. Roberts	J P. Beckett.
Lowestoft, E. Suffolk Ludlow, Salop Luton, Beds	41,708	10 9	9 5	213,105	W Charles Truell	Richard Poyner
Luton. Beds	68,506	15 0	10 18	473.185	Wilham Smith	Murry Barford.
Lydd, Kent Lyme Regis, Dorset Lymington, Hants	2,778	11 12	0.11	10,568	Walter Lamacraft	G. T. Paine.
Lyme Regis, Dorset	2,620	11.3	10.0	19,831	H J. Ramsbotham .	Reginald W. Baker.
Lytham St. Anne's, Lanes	5,157	30 I	14.3	34,002	Walter Hean	H. Eastwood
Macclesfield, Cheshire	34,908	13.0	13.02	140.055	F. Ralph Oldfield	W. Hulme
Maidenhead, Berks	17.580	16.89	11.85	132,483	II. E. Davies	E. B. Norrie.
Maidstone, Keut	42,259	11.4	10.1	345,292	Graham Wilson	G. I. Fille. Reginald W. Baker. John W. Howlett. H. Eastwood. W. Hulme E. B. Norra. C. G. Larking. + K. S. Wagner.
Surrey.	33,412	15.9	9.2	==7,344	J.W. Johnson, M.B.E.	ir. D. wagner.
Maldon, Essex	6,559	15.0	13.3	38,000	C. H. Cloughton Montagu Hy. Chubb	A. L. Clarke.
Malmesbury, Wilts	3.334	16.3	13.3	9,782	Montagu Hy. Chubb	J. A. Jones.
MANCHESTER, Lancs	766,333	17.43	17.08	6,483,068	A C Shapherd	013-4 )"
Mansfield, Notts	40,075	19.1	9'4	302.00	P T. Glove. LL R	Percy B. Oshorne
Marlborough, Wilts	2.408	13.3	12 5	28,349	Montagu Hy. Chubb (See p A. C. Shepherd P T. Grove, LL B W. H. Vowles C. J. Mountifield Preston Kitchen, 0.B E.	H. M Friend.
Merton & Morden, Surrey	41,228	13.0	6 9	277,668	C. J. Mountifield	C. R. Inskip.
Middlesbrough, Yorks	135,459	<b>26</b> 5	14.13	D13,259	O.B E.	A. Marshall.
(N.R.). Middleton, Lancs	29,189	10.3	7 2	135,500	J. P. Walmsley	T. Partington.
Mitcham, Surrey	56,856	10.3	8.3	322,739	s. Chart	†H. Richards.
Middleton, Lancs.  Mitcham, Surrey.  Morcambe, Lancs.  Morley, Yorks (W.R.)  Morpeth, Northumb.  Mossley, Jancs.  Nelson, Lancs.  Nelson, Lancs.	24,586	6.3	14'5	188,707	J. P. Walmsley S. Chart J. Entwistle, M.B.R. F. Thackray Edward C. Jackson V. C. Procter J. H. Baldwick	J. S. Cordingley.
Moriey, Yorks (W.K.)	*3,397	1 .4	10.4	94,836	Edward C. Jackson	I Armstione
Mossley, Lancs	7,390 12,041	13.4	13.4	44,068	V. C. Procter	R. B. Glover.
Nelson, Lancs	38,306	1 ** /	18 1			
Newark-on-Trent, Notts.	18,055	16.43	11.0	89,557	Lt -Col. H. Tallents,	J. H. Knight.
Newbury, Berks		13'4	13.0	78. 78A	D.S.O., M.A., B.C.L. S. Widdicombe	W A Greet.
Newcastle-under-Lyme,	13,336 83,846	19.8	11.0	96,636	Joseph Griffith, LL. B.	F. A. Greet. Col. J. C. Wedgwood,
Staffs.						M.P.
1	1	I	1	<u> </u>		I CONTROL & ALCOHOLIST

622	Mun	ic <b>ip</b> al	Dire	ectory o	f England.	
Ciries, Boroughs, and Urban Districts.	Popu- lation, 1931.		or 1,000 Deaths	Rateable Value.	Town Clerk, (or Clerk U.D (').	Mayor, 2932-36  • Lord Mayor, † Chulman U D (
				_ ¥		
Newcastle upon Tyne Newport, I. of Wight	283,145 11,313	15'5		2,260,571 65,271	T. Ross Pratt Walter Lamacraft	W. T. Collins.
New Romney, Kent	2,786	15'4	11.32	10,801	C. Cole	Derville, O.B.E.
Newton in Makerfield, Lancs. §Northampton		19.0	11.3	107,482	W R Kaw	C. J. Scott
NORWICH, Norfolk	98,314 126,807 268,801	15.72	10.02	630,034	W. R. Kew	*G. E. White.
Nuneaton, Warwick	46,305	10.8	10.0	192,989	W. H. Pollitt, LL.B.	F. P. Pembleton.
Okehampton, Devon Oldbury, Worcestershire		10.4 az.2	10.8	13,419	A. Culwick	+K. Edwards.
Ossett, Yorks	140,309 14,838	13.3	13.2	703,904 61,338	T. W. Wilson	E. Bickle.
Oswestry, Salop OXFORD	9,754 80,540	15'3 13'75	25.7	66,919 704,880	H. Bird Jones Arthur Holt	F. W. A. Bennett.
OXFORD	27,762 3,414	17'2 81 4	11.8	201,087	A. J. Elson	tJ. T. W. Huckin.
Penryn, Cornwall Penzance, Cornwall	11,342	13.6	15.3	75,359	E. W. J. Nicholson,	R. Hall.
PETERBOROUGH	43,558	15 8	11.8	262,889	Arthur J. Reeves	J. Mansfield.
Pontefract, Yorks (W.R.)	208,166 19,053	15'9 28 13	13.25	86,418	Gilbert Wilkinson	W. Wordsworth.
Poole, Dorset	57,258 249,288	10.45	11.8	461,387 1,686,580	I.L.B. Anthur J. Reeves R J. Fittall, O.B.E. Gilbert Wilkinson Charles Lisby F. J. Sparks Sir Alfred Howarth F. H. Ashton Hanson A. Demaine E. C. Harris S. Mills H. G. Curtis Harry Isherwood C. B. Johnson, M.C.	*F. G. Foster.
Preston, Laucs	218,839 23,876	11.3	8.0 \$0.60	628,789 159,387	F. H. Ashton	T. C. Rainford.
Pudsey, Yorks (W.R.)	14,768 2,941	17.7	14·8 9·7	68,090	Hanson A. Demaine E. C. Harris	W. Womersley. D.L. B. T. Mayland.
Radeliffe, Lancs	24,674	12.8	13.8	137,471	S. Mills	†H. T. Ogden.
Rawtenstall, Lancs.	28,575	16.22	9.76	137,283	Harry Isherwood	W. Hardman.
Reading, Berks Redcar, Yorks (N.Riding)	97,153 20,159	14'4 15'8	10.0 6.0	114,000	C. S. Johnson, M.C R. McClean	J. E. Batty.
KAIrota Niirray	20 820	13.4	11.0	235,031 507,005	Edwin M. Neave	F. J. Spranger. J. T. Mears.
Richmond, Surrey Richmond, Yorks (N.R.) RIPON, Yorks (W.R.)	4,769 8,576	24.8 15.10	7.7	19,837	W. W. Foster	Fred Dimedale.
(Rochdale, Lanca	90,278	13.4	13.8	501,493	W.H. Hickson, O.B. K.	W. Crossley.
Rochdale, Lancs	31,196 35,918 4,863	12.0	8.3	257,930	C. T. King	†J. B Poel.
Rotherham, Yorks (W.R.)	4,803 69,689	17.3	8.58	312,570	C. S. Johnson, M.C. R. McClean Alfred Smith Edwin M. Neave W. W. Foster J. Henry Gough W.H. Hickson, O. B. Jn. L. Percival, LL. B. C. T. King B. W. Attiee, M.A. Chas. L. des Forges, M.B.K.	G. E. Caine.
Rowley Regis, Staffs	41,238	17'85	10.61	120,010	D. Wright	+C. C. Lewis.
Rugby, Warwickshire Ryde, I of Wight	23,824 10,510	13.3	3.8	183,835 80,472	Thomas J. Fawdry	E C. Goble.
Rye, E. Bussex	3,947	32.32	13.8 13.01	34,930 31,346	Edwin P. Dawes, T.D. William Adams	J. M. Jenkins. J. Custerson
Saffron Walden, Essex St. ALBANS, Herts §St. Helens, Lancs St. Ives, Cornwall	28,625 700,703	14'8	11.4	#43,530	D. E. Biart Thomas J. Fawdry Edwin P. Dawes, T. D. William Adams W. G. Marshall W. H. Andrew T. J. Chellew, O.B.E. G. Dennis Day, LL. B. J. W. L. Foulkes H. H. Tomson Arthur Smart. Regrinald McDonald	J. Flint. J. Hewitt.
St. Ives, Cornwall St. Ives, Hunts	6,687	14'23	16.41	23,454	T. J. Chellew, O.B.R.	W. R. Hollow.
Nate. Uneshire	20,002	11.86	10.03	12,793	J. W. L Foulkes	+M. M. Newton.
SALISBURY, Wilts	223,442 26,456	15.2 12.2	13.3	1,122,764 189,656	Arthur Smart	J. S. Rambridge.
Saltash, Cornwall Sandwich, Kent	3,603	12.1	0.26	18,988	Reginald McDonald E.Cotton Byrne, B.A. Sydney Jones	G. H. Howard. W. R. Rose.
Scarborough, Yorks(N.R.)	41,791	13.0	13.1	360,475	Sydney Jones	J. W. Butler.
Shaftesbury, Dorset Shaftesbury, Dorset SHEFFIELD, Y'rks (W.R.) Shipley, Yorks (W.R.)	2,366	21.6	17.0	14,668	W. Farley Rutter	E. E. Browning.
Shipley, Yorks (W.R.)	511,748 30,243	13.22 13.22		2,685,875 185,0 <del>9</del> 6	H. Barnes	+C. Cawtherne.
Sittingbourne and Milton,	38,370	10.0	8.4		ydney Jones J. F. Auld W. Farley Rutter (See p. H. Barnes R. F. Prideaux G. H. Potter	
Kent. Slough, Bucks	33,530 64,354	14:0	7.8		F. B. Duxbury, M.A. Frank Chapman H. E. Burwell	
Smethwick, Staffs Southall-Norwood, Midda.	38,932	18.0	7.77	307,045 256,419	H. E. Burwell	†J. A. Saxon.

1	TIT COLL OF	opioi 1	000	or y		
		Rate pe	- T 000			Muror remain
Creum Romanche and	Popu- lation,	LOBOU INC.	,	Rateable	Town Clerk	Mayor, 1931-32. * Lord Mayor
Ciries, Boroughs, and Urban Districts	1931	l		Value	(or Clerk U D C ).	† ('hairman U.D O.
		Births	Deaths	£		
						W WNo-
Southampton, Hants	176,025	x8·34	11.87	1,288,411	R. R. H. Meggeson,	F. WOOLIEY.
1			1		B.A. A. E. Lauder J. Furse Sandels J. Furse Sandels J. E. Perrius, Li. M. John M. Haytou, B.A. Ernest G. Naunton J. H. Linfield H. H. Battle Frank H. Worsley.	V R. Tattersall.
Southend-on-Sea, Essex	120,093	18.9	10.6	1,198,307	A. E. Lander	T Hopper.
Southgate, Middlesez	55,570 2,831	11.76	9 07	11.428	J Furse Sandels	Dr. P. H Seal.
South Molton, Devon Southport, Lancs	78,927	XX.03	11.56	860,631	R. E. Perrins, LL M	W H Bellis
4South Shields, Durham	113,452	20.0	13.0	478,777	John M Hayton,B A	G R Ree
Southwold, E. Suffolk	2,753	9 65	11 03	20,594	I H Luffeld	+Andrew Stott.
Spenworough, r ks (W.K.)		23.4	11.2	167.818	H H. Battle	T H. Tunnicliffe.
Stattord	29,485 24,823	13'4 14'3 13'8	11.8	103,452	Frank H. Worsley	J. Marsden.
Stalybridge, Cheshue Stamford, Lines. (Keste-	9,946	15.3	14.08	54.988	Frank H. Worsley Charles Atter	. S. Bassendine.
ven).	1	1 1				I T. b. Wanton
Stanley, Durham	24,458	19.6	11.0	105,997	K Knowles	James Penny.
Stockport, Cheshire	125,505	23.25	12.49	711,000	Thos. Downey	W. J. Scarfe.
Stockton-on-Tees, Durh		10.0	11.4	904,484	E. B Sharple J, O.B. K	Miss F A. Farmer.
Stourbridge, Worcester	19,903	16 69	11 50	95,725	Geoffrey Ince	James Penny.  James Penny.  W. J. Scarle.  *Miss F A. Farmer.  H. E. Palfrey.  Sir A. D. Flower.
Stratford - upon - Avon	11,616	16.6	14.4	8x,835	Propert runn	, por 21. 21. 210 mote
Wai wickshire.		ا ۔۔۔ ا	11.2	450.524	G. H. Abrahams T. M. Braithwaite	James Child.
Stretford, Lancs Sudbury, W. Suffolk	56,795	12.3	12.0	28.100	T. M. Braithwaite	, G. F. Sidnall.
Squirtiy, W. Bullota	,,,,,,	9	1	1	MA, LL.B. Henry Craven, O.B.1	B U Proven
Sunderland, Durham	. 185,870	33.1	13 S	812,53	Henry Craven, O.B.	+W. Sanger, C B
Surbiton, Surrey	. 29,396	18.08	13 42	325,495	C. E Shelly Harry Bolton	
Sutton and Cheam, Surre	46,488	15 2	9.I	454,74	Limity Dollars II II	Smith.
Sutton Coldfield, Warw	. 29 924	18.31	10.3	256,365	R A. Reay-Nadin. Luther Pepper E R. Allen W. Cniter, M.B E	J. P. Britton.
Sutton in Auhfield, Notts	25,151	17'0	98	84,765	Inther Pepper	LI Reard
Swadlincote, Derbysh Swinton and Pendlebury	20,305	17.10	9 72	64,09	W. Calter, M.B E	Peter W Potts.
Swinton and Pendlebury	, 32,76x	13.4	11 2	-54,-	1	!
Swindon, Wilts	62,407	xs 66	10 7	316,448	W. H. Bentley	.J. L Calderwood.
Swindon, Wilts Tamworth, Staffs Taunton, Somerset	7,510		* TO'A	34,604	Henry Wood	W. E. Maynard
Taunton, Somerset	. 25, 177	14.8	1 0 6	171,09	W. H. Balley	H W Peachey.
Teddington, Middx Tenterden, Kent	. 23,362	14.2	11 8	179,20	Col. J. Munn-Mac	W. T. Ohver. W. E. Maynard b. H. W. Peachey. e, W. A. V. Findlater. R. A. Gaze lisanc B. Aspland.
Tenterden, Kent Tewkesbury, Glouces	·· 3,473	15 0	I II O	15.51	H. Alec Badham .	R. A Gaze
Thetford, Norfolk	4,097	64 5	14'1	15,47	B G. R Blaydon	Iraac B. Aspland. E. E. Brennan.
Thornaby-on-Tees, York	1. 21,23	24 =	14 3	1 01 77	n le De Chilicono or	201 201 0-1 0-1
(N.R.).	l		1	69	K W Madin	+A. E. Bannister. W. E. Shapland. J. H. Whitaker. F. W. Pratt. Walter B. Starky. tt. J. G. Kellock.
Tipton, Stafe	35,79	=   == 6		5 132,00	J Follett Pugsley	W. E. Shapland.
Tiverton, Devou Todmorden, Yorks(W.R	23,83	14.1		110,58	7 H. Garratt, M B E	. J H. Whitakei.
Torquay, Devon	49,10	13.6	15.5	463,63	H. A. Hield, M A	Walter R Starky.
Torrington, Great, Devo	3,91	3   14'7	2 10 0	10,30	George F. Winder	tt. J G Kellock.
Totnes, Devon	4,58		14 4	25,31	Eric Townson, LL	tt. J G Kellock. B. +E Stanley Brown. F. R Pascoe. Albert Dennis
Tottenham, Middlesex TRURO, Coruwall	157,74	8 14 8 4 16.7	13.3	58,43	6 L Jago ('arlyon .	F. R Pascoe.
Tunbridge Wells (Roya	35,36			4-4147	• •	
l Kent.		·	1			
Twickenham, Middlese Tynemouth, Northumb	39,90	9 16.5	9 8	0, 343,30	C C. Henderson	J. G Telford
Uxbridge, Muddx	64,91	5 19 4	8.5	221,20	6 Edwin G Stray C C. Henderson . J. Poole	†Maj. E. W. C.
Cauraye, maa	3.,00	1	1		W. A. Chamakan	Flavell, M C
WAKEFIELD, Yorks (W.I.	L) 59,11	5 x8 5	4 13 1	336,31	9 I A GIIMBRAW .	B. D P Charlesworth.
Wallasev, Cheshire	97,40	5 14.2		799,88	Francis R. Hedge	. I. Shepherd.
Wallingford, Berks Wallsend, Northumb.	2,84	s   19 6	8 7 7	.00.70	Charles S. Bradin	ry W. North.
(Walsall, Staffs	.   103,10	2 20.2	(6 II.)	6 416,39	9 Herbert Lee	K B. Buttou.
Walsall, Staffs Walthamstow, Essex	138,96	5 15.7	9":	651,49	r F. G. Garnel	R H Holland.
Wareham, Dorset	. 3,05	7 1 10 0		8,5	A. T. Hallaway	David Plimston.
Warrington, Lancs.	79,3		12	81.2	R. H Wiight	Major H. N. Forbes.
Warwick Waterloo with Seafor	h, 31,18	0 15	111	215,8	3 G. Wilkinson	Flavell, M C Butterworth B D P Charlesworth. I. Shephetd. IT W. North. R B. Sutton. T. W. Smith. R H Holland. David Plimiston. Major H. N. Forbes. †S. Chaffers.
Lanca.	3-,	1	i	1	a William Hudson	W. Bickerton.
Wetford Herts	56,79	9 IS	4 9	5 437,1	as R.J. Bryant.	+G. Hullah.
Wealdstone, Middx Wednesbury, Staffs	27,00	19	7 10	6 III.6	N. P. Lester	W. Bicketton. G. Hullah. A. H. Westbury.
Wednesbury, Stans	31,5	, au	′ -			. ~
	•	WHITA	KER'S	ALMANA	CK. 1982.	

624	Mun	icipal	Dire	ectory ej	f England.			
Cirres, Boroughs, and Urban Districts.	Popu- lation 1931.		Peaths	Rateable Value.	Town Clerk (or Clerk U.D.C.).	Mayor, 1931-32.  * Lord Mayor. † Chairman U.D C		
Wellingborough, N'thants	#1,##I	14.2	13.0	107,868	F. E. Gadd	†R. E. Yorke.		
WELLS, Somerset	4,833	19.46		30,586	Ed Pyndar Foster			
Wembley, Middx	48,546	27.45			E. R. Royle, O.B.E.	+E. B. Collison.		
Wenlock, Salop	14,158	17.3	14 7	40,654	Frederick W. Derry	Owen D. Murphy.		
West Bromwich, Staffs.	81,281	20.2	21.4	306,072	Alfred Wickham	W. T. Poultney.		
West Ham, Essex	294,086	18.3	10.6	x,403,658	Charles E. Cranfield	J. T. Scoulding.		
West Hartlepool, Durham	68,134	83.0	11.8	316,089	Harold W. Stanton,	G. W. Turnbull.		
Waston server Mare Som	.0				O.B.R., B.A.	LD T Dutter		
Weston-super-Mars, Som. Weymouth & Melcombe	28,555	10 0	10.8		G. Knowles, LL.B.			
Regis, Dorset	21,982	18.2	x3.3	199,618	Percy Smallman,	Engr Capt. F. W		
Whickham, Durham		l			LL.M.	Hamblin, R.N.		
Whitley, Northumb	20,782	I7 59		123.339	Joseph Buggle	TA. D. SCULL.		
Whitehaven, Cumberland	34,210	10.60			A. Barker Paus			
Widnes Tange	40,608	30.6	11.3	88,502	Tom Cuppage Bone	T H Dundler		
Widnes, Lancs		18.03		108,749	E. W. McNorton W. H. Tyrer, O.B.E	W A Birmond		
Willenhall, Staffs	85,357	30.8			F. G. T. Webb	+I A Harner		
Willseden, Middlesex				73,454	Edwin A. Pratt	dC W Wiscoules		
Wilton, Wilts	184,410	11.53	16.6	1,323,408	Bonov D. Avleyand	T W Pools		
Wimbledon, Surrey	2,193 59,520	17 6	10.0	10,430	Percy D. Aylward	T W Panishaw		
Winchelsea, Sussex		-	1 -	009,571	Herbert Smith, LL. B. Edwin P. Dawes	G M Tunnen F.C.		
WINCHESTER, Hants	693 23,969	13.5	12.7	4,500	Thomas Holt. O.B.E.	W I Langdell		
Windsor, Berks (Royal)		15.6	13.00	148,55	J. W. Hambidge	F T. Files		
Wisbech, I. of Ely	18,005			140,025	F. W. Coulan	D. I W A Wilcon		
Woking, Surrey	29,927	14.6	8.7	57,755	W W Smith II P	th Opertamoine		
Wokingham, Berks	7,294	12.61		45 630	T H E Clifton	A W Driest		
Wolstanton, Staffs	30,528	18.38		45,037	F. H. Smith, LL.B J. H. E. Clifton E. Hollinshead	+(1 W Hoon		
Wolverhampton, Staffs.	30,320	18.1	10.0	227,040	J. Brock Allon, B.A.	T Taswin		
Woodford, Essex	23,946	13.0	6.6		J. A. Simpson, LL.B.			
Wood Green, Maddlesex.	54,190	13.4	10.0	440 202	H. Chubb, LL.B	+K Gillett		
Woodstock, Oxon	2,484	14.6	13.3	947,202	Stanley Henman	J W Wickson		
WORCESTER	50,497	15 4	11.22	201 188	C. H. Digby · Sey	Miss D Ooilyy		
, ,, одошеши полити	Q-179/	-3 4	3/	302,270	mour.	miss D. Ogirty.		
Workington, Cumb	84,69x	17 7	12.8	05 820	Thomas Jackson	F. W. Tredale.		
Workson, Notts,	26,286	18 7	10.03	777.705	G. H. Keatherston	C. A. Loughottom		
Worthing, W. Sussex	46,230	11.0	10.1	461 67B	G. H. Featherston J. Kennedy Allerton.	R. A. Watts		
Yarmouth, Great, Not-	56,769	15.3	10 25	311,390	W. E. Stephens,	A H. Beevor		
folk and Suffolk.	3-11-3	-55		3,39-	0. B. K.			
Yeovil, Somerset	19,078	16.3	96	120,128	Maj. H. C. C. Batten,	W. E. Tucker.		
York	84,810	16.0	11.3	408.4TE	P. J. Spalding, LL.D.	*R. V. H. Wragge.		
	-4,				1	20 11 ZZ 11 III III III III		
THE UNIO	N JACK				NATIONAL I	יודודי		
Days for hoisting th			on.	ì				
Government Buildings (					(As at Oct. 1,			
March 18 Birthday of				The	following Table gives	an estimate of the		
	Prince !				small savings " of	tne people of the		
April 14. — Do.	Princes		rice.		Kingdom:			
April 25.— Do.	Princes			Saving	s Certificates :			
May 1. Do.	Duke of			Rema	ining (Principal)	£361,000,00		
May 6 Accession of H			Ģ		. (Accrued Interest			
May 24 Empire Day.					Office Savings Bank-			
May 24.—Empire Day. May 26.—The Queen's I	3irthday							
June 2. 6-The King's I	irthday			l Do	Deposits			

ı	MUTCH 10D	monum	Of Lifficens Porting.
ı	March 31	Do.	Prince Henry.
ļ	April 14	Do.	Princess Beatrice.
	April ag		Princess Mary.
١	May z	Do.	Duke of Connaught.
ı	May 6 Acce		H.M. the King.
ı	May 24 Em		
1	May a6The	Queen	a Birthday
l	June 3. 9-Th	e King	Rirthday
ı	June as Co	Winetics	Directory.
l	Jules ##CO	LOURING	i Day.
ı	June 23.—Bil	rtnuay c	f the Prince of Wales.
ı	July 6.—The	ir Maje:	sties' Wedding Day.
i	Nov. 11AT1	nistice :	Dav.
ı	Nov. 26Bir	thday o	f Queen of Norway.
ļ			Duke of York.
ł			Prince George.
i			the opening and closing
l	of Parliament b	v the K	ing
į	The Pougi 6	Standar.	is only to be hoisted
ı	The Royal &	nanaur	t is only to be noisted
į	when the King	oi Ane	en is actually present in
١	the building, s	nd nev	er when Their Majesties
١	are passing in r	rocessio	on.

f And on such day appointed for the official celebration.

Total.....£1,949,000,000

# THE PRINCIPALITY OF WALES.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Position and Extent.—The Principality of Wales occupies the extreme west of the central southern portion of the island of Great Britain, with a total area of 7,457 sq. miles. It is bounded on the N. by the Irish Sea, on the S. by the Bristo Channel, on the E. by the English counties of Cheahire, Salop, Hereford and Monnouth, and on the W. by St. George's Channel. The greatest length from N. to S. (Point of Air to Barry Island) is 136 miles, and the greatest breadth from W. to R. (St. David's Head to the English border) is a miles. Separated from the naminand by the Menai Strats is the Weish island-county of Anglesey or Mon (276 sq. miles), communication with which is facilitated by the Menai Suspension. Bridge (x,000 ft. long), built by Telford in x826, and by the tubular railway bridge (x,x00 ft. long) of the L. & N.W. Railway, built by Stephenson in 1850. Holyhead harbour, on Holy Isle in r850. Holyhead harbour, on may reactive for the reactive for a fast steam packet service to Kingstown and Dublin (70 miles).

Population.-The population at the Census of 1931 was 2,593,014 (inclusive of Monmouthshire

Rehef.—Wales is generally mountainous, the chief systems being those of North Wales (Snowdon 3,572 ft., Carnedd Llywelyn 3,484 ft., Carnedd Dafydd 3,426 ft.), Berwyn (Amar-fawddy 2,970 ft.), Powys (Pliulinumon 2,462 ft., Drygan Fawr 2,125 ft.), and the Black Mountain Beschool Bassense and Black Korest. Mountain, Brecknock Beacons and Black Forest ranges (Carmarthen Van 2,632 ft., Brecon Beacon 2,862 ft., Pen-y-gaver fawr 2,660 ft ).

Hydrography.—The principal river of those rising in Wales is the Severn (see England), which flows from the slopes of Pillinmon to the English border, dividing Montgomeryshire on its way. The Wife (130 miles) also rises in the slopes of Plinitumion, and flows between Radinor and Brecon on its course to England. The Urk (56 miles) flows into the Bristol Channel, through Monmouthshire. The Dec (70 miles) rises in Bala lake and flows through the Vale of Llangollen, where an aqueduct (built by Tulford in 1805) carries the Pontcysyllte branch of the Shiopshire Union Canal across the valley. The estuary of the Dee is the navigable portion, x4 miles in length and about 5 miles in breadth, and the tide rushes in with dangerous speed over the tide rushes in with dangerous speed over the "Sands of Dec." The Toxy (68 innles), Taff (50 miles), Dorey (30 miles), Taff (50 miles), and Councay (54 miles), the last named broad and navigable, are wholly Welsh rivers The largest natural lake in Wales is Bala (Llyin The Market and the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Coun

The largest hautral take in wates is Bata (Llyi) Tegid) in Merionethabire, 4 unites long and about r mile wide; Lake Vyrney is an artificial reservoir, about the size of Bala, and forms the water supply of Liverpool, while Birmingham is supplied from a chain of reservoirs in the Elau and Claerwen valleys.

## EARLY HISTORY.

Celts and Romans.—The earliest inhabitants of whom there is any record appear to have been subdued or exterminated by the Goidels (a people of Celtic race) in the Bronze Age, and a further invasion of Celtic Brythous followed in the ensuing Iron Age. The Roman conquest of South Britain and Wales was for some time successfully opposed by Caradog (Caratacus), King of the

Silures, a tribe inhabiting the present counties of Glamorgan, Brecon, Radnor and Monmouth. In A.D. 78 the conquest of Wales was completed under Julius Frontinus, and communications were opened up by the construction of military roads from Chester to Carleon-on-Usk and Caerwent, and from Chester to Conway (and thence to Carmarthen and Neath). Christianity was introduced (during the Roman occupation) in the 4th century, and the faith thus established was preserved (after the withdrawal of the Roman garrison) by native effort, and was carried to by missionaries to the Hebrides and to the Orkneys and Shetlands.

Orkneys and sneusands.

The Anglo-Saxon Attacks.—The Anglo-Saxon invaders of South Britain drove the Celtic Goddels and Brythons into the mountain fastnesses of Wales, and into Strathclyde (Cumberland and S.W. Scotland) and Connwall, giving them the name of Wactuc, or Welsh (=Foreign). The West Savons' victory of Deorham (577) isolated the Waelisc of Wales from those of Cornwall, while the battle of Chester (673) similarly cut off communication with the Waelisc of Strathclyde. In the 8th century the boundaries of the Welsh were further restarcted by the annexations of Offa, king of Mercia, and counter-attacks were largely prevented by the construction of an artificial boundary from the Dee to the Wye (Offa's Dike). In the 9th century Rhodii Mawr united the country against further incursions of the Saxons by land and against the raids of Noise and Dainsh pirates by against the most of vorse and beams pirates by sea, but at his death his three provinces of Gwynedd (N. y. Powys (Mid) and Dehenbarth (S.) were divided among his three sons—Anarawd, Mervyn and tadeli—the son of the last-named being Howel Dda, who coulded the laws of the country, while Lewelyn ap Seissyllt (husband of the heness of (lwynodd) again united the provinces and reigned as Prince from rois-ross.

The Norman Conquest - After the Norman conquest of England William I, created Palatine counties along the Welsh frontier, and Robert Fitzhamon, the Norman Earl of Gloncester, randed South Wales and creeted fortresses from the Wye to Milford Haven. Henry I. intro-duced Flemish settlers into South Wales, but after his death the Welsh rose under the leader. ship of Grifith up Rhys and routed the Norman-Rlemsh forces at the fords of the Teith (Cardigan) in x136. From the cutly years of the 13th century the house Gwynedd, in the north, gamed an ascendency over the whole of Wales, and Llewelyn ap Iorwerth was in constant strife with England for recognition as an independent sovereign; but Llewelyn, the son of Iorwerth, was killed in 1282 during hostilities between the Welsh and English, and his brother David was captured and executed by the English in 1283. On Feb. 7, 1301, Edward of Cannaryon, son of Edward I, was crosted Prince of Wales, a title thenceforward borne by the heir appaient to the throne of England.

The Welsh are a distinct nationality, with a language and literature of then own, and the language and interature or men own, and the national bardie festival (Esteddiod), instituted by Prince Rhys ap Griffith in 1276, is annually maintained. These Estedifodau (essions) form part of the Gorsedd (assembly), which is believed to date from the time of Prydian, a ruling prince in an age many centuries before the Christian era

626		The .	Principa	lity of	Wales.		
AREA ANI	POPUL	ATION OF	THE 13	WELSH	ADMINISTR	-	
County or Shire	and Admin	istrative Head	quarters	Acreage	Males	Population, 1931 Fenules.	Total.
Anglesey (Shire	Hall, Llan	gefni)		176,694	23,640	25,385	49,025
Brecknockshire ( Caernarvonshire	(County H	all, Brecon)		469,281 364,108	29,310 56,713	28,461 64,097	57,771 120,810
Cardiganshire (A	Derystwy	th)		443, x89	25,411	29.753	55,164
Carmarthenshire				588,472	88,899	90,164	179,063
Denbighshire (Co Flintshire (Mold	) ·			427,977 163,707	77,451 54,755	80,194 58,094	157,645 112,849
Flintshire (Mold Glamorganshire	(County I	all, Cardiff)		469,112	392,351	373,790	766,141
Merionethshire ( Monmouthshire	(County 0	nces, Doigei Iall. Newboi	t)	422,372 345,001	178,608	22,269 167,015	43,198 345,683
Montgomeryshir	e (County	Offices, Wel	shpool)	510,110	24,034	24,428	45,402
Pembrokeshire ( Radnorshire (Li	County Of andrinded	Wells)	ordwest).	393,003 301,165	42,814 10,562	44,365 10,752	87,179 21,314
LORI	s LIEUT	ENANT, H	IGH SHE	RIFFS A	ND CHAIRM	EN OF Q8	
County or 8	hire	Lord La	eutenant	High	1 Sheriff, 1931-3:	. Chairn	an of QS.
Anglescy		sir R. H V keley, Bt	Villianis E	ul-Sir W	H. Hoare Vinc E., k.C.S I.	ent, John Joi	168.
Brecknock		Lord Glanus	k, D.S.O.	David d	J. Davies	His Ho	owen, K.C.
Caernarvou	••••••				ott Alves	Rt. Hon	. D. Lloyd e, 0.M.
Cardigan Carmarthen		Earl of Lish Lord Dynev	urne	T. D. J. J. Pasc	enkins oe Williams .	A. T. Ja	mes, K.C
Denbigh		Col. R. W. H Wynn, c. i	W Willia	ms Sir Edr	nund Bushby	mond, R. W. E	K.B.E gerton
Flint		Henry Nevil	le Gladsto	ne Flank	Mortimer	Rt Hon	. Sir J E.
Glamorgan	•••••	Earl of Plyn c B.	outh, GB	E , Sir Lew	is Lougher	Lt Col. Willia	Sir Rhys ms,Bt., K.C
Merioneth Monmouth		Lord Harled Lord Treowe	ю, с в.,с м	G Col J	Evans, DSO.	D.S.O Sir H Bo T D. Sir H. M	i. Jackson
Montgomery		Sır H. L. Wyım, Bt	W. Willian	ns- H. C P	ulkington	Major Jo	ohn Lomax
Pembroke Haverfordwest Raduor	; <b></b>	Visc'nt St.1 Lord Kylsan Col. Sir Llewelyn,	Davids, G.B. it, KCMG ('Venal	nes Maj. • C	J Higgon, M.1 Jen W. Ko s, CMG., D.S.	eith-Capt. no	., K.C. on. Reginald , M.V.O
		OTHER V	VELSH C	OUNTY C	OFFICIALS.		
County. &c.	Chairm	-	Clerk of th	'	('hief Constab	-	cal Officer.
	Hugh The		O.B E.		. H. Prothero	1	
Brecknock	Idrıs Dav	ies	lbert Joll	r	Hamilton, C.	Cole-Herbert M.G.,	
Caernarvon Cardigan Carmarthen	W. J. Gri John Wn Dr. J. H.	fith A Lewis I Williams, I	Bodvel-F vor Evans, Daniel John	toberts E MA S IB V	D.S.O dward Wilhar teven Jones V. Picton Phill	ns E Ll.Par Ernest . ips DavidA.	M I rry Edward: Jones, M.D. Hughes, M.1
Denbigh Flint	Moredith	Williams V nt Williams E	Villiam Joi L. A. Tilby,	nes G	. Yarnell Da	Thos. R. vies, A. E. W	oberts, m D illiams, m.1
Glamorgan	Hubert J	enkinsE	lenry Row	land L	M.B K. Lindsay, M O.B.E.	.v.o., E. Colst M.D.	on William
Merioneth Monmouth	R. T. Van W. J. Sad	ighan'l ldler'I	lugh John homas Hu	Owen H IghesV	L Jones ictor Bosanqu	et D. Ro	z Lloyd, m. 1 cyn Jone
Montgomery	Thomas V	Villiams G	R. D. H	ırrison J	. E. Lloyd-Wil	iams E. W. R	, м.в. ichards, м 1
Pembroke) Haverfordwest	H. A. W1	lliams			. T. B. Summe	ers   { M.B	Dulman aulas
Radnor	B. P. Lev	ris	. W. Mose	ley !A	. S. Michael .	J. W. 3	Iller, W.D

MUNICIPAL DIRECTORY OF WALES AND MONMOUTH.

A list of CITIES (in SMALL CAPITAIS), Boroughs (in ordinary type), and Urban Districts, with a population exceeding 40,000 (in italics).

			020000	129 40,000		
Cities, Boroughs, and		Rate p		Rateable	Town Clerk	Mayor, 1931 32
Urban Districts	lation,			Value.	(or Clerk U I) C).	Lord Mayor
2101112	1931	Births	Deaths		(61 61612 6 17 6 ).	t Chah man, U.D.C.
				<u>£</u>		
Aberdare, Glamorg		13 2	13 3	205,784	W. R. Morgan, M. B. E	TD. Ezel Davies.
Abergayenny, Mon	8,608	16.0	10 9	47,805	Wm. H. Hopwood .	A E Tillman.
Aberystwyth, Card	9,474	9.8	15 3	61,000	T. J. Samuel, M B K	W. Diver.
BANGOR, Carn	10,050	13 02	15.6	57,036	J. Pentir Williams	J. Williams.
Beaumaris, Anglesey		10 63	18.32	8,268	J. Hugh Thomas	J H. Burton.
Brecon	5,334	14'5	9.2	35.880		E B. Powell.
Caernaryon	8,460	14.1	13.7	44.830		D Elliott Alves
\$CARDIFF, Glamorg	223,648	16 9	11.4	r. 802.868	(see below)	
Cardigan	3,309			77.500	David Morgan Jones	John Evans
Carmarthen	10,310	13.3	12.7	44 508	H Brunel White	W. Jones
Conway Caru	8 760	12 4	13 6	44,790	Hugh Parry	D. J. Roberts
Cowbridge, Glamorg .	1,018	11 2	15 5	3-13-3	A W Gwyn	C M Davies
Denbigh	7,249	16.2	13 5	4,920	Robert Davies	C K Roberto
Flint	7,635	21 1	9 77	29,543	J. Bibby Denny	Pohest Duyley
Gellygaer, Glamory		30.3	10.11	20,000	J. Evans	Havid David
Haverfordwest, Pemb,		15 0	13.0	132,995	H. W. D. Williams .	I Nubular
Kidwelly, Carm		16 12		23,025	Mervyn D. J Paton	D 7 D Chastin
Lampeter, Card.		12 68	18.47	7,309	J Ernest Lloyd	D. T. R. Ormidis
Llandovery, Carm	1,080	14.2	17 45	9,015	J. Phillips	II R States
Lianelly, Carm		15.83		0,200	Henry W Spowart	IN D Dawn
Llaufyllin, Montgom		16 0	13.3	157,007	N. B. Edwards	U Watking
Llandloes, Montgom	1,449	12.8	10 8	4,440	Anthus Duvies	Dr W E Ll Davies,
Merthyr Tydfil.	2,356	12.3	14.3	7,125	T. Anonyn Rees .	I M Tenen
Monmouth, Mon		16 0	12.6	33,043	A C. Tweedy	G Jones
Montgomery		17.6	16.6	##,579	A D Veneben Dram	Maj Su H. Harmood-
Mondoniery	918	17 0	10 0	3,301	IN I. A wiffigure Libes	Banner.
Nesth, Glamorg		16.0		0 -6-	A E. I Curtis	B. R. Bowen
Newport, Mon			11 0	130,201	Oscar T. Morgan .	G J Jones
Pembroke		17:52		900,407	Ronald D Lowless	J. Hay
Pentupridd, Glam,		14.1	14 0	51,955	II L. Potcher	р. пау †R Roper
Port Talbot, Glamoig		17.1	10 4	155 455	H L. Folcher	The Justice
Dullbali (lamamer)		17.8	11 46	152,540	Moses Thomas	D Desta
Pwllheli, Carnarvon				19,241	W Cradoc Davies.	E R Davies
Rhondda, Glarnorg		17:3	11 5	544,008	D. J. Jones	TJ T. Rees
Ruthin, Denbigh	2,912	11.0	18.7	10,429	Baldwin Griffith	oswaid Thomas.
Swansea, Glamorg	104,825			994,026	(see helow)	(see nerow)
Tenby, Pemb	4,108		13.3	23,853	G. Meyrick Price	D. Francis.
Welshpool, Montgom	5,637	16 2	13 6	24,024	J Ben Davies	noun Eddowes.
Wrexham, Denbigh	18,507	14.0	12 7	105,099	Lawson Taylor	w Dodinau.

† See note at head of p 6x8

# CARDIFF.

CARDIFF (Glamorgan), at the mouth of the rivers Taff (Caer Taff), Runnney and Ely, the port of the South Wales coal fields, has a municipal area of 13,628 acres, and a population (1931) of 23,648. The principal industries include ship repairing, tope making, steel, copper, lead snip repairing, ope maning, suce, copper, cand zine works, iron and steel foundries, patent fuel works, engine wagon works, flour nulls, chemical factories, paper mills, breweries, jam, vinegar and ice factories, tin plate and paint works. The chief imports are grain, timber, picture, the chart hatter there increased the left. wood, ore, fruit, butter, cheese, frozen and chilled meat, live cattle, cauned goods, sugar, potatoes. The exports include coal, coke, patent fuel, iron

and steel manufactures, tin plates, &c

The principal buildings are Caidiff Castle, built in the 11th century, the National Museum of Wales, Public Library, the University College of South Wales and Monmouthshire, the Registry of the University of Wales, Technical College, City Hall and Law Courts, and Glamorgan County Hall. The city returns 3 members to Parliament.

The Lord Mayor (1931-32), C. W. Melhuish. Stipendiary Magistrate, W. Hugh Jones, K.C. Recorder Roland E. L. Vaughan-Williams, K.C. Town Clerk & Clk. of Peace, Cecil G. Brown, LL. B.

#### SWANSEA

SWANSEA (Glamorgan), at the mouth of the River Tawe, is the chief centre of the copper, implate and spelter industry of the United Kingdom, and contains the largest tube works in the country. The trade of the port also includes coal (the largest authracite port), mendes coal (the laigest abbhacite port), patent fuel, ores, and the import and eyort of oil (National Oil Refinence). There is also a large ship-repairing industry principally with France, Italy and Belgium. The municipal area is 24,193 acres, with remulation at the annual state of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication o a population at the census of 1931 of 164,825. Included in the borough is the health resort of Mumbles

The principal buildings are the Norman castle (re-built in 1330), the Royal Institution of South Wales, founded in 1835 (containing Museum and Library), the University College at Singleton, and the 17th century Grammar School, founded by Hugh Gore Swansea was chartered by King John, and incorporated as a borough by Henry III. The borough returns a members to Henry III. Parliament.

Mayor (1931-32), J. B. Owen. Recorder, E. W. Milner-Jones. Town Clerk, H. L. Lang-Coath.

## THE KINGDOM OF SCOTLAND.

Position and Extent.-The Kingdom of Scotland occupies the northern portion of the main island of Great Britain and includes the Inner and island of Great Britain and includes the Inner and Outer Hebrides, and the Orkney, Shetland, and many other islands. The Kingdom iles between 60° 32′ 30° and 5° 42′ N. latitude and between 1° 45′ 33′ and 6° 42′ W. longitude, its southern neighbour being the Kingdom of England, with the Atlantic Ocean on the N. and W., and the North Sea on the E. The greatest length* of the mainland (Cape Wrath to the Mull of Galloway) is see miles and the greatest beautiful and the preparate headth. dailoway) is 274 miles, and the greatest breadth (Buchan Ness to Applecross) is 254 miles. The total area of the Kingdon is 31,250 square miles (land and water). The population (at the census of 1931) was 4,842,554, a decrease of 39,943 since the census of rosz.

Relief.—There are three natural orographic divisions of Scotland. The Southern Uplands arvisions of Scouland. The Southern Uplands have their highest points in Merrick (a, 964 feet), Rinns of Kells (a, 668 feet), and Cairnsmuir of Carsphairn (a, 652 feet), in Kirkendbilght; Hartfell (a, 652 feet) in Dunfries; and Whitecomb (a, 655 feet), in Peebles The Central Lowlands of the New Yeart - Carlo (a.g.g. tebt), in Feenies in Central Locations include the valleys of the Tay, Forth and Clyde, and the cities of Edinburgh, the capital of the Kingdom, and Glasgow, its principal scaport. The leather-clad Northern Highlands extend almost from the extreme north of the mainland almost from the extreme north of the mainland to the central lowlands, and are divided into a northern and southern system by the *Great Gien*; they contain, in the central Grampian in lills, *Ben Nevis* (4,406 feet), the highest point in the British Isles, and Ben Muich Dhui (4,596 feet). The *Cheviot Hills* form a natural boundary between Scotland and England, their highest point being Cheviot Hill (a,676 feet)

Hydrography.—The principal river of Scotland is the Clyde (so miles), one of the most important rivers in the world, with the greatest commercial estuary in Scotland The Clyde is commercial escalary in sectional The Civies in formed by the junction of Daer and Postrail water, and flows through the city and port of Glasgow to the Firth of Clyde. During its course it passes over the picturesque Falls of Clyde, the largest falls in the British Isles, (7)µde, the largest falls in the Bittsh Isles, Bonnington Liun (30 feet), Corra Liun (34 feet), Dundsff Linn (50 feet), and Stonelyres Liun (36 feet), above and below Lanark. The Tweed (36 miles) has important woollen industries ("Tweeds") in its valley. The Tay, noted for its salmon, and the longest river in Scolland (372 miles), flows into the North Sea, with Dundse (the centre of the inte industry) on the estuary, which is spanned by the Tay Bridge (a miles 73 yards), opened in 1837 to replace that destroyed by a µale (Dec. 28, 289). The Des (50 miles), a noted salmon river, flows through scenery of unequalled beauty to the North Sea at Aberdeen. The

Spey (xxo miles), the swiftest flowing river in the British Isles, and also noted for its salmon and its scenery, flows into the Moray Firth. The Forth (66 miles), navigable to Striling, is spanned by the Forth Bridge, constructed x83s-g

spanned by the Forth Bridge, constructed 1883-9 at a cost of £3,000,000, with a length of 5,330 feet (with approaches 8,395 feet). The Looks are the principal hydrographic feature of the Kingdom, both on the mainland and in many of the Islands. The largest in the Kingdom and in Great Belian in 17-11. and in many of the Islands. The largest in the Kingdom and in Great Britain is Lock Lomond. (44 miles long), with Lochs Awe, Tay, Rannoch and Ericht in the Grampian valleys; Loch New (24 miles long and Soc feet deep), with Lochs Olch and Lochy, in the Great Gleu; and Lochs Shin (so miles) and Marce in the northern Milestonic.

Highlands.
Orkney.—About 6 miles N. of the Caithness coast, separated from the mainland by the Pentland Firth, is the island country of Orkney, a group of se islands and islets ("holms" and "skerries"), of which one-third are inhabited. "Skerries", or which one-third are minanted. The total area of the group is 375% square miles, with a population (rgrz) of 25,896. Kirkwall, in Ponoua (or mainland), the largest island of the group, is the capital of the county. Many of the Orkney (and Shetland) Islands contain brocks (Pictish towers) and other Pictish and Scandinavian remains. Scapa Flow, between Pomona and Hoy, was the war station of the Grand Fleet from 1914-9 and the scene of the scuttling of the surrendered German High Seas Fleet (June 21, 1919).

Shetland.—About so miles N. of Orkney (with the detached Fair Isle at as miles N.) is the sland county of Shetland, a group of about roo islands and islets, of which so are inhabited. The total area of the group is 55x square miles, with a population (spr) of 37,9xx. lerwick, in Manulaud (the largest and pinicipal island), is the capital of the county Fair Isle, the southernmost of the group, is famous for handkuited hosiery, and Unst for the finest of the Shetland woollen work, for which the county is Intended Worker Winga, about r mile N. of Unst, is the most northerly of the group and of the British Isles (60° 51′ 30″ N. lat ).

Western Islands.*-Off the W. coast, at varying distances, and extending from Sutherland to Argyll, are over 500 islands and islets, of which 102 are inhabited. The total area of these Western Islands is a,812 square miles, with a population of close on 80,000, but owing to the mountainous surface of the land only about 300 square miles are under cultivation. The Inner square miles are under cultivation. The Inner-Hebrides include the island of Skye (64,3 square miles—capital, Portree, famous as the refuge of Prince Challie after his defeat at Culloden, Invernessshire, in 1746), which contains the Cuiltine (Sguri-na-Banachdich, 3,443 feet), Red Hills (Ben Usillich, 2,403 feet), and many other picturesque mountains; Mull (367 square miles), containing Ren More (3,185 feet), Ben Buy (2,354 feet), and Ben Creach (2,259 feet); Jurd

e Land's Kul to Joka o' Groats — The customary measurement of the Island of Great Britain is from the site of John o' Groat's bonse. near Duncansip Head, Caithness (at the N.E., extremity of the island) to Land's End Cornwall (at the S.W. extremity), a total distance of sey miles in a straight line and (approximately) see by road. But the site of the house of John de Groot (with its \$ doors and octagonal table, to solve the question of precedence between John and his y brothers) is about 4 miles S.W. of Duncansiby Head, while Dunnes Head (also in Caithness) extends farther N, than Duncansiby. John de Groot is believed to have obtained permission to settle in Caithness (from the Retherlands) in the reign of James IV (1498-1523)

^{**} The Hebrulea.—Until the closing years of the right century "The Hebrules" included other Scottish alands in the Firth of Clyde, the penissals of Kintyre (Argyllshire), the lale of Man, and the (Irish) Isle of Rathlin. The origin of the name is tated to be the tirely Scoudes, latinised as Hebrules by Piny, and corrupted to its present from. The Norwegian name Sadreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was latinised as Sedreyar (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Islands (Southern Islands) was set to be supported by the Southern Isl

(160 square miles), with a chain of hills culminating in the Paps of Jura, Beinn-an-Oir (s. 572 feet), and Beinn Cholais (s.407 feet); Islay (233 square miles), and many smaller islands. The Outer Hebrides, separated from the mainland by the Minch, include Leurs-with-Harris (770 square miles), celebrated for its homespun "Tweeds," North Uist, South Uist, Barra and other islands. Thirteen miles W. of Stornovay (the largest town of Lewis and of the Hebrides) are the "Drudical" remains of Callernish, a well-preserved series of monolithic circles, cruciform in general arrangement, but generally regarded as a heathen monument of the remote Stone Age.

Climate.—The climate of Scotland is influenced by the much indented coast line and (like that of South Britain) by the Gulf Stream Drift, which emerges from the Gulf of Mexico as a strong current about 20 miles in width, with a speed of about 4 miles per hour; the stream gradually loses its velocity and becomes shallower and cooler, until at about 35° N. lat. (off Cape Hatteras) it ceases to be a distinct stream and its surface waters are carried across the Atlantic by the prevailing westerly winds. The climate is more bracing and less treacherous than that of England, the average duration of sunshine on the east coast of England, while the south-western section is no wetter or more relaxing than the corresponding section of England. The mean winter temperature is in the neighbourhood of 35°, and that of summer about 35° Fahrenheit.

The offices of the Scottish Travel Association

The offices of the Scottish Travel Association are at 37, George Street, Edinburgh.

## EARLY HISTORY.

Prehistoric Man.—North Britain appears to have been invaded in Palacolithic times by a succession of races, who died out or were exterminated by other immigrants. The earliest race of which there is any record is that since known as the Picts, believed to be of non-Aryan origin, and stated to have been named Picts by the Romans on account of the tribal habit of painting the body. The Picts seem to have inhabited the whole of North Britain and to have spread over the north of Ireland. Picts Houses are most frequent in the northern counties of Caithness and Sutherland and in the Orkney Islands, and it is generally believed that the Picts were driven northwards by later Cettic immigrants. Celtic Goidels and Brythons arrived from Heigic Gaul during the latter part of the Bronze Age and in the early Iron Age, and except in the extreme north of the mainland and in the islands the civilization and speech of the people were definitely Celtic at the time of the Bonan Invasion of Britain.

The Roman Invasion.—In A.D. 80 Julius Agricola extended the Roman conquests in Britain by advancing into Caledonia as far as the "Grampian" Hills, but after a victory at Mons Graupus (since corrupted to "Grampias") he was recalled, and no further advance was made for about 60 years, when the Roman frontier was carried to the isthmus between the Forth and Clyde and marked by the Wall of Pius, towards which ran military roads from the Cheviots. The Roman occupation of Southern Caledonia was not so effective as that of South Britain, and before the close of the second century the nerthern limit of Roman Britain had receded to Hadrian's Wall, from the Tyne to Solway Firth, where it was maintained until about A.D. 450.

The Scots. - During the later years of the Roman occupation the garrison was continually harassed by Pictish tribes north of the Wall, aided by Scots (the Gaelic tribe then dominant in Ireland), Scota (the Green critic their dominants in research, and when the garrison was withdrawn these Picts and Scots were the principal enemies of the Celtic Brythons, who are believed to have called in the Saxons to protect them from the invasions of their neighbours. A relic of the atruggle between Pict and Brython is still to be atruggle between Pict and Brython is still to be a truggle between Pict and Brython is still to be seen in the Catrail, or Picts' Work Dyke, of Roxburgh (from Torwoodle, near Galashiels, to Peel Fell in the Cheviots). Christianity was introduced into Southern Caledonia about 350 by missionaries from Romanized Britain, who penetrated to the northern districts and islands. After the withdrawal (or absorption) of the Roman garrison of Britain there were many years of tribal warfare between the Picts and Scots, the Brythonic Waelisc (Welch) of Strathclyde (South-west Scotland and Cumberland), and the Anglo-Saxons of the Lothians. The Waelisc were isolated from their kinsmen in Wales by the victory of the West Saxons at wates by the victory of the west raxons at Chestre (Exp.) and towards the close of the 5th century the Scots under Kenneth Macalpine became the dominant power in Caledonia. In the reign of Malcoln I. (943-954) the Brythons or Whelisc (Welch) of Strathclyde were broughtinto. subjection, the lowland kingdom of the English (Lothian) being conquered by Malcolm II. (2005-2034). From the close of the 11th century until the middle of the 16th there were constant until the indidle of the 16th there were constant wars between Scotland and England, the outstanding figures in the struggle being William Wallace, who defeated the English at Stirling Bridge (1207), and Robert Bruce, who wan the victory of Bannockhurn (1314). James IV. and many of his nobles fell at the disastrous battle of Flodden (1313), and in 1603 James VI., the Stuart King of Scotland and the heir to the Tudor line of England (his mother, Mary "Queen of Scots," was the great-granddaughter of Henry VII.), succeeded Queen Elizabeth on the throne. his was the great-granddaughter of Henry VII.), succeeded Queen Elizabeth on the throne, his successors reigning as Sovereigns of Great Britain. After the abdication (by flight) of James VII. and II., the crown devolved upon William III. (grandson of Charles I.), and Mary (daughter of James VII. and II.) and, their issue failing upon Anne (second daughter of James VII. and II.). Anne's children died young and the and II.). Anne's children died young, and the throne devolved upon George I. (great-grand-son of James VI. and I.). In 1889 Graham of Claverhouse "roused the Highlands" on behalf of James VII. and II., but died after a military success at Killiecrankie. In 1715, armed risings led to the indecisive battle of Sherriffmuir, but the movement died down until 1745, when the "Young Pretender" defeated the Royalist troops "Young Pretender defeated the Royanst troops under Sir John Cope at Preston Pans and advanced to Derby in England (1746). From Derby, the adherents of "James VIII. and III." (the title claimed for his father by the Young Pretender), fell back on the defensive, and the Jacobite movement was finally crushed by the Jacobite movement was many crusned by une Royalist troops under the Duke of Cumberland at Culloden (April 16, 1746). The Hebrides did not become part of the Kingdom of Scotland until 1266, when they were ceded to Alexander III. by Magnus of Norway.

The Hebrides did not become part of the Kingdom of Scotland until 1266, when they were coded to Alexander III. by Magnus of Norway. Orkney and Shetland fell to the Scottish Crown as a piedge for the unpaid dowry of Margaret of Denmark, wife of James III., in 1469, the Danish suzerainty being formally relinquished

in 1590.

### AREA AND POPULATION OF SCOTTISH COUNTIES. WITH CAPITALS, LORDS LIEUTENANT AND CONVENERS.

WILL CALL	3 20 20 2	OMMIN AL	EDULENANT AND COL	V 14 IV 14 160.
Counties and Headquarters,	Popula- tion, 1931	Acres.	Lord Lieutenant.	Convener of County.
Aberdeen (Aberdeen)	300,430	1,261,521	Marq of Aberdeen. K.T.	Earl of Caithness.
Angus (Forfar)	270,190	560,186	Earl of Strathmore and	LtCol. W.T.J. S. Steuart-
Argyll (Lochgllphead)	63,014	1,990,472	Duke of Argyll	LtCol.W.T.J.S. Steuart- Fothringham. LtCol. T. O. Lloyd, C.M.G.
Ayr (Ayr)	285,182	793,600	Marquess of Ailsa	N. J. K Cochran-Patrick.
Banff (Banff)	54,835	410.112	James Archibald	Sir George Abercrombie.
Berwick (Duns)	26,601	204.805	(Vacant)	Earl of Howe.
Bute (Rothesay)		120.422	Duke of Montrose, C.B	N. H. Constable. M.P.
Caithness (Wick)		448.06B	Sir A H M Sinclair Bt	Col. E. W Horne, C.M.G.
Clackmannan(Clackmannan)			Earl of Mar & Kellie, K. T.	Earl of Mar & Kellie, K.T.
Dumbarton (Dumbarton)			Sir I Colquhoun, Bt., D.S.O.	Cant Alan Burns
Dumfries (Dumfries)	81,060		Duke of Buccleuch, K.T.	
East Lothian (Haddington)		000,317	Earl of Wemyss	Lord Polymenth
Elgin or Moray (Elgin)	47,309	179,144	Duka of Pickwood	LtCol. M.G.G. Peterkin.
Fife (Cupar)			Sir Ralph Anstruther, Bt.	
Inverness (Inverness)		314,95	Marph Anstrumer, Dt.	Land Langton
		2,010,545	MackintoshofMackintosh	LOFU LOVAL, K.T.
Kincardine (Stonehaven)		245,347	Viscount Arbuthnott	William Low.
Kinross (Kinross)		40,487	Capt Alex Price Haig	Sir H. P R. Montgomery,
Kirkeudbright (Kirkeudbt )	30,341	574,588	Col. R. F. Duageon, C.B.	Capt. F W Weekes [Bt. Gavin Hamilton.
Lanark (Lanark)	1,585,968	562,821	James Knox	Gavin Hamilton.
Midlothian (Edinburgh)	525,277	231,724	Earl of Rosebery	Sir J. Don Wanchope, Bt.
Nairn (Nairn)		124,968	Brodie of Brodie, p.s.o	Earl of Leven.
Orkney (Kirkwall)		240,476	Altred Baikie	Joseph Storer Clouston.
Peebles (Peebles)	15,050	a26,899	Michael Grieve Thor-	Michael Grieve Thor- burn
Donath (Danath)				
Perth (Perth)	120,772	1,017,008	Duke of Atholl, K.T	J. M. Houge.
Renfrew (Paisley)			Stewart, Bt . C.B	Col. Sir Hugh Shaw- Stewart, Bt, C.B.
Ross & Cromarty (Dingwall)	62,802	1,970,004	Sir Hector Munro, Bt	Sir R. W Brooke, Bt.
Roxburgh (Jedburgh)	45,787	425,656	Duke of Roxburghe, K.T.	Duke of Roxburghe, K.T. Maj.C H. Scott-Plummer.
Selkirk (Selkirk)	22,608	172,549	Maj. C. H Scott-Plummer	Maj.C H. Scott-Plummer.
Shetland (Lerwick)	21,410	352,880	(Vacant)	Magnus Shearer.
Stirling (Stirling)	166,447	286,338	William L Pullar	Capt Thomas Harvey.
Sutherland (Dornoch)	16,100	1.207.840	Duke of Sutherland	Alfred N. MacAulay.
West Lothian (Linlithgow)	81,426	76,807	Marq of Linlithgow, K.T ,	Daniel Robertson.
` ,	1	1	G.CIR.	1
Wigtown (Wigtown)	29,299	310,747	Rt Hon Sir H. Maxwell, Bt.	Earl of Stair, D.S.O

EDINBURGH.

EDINBURGH, the Capital of the Kingdom, has a municipal area of 3s,4os acres, and a popula-tion (Census of 1931) of 438,998 (over the en-larged area). The boundaries were extended in 1920 so as to include the Burgh of Leith and part of the suburban district of the County of Midlothian. The city is built on a group of hills and contains in Princes Street the most beautiful thoroughfare in the world. The principal buildings are St. Gles's Church (restored 1876-83), and St. Mary's (Scottish Episcopal) Cathedral (Sir Gilbert Scott), the Castle (which contains, in St. Margaret's Chapel, the oldest building in Scotland, Parliament House (the present seat of the judicature, containing the Advocates and Signet Libraries), the University, the General Register House (Robert Adam), Royal Scottish Academy, National Portrait Gellery, and Holyrood Palace (containing parts of the royal palace of James IV. and V.). The city is governed by a town council of 72 members, and sends 6 members to Parliament (including the member for Leith).

Rt. Hon. Lord Provost (1929-32), Sir T. B. Whitson Town Clerk, Sir Andrew Grierson, LL.D., S.S.C.,

City Chamberlain, John D. Imrie, M.A., B.COM.

#### GLASGOW.

GLASGOW, a Royal Burgh, City and County of a City, and the principal commercial centre in Scotland, has a municipal area of 30,046 acres, and an estimated population of 1,088,417. The city occupies the north and south banks of the Clyde, one of the chief commercial estuaries of the world, and its trade was valued to the commercial contracts. at £81.695,33s in 1929, the total net tonnage of the ships entering (1930-31) being 6,016,724 tons; of those cleared 6,842,469 tons. The principal industries are iron and steel works, shipbuilding, chemicals, leather, woollens, muslin-weaving, distilling, tobacco, cotton-mills and furnidistilling, tobacco, cotton-mills and furni-ture. The chief buildings are the Early English Cathedral, built early in the 12th century, and incorporating part of an earlier structure, the University (Sir Gilbert Scott), the City Chambers, the Royal Infirmary and the Western and Vic-toria Infirmaries, the Art Galleries and the Mitchell Library. The City is governed by a town council of 113 members, and sends 15 members to Parliament.

Rt. Hon. Lord Provost (1929-22), Sir Thomas Kelly.

Town Clerk, David Stenhouse, J.P. City Chamberlain, A. C. McMillan, C.A.

## SCOTTISH COUNTY OFFICIALS.

Counties,	County Clerk	Clerk of the Peace.	Chief Constable.
	H. L. F. Fraser	Archib'dC.Morrison,0,8,E Thomas C. Louzon.	John Gauld.
	R. W. Anderson	Thomas C. Louzon.	D. C. Christie.
Argyll		Malcolm Sinclair	
Ayr	James E. Shaw	John Howie	Capt. H. F. Munro.
	i	J. L. M'Naughton, M B R., V.D., Buckie.	
Berwick	R. G. Johnston, o B.E	Alexander N. McDougal	John Morren.
Bute	David Arnot	James Matheson	John Robertson, Paisley,
Caithness	James Robertson	G. A. O Green, Wick	Wm. K. Cormack, Wick.
Clackmannan	T. Cunningham Shanks	James Cuthbert	John Scott.
Dumfries	John Robson	B. M'Gowan	William Gordon.
Dumberton	A. A. Templeton	John W. L. Cruig	Neil McLennan.
East Lothian	George Cruikshank E. D. Jameson	A. C. Stevenson	Maj S. W. Douglas, D.S.o.
Elgin or Moray	E. D. Jameson	D. A Shiach	William Stewart.
Fife	J. M. Mitchell	R. Osborne Pagan, W.S	J Tennant Gordon, O.B.E.
Inverness	J. W. Mackillop	D. Noble	Maj. A. C. Maclean.
Kincardine	John Falconer		
		D. A. R. Cuthbert	M J. Martin.
Kirkendbright	Adam Brown	Patrick Gifford	Alex. Donald, O.B.E.
*Lanark	John McGhie and R. Bryce	James Annan, Upper Wd.	Alex W. Keith.
	Walker.	J.T.T Brown, LL.D., Middle	
	1	Ward	
	1	James Austin, Lower Wd.	Alexander Nesbit Keith.
*Midlothian	G, J. McGregor	W. B. Robertson, S.S.C., N.P.	Maj. S. W. Douglas, C.B.E.,
Nairn	John McDonald	H. G. Strachan	William Stewart.
Orkney	Duncan J. Robertson, O. B. E.	D. J. Robertson, O.B.E.	John Muir Tulloch.
Peebles	J. Ramsay Smith and Win	William T. Blackwood	Mai. S. W. Douglas, D.S.O.
	T. Blackwood.		CBR.
Perth	T B. Marshall	Alexander Stewart	M. J. Martin.
Renfrew	J Caldwell Fraser	T. Machobert, Juni	John Robertson.
Ross & Cromarty	f. S. H Burns, Dingwall	W. S Dewar	Capt. D. Finlayson, O.B.E.
Roxburgh	George J. Sherriff	T. Colledge Halliburton	John Morren, O.B.K.
Selkirk	W. C. Dundas, LLB John N Sinclair	J. Mowbray Kunaird	John Morren, O.B.E.
Shetland	John N Sinclair	R. A. Johnson	Gifford Gray.
Stirling	James Learmonth	(Vacant)	Charles E. Middleton.
Sutherland	Archibald Argo	J Macrae	Hugh Chisholm.
WERT POURIER	ii. G. D. Henderson, W.S.	A. I DILLIPSON, U.D.A. W.S.	(B) (1) (7) (7) LOUE BEE, D.D.O.
Wigtown	A. Aitken, Strauraer	Percy J. Adair, Stranfaer	Alexander Donald, O.B.E
	1		

* The Cities of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Dundee, and Aberdeen are each a County of a City, and the Lord Provost of each is entitled, by virtue of his office, to be appointed Lord Lieutenant.

## DUNDEE.

DUNDER, a City, Parliamentary, Municipal and Royal Burgh, on the left bank of the River Tay, 42 miles N. of Edinburgh, has a municipal area of 6,678 acres, and a population (Census 1931) of 175,583 (an increase of 7,268 since 1921) The principal buildings are University College (St. Andrews University), the Technical Institute, High School, Albert Institute and the Caird Hall Buildings. One of the finest Public Baths is in Dundee. The harbout affords dock accommodation of nearly 38 acres. The principal industries are jute manufacture in all its branches, and various forms of linen weaving, the making of preserves, shipbuilding, engineering, dyeing, and brewing. The City is governed by a town council of 34 members and sends a members to Parliament.

The Lord Provost (1930-32), G. A. Johnston. Town Clerk, W. H. Blyth Martin.

## ABERDEEN.

ABREDEEN, a City and a Royal, Municipal and Parliamentary Burgh, 120 miles N.E. of Edinburgh, received its charter as a Royal Burgh from William the Lion in 1129. The numicipal area is 6,748 acres, with a population (Consus 1921) of 157,859 (an increase of 8,390 since 1921). The tonnage of the ships entered in 1290 was 95,035 tous (and fishing vessels 1,344,565 tons). The chief industries are granite quarrying and working, white fish, salmon and herring fisheries, engineering, chemicals, brewing, distilling, shipbuilding, paper-making, and woollen, jute and linen manufacture. The principal buildings are the East and West Churches of St. Nicholas, Municipal Offices, Marischal College, King's College, Roman Catholic pro-Cathedral, Public Library, H.M. Theatre, Art Gallery and Museum, and the Cathedral of St. Machar (14th century). The City is governed by a Town Council of 37 Members, and sends 2 Members to Parliament.

The Lord Provest (1930-32), James R. Rust. Town Clerk, George S. Fraser.

# BURGHS OF SCOTLAND IN ORDER OF POPULATION.

NOTER signifies a Royal Burgh	; P, a Parliamentary Burgh	Remainder are Police Burghs.

	OTE.—R signines a r	coyal bui	gu,	F, a Farmamentary Bi	ırgıı	Коп	ander are ronce bur,	gun.
	Benon Pe	pulation	i	Burgh Popu	lation	1	Вт вон. Рори	Intion
_	Glasgow, R P	00	60	Denny and Dunipace			Turriff	
1	Tilled words in D	1,000,417	60	Ununfished D D	2,210	130.	Auchterarder	2,290
2.	Edinburgh, R.P	438,900		Valuentine	5,309	131.	Francisch	=,=54
3.	Dundee, R.P	175,583	70	Kilwinning	5,324	132.	Eyemouth	2,23x
4.	Aherdeen, R.P	167,259	7×	(lirvan	5,292	133.	Newburg, R	2,152
5	Paisley, P	86,441	72	Milngavie Armadale	5,050	¥34.	Millport	2,053
6.	Greenock, P	78,948	73	Armadale	4,854	135.	Melrose	2,052
7.	Motherwell and		74	Carnoustie	4,806	136.	Moffat Kinghorn, R.P. Markinch	2,006
	Wishaw	64,708	75.	Blairgowne and Rat-		137-	Kinghorn, R.P.	2,001
8.	Clydelank	46 062		tray	4,676	£38.	Markinch	1,988
۵.	Kirkealdy, R.P	43,874	76	Galston	4,601	130.	Newton-Stewart	1.014
10.	Kirkcaldy, R.P Contbridge * Kilmarnock, P	43,056	77.	Galston Cupar, R.P	4,506	140	Coupar-Angua	x.88a
77.	Kilmarnock, P	38,099	78.	Tranent	4 5-6	- 4-	Ottocheforty P D	
70	Hamilton P.	37,863	70.	Inveturie, R P	4.524	142	Duns	1.788
	Avr R P	36,784	Ro.	Bounyilgg and Lass-	7,5-1	142.	Sanguhar, R. P.	T.750
-3.	Ayr, R.P Falkuk, P	36,565		wade	4.482	744	Sanquhar, R.P Sanquhar, R.P Cullen, R.P Findochty	7 600
14	Dunfermline, R.P.	34,954	9-	wade	4 424	-4-	Cullan R P	- 688
-5.	Douth D D	341934	8-	Haddington R	4 405	*45.	Windochty	- 60-
10.	Perth, R.P.	34,807	02.	Townste	4,403	I QU.	Alash	1,075
17	Destination D.D.	25,954	1 63.	Markola	4,201	147.	Doublest	1,002
zs.	Ruthergien, R.P	25, 157	04.	Navione D D	4,210	140.	Tutter and the second	1,051
19.	Dumtries, K.P	32,795	05	Haddington, R Lerwick	4,301	149	Panthanala, K.P.	1,019
20.	Stiring, R.P	22,593	80	Sconenaven	4,185	150.	rorumockie	1,019
ZI.	Inverness, RP .	22,582	87.	rottes, K F	4,109	75I.	atromness	1,592
22.	Perth, R.P Airdrie, P	21,546	88	New milus and Green-		152	Grantown-on-Spey.	1,577
<b>23.</b>	Port-Glasgow, P .	19,580		Ack minus and Green-holm Annath, R.P Loanhead Lossiemouth Kelso Huntly Stornoway Dinibar, R Lanlithgrow, R.P	3,979	153	Callander	1,572
24.	Buckhaven and		89	Annan, R.P	3,959	¥54.	Aberfeldy	1,505
		17,643	90	Loanherd	3,940	155.	Dollar	1,485
25.	Arbroath, R.P.	17,637	Qx	Lossiemouth	3,014	156.	Dufftown .	1.454
26.	Hawick, P	17.050	02-	Kelso	3.855	x57.	Invergordon	1.417
37	Musselburgh, P	16,996	02	Alva	3.820	148	Tain. R.P	1.282
-6	Renfrew, R P	14,986	04	Huntly	2.778	750	Ricony	7 292
	Alloa	13,322	27	Stornovay	3777	150	Lauroncekirk	* 3*5
			22	Dunbar R	31//-	-6-	Kilon	1,310
30	Galashiels, P	13,102	90.	Stornoway Dunbar, R Laulithgow, R P	3,75	101.	Rothes	1,300
31	Complete	12,037	32.	Cunnock and Holm-	3,000		Western D	1,292
32.	Con denbeagn .	12,731	98		- 4	163	Wigiown, R	1,201
33	Galashiels, P Johnstone . Cow denbeath . Poterhead P Barrhead Irvine, R.P	12 545		head	3,653	104	Wigtown, R Burghend	1,255
34	Barr head	12,308	99	Kirkwall, R.P Banff, R.P	3.517	x6g.	Auchtermichty, R.	1,853
35-	Irvine, R.P.	12,032	100.	Bann, R.P	3,489	100	Colustream	1,233
36.	Kirkintilloch .	11.817	IOI.	North Berwick, R .	3,473	167	Ballater	1,193
37	Grangemonth	11,798	102	Kuriemun	3,326	168.	('harlestown of Aber-	-
38	Montrose, R.P	10,196	103.	Kilrenny, Anstruther		l	lour	1,175
	Saltenate	10,173	-	Easter and Anstru-		16q.	Ladybank and	
	Bathgate	10,097	l	ther Wester, R P	3,325	} -	Monkston	x, 128
	Borrowstoumness .	10.005	104.	Macduff	3.276	170.	Elie and Earlsferry,	-,
	Fraserburgh	0.730	105.	Newport			n	Seo, z
	Forfar, R P.	0.660	106	Darvel	2.272	177	Rosehearty	1,070
43	Pothogny P	9.346	107	Inverkeithing, R P	3,-3- 3, TBc	17/2	Kinguage	2,0/9
	Rothesny, R.	9.340	10%	Tayport	3,403	1474.	Rosehearty Kingussie	1,067
45.	Lochgelly	9,297 8,893	100	Jedburgh, R	3,204	173	Inverhence D D	1.058
	Helensburgh	0,093	109.	Dalboatte	3,057	174	Tophyselum D.F.	1,032
47.	Gottrock	8,844	110.	Dalbeattie	3,011	175.	Coll Malden, K.P	1,014
48.	Elgin, R.P .	8,810 8,780 8,688	III	Castle-Douglas				900
49.	Dinoon	8,780	112	Monifleth	2.084	1177.	Lochgilbhead	974
50.	Buckie	8,688	113.	Tillicoultry Thurso	<b>2,953</b>	176.	Cove and Kilcreg-	
51.	Troon	8,544	114	Thurso	2,946	1	gan	954
	Danat minale	8,544 8,538	115.	RMMMA OF Allah	2,597	179	Whithorn, R .	951
53.	St. Andrews, R P . Kilsyth Wick, R P	8,269	116	renicuik	2,750	180.	Gatehouse	888
KA.	Kilsyth	7,551	117.	Stewarton	2,749	181	East Linton	88z
25	Wick, RP	7.548	118.	Stewarton Dunblane Lockerbne Dingwall, R.P. Fort-William Cockenrie and Port	2,602	183.	Fortrose, R P	875
100	Dalkeith	7.502	IIQ.	Lockerbie	3,574	182.	Aberchirder	868
57.	Leven	7.411	120.	Dingwall, R P	2,554	184	Cromarty, P	837
5%. 58.	Androssun	6.888	127	Fort-William	2,527	184	Donne	822
	Androssan Brechin, R.P	6.828	722	Cockenzie and Port	-,5-/	186	Falkland, R	791
59.	Etwaniace B	6.400		Seton	2 226	-8-	Tohermory	791
60.	Strangaer, R	6.220		Seton	-,5-0	-86	Kintora P P	771
61.	Campbeltown, R P	6,309	1	Locks	4,545	100.	Thomash D D	756
62.	Lanark, K.P	9,178	124	Laugholm	2.477	169.	Torriorn, R.P	7=5
63.	Largs	0,115	125.	Whithem	z,440	190.	Above other	628
64.	Peebles, R		1120.	wintourn	2.440	I TOT.	A Dernethy	<b>59</b> 5
65. 66.	Oban, P	5,759	187.	Prestonpans	2,480	198.	Cuiross, R.P.	495
	Selkirk, R.P	5,667	128.	innerleithen	2,359	193.	Inveraray, R.P.	455
67.	Oban, P	5,544	129.	Kirkeudbright, R.P	2,311	194.	New Galloway, R	307
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Position and Extent.—Ireland lies in the Atlantic Ocean, to the West of Great Britain, and is separated from Scotland by the North Channel and from Wales by the Irish Sea and St. George's Channel. The land area of the island is 32,532 sq. miles and its geographical position between 52° 56° and 32° 52° N. latitude and from 5° 25° to 70° 30° W. longitude. The greatest length of the island, from N.E. to S. W. (Torr Head to Mizen Head), is 300 miles, and the greatest breadth, from E. to W. (Dundrum Bay to Armagh Head), is 74 miles. On the N. coast of Achill Island (Co. Mayo) are the highest cliffs in the British Islands, 2000 feet sheer above the sea. Ireland is occupied for the greater part of its area by the Central Plain, with an elevation of 50 to 350 ft. above mean sea level, with isolated mountain ranges near the coast line. The principal mountains, with their highest polits, are the Sperrim Mountains (Sawel 2,240 ft.) of County Tyrone in the North; the Mountains of Mourne (Silve Donard 2,756 ft.) of County Down, and the Wickton Mountains (Lugnaquilla 3,039 ft.) in the North-East; the Derryweagh Mountains (Errigal 2,466 ft.) of County Onegal in the North-West; the Comemara Mountains (Twelve Pins 2,655 ft.) of County Galway in the West; Maogulic-cuddys Reeks (Carrantuolill 3,444 ft. the highest point in Ireland) in the South-West; and the Galtee Mountains (3,038 ft.) of County Tipperary, and the Knockmealdown (2,609 ft.) and Comeragh Mountains (2,470 ft.) of County Waterford, in the South. The principal river of Ireland (and the Ongest in the British Isles) is the Shannon (240 miles), rising in County Cavan and draining the central plain. The Shannon flows through a chain of loughs to the city of Limerick, and thence to an estuary on the western Atlantic scaboard The Slanne flows into Westford Harbour, the Luffey to Dublin Bay, the Boppe to Drogheda, the Lee to Cork Harbour, the Blackwater to Youghal Bay, and the Suir, Nove, and Barrow to Waterford Harbour. As in Scotland, the principal hydrographic feature is

Primative Man.—Although little is known concerning the earliest inhabitants of Ireland, there are many traces of neolithic man throughout the island, while the use of bronze implements appears to have become known about the middle of the 17th century B.O. In the later Bronze Age a Celtic race of Guidels appear to have invaded the Island, and in the early Iron Age Brythons from South Britain are believed to have effected settlements in the south-east, while Peter from North Britain established similar settlements in the north. Towards the close of the Roman occupation of Britain, the dominant tribe in the island was that of the Sooti, who afterwards established themselves in Scotland.

Legendary History.— According to Irish Legendary History.— According to Irish race, who came from Soythis by way of Spain, and established the Kingdom of Tara, about 500 B.C. The supremacy of the Ardir. (high king) of Tara was acknowledged by eight lessor kingdoms (Munster, Connaught, Allech, Oriel, Ulidia, Meath, Leinster and Ossory) ruled by descendants of the eight sons of Milled. The basalt columns on the coast of Antrim, eight niles from Portrush, known as the Giant's Cansensay, are connected with the legendary Instory of Ireland as the remnants of a bridge built in the time of Fina M'Coul (Fingal) to connect Antrim with Sootland (Staffa).

Christianity.—Christianity did not become general until the advent of St. Patrick St. Patrick was born in Britain about 389, and was taken to Ireland as a slave about sixteen years later, escaping to Gaul at the age of 28. In 428 he was consecrated Bishop at Auxerre and landed in Wicklow to establish and organise the Christian religion throughout the island.

Later History.—The Roman conquest of Bittain was not extended to Ireland, and little is known of the history of the country until the invasions of Northmen (Norwegians and Danes) towards the close of the 8th century A.D. The Norwegians were distinguished as Findgaill (White Strangers) and the Danes as Dubgaill (Black Strangers), names which survive in "Fingall,"

"MacDougall" and "MacDowell," while the name of the island itself is held to be derived from the Scandmavian Ina-land (land of the Irish), the names of the Provinces being survivals of Norse dialect forms (Ulaids-tir, Laigins-tir, Mumans-tir and Kunnak-tir). The out-standing events in the encounters with the Northmen are the *Rattle of Tara* (980), at which the Hy Neill king Maelsechlainn II. defeated the Scandinavians of Dublin and the Hebrides under their king Amlaib Cuaran; and the Battle of Clontarf (1014) by which the Scandinavian power was completely broken. After Clontarf the supreme power was disputed by the O'Brians of Munster, the O'Neills of Ulster, and the O'Connors of Connaught, with varying fortunes. In 1152 Dermod MacMurrough (Diaimait Mac-Murchada), the deposed king of Leinster, sought assistance in his struggle with Ruaidhri O'Connor (the high king of Ireland), and visited Henry II. the Norman king of England. Henry authorized him to obtain armed support in England for the recovery of his kingdon, and Dermod enlisted the services of Richard de Clare, the Norman Earl of Pembroke, afterwards known as Strongbow, who landed at Waterford (Aug. 23, 1270) with 200 knights and 1,000 other troops for the reconquest of Leinster, where he eventually settled, after marriage with Dermod's daughter. In 1178 (Oct. 18) Henry II. himself landed in Iteland, with a force larger than Strongbow's, and obtained homage from the Irish kings, but Anglo-Norman rule underwent many fluctuations in the succeeding centuries, being confined in the early 15th century within the English "Pale" of 600 square miles. In the reign of Henry VII.
English rule was greatly extended, and the
administration of Irish affairs was anglicised by Robert Poyning, Lord leputy of Ireland, who summoned the Paritament of Drogheda (Dec. 1494), at which were enacted the Statutes of Drogheda, afterwards known as Poyning's Law, making the legislature of Ireland subordinate to and dependent on that of England. A later parliament conferred on Henry VIII. the title of King of Ireland.

#### 634 AREA AND POPULATION OF IRELAND. Provinces, Counties (with Assise Towns), and County Boroughs. Density of Popn. per sq. mile. Population, Acreage. *Northern Ireland :-ULSTER. 702,851 101.643 14,797 312,767 608,861 415,151 Armagh (Armagh) ...... 110,070 209,228 57,984 417,912 04,534 518,494 TTŘ 2,199 45,150 13, 142 779,563 132,792 Total, Northern Ireland ...... 3,351,444 ∮x,a56,56x 6 Males, 608,088; Females, 648,472. Increase, 1911-1926, o'5 per cent. Provinces, Counties and County Boroughs Density of Popn per sq mile Population. 1 Acress zgań. +The Irish Free State :--LEINSTER. 221,485 34,476 188,961 316,693 58,028 100 #19,344 8,357 418,644 55× Dublin County Borough ..... ... ... 44,253 89 68 99 198 70 78 83 Kildare (Nass)..... Kilkenny (Kilkenny) King's (Tullamore) Longford (Longford) 509,470 70,990 493,637 39,847 62,739 257,935 Longord (Longord) Louth (Dundalk) Meath (Trim) Jueen's (Maryborough) Vestmeath (Mullingar) Wexford (Wexford) Wisklow (Wicklow) 577,816 62,969 424,892 51,540 56,818 435,604 580,894 95,848 500,244 57,591 74 4,851,136 1,149,092 252 MUNSTER. 95,064 787,768 1,840,905 2,685 1,161,708 Cork (Cork) ...... 287,257 78,490 100 Cork County Borough ...... 18,709 82 Linerick (Linerick) Linerick Conny Borough Linerick Conny Borough Linerick Conny Riding (Neuagh) South Riding (Clonnel) 149,171 661,573 2,386 39,448 59,645 81,370 493,255 558,034 51,915 26,647 453,051 z,438 969,902 5,962,803 104 CONNAUGHT. x,467,639 169,366 376,774 55,907 95 83 88 Mayo (Castlebar)... .... .... ... 172,600 1,333,941 608,540 Roscommon (Roscommon) ................ 83,556 Sligo (Sligo) ..... 71,388 443,928 103 4,230,822 84 552,907 ULSTER. Cavan (Cavan) . ..... 467,162 82,452 Donegal (Lifford) ..... Monaghan (Monaghan)...... 1,193,573 318,985 152,508 65,131 131

Total, Irish Free State ...... 17,024,481

1,979,720

300,091

2,971,992

97

112

Free State at June, 1931, was 2,952,000.

^{*} NORTHERN IRELAND.—Under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, as amended by the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, and the Ireland (Confirmation of Agreement) Act, 1925, Northern Ireland comprises the cities of Helfast and Londonderry, and the counties of Antrim, Armagh, Down, Fermanagh, Londonderry and Tyrone, with its capital at Belfast.

† IRISH FREE STATE.—Under the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, the Provinces of Leinster, Munster and Connaught, with the Ulster Counties of Cavan, Donegal and Monaghan, form the Irish Free State, with its capital at Dublin.

† Excluding the larger lakes, rivers and tideways. The estimated population of the Irish Free State at June, 2021, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922,

# Morthern Ireland.

THE GOVERNOR.

His Grace the Duke of Abericorn, K.G., K.P., born 1869; appointed Governor 1922; reappointed for further term Dec. 8, 1928 (Government House, Hillsborough, Northern Ireland. Telegrams: Govnorire, Relfast; Telephones: Official, Hillsborough 19; 

Private Secretary and Comptroller, Lt.-Com. Oscar Henderson, C.B.E., D.S.O., R.N. (retd.).

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. H. de C. Martelli, M.C. Willtary A.D.C., Lient. C. A. R. Shillington, R.N.V.R. Royal Air Force, A.D.C., Major M. F. Hammond-Smith. M.C. Surgeon in Ordinary, Professor Thomas Sinclair, C.B., F.R C.S., M.P.

Physician in Ordinary, Sir Thomas Houston, M.D.

CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT. UNDER the Government of Iteland Act, 1920, as amended by the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, and the Notthern Iteland (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1928, a separate Parhament and Executive Government were established for Northern Ireland, which comprises the six parliamentary counties of Antrim, Armagh, Down, Fermanagh, London-Antrin, Aringh, Down, Fermangin, Romanderry and Tyrone, and the Boloughs of Belfast and Londonderry. The Constitution of Northern Ireland is Federal in type, certain legislative

and fiscal powers being reserved to the Imperial Parliament. The Northern Irish Parliament consists of a

House of Commons of 52 elected members (who receive an allowance of £200 per annum) and a Senate of a ex-office Senators and 24 Senators elected by the members of the House of Commons on the proportional representation system. Northern lieland continues under the

Act of x920 to return 13 members to the Imperial House of Commons.

The Executive power is vested in the Governor on behalf of His Majesty the King; he holds office for 6 years, and is advised by 7 Ministers responsible to Parliament | The Cabinet Salaries and the allowances of the Members of Parliament here have voluntarily abated by 15 per cent for years 1931/32.]

THE CABINET (June 8, 1921.)

(Stormont Castle, Belfast) Prime Minister, The Rt. Hon Viscount Craig-

The above form the Cabinet.

Secretary to the Cabinet, C. H. Blackmore, C B E.

PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARIES.

Prime Minister's Dept, Senator J. A. Long.

Finance (Financial Secretary), The Rt. Hon
John Milne Barbour, D. L., M.P. Parliamentary Secretary, Rt Hon. Herbert

Dixon, D.L., M.P.

Asst. Parliamentary Secretary, Capt. Sir Basil Assu. Furstainmentary Secretary, wapt. Sir S. Brooke, Bt., C.B.E., M.A., M.P. Home Affairs, George B. Hanna, B.L., M.P. Labour, J. F. Gordon, M.P. Education, J. H. Robb, K.C., M.P.

CABINET SECRETARIAT. Secretary, C. H. Blackmore, C. B.R. Principal Officer, J. Taylor.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Stormont, Belfast )
Permanent Secretary, Lt -Col Sh W B. Spender,

R.C B , C B.E , D S.O , M C.

Parliamentary Counsel, Sir A Quekett, K.C , L.L.D. Principal Aemetant Secretary, G. C. Duggan,

C.B., O.B.E.
Assistant Secretary, R. E. Thornley, C.B.E.

Commussioner of Valuation and Director of Works, Major P. E. Shepherd, o B.E. Registrar-General and Statustician, L. A. Bull-

winkle, o.B.K. Deputy Keeper of Public Records, D. A. Chart, Litt D. MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

(Stormont, Belfast.) Permanent Secretary, Maj Geo. A Harris, C B.E.,

'ssustant Secretaries, W. A Magill; D. L. Clarke, o B E

Attorney-General, Rt Hon. A. B Babington, k C, M P Chief Crown Solicitor, R. Haldane Carson

Chief Medical Officer, Norman Colum Patrick, м к.с s., р.р й.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR (Stormont, Belfast.)
Permanent Secretary, H. Conacher, C.B.K.

Assistant Secretaries, R. R. Bowman; J. S. Godden, OBK

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION.
(Stormont, Belfast)

Permanent Secretary, A. N. Bonniparte Wyse, CBR, MA.

Assistant Secretaries, W. A. Houston, M.A.; H. Garrett, B.Sc., Ph. D.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

(Stormont, Belfast.)
Permanent Secretary, J. S. Gordon, C B E , D.Sc. Assistant Secretaries, Geo T Fidler, O.B.E.; G Scott Robertson, D.Sc., F10.

> MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (15, Donegall Square West, Belfast)

Cas, nonegan Squale West, Beliast)
Permanent Sevetary, Charman of Electrosity
Commusioners, Regustrar of Friendly Socettes, and Industrial Insurance Commissioner, W. D. Scott, C B E
Assistant Secretary, G. H. E. Parr, M B.
Registiar of Joint Stock Companies, Business
Names, Moneylenders, W. Abbott, O B.E.

EXCHEQUER AND AUDIT DEPARTMENT. Comptroller and Auditor - General, W. R.

Maconkey. Principal Auditor, F. H. Kerr.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. Secretary, S Sloan.

ROYAL ULSTER CONSTABULARY. Inspector-General, Lt.-Col. Sir Charles G. Wickhanı, D.S.O.

Deputy Inspector-General, Frederick A. Britten, O.B.K., B.A.

THE LEGISLATURE

(Parliament Buildings, Belfast.)

Speaker of the Senate, Lt Col. The Viscount Baugor, O.B.E.

Speaker of the House of Commons, Rt. Hon H. G. H. Mulholland, M.P.

H. G. H. Minolishid, M.F. Black Rod, Maj. T. Dalby Hackett, D S O. Chairman of Ways and Means and Deputy-Speaker, Rt. Hon. Thomas Moles, M.P. Serjeant-at-Arms, Brig -Gen. H. G. Young, C.I. E., Labrarian, W. S. Gilson.

Clerk of the Parliaments, A. O'Neill Chichester. Clerk Assistants, Maj. George Thomson, D.S.O., M.A ; G. C. Young.

THE JUDICATURE.

SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE, LAW COURTS, BELFAST.

Secretariat.

Permanent Secretary to Supreme Court and Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland, A. Newton Anderson

Private Sec to L. C. J., William Johnson, LL.B, Barrister-at-Law.

Registrar's Department

Registrar, J. M. Davies, R.A. William Horner.

First Class Clerks, John O'H. Devine; W. M. Knight, J. F. Caldwell.

Chief Clerk's Department.

Chief Clerk, I. B. Wallace.

Asst. Chief Clerks, A. J. Weir; F. Redmond

First Class Clerks, James Beattie; H. E. Montieth ; John Henderson.

Taxing Master's Department. Taxing Master, Barry Meglaughlin. First Class Clerk, H. C. Neilson.

Accountant-General's Department,

Accountant-General, J. H. Elliott, A. C.A. Chief Clerk, W. T. Barry, A.C.A. First Class Clerk, N. G. Bell. Land Registry. Central Office. Registrar of Titles, Martin J. Burke. Registrar of Titles, E. R. Wadd.

Examiner of Titles, E. R. Wade. Deputy Registrar, Paul Burrowes. Chief Clerk, J. McHenry. Legal Assistant, W. R. Dunlop.

Court of Criminal Appeal.

Registrar, J. M. Davies.
Assistant Registrar, J. F. Caldwell.
Recorders.

Down, A. H. Bates ...... z,400

On Dec. 31, 1930, there were 1,893 Public Elementary Schools with sox, o72 pupils. In 1930-

Tyrone, J. Linehan, K.C. 1,400 EDUCATION.

31 there were 73 Preparatory, Intermediate and Secondary Schools recognised by the Ministry of Education, with xs.094 pupils, and xs3 Centres of Technical Instruction, with s3,94x students. The Queen's University at Belfast had xs3 Professors, Lecturers and Demonstrators, and 1,487 students in 1930-31.

FINANCE.

The greater part of the taxation in Northern Ireland is imposed and collected by the Imperial Authorities; the balance after deducting the cost of collection and of certain services reserved to the control of the Imperial Parliament is paid over to Northern Ireland's Exchequer. Northern Ireland makes a contribution to the cost of the Imperial Services, i.e., Navy, Army and Air Force, National Debt, &c.

Total revenue ...... £11,126,000 £12,233,000 Total expenditure

(including Impe-

rial contribution) £11,100,000 £12,229,000 PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stoc...—In 1930 there were 3:5,350 acres under corn crops (oats, 306,809 acres), 183,565 under green crops (potatoes, 336,304), 28,507 under flax, 8,006 under fruit, and 478,044 under hay, a total acreage of 1,073,282. The production (1930) in tons was coats, 277,286; potatoes, 856,435; turnips, 753,060; flax, 5,365; hay, 835,972. The Live Stock included 672,776 cattle; 704,100 alseep; 216,315 pigs, 48,338 goats; 104,304 horses; 235 mules, and 8.209 assess

Principal Industries.—Agriculture, shipbuilding and ship repairing, flax spinning and weaving, then bleaching and finishing, distilling, line ne.

inen bleaching and finishing, distilling, linen em-broidering, fruit preserving, food cauning, mill-ing, and the manufacture of textile machinery, ropes and twine, furniture, tobacco, tweeds and woollens, shirts and collars, chemical manures, soaps and candles, clothing, hosiery, pottery, rooting felts, biscuits, matches, &c, the production of aluminium oxide, bauxite, said diatomite or kieseiguhr. Herring fishing and picking is an important industry during the summer months.

Minerals.—About 2,400 persons were engaged in the various mines and quarries in 1930, the principal output being igneous rocks (other than granite) about 415,000 tons, sandstone 187,000 78,000 tons, limestone 207,000 tons, granite 78,000 tons, limestone 207,000 tons.

Manufactures.—Belfast is the principal indus-

trial centre. Linen manufactures provided employment for over 75,000 persons in 1931, the number of spindles being 900,000 The shipyards employed about 13,000 persons in 1930, the output exceeding x68,000 tons.

Scaports.—The principal scaports are Belfast, Londonderry, Newry, Larne and Coleraine. There are regular week-day shipping services from Belfast to Liverpool, Heysham, Ardrossan and Glasgow, and from Larne to Stranraer. Other services are maintained at regular intervals and there are also indirect routes md Greenore and Holyhead and Kingstown and Holyhead.

and notyness and Angstown and Holyness.

Railways.—The principal railways are the
Great Northern, L.M. & S. (Northern Counties
Committee), Belfast and County Down, London
derry and Lough Swilly, and the Clogher Valley.

The total railway mileage in 1930 was 766 miles.

TOURIST ASSOCIATION.—The Ulster Tourist Development Association, 6, Royal Avenue, Belfast.

# Saorstat Eireann—The Irish Free State. THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

His Excellency James McNeill, born March 27, 1869, appointed Governor General CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

UNDER the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, four ministers shall be members of the Chamber, 1922, the Irish Free State (Sacretat Rireann) is a and a number not exceeding eight chosen from coequal member of the Community of Nations forming the British Commonwealth of Nations. The Constitution, as issued by the Crown, June 16, 1922, contains five Sections, of which Section I. is declaratory of Fundamental Rights (1) The occupality of the 11sh Free State.

(2) Power of government derived from the people, in accordance with the Constitution (3) Irish domicile for seven years, or Irish parentage on either side, conferring Irish untionality, and men and women having equal rights as citizens. (4) Irish the national language, English being recognised as an official language. (8) No titles or honours may be conferred on any citizen, except with the approval or advice of the Executive Council. (6) Liberty of the person involable. (7) Dwelling of each citizen involable. (8) Freedom of conscience and profession of the State inalienable.

Section II. provides for a legislature (Orreachtas) of the King and two houses, the Chamber of Deputies (Dail Eireann) and the Senate (Seanad Erreann), the former elected by secret ballot and by direct vote of all citizens above the age of az years who comply with the existing electoral laws and consisting of not less than one member for each 30.000 of the population and not more than one member for each \$0.000 of the population. The latter, consisting of 56 Senators and of a Senators from each University, elected by all oftizens above the age of 30 years who comply with the existing electoral laws. Every citizen who has reached the age of 21 years is eligible for the Chamber of Deputies; the Senate is composed of citizens who have reached the age of 35 years and have done honour to the nation by reason of useful public service, or who are specially qualified as representing important aspects of the nation's life. Parliament shall hold at least one session each year. Provision is made for the "Initiative" of proposals for laws or constitutional amendments on a petition of 50,000 voters on the register; and for the of 50,000 voters on the register; and for the submission of any bill passed by both houses to a "Referendum" for the decision of the people. In this Section also Article 45 declares that the Parliament (Oreachtas) has the exclusive right to regulate the raising and maintaining of such armed forces as are mentioned in the scheduled Treaty in the territory of the Irish Free State, and every such force shall be subject to the control of the Parliament. Save in the case of national in-vasion, the Irish Free State shall not be committed to active participation in any war without the assent of the Parliament.

Section III. vests the Executive Authority in the King and provides for its exercise as in the Dominion of Canada, by the representative of the Crown. The Executive Council (Aireacht) is responsible to the Chamber, and consists of not more than twelve Ministers (Airi) appointed by the representative of the Crown, of whom

all citizens eligible for election to the Chamber. who shall not be members of Parliament during their term of office, and who, if at the time of their appointment they are members of Parliament, shall by virtue of such appointment vacate then seats; provided that the Chamber may from time to time, on the motion of the Presi-dent of the Executive Conneil, determine that a particular Minister or Ministers, not exceeding three, may be members of Parliament, in addition to the four members of the Chamber above mentioned.

Section IV. establishes a Judiciary, consisting of Courts of First Instance, and a Court of Final Appeal to be called the Supreme Court (Curr Ouchtarach) The Courts of First instance include a High Court (Ard Church, invested with full original jurisdiction in and power to deteror prohibiting religion may be passed. (9) Free speech and right of lawful assembly. (ro) Free education for all citizens. (12) Natural resources as determined by law the right of appeal as determined by law the speech and right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction in and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to determine all matters and power to a law or prohibiting religion may be passed. (9) Free and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law the speech and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in and power to appeal and limited jurisdiction in an appeal and limited jurisdiction with a right of appeal as determined by law. The decision of the Supreme Court shall in all cases be final and conclusive, and shall not be reviewed or capable of being reviewed by any other Court, Tribunal or Authority whatsoever. Provided that nothing in the Constitution shall impair the right of any person to petition his Majesty for special leave to appeal from the Supreme Court to his Majesty in Council or the right of his Majesty to grant

such leave.

Section V. contains certain Transitory Provisions to meet the special circumstances incidental to the establishment of the Legislature, &c. THE EXECUTIVE.

ARD-CHONHAIRLE-EXECUTIVE COUNCIL. President of the Executive Conneil, Liam T. MacCosgair (William T. Cosgrave, Minister for External Affairs and Minister for Industry and Commerce, Padraig Mac-Giollagáin(Patrick McGilligan, M. A., B L.) 1,700 1,700 Health. Risteard Ua Maolchatha (Richard Mulcahy)..... 1,700 Minister for Defence, Deasmhumhan MacGearailt (Desmond Fitzgerald) ..... Minister for Lands and Fisheries, Flonan

O Loingsigh (Finian Lynch, BA)... Minister for Education, Sean O'Suillea-bhain (John M. O'Sullivan, M.A., Ph.D) Attorney-General.

Attorney-General of the Irish Free State, Sean MacCosdealbha (John A. Costello, LL.B., S.C.).

1,700

Parliamentary Secretaries. Parliamentary Secretary to the President, and to Minister for Defence, Eamon O Dugáin (Edmund Duggan). Parliamentary Secretary to Minister for Finance, Séamus de Burca (James Burke, R.L.).
Do. to Muniter for Lands and Fisheries, Mairtin

O Rodaigh (Martin Roddy)
Do. to Minister for Posts and Telegraphs,

Micheal O hlfearnain (Michael R. Heffernau). Do. to Minister for Industry and Commerce, Séamus O Dólám (James N. Dolam)

Sec to the Executive Council, Diarmuid O hEig-

ceartuigh (Diarmid O'Hegarty)

Assistant - Secretary to the Executive Council,
Micheal MacDonnchadha (Michael McDunphy, B.L.).

## High Commissioner in London,

High Commissioner, J. W. Dulanty, C.B., C.B E., Office, 33, 35 & 37, Regent St., London, S.W. 1. Secretary of the Office of the High Commissioner, T J. Kierman, M.A., Ph.D.

# Envoys Extraordinary.

To U.S.A :-Michael MacWhite (1929), 1,800, Connecticut Avenue, Washington, N.W.x, D.C. To Huly Sec.-Charles H. Bewley, S.C. To Gernany-Daniel A, Binchy, D.Ph. To France-Count Gerald O'Kelly de (fallagh et

Tycooly.

## THE JUDICATURE—CUIRT OACHTARACH

The Supreme Court of the Irish Free State has appellate jurisdiction from all decisions of the High Court.
Chief Justice, Hon Hugh Kennedy .......
Pres. of the High Court, Hon. Timothy

Sullivan ..... 3,000

Judges, Supreme Court, Hon. Gerald Etz-Gibbon, Hon. J. A. Murnaghan ...each Judges, High Court, Hon. J. Creed Mere-dith; Hon. W E. Wylie; Hon W. J. John-ston; Hon H. Hanna; Hon. J. O'Byrne each 2,500

### OVERSEAS MIGRATION.* Saorstat and British Nationality only

Direction	zgaß.	1929	1930
Inward	2,154 24,691	2,120	2,597 15,966
Palance Outward		-0.60-	6-

Outward. . | 22,537 | 18,682 | 13.309 * Inward, with intention of remaining a year or more Outward, with intention of residing abroad for a year or

# DEFENCE-ROINN COSANTA.

Article 46 of the Constitution of the Irish Free State lays it down that the Oireachtas has the exclusive right to regulate the raising and maintaining of the armed forces in the Irish Free State. The strength provided for (1931-32) is 518 Commissioned Orncers and 5,700 Non-Commissioned Officers and men. The estimated total expenditure on the Army for the financial year ending March, 1932, is £1,437,041.

## REIJGION. (Census of ros6.)

Catholics Episcopalians Presbyterians Methodists Other	2,751,269
Episcopalians	164,215
Presbyterians	38,489
Methodists	x0,663
Other	x3,416
<del>-</del>	

Total ..... 2,971,992

#### EDUCATION.

Primary Education is directed by the State. Secondary Education is in private hands and is largely conducted by Religious Orders. There are two Universities in Dublin, of which the National University has 3 constituent colleges (Cork, Galway and Dublin). The estimated State expenditure on education in 1932-29, excluding administration and inepection, was Primary £3,638,052; Secondary £340,245; Technical £123,703; Science and Art £40,779.

#### FINANCE.

Estimated. *Receipts ...... £24,365,196 £25,425,000 †Expenditure ...... 25,276,784 25,408,150

The estimated Revenue for 1931-32 includes The esolution of the first state of the first state, etc., Duties, £1,23,000; Existe, £6,155,000, Estate, etc., Duties, £1,23,000; Income Tax and Super Tax, £4,035,000; R.x.ess Profits Duties, £60,000. Corporation Profits Tax, £35,000; Motor Vehicles Duties, £900,000; Post Office Savidase £2,820 Services, £1,831.000.

The principal items of estimated Expenditure The principal items of estimated Expenditure for 1931-32 are Debt Service, £3,070,037 (Interest £1,372,667, Sluking Fund £697,360). Local Taxation Grants, £3,407,773; Army Service, £1,637,480; Police, £1,609,436; Education, £4,646,646; Old Age Pensous, £3,755,500; Postal Service, £3,207,775; Lands and Agriculture, £1,113,467, etc.

The expenditure figures also include a number of items of a capital and productive character, together with certain abnormal and non-recurrent charges

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Lave Stock .- In 1030 there Agriculture and Lave Stock.—In 1930 there were 790.793 acres under corp crops, 555.859 under roots and green crops, 3,050 under flax, 7,902 under fruit, and a, 395,756 under hay, a total of 3,754.x9r acres. The principal produce in 1930 was: oats, 63a,145 tons; potaloces, 337,45a tons: turnips, 3,755,975 tons: mangolds, 137,556 tons; flax, 703 tons; and hay, 4,777,040 tons. The Live Stock included 4,038,344 cattle, 3,555,147 sheep, 1,052,217 pigs, 158,684 grats, 447,699 horses, 16,486 mules and resource assess. mules, and 182,956 asses.

Minerals .- 517 persons were employed in the coal mines in 1929. 84,055 tons of coal were won.

Sea Fuherics — Over 12,000 persons were employed in the fisheries in 1930, the total value of all fish landed being £248,676.

#### TRADE

The total trade of the Irish Free State for 2030, Exclusive of Bullion and Specie, was valued at £103,513,721, hence £36,768,702 for Exports and £45,745,705 for Export is; the Imports from Great Britain were valued at £39,695,374, and the Exports to Great Britain at £36,93,698; the Imports from Northern Ireland at £5,70,935,931, and the Exports to Northern Ireland at £4,870,954.

- Does not include issues to meet capital expenditure or issues for redemption of debt. &c.
- † Does not include repayment of temporary advances or money raised by creation of debt.

# THE LEGISLATURE-OIREACHTAS EIREANN

The Legislature (Oireachtas) consists of a Senate (Seanad Erreann) of 60 members; and of a Chamber of Deputies (Dail Erreann) on a population basis (153 at present) elected on the principles of Proportional Representation. The Olreachtas, unless sooner dissolved, continues for "six years or such shorter period as may be fixed by legislation." The period fixed by legislation. lation is at present five years.

Speaker of Dáil Eireann, Micheál O hAodha (Michael Hayes, M.A., B.L.) £1,700 Deputy Speaker of Dáil Eireann, Domhnall O Muirgheasa (Daniel Morrissey) ..... Clerk of the House, Colm O Murchadha (Colm Murphy).....

Party Strength (Dáil Eireann). Government . .... Fianna Fail ...... Labour .... .. IS. Independents...... Farmers ...... National League . ... National League . ... Independent Republican .. .... The Speaker .... ....

Total 253

.

* * Members of Dail Eireann, other than Ministers, are allowed £30 a month towards expenses, together with free travelling facilities between Dublin and their constituencies.

#### The Senate-Seanad Eireann. MEMBERS OF SEANAD EIREANN.

John Bagwell, D L. Henry L. Parniville, M D., W Ch William Barrington, M Inst C E. Sir Edward Bellingham, Bt Thomas Westropp Bennett Sir Edward Coey-Bigger Kathleen Browne Sanniel Lombard Brown, K C G C.1 0 Richard A Butler Alfred Byrne. Carthn Bean Ui Chleirigh. Michael Comyn, K.C. Joseph Connolly. Mrs. Eileen Costello. John C Coumhan. William Cummins. Dowager Countess of Desart James Dillon. James Green Douglas J. C Dowdall Michael Duffy.

Sir Thomas Henry Gratton Es-John McLoughlin. monde. Bt Michael Fanning Thomas Farren Thomas Foran Ohver St. J. Gogarty, N.D. Rt Hon, Earl of Granard, K.P., Sir John Purser M.Inst C.R. Henry Seymour Gunness, Gen. Sir William Bickie. Rt. Hon Andrew Jameson, D L. Thomas Johnson. Sir John Leane, Bt. Cornelius Kennedy. Thomas Linehan Seán E. McEllin. The McGillycuddy of theReeks. Francis McGuinness. James McKean

Sean Miliov. William John Molloy. Colonel Maurice Moore. James Moran. Sir Walter Richard Nugent, Bt. Joseph O'Connor. Joseph O'Doherty Griffith, John Thomas O'Farrell. Michael F. O'Hanlon Laurence O'Neill. Bernard O'Rourke. William O'Sullivan, M.D. James J. Parkinson. Mrs Wyse Power. Séumas Robinson. Michael Staines. Thomas Toal. Arthm R. Vincent. Richard Wilson. (One vacancy.)

### ane Chamber of Deputies - Dail Eireann. MEMBERS OF DAIL EIREANN

Aiken, Frank. Aird, William P Allen, Denis. Alton, Prof Ernest Henry.
Anthony, Richard.
Beckett, J. Walter.
Bennett, George ('.
Blaney, Neal.
Blythe Ernest Blythe, Ernest. Boland, Gerald. Boland, Patrick. Bourke, Damel. Bourke, Seamus A. Brady, Sean. Brennan, Michael. Briscoe, Robert. Broderick, Henry. Broderick, Seán Buckley, Daniel. Byrne, John J. Carey, Edmund. Carney, Frank. Carney, Frank, Carty, Francis J. Cassidy, Archie J. Clery, Michael. Clancy, Patrick. Coburn, James. Colbert, James. Cole, John James. Collins-O'Driscoll, Mrs. Margaret Flinn, Hugo. Conlon, Martin.

Connolly, Michael P. Cooney, Eamon. Corkery, Daniel. Corry, Martin J. Corish, Richard. Cosgrave, Liam T., LL D. Crang, Prof. Sn. J. Crowley, Fred H. Crowley, James. Crowley, Tadhg. Daly, John. Davis, Michael. Davis, Michael. De Loughiey, Peter. Derrig, Thomas. De Valera, Eamonn. Doherty, Eugene. Dolan, James N. Doyle, Edward Doyle, Peadar Seán. Duggan, Eamon John Dwyer, James Egan, Barry M. Esmonde, Osmond Grattan. Everett, James. Fahy, Frank. Finlay-Thomas A. Fitzgerald. Desmond. Fitzgerald-Kenny, James, 8.0. Fogarty, Andrew.

French, Sean. deoghegan, James, K.C. Good, John. Gorey, Denis John.
Gorry, Patrick J.
Goulding, John.
Harris, Thomas.
Haslett, Alexander.
Hassett, John J.
Hayes, Sean.
Haves, Michael W. Hayes, Michael, M.A., B.L. Heffernan, Michael R. Hennessy, Michael J. Hennessy, Dr. Thomas. Hennigan, John Henry, Mark. Hogan, Patrick, B.A. Hogan, Patrick. Holohan, Richard. Houlihan, Patrick. Jordan, Michael. Jordan, Stephen. Kelly, Patrick M. Kennedy, Michael J. Kent, William Rice. Keogh, Dr. Myles. Kerlin, Frank. Killilea, Mark. Kilroy, Michael. Law, Hugh A. Lemass, Sean. Leonard, Patrick.

#### MEMBERS OF DAIL EIREANN-continued.

Little, Patrick J. Lynch, Finian, B A. McDonagh, Martin. McEntee, Sean. McEllisti in, Thomas. MacLom, Lieut. Gen Sean. McFadden, Michael Og. McGilligan, Patrick, M.A., B.L. Maguire, Ben J Mathews, Arthur P.
Mongan, Joseph W.
Moore, Seamus.
Morrissey, Daniel.
Mulcaby, General Richard J.
Mullins, Thomas Murphy, James Edward Murphy, Joseph X Murphy, Timothy J. Myles, Major James Sproule. Nally, Martin Michael.

Nolan, John Thomas. O'Connell, Thomas J.
O'Connell, Thomas J.
O'Connell, Thomas J. O'Donovan, Timothy J. O'Dowd, Patrick J. O'Hanlon, John F. O'Higgins, Dr. Thomas

o ruggins, Dr. Thomas O Kelly, Seán T. O'Leary, Daniel. O'Leary, William O'Reilly, Tolin J O'Reilly, Matthew. O'Reilly, Thomas O'Sullivan. Gearoud. B. T. O'Sullivan, Gearoid, B L O'Sullivan, Prof J Maicus. Powell, Thomas P Redmond, Capt William Archer. Reynolds, Patrick.

Rice, Vincent, K.C. Roddy, Martin. Ruttledge, Patrick J. Ryan, James. inyan, James.
Sexton, Martin.
Shaw, Patrick W.
Sheehy, Timothy.
Sheehy, Timothy.
Smith, Patrick.
Thrift, Prof. William Edward.
Thenon, Patrick. Tierney, Prof. Michael. Tubridy, Dr. John. Vaughan, Daniel. Walsh, Richard Ward, Dr Francis C. White, John. White, Dr Vincent J Wolfe, George. Wolfe, J. Travers.

#### THE UNION JACK CLUB.

Waterloo Road, S.E : Tel : Hop. 35xx Patron-in-Chief His Maiesty the King. Patroness-in-Chief . Her Majesty the Queen. Patrons. H.R.H The Prince of Wales, K.G.; H.R H. The Duke of Connaught, K.G.

President : Sir Walter R. Lawrence, Bt., G C.I.E., G.C.V.O., C.B

Vice-President Colonel Sir Henry Streatfeild, G C V.O., C.B , C M.G.

Hon. Treasurer Sir George J. Marjoribanks, K.C.V O.

Comptroller of Club Brig. General Sir Frederick Gascoigne, K C.V.O , C.M.G , D.S O.

This is one of our great National Institutions, where Sailors, Soldiers and Airmen can go when on leave or passing through London; a place where they may obtain at moderate charges good meals and comfortable bedrooms and good means and compressive so a club, including Library and Writing Room, Billiard Room, Baths, Barber's Shop, and also a Club Shop in which articles of everyday me and almost everything that Service men require may be purchased. The Club is open throughout the day and night.

The Union Jack Club was erected by public subscription as a National Memorial to those who had fallen in the South African War, and with had rained in one could arrive wat, and other campaigns, and was opened on July 1st, 1907, by His late Majesty King Edward VII. Membership is open to those below the rank of Officer who are serving on the Active List of the Regular Forces, honorary membership being extended to the Colonial Permanent Forces and Powers visiting England. A limited number of ex-Service Warrant Officers, Petty Officers, N.C.

officers and men may also be elected members of the Club.

The Club is managed by a Council and a General Committee, which includes representatives of the members

A considerable extension of the Club with funds raised in all parts of the Empire to commemorate the services of our gallant fighting forces in the Great War of 1914-18 and to provide increased accommodation was completed in 1913. Since 1926 the Council has been enabled, through the anonymous gift of one of its members 1911 further to enlaws the promise.

bers, still further to enlarge the premises, bringing the number of beds available to 816, as against the original so8 when the ('lub opened.

#### THE UNION JACK HOSTEL.

Exton Street, Waterloo Road, S.E. z. Tel: Hop. 2724. Opened June, 1913. Patron-un-Chief His Majesty the King. Patroness-in-Chief. Her Majesty the Queen. Patron: H R.H. the Duke of Connaught, K.G.

President. Brig.-General Sir Frederick Gascoigne. K.C.V.O., C.M.G., D.S O. Vice-President . Sir Herbert J. Creedy, K.C.B.,

k.c.v.o. Hon. Treasurer: Sir George J. Marjoribanks, K.C. V.O.

Secretary: J. R. Hayward, M.B.E.

Warden. Miss B. B. Morris.

The Hostel provides lodging and accommodation for the wives and children (with or without their husbands and fathers) of members and ex-members of the Naval and Military Forces of the Crown, below the rank of Officer. It is managed by a Council, and though run closely in connexion with the Union Jack Club, the organisation and finances of the two institutions

# The Indian Empire.

The Indian Empire extends over a territory larger than the Continent of Enrope without Russia. Legally, "British India" means all territories governed by the King-Emperor through the Governor-General of India, or through any governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India; while "India" means British India, together with any territories of any prince or chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty, exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India (Act 52-3 Viet., c. 63, s. 18). There are tracts of tribal territory on the N.W. and N.E. frontiers under the political influence, though not yet under the administrative rule, of the Indian Government.

Boundaires.—The political boundary of India marches with Persia and Afghanistan from the Gulf of Oman to Povalo Schverkovski on the Taghdumbash Panuir. From this point the frontier—in many parts not yet clearly defined—touches the Chinese Empire and Nepal, till the limits of French Indo-China are reached on the Upper Mckong. The Indian frontier, on leaving the Mckong, marches with Siam till it reaches the sea at Victoria Point, half-way down the Malay pennisha. Beyond the sea the Indian Empire includes the Andaman and Nicolar Islands, the Laccadive and Minicov Islands, Aden and Perin, besides protectorates over Socotra, Bahrein, and various chiefships along the coast from Aden to the Persian Gulf. Continental India, including Bahichistan, reaches from 8° to 37° N. latitude, and from 61° to 101° E. longitude. Delb, the new capital, lies in 77° E. long.

Area and Population.—The total area of India proper is about 1,805,000 square miles, with a population of nearly 353 millions (about three-fourths of the population of the British Empire). The British Provinces, as distinguished from the Indian States, complise 61 per cent. of the area, and nearly 77 per cent. of the population. The details of the 1931 (Tensus (revised totals) are as follows:—

Province   Stail   Or Age   Core   Indian   Province   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian   Indian		1	ı — -       —	- D	4034		ĺ.
PROVINCE, STAIL, OR AGENCE.    Males   Pennales   1931   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1		Aicim	l <u>.</u>	1.16			Differ-
Amner-Menwam Anner-Menwam Anner-Menwam Andamams and Mootirs Assim 53 at 2 11,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Assim 53 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 53 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 54 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 55 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 55 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 15 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 15 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 15 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 16 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 16 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 4 Islanchistan 16 at 2 12,00 9,761 26,465 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765 27,765							OTTOO THE
Amer-Meiwam	PROVINCE, STATE, OR AGENCY.		1	1931		1 1931	cent ros
Amner Wei war.  Anner Wei war.  Anner Wei war.  Andennams and Mob irs  Assum  52,443  11,02  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,045  4,085,					1		& ICZI
Assum   53 or   53 or   54   53 or   55 or   54   53 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 or   55 o			Males	' Temales	Total	Totul	
Assum   \$5,005   \$4,507,004   \$13,504   \$6,075,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,070,075   \$16,0	uper-Versier	2.711	236 o81	264 211	5,60 202	405 271	+ 23 :
Assum   53 0.5   4 537 200   4,025,045   50,045   64,071 571	indunans and Moobers		17,,02				+ 13 ·
Halluchistant   54,283   270,041   23 504   56,508   410 648   57 843   50 441,380   24 775   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550   50,222,550			4 537 206	4,085,045	8,622,251	7.450 148	×5 (
Sempal	Rolnehistan		270,001	103 504	463,508		
Silher and Orness   Sp.76   1   875 0.66   18   838,320   33,969,356   33,965,554   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		76 843	.6 041,3€0	24 076,170	50,122,550	46,701 571	+ 7
Immiliary (Presidency)   1.3 cst   1.719.952	tiber and Oriesa				37,590,356		
	lombas (Presidency).	1.3621	11,719,541		23,259,977	19,348,210	+ ×5 0
Addea		70.05	9,107,003		13, ,2,,300	10 012312	1 + 17
Addies   31,057   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   10,152   1		40,50		1 704,137	الدائي دا ادران		1 + 16
Signature   Province and Berni   99   80   7,749,840   72,70,753   15,475,68   13,012,70   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1		80	31,057	19,152	SU dia)	50,500	
cork	intine .			7 176,153	14,665 6 B		
1   1   23   204,39   27,255   203,09   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,180   203,	ented Provinces and Berni	. 99 876	7,746,183	7,720,445	15,472,6-8	13,912,760	<b>十 22</b> 2
Total Provinces   1094,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   1096,300   10		I 593	Ç0,434	72,655			
Indians			369,497	266,749		488 452	
North West Frontier Province   13,419   23,455   21,09,356   23,60,357   23,450,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,473,70   23,47		143,230					
minds   Provinces of Agra and Ondh   99,882   12,876,332   12,704,539   23,603,768   24,608,72   26,083,748   27,100,007   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100   10,007,100	North West Frontier Province	13.410	1 315 818	1,109,258	2,425 076	2 251,340	
Index	mundi	99,882	12,8;6 312	10,704,539		20,685,478	
Astra .   10,00,073   10,00,073   37,077,074   37,270,777   17,210,070   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17,010   17	inted Provinces of Agra and Oudh		25,445 co5	22,963,757	48,408,763	45,375,069	1 + 6
Total Provinces		1		10,105,052		33,200,127	
Total Provinces I 1094,300 140 070 321 23,673,001 277,740 312 426 865 071 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2 1 4 36 865 071 2			6 610,874	6,155,105	12,794,979	12,100,012	+ 5
aluchustan Natis aroda State aroda State B. 127 aroda State B. 128 aroda State B. 127 aroda State B. 128 B. 129 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a.		1 094,300		131,673,991		246 856 191	
aluchustan Natis aroda State aroda State B. 127 aroda State B. 128 aroda State B. 127 aroda State B. 128 B. 129 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a. 1, 25, 827 a.			306,027	319 670	6ar 6o6	572.228	+ 17
18	alcoholot States	80 410	218,410	1B2,630	405,100		+ 6
State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   Stat			1.257.827				+ 14
Inn and Ones, blates							+ 8
malay States  (63.483   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,327   3.200,	Harring Change States	28 648					+ 17
1	mater and control						+ 15
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and Tribal Livus     25,500     1,212,397     1,000,941     4,90,052     2,257,30       mynh States     37,999     2,68,661     8,227,22     4,90,052     4,410,036     +       aljutana Agent     128,997     5,855,048     5,340,184     11,225,712     9,81,755     +       akim     2,818     35,619     5,940     5,940     1,032     10,952     61,721     1,721     +       mited Provinces blates     5,949     6,6,72     587,899     1,23,200     1,14,831     +     1,22,22     1,22,22     1,22,7,254     72,066,289     +       Total, States and Agencies     711,032     41,851,593     39,385,971     81,27,554     72,066,289     +	anth Wast Frontier Province ( Agencies	-51475	0.001.		1		- 20
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In this table the population shown in the Census Tables of 1922 have been adjusted with subsequent changes of area.

• Districts and Administered Territories

Physical Features.—Excluding Burma, which forms no part of the Indian peninsula, we may broadly divide the country into three sections, viz., the Himalayan region,

the northern river-plains, and the southern table-land.

The Himalayas.—The Himalayas (which lie partly beyond the frontier), with their suthern offshoots, form the natural northern boundary of India. The Himalayan range runs for 1,500 miles from N.W. to S E, with a varying breadth of 150 to 200 miles, and attains a general height of 20,000 feet above the plain, culminating in the loftiest peaks yet measured on the globe—Mount Everest, 29,141 feet, Kunchnjunga, 28,146 feet, and Dhaulagiri, 26,826 feet, near its junction with the Hindu Kush. The line of perpetual snow is at about 16,000 feet. The Himalayas collect and store up water for the plains below. The slopes afford a representation of the tropical zone (especially on the southern slopes to the E.), the temperate zone (particularly to the S.W. of the range), and the arctic zone as the upward journey is taken from the plains. In the Himalayas are several sanatoria, including Murree, Simla, Mussoorie, Naim Tal, and Darjiling. Himalayan vegetation includes such varied species as the tree-ferm, ilex, pinc, oak, fir, deodar (cedar), rhododendron, barley, oats, millet, and many domestic vegetables. The faima are as varied as the flora, and include the bison, musk-deer, yak, wild sheep and goat, bear, elephant, monkey, and tiger, with eagles, partridges, and pheasants. Between the Himalayas and the plains to the S.E. is the great fever-haunted Tarm or Duar jungle, densely forest-covered and full of big game.

The Great Plain .- The northern river-plains, lying at the foot of the Himalayas, comprise the rich alluvial plains watered by the Indus, the Ganges, the Lower Brahmaputra, and their tributaries. At no great distance from one another, four rivers take their rise in the Himalayas. The sources of two are on the north side—the Indus, which flows westward for 1,800 miles, and the Tsan-po or Brahmaputra, which flows eastward for nearly 1,500 miles. The other two, on the southern slope, are the Sutlej, which, after flowing W. and S.W. for 900 miles and collecting various other streams, jous the Indus, and the Ganges, which, during a journey S.E. and E of about 1,550 miles, drains almost all the Bengal plain. The Brahmaputra, after flowing along the northern side as far as the eastern Bengal plant. The Diamilaryn, and including all the S., then to the W., and finally joins the Clarges or miles from where their combined streams enter the Bay of Bengal. Thus the Ganges, 75 miles from where their combined streams enter the Bay of Bengal. Thus the Himalayas supply India with the water gathered on both slopes. The India and Ganges, with their tributaries, are the source of an extensive system of irrigation by canals. The richest, most populous, and most historically famous part of India hes in the basins of these great rivers. Formerly the Gauges was the only great highway of Bengal; it is still the fertiliser and the water-carner. But a close network of railways is increasingly used for transport. The richness of the Indo-Gangetic plain, with its ample rainfall, enables it to support a dense population, almost wholly agricultural. The density of the population rises in some districts to 900 per square mile. On the other hand, in Baluchistan there are only 6 persons to the square mile. The population has increased most in the densest areas, and pressure on the soil is severe in parts of Bihar and the United Provinces. In Northern India. there are two harvests, rabi (spring) crops being reaped in March and April, kharif (nutumn) crops in October to December. In the north we find wheat, pulse, maize, millet, barley, and tea; while in the south, indigo, cotton, sugar-cane, jute, oilseeds, tobacco, opium, and spices are produced. Among the fauna are monkeys, panthers, tigers, leopards, byenas, jackals, squirrels, elephants, deer, crocodiles, and snakes. Salt, mica, and coal are the chief minerals. The Ganges delta yields rice, bamboos, and a large variety of palms. The Aravalli range, the princeval chain of India, divides Rajputana from the Central India States. To the N W. of the peninsula lies the mountainous, barren, and thirtly populated region of Baluchistan.

The Decean.—Just as the Himalayas on the N. and the Himdu Kush and Suleiman Mountains on the N W. form natural barriers of defence for Himalayan, so do the Vindhya Mountains, ruming almost due E from the head of the Gulf of Cambay, north of the Nerbudda River, form a firm southern boundary to the river-plains of Northern India. Southern India, or the Deceau, is a plateau of triangular shape and very old geological formation, bounded on two sides by the Malabar and Coromandel coasts, which converge at Cape Comorin, and on the third by the Vindhyas. The Eastern and Western Ghauts all but complete this environing triangle of mountain ranges. In the extreme N.W., south of the Vindhyas, and parallel to them, but north of the Western Ghauts, we find the Nerbudda and the Tapti flowing westwards, their basins being sharply defined by the Satpura Mountains, which he midway between them. As the Western Ghauts lie close to the coast, and afford no exit for rivers, there are no streams on the Malabar coast south of the Tapti; all the rivers flow eastwards, through defiles in the Eastern Ghauts, into the Bay of Bengal. The four chief rivers are the Malanuddy, in the extreme N.E. (520 m.), the Godavery (600 m.), the Kistna (800 m.), and the Canvery (472 m.), at intervals further to the south. The physical

geography of Southern India has shaped its history: the S.W. coast, shut in by mountains, is very primitive and moves slowly; the S.E., open and easy of access by sea and towards the interior, has made great progress. The mountain slopes of this region, especially those of the Western Ghauts, which rise to 8,000 feet in the Nilgiris, are still covered with the splendid vegetation of primeval forests. Teak, ebony, satinwood, sandalwood, palm, and bamboo abound. The jungles in the E. are very deadly. The tiger, bison, leopard, deer, and various smaller game afford sport. Snakes are found everywhere. In the valleys and on the higher plains many valuable crops are raised, chiefly rice, millet, cotton, oilseeds, coffee, tea, indigo, tobacco, and chinchona. The black cotton soil is very fertile. There is irrigation by dams, wells, tanks, and canals. The southern tableland has furnished considerable supplies of At present the minerals principally worked are coal, manganese ore, mica, minerals. monazite, and gold.

Burma.—Beyond the Bay of Bengal is the large province of Burma, watered by the Irrawaddy and its tributaries and by the Salween. The delta region is flat; further inland are hills and rolling downs, while the north is mountainous. Rice is the chief staple. Millet, cotton, sesamum, and tobacco are also grown. The forests, particularly of teak, make a considerable contribution to the exports. Petroleum is produced on a considerable scale, and jade, wolfram, and rubies are mined. The fauna include monkeys, jackals, tigers, elephants, bison, and deer.

Climate.—About half of India is within the tropics, but the greatest extremes of heat and cold are in the N.W. In the Himalayas the climate is moist and cold. In Northern India it is dry, and the winters are rather cold. In tropical Southern India the climate is more equable. Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras all have an equable climate, owing to proximity to the sea. India depends for its fertility upon the monsoon rains. The S.W. monsoon brings moisture from the ocean south of the Equator, and reaches the west coast early in June and the northern provinces late in June. The mountains arrest these currents and precipitate ramfall, which averages 60 inches in the sub-Himalayan region, 39 inches in the Indo-Gangetic plain, and 30 mehes in the Decean, but is small in Sind and Rapputana. Madras benefits by the N.E. monsoon in the autumn.

Population .- The sixth general census of India was taken on the 26th February, 1931. Population.—Ine sixth general census of minis was taken on the zone remain, 1931. The returns (revised totals) gave a population of 354,968,870, as compered with 318,942.480 in 1921 (for details see p. 641), an increase in the ten years of 10'6 per cent. The census total of 1931 is divisible into 271,749,312 (or nearly 77 per cent.) for British India, and 81,237,564 (or over 23 per cent.) for Indian States. India is not over-populated, for two-thirds of the people live on one-quarter of the area. In Burma, Assam, and elsewhere a much larger population might subsist. There were in 1931 37 towns with a population of over 100,000. Urban areas of over 5,000 people comprise only about 10 per cent. of the

total population.

Caste —Owing to the operation of the caste system India is broken up into a large number of mutually exclusive aggregates, the members of which are forbidden by an inexorable social law to marry outside the group to which they themselves belong. A caste may be defined as a collection of families, or groups of tamilies, bearing a common name, which usually denotes or is associated with a specific occupation. The boundary of a caste may be said to be fixed by the rule restricting intermarriage, but its social status depends on the occupation of its members and their habits in respect of diet. The chief

castes are:—Sheikh (33,388,000), Brahman (14,255,000), Chamar (11,225,000), Ahir (9.032,000), Rajput (8,773,000), Burmese (7,827,000), Jat (7,375,000), Maratha (6,566,000). Religious.—The population by religious in 1921 includes 216,734,586 Hindus (68 per cent. of the total), 68,735,233 Muhammadans (21 per cent.), 11,571,268 Buddhists (3.6 per cent.), nearly all in Burma, leaving nearly 7 per cent. for all other religious, including 4.754,064 Christians (seven-twelfths of whom are in Madras, Travancore, and Cochin), 3.238,803 Sikhs, 1,178,596 Jams (a decline), 101.778 Parsis, and 9,774,611 described as Primitive or Animists, who believe in magic and strive to propitiate impersonal forces. The Muhammadans, who are increasing faster than the Hindus, are influenced by the caste system and other Hindu characteristics. The number of Indian Christians has increased nearly threefold since 1872.

Occupations.—Over 72 per cent. of the population was in 1921 dependent on agricultural and pastoral pursuits. Industrial occupations support 33,000,000 persons, of whom nearly one-fourth are dependent on textile industries. The most important of these are industries connected with cotton, which employ nearly 6,500,000 persons, the majority of whom depend on hand-weaving. The public services comprise over 4,825,000 persons.

Sex -- Marriage is almost universal owing to religious obligations. The movement against infant marriage and enforced widowhood is gaining ground. There were in 1921 over 26,834,000 widows in India. The males outnumbered the females in 1921 in the

The Languages.—India has 222 vernacular languages, of extraordinary variety. languages spoken by 316,056,000 persons in 1921 are grouped in seven families. The principal languages are Western Hindi (spoken by 96,714,000 persons), Bengali (49,295,000), Telugu (23,601,000), Marathi (18,798,000), Tamil (18,780,000), Punjabi (16,231,000), Rajasthani (12,681,000), after which come Oriya, Kanarese, Gujarati, Burmese, and Malayalam. Hindustani, a dulect of Hindi, has become the literary language of Hindustan, and is the lingua franca of India. English is understood by many.

LARGE CITIES WITH POPULATIONS EXCEEDING 122,000 (including Cantonments).

	lr, 1931	In 1921		In 2032	In 1921
Calcutta, including Suburbs and Howrah  Bombay City and Island Madras City  Ilyderabad Rangoon Delhi Lahore  Lahore  Almedabad  Lucknow Bangalore  Karnelu Cawnpore  Cawnpore  Cawnpore  Benares	1.419,321 1.157,851 647,228 377,006 400,415 447,442 429,747 310,000* 274,659 306,365 260,639 243,775 163,100 205,315 229,764	1,272,565 1,175,914 525,911 404,187 345,621 204,420 281,871 274,007 240,566 276,883 214,796 194,887 194,887	Anuitsar Allahabad Mandalay Nagpur Si inagar Madura Bareilly Meernt Trichinopoly Jaipur Patna Sholapui Dacca Indore Jubulpore	264,840 183,914 144,899 215,003 173,649 182,007 144,031 136,709 141,640 144,179 158,230 175,632 138,518 127,327 124,469	160,218 157,220 148,917 145,913 141,735 138,894 129,459 120,442 120,207 119,976 119,450 93,091 108,793

Enumeration incomplete

# A Brief Sketch of Endian Mistory.

ALEXANDER'S invasion of India (326 B C ) is the first landmark of Indian history A dim outhine of earlier events can be traced from the evidences of race and language, from the traditions contained in ancient Indian literature, from accounts by later Greek and Chinese writers, and from coins and inscriptions. The oldest Indian books are supposed to date from about 1500 B C.; they are written in Sanskiit, a language akiii to Persian and to the principal European lan-guages. The writers of these books were Aryans, grages. The writers of these mons were alyans, as lace which, as their traditions indicate, came into India from north of the Hindu Kush. They found in India, and conquered, a population of yellow-skinned type in the Himalayan districts, ;

while in the Code of Manu we find a picture of Indian society, rather as the pitestly caste of the day wished it to exist, than as it actually existed. The ascendancy of the Bahman priesthood over the soldier class of Kshetriyas is represented as fully established. The system of caste, originating in the attitude of the Aryas (kinsmen) to the dark and servile aborigines, generally prevails, and the people are organised in village communities In the sixth century B.C. a new religion arose, called Buddhism. Its founder was Gautama, a prince of the Kshetriya caste, who took the name of Buddha, the "awakened, and died about 487 B.C. His supposed remains were discovered near Peshawar in 1909. His tenets are contained in the *Tripitaka*, the yellow-skinned type in the Himalayan districts, were discovered near Pesnawar in 1900. His and a short, dail-skinned lace, of low civilsate the clon, in the rest of India. Of both these types there are still survivals. The religion and metaphysics of the Argansare to be found in the Vedas and Upanishads, their epics, the Mahabhhadata priesthood. It prevailed widely from \$20 B.C. to and Ramayana, extol their mythical heroes: \$350 AD, but was never quite general, and existed

The principal latest official publications relating to India, are:—Parliamentary Papers (Session 1930-31)—India Finance Act, 1931 (H.C. 120), Moral and Material Progress Report, 1939-30 (H.C. 112); Birma Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1931 (H.C. 120); East India Bidget, 1931-2 (H.C. 128); Constitutional Reforms (Cd. 3700, 3713); Round Table Conference (Cd. 3748, 3778, 3778, 3778); Statistical Abstract, 1931-2 of 1932, 1931-2 (I.C. 128); Constitutional Reforms (Cd. 382), Royal Commission on Labour, Report (Cd. 383), Cawnpore Riots, Report (Cd. 383), Finance and Industry Committee, Report (Cd. 3867), Biuma Rebellion (Cd. 3900); Elections in India, 1932-30 Retini (Cd. 3322) Non-Parliamentary Papers (Stationery Office Publications). Royal Commission on Labour in India, 12 vois of evidence, &c., Round Table Conference Sub-Committee's Proceedings (two parts), Revised Estimate of Revenia and Expenditure, 1930-1; Customs Regulations relating to Passengers' Baggage; Indian Military College, Committee's Report, Home Accounts of the Government of India, 1932-90; Conditions and Prospects of British Index in India, 1932-30. Government of India Publications.—Reports of various Commissions and Committees on—Depressed classes and aboriginal tribes (Bouloxy); Bonialy india; States; Economic bay riots; Economic and financial relations between British India and Indian States; Economic advisory organisation in India (Sir Arthur Salter); North-West Frontier Province Subjects; Cawnporc Riots Enquiry (evidence). Parliamentary and Non-Parliamentary Papers can be purchased
through any Bookseller, or direct from H.M. Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C. a
Cloverument of India publications can be obtained from the High Commissioner for India, India House, Aldwych, W C.2.

One-such Ordinance Survey Maps are published by the Survey of India, and can be obtained from the High Commissioner for India (address above) (18, to 18, 9d. each).

side by side with Brahmanism, which it never succeeded in ousting. At length it lost ground, less through persecution than through a change in popular feeling; and before the twelfth century it had become practically extinct in India itself, though it still flourishes not only in Siam, Cluna, and Japan, but also in Nepal, Burma, and Ceylon. Its decline in India was accompanied by a revival of Brahmanism, much modified.

According to Herodotus the twentieth satrapy of Persia at one time included part of the north-west of India. Alexander (326 B.C) did not penetiate beyond the tributaries of the Indus, though he sailed down the river. his death his Indian possessions fell to Seleucus, whose ambassador, Megasthenes (306 B.C.), has left an account of the country under the rule of Chandragupta, the Greek Sandracottus. gasthenes describes the democratic village communities of the Punjab, speaks of the people as have and truthful and adverse to httgation, and notes the absence of slavery. Asoka (272-231 B.C.), the grandson of Chandragupta, whose edicts on stone pillars throw light upon this period, was a convert to Buddhism, became the State religion Our last contributors to a knowledge of India before the period of continuous authentic lustory are the Buddhist pilgrims from Clima who visited the country between 399 and 695 AD.
The influence of the Greek conquest was

swept away by the Scythians, who poured in many waves, between about 165 B C and 320 A.D., over Northern India. Their imoads left a lasting influence on the character of the population, and profoundly modified the religious beliefs and domestic institutions of the lindus anyth century was a period of confusion. The emperor Harsha (606-648), after many years of fighting, made himself master of Northern India, and ended his reign in picty and peace

From about 650 to 950 anarchy prevailed.
The Arab conquest of Persia, towards the
middle of the seventh century, brought the
successory of Muhammad to the Indua, and in N.W. India they made some temporary acquistions; but three centuries were to pass before the foundations of a dinable Muhammadan empire were laid. It was in 990 that Mahmnd of Ghazni (m Afghanistan) began a long series of memsions into India, no fewer than fifteen expeditions taking place between 999 and 1027, one of which carried hun beyond the Junua, while another ended in the capture of Somnath, in Kathiawar The succeeding dynasties of Afghan kings held power in India for 500 years, but their advance was gradual, for it was not till 1206 that Delhi was taken and the greater part of Hindustan annexed by Kuthud-din, whose memory is perpetuated by the Kuth Minar, near Delhi. The first Muhammadan invasion of the Decean took place in 1294.

THE MOGLL EMPIRE. - The Muhammadan Mongols, or Moguls, after overrunning Central and Western Asia, anneed in 1219, under Genglus Khan, on the frontiers of India, but did not cross the Indus During the reign of the last monarch of the Taghlak line, the famous Tamerlane (or Timur) burst into India at the head of a mighty host, captured and sacked Delli in 1398, and laid waste a great part of Hindustan A period of weak dynasties followed, frequent invasions from without, and general misrule and anarchy within, paved the way for larger conquests by about this time, the Malnattas rapidly extended the Mogul Emperois In 1526 Babar, a direct their territory and influence, conquering Gujarat.

descendant of Timur, overthrew the last of the Afghan kings at Panipat, and founded the Moguli EMPIRE, which at his death extended from the Oxus river in Central Asia to the borders of the Gangetic delta. His son, Humanun (1530-56), lost the whole of the territory conquered by Babar, but recovered a portion of it (including Delhi) shortly before his death. His victor was Sher Shah Sur, who reigned from 1540-1545. Albar the Great, Hamayun's son (1556-1605), spent a long reign in firmly establishing the empire; at his death his dominions extended over Kabul, Kandahar, and all India north of the Nerbudda Moreover, of the Muhammadan kingdoms of the Deccan, Ahmeduagar, Berar and Bidar were also bed, and Bijapur and Gok onda forced to pay tribute. Akbai followed up his conquests by important financial reforms He was tolerant in religion, and just to all classes of his subjects. Among the great men of his time were the Hindin, Todar Mall, his able finance minister, Abul Fazl, the Instorian of his reign; and Faz, the poet Jahangar (1505 27) received in 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe, the ambassador of James 1516 Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas Roe Sir Thomas I. Under Shah Jahan (1627-1658) the Mogul Empire reached the renith of its glory Many stately buildings, including the Taj Mahal at Agra, testify to his magnificence and taste. The close of Shah Jahan's regn was embittered by the rivalues of his four sons Amangzeb (1658-1707) defeated and killed his brothers and kept his father a prisoner till death (1666) Amangzeb had great ability and comage, but religious intolerance, distrust and dissimilation characterised his chequered career. tegn, in some respects splended, ended in failure. He brought the Mogul Empire to its greatest extent by conquering and incorporating all India as far south as Tanjore But from this time the decline of the empire began. Four sons disputed the right of succession, and Bahadur Shah (1707-12) secured the crown. After four short-lived emperors Muhammad Shah (719 48), grandson of Bahadur, came to the throne His vicetoys became rebellious, and so contributed to the success of the Mahrattas, who subdued the Decean About 1774 part of the Decean became practically independent under Nizam-ul-Mulk (ancestor of the present Nizam) In 1738, to avenge an alleged moult, Nadir Shah of Persia invaded India, captured Dellin, gave orders for a general slaughter of the inhabitants, and carried off enormous plunder All the country west of the Indus was lost to the empire On the death of Muhammad, the phantom rulers, Ahmad Shah (1748-1754) and Alamqu II (1754-1759), occupied the throne, and were succeeded by Shah Alam (1759-1806), who came to terms with the Butish.
THE MAIRATTAS.—As the Mogals declined,

the power of the Mahnattas mercased They were Hindus, and their country was in the Western Ghats, to the east of Bombay. The founder of their power was Sivan (1627-1680), a chieftain of the family of Bhonsla, who became famons by his raids in the Decean, and aimed at founding a Hindu kingdom Balap Vishranath (1712-1720) Peishwa, or Prime Minister, succeeded in making that office of paramount importance and hereditary in his family, Sivan's descendants thenceforth holding a merely nominal position. I nder the Peisliwas, aided by Scindia, Hollar, and the Gackwar, who formed independent States

Malwa, Berar, and Orissa. Although they were severely defeated at Panipat in 1761 by Ahmad Shah, the Afghan invader, they remained for some time the first power in India, and were the most dangerous opponents of the English. To-often their rule degenerated into a system of organised plunder. With the Pindaris, a horde of freehooters who followed in their train, they became a scourge to the country. It was not until both Pindaris and Mahrattas were finally overthrown in 1818 that India enjoyed the blessings of internal peace. The Mahratta empire, containing within itself the seeds of disintegration, was fated to bend before the superior sway of Europeans, who had gradually extended their

power in India.

The Sikhs.—The Punjab lay beyond the reach of the Mahrattas. There the decay of the Mogul empire gave the opportunity, not to a nation, but to a religious sect, united by military disbut to a religious sect, united by minor. The cipline, to establish territorial dominion. The founder of the Sikh religiou was Nanak Shah, a near Lahore in 1469. He Hindu reformer, born near Lahore in 1469. He preached the one God, purity of life, and abolition of caste. He had ten successors, named gurus or apostles, ending with Gowind Singh (1708). The sect, though cruelly persecuted, survived, and gradually adopted a political organisation It became a power under Ramt Sinah (1780-1833), who, revolting against the Afghau Anir, by whom he had been appointed dovernor of Lahore, founded the kingdom of the Punjab. The powerful army he had organised brought on the collision with the British, and after two wars the Sikh kingdom was annexed, and became the pro-

vince of the Punjab (1849) EUROPEAN ADVENTURE. - From time immemorial the lucrative trade of Europe with India and the farther East has enormously enriched in turn each nation that has held it. In the 15th certify the was mainly possessed by the Venetians on the European side, and by the Arabs on the Eastern side. The chief trading centres of the Arabs were Calleut, Ornuz, Aden, and Malacca. Seeing the large profits to be derived from this trade, the rising nations of Europe in the 15th century sought to obtain a share. Hence the ardour of the inavigators who set out to discover an ocean route to India The sea route round the Cape of Good Hope was discovered by Vasco da Gama, who anchored before Calicut in May, 1498. From that time until they lost Portuguese enjoyed practically a monopoly of Indian trade The first Portuguese viceroy. Francis of Almeida (1505-1559), established numerous factories and fortresses; while his successor, Alfonso de Almquerque, captured Goa (1510), and extended the Portuguese dominion, notably on the Malabar coast. This dominton for 60 years from 1542 was tantamount to an entire regulation of the Asiatic coast trade with Europe from the Persian Gulf to Japan. It was stained by great cruelty. Up to the union of the crowns of Spain and Portugal in zg8o under Philip II., the Portuguese brought Indian products to Lisbon, whence the Dutch carried them ducts to Lisbon, whence the Dutch carried them to other parts of Europe But when Philip II, on account of the Dutch revolt, shut Lisbon against them, the Dutch were driven to trade directly with the East In 1602, by amalgamating evisting trading companies, they formed "The Dutch East India Company," and the principal Portuguese settlements in the East were grantially engineed by wefer the Portuguese were gradually captured. By 1661 the Portu-

guese held only those remnants of their Indian possessions which they still hold. The Dutch, who had some small trading factories, were in turn forced by the British to relax their hold on India. French and Danish East India Companies were established in réor and 1616 respec-tively. The latter achieved little, but, as will be seen directly, the French had a brief but brilliant period of influence in the middle of

the 18th century.

ENGLISH DOMINION — At the close of the 16th century the English became eager to share in the profits of Indian commerce. After some smaller ventures, the London East India Company was incorporated by Queen Elizabeth by royal charter on 31st December, 1600. There were 217 subscribers of the capital of £68,373, and the official title was "The Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading to the East Indies." A second charter in reog made the Company's privileges perpetual The Portuguese resisted the new competitors, who nevertheless obtained a permanent footing at Surat after several stubborn engagements off Swally in z6zs In z6z5 the British ambassador, Sir Thomas Roe, supported by the Emperor Jahangir, greatly improved the position of the Company. In 1639 the English acquired a strip of land on the east coast, built a factory there, fortified it, and named it Fort St. George; in 2653 this settlement of Madras became a Presidency. Iu Charles I.'s reign rival enterprises led to confusion and piratical excesses, but in 1657 co-operation and discipline were secured by the charter granted by Cromwell to a single company comprising the whole body of merchants. The charter was renewed by Charles II., in whose reign the Company enloyed great prosperity. When, in 166s, Charles II. married Katharine of Braganza, a part of her down from Portugal was the Island of Bombay; in 1668 he trans-ferred all his rights over it to the Company for an annual payment of £10. In 1687 Bombay replaced Smat as the seat of the western Presidency. Although in 1633 the Company had obtained certain treaty rights in Bengal from the Mogul, and in 1651 a factory had learn sgraphing at Hooghie and a factory had been established at Hooghly, yet in that part of India they held no territory as in Bombay and Madras. In 1688 the Muhammadan rulers forced them to abandon their settlement, but being invited to return, they laid, in x690, amid swamp and jungle, the foundations of the Presidency of Fort William, which was destined to develop into the city of Calcutta. In r693 a new charter was granted to the company. In r698 a charter was granted to a rival company called "The English East India Company," to distinguish it from the old "London Company" After a brief period of conflict and trade losses, the rival companies came to terms in 1702; and in 1708 they were amalgamated under the title of "The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies

When Great Britain engaged in war with France in 1744, the rival Companies of England and France came into collision, with the result that Madras was captured in 1746. Had Duplets been well supported from home, he might have founded a French empire in India. The first reverses of the English were retrieved. by Clive, whose gallant defence of Arcot (1751) was followed up by a series of brilliant movements, culminating in the utter defeat of the French army by Coote at Wandiwash in 1760, and in the capture of Pondicherry in 1761, which completed the rain of the French Company. Since then the territory retained by the French in India has been insignificant, and in it they are forbidien by treaty to hold any considerable, political power with a proponderating influence military force. The tragedy of the Black Hole of throughout India. During the brief second ad-Calcutta (1756) summoned Clive from Madras, and ministration of Lord Cornecalis (1805), and that his victory at Plassey over the Nawab of Bengal

in 1757 made British influence predominant.

Clive was appointed first Governm of Bengal m 1758. In 1760 he returned home, and in 1763 the English were again embroiled in Bengal, but completely defeated their opponents at Buxar (1764). In 1765 (live (now Loid Chve) returned to Brugal as Governor, and before he left finally in 1767 he succeeded in reforming the services, in which great abuses existed. Owing solvers are the company in 1765 received Treaty of Sagonii (1816), which still regulates from the Emperor at Delh the discant or fiscal India's relations with that State. The administration of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, annexation in 1818 of the territory of the with the Northern Circurs (Madras), and 25,000,000 people came under their government Thus were laid the foundations of England's

territorial dominion in India

After an interval of marule Warren Hastings (1772-85) was appointed Governor of Bengal, and in 1774 Governor-General, on the creation of that office under the Regulating Act of 1773. He vigorously reformed the revenue system and indical procedure. Hastings was Bittsh possessons. He greatly increased the power and tenitory of the Company, not-withstanding the opposition of his Council Mysore in 1760 had been selved by Hyder Ah, a Mussulman adventurer, and a powerful and invetrate enemy of the English. By repelling Hyder Ah's memorable invasion of the Carnatic (1780), and defeating the triple alhance of the Nizau, the Mahrattas, and Hyder Ali, Hastings probably saved British India. On his return to England he was impeached on a number of charges, but acquitted.

The first administration of Lord Cornwallis (1786-93) was marked by a thorough reform of the Company's Civil Service, by the introduction of a permanent settlement of the land revenue, by a reform of the judicial system, and by the third Mysore Wat, in which he deteated Tippoo, the son and successor of Hyder Ali. The rule of Sir John Shore (1793-98) was nueventful. The administration of the Marguess Wellesley

(1798-1805) was distinguished by many important events. Tippoo, as hostile to the English as Hyder, was in 1798 in secret correspondence with the French, who were then dominant in the military councils of the Nizam and of Semdia, were established in Mauritins, and under Napoleon, then engaged in his Egyptian campaign, were annug at a great Eastern Emphe. Lord Wellesley saw the necessity of crushing this dangerous Power, and the Fouth Mysore War ended in the capture of Serngapatan (1799), the death of Tippoo, and the conquest and isstoiation of Mysore to a representative of the family of Huidu Rajas whom Hyder Ali had dethroued. The Treaty of Bassem (1802) broke up the Mahratta confederacy, but led to the Second and Third Mahiatta Wais, which curtailed the power of Scudia and Holkar, and increased the strength and extent of the Company's dominons. Lastly, Loid Wellesley developed, if he did not initiate, a system of subsidiary break in the natural succession justified, in the alliances with Native States, which aimed at interest of the subject populations, the transfer

making the British the one paramount Power, while giving greater security than the balance of power attempted by his predecessors. Wel-leskey doubled the territories of the Company, and transformed a mercantile body into a of Sir G. Barlow (1805-7), Wellesley's policy of

subsidiary alliances was reversed Lord Music (1807-13) established peaceful relations with the Punjab, Afghanistan, and Persia, through the mediation of Metcalfe, Persia, through the mediation of Metcalic, Elphinstone, and Malcolm respectively. On the renewal of the Company's charter in 1813 the monopoly of Indian trade was sholished. Under the Marques of Hastings (1814-23) a severe stringgle with Nepaul ended with the

Mahratta Peishwa enlarged Bombay Presidency to its present dimensions Lord Hastings in the same year crushed the maranding Pindans of Central India, who had devastated the country in all directions. Reviving Lord Wellesley's policy of alliances, he settled on their existing basis the relations of the Supreme Power with the fendatory States of Rajputana and Central India He encouraged education Lord Amherst (1823-8) succeeded Lord Hastings Encroachments on Butish districts by the King of Ava and his insolent refusal of all rediess led to the first Burmese War, which cost 20,000 lives and hearly £14,000,000, but gave to India the provinces of Aracan and Tenasserim, and, practically, Assam.

While Lord William Bentinck was Governor-General (1828-35), steam communication with India was introduced, suitee (or widow-burning) was abolished, educated natives were admitted more freely into the service of the Company, and various reforms were passed affecting education, the liberty of the Press, finance, and instace. The new charter of the East India Company in 1833 abolished the remaining monopoly of Chinese trade, introduced reforms in the constitution of the Indian Government, made the North-West Provinces a separate administration, and abolished the restrictions on the residence of British subjects in India. The resolution of Lord Auckland (1835-42) to support Shah Shuja against Dost Muhammad brought on the first Afghan Wan (1839-42), and the serious disaster attendant on the fatal retreat from Cabul. The administration of Lord Ellenborough (1842-44) saw the conquest of Sind by Sir Charles Napier and its annexation (1843). Lord Hardringe (1844-48) conducted in person the lists Sikh War, and fought a series of severely contested battles, ending with Sobraon (1846).

Lord Dalhousie's administration (1848-56) was fruitful in events. The Second Sikh War resulted. after severe fighting, in the submission of the Sikhs and the annexation of the Punjab (x849). The second Burmese War (1852), deprived the King of Burma of Pegu. Lord Dalhousie promoted the introduction of railways and the telegraph. He established cheap postage, promoted steam navigation with England vid the Red Sea, and opened the Ganges Canal. His annexation policy was much criticised at home. It proceeded on the principle that British being

In 1849 this "doctrine of lapse" was applied. He took the first step in currency reform by to Satara, and in 1853 Jhansi similarly became British territory, while on the death of the last of the Mahratta Proces of Nagpur, his territory was annexed, and became the Central Provinces in 1853 In 1856, after repeated warnings to the tyramical ruler of Oudh, that kingdom was also amexed, without bloodshed or fighting.

Earl Canning (1857-62), who succeeded Lord Dalhouise, left England pledged to pursue a policy of peace, but he was destined to face the greatest crisis that has threatened British inle in India. A mutiny of sepoys broke out on the toth May, 1857, at Meerut, and spread through the whole Bengal Army Delhi was for some months in the possession of the rebels, and many chiefs joined the revolt—The siege of Delhi, the massacre at Cawnpore, the relief of Lucknow, and the Central India campaign stand out among the stiring events of that momentous Although the control of Indian affairs was vested in the Cabinet through the Board of Control, the great mutmy was laid to the charge of the East India Company, whose eventful annuls were brought to a close by the transfer of the entire administration of India to the Crown

INDIA UNDER THE CROWN—The "Act for the Better Government of India" established the authority of the Crown , and a Proclamation to the Pinices, Chiefs, and People of India, dated the xst Nov., x858, amounced the resolution of Her Majesty to assume the government of the territories in India "heretofore administered in trust by the Honomable East India Company" Legislative Councils were established Lord Canning was succeeded in 1862 by Lord Elgin, who, however, died in Nov., 1863.

Sir John (Lord) Lawrence (1861-69) reformed the finances, which had been seriously bin dened by the heavy military expenditure necessitated by the Matiny. His administration was marked by the Bhutau Wai (1864) and by the terrible Orisas Famine of 1865 He encouraged irrigation Lard Mano (1865-72) effected many adminis-

trative reforms, instituted State railways, promoted the construction of roads and causls, and mangurated the system of provincial finance, which has since been extended.

During the tenure of office of Lord Northbrook (1872-76) the late King Edward VII, then Prince of Wales, visited India. The Viceroy devoted attention to finance and to famine relief 1875 the reigning Caekwar of Baroda was deposed for misrule and disloyalty

Lord Litton's administration (1876-80) was made eventful by a terrible famme in Southern India In 1877 the and by the Second Afghan War Queen assumed the title of EMPRESS OF INDIA

The peaceful term of the Marquess of Repon (1880-84) was marked by the extension of local self-government, and by fiscal, judicial, educational, and other reforms

His successor was the Marquess of Dufferin 1884-88) In 1885-6 occurred the Third Burmese War, by which Upper Burma with the Shan States was annexed. The N.W frontier of Afghanistan was delimited, the frontier of India strengthened, and the army increased. National Congress met in 1885 The first Indian

The Marquess of Lansdoren (1888-94) continued his predecessor's policy of strengthening the army and consolidating British influence on the frontier. The Indo-Afghan boundary was defined,

of a native State to the British Government. and a serious outbreak in Manipur was suppressed. closing the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver. He reconstituted the Legislative Councils in 1892 by introducing a more popular element, and conferring a limited right of interpellation

and criticism in financial matters.

The vicerovalty of Lord Elynn (1894-99) was full of events. In 1895 an outbreak in Chitial made necessary a large unlitary expedition to relieve the garrison Plague broke out in 1896, and has raged more or less severely ever since In 1896-7 an area of 307,000 sq. ms, with a population of 70 millions, was visited by a grievous famine—In 1897 the border tribes from Chitral to Baluchistan 10se against the British garrisons. In the Tirah campaign that followed over 40,000 troops were employed. Several boundaries were settled under Lord Eigm, notably those with Russia on the Pamirs and with France on the Mekong. The fron-tiers of Afghamstan, Persia, and China were also defined. The general Customs tariff, abolished in 1882, was reimposed in 1894.

Lord Curzon (1899-1904 and 1904-5) succeeded Lord Elgin. In 1899 the pound sterling was made legal tender in India concurrently with the inpee, at the exchange of Rs 15 to £r. In 1899-1900 occurred one of the worst famines on record, the tracts affected covering 475,000 80 ns with a population of 60 nullions. Loid Curzon's term of office was a period of reform and reconstinction. He appointed Commissions of linguity on irrigation, railways, universities, agricultural banks, excise, and police, all of which suggested important reforms. instituted agricultural banks and departments, and mitiated legislation to free the cultivators from the money-lenders The famme codes were amended. A new province, under the Conneil, was created, called the North-West Frontier Province (1901) The Aden and the Frontier Province (1901) The Aden and the Perso-Afghan boundaries were delimited. An Imperial Cadet Corps of native princes and nobles was mangurated Educational policy was reviewed and reforms introduced A muchneeded reform of the police was undertaken, Lord Curron also seemed a perpetual lease of Beiar from the Nizam In 1904 a mission with a military escort proceeded to Tibet, and secured favourable treaty. During Lord Curzon's Ampthil occupied the post of viceroy. Lord Ampthil occupied the post of viceroy. Lord Curzon was renewed. The absence in England for a few months in 1904 Lord Viceroy reduced the dimensions of Bengal, and constituted a new province, called Eastern Bengal and Assam, by combining parts of Bengal with Assam. He carried out great reforms in the Army in conjunction with Lord Kitchener (appointed Commander-in-Chief in 1902), but, differing from certain proposals made by the latter, and finding that he lacked the support of the Home Govern-

ment, he resigned (Aug., 1995).

Lord Minto succeeded in Nov., 1995.

Prince of Wales (now H M. King ( George) nade a tour in India during the winter of 1905-6. For some years after 1905 there was agitation among Bengalis owing to the partition of Bengal, and a Seditious Meetings Act was passed in Nov, 1907 In his Budget speech in 1907 the Secretary of State. Viscount Morley, foreshadowed important reforms in Indian administration, designed to associate the people mo e closely with the Government. He

nominated two Indian members to his own Conneil, and an Indian member to the Governor-General's Council He appointed Commissions to inquire into railways, into the possibilities of financial and administrative decentralisation, and into the conditions of factory labour, and action was taken on their reports. In 1908 the unrest in Bengal assumed an anarchical character. To mark the fiftieth anniversary of the transfer of India to the Crown a royal proclamation was issued in Nov. 1908, promising extended self-government. Owing to the continued unrest in 1909 and 1910, a Press Act, to control printing

presses, was passed
Lord Hardinge succeeded in Nov, 1910 The Indian Legislative Council in June, 1911, pro-hibited indentined enigration from India to Natal after 1 July, 1912, and a new Seditious Meetings Act was passed. A great Dinbar was held at Delhi on 12 December, 1911, by H M King George, to announce his Coronation On this occasion the King-Emperor also made announcements of new and fai-reaching steps in Indian policy, viz., the transfer of the seat of Government from Calcutta to Dellu, and the creation of a Governorship for the presidency of Bengal, of a Lieut-Governorship for Bihar, Chota-Nagpur, and Orissa, and of a Chief Com-missionership for Assam. Delhi was chosen as the capital on geographical, historical, and political grounds The provincial changes involved a partial rescission of the partition of Bengal and the abolition of the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam created in 1905 Bengal as recon-stituted is a compact Bengali-speaking province, placed midel a Governor in Comed A new province, Bihar and Orissa, was formed, includ-ing Chota-Nagpin and the Sambalpur district Assam agam became a separate province, under the reconstituted proa Chief Commissioner vinces came into existence on r April, 1912 In pulsuance of recommendations by the Decentialisation Commission, enhanced powers in respect of appointments and expenditure were granted to local governments having a quasi-permanent provincial settlement over, greater permanency was arranged for in financial settlements with the provinces, the control of the Government of India being relaxed In Dec, 1912, the Vicercy took formal possession of the new headquarters at Delhi The State entry was marred by an attempt on the life of the Viceroy The outbreak of The the fire of the viceroy inc observas of The first War in August, 1914, was the signal for an outburst of loyalty and devotion to the King-Empleor on the part of the princes and peoples of India. Practically all the uning chiefs placed their military forces and the issources of their states at the disposal of the Government.

Following on the onthreak of war serious distinbances were started in the Punjab and elsewhere by emigrants returning from Canada and the United States imbied with revolutionary ideas Order was restored as a result of measures taken under the Defence of India Act, which was taken inidet the Defence of India Act, Which was passed in March, 1915 Lord fliatding's term of office as Viceroy was extended from November, 1915, to March, 1916 The Viceroy amounced in March, 1916, that it had been decided eventually to abolish the system of indentined emigration from India Lord Hardinge put forward proposals for post-war constitutional reforms.

of unrest and the development of an agitation for constitutional changes towards self-government, or, in its extreme form, " Home Rule for India.

The Public Services Commission, appointed during Lord Hardinge's administration, reported. Towards the end of 1917 the Secretary of State visited India in connexion with a development of constitutional progress. The Bombay Government took the first steps towards obligatory primary education, a policy of more complete local self-government was decided on by the Government of India. The influenza epidemic spread to India, and it is estimated that over 12 million deaths in British India and Indian States resulted The Industhial Commission, appointed in 1936, Issued a roport. In 1939 a bill was introduced into Parliament embodying the proposals of the Montagu-Chelmsford Joint Report," and eventually passed During the year considerable distress occurred in consequence of the partial failure of the 1918 antumn crops throughout Northern India and the Pennsula, and lehef measures were undertaken Serions disturbances in the Punjab and Dellu, resulting in many deaths, followed on a "passive restrance" movement, mangurated by Mr. Gandhi against the "Rowlatt" Bills, introduced by the Government of India, on the recommendation of the "Rowlatt" Committee, for renewing some of the powers with which the Government had a med themselves during the War to deal with sedition The inuider of the Anni and the subsequent events in Afghanistan were followed by an inroad of Afghans and some frontier tribes into India, Government of India The "Sadler" Commission on the Calcutta University reported during the year, and made diastic proposals for recasting the Indian secondary and innversity educational system The Home Parlament, by rules, laid down the details of the constitution of the new Central and Provincial Governments (see pp. 655, 657) The Annr's representatives visited India and discussed with officers of the Indian Government the possibility of a resumption of more friendly relations. Fighting with the Mahsuds on the North-West frontier continued throughout the year, in consequence of which the Vicercy amounced Government's intention to occupy Central Wazinstan, and to continue the railway from Jamind towards the Khyber. Finther steps towards employing more largely Indians in the various Government services and for the improvement of conditions of service and pay of both Emopean and Indian members of the same were taken. The recommendation of the Exchange and Currency Committee for the linking of the impec to gold and the adoption of an exchange rate equivalent to one-tenth of the gold contents of the sovereign, i, an exchange rate of Rs to to the f, was adopted A High Commissioner for India in London, with a separate establishment, responsible to the Government of India for certain agency work, previously per-formed by the India Office, was appointed. The Army in India and the Medical Services Com-mittees respectively reported. The Army in India Committee attempted to determine the part to be played by the Army in India in a scheme of Imperial Defence and to analyse the steps which must be taken to make the Army, both in its Lord Chelinsford succeeded in April, 1916 administration and its personnel, more efficient.

The year 1917 was marked by certain symptoms and more attractive to the right type of soldiers.

In January, 1921, the new Indian Legislature, Provincial Councils, and the Chamber of Princes, were inaugurated by the Duke of Connaught.

Lord Reading succeeded in April, 1921. The battle between constitutionalism and revolution continued. A conflict between Sikhs at Nankana resulted in many deaths. Mr. Gaudhi, the Ali brothers, and their associates, continued to advocate non-co-operation with the Government and boycott of the reforms. The utterances of the Ali brothers forced Government to order their arrest. The Moplahs (Muhammadan fanatics of Malabar) resisted the ordinary processes of law, and a widespread outbreak of violence ensued which forced the authorities to take strong military measures for its suppres-Frontier disturbances and fighting continued. Failure of the crops in some parts necessitated the opening of relief works. Special missions were sent to Afghanistan and Tibet. The Railway Committee reported and recommended drastic changes, including the termination of the system of management of railways by Government companies domiciled in England. The Jails Committee reported, and Government announced its intention to abolish the Andamans penal settlement.

In November the Prince of Wales visited India. In some the Government arrested Mr. Gaudhi, who was sentenced to six years' imprisonment. The Government found it necessary to give to Ruling Princes some measure of protection against attacks in the Press.

The Fiscal Commission (appointed in rost) reported and advised the adoption of a policy

of protection.

The Hon. V. Srinivasa Sasti i visited the Dominions, as a representative of the Government of India, to discuss with the leaders of political thought the disabilities of Indians in the selfgoverning Dominions. Twenty-three Acts and Regulations supplementing the criminal law were repealed. A Central Advisory Board for

Railways was established.

In 1923 Burma was constituted a Governor's Province The "Inchcape" Retrenchment Committee, appointed in 1922, reported and recom-mended a total reduction in the Budget of Rs. 1912 crores. The Government accepted the principle of Protection, but declared that it should be applied with discrimination; hitherto the Indian tariff had been a revenue tariff. A trade Convention was concluded with Afghanistan. A Bill was passed providing for the removal of existing racial distinctions in the criminal procedure applicable to Indians and non-Indians. The new frontier policy further developed by the completion of various roads for mechanical transport within Waziristan and along the Derajat border: Jandola and Razmak were held by regular troops pending the completion of this road programme. the completion of this road programme. At one imperial Conference, a Resolution was passed recommending each Dominion of the Empire concerned to set up a Commission to consider, in conjunction with a Commission of equal number from India, how far the principle laid down by the Imperial Conference of 1987. that Indians lawfully resident overseas should not suffer derogation of rights of citizenship, had been given effect to and to what extent it could be further applied. Conspiracies and methods of violence to further political aims were revived during the year, and the Bengal Government was given special powers to deal with violent crime. The Punjab was greatly disturbed by the Sikh invasion of the Nabha State. The Royal Commission on the Superior Civil Services, appointed in 1943, reported and recommended financial improvements for the Indian Civil and other Services. Further Indianisation of the Services was recommended. During the year a Legislative Council was set up in Coorg.

Early in 1925, the Swarajist leader, Mr. Dus, repudiated the policy of violence, but asked in return for the cessation of "repressive" measures. A committee was appointed to enquire into the difficulties arising from or inherent in the working of the Constitution, and recommended many alterations, particularly that the control of the Secretary of State should be relaxed in purely Indian matters. The terms of reference did not, however, extend to the larger question of a complete revision of the Constitution, contemplated in the Montagu-Chelmsford scheme of 1018. The Viceroy came home to confer with the Home Government, and on his return to India announced the decision that the moment for such an enquiry had not arrived The Government extended the policy of protection by granting a bounty on steel manufactured m India. The Khyber Pass Railway, 27 miles in length, from Jamund—some three miles from the entrance of the Pass-to Landi Kotal, on

the Afghan border, was opened. In 1926 the Finance Member announced, for the fourth year in succession, a balanced budget, and that, consequently, more expenditure on medical research, education, sanitation, &c, was contemplated. The Cotton Excise duty

was abolished.

It was decided to reconstruct the Royal Indian Marine as a combatant force so that India may ultimately undertake her own naval The Government of India decided to prohibit the export of opium for medical purposes, thus taking the lead in initiating the measures for which the Geneva Protocol provides. Lord Irwin succeeded Lord Rending as

Viceroy in April, 2026.
In the United Provinces a Bill was passed by facilitating occupancy tenune and for the prevention of unauthor el imposts by land-lords.

The Royal Commission on Indian Currency and Finance recommended that the gold value of the rupes should be fixed at xs. 6d., that the currency authority should be put under a statutory obligation to buy and sell gold or gold exchange at appropriate prices to maintain the ratio, that a central bank should be created apart from the Imperial Bank and that measures should be taken to establish a gold standard for India Government announced their intention to adopt the ratio of zs. 6d. and to pass the necessary legislation to put the matter on a statutory basis.

Following the success of the Government mission for the suppression of slave trading in the Hukawuy valley an expedition was sent to the Kachin tribal chiefs in Burma with the object of endeavouring to persuade the chiefs to agree to the abolition of the system of tril al slavery in the area lying between the head waters of the Irrawaldy. In Nepal the slave liberation scheme, formulated by the Prime Minister of that State, was completed at a cost of £275,000.
Important changes in the administration of

the State of Hyderabad were made by H.H. the

Nizam following representations by the Supreme Government.

During the year there was a recrudescence of communal and religious strife between Moslems and Hindus, and serious riots, with great loss of lives, occurred in most parts of India, particu-larly in Kohat, Calcutta and Delhi. The Government of Bengal was obliged to proclaim a state

of emergency.

The elections for the Indian Assembly and Provincial Councils were held towards the close of the year.

In 1927 a continuance of the measures for the protection of the Indian steel industry, in a modified form, was recommended by the Indian Tariff Board, whose main proposals were accepted by the Government of India. It was also decided to protect the cotton textile in-dustry against competition in cotton yaru produced under conditions which enable such yarn to be produced at a cost below that at which it can be produced in India, by an alteration in the import duty on cotton yarn, and to abolish the duty on imported mill stores, etc. An Act for the registration of trade unions came into force. The rupee was stabilised by legislation, at xs. 6d., and a bill for the establishment of an Indian Reserve Bauk was introduced. The Bombay Back Bay Reclamation Committee recommended the carrying on of a certain portion of the work, but that it should in future, as far as possible, be undertaken by

contract agency.

A substantial and progressive Indianisation of the Indian Army was recommended by the Sandhurst (Skeen) Committee in order that, by 1952, 50 per cent. of the cadre of officers should be Indians

A settlement was reached with the Government of South Africa on the question of the position of Indians in the Union. A Public Services Commission was formally constituted. The new Council House at New Delhi was opened. The Indian Princes met in conference to consider their future status. His Highness, the Maharajah of Patiala, sanctioned a scheme of compulsory education in his State. Slavery was abolished in the State of Kalat (Baluchistan).

In the Home Parliament the Indian Navy Bill and the Indian Church Bill were passed. The latter provides that the Church in India shall

be an autonomous body.

In November the Home Government au-Commission, with the ltt. Hon. Sir John Simon Report. It recommended that the Viceroy, as Chairman, to report to what extent it is not the Governor-General in Council, should desirable to establish the principles of responsible government in India, or to extend, modify or

restrict the degree of responsible government.
In 1928 the Commission visited India, but was unfavourably received by many who were dissatisfied with the terms of reference. Boycotts and sympathetic strikes were organised. Towards the end of the year the Commission succeeded in securing the offer of the co-operation of most of the political parties and groups previously Sir Harcourt Butler as Chairman, to consider the relations between the Paramount Power and the Indian States, with special reference to the financial and economic relations between British India and the States.

The Royal Commission on Agriculture in India (appointed in 1926) issued its Report and the first step to carry out its recommendations was taken by the opening of a Conference in India to draw up schemes for co-ordinated action.

In 1927 it was announced that in future, the number of direct vacancies open to Indian candidates at Sandhurst will be doubled, that a certain number of vacancies will be reserved for Indian officers holding the Viceroy's commission. and that Woolwich and Cranwell will be open to Indian aspirants for King's Commissions.

In 1929, power was given by the Appellate Jurisdiction Act to appoint Indian judges, etc., as additional members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for the hearing of appeals hom India. The Statutory Commission continued its labours, but met with a considerable amount of opposition organised by some of the political groups in India. Indian leaders attempted (but with little success) to draw up proposals acceptable to the main re-cognised political parties for submission to the Commission. A bill was introduced in the Assembly providing for the removal from India of non-Indian communist agents and a few days later an attempt was made by communists to distroy members of the Assembly by throwing bombs at the Government benches. The Bill was passed later as an Ordinance owing to the refusal of the President of the Assembly to allow its discussion on the ground that some of its provisions were sub pudge in view of a trial of some conspirators then proceeding. There was considerable unrest in parts of India during the year, particularly in Bombay. An Act was passed providing for the investigation and settlement of trade disputes; under it strikes and lock-outs in utility services are penalised, strikes and lock-outs having any object than the furtherance of a trade dispute within the trade or industry in which the strikers or employers are engaged, or are designed to inflict severe general and prolonged hardship upon the community and government are illegal.

A Royal Commission was appointed to report on the existing conditions of labour in industrial undertakings in British India, ou the health, efficiency and standard of living of the workers, and on the relations between employers and employed. A Committee was also appointed to consider the general problem of road

development.

An Act was passed providing that the age of marriage shall not be less than 14 and the age of

consent not less than 16.

in future be the Agent of the Crown and that important matters of dispute between states themselves, between the states and the Paramount Power and between the states and British India should be referred to independent Committees for advice. The Committee dealt with the relationship between the Paramount Power and the financial relations between British India and the states, particularly the claim of the states for a share in the maritime customs, the proceeds of which are enjoyed at present exclusively by British India.

In view of the impending issue of the Report of the Statutory Commission it was decided to extend the term of the Central and Provincial

legislatures, thus postpouling the elections beyond the end of the year. In 1930 the outstanding event was the issue of the Report of the Statutory Commis-

sion (the Simon Commission). The report was unanimous A survey of the facts, containing an analysis of the trend of political thought in India was first published (Cind 3568), then, after a short interval, the Commission's Recommendations (Cind, 3569) These, though in no sense revolutionary, foreshadowed many changes: First, the separation of Burms, whose political association with India is not based on any natural or racial affinity, but is a mere accident of history; and, secondly, a number of radical reforms in the constitution of India proper. Broadly these may be summarised as the grant of the greatest possible measure of independence to Local Governments within their own sphere, and the substitution of a Federal system in place of the existing mrangements Measures were also proposed whereby representatives of the Indian States will join with representatives of Butish India for the discussion of matters of common concern in a "Council of Greater India," to be appointed not by Statute but by Royal Proclamation

A notable feature of the Statutory Commission's scheme was its insistence on the principle that the constitution to be framed should be such as will not require to be revised and overhanded by external authority at stated intervals, but should contain within itself provision for adaptation by a process of natural growth, to meet new circumstances and changing conditions, thus avoiding the unsettleof a federation for All-India was held up as one to be attained by degrees as the Fendatory States come to realise the desirability of entering into closer political relations with British India; and the reconstruction of the consti-tution of British India on a federal basis was advocated as an essential preparatory step

towards that ultimate objective

It was proposed that the Provinces should be provided with enlarged financial resources Their Governments would no longer be "dyarchic," as under the Montagu-Chelinsford Constitution, but unitary, every Member being required to accept joint responsibility for all acts of the Administration Ministers, whether of the Administration Ministers, whether chosen from the local Legislature or not, were to be nominated by the Governor, and would have charge of those branches of the administration which are now "reserved" to the Official Side of the Government, e.g. control of the Police and maintenance of Law and Order The Commission recommended that reserve powers should be vested in the Governor for such essential purposes as the protection of minorities and of the rights of the Services, and the carrying on of the Government in any emergency such as the breakdown for any reason of the normal arrangements; that Legislatures should be enlarged, the franchise-basis widened, and constituencies reduced to more manageable size Moreover, a certain elasticity was recognised as indispensable, and measures were indicated whereby each Province may advance towards self-government on the lines found best suited to its individual needs, provided always that the rights of minorities were not invaded by any constitutional changes thus effected.

Other recommendations were that in the Central Government the "Legislative Assembly" should become the "Federal Assembly"; the Council of State, or Upper House, to continue with its existing functions and constituent elements.

The Commission suggested that it may be desirable to treat the defence of India as a matter falling within the responsibility of the Governor-General (advised by the Commander-in-Chief as at piesent) as representative of the Imperial Authorities instead of as a function of the Governor-General in (Executive) Council in association with the Indian Legislature The possibility that this suggestion might be held to delogate from the prestige of the Indian Government was recogmsed . the Commission made it only because on any other basis they regarded the multary problem as an "almost manperable" obstacle to of the "progressive realisation of responsible government." It was submitted that so government." It was submitted that so long as British troops are required for the defence of the Indian frontier the British Parliament cannot surrender to any subordinate or independent authority effective control in this sphere

The Commission's Report, published in June, was received with a storm of disapprobation in Indian political circles, and was the signal for a recrndescence of the non-co-operation movement m an acute form There were serious riots and bomb outrages in various parts of India. In the course of the measures taken to restore order Mr. Gandhi and immerous other political leaders were brought to trial, convicted, and

sentenced to terms of imprisonment

In September the Round Table Conference was convened in London as the next stage in the process of settling the future constitution

On the North West Frontier there were reper cussions of the intest in India itself liepeated raids by tilbesinen necessitated defensive and ietaliatory measures, particularly by the Royal Air Force.

General elections to the Indian and Provincial Legislatures took place in the antumn

In 1931 the various Committees of the Round Table Conference presented their Reports, one of the most important being that of the Federal Relations Sub-Committee outlining the constitution of a Federal Government of India. The representatives of the Indian States had expressed then willingness to consider their entry into a The Conference adjourned in Federal system January. Later, there was considerable disorder in India, but eventually negotiations resulted m an agreement for the cessation of civil disobedience and of the boycott of English goods

New Delhi was inaugurated in February. The Earl of Willingdon succeeded Lord Irwin as

Viceroy in April.

The Round Table Conference re-assembled in I ondon in October, and during the month discussed the composition and functions of the proposed Federal Legislature, the Federal Court, the representation of minorities, the States' places in the Legislature, &c. On November 1 it was announced that the Federal Structure Committee's Draft Report (subject to alterations and amendments by the Committee) contained proposals for the constitution of a Federated India, with a scheme for a Legislature, consisting of (a) an Upper House (aco members), composed of representatives of the Provinces and of the States, "elder statesmen," and a small proportion of members appointed by the Viceroy; (a) a Lower House (300 members), including 100 representatives of the States elected by the free of the Royal Titles At.) Queen Victoria stituences, and special representatives of the assumed the title of Impress of India. By landloid interest, commerce and labour. Other proposals were that members should be required to take an oath of allegiance, that Bills to be commerced to the second provincial Legislative Councils were entered to the second provincial Legislative Councils were entered to the control of the council of the Governor-General to call a Joint Session in case of disagreement, and that the same comes should be followed in financial legislation.

During the year it was decided to convene a Round Table Conference to consider the future constitution of Burna and the relations of Burnia with India. The position of the North West Frontier Province in the proposed Federation was considered by a Committee appointed by the Government of India. The Royal Comnussion ("Whitley") on Labour, appointed ungg, submitted their Report and recommendations In September the Finance Minister amounced that, in consequence of the developments in the first half of the year, it was proposed to impose a temporary surcharge of as per cent, on all but one of the existing taxes, including the salt tax, applicable to all customs and excise duties, income tax and super-tax, but not to the customs duty on exports. Inland postal and telegraph rates would be increased by 50 per cent The duty on artificial silk piece goods would be raised from 20 per cent to 40 per cent.; the duties on boots, brown sugar and electric bull's would be mercased in varying degrees; machinery and dyes would be taxed to per cent, and raw cutton 1,2 anna a pound IMPRIMAL LEGISLATION—LegISLATION for India

in England is chiefly of a constitutional or financial character. The Regulating Act (1773), which created the first Governor-General, a Conneil of five members, and a supreme court with a chief judge, was the first statute that recognised the East India Company as a ruling body. Pitt's India Act (1784) left the business and most of the pationage to the Court of Directors. but gave the supreme civil and military authority to a Board of Control, whose president repre-sented India in the House of Commons In 1793 the Company's charter was renewed; in 1813, on a further renewal of the charter, the trade of India was thrown open; while on the next renewal m 1833 the Company's monopoly of the China trade was abolished, and they became a non-commercial governing body. In 1853 the Company's charter was renewed for 1653 the Company's chatter was Inferred in the last time, and the Indian Civil Service was thrown open to competition By "An Act for the Better Government of India" (1858), all the territories governed by the East India Company were transferred to the Crown, and all the powers exercised by the Company and the Board of Control were vested in the Secretary of State for India, assisted by a Council Under this Act as amended by Acts of 1889, 1907, 1915 and 1919, at least one-half of the members of Conneil must have served in India for 10 years, and must not have left India more than 5 years prior to their appointment. The number of members may be ra and must not be less than 8, and is at present 9. Their term of than 8, and is at present 9. Their term of tomar office is now 5 years, with power of extension races.

assumed the title of Empress of India. the Indian Conneils Act (1909) the inperfal and provincial Legislative Councils were en-larged, their powers of interpellation and criticism enlanced, and the elective element extended, special provision being made for the representation of landholders, the professional classes, Muhammadaus, and European and Indian traders and planters. The executive connects of Madras and Bombay were mereased in size, and power was given to constitute executive councils in provinces under Lient-Governors Government of India Act (1912) created a Governor of Bengal, established an Executive Council for Bihar and Oussa, and authorised the creation of legislative conneils in provinces under Chief Commissioners The Indian High Comts Act (rgrr) empowered the Government of India to increase the number of High Court judges from 15 to 20, to establish new High Courts, and to appoint temporary judges. An Act to consolidate the Imperial Legislation relating to the Government of India was passed in rors The Government of India Act, 1919, confers on provinces a larger measure of independence of the Government of India; it distinguishes the functions of local governments and local legis-latures from the functions of the Governor-General in Council and the Indian Legislature; it provides for the devolution of authority in respect of provincial subjects to local governments, for the allocation of revenues to those governments and for the use under the authority of the Governor-General in Council of the agency of local governments in relation to central subjects, it provides for the transfer of some provincial subjects to the adminis-tration of the Governor acting with Ministers. It gives borrowing powers to local governments. It lays down that the number provinces shall be governed, in relation to reserved subjects, by a Governor in Council, and in relation to transferred subjects by a Governor acting with Ministers, appointed from among the elected Members of the local legislative Council. It confers extended powers on local legislatures. For the Supreme or Central Government, it provides that the Legislature shall consist of the Governor-General and two Chambers, viz., the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly It provides for the appointment of an Auditor-General and a Public Services Commission on India.

By the Government of India Act, 1929, His Majesty may by Orden in Council transfer the control of the military government of Aden to such person or authority as may be specified in the Order.

INDIAN LAW—The law administered in the Indian courts consists mainly of: (z) The enactments of the Indian Legislative Councils (imperial and provincial) and of the bodies that preceded them; (a) statutes of the British Parliament applicable to India; (3) the Ilindia and Muhammadan laws of inheritance and domestic law; (4) the customary law affecting particular castes and races.

## The Gobernment of Endia.

EMPEROR OF INDIA-H.I.M. GEORGE V.

Secretary of State-The Right Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, Bt., G.B K , C.M.G., M.P.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA is the head of the Indian Administration in England, and as a member of the Cabinet he is solely responsible to, and represents the supreme authority of, Parliament. Subject to the provisions of the Government of India Act and rules made thereunder, the Secretary of State can impose his orders on the Government of India. In matters requiring secrecy (e.g., foreign policy and the affairs of Indian States) the Secretary of State can act on his own authority without consulting his Conneil, and in most other matters can overrule the majority of his Conneil. Indian Government business in England is transacted at the India Office and at the office of the High Commissioner for India (see page 24 25).

The king-Emperor appoints the Governor-General, the Governors of the 9 major Provinces, (Bengal, Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, the Pinjah, the Central Provinces, Assam and Burma), the Commander-inchief, the Members of the Executive Councils of the Governor-General and of Governors, and the Judges of the High Courts. The term of these appointments, except judgeships, is usually 5

VOBI N.

Subject to the Secretary of State's direction, the supreme executive anthority in India, in both civil and military affairs, is the Governor-General in Conneil The Governor-General's Executive Council now contains 7 members including the Commander-in-Chief (three of whom must have served in India to years), as well as himself Ordinarily, the opinion of the majority prevails, but the Governor-General is empowered in special cucumstances to overrule the majority. In accordance with the Government of India Act, 1919, and rules thereunder, the Indian Legislature consists of the Governor-General and two Chambers, viz., the Conneil of State and the Legislative Assembly (see pp 655, 657 as to their constitution). Except as otherwise provided by or under the Act, a Bill is not deemed to have been passed unless agreed to by both Chambers The Act confers powers on the Governor-General of securing essential legislation in emergencies, subject to disallowance by His Majesty in Council, of returning Bills for reconsideration, and of vetoing proposed legislation affecting the safety or tranquility The Indian Budget is of British India submitted to both Chambers, and is voted on by the Legislative Assembly except in regard to certain specified heads, but the Governor-General in Conneil can act, notwithstanding a refusal or reduction of grants, where essential to the discharge of his responsibilities, and he may authorise expenditure necessary for the safety and tranquility of British India or any part thereof. Differences of opinion between the two Chambers may be referred for decision by the Governor-General to a joint meeting of members of both Chambers appointed for the Although the Government does not command a majority in the Indian Legislature, it is necessarily given the power to reject adverse votes, since its responsibility is not to the Indian Legislature, but to Parliament.

The seat of the Supreme Government is at Delhi the summer headquarters being still at Simla.

Business is conducted by 9 Departments— Finance, Foreign and Political; Home; Legislative; Commerce; Industries and Labour, Educa-tion, Health and Lands; Army; and Railway. Each Department is in the charge of a Secu-tary to Government (the Foreign and Political Department has both a Foreign and a Political Secretary), and is under the care of a member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, who has authority to deal with affairs of minor importance, and to select what is worthy of the consideration of the Governor-General and his The Governor-General himself superintends the Foreign and Political Department. The Finance Department deal, with public accounts, loans, taxation, opium, currency, banking, mints, &c. The Foreign and Political Department conducts relations with external politics, relations with Foreign States, frontier tribes, relations with Indian States and Fendatories within the limits of India, and, through its Political Residents and Agents in the various Indian States, supervises their administration and regulates their relations with the paramount Power. The Political Residents in the Persian Gulf and Muscat look after the commercial and political interests of India in those quarters. The Home Department deals in those quarters. The name Department wears with the internal politics, civil service, indical affairs, prisons, politic, &c. The Legal Member of Council takes charge of Government Bills in connexion with the Legislative Department The department of Commerce deals with trude and shipping, ports, &c. The department of Industrics and Labour deals with industries, stores, labour, public works, post-office, telegraphs, civil aviation, communications, irrigation, factories, &c. The Army is under the Army Department, of which the Commander in Chief has charge in Council. The Education, Health and Lands Department has the control of education, local government, sanitation, land revenue and surveys, agriculture, forests, foodstuffs, &c. agriculture, famine, meteorology, Railway administration is entrusted to a Radway Department, which is in the charge of the Commerce Member of

British Iudia is divided into 15 Local Governments and Administrations, viz: — Under Governments and Administrations, viz: — Under Governors, Madras, Bombas, and Bengal, still termed Presidencies, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces, Assam, and Burma; under Chief Commissioners, who are under the numediate authority of the Governor-General in Council, the North-West Frontier Province, British Baluchistan, Delhi, Almer-Meiwara, Coorg, and the Andaman and Micobar Islands.

The Governors of Madras, Bombay and Bengal are permitted to communicate direct with the

Secretary of State.

The unit of administration throughout British India is the District, the executive head of which is the District Officer, called Collector-Magistrate or Deputy-Commissioner, as the case may be. In subordination to a Commissioner, who corresponds direct with the Provincial Government,

he has control in every department of administration, and is the responsible head of his and Ondh, the Punjab and Burma, and a Chief jurisdiction. There are 273 Districts in British Court in Oudh. Appeals may be carried to the Eng-

tration, and is the responsible head of his jurisdiction. There are 273 Districts in British India.

There are 273 Districts in British India.

There are separate High Courts for both civil and Court in Oudh. Appeals may be carned to the English Privy Council. The Central Provinces, Berar, Corr, Sind, and the North-West Frontier Procriminal cases in Madras, Bombay, Bengal, Bihar vince have each a Judicial Commissioner's Court.

#### CONSTITUTION OF THE TWO CHAMBERS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE. COUNCIL OF STATE.

## President, Sn Henry Monorieff Smith, C.I.E.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

President, Su Ibrahim Rahimtulla, K C.S.I , C I.E. The Council of State consists of 60 members, 34 elected and 26 nominated. Of the latter not more than 20 may be officials. The total electorate in the 1930 election was 40,513 The Legislative Assembly consists of 145 members, 104 elected and 41 nonmated, 26 of the latter being officials. The total electorate in the 1930 election was 1,212,172

## THE SUPREME GOVERNMENT, DELIII.

[Indian salaries are the substantive salaries (excluding allowances) stated in tupees per mensem [ Precion and Covernor-General, His Excellency the Eight Hon. Earl of Willingdon, G.M.S., G.M.E., G.C.M.G., G.B.E. (assumed charge April 18, 1931) ......per memorn Private Secretary, E.C. Mixille, C.M.G.

Middary Secretary, 1.t.-Col. H. L. Ismay, C.I.K., D.S.O. Rs. 20,900 Rs 2,750

Comptroller of the Household, Major A. L. B. Anderson, 15th Lancers, alince

(R. 500-700)
Aldes-de-Camp, Capt C R Bugden, 3rd Cavalry, Flight-Lt. V. Bruce Bennica.
Royal Air Force, Capt J Brittain Jones, Black Watch, Capt. R J Strentfield,
Royal Atallery, Capt M G D. Clive, Grenacher Guards, Indian Andes-de-Camp,
Subadar-Major (Hony, Captain) Bhikham Singh, Bahadir, M C, 1 D S 1, 4/xath
Frontier Force Regiment; Risaldar-Major (Hon Lient), Mehtal. Singh,
Governor-General's Body Guard. (Rs.500-700) + 1. Jul)

Ry 2, 100

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR-

Lancers.

GENERAL. Members General Sn Philip Chetwode, Bt, G.O.B. KC WG, DSO, A D.C. Commander-in-

each R- 6,667 HOME DEPARTMENT. Secretary, H. W. Emerson, C S I , C.I.E , C.B.E Rs 4,000 Joint Secretary, C. W. Gwynne, CI K., OBE

Rs 3,500 Reforms Commissioner, J. M. Dunnett, C I K Rs 4,000 Deputy Secretary, S. N. Roy ...... Rs 2,250

Director, Intelligence Bureau, Sir D. Petrie, C B K., C.I K , C.V.O . . . . . . . . . . . . Rs 3,000 Du ector of Public Information, R S Bajpar, o.B K Rs 3,000 Rs.2.000

Public Service Commission (see p 656). FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT Political Secretary, Sn Charles C Watson, 

Rs.4,000 Joint Secretary, K. S. Fitze (temp.) ... Rs. 3,000 Deputy Secs., H. A. I. Metcalfe, C.I.E., M.Y.O., (Rs. 2,250); F. V. Wyllie, C.I.E. ... Rs. 2,200 I nder Secretary, Capt C G. N. Edward Its. 1,600 Multury Advisor on Chief, Indian State Forces, Col. H. Campbell, D.S O., M V.O.

#### AGENTS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Central India, Lt.-Col. R. J. W. Heale, C.S.I., C.I.E., O.B.E.; Rappatana, Sir J. W. Reynolds, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., C.I.F., M.C., Bullachistan, Rec. p. 663; Anoth-West Frontier, Propince, see p. 66a; p 663; North-West Frontier Frontier, see p. oos; States of Western India, E. H. Kealy, O.I.E. (each Rs 4,000); Punjab States, J. A. O. Fitzpatrick C.I.E., C.B.E.; Madras States, Lieut-(fol. H. R., N. Pritchard, C.I.E., O.B.E. (off.).....each Rs 3,000

RESIDENTS. Hyderabad, Lt. Col. T. H. Keyes, C.S. I., C.M. G., C.L.F.; Musore, Lieut. Col. R. J. C. Burke; Persian Gulf, J.t. Col. II. V. Biscoe (each 

BRITISH ENVOY TO NEPAL, Lt . Col. C. T. Daukes, H.B.M.'S CONSUL-GENERAL AND AGENT TO THE 

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

ORDINARY BRANCH. Secretary, Sn A McWatters, CLE Additional Secretary, H. Denning, CTE Rs. 4,000 Deputy Secretary, W. R. Tennant Rs. 3,000 Currency, Controller of J. B Taylor Rs. 3,000-3,500 Auditor-General, Sir E Burdon, C.S. 1, CTE. Rs.5,000

Revenue, Central Board of Members, Sir A. R. Loftus Tottenham, CIE. (R. 3.750). A. H. Lloyd (Rs 3,000-125 3 500). Secretary, P. S. Shah ..... ...

maurice

MILITARY FINANCE BRANCH.  Financial Adviser, A. Macleod Rs 3,250 Deputy Financial Advisers, J. C. Chawford, H.  I. Livingstone, H. F. Playne, G. R. O'Dowd, P. E. Briker Rs 1,000-2,250 Military Accountant-General, Lt(o) S. G. V. Ellis, D. B. O Rs. 3,750 Muster Security Printing, Co). Sir G. H. Willis, C. I. E., N. V. O Rs. 3,675 Mint Masters, Lt(o). M. Stagg, O. E. E. (Calcutta), Lt(o). R. E. Stage (Bombay) (Rs 2,000-200-3,000), Vlajoi A. J. Ranstord (aft, Bambay) Rs 1,250-1,750 Assay Master, Bombayand Calcutta Mints, Majoi W. J. Kennedy-Vinnads Ks. 1,400-1,800 ARMY DEPARTMENT Secretary, G. M. Young, C. I. R. 2,600 Deputy Secretary, J. J. Blan Rs. 2,500 ROYAL INDIAN MARINE Director, Real-Adminal H. T. Walwyn, C. B., D. S. O., R. N Rs. 2,800 Chief of Staff, Capt. E. H. Daughish, R. L.M. Rs. 1,900 Commander, Bombay Dackyard, Cominder J. N. Metcalife, O. B. R (P. R. & R8400)	Indian Medical Service  Director-General, Major-General J. W. D. Megaw, C. I. E
Camtenda W (1 I Kinnes	Secretary, J. A. Shillidy Rs 4,000
Engineer Manager, Bombay Dockyard, Eng. Capt. W. A Williams (Rs 1 750)	Joint Secretary T Ryan, C.I.E
(lts 1 750)	PUBLIC WORKS BRANCH.
Secretary, J. A. Woodlicad, C.I.R Rs 4,000	Chief Engineer, Sn A. Ronse, C.L.F. Rs 2,750 Asst. Secretary, W. R. Chambers Rs. 1,000 to 1,250
Joint Secretary, J. C. B. Drake, C.L., C.B.R.	Civil Aviation.
Rs 3,000	Director, F Tymms, M C
Actuary, N Mukeryi Rs 1,300 Director-General of Commercial Intelligence,	Posts and Telegraphs (Headquarters).
Di D B Meck, O B F Rs 2,500	Director-General, Sir H. A. Sams, C. 1 E.
Indian Tarif Bould President, A E Mathins R8 4,000 Members, Di John Matthai, Fazi Ibrahim Rahmitoola G T Boog, C 1 E 183,000 Scotelard, G S Bozman R8.7 478	Rs 3,500-x00 4,000 Deputa Directors, J. R. T. Booth (Rs, 3,000), C. J. E. Clerici, C. L., O. B. E., (Rs. 2,750), Major A. Angelo, O. R. Ra, Sahih L. P. Kulkarii
Secretary, G S Bozman Rs. 1475 LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT	(Rs 1 750- 2,250 of Time Scale) Chief Engineer, E. L. Bagshawe, CIE, D.S.O.,
Secretary, Sn L Graham & CIE Rs 4,000	ORE 18 2,750-125-3,000
Deputy Secretary, D. G. Mitchell, C.I.E. Rs 4,000 Deputy Secretary, G. H. Spence Rs 2,000	Deputy Directm - General, Telepiaphs, M. L. Pasticlia, C.I.E
Solicitor to the Government of India, Sn T E T	mector, nactess Branch, P. J. Edinmids
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT	Printing and Stationery, Controller of, C T
(RAHWAY BOARD)	Letton, M B R Rs 1.850-2.250
(RAILWAY BOARD)  Chief Commissioner, T. G. Russell . Rs 5,000	Stores, Indian Stores Department, Chief Controller of, J. S. Pitkenthly, C.M.G., C.I.E., C.V.O.,
Members, A. M. Hayman, O.B.E., F. C. Pavry, C.F.E., C. P. Colvin, O.B.E., each Es 4 000	CBK, D CO Rs 3,000-100-3,500 Ditto, Directors, Lient Col K M Kukhope,
Financial Commissioner, A. A. L. Patsons, C. E.	Date, Directors, Lient Col K M Kirkhope,
Directors, F J Page, OBE, P R Rau, F	Clk (Rs 2,250-100 - 2 750); Lt-Col H. M. Alexander, D S O., O B k Rs.2,000-2,500
D'Sonza , J C Highet Rs 2,500-3,000	Alexander, D S O., O B E RS.2,000-2,500 Patents and Designs, Controller of, K. Rama Par
Secretary, J. F. Blackwood R 2,500-2,800 Director of Railway Amit, F. J. Mitchell	Observatories, Director-General of, C. W. B
Rs.2,750 3,000	Normand
RAILWAY RATES ADVISORY COMMITTEE	Geological Survey, Director of, Sir E. H. Pascoe Rs 3,000
President, Sn B Natasimba Saima, K.CS I Member, A W Paisons	Mines, Chief Inspector of, R. R. Simpson, C.I.E.
Secretary, Rai Bahadui P C Bose	Rs 2,000-2 500 Explosues, Chaf Inspector of, Di N L Sheldon
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH,	Rs. 1,500-2,000
AND LANDS	Metallurgical Inspector, E. A. Wraight Rs 2,250 to 2,750
Secretary, Sn Fiank Novee, C S 1, C B E.Rs 4,000 Joint Secretary G S Bappai, C I E , C.B F Rs 3,000 Deputy Secretaries, A B. Reid, Ram Chandra,	Simla Circle, Eng'r., Chintamani Pant, Rs. 2,750
Deputy Secretaries, A. B. Reid, Ram Chandra, M. B.E	Indian Public Service Commission Chairman, Sir R Barker & C.I.E. C.B. Mainham A. II.
Educational Commissioner, R. Littleharles, c.i.k.	Indian Public Service Commission Chairman, Sir R Baiket, K.C.F., C.B.; Members, A. H. Ley, C.S.I., C.L.E., C.B.E.; Sayid Raza Ali, C.B.K.; D. J. C. Weir; B. P. Varina; Secre-
Inspector-General of Forests, A D Blascheck,	c.B.k.; Di. J. C. Weir; B. P. Varma; Secretary, D. Reynell.
O.B E Rs.3,250	
	1000

## PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.*

Under the Government of India Act, 1919, and rules made theremoder, the local governments are given a large measure of independence of the Supieme Government. The Act distinguishes the functions of local governments and local legislatures of the Provinces from the functions of the Governor-General in Council and the Indian Legislature. The Supreme Government is given authority over certain subjects, classified as "Central," such as defence, political relations, italiways, taniffs, &c. Other administrative heads, classified as "Provincial"—viz., local self-government, public health, education, public works, water supply, land revenue administration, famine tellef, agriculture, exise, administration of justice, &c., are wholly or partly landed over to Provincial Governments with responsibility, subject to certain limitations, within their own areas, for administering them. In the nine major or "Governors" Provinces—i.e., Madras, Bengal, Bombay, the United Provinces, Bihar and Onissa, the Central Provinces, the Punjal, Assan and Bimma—provincial subjects are finithed divided into "reserved" and "transferred subjects," the administration of, and responsibility for, which rests with the Governor and hims Eventive Conneil and with the Governor and Ministers respectively. Ministers are chosen from among the elected members of the

* The areas and populations of the separate provinces are for British territors only. The population figures are according to the Census of 1932

Under the Government of India Act, 1919, and alles made therennder, the local governments are given a large measure of independence of its Supreme Government. The Act distinguished the functions of local governments and inshes the functions of local governments and including the Provinces from the inchons of the Governor-General in Council the discharge of the repossibilities and the Indian Legislature. The Supreme The Act legislates for a transition from a

The Act legislates for a transition from a bureancratic to a self-government system and for the gradual transfer of more subjects to the Ministers. Matters of departmental or minor importance are dealt with, as a rule, by the Governor, his Council, and the Ministers sitting in conclave, but the decision on reserved subjects rests with the Governor in Council, and that on transferred subjects with the Ministers, subject to the Governor's intervention and control ject to the Governor's intervention and contol

Legislative Councils have an elected majority, and normally a life of three years, but may be sooner dissolved by the Governor The pievions sanction of the Governor General in Council is required to the introduction of certain classes of Provincial Bills. The Governor has powers of veto in regard to proposed legastation affecting the safety or tranquility of his Province or any part of it, or of another Province, and can seeme legislation essential to the discharge of his responsibilities for reserved subjects. Such Bills minst be sent to the Governor-General for the signification of this Majesty's pleasine, but in emergencies the Governor-General may ascent to them, subject to disablewance by His Majesty in Conneil. The

## CONSTITUTION OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS

	Legislative Councils of									
Member <b>s</b> <i>elected</i> by constituencies to represent	Vindras	Bombas	Benzal	United Provinces	Punjah	Bihar and Urissa	Central Provinces and Ecru	Assam	Burmı	Coorg
Non-Muhammadans Muhammadans Indian Christians	65* 13 5	46†	46 39	60	20 32	48 18	29 4	20 12		
Europeans Anglo-Indians	I	2	5 2	: I		I	•		1	
fundholders Umversities Planting Interests	6	3	5	6 1	4	5 1	I		, x	
Commerce and Industry	5	.7	15	3	12			5 1	6	
Mining Interests General Urban Population Indian Urban Population					ı	•••	1	1	14 8	:::
Karen Rural General Rural		•••	•		. •				5 44	; •••   •••
Jama Non-Jama						••				9
Total elected Total nominated, melinding Mem-	98	86	114	100	71	76	38	39	' 8ა	15
bers of the Executive Conneils	34	28	26	, <b>2</b> 3	23	-7	35.	- 14 	23	5
Grand Total	132	114	140	123	94	103	73	- 53	103	20
Of the nonmated members   not more than the following   numbers may be officials  .	11)	10	2.1	10	14	18	8	7	14	4
27 seats reserved for Non-Bruhmans † 7 seats reserved for Mahrattas.  1 including 17 nonunated as the result of elections in Berai										

Governor has powers of assenting to, of withholdovernor has powers or assenting to, or within our assent to, or of returning for reconsideration, other Bills, but must in certain circumstances send them for consideration to the Governor-Gueral, who may reserve them for His Majesty's pleasure

Provincial Budgets are voted on by the Legis-

lative Councils, but the Governor has power to act, in respect of a demand for reserved subjects, notwithstanding a refusal or a reduction of grants, if the demand is essential to the discharge of his responsibilities for the subject, and in cases of emergency he can authorise such expenditure as may be necessary for the safety or tranquility of his Province. Certain heads of expenditure do not require an annual vote, a deadlock is thus avoided in case of irresponsible action by the Legislative Council

in the matter of supply

Of the members nonmated to the Indian Legislature and Provincial Legislative Councils some represent certain communities and interests. Males over 21 (18 m the case of Burma) years of age possessing certain qualifications (residence within the constituency and the possession of certain property qualifications, the payment of land revenue, rent, local taxes, income-tay or municipal rates) are eligible for the franchise Women are not qualified for registration, but the disqualification may be removed in certain culmistances in any Province, or m all. The franchise is low, and gives the vote to small cultivators and some wage carners The electorate of the fourth general election comprises over 8,744,802 persons, of which nearly 398,000 are women.

(1) MADRAS (area, 142,260 sq miles; pop 46,748,644) was not only the oldest, but the most important of the three original Presidences before Chive's conquest of Bengal, though it was small in extent until the annexation of the Crimatic in x801 With a const-line of 1.730 miles the province has no good natural harbour, but an artificial harbour has been constructed at Madias at great expense The province is not naturally fertile, though irrigation systems in the river deltas have enormously increased the produce of the soil, and have yielded a large profit to the State Rice, millet, and other food-grams, otlseeds, cotton, indigo, spices, tobacco, tea, &c , are cultivated. Manganese ore is mined and exported Madras is served by the South Indian and by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Rulways, the latter connecting it with Bengal on the north and Bombay on the west Bengal on the north and Bonnay on the west About 89 per cent. of the people are Hindus. There are 1,770,328 native Christians, mainly Roman Catholics Many natives of the Presidency emigrate to Binima and Ceylon, some only temporarily. The languages principally spoken are Tainil, Telingu and Malayalan Madinia (182,007) and Trichinopoly (141,640) famous for their Hindu temples, are the chief cities after the capital

CHIEF CITY, Machas. Population, 647,228.

G.C.I R., C M G . ..

Lieut, J. A. Goschen: Risaldar Sher Bahadur Khau.

Surgeon, Major D. P Johnstone, C.I.E., O.B.E., Mostvu Owen.

Adjutant, Governor's Bodyguard, Capt. A. G.N. Curtis.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

Khan Bahadur Sir Muhammad Usman, Sahib Bahadur; Diwan Bahadur Sir M. Krishuan Nayar, A Y. G Campbell, c 8 1, c l.k., c B K., H. G. Stokes, c.8 1, c.l.E. . . . each Rs. 5,333

MINISTERS. Diwan Bahadur B. Muniswami Nayudu, P. T. Rajan , Diwan Bahadm S Kumaraswami Reddi. . ..... each Rs 5,333

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Presdt., B Ramachandra Reddi R4 2,000 Dep Presdt , R.B G. Jaganusdha Raju (per anum) Rs. 5,000 Sec , Rao Bahadur R V Kushiya Ayyai Rs. 1,000

SECRETARIAT

Law and Educa. Sec., Rai Bahadur U. Rama

Rs. 3,000

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE. Chief Justice, Sir Owen Beasley . Judges, Sir V. Ramesan; M. Venkatasublia Rao; Sir E. H. Wallace, D. G. Waller, C. Madhavan Nayar, G. H. B. Jackson; H. D. C. Reilly, R B D. Krishia Pandalai; A. J. Cuigenven;
R B Anantakrishia Ayyar, H. D. Coinish,
Diwan Bahadui K. C. Sundaram Chettiyar, G Stone, E. P. Walsh Rs. 4,000

(2) BOMBAY - The Island of BOMBAY was part of the downy of the Infants of Portugal (a652), and was made over by Charles II. to the East India Compan) in x668. The greater part of reset from company in 1996. The greater part of the present territory was obtained by annexations from the Mahrattas, and by the lapse of the Satara State Smid was conquered in 1843. The province (including Smd, but not Aden and Perim, which are also attached to it) contams 122,541 square miles (about equal m size to the British Isles), with a population of 22,200,268. Eastern Sind is desert. The administration of Sind (which occupies about two-fifths of the Presidency) is in some respects separate About 76 per cent of the people of the Presidency are Hindus, and so per cent. Mulminmadans. The Parsis (89,543), who are very prominent in trade, are mainly found in Bombay. Marathi, Gujarati, Stadie Propose and Western Hadd. Sindly, Kanarese and Western Hindi, are the prin-Gor., H.E the Rt Hon Sir George F Stanley, | cipal languages. Millet and other food-grains .... Rs 10,000 and oil seeds are cultivated. Cotton is largely Private Sec., A. D. Crombie

Rs. 1,500

Milit Sec., Capt L. Bootle Wilbiaham, V.c.

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while Karachi (Sind) is the port for the extensive With Chartern (alluly system. Ahmedahad (320,000), Poona (163,200), Sholapur (135,632), Surat ( ), and Karachi (260,639), the capital and chief port of Sind, are the most important cities. For Aden and Perim, see p. 663.

CHIEF CITY, Bombay. Population, 1,157,851. Governor, H E The Rt. Hon. Sir Frederick H.

Private Sec., R. M. Maxwell, C.I.E..... Rs. 2,350 Military Sec., Major H. G. Vaux, C.I.E., M.V.O. Ardes-de-Camps. Capt. C. E. Morrison, M.C.,

Capt. J. H. Cawley-Way R M ; Lt. B. A. J. Peto, Lt. C R Battiscombe, Risaldar-Major (Hon. Lt.) R. B. Lakhpat Singh

Surgeon, Major D. C. Scott, O B R ... Rs. z,645 Commdt., II E's Body Guard, Capt T. C Crichton, M C

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatallah; Sir Govind Balvant Fradhau; W. T. Hudson, C1 E; G. A. Thomas . . . . . . cach Rs 5,333 MINISTERS.

Manlvi Rafluddin Ahmad , Saidar Sir Rustom Jehangu, D B Sidappa Totappa Kambh each Rs 4,000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, Sir Alı Mahomed Khan Dehlavi R 3,000

Dep Premdent, N E Navle .... ... .. 11s 500 

SECRETARIAT.

Chief Sec., Rev. Dept., R. D. Beil, C.I.R. Rs. 3,750 Sec., Pol. Dept., C. W. A. Turner, C.I.R. Rs. 3,000 France Sec., G. Wiles, C.S.I., C.I.R. ...Rs. 3,000 Home and Eccl. Sec., G. F. Collins, C.I.R. C.B. C.B. F.

#### HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Ch. Justice, Sir J.W. F. Beaumont, & C. R. 5,000 Judges, Milza Ali Akbar Khan; C. P. Blackwell, M B R.; Sitaram Sunderrao Patkar; W T. W Baket; S J. Murphy; Sajbha Shankar Rangnekar, K.W. Barlee, Bomann Jamshedji Wadia; Harilal J. Kania (addtl ) each Rs. 4.00c

SIND

Judicial Commr Court Sind, Judl. Commr R B Bilaram ..... Rs. 3,000

(3) BENGAL (area of newly-constituted province, 76,843 Eq. miles, with population of 50,122,550) was placed under a Lieutenant-Governor in 1854. The old Bengal Presidency included practically all Northern and Central India, but subsequently the province consisted of part of Bengal proper with Bihar, Orissa, and Chota-Nagpur. Fifteen districts of Eastern Bengal were detached in 1905 and combined with Assam, while one district from the Central Pro-Assam, while the district from the Central Tro-vinces was added to Bengal. This partition was revoked in 1911, and Bengal now includes five Bengali-speaking divisions. About 51 per cent.

Indian Midiand) eastwards; south-eastwards is of the population are Muhammadaus and 43 per the Madras and Southern Mahratta system; cent. Hindus The principal languages are Rencent. Hindus The principal languages are kengali and Western Hindi For the most part the province is a great alluvial plain, very populous and productive The chief products are rice, jute, olisceds, sugar, tobacco, silk, tea, and coal. The Rast Indian Railway is the great artery of the Ganges Valley. The Eastern Bengal Railway, running north, and the Bengal-Nagpur, south, from Calcutta, are also important. Important cities are Dacca (138,518), now the second capital, and Howrah (222,488), a great jute-manufacturing centre adjoining Calcutta

> CHIRF CITY, Calcutta Pop., including suburbs and Howrah, 1,419,321.

> Governor, H E Col. the Rt Hon Sir Francis S Jackson, GCIE (Mar, 1927) . Rs 10.000 Private Seey., J. D. Tyson . . . . . Rs 1,600 Military Sec. Major W. A. K. Fraser, C.B. R,

Maynard

Indian A.D.C., Risaldar Ishar Singh Committ Goreinon's Bodygnated, ht Col. W Kenworthy

Adjut, Governor's Bodyguard, Capt. E St J. Bume

Sury to the Govr., Major H. Hingston, I M S.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR. A. Marr, CIR; Sir Piovash Chandra Mitter, CIR, Sh A K Chuznavi, W D R Pientice,

CSI, CIR. .. . .. ..... ...each Rs. 5,333 MINISTERS

K B Maulyi Kazi Golam Mohinddin Faroqui; Khwaja Narim-ud-din, CIE., B. J Prasad Singh Roy ..... Rs. 5,333

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, Raja Su Manmatha Nath Ray Chaud-Sec , J Bartley.

#### SECRETARIAT

Chief See , Political and Appls , W. S. Hopkyns, Legislative Sec., J. Bartley .... . R. Agric and Industries Sec., L. R. Fawons Rs 2,450 Rs. 2,750

Educ. Sec . A J. Dash Rs 2,750 Board of Resenue, Member, F. A. Sachse, C.I.E.
Rs. 3,750

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE. Chref Justice, Sir George C. Itsakin ......Rs. 6,000 Judges, Sir C. C. Ghose; Sir P. L. Buckland; H. G. Pearson; Manmatha Nath Mukharji; L. W. J. Costello; J. F. Graham; J. Lort-Williams, K C.; Satyendra Chandra Mallik; R E Jack; Dwarka Nath Mitter, Sarat Kumai Ghose; H. R. Panckridge; Surendra Nath Guha; D. C. Patterson; T. Ameei Ali

each Rs. 4,000 (4) The UNITED PROUNCES of AGRA and (4) Inc. United From Provinces and Outh, called "North-Western Provinces and Outh" until 1902 (area, 106,295 sq. miles; pop-48,408,763), forms the upper part of the great Ganges plain to the W. of Bengal, lying between the Himalayas and the hilly border of the central plateau. Originally (excluding Oudh) it formed part of the Bengal Presidency, but in 1835 a separate administration was formed under a Lieutenant-Governor. OUDH was annexed in 1855 and placed under a Chief Commissioner. After 1877 the two administrations were com-bined. The chief products are wheat, rice, barley, pulse, tobacco, millet, cotton, sugar, and olleeds About 85 per cent of the population are Hindus and 14 per cent Muhammadans Western Hindi is the chief language. The province is served by the East Indian, Oudh and Robilkhand, and Robilkhand and Kumaon Railways Among the important cities may be named the ancient city of Agra (229,764), containing the Taj Mahal and other great works of architecture, the sacred Hunducity of Benaics(205,315), the great manufacturing centre, Cawinpore (243,775), Lucknow (274,659), Barcilly (244,031), and Allahabad (183,914)

CHIEF CITY (Agra), Allahabad Pop 183,914.
,, (Ondh), Lucknow, Pop 274,659.
locernor, Sir William M. Harley, Gc I E, Gorernor,

KCSI (resumed charge April, 1931)

Ks 10,000 Priv Sec., Lient Col T S. Paterson, M C Aides-de-Camp, Capt L. A. M Bates, Lt the Hon A B J. Grenfell

Hon. Indian Aides de-Camp, Risaldar-Major (Hon Capt) Har Gagun Singh, Bahadur, 10 M,10 S M, M.VO, Subedar-Major (Hon Capt) Meharwan Singh Butola Sardar Bahadur, IDSM, OBI; Subedar-Maju (flon Capt) Ram Rup Singh, Sardar Bahadni, 10 M., OBL., Subedai-Major Thakui Bhagwan Singh, Bahadur, OBI

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR. Nawah Sir Muhammad Ahmad Said Khan, K.C.I F. W.B.R., , Sir G. B. Lambert, K C S I , J C Smith, C I E (lempy) . .... Rs. 5,333

MINISTERS. Nawab Muhammad Yusuf (Local Self-Gort.), Mahaaij Kumar Major Mahijit Sugh (Agricid.), J. P. Siivastava (Education.) each Rs. 5,333

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Dep. Presit, Nawabzada Muhammad Liaqat Ali Khan 

SECRETARIAT. Chief Sec. to Gort. Kunwar Jagdish Prasad, c.s I ,

Public Works Sees (Irrign ), Sir B. D'O Dailey, 

cach Rs. 3,500 HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

Chief Justice, Sir Edward Grimwood Mears,  Kendall; J. D. Yonng; C. M. King, C.I F. A. G. Popplewell; Surendra Nath Sen (adddl.); Chandhri Niamatullah (addtl.); E. Bennet (addtl.) ... . .... each Rs 4,000

Bennet (addtl.) ... ... ... each Re 4,000 CHIEF COURT OF OUDH AT LIUCKNOW. Chief Judge, Sanyid Waizir Hasan ......Rs. 4,000 Judges, Khan Bahadur Saiyid Muhammad Raza; Hisheslar Nath Srivastava, O.B.W. E. M. Nanavati; H. G. Smith (actg.) ... ... Rs. 3,500 (5) The PUNJAB (area, 99,84z sq. miles; pop 23,520,851) occupies the N. W. angle of the great northern plain of India, and derives its mame from the "Five Rivers" which, descending from the Himalayas, traverse the plain and unite in the Indus. It was annexed in 1840 Up to the Indus. It was annexed in 1849 Up to 1853 it was under a Board of Administration, who were then superseded by a Chief Commissioner, who was made Lieutenant-Governor in 1859, when also the Dellii Division was transferred to the Puniab from the North-West Provinces The Punjab is mainly agricultural, and, owing to the scanty rainfall, depends largely for its harvests on vast irrigation canals, which are still oeing greatly extended, and are highly remunerative. The principal crops are wheat, millet, harley, majre, pulse, orlseeds, sugar, and cotton. The Punjub possesses rich deposits of rock-salt, which, with wheat and other grains and cotton, form the principal exports. Timber is scarce 57% of the population are Muhammadans, and 37% are Hindus. The Sikhs number about 4.072,000 in the Punjab and Punjub States, to which they are mainly conflined. Panjabi, Western Punjab and Western Hindu are the chief langinges. The various branches of the North-Western and Southern Punjab Railways. rative. The principal crops are wheat, millet, North-Western and Southern Punjab Railways serve the province Amritsai, the sacred city of the Sikhs, has 264,840 people.

CHIEF CITY, Lahore. Population, 429,747.

Governor, H E Sir Geoffrey F. de Montmorency, KCS.I., KCIE, KCVO, CBE (Oct 1928) Rs 8,333

Hon Indian Aides-de-Camp, Risaldar-Major

Mn Mohammad Khan, Hon Capt Naran Smgh, Bahadur, M.C., Hon. Capt Todar

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR Khan Bahadur Capt Saidar Sikandar Hayat Khan, M B E., Sii Henry Clark, Bt, c S i Rs 5,000

MINISTERS Sardar Sir Jogendia Singh; Malik Fnoz Khan Noon, Di Gokal Chand Narang. . Rs. 5,000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. Presdt, Khan Bahadur Sir Chaudhu Shabab-nd-.. Rs 3,000

SECRETARIAT

Sec , Abnasha Singh

Chief Sec. to Gort., C. C. Garbett, C M G , C.I E Rs. 3,000 

Staig. Rs. 2,400
Transferred Depts. Sec., P. Marsden ... Rs. 2,400
Transferred Depts. Sec., P. Marsden ... Rs. 2,500
Jonnt Sec. and Director Information Bureau,
Khan Bahadur Nawah Muzaffar Khan, C.I.E.
Home Sec., C. M. G. Ogilvie, C. B.E. ... Rs. 2,500
Home Sec., J. D. Andelson ... Rs. 2,400
Home Sec., J. W. Hearn ... Rs. 2,400

Police Dept , Inspr.-General, Sir C. Stead, C B L, M.Y O. Rs. 2,875 Edn. Dept , Directon of Public Instruction, Sir G. Anderson, C.I.E. Rs. 2,750 Public Works Dept. Sees, A. R. Asthmy, C.I.E. (Electricity) (Rs. 3,250); E. L. Crawford (Bidgs and Roads) (Rs. 3,000); J B. G. Smith, C.I.E., B. P. Haddow, C.I.E. (Northern Canals) (Rs. 3,250); H. F. Ashton (Southern Canals) (Rs. 3,250), A Murphy, G.B.R. (Construction)

Rs. 3,900

Financial Commrs, C. A. H. Townsend, C. K.; H. Calvert, C. F. ........................ Rs. 3,500

..... ... ... each Rs 4,000 (6) BI RMA is bounded by Thet on the north, hy Chma, French Indo-Chma, and Siam on the east, and hy Assam, Bengal and the sea on the west It is the largest province, having a total area of 233,707 sq miles, alont equal to Spain and Pottigal, with a population of 14,665,878
These figures include the Shan States and Chin These figures include the Shan States and Chin Hills. Many miningrants come from Bengal, Madhas, and China. Tenasserim and Arakan were amnexed after the first Burinese warm 1826, Pegin after the second war in 1852, and Upper Burina and the Shan States after the third war in 1885. The Shan States form a minor administration distinct from that of Burina though under the same Executive Government and not subject to the jurisdiction of Burina though under the same Executive. tion of the Burna Legislature. The province is thinly peopled, but, owing to remarkable prosperity, the population has increased xx per cent in 10 years The mhabitants belong to numerous tribes, who are distinguished by a variety of manners, languages, and religious Burmese and Shangale are the chief languages Buddhism, now almost confined to Burma, so far as the Indian Eminie is concerned, is the religion of 85 per cent of the people. The Burmese are much better educated than the natives of India proper, education being conof Lower Burma is flat but above Prome there is upland, hilly country Rice, the main product of the delta tegion, is largely milled at Rangoon and exported The principal export after rice is teak, which comes from the extensive foiests of Burma and the Shan States, and overland from Siam. Burma is fauly rich in minerals, especially petroleum, rubies, jadestone, and wolfram, The Irrawaddy and its chief tributawolfram. The Irrawaddy and its chici triouta-ries, the Chindwin, the Shweli, and the Myttinge, form important waterways. The main stream is navigable beyond Bhama, 900 miles from its month, and carries much traffic. There are considerable exports by land to Western China The Burma Railways have reached Myitkyina, on the Upper Irrawaddy, while a branch has been built to the Shan States, which lie in the Salwm basm.

CHIEF CITY, LOWER BURMA, Rangoon.

Pop. 400,415. ,, UP BURMA, Mandalay Pop 144,899.

Governor, H.E. Sir Chailes A. Innes, K.C.S.1,
C.I.E. (Dec. 1927)
Private Sec, Capt. B. L. Clay
Adec-de-Camp, Lieut. J. Tinnes, R.E., Capt. F. C.
Goddard: Nail-Commid: Sandan Buladur
Sarian Singh, Sabadar Mijor (Hou. Lt.)
Blagbir Yakha, Bahadur, Nail-Commandant Jalal Din, Khan Bahadur
EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

T Couper, c s i , U Ba Rs 5,000 MINISTERS

U Ba Tin , Su Lee Ah Yam Rs 5,000

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL President, U Pu.

Deputy Prendent, U. Ni. Sec., U. Ba Dun

#### SECRETARIAT.

Chief Engr., II L. Holman-Hunt, C.I.F.
Rs. 2,750-2,000

(9) BHIAR AND ORISA (area of new province, 83,x83 sq mules, with pop of 37,590,356). This province, which came into existence an April x, 1972, comprises Bilina, Orissa and Chota-Nagpui, intheit of forming pait of Bengal, as well as the Samhalpur district transferred to Bengal from the Central Provinces in 1905 Bihar is liable to extreme temperatures. The population is exceedingly dense. Orissa and Chota-Nagpur are ill-watered and hable to drought Orissa, has a variety of inces and a considerable seabnaid. The highlands of Chota-Nagpur are thought of the proposition of the Chota-Nagpur are thinly peopled and contain a large aborignal population. The Patina High Coint came into existence on Maich x, 1916 Biliar and Orissa yields the greater part of India's output of coal and mica. Rice, wheat, obseeds, sugar and tobacco are cultivated. 82% of the people are Hindins, and the great Hindi and Oriya being the chief. The railway systems are the East Indian, Bengal and North, Westein, and Bengal and North, Westein, and Bengal and North, Westein, and Bengal and Ragnur.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR.

Sii J. D. Sifton, KCIE, CSI.; Raja Rajendia Narayan Bhanja Den, OBE. each Rs. 5,000 MINISTERS.

Sir Saiyid Muhammad Fakhr-ud-din (Educn.), Sir Ganesh Datta Singh (Local Self Govt.)

each Rs. 5,000

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Presid	LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.	thRs. :	2,000
Sec.,	Change and a	Rs. :	8,000
Chief Fin.	Sec., M. G. Hallet, C.I.K Sec., W. B. Brett	. Rs.	3,000
Reven Judl. Kduc.	Src., M. G. Hallet, C.I.K Sec., W. B. Brett	. Rs. : Rs. : Rs. :	3,000 8,050
,	Self-gort. Sec., G E Owen . er, Bd. of Rev., W. B. Heycock High Court of Judicatu	k Rs.	3,500
Chief Judge	Justice, Sir Courtney C. Terre	1 Rs.	5,000 V. E
C I. Mu	Justice, Sir Courtney C. Terre w, Sir Junia Prashad; R. L. Ro t; Kulwant Sahay; F. S. E.; Sanyid Fazl Ali; Khan Baha hammad Nur, C.B.E.; J. F.W. hope (actg.); S. B. Dhavle (act	dur Kh James , .	waja A. E
(8)	The CENTRAL PROVINCES	and RE	RAR
(area,	Central Provinces alone, 82,2 25,472,628) The Central Pro d in 1861 out of territory tak	og sq. ni ovinces	iles, were
North	-West Provinces and Madras, i ring to the Mahratta Kingdon	out origin a of Nas	nally pur.
large are	omitry, hilly and forest-clad population of aborigmal tribes nostly Hindus, and they si	, contai The pe peak m	ns a cople
West	population of aboriginal tribes oostly lindus, and they sign Hindi and Marathi Ti is served by the Indian Min Pennsula, and the Bengallposesses coal and mangan ces rice, wheat, millet, pulse, in There are cotton mills at New October 18 200 BPUAR	dland, C	ince.
ways,	possesses coal and mangan ces rice, wheat, millet, pulse,	cse ore, ollseeds	and
17114	O COUCOU E, Egon, Innital		5000
(area,	amated with the Central Prov. 27,767 sp. miles; pop 3,44; othe north of Hyderabad, who hands by the Nizan in 1853 ears, and its revenites were cuture cost of the Hyderabad hwas in 1903 incorporated in . In 1908 Berur was leased in the Government of India on the Government of India on	3,765), was place	hich d in
of ar	ears, and its revenues were outure cost of the Hyderabac	harged Contin	with
Army	h was in 1903 incorporated in ). In 1902 Berur was leased in ie Government of India on 1900 a year to the Nizam Re	n the In n perpe paymen	tuity
£167 agrici mille	,000 a year to the Nizam — Be iltural It is very fevtile, and y t, oilseeds, &c — The chief thi, and most of the people are	rar is pi iolds co languas	tton, te is
Gover	HEF CITY, Nagpur. Population Processor Montagu S. D. Butler.	n, <b>215,0</b> 0 K C S I.,	C.B ,
1	E., C. v.o , C B E. (reappointed V Sec Capt. T. F. H. Kelly	Rs.	30) 6,000
E	Sec., Capt. T. F. H. Kelly de-Camp, Lieut W. S. Hunt KECTIVE COUNCIL OF THE G		
Sir A	rthur E. Nelson, C.I E, O.B E dia Rao	.; E. Ra ach Rs.	ugha- 4,000
G. P.	Jaiswal, Dr. P S. Deshmukh LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL		4,000
Presi Dep. Sec	dent (vacant)		2,000
1	Quoppm 4 p r 4 m		i

SECRETARIAT.

JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER. Sir Charles S Findlay; R. H. Macnair (offg.) Rs. 3,500 Additional Judicial Commissioners, R. J. Jackson (offg), Ganpat Laxman Subbedar; M. Bhawani Shanker Niyogi; F. H. Staples (offg.), H. G. Gruer (offg.)...... Rs. 3,000 (9) ASSAM (area, 53.015 sq. miles; pop. 8,622,251) was constituted a separate administration in 1874 out of certain Rengal districts, most of which had been ceded by Burma in 1825. It was combined in 1905 with part of Hengal to form a new province, Eastern Rengal and Assam but assam because a Bengal and Assam, but again became a separate administration in 1912. A range of mountains divides Assam into the Surma and Brahmaputra valleys, of which the chief towns are Sylhet and Gauhati respectively. The people are mainly Hindus and Muhammadans, and the chief ianguages are Bengali and Assamese. The Assam - Bengal railway serves the province. Tea and rice are the principal products. Assam contains nearly 900,000 immigrants from other parts of India, chiefly coolies for tea-gardens parts of linus, chieny cooles for tea-gardens seat of Government, Shillong Governor, H E Sir Egbert L. L. Hammond K.O.S.I., O.R. Glune 1927) RS 5,500 Prin. See, Major D G. P. M. Shewen Rs. 1,315 Ande-de-Camp, Lt N. O. Thompson Rs. 705 Honorary Indian Audes de Camp, Subadan Krishna Lal Chettri ; Subadar-Major Nainsing Mall. EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR Maulavi Saiyid Sir Muhammad Saadulla , A J. Lainé, C I E. ...... Rs. 3,500 MINISTERS. Manlavi Abdul Hamid, R. B, Kanak Lal Barna Rs 3,500 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL President, Maulayı Faizmur Air .. .....Rs 1,000 ! Dep. Presdt , Hirendra Chandra Chakrabarti Re. r a year. Sec., B. N Rau SECRETARIAT. Chief Secretary, W. A. Cosgrave, C.I.E. Rs 2 Transfd. Depts, Sec., H. G. Dennehy (Afg.) Rs 2,650 Rs. 3,050 . Rs. 2,300 Public Works Sec , M Little (off) .... Rs 3,250 (10) The NORTH-WEST FRONTIE: PROVINCE was constituted in 201 by the transfer from the Punjab of portions of the districts of Razara, Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan (area, 13,419 sq. miles; pop. 2,425,076, partly estimated). Attached to the Province are the five trans-horder political agencies of Malakand, Khyber. Kurram, Tochi and Wano, together with tribal areas under the control of the Deputy Commissioners of the five settled districts first above mentioned. The officer in charge is directly responsible to the Government of India. The people are chiefly Muhammadans, and the chief languages are Pashto and Western Punjabi.
The province produces wheat, barley and other grains, obseeds, otton, &c. It has a considerable trade with Afghanistan.

Ra. 3,000
Rev Commr., C. Latimet, C.S.I., Cl R. R. Rs. 3,000
Public Works Sees., Col. C. H. Haswell, Cl E.
(Rids & Bldgs.), (Mtl. Pay); F. H. Burkitt, C.I.E.,

executive and judicial authority.

Chief Com., Lt.-Col. R. J. C. Binke ... Rs.4,coc (13) Brittish Baluchistan (area, 54,228 giller) Brittish Baluchistan (area, 54,228 giller) Brittish Baluchistan (area, 54,228 giller) Brittish Baluchistan, who also controls the affairs of the native State-of Rajuchistan in to the Persian frontier. The districts it comprises (81b., Quetta, Pishin, Thal-Chotlah, Nushki, Zhob, Chagai, Nasnabad and the Bolani were acquired partly from Afghanistan by the treaty of Gindaniuk (1899), partly from the Khan of Kalat by minangement. Baluchistan consists largely of mountains and sandy deserts, and is sparsely populated. A large pair of the people lead a pastoral, nonad life. In religion they are Smini Muhammadans, and Pashto is the chief language The Afghan-Baluch frontier was demarcated in 1896-7. To Chaman, on this frontier, a railway runs vid Quetta and is continued to Minjawa. The Khan of Kalat, the head of a loose confederacy, receives about £79,000 per anium for quit-rents, subsidy, &c. British troops occupy Quetta, commanding the Bolan Pass, and have the treaty right to occupy any other position.

1911, to move the capital of India and its seat of Government from Calcutta to Delhl

Aden and Perm —From old time the pening of Arabia and lyng on the Red Sea tradeoute between Enrope and the East, has been an important trade centre. It stude decayed after the Portuguese discovery of the Cape route, but with the opening of the Sucz Canal it regained more than its old importance. It was occupied by the Butish in 1839. It is mow a great cooling-station and port of call, and an emportum for the trade of the adjacent African and Arabian coasts. It is the only tortified point between Egypt and Bombay, and may be regarded as an outpost of the Indian Empire. Aden and Perm —a small infortified island serving as a coaling-station at the southernentaine to the Red Sea, occupied in 1852—form part of the Bombay Presidency, and have an area of 80 square inters and a pomination of 50,809. Aden is a free port. The chief industries are salt and eigenetic manns and animumition is subject to special regulations. The total seaborne trade in 1920-30 was £10,173,000. In 1920-30, 1,712 Vessels called at Aden, and 556 at Perm. The Bitish Government has treaty engagements with, and subsatises, the neighbouring Arab tribes, both inland and along the coast (Hadramaut), from the Staats of Babel-Mandeb to Muscat territory at Ray San

Aden: Political Resident, Lt.-Col. B. R. Reilly, CIR, O.B. K. (activa) . per mensen Rs. 3,500 The Kuria Muria Islands, to the S of Oman, have been in British possession since 1854. In 1834 the East India Company occupied Solicita (area, 1,400 Sq. miles), 150 miles from Cape Giardafni, which has a pastoral Muhammadan population roughly estimated at 5,000, mainly Arabs. A formal protectorate was established in 1886. The Sheikh receives a small subsidy, and is pledged not to cede the island to any foreign Power.

## INDIAN APPOINTMENTS.

THE higher civil administration of Butish India is recruited from four sources—x Open competitive examination in Rugland and India a The Indias Army. 3. The patronage of the Secretary of State. 4 The patronage of the Local Governments.

The Civil Service of Indus.—The annual examination ordinarily commences in Jondon July-Angust Candidates must be over 21 and under 24 on Aug. 1 in the year of examination. Application for permission to compete must

on NYMENTS.

be made on or before June 1, on forms that can be obtained from the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W. 1. Examination fee, £3. Selected candulates are on probation in England for one or two years, and receive an allowance of £300 if of European donlicile, of £350 if of Indian domicile, if they pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges approved by the Secretary of State, conduct themselves well, and comply with all the rules laid down for

their guidance A thal examination is held in Indian law, language, &c. A first-class passage to India will be engaged for selected candidates. or to execute the usual covenant and to prois not extensive. Appointments of Chaplanis
ceed to India, all allowances received must of the Church of England and the Church
be refunded. The salary of a covenanted civil
of Scotland to the Indian Ecclesiastical estabislaments are normally made, on the comments of the Church
is not extensive. Appointments of Chaplanis
of Scotland to the Indian Ecclesiastical estabislaments are normally made, on the comments. be held in India can be obtained from the India Office, London.

The Indian Army.-Copies of a pamphlet giving full information regarding conditions of service may be obtained, on application, from the Military Department of the India Office The following is a summary of the principal points. Candidates for commissions in the Indian Army are required to pass the Army Entrance Examination held by the Civil Service Commissioners Candidates must be between 18 and 19 years of age (in the case of Indian candidates the age limits are 18 and 20 years). Of the cadetships for the and 20 years) Of the cadetships for the Indian Army offered, some are allotted to King's India ('adets nominated by the Secretary of State for India, the remainder being offered to candidates in the order of their passing the entiance examination. A few direct appointments to the Unattached List for the Indian Army are made by the War Office from candidates nonnuated by the principal Universities in the United Kingdom. A few direct appointments are also offered to officers of the Territorial Army and Supplementary Reserve between the ages of az and 25 who undertake the final examination of the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, under arrangements made by the War Office. At the end of the period of training at Sandhurst, cadets recommended for commissions are gazetted to the Unattached list for the Indian Army. On appointment to an Indian regiment, an officer s mitial pay is at the present moment Rs 486 (£36) per month. Regulations and examination papers can be obtained from His Majesty's Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C.

Indian Police Force (Higher Grade) .- A competitive examination is usually held in London and other centies in June of each year in conjunction with the Army and Air Force Examination A fee of £4 is required from candidates examined in London, and a fee of £5 from those examined in other centres Save as provided in the regulations a candidate must be a European British subject Indian and Burmese candidates are eligible if they have been resident in the United Kingdom have been resident in the united ainguon for not less than five years. Candidates must be above 19 and under 21 years of age on Aug x; must be unnarried, and if they many before reaching India must forfeit their appointments. Applications to compete at the examination must be made on forms to be obtained from the India Office, Whitehall, London Successful candidates are required to undergo a strict medical examination, are examined as to their ability to ride. tion, are examined as to their ability to ride. Free passage to India is granted to probationers. Their initial pay is Rs. 350 per month, plus an overseas pay of Rs. 100 per month in the case of probationers with non-Indian donnele. The pay proceeds by annual merements to Rs. 200, plus overseas pay of £30 a month, and thence to Rs. 1,350 per month, with

overseas pay of the same amount, subject to efficiency bars, with prospects of promotion to higher posts

from amongst candidates nominated by the Indian Chaplanicies Board of the Church of England and the General Assembly's Committee on Indian Churches respectively. Church of England candidates must be between 27 and 34 years of age, and Church of Scotland candidates must be under 34 years of age. On appointment chap-lains receive a salary of Rs. 600 per month, using by annual increments to Rs. 1,050 per month, plus

overseas pay of £30 a month.
Indian Railway Service of Engineers.—The Secretary of State in Council from time to time makes a number of appointments of Asst Executive Engineers on Indian State Railways, In making these appointments he acts with the In making these appointments he acts with the advice of a Selection Committee Application forms can be obtained from the Secretary, Services and General Dept., India Office, Whitchall, London. Every candidate must have attained the age of zr, and not attained the age of z5 on Jan. 1 of the year in which the examination is held. Candidates must produce evidence that they have obtained one of the Invasity degrees of presend one of the contractive degrees of presend one of University degrees or passed one of the caaminations specified in the Regulations, and must have had at least one full year's practical experience of civil engineering. Those whose qualifying diploma has been obtained without a college course must have had a full three years of such practical experience. Every European candidate must be a British subject of non-Asiatic domicile. All selected candidates are on probation in the first instance on an initial pay (including overseas pay) of Rs 525 a month and are required to execute agreements for three years, at the end of which period, if they have given satisfaction, their services are ictained. The pay rises by increments to Rs 1,025 in the 9th year and to Rs 1,675 in the 24th year of service, with possibilities of promotion to higher posts. From time to time a number of appointments of Asst Executive Engineers in the Public Works Dept. in India are made under regulations, which are generally the same as for the Indian State Railways

Indian Forest Service -- In making appointments, the Secretary of State for India in Council acts with the advice of a Selection Committee Applications for appointment must be made on a printed form to be obtained from the India Office, printed form to be obtained from the India of the Wintehall, London, S.W. r. The normal age huits are over so and under 24 on the rat May of the year of candidature Candidates must be British subjects and must not marry before reaching India. Any breach of this condi-tion will entail forfeitine of appointment. Vacancies are few in number, and do not occur

every year Further information regarding these and other Indian appointments can be obtained on application, from the Services and General Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W. z. Pay, Leave, and Pension Regulations of the Indian Services are contained in the Civil Service Regulations and other Statutory Rules, which can be consulted at the India Office,

# THE FINANCES OF INDIA (CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1930.

(In lakhs of rupees )*

# SEPARATION OF CENTRAL AND PROVINCIAL FINANCES

The Government of India Act, 1919, was designed inter alm to secure a greater measure of independence for Provincial Governments, and to this end provision was made, in the Act and in Rules subsequently published under authority of the Act, for the dehnutation of the functions of Government as between the Government of India and the chief Provincial Governments, and for the definite assignments to each of these Provincial Governments of specific revenues of their own Effect has been given to these measures of devolution in the mne "Governor's Provinces," viz.: Bengal, Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bilian and Orissa, the Central Provinces, Assam and Burma and in the Province of Coorg As regards these provinces the functions of Government have been classified as either "central subjects" or "provincial subjects." A general authority to control all matters coming under the latter head, subject to certain expressed provisos, is devolved upon the Local Governments concerned.

The sources of revenue available to Local Governments for the purpose of defining their administrative charges consist, in the main, of the receipts from those provincial subjects which are levenue-producing, the principal heads being Land Revenue, Irigation, Stamp Duties and Excess In addition, a local Government is given a small share in any expansion of Income Tax (otherwise a "central" source of revenue) that may be due to an increase of the total assessed incomes within the Province over that of reac-zi.

When the division of the sources of revenue was made between the Central and Provincial Governments, it was realized that the Central Government would be left insufficiently provided It was therefore arranged that an annual contribution should be made by eight of the local Governments to the Central Government. The annual contributions fixed at the outset aggregated 933 lakins of rupees. They were not, eacept in case of emergency and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to be subject to increase, and should reduction of the aggregate be found possible, reductions were to be made in fixed proportions from the quotas of the several Provinces. The general policy pursued has involved a progressive reduction of the provincial contributions with a view to their intimate cessation. The Budget for 1928-29 provided for the remission of those portions of the contributions which had not been per manently remitted at the close of the previous year.

The revised financial arrangements outlined above came into force from April x, rgax, as from that date all "provincial" revenue and expenditure ceased to be included in the estimates and accounts of the Central Government. In the case of Coorg the separation was made on April x, rga4.

* A lakh = Rs zoo,ooo (See p 666 for the Indian system of notation )

GROSS REVENUE	AND RE	CEIPTS.	
ļ .		Provne a	
Principal Heads of Reven	Gost.	Clovite	Total
Customs			E
Taxes on Income	5127 7 1670 6	•	5127°7 1706 3
Salt		35 7	
Opmm	676 5 304 I		676'5
Land Revenue .	304 I	2208 -	304 1
Excise		3308 9 1986 5	3347
Stamps	54 7 27 5	1980 5 1384 9	2041 2 1412 4
Forest .	27 5 31 3	1304 9	613.2
Registration	31 3	135'4	137'0
Schednied Taxes		135 4 40 6	40'6
Tributes from Native		40 0	-
States	72 2		72 2
Total	2004 4	7473 2	15477'6
Railways (net receipts) †	3716 4	3 0	3719 4
Irrigation (net receipts)	10 0	786 <u>3</u>	796 3
Posts and Telegraphs	15		1.2
Interest Receipts .	440.6	<b>243</b> 6	684 2
Civil Administration	• • •	.5 -	•
Justice	3,1	103 4	x06 5
Jails and Police	0.0	1186	127 6
Ports and Pilotage	36 B	30	398
Education	2 2	£9́3	91 5
Medeal and Public	7.1		86 8
Health	-	79 7	
Agricultine	22 6	41 0	63.6
Misc. Departments .	35 8	36.6	72 4
Total	1166	471 6	588'a
Currency and Mint	<b>273</b> 7	٠.	273 7
Ciril Works	22 7	105.7	128 4
Miscellancous	•		*
Superanmation	20.8	41 5	62'3
Stationery and Printing	39.6	25 7	65 3
Miscellaneous	35 2	207'5	242 7
Total	95.6	274 7	370'3
Receipts by Military Depts	398 z		398'z
Extraordinary Receipts			-,
and Transfer from	188 g	84 9	273 8
Revenur Reserve Funa	•		
Misecllaneous adjustinents		15 0	15 0
Total Ravanna	* > = 6 K =	04-R 0	- 2226 +
Equals(at Rs. x214to £1)		ا برار ماری	
Equals (at Rs. x3 \(\frac{1}{2}\) (000 0 united)	,99,5≥4£	70.935人	170,449

#### EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE

EXPENDITURE CHARGED	AGAIA	21. 1/1/1	V VOIG.
		Provincia	
		Gosts	Total
Direct Demands on the Rev	mue.		
Customs	97.5	•••	97 5
Taxes on Income	71 8		71 8
Salt	127 0		127 0
Opun	488		48.8
Land Revenue	109	415 6	426.5
Excise and Stamps	176	232 4	250'0
Forest	34 6	312 9	347'5
Registration	03	<i>7</i> 6 3	76.6
Scheduled Taxes		04	0.4
Total	408 5	1037.6	1446'1
Forest and other capi- tal outlay charged to Revenue	2.1	27 2	3 <b>a.</b> 3

								***	
666	The	Indian	Empi	re—h	levenue and	Expend	iture.		
EXPENDITURE continued.	CHARGEI (In lakhs	AGAIN	T REV	enue		nd Expeni 1. Governi			Pro-
	(111 100 110)	Central	Provincia	1		In lakhs of r	_		plus (+)
Radways		Govt.	Corts	Tot.1	i	in liking of r	Expend	in i	OF
Interest, Annui	ties, &c.	2909'I	<b>°</b> 5	<b>2</b> 909 6		Revenue	ture		ficit (-)
Interest on capatributed by	ital con-	_			Madras		1684	8	+ 134'1
tribited by	(0111-)	136 g	•	130 9	Bombay		1580	8	+107
other expenditi		58 6	,3	58 8	U. Provinces .	12086	1133	3	+65 4
Total		3104 6	.7	3102,3	Punjah Burma and She States	111	1132	_	- 5'1
Irrigation					Bihai and Oris	1085'4	609		- 14 9
Interest on deb	t	12 3	442*2	461'5			•••	•	-4,
Other expendit		17 7	145 5	163.3	vinces & Ber	ar 5283	542	5	- 14's
					Assam		297	7	- 25 8
Total		20 0	594'7	624'7	Coorg	15.8	15	4	+ 4
Posts & Telegray		-			Total	9458'0	9380	3	+77.7
				_	Equals (at)	,,,,		•	• • • •
Interest on deb		71 3	••	21,3	Rs.13!, to £1)	£70,935	£70,35	2 .	£+583
Other expenditi	me .	11 4		21 4	(oco omitted)	~7-,733	27-130		~
lotal .		0		82 7					
Interest		8 <b>2</b> 7	••	<b>62</b> 7		ED ESTIM		_	
On Ordinary I	ebt (ex-	1			The revised	estiniates f	DL 1030-31	spów c	deficits
cluding Railw		1			in all cases (ir	i lakhs of i	upees): M	Indias	, 56.3;
gation, Pos	ity and		181 1	582.6	Bengal, 186'3; 50; Punjab, 9;	Bombay, z	18'9 ; Unit	ed Pro	vinces,
relegiajins, ce	(C)	J			50; Punjan, 9.	3; Duima:	Control D	nunues,	103.0
On other obliga	tions	1257 2	98 7	¥355 9	Biliur and On Berar, 21'9. A	888111, 17 O	, Coorg, 3	'3	cs anu
Total.		1658 7	279'8	1938.5					
		• •			BUDGET EST	пилтев ор	THE CEN	TRAL	AND
Ceril Administr					PROVINC	IAL GOVER	NMKNTS,	1931-32	t
General Admin	istration	224 8	1168.6	1393 4 101 6		(in lakhs o	f rances (		
Andit		101.6			1		Fxpendi-	_	
Justice Jails and Police		15 3 117 9	378 a 1475°2	593.5	35-3	Revenue		ur plus	De peu
Ports and Pilots		39 3	16.0	1203,1		1829 7	1822'1	7.6	
Ecclesiastical		37 3 31 6		31.0 22.3	Bombay	1520'5	1281.3	•	60 7
Political		161 9		161.0	United Provin	1052'4	1150°6	81 6	98 a
Frontier Watch	Ward	260.3		260,3	Punjab	. 1184 1	1083.3	100.0	
Education and	derentifie	145 o	1312 7	1458.7	Bihar and Oris	8a 1084 B	1129 9	200 9	45'1
Medical & Publi	ic Dealth	53'3	6o8 7	(62 o	Burnia		577 5		2.2
Agriculture		46 I	261 B	307'9	Central Provin	сея			
Miscellaneous I	epts	58.8	132.7	191 5	and Berar	. 513.3	486.6	<b>25</b> 6	
mata1				40	Assum	266 9	270.7		3.8
Total		1265 9	5553 9	68198		. 13,2	14.6	•••	1.4
Currency and M	I int	74'2		74'3	Total	0265:2	9361.3		
Civil Works		a58 3	1164'3	1422 6	Central Gove	y3v5 3	9301 3	215 7	211.4
		-3- 3	4 3		ment ordina				
Miscellaneous:					revenue	13486 6	13485'6	1,0	
Famine Relief .			<b>50</b> 2	EO 3					
Territil. & Pol.	Pensions	320	59 3	59 3 32 0	lotal	22851.9	22846'9	216.7	211'7
Superannuation	Allow-	3- 3		3-0					
ances and Per	isions	265'9	410 9	676 8	Rs. to £	£ 171.280	£171.252 d	C1.62=	£ T. ERR
Stationery and	Printing	54 8	z 18.8	173.6		~-,- <del>,</del> -,-,-	~-1-135 <b>-</b> X	,3	محورہ - بہر
Miscellaneous .	•	<b>98.9</b>	135.8	225.7	(coo omitted)	'			
Total					INDIAN SYS	TEM OF N	OTATION -	-The	Indian
		445 6	7218	1167 4	numerical not	tation syst	æm differ	s from	m the
Mil. & Marine l	Services	5008 r		5908'z	European. L	arge numb	ers are p	nnetna	ted as
Extraordinary	Items		3		crores and laki				
-			. 3	.3	and millions.	A lakh is	one nundi	ea the	pusand
Total expend	iiturej		— <u>-</u>		(written out	as 1,00,000	y, and a	crore	IS ODE
	against	13241'7	<b>03go.</b> 3	<b>33633.</b> 0	hundred lakhs	or centiniii	ບແສ (1, <b>00,0</b> 0	,000).	Thus,
Revenue				-	of runees (Re	T.00.000) T	nav he res	d as e	ווא אני.
Equals(at Re vol	Kto£x\ı				1,68,00,000 is re of rupees (Rs. £7,500 at 13½) for conversion	runees—the	statuto v	laten	lopted
Kqnals(atRs 13) (see Omitted)		£99,3¤3£	79,35≥£	169,665	for conversion	in this s	rticle.	he ru	nee is
~					divided into re	s annas and	tatia %	rupees	to £1
Surplus		£201	£583	£784					
					divided into 12	pies (11d.	approxima	te val	ue).
					***************************************				

The Indian Empire—Rea	venue and Expenditure, &c.	667
NET REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.	NET EXPENDITURE.  Debt Sarices	1818.1 1030 30
The figures of Gross Revenue given above in- clude the net receipts of railways and other com- mercial undertakings without any deduction on	Army	5016 3 67.8
account of interest charges, the total receipts from the sale of opium, and the receipts of certain spending departments; while the figures	Transfer to Wilitary Reserve Fund	438'5
of Gross Expenditure include the interest charges of commercial undertakings, and the	Collection of Revenue	5510'0 359 <i>7</i>
cost of cultivation and manufacture of opium. This method of compiling the figures causes the revenue available for administrative purposes	Muscel Card Charges	1149'3 385 3
and the expenditure on such purposes to appear greater than they really are. A statement of	Forest and other capital outlay charge !!	#35°6
the net revenue and expenditure of the Central Government for 1929-30 is therefore given in the table below, which shows the net revenue derived	Revenue (lakhs of Rs.)	8863.1
from commercial undertakings, after deducting all expenditure including literest charges, simi- lar adjustments being made under other heads	Equals (at Rs 13', to £,1) (oos omitted)	£66,473
of revenue and expenditure by deducting (x) the cost of cultivation and manufacture of opium	Surprus (coc omitted)	£,201
from sale receipts, and (2) the receipts of the spending departments from the gross expendi- ture incurred by them. The cost of the establish-	ment shows capital outlay, not cha- Revenue.	
ments maintained for the collection of fevenue is not shown as a deduction from revenue, but as	Central Government Ravised	Budget
a separate head of expenditure	Accounts, Estimate, 1929-30 19.0-31 (In lakhs of rape	Estimate 1931-32 cs )*
NET REVENUE (in lakins of rupees) * 1929 32	State Railways . 3018 3 1450'0 Posts & Telegraphs . 33'1 34	1145 0 91 3
Principal Heads of Resenue	New Camtal at Dellu 72 7 72 0	0 7 24 7
Customs	Other Capital Outlay 749 2965	70 7
Salt	Total sees a sees a	1338 4
Opium	Du matthe City Con and Con and	£10,03 <b>8</b>
7955	Provincial Governments	
Commercial Undertakings:	1929-30 1930 31, Madras 99 7 119 0	159'6
Railways 611	Bombay	430'5
Irrigation 20%	Bengal 45'2 40 7 United Provinces 143'3 79 4	29'2 44'I
Posts and Telegraphs St	Punjab . 1340 171 4	109 8
ETO'	Burna & Shan States 33 5 35 6 Bihar and Orissa	27 1
	Central Prove a Delai 410 409	31 3
Currency and Mint. Currency	Assam 35 r 38 7	33.8
Mint	Total . 895 7 739 0	865'5
199	Equals (at Rs $x_3^1$ , to $f(x)$ ) $f(x) = f(x)$ $f(x) = f(x)$	£6,490
Province all Contributions and Adjustments	divided among the population of Britis	sh India,
Muscellaneous Civil Receipts	Excise, and Customs duties which fall or	persons
Total Net Revenue (laklis of rupees) 8889	lls. 4 r per head, or, if land revenue ( akm to rent) be added, Rs. 5 4 per head	which is
Equals (at Rs. 131; to £1)(000 omitted) . £66,67	DEBT AND ASSETS On March 31, 1	1931, the
• A lakh is 200,000 rupees (See p. 666 for Indian system	amounted to Rs 468 5 crores (£351'4 m India and £387 9 million in Englan figures include debt incurred on l	ninon) in id The schalf of
of notation)	Provincial Governments, the debenture	stock of

various railways taken over on the transfer of the lines, and the capital value of liabilities undergoing redemption by way of terminable annuities. The interest-bearing obligations and certain interest-bearing assets of the Government of India amounted to Rs. 643 crores (£483 million) in India and £387 8 million in Eugland. The excess of interest-bearing obligations over interest yielding assets amounts to Rs. 194 erores (£145 million) Apart from Rs 29 of erores in cash, bullion and securities held on I leasury Account, the Central Government held on March 31, 1930, £40 million in the Gold Standard Reserve.

LAND REVENUE -This is the oldest and the most important source of revenue The State is the paramount landlord in India, and the land revenue is the State's share in the rent of the soil. In most of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, about one-fourth of Madras, and part of Assani the land revenue has been permanently fixed, elsewhere generally the assessments, or settle-ments, are revised periodically (usually once in The nature of the settlements zo or 30 years) varies in different provinces In parts of Bengal and Bombay, the greater part of the United Provinces, the Punjub, the N.W. Frontier Province, and the Central Provinces the settlement is with large proprietors or proprietary village communities (zamindari), and the estate is assessed as a whole. Elsewhere (especially in Butma, Berar, Bombay and Smd, Assam, and most of Madras) the rangatwari tenure prevails, and each raigat, or peasant proprietor, holds direct from the State In temporarily settled zamindari districts the land revenue usually amounts to about 50 per cent. of the rental pad to the landlord by the cultivating tenant, while in temporarily settled ralyatwari districts the revenue varies from 20 per cent. of the gross produce down to much smaller proportious, averaging about 8 per cent Private improvements are exempt from assessment. The gross land revenue paid to the State (Central and Provincial Governments) in 1929-30 amounted to Rs. 3,347 laklis (£25,103,000).

THE OPIUM REVENUE—Poppy may now be grown only in parts of the United Provinces and in the Central Indian (Malva) States Except in these States the manifacture is a Government monopoly. Bengal opium is citlier sold direct to the Governments of Borneo, Netherlands Indies, Hong Kong, Straits Settlements, &c. or issued to the Evense Department for local consumption In addition a substantial quantity is supplied to the Medical Department for medical purposes, and by export to the United Kingdom for sule to chemists The gross revenue from Bengal opium, including the value of opium sold by the Excise Department for consumption in ; India, was £3,287,000 in 1929 30. The expenses of production, &c , were £356,100. Formerly, most of the opium exported from India was consumed in China; but the Government of India, in furtherance of the efforts of the Chinese Government to suppress the growth and cousumption of opium in China, decided in root to reduce progressively the amount of Indian opinin exported to Chua, and as from March 31, 1927, export of Indian opium to China is prohibited. In 1926 the Government of India announced its intention to restrict the export of opium except for medicinal purposes

Excise -Licence fees and duties are levied on the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors,

opium, and other drugs. The revenue amounted to Rs. 2,041 lakhs (£15,309,000) gross in 1929-30 (Central and Provincial Governments).

CUSTOMS. - The net receipts amounted The net receipts amounted as s. s.r. lable (£38,458,000) in rosp-30. (For tariff see p 671) The export duty on rice yielded rry lakins (£387,000). The export duty on jute produced 464 lakins (£3.478,000) The duty on motor split and keroseue amounted to 374 lakhs (£2,808.000). The protective special duties on iron, steel, &c, yielded 320 lakhs

(£2,326,000)
INCOME TAX is levied on non-agricultural incomes at the following rates:-Rate of Tax

	snnnac.				n Kuj	re
Rs.	2,000	and (	ver	•••	9 pie	8
,,	5,000	,,		1	ı,,	
,,	10,000	,,	••••••	1	4 ,,	
,,	15,000	٠,		3	ι6,,	
	20,000	"	********	1	9 ,,	
	30,000	,,		2	3 "	
	40,000	,,		2	5 ,,	
,,	1,000,0	10 <b>00</b>	upwards .	2	ı6,,	

In the case of companies and registered firms, whatever the total meome, the rate is a6 pies in the super

Super-tax is leviable in addition to ordinary income tax on meomes of Hindu individed families at lates ranging from 1 anna 3 pies to 6 annas 3 pies in the rupce on meonics over Rs. 75,000, and on the taxable incomes of companies above Rs 50,000 at a flat rate of ranua in the rupee. In the case of individuals, unregistered firms, and other associations of individuals not being a registered firm or a company, the rate ranges from 9 pres to 6 annas 3 pies on incomes in excess of Rs. 30,000 Rs 1,706 laklis (£12,798,000) were received from taxes on income in 1929-30.

STAMPS.—Stamps yielded 1,4xx liklis gross £x0,593,000) in 1929-30. About two-thirds of the revenue is from court fees and one-third from commercial stamps

SALT.—The salt duty was reduced from Rs 21/2 SALT.—Ine sait duty was reduced from Rs 2½ to Rs. 28 manud (821b) in 1903, to Rs 1½ to 1905, and to R 1 m 1907. It was mereased to Rs. 1½ on March 1, 1915, to Rs 2½ from March 1, 1923, and reduced to Rs. 1½ from March 1, 1924. Its 676 lakhe (£5,073,500) were received from salt in 1929—30.†

Forests -About 107,000 square miles of forests are reserved and scientifically worked by the State, while about 123,000 square nules besides are under State control The revenue from are under State control

The revenue from forests amounted to Rs 613 lakhs (£4,594,000) in 1929-30. A third of the revenue comes from

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS -The Post Office in 1929-30 conveyed 1,392 million of letters, postcards, newspapers,&c , and issued over 40 million of money orders. Inland letter rates are the lowest in the world. The length of telegraph wire, including cable, in India on March 31, 1930. wire, including cable, find and match 32, 1936. was 563,400 miles, and the number of paid messages sent in 1929-30 was 19½ milhon The capital outhly amounted to Rs. 1,455 lakhs (£10,912,000) at the end of 1929-30. The Indian Postal and Telegraph services were amalganuated on April 1, 1914. The combined services showed for the year a loss of 62 lakhs (£468,300).†

o 12 pass = 1 snna, 16 annas = 1 rupee, 13; rupecs = £1 (statutory rate) † See p 633 as to the proposed increase of duties and charges

RAILWAYK.— Nearly all the railways in India are owned by the State and administered by and worked by companies. The mileage open for traffic on Maich 31, 7930, was 41,794 Of the mileage open about 50 per cent was on the standard gange (5½ ft.), and about 42 per cent on the metre gange. On March 31, 1930, the total capital at charge was 18 85g cores (£62,550,000). The net earnings of the railways in 1939–30 amounted to 4,059 lakhs (£30,445,000), showing a percentage of 47 on total capital at charge. The number of passengers "originating" was 634 million long Raids of 47 on total capital at charge. The number of passengers "originating" was 634 million, and the goods traffic amounted to 874 million long. Rates are very low, third-class passengers travelling on the average about four miles for a penny "The net gain to the Central Government from "Budget Lines" administered from funds under its direct control was 4 to crores in 1939-30. To meet the contribution (6 x crores) payable to general revenues, 2-08 crores were withdrawn from the Reserve Fund. The total capital expenditure on State and other railways in 1939-30 was 3,252 lakhs (£4,171,000).

IRRIGATION.—The total capital outlay on State irrigation works up to Maich 27, 1939, was \$59,790,000, which, apart from the advantages to cultivators and protection against famme, yielded a profit to the State, after payment of interest charges, of about £1,852,000. The area irrigated by Government irrigation works, evoluting the Indian States, in 1928-29 amounted to 30 7 milhon acres, while the annual value of the crops raised amounted to over 11/5, times the total capital evpended on the works. Two-fifths of the irrigation revenue comes from the Punjab.

HOME CHARGES—The net expenditure in 1292-30 to £25,167,000. The main items were.—Interest on Railway Debt and Annutics, £8,652,000. Interest on Ordinary Debt, £4,862,000 Interest assumed in respect of British 5 per cent. Wal Loan, £836,000, Stores, £3,646,000, of which £3,469,000 was for Mainic and Military Stores; payments for British forces, troop service, &c., £3,659,000, Army non-effective charges, £3,597,000; Civil annutics, civil and unlitary, £2,278,000; Find longly payments, civil and unlitary, £2,278,000; Inome administration (£412,500 less £117,500 contributed by HM Trensury), £304,640 in connection with new offices, Aden contribution, £247,000. The expenditure of the Indian Government in England is met by bills or telegraphic transfers drawn on India by the Secretary of State, and sold by him in London for stelling

CURRENCY—The principal com in use is the silver inpec, containing 165 grains of fine silver and 15 grains of allox, and weighing in all 180 grains toy. Up to 1893 the Indian Mints were open by law for the unrestricted comage of silver into rupces. Owing, however, to the almost continuous fall in the value of the rupce from 187x to 1893, legislation in the latter year closed the mints to the public, with a view to eventually fixing the eveluance. For a time the rupce continued to fall, but sib-sequently it rose, and between 1898 and 1916, was practically stable at 18.4. The Act of 1899 made the British sovereign legal tender in India at the ratio of 15 rupces to the sovereign, the rupce, however, remaining also legal tender to any amount, but the 1140 was

altered to to rupees in 1520. In 1509 it was decided that half the profit on silver coinage should be applied to capital expenditure on railways; the other half of the profit, and the whole of the interest, being added to the Gold Standard Reserve. In June, 1512, it was decided that no portion of the profit was to be used for railway purposes until the total sterling assets of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted to \$25,000,000. From April 7, 1521, the interest on investments in the Gold Standard Reserve, when that Reserve reaches \$4,000,000, is appropriated in reduction of the rupee securities created for the special purpose of the Currency Reserve. The total receipts from profit on coinage, interest and discount, and profit by exchange up to March 31, 1523, and profit by \$2,001,876 Of this sini \$1,123.655 has been used for capital expenditure on railways, \$2,886,217 has been transferred to the Paper Unrency Reserve in reduction of created inpessecutities and \$12,444,795 has been transferred to Revenue, \$442,715 to the Revenue Equalisation Fund (of which \$23,748 has since been transferred to the Gold Standard Reserve On March 31, 1537, the investments of this fund in sterling securities amounted to \$23,759,000 (estimated value), while \$1,085 was held in cash in England, and \$2,125,000 deposited in gold at the Bank of England and \$6,247,200 held in gold in India. India has a paper currency. The \$1,22,55,50,500 deversible of the Royal Mint was established at Boulbay \$6,100 held in mintal and the received of the Royal Mint was established at Boulbay \$6,100 held in mintal and \$6,000 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held in Boulbay \$6,100 held

ARMY -The sanctioned strength of the Army in India 18 . British troops and officers, 68,900; Indian troops and officers, 155,300; Army in India Reserve of Officers, 1,55,300, Alan Army Reserve, 40,000. Anxilary Force, 36,000; Indian State Forces, 44,700; and Indian Territorial Force, 19,000. For police duties and frontier service the regular military is supplemented by frontier militar and local levies. During the period (1902-9) when Loid Kitchener was Commander-in-Chief, considerable changes were effected in the organisation and training of the Army. On June 1, 1907, there was a redistribution of the Army of India. The net military expenditure (including marine) has risen from about £20,000,000 in 1912-13 to about 5,510 lakhs (£41,325,000) in 1929-30 The estimated net expenditure for 1931-32 is 4,740 lakh (£35,550,000) liming the Great War of 1924-18 the Government of India recruited on a voluntary basis over 800.000 combatants and more than 400,000 non-combatants, giving a grand total of about 1 3 million men. 1,215,000 officers and men were sent on service overseas from India . the total Indian casualties were ror, ooc. In ror7 the har hitherto precluding the admission of Indians to King's Commissions was removed, the pay and pensions of the Indian soldiery were improved India has an Anxiliary Force on a volunteer basis. Ague is the chief cause of sickness among British troops, and enteric fever the chief cause of death.

The ROYAL INDIAN MARINE consists of no sca-going vessels, and numerous smaller steamers and launches.

In 1926 it was decided that the Royal Indian Marine shall be abolished, and that the vessels shall be transferred to the Royal Indian Navy, which will be constructed as a combatant force to enable India to enter upon the final stage of her development, and ultimately to undertake her own naval defence. The fact will consist, in its first stage of development, of four sloops, two patrol-craft vessels, four trawlers and two survey ships, together with one depôt ship. Indians will be eligible for commissioned rank.

EDUCATION —Elementary education is based, so far as possible, on an adaptation of indigenous institutions and traditions. Higher education is an imported product. It is popular, and has undoubtedly been attended with beneficial results. As is natural with an imported product, its development is marked by some crudities, and its influence has to some extent been unsettling It has appealed to the natural intellectuality of the people, and has succeeded only partially in stimulating practical application. There are 15 Universities, viz., those of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Beuares (Hindu), Patna, Dacca, Aligarii (Muhammadau), Lahore, Hyderabad, Mysore, Lucknow, Rangoon, Nagpur and Delhi. In State institutions education is secular. The institutions in 1928-29 numbered 258,000, and the scholars 12,166,000, including 1,386,000 females. Of the institutions, about 50 per cent are maintained by the State or aided by rants, the rest being private and unaided. Of the total expenditure on education in 1928-29, (£20,305,000), £4,335,000 came from fees, and £12,842,000 from flow enument revenues on local and municipal funds. The census of 1921 showed that only 130 males and az females per thousand are literate, in the sense of being able to write a letter and read the reply thereto.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, municipal

£9,220,200 from rates and taxes (octroi, taxes on houses and lands, water, lighting, and conservancy rates, &c) and £12,612,800 from other sources. Out of 12,722 members of municipal bodies 870 were officials and 12,852 non-official. n almost all districts in British India there are local district boards, partly representative. Nearly 33 per cent. of their total expenditure of about £ 12, 294, 790 in 1928 29 was devoted to civil works, 36 per cent. to education, and the remainder largely to sanitation and hospitals.

JUSTICE, POLICE, AND PRISONS—There are 8,342 officers and 19,108 honorary judges and magistrates exercising civil and criminal jurismisgistrates exercising civil and criminal juria-diction. Many of the superior and the great majority of the inferior officers are Indians. In 1928, 2.435,233 civil suits were instituted; 2.578,884 persons were tried, and 1,238,424 con-victed, in criminal cases, of whom 796 were sentenced to death and 739 executed, 1,938 to transportation, and 180,496 to imprisonment. The strength of the police in 1928 was 14,814. officers and 183,371 men. There were 1,156 prisons, with a daily average of 138,014 prisoners. At the convict settlement of Port Blair (Andamans) there were 6,985 prisoners on March 31, 1929.

VITAL STATISTICS.—The reporting of vital occurrences is still defective. The recorded death rate for British India in the decennium ended 1913 ranged between 38'as per 1,000 in 1908 and 28'72 in 1913; it was 35'9 per 1,000 in 1908 and 25'73 in 1913. There were over 12 million deaths from influenza during 1918-19. Fevers of various kinds are by far the commonest cause of death, cholers, dysentery and diarrhea, smallpox, and (since 1896) plague being other chief causes. The reported deaths from plague up to the end of 1938 were about 12,152,000 in India as a whole The ratio of births per 1,000 of the population was 36.79 in 1938. In 4,571 hospitals and dispensarios, maintained mostly from public funds, rural, m its present form, is a product of British rule. The municipal title statch end of 1928-19 pensarios, maintained mostly from public funds, numbered 776, with a total population 50,119,000 patients were treated in 1928. The of 19 million, and receiving an income of number of persons vaccinated in 1928-29 was

or 19 minion, and recorring and	IIICWIIIO W	114111001 0	. Pero	-	-920 ag " un
SKA-BORNE TRADE.	1926-27	1927-18 *	1928-29 *	1929-30.*	1930-31.
Imports of Private Merchandise Government Stores	(000 omitted ) 173,416 7,198	£ (000 omitted ) 187,377 8,; 56	£ (000 omitted ) 189,979 _ 7.569	£ (000 omitted ) x80,598 6,683	(000 omitted ) 123,619 6,202
Total Merchandise	180,614	196,143	197,548	187,281	129,821
Tieasure Private Government	30,986 163	26,112 60	27,970 I	20,826 48	20,142
Total Treasure ·	31,149	26,172	27.971	20 374	20,148
Total Imports	211,763	222,315	225,519	208,155	149,969
Exports of Private Merchandise: Indian Produce, &c Foreign Goods (re-exports) Government Stores Total Merchandisc .	226,077 6,007 1,204 233,288	239,365 7,153 1,179 247,697	247,596 5,875 892 254,363	#33,104 5,345 793 #39,24#	165,342 3,858 649 169,849
Treasme—Private Government	1,503 155	1,969 383	2,198 2,567	1,177 a,681	1,8s1 1,18o
Total Treasure	r,658	2,352	4,765	3,858	3,001
Total Exports	234,946	253,049	259,128	243, 100	172,850
Total Sca-borne Trade	446,709	475,364	484,647	451,255	322,819
Net Imports of Treasure	29,49I	23,820	23,206	17,016	17,147
Net Exports of Merchandise	52,674	51,554	56,815	5,96x	40,028
Excess of Exports	23,183	27,734	37,609	34,945	22,88x
(Nors -The figures of trade have been con	werted into st	erling at the r	te of Rs. xxi ta	63 6	Revised figures

x5.085,000. According to the census of x92x there were x02,400 lepers.

SURVEYS—The Survey Department superintends forest and cadastral surveys, as well as trig-enometrical and topographical surveys, special explorations, and map production. Marine, geological, butanical and archwological surveys are in operation. The Meteorological Department is of great service in forecasting rainfall.

TRADE OF INDIA—Among the countries constituting the British Empire India comes second to the United Kingdom itself in the volume of its sea-borne trade, which almost equals that of Canada and Australia combined. The ordinary course of Indian trade shows yearly a large net export of merchandise and a net import of treasure. The table (n. 570) exhibits the leading figures for the last five years in thousands of pounds sterling (Rinpees being converted at the rate of x2\times to the Last.)

During the year 1930-31 as compared with 1929-30 the value of the imports (excluding tiovennment stones and treasure) decreased by Rs 7,597 lakhs (£56,979,000), or 32 per cent, while the total exports (including to-exports but excluding treasure and Government stores) fell by Rs 9,233 lakhs (£69,249,800), or 29 per cent

The principal commodities of export from India are, in the order named Raw cotton and cotton goods. Inte (including guinay bags and cloth); food-grains, especially rice and wheat, tea; and oliseeds. All these showed substantial decreases as compared with the provious year. The principal imports, again in the order named, are maintar tined cotton goods, iron and steel, machinery and mill-work, signa; immeral oils; motor vehicles. There was a marked falling off during the year under review in all of these and other commodities.

The bulk of the imports consists of manufactured articles, while two-thirds of the exports consist of food, tobacco, and naw materials.

The following statement shows the chief articles of the foreign trade of India in 1930-31 (converted at Rs  $x_3^{1/3} = \pounds x$ ):—

#### IMPORTS (ooo omitted)

		_	_
Cotton Goods . £	16,628	Dyes, &c	£1,943
Cotton Yaru .	2.713	Rubber Manuf's	1,916
Cotton, law .	4.702	Spaces	1,912
Iron and/or Steel	7.116	Wool & Woollen	,,,
	7,004	Goods	* ***
Brass			1,733
Other meta's	3,603	Drugs	1,455
Machinery		Glass	1,236
Sugar	8,223	' Fruits& Vegeta s.	1,114
Mineral Oils .	7.870	Cigarettes	grB
Provisions	2.648	Salt	883
Motor Cars, Cy-		Paints	841
			840
cles, &c	3,055	Soap	
Cycles	542	Apparel	834
Instruments .	3,58z	Building, &c,	
Hardware	2.702	Materials	825
By Post		Stationery	боg
	-,,,,,,	Haberdashery .	547
Liquors			
Silk, artificial	2,270	Belting	477
Silk Goods	1,581	Precious Stones	448
Raw Silk	66x	Arms, &c	405
		Fauthanwara	26.
Paper	-,-3-	Characam't Star on	6,202
Grain & Pulse .	3,113	Governm't Stores	0,202
Chemicals .	1.050	•	

			1			
EXPORTS (occ omitted)						
Cotton, 1		By Post	£1,533			
Cotton Y.	2711.d.r 4.210	Coffee	1.420			
Jute Mai	1111 s 23.893	Wood	1.054			
Jute, 1av	w 9,663	Wood Rubber	976			
Rice		Spices	954			
OtherGr	ams, d. 2,036	Mannes	010			
Tea	17,660	Opmin	ozó			
Seeds	13,306	Dyes	8x2			
Metals d		Tobacco	777			
Leather	4.703	Coh	664			
Bidesan	d Slans 4.000	Fruits& Vegeta's	508			
Wool, 1a	.w . 1,885	Fodder .	576			
Woollen	8 530	Миса	507			
Lac	2,354	Oils	354			
Parattu	War 2,114	Raw Hemp .	295			
Oilcake.		Re-exports	3,858			

The following table shows the distribution of the Indian private sea-borne trade in 1020-21

the marri briance sea-marie	made III	1930~31
Countries		VATE ODISE ONLY
Total Value (ooo omitted)	imports £123,619	Exjents. £165,342
Umted Kingdom	Percent	
Belgium	37 2	<b>2</b> 3 5
		3 3
Ceylon	. 08	50
(China (excluding Hong Kong)		6 0
Egypt	15	19
France .	, , ,	50
Germany	, 75	64
Nother lands .	18	30
Hong Kong	. 05	07
lialy	2.7	3 5
Japan	88	to R
Java and Borneo .	6 6	1 2
Mauritins	. 00	0.5
Straits Settlements	2 5	2 0
Switzerland	8 0	00
United States	0.2	. 93
Trag	66	0 4
8 Africa	0 3	0 0
kenya	1 8	03
Canada	0.8	0.8
Australia and New Zealand	16	1
Persia	16	2 3 0 6
Span	9 2	11
Arabia	1 02	
Siam	0.1	0.4
All other countries		0.4
An other countries	6 3	9 5

(Note --Rupee figures converted at rate of Rs 134=£1)

CUSTOMS DUTIES - The general import tariff is so per cent ad valorem. The principal exceptions are as follows:—Cotton twist, yain and thread pay 5 per cent or x½ As per lb., whichever is higher, yarns and taxtle fabrics so per cent., cotton piece goods so per cent. if of British manufacture, a5 per cent. if not, plain grey, 1 e., not bleached or dyed in the piece, pay duty at the same rates or 3½ annas per lb. whichever is higher Arms and certain "luxiny" at ticles, including gold and silver manufactures, &c., and silk piece goods, pay40 per cent, inotor cars 30 per cent., singar a5 per cent, plus Rs. 2. As z2 per cwt., cigais 90 por cent, cigaiettes Rs. 8 As. 8 per x,coo, spirits generally Rs. 30 a gallou, sait R. 1 As. 8½ a manuf (82 lb.), gold and silver plate 40 por cent., kerosene As. 3, and motor spirit 8 As. per gallon, inineral oil so per cent. (an excise duty of As. 8 per gallon is levied on motor spirit and an excise duty of As. 2 p. 3 per

gallon on kerosenc produced in India), coal As. 8 aton. Some machinery and certain iron, steel and railway muterials pay 12% per cont.: a tritical silk yarn, 10 per cent. There are protective duties at special rates on coal tubs, and on iron and steel and certain manufactures thereof. The duty on manufactured tobacco is Rs. 3 per lb., natches Rs. 1 As. 8 per gross, splints for match-making 4½ As. per lb., veneer for making match boxes 6 As. per lb., veneer for making match boxes 6 As. per lb., beer 12 As. per gallon, perfumed spints Rs. 48 a gallon Gold metallic ores, hving animals, raw index, skins, raw cotton and wool, certain agricultural requisites, quinner, textile machinery, printing materials, and a few other aiticles are fee There are export duties of 2 As 3 Pers a mained on rice, Rs. 4% per bale of 400 lb on raw jute other than cuttings, for which the rate is Rs. 1% per lale; Rs. 20 per ton on jute sacking, Rs. 23 per ton on hessians, and 5 per cent. adealoren on raw index and skins.

SHIPPING.—In 1930-31 the number of vessels engaged in the foreign trade which entered and cleared with cargoes at posts in British India was 6,473, with a tomage of 15 510,000. Of this tomage, nearly 67 per cent, was under the British flag

Ports - The cluef ports are Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Karachi, and Madras

AGROULTURE is by far the most important occupation of the people of India. In British territory in 1938-29, 262, 328, 200 acress were sown, or 228, 250,000 acress excluding area sown more than once of the total area sown approximately to per cent was under wheat, 32 per cent under rice, and 36 per cent under officeds, and pulses, 7 per cent under officeds, and 8 per cent under cotton, jute, and other thines. Sugar, tea, and tobacco are other important crops. The total area under irrigation was 49 million acres.

Banks —In addition to the Imperial Bank of India, which is closely associated with the Government, there are joint-stock banks. Emopean and Indian, and many small native banks. In 1928 there were 28 Indian joint-stock banks, whose head offices are located in India, in addition to 128 exchange banks with head offices outside India, and 18 Indian co-operative banks, with capital and reserve of Its. 5 lakhs and over. The capital of the Imperial Bank of India was Rs 262 lakhs; ieserve, Rs. 539 lakhs, deposits, Rs. 7,928 lakhs; ieserve, Rs. 539 lakhs, deposits, The corresponding figures for the Indian Joint-stock banks were: capital, Rs. 648 lakhs; reserve, Rs. 435 lakhs, deposits, Rs. 6,25 lakhs; cash balance, Rs. 850 lakhs. The 18 exchange banks with head offices not located in India had:—capital, £95 unillion; reserve, £92 million; deposits, £1,359 million outside India, and Rs. 7,173 lakhs in India; cash balances £237 million outside, and Rs. 866 lakhs in India of Rs. 171 lakhs; a reserve of Rs. 46 lakhs, deposits, Rs. 90 lakhs; a reserve of Rs. 46 lakhs, deposits, Rs. 90 lakhs; and cash balances amounting to Rs. 78 lakhs; and cash balances amounting to Rs. 78 lakhs; in depolity was —1376 in the case of labilities on depolit was —1376 in the case of

gallon on kerosene produced in India), coal As. 8 the Imperial Bank; xx% for exchange banks aton. Some machinery and certain non, steel doing a considerable portion of their business in and railway nuterials pay xx½ percent.; at titleral | India; xx% for other exchange banks; and xx to slik yarn, xo per cent A few other articles pay | xx% in the case of Indian joint-stock banks

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES — In 1979-30 there were in Butish India and Indian States 1,880 central, 92,031 agricultural and 12,26 non-agricultural societies, with a total membership of 4,781,204 and a capital of £69,128,000. The Provincial and Central Banks showed a profit of £440,000, and a gricultural and non agricultural societies £1,369,000.

MINERALS—The output of coal in India in 1928 was 22,543,000 tons. The production has much me crassed in recent years. Nine-tenths of the total comes from Bengal and Blina and Onesa The production of crude petolenn in India (cheffy Burma) has mereased from 19 million gallons in 1897 to 306 million in 1928. The production of salt is about 1,515,000 tons. The production of salt is about 1,515,000 tons. The production of inanganese ore was about 978,500 tons, and of saltpetic 4,500 tons export figures) The vield of gold (nearly all from Mysoce) was about 376,100 oz. Monazite and timpsten ore have now taken an important place in the list of minerals of economic value produced in India. The output of the former in 1928 was 103 tons, and of the latter 622 tons

MANUFACTURES—In India the ancent village handicrafts still survive (totton-weaving is by far the most important hand industry. There were 7,863 factories in 1928 subject to the Indian Factories Act, employing 1,520,000 persons, including 25,000 women and 50,000 children (12 to 15 years of arc), the percentage of factories maintaining a week of 48 hours or less for men is 27, the corresponding percentage for women is 25, the corresponding percentage for women is 25. The maximum weekly hours for children are 36. There were 25 cotton mills at work in British India and Indian States in 1928-29, mostly in Bombay and Ahmedabad. In 1928-29, the production was 648 million ib, of yain (mostly of low counts) and 446 million ib of woven goods. The 95 jute mills, mostly situated in or near Chilatta, contained x 103,147 spindles and 52,409 looms. There wire, in 1928, 17 woollen and 9 paper mills, 13 breweires, and various other factories.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—In 1928—29 there were 6,330 joint stock companies registered in British India and in the Indiau States, with a patd-up capital of Rs 27,931 lakins (£209,481,000). The companies were classified as follows:—Trading and manufacturing, 2,336. banking and loan, 1,632; tea and other planting, 604; imfining, 227, cotton unils, 294, cotton ginning mills, 199; jute mills, 63; other mills and presses, 77; estate, &c., 125, insmance, 100; rallway transport, &c., 220; navigation, 25; singar, 35; others, 383

#### FRONTIER TRADE

A new system of registration of the land frontier trade of India came into force in April, 1925. Only the traffic in selected articles at certain railway stations adjacent to the more important trade routes across the frontier is registered. The principal imports were metals and manufactures of metal, grains and pulses, fruits, provisions and raw silk. The principal exports were cotton goods, metals, provisions, grains, salt and sugar.

[·] See p 653 as to the proposed increase of duties

TABLE OF THE PRINCIPAL INDIAN RULING PRINCES AND CHIEFS, SHOWING THE SALUTES TO WHICH THRY ARE ENTITLED, AND THE AREA, POPULATION, PREVAILING ERLIGION, AND REVENUE OF THEIR STATES.

STATE, SALUTE, AND TITLE OF CHIEF.	Date of Suc- cession	Area in sq miles	Population in 1921	Prevailing Religion.	Revenuefor last year recorded or approxi- mate,
Salutes of az Guns	1				
Baroda, The Maharaja (Gaekwar) of		8,182 26,382	2,121,875 3,195,476	Hindns	大 1,460,000 1,400,000
Hyderabad, The Nizam of		82,698	12,471,770	Hindus and	1
Jammu and Kashmir, The Maharaja of	-	80,000	3,322,030	Muhammadans Muhammadans	1,485,000
Mysore, The Maharaja of			5,859,952		2,250,000
Salutes of 29 Guns.		1	1	1	ł
*Bhopal, The Nawab of †Indore, The Maharaja (Holkai) of . †Kalat, The Khan (Wah) of Kolhapur, The Maharaja of	1926	6,902	692,448	Hindus	414,000
Tindore, the Manaraja (Holkai) of	1926 1893	9.519 54,713	1,151,598	Muhammadans	830,000 81,000
Kollianur. The Maharaja of	1022	3,217	833,726	Hindus	790,000
+*Mewar (Udaipur), The Maharana of	x884	12,691	x,380,063	,,	340,000
Travancore, The Maharaja of	1924	7,625	4,006,062	{ Hindns and } Christians }	1,337,000
Salutes of 17 (iuns.	!	i			
Bahawalpur, The Nawab of	1907	15,000	781,191	Muhammadans	
Bharatpur, The Maharaja of +Bikaner, The Maharaja of	1929	I,993	496,437	Hudus	x98,000
Bundi, The Maharao Raja of	1887	23,315	659,685	,,	555,000
	1927	2,220	187,068	( Rinding and	69,000
Cochin, The Maharaja of	1914	1,417	979,019	( Rindus and ) Christians	416,000
Cutch, The Maharao of	1876	7,616	484,547	Hindag	230,000
Jaipur, The Maharaja of	1922 1886	15,579	2,338,802	"	561,000
Karauli, The Maharaja of +Kotah, The Maharao of	1880 1880	1,242 5,684	133,730 630,060	"	53,000 309,000
Marwar (Jodhpur), The Maharaja of	1918		1,841,462	"	800,000
+Patiala, The Maharaja of	•	5,932	1,499,739	Hindus and Sikhs	844,000
Rewa, The Maharaja of	1918	13,000	1,401,524	Hindus	390,000
+Touk, The Nawah of	1867	2,553	287,898	,,	160,000
Saintes of 25 Guns					
+Alwar, The Maharaja of	1892	3,221	701,154	Hindus	366,000
Banswam, The Maharawal of Datia, The Maharaja of	1914	1,606 911	190,362 148,659	Annulsts Hudus	42,000 120,000
Dewas (Senior Branch), The Maharuja of	1899	449	77,005	,,	47,000
Dewas (Jumor Branch), The Maharaja or	1892	419	66,998	,,	45,000
Dhar, The Maharaja of	1898	1,777	230,333	,,	105,000
+Dholpm, The Maharaj-Rana of	1911	1,200	230,188	,,	126,000
Dangarpur, The Maharawal of	1918	1,447	189,272	,,	38,000
Idar, The Maharaja of Jaisahner, The Maharawal of	1931	1,669	826,351 67,652	>>	20,000
Khairpur, The Mir of	1921	6,050	193,152	Muhammadans	
+Kishangarh, The Maharaja of	1026	858	77,734	Hindus	33,000
†Orchha, The Maharaja of	1874	2,079	284,948	,,	67,000
Partabgarh, The Maharawat of Rampur, The Nawab of	1929 1880	886 80a	67,114 453,607	Huidus and	
Sikkim, The Maharaja of	•	2.818	81,721	Muhammadans Buddhists and	,
Sirohi, The Maharao of	1914	z,016 z,064	186,639	Hindus Hindus	70,000
•	1940	1,504	100,039	11111443	70,000
Salutes of 23 Guns †Benares, The Maharaja of	1931	875	362,735	Hindus	178,000
Bhavnagar, The Maharaja of		2,860		Hindns and Mulammadans	
Cooch Behar, The Maharaja of	1922	1,307	592,489		842,000
Dhrangadhra, The Maharaja of		1,307	88,406	Hindus	167,000
Jaora. The Nawab of	1895	6oz	85.778	. "	70,000
Jhalawar, The Maharaj-Raus of	1929	810		Muhanimadans Hindus and	56,000
†Jind, The Maharaja of	x887	1,259	308,183	Sikhs	190,000
Within their own territories these chiefs have salutes of az guns permanently     The present chief has a personal salute of two additional guns.					
· Tro League - man a language					

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STATE, SALUTE, AND TITLE OF CHIEF.	Date of Suc- cession	Area in sq miles.	Population in 1921.	Prevailing Religion	Revenue for last year recorded or approxi- mate
-	ı				£
†Junagadh, The Nawab of	1911	3,336	465,493	Hindus and Muhammadans	406,000
†Kapurthala, The Maharaja of	1877	630	284,275 {	Muhammadans and Hindus	247,000
Nabha, The Maharaja of	1911	928	263,334 {	Hindus and Sikhs	x64,000
†Nawanagar, The Maharaja of	1907	3,79 ¹	345,353	Hindus and Muhammadans	405,000
Palanpur, The Nawab of	1918	1,750		Hindus and Muhammadans	
Porbandar, The Maharaja of		642		Hindus	120,000
Rajpipla, The Maharaja of	1915	1,517	168,454	,,	126,000
Ratlam, The Maharaja of	1893	693		,,	60,000
Tripura, The Raja of	1923	4,116	304,437	,,	170,000
Salutes of xx Guns	1		:	1	1
Ajaigarh The Maharaja of	1919	802	84,700	1	33,000
Alirajpur, The Raja of	1800	836	89,364	Animists	41,25¢
Baoni, The Nawab of	IQII	121	19,734	Muhammadans	
Barwam, The Rana of	1804	1,178	120,150	Hindus	77,250
lijawar, The Maharaja of	1900	973		,,	26,250
Bilaspur. The Raia of	1927	448		,,	22,500
Cambay, The Nawab of	1915	350	71,715	,,	78,000
Chamba, The Raja of	1919	3.216	141,867	,,	53,000
Charkhari. The Maharaja of	1920	880	123,405	,,	36,000
Chattarpui, The Maharaja c'	1867	1,130	166,549		48,000
Faridkot, The Raja of	1918	643	150,661	Sikhs and Hindus	122,000
Gondal, The Thakur Sahib of	x869	1,024	167,071	Hindus and Muhammadans	
Janjira The Nawab of	1922	377	98,590	"Aminuted"	52,000
Jhabua, The Raja of	1895	1,336	123,932	Animists	26,250
Maler Kotla, The Nawab of	1908	x68	80,322	Hindus and Muhammadan	
Mandi, The Raja of	1013	1,200	185,048	Hindus	83,000
Morvi, The Thakui Sahib of	1891	8,456	384,016	, ,,	57,000
Narsinglighar, The Raja of	1922	822	96,697	<u>`</u> "	168,000 69,000
Panna, The Maharaja of	1924	734	101,426	,,	68,000
Pudukottai, The Ruja of	1902	2,596	426,813	***	143.000
Radhanpur, The Nawab of	1920	1,150	67,789	, ,,	77,350
Rajgarh, The Raja of	zgző	962	114,972	, ,,	48,000
Sailana, The Raja of	1010	206	27,165	, ,,	20,000
	1896	180	33,216	,,	26,250
Sirmur (Nahan), The Mahanaja of	1911	1,198	140,468	1 ;;	40,000
Sitamau, The Raja of	1900	201	26,549	,,	19,500
Suket, The Raja of	1919	420	54.328	,,	20,250
Tehri (Garhwal), The Raja of	1913	4,500	318,482	, ,,	83,000
	!				

† The present chief has a personal salute of two additional guns

## STATES OF THE RULING PRINCES AND CHIEFS OF INDIA.

THE States in India whose chiefs are in subordinate alliance with, or under the suzcrainty of, the King-Emperor, comprise about two-fifths of the area, but only two-ninths of the population of India. Their administration, with a few unimportant exceptions, is not under the direct control of British officials, but it is subject, in varying degrees, to the Supreme Government. The chiefs are entitled to British protection, but have no power of making war and peace, or of sending ambassadors to one another or to foreign States; the millitary force they maintain is strictly limited; no European is allowed to reside at any of their courts without special sanction; and in case of misrule the Supreme Government can dethrone the chief or

temporarily suspend him from the exercise of his powers. In matters of Imperial interest, trade, main lines of rallway, &c., the Supreme Government has jurisdiction. Some States pay tribute, most do not. Tributes aggregating £54,80.0 (£183,705 from Mysore) were paid to the Government of India in 1999-30. Generally speaking, the States are governed by their Princes, Ministers, and Councils, with the advice of a political officer of the Supreme Government. This officer may have charge, as British Resident, of one large State, or may be the Agent for a group of States. A common characteristic of all Indian States, important or insignificant, is that in their territory British Indian law does not run. For them the Indian Legislature or the Provincial

Legislative Councils cannot legislate: and over them the High Courts or Chief Courts of the Provinces have no jurisdiction.

The Assigned Districts of Mysore (Bangalore), Kalat (Quetta), and Berar are still technically Indian States territory. The Shan States, on the other hand, are technically part of British India, though administered by local Sawbwas or petty chiefs. Excluding these territories, the Indian States have a combined area of 711,032 square inites, and a population of 72,939,287. They maintain in the aggregate a considerable body of troops of inferior military organisation in addition to their Indian State forces. Many treaties provide that States shall furnish troops on the requisition of the Supreme Government, and troops of Indian States served in almost every Indian campaign of the 19th century. Lord Curzon mangurated an Imperial Cadet Corps of Indian princes and nobles States vary greatly in size and importance Hyderalad is nearly as large as Great Britam, and the Nizam enjoys a very large revenue. On the other hand, in Kathawar and elsewhere, where family criston has led to minute sub-division, there are many chefs of single villages. In these petty estates the nominal chief may have some very limited magisterial powers, but the administration is regulated and carried on by the Supremo Government in its executive capacity. amount of control thus exercised over an Indian State in its internal affairs depends on a number of considerations, and varies from State to State. The rulers have not necessarily any religious or tribal connexion with the importy of their subjects. Thus the Nizam of Hyderabad is a Muhammadan, but most of his people are Hindus. Although the Indian States, large and small, number 663, only about soo are of any real importance. The majority represent the scattered military chiefships which sprang from the rnins of the Moghul Empire in the 18th century. The rulers of Gwalior, Indore, and breads and disconsistance of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second control of the second Baroda are all descendants of successful generals who then rose to power. Most of these States are of more recent origin than the British power in India. A unique step was taken in 1910, when a new Indian State was created out of the family domains of the Maharaja of Benares.

The salutes enjoyed by the Indian princes indicate their relative importance. Those with eleven guis or more are addressed as His Highness. On pages 673-674 are the names of 86 ruling chiefs who have salutes of eleven guns or more, with some particulars of their States. Some well-known Indians of title, such as II H. the Aga Khan, GCSI, GCIF, GCV.O, and the Maharajah of Burdwan, GCIE, K.CS.I., are

not ruling chiefs
The States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda,
Kashmir, Sikkim, and Kalat, and those belonging to the Rajputana and Central India Agencies, 175 in all, are under the direct supervision of the Governor-General in Council. The remainder, chiefly minor States, are under the supervision or control of various Provincial Governments The States of first magnitude, which have a superior Resident, are Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda, Kashmir, Jaipur, Udaipur, and Gwalior.
The Indian States may be thus classified —

The ruling dynasty is of Turkoman origin, and is descended from Asaf Jah, who became Viceroy of the Deccan in 1712, and then independent of the Mogul Emperor. Telugu and Marathi are the chief languages. Wheat, rice, and cotton are produced. The Nizam's Guaranteed Railway is the principal line. z. Myeore This State, situated on a plateau in Southern India, was administered by the Indian Government from 1831 to 1881, when it was restored to native rule, under a somewhat strictly framed instrument of transfer. In Dec., 1913, the instrument was replaced by a new Treaty putting the relations between the British Government and the State on a footing more in consonance with the actual position of the Maharaja among the Feudatory Chefs of India. Kanarese and Telugu are the chief languages. There is a Mysore State Railway. Millets, pulses, and rice are the principal crops. Mysora has important goldfields. 3. Baroda, situated in Western India in Gujarat and Kathiawai and much interlaced with British districts. The reigning Gaekwar was the adopted districts. The reigning Gackwar was the adopted hefr of the ruler deposed in 1875 for misgovernment and misconduct. 4. The Himalayan Hill States, west of Nepal, including Kashmir. The miportant fronter State of Kashmir (capital, Srinagar, pop. 141,735) was granted to Gholab Sing by Lord Hardinge, after the First Punjah War (1846). It complises Jammir, Kashmir, Ladakh, Ghgit, and Baltistan. A force stationed at Gligit watches the northern passes and controls the fendatory chiefiships of Himza and Nagar; while on the slips of Hunza and Nagar; while on the west the subordinate chiefship of Chitral is occupied by Bitish troops, depending for their support on the Peshawar border 5. Skkim, a frontier State situated on the borders of Tibet, between Nepal and Blintan, acknowledged the British protectorate in 1800, when also the boundaries of Thet were defined by the Sikkim Thet Convention. 6 The Sikk States, in the Suhind plain, south of the Sublej. The most important of these is Patiala. 7 Rajputana, compusing the ancient sovereignties lying between Sind and the United Provinces. Rajputana tween Sind and the United Provinces. Rapputana, (pol. 9,84,384) extends some 460 miles from north to wonth, and is 530 miles in breadth, and is larger than the British Isles. About half of the area is desert. It comprises so States of varying sire and importance. Of these 27 are ruled by hereditary Rajmu Chiefs, two by Jat chiefs, and one by a Muhammadan. The Governor-General's Agent's headquarters are at Amer; he has under him Residents for Eastern and Western Raimstan and Justice these and Western Raipntana, and about twenty other officers, distributed among the States to supervise the administration, and give advice when it is annimistration, and give acover when it is required. The most important States are Jodhyna (Marwar), Udaynar (Marwar), and Jaynar. The Rajmt dynastics, the most ancient in India, go back before the Mogul Empire, and resemble fendal monarchies. 8. The States of Central India, lying to the north of the Neubudda and to the south and east of Rajputana, although to the south and east of Rajpitains, atmough in the aggregate one-third less in extent than those of Rajpitains, are nearly four times as immerous. All but r7 are petty chiefships. The most important are Greater and Indox, which include between them one-half of the whole area. The 3r minor States of Bundelkhand (largest, Reva) are in political relation with the Central India Avency. Rhoral one of r. Hyderabad, the premier State in India. (capital, Hyderabad, pop. 404,187—the fourth city in India.) This State is in the centre of the Deccan or central plateau of Southern India.

1. Hyderabad, the premier State in India. (capital Hyderabad, pop. 404,187—the fourth city with the Central India Agency Bhopal, one of the principal Muhammadan States in India.

1. Hyderabad, the premier State in India. (capital Hyderabad, pop. 404,187—the fourth city with the Central India Agency Bhopal, one of the principal Muhammadan States in India.

1. Hyderabad, the premier State in India. Cochia, lying together in S.W. India. These important States, attached to Madras Presidency, represent ancient Hindu dynasties. 2c. The three northern Mulianmadan States of Khairpur (Sind), Bahawaipur, and Bampur. 2r. Kalat (including Makran and Kharan) and Las Bela, with tribal areas in the possession of the Marri and Bugti tribes. 2s. Gujarat, including Kutch and the numerous petty chiefabips of Kathiawar. 23. The Southern Mahratta States. 2s. The numerous Afghan and Baluch tribes of the N.W. frontier, inhabiting the mountains from the north of Peshawar to the base of the Suleiman range, a distance of 800 milles. The names of some othese tribes, Waziris, Orakzais, Afridis, &c., have become familiar owing to the many expeditions against them. 2s. The aboriginal Gond and Kol tribes, under petty princes of aboriginal or Rajput blood, in Chota-Nagpur, Orissa, the Central Provinces, and the Japur (Vizagapatam) Agency. 26. The Indo-Chinese group of States, and the numerous hill tribos of the N.K. frontier.

# Countries Contiguous to Endia. NEPAL.

Sovereign, His Majesty Maharaja Dhiraja Tribhuhana Bir Bikram Jung Bahadur Shah Bahadur Shamsher Jang; suc. 1911.

Prime Minister, His Highness Maharaja Sir Bhim Shunnshere Jung, Bahadur Rana, C.C.S.I., K C V.O., Honorary Lieutenant-General of the British Army, Honorary Colonel of the 4th P.W.O Gukhas, Prime Minister, and Supreme Commander - in - Chief. (Personal salute in British India, 19 guus)

Nopal (area, about \$4,000 sq. nules; pop. 5,000,000) lies between British India and Tibet on the 8, slopes of the Himalayas, and includes Mt. Everest (29,221 ft). Amid the sterile mountains lie many fertile valleys. The lower hills are covered with jungle, in which wild animals abound. Rice, wheat, &c., are grown. Nepal is divided into four provinces. It a exports to British India are estimated to amount to about £4,000,000, and its imports to £3,000,000 a year. The chief trade route is that between Kathmandu and the Bhar and Olissa frontier (27 miles). Nepal exports rice and other grains, hides, olisseds, \$\textit{ght}\$, cattle, jute, large quantities of timber, &c., and imports cotton goods and yarn, sugar, sall, spices, metals, &c. The revenue, realised chiefly from land rent, forests, customs, &c., is over £1,000,000. The alorigines are Mongolian in type, and their religions are Buddhism and Hinduism. The country was conquered in 1769 by the Gurkhas, who are Hindus and claim to be Rajputs. Their frequent aggressions led to a war with the British in 1814-6. Relations have now long been friendly. The policy of seclusion is, however, consistently followed by the Nepal rulers. The real political power rests with the Prime Minister. This office is always held by a member of his family, the succession being determined by special rules. The army numbers about 45,000. By arrangement with Nepal, India obtains many fine recruits for its Gurkha regiments. During the Great War, and in the subsequent Afghan war, the Nepal Government rendered unstinted and unconditional assistance to the British Government in men, money and material. A new Treaty was concluded in December, 1923, between the British and Nepalese Governments, by which witer alia the internal and external independence of the State was reognised.

#### BHUTAN.

Bhutan (area, about 20,000 Sq. miles; pop. about 250,000, mainly Buddhists) also lies on the S.E. of the Himalyays, and its products resemble those of Nepal. In 263, owing to outrages on British subjects, portions of it were annexed to India, an annual allowance being paid by the Indian Government as compensation. By a treaty in 250 this allowance was fixed at £6,667, and Bhutan agreed to be guided in its external relations by the advice of the British, who, however, will not interfere in its internal affairs. The former dual government of a spiritual chief and a temporal chief came to an end when the Tongas Penlop, the chief councillor and virtual ruler, the late Sir Ugyen Wangchuk, K.O.S.I., G.O.I.E., was chosen hereditary Maharaja in 2507. He has a salute of 25 guns in British territory. The estimated annual revenue is £13,000. Bhutan's total trade with India is estimated at over £65,000 a year. There is no British Resident.

CAPITAL, Punakha.

#### THE PERSIAN GULF.

For three centuries England has taken the lead in the Gulf trade. She has suppressed plracy, slavery, and inter-tribal warfare on land and sea, made surveys, and laid down buoys and cables. Vigorous measures have been taken against gunrunning England and India still have the lion's share of the trade, the bulk of which is couted by Indians, who make Bonbay their entrepot. The Arabian shores are low-lying deserts, the Persian coasts mountainous; at the head of the Gulf are great alluvial plains. The heat is intense in summer. Natural harbours are few.

The ruler of Bahrein (capital, Manama) has been in treaty relations since 1820 with the Government of India, who have a Political Agent at Bahrein. In 1880 he engaged not to make treatics with any other State.

The Sultan of Oman (Muscat) is in treaty relations with, and subsidised by, the Government of India, who have a Political Agent and Consul at his Court.

The independent tribes on the Pirate (Arah) Coast from Ras-cl-Kheima to Odeid are bound under treaties with the Indian Government (dating from 1820, and confirmed in 1823 by a Treaty of Perpetual Peace) to maintain a maritime time for the prevention of piracy and slavery, and for the cassation of hostilities at sea. Hence their chiefs are sometimes called the "Tranal" chiefs The British Political Resident in the Persana Unit is the recognised arbiter and adviser of these tathes, and peace is maintained by the British flag. In 1826 these tribes agreed not to enter into relations with, or cede territory to, any other Power than the British. The trade of the Arab coast ports largely consists in exports of pearls to India via Lungah and Bahreu.

Important caravan routes converge at Koueit, which has an excellent harbour. The Sheikh is under treaty obligations with the Indian Government.

PERSIA (q.v.) borders on Baluchistan and Afghanistan. The demarcation of the Perso-Baluch frontier, partially carried out in 1872 and 1895, was completed in 1905.

ASIATIC RUSSIA.—A portion of what was once the Russian Empire is conterminous with Persia and Afghanistan. The Trans-Casplan Railway runs, viá Merv, to Samarkand and Andijan, with a branch to Tashkent. The Mnrghah Valley branch from Merv to Kuskh on the Afghan frontier, opened in 1898, brings the Russian railways within 70 miles of Herat, and within 420 miles of the Chaman terminus of the Indian railways. Another important strategic line connects Tashkent directly with Orenburg. The Annu-Darys, or Oxus, which separates Bokhara from Afghanistan for 330 miles, is navigated by Russian steamers.

CHINA.—India is in contact with two dependencies of China, Chinese Turkestan and Tibet, and one province, Yunnan.

Chinese Turkestan is surrounded by the mountains of Tianshau, the Panurs, and Knenhm. There are three difficult passes into Russian Turkestan and two still more difficult ones into India. The boundary between Kashmir and Chinese Turkestan has not been officially defined There is a British consul-general at Kashgar. Trade with India is chiefly carried over the Karakoram Pass (18,500 feet) vid Ladakh, in Kashmir.

Tibel, a plateau soldom lower than 10,000 feet, forms the northern irronter of India (boundary imperfectly defined), from Kaslımır to Burma, but is separated iterefrom by the Himalayas. India imports from Theet wool, borax, salt, and musk, in exchange for cotton and woollen goods and grain. Trade passes from Bengal (through Sikkim) and from the Punjab and the United Provinces. Under the Anglo-Chinese Sikkim Convention of 1890, a trade mart was opened at Yatung, but as the Tibetaus persistently disregarded the Convention, a political mission was despatched from India, with a military escot. It reached the capital, thasa, after shap philating, on August 3, 1904. A new Convention was signed (Sept. 7), providing for the erection of boundary pillars between Sikkim and Tibetan sgents; for unestricted traffic by existing routes; and for payment of an indemnity. The Tibetans pledged themselves not to alenate any territory or grant concessions to, or permit the intervention of, any foreign Power. By the Convention of Peking (April, 2906) China accepted the Conventions of 1890 and 1904, and declared that no foreign State should Interfere in Tibet, while England

also undertook not to interfere in the administration of Tibet or annex territory. By the Anglo-Russian Convention of Aug., 1907, both Powers recognised the suzerain rights of China in Tibet, agreed to maintain its territorial integrity, to refrain from intervention in its internal administration, to treat with Tibet only through the Chinese Government, not to send representatives to Lhasa, not to assign any territory to either Power, and not to obtain railway, mining, or other concessions; but direct railway between British commenced to the concessions. between British commercial agents and Tibetan authorities under the Conventions of 1994 and 1996 are permitted. In Dec., 1995, the ruler of Thet, the Tashi Lama, visited Ludia. The Dalai (or Sacred) Lama, who fied before the British advance on Lhasa, returned to Tibet in Jan., The Chinese had meanwhile strengthened their hold over the administration, despite the opposition of the Lamas, or monks, who resented the loss of their authority. In Feb., 1920, the Dalai Lama again fied to India, pursued by Chinese troops. He was then deposed by the Chinese Emperor. The British Government refused the Dalai Lama's appeal for their intervention, but allowed him to remain at Darjiling. He left India in June, 1912, for Lhasa, where sharp fighting occurred between the Chinese and Tibetans, the former being worsted. In August, 1913, the British Minister at Peking presented a Note to the Chinese Government, urging that China should not actively intervene in internal administration in Tibet. To this the Chinese Government agreed, and representatives of the British, Chinese and Tibetan Governments met in conference at Simla in Oct., 1913, to discuss the relations between the three countries A convention, the terms of which have not been made public, was initialled by the three representatives, but the Chinese Government have so far refused to ratify it.

Tamaan is a Chinese province to the N E. of Burma. By Anglo-Chinese agreements of 1894 and 1897 a boundary was fixed between Burma and Yunnan, and arrangements were made regarding trade, extradition, &c. Part of the boundary is still undefined. By an agreement of 1896 Great Britain and France agreed to share equally all privileges or advantages that might be conceded by China in Yunnan. Trade with Yunnan is chiefly by a difficult route from Bhamo, in Upper Burma. Burma imports from Yunnan hides, raw silk, &c., and exports cotton goods, &c. Teng-yueh and Sunnao, near the Burma frontier, are treaty "ports." There are British consuls at Teng-yueh and Yunnan-fu.

(Sept. 2), providing for the erection of boundary pillars between Sikkim and Thet; for three trade marts, with British and Tibetan spagets; for unrestricted traffic by existing routes; and for payment of an indemnity. The Tibetans pledged themselves not to alienate any territory or grant concessions to, or permit the intervention of, any concessions to, or permit the intervention of, any of Binnia and N.W. Siam was demarcated in foreign Power. By the Convention of Peking (April, 1906) China accepted the Conventions of Suam west of the Menam basin, including 1800 and 1904, and declared that no foreign within the British sphere of influence.

## The Dominion of Canada.

AREA AND POPULATION.

Provinces and Capitals	Area (English Sq. Miles).	Popu	lation.
110vinces and Capitals	Land and Water.	Census, 1911.	†Census, 1921.
*Alberta (Edmonton)	255,285	374, 295	*588,454
British Columbia (Victoria)	355, 855	392,480	524, 582
*Manitoba (Winnipeg)	251,832	461,394	*610,118
New Brunswick (Fredericton)	27,985	351,889	387,876
Nova Scotia (Halifax)	21,428	492,338	523,837
Ontario (Turonto)	412,582	2,527,292	2,933,662
Prince Edward Island (Charlottetown)	2, 184	93,728	88,615
Quebec (Quebec)	594,434	2,005,776	2,361,199
*Saskatchewan (Regina)	251,700	492,432	*757,510
Yukon (Dawson)	207,076	8,512	4,157
North-West Territories (Ottana)	1,309,682	6,507	7,988
Royal Canadian Navy			485
Total	3,690,043	7,206,643	8,788,483

Land Area, 3,510,008 square nules: Water Area, 180,035 square miles (exclusive of Hudson Bay, Ungava Bay, the Bay of Fundy, and the Gulf of St. Lawrence). The rural population, in 1021, was 4,436,361, and the urban population 4,352,122. Of the total immigration of 88,223 in 1930-31, 27,584 were from the British Isles and 24,280 from the U.S.A.

* Population of Prairie Provinces, 1926—Alberta 607 599. Manitoba, 639.055; Sarkatchewan, 820,738. † Preliminary results of 1931 Census not yet available

Increase	~F	the	Dannia	
THULDARD	Oι	une	reomie.	

		:	Pop	mlation				
Census Year	Males	1	F	mudes	Total	Decenn Incress		unigrants ing the Year
1861		- 1			3,000,561			
1871 .	z,869,20			819,993	3,689,257	598,6	ig6	<b>27,773</b>
1881	2,188,8			135,956	4,324,810	635,		47,991
1891 ··· ·	2,460,4			372,768	4.833,239	508,4		82,165
1901	2,751,7			619,607	5,371,315	538,0		49,149
1911	3,821,99 4,529,94			384,648 258,538	7,±06,643 8,788,483	1,835,3 1 581,6		311,084 148,477
Racial Orig	.ns.	1911	ļ	- 1921	Religion	ns.	z9zz	1921
British Races .		3,806,08	5	4,868,903	Roman Cathol	lc8	z,833,041	3,389,636
	· '	1,823,150	5 :	2,545,496	Presbyterians		1,116,071	1,409,407
Scottish		997,886	<b>.</b> !	1,173,637	Auglicans		1,043,017	I,407,994
Irish		1,050,38		1,107,817	Methodists		1,079,993	1,159,458
Other		<b>≥5</b> ,57		4x,953	Baptists		382,720	421,731
European Race		2,978,61		3,696,902	Lutherans		229,864	286,458
French		2,054,89		2,452,751	Greek Church	··· · · · · · · ·	88,507	169,831
Scandinavian		107,53		167,359	Jews		74,564	125,197
	•••••	75,68		126,196	Mennomites		77,3	58,797
		45,41		66,769	Congregationa			30,730
		33,36		53,403	Confucians		14.568	
		15,49		21,494	Salvation Arm	у		24,733
Belgian		9,59		20,234	Evangelical A		,0,0	
Other		636,64		788,696	Christian Scien	nce	5,073	
Asiatic Races .		43,01		65,731	Doukhobors .	••••	10,493	xz,648
Chinese		27·77		39,587	Brethren	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		11,580
Japanese		9,02		15,868	Buddhists	•••••••	10,012	tr,281
Other		6,22		10,276				
Indian		105,49		110,814	Indian Popula	stion (xeex)	127.041 : (10	XX) 105.408
Negro		16,87		18,291	(1921) 110,814.	Eskimos	TORY 3.860	
Unspecified	***********	x65,6 <u>5</u>	5	27,842	(-Jan,, 014.		-Anni Sinna	

Canada was originally discovered by Cabot in 1497, but its history dates only from 1534, when the French took possession of the country. The first settlement (Quebec) was founded by them in 1608. In 1759 Quebec succumbed to the British forces under General Wolfe, and in 1763 the whole territory of Canada became a possession of Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris of that year. Nova Scotia was ceded in 1713 by the Treaty of Utrecht, the Provinces of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island being subsequently formed out of it. British Columbia was formed into a Crown colory in 1858, having previously been a part of the Hudson Bay Territory, and was united to Vancouver Island in 1866. By the British North America Act, passed in 1867, the Provinces of Canada (Ontario and Quebec), Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick were united under the title of THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and provision was made in the Act for the admission at any subsequent period of the other provinces and territories of British North America.

The Dominion of Canada occupies the whole of the northern part of the North American Continent (with the exception of Alaska and part of the coast of Labrador), from 49° North Intitude to the North Pole, and from the Pacific to the Atlantic Ocean. In Eastern Canada, the southernmost point is Middle Island in Lake Eric, at 41° 41′ (approximately the

latitude of Rome, Italy).

Relief.—From a physical point of view Canada may be divided into an eastern division, a western division, the Red River Valley, in long. 970, forming the separating line, and a northern division. The eastern division comprises two areas, presenting radically distinct aspects:—(1) The south-eastern area, bounded by the line of the Gulf and River St. Lawrence, from Belle Isle to Montreal, thence by a line running directly south to Lake Champlain, which is generally hilly, and sometimes mountainous, with many fine stretches of agricultural and pastoral lands. (2) The southern and western area, presenting, in the main. a broad, level, and slightly undulating expanse of generally fertile country, with occasional step-like ridges or rocky escarpments. The main hydrographical feature is the chain of lakes, with an area of 95,000 square miles, contributing to the great river system of the St. Lawrence. The northern division, embracing nearly two-thirds of the Dominion, with an average elevation of 1,000 feet above the level of the sea, is pre-eminently a region of waterways, and including the great Laure tian plateau. In this area are found the other great river systems, the Nelson and the Mackenzie. The western division referred to may also be said to possess two areas equally distinct in character. The first stretches from the Red River Valley to the Rocky Mountains. Here, between lat. 490 and 540, is the great Prairie Region, rising to the west in three terrace-like elevations, the lowest of which is 700 feet, and the third about 3,000 feet above the level of the sea. North of the 54th parallel the country passes again into forest. The second area, from the western edge of the Prairie to the Pacific coast, is a distance of 400 miles, and contains the Rocky Mountains (Mount Robson, 12,972 feet) and the Selkirk and Cascade Ranges, whose summits are from 4,000 to 16,000 feet high, the country being on the whole densely wooled. The highest mountain peaks in Canada are Mount Logan, 19,850 feet, and Mount St. Elias, 18,00

Climate.—The climate in the eastern and central portions of the Dominion presents greater extremes of cold and heat than in corresponding latitudes in Europe, but in the south-western portion of the Prairie Region and the southern portions of the Pacific slope the climate is milder. Spring, summer, and autumn are of about seven to eight months' duration, and the winter four to five months. The soil is generally fertile and all the products of the temperate zone are cultivated.

GOVERNORS-GENERAL OF CANADA SINCE 1867.

Name.	Into of Appointment	Date of Assumption of Office
Viscount Monck, G C.M.G.  Lord Lisgar, G.C.M.G.  Earl of Dufferin (Marquess of Dufferin and Ava), K.P., K.C.H.  Marquess of Lorne (Duke of Argyll), K.T., G.C.M.G.  Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.M.G.  Lord Stanley of Preston (Earl of Derby), G.C.B.  Earl of Aberdeen, K.T., G.C.M.G.  Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G.  Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G.  Field-Marshal H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught and Strathcarn, K.G.  Duke of Devonshire, P.C., K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.  General Viscount Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.Y.O.  Viscount Willingdon, G.O.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.B.	June 1, 1867 Dec. 29, 1868 May 22, 1872 Oct. 5, 1878 Aug. 18, 1883 May 1, 1888 May 22, 1893 July 30, 1888 Sept. 26, 1904 Mar. 21, 1911 Aug. 19, 1916 Aug. 2, 1921 Aug. 5, 1925 Feb. 9, 1931	July 1, 1867 Feb 2, 1869 June 25, 1872 Nov. 25, 1878 Oct. 23, 1883 June 11, 1888 Sept. 18, 1893 Nov. 12, 1893 Dec. 10, 1904 Oct. 13, 1911 Nov. 12, 1916 Aug. 12, 1921 Oct. 2, 1924 April 4, 1931

#### GOVERNMENT.

Canada is a self-governing Dominion within the British Empire, its constitution resting on the British North America Act of 1867, under which the Dominion of Canada came into being on July 1, 1867 (Dominion Day). The Executive power is vested in a Governor-General appointed by the Sovereign and aided by a Privy Council.

#### Governor-General and Staff.

#### THE EXECUTIVE.

The executive government and authority are vested in the King, and exercised in his name by the Governor-General, aided by a Privy Council.

#### THE DOMINION CABINET.

(Aug. 7. 1930.)	
Prim Minister, President of the Privy	
Advice and Minister of Finance, Rt.	
Hon D R Rennett P.C	5,000
Minister mithout Portfolio, Rt. Hon. Sir	
George H. Perley, K.C M.G	
Minister of Labour, Senator Gideon	
Robertson	10,000
Minister of Justice and Attorney General,	
Minister of Justice and Attorney-General, Hon. Hugh Guthrie Minister of Fisheries, Hon E. N. Rhodes a	0,000
Minister of Francisco, 1100 E. N. Kiloues I	0,000
Minister of Trade and Commerce, Hon.	
H. H. Stevens	.,
Minister of Range and Calada, non.	
R. J. Manion	.0,000
Dustruer () Interested the terrate, 170m and 1	000.01
Ryckman Minister without Portfolio, Hou. J. A.	,
Mawlough	
Postmaster-General, Hon Arthur Sauvé	10,000
Minister of Pensions and National Health.	
Col Hon Murray MacLaren	10.000
Minuster of Public Works, Hon. H. A	,
Stawart	0.000
Stewart Secretary of State, Hon. C. H. Cahan	0.000
Minister of National Defence, Col. Hon.	•
D. M. Sutherland	10,000
Munister of Marine, Hon. Alfred Duranlean	
Min ster of Interior and Superintendent-	,
General of Indian Affairs, Hon. Thomas	
G. Murphy	0,000
Solicitor-General, Hon. Maurice Dupré	
Minister of Immigration and Colonization	,
and Minister of Mines, Hou. W. A.	
Cowlon	10.000
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Robert	
Weir	10,000

• Norr.—In overy case—including the Prime Minister's —four thousand dollars is paid in addition to a Minister of the Crown as his sessional indemnity as a member of either the Senate or the House of Commons of Canada

## EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

High Commissioner's Office, London, England.
Canada House, Trafalgar Square,
London, S.W. z.

High Commissioner, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson.

K.O. Secretary, Lt.-Col. G. P. Vanier.
Assistant Scoretary, E. P. Luke.
Accountant, Thos. Allin.

Canadian Legation to the United States, 1745, Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D.C. Musister, Hon. W. D. Herridge. 1st Secretary, Hune Wrong. Commercial Secretary, Merchant Mahoney. 3rd Secretary, Thomas A. Stone.

Canadian Legation to France.

1, Rue Francols 1et, Paris.

Minister, Hon. Philippe Roy.

Counsellor, Jean Desy.

Secretary, Plerre Dupuy.

Canadian Legation to Japan,
Tokyo, Japan.
Minister, Hon. H. M. Marler.
1st Secretary, H. L. Keenleyside, M.A., Ph.D.
Commercial Secretary, J. A. Langley.
3rd Secretary, K. P. Kirkwood.

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER IN CANADA.

British High Commissioner, Sir William Henry Clark, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G. (Earnscliffe, Ottawa).

#### THE LEGISLATURE

Parliament consists of a Senste and a House of Commons. The Senate consists of 96 members, nominated for life by the Governor-General, distributed between the various provinces thus: at for Ontario, at for Quebec, to for Nova Scotia, 70 for New Brunswick, 4 for Prince Edward Island, 6 for British Columbia, 6 for Manitoba, 6 for Alberta, and 6 for Saskatchevan; each Senator must be thirty years old, a resident in the province for which he is appointed, a natural-born or naturalised subject of the King, and the

owner of a property qualification amounting to \$4,000. The Speaker of the Senate is chosen by the Government of the day. The House of Commons is elected every five years at longest, and the Parlianent consists of 245 members, elected as follows: Se for Ontario, 65 for Quebec, 14 for Nova Scotia, 11 for Neve Brunswick, 17 for Mantoba, 14 for British Columbia, 4 for Prince Edvard Island, 16 for Alberta, 21 for Nexatchewan, and 1 for Yukon. The House of Commons is also composed of natural-born or naturalised subjects of the King; 10 property qualification is necessary, its members are elected upon a very wide suffrage, and at the General Election in Dec. 1921 women exercised the franchise on the same terms as men for the first time in a Federal Election. For electroate purposes each province is divided into districts, returning a member on a majority of votes taken by ballot. The members of the House themselves elect their Speaker, and twenty, including the Speaker, form a quorum. Members of the Upper and Lower Houses receive \$4,000 per Session, with travelling expenses and deductions for non-attendance.

The Houses of Parliament were destroyed by fire on Keb. 6, 1916, the new buildings being started the same year; the foundation stone was laid by H.E.H. the Duke of Connaught (Gov. Gen.), Sept. 1, 1927, and the corner stone of the main tower by H.E.H the Prince of Wales, Sept. 1, 1919. The Speaker's chair in the new House of Commons (a replica of that at Westminster) was presented in 1921 by Viscount Ullswater (exspeaker of the House of Commons of the United Kingdon) on behalf of the Empire Parliamentary Association of the Houses of Lords and Commons

#### The Senate.

Speaker of the Senate, Hon. Pierre Blondin	\$6,000
Clerk of the Senate & Clerk of the Parlia- ments, Austin Blount, C.M G	6,000
18t Clerk Assistant, L. P. Gauthier	4,740
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Andrew	
R. Thompson	4,140
Law Clerk, J. G. A. Creighton, C.M.G., K.C.	5,120
The House of Commons	
Speaker of the House of Commons, Capt. Hon. George Black, M.P. (and allowance	
\$3,000)	\$6,000
Deputy Speaker, Armaud Lavergue	4,000
Clerk, A. Beauchesne, M.A., K.C., F.R.S C.	
(and allowance \$1,500)	6,000
Clerk Assistant, Thos. M. Fraser, B.C.L	4,740
Sergeant-at-Arms, Lt -Col. H. J. Coghill.	
(and allowance \$600)	4,520

#### THE JUDICATURE.

The Judicature.—Justice is administered, as in England, by judges, police magistrates, and justices of the peace, of whom the first-named are appointed by the Governor-General, for life, from among the foremost men at the Bar in the several provinces. The highest court is the Supreme Court of Canada, composed of a Chief Justice and six puisne judges, and holding three sessions in the year at Ottawa. The only other Dominion Court, viz., the Exchequer Court of Canada, is presided over by separate judges, and its attlings may be held anywhere in Canada.

The Provincial Courts include the Court of Chancery, Court of King's Bench, Court of Error and Appeal, Superior Courts, County Courts, General Sessions, and Division Courts. The duties of corouers are generally analogous to those in Gorce in England, as are also methods of civil and criminal procedure, while trial by jury prevails.

#### DEFENCE.

The Canadam Militia is composed of the Active Militia consisting of the Canadian Permanent Force (a small body of all arms) and the units of the Active Militia of the several branches of the service which are organized and perform annual training. The Reserve Militia consists of reserve units and of all able-bodied citizens between the agos of 18 and 66, with certain well-defined exceptions. The total establishment of the Non-Permanent Active Militia (1930) is 9,050 officers and 176,548 other ranks.

Expeditionary Force in the Great War.—The number enlisted up to the cessation of hostilities was 595,447, of whom 448,05 were sent overseas. Over 80% of all enlistment was voluntary. The total outlay for the War is estimated at \$3,000,000,000.

## Royal Canadian Navy.

The Royal Canadian Navy consists (1931) of a Destroyers and 3 Mine-sweepers. The authorized complements are rost officers and 752 men of the Permanent Force. There is also a Naval Reserve of 70 officers and 450 men and a Naval Volunteer Reserve of 70 officers and 930 men.

#### Royal Canadian Air Force.

The strength of the Royal Canadian Air Force, permanent service, was on Jan. 1, 1931, 177 officers and 724 airmen.

#### Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

Headquarters · Ottawa.

Hon. Commandant, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, K.G. Commissioner, Maj.-Gen. James Howden MacBrien, C.B., C.M.G., D S O

Assistant do., G. S. Worsley (Regina)

Assistant do., Lt.-Col. A. W. Duffus (Ollawu).

Liaison and Intelligence Officer, Col. C. F.

Hamilton.

Secretary, G. T. Hann.

#### EDUCATION.

Education is under the control of the Provincal Governments, the cost being met by local taxation, aded by grants from the several Provincial Governments. There are (1930) 31,866 public elementary and secondary school districts (attendance at the former being compulsory except in the Province of Quebec), with a, 100,637 pupils. In addition there were 89,062 pupils in private elementary and secondary schools. Higher education is conducted in 23 universities and rox colleges with an enrolment, in 1930, of 74,183.

#### FINANCE.

You ended March 31	Consolidated Fund only				
	Revenue	Expenditure			
1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	\$ 346.834.479 380.745.506 398.695.776 422.717.983 455.463.874 441.411.806 349.587.299	\$ 318,891,901 320,660,479 319,548,173 336,167,961 350,952,934 357,779,794 (93,989,944			

,	
l car ended March 31, 1930	Year ended March 31, 1931
\$	\$
179,429,980	131,208,955
65,035,70x	57,746,808
	107,320,633
	30,212,326
1,451,798	1,389,062
28,062,997	21,709,515
441,411,806	349,587,299
	March 31, 1930 \$ 179,429,920

CONSOLIDATED FUND EXPENDITURE	Year ended March 31, 1930	Year ended March 31, 1931
	\$	\$
Debt, Interest on	121,566,213	121,220,844
Provincial Subsidies	12,496,959	17,435,736
Civil Government	12,258,000	12,628,382
Pensions	40,406,565	!
Public Works	18,134,359	23,763,284
Post Office	35,036,629	36,292,604
Soldiers' Civil Re-estab-i	9,515,648	10,717,741
Other Expenditure .	108, 765,418	171 862,353

## DERT

Total Expenditure... 357,779.794 393,989,944

Year ended March 3x	Gross Public Debt	Net Public Debt
	\$	\$
1935	z.818,066,523	2,417,437,686
1926	2,768,779,184	2,389,731,099
1927	2,774.046,323	2,347,834,370
1928	2,728,610.374	2,296,850,233
1929	2,702,024,333	2,225,504,705
1930	a.603,437,648	2,177,763.959
IOZI	2,672,778,954	a.a61.611.037

## PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

	~			
Firid Crops.	1930	1930.	1930.	
	acres.	hush ja r acre	bush	
Fall Wheat	815,000	25'8	21,022,000	
Spring Wheat	24,082,000	15.6	376,850,000	
All Wheat	24,897,900	16.0	397,872,000	
Oats	13,258,700	31.0	423,148,000	
Barley	5,558,700	24 3	135,160,200	
Rye	1,448,050	15 2	22,018,500	
Peas	129,410	183	2,370,600	
Beans	98,630	14.6	1,438,600	
Buckwheat	490,300	22 2	10,903,300	
Flax	581,800	76	4,399,000	
Mixed Grams	1,201,400	36 9	44,276,000	
Corn for husking	161,400	36.z	5,826,000	
		ent	cwt.	
Potatoes	571,300	84'4	48,241,000	
furnips, &c	225,930	181.8	41,064,000	
Short ton, s,ooo lb		tons	tons	
Hay and Clover	10,618,200	2 54	16,397,000	
Grain Hay	1,798,000	1 76	3,159,000	
Alfalfa	744,100	2 20	1,640,000	
Fodder Corn	426,400	8 15	3,475,700	
Sugar Beets	52,500	8'97	471,000	

In 1930 the live stock included 3,295,000 horses, 8,937,000 cattle, 3,696,000 sheep, 4,000,000 swine,

a,937,000 caurie, 3,09,000 silver, 4,000,000 swine, and 60,795,000 politry.

In dairy produce the Dominion output of creamery butter in 1930 was 187,121,147 lb, valued at \$57,177,798 There was also produced 84 337,000 lb, of dairy buttervalued at \$50,710,000. The cheese production, home-made and factory, for the same period totalled 129,402,458 lb. valued at \$18,169,395.

valued at \$18,169,395.

Fur Farming.—A comparatively new industry, but one which is assuming appreciable proportions, is that of fur farming. There were \$,523 fur farms in the Dominion in \$299, 4.493 of which were tox farms, the remainder being divided between mink, raccoun, marten, skunk, fisher, Karakul sheep, beaver, muskrat, chinchilla rabbit, coyote, budger and Stheriau hare. The total number of hadger and Siberian hare. The total number of animals on the farms at the end of 1929 including estimates of the numbers of muskrats and beaver was \$23,059, valued at \$32,303,025; born in captivity,485,787; sold from faims,35,422, value \$4,474,953, pelts sold, 38,311, value \$8,304,910; the total sale for live animals and pelts being

56 779,863 as compared with \$6,226,446 in 1928.
Fisheries.—The fisheries are an important source of wealth, and include salmon, cod, halibut, whitefish, herrings, mackerel, and lobsters. The total value of the catch marketed in the calendar year 1930 was \$47,804,216, as against \$55,518,521 in 1938 and \$60,259,744 in 1938, the banner year of the fisher year year. capital invested in vessels, &c., engaged in catching operations and in fish-caming and curing establishments in 1930 was \$54,005,297, and the number of men employed 29.535. The number of cauning and curing establishments

in operation in 1930 was 713

Lumbering.—The value of production, includ-Lumbering.—The value of production, including (a) primary forest production and (b) the value added by manufacture in sawmilis and pulpmilis, was \$337,649,078 in 1992, as compared with \$323,624,008 in 1998. The principal items of production in 1999 were sawn lumber \$123,349,886, shingles \$9,423,363, lath \$2,860,759, and wood pulp £129,033.154.
Industrial Statistics.—Industrial establishments of all kinds in 1999 had a total capital of

\$5,083,014.754, the gross value of the products being \$4,053,987,879. These industries employed 693.816 hands, the total pay roll for whom was \$573,049.848.

Minerals.—Some minerals produced in 1930* were as follows: Gold, a.o89,766 oz. £43,199,000); copper, 301,021,767 lb. (\$38,687,000); lead, 329,033,532 lb. (\$12,02,02,00); nickel, 103,782,000] lc. (\$34,449,000); silver, 65,772,652 nz. (\$20,057,000); zinc, 259,700 &49 lb. (\$9,393,000); cobalt. 694,163 lb. (\$51,44,007); coal, 14,925,000 short bons (\$53,000,000); natural gas, 29,565,000 Åt. cu. ft. (\$10,561,000); crude petroleum, 1,500,000 bris. (\$51,20,000); asbestos, 244,000 tons (\$8.600.000); gyjsum, 1,060,000 hons (\$3,875,000); natural control (\$1,575,000). The total value of the mineral output in 1930 was \$276,865,000

### EXTERNAL TRADE. (Twelve months ended March 31, 1931)

Countries.	Imports for Consumption	Exports of Canadian Produce		
British Empire		S		
United Kingdom	\$	219,246,499		
Irish Free State	149,488,457 679,115	2,754,489		
Australia	4,616,722	6,788,708		
New Zealand	6,671,252	12,688,475		
British East Africa	2,082,125	968 8c8		
British South Africa .	3,329,528	10,286,940		
British West Africa	1,156,779	924,149		
British India	8,426,716	6,957,050		
British West Indies-	-,,/10	,,,,,,,		
Barbados	4,264,508	1,118,603		
Jamaica	4 000 000	3,749,394		
Trinidad and Tabago	2,321,007	3,286,070		
Other B W.I	2,571,905	4,273,905		
British Guiana	4,288,157	1,139,915		
Newfoundland	2,501,761	10,658,637		
Houg Kong	822,608	1,961,854		
Total British Empire	204,935,168	292,884,145		
Foreign Countries.	\$	\$		
Argentine Republic	6,739,697	10,007,794		
Austria	595,319	234,878		
Belgium	8,420,019	14,962,044		
Brazil	1,349,124	2,799.567		
Chile	428,310	1,057,410		
Culombia	4,810,814	9,122,190		
Colombia	5,036,898	1,191,940		
Costa Rica	80,652	61,233		
Cuba	2,408,647	2,868,103		
Denmark	3,176,387	252,041 3,604,492		
Ecuador	265,642			
Egypt		59,199 781,305		
Estonia	77,257 817	44,510		
Finland	90 408	1,388,556		
France	19,005,218	13,285.758		
French Africa	19,005,216	561,185		
French West Indies	59	374,382		
St. Pierre & Miquelou	636,415	11,004,479		
Germany	16,191,914	12,942,236		
Greece	231,891	5,642,245		
Guatemala	30,673	140,599		
Haiti		90,891		
Honduras	4,280	133,917		
Italy	5,047,8x4	14,551,319		
Japan	9,348,118	18,958,965		
	718	9,961		
Lettonia	. 615	26,813		
Mexico		2,035,576		
Morocco	32,159	160,411		
A Wastinstanay Course				

Countries.	Imports for Consumption	Exports of Canadian Produce
Foreign Countries	\$	\$
Netherlands	7.287.132	20,477,553
Neth. East Indies	440,546	953,778
Neth. Gniana		78,216
Neth. West Indies	1,838,964	183,885
Nicaragua	29,212	35,758
Norway	820,902	3,305,334
Panama		706,035
Paraguay	21,229	59,854
Persia	106,043	88,465
Peru	4,535,524	1,579,294
Poland and Danzig	139,003	60,118
Portugal	578,824	611,643
Azores and Madena	156,151	163,333
Portuguese Africa .	5,512	1,109,735
Rumania	95,427	49,733
Russia	1,917,652	568,100
Salvador	1,498	120,990
San Domingo	367,872	243,614
Siam	•••	47,017
Spain	1,958,839	1,297,080
Canary Islands .	4,300	69,760
Sweden	2,037,457	2,447,205
Switzerland	5,484,463	561,747
Sy118	13 150	82,057
Turkey	399,593	22,303
United States	584,425,581	349,570,563
Alaska	106,099	468,978
Hawaii	287,673	92,248
Philippine Islanda		<b>236,478</b>
Porto Rico .	431	677.118
Uruguay	152,424	736,658
Venezuela		1,058,223
Yugoslavia	68,911	12,916
Total For Countries	701,677,513	506,768,522
Grand Total	906,612,681	799,652,667
Total Tinde \$ 2,706,365,348		

Shipping.—The registered shipping on Dec. 32, 1279, including inland vessels, was 3,233 sailing vessels and 5,666 steamers (total net tomage, 1,393,593). The sea-going vessels entered and cleared at Canadian ports in 1990 were: Canadian 18,145 (9,673,948 tons), British 5,634 (20,171,383 tons), Foreign 19,679 (33,146,901 tons), total tonage 52,992, 232. The number of coasting vessels entered and cleared was 164,402, with a registered tomage of 87,724,725

tonnage of \$7,734,773.

Banking.—There were xx chartered banks on Dec. 3x, 1930, with 4,683 branches, with liabilities to the public of \$5,900,530,263; assets of \$3,237,073,853; deposits \$5,576,5x1,587. The balance of undrawn deposits in the Post Office and Dominion Government savings banks on March 3x, 1930, was \$56.086,036. These two classes of Dominion savings bank were amalgament of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of the post of

mated in 1929

Hom Produce Exported, 1930-31.

Vegetable Products (except Chemicals, Fibres and Wood) ...... \$a92,280,037

Ammals and their Products (except Chemicals and Fibres) ...... 83,714,772

Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products 6,504,182

Chemicals and Fibres) ... ... 83,744,772
Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products
Wood, Wood Products and Paper ... 38,937,652
Froducts ... ... 38,937,652
Non-inetallic Minerals and their Products (Arrent Chamucals)

 Products (except Chemicals)
 22,107,780

 Chemicals and allied Products
 12,825,832

 All other Commodities
 18,115,846

 Total
 \$799,623,667

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.

684 Canada—	Provinces.
Imports for Consumption, 1930-31.	Investment in road and equipment of steam
Vegetable Products (except Chemicals, Fibres and Wood)	railways, 1930. Canadian National\$1,956,360,178
Animals and their Products (except	Canadian Pacific
Chemicals and Fibres)	Total \$3,228,707,918
Wood, Wood Products and Paper . 46,049,029 Iron and its Products	Canals.—In 1930 the vessels passing through the canals of the Dominion numbered 26,163
Non-ferrous Metals and their Prodicts 59,623,263 Non-metallic Minerals and their	of r6,173,6sx tons. There are seven systems under control of the Dominion Government
Products (except Chemicals) 153,578,658	with a total waterway of 1,846 miles (of which
Chemicals and allied Products 35,650,772 All other Commodities	500 miles are constructed canals).  The new Welland Ship Canal between Lake
1 otals \$906,612,681	Erie and Lake Ontario, with a sg foot channel, was officially opened for traffic on April so, 1931.
COMMUNICATIONS.  Railways.—The total single track mileage of	Donto and Telegraphy Whom were
steam railways in operation on Dec. 32, 1930, was	post-offices on Mar. 31, 1930. The postal revenue was \$32,959,293 in 1930-31. On March 31, 1930, there were 4,210 rural mail delivery routes ou which were creeked 22,332 hoxes. The length of telegraph lines directly operated by the Danniel of the company the same and the company of the company the company of the company the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of
48,075 miles, the capital liability of the steam railways being \$4,101,124,843 (1930), earnings	there were 4, are rural mail delivery routes ou which were erected appears hoves. The length
rallways being \$4,x0x,x24,843 (1930), earnings (1930) \$454,231,651, the working expenses (1930) \$380,723,412. There were also (1930) 2,081 (single	of telegraph lines directly operated by the
track, 1,509) miles of track of electric rallways with a capital of \$224,089.539, earnings	Dominion Government in 1230 was 9,331 miles, and that by the Canadian National System 24,828
\$54,719,259, and working expenses \$39,125,515 In 1930 the passengers carried numbered	March 31, 1930, there were 936 coast and land
34,698,767 (steam), 792,702,493 (electric), and freight 96,194,017 tons (steam), 2,873 628 tons	. wireless stations, 220 ship wireless stations, or
freight 96,194,017 tons (steam), 2,873 628 tons (electric).	hroadcasting stations, and 424,146 private re- ceiving stations for the reception of broadcast programmes The ship to shore wireless
Name, Miles operated Capital	traffic for the twelve months ended March ar.
Canadian National Railway	1930, amounted to 440,912 messages and 9,167,302 words. Wireless "beam" stations are operated
System (in Canada) single track	at Montreal, Quebec, for direct communication with Great Britain and Australia, and a station
Canadian Pacific single track z,888 838,948,z74 Other Lines single track 5,401 443,383,607	at Louisburg, N.S., provides a long-distance
TOTAL TOTO (IIIII ESOI TRACK)	Oil December 31, 1930, there were 1,399,900 tele-
including Sidings, &c.), 55,642 4,101,124,843 miles of road	use : earnings, \$65,240,610; expenses, \$36,559,517.
1	the Bominion.
ONTARIO,  Area and Population.—The Province of	
Ontario contains a total area of 407,252 sq miles, with a population (1930) of 3,313,000. Of the	Poisson.
' nopulation (Census regr) r.ess.s7r live in rural	Speaker, Legislative Assembly, 110n. Wil-
parts and x,883,504 in urban centres.  Government.—The Government is vested in a	SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.
Leutenant-Governor and a Legislative Assembly of zza members elected for five years which	William Mulock, K.C.M.G., P.CSzo.coc
meets every year at Toronto. Executive Council of fourteen members (three without portfolio)	Court, Hon. Francis R. Latchford 20,000
act as the Ministry of the Province.  Lieutenant - Governor, Hon. William	Chief Justice of the High Court Division,
Donald Ross	Ludies of Assert Hon T Magon : Hon
Executive.	Hon. H. W. E. Middleton; Hon. W. R.
Pramier and Minister of Education, Hon George Stewart Henry, LL.D \$12,000	Riddell; Hon. J. F. Orde; Hon. D. L. Grant; Hon. R. G. Fishereach 9,000
George Stewart Henry, LL.D	High Court Judges, Hon. H. T. Kelly; Hon. W. A. Logie, C.B.; Hon. W. H. Wright; Hon. William Edgar Raney;
Agriculture, Hon. Thomas Laird Kennedy 10,000	wright; non. william Edgar Raney;
Provincial Secretary and Registrar, Hon.	Jeffrey; Hon. Charles Garroweach 9,000
George H. Challis 10,000 Mines, Hon. Charles McCrea 10,000	Agent-General for Ontario in the British
Lands & Forests, Hon. William Finlayson 20,000 Provincial Treasurer, Hon. Edward	Isles, William C. Noxon, 162, Strand,
Arunah Dunlop 10,000 Public Welfare, Hon. William G. Martin. 10,000	London, W.C. 2.  Assistant, S. E. Percival.  Finance.—The Ordinary Receipts of the Pro-
Public Works and Labour, Hon, Joseph	vincial Government for rose were \$54,540,717.
Dunamore Monteith	and the Ordinary Expenditure \$52,906,824.

8.000

8,000

8,000 8,000

8.000

8.000

8,000

Agriculture and Live Stock .- The total area is \$34,163,200 acres, and in 1929 the area of cleared land was about 15,000,000 acres, of which 10,e20,294 acres were under field crops. The estimated total value of all field crops in rese was \$236.651,277. Cheese factories produced 79,816,828 lb. of cheese in 1929 valued at duced 79,856,888 lb. of cheese in 1989 valued at \$14,513,547, and creaments made 59,785,194 lb. of butter valued at \$23,623,174. In 1929 there were 606,505 horros, 2,671,594 cattle, 1,130,395 sheep, 1,681,263 pigs, and 22,045,002 poultry. Free grants of land are obtainable in the great clay belt of Ontario, opened up by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario railway. Improved farms, orchards and small holdings can be hought on reasonable terms in holdings can be bought on reasonable terms in the older settled parts of the Province. There is a scheme of land settlement, with free land and fluancial assistance for returned soldiers, both Imperial and Canadian. There is always a demand for farm workers.

Lumbering.—The value of production including primary forest production and the value added by manufacture in pulp-mills and saw-

mills in 1929 was \$x11.000,000

mills in 1929 was parameters.—Ontario is the chief manuacturing province of Canada. The total value of its manufactures in 1925 was \$1,527,124,660. There were, in 1925, 262,482 employees, an invested capital of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in of \$207,304,007. The chief manufacturing and in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual in the control of \$2,925,593,482, and an annual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual manual ma wage bill of \$307,304,007. The clief manufac-turing centres in 1922 were Toronto (\$447,098,824), Hamilton (\$122,305,950), ()ttawa (\$31,303 494), Oshawa (\$47,529,284), London (\$32,201,399), and Ford (\$41,389,677)

Minerals.--Ontario is the leading mineral

minerace.—Ontario is the leading mineral Province in the Dominion, the output in 1929 being \$1:6,558,911 The principal metals are: gold, \$33,543,913; silver, \$4,649,375; nickel, \$37,125,61; and copper, \$14,649,375; nickel, \$47,125,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel, \$17,125; nickel,

tario is well supplied with water power, having available about 7,000,000 lt.p. The chief power rivers are the Niagara, the St. Lawrence and the Ottawa. One of the worlds largest and most successful electrical undertakings—the largest publicly-owned—is operated by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, which generates and trausmits power to more than 600 co-operating nunicipalities and serves about 75 per cent. of the population of the Province. The aggregate peak load exceeds x,200,000 h,p, The undertaking represents a capital investment

of about £70,000,000 (\$335,000,000).

Principal Cities.—CAPITAL, TORONTO, population 652,000, with great shipping interests on the Lakes, and the chief centre of industrial and commercial activity; Hamilton, the "Bir-mingham of Canada" (126,000); Ottawa, the Federal capital (121,000), with a large lumber trade and woodenware manufactories; London (67,000); Brantford (33,000); Kingston (23,000); Peterborough (22,000); Windsor, connected by tunnel beneath Detroit River with Detroit, Mich., U.S.A. (67,000): Fort William (24,000); Kitchener (26,000); Guelph (20,000); St. Catharine's (24,000); Sault Ste. Marie (23,000).

# QUEBEC.

Area and Population .- The Province of Quebec contains an area estimated at 594,434 square miles, with a population (1921) of 2,351,199, an increase since the last Census of 355,423. In 1987 the Province was diminished by 112,400 square miles by the award of the Imperial Privy

Council in the controversy between the Dominion of Causda and Newfoundland with regard to their boundary in the Labrador Peninsula.

Government.—The Government of the Province

is vested in a Lieutenant-Governor, the Council of Ministers, a Legislative Council consisting of 24 members appointed for life, and a Legislative Assembly of 90 members elected for five years to represent the 90 electoral districts of the Pro-

Lieut.-Gor., Hon Henry George Carroll...\$10,000 Aide-de-Camp, Lt.-Col. J. D. Papineau .. hon.

Prime Minister and President of the Council and Attorney-General and Provincial Treasurer, Hon L. A. Taschereau.

\$14,000 Lanas and Forests, Hon. Honoré Mercler, K.C. ...... . . .. . ...... ....

Labour, Hon. A. J. Arcand ... Colonisation, Game and Fisheries, Hon. H.

Markette
Roadsand Mines, Hon J. E. Perrault, K.C
Without Portfolio, Hon. E. Moreau; Hon.
J. H. Dillon; Hon. L. Lapierre; Hon.
N. Derodeau; Hon. George Bryson.

# The Legislature.

Speaker, Legislative Council, (vacant). Speaker, Legislative Assembly, (vacant)..

# The Judicature.

hing's Bench -Chef Justice, Hon Eug. Lafontaine ....\$10,000
Prume Judges, Hons Ed Guérin; C. E.
Doion; A. R. Hall; S. Letourneau;
E. E. Howard; J. M. Tellier; Alphonse Bernier; A. Rivard; A. Galipcault; W. L. Bond; Paul Saint-Germain,

Superior Court -

uperior Court

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir F X. Lemienx,
Ll. D., born 1851

Ll. D., born 1851

Do. (acting), Hon. R. A E. Greenshields 9,000

Puisne Judges, Hons J. Walsh; L. P. Demers;
P. G. Martineau; W. Morcier; A. M. Tessier;
C. H. Archer; C. Pouliot; L. A. Panneton; J. Archambault ; C. Lane ; Pierre d'Auteuil ; J. Archannizaut; C. Labe; Pierre A Autum; L. J. Loranger; A. E. Delorinier; L. Coderre; C. A. Duclos; G. F. Gibsone; A. Marchand; A. Sevany; E. F. Surreyer; P. Commenu; J. Demers; C. A. Wilson; Gonsalve Desaulniers; Arthur Trahan; I. N. Belleau; A. Stein; C. D. White, H. A. Fortier; L. J. C. E. Boyer, J. J. Denis; W. Patterson; Lonis Considered Patterson; Louis Cousineau each \$9,000 Circuit Court :-

Judges, Hons. M. Ethier; J. B. Archambault; R. T. Stackhouse; H. Rivet. Court of Sessions of the Peace:-

Montreal—Hon. Gustave Perrault (Chief Justice); F. T. Enright; Amédée Monet; Victor Cusson ; J. O. Lacroix.

Quebec—Hons. Hugues Fortler (Chief Justice); P. A. Choquette; Art Fitzpatrick; J. H. Fortier.

Agent-General for Quebec in England, Hon. L. J. Lemieux, a Cockspur St , Trafalgar Square,

Finance.-The actual revenue for the year 1988-19 1988 \$39,976,183 and the actual expenditure \$35,964,487. The bonded debt (June 30, 1998) was \$80,334,791 and the net funded debt

\$56,751,141.

Production and Industry.-The gross value of manufactured products in 1928 was \$1,073,162,291 hannactured products in 1988 was \$1,793,102.31.

He principal manufacturing centres being (1988):

Montreal (\$554,311,571), Quebec (\$44,668,105),

Three Rivers (\$45,411,69), Shawhigan Falls
(\$33,326,961), Valleyfield (\$6,782,146), Sherbrooke
(\$19,009,741) and Hull (\$11,705,232). The lumber
industry is still by far the most important trade. but the settled portion of the country has been too much denuded of wood, and the provincial Government has found it necessary to organise an effective service of rangers to prevent the destruction of trees by forest fires. The forest lands cover an area of over 120,000,000 acres, of which si,000,000 are under licence to cut timber. The wood pulp industry is assuming greater importance every year. Several large mills have recently been built, and during 1928 the production reached a,ox8,566 tons, valued at \$67,467,348. The Province produces more than half of the total output of the Dominion In 1928, 1,628,872 tons of paper were manufactured, valued at \$704,887,657 (mainly newsprint). Unimproved lands may be bought from the Government at 60 cents per acre, and the purchase-money paid in five instalments The area of land subdivided for the purpose of settlement unsold on June 30, 1938, was about 8,250,000 acres. In 1938 the production of dairy 

Catholic and a Protestant Committee, each under a deputy head, is invested with the central control of Education. The schools, both Roman Catholic and Protestant, are maintained partly by local taxation and partly by Government grants. There were, in 1928, 8,145 schools with 611,783 scholars, including the high and superior schools and so normal schools supported by the State. There are also Schools of Agriculture, Dairying, Polytechnic, Fine Arts, Rangers, Historic Guides, Blind and Deaf, Nursery, Com-mercial and Classical Schools, and four Uni-versities—two Protestant (McGill University, Montreal, and Bishop's College, Lennoxville); and two Roman Catholic (Laval University,

Quebec, and Montreal University).

Principal Cities.—CAPITAL, QUEBEC (population, 131,000), historic city visited annually hy thousands of tourists, and one of the great seaport towns of Canada; and Montreal (population). lation, 989,835), the commercial metropolis, and the principal centre of the Canadian grain export trade, situate at the confluence of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Rivers. Ocean-going steamers ascend the St. Lawrence as far as Montreal. Other important cities are Hull (27,087), Sher-brooks (26,200). Trois Rivières (25,000). Verdun

brooke (26,300), Trois Rivières (35,000), Verdum (46,477). Population figures from "Municipal Statistics of the Province of Quehec" (1928).

Brunswick by a low fertile isthmus about thirteen miles wide. It comprises an area (with Cape Breton Island) of 3:,488 square miles (350 miles of which consists of lakes, rivers and inlets of the sea) with a total population, at the Census of 1931, of 53,337, an increase since the last census of 31,499 persons. Estimated population (1989) 550,000.

Government.—The Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, aided by an Executive Council and a Legislative Assembly of 38

Lieut.-Governor, His Honour Hon. Walter H. Covert, K.C..... Sq.000

#### Executive.

Premier and Minuster of Public Works and Mines, Col. the Hon, G. 8 Harrington, K.C. ...... \$7,000 Attorney-Gen., Hon. John Doull, K.C. ..... 6,000 6,000 Hyphways, Hon. P. C. Black ...... Agriculture, Hon. O. P. Goncher ......... 6,000 Promnetal Secretary - Treasurer, Hon. 6,000 6,000

# The Legislature.

(Single Chamber.) Speaker, House of Assembly, Hon Daniel G. MacKenzie ..... \$1,500

# The Judicature.

Chief Justice, Hon. J. A Chisholm . ..... \$20,000 Judge n. Equity, Hon. R. H. Graham ...... 9,000 Puisas Judges, Hons. H. Wellish, W. F. Carroll, V. J. Paton, H. Ross. each 9,000 Judge, Vice-Admiralty Court, Hon. H. 

Agriculture and Line Stock .- About 8,000,000 acres are fit for tillage, and the soil is of good average fertility. The climate is delightful, the winter being less severe than in most of other parts of the Dominion. In 1930 there were about 5,000,000 acres of land occupied, of which about 735,000 acres were under crop, 3,000,000 acres in pasture and partially wooded lands, and about 70,000 acres in gardens and orchards. Fruit is extensively cultivated, and orchards. Finit is extensively cultivated, and the estimated apple crop for 1930 was 1,200,000 harrels, the principal fruit helt being the Annapolis Valley. The products of the fields and orchards in 1930 were valued at \$30,000,000. Improved farms of 100 to 350 acres, with house and buildings, may be obtained at from £100 to £1,000, whilst the Government offer uncleared Crown lands at \$300 per 100 acres, or \$50 per acre for any additional, not to exceed 150 acres in all. Through the Land Settlement Ant. the Government cities practical assistment Act, the Government gives practical assistance to skilled farmers. There is a Government agricultural college and experimental farm at Truro for men and women, and a well-equipped technical college at Halifax. In 1930 the live stock included 51,530 horses, 285,000 cattle, 289,621 sheep, 43,593 swine, and 1,145,983 poultry.

Manufactures .- In rose the gross value of the NOVA SCOTIA.

Area and Population—Nova Scotta is a peninsula between 42° as' 49° N. lat. and 59° 40′— setted was \$1:7,526,497, and 15,638 hands were peninsula between 42° as' 49° N. lat. and 59° 40′— setted was \$1:7,526,497, and 15,638 hands were peninsula between 42° as' W. long., and is connected with New Sydney (\$zs,96z,021) and Halifax (\$zo,700,999). Figheries.—The total value of the fisheries in 1927 was \$9,500,000, and the number of persons employed was about 20,000.

Minerals.—Mine products in 1927 were valued at \$35,950,000; the coal deposits are extensive and are estimated to last for 200 years. 6,445,042 gross tons were produced in 1930. Iron ores are plentiful, and extensive manufactures of iron and steel are carried on at Sydney and Sydney Mines, Cape Breton.

Principal Cities.—Capital, Halifax (population 58,37s), one of the terminals of the Canadian National Railway, with a magnifecnt harboun, is one of the principal winter poits of Canada, and the entrepot of a large trade with the West Indies and South America. A shippard to the building of large ocean-going steamers, with a dry dock, is one of the leading industries. Sydney in Cape Breton has a population of 22,545, and Glace Bay 27,000.

### CAPE BRETON ISLAND.

Cape Breton Island, formerly a distinct Colony, now incorporated with Nova Scotia, contains an area of 3.975 square niles, with a population of about 130,000, inhabitants. The chief city, Sydney (pop. 22,545), on the custern coast, has valuable collieries in the neighbourhood and is the sate of the largest steel works in Canada. The Canadian National Railway connects the island with the mainland by rail ferry.

#### NEW BRUNSWICK.

Area and Population—New Brunswick is situated between 45°—48° N lat. and 53° 47′—69° W long, and comprises an area of 27,085 square miles, with a population in 1921 of 387,876, an increase since the last census of 35,087 persons It was first colonised by British subjects in 1763, and in 1783 by the inhabitants of New England, who were disposseesed of their property in consequence of their loyalty to the British Crown.

Government.—The Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, assisted by an Executive Council, and a Legislative Assembly of 48 members elected by the people.

# Executive.

Speaker, Legislative Assembly, J. Leonard O'Brien.

The Judicature.
Court of Appeal and Chancery Division.

King's Bench Division.

 Court of Vice-Admiralty.

Judge, Hon. Sir J. Douglas Hazen ... ... .. \$1,000 Court of Divorce and Matrimonial Causes.

Judge, Hon. O. S. Crocket ....... \$500
France—The ordinary receipts for 1927
were \$4,933,029, and the ordinary expenditure
\$4,037,237.

Agriculture and Live Stock.—The total land area is x8,65,000 acres, of which 900,033 acres were under field crops in x935. The total value of the field crops in x937 was \$x8,4x3,500. The live stock (x937) included 2x6,693 cattle, x53,097 sheep, 77,307 pigs, 5x,304 horses, and 956,093 poultry Free grants of land are ordered, and settlement encouraged. Improved farms are obtainable at reasonable rates The fisheries include salmon, cod, mackerel, herring, and shad; value of the fisheries (x925) \$4,795,859. In x937 the cheese factories in operation produced \$00,000 h, and the cleameries x,885,262 lb. of butter.

Manufactures —The gross value of the ontput of manufactured goods in 1924 was \$57,45,656, the principal manufacturing centre being \$57,45,656, the principal manufacturing centre being \$5. John (\$26,552,152) The chief industrial pursuits arise from the produce of the forests and the fisheries. Natural gas has been found in minimize quantities in Albert County, and the south-eastern section of the Province is remarkably lich in oil shales. Coal is found; also silver, lead, antimony, coppier, fron, manganese, and other valuable minerals in considerable quantities.

Principal Cities. — CAPITAL, FREDERICTON; population (1921), 8,114. St. John (pop 69,093) is one of the principal winter ports of Canada, and is connected by C.P.R. and Canadam National Railways with Montreal, Moneton (17,488).

# MANITOBA.

Area and Population—Manitoba, originally the Red River Settlement, is situated in about the centre of the continent, between 49°—50° N. lat, and 95°—ror' W. long., with a total area of 257,832 square miles and a population (1936 (Census) of 639,056, an increase since the last census of 25,938.

Government.—The Government is administered by an Executive Council of 8 Ministers, who are members of the Legislative Assembly of 55 members, each in receipt of an annual sessional allowance of \$5.000.

Executive.
Premier President of the Council and Provincial Treasurer, Hon. John Blacken \$8,000

The Judicature.
Court of Anneal
Court of Appeal.— Chief Justice, Hon. J. E. Prendergast \$10,000 Putime Judges, Hons R. M. Dennistoun, C.B.E., W. H. Trueman, H. A. Robson
Perime Judges Hone R. M Dennistoun.
CREW W H Trueman H A Robson
Educia Danel
Chief leaties How It A Mandanald -
Chief Justice, Hon. D. A. Macdonald. 10,000
Turne Junges, nons. A. C. Gait, A. A.
Dysare, J. R. Adamson, J. 1. Kugodi,
King's Bench — Chief Justice, Hon. D. A. Macdonald 10,000 Pusne Judges, Hons. A. C. Galt, A. K. Dysart, J. E. Adamson, J. T. Kilgoun, W. J. Donovan
FinancesThe revenies of the provincial
government for the vear chided April 30, 1930, were
\$13,998,505, and the expenditures \$13.802,934;
bouled debt \$37,702.771.  Agriculture and Line Stock.—The total land agriculture and Line Stock.—The total land 6,794,700 acres were under field crops in 1930.  The boil is fortile and productive. The value of \$3.10 crops in 1930.
Agriculture and Ince Stock.—The total land
area in Manitona is 248,432,640 acres, or which
6,794,700 acres were under field crops in 1930
The soil is fertile and productive. The value
of field crops in 1930 was \$54,463,000. The live
stock included 359,943 horses, 735,546 cattle,
223,447 sheep, 271,653 swine, 5,658,658 poultry.
The dairy output was 560,008 lb. of cheese
(\$98,401), 25,786,896 lb. of creamery butter
(\$4.657.134); the honey production was 10,110,128
lls., worth \$909,912.
The soil is fortile and productive. The value of field crops in 1930 was \$4,463,000. The live stock included 359,943 houses, 735,546 cattle, 223,447 sheep, 271,653 swine, 5,658,658 poultry. The dairy output was 560,008 in. of cheese (\$52,401), 12,786,896 in. of creamery butter (\$4,657,134); the honey production was 10,110,128 in., worth \$500,912.  Manufactures.—The gross value of the manufactured products in 1230 was \$764,000,127. The
factured products in 1929 was \$164,909,127. The
capital invested in the 923 manufacturing enter- prises amounted to \$173,122,048 and the hands employed 26,318, the chief industrial centres
prises amounted to \$173,152,048 and the hands
employed \$6,328, the chief industrial centres
(1080) being Winnipeg (\$185, 221,028), St. Boniface
omployed \$6,328, the chief industrial control employed \$6,328, the chief industrial control (\$200) being Winnipey(\$725,321,028), St. Bonnface (\$10,327,696), Brandon (\$4,533,802), and Potage La Prairie (\$734,573). In 1909 there were 4.394 nulles of steam railway in the Province and 128 industrial experience of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contro
La Prairie (\$724.513). Ill x020 there were 4.204
miles of steam railway in the Province and 128
mnes under construction.
Deinging Cities ('ADIMAT WINKIDED' 1411111
lation 1931 (preliminary) 227,587, the third largest city in Canada. Other cities (1926), Brandon (16,443), St. Boniface (14.187), Portage
larvest city in Canada, Other cities (1026)
Brandon (16.442). St. Boulface (14 182). Portage
La Prairie (6,513).
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Area and Population.—British Columbia has a total area estimated at 355,855 square miles.
a total area estimated at 355,855 square miles,
with a population (Census of ross) of 524,582, the tensus of ross gave 392,480 (251,619 males and 140,861 females), an increase since the former
tensus of 1911 gave 392,480 (251,619 males and
140,861 females), an increase since the former
Census of ar3,823.
Census of 213,823.  Government.—The Government consists of a
Lieutenant-Governor and an Executive Council,
together with a Legislative Assembly of 48
members.
LieutGorernor, Hon. J. W. Fordham-
Johnson (1931)
Recutine.
Premier and Minister of Railways, Hon. S. K. Tohnie, P.C
S. F. Tolmie, P C So.000
Provincial Secretary and Commissioner
of Fisheries, Hon. S. I. Howe 7.500
Attorney-General, Hou. R. H. Pooley, K.C. 7,500
Attorney-General, Hon. R. H. Pooley, K.C. 7,500 Minister of Lands, Hon. N. S. Longheed 7,500 Minister of Finance and of Industries, Hon. J. W. Jones 7,500
Minister of Finance and of Industries.
Hou, J. W. Jones 7,500
Minater of Agriculture, hon, william
Atkinson
Minister of Mines and of Labour, Hon
Atkinson
Minister of Public Works, Hon. R. W.
Brunn
President of the Council. Hon. W. C. Shally
Without Portfolio, Hon. R. L. Maitland & c.

Without Portfolio, Hon. B. L. Mattland R.C. Speaker, Legislative Assembly, Hon. C. F. Davic.

1 no o accordine.	
Court of Appeal-Chief Justice, Hon. J. A.	
Macdonald	510,000
Puisne Judges, Hons. A. Martin, W. A.	
Galliher, Albert E. McPhillips, M. A.	
Macdonald each	0,000
Supreme Court-Chief Justice, Hon. Aulay	
Morrison	10.000
Puisne Judges, Hons D. Murphy, F. B.	,
Gregory, D. A. McDonald, W. A.	
Macdonald, and A. I. Fisher each	0,000
Local Judge in Admiralty, Hon. Archer	9,000
Martin	1.000

The lands on being

Agent-General in London, F. P. Buiden, British Columbia House, x Regent Street, S. W.1.

Finances.—The receipts of the provincial government in 1923-30 were \$26,083.727, and the expenditure \$26,219.156.

Agriculture and Live Slock.—The agricultural production of British Columbia in 1930 was valued at \$55.957,734. Liv. stock in 1930 included 65,686 horses, 404,389 cattle, 196.65 sheep, 65.68a swine, and 3,692,736 poultry. The butter output totalled 6,503,301 lb., valued at \$2.906,933, and the cheese 564,837 lb., worth \$2.77,343.

Production and Industry.—The gross value of the output of manufactures in 1929 was \$275.850.524, the principal manufacturing centres being Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster, and Prince Rupert. The yield of other industries was, in 1930: minerals, \$55.331.939; forest products, \$569.727.000: flabories, \$32,103.800. There are extensive coal measures, and a vast and compact are of merchantable tumber; the mines have produced over \$1.237.847.577, and are still in the early stages of development. Only one-tenth of the available agricultural and fruit lands is at present settled, and there are undeveloped deposits of magnetite and hematite iron. The climate is healthful and temperate. The principal exports are fish, coal, gold, silver, minerals, timber, fruit, pulp and paper.

Principal Cities.—CAPITAI, VICTORIA. Population 1931, 36,441. Other centres are Vancouver (445,307 in 1931), New Westminster (17,524), Prince Rupert (6,326).

### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Area and Population.—Prince Edward Island has in the southern part of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, between 46°-47° N. lat. and 62°-62° 32° W. long. It is about 130 nmles in length, and from 4 to 34 unlies in breadth; its area is 3,164 square miles (ather larger than that of the English county of Norfolk), and its population (Consus, 1921) 83,675 (47,069 males and 46,659 females in 2012), a decrease from the last census of 5,123 persons. The island was first settled by the French, who held it for many years as a fishing station. The British took it from them in 1945, but afterwards restored it; they seized it again, however, during the Seven Years' War (1956-1962) and compelled the greater part of the French inhabitants to leave, and from that time it has remained British.

Government.—The Government is vested in a Lieut.-Governor and an Executive Council, and a Legislative Assembly of 30 members elected by

Canada—	-Provinces. 6	89
the people, zg as Councillors (with a property qualification) and zg as Assembly-men (on general suffrage).	•	5,000 8,500
LtGovernor, Hon. Charles Dalton (1930) \$7,000  Executive.  Premier and Attorney-Gen., Hon. James	The Judicature. The Supreme Court of Alberta. Appellate Division, Hon. Horace Harvey,	
D. Stewart, K.C. 3,500 Munister of Public Works, Hon. Leonard MacNelll. 2,000	Judges, Hons. A. H. Clarke; C. R. Mitchell; H. W. Lunney; A. A.	0,000
Provincial Sec., Treasurer and Minuter of Agriculture, Hon. G. Shelton Sharp 2,000 Education and Public Health, Hon.	McGillivray each of Trual Division—Judges, Hons. W. C. Simmons (C.J); W. C. Ives; T. M. Tweedie; J. R. Boyle; Frank Ford;	9,000
William J. P. MacMillan, M.D	A. F. Ewingeach of Agriculture and Live Stock.—The total are	9,000 sa in
Speaker, Legislative Assembly (Vacant). Assist, Provincial SecTreas., and Clerk of	field crops, 1930, was 10,425,800 acres. The partment of Agriculture in the Provin Government conducts free schools of agricul	De- ncial
Executive Council, H. R. Stewart 2,000  The Judicature.  Chief Justice, Hon. John A. Matheson \$10,000	at four points in the Province. Free he steads are still available in many desir localities. The value of the field crops in 1930	able
Assistant Judges, Hon. Aubin E. Arsenault; Hon. Albert C. Saunderseach 9,000 Judge of Vice-Admiralty Court, William	estimated at \$38,868,900; wheat, \$21,831,0ats, \$1,831,0ats, \$1,691,000; hay and clover, \$4,633,07ain hay, \$19,910,000; hotatoes, \$5,000,barley, \$2,660,000. The live stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the stock included the	000 ; 000 ;
S. Stewart	barley, \$3,560,000. The live stock inclu 698,665 horses, 348,297 milch cows and 939 other cattle, 530,000 sheep, and 636,402 sw The creamery butter made totalled 27,500,000	.6IZ
The soil consists for the most part of a rich red loam, uniform in character and peculiarly suited to the growth of grasses. Nearly the whole of the land is now cleared, and improved farms can	valued at \$4,856,250, and cheese 980,000 valued at \$166,600.	1b.,
be hought at from Sao to São an acre (including buildings), according to condition and locality. The breeding of silver black foxes in captivity.	\$71.080.000. Revenue (1020-20) \$15.820.	ebt, <b>865</b> .
is an established and profitable industry. There are about 600 for ranches, conducted by incorporated companies and private partnerships or	Expenditure (1929-30), \$15,402,884. Asset valuation of land within the Provides \$5-1,958,416.	nce,
individuals. The live stock (1927) included 32,890 horses, 118,575 cattle, 89,616 sheep, 53,665 pigs, and 868,337 houltry.  Manifactures.—The gross value of the manu-	Manufactures.—The gross value of the out in 1929 was \$107,526,792, against \$1,313,372 1900, the principal manufacturing centres be	s in
factures in 1926 was \$4,290,149, against \$2,326,708	Calgary (\$44,694,670) and Edmonton (\$30,388,6 CAPITAL, EDMONTON. Population (x 65,163, Calgary (65,513) Lethinidge, Medic Hat, Red Deer, and Westaskiwm are the of	രക്
Principal Cities.—CAPITAL, CHARLOTTETOWN (Pop. 12,347), on the shore of Hillsborough Bay, which forms a good harbour. Other towns are	principal cities of the Province.  SASKATCHEWAN.	her
Summerside (3,228), Souris (1,094), and Georgetown (884).  ALBERTA.	Area and Population—The Province of kntchewan has between Mantoba on the	cast
Area and Population—The Province of Alberta has an estimated area of \$25,325 square miles, including about \$2,360 square miles of water, with a population (1936) of 607,524 an	and Alberta on the west, and has an are 251,700 square miles, the population at Census of 1926 being 820,738, an increase 63,228 persons since the Census of 1921.	the of
increase since the rear Census of 19,130.  Government.—The Government is vested in a	Government.—The Government is vested in Lieutenant-Governor, with a Legislative Ass bly of 63 members. There is an Execu	enı-
composed of 60 members, elected for twe years, representing 51 electoral districts into which the Province is divided. The Executive Council con-	Council of ten members.  Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. H. E. Munroe,	
sists of eight members.  Lieut. Gov., Hon. W. L. Walsh (1931) \$9,000  Executive.	ter of Education and of Natural Re-	,000
Premier and Provincial Secretary, Hon. J. E. Brownlee	Agriculture, Hon. W. C Buckle	,200 ,200
Public Works, Hon. O. L. McPherson	Provincial Treasurer, Minister of Municipal Affairs and Minister in Charge of Eureau of Publications, and King's Printer, Hon. Howard McConnell, K.C. 7	
Education, Hon. P. E. Baker	Public Works, Telegraphs and Telephones,	,800
Smith Without Portfolio, Hon. Mrs. Irene Parlby	F. D. Munroe, M.D.	,200

Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon. Robert Sterritt Leslie.

The Judicature. Chief Justice, Court of Appeal, Hon. Sir Frederick Haultain, born 1857 .......\$10,000 Puine Judges, Hons W. F. A. Turgeon, J. McKny, W. M. Martin and P. E.

Knowles.....each 9,000
Agriculture and Live Stock.—Saskatchewan is the largest wheat-producing province of the Dominion, and one of the most productive grain areas in the world. In 1930 the grain yield totalled 381,154,000 bushels The approximate. totalied 353.154,000 bushels The approximate value of grain crops was \$117,74,000, of field crops \$9,084,000, livestock 19,293,000, poultry product \$12,201,000, fur \$1,133,000, and garden produce \$1,500,000. The live stock included 1,077,234, mules and lorses, 1,214,785 cattle 20,888 sheep, and 497,927 swine.

Industries.—The capital invested in manufacturing quietrifies in 100 was \$200,000.

facturing cuterprises in 1930 was \$45,000,000, and the value of the manufactured products \$80,501,159, the principal industrial centres being Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert.

In 1930 there were 4,917 public elementary schools with 220,286 pupils and 9,000 teachers, and zo Secondary schools with 8, 248 pupils.

CAPITAL, REGINA. Population (1939), 67,000. Other large centres are Saskatoon (50,000), Moose Jaw (24,000), Prince Albert (10,000), Swift Current (5,500), North Battleford (6,200), and Yorkton (5,500).

# TERRITORIES.

THE YUKON TERRITORY was constituted a separate political unit in 1898. It is governed

_________

by a Gold Commissioner and a Territorial Council of three elected members. The area of the Territory is 207,076 square miles. The population in 1921 was 4,157 (2,819 males and 1,338 females). Mining is the chief industry. The gold output for the year ending Dec. 31, 1930, Was \$659,394.

Gold Commissioner, Geo. Ian MacLean. Judge, Hon. C. D. Macaulay.

THE NORTH - WEST TERRITORIES (1,309,682 square miles, population 12,000—inclinding 7,100 Eskimo, and 3,800 Indians) comprise the territories formerly known as Rupert's Land and the North-western Territory (except such portions thereof as form the provinces of Manitola, Saskatchewan and Alberta and the Yukon Terripossessions in North America and all islands adjacent thereto not included within any province, except the Dominion of Newfoundland and its dependencies. For administrative pur-poses the Territories were subdivided into the provisional districts of Mackenzie, Keewatiu and Franklin The Commissioner in Council has power to make ordinances for the Territories under instructions from the Governor-General in Council or the Minister of the Interior.

#### TERRITORIAL COUNCIL.

(Appointed by the Governor-General in Conneil.) Commissioner, Hugh Howard Rowatt. Deputy Commissioner, Roy Alexander Gibson.
Councillors, Charles Camsell; Oswald Steiling
Finnie; Duncan Campbell Scott; Gen. J. H MacBrien, C.B., C.M.G., D S O.

Acting Secretary, David Livingstone McKeand.

# DOMINION OFFICIALS.

Director, O. S. Funne, B.Sc., D L.S., Ottawa. Stependiary Magnetrate, Hon. Lucien Dubuc, Edmonton.

Public Administrator, (Mackenzie District)
Egbert Owen, Edminitor; (Franklin Dis-trict) W. M. Cory, Ottawa; (Keewatin Dis-trict) (Vacant). 

# THE WORLD'S LAKES

Name	Country	Length Miles	Area (Sq Miles)	Name	Country	Length (Miles)	Area (Sq Miles)
Caspian Sea	\sia	68o	170,000	Eyre			3,700
	North America	412	31,300	Rudolf		185	3,500
Victoria Nyanza	Africa	200	26,200		South America		3,800
Aral	Trans Caspia	265	24,400		Central America		3,000
Huron	North America	263	23,800		Australia	•••	3,000
Michigan	North America	335	22,450	Athabasca		195	z 84z
Chad		•••	20,000		Asia Minor		2,500
Nyasa		350	14,200	Reindeer		160	2,436
Tanganyika		420	18,700		Australia		2,400
Baikal		330	tx,580		Tibet		2,300
Great Slave		325	10,719		Turkestan		2,250
Great Bear		175	10,250		Sweden		2,150
	North America.		9,960		Canada		2,085
Winnipeg		260	9,459		Africa	150	2,000
	North America		7,340		Canada		1,817
	Siberia		7,050		Africa		1,800
	Russia		7,000		Persia		1,750
Nettiling		130	5,000		Canada		1,730
Amadjuak	Bamn Land	75	4,000		U.S.A	, ,,	1,780
Onega	Russia	145	3,800	Leopoid II	Africa	75	1,700

# Mewfoundland.

	Area		Population.	
	(English Sq. Miles).	('ensus of	Census of	Estimated 1930.
Newfoundland	42,750 120,000	238,670 3,949	259,259 3,774	271,685 4,203
Total	162,750	242,619	263,033	275,888

# Increase of the People.

-	1	Increase			Dec rense		1
Year	Births	Immigrants	Total	De iths.	Emigrant -	Total	Marriages.
1913 1927 1928 1929 1930	7,406 6,933 6,697 6,792 6,700	13,788 13,687 13,611 14,925 25,383	20,194 20,620 20,308 21,716 22,083	4,4±7 3,773 3,906 4,033 3,839	14,255 15,765 15,573 15,204 12,920	18,672 19,538 19,369 19,387 16,759	1,871 1,517 1,655 1,650 1,631

### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Island of Newfoundland is situated between 46° 37'-51° 37' N. latitude and 52° 44'-59° 30' W. longitude, on the north-cast side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and is separated from the North American Continent by the Straits of Belle Isle. The island is about 317 miles long and 316 miles broad, and is triangular in shape, with Cape Bauld (N.), Cape Race (S.E.), and Cape Ray (S.W.) at the angles. The coart is extremely rugged, and the coastal regions are mountainous, the north and cast being cold during winter and early spring owing to the quantities of ice brought down from the Greenland seas. The interior is indulating and is covered with tolts (round hills) interspersed with lakes, rivers, and swamps, but containing many fertile valleys, where the climate is favourable to agriculture, and a great wealth of forests, mainly of spruce, fir, pine, and birch. The climate is salubrious, and the people are a strong, brave, healthy, hardy, industrious race. The thermometer seldom falls below zero in winter, and ranges in the shade in summer from 70° to 80°.

# GOVERNMENT.

Newfoundland, the oldest English colony, was discovered by John Cabot on June 24, 2497; the first land seen was hailed as Pranativa—the present (ape Bonavista. The island was afterwards visited (1500) by the Portuguese navigator Gaspar de Cortercal, and soon became the centre of an extensive fishing industry, with settlements of Portuguese, Biscayans, and French. In August, 153, the island was formally occupied by Sir Humphiey Gilbert, in the name of Queen Elizabeth, and by the Treaty of Utrecht (1713) the whole island was acknowledged to be British. A Governor was first appointed in 1798, and in 1855 "Responsible Government" was accorded to the island.

The executive is entrusted to a Governor, appointed by the Crown, aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two houses.

#### GOVERNOR.

# THE MINISTRY (Nov. 17, 1928).

Colonial Secretary, Hon. Arthur Barnes, B.Sc , Ph.D	
Finance & Customs, Hon. P J. Cashin Posts & Telegraphs, Hon W W. Halfyard	4,000
Solicitor-General, Hon F G Bradley, K C.	4,000
Chairman, Board of Health, Hon. H. M.	

Without Portfolio, Hons A. Campbell, Sir W. F. Conker; Sir T. Cook, P. J. Lewis.

Mosdell, M.D.

### And in the Cabinet.

# LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative Council consists of not more than 25 members, appointed for life; the House of Assembly of 40 members, elected by the people for 4 years, every male British subject aged 22, and every female aged 25, being entitled to the franchise.

# JUDICATURE.

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir W. H. Horwood ...\$9,000
Assist. Judges, Hon. J. M. Kent, Hon. W.
J. Higgins .....each 8,000
Registrar, Rt. Hon. Sir W. F. Lloyd, P.C.,
K.C.M.G., D.C.L., K.C.

# DEFENCE.

Newfoundland contributed 11,922 men to the fighting forces of the Empire during the War, in addition to 3,000 enlisted in Canadian and other forces,

# EDUCATION.

Education is denominational, and is assisted by Government. Primary and Secondary schools were attended in 1926 by 59,088 pupils. The Government grants in 1926 amounted to \$977.590.

RELIGION.

At the Census of rorr and roar the following statistics were obtained:—

Religion.	1911	IQUI
Roman Catholics	81,177	86,576
Church of England	78,616	84,665
Methodists	68,045	74.805
Presbyterians	1,876	1,876
Salvation Army	10,141	13 023
Various	2,767	a,688

#### FINANCE.

The revenue, expenditure and debt of Newfoundland are stated as under (\$x at par = 4x, 2d or \$4.86 = £x sterling) -

Year.	Revenue	Expenditure	Public Debt
1986-87 1987-88 1988-89 1989-30	\$ 8,932,435 9,465,005 10,025,649 11,579,215	\$ 10,533,408 10,740,000 11,138,828 11,934,313	\$ 72,017,932  85,477,106 87,592,106

# EXTERNAL TRADE.

Year	Imports.	Exports	Total.
1913-14 1987-28 . 1988-29 . 1989-30	\$ 15,193,786 27,637,195 29,237,381 31,871,151	\$ 15,134,543 33,644,619 36,797,703 40,051,959	\$ 30,388,269 61,281,812 66,035,084 71,923,110

Chiefly distributed in 1929-30 as under .-

Country In	morts from	Exports to.
United Kingdom	\$5,527,575	\$8,647,948
United States	12,101,752	11,432,918
Canada	12,992,600	3,968,479
Portugal	15,440	2 157,404
Spain	132,995	2,748,547

The print pal imports are flour, tettiles, coal, hardware, and provisions; the principal exports are codfish, cod and seal oil, pulp and paper, herrings, seal-skins, tunned lobsters, fron pyrites, and other minerals; the total value of the fishery products in 1929-30 was upwards of \$24,953,004.

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

The inhabitants are chiefly located on the coast-line of the shore and bays, nearly ro, oco being engaged in fishing—for cod in summer and seal fishing in winter and spring. Agriculture, mining, and lumbering are also engaging attention and affording means of employment, while large pulp and paper mills have been erected. The larger portion of the interior is practically in a state of nature, but the rallways have opened up large tracts. A valuable discovery of copper has been made at Little Bay, about see miles from St. John's.

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

Ratiways.—There were gog miles of railway open in 1926 and 47 miles of private line. The trans-insular line runs to Port-aux-Basques, with Exploits River and Bay of Islands, with branch connexions to Placentia, Bonavista, Bay de Verde, Hearts Content, Trejassey, the principal settlements in Conception Bay, and to Lewisporte (in Notre Dame Bay). Communication between various points on the coast and Sydney, C.B., is maintained by a fleet of xx first-class steamers.

Posts and Telegraphs.—There were 385 post offices in 1930 (165 of which were also telegraph offices and 75 telegraph offices additional, dealing with 8,500,000 letters and post-cards, 4,000,000 newspapers and hooks, and 688,644 parcels. 740 telephone stations are open, mostly in post offices. There are 4,830 miles of telegraph line and 1,300 miles of postal telephone wire. Postal revenue, \$410,739; Customs duty collected, \$210,540; telegraph revenue, \$20,497.

Shipping.—On Dec. 31, 1930, the Mercantile Maine of Newfoundland consisted of \$1,501 sailing vessels of 102,728 tons, and 255 steam and motor vessels of 41,670 tons. In 1930-30 the tonnage of vessels entered and cleared at Newfoundland ports was 3,375,499 tons, of which 1,820,223 tons were British.

#### TOWNS.

The CAPITAL, ST. JOHN'S (population 1930, 42,143; with suburbs, 58,811), contains two cathedrals, several banks, and numerous public buildings. Other towns are Harbour Grace (3,828), Bonavista (4,052), ('arbonear (3,320), and Twillingate (3,327).

# HIGH COMMISSIONER.

High Commissioner in London, D. J. Davles, C.B.R., B Sc. (Acting). Office, 58, Victoria Street, S.W. 1.

# LABRADOR,

Labrador, a dependency of Newfoundland, forms the most easterly part of the North American continent, and extends from Blanc Sablon, in the Straits of Belle Isle, on the south, to Cape Chidley, at the entrance to Hudson's Straits on the north. The boundary between Quebec and Labrador came up for settlement before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in Oct., 1965. By the judgment given in March, 1967, the boundary was defined as a line drawn due N. from the eastern boundary of Blanc Sablon as far as 18 N. Lat., and from thence W. along that parallel to the Bomaine River, and thence N. along the east bank of that river and its headwaters to their source, and thence due N. to the crest of the watershed or height of land there, and thence W. and N. along the crost of the watershed or height of land there, and thence W. and N. along the crost of the watershed of the rivers flowing into the 4tlantic Ocean until it reaches Cape Chidley. The territory thus contirmed as under the jurisdiction of Newfoundland has an area estimated at 120,000 square miles. Labrador possesses valuable cod, herring, trout, and salmon fisheries. One of the grandest spectacles in the world is provided by the Grand Falls on the Hamilton River. The inhabitants are mainly Eskimos, engaged in fishing and hunting. There are no towns, but there are Moravian. Mission stations at Makkovik, Hopedale, Nain, Okak, Rebron, and Killinek.

# The Commonwealth of Australia.

AREA AND POPULATION.

		_			0			
			***			 Popula	ition *	-
st	ates and Capi	tals.	Aren (English Sq. Miles	\ \\	sns of	Census of	Increase 1911-1921.	Estimate March 31 1931.
New Son	th Wales (S	vdnev)	309,43	2 7.61	6,734	2,100,371	453,637	2,504,53
	(Melbourne)		87,88		5,551	1,531,280	215,729	1,795,52
	ind (Brisban		670,50		5,813	755,972	150,159	952,48
	ustràlia (Ade		380,07	0 40	8,558	495, 160	86,602	5×2,92
	Australia (I		975,92		2, 114	332,732	50,618	420, 12
'asmani	a (Hobart) . Territories.		26,21	5 19	1,211	213,780	22,569	219,69
	ustralia (Dai	win)	287,22	7 )				
entral	Australia	(Alice			3,310	3,867	557	4,61
Spring	ga) Capital	Territory	236, 39	3   '		i	i 1	
	erra)		94	o	1,714	2,572	858	8,80
Total		•••••	2,974,58	4,45	5,005	5,435,734	980,729	6,488,70
	-		-	1		1		
			Increas	e of the	People			
		Increase				Deciense		
Year	_	The reams		. 1		144 14 11 11 11		Marringer
1	Births	Oversea Arrivals	Total	D a	ths	Oversen Departures.	Total	arter t miges
1925	135,792	100,075	235,867	. 54,	568	62,718	117.286	46,899
1920	133,162	107,924	241,086	56,	952	65,704	122,656	47,865
1927	133,698 134,078	117,423 99,792	233,870		262   376	68,499 72,550	131,938	49,033 48,592
1939	189,480	82,248	211,728		857	73,285	134,142	47.501
1930	x=8,399	63,093	191,492	55,	331	74,501	189,833	43,455
		I	nter-censal	Increase	, 1871	-1921.	_	
- ·	, , ,	Result of	Census		1			
Year of						Decemnal	Net Imig	
Census.	Males	Fem	ales	Total		Increase	during F	eriod
<b></b>		:		-				
1871	910,511			1,663,039		504,224	1861 1871	166,565
1881 1891	1,214,913			2,250,194		552,155	1871-1881 . 1881-1801	. 191,804
Iggi	I.704.039 I.977.928			3, 174, 391 3, 773, <b>8</b> 01		984.198 599.409	1891-1991 .	· 382,742 · 24,879
1911	2,313,035	3,141	,970	4,455,005		681,204	1901-1911	40,485
1921	2,762,870	2,672	,864	5 435.734	ļ ,	980,729	1911-1921	207,571
	_		Races	and Rela	gions.			
	Ruces		911.	rgar ,	1	teligions	2922	zgaz.
		ı		_	49			-
ropean	nol half aget			87.143		h of England yterians	1.710,443	2,372,99
nnese, n panese	ncl. half-caste do.	:	3,576	20,826 2,928		yterians xdists	458, 336	632,62
ndus ar	nd Cingalese	io i	4,052	3,056		Protestants	547,806 458,379	637,69
origine	s (estimated).	(	60,000	60,000	Roma	n Catholics	981,485	1,134.00
Do.	half-caste	1		xx,536	Jews		17,287	ax, 6x
	:08		8,830	9.345				

Australia was separated from the other great land surfaces at a remote period, and exhibits therefore some very archaic types of fauna and flora. It may be regarded as the largest island or the smallest continent, being surrounded by the following waters:—North, the Timor and Arafura Seas and Torres Strait; East, Pacific Ocean; South, Bass Strait (which separates Tasmania from the Continent) and Southern Ocean; and West, Indian Ocean. The total area of the Continent is 2,948,366 English square miles, the island of Tasmania having an area of 26,215 square miles, and making a total area for the States and Territories of 2,974,58r square miles. The coast-line of Australia is approximately 12,220 miles, and the geographical position of the Continent is between 10° 41′-39° 8′ South latitude and 113° 9′-153° 39′ East longitude; the greatest length East to West is 2,400 miles, and from North to South 1,971 miles. Its nearest distance to England is about 11,000 miles. From a physical standpoint the continent of Australia is divisible into an eastern and a

western area, the former containing a regular coast-line with a good harbourage, roadsteads, rivers, and inland waterways, and a greater development of fauna and flora; the latter a broken coast-line with estuaries rather than rivers, and but little inland water communication. whole continent is, roughly speaking, a vast, irregular, and undulating plateau, part of which is below the level of the sea, surrounded by a mountainous coast-line, with frequent intervals of low and sandy shore on the north, west and south. The Great Barrier Recf extends parallel with the East coast of Queensland for 1,200 miles, at a distance of about 60 miles from the mainland. A large part of the interior, particularly in the west, consists of sandy and stony desert, covered with spinifex, and containing numerous salt-marshes, though reaches of grass-land occur here and there. The geological formation of Australia is remarkable for its simplicity and regularity; the strike of the rocks is, with a single exception, coincident with the direction of the mountain-chains, from N. to S.; and the tertiary formation to be found in the N., S., and W. develops in the S.E into a gigantic tertiary plain, watered by the Darling and the Murray Rivers. Nearly all round the coast, however, and in eastern and southeastern Australia, stretching far inland from the coastal range, is a fertile area devoted partly to agriculture, partly to dairying, while the inland districts particularly are admirably adapted to the rearing of sheep. The most extensive mountain system takes its rise near the S.E. point. and includes a number of ranges known by different names in different places, none of them being of any great height. The highest peak, Mount Koscinsko, in New South Wales, reaches an elevation of 7,328 feet. The principal rivers are the Murray, which debouches on the south coast, after receiving the waters of its tributaries the Murrumbidgee, Lachlan, and Darling, in the S.E. part of the island: on the east coast, the Hawkesbury, Hunter, Clarence, Richmond, Brisbane, Mary, Burnett, Fitzroy, and Burdekin; on the west, the Swan, Murchison, Gascoyne, Ashburton, Fortescue, De Grey, and Fitzroy; on the north, the Drysdale, Ord, Victoria, and Daly; and the Roper, the Flinders, and Mitchell, which debouch into the Gulf of Carpentaria. Lakes are numerous, but nearly all are salt; the scarcity of the natural water supply has been, however, mitigated by successful borings and by the construction of large dams. The work of conserving the vast quantities of water which run to waste in the wet season is being vigorously prosecuted by a system of locks and weirs on some of the rivers. Minerals comprise gold, silver, copper, zinc, iron, and coal in large quantities, antimony, tin, gypsum, magnesite, osmiridium, opal, sapphires, &c., and there are abundant supplies of building stones, clays, &c. The potentialities of the country in regard to its supplies of metals and minerals have not yet been fully tested.

Climate.—The seasons commence about March 21 (Autumn), June 21 (Winter), Sept. 22 (Spring), and Dec. 22 (Summer). The climate is extremely dry, but, except in the tropical const-land of the north, the continent is everywhere highly beneficial to Europeans, the range of temperature being smaller than that of other countries similarly situated.

GOVERNMENT.

The Government is that of a Federal Commonwealth within the British Empire, the executive power being vested in the Sovereign (through the Governor-General), assisted by a Federal Ministry of ten Ministers of State and such honorary Ministers who may be appointed thereto. The Commonwealth was constituted by an Act of the Imperial Parliament dated July 9. 1900, and was inaugurated Jan. 1, 1901. Under the Constitution the Federal Government has acquired and may acquire certain defined powers as surrendered by the States, residuary legislative power remaining with the States. Trade and customs passed under Federal control immediately on the establishment of the Commonwealth; posts, telegraphs and telephones, naval and military defence, lighthouses and quarantine on proclaimed dates. The Commonwealth also now controls such matters as old age pensions, patents and copyrights, naturalization, navigation, &c. The right of a State to legislate is not abrogated except in connexion with matters exclusively under Commonwealth control, but where a State law is inconsistent with a law of the Commonwealth the latter prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.

# GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Governor-General, His Excellency the Rt. Hon Sir Isaac Alfred Isaacs, P.C., Military Secretary, Capt. L. F. Bracegirdle, D.S.O., R.A.N.

A.D.C., Lieut. N. R. Forrest. ....£10,000

# Executive Council.

(Oct. 22, 1929.) Prime Minister, Munister for External Affairs, and Munister for Industry, Rt. Hon. James Henry Scullin, P.C. Treasurer, Theodore. Hon. Edward Vice-Pres. Executive Council, Senator Hon John Barnes ...... Attorney-General, Hou. Frank Brennau . Postmaster-General and Minister for Works, Hon. Albert Ernest Green ...... Minister for Markets and Transport, Hou. Minister for Home Affairs, Hon. Arthur Minister for Defence, Hou. Joseph Bene-

Joseph Daly, John Braidwood Dooley, Lucien Lawrence Cunningham .. .....

COMMONWEALTH OFFICES IN LONDON, Australia House, Strand, W.C a.

High Commussioner, Maj Gen. Hon. Sii G de L. Ryric, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D. .. £2,250 Official Scoretary and Financial Adviser, 653

C.M.G , C.B.E. ..... 1.550 Commissioner-General for Australia in

Official Secretary, D McK. Dow,
"Cunard Building," 25, Broadway, New York ..... Commercial Representative for Australia in Canada, L. R. McGregor, 36 Youge Street, Toronto.

# THE LEGISLATURE.

The Federal Parliament consists of a Senate and a House of Representatives. The Sounte contains 36 mombers, six from each of the Original States, elected for six years by universal suffrage The House of Representatives, similarly elected for a maximum of three years, contains members proportionate to the population, with a minimum of 5 Representatives for each State. The House of Representatives, 1931, is made up of a5 for New South Wales, as for Victoria, 10 from Queensland, 7 from South Australia, 5 each from Tasmania and Western Australia, and z (entitled to debate but not to vote) from the Northern Territory. Members of the Upper and Lower Houses receive £800 per annum, with travelling expenses.

President of the Senate, Hon. Walter Kingsmill. Speaker, House of Representatives, Hon. Norman John Oswald Makin.

# THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Federal High Court with a Chief Justice and 5 Judges, having original and appellate jurisdiction, subordinate to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir Frank Gavan Duffy, K.C.M.G.....£3,500 Judges, Hon. George Edward Rich; Hon. Hayden Erskine Starke; Hon. Owen Dixon . Hon. Herbert Vere Evatt; Hon, Edward Aloysius McTiernan each Court of Conciliation and Arbitration, Chief Judge, His Hon. George James Dethridge ... ......

Judges, Their Hons. George Stephenson Beeby; Edmund Alfred Drake-Brockman, C.B., C.M.G., D S O., V.D.....each Federal Court of Bankruptcy, Judge, Hon.

Lionel Oscar Lukin.....

# DEFENCE. Navy.

The Australian fleet consists of the Cruisers Australia, Canberra, Brusbane, Adelade, 4 sloops, 5 destroyers, seaplane carrier, and several auxiliaries. The personnel of the fleet is mainly Australian in character, although still supple mented to some extent by Imperial officers and men. The sea-going forces of the Royal Australian Navy on February 15, 1931, consisted of 560 officers and 3,013 men. There is also a R. A. N. Brigade composed of members of the Citizen Naval forces.

# Armv.

From 1912 to 1929 the defence policy was based on the universal compulsory training of a Citizen Army, but from November 1st, 1926, the constitution of the forces on a voluntary basis was adopted Under this system men from 18 to 40 years of age may be enlisted in the Militia Forces, and youths from 14 to 17 years in the Semor Cadet Corps. On April 30th, 1931, 31, 88 were undergoing training.

The permanent strength of the Australian Air Force in April, 1931, was 104 officers and 768 airmen; and of the Citizen Air Force, 60 officers and ago airmen. The Air Force and the Civil Aviation expenditure (excluding war services) for the year 1929-30 was £708,956.

# PEDEDAL RIVANCE

	7 77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
Years	Revenue.   °Expenditure		Payments to States.	
1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30 1930-31	£ 75,541,760 73,808,287 74,894,799 77,143,387 60,566,920	£ 73,008,785 79,258,464 77,253,774 78,614,392 80,324,539	£ 8,a6a,91a 9,085,789 9,036,638 9,489,344 11,112,615	

The above particulars do not include the Interest payable on Loans to the States, which amounts are recoverable from the States concerned.

* In addition, the following amounts were spent from leans for War Purpuses and for Works—1998—16, 50,973,698 1995—27, 50,448,579: 1997—3, 50,58 1918; 1998—29, 52,837; 1979—30, 55,897,833; and 1930—37, 52,158 1998.

784

#### DEBT.

The total of the Public Debt for Commonwealth Purposes on June 30, 1931, was 5383,78.545, including a War Loan from the British Government of £79,724,220, which is subject to a funding arrangement wherehy the debt is to be extinguished about 1956 by annual dett is to be extinguished about 1956 by annual repayments of 6%, of which £x 2x. 8d. per cent. is for reduction of principal. Adding the indebtedness of the States viz., £750, 316,32x, the total public debts of Australia amounted (June 30, 1931) to £1,156,034,917 (of which £559,136,013 was redeemable oversess) or £170 175. 10d. per head of population.

Banking.—For the quarter ended June 3c, 1931, the Australian liabilities of the Banks of Issue throughout the Commonwealth amounted 18908 throughout the James was the £328,444,936, and the Australian assets to £422,873,993. On March 21, 1931, there were 5,125,095 depositors in the Savings Bauks, the amount of deposits being £192,871,506 (£29 148. 6d. per head of population)

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY. .

The estimated values of products :--

Agricultural	1938-29. £89,440,000 116,733,000 50,717,000 11,617,000 19,597,000 159,759,000	1929-30. £77,109,000 86,483,000 49,398,000 11,371,000 17,945,000 140,184,000
TIME COLLEGE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE	-39,739,000	-491,000

£447,863,000 £391,490,000

Agriculture and Live Stock.—The total land area is estimated at 1,903,732,240 acres, of which 21,929,721 were under cultivation in 1929 30.

Crop.	Acreage	Produce Bushels
Wheat (b)		126,884,622
Oats	1,515,871	14,424,186
Barley	451,339	7,588,852
Maize	<b>897,502</b>	7,945,320
Нау	2,658,661	Tous 3,725,274
Sugar Cane	307,085	3,755,375
Lire	Stock.	

	19 <b>26</b> .	19 <b>2</b> 9.
Sheep (4)	103,430,773	104,558,342
(attle	11,300,757	11,802,134
Horses	. 1,948,753	1,845,614
Pigs	910,181	1,018,324
(a) Estimated number o	f sheep as at	Dec 31, 1930,
205,895,894.		

(b) 1930 31, 18,213,462 at res, 212,628,669 hushels

In 1929-30 Australia produced 937,956,816 lb. of wool (as in the grease), against 568,128,933 lb. in 1928-29, 299,680,545 lb. of butter; 30,178,536 lb. of cheese, and 70,101,981 lb. of bacon and hams.

Mines and Minerals.—In 1929 the value of gold produced was £1,814,457; silver and lead, £3,293,863; copper, £2,075,146; tin, £459,666; coal, £8,676,324; value of all minerals produced in 1929, £17,944,635. The production of gold in 1930 was valued at £1,981,972.

Manufactures.—In 1929-30 there were in Australia 22,700 industrial establishments, employtrains 22,700 industrial combinations, or playing 419,794 hands; wages paid amounted to £82,719,033; value of plant and machinery, £227,627,692; of lands and buildings,£228,668,229; of materials used, £220,945,187; value added by manufacture, £125,354,432; and total value of final output, £390,912,373.

# EXTERNAL TRADE. Total Imports, 1929-30 ...... £131,081,320

10tai Exports, 1929-30		25,127,148
Country	Imports from	Exports to
United Kingdom	29 <b>3</b> 9-3 54,254,702 £	o. <b>66.306</b> .204
('anada	3,508,481	743,742
Ceyion	2,125,141	905,69z
India	5,021,440	5,452,421
Malaya (British)	812,513	1,399,321
New Zealand	1,677,009	3,874,400
South African Union	308,879	1,050,107
Belgium	985,005	5,536,231
China	568,664	
Egypt	54,108	<b>273,507</b>
France	3,070,645	1,792,223
Germany	4,5,1,678	10,134,578
Italy	4,541,070	6,246,960
	1,350,849	2,761,293
Japan Netherlands	4,181,643	6,555,003
	1,134,921	451,603
Do. East Indies	6,282,653	2,122,722
Russia	149,556	343,023
Sweden	1,671,786	¥35,405
Switzerland	1,566,721	¥7,553
United States	30,316,208	5,233,772
Imports (£ sterling, coc omitted)	1928-29.	x989-30

	(A stering, coo omitted)	-9-0-9-	-y=y-30
	Fish Preserved in Tins	1,266	1,342
	Ten	3,507	3,299
	Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigarettes	2,695	2,423
	Whisky	1,216	1,050
	Fibres	984	838
	Socks and Stockings	1,148	792
	Trimmings and Ornaments	870	781
ľ	Piece Goods :	•	
ľ	Canvas and Duck	690	646
	Cotton and Linen	7,572	7,270
ı	Silk, or containing Silk	6,533	5,496
ı	Woollen, or containing Wool	2,464	1,179
ľ	Carpets and Carpeting	x,389	1,344
ı	Floorcloths and Linoleums	1,047	797
į	Bags and Sacks	4,099	8,907
	Yarus-Wool, Silk, etc	2,070	2,230
	Petroleum Spirit, Benzine, &c.	6,8z6	7,429
	Kerosene	z,159	I,000
	Lubricating Oil	1,319	1,140
	Electrical Machinery and		, ,
i	Appliances	6,127	6,101
	Motive Power Machinery (exc		
ì	Electric)	2,557	2,482
ı	Tools of Trade	1,074	922
ı	Motor Car Bodies	1,472	698
į	Chassis for Motor Cars	9,205	6,097
1	Iron and Steel :		1
	Plate and Sheet	3,954	3,714
	Pipes and Tubes	1,806	I,390
	Rubber and its Manufactures	2,497	1,685
	Timber, Undressed Logs, &c.	3,099	3,998
Ì	Glass and Glassware	I,124	1,046
ı	Paper, Printing	3,047	3,130
1	Stationery, Books, &c	2,800	2.739
1	Drugs, Chemicals, &c	5,213	5,08e
1	Fertilizers	z,488	1,460
1	Arms and Explosives	1,004	871
	Musical Instruments	647	343
	Gold, Specie, Bar, etc	347	323
1	All other articles	50,343	47,017
1	Total Imports	143,648	131,051
_		-431ada	-31,001
	1000		-

Exports. (£ Sterling, coo omitted.)	2927-28	tg83-83.	1929-30.
Butter	6,727	7,159	7,003
Meat	4,816	6,342	6,254
Milk and Cream	1,180	1,485	908
Fruits (Dried)	2,602	2,301	2,171
Fruits (Fresh)	z,820	943	1,86a
Wheat	14,630		10,037
Flour		20,336	
Hides and Skins	5,229	5,999	4,949
	9,904	9,291	6,593
Wool	66,097	61,615	36,60z
Tallow	1,081	z,384	993
Concentrates	216	105	105
Lead (Pig and Matte)	3,516	3,233	3,432
Timber	1.218	1,143	I,OII
Gold	2,800	2,084	a6,86g
Silver	940	042	880
Sugar, Cane	2.103	2,301	2,216
Wine	1,062	501	554
Zinc and Concentrates			
	2,705	1,803	1,743
All other articles	13,453	11,733	10,833
Total Exports	141,206	141,633	125,127

Labour Statistics.—In 1930 there were 35s Trade Unions, with 845,787 members, of whom 120,000 were women. The estimated total number of employed persons over so years of age in 1930 was 1,313,000 males and 311,600 females. The number of unemployed members of trade unions averaged 19'3 per cent. Employers' Associations number 534, with membership of 134,660. Retail Price Index No. for food, groceries and rent (4 and 5 rooms) (6 Capital Cities) 1930 (haze 1933-1937-21,000) 975; including clothing, fuel, light and other miscellaneous household expenditure (hase 1933-1937-237-2,000) 975. Melbourne Wholesale Price Index 1930 (hase 1911-1,000) 1,590. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia, males (base 1911-1,000) 1,590. Nominal Weekly Wage Index No., Australia, males (base 1911-1,000) 1,887-961 96. Number of industinal disputes in 1930 was 183. involving 54,222 persons in a loss of 1,511,847 working days and £1,523,342 in wages.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

Railways.—Total length of Government (and private) railways open for general traffic at June 30, 1030, private lines being included in the totals and shown in parentheses:—

	HIPCH OPCI	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	6,090 4,738 6,726 3,939 4,842 821	(116) (25) (279) (34) (277) (141)
Federal Capital Territory Northern Territory	316	=
Total	27,477	872

The gross earnings of all Government lines in 1993-30 were £45,778,437, working expenses £37,963,434, and net earnings £7,783,292, being at the rate of 28 3d. per train mile, and representing a return on the total cost (£329,500,024) of 236 per cent., as against 3,43 per cent. in 1988-29. In 1989-30 passenger journeys numbered 353,832,000 and 21,207,000 tons of goods and live stock were carried, the train miles run being £6,775,000. The electrification of the Sydney suburban system is in progress.

Tramways.—There are 64x miles of tramways in Australia, 572 miles of which are of electric,

4s of steam, 26 of cable, and 1 of horse traction Extensive conversions to electrical traction have been made and more are in progress. The several Governments control 400 miles; municipal antihorities, 185 miles; and the remaining 47 miles are operated by private companies and individuals. The total capital cost of tramways at June 30, 1930, was £28,56,602. The revenue of electric tramways for the year 1929-30 was £7,844,511, working expenses £6,408,041, and net revenue £1,436,470, or 4'80d, per car nile. 71,812,42 car miles were run and 653,778,000 passenger journeys recorded.

Shipping.—The entrances and clearances of vessels engaged in oversea trade at the various Australian ports in 1920-30 were: entered, 1,522 (5,444,446 tons); cleared, 1,539 (5,499,681 tons). Of the vessels entered, 1,077 of 3,997,870 tons were under the British flag and 445 of 1,446,576 tons under foreign flags.

tons under foreign flags.

The total including local shipping entering the ports of the capital cities during 1929-30 was: Sydney 6,192 vessels of 8,940,535 tons, Melbourne 3,475 (7,030,192), Brisbane 1,151 (3,607,591), Adelaide 2,958 (4,697,886), Fremantic 788 (3,754,409), and Hobart 586 (891,368). At December 31, 1930, there were 2,386 vessels of a total net tournage of 377,384 on the shipping registers of the several States.

Posts and Telegraphs.—In year ended June 30, 1930, there were 8,507 post offices: there were 9,327 telegraph stations, with 150,414 miles of wire, transmitting 15,724,146 telegrams, receiving 728,339 and dispatching 781,98s cablegrams A Beam wireless station, giving a service to and from Great Britam, was opened for traffic in April, 1927. At the end of year 1929-30, 520,169 Telephones were connected with 6,094 telephone exchanges; approximately 420,540,000 "local" and 33,384,725 "trunk line" calls were recorded for the year. 311,632 wireless broadcasting listeners' licences were issued in 1920-20

Motor Vehicles.—At June 30, 1930, there were 655,314 motor vehicles registered in the several States. These comprised 466,930 cars, 84,837 motor cycles, and 104,487 commercial vehicles; revenue derived from motor registration fees and motor tax, &c., in 1939-30 was £4,54,898. Motor omnibus services are extensively operating in urban areas.

Cini Aviation.—220 neroplanes of various types were registered with the Department of Civil Aviation at Junc 20, 2920 During the year 128,926 flights of a total duration of 42,963 hours were effected: 3,243,297 miles were flown, and ro4,226 passengers carried. On the subsidized aerial mail routes 29,205 lbs. of mail were carried; Western Australia, 25,649 lbs.; Queensland, 2,733 lbs.; and 82z lbs. on Adelaide (S.A.) and Cootamundra (N.S.W.) and branch services. Three subsidized companies are now operating machines over approved routes (approximately 5,900 air miles), while several unsubsidized companies have commenced commercial services over additional routes totalling 2,250 miles.

CAPITAL.—CANBERRA, in the Federal Capital Territory, transferred to the Commonwealth by N.S.W. on Jan. z, yex, has been laid out as the capital of the Commonwealth. At the latest available date the population of the Federal Capital Territory amounted to 8,459, of which 7,390 were living in Canherra.

THE MORTHERN TERRITORY.

The Northern Territory has a total area of sag. sea square miles, and lies between rag-180 sat longitude as far as 26°8 outh latitude. The administration was taken over by the Commonwealth on January x, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1911, 1

Agricultural development is increasing both in the number of individual landholders and the acreage under crop. The success of peanut growing during the last two years is mainly responsible for the improvement, and it is believed to presage a definite era of agricultural progress in the Territory. This applies to the land situated north of so'S. lat. Agriculture is practically negligible in that part south of soo S. lat. Agricultural leases are granted in per-petuity at nominal rentals, which are subject to re-appraisement every 21 years. They may be converted to freehold at any time after commencement of lease, subject to easy and liberal conditions. Most tropical products can be grown, and the potentialities for pig raising and bacon curing are excellent. The stanle industry is pastoral : cattle raising north of soo 8 lat. and is pastorial: cacter raising north of so is an anical cattle, horse, and sheep raising south of so S. lat. Until railways are constructed, however, little, if any, improvement is expected in the pastorial industry in that part north of so S. lat., owing to the distance between the eastern and southern Australian markets. The position south of 20° S. lat. is more hopeful, as a result of the extension of the railway from the Adelaide (South Australia) market to Alice Springs. The whole of the Territory is capable, under proper conditions, of carrying successfully and profitably a great expansion of the beef cattle industry. There are vast areas of magnificent country which could be so utilised. From the Queensland border to the Western Australian border, a distance of over 600 miles, there are many thousands of square miles of country splendidly grassed and growing edible shrubs. The chief rivers are Vic-toria, Adelaide, Daly, Roper, Liverpool, Goyder, MoArthur, and the Robinson. The first five are navigable, from 40 to 100 miles from their en-trance, for boats drawing 4 feet. Pearl fishing is carried on round the coast, the shell being of good quality. There are considerable mineral resources, gold, silver, lead, tin and mica being indicated, and when communications are opened up the industry will become important, only railway is from Darwin to Bi from Darwin to Birdum

(315 miles).
Darwin, North Australia, occupies an elevated

site 8e feet above high-water mark, overlooking Port Darwin. Alice Springs, Central Australia, is situated in the MacDonnell Ranges, and boasts a splendid climate.

Administrator of Northern Territory, Col.

Deputy Administrator of Central Australia, V. G. Carrington.....

# PAPUA.

The Territory of Papus, which was placed under the authority of the Commonwealth of Australia in 1505, comprises a part of the New Guinen mainland situated between the meridiaus of 141° and 150° 5€. longitude, and between the 5th and 12th parallels of South lattinde; also the Trobriand Group of islands, Woodlark, the d'Entrecasteaux Group, the Louislades, the Conflict Group and the Langulan Group. The total area of Papua is 90,540 sq. miles, of which 87,786 are on the mainland. There is an Excentive Council of nine members who, with five non-official members, form the Legislative Council. The white population in 1931 was 1,128. The official estimate of the native population is 275,000. On Dec. 31, 1930, 88,902 acres were under crops (47,827 coco-nuts, 9,075 rubber, 750 sisal hemp and 348 coffee). Owing to heavy rainfall Papua is well watered in most parts and possesses a large number of streams. The best known rivers are the Fly (650 miles long and navigable by steam launch for 500 miles) and the Purari. The climate is favourable to the cultivation of tropical products.

Danish	z029-30	1930 31
Revenue	£149,265	£135,611
Expenditure	151,874	134,986
Imports		
	373,918	<b>839,894</b>
Exports	324,775	274,3II
LieutGovernor and Judge	e, Sir Hube	rit
Murray, K.O M.G		£.x.800
Official Secretary, H. L. M.		
Gort. Sec., H. W. Champion		
Judge, R. T Gore	<b></b>	I,800
Treasurer, E. C. Hairis		
Chief Med. Officer, W. M. St		
Commr. for Native Affairs,	J. T. O'Mall	ey 804
Director of Public Works, A		
Commissioner for Lands at		
Agriculture, C. R. Pinn	ey	732
CAPITAL. Port Moresby.	•	,,,

# TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA.

The part of "German Now Gninea" over which Australia was given a mandate is situated in latitude between the Equator and \$28., and in longitude between 141° E. and 125° E. It consists of the N.E. portion of New Guinea to 141° E. (70,000 sq. miles), Bismarck Archipelago including New Britain, New Ireland, and islands adjacent to both (19,200 sq. miles), and the two northernmost Bolomon Islands (4,100 sq. miles) (Bougainville and Buka). The principal river in N.E. New Guinea is the Sepik, which is navigable for 250 miles.

The climate is hot and moist along the coast, with a steady drop as the higher altitudes are reached. It is suitable to the growth of all tropical products. In 1252-30 there were 204,000 acres under crops (coco-unta, 125,000). The white population in 1230 was 2,663; the native

influence are not included in the above total,

as no reliable estimate can be made.)

boat of Audithistration, Itabaul.	
1929-30.	1930-31
Rovenue £339,643	290,834
Expenditure 356,312	293,378
Imports 882,016	782,765
Exports 997,335	919,420
Administrator, BrigGen. E. A Wisdom	١,
C.B , C M.G., D S.O., V.D	.£1,800
Chief Justice, D. S. Wanliss, C.M.G., V.D.,	
Judge, F. B. Phillips	
Government Sec , H. H. Page, D S.O. M.C.	
Treasurer, H. O. Townsend, O.B K	
Commiss. of Native Affairs, H C. Cardes	
Dir. of Public Health, Di E. T. Brennan	
DSO MC MR RS	

# NORFOLK ISLAND.

This island is about 930 miles from Sydney and 400 miles from New Zealand. It is about five miles in length by three in breath, and was discovered by Capt. Cook in 1774. Its area is 8,388 acres and circumference so miles. The climate is mild, with a mean temperature of 68° and an annual rainfall of 55 inches The descendants of the mutineers of the Bounty were brought here from Pitcairn Island in 1856. The population in July, 1931, was approximately 1,000. Administrator, Col. A. J. Bennett, CM.G., D.S.O , V D

President Executive Council, E C. Robinson.

# States of the Commonwealth.

# I,-NEW SOUTH WALES.

The State of New South Wales is situated almost entirely between the 29th and 37th parallels of S, lat. and 141st and 154th meridians of E. long., and comprises an area of 320,372 square miles (inclusive of 940 square miles of Erritory)—1.c., more than five times that of England and Wales, and over three times the size of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

POPULATION.—The estimated population at 31st March, 1931, was Males, 1,23,158 Total, 2,596,086

Births. Deaths, and Marriages.

_			
Year	linths	Deaths	Marriages
1924	53,670	20,821	18,077
1925	54,615	20,823	18,522
1926	53,126	22,188	19,219
1927	53,858	22,770	20,052
1928	54,800	22,694	20,076
1989	52,672	24,615	19,535
1930	52,136	21,252	17,383

Vital Statistics—Annual rate per 1,000 of population in 1930 —Births, 20 94; Deaths, 8 54. Marriages, 6'98. Deaths under r year per 1,000 births, 49 8.

#### Religious.

All religions are free. There is no State Chinch About three-fourths of the people are Protestants, the members of the Church of England in New South Wales, according to the Census of 1921, number 1,027,410, to the Census of 1921, number 1,027,410, Roman Catholic 502,815, Presbyterian 219,932, Methodist 185,977, Congregational (Independent) 22,235, Empires 24,722, Salvation Army 9,490, and Hebrew 10,150.

# PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Eastern or coastal district is traversed by The Eastern or coastal district is traversed by the Great Dividing Range, the various portions of the Range in N.S.W. being (from N. to S.) Macphetson, New England, Liverpool, Main of Bine Mountain, Cullarin, Gourock, Monaro and Municong Ranges—the highest points being Mount Kosenisko, 7,28 feet, and Townsend, 7,266 feet. The eastern or coastal district is watered by the Tweed, Richmond, Clarence, Belinger Namburca, Macleay Hastings Camdon linger, Nambucca, Macleay, Hastings, Camden Haveu, Manning, Wollomba, Hunter, Hawkesbury, George, Shoalhaveu, Clyde, Moruya, Tuross, Bega, Towamba, and Snowy Rivers. The western por-

tion of the country is not so well watered, but immense reservoirs are being constructed for irrigation purposes, and there are many artesian bores. The Darling, x,609 miles, and the Murrumbidgee, 98x miles, are both tributaries of the Murray, which has a total length of x,609 miles, 1,303 miles forming part of the boundary between the States of New South Wales and Victoria.

other inland rivers are: Lachlan, Bogan, Macquaire, Castlereagh, Namoi and Gwydur.

Chonate.—New South Wales is stuated entirely in the Temperate Zone The climate is dry and very healthy. At the capital (Sydney) the average mean shade temperature is 63 22.

The mean temperature ut the shade for the most temperature for the copt is 65° to 70°, south coust 50° to 65° The mean temperature to the shade for the north coast 56° to 52°, northern tableland 57° to 60°, southern tableland 46° to 58°; noth-western slopes, the mean anunal temperature ranges from 52° to 64°, south-western slopes 60° to 64°, south-western slopes 60° to 63°, and in the Western Plains and Rivenna Division from 52° to 69°. The Seasons are as follows: Spring during September, October and November: Summer during December. and November; Summer during December, January, and February; Autumn during March, April, and May; Winter during June, July, and August.

### GOVERNMENT.

New South Wales was first colonised as a New Solini water was into colonized as a British possession in 1788, and after progressive settlement a partly elective legislature was established in 1843 in 1855 "Responsible Government" was granted, the present Constitution being founded on the Consolidating Act of 1902. The executive authority is vested in a Governor (appointed by the King), assisted by a Conneil of Ministers.

GOVERNOR.

Governor of New South Wales, His Ex-cellency Air Vice-Marshal Sir Philip Woolcott Game, G.B K., K C.B., D S o.

Official Secretary, H. S. C. Budge, C. M. G. . . ...£5,000 Private Secretary, Brig.-Genl. A. T. Anderson, c M a.

Lucutenant-Governor, Hon. Sir Philip Street, K.C.M.G., born 1863.

#### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

H.E. the Governor presides: The Ministry:

A new Labour Cabinet was formed Nov 4.

1930, and reconstructed from June 17, 1931, 48 follows:-

Mows:—
Premier and Treasurer, J. T. Lang.
Mines and Labour, J. M. Baddeley.
Attorney-General, J. Lamaro.
Agriculture and Forests, W. F. Dunn.
Colonial Secretary, M. Gosling.
Education, W. Davies.
Lands, J. M. Tully.
Justice, W. J. McKell.
Public Works, M. A. Davidson.
Heatth, W. T. Ely.
Local Government, J. McGirr.
Vice-President of Executive Connect, J. M.
Concannon, M.L.C.

Allowances, amounting in the aggregate to £19,907 per annum, are payable to members of the Ministry.

These allowances, also all salaries and allowances shown below, have been reduced, under the Public Service Salaries Reduction Act (No.3, rogs, for a period of twelve months from August 5, rogs, by an amount arrived at by deducting sums langing from 15 per cent. on the portion of salary below £500 to 32% per cent. on that portion of salary which exceeds £1,500.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of two Houses, the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly. Members of the Legislative Council (36 in August, 1931) are appointed by the Crown for August, 1931) are appointed by the Crown for the Members are not entitled to remuneration, but travel free on the State railways and transways. The Legislative Assembly consists of 50 nuembers. Each member of the Legislative Assembly receives £742 152, per annum, and members travel free over the Government railways and transways in the State, and are provided with official stamped envelopes for the free transmission of correspondence through the post. The Women's Legal Status Act, 1918, removed disqualification regarding the election of women to be members of the Legislative Assembly. Natural-born or naturalised persons 21 years of age, who have resided 6 months in the Commonwealth, 3 months in the State and one month in the electoral district, are entitled to the franchise. At the State General Election in October, 1930, there were 719,999 male and 11,0549 female electors, making a total of 1.430.648 enrolled and qualified to vote; of these 1,356,423, or 94'94 per cent, voted.

President of the Legislative Council, Pro-

Chairman of Committees, Legislative Assembly, Major H. J. Connell, D.S. O., M.O. 947 125. Clork of Assembly, W. R. McCourt 1,140 Librarian, J. J. Quinn 870

# THE JUDICATURE.

The indicial system includes a Supreme Court (with a Chief Justice and eight Puisne Judges), Land and Valuation Court, Industrial Commission, District Courts, Workers' Compensation Commission, Courts of Quarter Sessions, Petty Sessions and Children's Courts and Fair Rents Courts. Trial by jury has been in force since 1824.

# District Courts.

2,600

His Honour Judge White, His Honour Judge Armstrong, His Honour Judge Mocatta, His Honour Judge Edwards, His Honour Judge Coyle, His Honour Judge Thomson and His Honour Judge Steridan Gurlewis, His Honour Judge Sheridan

Innes .....

(The several District Court Judges are also Chairmen of the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Judges of the Court of Review within their respective districts, and Judges of the Court of Manuel Denuiter).

Murine Inquiry)
Crown Solicitor, John Ernest Clark ....... 2,000
Workers' Compensation Commission Charrman, His Honour Judge Perdrian ..... 2,500

# EDUCATION.

iof the ages of 7 and 14 years. It is non-sectarian and free at all State schools. The total enrolment in 1930 in 3,277 State schools was 380,645, and the average daily attendance 34,655.

10,000 in addition to the State schools there were in 1930,748 private colleges and schools, with 93,024, exclusive of many business and shorthand schools. The University of Sydney, with Which 6 colleges are affiliated, including two Women's Colleges, was incorporated in 1850, and 18,54 students (a,048 male and 776 female) in 1930. The State expenditure on Education was £5,340,208 in the year ended June 1930. The 1931 in the year ended June 1932. The individual students at State Technical classes numbered 18,829 in 1930, and many attended at 875 the State Agricultural College and Farms.

		INANCK.	
Year ended June 30	Revenue, including Advances repaid	Expenditure, including Transfers and Advances	Funded Public Pebt
1927 1928 *1929 *1930 *1931	£ 44,149,566 44,198,978 20,703,940 19,750,801 17,422,051	£, 42,690,624 45,293,968 20,110,771 21,130,064 20,296,315	£ 227,724,466 245,247,907 256,791,944 259,589,967

Co-operative Societies.—There were 370 registered societies in existence at June 30, 2330. During the year ending on that date the sales of 92 rural societies amounted to £14,769,572, and the sales of 47 trading societies amounted to £3,553,038. Building Societies advanced

60 £3,55,50.5. Duffing Societies advanced £747,316 to members Shipping.—Excluding coastal trade, s,63 vessels entered ports of N.S.W. during the year ended June 30, 1930. For the year ended June 30, 1931, the shipping entries at Sydney, including State coastal, were 5,682 vessels of 8,468,882 net tomage. The dock accommodation at Sydney includes four large graving docks, five floating docks, and seven patent slips. At Newcastle there are five patent slips.

Motor Vehicles — At June 30, 1930, there were 154,096 registrations of motor-cars in force, and

68,007 of other motor vehicles
**Rativacys.**—The railways and tramways of New
South Wales, with the exception of a few short
lines, representing about 113 miles, are controlled
by the State. At June 30, 1930, the mileage of
the State railways open for traffic was 5,974, the
capital cost amounted to £125,378,326, and the
net earnings for the year 1929-30 to £2,364,269.
There were also 212 miles of State tramways,
the capital cost being £12,764,974, and the net

earnings £27,906.
Roads and Bridges.—A Main Roads Board, of two engineers with special knowledge of road construction and a president, was constituted in rogs. Municipal councils are assisted in the construction and maintenance of the main highways with the object of developing vacant lends, feedling the railways, and giving pnimary

producers access to markets and providing better facilities for motor traffic. There are 112,595 miles of roads in New South Wales. At June 30, 1927, Irliges over so ft. span numbered 4,972, the total length being 404,381 feet. The total expenditure other than on Sydney Harbour Bridge, in 1928-30 was £4,939,199 (including loan moneys expended by Main Roads Board). The construction of an arch bridge over Sydney Harbour is in course of erection, and will be completed early in 1932. This bridge will carry a roadway 57 ft. wide, two footways each 10 ft wide, and four lines of railway. At mean high water there will be a headway of 172½ feet. At June 30, 1930, the Government expenditure in connection with the bridge amounted to £6,463,943. Of this sum £1,212,361 had been expended on resumptions and £1,139,265 on

approaches.

Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones —The postal, telegraphic, and telephonic services are administered by the Commonwealth Government. At June 30, 1930, there were 2,676 post offices in New South Wales The postal matter curried during 1926-29 (the latest year for which the information is available) included 252,038,712 letters and postcards, 81,305,900 newspapers, 65,164,500 books, packets and parcels. During the year ended June 30, 1930, 6,842,976 telegrams and cablegrams were transmitted, exclusive of telegrams from other States of the Commonwealth of Australia. The telephone line connections numbered 150,666.

TRADE.

The oversea imports into New South Wales during 1930-31 were valued at £26,288,121, and the oversea exports were £31,376,904.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture is one of the principal industries of New South Wales; 5,499,408 acres, excluding 1,538 acres double- cropped, were under cultivation during the year ended June 20, 1930, producing 34,407,000 bushels of wheat, 3,035,850 bushels of naize, 2,528,610 bushels of oats, besides other kinds of grain, with 23,907 tons of potatoes, 686,650 tons of hay, and 1,934 cwt, of dried leaf tobacco. Sugar-cane to the extent of 14,412 tons was crushed; and 1,933,700 gallons of wine, 171,720 cases of bananas, and 28,403 dozen of pineapples obtained; almost every kind of fruit and vegetable is grown. The estimated total area under wheat in the year 1930-31 was 5,664,600 acres, of which 5,123,100 acres were harvested for grain, and 25,000 acres for large and 25,000 acres were fed off. The estimated production of wheat was 65,811,000 bushels of grain and 570,750 tons of bay.

Jand Alteration.—The total extent of land alterated and in process of alleration on June 30, 1330, was 67,500,324 acres, while the area of land held under lease, &c., was 13,326,336 acres, and the balance, 16,800,8xs acres, coinsisted of reserve and other lands neither alterated nor leased; the total area of the State, exclusive of Federal Capital area (Canberra), being 198,036,360

Lave Nuck.—The country is admirably adapted for sheep-farming, and several breeds of sheep are depastured, including the celebrated merino, which was introduced in 1797. On June 39, 1239, there were 534,945 horses, 1,039,949 dairy ows, 1,645,183 other cattle, total cattle 1,685,123; 48,720,000 sheep, 323,499 swine,15,651 goats, and 534 camels. A pieliminary estimate of the

o'The figures relating to revenue and expenditure for the years 1999, 2992 and 1932 are not comparable with previous years, the Metopolitan Water Board being excluded from Comodidated Revenue from April 2, 1992, other Bushness Undertakings from July 2, 2992,

number of sheep at December 31, 1930, is 49,870,000. In 1929-30, 459,970,000 lb. (stated as in the grease) of wool were produced, 105,022,376 lb. butter, 6,345,785 lb. cheese, and 21,564,72 lb. bacon and ham. The production of wool in rago-31, according to a preliminary estimate, was 430,000,000 lb. During 1939-30 there were 126,271 persons permanently engaged in rural in-

135,37; persons permanently engaged in rural industries, 116,43; being males, and 9,848 females. Values of Rural Industries.—The agricultural production was valued in 1929-30 at £15,438,000, dairying and farm; yard produce at £19,796,000, and pastoral production at £28,511,000, a total

of £38,745,000.

Forests, Fisheries and Trapping.—The value of these industries in 1929-30 was £4,131,000,

and 6,303 persons were engaged.

Mining Industry.—The goldfields were opened in 1831. The principal minerals are coal, copper, silver. lead, zinc, tin, iron, opal and platinum. silver, lead, zinc, tin, iron, opal and platinum. The total value of minerals won during 1930 was £9.782,606, exclusive of Portland cement £926,792, lime £52,365, and color £526,345, coal accounting for £5.192,922, silver, silver lead and ore £2.083,790, and gold £53,066. The value of the mining plant and machinery was £7,068,630. The mining hidustry gave employment to a rop operand during the war. ment to \$5,010 persons during the year.

Factories.—In 1999-30 there were 8,208 factories; the employees numbered 157,690, of whom 125,769 were males and 41,921 females, the amount of £34,875,905 being paid in salaries and wages. Male workers, exclusive of working proprietors, received on an average an amount of £323 v3. Od during the year and females £121 v6e. 7d. The capital value of land, buildings and fixtures amounted to £53,785,339, and of plant and machinery £53,515,368. The full capacity of the machinery was 1,304,964 h p., including steam, 868,526 h.p.; gas, 15,400 h.p.; oilectricity, 373,893 h.p.; water, 90,218 lb.p.; oill, 27,927 h.p. The power actually used was, on the average, 783,266 h.p. The value of output was £36,250,618, materials used, £94,364,658, and fuel consumed (including motive power rented), £6,038,350; the production, £., value added to raw materials, was £66,847,610. There are large from and steel works at Newcastle, Lithgow and Port Kembla. proprietors, received on an average an amount and Port Kembla.

The total value of the production of the primary industries in 1929-30 was £70,375,000, making, with factory production, a total for all industries (as far as it is recorded) of £137,223,000, which is equal to £55 78. 7d per head of population.

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

For purposes of Local Government, with the exception of an area of 125,950 sq miles in the sparsely-populated western division, the State is divided into x8x municipalities and x38 shires, governed by councils which are elected triennially. The councils are empowered to levy rates on the value of land, to float loans, to acquire land and works, to construct and maintain streets, jetties, wharfs, &c., to make regulations regarding cattle slaughtering, main-

regulations regarding cattle staughtering, mainstenance of public places, traffic, street and road lighting, public health and safety, management of parks, &c.

The basis of rating is mainly on the unimproved capital value of land, which in rasps was £srx,324,326 in unmnicipalities, including the city of Nyduey, and £166,627,924 in shires.

The total income of the municipal bodies was

£14,821,211, and the expenditure on works and services, &c., £14,794,988.

SYDNEY, the chief city and capital, stands on the shore of Port Jackson, with a water frontage of 188 miles; the depth of water at the Heads is not less than so feet, and at the wharves from so to go feet. There are extensive plants for loading ships, and for storing and loading grain in bulk; also for replenishing coal and oil bunkers. For 12 miles Sydney Harbour extends when the first harbour in the grain and is inland, the finest harbour in the world, and is surrounded by scenery of surpassing beauty. The principal wharves are situated in close proximity to the business centre of the city. The total area of water in the port is 14,284 acres, or about as square miles, of which 3,000 acres have a depth of from 35 feet to 260 feet; the rise and fall of the tide 18 from three to six fect. The city extends four miles north and south by three miles east and west, and contains a population of rog,500 (Dec , 1930); contains a population of respace (Dec., 1930);
oi, including suburbs, a population of
1,a51,366.* In addition to the Government
buildings, there are the University and Colleges,
National Art Gallery, musenms, botanic gardens,
2001ogical gardens, free public libraries, observatory, conservatorum of missic, two cathedrals,
numerous churches and some large public hospitals. The parks within the metropolitan area are 82,272 acres in extent, and include the National Park which measures 33,800 acres, Kuring-gai Chase 35,300 acres, Kurnell 248 acres, Centennial Park 474 acres, and Parramatta Park #52 acres. Other towns are Newcastle (with suburbs), ro4.ryo; Broken Hill, 22,990, Lith-gow, r5,300; Maitland, E.& W., rr, 820; Goulburn, r2,560; Katoomba, r0,020; Bathurst, 9,690; Lisra, 500; Ratonino, ro, 520; Bathinat, 9,090; Lis-more, ro, 370; Albury, 9,320; Cessnock, 23,630, Wagga Wagga, 8,520, Liverpool, 6,240; Kairfield, 7,840; Grafton and South (Trafton, 6,950; Wollongong, ro, r30, Orange, 8,550. Tanworth, 7,690; Armidale, 7,090; Dubbo, 6,280; Glen Innes, 4,680; Forbes, 5,720. Approximate time in transmission of mails from London to Swidey, 88 days.

from London to Sydney, 28 days

# DEPENDENCY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LORD HOWE ISLAND (436 miles north-east of Sydney). Lat 31° 33′ 4″ S., Long. 159° 4′ 26″ E. Area, 3,220 acres. Pop., Dec., 1299, 112. The siland is of volcanic origin and Mount Gower reaches an altitude of 2,840 feet. The affairs of the Island and the control of the Kentia palm seed industry are vested in a Board of Control Office, Chief Secretary's Department, Sydney.

# II -VICTORIA.

The State of Victoria comprises the southeast corner of Australia, at that part where its territory projects farthest nut the southern latitudes; it lies between the 34th and 35th parallels of South latitude, and the 142st and 150th meridians of East longitude. Its extreme length from east to west is about 220 miles, its greatest breadth is about 250 miles, and its extent of coast-line nearly 600 miles, the entire

	Increase	of the Peopl	e.
Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages
1926	35,362	16,335	13,405
1927	35,074	16,773	13,608
1928	34,498	17,708	13,186
1929	33,604	16,717	12,935
1930	33,127	15,959	11,641

Vital Statistics.—Annual rate per 1,000 of population in 1930:—Births, 18:36. Deaths, 8 94; Marriages, 6:3a. Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births, 46 52.

Religion. There has been no State and to religion since 1875. Members of the Church of England in rgar (last census) numbered 607,809, 'Protest-ants' z8,636, Presbyterians 257,072, Methodasts 183,839, Baptists 22,305, ('hu ch of C'hrist 22,250, Independents 15,893, and Roman Catholics' 222,565.

PHYSIOGRAPHY. The Australian Alps and the Great Dividing Range pass through the centre of the State, and divide it into a northern and southern watershed, the latter sloping down to the ocean and sned, the latter signing down to the decad and containing, especially in the south-east, well-wooded valleys. The Murray River forms the northern boundary of the State, and has many Victorian tributaries. The capital stands upon the Yarra-Yarra, which rise slopes of the Dividing Range. which rises in the southern

Clunate.—The mean temperature over a period of 15 years, ended in 1930, was 58 5° Fahrenheit, the thermometer rising (on the average four days during the year) above 100° in the shade, and falling (on the average for about two nights in the year) below 32° F. The average number of days on which rain fell was 138, and the average yearly rainfall was 150 in the

Victoria was originally known as the Port Phillip District of New South Wales, and was creected into a separate colony in 1851, with a partially elective legislature. In 1852 Respon-sible Government was conferred The executive anthority is vested in a Governor, appointed by the Crown, aided by an Executive Council of rs members

Governor of the State of Victoria (Vacant).

Lieut.-Gorernor, Hon. Sir William Hill Irvine, K.C. M. G., K.C. (1918). ... ... £5,000 Private Sec., Major H. A. F. Wilkinson,

м с., у в Hon Ardes-de-Camp, Major W L K. Richardson, v.D , and Major J. Pain,

D.S O., M C.
Official Sec., C. W Kinsman.

THE MINISTRY (June, 1931)

(The sum of £10,000 is allocated for Salaries of the Ministry).

Premier Treasurer, and Minister of Markets, Hou. E. J. Hogan.

Chief Secretary, Hon. Thomas Tunnichffe Attorney-General, Solicitor-General, and Minister of Agriculture, Hon. William Slater.

Commussioner of Crown Lands and Survey, Minis-

commissioner of Cross Lands and Nurself, Minister of Water Supply, and President of Doard of Land and Works, Hon. H. S. Balley.
Commissioner of Public Works, Minister of Mines, and Minister in charge of Immuration, Hon. J. P. Jones.

Minister of Railways and Munister in charge of Electrical Undertakings, Hon. John Cain,

Minister of Forests and Minister of Public Health, Hou. Robert Williams. Minister of Public Instruction and Minister of Labour, Hon. John Lemmon. Ministers without Portfolio, Hons. D. L. McNamara, E. L. Kiernan, G. C. Webber:

R. T Pollard.

AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.

Walter Leitch, Agent-General in London, Walter Leitch, C.B.E., Victoria House, Mellourne Place, C.B.E., Victor Strand, W.C.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of two Houses-the Legislatire Coincil of 34 members, elected for the 17 Provinces for 6 years, one-half retring every 3 years, and the Legislative Assembly of 65 members, elected for a maximum duration of 3 years, for the 65 electoral districts, by universal adult suffrage. The electors for the Council number 470,395, and those for the Assembly.

1,037,344.
President of the Legislative Council, Hon. Sir Francis Grenville Clarke, K.B E .... £750 Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon. Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M G. . . . . . . . . .

THE JUDICATURE. There are magistrates' courts, and general sessions and county courts; and a Supreme Court with a Chief Justice and six Phisne Judges

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir William Hill Irvine, k.C.M.G. (Acting as Lieut.-Governor)... Pursne Judges, Their Honours Sir Leo 

(ccting) ...... each County Court Judges, W. H. Monle, H. C. Winneke, C. J. Z. Womarski, W. H. Wilhams, H. C. G. Macindoo, A. W. . ... each **£2,500** 

1,500 1 ncome

gency Act, at valuous rates, from an per cent, on salaries of £728 to 27 per cent where the salary exceeds £3,000.

EDUCATION.

Primary Education is compulsory, secular and nee between the ages of 6 and 14, there being 25.872 children on the registers in 1929, the average attendance being about 69 per cent. Secondary Education is principally under private control, 75,886 pupils being in attendance at the sor schools in rese. There is a State-aided University at Melbourne, with four affiliated colleges (Trinity, Ormond, Queen's, and Newman)

FINANCE. The revenue and expenditure and State Debt

ior nae ž	ears are give	m wa tonows :-	_
1 enr	Revenue	Expenditure.	Deht
1925-26 1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30	£, 25,269,756 27,128,700 27,357,917 28,156,034 27,323,842	£ 25,559,583 27,744,903 27,521,270 28,104,947 28,496,712	£ x40 264,989 x49,546,966 x58,x83,470 x59,552,653 x62,288,994

Banking, da.—There were (June 30, 1931) 15 tality, 48 as per 1,000 hirths, being one of the banks (including Commonwealth Bank) with lowest rates in the world.

total assets £125,672,975, within the State, and liabilities £125,612,525. The savings bank deposits (including amounts deposited in the Commonwealth Savings Bank) at June 30, 1931, principal religious denominations were as followed. amounted to £63,242,527.

### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture.—Of the 8,651,930 acres under cultivation in 1939-30, 3,565,135 were wheat crops and 630,234 oats, and 865,015 acres were cut for liny. In 1920-30, 1,363,575 gallons of wine were produced. The estimated value of production in 1929-30 was (including manufacturing values)

500,593,185.

Live Nuck.—There were in 1930,619,416 milch cows, producing 90,639,652 lb. of butter and 6,953,949 lb. of cheese; and 715,826 other cattle, 17,427,203 sheep, 26,978 pigs, and 393,015 horses.
Minerals.—The gold production in Victoria has declined very considerably, the amount produced in 1930 being 24,119 02. (£202,456).
Other minerals raised consisted principally of coal (black and brown), kaolin, tin and gypsum.
Trads and Industry.—Wool, wheat, flour, butter, live stock, fruits, condensed milk and

poultry are the staple productions of the State; and the manufactures (8,195 factories, &c., employing 151,009 hands in 1939-30) are mainly for home consumption. The chief exports oversea are: wool, butter, wheat, flour, skins and hides, tallow, milk and cream, preserved and frozen meats and fruit (dried and fresh). The principal oversea imports of the State are iron and steel. machines and machinery, metals and metal manufactures, silks, volvets, &c., apparel and attire, bags and sacks, tea, cottons and linens, woollens, timber, petroleum spirit and paper.

# CITIES AND TOWNS.

MELBOURNE, the capital city, which is an episcopal see, was originally laid out in the year 1837 with wisdom and foresight; its wide statests, public gardens, university, public library, nuiseum and large churches are the principle features of the city. Melbourne and anhurbs cover an area of 125,742 acres and contained (December 31, 1930) a population of 1,038,500. Other cities are Ballarat, 45,050; (feelong, 43,400; Bendigo, 33,600, Warnambool, 8,100. The chief towns are Castlemaine, 7,170; Wonthagg, 7,000; Mildura, 6,000; Hamilton, 5,300; Ararat, 5,300, and Shepparton, 5,500. Transmission of mails, approximate, 30 days. Melbourne, distant from London 2x,207 miles;

transit, 30 to 35 days.

# III.-SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

The State of South Australia is situated between 26° and 37° S. lat. and 129° and 141° E. long., the total area being 380,070 sq. miles.

POPULATION -In 1931 the population numbered g8s,928 (300,828 males and a8s,100 females). Increase of the People.

Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages	
1926	11,483	4,877	4,503	
1927		5,128	4,501	
1926	11,408	5,147	4,146	
1929		5,039	3,719	
1930	9,984	4.85I	3,318	

Birth rate 17'39, death rate 8'35, marriage rate 5'70 per 1,000 of population. In[antile mov-

principal religious denominations were as follows:—Church of England, 165,968; Mothodista, 222,634; Congregationalists, 15,289; Baptists, 23,033; Lutherans, 24,666; Roman Catholics, 64,054; Presbyterians, 22,699; and Churches of Christ, 15,039. principal religious denominations were as fol-

### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The eastern portion of the State is divided longitudinally by the *Flinders Range*, which extends from the eastern side of the Gulf of St. Vincent to the Lakes Torrens and Eyre. The north-western portion is partly desert which can never be brought into cultivation. The northern portion of the State, between Lake Eyre and 26° South latitude, is also unpromising in comparison with the fertile land that surrounds the hill country of the eart. Except for the Murray, which flows for some 250 miles through the south-eastern corner into the Southern Ocean, there are no rivers of importance in South Australia.

Climate.—The mean annual temperature at Adelaide is 63°, the winter temperature (July-August) averaging 53°, and the summer (Newember-March) 72°. During the summer mouths the maximum temperature at times exceeds 200°, but owing to the purity and dryness of the atmosphere the inconvenience is comparatively atmosphere the inconvenence is comparatively slight. The average annual rainfall at Adelakle, derived from 92 years' record, is 2109 inches. This total is rather higher than the approximate average annual rainfall over the whole of the agricultural areas extending from Melrose to Cape Northumberland. In the Mount Loft, Itanges the mean yearly rainfall in places exceeds to inches, while on the Adelaide plains the precipitation has fallen as low as 16 inches.

### (FOVERNMENT.

South Australia was proclaimed a British Province in 1836, and in 185x a partially elective legislature was established. The present Constitution rests upon a Law of Oct. 24, 1826, the executive authority being vested in a Governou appointed by the Crown, aided by a Council of 6 Ministers, and the Lieutenant-Governor.

# GOVERNOR.

Governor of South Australia, His Excellency Brig. Gen. Hon. Sir Alexander Gore Atkwright Hore - Ruthven, 1863 (1916)

THE MINISTRY (Oct. 30, 1930). (£6,200 is allotted as salaries to Ministers, less so per cent, for 12 months.)

Premier and Treasurer, and Minister of Education, Hon. Lionel Laughton Hill.

tion, Holl. Laust Laughton Line.
Attorney-General and Minister of Railways,
Hon. William Joseph Denny, M.O.
Chief Secretary and Minister of Agriculture and Commissioner of Forest Lands, Hon. Stanley R. Whitford.

Commissioner of Crown Lands and Minister of Mines and Marine, Hon. Robert Stanley Richards.

Commissioner of Public Works and Munister of Industry, Labour and Employment, Hon John McInnes.

Minister of Local Government, Immigration, Repatriation and Irrigation, Hon James Jelley.

AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON. Agent-General in London, Hon. Sit H. N.

Barwell, K.C M.G., Australia House,

Secretary and Trade Commissioner, 850

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a Legislative Council of so members elected for 6 years, one-half returing every 3 years, and a House of Assembly of 46 members, elected for a maximum duration of 3 years. Election is by ballot, with universal adult suffrage for the House of Assembly for all British subjects, male and female, there is a small property qualification for electors to the Legislative Council, who numbered 132,29; in 1930, those

£680 E J. Shepherd ... .. .... .. ......... ....

THE JUDICATURE.

Law and Justice -The Supreme Court is presided over by the Chief Justice and four Phisne Judges; there are Courts of Vice-Admiralty and Insolvency, as well as Local Civil Courts, convency, as wen as Local Civil Conts, with stipendiary magistrates and the usual Police Courts. The Supreme Court convictions for 1930 totalled to 304, which is at the late of x m every 1,900 of the population Chief Justice and Judge of Vice-Admiralty, Hon Sur Cl. 18 Abusay Vol 2019.

Hon Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M G., B.A.,

EDUCATION.

Public Education (Primary, Secondary and Technical) is provided by the State, and controlled by a responsible Minister; it is secular, compulsory, and free; there are 1,073 State schools, with 3,250 teachers and 93,650 scholars; the expenditure in 1930 was £974,952, including grants to University, Libraries, &c. The Government grants Exhibitions and Scholarships, carrying the holders to higher schools and the

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Debt.
1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	£ 10,784,898 11,346,903 10,840,914 9,847,801 10,725,811	£ 11,834,947 11,621,834 11,771,772 11,473,023 12,539,668	£ 84,908,267 90,612,402 92,653,531 93,419,118 29,527,447

Government Bank and the State Bank of South Australia, with about 445 branches and Austraina, with about 445 Drainines and agencies, and £4,000,000 paid-up capital, having a total liability of £24,851,760 and assets £30,105,513 in June quarter, 1931. The savings banks on June 30, 1931, had 568,059 accounts open with £21,422,059 to their credit. Over 90 per cent. of the population have Savings Bank accounts.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture.—Of the total area about one-half is farmed or grazed, and y,400,000 acres cultivated —under wheat 4,150,000 acres, luy 601,000, oat a15,000, batley a50,000, ot clands and uneyards 82,000, with 2,483,000 acres lying fallow. Wheat produced 34,870,000, bushels Oranges, lemons, apples, apricots, peaches, and all stone futirs and olives are successfully grown, and but drying is profitable. There were 52,000 acres of vines, with a production of 9,700,000 gallons of wine, 152,000 cwt of currants, and 157,000 cwt of raisins. Considerable quantities of fruits (fresh and dried) and also wine are annually sent to oversea countries, principally the United Kingdom and the other Australian States Brandy and other spirits are also produced. The land is also very suitable for the growing of all kinds of root crops and vegetables.

Live Stock (Dec. 31, 1930).—There were 5,980,959 slicep, cattle 218,985, horses 183,529, pigs 82,991. Wool production, 63,478,524 li

Munerals.-Copper and gold, silver, lead, manganese, bismuth, fron, gypsim, salt, phosphate rock, coal, &c., are found, the total mineral output being valued at £1,288,238 (1930) Over £2,09,000 of copper have been produced since the foundation of the State.

Manufactures—In 1930 there were 1,814 factories, employing 33,259 hands, the gross value of the output being £30,312,784, and the wages paid £6,964,963. Plant, machinery, land, and buildings were valued at £19,223,713.

Value of Production, 1293-37.13.

Value of Production, 1293-30.—(10ps, total value, £11.957,903, average per head. £21. manufactures, £10.637.552, pastonal, £2.989,297; minerals, £13.20.605; dairyng, £1.950.572; poultry, fisheries and game, forestly, &c., £2.209,790. Total value of production, £31.085,919, average £54 per head.

Trade and Commerce Oversea, 1929-30 -The

zo,coo,coo newspapers, z8,coo,coo packets and

parcels, and also 2,000,000 telegrams.

Shipping (1929-30).—Ships entered numbered 1,880, tonnage 5,042,137; B.ftish 1,054 (4,165,275 tons), foreign 226 (858,882 tons).

ADELAIDE, the chief city and capital, population (1930) 344,420, inclusive of suburis within 100 inspired and inclusive of suburis within 10 miles radius Other towns are Moonta (4,250). Kadina (5,000). Wallaroo (3,250). Port Pirie (10,000) on the east, and Port Augusta (3,350) on the west of Spencer Gulf, and Kapunda (2,200). Gawler (5.000), and Peterborough (3,300) on the line from Adelaide to the north, Victor Harbor (3,450) in the south, Mt. Gambier (6,000) in the south-east, and Port Lincoln (2,850) on Eyre Peninsula. Murray Bridge (3,600) and Renmark (3,750) on the Erver Murray. Transmission of mails from London to Adelaide,

approximate, so days.

# IV.—QUEENSLAND.

This State, situated in lat 10° 40'-29° S and long. 138' -- 153' 30' E, comprises the whole north-eastern portion of the Australian continent.

Queensland possesses an area of 670,500 square miles (i.e., equal to more than 5½ times the area of the United Kingdom).

POPULATION.—At the Census of 1921 the population.—At the Census of 1921 the population.

lation numbered 755,972 (398,969 males and 359,003 females). On March 32, 1931, the estimated population was 952,483.

# Increase of the People.

Year	Births	Donths	Marriages
1926	15,765	8,215	6,428
1927	19,830	8,079	6,278
1928	19,783	7,976	6,321
1989	z8,487	8,308	6,169
1930	18,939	7,455	6,xç9

### Religion.

Since 1861 no State aid has been afforded to Since 1801 to State aid has been anorted with religion At the Census of 1921 there were 309,786 Church of England, 172,662 Roman Catholics, 91,650 Presbyterians, 77,565 Methodists, 17,892 Lutherans, 14,725 Baptists, and 44,122 other Christians, with 4,267 Minhammadans and Pagans, besides "Indefinite," "No religion," &c.

# PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Great Dividing Range on the eastern coast of the continent produces a similar formation to that of New South Wales, the castern side having a narrow slope to the coast and the western a long and gradual slope to the central plains, where the Kirby's Range divides the land into a northern and southern watershed. The Brisbane, Burnett, Fitzroy, and Burdekin rise in the eastern ranges and flow into the Pacific, the Flinders, Mitchell, and Leichhardt in the Gulf of Carpentaria, and the Barcoo and Warrego lise in the central ranges and flow southwards.

Climate.-At Brisbane the mean temperature Other Lie mean temperature for 1330 was 68°7', the maximum and minimum shade temperatures being 95°7' and 40°7''; mean barometer, 30°091. The coastal regions are warm and most, the plateaus dry and temperate, whilst in the very far west the rainfall is scanty. The rainfall during 1930 was 41°215 inches, and there were 148 wet days.

# GOVERNMENT.

Queensland was constituted a separate colony with Ecsponsible Government in 1850, having previously formed part of New South Wales. The executive authority is vested in a Governor (appointed by the Crown), aided by an Executive Council of to members.

# GOVERNOR.

Governor of Queensland, His Excellency Lt.-Gen. Sir Thomas Herbert John Chapman Goodwin, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Wilmer ..... 

#### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

(H.E. the Governor presides.) Premier, Chief Secretary and Vice-President of Executive Council, Hon. A. E.

Moore £1,300
Treasurer, Hon W. H. Bullies 1,000
Secretary for Agriculture and Stock, Hon.
H. F. Walker 1,000

Secretary for Public Lands, Hon. W. A. Secretary for Mines, Hon. E. A. Atherton Attorney-General, Hon. N. F Macgroarty Deacon 1,000 1,000 1,000

Secretary for Radways and Main Roads, 1.000

King 1.000 Home Secretary, Hon. J. C. Peterson ...... Minister for Labour and Industry, Hon.

H. E. Sizer .....

# AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON.

Agent-General in London. Sir Edward H 

# THE LEGISLATURE

Parliament consists of a Legislative Assembly of 72 members, elected by universal adult suffrage Speaker, Hon. Charles Taylor .........£1,000 Chan man of Committees, T. R. Roberts 700 Clerk, C. A Bernays .....

# THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Supreme Court, with a Chief Justice and six Puisue Judges, an Industrial Court, with a President and another Judge, and Inferior Courts at all the principal towns, presided over by Police Magistrates.

# EDUCATION.

Primary Education is compulsory, secular and free. In 1930 there were 1,725 State schools, including 1009 Provisional and 13 High schools in operation, with 4,410 teachers and an average daily attendance of 115,326 children; and in 1939, 193 private and 10 grammurs schools, with 1,366 teachers and an average attendance of 27,868. A State-sided University was established during 1910.

FINANCE.

Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt of Queensland for five years ended June 30 :-

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Debt (Gross)
1927 1928 1929 1930	£ 16,147,787 16,718,070 16,736,188 15,997,870 15,072,652	£ 16,490,954 16,707,564 16,902,145 16,721,055 15,914,696	£ 106,479,916 111,733,969 112,862,049 112,148,979 112,706,190

Banking - Assets of Joint Stock Banks at June 30, 1930, £43,003,732, liabilities £3,7,754,740
The deposits at the same date amounted to £37,044,028. The Commonwealth Bank of Australia also has a brauch in Queensland with assets June 30, 1930, £7,718,195, and Inabilities £9,177,163
Lepositors balances in Queensland £9,177,163 Depositors balances in Queensland branch of the Commonwealth Savings Bank £23,901,136, averaged £47 148. od. to each of the 501,074 depositors.

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock .- Of the total area Agriculture and Live Stock.—It the total area of 459, 250,000 acres the Government have parted with the fee simple of 28,642,703, and 88,592 acres have been granted without payment under a system of deferred payment, 6,860,667 acres more are in process of allenation, and an additionall area including programmial part mileton. additional area including preferential pastoral leases of 200,726,050 acres leased out for sheep and cattle runs, 75,961,276 acres for grazing farms and homesteads, 21,168,520 acres are held under occupation heence, 256, 593 acres under goldmining and mineral lease, 635,417 for special purposes, 3,903,261 acres perpetual lease selections, scrub selections x2,348 acres, 12,342 acres held as auction perpetual leases, puckly pear leases x2,636,240 acres, reserves and roads 20,856,574 acres, leaving 67,282,507 unoccupied Wheat, oats, and barley flourish on the Daning Downs while lews away and downstally acres. Downs, while large areas are devoted to maize, which yields an average crop of about 26 52 bushels peracre. Both English and sweet potatoes are cultivated, as also are coffee, cotton, oranges, peaches, pineapples, grapes, banams, coco-nuts, mangoes, plums, and various English fruits. India-rubber and sisal hemp planta-tions have also been recently started. In the year 1930, 516,783 tons of sugar were produced. The live stock in January 1931 included 5,463,724 cattle, 22,542,043 sheep, 481,615 horses, and 217,528 pigs. Wool, meat, sugar and butter are the principal products.

Climate.—The Bureau of Seasonal Forecasting of the Council of Agriculture, Turbot Street, Brisbane, makes researches into the climatic sequences of Queensland and issues forecasts, the beneficial nature of the work being much appreciated by farmers and graziers in Queens-land and the adjoining States.

Forestry.—There are about 24,000,000 acres of commercial timberland in Queensland, of which there have been reserved for forestry purposes | 5,330,980 acres. In 1929 30 the wealth produced by the timber industry of Queensland was between three and four million pounds, and there were 3.867 hands employed in the sawmills and plywood mills. At June 30, 1930, the total area of reforestation plantations was 4,927 acres, and in addition 54,230 acres had been treated for pendents, and 5,332 Baptists.

natural regeneration by the State Forest Service, which employs age persons, and is engaged actively in timber farming and wood-trading operations. An area of 160,611 acres has been reserved for National Parks.

Minerals.—The total mineral output in 1930 was £ 1,253,256. There are rich deposits of gold, copper, tin, lead, silver, antimony, limestone, ironstone, and wolfram, while coal is found in several districts. The gold output in 1930 was several discrete. In gold output in 1930 was valued at £33,242, sliver, £5,527; copper, £174,675; tim £49,708; coal, £52,856, wolfram, £1,407; molydenite,£308; lead, £4,156; opals and gems, £5,748; arsenic, nil, cobalt, £973; zinc, nil; fluorspar, £1,439.

Commerce.—Thechlef articles of export oversea,

the produce of the State, in 1939-30 were Wool, £6,914,819, meat, including extract, and bacon, hams, and pork, £2,646,603; hides, £341,904; skins, sheep, £177,406; skins, other, £459,93; tallow, £258,695; butter, cheese, and mik, £2,980,461 , sugar, £2,194,245.

CAPITAL, Brisbane, with an area of 385 square miles. Population Census, April 4, 1921, 210,032. Estimated Dec. 37, 1930, 373,251 The status of the chief magistrate of Brisbane was raised to that of Lord Mayor in 1930.

The contour of the Queensland coast-line and the relative position of its mland parts operate against any centralisation similar to that at Melbourne, Sydney, or Adelaide, and numerous ports of considerable size extend along the ports of considerable size extend along the const.—Brisbane, Rockhampton (30,000), Maryborough (12,000), Townsville (31,800), Port Douglas, Mackay (9,330), Thursday Island (1,200), Cooktown, Canns (9,750), Ihowen (3,050), and Bindaberg (11,250), Gladstone (2,525). Other places of importance are Inswich (26,335). Toowoomba (25,45), Charters Towers (9,200), Gyinpie (9,588), Mt. Morgan (4,000), Warwick (2,000), Roma, (4,000) and Chounty.

(7,000), Roma, (4,000) and Cloncuity
Transmission of mails from London to Brisbane, approximate, 32 days. An mail takes about a week less.

Tasmania is an island in the South Pacific Tasmania is an island in the South Pacific Ocean, of the southern extremity of Australia, from which it is separated by Rass Straits, about 140 miles wide, in which are situated the Furneaux Group and King Iyland, included within the State. It lies between 40° 32′ at 100 gr, and contains an area of 26,212 square inlies.

POPULATION.—At the Census of 1921 the population numbered 213,780 (107,743 males and 1931 creates).

106,037 females).

Year	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Infant Mortality	Maringo Rate
1926 1927 1928	33.01 33.02	9 68 10 05	46.2 53.0 64.0	6 79 6 79
1929	22'44	9.00	53°2 50 6	8.01 6.70

#### Religion.

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The surface of the country is generally hilly and timbered, with mountains from x,500 to 5,000 feet in height, and expanses of level, open plans. There are numerous streams, the Derwent and the Tamar being the largest. The climate is fine and salubrious, and well suited to European constitutions; the hot winds of Australia do not reach the island. At Hobart the mean annual temperature averages 54.4.7, the mean temperature for Dec. Jan, and Feb. heing 65 5, and that of June, July, and Aug 46.9. The western side of the island is very wet, the eastern side having a rainfall similar to that of eastern England; the average rainfall varies from so inches to xoo inches in different

#### GOVERNMENT.

The island was first settled by the British in 1863 as an appendage to New South Wales, from which it was separated in 1815. In 1851 a partly which it was separated in rags. In 1853 it partity elective legislature was inaugurated, and in 1856 Responsible Government was added. In 1850 Tasmania became a State of the Australian Commonwealth, q n. The State executive authority is vested in a Governo (appointed by the Charles) which is the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o the Crown), aided by an Executive Council of responsible Ministers.

GOVERNOR.

Actg Governor of Tannania, Hon. Sir Helbert Nicholls, K.C.M.G., Chief

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (June 15, 1928) Premier, Treasurer, and Munister Controlling Hydro-Electric Department and Muniter for Faistry, Hon J.C. McPhee Chief Secretaria and Munister of Rad-ways and Mines, Hon. C.E. W. James Lands, Public Works and Agriculture, Hon Sn Walter H. Lee, K.O.M.G. Attorney-General and Education, Hon H. S. l'aker ..

Without Portfolio, Hon. Charles W Grant; Hon Edward Hobbs; Hon. A. Wardlaw

AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON. Agent-General in London, (vacant) Address, Australia House, Strand, W.C.a.
Acting Agent-Gen & Official Secretary,
H. W. Ely, 180.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of two Houses, a Legislatire Council of 18 members, elected for six years; and a House of Assembly of 30 members, elected by proportional representation for three years. the electors for the latter being all adult Tasmanians who have resided continuously in the State for 6 months, the electorate for the Conneil is smaller, having a property or educational qualification for both sexes.

President of the Legislative Council, Hou 

Clerk of the House, Henry McPherson .....

# THE JUDICATURE.

There are justices of the peace and courts of petty, general and quarter sessions, and a Supreme Court with a Chief Justice and two Puisne Judges.

Chief Justice, Hon Sir H. Nicholls, 

£9∞ 730 775 EDUCATION.

Primary education is compulsory, secular, and free, there being 499 State schools in 1929, with 38,08 children on the registers. Secondary education is also provided by the State (5 high schools with r.619 scholars), and by private endowment. There is a University at Hobart, and technical schools at Hobart, Launceston, Queenstown and Zeehan.

#### FINANCE

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Debt
1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30	£3,040,220 2,962,687 2,766,434 2,956,272 2,609,290	£=,855,077 2,867,605 2,855,977 2,981,992 2,854,394	£24,303,068 24,872,785 23,324,630 22,921,211 23,389,079

Banking.—Dec 31, 1930, the banks of issue had total deposits £7,243,890; the savings bank deposits were £5,738,437.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Live Stock -Of the total area Agrenture and Live Stock—Of the total area of 16,778,000 acres there were, in 1929-30, 265,317 acres under crops The principal crops are apples, potatoes, oats, and hay, followed by wheat, peas, green foinge, fruit and hops. The live stock included 214 643 cattle, 2,001,113 sheep, 52,890 pigs, and 24,336 horses The wool production was 14,100,000 lb The butter produced amounted to 8,428,632 lb.

Received Energy — The Hydro-Electric Department of Tasmanna has completed an important waterpower development at the Great Lake. In the centre of the State, the canacity

Lake, in the centre of the State, the capacity of the installation being 8r.000 h p. The advantage of cheap power is steadily attracting new manufacturing industries

Forestry — Timber reserves total 950,538 acres. Area held under lease or forest permits for sawmilling, logding, &c., 266, 25r acres. The amount of tunber milled for 1232-20 was 60,037,957 super feet, exclusive of pules, poles, feucing, and for practically all sleepers. The utilisation of forest waste for the production of wood-pulp has, after long investigation, been brought within the scope of business operations. An experimental plant is now in operation with every prospect of large-scale production to follow

Minerals — The chief minerals produced are copper, tin, sliver, lead, coal, the value of all minerals produced in 1930 being £1.043.268.

Manufactures — The chief factories for export are metallurgical, finit preserving, woollen mills, convent and confectioners the value of modern the convent and confectioners the value of modern the convent and confectioners the value of modern the convent and confectioners the value of modern the convent and confectioners the value of modern the confectioners the value of modern the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the confection that the co

cement, and confectionery ; the value of production in 1929-30 was £3,562,225, the capital invested in the 845 establishments being £9,944,000 in 1929-30.

# TOWNS

CAPITAL, Hobart. Population (1931), 58,100. Other towns are Launceston (pop. 31,040), Devemport, Ulverstone, Burnie, and Queenstown. Transmission of mails, approximate, 32 days.

# VI.-WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Includes all that portion of the continent west  from east to west, and its total area 975,920

POPULATION .- At the Cousus of April 4, 1921, the population was 332,732 (177,278 males, 155,454 females); in 1930 the total was estimated at 420,606 (226,713 males, 193,893 females).

# Natural Increase of the People.

Year	Births	Deaths	Marriages
1926	8,301 8,481	3,350	3,107
1928	8,704	3,640	3,309
19 <b>3</b> 9	9,051 9,200	3.930 3.774	3,305

# Religions.

There is no State aid to religious At the Census of 1921 there were 153,285 persons belonging to the Church of England, 64,488 Roman Catholics, 39,116 Methodists, and 28,377 Presby terians.

Presny terians.

Physical Features—Large areas of the State, for some hundreds of unles inland, are hilly and even mountainous, although the altitude, so far as ascertained, rises nowhere above that of Mount Bruce (4,024 ft) in the north-west division or that of Bluff Knoll (3,640 ft.) in the Stirling Range in the south-west. The coastal regions of the west and of the north are undulating, with an interior slope to the unsettled central portion of Australia. Darling and Hamersley ranges of the west have a western slope to the Indian Ocean, into which flow many streams, notably the Swan, Murchson, Gascoyne, Ashburton, Fortescue, and De Grey In the north the Fitzroy flows from the Leopold range into the Indian Ocean, and the Drysdale and Ord into the Tunor Sea. The greater portion of the far interior may be described as a great tableland, with an altitude of from 1,000 to 2,000 ft. above sea-level, the surface of which consists in parts of sand-dunes, varied by wide stretches of clayey soils The climate is one of the most temperate in the world. The total rainfall at Perth during 1930 was 39 30 inches, the average for the past 55 years being 34 70 Of the area of Western Australia, which is equal to more than half that of European Russia, probably about two-thirds is suitable for pastoral purposes, immense tracts having already been proved eminently so.

# GOVERNMENT.

Western Australia was first settled by the British in 1829, and in 1870 it was granted a partially elective legislature. In 1890 responsible government was granted, and the Administration vested in a Governor, a Legislative Council, and a Legislative Assembly. The present constitution rests upon an Amending Act of 1899, further amended by the Constitution Acts
Amendment Act, 1911; the Executive is vested
in a Governor appointed by the Crown and
aided by a Council of responsible Ministers.

#### GOVERNOR.

Governor of Western Australia, (vacant). Private Sec., Maj. B. Kerr-Pearse, C.M.G., M.V.O. His Excellency John Alfred Administrator, Northmore (June, 1931.)

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL. Premier and Treasurer, Hon. Sir James Attorney-General, Hon, Thomas A.L. Davy. 1,500 Minister for Railways, Mines, Police, Forests and Industry, Hon John Scaddan, M.L.A. Manister for Public Works and Labour, Hon 1,500 John Lindsay, M.L.A. ..... Chief Secretary and Minister for Educa-1,500 tion, (Nacaut).
Minister for Country Water Supplies and Trading Concerns, Hon. Charles F. Baxter, M.L.C. 1,500 Munster for Agriculture, Hon. Percy D. Ferguson, M L.A. ..... 1,500 AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON. Agent-General in London, Hon. William C. Augwin. Offices, Savoy House, 115-116, Strand, W.C. 2. ..... £a,000 Secretary, C. B. Rushton, I S O. .....

THE LEGISLATURE Parliament consists of a Legislative Council of 30 members elected for 6 years, and a Legislative Assembly of 50 members elected for 3 years by universal adult suffrage, the electorate of the Council is restricted by a property qualification, that of the Assembly being subject to residence and registration

President of the Legislative Council, Hon. Sir John Waters Kirwan . ....... S, eaker of the Legislative Assembly, Hon.

THE JUDICATURE.

There is a Supreme Court presided over by a Chief Justice and three Puisne Judges, which has complete jurisdiction in all criminal and common law matters. There are courts known as local courts which have limited civil jurisdiction There are Courts of Session, dealing with criminal matters outside Petth, and there are Magistrates' courts and Children's courts. Chief Justice, Hon, J A. Northmore (acting).

Prome Judges, Hons. J A. Northmore, T P. Draper, C B R, and J P. Dwyer, each £2,000

EDUCATION

Education.—Education is compulsory and free, and numerous elementary schools are under the control of the Muister of Education There are a training college, technical schools, a school of mines and a Goldfields High School at Kal-goorlio (State Secondary Schools in various centres and the capital), and a University. The total amount expended on education during the year ended June 30, 1931, was £673,202; in addition, a grant of £31,000 was made to the University.

# FINANCE.

Revenue and Expenditure and gross public Debt for 5 years ended June 30:-

Year	Revenue.	Expenditure	Debt.
1927 1928 1929 1930	9,750,833 9,807,949 9,947,950 9,750,515 8,686,756	£, 9,722,588 9,824,415 10,233,919 10,268,518 10,107,294	£ 70,606,175 76,427,764 69,355,449 70,174,350 75,465,110

# 710 Australia-Western Australia, Motor Vehicles Production.

Banking.—There were, including the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, so cheque-paying banks, formerly banks of issue, in the State on June 30, 1931, with total assets \$55,505,800 and liabilities \$74,554,454. The amount due to depositors in the State Savings Bank at June 30, 1932, was \$7,900,300; in the School Savings Bank, \$26,700; and in the Commonwealth Savings Bank the amount due to depositors in Western Australia on March 31, 1931, was \$5,720,090.

#### PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Crops and Live Stock.—Of the total area (624,528,800 acres) 4,794,500 acres were under crops in 1930-31, wheat for grain accounting for 3,958,313 acres. In 1930 the live stock included 811,844 cattle, 9,874,970 sheep, 100,654 pigs, 19,007 goats, and 156,973 horses. There were about 5,000 acres of vincyards.

Manufacturing Industries.—There were on June 30, 1930, a total of 1,466 industrial establishments in the State employing either machinery or at least four hands. The total number of persons employed in them was 19,643. The combined output of these establishments for 12 months ended June, 1930, was computed at £16,821,482.

Forestry.—The forests contain some of the very finest hardwoods in the world. Two of these, jarrah (Fucaliphus marginata) and karri (Eucalyphus diversicolor), are largely exported. The quantity of timber cut during the ramonths ended June, 1930, is computed to have been 159,642,788 super feet.

Minerals.—The groups of the Coolgardie goldfields (covering a vast portion of the interior and extending to the resth meridian), as well

as other fields, are being constantly worked, the production of gold being 445,350 ozs. in 1930. The total amount produced in the State from 1886 to June 30, 1931, is 38,520, nor fine ozs. Magnetic iron, lead, copper and tin ores exist in large quantities, as also coal.

Trade.—The principal ports are Fremantle, Albany, Bunbury, Geraldton, and Broome. The opening of the Trans-Australian Railway in Oct. 2017 afforded another means of ingress and egress, both for travellers and merchandise. The imports chiefly consist of machinery, vehicles, manufactured hardware, clothing and textilies, tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, also (mainly from the sister states of the Commonwealth) provisions. Principal exports for the year ended June 30, 1931:—Gloid, £5,788,495; Wool, £3,386,538; inniber, £53,696, sandalwood, pearls and shell, hides and skins, £488,192; wheat, £5,288,323, flour, £635,518; and fresh fruit, £302,085.

#### Lowes

CAPITAL, Perth. Population (1930) of Metropolitan area, including Fremantle, 204,780.

Persy the capital, stands on the right bank of the Swan Tiver estuay, 22 miles from Fremantle. The King's Park (approximately 1,000 acres), on a hill overlooking the city and the wide estuarine reaches of the river, possesses unique natural beauty Other towns are Fremantle (including suburbs, 33,535), Albany (3,950), Kalgoorlie and Boulder (10,500), Bunbury (5,570), Claremont (6,500), Geraldton (4,627), Middland Junction (5,300), Northam (4,975), and Collie (3,720).

Transmission of mails from London to Perth, approximate, 27 days.

#### WORLD MOTOR VEHICLES PRODUCTION, 1929 AND 1980.

THE following table shows the production of motor vehicles in the five principal producing countries in 1929 and 1930; the figures are those published in the United States Commerce Reports, May 25, 1931, with the exception of those relating to the United Kingdom, which have been provided by the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, Limited. The figures relate only to complete vehicles manufactured by companies strictly national in character, and not to the output of assembly plants in various countries.

		1929.		1930		
Producing Country	Passenger Cars.	Commercial Vehicles	Total	Passenger Cars	Commercial Vehicles	Total,
United States Canada	4,587,400 207,500	771,000 55,800	5,358,400 263,300	2,784,800 125,400	571,200 28,800	3,356,000 154,200
Total	4,795,900	826,800	5,6s1,700	2,910,200	600,000	3,510,200
United Kingdom	182,300	56,500	238,800	169,700	66,800	236,500
France	198,000	50,000	248,000	181,300	40,700	222,000
Germany	57,000	2000	81,000	59,700	10,300	70,000
Other Countries	69,100	a3,800	92,900	51,500	19,900	71,400
Total *	501, <b>800</b>	154,000	655,800	461,700	137,400	599,120
Grand Total *	5,296,700	980,800	6,277,500	3,371,900	737,400	4,109,300

[•] These totals are the figures shown in the United States Commerce Reports; they do not include the effects of the revisions in the United Kingdom figures due to the substitution of particulars obtained from the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, Limited.

# The Dominion of New Zealand.

AREA AND POPULATION.

•••	Area		Population.			
Islands.	(English Sq. Miles)	Census of	Census of	‡ Census of 1926.		
North Island and Islets	44, 281	563,733	741,255	831,813		
South Island and Islets	58.002	444,120	477,051	511,642		
Stewart Island and Islets	67u	357	397	446		
Chatham Islands	372	258	210	268		
Auckland Islands	2341		1			
Campbell Island	4.1		!			
Antipodes Islands	24}					
Bounty Islands	i			1		
Snares Islands	1 ^j	•		1		
Three Kings Islands	3	•••		i		
Kermadec Islands	13	4	i	i		
Cook Islands	1501			0		
Other Islands annexed in 1901	130	12,598	13,209	13,877		
Tokelau Islands	4			1,033		
Western Samoa (Mandatory)	1,133		35,042	40,229		
Maori Population		49,844	52,751	63,670		
Total	105,155	1,070,914	1,320,275	1,463,278		

[†] Census due to be taken on April 21, 1931, postponed as an act of national economy.

Estimated Population, June 30, 1931 — NZ (excl. Maoris) 1,444,104; Maoris, 68,523; Cook and other Pacific Islands, 15,048, Tokelau Islands, 99, Western Samoa, 45,430—Total, 1,574,104.

Increase of the Pacific

	Increase	οſ	the	Pe	ople.	
	 		-	-	-	٠.

		Increase		!	Decrease.		
Year	Buths	Immigrants	Total	Denths	Enngrants	Total.	Marriages
1927 1928 1929 1930	27,881 27,200 26,747 26,797	38,676 35,478 34,439 32,559	66,557 62,678 61,186 59,356	11,613 11,811 12,314 12,199	36,248 35,035 31,643 28,321	47,861 46,846 43,957 40,520	10 478 10,537 10,967 11,075
		Inter-cens	I Tnoresses	(Freducive o	# Alwereinee	١	_

Inter-censal Increases. (Exclusive of Aborigines)

		Results of Census			Immigration during five	
<b>\</b> ear	Males	Females	Total	Quinquennial luciease	calendar years	
1891 1896 1901 1906 1911 1916 1921	332,877 371,415 405,592 471,008 531,910 551,775 623,243 686,384	293,781 331,945 366,727 417,570 476,558 547,674 595,670 658,085	626,658 703,350 772,719 288,578 1,008,468 1,099,449 1,218,913 1,344,469	48,176 76,702 69,359 115,859 119,890 90,981 119,464 129,877*	73,8x6 x05,787 91,263 x51,579 194,730 x93,834 x14,347 x95,264	

* Based on population excluding half-castes living as Europeans, who are included in totals rear but not reac.

Races	and	Religio	ns.
DALUUS	auu	TOTIKIO	44.

Races.	1916	<b>1936</b> .	Religions.	1916.	1926
Europeans	46,247 6,750 2,147	52,061 11,600	Church of England Preshyterians Methodists Roman Catholics	41 75 23 71 9 64 13 79	41'21 24'60 9'03 12'69

# THE DOMINION OF NEW ZEALAND.

(By the Rt. Hon. G. W. FORBES, P.C., Prime Minister.)

New Zealand has been aptly described as the "Britain of the South Seas" in that, while far remote from the Homeland, the Dominion still retains to a marked degree the national characteristics of the early settlers who, scarcely more than one hundred years ago, came to her shores from various parts of the British Isles. Even at the present time the population of the Dominion is probably more distinctly British than any other part of the Empire, the latest available census figures in this connection showing that approximately 99 per cent. of the population is of British nationality.

New Zealand is primarily an agricultural and pastoral country, her chief exports being in the following order:—butter, frozen meat, wool, cheese and hides. Approximately 85 per cent. of the Dominion's exports are disposed of within the Empire, about 74 per cent. being exported direct to the United Kingdom, while imports to the extent of 68 per cent. of the total are derived from British sources. I venture to suggest that from an imperial point of view no other part of the Empire can show better results than these. New Zealand's total external trade per head, I may mention, is higher than that of any other country in the world.

The importance of the United Kingdom and of the British Empire as a market for the raw materials and foodstuffs which the Dominion can produce is fully realised by the Government and the people of New Zealand, and it is realised also that the prosperity of the United Kingdom depends to a large extent upon the fullest possible extension of inter-Empire trade—It is the carnest desire of the Government and of the people of New Zealand that every facility be given to permit of this development, and as a practical expression of this desire the Dominion grants to British-made goods a very substantial measure of preference by means of differential rates of customs duties.

New Zealand is also noted for its humanitarian legislation, and, in fact, was one of the first countries in the world to introduce a national system of old age pensions. Reference may also be made, in passing, to the Industrial Conciliation and Arbitration Acts, whereby industrial disputes have been reduced to a minimum.

Finally, enjoying an equable clumate and a diversity of scenic attractions and natural phenomena unsurpassed in their variety by those of any other country, New Zealand offers unlimited scope to the tourist. In the North Island is found the world-famed thermal region, while in the South Island, in addition to lake and mountain scenery and the famous fiords, what has been justly described as the "finest walk in the world" is accessible to the tourist. In addition, the attractions from the sportsman's point of view, the deep-sea fishing, the angling thrills of the numerous lakes, rivers, and coastal waters, and the opportunities for excellent deer stalking, all combine to make the Dominion's scenic resorts one of its most important natural resources.

Look Torker

Prime Minister of New Zealand.

# PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Dominion of New Zealand is distant about 1,200 miles south-east of the mainland of Australia, and consists of three main islands in the South Pacific Ocean, known as the North, South, and Stewart Islands, having a length of 1,100 miles, between 340 22' and 47° 18' South latitude and 162° East longitude -173° West longitude, with several groups

47° 18' South Intitude and 102" East longitude -173" west longitude, what several groups of smaller islands lying at some distance from the principal group.

Geographical.—The two principal islands of New Zealand have a total length of 1,040 miles, the total coast-line reaching 4,330 miles. A large portion of the surface is mountainous in character. The principal range is that of the Southern Alps, having its culminating point in Mount Cook (12,349 ft.). The North Island mountains include several active and dormant volcanoes. Mt. Ruapeliu (9,175 ft.) and Mt. Nganruho (7,515 ft.) are the most important. Of the numerous clusters in the South Island, the Tasman are the most important. Of the numerous glacters in the South Island, the Tasman (18 miles by 14) is the largest. The North Island in particular is noted for its hot springs and geysers. For the most part the rivers are too short and rapid for considerable use in navigation. The more important include the Warkato (220 miles in length), Wanganui (140) and Clutha (210). Lakes (Taupo, 238 sq. miles in area; Wakatipu, 112; and Te Anau 132) are abundant; many of them of great beauty.

Meteorological .- Owing chiefly to its great length, New Zealand's climate varies very considerably in its different divisions. In general it is mild with an abundant rainfall. Snow is rarely seen except upon the higher levels. Annual averages:—North Island, mean temperature 57° F., rainfall 47 in. (days with rain 163), sunshine, 2,134 hours; South Island, mean temperature 52° F., rainfall 56 in. (days with rain 145), sunshine, 1,956 hours.

# GOVERNMENT.

The west coast of the South Island of New Zealand was discovered by Abel Jansen Tasman, the navigator (voyaging under the direction of the Netherlands' East India Company), on December 13, 1642. The islands were visited in 1769 by Captain Cook, who returned to them in 1773, 1774, and 1777. In 1793 the Government of New South Wales despatched H.M.S. Daedalus to the islands on a diplomatic mission. The first settlement of Europeans was made in 1814, but no colonisation took place until 1825. In 1840 British sovereignty was proclaimed, and on May 3, 1841, New Zealand was, by letters patent, erected into a separate colony distinct from New South Wales. On Sept. 26, 1907, the designation was changed to *The Dominion of New Zealand*. The Constitution rests upon the Act of 1852, under which the executive anthority is entrusted to a Governor (now Governor-General) appointed by the Crown and aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two houses.

### GOVERNOR-GENERAL

Military Secretary, Major Arthur H Bathurst Ofteral Secretary, A. Cecil Day, C M G . C B R A.D C's, Lt Sir John Hanham, Bt.; Lt J. C Elworthy, E N

### *& EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

# His Excellency the GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

COALITION CABINET (Oct 1931). Prime Minister, Minister of Radways, of External Affairs, and in Charge of Scientific and Industrial Research, Public Trust, Electoral and High Commissioner's Departments, Rt Hon. G W

Minister of Lands, Commissioner of State Forests, and Minister in Charge of Land for Settlements, Scenery Preservation, Discharged Soldiers' Settlement, and Valuation Departments, Hon. E. A. Ransom ....... § 4.
Minister of Finance, of Customs, of Stamp
Duires, Attorney-General, and Minister ∮£1,053 in Charge of State Advances and Land and Income Tax Departments, Hon. W Downie Stewart... .

Minister of Natire Afairs, of Cook Islands, and in Charge of Native Trust, Government Life Insurance, State Fire and Accident Insurance, Legislative, Public Service Superannuation, Friendly Societies and National Provident Fund Departments and Manhamatic 12 Departments, and Member of the Execu tire Council representing the Native Race, Hon Sir Apirana Ngata, Kt. ..... 9x,053

Minister of Health, of Immigration, and in Charge of Mental Hospitals and Printing and Stationery Departments, Hon. J. A. Young..... ....... \$1,053

Minister of Education and of Industries and Commerce, Hon. R. Masters, M L.C. 9x,053 Minister of Agriculture and of Mines, Hon. D. Jones ..... \$1,053

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1932.

Members of the Executive Council travelling within the Dominion on public service are entitled to an allow-ance not exceeding £2 tos per drein when so engaged, but not during attendance at a session of the General Assembly. A house allowance of £62 is also paid where a Government residence is not provided. § Salaries subject to 2 per cent cut.

# THE LEGISLATURE.

Parliament consists of a General Legislative Council appointed by the Governor (prior to 1891 the appointments were for life; since that date for 7 years only), at present consisting of 40 members; and a House of Representatives consisting of 80 members elected for 3 years. Four of the members are altaris elected by the natives. Women are entitled to vote and to be elected Mombers of the House of Representatives (Women's Parliamentary Rights Act, 1919) Members of the Upper House receive £383 ros per annum, in each case with travelling expenses and deductions for non-attendance.

### THE JUDICATURE.

The judicial system comprises a Supreme Court and Court of Appeal; also Magnetrates Courts, having both civil and criminal jurisdiction. Chief Justice, Hol. Sir Michael Myers,

h.C.M.G. Language Hons. Sir A. L. Herdman, J. R. Reed, C.B. F. A. S. Adams, W. C. MacGregor, H. H. Ostler, A. W. Blair,

MacGregor, H. H. Ostler, A. W. Blair, D. S. Smith, R. Kennedy. ..... each Judge, Court of Arbitration, Hon. F. V.

### POLICE.

On March 31, 1931, the strength of the Police Force was 1,152 of all ranks equivalent to 1 for every 1,892 of the population. Average cost of police protection per inhabitant was, in 1930-31, 68.  $0\frac{1}{2}rl$ .

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

For purposes of local government the bominion is divided into counties and ridings, with incorporated boroughs, under elected county and municipal councils, town, road, electric power, and harbour boards.

For cities or boroughs, any adult of either sex resident in the town may register as an elector. Non-resident ratepayers may also exercise the franchise.

For counties, adult ratepayers of either sex may register as electors, and may have one, two, or three votes according to the value of their property.

#### PASSPORTS.

With certain exceptions, no person over 15 years is permitted to laud unless in possession of a passport issued by a competent British authority.

# DEFENCE.

# Army.

The New Zealand Defence Forces consist of the Permanent Force, the Territonial Force and the Senior Cadets.

Units of the N.Z. Permanent Forces are the New Zealand Staff Corps, the New Zealand Permanent Staff, the Royal New Zealand Permanent Force, the New Zealand Permanent Air Force, the New Zealand Army Ordnance Corps, the New Zealand Army Medical Corps. The compulsory territorial system (including Senior Cadeta) is at present in abeyance, for reasons of economy. It has been replaced by a volunteer system on a reduced scale. Recruitment for volunteer units is at present in process.

#### Navy.

In 1900 New Zealand presented the battlecruiser New Zealand to the Imperial Government.
The Naval Defence Act, 1913, provides for the
establishment of a New Zealand Naval Force by
voluntary enlistment for a prescribed period (fixed
at 12 years on intil age 30), members on discharge
to be diafted into the New Zealand Royal Naval
Reserve for such period as may be prescribed
for service only in time of war: the ships and
personnel formling the Force to pass under the
control and to be at the disposition of the
imperial Government in time of war. A Naval
Board controls all matters relating to the Naval
Forces, and is vested with the executive command of the Naval Forces. By Order-In-Council
of the soth June, 1921, it was provided that the
ships and personnel shall be described respectively as forming and belonging to "The New
Zealand Division of the Royal Navy." Expenditure on naval defence 1930-31, £621,240. The
New Zealand Division comprises the cruisers
Immede and Dunchan, the depth ship Philomel,
the trawler Wakakura, and oil-tanker Nucula.
Two shoops, Feronica and Laburnum, are maintained by the British Government for duties in
the South Pacific within the limits of the New

# *FINANCE.

Ye	ar	Revenue.	Expenditure	Gross Debt.
19 19 19	28 29 30	£24,942,107 25,123,980 22,599,676 25,349,861 23,068,931	£24,355,965 24,944,905 24,176,928 25,200,882 24,708,042	£245,850,889 251,396,852 264,291,983 267,383,343 876,033 358

^{*}Financial year ends March 3z; railway revenue and expunditure are excluded throughout, and P at and telegraph revenue and expenditure in 1929, 950 and 1932

Bankung.—At the end of 1933 there were six banks of issue doing business, two of which were at Onskaka and Parapara, near Nelson.

Kow Zealand banks. Total assets (average of four quarters of year), £63,948,071; liabilities, £63,954,419; value of notes in circulation, £63,855,727.

Post-office and private savings banks had, at the close of the year 1930-31, 1,081,510 depositors, having £57,355,133 to their credit.

#### EDUCATION.

The State system of education is free, secular, and compulsory. There were (December, 1930) 2,503 public primary schools, with 6,433 adult teachers and 220,813 scholars: there are also 306 registered private primary schools, with 26,452 scholars, and, in addition, 28 village schools for the Maoris with 2,000 scholars. The higher education of boys and girls in the cities and large towns is carried on in 46 endowed colleges and grammar schools, in at technical high and technical day schools. In addition there are 8s secondary depts. of district high schools, and a junior high schools, 48 private secondary schools, and rz secondary schools for Maoris. The University of New Zealand consists of Auckland University College, Victoria University College, Canterbury University College, and the University of Otago, the four colleges having 4,8ox students in r930, and has power to confer degrees. technical day schools. In addition there are 81

# PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Agriculture and Forestry -The total area of the Dominion (excluding annexed islands) is the Dominion (excluding annoved islands) is 65,300,25a acres, and, apart from boroughs and holdings under r acre, 43,368,653 acres of this were in occupation in 1930, this acteage representing 85,167 holdings. New Zealand is a pastoral rather than an agricultural country, but the quantity of wheat and oats grown is sufficient for the Dominion's requirements. The area under wheat in 1930,300 areas acres giving a vield of 2,300,556 was 33,942 acres, giving a yield of 7,839,556 bushels An area of 67,722 acres of oats was threshed, the yield totalling 3,022,288 bushels; unresnen, the yield totaling 3,023,282 bushels; while 190,072 acres were converted to chaff, hay, or enallage. Other acreages in 1929-30 were: barley, 18,631; peas, 9,855; rye-grass, 30,055; and potatoes, 23,214. An area of 485,773 acres was sown in turnips and mangolds. Amongst the forest productions are the Kauri pine (found only at the northern extremity of the islands), much valued for shipbuilding and for its resun (Kauri gum) New Zealand flax is used for the manufacture of topes and twine.

Live Stock—The cattle in 1930 numbered 3,765,668; sheep, 30,841,287; pigs, 487,793; and horses, 297,195. Sheep in 1931 numbered 29,792,506. The pastures of the South Island produce the celebrated sheep of the Canterbury

Manufactures .- Statistics of factory producmanufacture.—Summer on factory produc-on show (1939-30) 5,277 factories in operation, employing 85,797 hands. Value of output for year, £93,464,526.

Minerals.—Coal-mining is one of the largest industries, the output in 2929 being 2,535,864 tons, the approximate total output to the end or 1939 being 71,299,000 tons. Gold-mining, both alluvial and quartz, is an important industry in many districts, and rich iron ore, in the form of ironsand, occurs in great abundance

Year	Imports	Exports.	Total
1925 1927 1928 . 1929	£49,889,563 44,782,946 44,885,a66 48,797,977 43,025,914	£45,975,575 48,496,354 56,288,481 55,579,063 44,940,698	£95,165,138 93,279,300 101,074,747 104,377,040 87,966,606

Principal Imports, 1930 :-
Fruit (Fresh, Dried and Preserved) £736,812
Tea 710,400
Sugar 719,522
Tobacco
Iron and Steel 4,134,072
Electrical Machinery and Apparatus. 2,251,935
Other Machinery 2,144,530
Motor-cars and parts thereof 3,510,948
Other Metals and Metal Manufactures 965,775
Cotton Piece Goods 1,872,613
Woollen Piece Goods 628,256
Other Piece Goods 1,260,071
Other Textiles 4,930,487
Wood, Timber, and Manufactures
thereof
Oil, Petroleum (crude and refined) 3,120,010
Leather and Manufactures thereof 994.865
7711-5
Principal Exports, 1930:—
Wool £ 7,664,362
Butter 11,854,056
Frozen Meat 10,937,382
Cheese 6,438,438
Hides, Skins and Pelts
The external trade of 1930 was shared by the principal countries as under:—
Countries Tourness Course 12

Dimedian continues as	muer .—	
Country	Imports from.	Exports to.
United Kingdom	£21,132,142	£36,015,303
Australia	3,674,073	1,562,261
United States	7,391,361	2,116,752
Canada	3,804,909	2,530,832
Japan	550,856	154,741
France	385,015	519,787
India	627,543	406,878
Ceylon	693,576	9,066
Germany		401,084
Belgium		199,048
Dutch East Indies	807,500	13,019
Dutch East Indies		

# COMMUNICATIONS

Railways—In March, 1931, there were 3,388 miles of Government railway lines in working order, and more under construction; and 117 miles of private lines, together with an excellent system of road service cars. The number of passengers carried on Government lines in 1930-31, including season-ticket holders, was 22,873,708, and in addition 3,187,554 on railway road motor services, while goods carried amounted to 6,963,073 tons. Operating revenue and expenditure were £6,782,388 and £6,406,144 respectively.

Shipping.—During 1930 the vessels entered inwards numbered 592 (tonnage, 2,267,074), and those entered outwards 607 (tonnage, 2,357,166), exclusive of coasting vessels

Posts and Telegraphs.—The annual postal ofrculation was (1930), 322,732,067 letters and post-cards, 47,647,098 newspapers, 165,180,054 books and packets, and 6.447,194 parcels, and the work is effected by 1,773 post-offices. There are 13,585 miles of telegraph line, with 63,656 miles of wire. The telephone service is highly efficient and universal in all centres. Telegrams transmitted during year, 17,222,462.

#### NWN

CAPITAL, WELLINGTON, in the North Island. The estimated population of the Urban Areas, at April 30, 1931, was as follows:—Wellington, 143,000; Auckland, 217,000; Christchurch, 127,300; Dunedin, 86,500; Wanganui, 27,850; Invercargill, 24,000; Palmerston North, 22,800; nvercargiii, 44,000; raimerston North, 28,800; Napler, 19,300; Timaru, 18,350; New Plymouth, 18,200; Hamilton, 18,100; Hastunga, 16,750; Giaborne, 16,250; Nelson, 22,500; Masterton, 8,600; Oamaru, 7,600; Whaugatel, 7,600, Greymouth, 6,180; Ashburton, 5,380; Blenheim, 5,330; Rotorua, 5,270.

### THE ISLANDS OF NEW ZEALAND.

The following islands form part of the Dominion proper:—North Island and adjacent islets, Swith Island and adjacent islets is Stewart Island and adjacent islets, and Chatham Islands, hetween 43° 30° 8. lat and 173° 40° 179° 35° W. long. Chatham Islands have a population of 6so, half of whom are Maoris and half castes. They support large flocks of sheep and some cattle.

The following are included in the geographical boundaries of New Zealand as proclaimed in 1847:—The Three Kings (discovered by Tasman 1847:—The Three Kings (discovered by Tasman on the Feast of the Epiphany), m 34° 9′ 8. lat and 272° 8′ 8″ E long. (uninhabited). Auckland Islands, about 290 miles south of Bluff Harbour, in 30° 32′ S. lat. and 166° 13′ E long. The islands contain several 2000 harbours, but are uninhabited. Campbell Island (uninhabited). Antipodes Group (49° 41′ 25″ S. lat. and 178° 43′ E. long.) uninhabited, and Bounty Islands (47° 43′ S. lat., 179° 0′ 30″ E. long.) uninhabited.

The following islands have been annexed to New Zealand :-

The Kernadec Group, between 29° 10' to 32° 30' S. lat, and 127° 43' to 125° W. long, includes Bunday, Macaulay, Curtis Islands, and L'Espérance, and some islets. The group is uninhabited.

Cook Islands, included in the boundaries of New Zealand since June, reor, consist of the islands of Rarotonga, Aftutaki, Mangala, Aftu Mauke, Mattaro, Matuae and Te Au-o-tu), Takutea, Palmerston, Penrhyn (or Tongareva), Manahiki, Rakahanga, Pukapuka (or Danger), Niue (or Savage), Suwarrow, and Nassau. The population at the Census of 1926 numbered 13,877, all except 313 being Natives. The chief products are bananas, oranges, and other tropical fruits, copra, coffee, pearl-shell, and hats (Nûe). The trade is chiefly with New Zealand and the United States of America. The exports (1930) United States of America. The exports (1930) were valued at £125,315, and the imports at £125,026. Rarotonga is the chief island, with a native oppulation of 3,721, and a population other than native of 25. The government is administed locally under the direction of New 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 1222 and 12 Zealand. The Island Council of the Cook Islands is under the direction of the Resident Islands is under the direction of the Resident | Administrator, W. A. Newman (address, Commissioner at Rarotonga. The five Arikis of Nauru, Central Pacific).

Rarotonga are of equal rank and are all members of the Council Randongs is a place of call for the mail steamers between Sydney, N.S.W., and Wellington, N.Z., and San Fran-cisco, U.S.A.

Resident Commissioner, Rarotonga, H. F. 

Ross Dependency—By Imperial Order in Council of July 30, 1923, the coasts of the Ross Sea, with adjacent island and territories, were proclaimed a British Settlement under the control of the Governor-General of New Zealand.

Tokelau or Union Islands.—A group of atolls (population 999), transferred from Gilbert and Ellis Islands Colony in 1926, and now administered on behalf of New Zealand by Administrator of Western Samoa

The Mandated Territories are :-

Western Samoa, consisting of the islands of Savai', Manono, Apolima, Upolu, Fanuatapn, Namua, Nuutele and Nuulua (the remaining islands of the Samoan group belonging to the U.S.), have a total area of 1,135 square miles and a population at the Census of 1926 of 40,229. 36,880 were Samoans, 1,079 Chinese and Melanesians, and 2,270 half-castes and Europeans. The largest islands are Savat'ı (703 square nules) and Upolu (430 square nules). Upolu contains the inrgest islands are Savar's (rog square miles) and Upolu (ago square miles). Upolu contains the harbours of Apla and Saluafata, of which the former is the capital. In 1889 a very heavy sea set up by a cyclone wrecked three U.S. A. warships and the Eber and Adler of the German Navy, H.M.S. Callsope, of the British Navy, effecting its escape. The disaster is recorded in "A Footnote to History," by R. I. Stavenson whose home was escape. The disaster is recorded in "A roothouse to History," by R. L. Stevenson, whose home was at Vailima (near Apia). The natives of the islands are Christians of different denominations, including a few adherents of the Latter Day Saints (Mornnons). Coco-unta (copra), cocoa, and analysis are the about revolute. bananas and rubber are the chief products of the islands. The exports were valued in 1930 at £284,515 (copra £166,221), and the imports at £875,355.

Administrator, Brigadier-General H. E. Hart, C.B., C.M.G., D S O , V.D.

# NAURU ISLAND.

Nauru Island, situated in longitude z66 degrees east, and a miles south of the Equator, was proclaimed German territory on Oct. x, 1888, and was administered as part of the (German) Marshall Islands group until its surrender to the Australian Forces in 1914. The island was included in the cession of colonies made by Germany in 1919, and is now administered by the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia, and the Dominion of New Zealand under a mandate from the Allied and Associated Powers, 1919, the first and second Administrators having been appointed by agreement by the Australian Government. island has a population (April 1, 1930) of 2,684, of whom 147 are Europeans. There are valuable deposits of phosphates on the island, and in rose the exports of phosphates were 326,125 tons (valued at £346,052). The value of the imports in 1929 was £101,692.

# The Union of South Africa.

AREA AND POPULATION.

Provinces. Area (English Miles).		Census European.	of rgax. Total	European Population, 1931 (Preliminary)
Cape of Good Hope	276, 536 35, 284 110, 450 49, 647 471, 917 312, 194	650,609 130,838 543,485 188,556 1,519,488 19,432	2,782,719 1.429,3(8 2,087,636 628,827 6,928,580 227,739	748,455 177,424 695,963 205,324 1,827,166 24,115

Of the Enropean population of the Umon, 1931 (Parliamentary figures), 930.031 were males. and 897,135 females. The increase in the European population of the Umon (1926-31) was 8.9 per cent. For the Provinces it was as follows:—Cape, 5.9 per cent.; Natal, 11.6 per cent.; Transvaal, 14.4 per cent.; Orange Free State, 1.2 per cent

Births, Deaths, and Marriages of European Population,

	Nun	nber.			Rate per	Thousand	
Year.	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages	Year	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages
1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930†	43, 411 43, 876 44, 347 44, 813 46,219 47,536	15,371 16,080 16,627 17,642 16,803	14,002 14,908 15,622 16,348 17,192 16,604	1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	26°51 26°16 25°95 25'77 26°15 26°43	9°39 9°59 9°51 10°15 9°51	7.91 8.55 8.89 9.40 9.73

† Preliminary figures

A law (No. 17 of 1923) amending and consolidating the pre-Union Acts in force in the four Provinces was passed and came into force as from the 1st January, 1924. Under this law registration of all European, Asiatic and Coloured (as distinct from Native) births and deaths was compulsory throughout the Union. Registration of Native births and deaths is compulsory only in urban areas. Only marriages solemnized under the prescribed civil laws are subject to registration.

# PHYSIOGRAPHY.

Boundaries.—The provinces of the Union extend from the southernmost point of the African Continent to the course of the Limpopo River, i.e., from 34° 50′ – 22° South latitude, and include all the British territories within those limits, with the exception of Basutoland and the Swaziland and Bechnanaland Protectorates, while provision is made for the future inclusion within the Union of those territories and of the territories of the British South Africa Company.

Relief.—The southermost province contains many parallel ranges, which rise in steps towards the interior. The south-western peninsula contains the famous Table Mountain (3,532 feet), while the Great Zwarte Bergen and Lange Bergen run in parallel lines from west to east of the Cape province. Between these two ranges and the Roggereld and Nieuwereld to the north is the Great Karroo Plateau, which is bounded on the east by the Sneeuwhergen, containing the highest similar in the province (Compassiver, 7,800 feet). In the east are ranges which join the Diakensbergen (11,000 feet) between Natal and the Orange Free State.

The Orange Free State presents a succession of undulating grassy plains with good pasture-land, at a general elevation of some 3,800 feet, with occasional hills or kopies. The Transvaal is also mainly an elevated platean with parallel ridges in the Magalies and Waterberg ranges of no great height. The veld or plains of this northermuost province is divisible into the Hooge Veld of the south, the Banker Veld of the centre, and the Bush Veld of the north and east, the first and second forming the grazing and agricultural region of the Transvaal and the last a mimosa-covered waster. The eastern province of Natal has pastoral lowlands and rich agricultural land between the slopes of the Drakeusberg and the coast, the interior rising in terraces as in the southern provinces.

Rivers.—The Orange, with its tributary the Vaal, is the principal river of the south, rising in the Drakensbergen and flowing into the Atlantic between the Protectorate of South West Africa and the Cape of Good Hope. The Limpopo, or Croccolile River, in the north, rises in the Transvaal and flows into the Indian Ocean through Portuguese East. Africa. Most of the remaining rivers are furious torrents after rain, with partially dry leds at other seasons.

### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

The Cape of Good Hope was discovered in 1486 by Bartholomew Diaz, the commander of one of the many expeditions sent out by successive Kings of Portugal to discover an ocean route to India. Diaz merely doubled the Cape and returned home. Eleven years becan fonce to find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a find a f shores of Table Bay, established a fort, and occupied the adjacent lands, in order to be always ready with supplies for their passing ships. In 1814 the Cape was formally ceded to the British Crown.

Natal derives its name from the fact of its discovery on Christmas Day, 1497, by the celebrated Portuguese navigator, Vasco da Gama. The first European settlement was formed (1824) by a small party of Englishmen, who came by sea and established themselves on the coast where Durban now stands. Natal was then a part of the great Zulu kingdom under T'Chaka. Between 1835 and 1837 another settlement was formed by a large body of Dutch Boers, who came with their waggons overland from the Cape Colony and settled in the northern districts, where to this day the Boers preponderate. In the year 1843 Natal was proclaimed as British and annexed to the Cape Colony. In 1856 it was erected into a separate colony, with representative institutions, and in 1893 acquired responsible government.

The Transvaal was formed as the South African Republic by parties of Dutch Boers from the English colonies who "trekked" into the interior of the continent and wrested the land across the Vaal river from the native chiefs. The discovery of the goldfields within its borders led to the settlement of large numbers of foreigners, and eventually to hostilities with the British Government. A war of nearly three years' duration was fought with great tenacity, and its close was marked by the inclusion of the South African Republic within the British Empire, "responsible government" being granted almost immediately.

The Orange Free State was founded, in much the same way as the Transvaal, by Boer emigrants from Cape Colony, and its independence was granted in 1854. Its subsequent

history is identical with that of the Transvaal.

Delville Wood.—The title deeds of Delville Wood, containing the graves of South African troops who fell there during the battles on the Western Front in France in the Great War, are held by the Government of the Union of South Africa, and Delville Wood is part of South Africa.

# GOVERNMENT.

The Union of South Africa is constituted under the South Africa Act, 1909 (9 Edw. VII., cap. 6), passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom on September 20, 1909. In terms of that Act the self-governing Colonics of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvani and the Orange River Colony became united on May 31, 1910, in a legislative Union under one Government under the name of the Union of South Africa, those Colonies becoming original Provinces of the Union under the names of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvani and the Orange Free State respectively.

The Union Government is seised of all State property, and the Railways, Ports, Harbours and Customs are administered by Union Commissioners for the benefit of a Consolidated Revenue Fund. The former debts of the Provinces are administered by and form a first charge upon the funds of the Union. Provision is made in the Act of 1000 for the admission to the Union of Rhodesia, and for the transfer to the Union Government of the administration of protected and other native territories. The Union was inaugurated by H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, K.G., in 1910.

The Government publishes annually an "Official Year Book of the Union of South Africa," giving full statistics and descriptive information on all matters of public concern.

The seat of the Government is Pretoria; the seat of the Legislature is Cape Town. The Executive is vested in a Governor-General appointed by the Sovereign, and aided by an Executive Council, with a Legislature of two Houses.

Governor-General (Cape Town and Pretoria), The Right Honourable the Earl of

Clarendon, G.C.M.G. .....(1931) £10,000 Secretary, Capt. H. T. Birch Reynardson ...... Private Secretary and Comptroller, Lt.-Col. E. H Davidson, C.B.E., M.C. ....... 600

# EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

H.R.H. the Governor-General presides. Prime Min., Min. of External Affairs, Gen. the Rt. Hon. J. B. M. Hertzop, P.O. £3,500 Minister of Native Afairs, Hon. E. G. Jansen Minister of the Interior and of Pullic Health and of Education, Hon. Dr. 2,500

D. F. Malan ....... Minister of Defence and Labour, Col. the Hon. F. H. P. Creswell, D. S. O.

Minister of Mines and Industries, Hon.

A. P. J. Fourie 2,500

Minister of Finance, Hon. N. C. Havenga Minister of Justice. Hon O. Pirow, K.C.... 2,500 2,500 Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, and of Public Works, Hon. H. W. Sampson, O. B. E. 2,500

Minister of Agriculture, General the Hon.
J. C. G. Kemp 2.500 Minuster of Railways and Harbours, Hon. 

HIGH COMMISSIONER IN LONDON. High Commissioner for the Union, C. T. te Water, South Africa House, 73 Strand, W.C. 2 Secretary, J. G. Hubball.

# TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

Trade Commissioner, J. H. Dimond.
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentary, The Hague, D. J. de Villiers
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentary, Washington, D.C., U.S.A., E. H. Louw
Trade Commissioner for the Union in East
Africa, Nairobi, Col. Beresford Turner, C. M.G.,

# THE LEGISLATURE.

D S.O.

The Senate consists of 40 members For ten years after the establishment of Union eight were nominated by the Governor-General-in-Council and 32 were elected, eight for each Province. The first election was made prior to the establishment of the Umon by the two Houses of each of the Colonial Legislatures sitting as one body, and a vacancy was filled by the choice of the Provincial Council in respect of whose Province a vacancy occurred Since 192x the Provincial element has been elected, according to the system of proportional representation with the single transferable vote, by the Members of the House of Assembly and of the Provincial Conneil for each Province sitting together and presided over by the Administrator of such Province. Vacancies amongst elected Senators are filled in the same manner, but only for the period which the Senator in whose place the new Senator is elected would have held his seat Originally, under Section 24 of the South Africa Act, nom-nated Senators held their seats for a period of ten years, but this provision was amended by Act No. 54 of 1936, and nominated Senators are now required to vacate their seats on the dissolution of the Senate or upon a change of Government. Of the eight nominated Senators, four are selected on the ground of their thorough acquaintance, by reason of their official experience or otherwise, with the reasonable wants and wishes of the coloured races.

The House of Assembly consists of 148 elected members, 28 of whom represent the Cape of Good Hope, 17 Natal, 25 Transvaal, and 18 the Orange Free State. Members of both Houses must be

the following constituencies: Cape of Good Hope, 58; Natal, 17; Trafusvaal, 55; Orange Free State, 18.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

A Provincial Council in each Province has power to legislate by ordinance on certain subjects specified in the Act, and on such other subjects as may be delegated to it. All ordinances passed by a Provincial Conneil are subjected to the veto of the Governor-General in Council. Members of the Provincial Council are elected on the same system as Members of Parliament, but the restriction as to European descent does not apply. Provincial administration is in the case of each Province vested in an Administrator, with an Executive Committee of four members. The Provincial Council in each case consists of the same number of elected members as there are electoral divisions of such Province for the House of Assembly, unless that number is less than as (as in the cases of Natal and the Orange Free State), when the number is as. Each Council exists for a period of three years. Direct taxation is permitted for Provincial pur-poses, and legislation is authorised on certain specified subjects.

Administrators of the Provinces Cape ...... .. .. The Hon. J. H. Contadie £2,500 Natal... The Hon. H. G. Watson, 180 Transcaal ..... The Hon. J. S. Smit 2,000 2,500 Orange Free State. . The Hon. C. T. M Wilcocks..... 

Provincial Secretaries.

1,390 Natal. . . . . . . . A. E. Charter 1,180 Transvaal.. C E Viljoen, B A., L L 1,415 1,415 Orange Free State . ... R A Gregorowski 1,210

# THE JUDICATURE.

SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA. APPELLATE DIVISION (Bloemfontein).

.£3,250

Cape of Good Hope Promucial Division. Judge President. Hon F G. Gardiner ... Primme Judges, Hon E K Watermeyer; G. G. Sutton; Hon H S Van Zyl; Hon.

Eastern Districts Local Dirision.

Judge President, Hon. Sir T. L. Graham. . Puisne Judges, Hon C Gutsche; Hon W. Pittman ...... each

Griqualand West Local Division. Puisne Judge, Hon. F. A Hutton .... ...

Transvaal Provincial Dimsion. Judge President, Hon. D de Wall, D.S O.
Prusne Judges, Hon. B A. Tindall;
Hon F. E. T. Krause, G J. Maritz; Hon. L. Greenberg, Hon. C. E. Bury; each 2,250 Hon, S. Solomon ....

British subjects of European descent.

Natal Provincial Division.

The Fifth Delimitation Commission, appointed, Judge President, Hon. R. l'eetham, C.M.O. £2,500 on July 19, 1927, has divided the country into Pusse Judges, Hon. A. R. Hathom;

W. H. Lansdown; Hon, E. L. Matthews, C.M G. .... each £2,250

Orange Free State Provincial Division. 

C. L. Botha .... 2.250

Native Iligh Court, Natal.

Ind se President, Hon. I. Grindley Ferris 1,500 Judges, A. W. Leslie; S. A. McCormick; E. H. Britter ...... each z,400

### DEFENCE.

The South Africa Defence Act, 1912, became law on June 14, 1912. This Act, as amended by the South Africa Defence Act Amendment Act of 222, provides for the establishment of Defence Forces comprising:—

1. The South Africa Permanent Force, which

consists of :

(i) The South African Staff Corps.(ii) The South African Instructional Corps.

(m) The South African Naval Service

(iv) The South African Field Artillery (v) The South African Permanent Garrison

Artillery. (vi) The South African Engineer Corps.

(vii) The South African Air Force. (viii) The South African Service Corps. (iv) The South African Medical Corps.

(x) The South African Ordnance Corps. (xi) The South African Veterinary Corps.

(xii) The South African Administrative, Pay, and Clerical Corps.

The South African Naval Service includes the officers and men of the South African Division of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve engaged for whole-time service.

2. The Coast Garrison Force, which consists

(i) The South African Garrison Artillery.
(ii) The South African Coast Defence Corps.

3 The Citizen Force, which consists of .-

(1) The Active Citizen Force.

(n) The Citizen Force Reserve. (iii) The National Reserve.

4. The South African Division of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

### s. Special Reserves.

Every citizen between the ages of 17 and 60 is liable to render personal service in time of war, and those between 17 and 25 are liable to under go a prescribed peace training with the Active Citizen Force spread over a period of four consecutive years. The Act states, however, that only so per cent. of the total number liable to peace training shall actually undergo that training nuless Parliament makes financial provision for the training of a greater number.

The establishment of Rifle Associations, under the Citizen Force Reserve, is a marked feature of the Act; citizens between the ages of sx and sg who are not entered for peace training with the Active Citizen Force are to be compelled to undergo training during these four years in a Rifle Association, thus ensuring that, in course of time, all citizens will at least know how to handle and use a rifle.

Provision is made in the Act for the cadet

training of boys between 13 and 17 in urban and other populous areas, where facilities can conveniently be arranged.

The Union is divided into 6 military districts. To each military district has been allotted various units of different arms, to which the citizens entered for peace training in their acth and sist years are posted.
EDUCATION.

In the South Africa Act, Section \$5 (iii.), it is provided that "Education, other than higher education, for a period of five years and thereafter, until Parliament otherwise provides, shall be and remain under the jurisdiction of the respective Provincial Councils"

Under Act No. 5 of 1922, a definition is given of the term "higher education." Section 12 of that Act, as amended by Section 14 of Act No.
46 of 1925, reads as follows:—The expression
"higher education" as used in Section 85 of the South Africa Act, 1909, shall include inter dia:

(a) Education provided by universities and university colleges incorporated by law; (b) education provided by the South African education provided by the South African Native College; (c) education provided by such technical institutions (including schools of art, music, commerce, technology, agriculture, mining and domestic science) as the Minister of Education may declare to be places of higher education; (d) such part of the education provided by other technical institutions as the Minister of Education may, after consultation with the provincial administration concerned, declare to be higher education; (*) any other education which, with the causent of the provincial administration concerned, the Minister of Education may declare to be higher education

In terms of clauses (c), (d) and (e) above, the Provinces have been relieved of all vocational education (technical, industrial and agrienitural), and the Department of Education under the Minister is therefore now concerned with-

I Universities and university colleges comprising the following. South Africa, with the z. Um versity of

following constituent colleges

Potchefstroom University College, Potchefstroom.

Grey University College, Bloemfontein Rhodes University College, Grahamstown. Hugnenot University College, Weilington,

Natal University College, Pietermantzburg

University of Capetonon.
 University of Stellenbosch.

University of the Witwaterwand.

University of Pretoria

11. Technical colleges which have been established under Act No. 30 of 1933 at Capetown, Durhau, Johannesburg, Port Elizabeth East London, Pretoria, Pietermaritzburg, and Bloem-

III. Industrial, trade and agricultural schools (State and State-sided) at various centres throughout the Union.

The number of students at universities and university colleges for the year 1930 was 6.990. The State expenditure on higher education as above defined during the financial year 1930-31 WAS £857,300.

Primary Education and Education other than Higher Education.—The central direction of public education (other than higher education) is exercised by the Provincial Education Depart ment in each of the four Provinces of the Union. Each Department is controlled by a Director or Superintendent of Education. In the Cane In the Cape

5,759 060

Province practically all the schools are Stateaided. In Natal they are partly State schools and partly State-aided. In the Transvaal and Orange Free State they are in the main State schools. In all Provinces primary education

Number of State and State-aided Schools in the Union in 1930 .- For European scholars, 4,906; for Non-European scholars, 4,038, total,

8,944.

Number of Scholars and Teachers in 1932.

Number of Scholars and Teachers in 1932. European scholars, 353,942; Non-European scholars, 382,707; total, 736,649. Teachers—In European Schools, 25,846, in Non-European

Schools, 9 951.
State Expenditure on Education in 1930 -Cape, £3,43,712; Natal, £755,907; Transvan, £2,886,457; Orange Fice State, £935,327; total, £7,991,203.

Private Schools in 1930.—European, 264; Non-

European, 474, total, 738. Number of Scholars — European, 20,652; Non-

European, 20,800, total, 41,452.

Number of Teachers — European, 1,104; Non-

European, 598, total, 1,79s.
In all Provinces Normal Colleges and other institutions for the training of teachers are maintained by the Education Departments.

Superintendent-General of Education, Prof M C Botha, M.A. Supt. of Education, Natal, F D Hugo, B A.

Director of Education, Transmal, N. M. Hoogenhout, M. A., Ph.D. (Strassburg)
Director of Education, Orange Free State,

S. H. Pellissier, B A.

### UNION FINANCE.

The ordinary Revenue and Expenditure of the Umon (exclusive of subsidies to Provincial Administrations and interest on Railway capital) for the five years ended March 31, 1930, are stated as under -

Year	Revonue	Expenditure.
1925-1926 1926-1927	£, 26,986,778 28,577,003 30,094,004 30,501,650 30,486,458	£ 21 014,444 21,850,419 22,840,768 23,180,076 24,414,770

DEBT. The Funded Debt of the Union at March 31, 1930, was £235,372,357 and the Floating Debt £14,278,840
PROVINCIAL FINANCE

Since their establishment in 1910 the powers and functions of the Provinces have undergone various alterations, and their powers of taxation have been limited from time to time. An Act (No. 46, 1925) to amend the laws regulating the financial relations between the Union and the Session of Parliament, and as from April 1, 1925, the sources of revenue available to the Provinces are

(1) A subsidy from the Union Government based upon the average attendance of pupils receiving education within the Province, and the extent of other educational functions carried on by the Province

(z) Certain scheduled and limited taxes.

(3) Certain taxes collected by the Union and assigned to the Provinces without power to legislate in regard thereto.

(4) Special grants of £75,000 each to the two

smaller Provinces of Natal and the Orange Free

The requirements of the Provinces in regard to capital expenditure are supplied by the Union Government by way of loans Special loans repayable in to years have been made by the Central Government to finance the deficits on the Provincial Revenue Funds at March 31,

The ordinary Revenue and Expenditure for six years ended March 3r, 1930, were as

Finan- Ctal Year	Revenu transferred or assigned	Subsidies	Total Ordinary Revenue	Total Ordinary Expendi- ture
1925-26 1926-27 1927-28 1928-29	£,4,419,065 4,349,768 4,460,171 4,850,546 5,186,622 5,234,805	£ 4,429,486 5,300,776 5,171,178 5,122,840 5,149,119 5,243,032		10,549,670 10,886,812

Joint Stock Banks -- Assets and Liabilities,

318t Maich, 1931.	
Capital and Reserve	£13,077,788
Notes in Circulation	1,443,540
Deposits	104,403,714
Balances due to other Banks, Head	
Office and Branches	8,912,490
Bills and other Liabilities	11,655,873
Com, Gold Certificates and Bullion	_
in hand	2,262,597
Balances due by other Banks, Head	
Office and Branches	23,851,138
Securities	30,408,326
Bills under Discount	17,557,917
Advances	50,468,452
Other liquid Assets	9,185,858

## PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.

Other Assets .... ... ...

Agriculture.—The exports in 1930 of the principal articles of agricultural production were :-

Article	Quantity.	Value.	
Wool	275,024,421 lb.	£8,644,490	
Moh <b>air</b> Hides	33, 185,050 lb.	295,300 759,226	
Skins Ostrich Feathers	44,473,145 lb. 86,539 lb.	1,354,989 48,478	
Mealies Fruit, fieth		2,428,693 †1,546,929	
Wattle Bark	‡198,819,997 lb.	86x,894	

(1,000 lb)	Cape	Natal	Trans	0 F S	Native Reserves and Lo- cations.
Wheat .	307 375	543	76 430	49.949	
Outst	212 240	1,466	6,748	31,5 9	
Bules	61 546	48	3,815	636	
Maixe	137.476	345-935	2,311 085	1, <b>260,86</b> 3	(80.755
Kathr Corn	8,672	=7.853	89,974	32 353	158 316
Rve	33 9 0	357	2.450	3.104	;
Potatoes	82,974	35,988	56 988	72,500	
Tobacco	5,536	702	6,899	828	
Tea, Green Le if Cotton (Seed)	z.83o	2,654 5,204	2,924	••	:
Monkey Nuts	1,630	1,268	19,235	93	•

† Natives on European Farms not enumerated; 1925-26 production = 1,262,950 lb | Season, September, 1926, to June, 1929.

	,	- 1	Inion	of S
Mines and	l Minerals	Gold min	ing sti	ll con-
wealth. At mines closed	down. Th	e value of	the out	put of
the principa	£	ł		£
Gold Diamonds	. 8,340,710	Ashestos.	3	140,795
Coal Copper Tin	520,048	Corundur	n	17,635
The miner	al productio	a for the U	nion of	South
1921*	8,128,	old. 710 fine oz.		
1983" -	7,009, 9,149,		41,	

... 9.575,040 ..... .. 9,597,592 .. ... . 9,954,762 " ,, -10,122,491 ,, ..10,754,264 2,11 43,98 . ... ....10,412,326 

peans and 216,922 coloured

Diamonds.

1922	. 669,559	metric carats	€2,266,631
1983	. 2,053,095	,,	6,038,207
1924	. 2,440,398	11	8,033,406
1925	2,430,128		8,198,128
1026 ·.	3,217,967	11	10,683,597
1027	. 4,708,038	"	12,392,308
1028	4,372,857		16,677,772
1020	. 3,661,212	,,	10,500,113
	. 3,153,591		8,340,710
		employed i	
		ıvıdual diamoi	

maning, including individual diamond diggrage was in 1930. Transval, 6,279 Europeaus, 36,250 coloured; Cape, 3,231 Europeaus, 12,337 coloured; OFS, 637 Europeaus, 4,644 coloured, r total of 10,747 Europeaus and 53,150 coloured. The value of diamonds owned throughout the world was stated to be £600,000,000 in 1918 one-half being owned by residents in U.S.A.

### Coal. (Tons of a.ooo lb.)

	1930.
Transvaal	7,545, 167 tons £1,878,200
	4,597 ,, 3,167
O.F.S	1,101,695 ,, 305,260
Natal	. 4.454,854 ,, x,307,7x4

Totals ... 13,106,313 , £3,494,35 The average labour employed in coal minim in 1930 was Natal, 628 Empepans, 13,155 coloued, Transvani, 800 Europeans, 13,155 coloued, Transvani, 800 Europeans, 13,155 coloued, 20 FS, 142 Europeans, 2,466 coloued, a total of 1,578 Europeans and 31,016 coloured

Silver

There are no silver mines in the Union. The our put, valued at £83,414 in 1930, represents silve contained in gold bullion and base metal ores Copper.
(Tons of z,000 lb )

In 1930, 8,254 tons of concentrates were produced in the Transvaal, and 4,047 tons in the Cape Province. The total shipments of coppe during the year amounted to 9,754 tons, value

at £320.048

Promum moinded—1920, 1721, 1922, 1923, 1923, 1924, 20,20,842, £3,553,598, £3,567,501, £3,772,151 a £4,657,192 respectively.

Tin. (Tons of s,ooo lh.)
The Union figures for 1930 are 1,277 tons, valued at £118,200.

Other Minerals.

Other Monerale.

The value of the total mineral production of the t nion for 1930 was £59,284,501. The value of miscellaneous products: quarry products, £01,297; lead, £104; magnesite, £4,239; graphite, £1,636.

EXTERNAL TRADE
The total value of the Imports and Exports m the six years 1925-1930 (exclusive of silver and copper specie) was as follows Note amended figures (exports) include Gold Specie.—

5	Year	Imports	Exp	orts	To	tal Trade	1
7		£		€		£	١
1	1925	67,928,799		7,614		7,306,413	Ì
8	1926	73,759,054		1,547		9,170,601	1
- 1	1327	74,069,308		5,152		0,424,460	1
8	1928	79,087,658		0,170		5,547,828	ł
6	1929	83,449,196	97.75	7,484		z,206,680	1
<u>n</u>	19-0	64,558,504	03,49	23.477	14	7,967,981	ł
j.		1mrogres	i	1929.	- 1	1930.	Ī
١				£	-  -	£	١
- 1	Appare	1		3,351,1	33	2,665,672	١
z I	Arms a	nd Ammunitie	m i	459,6		517,730	١
7				1,273,4		1,057,622	1
		Manufacture			-		ł
8		Goods		6,706,8		4,993,967	ŧ
7 8		nd Chemicals		1,268 5	71	1,271,039	ŀ
	Electric	al Machiner	(111-)				ı
2		g Witeand Fil		2,951,5		2,566,241	I
3		nd Driuk ne		8,105,7		5,420,514	t
3		ne		7,283,3		978,146	Ì
ξ,		ashery		241,9 1,665,1		229,785	Į
9		116		4,141,0		1,276,138 3,319,625	1
i- I		d Caps		741,5		573,788	f
al	Implen	ents Agricu	tural	1,790,6		904,592	1
۱. ا	Iron an	d Steel		2,167,2		1,657,415	١
e		Manufacture		1,253,1		1,015,000	١
3,		ery		4,523,9		3,800,471	١
				3,836,8		3,307,751	1
	Tobacco	(Raw and	Partly		1		1
	Prepr	red)		4,2	58	4,029	-
	Way (C	andle)	••••	365,9		240,683	
9		nd Timber		2,013,8		1,799,984	i
57	Woone	n Manufactur		2,403,6	55	2,258,780	
14		EXPORTS			1		j
-		(S A Produce).		1,530	!	1930	. !
50				£		£	
ıg	Asbest	OB		183,6		255,496	
ıj.		Vattle and Ex		755,2		554,095	
d,		Leaves			50	5,117	
o-		actuding Bun (Bar Plate &		940,1		698,004	
118	Diamo					528,169	
		ig Compounds	• • • • • • • • • •	12,073,		5,481,211	
		rs, Ostrich		15,0		4,895	
ıt-	Fish			308,		42,476 330,541	
eı		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		812,		ag6,634	
				1,198,		1,853,64	
	Gold (	020. £.46.776.0	046)	24.537.	671	35,890,84	
ო-	Hides	and Skins		2,113,		2,150,00	
he	Mohai	r		643,		295,30	
100	Oil W	hale		355,		385,36	0
ed		•••••				z,469,94	7
	Tui Or	·		,		174,81	3
4	Tobac	co	•••••		443	53,60	
'nd					376	83,74	3
	1 WOOL	•••••	•••••	.,14,581	,005	8,644,49	Ю
_							-

50'30 per cent. of the total exports from the Union were shipped to the United Kingdom during 1984, 53'84 per cent. in 1985, 61'75 per cent. in 1986, 60'77 per cent. in 1987, 57'70 per cent. in 1988, 64'05 per cent. in 1989, 69'45 per cent. in 1989.

	<b>1989.</b>		1530	
Imports from	Value.	Per	Value.	Per
	_ ₹		£	-
United Kingdom	35,936,78z	43'1	<del>2</del> 9,735,707	46'I
Australia	1,849,326	3.1		
India	2,583,092	3.3		3,3
Canada Other British	s,736,808	33	8,130,100	3,3
Possessions	4,305,154	5.z	3,367,624	5.8
Total British Pos- sessious	11,474,380	13.7	8,165,086	1876
1	77773	-3,		
Total - British		į		
Empire	47,411,161	56.8	37,901,693	587
ForeignCountries				
Germany	5,334,799	6.4		68
United States		18 0	9,287,735	14'4
Belgium	1,838,504	8.2	1,442,519	2.8
Sweden	1,316,057			1.4
Holland	1,404,984			
Brazil				0.8
France	1,584,748	z.2	1,309,624	8 6
Other Foreign				1
Countries	8,680,6zz	10'4	7,423,262	11.2
Total Foreign	4 0	٦		
Countries	36,038,035	43	26,656,811	41.3
Total Imports	83,449,196	100 0	64,558,504	100,0
CO	MMUNICA	TIO	NS.	

Railways.—The first railway in South Africa was commenced in April, 1859, the first sod being turned by the then Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, Sir George Grey This was very shortly followed by Natal, which started the construction of a line running from Durhan. Another two lines finally linked up at Heidelberg in 1855. The Cape line was opened for public traffic to Stellenbosch in 1865 and to Wellington in 1865, while a track to Wynberg was opened to traffic in 1864. Little progress was, however, made in succeeding years, and it became evident that the development of the country could not be left to private enterprise. The existing Cape lines were therefore purchased by the Government on Jan. 1, 1873, and in 1876 Natal followed by acquiring the railways in that colony. Increased working at once took place, and the construction of four lines was pushed inland from Cape Town, Durban, Port Elizabeth, and East Loudon. Bloemfontein was reached in 1890, and two years later a line to Germiston linked up with the system already established in the Transvaal.

The total open mileage of Govornmentowned lines at the end of March, 1930, was 18,873 miles (comprising Cape 5.094, Orange Free State 18,95, Transval 3,881, Natal 1,472, and South-West Africa 1,421), of which 11,977 miles are 3 ft. 6 in. gauge and 896 miles a ft. gauge. The capital expenditure on Government rail-

ways up to March 31, 1930, amounted to £143,327,941. The gross callings for the year ending March 31, 1930, were £26,730,549, and the net profit, after payment of interest, £63,491. Working expenditure (excluding depreciation) amounted to £16,683,365, or 72.59 per cent. of the gross revenue, as compared with £18,798,664, or 72 to 59 er cent. of the gross revenue for the previous year. The Cape to Cairo Ravincay, projected by Ceoil Rhodes, had advanced to Bullwayo by 1902, 1,365 miles from Cape Town and 3,600 miles from Cairo. Through communication by rail is now available from Cape Town to Port Francoui in the lower Congo, 3,300 miles, all 3' 6" gauge. The Trans-Zambes Railway, from Dondo (on the Berra-Mashonaland line) to the Zambesi, was opened July 1, 1922, thus placing the Union in direct communication with Nyasaland.

Posts and Telegraphs.—On March 3z, 1931. there were 3.260 post and a,840 telegraph offices open in the Union. During the year 1930-31, 376,480,000 airticles of mail matter, including 3,537,000 registered articles, addressed to places within and without the Union, were handled an Air Mail service in conjunction with incoming and outgoing European mails operates between Cape Town and Fort Elizabeth, with branches to Durban and Germiston. The number of money orders issued was 6x0,266, valued at £2,723,78z, were paid. 4,370,324 postal orders were issued, and 3,884,563 postal orders paid The number of depositors in the Savings Bank was 441,816, with £6,861,625 standing to their ciedit. 5,644,638 inland telegrams (including press messages) were received and despatched during the year. 35,075 miles of telegraph wire were in use. There are 5 wireless telegraph stations in the Union, which during the year received from and tansmitted to ships 16,828 messages, in respect of which £6,804 accrued to the revenue of the Department. The telephone system consists of 405,033 miles of wire, with 104,050 telephone instruments in the service of 77,964 subscribers, by whom approximately 170,54 million (inclusive of 17 million trunk) calls were made through departmental telephone exchanges. The combined cash revenue from Poats, Telegraphs and £1,025,071; Telegraphs £505,275, and Telephone £1,506,921. The combined cash expenditure totalled £3,203,153.

Shipping.—In 1930, 5,702 vessels (15,699,478 tons) entered, and 5,692 vessels (15,678,302 tons) cleared at the ports of the Umon of South Africa.

RAILWAYS AND HARBOURS BOARD. Chairman, Hou C W. Malan, M.P., Minister of Railways and Harbours

Members, A. Knit, R. B. Waterston, and D. Hugo

Secretary, P. D. Troskie.

The railways, posts, and harbours of the Union are administered and worked under the control and authority of the Governor-General in Council, exercised through a Minister of State, who is advised by a Board consisting of three Commissioners

The management and working of the railways and harbours are subject to the control of the Minister of Railways and Harbours, carried on by the General Manager, who is governed by such regulations as the Minister may from time to time frame, after consultation with the Board.

South-West Africa.

(Studwes-Afrika)
Administered under Mandate as an integral part of the Union of South Africa.

Administrator, Albertus Johannes Werth.

Secretary, H. P. Smit. SOUTH-WEST AFRICA lies between S. lat. 1 s₃ and the Orange River, with a narrow strip between 18°-18° 30' S. lat. extending from sτ° to π5° E. long., known as the Caprivi Zipfel, and gives access to the Zambesi. The estimated area of the country is 223,394 square miles, and the population (2920) is approximately 275,528, of whom approximately 21,526 are Europeans. The estimated native population (1930) is distributed as follows: Territory proper, 100,603; Ovamboland, 117,000; Kaokofeld, 4,309; Okawango, 14,000; Caprivi Zipfel (eastern portion only) 14,000; Caprevi Zipfel (eastern portion only) 8,024. Running more or less parallel to the coast, and roughly at a distance of 60 to 100 miles from it, is a broken range of mountains, from which there is a gradual slope to the sea. country between these mountains and the coast is barren desert except towards the North, and is known as the Namib Towards the East from these mountains the land slopes eastward and forms the western edge of the great Kalahari Plateau. The boundaries are the Okavango and Kunene Rivers, in the north, and the Orange River, in the south, all perennal streams of considerable volume. On the Orango are the Aughraines Falls, twice the height of Niagara.

The native races are :- In the South, Hottentots. In the centre, Hereros and Bergdamaras, with the exception of the Rehoboth district, which is occupied by a mixed race known as the Bastards; and in the North, Ovambos To the North and East there are many small bushmen tribes, some pure bushmen, but the remainder a mixture of aboriginal native tribes and bushmen. The Kaokoveld (the North-Western area) is very scantily inhabited by Hottentots and Ovatyimbas; the only Europeans are those allowed for minerals. It is very mountainous, and in many places well supplied with water.

The Administration of the country is exercised by the Governor-General, who has, however, delegated most of his powers to an Adminis-trator appointed by the Umon Government. The territory is divided into 17 Districts ruled over by Magistrates as the representatives of the Government The territory of Walvis Bay. which is actually part of the Cape Province of the Union, is administered so far as possible as a portion of South West Africa, and its magnificent harbour will undoubtedly in the future prove of and privately owned Lines 74 miles, a total of great benefit. The constitution granted under Union Act No 42 of 1925 provides for a Legislative Assembly consisting of 12 elected and 6 nominated members, an Executive Committee of 4 members elected by the Assembly The with the Administrator as Chairman. powers of legislation granted exclude the following matters which are permanently reserved to the Union Government:

earnings of natives

(d) Mines, mineral, mineral oils and precious

of the moneys derivable therefrom or

for the extension of powers has not yet (October, 1932)

for the extension of powers has not yet (October, 1932)

for the extension of powers has not yet (October, 1932)

for the extension of powers has not yet (October, 1932)

for the extension of powers has not yet (October, 1932)

the Assembly as required by the Constitution Act.

as share of the produce thereof or any taxation in connection therewith;

(c) The acquisition, construction, management, regulation, control and working of railways and harbours in the territory; and the organization, discipline and conditions of em-ployment of and the payment of pensions, re-tiring allowances and financial benefits to persons in the employment of the railways and harl ours administration :

(d) The organization of and discipline and conditions of employment of persons in the public service who are serving in the territory, and the payment of pensions, retiring allow ances and financial benefits to such persons;

(c) The constitution and jurisdiction of courts of justice, whether superior or inferior, and the practice or procedure to be observed therein;

(f) The administration, management and working of the postal, telegraph and telephone services .

(g) The establishment or control of any military organization in the territory,

(h) The movements or operations of any unit of the South African Defence Forces within the territory;

(i) The entry of immigrants into the territory or of other persons;

(i) Tariffs of customs and excise duties and the control and management of customs and excise;

(k) Currency and banking and the control of banking institutions.

The following matters are reserved for a period of three years,* after which period the Assembly may by resolution assume control thereof:

(a) The establishment or control of any police force in the territory;

(b) Civil aviation:

(c) Primary or secondary education in schools supported or aided from the revenues of the territory;

(d) The establishment, management or control of any land or agricultural bank in the territory (e) The allotment, sale, lease or disposal of Government lands in the territory

In regard to finance, the Assembly may not mitiate any ordinance imposing taxation unless recommended to it by the Administrator

The railway system in South-West Africa, now controlled and worked by the South African Railways and Harbours Administration, and connected with Union Lines (De Aar to Makop Protectorate border 343 miles), comprises Union Lines 398 miles, S W Territor, Lines x,482 miles,

1,954 imiles.
The Capital of the Protectorate is Windhoek, The Capital of the Protectorate is Windhoek, which hes practically in the centre of the country at 5,500 ft. above sea-level. (Urban white population, 1926, 3,800.) Other minut towns are Keetmanshoop (Urban white population, 1926, 1,129). Aroab, Bethanie, Gibeon, Gobabis, Grootfontein, Karibib, Okahandja, Omathe Union Government:

(a) Native affairs or any matters specially and Maltahoehe. The ports are Walvis Bay affecting natives, including the imposition of (Urban white population, 1926, 66s) and Luderiz taxation upon the persons, land, habitations or Bay (Urban white population, 1926, 1934).

### Probinces of the Union of South Africa.

### CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

The Province of the Cape of Good Hope reaches in S. lat. from 25° to 34° 50′, and in E long, from 25° at 0 30°. The extent of the country is, N.E. to S.W. 750 miles, and from N.W to S.E 800 miles, with a coast-line of nearly 1,300 miles.

Area and Population.

	oq mnes.	(Europen only)	iosi (Pre lim'nary)
The Colony	250, 18g	690,079	
East Griqualand.	6,602	7,065	_
Tembuland	3,339	4,693	
Trauskei	2,504	2,477	_
Pondoland	3,906	x,8a3	-
Cape Province.	276,536	706,137	748,455

In 1931 the European population numbered

748.455 (males 377,62x, females 370,834)
Of the non-European population in 192x, 7,696
were Asiatics, 2,640,62 were Bantu, and 484,852
were of mixed and other races Of the European population in 192x, 8x,685 were primary
producers, 38,370 industrial, 14,366 transport
and communication, 45,142 commercial, 26,490
professional, 1x,368 personal service, 7,992 in
dependent, 4x,1x4 dependent, 3,2xf6 others. Of
the coloured population, the great majority are
engaged in agricultural or domestic employments.

1 em		Diruns.	TARTETUR.	writtmRes.
		Europe	an.	
1926		18,675	7,053	5,972
1927		18,537	7,212	5,978
1928		18,032	7,519	6,351
1929		10,008	7,315	6,569
	V.	on-Euro	pean.*	
rgz5		38,793	26,114	9,154
1917		37,514	28,679	9,037
1988	••	37,719	28,157	9,377
1929		39,426	25,637	9,620
	• P	artial Res	ristration	

Religion -European only (1926 census).

| Dutch Churches 420,227 | Roman Catholics 28,032 | Aughlean | 132,493 | Baptists | 10,149 | Prosbyte nan | 132,493 | Baptists | 10,149 | Congregational | 44,94 | Jews | 268 | Lattherans | 20,782 | No religion | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation | 1,514 | The congregation

Education.—Local School Administration is conducted by school loants and school committees, the unit of administration being the school district. The Province is divided into xxx school districts, each under the control of a School Board, a portion of the members being elected by the ratepayers and a portion partiy mominated by the Provincial Administration and partly by the Local authorities. Education is compulsory for children of European parentage. The necessary grants are provided from Provincial Council revenues, education up to the

age of 12 being free.
State and Aided Schools, Dec. 31, 1930, 4,766
There are 139,990 European pupils and 11,990
non-European. Total number of teachers 11,637
(6,438 in European schools and 5,552 in non-European schools). Provincial Government expenditure on education, exclusive of Higher Education (for which see Union of S.A.), for 1230-31, £3,413,712.

Hospitals.—The daily average number in all hospitals (1989) was 1,692'88; ordinary revenue £157.176, ordinary expenditure £308.558, Government grants in aid £136.649.

Harbours and Works.—There are magnificent harbours at Table Bay (Cape Town), Port Elizabeth, East London, and Mossel Ray. There are electric trainways in Cape Town, Port Elizabeth, East London, and Kimberley.

Administration.—The Province is administered by an Administrator, appointed for five years by the Governor-General, aided by a Provincial Council of 58 members (elected for three years). There is an Executive Committee of four members in addition to the Administrator, who is Chairman of the Committee.

Local Government.—There are 128 municipalities, each governed by a Mayor or Chairman and Councillors, a certain number of whom are elected annually by the ratepayers. There are 92 Divisional Councils and 86 Villago Management Boards and so Local Boards.

Administrator, Hon. J. H. Conradie . . £2,500

Executive Committee, J. I. Mann: P. J. Du

Plessis; A. B. Chunngham; B. Muller. Prov. Sec., A. S. Weisbecker.

Superintendent-General of Education, M. C. Botha, M.A.

Professional Assistant, W. de V. Malan, Ph.P. Secretary, P. A. Millaid.

Capital, CAPE TOWN. Total population (1926), European (with suburbs), 120,568. Cape Town is 5,979 miles from Southampton; transit, 16 days.

### NATAL

The Province of Natal comprises an area of 35,384 square miles (including Zululand, 10,427 square miles), with a semboard of 360 miles. In 1236 the Emopean population was 158,926 (males 81,170, females 77,746).

In 1928 the European births registered numbered 3,514, deaths 1,498, and marriages 1,525. The race question in Aatal is complicated by the presence of large numbers of Indian subjects of the Crown, brought over during the latter half of the mineteenth century to supply the deficiency of local labour.

Education.—There is a University College at Pietermaritzburg, and there are responsible schools (ecclusive of zef farm schools), and s8 beyond primary schools for European children. There are also a technical colleges, r physical culture school, a mpt continuation classes, r tianing school for teachers, 8a Asiatic schools, 696 native schools, and as other coloured schools, which are maintained or aided by Government, and a large number of private schools.

Administration.—The Provincial government is administered by an Administrator aided by a Provincial Council of as members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of 4 members.

Administrator, Hon. H. Gordon Watson, I.S.O. Executive Committee, F. C. Hollander; Copt. G. M. Botha; J. Macaulay; T. N. Wadley. Provincial Secretary, A. E. Charter, O.B.E.

PIETERMARITEBURG, the capital and sent of the Provincial Government, is situated about 54 miles inland from Port Natal. Total popula-tion (European and coloured), 36,023 in 1921. The 1926 Census figures for the European population of Pietermanitzburg are 19,748.

In Durban (nopulation, 1921, 151,642; for 1926 European population of Durban was 70,883), or Port Natal, is the only harbour of any importance on the south-east coast. The entrance is nowsafe and navigable for any vessel at any time; the average low-water depth at the entrance, L.W.O.S.T., the har being no longer existent, for 1927 being 37 feet.

Natal, 6,800 miles; transit, 20 days.

### ZULULAND.

Ziduland, annexed in 1897, comprises about twothirds of the country formerly under Zulu kings, and is bounded on the south and south-west by the Tugela River; on the south-cast by the Indian Ocean; on the north by the Portuguese possessions; and on the west by the new territory (formerly Utrecht and Vrijheid districts of the Transvaal) and Swaziland. The Amagutaland Protectorate, created by proclamation of Nov. 22, 1897, was annexed to Zululand on Dec. 27, 1897, and now forms part of the Province. The Northern Districts territory (consisting of the Magisterial Divisions of Vrifheld, Utrecht, Paulpietersburg, and Babanaugo) was annexed to Natal on January 27, 1903.

### THE TRANSVAAL

In 1931 the European population numbered

695.963 (males 357,470, females 338,492) The Province of the Transvaal has a total area of 110,450 square nules, about 20,000 square miles lying within the tropics. The Census of rozz showed a population of 2,087,636, of whom 1,159,430 were males and 928,206 females. In 1929 there were 18,227 European births, 6,389 European deaths, and 7, 101 European marriages

Religion .- The religious statistics for rozz are -

210019.0131 - 130101.8-1		<b>y</b>
Churches.	Europeans.	Others
Dutch Churches	<b>287,630</b>	49,578
Anglican	98,849	94,543
Presbyterian	31,715	12,407
Methodists	37,921	143,441
Roman Catholics	23,419	14,490
Lutheraus	4,583	x36,335
Other Christians	19,542	64,437
Jews	33,5±5	4
Hindus, &c	1,804	15,499
No Religion	4,507	1,013,417

There were 1,239 Government schools for European children in 1530, with an average emolment of 134,367 and an average attendance of 125,775, and 4 normal colleges. There were also 594 native schools, 15 Asiatic, and 30 coloured schools, with 80,129 pupils.

Administration. - The government is admin-Administrator.—Inc government a samu-istered by an Administrator, aided by a Provin-cial Council of 55 members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of 4 members.

Administrator, Hon. J. S. Smit.

Executive Committee, S. P. Bekker; J. F. Brown, C.M.G.; F. W. R. Bobertson; I. J. van Heerden.

Provincial Secretary, C. E. Viljoen, B.A. Asst. do., C. H. Sheard, B.A. Director of Education, Dr. N. M. Hoogenhout. Sec. to the Education Dept., F. S. Malan, B.A.

The Capital is PRETORIA, pop. 1926, European 4,326. Pretona, which is also the seat of the Union Government, is pleasantly situated on the Aaples River, and has wide, shady streets and magnificent buildings. The principal town is JOHANNESBURG, 5,500 feet above rea-level, about 35 miles S. W. of the capital. Johannesburg adoin 35 mines. W. of the capital. Johannesburg is the centre of the Witwatersrand goldhelds, and possesses magnificent buildings. Among its other industries are printing, brickmaking, brewing, tobacco manufactures and fron foundines. The population in 1926 was (European) 170,741.

Pretoria is distant from London 7.200 miles: transit, vid Capetown, 19 days.

### ORANGE FREE STATE.

The Province of the Orange Free State has a total area of 49,647 square niles, and is divided into 33 districts. The population at the last

div compined	Was,-		
Year	White	Coloured.	Total.
1904	142,679	244,636	387,315
1911		352,985	528,174
1918			••
1921		440,271	628,827
1926	202,985	•••	•••
1501	205,300	•••	

In 1931 (preliminary), of the Europeans, 104,775

ar males and roo, 589 females.

The number of European births registered in 1929 Was 5,334, deaths 1,627, and marriages 1.955

Religion.—Europeans only (1926 Census) :- 
 Dutch Churches 163,504
 Lutherans
 893

 Anglican
 x3,335
 Roman Catholics
 a.556

 Presbyterian
 3.945
 Jews
 5,753

 Congregational
 x26
 Other
 5.545
 Methodists ..... 7,478

Education.—Higher education is under the control of the Union Ministry In 2030 there were 8rr public and aided private schools, with an enrolment of 45,099 publis, and, except when the parents object, both official languages are taught.

Administration .- The government is administered by an Administrator aided by a Provincial Council of 25 members (elected for 3 years). There is an Executive Committee of 4 members.

Administrator, Hon. C. T. M. Willcocks.

Executive Committee, J A. D Serfontein ; H. J. Odendaal; C. T. van Schalkwyk, fr., J. C. Buys.

Provincial Secretary, R A. Gregorowski.

BLOEMFONTEIN, the Capital and seat of the Provincial Government, had a population of approximately 29,000 Europeans in 1531 The city is an important tailway centre, is developing rapidly, and continues to hold its place as one of the foremost cities in the Union. Many flue buildings have been elected, and a new Town Hall (costing £230,000) will be erected very shortly.

Bloemfontein is distant from London 6,700 miles; transit, via Capetown, 19 days.

### Emperial Crown Colonies and Protectorates.

NOTE.—The Indian Empire, The Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland, The Common-mealth of Australia, The Dominion of New Zealand, and The Union of South Africa are shown separately in the preceding pages.

ASCENSION. (See St. Helena.)

BAHAMAS.

(See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

BARBADOS.

(See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

### BERMUDA.

The Bermudas, or Somers Islands, are a cluster of about 100 small islands (15 or 16 only of which are minabited, the rest being mere rocks) situated in the west of the Atlantic Occan, in 32° 15' N lat an 164° 51'N, long., compilsing an area of about 19 square miles, with an estimated population (1938) of 30.884 (15,536 white and 15,338 coloured) These islands derive their mane from Bernudez, a Spaniard, who sighted them in 1537; but they were first colonised by Admiral Sir George Somers, who was shipwrecked here in 1609, on his way to Virginia. The nearest point of the mainland is Cape Hatteras, in North Carolina, 580 miles distant.

The Government is administered by a Governor, who is also Commander-in-Chief of the military forces. He is advised by an Executive Council of 7 members, appointed by the Crown. There is also a Legislative Conneil, composed of 9 members appointed by the Crown; and a representative Chief. Assembly counseling of 56 members

a Legislative Conneil, composed of 9 members appointed by the Crown; and a representative House of Assembly consisting of 36 members. The climate is mild and healthy. There are no streams or wells, and the lunabitants are dependent on the rainfall stored and preserved in tanks. Vegetation is prollife, the principal trees being the Bermuda codar (juniper), formerly of great importance for shipbuilding. The islands produce large quantities of onnois potatoes, and green vegetables, which are largely exported, together with cut flowers and lily builds, to New York. Arrowroot and bananas are also grown, but meat, flour and other at ticles of consumption are imported from the U.S and Canada. Fish are plentiful round the coasts. The islands are much frequented as a health resort by Americans and Canadians.

Capital, HAMILTON. Population (1928), 3,000

	ayay.	1930
Public revenue	£331,448	£429,190
Public expenditure	334,262	409,570
Public debt, Dec. 31	70,000	75,000
Total Imports	1,718,248	1,954,568
l'otal Exports	185,903	191,727
Imports from U.K	573,569	510,406
Exports to U K	4,740	159
Governor & Commande	ran-Chief	
Excellency LieutGe		
Astley Cubitt, K.C.B		
(1930)		·· ··· 发4,400
Colomal Secretary, Hon. E.		
Attorney-General, LtCol	יי ביומוס, כי	M.G. 1,000
O.B.E.		
Colonial Treasurer, Hon.	Lan Trans	Ing.
Chief Justice, His Hon. S	is C O Day	
Hamilton	***************************************	1,150

Cyril Fuller, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

King's Harbour Master, Lieut-Com. B. Y.
Loveband, E.N.

C.R.E., Lt.-Col. R. G. P. Hunter, O.B.R. S.M.O., Maj. G. G. Collet, R.A. M.C.

Hamilton, 2,970 miles; transit, 20 days.

#### BORNEO.

Borneo is a large island in the Eastern Archipelago, extending from lat. 7' 4' N to 4' 2o' S. and from long. 108' 50' to 120' 2o' E. It is about 850 miles in length and 650 in breadth, and contains an area of 284,000 square miler, divided by the equatorial line into two nearly equal portions. The population is probably about 1,846,000, consisting chiefly of Dyaks, Malays, Kyans, Papus or Negritos, Chineso, Bajans, Dusuns, Muruts and Brigs (the aboriginal Celéles). The island was discovered by the Portugueso in 1521, and at the present time rather more than two-thirds of the Island is included within "Netherlands India". The remainder of the island is under British protection

### BRITISH NORTH BORNEO,

The territory of British North Borneo occupies the northern part of the island, with a total area of about 23,000 square illes, and a coast-line of about 900 miles. The population is 270,043, consisting mainly of Muhammadan settlers on the coast, about 201 miles miland, and a large number of Chinese traders, artisans, and agricultural labouters. The interior is mountamous (Mount Kinghalu, 23,445 feet) and is densely timbered.

The two chief towns are Sandakan, on the north-east coast, and Jesselbun, on the west coast. All legislation is passed by the Legislative ('ouncil, which consists of 9 official and functional members, who have the local title of Honourable. The appointment of the Governor is subject to the approval of the Secretary of State. For adm instrative purposes the whole State is divided into 4 Resultences. The laws are based on the Indian codes of criminal and civil procedure, amended and adapted by local ordinances. There is an linear's Court for Mulanimadan law.

The chief products are tumber, tobacco, rubber, copra, cutch, birds'-nests, salt fish, damar, ago, coro-inuts, rattains, and all varieties of jungle and sea produce. The country is suitable for the enthvation of singar, taploca, coco-onuts, kapok, ground nuts, rubber, pepper, and gambier on a large scale. Gold has been found. Coal of good quality is now being produced at the rate of 3,500 tons per mouth at Schattik, in the south-eastern corner of the territory.

A railway runs from Jesselton, the chief port

A railway runs from Jesselton, the chief port on the west coast, and down the coast to Beaufort, the centre of the rubber industry, where it turns inland to Melalap, in the interior; there is a branch from Beaufort to Weston (ao miles). There are several wireless stations. There is a State bank at Sandakan with a branch at Jesselton.

There is an Armed Constabulary numbering 676 all ranks, composed of Indiaus and Natives under European officers, armed with S M.L.E. rifles and Lewis guns. There is a Church of England and a Roman Catholic mission, and churches at Sandakan, Kudat, and Jesselton.

1939 1930.
*Revenue \$3,850,808 \$3,390,655
Expenditure 2,252,265 2,255,057
Exports 13,167,632 9,827,087
Imports 9,752,793 7,215,000
Exports of Leaf Tobacco 818,640 612,643
, Rubber 5,123,253 3,255,127
,, Timber 2,494,668 2,466,719
CAPITAL, Sandakan. Population (1931), 12,000.
The British North Borneo (Chartered) Company.
Court of Directors.
President, Maj -Gen Šir Neill Malcolm, K.C.B., D.S.O.
Vice-President, D. O. Malcolm.
Managing Director, The Hon. Mountstuart
Elphinstone.
Other Directors, G. E B. Bromley-Martin; C.
Mallet; Capt. A. G. Cowie. Honorary Director, H. G. Forbes, O.B E.
Honorary Director, H. G. Fornes, O.B E.
London Office Staff-
17 St. Helen's Place, London, E.C.3.
Acting Secretary, C F. Collins Assistant Secretary, W J. Worth
Assistant Secretary, W. J. Worth
Chief Accountant, J. R. Harkness.
Last of Officers (North Borneo).
Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His
Excellency Arthur Frederick Richards
(1930)
Government Sec., D R Maxwell 10,200
Under Secretary, E. A. Pearson 7,200 Chief Justice, D. T. J. Sherlock, K.C.,
M.B.E 8,571
Commandant, Maj. W. C. Adams, M C 7,200
Financial Controller, H. J R. Beckett,
A.C A 8,400
Residents —
Sandakan & Kulat, G.C. Woolley (acting) 7,800
West Coast, W. C. M Weedon (acting) 7,500 Tawau, E. W. Morrell 7,800
Tawau, E. W. Morrell 7,800
Interior, C. R. Smith (acting) 6,900
Auditor, W. A. C. Smelt, A.C.A 6,300
Principal Med. Officer, P A. Dingle, M. R C.S. 8,571
Commissioner of Lands, H.A.W S Arrivdell 7,800
Com. of Customs and Excise, M M Clark 7,800

# (acting) Protector of Labour, C. D Martin (acting) Conservator of Forests, H. G. Keith...... Mycologist, E. Bateson BRUNEI.

Sultan, H.H. Ahmed Tajudin Akhazul Khairi Waddin, suc. Sept., 1934. Joint Regents, Pengiran Bendahara and Pengiran

Pemancha.

Postmaster-General and Supt. of Telegraphs, C. F. Newton Wade ..... Director of Works, Capt. J. A. Houston,

B.A., B.E..... Gen. Man. of Railways, F. S. C. Phillips

A native State on the north-west coast of the island of Borneo. The total area is about 2,500 square miles, the population being 30,162 (April, 1931), of whom 26,997 are Malays and Bornean races. The territory was placed under British protection in 1888, and on Jan. 2, 2005, the Sultan accepted by treaty a British Resident to assist and advise him in the administration.

· Exclusive of land sales

The chief town, Brunel, has a population of nearly 12,000. Native industries include fishing, cloth-weaving, brass foundries, and silversmiths' work. The chief imports are rice, cloth, tobacco, sugar, petrolemm, and sundres; the exports are chiefly cutch (mangrove extract), rubber, jelutong, and sago.

Revenue	£40,283	£3	930 8 858
Expenditure	47,483	40	4,287 5,483
Exports	x45,989	94	5,916 1, <b>202</b>
High Commissioner, The Straits Settlements	Governor	of	the

British Resident, Bruner, P. A. B. McKerron,

Brunei is 5 hours by steamer from Labuan, and is distant 758 miles from Singapore (transit 4 days). There are wireless stations at Bi mei, 4 days). There are wireless state Labuan, Tembiniong, and Belait.

### BRITISH GUIANA.

which includes the Counties of Demerara, Essequebo, and Berbice, is situated on the northeast coast of South America and has a total area of 89,480 square miles, with a seaboard of more than 300 miles. The population, Dcc 31, 1930, than 300 miles The population, D.c. 31, 2930, was estimated at 314,489, of whom 130,075 were East Indian immigrants. The birth-rate was 33'4, and the death-rate as 0 per 1000 of the population The colony is bounded on the south by Brazil, on the east by Dutch Gulana, on the west by Venezuein, and on the north and N.E. by the Atlantic Ocean The colonia atthough hot fer diseased and butter. clim te, although hot, is pleasant and healthy. The cultivated portion of the country, amounting to about 155,852 acres (of which 57,244 acres are in sugar-cane and 49,702 in rice), is conflued to the sea-coast and to a short distance from the rivers. The constiand is very like the Netherlands, being below the level of the sea, and intersected with canals constructed by its former Dutch owners. At the junction of the boundaries of British Guiana and Venezuela is Mt. Roraima, a flat-topped mountain 8,740 feet above sea level, and on the Potaro River (a tributary of the Essequebo) are the Kausteur Falls, with a clear drop of 741 feet and a total fall of 822 feet. The seasons are divided into dry and wet, the two dry seasons lasting from the middle of February to the end of April, and from the middle of August to the end of November. The meteorological records taken on the coast-lands during a period of 84 years on the constraints during a period of \$4 years show, as regards temperature, that the climate is a very equable one. The mean temperature is \$6 4°, its recorded extremes during this long period ranging between \$6° and \$2°, but these extreme temperatures are very rarely recorded, the usual extremes during a year being 70° and 80°. In the interior the mean temperature is 85°. In the interior the mean temperature is higher—8s° its extremes ranging from 66° to roz. The yearly rainfall is, on the contrary, subject to marked variation, its mean on the coast lands being gree inches distributed over coast lands being 51 on inches distributed over ros days of the year, and its range from \$2.7 to 135 inches per year. In the interior the average recorded rainfall is \$8.5 inches per year, ranging from 45 to 80 4 inches per year. The chief product is sugar, which forms 53 per cent. of the export trade. The leading exports are sugar (\$5.1,185,594 in 1930), rum, diamonds, gold, timber, balata, bauxite, rice and copra. There are about 9,000 aboriginal Indians; they

8.000

6,760 7,300 7,300

are occupied largely in fishing, hunting, and raising crops of cassava.

The British Guiana Order in Council, 1928, providing for the Government of the Colony and for the Countitution of a Legislative Council in place of the Court of Policy and Combined Court which have been determined, came into operation on July 18, 1918 The Legislative Council consists of the Governor as President, of 10 Official Members and of 19 Unofficial Members Executive and administrative functions are exercised by the Governor and an Executive Council. There are 3.94 miles of post-office telephone wire, with 13 miles of aerial, and 23 of submarine, cable, and 55 of telegraph lines, with 73 post-offices and postal agencies. There are 95 miles of railway.

CAPITAL, Georgetown. Population, 1929, 57,563. £1,103,282 Public revenue .... £1,352,322
Public expenditure..... 1,126,218
Public debt ............ *4,770,191

z,093,304 4,667,468 1,971,967 2,119,299 1,130,664 640,801

Governor, His Excellency Sir Edward Brandis Denham, K.C. M.C., K.B. K (1930) ... £3,500 (With duty allowance, £500.)
Private Secretary, Lieut -Com J. Rush-

400 

M.A., Ph D. ....
Dir. of Agriculture, J. Sydney Dash, B S A 900 X,300 Director of Public Works and Sea Defences, I,200

1,000 Immugration Agent-Gen., A. H. Hill ..... Colonial Treasurer, T Millard, C.M.G. 800 Commr. of Lands & Mines, J Mullin,

Govt. M.O. II., B. N. V. Bailey, M.B. ...... 750 Georgetown, 3,963 miles from London.

### BRITISH HONDURAS.

British Honduras, in Central America, lies within 18° 29′ 5″ to 15° 53′ 55″ N. latitude and 89° 9′ 22″ to 88° 10′ W. longitude. Its extreme

During 1950 no loans were issued either locally or by the Crown Agents. Debentures amounting to £100,723 were reliemed. Advances made to the colony by the Crown Agents amounted to £300,000 at Dec 21, 1950.

length and breadth are approximately 174 m. and 68 m. respectively; it is bounded on the north and north-west by Yucatan (Mexico), on the west and south by Guatemals, and on the east by the Caribbean Sea. The total area is east by the Caribbean sea. The other area shout 8,598 sq. miles, with a population (Census 1931) of 55,347—25,524 males and 25,283 females. The climate generally is damp and hot, but not unhealthy. The temperature ranges from 50° to 58°. The average lies between 39° and 80°, but this is considerably tempered by the prevailing sea-breezes In September 1931 a dis-astrous hurricane devastated the capital of the nsurous nurroane devastated the capital of the colony, with a loss of nearly x,ooo lives, a Mansion House Fund being raised for the sufferers. The country consists chiefly of primeval forest, with savannahs and so-called "pine-ridges," which are open sandy plains covered with a wiry grass and dotted with pine-reas affording fair was for action 12. trees, affording fair runs for cattle. The ground is level and swampy along the coast-line, and generally flat for about ten or twenty miles inland; after which hills from 500 ft. to 4,000 ft. high succeed each other to the western boundary.

The staple products are the natural woods of the colony, principally mahogany and logwood. Sugar, rubber and cacao grow readily Fruit, in-cluding bananas, plantains, coco-nuts, pineapples, oranges, and mangoes also grow well, while inland there are extensive regions of good pasturage. About 60,000 acres are under cultivation The best description of cacao trees grow wild in the bush. There are \$2 primary schools in the colony, and 4 schools with secondary departments in Belize. The shipping entered and cleared at the port of Belize in 1930 was \$2,500 tons. There is a radio-telegraph station at Belize in 1930 was \$2,500 tons.

British Honduras is governed as a Crown colony There is an Executive Council of 3 official and 4 appointed members and a Legislative Council of 5 official and 7 appointed members. The Governor is President of both Councils.

CAPITAL, Belize. Population (1931), 16,687.

Public revenue ........... \$1,036,068 1930-31. \$1,160,445 Public expenditure ..... 1,023,603 1,087,047 1,869,407 z,869,407 Public debt. ..... ... ... Public advances ...... 54,134 120,567 1050

Total imports... .. ...... \$5,056,673 \$4,925,330 4,534,963 888,406 687,344 324,009 153,379 Governor and Com.-in-Chief, His Excellency

Major Sir J. A. Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G. ..... \$9,720

1,230 4,374 3,402 2,430 3,888

3,408 2,400 4,008 2,926

2,400 6,000

3,408

Attorney-General, P. A. F. P. Genève, K.C.

District Commussioners.—
Belize, S. A. McKinstry
Corosal, T. V. Maccall
Orange Walk, E. A. Grant
Stann Creek, R. Wyatt 2,916 2,000 3.000 2,000

Toledo, A. Alcoser	2,000 2,400 2,430 2,000
--------------------	----------------------------------

### BRITISH WEST INDIES.

The West Indies, so named in 1492 by Columbus who believed the islands to form the western limits of India, are a number of islands and islets, some of them mere rocks, attuated between το 'to sy' North and so' 3o' to 85' West. The whole archipelago extends in a curve from the Florida Channel (North America) to within miles of the coast of Venezuela (South America), and is divided into three main groups: America), and is divided into three main groups; I. Greater Antilles, which contain the largest islands, Cuba (44,000 sq. niles) and Hispanula (85,000 sq. miles), being Independent; Jamaica and its dependencies, British; and Puerto; Rico, a dependency of the United States II. Baramas, which are entirely British. III. LESSER ANTILLES, which are divided among the United States and Venezuela. The total was of the united States and Venezuela. The total was of the northwester in the United States and Venezuela. The total was of the northwester in section of the content of the northwester is section. area of the archipelago is nearly 100,000 square miles, of which 73,000 square miles are Inde-pendent, 12,300 British, 3,890 United States, 1,350 French, 430 Netherlands, and 90 Venezueland, Trade Enquery Ofice in London, The West

India Committee, 14, Trinity Square, E.C. 3.

### THE BAHAMAS.

The Bahamas (or Lucayos) are an archipelago of the British West Indies, lying between at a 47 42 - 27 24 N lat. and 72 40 - 79 5 W long, and extending from the coast of Florida on the north-west to Haitl on the south-east. The group consists of about twenty inhabited islands. and an immense number of islets and rocks, comprising an area of about 4.404 square miles, and a population in 1939 of 60,848, the most part being descendants of liberated Africans. The principal islands are New Providence (containing the capital, Nassau), Cat Island, Abaco, Giand Bahama, Long Island, Eleuthera, Exuma, Har-beur Island, Inagua, Andros Islands, San Salvador or Watling Island, Rum Cay, Long Cay, Ragged Island and Binnins. Originally settled by Englishmen, the Bahanas were, in 1782, sur-prised by the Spanish but at the peace of Ver-sailles were restored to the English. The climate is salubilous, and in the winter Nassau, which is outside the tropics, is frequented by many Americans. The chief industry is sponge-gathering; the exports of sponge in 1930 being valued at £75,351. Tomatoes are cultivated in large 575.332. Tomatoes are cultivated in large quantities for shipment to the United States. Mahogany, lignum -vits, mastic, ironwood, abony, logwood, and satinwood are found throughout the islands. A fibre industry is largely established. The imports are chiefly facility contained. The imposs are careful foodstuffs, wines, spirits, cotton, silk and worsted fabrics, and hardware.

The Government is vested in a Governor, aided

by an Executive Council of 9 members, a nomi-nated Legislative Council of 9 members and an elective Representative Assembly of ag members.

CAPITAL, I	narry.	
Public revenue Expenditure Public debt	±556,799 £556,799 574,584 ±80,000	1930-31 ≴455,379 426,901 180,000

	19 <del>11</del> 9.	_ x930.
Total imports£	1,963,776	£x,664,30x
Total exports	365, 120	334,986
Imports from U.K	480.483	3*3,*59
Exports to U.K	44,264	38,5#5
Governor, His Excellency	Capt.	lou.
Bede Edmund Hugh	Clifford, C	.в.,
C M.G., M.V.O. (1931)		£.z.6oo
Chief Justice, (Vacant)	*********	1,250
Colonial Sec., Hon. Charles	C. F. Dun	las
O.B.E		
Attorney-Gen., G. T. Watts.	••••••	
Receiver-Gen. N. Stafford S		
ABCELOCI GEIL, N. BURITUI II	10111011	650
Pres., Legislative Council	, <i>Dr.</i> G.	
Johnson		I50
Speaker, House of Assembly,	H.G. Malco	lm,
K.C., O.B E		240
Postmaster J. H Peet		500
Surveyor-Gen., William Mill	er. I.S.O	400
Commandt, of Police, C. J.		
Stipendiary & Circui Magi		
F. Cannon		
Director of Public Works, F.		
Impector of Imperial		
Com. R. Langton-Jones, D	S.O., R N	•• •
Nassau is distant from La	verocol 4.	: asfuu ooo
transit, 14 to 21 days, 110 No		,
ATTRIBUTED WAS ON BY CHEAD! COM THE	" + VI K.	

### BARBADOS.

the most windward of the West India Islands, is situated in 13° 4' N, and longitude 59° 37' W. It is nearly at English miles long by 14 broad at the widest part, and comprises an area of 106,470 acres (about 166 square miles), about 100,000 acres being cultivated The populatoo, coo acres being cultivated the popularion (Census of rest), was 156,312; estimated at 170,39x on Dec. 3x, 1929. The principal exports are sugar, molasses, run, and cotton, and the imports rice, salted meet, corn, salted fish, butter, flour, and Indian corn meal. Laberal provision is such that the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the con made for elementary education, and the Lodge School and Harrison's College provide for higher education for boys, and Queen's College and Cod-rington High School for girls Barbados alone of the W I. Islands makes local provision for University training, Codrington College having been founded under the will of Christopher Codrington, who died in 1710. Unlike most of the neighbouring islands, Barbados has always remained in the possession of Great Britain, by which it was settled in 1625. In 1885 it was constituted a distinct government, with a Governor, aided by an Executive Council and an Executive Committee, a Legislative Council of 9 members appointed by the Sovereign, and a House of Assembly of 24 members elected yearly on the basis of a moderate franchise.

The CAPITAL and port is Budgetown (pop., 1911, 131, 486), on the shores of an open roadstead

(Carnale Day).		
Revenue	1928-29 £441,732	1929-30. £453,801
Expenditure	450,626	450,666
Public debt	610,000	654,000
Total imports	2,337,754	2,038,804
Total exports	1,531,040	1,281,094
Imports from U.K	827,350	6gr,ar6
Exports to U.K.	150.731	82.702

Total tonnage of shipping entered and cleared in 1928, 3,981,607, of which 2,964,069 tons were British.

Governor, His Excellency Sir William Charles Fleming Robertson, K.C.M.G (xgs5). ..... £3,000

Prin. Sec. and A.D.C., Lieut. C. W. £200 Officer Commanding Local Forces, Lt.-Col. O. C. Heidenstam
Chief Judge, Sir R. H. Furness
President of Legalative Council, His Hon.
Su. J. R. Phillips, O.B.R., M.B., C.M. Clerk, do., C. E. Stoute .. . ... Speaker, House of Assembly, Hon. Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M G. ..... 250 [|] 400 250 700 Inspector-Gen. of Police and Supt. of Fire Brigade, Lt.-Col O C. Heldenstam ... Gen Manager Government Railway, P P. Higgins ..... 700 Colonial Postmaster (Vacant) . . . . . ... 500 Registrar, E C Dear 550 Port Health Officer, J D. Alleyne, M.D. (and fees)

Barbados, distant 3,635 miles ; transit, 13 days.

aboriginally Xaymaca, or Land of Wood and Water-an island situate in the Caribbean Sea, about 90 miles to the south of Cuba, within zy' 4z'-z8 3z' North lat and 76° zz'-78'z3' W. long It is the largest and most valuable of the British West Indian Islands, being 144 miles in length and 49 in extreme breadth, containing an area of 4,450 square miles, and a population, in April, 1921, of 858, rz8 (males, 40r.973; females, 436, r45); whites, r4,476; coloured, r57, r23; blacks, 660,420; East Indians, r28,620; Chimese, 3,696; not specified,

Jamaica was discovered on May 3, 1494, by Columbus, who called it St. Jago. It was taken possession of by the Spaniards in 1500; but in 1655 a British expedition, sent out by Oliver Cromwell, under Penn and Venables, attacked the island, which capitulated after a triffing In x670 it was formally ceded to resistance.

England by the Treaty of Madrid.
From the sea-level on all sides of Jamaica a series of ridges gradually ascend towards the central ranges, dividing the large rivers, and attaining, in the culminating Peak of the Blue Mountains, in the eastern part of the island, an elevation of 7,388 feet. From these mountains at least 70 streams descend to the north and south shores, but none are navigable except the Black River, and that only for small craft. There are several excellent harbours, and the island is inter-sected by good roads. There are are niles of railway open. Telegraph stations and post offices are established in every town and in very many villages; the number of accounts open in the Govt. savings banks was xo8,834 (1930). Most of the staple products of tropical climates are raised. Sugar and rum are manufactured and exported the latter is still counted the best in the world : and the coffee raised in certain districts of the Blue Mountains fetches a high price. There is an extensive trade in fruits and nuts, cliefly bananas, oranges and occonuts, with the U.S.A. and U.K. Maize and Indian corn grow luxuri-

antly. The Guinea grass, from four to six feet in height, grows wild, and is superior to any other for pasturage, while the woods furnish an abundance of rich dye-stuffs, drugs, and spices, and there are some rare cabinet woods. The Governor is assisted by a Privy Council not to exceed 8 members; the Legislative Council consists of the Governor, the Senior Military Officer, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Director of Public Works, and the Collector-General (all exogueio), of zo Nominated Members, and of 14 elected by the people, being one for each parish of the island. The island is divided into three counties, Surrey in the east, Middlesex in the centre, and Cornwall in the west. The principal city is Kingston, the seat of government and the largest port and town, pop (Census, 1921) 62,707; the next in importance are Spanish Town, pop. 8,694: Montego Bay, 6,580; and Port Antonio, 6,272. Chief exports(1930): bananas, £2,309,741; sugar, £591,806; coffee, £161,621; pimento, £192,502; cocoa, £81,323. 1929-30 1030-31 Public general revenue ... £3,392,869£2,197,572 Expenditure from income. 2,310,502 2,322,613 Public debt ..... 5,237,909 5,117,449 Total imports......£7,027,013 £6,101,513 Total exports .... 4,669, 273 4,092,573 Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Reginald Edward Simms, M.V.O. ...... ..£1,200 to 1,400 Superintending Medical Officer, Hon. B. M. Wilson, M.D. . . . . . . . £1,000 to 1,200 Collector-General, Hon. E S. Murray . . . 1,000 Collector of Customs and Shapping Master, Kingston, G. S. Shaw ...... £600 to 700 Director of Agriculture, H. H Cousins, MA. ... £800 to 1,000 Inspector-General of Police, Lt Col. M D. £1,200 to 1,350 Director of Education, S. A. Hammond, Purme Judges, Hons. H. I. C. Brown, K.C; A. J. Clark, O.B.k., Ll.B. .....each Judge of Kingston Court (vacant) .............. Attorney-General, Hon V. M. Camacho, 1,400 ... ......... ...... I,300 Administrator-Gen. and Trustee in Bank-ruptoy, John M. Nethersole. (and fees) Registrar-General and Deputy Keeper of

£500 to 60e

Government Printer, A. G. B. Matthews

[•] The Government publishes annually a Handbook of Jamasca, full of information respecting the history and personnel of the island

ľ	rotector	QT	ımmıgr	ants, r	. N.	ISBACS	_
	(acting)			•••••	• •• •••	*******	£225
	Kingsto	n is	distant	from L	ondo	4,000	miles;

transit, 14 days.

### THE CAYMAN ISLANDS.

The Cayman Islands, forming a dependency Jamaica, between 79°44' and 81° 26' W. and 19° and 19° 46' N., consist of three islands, Grac Cayman, Cayman Brac, and Little Cayman, with a total area of 225 square miles. They are as to have been discovered by Christopher Columns. bus on his return voyage from Porto Bello Haiti, and called "Las Tortugas." Populat

(1921) 5.253.
The principal town is Georgetown, in Gran Cayman, population (1921) 1.070.
Rovenue, 1930, £6,466; expenditure, £6,228
Imports, 1930, £42,762; exports, £12,620
Commissioner & Judge of the Grand Court, G. H. Frith (with house and fees) .... .. £4

### TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

These West India islands geographically for a sort of annexe of the Bahama group, fro which Government they were separated in 184 In 1873 they were annexed to Jamaica, from the north-east of which they are distant about 4 miles. They have an area of about 170 squa miles, and a population (1921) of 5,612, of which the principal island, Grand Turk, contains 1,56 Grand Turk is an important cable station. Grand Turk is an important cable station. islands are celebrated for producing the fine salt in the world

A Commissioner administers the government the Dependency, assisted by a Legislative Boar This Board has control of local finance, and pass local ordinances, subject to the assent of the Governor of Jamaica, who is also the medium communication between the Commissioner at the Colonial Office. The Legislature of Jamaie has the power to pass laws applying to the Tur and Caicos Islands, and the jurisdiction of t Supreme Court of Jamaica extends to the Island in matters of divorce and matrimonial cause and is also a Court of Appeal.

			zozo.	1030
Revenue	••••		£11,860	£9,427
Expenditure			11,605	11,728
Total imports			42,827	34,165
Total exports			40,679	26,403
Commusioner	and J	Iudge, H.	E Phillips .	£700
Grand Turl	k. viil	U.S . 12	days Vid	Avon-

### THE LEEWARD ISLANDS.

mouth, 12 days.

The Leeward Islands of the West Indies und Interferent Islands of the very indestines in the transfer of the spires indestines (2) Antigua, with Bai buda and Redonda: (2) S (Bristopher and Nevis, with Auguilla; (Dominica, (4) Montsernat; and (5) the Virgi Islands, with Sombrero; all, except the las having their own local Legislature. Those presidencies are administered by a Governor, whom the Administrators and Commissione whom the Administrators and commissioned are subordinate, and there is also a Genera Legislative Council, possessing concurrent legislative powers with the local Legislature of certain subjects. The population of the federal colony at the Census of 1921 was 122,242. The General Legislative Council consists of 10 offici and so elective members, with the Governor as (and quarters) £360.

President.

Redonda is uninhabited. President.

	Governor, His Excellency Sir Reginald
125 18;	St. Johnston, K. C.N. G
,,	Chief Justice and Keeper of the Records,
	His Hon. James Stanley Rae£1,000 to 1,200 Colonial Secretary, Hon. Edward W.
of	Baynes, C B.E
15' 11d	Berlyn 700
th	Attorney-Gen., Hon. C. G Langley
ud nı-	Attorney-Gen., Hon. C. G. Langley 700 Treasurer, Hon. R. B. Skinner
to ou	" " Dominica, (vacant)
	Auditor, E. A. Smith
nd	Admentione Hon. A. E. Collens E. C.
3.	Chief Inspector of Police, LtCol E. Bell, O.B.E
	Inspector of Schools, Jos. James
50	7020-20 Y020-27
	Expenditure 384,815 290,034
m	1929 1930
<b>48</b> .	Imports £820,090 £917,056 *Exports 855,188 612,199
he 50	Transit, 13 to 16 days
ch	(x) ANTIQUA AND BARBUDA.  Antigua is the seat of government and residence
58	of the Governor-in-Chief It lies in 17° 6' N. lat.
he est	miles in area, equal to 68,980 acres, of which
of	nearly 17,000 are under cultivation. The coast-
rđ	Barbuda) in 1921 was 29,767, including 12,542
lie lie	Antigua is the seat of government and residence of the Governon-in-Chief It lies in 12°6 N. lat. and 6x° 45′ W long, and is nearly xo8′ square miles in area, equal to 68,980 acies, of which nearly x7,000 are under cultivation. The coast-line s about 70 miles The population (with Barluda) in x2x was 29,707, including x3,542 males and x7,325 females In x220 it was estimated at 30,794. Settled by the English in x522, and granted to Lord Willoughby by Charles II, the island has always been distinctively English. It is much less hilly and wooded than
of nd	and granted to Lord Willoughby by Charles II., the island has always been distinctively
ca	English. It is much less hilly and wooded than
ks he	the other Leeward Islands, and is largely given up to the cultivation of sugar, for which two
ds es.	central sugar factories have been creeted Cotton is planted on a small scale and the island also
·	exports molasses, tamarınds, pine-apples, and arrowroot. In March, 1898, the Crown Colony
27	system of government was instituted.
28 65	Revenue £84,236 £73,730 Expenditure 94,146 91,351
03	Expenditure 94,146 91,351 Public debt 144,900 145,000
111-	T020 T020
4,5-	Total imports £214,978 £184,203 10tal exports 139,249 185,381
	Total imports
er	Secretary of the Leeward Islands)
of it.	ward Islands)
(3) Tu	Supt. of Public Works, W. J. Essex £400 to 450
st,	Chief Medical Officer, W. M. McDonald, O.B.E. 650
<b>5</b>	Barbuda is situated 30 miles N. of Antigua, of which it is a dependency, in lat. 17° 35' N., long.
rs al	which it is a dependency, in lat. 17° 35' N., long. 61° 42' W. Area, 62 square miles. Population, 900. The island is flat and is fertile in parts.
is-	producing cotton, com, pepper, tobacco, and l
n al	vegetables, and was formerly a possession of the Codragton family. Wild deer are plentiful and
he al	afford excellent sport, and there is good tarpon and other fishing. Warden, Capt. G. Downing,
20	land ounstern Land

(a) ST. KITTS-NEVIS WITH ANGUILLA. The islands of St. Kitts, Nevis, and Anguilla were united in 1882 to form one Presidency, and

were united in 188a to form one Presidency, and taken together they have a population (Dec. 3r, 1893) of 35,365 and a total area of about 130 square miles. The climate is decidedly healthy for the tropics, the temperature being from 66° to 88°.

St. Kitts (population Dec. 3r, 1995, 17,978), the principal island, is the oldest colomy in the West Indies; it is situated in lat. 17° 28° N. and long. 63° 48° W., and comprises an area of 68 square miles, its greatest length being 28 miles, and greatest breadth about 5 miles. It is one of the most effectively cultivated sugar islands in the West Indies. a continuous line of green the West Indies, a continuous line of green estates sweeping up all round the coast from the sea towards the central range, which rises to a height of 3,711 feet (Mount Misery). Cotton is also grown to a considerable extent. The capital,

Basseture, is a port of registry.

Nevis (population 12,593—probably an overestimate) is separated from St. Kitts by a strait some 3 miles wide and has an area of 50 square miles. Cotton and oncomits are exported, and cattle and vegetables are raised. Its greatest elevation is 3,56 feet. The chief town, Charlestown, is a port of entry.

Augustia (population 4,794) is about 60 miles N.W. of St Kitts, 16 miles in length, and varies in breadth from z to 3 miles, containing an area of 35 square miles. There are no hills. Salt is the principal product, and small stock are raised.

	9~30.
Public revenue £.xox,567 £.0	7,987
	B,665
104,092 9	
	9,708
1928. I	330.
Imports £317,102 £35	0,437
	4,344
Administrator, His Honour D. R. Stewart,	
C.M G. (with allowances)£	
C.M. C. (With the Colored)	
Clerk, and Clerk of Council, H. Boon	435
Second Puisne Judge, His Hon.Mr.Justice	
Berlyn	
Delight and AC	700
Treasurer, Collector of Customs and Regis-	
trar of Shipping, G. C. Johnson (in-	
cluding personal allowance £,160)	660
	•••
Magietrates St. Kutts, W. M Wigley,	
O.B.R (and Crown Attorney), £680; D H	
Semper, 1.8.0., £53x; Nevis, A C. K.	
Bybbits Come Anguilla I V MaFadyon	
Tibbits, £400; Anguilla, J. Y. McFadyen,	_
M.B.K., M.D	456
Chief Med. Officer, C. H. Durrant, M B., Oh. B	030
Demotron Consens Count P A Prolett	
Registrar, Supreme Court, E. A. Evelyn .	462
Surveyor of Pub. Works, C. Garry Thibou	4C0
Agricultural Superintendent, R. E. Kelsick	437
TAL COMPETE OF PARTY AND AND AND AND AND AND ADDRESS OF	73/

(3) DOMINICA, the largest island of the colony, and the loftiest of the Lesser Antilles, is situate between 12° 20′—12° 45′ N. lat. and 6x° 12′—6x° 20′ W. long., 95 miles 5. of Antigua, and is about 20 miles long and 15 broad, comprising an area of 305 sq. miles, or 195, 300 acres, of which about 70,000 acres are under cultivation. The island is of volcanic under cultivation. The island is of volcanic erigin and very mountainous and picturesque, abounding in streams fairly well stocked with fish, and the soil is very fertile. The temperature varies, according to the attitude, from 55° to 85°. The cultivation of sugar has been practically replaced by occoa, limes, occo-nuts, vanills, and fruit. The population was estimated at 45,343 on Beo. 27, 1822 included in this total are 450 on Dec. 31, 1930; included in this total are 400 Caribs, of whom about 100 are of pure blood. The climate is healthy, and during the winter months very pleasant. Yellow fever is unknown, and very pleasant.

from November to June the island is suitable as a health resort for pulmonary and rheumatic invalids. There is an Executive Council composed of official and unofficial members, and a Legislative Council consisting of the Adminisrator, who sits as President, and 6 official and 6 non-official members, 4 of whom are elected, and a nominated by the Governor. The principal towns are Roseau, on the south-west coast, population 7,04s, and Portsmouth, population 3,069.

Public revenue Expenditure Public debt	£81,674 97,684 66,000	
Imports Exports	194,130	£200,890
Bowring, C.B.E. (with £ Clerk, and Clerk of C Archer	oo allowan Councils, V	(r) €x,000

Treasurer, Hon. T. E. P. Baynes ..... Colomal Engineer, Capt E. C. Patrickson. Crown Attorney and Magistrate District "E" Hon. G. E. F. Bichards (acting)... £500 to 600 Magnetiates, S. E. Moir, £500; T. Carlo

Lautyer ... Chief Medical Officer, Hon. Dr. C. N. Guffin 700

### (4) MONTSERRAT

is situated in 16° 41' N lat and 62° W. long., 26 miles S.W. of Autigua. It is about 12 miles as miles S. W. of Audigua. It is about 12 miles in length and 7 in breadth, comprising an area of 32½ square miles, with a population (1930) of 12,196. Discovered by Columbus in 1493, it was settled by Irishmen, conquered and held by the French for some time, and finally confirmed to Creat Entleth in 1882. It is instituted. 137 assigned to Great Britain in 1784. It is justly considered one of the most healthy and beautiful of the Antilles; it contains three active soufrières of the Abhilles; it contains three active sourieres and several hot springs, while the so, nery is charmingly diversified. About two-thirds of the island are mountainous, the reas well cultivated. A great part of the island was devastated by hurricanes in 1924 and 1925. The chief exports during the year 1920 were cotton-seed meal, cotton, cotton-seed oil, onions, lines and its products, sugar, tomatoes and animals of all kinds. The chief town is Plymouth, with a population (1920) of 1920. A witeless station. population (1921) of 1,709. A wireless station was opened in 1925.

Trovenue	<b>走</b> ,37,309	太30,370
Expenditure	31,007	31,106
Public debt	13,000	13,000
Total imports	1929. £92,570 65,565	±930. £72,181 55,021
Commissioner and Treasu	rer. His Hor	oour
H. H. Hutchings, J.S.O.		
Medical Officers, N. J. L. Y	largetson, N	I. L.
Joynt		
Magistrate, F. J. Comacho.		400
Asst. Treasurer and Pos	tmaster, O	. R
Wolsiele		

(5) THE VIRGIN ISLANDS. group of islands belonging chiefly to Great Britain and the U.S. A., form a connecting link between the Greater and Lesser Antilles. Such of the islands as are British became so in 1566; the principal are—Tortola (the largest), situate in 18° 27' N. lat. and 64° 40' W. long.,

• Including \$31,490 from Imperial Government, § Including \$33,386 from Imperial Government.

Virgin Gorda, and Anegada. The area of the British possessions is 58 square miles, and the population in year was 5.68a. There is good pasturage for cows, sheep, and goats. Sugar, cotton and coco-unts are grown in increasing quantity, and a tobacco and cigar industry has been established; fishing and poultry-rearing are also carried on. The capital of the group is Road Town, on the south-east of Tortola; population (1921), 463.

Revenue	±6,787	±930 31 £8,707
Expenditure	6,870	7,027
Imports	28,929	16,360
Exports	x8,600	14,324
A	** **	

### TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

Trinidad, the most southerly of the West India Islands, lies close to the north coast of the continent of S. America, the nearest point of Venezuela being 7 miles distant. The island is situated between ro 3'--ro 50' N. lat. and 60 gg ' -61° 56' W. long, and is about go miles in length by 37 in breadth, with an area of 1,862 square on 37 in including when a facts of 1,000 square inlies, and a population at the Census of 1,921 (including Tobago) of 365,973, estimated at 413 119, on Dec 31, 1930. The island was discovered by Columbus in 1498, was colonised in 1588 by the Spannards, and capitulated to the 1584 by the Spannards, and capitulated to the 1584 by the Spannards, and capitulated to the 1584 by the Spannards, and capitulated to the 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannards and 1584 by the Spannard British under Abercromby in 1797. The chief town and port of entry, Port of Spain (pop. 69,534), is one of the finest towns in the West Indies with sewerage, electric lighting, tram and telephone services. Other towns of importance are San Fernando (pop. xx,978), about 30 imles south of the capital; Princestown (pop. 5,856), and Arima (pop. 4,7xx). A remarkable phenomenon is the asphale lake, xx acres in extent, near the village of La Brea, from which (1930) 118,055 tons of asphalt (£313,397) were exported. The soil of Trinidad is nich and productive, the most important products being sugar, cocoa, molasses, rum, copra, limes, and coco-inits, and various kinds of timber and fruits. The chief exports (1930) were petioleum £2,750.695; cocoa £1,363,789; and sugar £775.167. On Dec 37, 1930, there were 14 companies actively engaged in the production of oil, the loyalties payable on oil won from Crown Lands being £77,260 Coal, ron. graphite and gypsum exist in small quantities; and traces of gold have been found in the Northern Range. On Dec. 31, 1930, there were 187 Elementary and Intermediate Schools, 43 being Government and 244 Assisted, Trinidad having 151 and 170 ago, in addition to 7 colleges for higher education, which also receive a grant-in-aid. There are 118 miles of rallway open, and the island important products being sugar, cocoa, molasses, are 128 miles of railway open, and the island is in communication with Tohago and the mainland by telegraph and wireless. The Government is vested in a Governor, an 13 official and 13 unofficial members, 6 of the latter being nominated by the Crown and 7 elected. Executive Council, and a Legislative Council of

£1,870,553 1,613,810 3,153,281 5,954,314 7,188,857	£1,860,731 2,743,804 3,086,531 5,344,533 5,841,246	١
	1,613,810 3,153,281 5,954,314	3,153,221 3,088,531

Tobago lies between zr² 8' and zr² zr N. lat. and between 60° 30' and 60° 50' W. long., about 79 miles south-east of Grenada, zī miles north-east of Trinidad, and rao miles S.S.W. of Barbadoa. The island is a6 miles long, and from 6 to 7½ broad, and has an area of zz4 square miles, with a population estimated (x320) at 56,407. It is one of the healthlest of the West Indies; the temperature varies from 5r² to 88°. There are two towns in the island, viz, Scarborough (pop. z,65z) and Plymouth (pop. 486).

1,051) and Flymouth (pop. 480).
Governor of Trinidad and Tobago, His Excellency Sir Alfred Claud Hollis,
Excellency Sir Alfred Claud Hollis,
K.C.M G., C.B.R. (1930)£5,500 Chief Justice, Charles Frederick Belcher,
Chief Justice, Charles Frederick Belcher,
O.B.E., M A., LL.B x.800
Colonial Secretary, S. M. Grier, C.M.C z.600
Deputy Do., H. Nankivell 4.800 to 000
Attorney-General, C. C. Gerahty 1,500
Treasurer, H. L. Bayles 1,100
First Purme Judge (vacant) 1,400
Second Pursne Judge (vacant) 1.200
Solicitor-General, J. L. Devaux z,000
Committ. Local Forces & Insp .G of Con-
stabulary, &c , A. S. Mavrogordato x,000
Director of Public Works, Matthew Alex-
ander Murphy, OBR, M.IC.R x,a50
Surgeon-General, K. S. Wise, M B 1,224
Protector of Immigrants and Director of
Labour Exchanges, and Warden of St
George (I. R. L. Gunny Choo to one
Collector of Cristoms, A. E. V. Barton
George, G. E. L. Guppy£800 to 900 Collector of Customs, A. E. V. Barton 1,000 Director of Agriculture, E. J. Wortley,
General Manager of Railways, C. Sadler
£x oon to x ann
Director of Education, F. C. Marriott,
O.B.E
Postmaster-Gen , B T. Littlepage £800 to 900
Auditor, A. Pollard £800 to 900
Reactives of the Summers Count and
Registrar of the Supreme Court and Registrar-General, A. C. Robinson, B.A. 1,000
Inspector of Mines, A. P. Catherall, B.Sc.,
Trapector of mines, A. F. Catherini, B.S.
Harbour Master, A. B. Smith
Principal Origen's Royal College P. Com-
Crown Solicitor and Administrator-Gen-
eral, Official Receiver and Public
Trustee, E F. Maingot 1,300
Gort. Analyst, H. S. Shrewsbury, F I C 780
Surveyor - General and Sub-Intendant,
J W. Macgilliviay, F.S I 1,100
Superintendent of Prisons, P. L. A. Fraser,
M B E 705
M B R
£690 to 1,000
CARTEST Port of Spain (non to see) thanelt
CAPITAL, Port of Spain (pop. 69,534); transit,

### THE WINDWARD ISLANDS.

12 days to U K. : 5 days to U.S.A.

The Government of the Windward Islands is made up of the three colonies of G enada (the seat of government), St. Vincent, and St. Lucia, with their dependencies, the Grenadines being divided between Grenada and St. Vincent. The total area is 508 square miles, with a population (2981) of 168,854. There is one Governor for the three lislands; but there is no Goneral Legislative Council as in the Leeward Islands, and no common tariff or treasury. Each island retains its own institutions, and in the Governor's

absence is governed by an Administrator sub-ordinate to him.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Thomas Alexander Vans Best, K.B.E.,

C.M.G. (1930) ..... £3,000 Transit to Grenada from London about 14 days.

### GRENADA AND THE GRENADINES.

Grenada is situated between the parallels of rs 30'-rr 58' N. lat and 6r so'-6r 35' W. long, and is about ar miles in length and rs miles in and is about ar miles in length and ra miles in breadth, it is about of miles north of Thindad, 68 miles S.S.W. of St. Vinceut, and roo miles S.W. of Barbados. Area, about 85, res acres, oppulation (including some of the Grenadines), 66,3cs (Census of 1921). The country is mountainous and very picturesque, and the climate is healthy. Grenada was discovered by Columbus in 268, and named Conception. It was originally colonised by the French, and was definitely ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Versailles in 1782.

of Versailles in 1783.

The soil is very fertile, and coons, spices, rubber, cotton, coffee and fruit are grown. The forests are rich in tumbers—The imports chiefly comprise dry goods, bread-stuffs, hardware &c. The Legislative Conneil consists of 16 members, 8 of whom are officials, 3 nominated and 5 elected

St. George's, on the south-west coast, is the chief town, and possesses a good harbour.

	_ zgag	1930
Public revenue	£158,302	£141,946
Expenditure	147,786	168,088
Public debt	252,800	252,800
Total imports	249,708	348,551
Total exports		
Colonial Secretary, N. R. R.	Blood, M.,	١
(a)	nd quarter	E) £1.000

Chief Justice, 1.000 750

Carriacou .................................(and quarters)
Chief of Police, Maj E E. Turner

(and quarters) £450 to 500 The Grenadines are a chain of small islands lying between Grenada and St. Vincent (within which Governments they are included), comprising an area of 8,462 acres. The largest island is Carriacou, attended to the Government of

### Grenada, pop. (1921) 7,104.

ST. LUCIA, the largest and most picturesque of the Windward group, situated in x2°54°N. lat. and 60°59′V. long., at a distance of about 90 miles W. N. W. of Barbados, at miles N. of St. Vinceut, and 24 miles S. of Martinique, is at miles in length, with an extreme breadth of 14 miles. It comprises an area of \$33 square miles, with a population (Dec. 31. 1930) of 38,404. It possibly possesses the most interesting history of all the smaller islands. Fights raged hotly around it, and it constantly changed hands as between the English and the French. It is mountainous, its highest point being 3,44 feet above the sea, and for the most part it is covered with forest and tropical vegetation. The principal exports (1930) are sugar, e000a, occo-nuts, copra, limes, lime-juice, lime-oil, logwood, molasses, syrup, and fruit. The chief

places are Castries, the capital (pop. 1981, 5,899),

and Soufrière (pop. 1921, 3,480.)
Port Castries, one of the finest in the W.I., is a coaling depot. In 1930, 335 steamers (tonnage 874,520) entered Port Castries.

Public revenue Expenditure	£83,139 86,434	*£82,588 † 91,453
Public debt	186,010	183,510
Total imports	<b>244</b> ,753	193,858
Total exports	100,000	172,648

Administrator and Colonial Secretary.

Charles W. Doorly, C.B.E.

(and allowance £200) £1,200

Chief Justice and Magistrate, First District, T W. S. Garraway ..... 700 Attorney-General and Registrar, G. N. W.

Boyes ... ...

### ST VINCENT

an island about 95 miles west of Barbados, situate in 13' 10' N. lat and 60° 57' W. long, is 18 miles in length and 11 in breadth, comprising an area, with its dependencies, of 150 sq. miles, and a population (Census of 1521) of 44,447. In 1846 a large number of Portuguese labourers, amounting to 2,400, entered the island, and proved a valuable acquisition. St. Vincent is more thoroughly English than the two other islands of the group, though it has been the scene of warfare. In 1783 it was secured to Great Britain.

The chief products are arrowroot, cotton, molasses, rum, cassava, cocoa, coffee, and spices, Its chief imports are linen, cotton and woollen manufactures, Canadian flow, fish, lumber, &c. Steps have been taken to settle the labouring classes on lands acquired for the purpose.

CAPITAL, Kingstown. Population (1921), 3,836.

Public revenue	2999. £64,090 70,786 286,439	±930 £76,602 69,769 200,830
Total exports	151,570	151,737

Administrator and Colonial Secretary,
Major H. W. Peebles, D.S.D., O.B.E. ...£1,100
Cluef Justice and Police Magnetrate of
1st District, R. S. Thacker ...........£650 to 700 Attorney-General, J. R. Gregg .....

### CAMEROONS.

### (Joint Franco-British Administration.)

The German Protectorate of Kamerun on the west coast of Africa between (British) Nigeria and French Congo (the Spanish Muni River Settlements occupying a small intervening area), was obtained by conquest by Franco-British forces during the War of 1914-18, and at the conclusion of Peace its administration was confided by the Supreme Council of the Allied Powers to Great Britain and France jointly.

The approximate geographical limits are between so-zao N. lat. and 80 48'-zoo E. long., and the area is about 187,596 square miles, containing a population estimated at 2,144,000.; of which total the French sphere is 123,546 square miles, with 1,550,000 inhabitants. The coast-line extends from the Rio del Rey to the Muni River. The territory occupies the north-

^{*} Includes Imperial Grants of £6,664 and £8,400.
† Incl £8,240 Colonial Development Fund

west corner of the Central African Plateau, by the Dutch. In 1796 the British took possession with Cameroon Peak (13,350 feet) near the of the Inutch settlements on the island, and capital, on the coast, and the Chebchi and annexed them to the Presidency of Madras; alandara Mountains on the north-west frontier. but six years after, in 1862, Ceylon was formed The Sanaga is a considerable river flowing into the Atlantic opposite Fernando Po; the Sanga and Dacha (or Ngoko) are tributaries of the Congo, and the Logone-Shari flows into Lake Chad. The inhabitants are Bantus and Sudanese, with some Haussas and Fula tribes, of whom the latter are Muhammadans and the remainder pagans. Cocoa cultivation is a highly successful industry of recent origin, and the Protectorate is ruch in forest produce. The exports are rubber, pain oil, pain kernels, cocoa and dried fruits; the imports are chiefly clothing and textile goods, meat, fish and provisions.

In 1920 the whole area was divided into a British Sphere and a French Sphere.

The British Sphere has between Nigeria and French Cameroons. The total area is 34,655 sq miles, and the total population is 700,050. It is a narrow stip of land reaching from the Atlantac Ocean to Lake Chad, and lies diagonally between parallels of latitude 4° N. and 12° 30° N. and parallels of longitude 8° 30′ and 12° 20° N. and parallels of longitude 8° 30′ and 12° E. The nature of the country varies to a remarkable extent from the coastal mangrove swamps and thick forest belts to the grasslands at heights of 4,000 ft. to 7,000 ft and over, yet another contrast may be seen in the sandy and swampy areas in the region of Dikwa and Lake Chad The highest point is the Cameroon Mountain, which rises to a height of 13,350 ft. It is volcanic, but has not been active since 1922. The Northern section is administered by the Residents of the adjoining Nigerian Provinces of Adamawa and Borini; the Southern section by the Nigerian Government as a separate Province, the capital being Buea on the slopes of the Cameroon Mountain. The principal ports are Victoria (in Ambas Bay) and Tiko. Victoria is connected by railway with the capital, and Tiko connected to Victoria by motor road. 225 ships cas,848 tons) arrived in Victoria in 133 and ros ships (86,477 tons) entered Tiko, a total of 217 ships (309,325 tons).

Imports			£177,206
Exports			279,039
Imports from U.K Exports to U.K	•	21,496 8,756	19,057 7,361

### CEYLON.

an island in the Indian Ocean, to the south-east of the peninsula of Hindustan, is situated between  $5^\circ$   $55^\circ$   $-9^\circ$   $50^\circ$  N lat and  $79^\circ$   $48^\circ$   $-81^\circ$   $53^\circ$  E. long its area is (with onlying relands) 35,338 square miles, or more than three-fourths of that of Ireland. Its greatest length is from north to south, 270 miles, and its greatest width 140 miles. The climate varies with the altitude of the district; but on the whole, though tropical, it is healthy, except in the low-lying jungle. The coolest months are December and January; the

bottest me April and May.

The population (Census of 1931) was 5,312,548 (including military and shipping), the most important element being the Sullalese, descendants of colonists from the valley of the Ganges, who first settled in the island about the Reputation of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population of the Population Ganges, who first settled in the island about tonstituen.

1. C. 543. In 1505 the Portuguese landed in Ceylon and formed settlements along the coast; but about 150 years later they were dispossessed (Rs 32,452,83) and Expenditure (Rs 23,551,478).

5 Exclusive of Ceylon Government Randway Revenue but about 150 years later they were dispossessed (Rs 26,583) and Expenditure (Rs 26,528).

but six years after, in 180s, Ceylon was formed into a separate Crown colony. In 1815 the King of Kandy was deposed and banished; and his dominions, which had up to that time maintamed their independence of European rule, were annexed to the Butish Crown.

The staple products of the islands are agricultural. The most important for home consumption is rice in its two forms of paddy and husked grain. The principal exports are tea, rubber, products of the cocount palm, plumbago, cacao, cinnamon, citronella oil, cardamons, areca nuts, elony, and a little vanilla.

About one-fifth of the island is under cultivation, and the approximate areas in 1930, in acres, were :- Rice, 800,000; other grain, 105,000; tea, 457,000; coconuts, x,x00,000; rmbber, 534,000; cinnamon, x6,000; cacao, 34,000; and tobacco, 14,000. The live stock in x930 included x,660,000 horned cattle, 57,000 sheep, 181,000 goats, 45,000 pigs, and x,200 horses. Among the more important native industries are gold, silver, brass, forcy and tortoiseshell work, pottery, mats, fans, and wood-carving. Ceylon is famous for precions stones, especially catseyes, jubies, &c.; and for the pearl fishery in the Gulf of Manuar, off the N W. of the island. The manufacture of

on the N w. of the island. The manufacture of salt is a Government monopoly.

There are 95x miles of railway open, 834 being 5 ft. 6 in. ; and 844 post offices, 445 money order offices, and 36x telegraph offices, with x2,5xx nules of telegraph whe.

The government of Ceylon is administered by a Governor, aided by a State Council of *46 members (elected on a territorial basis) with members (elected on a territorial basis) with 8 nominated unofficial members, and 3 Officers of State ('Inef Secretary, Legal Secretary and Financial Secretary). The elected and nominated members are divided into 7 Executive Committees. (x) Home Affairs, (x) Agriculture and Lands, (3) Load Administration, (4) Health, (5) Labour, Industry and Commotee, (6) Education and (7) Communications and Works, each with an elected Chairman who is the Minister for the subject dealt with. The Chief Secretary is in claure of Enternal Affairs. Secretary is in charge of External Affairs, Defence and the Public Services, the Legal Secretary and the Fmancial Secretary in charge of Legal and Financial Affairs. The Officers of State and the Muisters form a Board of Ministers which prepares the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure in consultation with the Financial Secretary.

For administrative purposes the island is divided into 9 provinces, at the head of each of which is a Government agent. The larger towns have municipalities, Viban District Councils, or local boards, and in the country districts the Ceylonese retain their village councils and tribunals for matters of minor importance.

| 2588-29 | 2589-30. | Public revenue | ...| + Rs. x07,818,275 | \$\text{Rs. x0,026,863}\$ | Public expenditure ...| + x25,896,034 | \$\text{x10,326,523}\$

Out of the 50 electoral districts the 4 in Jaffin Revenue District remain unrepresented no candidates offering themselves, as a result of the boycott of the Constitution.

Public debt (30 Sept.) Rs. 3,000,000 Rs. 3,00	
Public debt (30 Sept.) Rs. 3,000,000 Rs. 3,00	0,000
£12,644,193 £15,63	9,093
Total imports Rs. 429, 295, 323 Rs. 324, 3	0,513
Total exports 407,372,810 310,17 Imports from U.K. 90,470,077 63,61	12,203
Imports from U.K. 90,470,077 63,6:	19,104
Exports to U.K 161,790,513 136,80	00,#33
CAPITAL, Colombo (population, 287,729).	
Consumer Tile Wassianer for Consume	1
Therean Garage To There are a second to the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the co	·
Dufacta Can II S. M. Hanna	,0,000
Gorernor, His Excellency Sir Graemer Thomson, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. (1930)	540
Shewell CWG DSO	-2 480
Shewell, C.M.G., D.S O	-3,400
O.M.G., C.I.E	Ca 400
O.M.G., C.I.E	1,800
Financial Secretary, Sir Wilfrid Went-	.,000
worth Woods, C.M.G	1,800
Auditor-General, O. E Goonetilleke	1,200
	,
West. Prov., M. M. Wedderburn	1,550
Central, T. A. Hodson	1.550
Northern, E. T. Dyson (acting)	1,800
North-Western, J. R. Walters (acting)	1,300
Southern, G. S. Wodeman	1,550
Government Agents.— West. Prov., M. M. Wedderburn Central, T. A. Hodson Northern, E. T. Dyson (acting) North-Western, J. R. Walters (acting) Southern, G. S. Wodeman Eastern, C. Harrison-Jones North Central C. L. Wickrameninghe	1,550
Ura, E. T. Millington	1,250
Ura, E. T. Millington	1,650
Bavaragamura, C. H. Collins	1,500
Ura, E. T. Millington Sabaragamuwa, C. H. Collins Surveyor-General, A. H. G. Dawson Director Public Works, H. B. Loss, M.C. Director of Electrical Undertaking, Major	1,550
Director of Floringal Hudoutches Mc	1,750
P W I was to a wo	
E. F. Lynn, D.S O., M.C Postmaster-General, H. A. Burden Principal Collegion of Customs, and	2,900
Property College of Contone and	1,550
B. G. de Glanville	1,500
Chief Justice, Sir Philip James Macdonell	2,500
Senior Puince Judge, T. F. Garvin, K.C	1,750
Pursne Judges, R. W. Lyall-Grant; L. C.	-,,,,
Dalton; A. Drieberg, K.C.; M. T. Akbar	
K Ceach	1,750
District Judge, Colombo, L. M. Maartensz	1,550
Do. do. Kandy, W. E Barber	1,400
Button; A. Brieberg, a.C.; fi. I. Akoar K.C	1,750
Do. do. Jafna, D. H Balfour	1,300 1,800
Attorney-Gen., E. St. J. Jackson, K.C	1,800
Solution-tren., S. Udeyesekere, K.C	1,550
Parietyan Cananal C. Commence and	1,750
Director of Education T. Maures	1,550
Director of Education, L. Macrae	1,700
I R Kmarciina	* 6**
Jum Gest Police Sin H T. Downliverin	1,650
C.W.G.	¥,550
Do . Prisons A. F. G. Walker, M.C.	1,300
Genl. Manager Railways, T. E. Dutton	1,750
Conservator of Forests, J. D. Sargent	1,550
Director of Irrigation, W. Brown	1,550
Excise Commissioner, J. C. W. Rock	1,550
Dir. of Agriculture, D. W. Youngman	1,450
Settlement Officer, H. E. Janez (acting)	1,050
Controller of Labour, W. L. Murphy (actg)	1,300
C.M.G. Prisons, A.F. G. Walker, M.C. Genl. Manager Raileaus, T. E. Dutton Conservator of Forests, J. D. Sargent Director of Irrigation, W. Brown Excuse Commissioner, J. C. W. Rock Dir. of Agriculture, D. W. Youngman Settlement Officer, H. E. Janse (acting) Controller of Labour, W. L. Murphy (acty) Prise. University College, R. Matris, C.I.E. Director Colombo Museum & Marine	2,000
Director Colombo Museum d Marine	
Biologist, J. Pearson Government Analyst, C. T. Symons Archaeological Commissioner, C. F. Winzer	1,200
And malancal Communication of the North	X,200
(network)	
Government Veterinary Surgeon, G. W	<b>60</b> 0
Sturgess Ra	II. 250
Sturgess	-4.20
J. S. Coates	Cx.poo
	g, <del></del> -

The MALDIVE ARCHIPELAGO lies to the S.W. of Ceylon, a few degrees north of the equator. Male, the seat of government, is about 400 miles distant from Ceylon, to which the islands have always been nominally tributary. The Sultan acknowledges his allegiance by sending an annual embassy to Colombo. The natives are Muslims. The Islands are unnealthy, and the main exports are dried fish, cowrie shells, coco-nut coir, and tortoiseshell.

Colombo, distant from London (overland) 5,868 miles: transit, 19 days.

### THE CHANNEL ISLANDS.

situated off the north-west coast of France (at distances of from ten to thirty miles), are the only portions of the *Dukedom of Normandy* now belonging to England, to which they have been belonging to Eugland, to which they have been attached ever since the Conquest. They consist of Jorsey (28,717 acres), Guerusey (15,654 acres), and the following dependencies of Guerusey-Alderney (1,956 acres), Brechou (74), Great Sark (1,035), Little Saik (230), Herra (320), Jethou (44), and Lithou (38), a total of 47,083 acres, or 73-8 quare miles. The 1937 Census population of Jersey was 50,455, and of Guerusey, &c., 42,666 (Guerusey 40,470, Alderney 1,506, Sark 575, Herra 53, Jethou 2).

The climate is nild, and the soil exceptionally productive. The land under cultivation in 2016

productive. The land under cultivation in 1916 was 49,678 vergées (2½ vergées = 1 acre), the principal product of the soil of Jersey being potatoes, tomatoes and wheat, and of Guernsey green crops and cats, fruits tomatoes and flowers. The famous Jersey and Guernsey breeds of cows have earned a well-deserved celebuty. The principal officer in each island is the Lieut.-Governor, who omes in each island is the held--overhol, who represents the King-Emperor (the Duke of Normandy). French is the official language of the local legislatures, called the States, and of the Royal Court, and is still spoken by the people, but English is now permissible in the Legislative Assembly. The Bailiff, appointed by the Crown. presides over the States and over the Royal Court or judicial body. The islands being all but exempt from imperial taxation they possess a very large trade. The chief town of Jersey is St. Helier, on the south side, the principal town of Guernsey is St. Peter Port, on the east coast.

The trade of the Channel Islands is principal town.

pally with the United Kingdom,

### JERSEY.

Revenue. 1930, £303,634; Expenditure £293,294 Public debt (Dec. 31, 1930) . . . . . . . . . . . . . 983,350 Lieutenant-Gorernor, Major-General E. H. D S.O. Bailiff, C. E. Malet de Carteret. Dean, Very Rev. Samuel Falle, M.A.

Attoney-General, A. M. Coutanche. Viscount, C. S. Le Gios. Salicitor-General, C. W. Duret Aubin. Receiver-General, Percy A. Aubin. States Treasurer, Herbert F. Ereaut. Postmaster, A. E. Kemp.

### GUERNSEY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Revenue, 1930, £383,147; Expenditure, £357,708 

Lieutenant-Governor, Maj.-Gen.the Lord Ruthven, C.B., C M.G., D.S.O.............

1,700

Government Sec., Major W. L. R. Dugmore. Battif, Arthur W. Bel Dean, (vacant).
Attorney-General, H. Le Patourel.
Solicitor-General, A J. Sherwill, M.C. Receiver-General, Victor G. Carey. President, Education Council, Jurat McCiea. Postmaster, H. G. Coleman.

Judge, Maj. R. W. Mellish, O.B.E. Clerk (Grejfier), Charles Batiste Recever, Maj. L. Lauglois. Procureur du Roi, Nicolas Gaudion.

Dame de Serk, Mrs. Dudley Beaumont. Seneschal, Frederick de Carteret

#### CYPRUS

is an island in the Mediterranean Sea, between N. lat. 34° 33° and 35° 47°, and E. long. 33° 20° and 34° 35°. It is about 40 miles distant from the nearest point of Asia Minor; and 60 miles from Latakia, on the Syrian coast. The distance to Port Said, at the entrance of the Suez Canal, is 238 miles. The larger part of the island is an irregular parallelogram, 100 miles long and So to 30 broad; from which a narrow penin-sula, 5 or 6 miles wide, trus out for 40 miles towards the north-east. The area is 3,54 square miles. The population at the ceusus of 1931 mines. The physician about 18 per cent were Muhammadans, and the remainder mostly members of the autocephalous Church of Cyprus, which is a branch of the Otthodox Eastern Church. The principal productions are gram of various kinds, sesame, linseed, flax, wine and spirits, silk, olives, locust-beans (carobs), cotton, wool, hides, grapes, oranges, pomegranates, ashestos, anisced, sponges, sumac leaves, terra umbra gypsum, salt, pyrites, and chrome In 1930 the wine export was 1,372,728 gals, and that of spirits 10,183 gals, the wine going to Egypt, the U K, Syria, the Dodecanese, and Maita, and spirits to Egypt, kyria and Castellorizo. The climate varies in different localities In the plains the summer heat is very great, and the British troops suffered when first stationed in the island. Excellent summer quarters were, however, found in the hills; and, owing to the enforcement of various samtary measures, the death-rate of the whole island is nearly as low as that of any European country

as low as unated in the mirroran commany.

Cyprus was formally annexed to the British

Empire in 1914 The inhabitants have been

granted a political franchise, every man paying

direct taxes having a vote. The government is administered by a Governor, assisted by a Legislative Council composed of 24 members, 9 being official and 15 elected. The island is divided into three electoral districts each returning one Muliammadan member, and 12 electoral districts each returning one non-Muhammadan member.

For administrative purposes the island is divided into six districts, in each of which the executive government is represented by a com-missioner. For judicial purposes it is divided into three judicial districts. The law courts nuo enree junciai districts. The law courts were reconstituted in rgay, and there are now a supreme court, 3 divisional courts, 3 assize courts, 3 district courts, and also magisterial and assistant district judges ("bristian and Moslem) taken nut. There are also a Mosulman and Moslem) take part. There are also 3 Mussulman religious

tribunals, styled Sheri Courts, and a Sheri Tribunal of Appeal

bunal of Appear
The capital is Nicosia (Lefkosia), near the
centre of the island, with a population of \$3,507
in \$232; the other principal towns are Larnaca
(population \$1,872), Liniassol (15,346), Famagusta
(8,979), Kyrenia (2,137), Paphos (4,517), and Morphou (4,335).

Important works at Famagusta have rendered the inner harbour accessible to steamers, and a narrow-gauge railway connecting the harbour with the capital (36 miles) was opened in 1905, and was extended to Morphou, as miles, in 1907, and to Evrykhou, 15 miles, in 1915. There is a regular service of steamers between (yprus and Event Fund. (Blick Beleather Seware Con.

Egypt, Syria, Cilicia, Palestine, Smyrna, Constantinople, Greece, France and Italy. 1030. · ···· *£757,117 £725,077 †800,207 Revenue ... Expenditure Total imports ...... 1,082,700 1,419,203 Total exports ......... 1,635,736 Imports from U.K. ....... 511,928 1,217.728 511,928 390,700

Exports to U K ... ..... . 306,855 234,500 Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Ronald Storrs, K C.M.C., C B. E. (1926) (und £600 Duty Allowance) £3,000 A.D.C and Private Sec., R. Gunnis... 300

Colonial Secretary, H. Henniker-Heaton,

Comptroller of Customs and Excise, G. F. Wilson (and 560 Data Allocance) L750 to 850 Director of Land Registration and Surpeis K. J. Salvon.

£ 1,000 to 1,200 Director of Education, J. R. Cullen ..... £ 1,000 Postmaster-General, L. J. E. Dench £600 to 750 Director of Agriculture, M. T. Duwe, O. B. 1,000 Pring. Forest Officer, A. H. Unwin, 1,000.

Genl. Manager, Railway, C. E. Rooke ..... 1,000 Director Public Works, A. A. P. D. Stone, O B.E. .... 940

Trade Enquiry Office in London, I Queen Anne's Chambers, Dean Farrai St., S.W. I. Distance, 3,030 miles; mail transit, 7 to 14 days.

DOMINICA. See BRITISH WEST INDIES. EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE. See KRNYA.

## FALKLAND ISLANDS.

These, the only considerable cluster in the South Atlantic, lie about 300 miles east of the Straits of Magellan, between 52° 15'—53° 8. lat. • Exclusive of Grant-in-and (£92,800), † exclusive of share of Cyprus of the Turkish Debt charge (£92,800).

(islets, rocks, and sandbanks), comprising in the aggregate 4,6:8 sq. miles, and a population in xsax of z,044. Mount Adam, the loftlest peak in the colony, rises z,27 foct above the level of the sea. The Falklands were discovered by Davis in 1352, and visited by Hawkins in 1354. A settlement was made by France in 1764; this was subsequently handed over to Spain, but the latter country recognised Great Britain's title to a part at least of the group in 1772 In 1820 the Argentine Republic established a settlement, which was destroyed by the Americans in 1831. In 1833 the islands were again taken possession of by the British for the protection of the seal-fisheries, and colonised, being the most southerly organised colony of the British Empire On Dec. 8, 1914, a British squadron under Adm. Sir Doveton Sturdee defeated a German squadron (von Spee) off the Fakkand Islands A memorial erected in the harbour of Port Stanley in commemoration of this victory was unveiled on Feb. 26, 2527. The climate is cold, the thermometranging in winter from 20 to 50°, and in summer from 40° to 65° and in summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and the summer from 40° to 65° and th are chiefly bog-land, and have proved suitable for sheep, 606,88a being carried in 1930; the output of wool is about four million ib annually The population is mannly British, and is principle. pally engaged in sheep-farming. The chief cayorts are wool, tallow, hides and sheepskins; seal oil is also produced and exported. The only important settlement is Port Stanley, at the head of Port William, on the coast of East Falkland.

The government of the Falkland Islands is vested in a Governor, aided by an Executive Conneil of 3 official and z unofficial members, and a Legislative Council, of 4 official and 2 unofficial members.

Public revenue .. ... ... *£82,812 *£73,599 Expenditure .......... 59,041 161,148 69,980 116,445 Total imports ...... Total exports ...... **268,870** 213,941 Imports from U.K. ... 137,703
Exports to U.K. ... 255,940
Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His 96,549 311,298

Excellency Sir James O'Grady, K C.M.G. (1931) (and duty allowance, £350) ..... £1,500 Private Sec., G. R. L. Brown. Colonial Secretary, &c., Hon. J. M. Ells

Colonial Treasurer, dc, Hon. M C. Craigie-Halkett ... £600 to 750 Colonial Surgeon, Hon. H. J. Innes Moir,

M B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (and allowance £200) CHIEF TOWN, Port Stanley. Population (1931).

Dependencies of the Falkland Islands.

The total area of land and sea included in the dependencies of the Falkland is over 3,000,000 square miles. South Georgia, an island 800 miles east-south-east of the Falkland Group, with an area of r,000 square nules, is the only part of the dependencies which is permanently habitable, there being a Resident Magistrate and other officials, and a permanent population (engaged in the whaling industry) at Grytviken Harbour. In the South Shetlands, Deception Island contains a harbour at Port Foster, ice-free for about five months in the year, with a land

· Colony only

and 57° 40'—62° W. long. They consist of East station which arrives and departs with the Falkland (area 2,580 sq. miles), West Falkland whaling fleet. The South Orkneys also have a (2,038 sq. miles), and upwards of 200 small islands seasonal land station, and the Argentine Government have, with the permission of H.M. Government, established a meteorological station, in connexion with a discovery that a cold winter in the Weddell Sea is a preemrsor of drought in the naize and cereal area of Argentina 3/4 years later. The other dependencies, of which the principal units are the South Sandwich Islands, and a part of the Antarctic, or South Polar, continent known as Graham's Land, are even more inhospitable than those already named, being nearly covered with snow and ice and almost completely destitute of plant life. In spite, however, of the climatic and other disadvantages, the revenue derived from all the dependencies in 1930 amounted to £84.547. The local expenditure was £21,597, the surplus (after meeting administrative expenses at Port Stanley) being devoted to local research and development. The trade is considerable, the exports being valued at f=,726,x75, and the imports at £499,829 in x930. The whaling industry carried out from these dependencies as greate than that of the test of the world combined Friteen companies (3 British, 12 Norwegian) (anghi 10,755 whales in the 1259-30 season, the landed value of the oil being £3,166,450.

claim was made by Norway to Thomson and Boutet Islands in the Antaictic and by Argentina to the South Orkneys; these claims were not admitted by the British Government, but Bonvet Island was ceded to Norway in

November, 1928, as an act of grace.

Port Stanley is distant about 8,x30 miles; transit, 26 days from Liverpool Telegrams by cable and wireless telegraphy rid Monte Video and roi Bergen

### FEDERATED MALAY STATES (See MALAYA).

### FIJI.

This is a group of see to see islands (of which This is a group of soo to ago islands (of which some are, however, mere uninhabited islets and rocks) in the South Pacific Ocean, about 2, 200 miles north of New Realand, which extend 300 miles from east to west, and 300 north to south, between 25° 45′—22° 20° 8, lat. and 275° E—278° W. long The gross area of the group is about 7,083 square miles. The islands are of volcame origin, with lotty mountains and well wooded The principal are Viti Levu (Great Kiji) and Vanua Levu (Great Land) The chimate is comable and remarkably healthy for climate is equable and remarkably healthy for cimmate is equable and remarkably healthy for Emropeanis; the average temperature in the shade in the cool season is 7z°, rising to 8z° in the hot season, extremes hing between 6o° and 9z°. Vegetation is remarkably luxuriant, the chief products being bread-fruit, bananas, plantains, pea-nuts, yams, and dalo (taro), coco-nuts, sugar-cane, rice, maize, and cotton. The principal exports are sugar, copra-hananas. The principal exports are sugar, copra, bananas, trocas shell, molasses, maize, fresh fruit and vegetables, and bêche-de-mer. The Governor is regetables, and beche-de-mer. The Governor is appointed by the Crown, and is assisted by an Executive Conneil consisting of 7 members. Laws are passed by a Legislative Conneil (of which the Governor is president) containing 13 nominated members, 6 European elected members, 3 native members, and 3 Indian elected members. Native administration is carried on through the

800

775

I,IOO

725 800 775

775

1.000

chiefs under the		
population (Dec. native Fijians, 75	31, 1930) Was :	182,576 (92,189
and some Polynes	dans and others)	78 Europeans,

Public expenditure	642,124	645,293
Public debt	848,332	936,608
Total imports	x,468,600	1,219,184
Total exports	1,775,998	1,484,526
Imports from U.K		373,694
Exports to U.K.		457,846
CAPITAL, Suva, in the	isiand of	Viti Levu.
Population (1921), 12,982.		Ţ
Governor of Fig. His	Excellency	Sir
A. G. M. Fletcher, K	.C.M.G., C.1	3. K
(and £1,200 as High	Comm of	W.
Pacific and £130 as C	onsul-Gener	al) £ 2.000
A.D C. Capt M. Godley		
Chief Justice, Capt. M. H.		
C.B.E., R.N. (and £350		
Commr., W. P.)		
Colonial Sec , Hon, A. W.		
zet Asst. Do , Hon. A. A.		
Secretary for Native A		
McOwan, C.M.G		
Secretary for Indian Affe		
Pearson, C.I E		
Attorney-Gen , Hon C. G		
Colonial Treasurer, Hon J	. Craig	1,100

Commissioner for Lands, Hon. C. A.

Holmes .. ..

Comptroller of Customs, Hon J M. Wilson Drector of Education, J. Russell (acting) Postmaster-General, P. F. Boyd....... Auditor, P. J. A. Hamilton (and £120 as Auditor, Western Pacific) Chef Police Magistrate, A. H. Roberts..... Registrar-General, Registrar of Supreme

### GAMBIA

The West African river Gambia, which is navigable for some 300 miles from its mouth, was discovered by the Portuguese in 1447, and m 1588, the year of the Spanish Armada, Queen Elizabeth, being then at war with Spania and Portugal, gave a charter to a British Company to trude with the Gambia, and as early as 1618 an effort to do so was made, but it was not successful. In 1686 a fort was built upon a rocky island, and, in honour of the new King, was named Fort James, but the English merchants had formidable rivals in the Portuguese and French, and it was not until 1763 that the river was recognised, by the Treaty of Veracilles, as British. The Colony had no regular political institutions until 1807, when it was put under the Government of Sierra Leone. The Colony of the Gambia was created in 1843, and was constituted a separate government in

Mary, British Kombo, Albreda, the Ceded Mile, MacCarthy Island, and various other and territories on the banks of the river. The total area is estimated at 4,728 84, miles. The population of the Island of St. Mary, at the Census of April 24, 223, was 9,23, and that of the Protectorate 201,303. The climate is unhealthy during the rainy season, viz, from June to October; but during the rest of the year it is less unhealthy. The chief export is ground nuts, which form ninety-five per cent. of the total exports; they are sent chiefly to Marseilles, where the oil is extracted and used for the same purpose as olive oil. Palm kernels, hides, and calabashes are also exported; and rice, cotton, malze, and a kind of millet called kons are produced in the countries bordering the Gamba, but not in sufficient quantities to meet local requirements. The chief imports are cotton goods, kola nuts, rice, soap, spirits, hardware, singar, wine, and tobacco. A Company of the W A F F. (4 officers and zeo non-commissioned officers and men) is stationed in the Colony, and there is an armed police force in the settlement (numbering ros mon), which performs both civil and military duties. There performs both civil and military duties are 4 Government wireless stations. The Government, which is that of a Crown Colony, is vested in a Governor, assisted by an Evecutive Conneil consisting of 3 official members (besides the Governor), and by a Legislative Conneil of sofficial unoficul members noninsted

by the Crown,	members,	Hommacou
Public revenue	1929. £235,265	±930 £216,739
Public expenditure	289,506	253,228
Public debt	62,541 617,852	13,721 529,985
Total exports	844,760	898,807
Imports from UK	206,274 127,646	182,262 173,971
Total tomage of vesse		

1930, 1,239,151.
CHIEFTOWN, Bathurst. Population(1921), 9,227.

£720 to 920

Travelling Commissioners, Capt. E.B. Leese,
O.B.K.: Maj. R. W. Mackhu, M.C.: Maj.

Director, Agriculture, A. J. Brooks £600 to gao Harbour Master and Marine Superintendent, Lieut Com. A. D. Steele, R.N.R.

### GIBRALTAR.

regular political institutions until 1807, when it was put under the Government of Sieira Leone.

The Colony of the Gambia was created m 1843, greatest elevation, near the southern extremity and was constituted a separate government in of Span, with which it is connected by a low 1868. It now consists of the Island of St. | isthmus. It is about 14 miles distant from the

opposite coast of Africa. Gibraltar was captured in 1904, during the war of the Spanish Succession, by a combined Dutch and English force, under Sir George Rooke, and ceded by the Treaty of Utrecht, 1713. Since that time it has remained continuously in possession of the British. Of the many attempts to retake it, the most celebrated was the great sign in 1779-83, when General Elliot, afterwards Lord Heathfield, held it for 3 years and 7 months against a combined French and Spanish force. The town stands at the foot of the promontory on the N.W. side. Gibraltar is a free port, and enjoys the advantages of an extensive shipping trade, and is becoming a popular tourist centre. During the year 1930 4,000 vessels (including 6s tourist steamers) entered, with a total tonuage of 7,257,828. The chief sources of revenue are the port dues, the rent of the Crown estate in the town, and duties on wine, spirits, tobacco, beer, motor spirit and perfumery. There is an enclosed Admiralty harbour with an area of about 440 acres, containing three graving docks. The estimated civilian population (1930) was 16,558.

The Governor is in command of the garrison,

and is aided in the administration by an Executive Council of 7 members, there is no Legisla-

tive Council.

Revenue ...... £146.245 Expenditure ..... £55.705 £146 847 165,705 169,182 Governor and Commdr -in-Chief, His Excellency General Sn A J. Godley G.O.B., K C M.G., (with £500 enter-tainment allowance and £500 from .. £5,5∞ A D C, Capt. E. R. Mahoney, Irish Gds G.S.O, Capt. D. H. S. Somerville, M C. In charge of Administration, Col. H. C. Maitland-Makgiil-Crichton, C M G., D 8 0 Commanding Royal Artillery, Col. W. B G Barnes, C B K., D.S O Commanding Royal Engineer, Lt. Col. II W. Tomlinson Officer Commanding R.A.S Corps, Lt.-Col. C. F. Cooke, O B.R. Deputy Director Medical Services, Col. H R. Bateman, D S O. Dep. Asst. Der. of Hygiene, Maj. C. D Jameson, R. A.M.C. A.D.O.S., Lt.-Col. W. II. McN. Verschoyle-Campbell, o B E., M.C., R.A O C.
Command Payner, Lt.-Col. E. E. E. Todd, 0.B E, R.A.P.C.

Rear-Admiral in Charge, Gibraltar, and Admiral Supt., Gibraltar Dockyard, Rear-Adm. T. N. James, C.B., M.V.O.

Colonial Secretary, Lt . Col. Hon. A. E. Beattie. C.B.E., M.C. .....£1,465 asurer and Collector, Hon. D. L. Treasurer Bethell..... Captain of the Port, Comm. H. Biron, 975 R.D., R.N.R. .... 780 Crown Surv., Capt. H. St. C. Garrood, M.C. £650 to 700 Chief of Police, W. S Gulloch. .. ...... 650 to 700 Chief Justice, Sir Kennetl Bentty..... 1,350

Attorney-Gen., H. C. F. Cox..... z.000

Distance, x,sog miles; transit, 31/4 days.

GOLD COAST.

The Gold Coast comprises a portion of the coast of the Gulf of Guinea from about 3° 7' W. to 2° 24' E. of Greenwich. It is divided into three parts:—Gold Coast Colony, 23,937 sq. miles; Ashanti, 24,379 sq. miles; and the Northern Asianti, 24,379 sq. miles; and the Northern Territories; 30,465 sq. miles-a total area of 78,8cs sq. miles. It extends along the coast line about 334 miles and inland to an average distance of 440 miles, or to the xro of N. latitude. It is bounded on the west and north by the It is bounded on the west and norm by the French colonies of the Ivory Coast and French Sudan, and on the east by Togoland. The population (April 1931) was: Gold Coast Colony, 1.545,140. Ashanti, \$82,866; Northern Territories, 717,283; total, 2.845,289, excluding 3.139 Non-Africans. The natives are almost all Pagans, but there are many Muhammadans, and the number of Christians is readly increasing. the number of Christians is steadily increasing.

The trade in 1930 was principally with the United Kingdom (44 per cent.) U.S. (14), Germany (16), Netherlands (10) and France (3 per cent.) Gold is found in considerable quantities, and diamonds were discovered in 1919; there are also large deposits of high-grade manganese. The principal product is cocoa, more than half the world's supply being produced in the Colony. The principal exports in 1930 were: cocoa, £6,970,385; gold and gold dust, £1,055,634; manganese £477,490; and diamonds, £658,994. The chief imports are appared, building materials, action, cocoa, providing the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the c The chief imports are appared, burning materians, cotton goods, provisions, kerosene, hardware, motor spirit, motor cars and motor lorries, beer, ale, stout and poster, sugar and tobacco. The clumate, generally, is hot and moist, but as becoming annually less unhealthy by the aid of medical science and santation. The Government assists the missionaries in educational matters and has established many schools of its own, and a college and school at Achimota, 6 miles from Accra, have been built and opened. Great efforts are being made to improve the sanitary condition of the coast towns. Accra, Kuması, Sekondı (ıncludıng coast towns. Accra, Kumasi, Sekondi (including Takoradi), Kofondina, Winneba and Tamale are highted by electricity, and there are pipe-borne water supplies at Accra, Sekondi (including Takoradi), Cape Coast and Winneba; similar supplies are being installed for Kumasi and Tamale. 4.411 miles of telegraph land wre and 7.396 miles of telephone trunks have been established. Exchanges have been opened in the principal towns and are served by 2,840 miles of underground and overhead line wire. There is a wireless station at Tokoradi. A Government railway runs from Schondi through Tarkwa, the centre of the gold-mining industry, to Kumasi and thence to Accra (362 miles), with branches (590 miles in all). In 1928 a harbour was opened at Takoradi

The seat of government is Accra (population 59,895) Coast The other principal towns are: Cape 50,055 (27,685), Ada (4,450), Elinina (4,797), Sekondi (75,748), Tarkwa (3,321), Keta (6,362), Kufani (35,600), Saltpond (6,360), Koforidia (19,634) and Winnebah (10,990). The government of the Colony is administered by a Governor, aided by a nominated Executive Council. There is a Legislative Council of 15 official and 14 unofficial members, for the Colony, excluding Ashanti and the Northern Territories.

# zgag-30 zg30	-31. I
Total revenue	3,605
Expenditure 5,226,120 4,89	8,198
	1,000
Total imports£20,082,381 £8,95	30
Total exports 13,677,716 11,88	7,388
	5,108
Exports to U.K 3,615,835 4,38	6,843
Total tonnage of shipping entered and cle	
1930, 5,267,048 (British, 2,872,358).	
Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Ransford Slater,	
Excellency Sir Ransford Slater,	
R.C.M.G., C.B.E. (1927) (and allowence, 5, 500)  A.D.C., Lt. H. A. Hughes	
カ1,500)	4,500
Private See H E V Reservi	450
Colomal Secretary, G. A. S. Northcote,	450
С. ж. б.	1,800
O.M.G.  Deputy do., G. C. du Boulay, C.B.E	1,350
Principal Asst. do., J. P. Ross	1,200
Chief Justice, Sir G. C. Deane, K.C.	2,000
Principal Asst. do., J. P. Ross	
Howes; S. S. Sawey-Cookson; J. M. St. John Yates	1,400
Chief Registrar, J. K. St. A. Vawcett	960
Attorney-General, S. S. Abrahams, K C	1,500
Solicitor-General, C. J. de Hart	1,100
Treasurer, R. A. Kelly	1,350
Deputy Treasurer, H. Vane-Percy Auditor, W. Bowelley	1,050
Auditor, W. Bowelley	1,100
Comdg. Gold Coast Regiment and In-	960
spector of Local Forces, Col. G. V.	
Breffit, M.C.	1,200
Breffit, M.C	-,
W. J. D. Inness, C.M.G	1,600
Director of Works. J. D. Sharman	1,500
Deputy do., Maj. S. B. Keast, M.C.	1,200
Harbour Authority R. H. Dawson	
Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, W. J. D. Inness, C.M.G. Director of Works, J. D. Shavman. Deputy do., Maj. S. B. Keast, M. C. Genl. Manager, Raiways and Takwadi Harbour Authority, R. H. Dawson, C.B. E.	1.700
Deputy do., R Higham	1.350
Deputy do., R. Higham	1,200
Deputy do., Capt. A D. Mackenzie .	1,050
Commissioners of Promace, H. W. Thomas, C. E. Skene; E. O. Rake cach Secretary for Mines, A. T. Roberts	
C. E. SKene; E. U. Kake Cach	1,200
Secretary for Native Affairs, W. J. A	1,200
Jones	1,350
Director of Prisons, Capt. H. J. L. Cave-	-,55
naugh	960
Postmaster-General, (vacant)	1,200
Deputy do., E. C. Crewe	I 000
Hamana R N	1,000
Enging in Chief. Telegraphs, R S. Baker	1,000
Hemans, R. N	•
	1,200
Inspector-Gen. of Police, LtCol. H W. M.	
Bamford O B E , M.C	1,200
Conservator of Eurevis (vacant)	1,200
Conservator of Forests, (vacant) Dir. of Agriculture, G G Auchinleck, M Sc.	1,200
Director of Geological Survey, Maj. N. R.	-,-30
Junner, M.C.	1,200
ASHANTI	
ľ	ont ion
Ashanti was placed under British prot	couon

Ashantt was placed under britain protection on Aug. 27, 1896. Under Orders in Council of Sept. 26, 1901, the country was definitely annexed by Great Britain, the Governor of the Gold Coast Colony being appointed Governor of the Ashantt, though only some of the laws and ordinances of the Gold Coast Colony apply to the and bounded on the N. by the Shum Chun River.

annexed territory. The area is 24,379 square miles, with a population (census of 1931) of 582,856 (Europeans 447). Kumasi, the chief town, has about 36,000 inhabitants. In 1930 there were 1,207 children in the Government schools, and 3,978 in the mission schools; students were in residence (1930-21) at the Agricultural and Forestry Training centre. Police force (1930-37) s65; prosecutions (1930-30) 4,203, but there is little serious crime. There are 2,33 miles of motor roads. Agriculture is extending; large areas are under eacao, and coffee and collage also cultivated. Local receipts (1930-31) £65,158 (exclusive of royal-ties); local expenditure (excluding railway, posts and telegraphs) £384,000. In 1290-31 the export of cacao was 66,721 tons, and the gold output £675,513 (129,019 oz.). In the western parts of the colony are rich forests of mahogany, cedar, &c., and trees yielding fuits, oil, rubber and gum copa!. Practically the whole of Ashauti is now connected by motor road with Kumasi and with the main trade routes to the north. The country is well watered, and with proper restraint it could contain inexhaustible supplies of valuable forest products. On the eastern side the forests are sparser, though timber and oil trees are common and game fairly plentiful; the products there are chiefly maize, yams, cocoyams, bananas, ground-nuts, and caeao, the plantations of which are rapidly extending. Chief Commissioner, H. S. Newlands .....£z,600 Deputy Chief Commissioner, E. A.T. Taylor 1,350 Prominent Commissioners:

Eastern Province (Kuman) (vacant) .... 1,200 Western Province (Sunyani) Capt. E. T. 

NORTHERN TERRITORIES. In 1901 the Northern Territories lying to the north of the parallel of 8° N. lat., bounded on the west and north by the French possessions and on the east by Togoland, were placed under British protection They are administered, under the Governor, by a Chief Commissioner with his headquarters at Tamale. By the census taken in 1931 the population was 717,365. The Muhammadans have substantial mosques; there is a Roman Catholic mission ment schools have been established at Tamale, Gambaga, Salaga, and Wa. There are 3,030 miles of good permanent roads. The Northern of good permanent roads. The Northern Territories are capable of producing various agricultural crops (cereals, shea-butter, ground-nuts, indigo, tobacco), and are said to contain

wide auriferous nieas. Chief Commissioner, Maj F.W.F. Jackson, C.M G., D.S O . ... . . .....£1,600 Provincial Commissioners -

Southern Province (Tamale) A. C.
Dinican Johnstone
Northern Province (Navaro) Lt. Col. P. F. Whittall, D S.O. ...... 1,200

Accra is distant from Liverpool, 3,920 miles; transit, x4 to 30 days.

### HONG KONG.

Hong Kong is an island about xx miles long and from a to 5 miles broad, with a total area of square miles; it lies close to the mainland, bein separated at one point by a narrow strait (Lye moon) not more than a quarter-mile wide, as was first occupied by Great Britain in Januar 1841, and was formally ceded by the Treaty Nankin in 1842; British Kovilona was su sequently acquired by the Peking Convention 1860; and the New Territories, being a peniusu in the southern part of the Kwangtung provinc by a lease signed June 9, 1898. The whole color comprises an area of about 391 square mile with a population (Census, 1931) of 849,47 The non-Chinese residents, excluding naval ar

military, numbered x9,369.

The capital the colony is Victoria, which li along the nort ern shore of the island, facing the mainland; and between the mainland as the city is the harbour, which is one of the finest in the world, with a water area of some square miles. With the exception of liquo tobacco and motor spirit the port is free, and fortified. It possesses excellent docks, capab of holding the largest vessels for the purposes repair. There is a considerable ship repairing and construction industry. Shipping entere railway, of which sal/4 miles belong to the Government, runs from Kowloon to Canton is the length north of the Shum Chun River (which is the honndary of the British territory) is controlled by the Chinese Government. Good road connect the principal districts with the railwa

The island is broken in shape and mountainou the highest point being Victoria Peak, which about x,8so feet high. The Peak District is about the place of residence, and is reserved for Europeans. The New Territories contain peaks from 1,800 to 3,000 feet. The hot season last from May to October. During the winter months, from November to March, the climate months, from November to March, the climate is cooler, drer, and more unitgorating. The average daily maximum temperature ranges from 37° in July to 63° in February, and the average daily minimum temperature from 76° in July to 55° in February. The average annual rainfall is 36 in, of which no less than 75 per cent, falls between May and September, when the S.W. monsoon prevails.

Hong Kong is the centre of a vast trade in many kinds of produce, clucity camplior, coal, cottons, flour, gunnics, hides, in on and steel goods, leather matches, oils, rice, silks, sugar, tea and tin.

Much encouragement is given by the Government to education in the colony. In 1930 there were x,o24 schools subject to Government supervision, attended by 6x,o22 pupils. The University (opened in x922) includes faculties of

medicine, engineering, and arts.

Hong Kong is a Crown colony, and its government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council of 9 members, together with a Legislative Council of 18 members, including himself, a representative from the Chamber of Commerce, and a representative of the Justices of the Peace. There is also a Samtary Board, partly elected, which controls certain sanitary measures

CAPITAL, Victoria; population (1930), 577,500.

Public revenue	1929. \$23,554,475	19,70, Ser. 818, 473
Public expenditure Public debt, Jan. z	21,983,257	28,xx9,646
Do., do	£1,485,732 \$4,927,000	£1,485,732 \$4,927,000

na	1989.	930
38	Imports from U.K £6,276,000 £4,4	52,000
ng		<b>23,00</b> 0
ee-	Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Ex-	
nd	cellency Sir William Peel, K.C.M.G.,	
ry,	K.B.E. (1930)	£7,000
of	A.D.C., Capt T. A. H. Coltman Private Sec., G. W. A. Tufton	500
1b-	Private Sec., G. W. A. Tufton	500
of	Col. Sec., Hon. W. T. Southorn, C.M.G	2,300
ula	Principal Asst. do. and Clerk of Councils,	
ce,	N. L. Smith	1,400
ny	Treasurer, &c., Hon. Edwin Taylor	1,500
es,	Attorney-General, Hon. Mr C.G. Alabaster,	
73;	K.C., O.B.E	2,100
nd	Director of Public Works, Hon. H. T. Creasy,	
•	C.B.R.	1,800
ies	Sec. for Chinese Affairs, Hon. E. R. Halli-	
ng	fax, C.M.G., CBE.  Chief Justice, His Hon. Sir Joseph H.	x,800
nd	Chief Justice, His Hon. Bir Joseph H.	
he	L. CHID. C. B. K K. C	2,600
me	Pusne Judge, His Hon. J. R. Wood	1,850
or,	Inspector-General of Police, Hon. E.	
ole	D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G.	x,800
of	zst Police Magnetrate, R. E. Lindsell	1,400
ng	Director of Medical and Sanitary Services,	_
ed.	Hon. A. R. Wellington, M.D.	1,800
A.	Director of Education (Vacant)	I,500
he	Crown Solicitor, H. K. Holmes, C.B.E	x,400
n;	Harbour-Master, de., Commander Hon.	
ch	G. F. Hole, R.N. (ret.)  Postmaster-General, M. J. Breen  Manager, Raibay, R. Baker  Supt., Imports and Exports, J. D. Lloyd.	x,600
-פנ	Manager-General, M. J. Breen	x 550
ıda	Sout Investory, R. Baker.	1,550
Ly.	Dinata David Oliveration B. C. Lloyd.	1,550
18,	Director, Royal Observatory, T. F. Claxton,	
is	F.R.A.S	x,200
a	Military Forces in China.	
or	G.O.C. the Forces, Maj. Gen. J. W. Sandil	ande
ks	C.B., C.M.G., D.S O.	
oto	A D C Capt D R M Cameron	

A. D. C., Capt. D. R. M. Cameron.
G.S.O. I., Col. C. R. U. Savile, D. S.O., O.B. E.
G.S.O. II, Maj. G. St. G. Robinson. D S.O., M.C.
G.S.O. III., Capt. G. E. Mirelhouse.
A.A. 4 Q.M. G., Col. R. B. Cousens, D S.O.
D. A.A. 4 Q.M. G., Col. K. V. B. Beutield, D.S.O.,

M.C., R.A.

Staff Capt., Capt. C. C. Fowkes, M.C. Commanding R.A., Lt.-Col. K. F. Dunsterville. DS 0., R.A.

Command Signal Officer, Maj. A. L. Harris, M. C. Asst. Dir. of S. d. T., Col. A. H. K. Watson.

Asst. Dir. of Medical Services, Col. C. D. Myles, OBE, M.B.

Asst. Dir. of Ord. Services, Col. F. C. Larmonr, D.S.O.

Command Paymaster, Col. D.G. N.I. Wimberley. R A P.C. Financial Adviser and Local Auditor, Col. F. E.

Gowan, O.B.E., R. of O.
Hong Kong, 9,834 miles, rid Suez Canal;
transit, 29 days, or vid Siberia, 28 to 23 days.

### THE ISLE OF MAN (MONA),

an island in the Irish Sea, in lat. 54° 3′ - 54° 25′ N. and long. 4° 18′ - 4° 47′ W., nearly equidistant from England, Scotland, and Ireland. The total land area is 145,325 acres (27 80, miles), with a population (1931) of 49,338 (22,459 males, 26,549 females). In 1293 the births numbered 667 and the deaths 727. The cultivated area (1931) was 79,001 acres, and the live stock included 3,417 horses, 19,477 cattle, 91,153 sheep, and 4,172 pigs. In the 9th century a body of 4.172 pigs. In the 9th century a body or malcontents from Norway emigrated to the

western isles of Scotland, and their prosperity drew upon them the auger of the Norwegian monarch Harold, who in the year 870 sent forth a great expedition and conquered the Orkneys and the Shetlands, the Western isles, and Man For three centuries the Norwegian rule remained intact, but when, in 1263, Alexander 111 defeated the famous Haco, at the battle of Largs, all these islands fell under Scottish rule. On his accession to the English throne, Henry IV seized on the Isle of Man, and in 1406 bestowed it on the Stanley family. In 1827 the Crown purchased it for the

sum of £417,144
The land is such in minerals, lead, iron, blende and slate, and exports large quantities of agricul-tural produce—Forty-seven miles of railway have been constructed, and about 25 miles of electric

tram road

Man is governed by a separate Legislature, called the Tynwald, consisting of two branches—the Governor and Council and the House of Keys. The Council consists of the Governor, the Bishop of Sodor and Man, the two Deemsters, the Attorney-General, a members appointed by the Governor, and 4 members appointed by the House of Keys, The House of Keys (possibly from the Scandmavian kerse = chosen) is one of the most ancient legislative assemblies in the world. It consists of 24 members, elected by the male and female owners and occupiers of property, 16 from the six sheadings, 5 from Douglas, and z each from Castletown, Peel and Ramsey. Bills after having passed both Houses are signed by the members, and then sent for the Royal Assent. After 1e ceiving the Royal Assent, a Bill does not become law unless promulgated within the ensuing twelve months, and on the first "Tynwald lay" (July 5) following it is announced in the English and Manx languages on the Tynwald Hill. On the promulgation taking place a certificate thereof is signed by the Governor and the Speaker of the House of Keys. An annual contribution of £10,000 is made to the Imperal Government. In 1921 Tynwald accepted lia bility for the redemption of £250,000 War Stock as a contribution to the Imperial Government towards the cost of the Great War. In ross liability for a further sum of £500,000 of War Stock was accepted in flual settlement of all responsibility to the Imperial Government in respect of the cost of the Great War.

CAPITAL, Douglas. Pop. (1921), 20,326 (Castletown is the ancient capital); the other towns

are Peel and Ramsey.

Public revenue . .. £416, 126 £407, 187 £405,036 Public expenditure 369,798 380,371 3 Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Claude Hamilton 397,006

Aicher Hill, K.C.S.I., C.I.K. (with house) £2,000 Government Secretory & Treasurer, B. E.

Sargeaunt, M V.O., O.B E .... ... z,000 First Deemster, Fredk. Malcolm La Mothe z,200 FIVE DECIMIES, FRUK. MINCOUN LA MOUIS Second December, Regnald D. Farrant Attorney-General, Ramsey Bignall Moore Receiver-General, Joseph Qualtrough ..... Speakes, House of Keps, G F Clincas, C.B.E. Judge of Appeal, J. E. Singleton, K.C. ... I,200 1,400 112111 unp. 300

JAMAICA. (See BRITISH WEST INDIES.)

### KENYA.

Kenya Colony and the Kenya Protectorate are situated in Eastern Equatorial Africa. The eastern boundary has been settled by agreement with Italy, to whom the Province of Jubaland

(35,812 sq. miles) was ceded by treaty in 1925; and on the north by an agreement with Abyssinia in 1908. On the west the Colony adjoins Order in Comerl in 1926 to include in Kenya an area on the west of Lake Rudolph and north of the River Tinkwel, stretching from Mt. Elgon to Mt. Zula (on the boundary of the Sudan), which was formerly part of the Uganda Pro-tectorate On the south Kenya adjoins the mandated Tanganyika Territory The population of the Colony is estimated at 3,025,084 (Europeans 16,84z, Indians 39,594, Goans 3,959, Arabs 12,16z, Africans 2,951,196, and others 1,33x). The area is 224,960 square miles.

A great portion of this vast region consists of pastine lands or barren wastes, but there are not lacking extensive districts of great natural fertility in the interior, as well as on the coast. The Colony is divided for administrative purposes into 9 previnces, which are subdivided into districts.

The districts most suitable for settlement by Enropeaus are those of Kyambu, North Nyeri, Lankipa, Nakuru, Naivasha, Kerucho, Uashi Gishu, and Trans-Nzom. There is also a considerable region still undeveloped

Kenya Protectorate also includes the Witu Protectorate, a small tract of country at the

month of the river Tana.

The telegraph and telephone systems of Kenya have x2,480 miles of wire Telegraph lines connect Monibasa with Lamn and Witu, Monibasa with Gazi and Tanganyika Border along the coast and mland between Mombasa and Entebbe, t ie capital of the Uganda Protectorate. There are also extensions to Kahe, Lake Magadi, Machakos, Nyeri, Nanyuki, Menu, Isnolo, Narok, Rumuruti, Kericho, Chenagael, Songhor, Eldama Ravine, Lake Solai, Eldoret, Kitale, Endebess, Kimmi and Moileu. Communication between Mombasa and ships at sea, Italian Somalijand and with Zanzibai (for Government traffic only) is maintained by radio-telegraphy. A short-wave wireless station (owned and maintained under licence from Government) is established at Nairobi and provides communication between the Colony and Protectorate and Great Britain. Telephone communication exists in the majority of the settled areas of the Colony. The Kenya and Uganda railways and harbours are Stateowned, the railway, which is metre gauge, has a owned, the railway, which is metre gauge, has a total route mileage of open lines of r.5a5 miles, made up as follows —Main Line (Monthasa—Kampala) 884, miles; Pracepat Lines — Nakiri Junction—Kisminu (132 miles), Tororo-Soroti (100 miles), Voi—Kahe Junction (or miles), Voi—Kahe Junction (or miles), Winor and Branch Lines, Rongan—Lake Solai (25), Kisuniu—Bittere (23), Lesetu—Kitale (40), Mbulamiti—Narmasagali (18), Kampala—Port Bell (6), Giligii—Thomson's Falls (40), Narrobi—Naryuki (145)

The Konza—Lake Magadi Line for miles) is worked but not owned by Govern (or miles) is worked but not owned by Govern ment. In addition, the Administration operates a manne service on Lakes Victoria, Kioga and Albert, and on the River Nile, with a route mileage of 3.676 miles.

The principal imports are cotton piece goods and manufactures, textiles and textile manufactures motor cars, parts and accessories, motor spint, eigarettes, ergais and tobacco, cutlery, hardware, instruments and implements china and glass ware; motor lorries, parts and accessories, industrial machinery, and wearing apparel. The principal exports are coffee, raw 450

1,200

z,450

1,450

1,400

1,350

1,350

3,500

1,500

1.400

1.200 1.200 1,150

840

1,500

I,IOQ

Z.000

cotton, maize, sisal fibre and sisal tow, hides and skins, carbonate of soda, oil seeds, wheat, ivory, wattle bark and extract, tin ore and butter.

£3,247,600 Revenue .....£3,333,742 Expenditure ..... 3,438,874 6,923,665 3,428,571 2,530,366 3,379,387

NAIROBI, the capital of the Colony, and central station of the Kenya and Uganda railways and harbours, has a population of 47,512, of whom 5,195 are Europeans There are also some 600 European farmers in the immediate neighbourhood of Nairobl. Mombasa, which is connected with Europe by telegraph, possesses perhaps the finest harbour on the east coast of Africa (population 43,252, of whom 1,132 are Europeans).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Brigadier General Sir Revellency Brigadier General Sir Joseph Aloysius Byrne, K.O.M.G., K.B.E., C.B. (1931), and Duly Allow-ance £2,500, and Allowance as High Commissioner for Transport £1,000...£5,000 

M.C.
Colonial Secretary, H. M. M. Moore, C. M. G.
Prine Asst. do., J. E. S. Merrick, O. B.E.
Chef Native Comme (vacant)........
Provacial Commissioners, O. F. Watklins,

1. B. B. Bornso, O. R. S. K. 2,800 C.B.E., D S O ; E. B. Horne, O B.E.; S F Deck, each £1, 350, H R. Montgoner, R. G. Stone; Ll. A Feild-Jones; A. M. Champion; S. H. La Fontaine, D.S.O.,

Chief Justice, Sir Jacob W. Barth, C.B.E. Judges, S. J. Thomas , B. Dickinson ; J. A Lucie-Smith. о.в.к., и с ....each Incie-Smith. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . each Commanding Troops, Col. R. Wilkinson,

1,450 1,800

General Manager, Kenya and Uganda Railways and Harbours, Brig-Gen. G. D. Rhodes, C.B.E., D.S.O.

Director of Education, H. S. Scott.......... Chief Veterinary Officer, H. H. Brassey-

Edwards ..... Surveyor General, C. O. Gilbert.....

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, H.M. Eastern Africau Dependencies, 32, Cockspur St., S.W.z. CAPITAL, Nairobi; trausit, about 20 days.

LEEWARD ISLANDS. (See BRITISH WEST INDIES.) MALAYA.

The whole of the Malay Peniusula, from the southern boundary of Siam to the Strait of Sinsouthern boundary of Siam to the Strait of Singapore, is within the British sphere, the administrative groups being the Straits Settlements, the Federated Maday States, and the Protected States of Johore, Kedah, Ketantan, Trengganu and Perius. The total area is 50,900 sq. miles (S.S. 1520, F.M.S. 37,430, other 38,000, 3nd the total population of BRITISH MALAYA (1931) was 4,381,344 (as compared with 3,325,054 in 1931, 0f the 1931 total, a 595,045 were males and 1,763,297 females, the disparity being principally due to the large number of Chinese male due to the large number of Chinese male immigrants. The total European population at the Census of 1931 was 17,767.

Trade of British Malaya.

(Merchandisc only) Imports from :- 1939. U.K. .....£16,748,449 £11,414,283 British Dominions, etc. . . . . . . . . 19,096,044 Foreign Countries... 66,088 780 14,355,438 46,620,086 Total ..... £102,803,273 £82,398,807 Exports to :--£ 9,380,113 · £15,515,537 British Dominions, etc. .. 12.402.014 12.101.22 etc. .. .... Foreign Countries. 80,050,571 55 155,8ač

£76,727,162 Total ..... £107,968,202 (1) THE STRAITS SEITLEMENTS.

The Settlements forming what is known as the 1,300 Colony of the Straits Nettlements consist of the island of Sugapore (with its dependencies, including the Goos or Keeling Island and Christinas Island), Penang (including Province Wellesley and the Dindings), Malacca, and the Lindau, These Settlements have an entire area of about 1,535 square miles, with an estimated

population (1931) of 1,113,992.
The Government consists of a Governor, assisted by an Executive Council of zz members, and a Legislative Council of 13 official and 13 unofficial members, appointed by the Crown. the unofficial members xx are nominated by the Crown and z are selected by the Chambers of Commerce at Singapore and Penang. The law of the colony is the common and statute law of England as it was m 1826, qualified by local ordinances The Supreme Court consists of the Chief Justice and 3 pulsue judges, and constitutes also a court of appeal, from which there is yet another appeal in certain cases, viz., to the Privy Council. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court includes that of a Colonial Court of Admiralty. There are also in each Settlement district courts with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction, and the usual police magistrates and coroners' courts. An ordinance passed in 1931 provided for the establishment of a Court of 1,000

Criminal Appeal.

The climate of the colony is almost uniform throughout the year, and foliage is perennial.

There is railway communication from Singapore, across the Straits of Johore, to Bangkok, vid Penang (West Coast) or Kelantan (East Coast.

The principal imports in 1930 were areca nuts cigarettes, coal, copra, cotton piece-goods, fish (dried and salted), machinery, milk (condensed and sterilized), rubber, pepper, petroleum, lubricating oil, rattans, rice, sago, sarongs, sugar and tin ore. The principal exports in 1930 were areca nuts, petroleum, lubricating oil, copra-cotton piece-goods, cigarettes, the (dried and salted) milk (condensed and sterilized), pepper,

salted) milk (condensed and sterilized), pepper,
preserved pineapples, rice, rattaus, rubber, sago, sarongs, sugar and tin.
aarongs, sugar and tin.  2020.  Public revenue
Public revenue \$54,888,891 *\$32,408,305
Public expenditure 35,711,997 39,840,314
Fublic bebt (Dec. 31, 1939) :— 35,71,997 39,840,314  Public bebt (Dec. 31, 1939) :— 34, 8.8. Inser. Stock
34% N.S. Inser. Stock £0,913,352
56 Victory Loan
6% S.S. Inscr. Stock 5.155.000
Governor and Commander-in-Chief, H. E. Sir Cecil Clement, G.O.M.G. (1930) \$60,000 G.O.C. Troops. Maj. Gen. L. C. L. Oldfield,
Sir Cecil Clements, G.O.M.G. (1930) \$60,000
G.O.C. Troops. MajGen. L. C. L. Oldfield,
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Colonial Secretary, John Scott, C.M.C 23,400 Resident Councillor, Penana. P. T. Allan
Do. Malacca, C. H. G. Clarke 14,400 Attorney-General, W. C. Huggard, K.O. 17,400 Treasurer, A. S. Small (acting) 15,600 Colonial Engineer G. Sturrock 14,400 Chief Justice, Sir J. W. Murison 21,600 Sentor Putens Judge, P. J. Sproulc 15,600 Prince Judges, E. G. Stevens: N.
Attorney-General, W. C. Huggard, K.C 17,400
Treasurer, A. S. Small (acting) 15,600
Colonial Engineer G. Sturrock 14,400 Chief Justice, Sir J. W. Murison 21,600
Chief Justice, Sir J. W. Murison ax,600
Senior Puisne Judge, P. J. Sproule 15,600
Tr. D. Whatlens A. P. AD Hamall seeb
Director of Education, J. Watson (acting) 14,400 Registrar of Companies and Official Assignee, E. E. Colman Under Secretary, C. C. Brown (acting) 14,400 Secretary for Postal Afairs (S.S. & F.M.S.), J. S. W. Arthur
Registrar of Companies and Official
Assignee, E. E Colman 14,400
Under Secretary, C. C. Brown (acting) 14,400
Secretary for Postal Affairs (S.S. &
Controllers of Pasts and Telegraphy W
Rlackwell (acting) (Singgrore) Syy Ano:
H. J. Harris (Penang) 10,800 Auditor-Gen., G. F. Jackson 12,600 Commissioner of Lands, F. T. Tree 12,600 District Judges (Singapore), H. R. Bull;
Auditor-Gen., G. F. Jackson 12,600
Commissioner of Lands, F. T. Tree 12,600
District Judges (Singapore), H. R. Bull;
G. C. Doddeach 12,600
G. C. Dodd
Registrar Supreme Court. Singapore.
W. A. N. Davies 12,600
District Officer (Province Wellesley), J. L.
McFall 12,600
Solicitor-General, J. V. G. Mills 12,600
McFall 12,600 Solicator-General, J. V. G. Mills 12,600 Secretary for Chinese Affairs, A. M. Good-
man 14,400 Supt. Govt. Monopolies, G. E. Cator 14,400 Deputy Treasurer, G. C. G. Muller 12,000 Inspector-Gen. of Police, H. Fairburn 12,400 Pring Civil Med. Off, J. Gray, M.D.
Deputy Treasurer, G. C. G. Muller 13,600
Inspector-Gen. of Police, H. Fairburn 14,400
Princ Civil Med. Off , J. Gray, M.D.
(acting)
Master Attendant, Capt. G. H. Frey-
berg, O.B.E., R.N 12,600
SINGAPORE is an island situated off the southern extremity of the Malay Pennsula, from which
it to congreted by a narrow etrait about three-
it is separated by a narrow strait about three- quarters of a mile in width; its length is about
ar miles, and its breadth 14 miles; it comprises,
sy miles, and its breadth 14 miles; it comprises, with the adjoining islets, an area of 225 square
mules and a nonvilation (see ) of ses See It
was first occupied in 1819, and formally ceded
To the British Government by the Sultan of
was first occupied in 1819, and formally ceded to the British Government by the Sultan of Johore in 1814. The seat of government for all the settlements is the town of Singapore,
situated on the south side of the island in lat.

r° 17' N. and long. 103° 50' E., with 445,778 inhabitants in 1931. The climate is fairly healthy for Europeans, except for the absence of any marked change of temperature throughout the year.

The number of merchant vessels entered and cleared in 1930, exclusive of native craft, was 18.148, with a tounage of 31,889,100. The total for the whole colony was 27,889, with a tounage of 46,588,885. The total native craft entered and 45,585,59. The total native crait entered and cleared at all four ports, Singapore, Penang, Malacca, Labuan, during the same year was 53,668 (tonnage, 1,943,704). The harbour, in the extent of its shipping, is one of the greatest ports in the world, being a port of call for vessels trading between Europe or India and the Far East, Australia, and Netherlands Indies, and is strongly defended. The Tanjong Pagar and is strongly defended. The Tanjong Pagar docks and wharves were taken over by Government in 1905 at a cost (fixed by arbitration) of \$39,00,000 (£3,300,000). The King's Dock (opened in 1913) is the largest east of Suez, being 879 feet long, 100 feet wide, and 34 feet deep; its cost was \$3,500,000. Singapore is a free port; no duties are levied, but excise is collected upon the release for consumption of collected upon the release for consumption of opium, tobacco, spirits, wines, malt liquors, and petroleum.

Labuan is an island of the Malayan Archi-pelago, situated about 6 miles off the north-west coast of Borneo, in 5° 16' N. lat. and 155" 25' R. long. Its area is about as square miles and its population is 7.538 (1931). It was ceded to Great Britain by the Sultan of Brunei in 1846, being at that time uninhabited and was incorporated in that time unimassical and was incorporated in the Straits Settlement in 1972. The island has a separate Settlement in 1972. The island has a good halbour. The principal export is sago. Victoria Harbour. in the south-east, is the principal inlet, and affords good anchorage. There is a cable station of the Bastern Ex-tension Telegraph Company on the island.

Resident, C. P Smith, M C S.

The Cocos-Keeling Islands are a group of about 20 small islands about 700 miles southwest of Sumatra, and form part of the Settlement of Sungapore. The population is x,z4s, and the islands export about 800 tons of copra. There is a station of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company on Direction Island.

Christmas Island, in the Indian Ocean, azz miles S. of Java, and 529 miles E. of the Cocos-Keeling Islands, has an area of about 6s square miles and a population of 1,059 (1931). A District Officer is stationed on the island, which contains enormous phosphate deposits worked by the Christmas Island Phosphate Company.

The amount exported in 1930 was 119,933 tons

Penang is the northernmost of the Settlements It includes Penang or Prince of Wales's Island (pop. 1931, 198,788). on the eastern side of which is Georgetown, the port and capital, on when is deorgeown, the pole and capital, and the strip of mainland opposite, known as Province Wellesley (pop. 1931, 150,959), and the territory of Dindings, west of Perak. Penang Island, about 15 miles long and 9 broad, is situated off the west coast of the Malay Pening. situated on the west coast of the Malay Peninsula, in lat. 5° 24' N, long roo' 24' E, and was ceded to the Government of India in 2785 by the Raja of the neighbouring territory, Kêdah. Area, 211 square nuiles. At the time it was founded, Penang was the only British settlement in further India; now it is the emporium for all the trade of the northern and more progressing of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the pr · Including \$19,000,000 from Currency Guarantee Fund. | perous parts of Sumatra and the Malay Peninsula.

Province Wellesley is a strip of coast about as miles in length with an area of ses square miles, ceded by the Raja of Kédah in 1800, with some land S. of the Krian River acquired more recently. The province is in a high state of cultivation as compared with the neighbouring territory, containing rice, spices, tapioca, rubber, and coconut plantations.

The Dindings Territory, coded by the State of Perak in 1874 (area 182 square miles, pop. 1831, 19,539) is at present little developed; but it contains what is considered the best natural port on the western side of the peninsula. The headquarters are at Lumut, where a District Officer is stationed, and ateamers call regularly at Pangkor and Lumut. The territory comprises a group of islands (of which Pangkor is the largest), and a strip of the mainland on the west coast of the peninsula, cut out of the State of Pérak, and measuring about as miles long by about 10 miles in width.

Malacca, the largest of the Settlements, situated on the western coast of the peninsula, between Singapore and Penang, and about mo miles to the N.W. of Singapore, comprises an area of alkont 637 square miles. It is one of the oldest European settlements in the East, having been captured by the Portuguese in 1211, and held by them till 1541, when the Dutch drove them out. In 1795 it was captured by the British, and retained till 1818, when it was restored to the Dutch; it finally became a British possession. In pursuance of the treaty with the Netherlands, March 17, 1824, being exchanged for the British settlement of Bencoolen in Sumatra. The population in 1931 was 186,694. Singapone, the capital of the Strats Settle-

SINGAPORE, the capital of the Stratts Settlements, is distant from London 8,700 miles; transit, ms days. Penang, no days; and Malacca, az days.

### (a) THE FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

These States are situated on the mainland of the Malay Pennisala, and are closely connected with the Straits Settlements; they consist of the States of Pērak, Sēlāngor, Negri Sembilan, and Pahang, which have by treaty (1895) lenewed their engagements with the British Government, and are administered under the advice of a Chief Secretary to Government, with Residents in each State, subject to the instructions of the High Commissioner, who is also Governor of the Straits Settlements. The total area of the Federation is 27,648 square miles, with a population in 1921 of 1,324,890. The principal towns are Kuala Limpur (Sel.), pp. 80,424; Ipoli (Pk.), 28,585; Talping (Pk.), 28,787; Kampar (Pk.), 12,835; Serembau (N.S.), 17,272; Klang (Sel.), 22,585; and Telink Anson (Pk.), 10,859.

The first three States are on the west coast, and

extend from the border of Province Wellesley to that of the independent State of Johore. Paliang is on the east coast. All are governed by their native rulers under the above-mentioned

control.

There are 1.68 route miles of tailway, practically all of which have been constructed from revenue. This mileage includes the Johore State Railway (127 miles), which is leased from the Johore Government. The line is of metre gauge throughout, and extends from Singapore (in the South) to Padang Beaar (on the Siamese frontier), where

it is connected with the Royal State Railways of Siam, affording direct communication with Bangkok. The journey between Singapore and Penaug occupies as hours, and that between Prai (Penaug) and Bangkok 32 hours (compared with a sea journey of 6 days). The railway runs direct between Singapore Island and the main-land, crossing the Straits of Johore by a causeway. At Gemas there is a branch from the main Singapore-Penaug line running northwards through Negri Sembilan, Pahang and Kelantan as far as Tumpat. At Sungel Golok this line is connected with the Royal State Railways of Siam. There are 2,80 miles of metalled roads, 256 miles of unmetalled roads, and 2,850 miles of bridle-paths, while the principal rivers are

navigable for small boats.

The Federated Malay States contribute largely to the supply of raw materials of the British Empire, and although production of plantation rubber and the predominates, figures given below show that other products are produced and exported in large quantities, chiefly in Palana, and about half a million tons of coal are annually mined in Selangor and need locally. While with the growth of the rubber industry there has been a tendency to neglect some of the older agricultural products, such as indigo, coffee, sugar, pepper, nutmegs and other spices, it has been proved that large areas in the Federated Malay States are smitable for the cultivation of the oil palm, and 19,000 acres have already been planted and nearly 30,000 acres alienated for this cultivation.

Principal exports from the Federated Malay States —

	xgmg.	1930
Para Rubber	259,774	249,675
Para Latex Galls.	1,306,395	287,511
Tin and Tin Ore Tons	67,048	62,065
Copra ,,	69,026	71,043
Firewood, Timber and	**	
Planks ,,	47,274	45,667
Rice and Padi	6,66a	3,517
Pineapples, Canned,	3,337	4,455
Tapioca	3,367	3,219
Areca-nuts	1,052	811
Rattans ,,	749	865
Palm Oil ,,	1,947	3,288
Palm Kernels ,,	284	492
Gambier ,,	208	220
Gold Oz.	21,851	25,912

Chantre conditions show little variation, and though the days are sometimes oppressive, owing to the high humidity, the nights are generally cool. The mean maximum shade temperature is about 50° F. inland, and rather lower on the coasts, while the mean maximum is about 72° F., inland and a little higher on the coasts. The average yearly rainfall varies from 65 inches at the driest places to 165 inches at the wettest. Although there are no clearly defined wet and dry seasons, there are well-marked seasonal variations in the rainfall. At inland stations and along the West Coast the months of January, February, June, July and Angust having at inland stations considerably less rainfall than the remaining months; along the East coast the middle of the year is usually dry, while from November to March is a period of heavy and persistent rain.

The States are policed by a mixed force of Indians and Malays, officered by Europeans.

1	777
zgag. 2930	Siam to Great Britain by the Anglo-Siamese
Public revenue \$81,799.584 \$65,560,870	Siam to Great Britain by the Anglo-Siamese Treaty of March 10, 1909. In all these States
Public expenditure 84,660,975 82,470,192	the trade is almost entirely carried on with the
Public debt	Straits Settlements. Currency, weights and
Total imports £23,495,898 £19,602,382	
Total exports 40,718,135 24,926,067	madanism.
Imports from U.K 3,299,153 3,274,512	JOHORE, with an area of 7,678 square miles
Exports to U.K 5,186,695 3,436,032	and a population (census of ro3r) of 505,309, occupies the southern extremity of the Malay
High Commissioner, The Governor of the Straits	Peninsula. In 1895 the Sultan undertook to
Settlements (Singapore).	· receive a British Agent having the functions of
Chief Secretary to Government, A	a Consular Officer. In 1914, following an agreement of that date, a General Adviser was
Caldecott, C.B.K. (acting)	ment of that date, a General Adviser was
British Residents: Perak, B. W. Elles 15,800	accepted. The Legislatine consists of a Council
Selangor, J. W. Simmonds (acting) 16,800	of State to which Enropean and Asiatic unofficial members are appointed. The indicial system resembles that of the Federated Malay States.
Negri Sembilan, J. W. W. Hughes	members are appointed. The indicial system
(acting) 16,800	Judges of Supreme Comt of the Straits Settle-
Pahang, H. G. R. Leonard 16,800	ments and of the Federated Malay States are
	ex oficio Judges of the State of Johore and
Elphinstone, K.C	vice versa. Johore is primarily an agricultural
Junges, r. A. Farrer-Manny; W. Burton;	country producing, as major crops, rubber,
H. W. Fritchard; N. D. Mudie (acting)	coco-nuts, taproca and pineapples. The cultiva-
Legal Adviser and Public Prosecutor, W.	tion of African oil palm is also making progress.
8. Gibson 16,200	Tin ore and iron ore are exported in considerable quantity. The Johore State Railway runs for
Under Secretary to Govt., W. E. Pepys 14,400	quantity. The Johore State Railway runs for 120 miles through the middle of the State.
Financial Adviser and Treasurer, G. P.	There are 785 miles of metalled road.
Bradney (acting) 14,400	1929. 1930
Communioner of Trade and Customs, 11	Revenue \$17,633,212 \$14,634,966
C. Eckhardt 14,400 Auditor-Gen., A. O. Wilson (acting) 14,400	Expenditure 16,200,829 16,671,986
Auditor-Gen., A. O. Wilson (acting) 14,400 Director of Education, J. Watson (acting) 14,400	Public Debt . nil. nil.   nil.
Controller of Labour, Malaya, C. D.	Imports
Ahearne 14.400	Exports
Secretary for Chinese Affairs, P T	
Allen 14,400	Sultan, H.H Sir Ibrahim. G.C M.G , K.B.E.;
Secretary for Postal Affairs, A. Caldecott, C B.E	born, 1873; succeeded his father, 1895.
Director of Agriculture, H. A. Tempany 14,400	General Adviser, R. O. Winstedt, C.M.G., D.Litt. (acting)
Director of Co-operation, A. Cavendish 14,400	Chief Minister, Ungku A. Aziz bin A. Majid
Director, Electrical Department, W. J.	(acting)
Williams x8.000	State Secretary, Dato Mohd, Salleh bin Ah.
Director of Forestry, J. P. Mead 24,000 Director, Geological Survey, E. S. Will-	Judge, P. H. Thorne.
bourne (acting) zz,400	Lejal Adriser, J. W. Jones (acting)
Principal Medical Officer, C. J. Wilson 14.400	Financial Commissioner, A. S. Smali Commissioner, Lands and Mines, H. R. Joynt
Principal Medical Officer, C. J. Wilson 14,400 Senior Warden of Mines, G. E. Greig 14,400	(acting).
Dir. of Museums, C. Boden Kloss \$9,000 to 10,200	Commissioner, Trade and Customs, M. Rex
Commer. of Police, C. H. Sansom (acting) 14,400	(acting).
Supt. Printing Dept., J. E. Wallace\$6,000 to 9,600	
Inspector of Prisons, H. Fraser (acting) 6,000   Director of Public Works, F. G. Finch	State Engineer, Maj. H. F. Waters
(actina) 74 400	Principal Medical Officer, Dr. R. D. Fitzgerald. Postmaster-General, G. Savage (acting).
General Manager, Railways, J Strachan 22.800	Superintendent of Education H R Cheeseman
(acting)	Controller of Labour, E A. Ross (acting).
*	Protector of Chinese, W. E. Rigby.
Malay States Information Agency, Malaya	Controller of Labour, E. A. Ross (acting). Protector of Chinese, W. E. Rigby. Warden of Mines, F. C. Marshall Commissioner of Police. A. Hamilton. Superintendent of Surveys, T. S. Spowers
House, 57 Charing Cross, S W. z.	Commissioner of Potte. A. Hamilton.
Knala Lumpm is distant 8,500 miles from	Congernator of Forests ( Smith factors)
London : transit, ax days (voi Penang)	KEDAH, between 5° 5'-6' 25' N. lies on the
(3) OTHER STATES.	Conservator of Forests, C. Smith (acting) KEDAH, between 5° 5′ - 6° 35′ N., lies on the west coast of the peninsula, and includes the Langkawi group of islands. The population in
The Malay States not included in the Federa-	Langkawi group of islands. The population in
tion consist of Johore, Kedah, Perlis, Kelantan,	1931 was 429,645, and the approximate area 3,150 sq. miles. Rice is the principal crop in North Kedah, while coco- and betel-nut and
and Trengganu. The relations of Johore with	3,150 sq. miles. Rice is the principal crop in
Great Britain are defined in the Treaty of Dec	inbber are cultivated in South Kedah. The
III, 1885, as amended by an agreement dated	capital is Alor Star, 8 miles inland on the
May 12, 1914, whereby the Sultan accepts, and acts upon, the advice of a British officer called	Kedali River, with a population of about 18,646.
the General Adviser. In respect of the other	The powers of the Sultan have, owing to illness,
four States, the rights of Suzerainty, protection,	been vested in a Regent, who is assisted by a
administration and control were transferred by	Council. There are 52 British officials, employed
A All mala mar and analysis of allow are	in the Public Works, Survey, Police, and Medical
All salaries are exclusive of allowances	departments

Expenditure ..... Public Debt ..... 6,937,299 uil. 7,198,036 nii. Sultan, H.H. Sir Abdul Hamid Halimshah, K.C.M.G.

Regent, H.H. Tunku Ibrahim, C.M.G., C.V.O. British Adviser, J. W. Hall, M.C.S. (acting)

PERLIS, the most northerly State, is on the yest coast of the Malay Peninsula. The area is west coast of the Malay Peninsula. The area is about 316 sq. miles, and the population is about 45,000, of whom 40,000 are Malays. The capital is Kangar, a few miles up the Perlis River, but H.H. the Raja lives at Arau, which is on the main trunk line from Singapore to Bangkok. Rice is the principal crop, and tm ore and rice are the principal exports. The State came under British protection in 1909.

1923-9. 1929 30 (\ 11 1347) (\ 11 1348). \$583,329 \$487,436 Revenue ...... 584,085 573,738 Raja, H.H. Tuan Syed Alwi, C.B.E., C.M.G. British Adviser, M. C. Hay.

KELANTAN lies between 4° 38′ - 6° x5′ N. and xos° as′ - xos° 37′ E. on the east coast of the peuinsula, with a total length of about xx miles and a breadth of 60 miles. The total area is 5,7x3 square miles; population (x93 Census) 365,6xs. The northern portion is flat and fertile, producing rice, coco-ent and betel-nut and affording pasturage for large quantities of live-stock. Agriculture, fishing, and the production and weaving of silk are the principal industries. The southern and later principal industries. The southern and larger portion is in parts mountainous, but a railway is being constructed through the flatter part and good land will thus be made accessible for planting. Tin and gold are found. The capital, Kota Bharu, 6 miles from the mouth of the Kelantan River, has a population of z5.49c. Kuala Kran is the headquarters of the Southern Administrative District, and Pasir Putch of the Easteru.

(acting)

TRENGGANU, between 4° and 5° 55' N. and 100' 15' - 103' 30' E., hes south of Kelantan on the east coast of the peninsula Area, about 5,500 square miles. Population (1931), 179,664. Industries of agriculture (mainly rice), fishing and fish-curing, silk weaving, shipbuilding, and tin mining. The principal exports are Para rubber, tin ore, dried fish, cotton and silk, sarongs, gambier, areca nuts, copra, iron ore and wolfram. The capital, Trengganu, on the river of that name, contains x3,972 inhabitants

1930-31 (A II 1349) 1929-30 (A.H 1348.) Revenue .......\$1,391,471 \$1,235,230 Expenditure ...... 1,524,706
Public Deht ...... 2,600,000 1,445,709 3,250,000 Sultan, H.H. Sir Suleiman Badrul-alam Shah, K.C.M.G.

British Adviser, G. L. Ham (acting)

an area of 92% square miles. The colony includes also the adjoining island of Gozo, with an area of a4% square miles; COMNO—the site of the Suttan's disaster in 289 and several islets. The civil population of the whole group, on April 20, 1921, was 241,681. In religion the Maltese are Roman Catholics. The lower orders are mainly Pruits in race. The Maltese language which is Punic in race. The Mattess language, which is generally spoken by all classes, is of Semitic origin, and is held by some to be derived from the Carthaginian and the Phoenician tongues There is a Maltese order of nobility, recognised by the Crown, consisting of so families.

The island of Malta is said to have been converted to Christianity on the occasion of the shipwreck of St. Paul in 58 A.D. In the Dark Ages it was taken by the Moors, its commerce was destroyed, and it was used mainly as merce was destroyed, and it was used mainly as a base for piratical expeditions. In rego it was again brought under Christian rule, being conquered by the Norman Count Roger of Sicily. For 440 years it followed the fortunes of that kingdom, but was in 1230 handed over to the Knights of St. John, who made of it a stronghold of Christianity. In 1255 it sustained the famous siege, when the last great effort of the Turks was successfully withstood by Grand Master La Vallette. The Knights expended large sums in Cortifying he island and carrying out many magfortifying the island and carrying out many magnificent works, until they were expelled by Napoleon in 1798. The Maltese rose against the French garrison soon afterwards, and with the assistance of some British and Neapolitan troops, compelled the French to capitulate in 1800. The islands were then ceded to Great Britain, the cession being confirmed by the Treaty of Paris of 1814.

of 1814.
The climate, although not tropical, is very hot in summer. The mean temperature for the summer months in 1920 (June, July, August and September) was 81.7°. In winter the mean temperature was 51.3°. The islands are highly cultivated. The chief products are corn, oranges, suggest forms cumping seed only in melons, grapes, forage, cummin seed, onions, and potatoes; figs and honey are plentiful. The principal occupation of the people is in connexion with shipping

Citta Vecchia, the former capital of the island, contains the ancient palace of the courts of justice, the Cathedral, and the Seminary; its population has now dwindled to 982, but its auturb, Rabat, has 9,950 inhabitants. Citta Veccha has been entirely cellpsed in importance by the modern capital of Valletta, which was founded in 1566. The principal harbour is one of the finest in the world; it is very deep, and large vessels can anchor alongside the shore. is an important port of call for vessels passing to and from the East and the Suez Canal, being about half-way between Gibraltar and Port Said. There is an extensive arsenal and important dockvard, Malta being the headquarters of the Mediterranean Fleet.

Malta possesses a University and Lyceum; so clementary and infant schools, 6 central schools, a secondary schools, and 60 might schools; in addition there are garuson schools, a Dockyard school, and 49 private schools of which 15 receive grants-in-aid from the Government.

Under the Constitution of rear the Legislature consists of a Senate and a Legislative Assembly. MALTA, an island in the Mediterranean Sea, 58 miles from Selly and about 126 from the African coast, about 77 miles in length and 9 in breadth, and having of Commerce and the Trade Union Council, the

700

other 7 being elected by a special electorate.
The Legislative Assembly consists of 3s, returned
by 8 electoral districts, each represented by
4 members. The method of voting is that of
Proportional Representation under the system
of the single transferable vote. The Governor is
assisted by two Councils—an Executive Council
consisting of such of the Ministers as he selects
and a Nominated Council consisting of the
Lieutenant-Governor, the Legal Adviser and
three officers chosen from the Navy, Army and
Air Force. The Governor may summon these two
Councils to sit together as the Privy Council of
Malta. When any legislative or administrative act
is done which, in the Governor's opinion, affects a
reserved matter, he may submit the consideration
of it to a Joint Committee consisting of three
members of the Nonmated Council appointed
by himself and three members of the Executive
Council appointed by the Head of the Ministry
The Constitution was temporarily suspended by
an Order in Council (June <b>a6</b> , 1930) which em-
powers the Governor to make laws for the peace,
order and good government of Malta.
In 1930 the Port of Valletta was entered by
in 1936 the Port of Valletta was entered by

z,zor vessels (tonnare, 3,561,513) CAPITAL, Valletta. Population (1931), zz,779.

1389-30. 1930-31 £938,097 Public revenue... .. ... £939,993 997,272 1930 £3,836,125 482,067 Expenditure .. . 930,113 Imports ... . £4,041,926 585,444 992,523 1.152,200

### MALTA COMMAND.

17,398

14,261

Exports to U.K. .

Governor and Commander-in-Chief. Excellency General Sir David G. M. Commg. R.A., Col. O. C. Niven, D.S.O... Chief Eng., Col. S. F. Newcombe, D.S.O. Asst. Dir. S. and T., Col. E. R. O'Hara, 1,095 1,004 1,004 Asst. Dir Ordn. Services, Lt - Col. J. H. Stone, p.s.o. ..... 1,095 Command Paymaster, Col. G. A. C. Ormsby-Johnson, O.B.E., M.C.....

MALTESE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT. Lieutenant-Governor, Harry Charles Luke. C.M.G. ..... Legal Adviser, R. Strother Stewart,

M. A., B.C L. Clerk of Councils and Secretary to the Mallese Imperial Government, E. R. Mifsud, O.B.E. .....

THE MINISTRY (Aug. 15, 1927). Head of Ministry and Minister for Police and Justice, The Rt. Hon. and Most Noble Lord Strickland, G.C.N.G., LL.R., Count della Catena.... Public Instruction and Migration, Hon.

Scuator Prof. Sir A. Bartolo, LL.D. ... Minister of the Treasury, and for Public Health, Hon. Prof. Robert V. Galea, A. & C.E. .....

A. & C.E. .... Industry and Commerce, Hou. Walter £600 Salomone... ...... Posts, Hon. R. Hamilton . ...... 600 Agriculture and Fisheries, Hon. A. Montano, A. & C.R. ..... President of the Senate, 600 Speaker of House of Assembly, 300 Official Secretary to Head of Ministry, Arthur Galea, O.B.R 540 Public Prosecutor and Treasury Counsel, P. Pullicino, LL D 850 Supt. of Public Works, F. C. Bonavia, A. & C.K.

Rector of the University, Prof. T. Aglus, 550 M.D., M.A. ... ..... 450 Collector of Customs and Supt. of Ports, 500 Felice Mercieca ....... 500 Tregenres and Director of Contracts, Hon. A. Galizia, O B K. 720 Chief Gott Med. Officer, Hon. A. Critien, O B.K , M.D. ..... Auditor-General, Col. A. Trapani Postmaster-General, J. Bonett Commissioner of Police, S. Galea Chief Justice and Prev. of Court of Appeal, 500 500 His Honour Sir A. Mercieca, LL D. .... 1.200 Judges, Dr. F Buhagnar, £800; Dr. R. F. Ganado; Dr G Depasquale; Dr. E. H. Ganado; Dr. L A Camilları; Dr. A.

Public Works, Hon. Edwin P. Vassallo,

AGENT-GENERAL IN LONDON. Agent-General, Hon. Sir James Daniel Connolly, P. & O. House, 14-16, Cockspur St., S.W. z. Malta is 2,280 miles by sea, and via Naples

about 1,995; transit overland, 31/2 days.

Montanaro Gauci ... ....

### MATERITIES

Mauritius is an island lying in the Indian Ocean, so miles east of Madaguscar, between \$7° 27'-57' 46' E. long, and S. lat. \$1° 58'-20' 33', and comprising an area of 720 square miles. The permanent population at the Census of 1932 was 393,478, made up of Indrans, Europeans (mainly French), and natives of mixed descent.

Mauritius was discovered between the years 1507 and 1528 by the Portuguese, but they never formed any settlement on it. The Dutch visited it 1,004 in 1508 and named it Mauritius, in honour of the Stadtholder, Prince Maurice of Nassau. In 1644 they established a small colony on the shore, but in 1710 they alsaudoned the island, and in 1715 the French took possession of it and changed the name to He de France. Under the French it 2,000 became a great centre of trade, but in 1736 the seat of French Government in the East was removed to it from Pondicherry, and it was taken by a British force in 1810. The French language and French law have been preserved under British rule when the ancient name, Mauritius, was restored.

Of the total cultivated area of 171,075 acres, 700 | 136,875 are under sngar, 20,000 under fibre, and 14,200 under other crops; the necessaries of life have all to be imported from abroad. Rice and grain are obtained from India, flour from Australia and India, oxen from Madagascar, 600 and minor imports from South Africa and elsewhere. 70 per cent trade of the Island is with Great Britain and British Dominions. Being just within the tropics it has a hot climate, but, except in Port Louis and some of the low-lying districts, it is not unhealthy. The island is districts, it is not unhealthy subject to cyclonic disturbances, and a hurricane in 1892 was particularly severe; a cyclone lasted from March 5 to 7, 1930, and did considerable damage to sugar plantations and buildings. There is an excellent harbour on the N.W. coast, on which the capital, Port Loms, stands, and the annual trade of the island passes entirely through Port Louis. The shipping entered and cleared, in 1930, amounted to 1,009,212 tons In. 1230 there were 144 miles of railway (120 of 4 ft. 8)/2 m. gauge and 24 of 2 ft 6 in ), 59 post-offices, 49 telegraph offices and 10 telephone offices in the island, with 545 miles of telegraph, meluding block telegraph for the railway, and 150 miles of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the miles telephone wnes (Government).

The Government is administered by a Governor, alded by an Executive Council of four official members, and of such other persons in the service of the Government as the Governor, through instructions of the Secretary of State, may from time to time appoint, and a Legislative Council of 27 members, eight being ex-office, nine nominated by the Governor, and zo elected by a moderate franchise Port Louis has two members,

and each of the country districts one
The inhabitants of European descent are
mostly Roman Catholic. Education has two
branches—(1) Superior or Secondary Instruction, to which is attached the Government Royal College and the Associated Schools; (a) Primary Instruction, consisting of the Government schools and the grant-in-aid schools. The estimated expenditure on education for 1931-32 is Rs 1,424,674.

CAPITAL, Port Louis Population (1931), 54,403. 1926 ag. 1929-3 . Rs 13,322,248 Rs 14,483,468 Public revenue Public expenditure Imports from U K 11,100,987 10,449,50 19,013,108 Exports to U K .... . 45,965,071 Governor and Commander - in - Chief, . .Rs.60,000

22,500 12,000

Nairac, K.C. .. 20.000 Receiver-General, H Pickwood 18,000 Director of Agriculture (vacant) 15,c00 15,000 12,000 Director of Public Works and Surveys, Maj L. F Régnard, R.E.

Regutrar-General T Avice, OBE ..... Auditor, A Standley Cremer

Puisne Judges, Hon R Marrier d'I nienville; Hon. J. E. Romllaid (acting)

DEPENDENCIES OF MAURITIUS.

(1) RODRIGUES, 350 miles almost due east of Mauritius. Population (Ceusus 3921), 6,584. Area, 40 square miles. Cattle, beans, salt fish, and goats are the principal exports. The island is under the administration of a magistrate from Mauritins, who takes his orders from the Governor of Mauriting.

Magistrate, R. Brouard (acting) Rs. 9,000 to 12,000 (a) OTHER DEPENDENCIES Most of the scattered groups of coral islands belonging to Great Britam in the Indian Ocean are administered by the Mauritins Government, being visited periodically by two magistrates, whose duty it is to inquire into the condition of the labourers, and settle any disputes which may be referred to them The chief product is coco-unt oil. The most important is Diego Garcia (pop 1921, 445), one of the Chagos Archipelago, which hes on the one of the thanks Archipengo, which has on the ducet route from the Red Sea to Australia, and possesses a good harbon. The total population of the "Other Dependencies" (1921) is 1,365.

Transit from London to Mauritius, 30 to 35 days.

### NIGERIA.

The Colony and Protectorate of Nigeria includes the territories situated on the Bight of Benin, between Dahomey on the west and the Kamerius on the east The Protectorate (Head-quarters, Lagos) is in two main divisions, the Northern Provinces and the Southern Provinces, of which the northern group coincides with the former Protectorate of Northern Nigeria, and the southern group with the former Protectorate of Southern Nigeria. The area of the whole territory (including the mandated area of the Cameroons) is about 372,841 sq miles, and the population is 18,765,790.

By 0i der in Council of Nov 1922 (amended 1928)

By Order in Council or Nov 1924 (anichae) there is a Legislative Council for the Colony and the Protectorate The the Southern Provinces of the Protectorate Legislative Council consists of the Governor as President, 27 official members, 3 nonlinated official members, 3 elected members representing the numeral area of Lagos (Dr. C. C. Adenny Jones, Enc O Moore, and T A Doberty), x elected member representing Calabar (C. W. Clinton) and 14 nominated unofficial members. The Governor continues to legislate for the

Northern Provinces

The chief industry is agriculture, and crops consist of cotton, cocoa, ground-mits, kola-mits, maize, gninea-corn, millet, rice, coffee, yams, cassava, and tobacco The export trade relies mainly upon certain staple articles of great value, principally palm oil and kernels, ground outs, cocoa, cotton lint, and tin. The Udi coalfields cocoa, cotton lint, and the The Udr coaffields are of great extent and the coal is of excellent quality. A milway is in operation comprising (1) a Western line from Lagos to Kano (704) miles), crossing the Niger by bridge at Jehha, with branches from Minna to Baro (xxx miles), and from Zaria to the Banchi tin fields (108) (133 miles, light railway); and from Zaria to Kaura Namoda (137 miles), and from Ifo to Idogo (27 miles). An extension of the main line beyond Kano was opened as far as Ringim (45 miles) in 1929 and completed and opened to N'Gmri (a further 100 miles) in 1930. (a) an Eastern line (569 miles) from Port Harcourt to Kaduna on the Western Railway, crossing the Benue by train ferry at Makurdi with a branch line connecting from Kafanchan 18,000 junction (mile 4581/4) with the tinfields (Jos)

15,000

14,000

12,000

20,250 15,000

24,000

63½ miles. Centres of trade are Lagos, Abeokuta, Ibadau, Oshogbo, Illorin, Zarra, Kano, Omtsha, lokoja, Warri, Bonny, Sapele, Calabar, Opobo, Furcados, and Port Harcout

The principal imports (1930) were cotton goods (£3,045,144), provisions, spirits, haidware, cutlery, cycles, kerosene, tobacco, building material, soap, motor-cars and lorries, motor spirit, cement and bags and sacks; the principal exports were palm kernels (£3,279,165), palm oil (£3,250,473), tin ore (£1,373,465), cocoa (£1,756,400), ground mits (£3,279,756), heldes and skins (£874,822) and cotton lint (£623,558). The total imports from the Birtish Empire well-

£8,978,419 in 1931, and from C.S.A. £1,141,	903
Revenue £6,045,620 £5,62	0 31 2.200
Expenditure £6,045,620 £5,62 Expenditure 6,289,900 6,32	9,668
	3,403
	1
Total imports£x3,404,447 £x2,70	1930
Total exports 17,922,501 15,17	4.215
	4,090
Exports to U.K 7,990,414 6,18	3,956
Governor and Commander-in-Chief of	3.30
Nigerut, His Excellency Si Donald	
Nagerut, His Excellency Sii Donald Charles Cameron, K.C.M.G., K.B.E. (1930)£	6.500
Chief Secretary to the Government, G.	0,3
Henniant, C.M.G	2,400
Hemmant, C.M.G Provinces, W.	
Ruchauau-Smith, C M G . M C	2,400
Lieut. Governor, Northern Provinces, C. W.	
Alexander, C.M. G	2,400
Commandant Nugeria Regt , Col A J.	
Chief Justice, Sir Donald Kingdon, K.C.	1,400
Chief Justice, Sir Donata Kingdon, K.C.	2,000
Punne Judges, A. F. C. Webber, H. S. Berkeley, W. Butler Lloyd; C. W. V.	
Corev	1,400
Attorney-General, A. V. C. Prior	x.600
Carey	•
Service, W. B Johnson	1,800
Director of the Medical and Sanitary Service, W. B. Johnson	1,500
Director of Marine, Capt. L. J. Hall,	
OBE, RD., RNR.	1,400
Comptioner of Customs, W. K. Duncomoe,	1,400
O B K , R D., R N R Compt offer of Customs, W K. Duncombe, Administrative Service (Staff Grade), E. J. Arnett, C M.G , Capt. W A Ross, C M.G ; G. W. Webstei, M B.E. ; G S Browne;	
G W Webster M R.K : G S Browne:	
Lt -(ol. R. H Rowe, DSO, MC; Maj.	
C. T. Lawrence, O.B E ; G J. Lethem ;	
A C M. Burns, CMG; E. M Falk;	
H H. Middleton; W. E Hunt, CBE;	
C. A. Wodehouse, F B. Adams, Hon	
H. B. Hermon-Hodge, F. P. Lynch each	1,400
G. W. Webstel, all E.; G. S. HOWBE; Lt(ol. R. H. Rowe, D. S. O., M.C.; Maj. C. T. Lawrence, O.B. E.; G. J. Lethem; A. C. M. Burns, C. M.G.; E. M. Falk; H. H. Middleton; W. E. Hunt, C. B. E.; C. A. Wodelrouse, F. B. Adams, Hon H. B. Hermon-Hodge, F. P. Lynch each Gen Man, Nygeran Railwau, E. M. Bland, C.M.G	2,000
Director of Public Works, C. L. Cox	x,700
Surveyor-General, Capt. J. Calder Wood,	-,,
M.C	1,200
Director of Ecoests J. R. Amshe	1,400
Director of Agriculture, O. T. Faulkuer,	
C M G	1,400
Auditor, W. E. Knollys	1,200
Postmaster-General, G. B. Hebden	1,300
Inspector General of Police C. W.	2,000
Inspector of Entertain, R. R. S. Blussey Inspector General of Police, C. W. Duncan, C.B.E	1,400
Director, Geological Survey, Capt R C.	-,
Wilson	1,200
Chief Inspector of Mines, E. A Langslow	
Corele	1,200
Port Engineer, Lagos Harbour Works,	
Major J. E. Bostock, O B E., M.I C.E	1,400

#### NYASALAND PROTECTORATE.

This country was proclaimed a British Protectorate on May 14, 1891. The Protectorate complies the western shore of Lake Nyasa and the country southwards nearly to the Zambesi. The population of the Protectorate (Dec. 31, 1930) was 1,396,848, including 1,995 Europeans and 1,599 Asiatics, and it has a total land area of 37,890 square miles. The principal exports are tobacco, cotton, chiles, coffee, ground-nuts, fibe, and tea. The cultivation and export of tobacco is considerable, ten cotton fibre and rubber are also

The principal exports are tolanceo, cotton, chillies, tofies, ground-nuts, fibre, and tea. The cultivation and export of tolsacco is considerable, tea, cotton, fibre and rubber are also exported in fair quantities. The principal imports are soft goods, provisions, and hardware. On Lake Nyasa there are three steamers. A nalway from Port Herald (the "inland port" of the Protectonate) to Blantyre (signales) is open for traffic. An extension from Port Herald to Chindro (the terminus of the Central Africa Railway) on the Zambesia Italiway, from Beira to Vimaça (on the southern bank of the Zambesia River) was opened in April, 1922; the terminus is opposite to Chindro, and the line (174 miles) thus establishes direct railway communication between Bennaud Blantyre. A further extension to Lake Nyasa is under construction. Main roads and "carrier" roads are open all over the Protectorate, the total mileage being 3,500. A road from Salisbury to Blantyre wa Tete (Portuguese E. Africa) is open for light cars and is freely used during the dry season.

Mails to and from England are despatched every week vm Cape Town and Befra. Between Berra and Enrope the means of communication are the Union-Castle Mail 8 S. Co., Messrs, Rennic's Line vn Natal, the British India Steam Navigation Co., and other lines. The Protectorate is connected by telegraph overland with the Cape vn Salishny The telegraph lines extend northwards as far as Tukuyu, in Tanganyka

ganyiga The chief towns are Blantyie (population about 600 Europeans and 7,000 natives), Limbe (near Blantyre), and Zomba, the headquarters of the

Government.	1929	<b>1930.</b>
Revenue	£372,508	
Expenditure	410,668	428,889
Imports (excl transit)	743,540	764,433
Exports (excl transit)	625,480	776,414
Imports from U K	269,703	86x,069
Exports to U.K	585,066	667,123
Governor and Commander	un-Chief,	H18

Execliency Sir Thomas Shenton Whitelegge Thomas, K.C.M.G., O.B.E. (with allowance £500) . . . . . £2,500 Pricate Sec. and A.D.C., Capt. E. I. B.

Hurvey 450
Chef Secretary, K. L. Hall 1,450
Commandant of xst Bn King's African
Rigles, Maj. E. E. Sullivan-Tailyour,
N. C. 750

Director of Education, A. T. Lacey, M.A	£.000
	<b>G</b> =,200
Director of Agriculture, W. Small, M B.R.,	
M.A., B.80	1,100
Secretary for Native Affairs, H. D. Aplin,	
C.M.G	1,300
Proposed Communicates, A. J. Bracken-	
Provincial Commusioners, A. J. Bracken- bury; R. H. Murray, G. B. Anderson	
	1,200
Director of Public Works, B R. Peters,	1,200
Director of Fuotic Works, D L. Peters,	
M.B.E	1,100
Comptroller of Customs, E. H. Warren,	
D. D. M. 1	I,000
Auditor, M. J. Flanagan	920
Govt. Printer, T. T. Davies £480	to 780
Marine Supt., Comm. C. G. Tonge, M.B E.,	•
R.N R	920
Lands Officer, J. E. Alexander	980
Chief Commr. of Police, Maj. F. T.	9=0
Stephens, O.B.E., M.C.	
	920
Chief Transport Officer, Maj C. C. Met-	
calfe, M.B.E , M.C	970
Postmaster-General, S. Pope	920
Director of Geological Survey, F. Dixey,	
O.B R., D.Sc	1,000
Conservator of Forests, J. B. Clements	980
Chief Vetermary Officer, Lt-Col. D. O Turn-	•
bull, D S O	920
Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Co.	mnus-

sioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, 28. Cockspur Street, S W. 1.

### PACIFIC ISLANDS.

High Commissioner, His Excellency Sir A. G. M. Fletcher, k C M G., C.B R .... £x, 200 (In addition to £3,000 as Governor of Fifi, and allowance of £350 as Consul-General for Western Pacific.) Secretary to High Commission, H. H.

Vaskess (House Allowance £75). £700 to 800
Chief Judicial Communstoner, Capt
M. H. Anderson, C.B.K., K.C., R.N (ref.)
(In addition to £1,200 as C. J. of Fiji.)

(1) The British Solomon Islands, protected since 18) The British Society Laurence, proceeds mines 1893, consist of Guadalcaual, Malaita, San Cristoval, New Georgia, Choiseul, Ysaliel, and other islands situated east of New Guinea, with a total area of about 15,000 square miles, and a total area or about 15,000 square lines, and a population (1932) of 497 Europeans, 193 Asiatics, and 90,719 intives. The Santa Cruz Group and several other islands were incorporated in the Protectorate in 1898 and 1899; and in 1900 Choiseul and Ysaliel, with the islands in Bougainville Straits and Lord Howe's Group. were transferred by treaty from Germany. The revenue in 1930-21 was £62,728, and the expenditure £67,826; experts 1930-31 £304,320; imports, £215,269. The seat of government is Tulagi.

Resident Commissioner, Francis Noel Ashley (and £150 allowances) £1,200 to £1,400 Secretary to Gort., N. S. B. Kidson .. £500 to £600

(a) The Gilbert and Ellice Islands, formerly (a) The Gilbert and Ellice Islands, formerly a Protectorate, were formally amexed to the Empire in November, 1925. The Gilbert Group, stuated between 4° N. and 3° S. Islittude and 172° w. longitude, consists of 16 islands, with several small islands or islets depending upon them; and the Ellice Group, between 1° and 104° S. Islittude and 176° E. and 194° S. Islittude and 176° E. and 194° S. Islittude and 176° E. and 194° S. Islittude and 176° C. and 1810 depending the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several island to the several to the several island to the several island to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the several to the sever (or Paanopa), in lat. o sa' S. and long. r60° 35' E., which is the seat of government, was pro-

claimed British in 1900. Total area, 180 square channed Britain in 1900. Total area, 180 square miles: population (1909) sãe Europeans, 751 Asiatics (717 on Ocean Island), and 29,430 Pacific Islanders. Revenue (1908-29), £73,712; expen-diture, £60,595; imports (1908-29), £190,436; exports, £348,272.

Fannung Island, in lat. 3° 30' N., long. 126° 12' W., and Washington Island, 66 miles N. by W. of Fanning Island. Pop., 37 Europeans, chiefly in connexion with Pacific cable station, and 309 Gilbert Islanders in copra industry. The islands were included in the Gilbert and Ellice Colouv by an Order in Council of Jan. 27, 1926, and Christmas Island was included in 1919. Rreident Commissioner, A. F Gumble, C.M.G.

M.A. (and £x00 allowances) £800 to £x,000 (3) The Tonga or Friendly Islands.—A protectorate over the Tonga Islands Kingdom was problemed May 18, 1900. These islands are stuated in the Southern Pacific to the E.S.E. of Fiji, and 200 miles therefrom, with an area of 385 square miles, and an estimated population 385 square miles, and an estimated population (1930) of 486 Europeans, 350 half-castes, 38,431 longans, and 350 others—total 29,671. The limits of the group are between 15° and 25° 30° 8 and 73° and 77° W. Nuknalofa, on the Island of Tongatabu, is the seat of government. The present Queen Salote succeeded the late King George Tubou II in 1938. Soil generally is fertile; the principal export is copra. Two of the smaller valents disappeared outles to a total the smaller islands disappeared, owing to a tidal wave, in June, 1919. Revenue 1930-31, £71,672, expenditure, £73,660; imports (1930), £148,306; exports, £169,670. The total shipping entered and cleared in 1930 was 163,023 tous.

Agent and Consul, J. S. Neill, B.A., B.L. £800 to £x,000 (and duty allowance £200) (4) The Phæmæ Islands (McKean, Gardner Bhine, Hull, Enderbury, Phenix, Canton, and Sidney), between 2° 30′ and 4° 30′ S and 77° and 774′ W.

(5) Pitcairn Island, situate in lat 25° 3' 30" S , long. 130° 8' 30" W. Pop. (1927), 193, descendants of the mutmeers of H.M.S. Bounty, Arrowroot is manufactured and exported. Chief Magistrate, Richard Edgar Christian.

(6) The New Hebrides Group, about 500 miles west of Fiji and so miles north-east of New Caledonia, is under the administration of British and French officials as provided for by an Anglo-French Convention of 12006 and a protocol of 12014. The p-pulation is estimated at 56,554 (British Nationals 227, French Nationals 277, Foreigners 30, Asiatics and Protected French Subjects 5,520, Natives, 20,000. Principal products of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 120 of the 12 Subjects 5,510, Natives, 50,000. Emerging products copra, coffee, cottou, cocoa, maize, wool, sandalwood and shell. Joint revenue, 1930. £20,152; expenditure, £28,240. Total imports, 1930. £127,541; total exports, £250,520. A British steamer runs regularly between Sydney and the group, and French steamers from Sydney and New Caledonia; there is a two-monthly service with France, 194 France. monthly service with France, vid Panama.

British High Commissioner, Str A. G. M.

Fletcher, R.C.M.G., C B.E. French High Commissioner, M. Guyon. British Resident Commissioner, G. A. Joy.

(Allovances & soo) £800 to £1,000

French Resident Com, M. Carlotti.

President of Joint Court, Count de Buena

Esperanza, K.C.M.G.
British Judge, P. C. Hubbard (acting).
French Judge, M. Sachon.

(7) There are also a large number of scattered groups and isolated islands.

PALESTINE

Palestine, extending from the Mediterranean on W. to an eastern boundary formed by the Wady Arabah, Dead Sea, River Jordan and Sea of Therias, and from the Egyptian frontier on S. to the French Mandatory Sphere of the Great Tabapor or N. to budge in addition. Lebanon on N, includes, in addition, a large area E of the Jordan and S. of the Yarınuk.

Palestine is under British administration since the conquest of the country by the forces of General Alleuby in 2018. The Administration is conducted under a Mandate from the League of Nations which entered officially into force on Sept. 29, 292. The country consists of a W maritime low land, the mountain region of Judea (which forms the backbone of the district) and, on the E, the depression through which the Jordan wends its way from the Sea of Gallice (Tiberias) to the Dead Sea. The Dead Sea, x,sgs feet below the level of the Mediterranean, 1,332 loca become the level of the sacutterranean, is 46 miles long and has an average width of 8½ miles; it receives the waters of the Jordan and of six other rivers, and has no outlet, the surplus being carried off by evaporation. Its surplus being carried on by evaporation. We water is intensely sait and has a specific gravity one-sixth greater than water, with as per cent. of sait. (The Great Sait Lake of Vtal, U.S.A., is So miles long and 30 miles wide, at 4,318 feet above mean sea-level, and contains as per cent. of sait.) The area of l'alestine W. of the Jordan of salt.) The area of Palestine W. of the Jordan is about 9,000 square miles, with a population (census Oct. 23, 1922), of 757,182, of whom 590,890 are Muhaminadans, 73,044 Christians, 83,794 Jews, and 9,494 members of other faiths. The estimated population on July 1, 1929, was 876,064, not including Beduin, who are about 103,000 in number. The 1929 estimate includes 80,225 Christians, 572,443 Moslems, 154,330 Jews and 9,066 others. Since 1939 about 60,000 immigraits (mostly Jews) have settled in the country; in 1929 the Jewsh have settled in the country; in 1929 the Jewsh limingrants came principally from Poland (25 per cent.). Russia (20 per cent.) Rusmain (6 per cent.) In 1929, 2,713 Jews (956 men, 1,140 women and 671 children) entered Palestine as immigrants; in the same period, 5,072 emigrated from Palestine, the same period, 5,072 emigrated from Palestine, the net increase thus being 2,358.

Palestine is divided into a administrative districts, under District Commissioners, and the districts, under District Commissioners, and the Jerusalem Division under a Deputy District Commissioner. English, Analuc and Hebrew are the official languages of the country. The chief town, Jerusalem, had been in Moslem hands since x44, and under Turkish rule since x527, until it surrendered to General Allenby on Dec. 9, x927, to be entered the next day by British thoops. The city, which occupies so prominent a place in the affections of the Jewish, Christian and Muhammadan peoples, had a population in Oct. x932, of 6a, 378. The Church of the Holy Sepnichre at Jerusalem is visited annually by large lands of Christian pilgrinis, pinnerpally of the Orthodox and Contic. pilgrins, principally of the Orthodox and Coptic churches. The site of Solomon's Temple is occupied by the Dome of the Rock, sometimes erroneously called the Mosque of Omar, which contains a relic of Mahomet and the "Holy Rock," the sacrificial altar of Abraham conflict of claims, Jewish and Arab, as to rights at the Wailing Wall of the Haram al-Sharif at perusalem has provided opportunities for disorder, and the Government submitted proposals | Chief Justice, Sir Michael McDonnell, order, and the Government submitted proposals | Chief Secretary, Mark Aitchison Young, C.M.G. to the Council of the League of Nations for a 'Asst. Chief Secretary, E. Mills, O.B.E.

Commission to define and determine the rights and claims. In Jan., 1930, the Council appointed a Commission, as requested by the British Government. Bethichen, the scene of Christ's Nativity, is 5 miles 8. of Jerusalem. The Church of the Nativity, at the E and of the present village, is reputed to be the oldest Christian church in the second of the Christian of the Christian Church in the second of the Christian church is reputed to be the oldest Christian church in the control of the Christian church in the characteristics. church in existence. King David was also born in Bethlehem. Nazareth, about 25 miles S.W. of the Sea of Galilee, had a population of 7,424 in xgas. Other large towns are Jaffa (47,799), Tel-Aviv (40,000), Gaza (17,480), Acre (6,420), and Haifa (24,634). An archaeologual museum, constructed, equipped and endowed at the cost of Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is in course of erection at Jerusalem.

The railway system of Palestine consists of five sections: Rafa-Haifa, continuing southward to Kantana to join up with the railways of Egypt, passengers and freight being transported across the Suez Canal at Kantara; Haya-Acre-Samakh, continuing beyond Samakh to Damascus in the French mandated territory of Syria;
Jaffa-Ludda-Jerusalem; and Nablus-Afule-Jaffa-Lydda-Jerusatem; and Nablus-Afule-Tulkarem. The main junction of the Governnumeron. The main junction of the Government Railways is at Lydda, the general offices being at Haifa. In 1920 the kilometres & Ma'an-Muldawara section) was 1,194 kilometres, the freight handled amounting to 569,285 tons, and the passengers carried numbering 1,290,475. The gross railway revenue was £ P655,143 and the working expenses £ P655,143 and the working expenses

£P586,035
The chief ports are Jaffa, Haifa and Acre. Harbour construction at Haifa was begun in 1929 and is now in progress. In 1929, 2,663 vessels (1,975,833 tons) engaged in foreign trade entered the ports, and 2,672 (1,999,435 tons) cleared. There are branches of Barclay's Bank, Anglo-Palestine, Banco di Roma, and Imperial

Ottoman Bank in the main towns. Although economic conditions are still primi-Attorney contents of the property of the progress. The country is generally fertile, and cereals, wine, olives and various fruits are produced, while sheep and goats thrive in the lowlands, and in the mountains in time of drought. innus, and in the mountains in time of grought.

In 1928-29 there were 227 Government schools with 19,449 pupils, 162 Christian schools with 19,739 pupils. There are also training colleges for teachers, technical, trade and agricultural schools, and a Hebrew University (with faculties of Humantagenet Remark) which days where of Humanities and Science), which draws about half its students from Palestine and the remainder from Poland, Russia and Rumania.

Revenue Expenditure Public Debt Imports Exports	*£P2,584,317 * - 3,381,993 4,500,000 - 6,966,214	2,140,032 4,500,000 7,444,404
	1,864,800 P=£ sterling	2.330,101

Imports from U.K. (1020-30) .....£1,011,082 £1,063,941 Exports to U.K.(1929-30) 455,672 1,450,300 CAPITAL, Jerusalem.

High Commissioner, Lt -Gen. Sir Arthur Grenfell Wanchope, K.C.B., C.M.G., C I R., D.S.O. (1931)

Attorney-General, N. de M. Bentwich, O.B.E., M.C. Treasurer, S. S. Davis, C.M.G. Senior British Judge, O. C. K. Corrie, M.C.

Presidents of District Courts, F. H. Baker

(Jerusten); J. M. de Freitas (Haifa); A. H. Webb, K.C. (Nablus); R. Copland (Jaffa).

Commanding Air Forte, Air-Commodore P. H. L.

Playfair, M.C.

Commandant, Police and Prisons, A. S. Mayrogordato, O.B.E.

Officer Commanding Transjordan Frontier Force. Lt.-Col. C. A. Shute, C. B. K. Commissioner of Lands, A. Abramson, C.B E.

Director of Agriculture and Forests, E. R. Sawer, O.B.K.

Director of Public Works, F. Pudsey.
Director of Education, H. E. Bowman, C.B.E.
Director of Health, Col. G. W. Heron, C.B.E., D.S.O. Director of Customs and Trade, K. W. Stead. O.R.K.

Director of Development, Lowis French.
Postmaster-General, W. Hudson, C.B.K., M.C.,
General, Manager, Palestine Radicays (vacant).
Director of Lands, J. N. Stubbs, M.C. Director of Surveys, C. H. Ley, O.B K.

District Commissioners.

Southern District (Jaffa), J. E. F. Campbell,

Northern District (Haifa), E. F. Colvile, C M G. Jerusalem Division (Deputy), E. Keith-Roach, O.B.K.

#### TRANSJORDAN.

Emir, H H. Abdullah, G.R.E., K.C.M.G., second son of King Hussein of Hejaz, appenned April,

rgar.
Transjordan consists of the 4 Districts of Maan,
Rerak, Balga, and Aplan, and is under the same
mandate as Palestine. It is bounded on the west by Palestine, on the north by Syria, on the east by Iraq, and on the south by Hejaz and Nejd, and has access to the Red Sea at Akaba. No census has yet been taken, but it is estimated crusus has yet been taken, but it is estimated that the total population is 300,000, of whom 130,000 are settled, 120,000 semi-noineds, and 50.000 nomads; the great majority are Moslems The area is unknown, as the boundaries are not definitely determined. The extreme west of the country is fortile, and agricultural and pastoral industries are carried on, but the rest of the country is almost outrely described. of the country is almost entirely desert on the condity is annot chorrely desert.
The Hejaz Railway runs (with the exception of the first few unles) through Transpordan territory from Deras to Kalast el Mudow arawhere it enters Hejaz tentory and continues to Medina. There is a Legislative Council of 6 official and 16 elected members, constituted in

Grants in aid . 108,695 69,512 . .. £. P327,470 £. P368,996 Total

Expenditure :-Ordinary £P315,095 £P311,320 Extraordinary . 24,375 49,030

Total . .. £P339,470 £P360,350 .. .. £P18,000 £P18,000 Debt.....

CAPITAL, Amman.

High Commissioner, see Palestine. British Resident, Lt.-Col. C. H F. Cox, C M G.

Officer Commanding Arab Legion, Lt -Col. F. G. Peake, C.B.E.

#### RHODESIA.

The total area of Rhodesia is about 440,000 square nules, and the total population is nearly 2,500,000 (1931). The territory is named after Cecil Rhodes, the founder of the British South Africa Company, and extends from Lake Tan-ganyika and the Congo watershed in the north to the Limpopo River in the south.

#### SOUTHERN RHODESIA.

Southern Rhodesia is that part of the territory named after Cecil Rhodes lying sonth of the Zambesi River, the political neighbours being Northern Rhodesia and Portuguese East Africa on the S. The total area is 150,344 square miles, and the population (1932) 1, 105, 949 of whom 49,904 are Europeaus. The native population is 1,055,000, with 4,045 Assatics and other coloured persons, including those of mixed race. The total number of Europeau births in 1930 was 1,173 (a rate of 24's per 1,000) and of deaths was 1,173 (a race of mar a por 1,000) and of decade 443 (a mel 1,000), the marriages numbering 553 (ax'9 per 1,000) Responsible Government was instituted in Sonthern Rhodesia on Oct. 1, 1933. The Government is administered by a Governor appointed by the Crown, with an Executive responsible to the Legislature, which consists of a Legislative Assembly, but that body may pass a law constituting a Legislative Council, in addition.

The laws in force in the Cape Colony up to June 10, 1891, were adopted for Southern Rhodesia so far as they are applicable. Sub-sequent legislation has been by proclamation of the High Commissioner, by ordinances passed by the Legislative Council, and by Acts of the Legislature. Municipal self-government has been established in Salisbury, Bulawayo, Gwelo, Umtali, and Gatooma.

The main arteries of communication are the Rhodesia and the Mashonaland Railways, the total unleage of which at Scht 30, 1930, was 2,628 unles (including 1,348 miles operated within the boundaries of Southern Rhodesia). The former is a continuation of the line from Cape Town to Vrybnig, vid Kimberley, and was opened to Bulawayo in November, 1897, the distance from Cape Town being 1,36a miles. A line connecting Bulawayo with Salishiry (301 miles) was completed in Oct. 1902. From Salishny the Mashonaland Railway runs eastwards to Umtah and is continued by the Beira Railway Companies to the port of Beira (Portuguese), a total distance of 374 miles The main northern extension of the railway was constructed from Bulawayo. It taps the Wankie coalfields and crosses the Zambesi at the Victoria Falls (282 miles). Branch hoes primarily constructed in the interests of established mines constructed in the interests of established mines are:—Sahslury-Sinoia (83 miles), Mt. Hampden Junction-Shamva (73 miles), Gwelo-Selukwe (24 miles), Bulawayo-West Nicholson (24 miles), Gwelo-Univuma-Victoria (123 miles), and Somabula-Shabani (63 miles). There is also a short branch line, Bulawayo-Jatopos. To provide facilities for the transport of passengers and goods in areas in process of development not directly served by existing railways, a system of road motor services has been organised. In Sentember 1923, Junes coverner 1823, miles September, 1931, routes covering 1,581 miles were in operation.

Southern Rhodesia is rich in mineral deposits, and it abounds in traces of the ancient gold-workers. The first regular crushing returns began in September, 1898, and the gold produced to December 31, 1938, was of the value of 275,098,148. The output for the year ended December 22, 1939 was only the year ended December 31, 1930, was valued at £2,316,649. Silver, copper, coal, diamonds, lead, chrome iron, asbestos, mica, platinum, corundum, and other minerals have also been produced in considerable quantities. Though the climate is sub-tropical, the average altitude makes it well suited for European occupation, and it pos-sesses all the essential characteristics and facilities necessary for successful agriculture and cattle raising, and for the cultivation of European fruit trees, cereals, and vegetables, in addition to tobacco, cotton, and the indigenous products of the country. The staple crop is maize, and tobacco, cotton and citrus fruits are largely exported. The total area under cultivation in 1930 was 418,000 acres (manz 317,700, tobacco 20,500, cotton 6,200). The export of citrus fruit in 1930 was 105,000 boxes. Cattle (4,468,400 on Dec. 31, 1930) thrive well, and the annual shows at Bulawayo and Salisbury are regarded as among the premier shows of beer cattle in South Africa. The exports of cattle in 1932 were 61,300 head. Daily products sold include butter 1,768,700 lb , milk 1,009,000 gallons, cheese 163,000 lb., and eggs 726,000 dozen. In addition to the main industries of mining and farming there are creameries, cotton ginneries, bacon factories, oil, soap and caudle factories, cement and lime works, and many other undertakings. Land is cheap and may be had on favourable terms. Considerable efforts have been made by the Government during recent been made by the Government during recent years to merease the number of new settlers During the years 1925-29 settlers and dependents numbered 947 (396 under Empire settlers scheme, and 545 from High Commissioner's Office, etc.) In addition, a further 1,004 men and youths obtained situations on the land in 1925-27. This scheme is (1931) temporarily in abeyance.

Complete courses of primary and secondary education up to the standard of matriculation of the South African Universities are provided in the Government schools. For European children there are 87 Government and Government-anded schools (r vocational, rs secondary and 74 primary). Children in rural areas, where the population is too scanty for a school, are provided for by Government grants to tutors or governesses. The total number of European children in all types of schools at the end of 1930 was 8,586. There are seven schools for children of mixed acc, with 6xz pupils, and native education conducted by mission agencies with Government and is provided in 1,446 schools, with 108,752 pupils. Grants in aid of native education 1930-31 amounted to £49,573, the total educational (other than native) expenditure being £288,386 in the calendar

300. 293-		
	1929 30.	1930 31
Revenue	£2,487,200	£2,449,300
Expenditure	2,273,800	2,587.500
Public Debt	. 6,142,500	6,334,500
	1929	1930.
Imports	£8,864,400	£7,529,400
Exports	8,637,500	7,497,000
Imports from U.K	4,018,800	3,945,000
Exports to U.K	. 2,574,400	2,114,200

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Cecil H. Rodwell, K.C.M.G. (1938) (and alloconce: £2,000) ......£4,000 A.D.C., Capt. B. V. Cherry, M.C.

## Ministry (Sept. 22, 1928).

Medical Director, R. A. Askins, M.A., M.D., D.P.H. Director of Education, L. M. Foggin, O.B.K. Chief Natice Commissioner, Col. C. L. Caibutt. Chief Justice, A. F. Kussell (Acting).

High Commissioner for Southern Rhodesia in London, J. W. Downie, C.M. G., Crown Honse, Aldwych, W.C.2. (and allowance

£700) £2,000

Salisbury, the capital, is sutnated on the Mashonaland platean, altitude 4,880 ft (total population, census 1931, 28,800, including 9,721 whites). Bullaway, of the largest town in Matabeleland, altitude 4,460 ft (total population of 31,000, including 21,727 whites) other centres are Unital, Gwelo, Gatoonin, Que Que, Wankie, Fort Victoria, Selukwe, and Hartley.

#### NORTHERN RHODESIA.

Northern Rhodesia hes to the North of the Zambezi, its political neighbours being Tangan-yika and the Belgiau Congo on the north, Nyasaland and Portuguese East Africa on the east, Southern Rhodesia and South-West Africa on the south, and Portuguese West Africa on the west. The country compnises an area of 187,995 square miles, and with the exception of the Luangwa.

Zambezi and Kafue Valleys the altitude in most places exceeds 4,000 feet. The permanent Enropean population in May, 1931, was computed at 13,847; the native population was estimated (Dec. 21, 1930) at 1,331,330. Much of the country is suitable for farming, and contains large areas of good arable and grazing land. Over 2,500,000 acres of land are under settlement by white tarmers. The chief crop grown is maize. Other rrops are tobacco, coffee, wheat, oil seeds, and carnes. Stock raising is carried on by many farmers. The native-owned eatth, or the many farmers. tory is estimated at 362,768. and European-owned 103,201. Copper, zare, vanadrum, lead, gold, mica and coal have been discovered, and scientific prospecting is being carried on over large areas. The copper deposits have attracted much capital, the Roan Antelope mine having commenced ontput, while others are expected to follow. The copper mines of Northern Rhodesia appear likely to produce a large proportion of the world's supply. Many species of game are to be found, and good sport at a moderate cost is available for the log-game hunter, but the areas now open for hunting are somewhat restricted.

The trunk line of the Rhodesis Railway system traverses Northern Rhodesia from Livingstone to the Belgian Congo border. The Zambezi, Kafue, Chambesi and other rivers are navigable for a considerable portion of their comses. There are 44 post offices, z8 of which are money order offices. A telegraph line exists alongside the railway line throughout its whole length in the territory; other lines connect Abercorn with the Nyasaland and Tanganyika systems and also Fort Jameson with Nyasaland. The construction of 650 miles of new pole route was completed in 1931. A central wireless station (long and short waves) has been erected. at Broken Hill, and large district short-wave stations, all equipped for telegraph and telephone communication, have been installed at Livingstone, Mongu, Abercorn, Fot Jameson and Mpika. The administration of the territory is in the hands of a Governor appointed by the Crown, assisted by an Executive Council of five official members. There is a Legislative Council of 16 members, with a majority of official members. The seat of Government is at Livingstone, near the Victoria Falls, on the Zambezi. The country is divided into o Provinces for fiscal and administrative purposes.
The most important centres are Livingstone,
Broken Hill, Kort Jameson, Lusaka, Maabuka,
Abercorn, Kasama, Fott Roselwry, Ndola and Mongu-Loalui.

704,986 Ance) ......£3,000 Private Sec. and A.D.C., Capt. F. A. I,450 1.000 Attorney General, Hon. F. Gordon Smith 1,300 Treasurer and Commismoner of Taxes, Secretary for Native Affairs, Hon. J. M. Thomson..... ...... Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, Hon. P. H. Ward..... I,300 Judge of the High Court, (vacant).
Director of Animal Health (and Acting Secretary for Agriculture), Hon. J. 1,750 Smith ..... Commandant, Northern Rhodesia Police (and Chief Commissioner of Police), Lt. 1,200 weather ..... I,050 I,000 1,100 1,000 I.000 Director of European Education, J. B. Latham ..... Auditor, J. B. Hewlett.... Provincial Commissioners and Mayistrates, C. R. Rennie; E. B. H. Goodall, M.B.E.; C. R. B. Unaper, M.B.E.; H. G. Willis; E. Sharpe; R. H. Palmer, C. F. Molyneaux; J. W. Hinds; A. W. M. S.

Griffin, M.C. ..... (2) £2,200, (7) 2,000

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, 32, Cockspur St., S.W. 1.

#### ST. HELENA.

probably the best known of all the solitary islands in the world, is situated in the South Atlantic Ocean, 955 miles S. of the Equator, 766 S.E. of Ascension, 1,140 from the nearest point of the African Continent, 1,800 from the coast of S. America and 4,477 from Southampton, in 15' 55' S. lat. and 5' 42' W. long. It is 10½ miles long, 6½ lat. and 5°4s' W. long. It is ro½ miles long, 6½ broad, and encloses an area of 47 square miles, with a population (Census 22x) of 3,747. St. Helena is of volcanic origin, and consists of numerous rugged mountains, the highest rising to 2,700 feet, interspersed with picturesque ravines. Although within the tropies, the south-east trades" keep the temperature mild and equable. St. Helena was discovered by the Portuguese navigator Juan de Nova Castella, on May 27, 1503 (St. Helena's Day), and remained unknown to other European rations until 1268. It remained uninhabited until the Dutch colonised remained uninhabited until the Dutch colonised remained unimabled unit are zero coloniary it care, rêg. The Ruglish East India Company seized it in 1851; but it was retaken by the Dutch in 1872. In 1873 it was again taken from the Dutch and was held by the Company, who the Dutch and was held by the Company, who had obtained a charter for its possession from Charles II., until 1834 (with the exception of the period 2815 to 2824, during which the British Government held it as a residence for the Emperor Napoleou, who died there May 5, 2821, when it was ceded by them to the Crown. It was formerly an important station on the route to India, but its prosperity decreased after the cutting of the Suez Canal A phormium (flax fibre) and lace-making industry has been established. St. James's Bay, on the north-west of the island, possesses a good anchorage.

Ascension (Resident Magistrate, E. A. Willmott), an isolated island in the South mott), an isolated island in the Souta Atlantic (3,447 miles from Plymouth, 760 from 8t Helona, and 900 from Cape Palmas on the African coast), is of volcanic origin, the peak rising to the height of a,830 feet, situated 70 SS'SS''N, lat. and 14° SS' S' W. long. It is said to have been discovered by a Portuguese named João de Nova Gallego, on Ascension Day, 1501, and two years later was visited by Alphonse d'Albuqueque, who gave the island its present hame. Its extreme length is 7½ miles, and extreme breadth 6 miles, with an area of about 38 square miles, and, being situated in the heart of the S E. trade winds, its climate is dry and salubrious up to x,800 feet, but above that height to its limit it is damp and forgy. It remained uninhabited till 1815, when the English took possession of it; in 1931 the population was about 139. The island was administered by the Board of Admiralty until Oct. 27, 1923, when by Royal Letters Patent it became a Dependency of St. Helena and was transferred to the Colonial Office. Georgetown, the capital, is situated in a small bay on the N.W. coast. Ascension is visited by the sea-turtle from January to May, which lay their eggs in the sand; the sooty tern, or "wide-awake," use the island as a nestingplace about every eighth month.

The government of St Helena is administered by a Governor, with the aid of an Executive Council of 4 members, the Governor alone making all ordinances.

CAPITAL, Jamestown. Population (zgaz), z,438.

	Th	e Britis
Public revenue Expenditure	1989. £30,456 22,385	1930. £28,570 25,819 nil.
Total exports	47,405 38,571 34,849 36,175	44,411 19,845 36,160 18,629
Governor, His Excellency Sir Harper, K.B.E., C.M.G. (1 A.D.C., Capt T. C. Mainy Govt. Secretary, Lt. Col E.	924) varing.	£z,œo
Colonial Treasurer and Colonial Surgeon, Dr. L. L. Distance, 4,477 miles; tra	Rector of C  Burton	#4co . <b>58</b> o
ST. KITTS, see BRITIS ST. LUCIA, see BRITIS	H WEST IN H WEST IN	DIES.
SARAWA		
Raja, H H. Sir Charles Vyn born Sept. 26, 1874; suc Sir Charles Johnson Brook 1911, Hon Sylvia Leonor Viscount Esher, b. 1885, (1	his father, e, May 17, a, daughte	the Raja 1917; m

Hen Presumptive, Bertram Willes Brooke (H H the Tuan Muda), b Aug. 8, 1876.
Private Secretary to H H. the Rayah, \$4,800 Resident, 1st Division, J. C. Swayne 9,000 Readent, and Division, J. C. SWAYNE Readent, and Division, J. B. Archer Readent, 3rd Division, C. D. Adams .... Readent, 4th Division, H. D. Apliu ... Readent, 5th Division, F. H. Kottright Transport A. A. Pomis 9,000 9,000 8,400 0.000 12.000 9 600 6,720 Secretary for Clinese Affairs and Pro-tector of Labour, C. D. le Gros Clark . Secretary to the Committee of Adminis-6.480 tration, R. D. St. John Horton . ...
Director of Agriculture, J. S W Bean
Director of Education, H. Jacques ...
Conservator of Forests, D E Calver 6,030 6.720 7,680 7,200 9,000 9,000 Marjoribanks ..... Commandant, Sarawak Rangers, Capt. 5,040 7.680 (acting) ..... Postmaster-General, K. H. Gillan Registrer, P. H. Hayward
Supt. of Surveys, N. A. Middlemas
Supt. of Telegraphs, W. G. Tait (acting)
Commissioner of Trade and Customs, 6,480 9,000 4,800

Special Commissioner for Sarawak in England Bertram Brooke (H.H. the Tuan Muda). Offices, Millbank House, Westminster, S.W.z.

and Shipping Master, H. M. Calvert ...

Sarawak is a state on the north-west coast of the island of Borneo, with a seaboard of about 500 miles, an area of about 50,000 square miles, and a population of about 475,000, composed of various races. The territory of the Raja of Sarawak extends from Cape Data in the south to the Lawas District, where it touches the boundary of British North Borneo. The southern boundary is formed by three ranges, the Serang, Kelingkang, and Batang-Lupar mountains; the eastern boundary is a broken range tial oils, soap, and guano Aldabra, one of the

of mountains with peaks rising to 10,000 feet of mountains with pears rising to 10,000 too, the principal rivers are the Rejang (navigable for about 160 miles), the Baram (navigable for about 100 miles), the Baram (navigable for about 100 miles), the Baram (navigable Limbang Kuching, the capital, stands on a small river (the Sarawak) which is navigable for the sarawak of Kuching cas miles). The from its month to Kuching (23 miles). The government consists of a hereditary sovereign and a Supreme Conneil of 9 (4 Europeans and 5 Malay magistrates), and a General Conneil of 50, composed of European and Malay officials and native thiefs, meeting every 3 years. The civil service is composed of English officials to the number of 120, appointed by the sovereign. The government of Narawak was obtained in 1845. from the Sultan of Bruner by the late Sir James Brooke, who became well known as Rajnh Brooke of Samwak Other concessions have been made in 1861, 1882, 1884, and 1890, when the Limburg River was obtained. The Lawas River was added in 1905 In 1864 Great Britain recognized Sarawak as an independent state, and under an agreement of x888 the State has been placed under British protection. country produces sago, gutta - percha, india-rubber, bees-wax, illipe nuts, birds'-nests, oil, gold, silver, antimony, quicksilver, tobacco, rice, rattans, coal, gambier, and pepper The large petroleum field at Miri and Bakong, in the Baram district, is now a valuable asset; oil exports (1928) 598,389 tons, (1929), 734,454 tons; (1020) 645,200 tons

93-7 13/339	2000	****
Revenue Expenditure Imports	\$6,671,a91 6,515,757 aa,7a6,657	\$5,562,034 7,089,923 16,421,592
Expents	34,689,890	24,894,762

CHIEF TOWN, Kuching. Population (1931), 30,000 Distance from London, 8,700 miles; transit, 25 to 30 days. There are 20 wireless stations, in communication with Singapore. Steamer leaves Singapore for Kuching and Kuching for Singapore every Saturday. There is also direct communication with Sibu and Miri.

#### SEYCHELLES.

The Seychelles Islands, in the Indian Ocean, which number altogether 90, were occupied by the French about 1742, captured by a British ship in 1794, and were finally assigned to Great Britain in 1810. By letters patent of Sept 1903 they were erected into a separate colony. The principal erected into a separate colon. The principal islands of the group are Mahé, Praslin, Silhouette, Currense, and La Digue, and the total area of the islands, with dependencies, is estimated at 156 square innes, of which Mahé occupies nearly 56 square miles; the most important of the dependencies are the Amirantes, Farquhar Islds., Cottry, Aslove and the Aldabra Group. The population was estimated (Dec. 31, 4999) at 7, 588. At the census of 1921 the population of Minić was 19 426, Praslin 1,999, La Digue, 1,293, other islands 1,795. Victoria, the capital, on the N.E. side of Mahé, has an excellent harbour, and the lighthouses in the vicinity have been fitted up with modern automatic lights. Although only 4' S. of the Equator, the islands are healthy, the death-rate in 7000 being 16' 12 per 1,000. There are 27 Roman Catholic and Church of England primary schools; there are also a secondary schools.

The principal exports are copra, vanilla, coconuts, coconutoil, tortoise-shell, cinnamon, essendependencies of the Scychelles, and about 680 miles from Mahé, is famous for the gigantic land tortoises, whilst the unique double coco-unt, Coco de Mer, is found in Mahé, and, in larger quantities, in Prashn, where there is a famous valley The Governor is assisted by an Executive Council of 3 members (a ex-officio and x nommated), and by a Legislative Council of 3 official and 3 unofficial members

	2928	1929	į
Revenue	Rs. 751,634	Rs 762,061	1
Expenditure	731,673	767,190	1
Debt (Sterling)	£1,894	nu.	,
Imports l	18. 1,644,719 1	8 1,813,283	(
Exports	2,434,330	2,143,743	1
Imports from U.K	448,970	619,649	1
Exports to U K	304,041	229,096	1
CAPITAL, Victoria			1
Governor & Communder-			
Excellency de Symo			
George Honey, C.M G	(1928)	Rs. 19, 350	;
Clerk to Governor, Priv	ate Sec, and	i	1
Clerk to Councils, (va	cant)	5,500	1
Chief Justice, His Hon. R	. S. de Vere	0.675	•
Crown Prosecutor, dc., L	t -Com. G. E.		1
Cooper, R N		7,740	j
Treasurer and Collector			7
Watson, O.B.E.		7,450	•
Auditor, C. W Seed		8,582	1
Chief Med. Off., J. T 1	Bradley, M D.	8,000	1
Superintendent of Publi	e Works and		
Surveys, Maj. H. Kenw	orthy, o B.E.	5,500	1
Inspector of Schools, J. D			
Director of Agriculture, I	?. R Dupont		
Inspector of Police & Sup	t. of Prisons	.	•
M. de Robillard	*** ***** ***** **	3,600	1
Letters from London v	a Marseilles	au davs :	i
to London, 27 days		, -, -,,,,,,	•
,, and		1	•
SIERRA 1	FONE	}	4
Tanana .	TEATT.		

The peninsula of Sierra Leone, situated on the West Coast of Africa, was ceded to Great Britain in 1787 by the native chiefs for the purpose of being used as an asylum for the many destitute negroes then in England At a somewhat later date the Colony was used as a settlement for Africans from North America and the West Indies, and great numbers of Africans rescued from slave ships have from time to time been liberated and settled there. The Colony has a coast-line of 210 unles, with an estimated area of 4,000 square miles. In 1921 its population was 61 \$4,000 square miles. In 1921 its population was 65,103, of whom 1,161 were resident Europeans. Of the rest, more than half are the descendants of liberated Africans, while the remainder belong to the neighbouring tribes. A babel of tongues is thus to be heard in the streets of Freetown. In 1896 a Protectorate was declared over the territory adjoining the Colony to the northward and eastward. The extreme depth of the Protectorate from north to south is about 210 miles, lying between 70 and 100 N. lat., and are miles, lying between y' and ro' N. lat., and the extreme breadth from east to west is roo miles, between ro' 40' and r3' ar' of W. long Its estimated area is 27,000 sq. miles, and its population about 1.265.748. For administrative purposes it is divided into a Provinces, under Provincial Commissioners, assisted by a Senior District Commissioners, ro District Commissioners and ra Assistant District Commissioners and ra District Commissioners. The principal peoples are the Limbas and Korankos in the north, the Temnes in the centre, and the Meudis in the south.

The principal exports are palm kernels, kola nuts, palm oil, and ginger: piassava, hides, and rice are also exported. The value of the palm kernels exported in 1930 leached £664,591. The chief imports are cotton goods, coal, apparel, hardware, provisions, and tobacco. Freetown, the capital, possesses the finest and

nost important harbour in West Africa.

A railway runs inland from Kleetown to
Pendembu, a distance of 227% miles, and a
branch line 83 miles in longth extends in a
north-easterly direction from Banya to Makem. Motor roads are now being opened up in the Colony and Protectorate, in the Colony connecting the various towns and villages with the port, and in the Protectorate as feeder roads to the railway. There are (1930) 1,912 miles of combined telegraph and telephone service.

Sierra Leone is a Crown Colony, possessing a Legislative Council partly elected and partly nominated by the Crown, with full power to legislate for the Protectorate as well as for the Colony. The Governor is advised by an Execu-

tive Council.	•	
** * **	1929	1930
Public revenue	*£740,646	*£742,972
Public expenditure	871,086	805,724
Total imports	1,789,053	1,424,175
Total exports	1,532,237	1,216,046
Imports from U K	971,692	783,812
Exports to U.K		427,293
Governor, His Excellency	Arnold Hod	8011,
C.M.G (1931)		£3,000
Chief Justice, M. L Tew		†z,600
Colonial Secretary, C. E.	Cookson	† 1,400
Attorney-Gen., J. Aitken	, B.A., LL.B	11,200
Treasurer, P. F. Barton,	v.d	†1.100
Comptroller of Customs, 1	R. B. Mackie	tx.xoo
Judge of the Circuit Cou	rt (vacant)	
Director of Medical and S	Sanitary Serr	rices
J. C S. McDonall, O B	R	tr 400
Provincial Commissioner	w W D D I	Sow-
den, CB E.; N. G. Frei		
Solicitor-General, I. J. T.		
Police Magustrate, B. A.	K Makab	1900
I bette mayterate, D. A.	K. MUROO	Cee- to -e-
Dar of Public Works W	N Tules	660 to 960

Dir. of Public Works, W. S. Lake ...... †1,200 General Manager (Railway), R. Malthus †1,200 Commuss of Police, Maj. C. Hampden King †260 P.M.G. and Savings Bank Commissioner, N. S Davis

N. S. Davis . ...... †960 Direc. of Education, H. Blackmore, V.D. . †1,100 Bishop of Sierra Leone, Rt. Rev. G.W. Wright, D. D. Freetown is 3,078 miles from Liverpool; transit, 10 days.

#### SOMALILAND

(The Somaliland Protectorate)

Somaliland occupies the "North-Eastern Hom" of the African continent, jutting out into the Indian Ocean along the south of the Gulf of Aden, and is divided between Great Britain, France and Italy, while the interior is subject to Abyssinia. The British Protectorate, declared in 1884, contains about 68,000 st, miles, its boundaries being defined by treaties with Abyssima, Fance and Italy; the northern coast as far as 49° E. and the 8th parallel of N. latitude are the limits on the north and south. The population, mainly consisting of Somalis, a

 Exclusive of Railway Rev £190,576; Exp. £263,005, in 1930, and Rev. £33,512; Exp. £285,843 in 1929). † Exclusive of allowances.

Muhammadan people, is estimated at 344,700. The Protectorate garrison is now confined to a Camel Corps, 400 strong, and a Police force of 550, the Dervish power having been finally broken in 1500. The chief products of British Somaliland are cattle, sheep, goats, hides, skins and gum. There is wireless communication with Aden. The Protectorate was transferred to the administration of the Colonial Office on April z,

£371,502 250,114 Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency Sir Harold Kittermaster, K.B.E., C.M.G. (and Duty Allowance, £350) .... £1,700 Secretary to the Government, Maj. A. S.
Lawrance, C.M.G. D.S.O. ......£900 to x, zoo
Asst. do., G. J. Webb ......£700 to 800 Commissioners (set Grade), Maj. B. H. Horsley, D.S.O., MC; Capt. E. N. Park, M.C.; R. H. Smith ......£700 to 800 Commissioners (and Grade), Capt. II. E. Long; Capt. D. J. C. Walsh; T. Dono-van, D.C.M.; A. McCallum, M.C.; Capt. D. H. Wickham; F. J. Chambers £550 to 700 Commissioners (3rd Grade), E. Barry; E. P. S. Shirley, O.B.E.; A. T. Curle, Capt. J. R. G. Cowan; Capt. A. S. Commdt. of Police, J. Beattie, M.C. ...... T.000 Principal towns, Berbera, Bulhar, Zeilah, Hargeisa, Burao, Erigavo and Buraino.

#### SOUTH AFRICAN HIGH COMMISSION.

High Commissioner for South Africa, Ilis Excellency Sir H. J. Stanley, G C M.G. ..... Private Secretary & A D C., Capt. L. Holbech, D.S O., M.C. Imperial Secretary and Accountant, (vacant) ..... Asst. Imperial Secretary, Shirley Eales, 

The Office of High Commissioner in and for South Africa was created by Letters Patcut in 1898 In 1879 a second High Commissioner was appointed, to whom was assigned South-Eastern Africa, including Zululand and Amatongaland; arrica, incinding zaturand and Anacongaland; but this arrangement ceased in 1881, when a Special Commissioner for Zulu aftars was appointed, who was also Governor of Natal (which now includes Zululand and Amatongaland). The High Commissioner for South Africa, who wades the Commissioner for South Africa, who, under the Commission of 1889, was the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Cape, now represents the Crown in all matters occurring in South Africa

beyond the limits of the Union and of Southern and Northern Rhodesia. The High Commisand Aorthern Khodesia. The High Commis-sioner is Governor of Basutoland, and super-vises the affairs of the Bechmanaland Protec-torate and of Swaziland. Prior to October x, xpa3, Southern Rhodesia was administered by the British South Africa Company, and the High Commissioner exercised certain powers of control under the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council 1898. Upon the establishment of responsible government the Order in Council x808 lapsed, but under the Sonthern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent certain of the High Commissioner's previous powers and functions in regard to native administration were reserved to him and the Southern Rhodesia Order n Council, 1920, whereby the Native Reserves were vested in the High Commissioner, was continued in full force and effect. On April 1, 1924, the functions which the High Commissioner had exercised in Northern Rhodesia during the British South Africa Company's administration of that Territory were, with the assumption of the administration by the Crown, transferred to the Governor of Northern Rhodesia

The Office of High Commissioner, which was formerly held by the Governor of Cape Colony, was, by a Commission dated October 6, 1900, vested in Lord Milner, and by a similar Commission, dated March 15, 1905, in Lord Selborne. During the years 1910-1930 the Office was vested, by separate Commission, in the successive Governors-General of the Umon of South Africa. This airangement ceased upon the termination of the period of office of Major-General the Earl of Athlone, Ka Sir Heibert Stanley, a.c. Ma., was then appointed by llis Majesty to be High Commissioner for South Africa, and he holds that office concurrently with the newly created office of High Commissioner in the Union of South Africa for His Majesty's Govern-ment in the United Kingdom

#### BASUTOLAND.

# (The Territory of Basutoland.)

Bashtoland is an inland Native Territory of South Africa, bounded North and West by Orango Free State, East by Natal, and South by Cape Colony, with an area of 12,716 square miles. The

Census of 1921 showed 495,937 natives and 1,663 whites, 1,669 coloured and 172 Asiatics. The territory is well watered, and enjoys a good climate. It is one of the finest grain producing districts in South Africa, and the abundant grass enables the Basuto to rear immense herds of cattle, sheep and goats, the mohair produced being of excellent quality. The Maluti Mountains, forming a part of the great Drakensberg chain, occupy most of the country, which is clevated, broken, and rugged Basutoland has been called "The Switzerland of South Africa" and contains amongst its natural wonders the Maletsunyane Falls (670 feet)

The Territory is governed by a Resident Commissioner under the direction of the High Commissioner for South Africa, the latter possessing the legislative authority which is exercised by proclamation. The chiefs adjudicate on cases between natives, with a right of appeal to the magistrates' courts, where all cases between Europeans and natives are brought. The final court of appeal in the Territory is the Resident Commissioner's Court, appeal from which lies

direct to the Privy Council. The revenue is derived from Customs, native tax, income tax on Europeans, post-office, and licences. Telegraph offices have been opened at Butha Buthe, Leribe, omices have been opened at Butha Buthe, Leribe, Peka, Teyateyaneng, Maseru, Morija, Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek. There are 597 native schools, with an average attendance (1920) of 37,150, a large proportion being in the schools of the French Protestant. Hission; there are also 9 with schools, The education vote for 1930-31 was £55,405. The chief articles of export are wool and mohair, cattle and hides, the imports being chiefly blankets, groceries and hardware.

	2930 32.
Revenue£356,540 £3	
	333,86a
CAPITAL, Maseru. Pop., s,319 (399 whites	).
Resident Communicioner, John (Inistian	
Ramsay Sturrock, C.M.G., M.A	£1,650
Government Secretary, F. L. Foord	950
Judicial Commissioner (Bechuanaland,	
Swaziland & Basutoland), Hon. Patrick	
Duncan, K.C., C.M.G., M.L.A	I,000
Financial Secretary, L. G. Luscombe	900
Assistant Commussioners:—	
Mohale's Hock, F. Jenner	850
Leribe, J. H. Sims	850
Mafeteng, E. G. Dutton	850
Maseru, H. Ashton	840
Qacha's Nek, T. B. Kennan	640
Teyateyaneng, D. W. How	750
Quthing, L. Clementi	ξgo
Deputy Do., Butha Buthe, R. S. Balle	боо
Principal Medical Officer, H. R. F. Nattle Chief Vetermany Officer, F. A. Verney,	950
Chief Vetermany Officer, F. A. Verney,	
O.B R., F R.C.V.S	900
Director of Public Works, H. W. Gibson .	800
Direc. of Educa., F. H. Dutton, O.B E , N. A.	875
Supt. Leper Settlement, P. D. Strachan,	
M.D	850
Cont of Stores, Stephen Bernard Dutton	650
Agricultural Officer, L Wacher	625
Chief Clerk and Regutrar, and Master of	<b>-</b> 3
Court, H. J. Godden, M.B.E.	650
Masern is distant from London 7,668	
transit, through the Cape, about so days.	,,,,,,,,,
mansie, mirough one cupe, about so days.	

### BECHUANALAND.

(The Bechnianaland Protectorate.)

The Bechnanaland Protectorate is a country of British South Africa, in the centre of the vast tableland stretching north to the Zambesi.

The Protectorate is bounded on the south and east by the Cape and Transvaal Provinces of the Union, on the north and north-east by Southern Rhodesia, the Zambesi and Chobe Linyanti Rivers, and on the west by South-West Africa It is about 500 miles long and 550 miles broad, with a total area of about ays, oso square miles; the Caprivi Zipfel was attached to the Protectorate for administrative purposes by Proclamation (1922), but was retransferred to S. W. Africa, Sept. 1, 1929. The population at the Census of May, 1921, was 1825,983, of whom 1,743 were Whites, 52 Indians, 2,003 (coloured and 250,28) Natives.

The climate is healthy during part of the year.

Malarial fover is prevalent during February, March, and April, but with ordinary pre-

melons are sown, and when the rainfall is adequate crops are reaped. Cattle thrive, and adequate crops are reaped. Cattle thrive, and atumbered 425,244 at the Census of 1921. Much of the country is thick bush. The High Commissioner for South Africa has the power of making laws by preciamation for the Protectorate, where he is represented by a Resident Commissioner. The population is almost entirely a native one, the principal triles being those of Tshekedi, Regent during the minority of Seretse (Bamangwato), of Molen Pilane (Bakçatla), of Kçari Sechele (Bakwena), of Bathoen (Bangwakotsi). of Seboko Mokgosi Bathoen (Bangwaketsi), of Seboko Mokgosi (Bamalete), and of Mathibe (Batawana).

The railway from Kimberley to Vryburg and Mafeking traverses the Protectorate on its way to Rhodesia. There is a telegraph line from Cape Province through from Mafeking, vid Gaberones and Francistown, to Bulawayo and Salisbury. The chief European centres are Lohatsi, Gaberones, Francistown, and Serowe, whither the late Chief (Khama) and all his people moved in zoor from Palapye. The headquarters of the Protectorate

Administration are at much	ոթ, շարը ւ	r rovince.
Revenue £	2929 30 246,284	1930-;1 £148,511
Expenditure	155,822	154,923
Resident Commissioner, LtCo	l. C. F. Re	<b>y</b>
(and allowed	1nce £350	£ 2.350
Assist. Resident Commissione	r. Cant.	Ŕ. ~~~~
O'M. Reilly(and allowed	inces £.zz	000,1
Government Secretary, Charle	es Leonai	rd.
O'Brien Dutton		1.000
Financial Secretary, Master	of Rende	nt
Commissioner's Court and 1	Reaustrar	of
Deeds, R. E. Goodman		775
Rendent Magistrates -		1,75
Lobatsi, C. M. Ledeboer	£600	to £8on
Francistown, G. E. Nettelto		to Boo
Kweneng, Capt. H B. Neals		
Gaberones (vacant)	600	
Ngwaketsi, A. L. Cuzen		
Ngwato, Capt. J. W. Potts		
Ngamiland V. Kilonberger (c	reta.) Esc	to 700
P.MO, H. W. Dyke, M.B, Cl	1 B	875
Chief Veterinary Officer, W.	H. Chas	e 0/3
O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S. (and allow	ances fro	00) 000
C. And and E. LE. C. 1155 (Contro October)	urner Titl	,,, 900

#### SWAZILAND

(The Swaziland Protectorate.)

Swaziland (called by the natives Kwa Nawane) lies between the Drakensberg and Lebombo Mountains in British South Africa. The Transvaal Province forms a boundary on the south, west and north, the eastern boundary being Zulnland (Province of Natal) and Portuguese East Africa The total area is 6,705 square miles, and the population (1921) 112,951, of whom 3,205 are whites, the remainder being Ama-Swazi Bantus (or Swazis). Estimated European population (1932) 3,550. Swaziland is divisible into three longitudinal regions: the mountainous regions of the west, with an approximate altitude exceeding 4,000 feet; the Middle Veld, about 2,000 feet lower; and the Low Veld, bounded on the east by the Lebombo Mountains, with an average altitude not exceeding 1,000 feet. The country is well watered and healthy, the anunal rainfall averaging 55 inches, the mean temperature being 62° Fahr. (30°-90°). The soil is generally fertile, particularly so in the Low and Middle Veld. The whole of the Territory forms excel-lent graying for extile and extile-ranching on cautions is not seriously detrimental to health. Fartier, particularly so in the Low and Middle The country is essentially pastoral, although Veld. The whole of the Territory forms excel-Kamer corn, mealies, beans, pumpkins and lent grazing for cattle, and cattle-ranching on

a large scale has been commenced by several companies. There were about 334,000 head of cattle in the Territory at the end of 1930. In the winter season sheep are brought to Swaziland for grazing from the high table-lands of the Eastern Transvasi.

The agricultural products are, maize (the staple product), tobacco, millet, ground-nuts, beans, pumpkins, and sweet potatoes. Cotton growing from jassid resistant seed is becoming important. The country possesses considerable nuneral wealth including gold, tin, coal, copper and asbestos. During the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, 161 tons of cassiterite tin, valued at £23,414 were exported.

Mbabane, the headquarters of the Administration, is situated on the lulls at an altitude of 4,000 feet. There are townships in the districts at Bremersdorp, Hlatikuln, Stegl and Goedgegun. There are schools for Europeans at

various centres.

There is a daily South African Railway motor omnibus service between Breyten and Mbabane (89 miles); Bremersdorp and Stepf (43 miles). Piet Retief and Hatikulu (57 miles), and Goodgegun to Hilut (33 miles). There are post offices, and telegraph and telephone offices at all the chief centres

Revenue . Expenditue

1950-31 £89,604 116,603 £111,001 119,223

CAPITAL, Mbabane. Resident Commissioner, T. Alusworth Dickson, CM.G, MC

Government Secretary, and Deputy Resident Communication, B. Nicholson, C.B.R., D.S.O., M.C. Assistant Gout Sec., L. J. Puttick Financial Secretary, J. R. Aimstong

Assistant Commissioners, A. G. Marwick, OBE.; D. H. Harvey; H. B. A. McCarter; S. B. Williams.

# STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

# (See MALAYA.)

# THE SUDAN

The Sudan extends from the southern boundary of Egypt, 22° N. lat., to the northern boundary of Uganda, 3° 36′ N. lat., and reaches from the French Sahara about 12° 20′ E (at 22° N.) to the north-west boundary of Eritica (Italian) in 36° 30′ E (at 18° N.). The greatest length from north to south is approximately seem length and from east to west *zeem length sud from ast to west *zeem length sud from ast to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sud from sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem length sext to west *zeem lengt risco miles, and from east to west risco miles. The northern boundary is the sand parallel of North latitude; on the east lie the Red Sca. Eritrea and Abyssima, on the south lie the British Protectorate of Uganda and the Belgian Congo; and on the west French Equatorial Africa. The total area is about 1,008,100 sq. miles, with a population of about 5,600,000, partly Narabs, partly Negroes, and partly Nubian of mixed Arab-Negro blood, with a small foreign element, including some 3,000 Europeans. The Arabs and Nubians are all Muhammadans, as are some of the Negroes, but the latter are generally some of the regioes, but one latter are generally pagains. The Gambella enclare (within the boundaries of Abyssinia) is leased from the Abyssinian Government as a trading post. The Me onters at Nimule, in Mongalia Province, as the Bahr el Jebel, and leaves the Sudan at Wadi Halfa From the Athara configuration to the Madragraphen the sizes here.

reckoned at 2,400 miles, giving a total waterway of 4,000 miles. Between Khartoum and Wadi Halfa occur five of the six Cataracts, the re-maining (first) cataract being in Egypt at

Government.—The Sudan is administered by a Governor-General, aided, since 1910, by a Council nominated from an onest the Officials of the Government. All Ordinances and Laws are made by the Governor-General in Council. No duties by the Governor-General in Council. No duties may be levied on imports from Egypt, and duties on imports out the Red Sea ports may not exceed those levied in Exypt. The Sudan is divided into 14 provinces (Mudiras) under governors (Mudira) Each province is subdivided into districts with one for more) District Commissioners in charge of each Native administrative officials are employed under the District Commissioners (vvd Justice is administered by a (Thef Justice and four puisne judges, one of whom is also Registiar-General of Lands. There are also Province and District Judges who are usually the Governors and District Commissioners of Provinces, but there are also District Judges who are professional lawyers in some of the more important centres. Appeals he from the District Judges to the Province Judges or the High Court, and from the Province Judges and the High Court to the Court of Appeal, which consists of three judges of the High Court The system of the law administered is "justice, equity and good conscience" in all cases in which there is no special enactment. There is no general code of civil and commercial law such as is in force in Egypt and many Continental countries. The religious law of Islam is administered by the Mohammedan Law Courts in matters of inheritance, marriage, divorce, and family relations generally amongst the Moslem population. There are District and Province Courts under District and Province Kadıs, and a High (Mahkama) Court at Khartonm presided over by the Grand Kadi. Criminal Justice is administered chiefly by the Governors and District Commissioners and Mamours of Provinces and Districts, all of whom are magistrates. The Judges of the High Court and District Judges also have criminal jurisdiction as magistrates. The more serious offences are tried by courts consisting of three magistrates, and many native notables have been made magnitrates for the purpose of sitting as members of such courts The decisions of such courts require confirmation by the Governor of the Province or the Governor-General, who exercise powers similar to those of confirming officers in Comts Martial, and to them also appeals lie Comts of Sheiks or Chiefs in all parts of the country have varying powers of limited jurisdiction in accordance with native customs. The Sudan is gairisoned by native troops, forming the Sudan Defence Force. small garrison of British troops is quartered at Khartoum. The Police are locally enlisted and are under Provincial administration.

Education.-In addition to khalwas and kuttabs (vernacular schools) there are zo primary boundaries of Abyssinian (Sovernment as a trading post. Well as Arabic, attended by about 1,300 purils; a The Nile onters at Nimule, in Mongalia secondary school at Khartoum (Gordon College); Province, as the Bahr el Jebel, and leaves the Sudan at Wadi Halfa From the Athara continuence to the Mediterranean the river has a fluence to the Mediterranean the river has a Omdurman, and Athara. There are also ar elementary vernacular schools for girls, and a sources to the confluence its length may be Training College for girls' teachers. schools, where instruction is given in English as

Production.—The principal grain crop is dura (great millet), which is the staple food of the people in the Sudan, and is also used as cattle and poultry food elsewhere. Egyptian cotton has been successfully established, and increasing quantities are being produced annually. The Geziva Irrigation Scheme at present (1930) enables an area of 630,000 acros to be cultivated between the Blue and White Niles, one-third of which is under cotton. The necessary water is stored by the Sennar Dam on the Blue Nile, about 170 miles south of Khartonm. Cotton cultivation in the irrigated area is Cotton cultivation in the irrigated area is managed by a syndicate, and is one of the largest cotton-growing schemes in the world (198,000 feddans in 1930). The Sudan is the chief source of the world's supply of grim arabic. Natural salt fields on the Red Sea coast near Port Sudan supply the whole needs of the country and maintain an export trade with Abyssinia. Work has been commenced on the country and the further exposure of salt. a new scheme for the further expansion of salt production on a large scale in this area. Other products include sesame, senna leaves and pods, ground-unts, dates, indes and skins, and gold.

Trade.—The total value of trade in 1930 amounted to £E11,423,423. The principal export is cotton, the value of which, together with cotton-seed, amounted to £ E3,256,625, or 65 7per cent. of the value of the total exports. Gnm arable was exported to the value of £F980,157. Other exports are 'sesame, cattle, fudes and skins, dates, ground-intes, dom-ints, durer, salt, seins, ivory and gold.

Communications.—The railways and steamers

throughout the country are administered by a Government department. During the past few years nearly 500 iniles of new railways have been built, while other transport has been revolutionised by the opening up of a net-work of motor roads spreading all over the country during the dry season. In 1930 there were 1,995 miles of railways open for traffic. The gauge is 3 ft. 6 m. Since the opening of the eastern railway the Red Sea port of Port Sudan receives much of the trade which formerly passed north-A line from Sennar Town, crossing the Sennar Dam, was completed during 1929, and affords an alternative route (498 miles) for produce of the Southern provinces to Haija Junetion, 126 miles W. of Port Sudan There are over .coc miles of the various reaches of the river Nile and its tributaries under navigation by a fleet of shallow draught steamers and barges. Three of these routes are only practicable in the flood season, June to September. the southern provinces motor car services are maintained in the dry season (December to March) between Juba and Nairobi (800 miles), Juba and Kampala (600 miles), Juba and Kampala (600 miles), Juba to Kampala and by an all-weather route, Juba to Aba (142 miles), operated by the Sudan Government and also by private enterprise. In the interior of the country there are other dry season motor roads. All the principal towns season motor roads. All the pilicipal towns are in direct telegraphic communication with Khartoum, the total mileage of tolegraph lines being 5,737 miles in 1938. There are 80 stationary and x6 travelling Post and Telegraph offices, and x0 wireless telegraphy offices.

Finance.—The revenue is derived mainly from land tax, animal tax, royalties on gum and ivory, customs and railways, posts, telegraphs

and steamboat services.

Revenue Expenditure	1989. £E6,981,590 6,610,274	£E6,777,896 6,774,896
Total Exports Total Imports	6,526,112 6,856,114	4,953,282 6,177,410
Imports from U.K. Exports to U.K	2,295,024 5,217,354	s,201,956 3,289,780

Governor-General, His Excellency Sir John Loader Maffey, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.S.I..

C.I.E. (1926).

Private Sec., G. R. F. Bredin,

Comptroller, E. O. Springfield, M.C.,

A.D.C., Bimbashi G. H. McCarthy.

## Governor-General's Council

Ex-Oficio Members, the Civil Secretary; the Legal Secretary; the Financial Secretary; the Kaid El'Amm, see Sudan Defence Force,

Additional Members, J. G. Matthew, C.M.G., O.B.E ; A. C. Parker, C.B.R.

Sudan Agency.

Sudan Agent (Cairo), C F. Ryder, O.B.K.

#### Departments.

Advocate-General, P. F. Hamilton Grierson, M. B. E. Director of Agriculture and Forests, J. N. Cameron.

Auditor General, U. W. Stanway. Chief Justice, H. Owen, M.C. Criff Servictory, H. A. MacMichael, C. M.G., D.S.O. Secretary for Economic Development B. Davies. Director, Commercial Intelligence Branch, Cen-

tral Economic Board, R. C. Couldrey.
Director of Customs, D. M. Bennett, O.B.R.
Warden of the Gordon College, C. W. Williams,

M.B.F. Secretary for Education, Health, &c., J. G. Matthew, C.M.G., O.B E.
Financial Secretary, A. J. C. Huddleston, C.M.G.,

O. B. K. Game Warden, Maj W. R. Barker, O B.K. Grand Kadı, Sheikh Mohammed Amin Korraa. Controller, Public Security Intelligence Branch,

J. C. Penney, M.C. J. C. Fenney, M.O. Irrugation Adviser, R. M. MacGregor, C M.G. Director of Lands, H. A. Evans, M.O. Registrar-General of Lands, (vacant).

Legal Secretary, B. H. Bell, C.B.E. Mufti, Sheikh Sayed Ismail El Azhari, C.B.E.,

M.V O. Director of Posts and Telegraphs, Lt.-Col. J. L.

Tomlin, C.B. E., D.S.O.

Director of Public Works, G. N. Loggin, M.I.C.E.

General Manager of Radways, A. C. Parker, ORR.

Port Officer, Port Sudan, Capt. E. M. Palmer, O.B.E., R.N (ret.) Director of Stores and Ordnance, Capt. H. C. E. Jehh.

Director, Sudan Medical Service, O. F. H. Atkey. C M G., M B., F.R.C.S. Director of Surveys, Lt.-Col. S. L. Milligan,

C.M.G., D.S.O Director, Veterinary Dept., W. Kennedy, D.S.O.

# GOVERNORS OF PROVINCES.

Bahr el Ghazal (Wau), Maj. R. G. O. Brock, O.B.E. Berber (El Damer), W. P. D. Clarke, O.B.E. Blue Nile (Wad Medam), R. V. Bardsley, O.B.E. Darfur (El Fasher), C. G. Dupuis. Dongola (Merorce), W. D. C. L. Purves. Fring (Singa), C. H. Thomsou. Halfa (Wadi Halfa), P. Ingleson, M.B.E., M.C.

Kassala (Kassala), R. E. H. Baily, O.B.E. Khartoum (Khartoum), E. G. Sarsheld-Hall. Kordofan (El Obed), J. A. Gillan. Mongalla (Mongalla), L. F. Nalder, C.M.G., C.I.K., C.R.E.

Port Sudan-Suakin Administration (Port Sudan), Commissioner, A. S. Redfern. Upper Nile (Malakal), A. G. Pawson. White Nile (El Dueim), J. A. Reid

# SUDAN DEFENCE FORCE.

(London Agency, Wellington House, Buckingham Gate, S.W.). Tel.: Victoria 6,313. O.C. British Troops in the Sudan and Com-

mandant Sudan Defence Force (Et Kaid El Amm), Brig S. S. Butler, C.M.G., D.S.O. C.S.O., Lt.-Col (Local Col.) B. T. Wilson, D.S.O. M.S. and A. A.-G., Capt. (Local Lt.-Col.) D. H

A.Q M.G, Maj. (Local Lt -Col ) G. F. Foley, M.C.

#### London Office.

(Wellington House, Buckingham Gate, S.W. z.) Controller, Capt Sir E C Midwinter, K.B.E, C.B., C.M.G., D S O.

Adresory Engineer, C. G. Hodgson, O B.E.

CAPITAL, KHARTOUM, at the junction of the White and Blue Niles. The town contains a large mosque for Mohammedans, a cathedral, large mosque for alonammedans, a cathedral, and the Gordon College, with extensive Government buildings Population 42,240 Opposite Khartoum, on the Blue Nile, is Khartoum North (102,512), and on the White Nile is Omdurman (102,983), the former Mahdist capital.

#### TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.

TANGANYIKA TERRITORY has a coast-line of about 500 miles and an estimated area of 373,500 square miles The Sultan of Zanzibar's rights over the narrow strip of coast territory were acquired by Germany in 1890 for a payment of 4,000,000 marks. The coast-line extends from the month marks. The coast-line extends from the mouth of the Umba to the mouth of the Rovuma River

of the Umba to the mouth of the Rovima River. The native population consists mostly of tribes of mixed Bantu race, and was enumerated for the whole area (April, 1921) at 4,107,000, the coloured population (other than native) being 14,991. In 1930, the native population of Tanganyika Territory was estimated at 4,822,244. The total white population is about 6,870. According to Genman law every native born after 1905 is free, but a unit seidom was continued under German unit. Legislation for the abolition of the status of slavery was enacted the abolition of the status of slavery was enacted

on June 9, 1922.

Considerable progress continues to be made with native education. In 1930 there were 94 Government schools, with 5,606 children in average attendance, and 3.044 Mission schools with average attendance of 97,745 pupils. The amount allotted to education in 1931-32 is £124,893. Two schools are maintained by the Government for the education of European children, one a day school at Dar-es-Salaam, and the other a small boarding school at Engare

parts of the Territory are unassisted. Government publishes a monthly journal printed m Swahili to disseminate news and useful information among the vernacular speaking population.

The total area under forests is about 4,x20 square miles, of which 3,896 square miles are meladed in the Government Forest Reserves, and about 70 square nules are privately owned. Non-native plantations are mainly for the production of sisal fibre and coffee, with small areas under tea and tobacco, minor crops being cotton, maire and coconuts. Native production consists chiefly of coffee, hannas, cotton, ground-nuts, rice, millet, maize, cassava and pulses.

In 1930 there were 5.170.162 cattle, 2,262.103 sheep and 3,259,443 goats in the Territory. The value of minerals produced in 1930 was—damonds £27,211, gold £47,013, salt £36,700, mica £6,182 and thi £852. Companies desuling to investigate the mineral resources can obtain information and assistance from the Mines Department, Dar-es-Salaam.

The chief exports are sisal, cotton, coffee, ground-muts, hides, skins, copra, grain, sinishin, bees-wax, glee, diamonds and gold; the chief imports being cotton piece goods, from and skeel manufactures, foodstuffs, machinery, building materials, kerosene and motor spirit, sugar, rice, spirits, and cigarettes.

Revenue . . . . . . £1,992,575 Expenditure . . . . . 2,084,898 £1,749,478 2,102,50X ..£4,285,952 3.998,365 £3 982,605 Imports Axports 2,897,938

The Southern Bugade headquarters, the and Bn., 6th Bn , Brigade Signal Section, S and T Sections, and a company of rst Bn. (Nyasaland) of the King's African Rifles, are stationed in Tauganyika Territory There is a Police Force of x.880 all ranks.

The chief scaports are Dar-es-Salaam, Tanga, Lindi, Mikindam, and Kilwa, all of which are accessible to oceangoing vessels. In 1930, 585 steamers (exclusive of coastal boats) of 2,473,007 tons, and 4,098 dilows of 80,057 tons entered and cleared at the various ports from places beyond the Torritory. There are two rallways of metre gauge in the Territory. The Tanga Railways from Tanga to Arusha ma Moshi (aya miles) The Kenya and Uganda Railways connect with this railway at Kahe Junction The Central Railway from Dare Schemus to Kunner Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare Control Railway from Dare es-Salaam to Kigoma (772 miles), with a branch line from Tabora to Mwanza (235 miles). A branch line from Manyom to Kinyangiri (93 miles) via Singida is under construction. 193 mines) our singulars inner construction. Accommitted in the foot mingoyo near Lindi to Ndanda (57 miles) is worked by hand during certain periods of the year only. Steamers run on Lakes Victoria, Nyasa and Tanganyika. Dar-es-Salaam is in telegraphic accommission to make the commission of the period of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission of the commiss communication with many inland centres, and with the adjoining territories Nyasaland, Kenya, Nairoli, in the Northern Province. Assistance munications exist between Dar-es-Salaam and is given to 3 Dutch schools in the Arisha Zanzibar, and communication with the Belgian district, to a Roman Catholic schools in Dar-esis given to 3 Durch schools in the Arusins Zaliziori, and communication with the Belgian district, to 2 Roman Catholic schools in Dar-es-Salaam and Tabora, to 2 German schools in Tanga Province and to a private kindergaten with a range of 450 miles spark transmission at Dodoma. Thirty-six Indian schools, with a range of 450 miles spark transmission and allowed transmission and a short-wave apparatus is financial assistance. Other schools in various also in use. There are 141 telegraph offices and

585 2,000

1,350

1,350 2,000

1,350

1,450 1,500

1,350

1,200

2,000

1,350

1,200

1,200

1,150 1,150

1,150 1,150

1,150

1,100 2,050 960

900

234 post offices and postal agencies (97 of which have telegraphic facilities). Telegraph Money Order and savings bank business are conducted at as head offices, and postal order and ordinary money order business at ar sull-offices, while so others afford full postal facilities Telephone exchange are established and trunk telephone communication is in operation between 38 inland centres, and also with Mombasa.

CAPITAL, Dar-es-Salaam.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His Private Sec., Capt. F. W. N. Collingwood, M.B.E.
Chief Scoretary, D. J. Jardine, o B.E.
Deputy do., S. B. B. McElderry
Secretary for Native Affairs, P. E.

C.M.G , C.B.K., D S O (and Command Allowance £150)

General Manager, Railways, Col. G. A. P. Maxwell, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., R.E. ... Labour Commissioner, G. St. J. Orde-Browne, O.B.E. .....

Browne, O.B.E.
Comptroller of Customs (and Custodian of Enemy Property), E. Adams, O.B.E.
Director of Public Works (vacaut)
Land Officer, A. Greig, M.B.E.
Director of Agriculture, C. Harrison
Postmaster-General, W. T. Storm
Commissioner of Police, G. Il. Kirkham,

M.O ..... Auditor, (vacant)
Director of Nurseys, P. E. L. Gethin
Commissioner of Mines, R. G. Williams.
Director of Geological Survey, Dr. E. O.

Teale..... Conservator of Forests, D. K. S. Grant ... Director of Vetermary Services, F. J. Commusioner of Prisons, G. H. Heaton Game Warden, Brigadier I. U. Battye ... Director of Tretse Research, C. F. M.

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commus-sloner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, 32, Cockspur St., S.W. z.

#### TOGOLAND.

(Joint Franco-British Administration.)

The total area is about 43,040 square miles, with an estimated population of 920,000. The British sphere consists of an area of about 13,040 sq. miles with a population estimated (1931) at

275,925, excluding 43 Non-Africans. The man dated sphere adjoins the eastern frontier of th Gold Coast and is administered as part of it.

#### TRISTAN DA CUNHA

is the chief of a group of islands of volcaul origin lying in lat. 37° 6′ S. and long. x2° 2′ W discovered in x505 by a Portuguese admin (Trisão da Cunha), after whom they are names. The population numbers x27, and the inhabitants are said to be very long-lived. The principal settlement (Eduburgh) is in the north west of the island. In spite of periods of di-tress the inhabitants refuse to leave the islan for the Cape of Good Hope, to which they are attracted by offers of land. Two missionaries Rev. R. A. C. Pooley and Mr. Philip Lindsay were sent out from England in 1927 on a 3-year mission to the islanders

INACCESSIBLE ISLAND is a lofty mass of roc with sides z miles in length; the island is the resort of penguins and ser-fowl.

THE NIGHTINGALE ISLANDS are three 1 number, of which the largest is a mile long an \$\frac{1}{4}\text{in wide, and rises in two peaks, 660 and 1, 105 ft. above the sea-level respectively. The smaller islands, Stoltenhoff and Middle Isle, ar little more than huge rocks. Numbers of seal and sea-elephants visit these islands

GOUGH ISLAND (or Diego Alvarez), in 40° 20' 8 and 9° 44' W., lies about 250 miles S S E. of Trista da Cunha. The island is about 8 miles long and 4 miles broad, with a total area of 40 squar nailes, and has been a British possession sine 826. The island is the resort of penguins an has valuable guano deposits. There is no per manent population.

#### THE UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

The territories now comprised within thi 1,200 Protectorate came under British influence in x,350 1890, and a portion of them was for a time ad ministered by the Imperial British East Afric Company. In 1894 a British Protectorate wa declared over the kingdom of Uganda and som 1,150 1,350 of the adjoining territories. The present limit are approximately as follows:—On the north the Uganda-Sudan boundary, on the east, line drawn from Mt. Zulia, on the Sudar line drawn from Mt. Zuna, on the suusaboundary, along the Turkana escarpment ove the top of Mt. Elgon, and along the west boun dary of the Colony of Kenya and the eastern shores of Lake Victoria; on the south, b Tanganyika Territory (late German Eastern boundary of the Belgian Congo, Within thes boundary of the Belgian Congo. Within thes boundaries he part of the Victoria Nyanza part of Lake Edward, the whole of Lake George, half of Lake Albert, the whole of Lake Knoga, the whole of Lake Salisbury and the course of the Nile from its exit from Lake Victoria to Nimule, where the Sudar commences. Total area, 94,304 square miles including 13,565 square miles of water.

For administrative purposes, the Protectorat is divided into a Provinces. 1,200

is divided into 4 Provinces :-

(r) Eastern Province, comprising the district of Busoga. Bugwere, Bugishu, Budana, Tesc Lango, and Karamoja.

(a) Northern Province, comprising the district of Bunyoro, Gulu, Chua, and West Nile.

(3) Western Province, comprising the district of Toro, Ankole, and Kigezi.

(4) Buyanda Province (with islands in Lake Victoria) comprising the districts of Mengo, Masaka, Mubende, and Entebbe. Owing to sleeping sickness, the islands of Lake Victoria were entirely depopulated, and the inhabitants (about 20,000) settled on the mainland in fly-free districts; but the work of repopulating these islands was undertaken and completed in 1921 and 1922, and natives and their cattle have been

repatriated.
The whole Protectorate is now under direct administration; but the native kings or chiefs, whose rights are in some cases regulated by treaties, are encouraged to conduct the government of their own subjects The province of Buranda is recognised as a native kingdom under a Kabaka (H. H. Sir Daudi Chwa, K C.M G., grand-son of the celebrated Mutesa). He is assisted in the government by three native ministers and a Inklie, or native Council, and each county and district chief also has his Inklie to assist him in local government and in the administration of justice. In Buganda (and in Bunyoro, Ankole and Toro, also ruled over by paramount chiefs, as well as m most of the other parts of the Protectorate more directly administered), purely native matters are dealt with by the various Lukskos, but in serious cases there is an appeal to British courts. For Europeans and non-natives justice is administered by His Majesty's Courts. The principal British representative is the Governor, who (with the assistance of the Executive and Legislative Councils) makes Ordinances for the administration of justice, the raising of revenue, and other pur-poses There are local British courts of justice, and a High Court with civil and criminal junisdiction. The Appeal Court consists of the judges of the High Courts of Kenya, Uganda, Ayasaland, Zanzibar, and Tanganyika Territory There is an armed constabulary force, under a British Commissioner of Police and British There is also a battalion of the King's Officers African Rifles stationed in the Protectorate, and a volunteer reserve of Emopeans.

The total population of Uganda (December, 1930) is given as 3,513,625, composed as follows: Natives, 3,479,650; Asiatics, 14,002; Europeans, 1,973 At first educational work was entirely in the hands of the various Missionary Societies, who still receive grants towards scholarships, &c , for students and teachers ; their efforts have for some years been supplemented by Govern-ment, which has also established a University College for natives at Makerere, Kampala About 2,000,000 natives speak Bantu languages, the most important of which is Luganda, the language of the Baganda tribe, after whom the Protectorate is named. Swahili is also widely There are a few pygmies living near the Semiliki river and the Mufumburo mountains; the rest of the natives belong to the Nilotic,

Hamitic and Sudanese groups.

1000 1030 £1,412,242 522,972 324,763 Customs ... 439,375 Expenditure (excl. loans) 1,607,997 2,040,294 Total Exports ...... 4,274,758 2,060,453 Special Imports . ...... 2,318,177 1.614.164

The Customs Services are now merged in those of Kenya (q.v.). The export trade is mainly in cotton (£1,555,344 in 1930), coffee, chillies, oil-seeds, rubler, ivory, tin ore and hides and skins The trade is chiefly with Great Britain, the United States, and India.

Nile steamers ply to Rejaf, which is about 8 days march from Nimule, the Sudan port of the Kenya and Uganda Railway Marine Service on the Albert Nile and Lake Albert. The road between these two places is fit for motors for about five months only in the year. A regular steamer service is maintained by the Kenya and Security Services in maintained by the Armyr and Ligand Railray Administration on Lake Kloga, between Masindi Port and Namasagali, the tenminus of the Busega railway; and on Lake Victoria between Kisumu and Entelbe and Port Bell and the other Uganda ports The Lake Albert Marine, which has already been men-The Lake tioned, provides a weekly service on the Nile between Butiaba and Nimule, and a fortnightly service on Lake Albert between Butiaba and the Belgian port of Kasenyi. The Railway Administration therefore provides a through service from Junja and Kisumu to the Sudan and the Belgian Congo. The Busoga Railway, from Jinja (on Lake Victoria) to Namasagali, a point on the Nile below the rapids, which was completed in zgrs, has recently been merged in the main line of the K. & U. Ry., which now runs from Jinja zuł Eldoret to Nakuru, where it joins the old line to the coast. The continuation of this main line to Kampala has now been completed. and a further extension from Tororo Junction to Sorott md Mhale was opened in 1995. There is a railway from Port Hell to Kampala, 7% miles in length. There is a fleet of Government motor vans, and there are aeroplane landing grounds at Entebbe, Tororo and Jinja. Good all-weather motor-roads connect the principal administrative centres. Hotels exist at Kampala, Jinja, Tororo, Masindi, Fort Portal and Masaka.

The unit of currency is the shilling, and the

lower comage is on a cental basis.

In 1920 Executive and Legislative Conneils were constituted, and these came into being in Jan., 1921 The former consists of 6 appointed members and the latter includes the former, with the addition of unofficial members, and is presided over by the Governor. The head-quarters of the British administration is at ENTERBE; the chief commercial centres are Kampala (Buganda) and Jinja (Eastern Province).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, His

Governor and communation of the Knowledge William Rederick Gowers, K.C. M. G. (1925) (and £1,500 duty) £3,500 Chief Secretary,* P. W. Perryman, O. B.E. 1,800 Promeated Commun. A. E. Weather head; *J. R. P. Postlethwaite; W. G. Adams;

D.S.O. .... 1.400 Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, *Major G J. Keau, C.M G., D S O. ...... Deputy Chief Secretary, E. L. Scott, O B.E., 1.500

I,350

1,200

X.400

1,350

Director of Surveys and Land Officer, B. T Watts, o B.R. 1,350 Director of Agriculture, *Dr. J. D. Tothill 1,350 Director of Education. *E. G. Montis O.B.R. 1,350

• Member of Executive Council.

Commr. of Police, Maj. F. T. G Treulett, Director of Geological Survey, E.J. Wayland 1,200 1,100 Director of Veterinary Services, W. F. Poulton ..... 1,000 960 1,100 D.S.O., M.C .... Govt. Printer and Comptroller of Stationery,
J. Coates, O.B. K. (and £50 allowance) £600 to 920

Trade Enquiry Office in London, The Commissioner, H.M. Eastern African Dependencies, 32, Cockspur Street, S.W. z.

CAPITAL (Administrative Hdqrs.), Eutebbe.

# ZANZIBAR.

#### (The Zanzibar Protectorate.)

Sultan, H. H. Seyyid Sir Khalifa bin Harub, K.C.M.G., K.B.K., succeeded Dec. 9, 1911.

The Zanzibar dominions became independent in 1856 under the rule of Seyyid Mand, a son of Seyyid Said, Sultan of Muscat and Zanzıbar. They formerly extended along the manuland as far south as Tunghi Bay and north as Warshelkh; but since the cession of the coast-line from Ruvuma to Vanga, including the island of Mafia, to Germany in 1890, and of the Benadur and Kismayu coasts to Italy in 1904 and 1924 respectively, they are now confined to the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, a coastal strip islands of Zanzibar and remos, a commend, the from Vanga to Ras Kiamboni (Dick's Head), the Zanzibar dominions on the mainland are under the administration of H.M. Government through the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in the Kenya Colony and Protectorate (q.r). Zanzibar has been a British Protectorate since November, 1890. On July 1, 1913, the Protectorate was transferred from the Foreign to the Colonal Office.

By a decree of Sultan Hamond (1897) the legal status of slavery ceased to be recognised in the

islands of Zanzibar and Pemba.

As the centre of the Arab power, Zanzibar, from the beginning of the 19th century until quite recently, donumated the tade of monopoly in cloves (the export of which was valued at Rs 97,55,6co in 1930) and produce

quantities of copra (exports in 1930, Rs.3s,13,s n addition, Zanzibar serves as a storehouse f the East African coast, where both imports an exports are received and distributed. years its importance as a port of transhipme and distributing centre has decreased, owing the development of the mainland, to the ope ing up of the coast ports to direct steamsh service with Europe, and to the transfer Aden of the seat of trade with the Benadir coas Recent figures, however, tend to indicate the island will continue, from the very fact its geographical position, to retain control the local traffic—of that portion of the trawhich goes to small towns up and down the adjacent mainland coast. There are \$45 mil of roads throughout the Protectorate suitab for motor traffic.

The principal imports are rice, grain groceries, sugar, tobacco, copra, petroleum ar piece-goods; the exports are cloves and copr in addition to re-exports of previously imports

rice, grain, copra and picze-goods.

The city of Zanzibar, on the island of the same name, is the largest in East Africa, ar possesses a magnificent harbour, which presen great facilities for shipping and trade generall The population of Zanzibar and Pemba (Censi of 1931) was 235,428, the area of the former beir 940 square miles, and of the latter 380 square mile

Tonnage of ocean-going steamers which enters the port in 1030, 2,718,862; and 3,546 dhow (68,969 tons). Zanzibar provides the best water supply on the East Coast of Africa, and it much in demand for shipping supplies.

	1080	1630
Revenue	£514,000	£404,46
Expenditure	. 561,944	507.50
Iniports	. 1,664 242	1,454,48
Exports	1,722,598	1,485,77
British Resident, R S. D.		
(1930) (and duty allowa		£2,40
Chief Secretary, R. H. Cr		. z,6c
Chief Justice, G. H. Picke	ering	- 1,60
Treasurer, N. B. Cox		1,40
Attorney-General, A. N	Doorly .	1,40
Director of Agriculture,	7. H. Kirkhan	1 1,35
Director of Education, W	. Hendry	I,20
Comptroller of Customs, (	3. D. Ku sopp	1,10
Zanzibar is distant 6,850		

# THE WORLD'S RUBBER,

In a Paper on "The Supplies of Rubber," Dr. George Rac. Dec., said the total area under plantation rubber at the end of x929 was between 6,600,000 acres and 7,200,000 acres, of which the area under native nubber in Netherlands' India was variously estimated at between x, x00,000 acres and 1,700,000 acres. The remaining 5,500,000 acres consisted of approximately 3,360,000 acres in estates owned by Europeans and Americans; 510,000 acres in Asiatic owned estates over 100 acres, and 1,630,000 acres in native holding-under 100 acres. About 80 per cent, of all the estate rubber trees were tappable, 90 per cent, of the native rubber in Malaya and Ceylon was tappable, and probably less than 50 per cent. of the native rubber elsewhere was tappable.

The total exports of rubber from producing

the nationality of producers, was approximatel as follows:-

-			Tons	Per Cen
British :- U.K			236,000	27.0
" Local .			69,000	8.1
Netherlanders			57,000	67
Other European	••		30,000	3.2
American			22,000	2.6
Asiatic estate			64,000	7.6
Malayan native		•••	100,000	23.4
Neth Ind. native			108,000	12 8
Other native			36,000	4'3
Wild	•••	••	26,000	3.x
		Ī	847,000	100.0

The absorption of rubber by manufacturer countries were 94,000 tons in 1910; 167,000 tons (i.e., the quantities of ribber they turned into in 1915; 354,000 tons in 1920; 358,000 tons in 1920; 360,000 tons in 1920; 360,000 tons in 1920; 360,000 tons in 1920; 360,000 tons in 1920; 360,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370,000 tons in 1920; 370

# The United States of America.

Divisions.	Gross Area, 1930	Population.		
Divisions,	(sq. miles).	Census 1930.	Census 1930.	
Continental United States	*3,026,789 586,400 206 6,407 549 114,400 3,435 76 133	105,710,620 - 55,036 13,275 255,912 22,858 (10,314,310 1,299,809 8,056 26,051 117,238	122,775,046 59,278 18,509 368,336 39,467 b12,082,366 1,543,913 10,055 22,012 89,453	
Total	3,738,395	117,823,165	137,008,435	

* Land Area, Continental United States, 2,973,776. a Population in 1918, b 1929; c. 1917.

Increase of the People—(Continental U.S. only).

YEAR OF Cansus		1	Toru Po	PULLATION		INCREASE OVER DECENS	Decennial
		White.	Negro	Other Races	Total	PRECEDING CENSUS. IMMIGRAN	
-	1860 1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920	a6,9a2,537 33,589,377 43,402,970 55,101,a58 66,809,196 81,731,957 94,830,915 *ro8,864,207	4,441,830 4,880,009 6,580,793 7,48 ,676 8,833,994 9,827,763 10,463,131 11,891,143	78,954 88,985 172,020 357,780 354,385 412,546 426,574 2,019,696	31,443,321 38,558,371 50,155,783 62,947,714 75,994,575 91,972,266 105,710,620 122,775,046	8,251,445 7,115,050 11.597,412 12,791,931 13,046.861 15,977,691 13.738,354 17.064,426	a,598,214 a,314,824 a,812 191 5,246,613 3,687,564 8,795,386 5,735,811 4,107,209

In 1930 a separate classification was provided for Mexicans who, up to that date, had been counted with the white population. The number of Mexicans reported in 2930 (x,422,533) is included for that year in the figure for 'Other races," and its mediate accounts for most of the increase between 1930. It is estimated that the 1930 figure for the white population included 700,541 persons who would have been counted as Mexicans in 1930. It these are deducted from the rose total, there is obtained what might be termed an adjusted figure, 94,220,374, which is more closely comparable with the 1930 figure for the white population.

# BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

The annual compilation of mortality statistics for that part of the Continental United States known as the "Registration Area" began with the calendar year 1900. This area at that time included 40'5 per cent. of the total population, and in 1920 95'7 per cent. The birth tegistration area was established in 1935; it included at that time 31's per cent. of the total population, and in 1929, 94 7 per cent. The following table shows the number of births and deaths in the respective Registration Areas, with rates per 1,000 of the estimated population, for the calendar years rgro to rgag .-

# MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

The Law of Divorce differs in many of the States, while South Carolina has no Divorce Law. In general, adultery, cruelty, abandonment (desertion), habitual disukenness, and imprisonment on conviction of felony, are legal causes of divorce.

> DIVORCES GRANTED To Husland O Total.

IMMIGRATION AND ENIGRATION.

From 18so to 1931, 37,859,151 alien immigrants landed in the United States. In the useal year

ended June 30, 1931, 97,139 immigrants and 183,540 non-immigrant aliens were admitted, a

total of 280,679 During the same year, 61,888 emigrant and 229,034 non-migrant aliens, departed, a total of 290,916. The net decrease for

the year was 10,237

	Birta	٠, ,	DEATH	15.*	on conviction of felor		
CALENDAR YEAR.	Number Rater		Number Rateper		YEAR	WARRIAGES.	
1922	1,774,911	1,000. 22 3	1,101,863	1,000		Total	То
1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1988 1929	x,792,646 x,930,614 x,878,880 x,856,068 s,137,836 z,233,149 a,169,920	22'2 22'4 21'5 20'6 19'8 18'9	1,103,017 1 173,950 1,219 019 1,285,927 1,236,949 1,378,675 1,386,363	12'2 11'4 12'1 11'9	1928 1929 1930	1,040,684 1,201,053 1182,497 1,223,559 1,128,280	7 13 13 14 13
-3-7		ive of still			statist:	e tot ils incli ics were obti	me Line

1928	1,201,053 1 182,497 1,223,559 1,128,280	137,277 142,187	54,037 55,065 57,148 58,554	192,037 195,939 201,468 191,591
	tot ils inch		for which	no detailed

112,036

#### FOREIGN-BORN WHITE POPULATION OF U.S. (CENSUS OF 1930.)

I	Country.	Number		Number [	Country	Number.	Country.	Number
ı	Armenia	32,166	France	135,232	Netherlands.	133,133	Syria and	
١	Austria		Germany	1,608,814	Norway	347,858	Palestine	63,36
1	Belgium	64,194	Greece	174,528	Poland	1,268,583	Turkey in Asia	46,65
1	Canada-		Hungary	274,450	Portugal	69,974	Wales	60,20
1	French	370,852	Ireland-		Rumania	146,393	West Indies	
i	Other	907,569	N. Irelana	178,832	Russia	1,153,624	(not U.S.A )	31,4 <b>2</b>
1	Czechoslovakia	49x,638	I. Free State	744,810	Scotland	354,323	Yngoslavia .	SIX,41
ì	Denmark	179,474	Italy	1,700,422	Spain		Other Countrie	8 220 50
ı	England		Lithuania	193,606	Sweden	595,250	-	
	Finland	142,478	Mexico	23,743	Switzerland	113,010	1	
	SUMMARY: Et	crope, 11,7	40,121 ; Asia, 15	7,580 ; An	verica, 1,395,070	; Other, 7	3,636. Total, 1	3,366,407

#### PHYSIOGRAPHY.

The Republic occupies nearly all that portion of the North American Continent between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, in latitude 25°-49° North and longitud 67°-124° 30' West, its northern boundary being Canada and the southern boundary Mexico Its coast-line has an estimated length of about 5,565 miles on the Atlantic, 2,730 mile on the Pacific, 3,641 miles on the Gulf of Mexico, and 1,050 miles on the Great Lakes The principal river is the mighty Mississippi-Missouri, traversing the whole country from north to south, and having a course of 1,700 miles to its mouth in the Gulf of Mexico, with many large affluents, the chief of which are the Yellowstone Platte, Nebraska, Arkansas, Ohio and Red Rivers. The rivers flowing into the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans are comparatively small; among the former may be noticed the Hudson, Delaware, Susquehanna, Potomac, and Savannah; of the latter, the Columbia, Sacramento, and Colorado. The Alabama and Colorado of Texas fall into the Gulf of Mexico, also the Rio Grande, a long river partiforming the boundary with Mexico. The areas of the water-basins have been estimated as follows :- Rivers flowing to the Pacific, 644,040 square miles; to the Atlantic, 488,877 and to the Gulf of Mexico, 1,683,325 square inites, of which 1,257,547 are drained by the Mississippi-Missouri. The chain of the Rocky Mountains separates the western portion o the country from the remainder, all communication being carried on over certain elevated passes, several of which are now traversed by railroads; west of these, bordering the Pacific coast, the Cascade Mountains and Sierra Nevada form the outer edge of a high table-land consisting in part of stony and sandy desert and partly of grazing land and forester mountains, and including the Great Salt Lake, which extends to the Rocky Mountains Eastward the country is a vast, gently undulating plain, with a general slope southwards towards the partly marshy flats of the Gulf of Mexico, extending to the Atlantic, interrupted only by the Alleghany Mountains, of inferior elevation, in the Eastern States. Nearly the whole of this plain, from the Rocky Mountains to some distance beyond the Mississippi consists of immense treeless savannahs and prairies of luxuriant grass. In the Eastern States (which form the more settled and most thickly inhabited portion of the country) large forests of valuable timber, as beech, birch, maple, oak, pine. sprace, clim. ash, walimt and in the south, live-oak, water-oak, magnolia, palmetto, tulip-tree, cypress, dc., stil exist, the remnants of the forests which formerly extended over all the Atlantic slope, bu into which great inroads have been made by the advance of civilisation. The Mississipp valley is eminently fertile. The mineral kingdom produces much ore of iron, copper, lead zinc, and alumnium; the non-metallic minerals include numense quantities of coal authracite, petroleum, stone, cement, phosphate rock, and salt. Precious metals include gold and silver, raised mainly in Colorado, California, and Alaska (gold), and Colorado Montana, Utah, and Idaho (silver). The highest point is Mount Whitney at 14,496 feel above sea level, and the lowest point of dry land is in Death Valley, 276 feet below ser level; these two points are in California, only 86 miles apart. The mean elevation of the 48 States is approximately 2,500 feet.

### GOVERNMENT.

The United States of America is a Federal Republic consisting of 48 States and I Federal District (of which 13 are Original States, 7 were admitted without previous organisation as Territories, and 28 were admitted after such organisation), and of 2 organised Territories.

THE CONSTITUTION.—By the Constitution of Sept. 17, 1787 (to which ten amendments were added on Dec. 15, 1791, and eleventh to nineteenth Jan. 8, 1798, Sept. 25, 1804, Dec. 18, 1865, July 28, 1868, March 30, 1870, Feb. 25, 1913, May 31, 1913, Jan. 29, 1919, and Aug. 26, 1920), the government of the United States is entrusted to three separate authorities—the Executive, the Legislative, and the Judicial.

#### THE EXECUTIVE

THE Executive power is vested in a President, who is elected every four years, and is eligible for re-election. The mode of electing the President is as follows:—Each State appoints, in such manner as the Legislature thereof directs (they are now elected by popular vote on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires), a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or anyone holding office under Government, shall be appointed an elector. The electors for each State meet at their respective State Capitals on the second Monday of the January following, and there vote for a President by ballot. The ballots are then sent to Washington, and opened on the second Wednesday of February by the President of Senate in presence of Congress, and the candidate who has received a majority of the whole number of electoral votes cast is declared President for the ensuing term. If no one has a majority, then from the three highest on the list the House of Representatives elects a President, the votes being taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote. There is also a Vice-President, who, on the death of the President, becomes cr officio President for the remainder of the term. In case of the removal or death of both President and Vice-President, a statute provides for the succession of the Secretary of State, Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of Navy, and Secretary of the Interior, so that the State can never be without a Head or Ruler.

The President must be 35 years of age and a native citizen of the United States. He receives a salary of \$75,000, with a travelling allowance of \$25,000. Executive duties:-

(1) He is Commander-iu-Chief of the Army and of the Navy (and of the Militias when they are in Federal service), and he commissions all officers therein.

(2) With the consent of the Senate, he appoints the Cabinet officers and all the chief

(and many minor) officials.

(3) He exercises a general supervision over the whole Federal Administration and sees that the Federal Laws are duly carried out. Should disorder arise in any State which the authorities thereof are unable to suppress, the aid of the President may be myoked.

(4) He conducts the Foreign Policy of the Republic, and has power, "by and with the advice and consent of the Scinite, to make Treaties, provided two-thirds of the Scinitors present concur." The Declaration of War rests with Congress.

(5) He makes recommendations of a general nature to Congress, and when laws are passed by Congress he may return them to Congress with a veto. But if a measure so vetoed is again passed by both Houses of Congress by a two-thirds majority in each House, it becomes law, notwithstanding the objections of the President.

THE PRESIDENT.

President of the United States (1929-1933), Herbert Clark Hoover, of California, born at West Branch, Iowa, Aug. 10, 1874, graduated mining engineer, Leland Stanford Jr. University, 1895; Chairman of the American War Relief Committee, London, Eng., 1914-15; Chairman of Commission for Relief in Belgium, 1914-19; U.S. Food Administrator, 1917-19; Secretary of Commerce, 1921-28. Republican.

1. Une-President, Charles Curtis, of Kansas (born Jan. 25, 1860), elected Vice-President

Nov. 6, 1928. Republican.

#### THE CABINET.

(In order of succession to the Presidency, after the Vice-President.)

 Secretary of State, Henry Lewis Stimson, of New York, (born 1867), Secretary of War, 1911-13; Special Commissioner to Nicaragua, 1927; Governor-General of the Philippines, 1928-29, appointed March 5, 1929.

3. Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew W. Mellon, of Pennsylvania (born 1855), appointed

March 4, 1921; re-appointed March 4, 1925; present appointment, March 5, 1929. Secretary of War, Patrick Jay Hurley, of Oklahoma (born 1883), appointed Dec. 9,

Attorney-General, William De Witt Mitchell, of Minnesotic (born 1874); Solicitor-

General of U.S.A., 1925-29; appointed March 5, 1929.

Postmaster-General, Walter Folger Brown, of Ohio (born 1869); Assistant-Secretary of

Commerce, 1927-29; appointed March 5, 1929.

7. Secretary of the Navy, Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts (born 1866), appointed March 5, 1929. March 5, 1929.

8. Secretary of the Interior, Ray Lyman Wilbur, of California (born 1875); appointed Secretary of Agriculture, Arthur M. Hyde, of Missouri (born 1877); Governor of Missouri, 1921-25; appointed March 5, 1929. [March 5, 1929. Secretary of Commerce, Robert Patterson Lamont, of Illinois (born 1867), appointed

Secretary of Labour, William Nuckles Doak (born 1882), Dec. 9, 1930.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative power is vested in two Houses, the Senate and the House of Representatives, the President having a veto power, which may be overcome by a two-thirds vote of each House. The Senate is composed of two Senators from The Senate is composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof for the term of six years, and each Senator has one vote; and Representatives are chosen in each State, by popular vote, for two years. The number of Representatives for each State is allotted in proportion to its population—at present z for six,877. The Senate consists of 95 members. The salary of a Senator is \$x0,000 per annum, with mileage at we cause nor mile each session. with mileage at accents per mile each session.

The House of Representatives consists of 435 representatives besides a delegate from Alaska, a delegate from Hawaii, a resident commissioners from the Philippines, and a resident commissioner from Porto Rico. The salary of a Representative is \$50,000 per annum, with mileage as for Senators. By the XIXth Amendment sex is no disqualification for the Franchise.

THE SEVENTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (March 4, 1931—March, 3, 1933.)
President of the Senate, Charles Curtis, Kansas ... ...... \$15,000 Speaker of the House of Representatives, (to be chosen Dec 7, 1931) .... 15,000

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.
(National Library),
Capitol Hill, Washington, D.C.

The Library of Congress was established in 1800 and destroyed by fire in 1814. In 1815, purchase of Jefferson collection formed basis for purchase of Jefferson collection formed hasis for a new collection. Partially destroyed by fire, 1851, and roplemished in 1851-a. Since that date increased (2) by regular annual appropriations by Congress (now \$18a,500); (2) by deposits under the copyright law; (3) by gifts and exchanges; (4) by the exchanges of the Smithsonian Institution, the library of which was in 1866 (theu 40,000 volumes; now over 550,000 volumes) deposited in the Library of Congress, with the stipulation that future agreestors. with the stipulation that future accessions should follow it. The collection is the largest in the Western Hemisphere, but statistics of the four largest libraries in the world are not sufficiently uniform to tell their order in respect to numbers. The Library of Congress now contains 4,202,288 volumes (gain in 1930-31, 188,322). The building was first occupied in 1897, and in 1931 it contained about 627,674 square feet (hearly 14 acres) of floor space. The total cost to June 20, 202, 12 approximately should follow it. The collection is the largest Congress, the appropriation for 1931-32 being \$2,328,877. An auditorium for chamber music (the gift of Mrs. F. S. Coolidge) was opened in (the gift of Mrs. F. S. Coolidge) was opened in spas, and in the same year the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board was created under an Act of Congress. This Board is permitted to accept and administer gifts and bequests of personal property in the interests of the Library of Congress, its collections and its service.

Librarian of Congress, Herbert Putnam,

Chief Assistant Librarian, Frederick W. 7,500

5,000 3,700

THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

The Mall, Washington, D.C.

Secretary, C. G. Abbot.

Asst. Secretary, A. Wetmore.
Chief Clerk and Administrative Assistant to the
Secretary, H. W. Dorsey.
Treasurer, Nicholss W Dorsey.
Editor, Webster P. True.

Board of Regents.
Chancellor, The Chief Justice of the U.S. Chairman, Executive Committee, F. A. Delano.

Government Bureaux under direction of Smithsonian Institution. National Museum.

Assistant Secretary in Charge, Alexander

Wetmore. Associate Director, J. E. Graf.

Administrative Assistant to the Secretary, W. de C.

Ravenel. Head Curators, Walter Hough, Leonhard Stejneger, R S Bassler.

National Galle, y of Art.

Director, William H. Holmes

Freer Gallery of Art.

(A unit of the National Gallery.)
Curato, John E. Lodge.
Bureau of American Ethnology.

Chief, M. W Stirling.

International Exchanges. Secretary (in Charge), C. G. Abbot. Chief Clerk, C. W. Shoemaker. National Zoological Park.

Director, William M. Mann

Astrophysical Observatory. Director, C. G. Abbot.

Regional Bureau for the United States International Catalogue of Scientific Literature. Assistant in Charge, Leonard C. Gunnell.

NATIONAL COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS.

Interior Dept Building, Washington, D.C. The Commission of Fine Arts was created by Congress May 17, 1910, to advise generally upon the location, selection, and erection of statues, fountains, and monuments in the District of Columbia, and also to advise generally upon questions of art when required to do so by the President or by any committee of either House of Congress. Under this latter provision its functions have been enlarged by Evecutive Order to cover all works of Art with which the Federal Government is concerned, including designs of public buildings, public parks, within the D.C. An expenditure not exceeding \$50,000 in any one year is authorised by Congress for travelling and other expenses. The members serve without remuneration.

Chairman, Charles Moore, Detroit, Mich.
Members, Benjamin W. Morris, N.Y.; Ferruccio
Vitale, N.Y.; Ezra Winter, N.Y.; John
W. Cross, N.Y.: Adolph A. Weiman, N.Y.;

John L. Mauran, Mo. ; Egerton Swartwout, Secretary and Executive Officer, H. P. Caemmerer.

THE JUDICATURE.

The Federal Judiciary consists of three sets of Federal Courts: (a) The Suprems Court at Washington, D.C., consisting of a Chief Justice and eight Puisne Judges, with original jurisdiction in cases affecting Ambassadors, &c., or where a State is a party to the suit, and with appellate jurisdiction from inferior Federal Courts and from decisions of the highest Courts of the State (a) Pine Court Courts and of the States. (a) The Circuit Courts of Appeal,

dealing with appeals from District Courts, and consisting of the Justice of the Supreme Court for the Circuit and all the Circuit and District Judges within the circuit. (3) The District Courts, eighty-seven in number, each served by a District Court Judge.

# THE SUPREME COURT

(The Capitol, Washington, D.C.). Chief Justice, Charles Evans Hughes, N.Y., born 1862, apptd. 1930 ...... \$20,500

Associate Justices (each \$20,000).

Name.	Born.	Apptd.
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Ma	881841	
Willis Van Devanter, Wyo.		zgzo
Janies C. McReynolds, Ten	n. 1862	· ·· 1914
Louis D. Brandeis, Mass		1916
George Sutherland, Utah		1922
Pierce Butler, Mmn		.1922
Harlau Fiske Stone, N. F.		1925
Owen J. Roberts, Penna	1875	1930
Surreme Court (	Officers	

#### DEFENCE.

The President is Commander-in-Chief of both Navy and Army, the former being controlled by a Secretary of the Navy, and the latter by a Secretary of War.

# THE ARMY OF THE US.

The present authorised strength of the Regular Army is: Commissioned officers 12,402; warrant officers 1,028; enlisted men (approximately) 118,750, exclusive of the Philippine Scouts. The actual strength of the entire active Army of action astrongth of the entire active army of the United States on June 30, 1931, including retired personnel on active duty at the time, was 138,817, of whom 12,322 were commissioned officers, 1,028 warrant officers, and 125,467 were enlisted men. These figures include the 6,433 enlisted mon of the Philippine Scouts. The Army is made up entirely of volunteers.

### PRINCIPAL WARS OF THE U.S.

Name of War.	Troops Engaged,
War of Independence, 1775-1784 (est 250,000 to	
North Western Indian, 1790-1795	8,983
War with France, 1708-1800 (Naval	0,903
force) War with Tripoli, 1801-1805 (Naval	4,593
War with Tripoli, 1801-1805 (Naval	
force	3,330
War with Britain, 1812-1815	528,274
Creek Indian, 1813-1814	13,781
Seminole Indian, 1817-1818	6,911
Black Hawk Indian, 1832	6,465
Cherokee Indian, 1833-1839	9,494
Seminole Indian, 1835-1842	41,122
Creek Indian, 1836-1837	13,418
War with Mexico, 1846-1848	116,597
Texas & New Mex. Indian, 1849-1856	6,465
Oregon Indian, 1851-1856	7,289
	, x28, Q48
Confederate Troops(est. 600,000 to	
War with Spain, x898-x899	a80,564
Philippine Insurrection, 1809-1908	126,468
Chinese Relief Expedition, reco-recor	5,000
CHIMOSO POHOT ENDOCHMON' 1000-1001	5,000

World War, 1917-1918 ...... 4,057,101

# US. WAR PENSIONS (Croil War, and War with Spain &c., but exclusive of World War Pensions.)

				,
	Number o	Total		
Year	Soldiers,	Widows,	Total	Payments.
1900 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	752,510 244,657 245,879 246,194 259,030 259,580 256 988 255,033	241,019 267,880 255,844 243,748 232,164 218,335 207,269 196,400	993,529 512,537 501,723 489,942 491,194 477,915 464,257 451 433	\$ 138,462,130 217,150,612 207,844,348 230,152,712 228,965,672 229,889,986 219,203,541 234,419,721

The total dishursement in pensions since the Wan of Independence to June 30, 1931, is \$8,403,978,194, of which \$7,492,455,764 has been \$8,403,978,194, of which \$7,492,455,764 has been paid on account of the Civil War The cost of maintenance and expenses of administration in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, excluding the cost of medical examinations and special field examinations, amounted to \$1,374,344.

#### World War Pensions.

Disbursements in claims arising out of service in the World War between April 6, 1917, and July 2, 1921, are not included in the above totals, as claims of this nature are adjudicated in the U.S. Veterans' Bureau, which has jurisdiction over such matters. (See "Ordinary Expenditures" under "Finance," post.). By Executive Order of July 21, 1939, the Veterans Bureau, the Bureau of Pensions, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Sol-

the National Home for Disabled volunteer soldiers, were consolidated in accordance with the Act of Congress, approved July 3, 1930, by the President. The combined organisation is known as the Veterans' Administration, under the direction of Brigadier-General Frank T. Hines, formerly Director of the Veterans' Bureau, now Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

#### THE NAVY OF THE U.S.

On October x, x93x, the Navy of the United States consisted of the following seagoing vessels. x5 battleships, 8 heavy cruisers, not "over-age"; z heavy cruisers, "over-age"; x6 light cruisers; 3 aircraft carriers; 78 destroyers, not "over-age"; x45 destroyers "over-age"; x4 light mine layers; 4 mine layers; 37 mine sweepers; 70 submarines, not "over-age"; x5 submarines "over-age"; z5 submarines; 5 gunboats; 8 river gunboats; 3 converted yachts; 8 destroyer tenders, y submarines tenders; a saircraft tenders; 2 repair ships: \$ tenders; a aircraft tenders; 3 repair ships; 5 store ships; 3 colliers; 29 oilers; a ainmunition ships; 6 cargo ships; a transports; a hospital ships; 34 tugs; 6 submarine rescue vessels; 8 miscellaneous auxiliaries, and 28 unclassified vessels.

On the above-mentioned date there were under construction: 7 heavy cruisers, x aircraft carrier, 3 submarines and x destroyer. In addition to the foregoing new construction, there have been authorized. 8 cruisers; xx destroyers , z Neff submarine ; and z transport, the construction of which has not been begun.

Information as to characteristics, costs, &c. available for publication concerning naval vessels mentioned above, may be found in the Ships' Data Book.

EDUCATION.

teachers (138,193 men and 693,741 women) wete employed. The average annual salary of all teachers was \$1,364. The total number of buildings used as school houses was 254,726, and the estimated value of all public school property

was \$5,486,938,599.
The total money received for school purposes, excluding balances on hand, was \$2,324,707,994.
Of this amount, \$a6 390,797 was received from permanent school funds and from the rent of permanent school funds and from the rent or school lands, \$308,392,475 from State taxes or State appropriation, \$x,600,316,451 from local tax or appropriation, and \$50,450,618 from all other sources, State and local. The total payments, excluding payments of bonds, were \$3,184,236,628. This amount includes expenditures for sites, This amount includes expenditures for sites, buildings, furniture, libraries and apparatus, \$382,996,255; for salaries of superintendents, supervisors, principals and teachers, \$7,207,046,270; and for all other purposes, \$594,394,372.

Compulsory Attendance Laws, 1982.
Every State in the Union has a compulsory school attendance law. In general, children are

ollinged to attend school from 7 to 14 years of age, and those from 14 to 16 must attend school or secure employment certificates. The required attendance each year varies from eighty days in two States to the full term in thirty-six States. In all States there are, connected with the local administrative units, officers charged with enforcing the compulsory attendance law, known in the majority of States as the truant or attendance officers.

Universities, Colleges and Professional Schools, 1927-28.

Of the 1,076 universities, colleges, and professional schools, 256 are public institutions and 850 under private control or management. The total number of instructors in both private and public institutions was 67,209 (\$3,253 men and 24,946 women). The public institutions enrolled 347,537 undergraduate and graduate students (25,272 men and 128,265 women). The private institutions enrolled 577,844 undergraduate and graduate students (343,972 men and 227,872 women). In general engineering, 3,042 students were enrolled; in chemical engineering, 4,948; in civil engineering, 12,502; in nechanical engineering, 20,434; and in mining engineering, 1,5434. The total number of baccalaureate degrees conferred in 1227-28 was \$3,056; (45,012 men and total number of instructors in both private and

The total number of baccalaureate degrees conferred in 1927-28 was 83,055 (45,012 men and 37,133 women); altogether 13,834 graduate degrees were conferred (8,976 men and 4,855 women); 1,245 honorary degrees were conferred. The schools of theology enrolled 13,642 students and reported 1,232 graduates; law schools 42,664 students and 8,652 graduates; schools of medicine, 21,427 students and 4,342 graduates; schools of dentistry, 9,282 students and 2,725 graduates; schools of pharmacy, 11,125 students and 2,455

graduates; and schools of veterinary medicine.

6rs students and 138 graduates.
Teachers' Colleges and Normal Schools, 1929-30.
In 1293-23, 32: teachers' colleges and normal schools reported to the United States Office of Education. These schools are chiefly concerned with the training of elementary teachers. of this number 273 are public institutions, and 58 are private institutions; 140 are teachers colleges, 134 are public, and 6 are private institutions (schools granting a degree after four years' work beyond high school); 66 are State normal schools; a6 are city normal schools; 47 are county normal schools; and 52 are private normal schools. The total number of instructors in all teachers' colleges and normal schools was 14,473. The total number of students enrolled was 279,295 (60,935 men and 28,250 women). Of this total eurolment, 264,257 students are in nor-mal training courses. The number of graduates from the normal training courses was 7,038 men and 42,289 women, making a total of 49,227. zz,073 bachelor's degrees were also conferred, 3,609 on men and 7,464 on women. Practice or model schools are usually operated in connexion with these normal schools, or the public schools are used for this purpose. The total enrolment in these model schools, so far as reported, was 90,60r. The total receipts for normal schools (1929-30) were \$69,983,932 The total number of volumes in the libraries was

4,055,076.
Nurse Training Schools, 1926-27. The number of nurse training schools has increased very rapidly since 1900. At that time 432 schools reported to the Bureau of Educa-432 schools reported to the Bureau of Educa-tion. In 1226-27 the number of such schools reporting was 1,797. The number of pupils enrolled in these schools in 1226-27 was 77,768 and the number graduated 18,623. Of the schools reporting, 75 are in hospitals for the insane. The capacity of the hospitals in which all nurse training schools reporting are located, is 359,077 beds, and the average daily number of patients is beds, and the average daily number of patients is z-f0.194. In 1936-37 a large majority of schools required a minimum age requirement for admission of only ze or zo years. In general hospitals 504 schools required a hours of duty duly, 366 schools required phours of duty, and 293 schools required to hours of duty. In hospitals for the meane, the number of hours of duty required was usually zo or more. Thirty schools required was usually zo or more. Thirty schools required hours of duty and none required more than as hours of duty, and none required more than

The remuneration granted the pupils in general hospitals is usually less than \$200. In the first year 46'9 per cent. of the schools pay under first year 46'9 per cent. of the schools pay under \$x00, and 47's per cent. pay from \$x00 to \$x90; in the second year 26'2 per cent. pay from \$x00 to \$x90; in the third year of the course 18'6 per cent. pay under \$x00, and 68'2 per cent. pay from \$x00 to \$x90. In the schools in hospitals for the insane the remuneration usually exceeds \$400. In the first year of the course 72'2 per cent. of the schools pay \$x00 or more: in the cent. of the schools pay \$400 or more; in the second year of the course 63 6 per cent. of the schools pay \$400 or over; in the third year of the course 72.4 per cent. of the schools pay \$400 or more.

More than 85 per cent. of all the nurse training schools in general hospitals offer a three-year course. About to per cent, offer a two-year or two-and-one-half year course. In hospitals for the insane, more than 86.7 per cent. of the

schools offer a three-year course, and the remaining schools offer a two-year course. ing schools offer a two-year course. 32 2 per cent. of the general nurse training schools require one year of high school work for admission, 3: per cent. require two years of high school work for admission, 3: 8 per cent. require a full high school course, and 2: 3 per cent. require only the completion of the elementary grades for admission.

Of the nurse training schools reporting, 180 are affiliated with colleges or universities. By this co-operation an excellent opportunity is afforded to the training schools to secure for their pupils a high type of instruction in technical and academic subjects.

Public High Schools, 1927-28.

Public High Sphools, 1927-28.

In 1237-25, 18,116 public high schools reported to the Bureau The total number of teachers in these secondary schools was 182,637 * (64,932 men and 127,706 women). The total number of pupils enrolled in these schools was 3,324,473 (1,598,605 boys and 1,755,868 girls). The total number of coloured pupils included in the precedure flures is access. In the first year of the ceding figures is 95,107. In the first year of the course 1,222,803 pupils were enrolled, in the second year 905,179, in the third year 670,089 and in the fourth year 955,312 pupils, including post-graduate and special pupils. In the 7th and 8th clementary radias correspondent and 8th elementary grades organised as a part of junior high schools, 862,840 pupils were enrolled. The number of graduates reported was 474.736 (210,916 boys and 263,820 girls).

There were 11,555 regular high schools that reported a four-year curriculum. In these fouryear high schools there are 2,194,354 jupils emolled (1,050,387 boys and 1,143,667 guls). In addition, there are 1,403 junion lugh schools, with 839,388 pupils (418,220 boys and 421,168 girls); 2,429 junior-senior high schools, with 741,944 pupils (351,571 boys and 390,373 girls), and 494 senior high schools, with 379,518 pupils

(181,503 boys and 198,015 guls).

Private High Schools and Academies, 1929-30.

The number of pupils in private high schools and academies, in general, has increased slowly but steadily. In 1900 the number of students eurolled in these schools was 110,797. In 1999 30 the number eurolled was 269,249 The number of schools reporting in 1900 was 1,978, and the number reporting in 1930 was 2,760. The total number of instructors in these private high schools in 1929-30 was 22,003 (8,577 men and 13 426 women). In this group of schools, more than

Includes 7,305 men and 24,634 women teachers in junior high schools

any other, there is a tendency for the schools to be either for boys or girls exclusively, rather than co-educational. Of the schools reporting in 1930, 504 were for boys only, 873 were for girls only. Altogether, 116 of the schools had military drill in 1938, enrolling 16,528 students.

FINANCE. ORDINARY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDI-TURES CHARGEABLE AGAINST THEM. (On the basis of daily Treasury statements.)

Year.	Receipts.	Expenditures.
	\$	\$
1913	724,111,230	724,511,963
1914	. 734,673,167	775,081,431
1915	697,910,827	760,586,802
1916	782,534,548	734,056,202
	· 1,124,324,795	1,977,681,751
1918	3,664,582,865	12,697,836,706
1919	5,152,257,136	18,522,894,705
1920	6,694,565,389	6,482,090,191
1921	5,624,932,961	5,538,209,189
1922	4,109,104,151	3,795,302,500
1923	4,007,135,481	3,697,478,020
1924	4,012,044,702	3,506,677,715
1925	3,780,148,684	3,529,643,446
1926	3,962,755,690	3,584,987,874
1927	4,129,394,441	3,493,584,519
1928	4,042,348,156	3,643,519,875
1929	4,033,250,225	3,848,463,190
1930 .	4,177,941,702	3,994,152,482
1931	3,317,233,494	4,219,950,339
-93	313-71-331494	4,219,950,339

ORDINARY RECEIPTS, 1930 AND 1931.

	J = 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	······································
Receipts	1930	1930
Customs	\$ 587,coo,gog	\$
Internal Revenue:	587,000,903	378,354,005
Income and Profits Tax	2,410,986,977	1,860,394,295
Miscellaneous .	628,308,036	569,386,721
Miscell. Receipts Foreign Debts —		
(a) Principal	97,634,288	51,588,133
(b) Interest	141,931,519	184,474,622
Railed. Securities	11,485,515	16,767,018
All other do.	8,785,657	11,558,914
Trust Funds	46,397,682	61,159,058
Surplus Property	15,830,587	8,641,223
Panama Canal	28,253,128	26,624,253
Other macell	SOI,327,409	148,285,242
Total	4,177,941,701	3,317,233,494

#### FIRE LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES. (Estimated by the Journal of Commerce.)

In the following table the losses for 1906 include the losses from fires following the disastrous earthquake in San Francisco. In 1923 the Loss of Life caused by fires was stated to amount to 15,000 persons. The Fire Losses in New York (1928) are stated at \$16,624,381; Chicago (1928) \$12,999,899; Montreal (1927) \$2,599,603; in London, Eng. (1927) \$1,773,900.

Year	Loss.	Year	LARR	Year_	1,088	_ Year	LOSS
1887	\$120,283,055	1898	\$130,593,905	1909	\$188,705,150	1920	\$447,880,677
1888	110,885,665	1899	153,597,830	1910	214,003,300	1921	495,406,012
188g	123,046,833	1900	160,929,805	1911	217,004,575	1922	806,541,001
1890	108,993,792	1901	165,817,810	1912	206,438,900	1923	535,372,782
1891	143,764,967	1902	161,078,040	1913	203,763,550	1924	548,8x0,630
1892	151,516,098	1903	145,302,155	1914	221,439,350	1925	559,418,184
1893	167,544,370	1904	229, 198,050	1015	172,003,200	1986	561,980,751
1894	140,006,484	1905	165,221,650	1916	258,377,952	1927	472,933,969
<b>1896</b>	118,737,420	1907	215 084,709	1918	353,878,876	1928	464,607,103
1897	116,354,575	1908	217,885,859	1919	320,540,899	1929	473,574,019

# EXTERNAL DEBTORS.

# TOTAL INDESTRDNESS OF FORRIGN GOVERNMENTS TO THE U.S. TREASURY July 1, 1931.

Countrie	Funded In	debtedness.	Unfunded Indebteduess.		Total	
Country.	Principal.	Accrued Interest.	Principal.	Accrued Interest.	Indebtedness.	
	s	\$	s	\$	\$	
Irmenia			11,959,917		11,959,91	
ustria	23.752,217			•••	23,752,21	
Belgium	400,680,000		1		400,680,00	
zechoslovakia(z)	167,071,023			•••	167,071,02	
Estonia	13,830,000	2,636,013	!		16,466,01	
finland	8,604,000		;		8,604,00	
France (3)	3,863,650,000				3,863,650,00	
reat Britain .	4,308,000,000			•••	4,398,000,00	
reece	31,516,000			•••	31,516,00	
Jungary	x,908,560				1,908,56	
taly	2,004,900,000		. 1	••	2,004,900,00	
atvia	6,888,664				6,888,66	
ithuania (s)	6,197,682				6,197,68	
Nicaragua .	***		2g0,628	•••	290,62	
Poland	177,485,000	28,572,000		•••	206,057,00	
Rumania (1)	63,860,560			•••	63,860,56	
Russia (3)	•••		192,601,297	•••	192,601,29	
ugoslavia	61,625,000	· · · ·	•••	••	61,685,00	
Total	\$11,229,968,707	\$31,208,013	\$204,851,842		\$11,466,028,50	

# NOTES.

- (x) Deferred payments provided for in funding agreements, for which gold bonds have been, or will be, delivered to U.S. Treasury.
- (a) Increase over amount funded due to evercise

of options to pay one-half of interest in bonds.

(3) Against the original indebtedness the sum of \$8,748,878 has been paid into the U.S. Treasury as proceeds of the liquidation of financial affairs of the Russian Government in the U.S

# EXTERNAL TRADE.

• ***	Imports of Merchandise				Exports of Merchandise.			
•Year.	Free.	Dutaable.	Total	"Year	U.S Origin	Re-exports.	Total	
	s	S -	\$	i!	s	s	\$	
1913	987,494,162	825,484,078	1,812,987,234	1913	2,428,506,358	37,377,791	s.465,884,149	
1914	1,127,502,699	766,422,958	1,893,925,657	1914	8,329,684,025	34,895,123	2,364,579,148	
1915	1,033,526,675	640,643,065	1,674,169,740	1915	2,716,178,465	52,410,875	2,768,580,340	
<b>7916</b>	1,492,647,350	810,514,655	2,659,355,185	1916	4,878,177,579	61,305,306	4,333,482,88	
1917	2,848,840,520	810,514,665	2,659,355,185	1917	6,227,164,050	62,884,344	6,290,048,394	
292B	2,118,599,372	827,050,031	2,945,655,403	1918	5,838,652,057	81,059,314	5,919,711,371	
1919	2,230,222,808	865,497,860	3,095,720,068	1919	7,081,461,938	150,820,748	7,232,282,686	
1980	3 405,833,003	1,833,119,111	5,238,352,114	1920	7,949,309,106	159,679,557	8, xo8, 988, 66	
292I	B,137,440,504	1,517,018,842	3,654,459,346	1921	6,385,883,676	130,626,357	6,516,510,03	
1922	1,598,888,618	1,009,190,390		1922	3,699,909,375	71,347,114	3,771,156,48	
1983	2,168,373,000		3,780,959,000	1923	3,886,682,000	70,015,000	3,956,733,00	
1914	2,019,367,000	1,534,670,000	3,554,037,000	1934	4,883,973,000	87,683,000	4,3xx,656,000	
1985	2,295,500,000	1,528,628,000	3,824,128,000	1925	4,778,155,000	86,426,000	4,864,581,00	
2926	s,910,416.000	1,554,456,000	4,454,872,000	1926	4,653,148,000	100,234,000	4,753,381,00	
1927	2,680,190,000	1,571,835,000	4,252,024,000	1927	4,867,346,000	100,753,000	4,968,200,00	
1925	2,647,527,000 2,737,500,000	1,499 972,000 1,554,388,000	4,147,499,000	1988	4,773,332,000	103,738,000	4,877,071,000	
1930	2,522,264,000	1,326,600,000	3,848,864,000	1989	5,283,938,000	89,578,000	5,373,456,000	
-750	-,3,404,000	1,500,000,000	3,040,004,000	1930	4,618,105,000	75,741,000	4,693,846,000	

[•] Fiscal Year ended June 30.

EXPENDITURES, 1930 AND 1931. (On basis of daily Treasury statements.)							
Expenditures.	1930	1031.					
General Expendi-	\$	\$					
tures	2,162,708,935	2,390,477,276					
Interest on Debt Refunds—	659,347,613	611,559,704					
Customs	24,091,809	21,359,007					
Internal Revenue	133,852,183	69,887,929					
Postal deficiency	91,714,451	145,643,613					
Panama Canal	11,328,542	9,299,057					
Special Operations-		1					
Railroads	64,795,787	b245,609					
War Finance Corpu.	b58,839	172,154					
Shipping Board Agricultural Mar-	31,695,159	33,961,996					
Agricultural Mar- keting Funds	149,958,274	0-0					
Alien property	968,935	190,540.858					
Adjusted Service Cer-	900,935	1,105,030					
tificate Fund	112,312,727	224,216,285					
Civil Service Retire-	112,312,727						
ment Fund	20,433,867	20,304,248					
Investment of Trust	,455//						
Funds-							
Government Life							
Insurance Fund	43,469,105	59,626,371					
D. C. Teachers' do	516,706	570,582					
Foreign Service do.	313,282	336,930					
General RailroadCon-							
tingent	2,411,872	962,104					
		-					
Total Ordinary	3,440,268,884	3,779,868,339					
Public Debt Retire-							
ments chargeable							
against Ordinary							
Receipts	553,883,603	440,082,000					
-							
Total Expenditures							
(Public Debt and Ordinary) charge-							
able against Ordin-							
ary Receipts	2 004 757 485	4 970 050 330					

# PUBLIC DEBT.

June 30.	Interest learing debt.	Interest paid during fiscal year (on basis of daily Statements of Treasury).
1014	. \$ 967,953,310	\$ 22,883,957
1918	. 11,985,882,436	189,743,277
1926	. 19,383,770,860	831,937,700
1927	18,250,943,965	787,019,578
тýа8	17,317,695,097	731,764,476
1929	. z6,638,94x,38o	678,330,399
1930	15,921,892,350	659,347,613
1031	. 16,519,588,640	611,559.704
a per cent	. Canal (1916–36) . . do. (1918-38)	\$599,724,050 48,954,180 . 25,947,400
3 per cent	. do. (1961)	- 49,800,000
3 per cent	Conversion (1946 4	7) 28,894,500
2½ per ce	nt. Postal (1st to 38	li) 22,834,660
4th do	Loan (1932-47)	1,933,528,300
400 do		6,268,218,450
	ent. Treasury Bor	
(1947-52)	do (1944-54)	758,983,300
al non cont.	t do. (1944-54)	. 1,036,834,500
374 per cent	t. do. (1943-47)	489,087,100
3 % per cent	t. do. (1943-47)	493,037,750
Treampy N	otes	359,042,950
Cortificator		020,907,950

359,042,950 620,907,950 ... 1,923,577,500 Total Interest-bearing Debt .. 16,519,588,640 Matured debt on which interest has ceased ..... Debt bearing no interest ..... 51,819,095 229,873,756

Total Gross Debt .. ..... 16,801,281,491 Less Cash in Treasury ..... 471,943,983 Net Debt of U.S.A. ...... \$16,329,337,508 Note —U.S. War Debt was at its peak on Aug. 31, 1919, the Gross Debt standing then at \$26,596 701,648.

ary Receipts ....... 3,994,152,487 4,219,950,339 b Deduct, excess of credits.

#### VESSELS ENTERED AND CLEARED AT UNITED STATES PORTS.

The following figures compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Washington, show the total tonnage of American and foreign vessels entered and cleared at U.S. ports in the foreign trade, by fiscal years.

Year.	Amorican.	Per Cent	Foreign.	Per Cent.	Year	American	Per Cent	Foreign	Per Cent.
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1918 1913	15,193,223 16,208,213 16,908,434 17,263,189 17,263,189 19,446,233 22,960,265 27,470,703	22 22 22 22 23 23 25 26 26	5a,746,676 56,404,100 59,92a,457 59,991,430 6z,244,602 65,665,503 69,624,418 74,772,764 79,101,183	78 78 78 78 78 78 77 75 74	1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926	4x,020,746 55,*39,879 67,946,336 59,756,486 6x,*93,398 58,3x5,580 57,733,000 53,774,000 58,864,019	44 51 49 48 46 43 48 38	51,855,602 53,253,160 70,124,833 63,159,285 72,159,133 77,225,020 81,133,000 85,922,000 101,257,442	56 49 51 58 54 57 58 63
1915	26,693,736	39	66,901,818	7x 66	1928	59,210,640 65,565,560	39	93,310,098 100,447,587	6z 6z
1916	35,829,742 37,870,464	34	68,143,163 64,678,78a	63	1930	64,233,114	39	100,679,137	62
1918	38,489,763	42	52,980,156	58	1931	59,007,223	38	96,519,327	62

The lowest American percentage was 29 in 1880, 1881 and 1882, the highest was 91 in 1883.

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY. Agriculture.—The total land surface, excluding Island possessions and Alaska, is 1,903,216,640* Island possessors and Alaska, is 1,905,320,000 acres, of which in 1925 204,319,325 were farms (505,027,400 acres improved). The total number of farms in 1925 was 6,371,640, of which 2,326,125 are between 100 and 500 acres, 1,421,078 between 50 and 100 acres, and 1,495,643 between 20 and 500 acres. The gross value of farm products of the United States in 1928 was \$15,881,706,000, as convened with \$1500 acres. Divors (1) tons in

compared with \$16,050,362,000 in 1927. Crops in 1928 were valued at \$9,726,822,000, live-stock products (including animals sold or slaughtered)

at \$6,154,884,000
The gross value of the principal crops was as under in 1928 and 1929':--

Cirons VI	uue
xga8	1989.
\$2,384,784,000	\$2,031,041 000
914,925,000	855,034,000
597,133,000	531,864,000
205,045,000	167,358,000
1,302,110,000	1,231,373,000
	200,675,000
	285,583,000
281,572,000	470,533,000
	97,302,000
316,598,000	343,400,000
1,202,455,000	1,257,671,000
203,291,000	195,211,000
303,306,000	284,350,000
311,091,000	322,268,000
1,138,017,000	1,166,562,000
1,406,064,000	1,481,808,000
198,301,000	x88,978,000
	502,433,000
2,076,511,000	2,127,860,000
area due to build	ing of Pathfinder
	\$2,384,784,000 914,945,000 914,945,000 205,045,000 1,300,110,000 277,506,000 277,506,000 316,598,000 1,202,455,000 203,291,000 303,291,000

voirs in connexion with irrigation projects in Montana.

Minerals.—The total value of all mineral products of the U.S. in 1930 was \$4,810,400,000; the value of metallic minerals produced was the value of metallic minerals produced was \$98a,550,000 (pig iron, \$51a,765,731; copper, \$181,271,000; gold, \$47,447,600, and sliver \$19,538,039), and of non-metallic minerals the total value was \$3,818,950,000 (bituminous coal, \$813,469,000; Pennsylvania anthracite, \$354,574,191; petroleum, \$96,855,000 barrels of 4a gallous, value \$1,064,400,000; clay products, \$373,409,391 (1929); stone, \$278,832,000; natural gas, \$412,000,000; cement, \$331,189,287.

MANUMACTINES. MANUFACTURES.

The manufacturing establishments enumerated at the biennial Census of 1927 numbered 191,866, the value of their products being \$5a,748,347,88, as compared with a value in 1929 of \$5a,568,859,591. The leading manufacturing States ranked according to value of products, are New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, and New Jersey. Cities Ranked by the Value of their Manufactured

P) oducts	for 1925 and 1	927.
l City	10.5.	1927.
New York		
Chicago	3,439,163,000	3,478,753,628
Philadelphia	1,937,415,000	1,861,501,951
Detroit	1,599,340,000	1,736,933,236
Cleveland	1,094,780,000	1,040,753,742
St. Louis	874,557,000	937,416,402
Baltimore	678,383,587	692,574,915
Buffalo	675,436,000	649,30x,599
Milwaukee	541,912,000	627,415 824
Boston	585,992,000	617,972,951
Los Angeles	531,827,000	610,539,460
Flint	422,644,236	600,355,781
Akıon	565,391,322	567,482,407
Pittsburgh	518,964,000	508,528,845
Newark	490,046,599	482,739,348
Cincinnati	457,539,000	437,953,805
San Francisco	426,809,926	429,728,194

ACREAGE AND CROP PRODUCTION, 1929. [Estimates of September z, zogo crop report.]

Acreage Harvested, 1929. Production, 1929.					
Crop.	Total.	Per cent of 1928	Average yield per acre	Total	Price to pin- ducers, Dec 1, 1929
Unit.	1,000 RC1 08.	Per cent.		Thousands.	Dollars.
Corn bushels	97,957	97 3	26'7	2,614,000	·781
Winter wheat do.	40,134	110.8	14'4	578,000	1 065
Spring wheat do.	20,969	95 x	10.0	228,000	'935
All wheat do.	61,103	104.0	13.8	806,000	1'043
Oats do.	40,212	96 4	30.2	1,234,000	'435
Barley do.	13,079	103.8	23.2	304,000	550
Rye do	3,219	98.2	12 6	40,500	·871
Buckwheat do.	731	97.6	15.8	11,500	977
Potatoes do.	3,37x	87.9	106.4	360,000	a1.314
Sweet potatoes do.	882	101.2	103 0	84,700	945
Flaxseed do.	2,992	XXX.0	5.6	16,800	a 843
Rice do.	893	91 4	45'0	40,200	978
Tobacco pounds	2,037	107.6	746.0	1,519,000	a.130
Hay, tame tons*	60,953	104.8	z · 67	101,800	12.33
Cotton bales	d45,793	101 0	b 155.0	14,838	C'164
Apples, total cropbushels			1	142,000	1.312
Apples, com'l crop barrels			1 1	20,000	3.74
Peaches bushels			1 1	45,800	az 363
Pears do.	•••	1	1 1	az,600	ar 433
Peanuts pounds	1,325	68.2	701.0	030,000	.036
Beans, dry bushels	1,933	117.7	10.3	29,700	3.22
Grain sorghums do.	5,921	9x.x	17'0	200,800	7710
Sugar beets tons*	688	106.8	10.6	7,320	a7.52
Sorghum, for syrup gallons	346	99°z	75'7	26,200	.088
Hopspounds	25	95'4	1,334 0	33,220	.114
Broom corn tous*	303	101.4	311.6	47	121.80
Tons of s,000 pounds.	a Season	al Farm Pri	ce b. lb . c. 1	er lb ; d, May z, e	stimete

Leading Industries (Ranked by Value of Products) in Principal Industrial Cities for 1927.

New York.—Clothing; Printing and publishing; Fur goods; Bread and other bakery products; Slaughtering and meat packing; Millinery; Sugar refining; Electrical machinery,

apparatus, and supplies; Manufactured gas, illuminating and heating; Tobacco.

Chicago.—Slanghtering and meat packing; Printing and publishing; Clothing; Foundry and machine-shop products; Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies; Steel works and rolling nills. Breed and other lakery products ling mills; Bread and other bakery products.

Philadelphia.—Textiles; Frinting and publishing; Clothing; Sugar refining; Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies; Bread and other bakery products; Petroleum refuing.

Detroit.—Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts; Foundry and machine-shop products; Printing and publishing; Brass, bronze, and coper, products; Statistical Statistics. per products; Slaughtering and meat packing.

Cleveland -Steel works and rolling mills; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts; Foundry and machine-shop products; Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies; Clothing.

St. Louis.—Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Slaughtering and meat packing; Printing and publishing; Boots and shoes, other than subber; Clothing.

Baltimore -Smelting and refining, copper; Clothing; Sugar refining; Petroleum refining; Slaughtering and meat packing; Tinware; Printing and publishing.

Buffalo. - Flour and other grain-mill products; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Slaughtering and meat packing

Milwaukee .- Motor vehicle bodies and motor vehicle parts; Motor vehicles, not including motor-cycles; Foundry and machine-shop products : Knit goods : Boots and shoes, other than

rubber; Slaughtering and meat packing; Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Boston.—Printing and publishing; Clothing; Sugar refining; Confectionery; Boots and shoes, other than rubber; Cutlery and edge tools; Boot and shoe cut stock, not made in boot and shoe to the cut stock. and shoe factories; Foundry and machine-shop products: Bread and other bakery products.

Los Anyeles.—Petroleum refining; Motion pictures, not including projection in theatres; Printing and publishing; Slaughtering and meat packing; Foundry and machine-shop products; Bread and other bakery products; Clothing; Lumber-planing-mill products.

Pittsburgh.-Steel works and rolling mills Bread and other bakery products; foundry and machine-shop products; Printing and publishing; Iron and steel (blast furnaces); Slaughter-

ing and meat packing; Canning and preserving.

San Francisco.—Printing and publishing;
Coffee and spice, roasting and grinding; Sugar refining; Tobacco; Canning and preserving; Slaughtering and meat packing.

Motor Vehicle Industry.—The value of the complete passenger cars and business vehicles manufactured in 1927 was \$2,445,470,666; of parts and accessories, \$1,112,862,378, and of tyres and tubes \$774,055,051. The number of complete passenger cars produced was 2,826,274 and of complete business vehicles 331,272, while 64,362,497 tyres and 70,855,455 inner tubes were also manufactured in 1927. The factories gave also manufactured in 1927. The factories gave employment to 369,399 wage earners, who re-ceived \$612,955,661 in wages in 1927. The number of motor vehicles registered in 1928 in the U.S.A. was 24,493,124. The gasoline produced in 1928 amounted to 15,841,686,000 gallons, and that consumed to 13,810,944,000 gallons. The taxes levied on motor vehicles by the Federal, State, and Municipal Governments in 1928 amounted to \$807,887,967. The number of motor vehicles (including chassis) exported in 1928 was 515,76a, not including 66,969, shipped as "parts for assembly '

	TRADE BY COUNTRIES, 1929-30.					
Country	From U S	To U S	Country.	From U.S.	To U S.	
Europe-	\$	- <b>\$</b>	South America-	\$	\$	
Austria	5,118,000	11,070,000	Argentina	173,693,000	107,987,000	
Belgium	101,103,000	54,256,000	Brazil	78,712,000	170,126,000	
Czechoslovakia	5,409,000	41,262,000	Chile	51,273,000	77,532,000	
Denmark	46,746,000	4,429,000	Colombia	33,270,000	105,812,000	
Finland	12,319,000	11,538,000	Peru	21,824,000	28,966,000	
France	253,852,000	149,888,000	Uruguay	24,606,000	15,646,000	
Germany	363,188,000	824,379,000	Venezuela	38,529,000	42,039,000	
United Kıngdom	784,399,000	<b>280,847,000</b>	Asia-			
Greece	16,598,000	13,026,000	British India	50,957,000	129,396,000	
Italy	130,629,000	107,656,000	British Malaya	13,266,000	189,986,000	
Netherlands	112,215,000	73,197,000	Ceylon	3,257,000	28,220,000	
Norway	21,624,000	22,910,000	Hong Kong	17,941,000	9,773,000	
Poland & Danzig	12,730,000	3,887,000	China	106,452,000	140,172,000	
Portugal	14,547,000	6,583,000	Japan	289,578,000	366,214,000	
Russia (Europe)	123,905,000	22,374,000	Neth. E. Indies	36,000,000	73,996,000	
Spain	71,629,000	34,229,000	Philippine Isls.	76,571,000	121,698,000	
Sweden	52,031,000	52,866,000	Turkey (Asia and )			
Switzerland	12,453,000	44,758,000	Europe)	5,130,000	10, <b>692,00</b> 0	
North America				1		
Canada	817,027,000	475,113,000	Oceania-		_	
Newfoundland	12,372,000	11,348,000	Australia	121,088,000	22,058,000	
Mexico	138,183,000	101,649,000	New Zealand	37,036,000	14,344,000	
Central America	84,848,000	42,278,000	Africa-	1		
Cuba	115,725,000	150,055,000	Brit. S. Africa	52,426,000	7,996,000	
Dominican R	11,032,000	7,877,000	Brit. W. Africa.	11,506,000	21,944,000	
Neth. W. Indies	22,196,000	68,103,000	Egypt	11,767,000	25,149,000	
TAGNIT AL THURSE	, 190,000	55,203,000	THE POST OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	,, 57,000	-3,-49,000	

# PRINCIPAL EXPORTS OF U.S. MERCHANDINE.

Commodity.	<b>1988-9.</b>	29 <del>09</del> -30,
	\$	\$
Meat products	73,337,000	76,56z,000
Animal Oils and Fats	120,899,000	110,276,000
Lard	101,971,000	93,766,000
Leather and manufs	65,640,000	54,671,000
Furs and manufs	38,713,000	28,657,00n
Grains & preparations	330,893,000	245,405,000
Wheat and Flour	197,315,000	191,815,000
Fodders and Feeds	34,256,000	\$3,736,000
Fruits and Nuts	150,877,000	111,827,000
Rubber and manufs	75,833,000	68,164,000
Naval Stores, Gums, &c	28,701,000	28,511,000
Tobacco and manufs	172,094,000	163,548,000
Cotton, unmanufactd	868,219,000	671,210,000
Cotton manufs. & Yarn	142,237,000	111,975,000
Cloths, &c	85,497,000	68,355,000
Wood, sawmill products	109,672,000	99,014,000
Wood manfs, advanced	40,049,000	36,698,000
Paper and manufs	34,439,000	34,977,000
Coal and Coke	104,119,000	102,156,000
Petroleum & products.	544,074,000	558,481,000
Refined Oils	483,846,000	402,087,000
Iron & Steel-mill procts	199,557,000	176,974,000
Iron & Steel manufs	88,776,000	76,913,000
Copper and manufs	183,005,000	140,158,000
Machinery	562,004,000	620,141,000
Automobile and parts	590,471,000	383,151,000
Chemicals and Related		
Products	145,316,000	145,837,000
Chemicals	77.081.000	81,558,000
Photographic and pro-		
jection goods	22,588,000	35,462,000

PRINCIPAL	1926	53,021	28,097	36,25		
			1927	55,a6x	27,988	36,11
Commodity.	1928-9.	x989-30.	1928	56,116	29.117	36,74
	\$	- S	1929	6x,424	35,027	42,84
Meat products	48,110,000			Junior of		
Dairy produce	33,988,000			ith local s		
Fish	38,225,000			of them sen		
Hides and Skins, raw	131,780,000	129,886,000		Ouly a fe		
Leather and manufs	76,396,000			These fa		ne nor
Furs and manufactures.	131,901,000		mech	reting the	ngures.)	
Vegetables, &c	40,261,000		ł	FARM	LABOUR	(Season:
Fruits and Nuts Cocoa or Cacao Beans	87,592,000			4 435,		1928 .
	43,642,000	39,278,000		5 392,		1920
Coffee	300,200,000	256,541,000		5 392, б 483,		1939 .
Rubber, crude	831,058,000	158,631,000		7 433,		1930 .
Oil Seeds	78,966,000			7 433,	1	
Vegetable Oils	95,821,000		1	CO	MMUNICA	TIONS
Tobacco and manufs	63,238,000				WAYS OF	
Cotton, unmanufactured	56,437,000	53,789,000				
Cotton manufs. & Yarns			Date	a pertaini	ng to Cl	ass I,
Jute and manufactures	100,865,000		Carrie	rs and thei	r non-oper	ating s
Flax, Hemp & manufs	46,804,000		Conite	l Stock act	nellvontet	andings
Wool and Mohair	86,510,000			d Debt act		
Wool manufactures	80,060,000			Railway		
Raw Silk	387,600,000			tanding		
Silk unmanufactured		31,852,000		nds declar		
Sawmill products	55,904,000	47,945,000		st accrued		
Paper base stocks	116,823,000	118,605,000		dividends		
Paper and manufs	157,776,000			ay operation		
Standard newsprint	140,333,000	148,454,000		ay operation		
Petroleum & products .	141,660,000	139,657,000	Numb	er of pas	sengers ca	urried
Diamonds	50,291,000	38,857,000	eart	ning revenu	10	N
Copper and manufa	-33,3,4	143,298,000	Numb	er of tons	carried es	rning
Tin in bars, blocks, &c.	93,229,000	75,886,000	reve	nue		
Chemicals and Related			Numb	er of passe	enger-train	cars
Products	145,798,000	131,752,000	ins	ervice		
Fertilizers			Numb	er of fre	ight-train	Cars
Art Works	75,494,000	73,483,000	'in s	ervice	•••••	,,

# TRADE BY CONTINENTS, 1989-30.

Continent.	From U.S.	Into U.S.
North America South America Europe Occania	\$ 1,241,704,000 436,496,000 2,172,903,000 566,117,000 160,439,000 116,187,000	\$ 879,685,000 556,712,000 1,188,095,000 1,096,510,000 40,188,000 87,673,000
Total	\$4,693,846,000	\$3,848,864,000

# FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

Activities of the U.S. Employment Service, Department of Labour, showing the work done during the fiscal years ending June 30:—

#### ADULT SERVICE.

Year	Regis- trations.	Help Wanted.	Referred.	Placed
1984 1985	2,755,593 2,663,846	2,201,157 1,876,626	a,* 24,6ao 1,873,9a6	1,806,990 1,609,977
1925 1927 1928	2,727,763 2,440,640 2,259,095	2,091,539 1,991,598 1,607,344	2,058,638 1,944,097 1,632,456	1,791,381 1,688,476 1,412,645
1930	2,332,505 2,346,316	1,771,957 1,518,081	1,778,311	I,534,092 I,345,936
1931	2,421,036	1,216,698	1,283,726	1,104,136

#### JUNIOR SERVICE.

Year.	Regis- trations.	Help Wanted.	Referred.	Placed.
1925	72,563	21,846	29,949	22,131
1926	53,021	28,097	36,257	24,734
1927	55,26x	27,988	36,111	24,631
1929	56,116	#9.117	36,741	26,037
	61,424	35,0#7	42,848	31,369

(The Junior offices are conducted in co-opera-(The Julior omces are conducted in co-opera-tion with local agencies, usually public schools. Most of them serve limited groups of boys and girls. Only a few attempt centralised place-ment. These tacts should be borne in mind in interpreting the figures.)

# FARM LABOUR (Seasonal).

1924 425,548	1928 559,571
1925 392,750	1929 611,598
1926 423,112	1930 704,100
1087 433,854	

### COMMUNICATIONS. RAILWAYS OF THE U.S.

Data pertaining to Class I, II. and III.

ł	Carriers and men non-operating subsidiaries;—
Į	1930.
Ì	Canital Stock actually outstanding to over see etc.
1	Funded Debt actually outstanding 12,771,351,391
1	Total Railway capital actually
ı	Total mailway capital acutally
1	outstanding 22,762,888,971
1	Dividends declared 603,150,390
1	
ł	Interest accrued 603,176,946
1	Total dividends and interest x,206,327,336
1	
1	
1	Railway operating expenses 3,093,621,052
1	Number of passengers carried
ı	
1	earning revenue
ı	Number of tons carried earning
Į	
ı	revenue, 2,179,014,863
1	Number of passenger-train cars
ı	
ł	in service, 53,511
ł	Number of freight-train cars

2,337,494

Number	of	units	in	company No.	1930.
Total un	its i	n servi	ce.		107,941 2,498,926

Year.	Miles Operated	Year.	Miles Operated.
1913 1918 1910 1909*	244,084 249,992 254,732 258,033 261,036	1980 1981 1982 1923 1924 1985	263,822 263,544 261,984 262,482 262,158 261,871
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	#63,547 #64,378 #66,031 #66,015 #64,#33 #63,707	1925 1927 1928 1929 1930	261,562 262,091 262,713 262,546

 Since 1908 mileage of switching and terminal companies has been excluded.

# NAVIGABLE STREAMS OF U.S.

Outflow of Streums.	Number of Streams	
Atlantic Ocean	148	5,365
Gulf of Mexico (not includin the Mississippi River) Mississippi River and	. 53 d	5,sis
branches	· 54	13,912
Canada	. 2	3×5
Pacific Ocean	. 38	26,410
	295	26,410

PUBLIO ROADS.—On Dec. 31, 1930, the total length of public roads was 3,009,066 miles, approximately 693,559 miles of which were surfaced roads. In 1930 the total expenditures for highways were approximately \$1,680,493,095.

nighways were approximately \$2,004,93,005.
SHIPPING.—On June 30, 1931, the mercantile marine of the U.S. (vessels of 500 gross tons and over) consisted of 383 sailing vessels of 523,921 gross tons; 1,882 steam and motor vessels of 9,609,536 gross tons, a total of 2,265 vessels of 10,123,437 gross tons. In the year ended June 30, 1932, sailing and steam vessels of 79,584,265 tons entered at the various ports of the U.S.; of this total 29,607,130 tons were American and 49,977,126 tons foreign. The tonnage cleaved from the various seaports was 77,943,285, of which 29,400,684 tons were American and 48,542,201 tons foreign.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.—On June 30, 1930, there were 49,063 post offices in the U.S. handling 37,887,882,94 "pieces" of mail natter, of which amount 27,523,372,000 were domestic and 354,450,374 foreign. The telegraphs and telephones are not operated by the U.S. Government.

#### WEIGHTS, MEASURES AND CURRENCY.

The Weights and Measures in common use are shown on page 490. The Metric System of Weights and Measures is permissive, but is little used. The unit of currency is the dollar of 100 cents. The rate of exchange will be found on p. 478.

#### INDIAN POPULATION.

In 1930 the enumerated and estimated Iudian population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, was 340,541 by blood (Okiahoma containing 121,884, Arizona 47,072, New Mexico 28,113, S. Dakota 23,726, California 19,197, Montana 14,228, North Dakota 10,704, Washington 12,707, and the 38 remaining States less than 20,000 each). Total disbursements authorised

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2932, for Indian Service are \$3,752,400. In addition to this the sum of about \$5,000,000 is to be paid over to the Indians from receipts for oil and other leases, interest on trust funds, &c. The total wealth of U.S. Indians under the nominal control of the Indian Bureau on June 30, 1938, amounted to \$1,726,85,123,000 which \$500,206,386, was tribal, and \$796,708,737 individual.

781

# RECLAMATION.

Commissioner, Elwood Mead, Interior Dept. Building, 19th and F. N.W., Washington, D.C. Employees: Washington Office, 55; Field, 1,500 to 3,000. Expenditure per year about \$10,000,000.

The Burean of Reclamation was organised as a

The Bureau of Reclamation was organised as a bureau of the Interior Department, under the Reclamation Act of June 17, 1902. It is engaged in the investigation, construction and operation of irrigation works in 18 and and semi-arid States of the far West. Twenty-seven projects, comprising about 3,000,000 acres, are under construction or operation, and the major works aid in serving an additional 1,500,000 acres under private canals purchasing stored water from the government reservoirs. The funds for this work have come chiefly from repayments by the water usors, from oil leasing and other mineral operations, and from the sale of public lands. The money expended is returned to the fund by graduated payments of settlers.

The Bureau has built 17,467 miles of canals, ditches and drains (including 165,457 canal structures), involving the excavation of 292,105,859 cubic yards of materials. In connexion with this work there have been contructed 120 storage and diversion dams with an aggregate volume of 36,685,256 cubic yards, including the Arrowock Dam (340 feet high), Idaho, on the Boise River, and the Elephant Butte Dam (305 feet high). New Moxico, on the Rio Grande. The Bureau has built 122 tunnels, 1,451 miles of a transmission lines. It has manufactured over 125 million barrels of cement and sand cement. The construction cost to June 20, 1031, wolding 15 feed 21 feet of 21 feet of 21 feed 22 feet of 21 feet of 22 feet of 22 feet of 23 feet of 24 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 25 feet of 2

June 39, 1931, was \$206,041,522.

Nearly 650,000 persons are living on the 40,324

Arms irrigated by the Bureau, and in the project
towns and cities. Of the 3,000,000 acres above
referred to, 1,504,870 acres were irrigated and
1,550,967 acres were harvested in 1931, producing
crops worth \$65,007,270, or an average of \$2100
per acre. The 1,524,493 acres of additional lands
using stored water yielded crops worth \$54,654,350
more.

Public land farm units on the several projects are opened for settlement from time to time as canals are extended to make irrigation water available. Under present law, soldiers and sailors of all wars have a preference right of 90 days to enter these farms.

Information in regard to farms available for settlement may be obtained by addressing, Commissioner, Bureau of Reclamation Dept. of the Interior, Washington, D.C.

The Bureau issues the "New Reclamation Era,"

The Bureau issues the "New Reclamation Era," an illustrated monthly publication, containing articles of interest to urigation farmers and engineers, and numerous settlement and other booklets. An annual report is also issued, and other publications from time to time, relating to various phases of the work.

An engineering library of about 6.000 manu-

script and printed volumes on the subject of ing required by the various executive departirrigation is maintained in the Washington office of the Bureau. This library contains descriptions of the construction and operation of the projects, with numerous photographs and maps, plans, specifications, cost data and results of original experimental investigations, and is available for consultation by those interested. The bureau also maintains a photographic file of about 40,000 negatives of scenes on the projects from the beginning of construction through the period of settlement and development

#### GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

North Capitol and G Streets, Washington, D.C. The Government Printing Office of the United States was established by Congress in 1860 and has been in continuous operation since that time. The buildings have a floor space of 22 acres, and together with the machinery and equipment which they contain, represent an expenditure of approximately \$10,100,000. The annual cost of operation and maintenance is over \$14,000,000. There are over 4,900 persons annually employed in the various divisions of the office at a total yearly compensation of In addition to doing all of the \$10,000,000. printing and binding ordered for Congress, the office executes all the punting and bind-

ments and independent establishments of the U.S. Government. The office has the largest battery of type-setting machines in the world, including 174 linotype machines, a Ludlows, a material casters, no monotype key-boards and 130 monotype casting machines, which produced about 2,470,000,000 ems of type in fiscal year 1931. The 182 presses of the office are credited with 2,470,000,000 chargeable impressions, not including 212,000,000 on money order forms and 1,485,000,000 on postal cards. During the year the office handled approximately 80,000 separate jobs. In addition to the execution of all kinds of printing and binding, this office produced 11,438,000 square inches of electrotypes and stereotypes, and 731,000 square inches of half-tones and linecuts, supplied blank paper to other Government establishments at a cost of \$633,000, and manufactured its own printing and writing inks, rollers, glue, type and type metal, some of these supplies being furnished to various branches of the Government, It also has one of the largest industrial cafeterias and recreational rooms in the United States.

Public Printer, George H. Carter, Iowa. \$10,000 Deputy Public Printer. John Greene, Mass. 7,500

Production Manager, Elwood S. Moorhead, Pa. ... .

# COTTON REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 1980.

The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture, from the reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, co-operating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture and Agricultural Colleges, makes the following estimate of cotton acreage in cultivation on July 1, 1930.

U.S. Acreage in cultivation compared with last year, 97'3 per cent.

U.S. Acres in cultivation, Total, 45,815,000 aeres.

•	A	10-year		
State.	71	July 1, 1929.		average abandonment
	July 1, 1929 Acres.	Percentage of 1928	Actes.	1920-1929. Per cent.
Windsia.				
Virginia	89,000	IOI	90,000	2.0
South Carolina	1,916,000	90	1,724,000	1.6
Georgia	2,273,coo	97	2,205,000	2.7
Florida	3,818,000 96,000	100	3,818,000	3.6
Missouri	348,000	110		5 2
Tennessee			383,000	4.8
Alabama	1,147,000 3,787,000	107 98	1,227,000 3,652,000	1'7
Mississippi	4,220,000	102	4,314,000	26
Louisiana	2,135,000	97	2,071,000	2.8
Texas	18,229,000	96	17,500,000	3.8
Oklahoma	4,430,000	92	4,076,000	6.7
Arkansas	3,933,000	102	4,012,000	23
New Mexico .	132,000	IOT	133,000	a 10.6
Arizona b	227,000	93	212,000	1.6
California	319,000	86	273,000	1'7
All other	19,000	100	19,000	a 4.6
U.S. Total Lower California	47,067,000	97 3	45,815,000	35
(Old Mexico)c	151,000	67	101,000	, x.3

a Eight year average, 1922 1929. h Including Pima Fgyptian long stuple cotton estimated at 46,000 acres this ear compared with 67,000 acres in cultivation July 1, 1939. c Not included in California figures, nor in United tates total.

# Dependencies of the M.S.A.

#### THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

are situated between 4° 40°-21° 10′ N. lat. and 116° 40°-126° 34′ E. long, and are distant about so miles from the south-east coast of the continent of Asia. Their total land area is 114,400 square miles, of which total land area is 114,400 square miles, of which total langest islands, the 7,075 other islands having a combined area of 11,112 square miles. At the (eusus of 1918 the population was ascertained to be 10,214,310,31most all of Malayan stock, of whom (in 1928) 8,724,955 are Roman (athohe, 4,000,000 are Aglipayan, 200,000 are Protestant, (and 1918) 443,032 are Muhammadan, 508,556 are Pagan, 24,263 are Buddhists, and all others 5,454. Of the foreigneous researches about these-quarters are Chinese, and of the white population over one-half are from the United States (6,931 in 1921).

The Philippine Islands were chscovered in 1521 by the Pottuguese navigator Magellan, who was slain by the natives of Mactai. In 1565 spain midel took the conquest of the Islands, which were named "Filiplinas," after the son of the King of Spain, and in 1571 the city of Manila was founded by the conquistador Legaspi, who subdued the inhabitants of almost all the Islands, their conversion from barbarism and paganism being undertaken by the Augustiman friars in Legaspi's train. In 1762 the capital of the Spainish colony was occupied by a British force, but in 1764 the newly-acquired territory was restored to Spain. In the nineteenth century there were frequent disturbances in the Islands, and at the outbreak of the Spainish-American War of 1898 a rebellion under Agumaldo, a native leader, had just died down. Agumaldo was deported, but on his return his assistance was accepted by Admiral Dewey, the commander of the American Pacific fleet, after the annihilation of the Spainish vessels in Manila Bay on May 1, 1898 Manila was captured by the American troops midel General Wesley Merritt on Aug. 13, 1898, and the Islands were ceded to the Umted States by the Treaty of Paris of Dec. 10, 1898.

On Aug. 21, 1928, the Philippine Scouts, which form a part of the Umted States regular Army, over the states was all for the United States regular Army, over the decided Spafficers and 6 2 cellsted mid. In

On Aug. 21, 1928, the Philippine Scouts, which form a part of the United States regular Army, consisted of 88 officers and 6,239 enlisted men. On the same date the regular Army in the Philippines (other than the scouts) consisted of 512 officers and 3,788 enlisted men, many of these officers being on duty with the scouts The Philippine constabulary, which is under the Philippine Government, in Oct., 1928, consisted of 397 officers and 6,129 enlisted men. All enlisted men in the scouts and constabulary are natives of the Islands, while almost all the constitutions of the Islands, while almost all the constabulary are

matives of the similar, while almost all the constability commissioned personnel are filipinos. In 1927 the income of the Philippine Government was \$33,842,988 and the bonded indebtedness \$74,860,000. The expenditure on education in 1927 amounted to \$13,809,753 for public schools only; the University had an enrolment of 7,533 students, and there were 1,099,306 pupils enrolled in the public schools. The principal exports are sugar, abaca (Manila Hemp), coconut oil, copra, tobacco, embroideries, desiccated coconut, lumber and timber, copra meal and maguey; the imports being cotton and its manufactures, iron and steel and their manufactures, mineral oils, meat and darry products, automobiles and accessories, wheat flour, silk and its manufactures, paper and its manufactures and coal.

Exports to U.S. .... 27,3248,205 Exports to U.S. ..... 128,27,572 Towns.—Capital, Manila, in the island of Luzon; population (1928), 324,522. The next largest towns are Cebit (86,154), Legaspi (32,670), Itolio (67,149), and Zamboauga (47,305); there are several others with populations from 25,000 to

Governor General, Col. Dwight F. Davis, assumed office at Manila, July 8, 1929

#### GUAM

Guam, the largest of the Ladrone or Marianne Islands in the North Pacific Ocean, lies in 12° 25′ N. lat. and 144° 39′ E long., at a distance of about 1,506 miles east of Manila, the capital of the Philippine Islands, and foims a naval station between that dependency and the United States. The area of the island is estimated at 225 square miles, with a population of 20,827, of whom 19,627 are classed as native, 485 of the naval station, and 76 other than native. The natives are of Chamorio stock, mingled with Flipino and Spanish blood. The language is a Malay dialect containing many Spanish words, but English is fast becoming the language of the island

CAPITAL, Agana. Port of entry, Apra.

# WAKE AND MIDWAY ISLANDS.

Wake Island, annexed in 1898, has an area of about x 84. Inite and lies in the N. Pacific about x,000 miles from Hawaii on the direct route to Hong Kong.

Midway Islands, with a total area of 28 sq. miles and a population (1930) of 25, he in the N. Pacific about 1,200 miles from Hawaii The group is administered by the U.S. Navy Dept.

# PORTO RICO.

Porto Rico (Rich Halbour) is an island of the Greater Antilles group in the West Indies, and lies between 17' 56'-18' 30' N lat and 65' 30'-67' 15' W. long, with a total area of 3' 435 square miles and a population of 1,543,073 at the census of 1930. Three fourths of the population are of Spanish devecut and about one fourth coloured. The island is about no most in the sense of 1930. Three fourths of the population are of Spanish devicent and about one fourth coloured. The island is about no most in the south at the western end, marrowing towards the eastern extensity. The capital is 1,400 miles distant from New York, and 98 miles from Key West. Porto Rico was discovered in 1493 by Christopher Columbus. It was explored by Ponce de León in 1509. It continued a Spanish possession until Oct. 18, 1898, when it was ceded to the United States as a result of the Spanish-American War. Sugar is grown in the low-lying districts, and tolacco and coffee on the slopes of the hills; fruits, cotton, maire, sweet potatoes, rice, and yams are also grown. The trade is principally with the U.S. About 344 miles of railroad were in operation in June, 1931, and there are good harbours at San Juan and Ponce. The legislature which consists of elective houses; the Senate, composed of 2 members (a from each of the 7 senatorial districts and 5 senators at large), and the House of Representatives, composed of 39 members (a from

each of the as representative districts and 4 elected at large). The term of the Lexislature is 4 years. The Governor is appointed by the President of the U.S. and holds office at the pleasure of the President. A Supreme Court of 5 members is also appointed by the President. There is a Cabinet composed of 7 heads of Departments, two appointed by the President and five by the Governor. The Governor also appoints all inferior judges. Great improvement has been made in the progress and welfare of the Island made in the progress and welfare of the Island during the present century-the Island is selfsupporting, free public schools are established throughout, a system of good roads reaches every important city and town, public buildings are attractive and well built, health and sanitary measures are in force. The capital, San Juan, had 114,715 inhabitants in 1930, other towns being Ponce (53,430), Mayaguez (37,060), Arecibo (12,863), Bayamon (12,996), and Caguas (19,791).

TUTUILA, AMERICAN SAMOA.

American Samoa consists of the island of Tutuila, Aunuu, Ofu, Olosega, Tau, and Rose Islands, with a total area of about 55 square miles and a population of 10,055 in 1930, distri-buted (1930) as follows:—Tutulia and Aunu'u, 7,809: Th'u, 1,243; Olosega, 4,28, Ofu, 466, Rose Island, uninhabited; and Swain's Island (annexed

May 13, 1925), 99.

Tutuila, the largest of the group, has an area of about 40 square miles and contains a magnificent harbour at Pago Pago, the capital and seat of government. The remaining islands have an area of about 16 square miles. Copra is the only

export of importance.

#### VIRGIN ISLANDS.

The three islands, St. Thomas, St. John, and St. Croix, in the Virgin Island group, West Indies, formerly the possessions of Denmark, were purchased by the United States from Denmark for the sum of \$25,000,000, and proclaimed, January 25, 2027. The total area of the islands is 132 80, miles, with a population in 1330 of 25,012. St. Thomas (25 80, miles) has a population of 25,512. Croix (64 80, miles) has a population of 155, the capital being Christianstad (or Bassin); St. John (20 84, miles) has a population of 755, the capital being Cruz Bay. St. Croix exports sugar; St. Thomas is famous for its bay rum. for its bay rum.

CAPITAL, St. Thomas, contains one of the fluest harbours in the West Indies, accommodating vessels of large draught, and has a large coaling and oil refuelling station. The climate of the Virgin Islands is delightful at all times, and particularly so during the winter months. Governor, Paul M. Pearson.

Government Sec., Boyd J. Brown.

THE PANAMA CANAL

The administrative organisation for the canal is known as "The Panama Canal." Its headquarters are at Balboa Heights, Canal Zone, with the Governor of the Panama Canal (Colonel Harry Burgess, U.S. A.) at its head. The first suggestion for a canal across the

Isthmus of Panama was made by a Spanish engineer in 1530, and surveys were actively engaged upon by various private companies between the years 1885 and 1890. In 1876 a concession for the construction of a canal was granted to a French promotion corporation, which conducted surveys during a period of two years, and reported to an international congress held at Paris in May, 1879, over which Ferdinand

de Lesseps presided. This congress advised the construction of a canal at sea-level, and in 1881 the work was undertaken by the Universal Interoceanic Panama Canal Company, of which de Lesseps was nominal head. The amount of work to be accomplished proved to be greater than was estimated, and resulted in the failure of the company, a receiver being appointed in rass, A new company was formed to carry on the work, and excavation was resumed in zee. This was continued until May 4, zood, when the United States Government took possession of the effects of the French company in Panama.

Congress authorised the President in roos to purchase the effects of the French company for purchase the effects of the French company for \$40,000,000. Meanwhile, a treaty was negotiated with the Government of Colombia for the cession, upon payment of \$50,000,000, of the territory through which the canal was to be constructed. The failure of the Colombian Government to ratify this treaty led to the secession of Panama on November 3, 1903. The new Government was immediately recognized by the United States and a treaty was sixual on the United States, and a treaty was signed on February 26, 1904, in which rights of sovereignty over a strip of land ten miles in width, extending across the Isthmus, were ceded to the United States. The caual is built through the centre of this territory. In 1922 a treaty between Colombia and the U.S. provided for the payment to Colombia of \$25,000,000 in satisfaction of all claims at sing out of the Canal controversy The independence of Panama was recognised by this treaty

Including the purchase of rights, payments to Panama, and construction and operation of the canal and its adjuncts, the total appropriations by Congress to June 30, 1931, were \$532,387,285.
The net revenue from tolls and other revenues (including business operations), to June 30, 1931,

agarregated \$1.51.656,478.
The Canni was opened to commercial traffic Aug. 15, 1924, and was closed from Sept. 18, 1915, to April 15, 1916.

Fiscal Year	No of Transits	Onnal. Net Tona	Cargo Tons.
1915	1,075	3,792,572	4,888,454
1916	758	2,396,162	3,054,114
1917	z,803	5,798,557	7,058,563
1918	<b>3,06</b> 9	6,574,073	7,532,031
1919	2,024	6,124,990	6,916,6a1
1980	2,478	8,546,044	9,374,499
roar	2,892	11,415,876	11,599,214
1922	2,736	11,417,459	10,884,910
1023	3,967	z8,605,786	19,567,875
1924	5,230	26,148,878	26,994,710
1925	4,673	22,855,151	<b>*3,958,836</b>
1926	5,197	24,774,591	26,037,448
1987	5,475	26,227,815	27,748,215
1928	6,456	29,752,637	29,630,709
1929	6,413	29,837,794	30,663,006
1930	6,185	29,980,614	30,030,232
1931	5,527	27,792,146	25,082,800

The canal is fifty statute miles long (44'08 nautical miles), and the channel is from 300 to 2,000 feet wide at bottom. It contains zz locks, and transit from sea to sea occupies zo to za hours (passage through locks 5 hours). The least width is in Culebra Cut, and the greatest in Gatun Lake, where the channel can be made much broader at any time by the cutting down of trees and a small amount of dredging. The water depth when the surface of Gatun Lake is at 8s feet above sea-level varies from 8s feet

ut is 45 feet.	of Gatun Lai		,	Canal, and the amour year ending June 30,	1931 :	CLAN IN VINC INC.
From Ne	w York to Ve Via	trious Po Via	vuu: Via :	No. of Fing. Vessels.	Canal Net Tops	Tolls Paid
	Panania.	Suez.	Cape lown.	U.S.A2,417		\$11,425,999
okohama	9,699	x3,056		Great Britain1,390	7,518,171	6,580,987
	11,364	11,521		Belgium 24	124,377	116,452
long Kong .		11,605				166,782
		12,933	13,162	Chile 42	170,928	17,840
(elbourne	9,943		13,402	Colombia 104	15,526	
ydńc <b>y</b>	9,691 8,522	13,437	a) 14,129	Danish 120	611,380	519,535
Vellington		44,355 (	v) 14,129	Danzig 27	184,928	165,459
olon	1,974	_		France 110	609,915	523,263
alparaiso	4,633 (b)		- 1	(lenmany 369	1,412,256	1,204,084
an Francisco	5,202		- 1	Oreece 8	30,965	20,342
eattle	6,038		–	Italy 67	468,239	404,674
.From $L\iota$	verpool to Va	rious Po	mis:	Japan 193	1,019,832	1,052,413
	(Nautical M	ilos.)		Netherlands 125	578,680	473,269
	Via	via	Via	Norway 363	1,748,728	1,403,922
	Pan unu	Suez.	Cape Town	Panama 36	82,841	60,204
olon	4,548	-		Peru =	7,088	8,565
alparaiso	7,307		- 1	Spain	22,650	22,053
ydney	. 12,38 <u>5</u>	12,201		Sweden 111	528,282	424,984
Vellington.	.r1,096	12,462	13,353	Yugoslavia 12	55,532	48,679
lelbourne	12,519	11,084	12,157	I Up Unite 110 In	33133"	7-,-/9
okohama	12,273	11,636	- !			
laula	. 14,129	9,649		Total 19315,529	27,702,146	\$24,645,456
long Kong .	.13,764	9,743	-	Total 1930 6,185	29,980,614	\$27,076,800
_			-	Total 1929 . 6,413	20.827.704	\$27,076,850 \$27,127,376
(a) 1 ^r u	A Strait of Ma A Strait of Ma:	gellan zz.3	и	Total 19236,456	29,458,634	\$26,944,499
(6) 1.5	A Strait of Mas	zeilan 8 3%	•	10001 1920 . 10,430	-9173-1-34	_ +,514,735
	D	IPLOMA	TIC AND C	ONSULAR SERVIC	E.	
I —BRITISH	REPRESEN	TATIVE	S IN U.S.	Baltmore, Md.—Cor	und, R. Mac	Kenzie Bucha
				" Vice-Consul,	Robert Cha	mbers.
100 Massachus	gets Ave. N.	W. Wash	ington, D.C	Newport News, Va	- Vice-Cons	ul,GeorgePavi
				Voitale la	<i>mu</i> lamest	tuinie
tentiary, His	Excellency f	he Right	Hon.	Richmond, Va -	'ice-Cons., 1	. W Wilmer.
Sir Ronald	Lindsay G	CMG F	CR.	1210-UC	MR14. 15. 15	MILETS.
Sir Tollard	minas, o.		£16,000	Roston, Mans Com	Gen . G. B	Beak.
C.V.O. (1930). Minister, F.	D'A G Ocho	1110 C M	1	Boston, MassCom	s., W H. S.	Bernard.
Minister, r.	DA. G. Caco	ine, c.a.	.1.	Portland, Me -V	James A.	Brannen.
sat Secretary	T. A. SHODE	Tr 35	U Unales	Portland, Me - Vi	ce-Cons . J.	T Mulvenny.
and Secretar	168, U. J. W.	Torr, M.	II. II II. A	Providence, R.I	Vice-Cons .	H. D. C. Dubo
3rd Secretar	iek, It. 31.	Tingine '	п. и. л.	Chicago, Ill - Con	eul.Gen . G	odfrey Hagon
Freese-Pell	meratner.			O.B.K.	J. W. W. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	
Hon. Attach	, R. M. Wat	8011		Van Cone	D M Poss	M S Henders
Commercial	Counsellor, H	I.O Chai	kiey, c.m G.,	Distal Hames	'aan Cunimi'	Colu Thomas
anv				Dreluth, Minn.—I Omaha, Neb.—Vi	Tee Commu,	COMP THOMBS
Commer cial	Secretary (	(Grade I	I.), J H.	Umana, NebVI	ce-cons . M.	А. Дан.
				Detroit, Mach Con	siu, L. C. H	пунек-папевс.
	mmercial S	ecretary.	L. McCoi-	,, ,, 1100	Cons., A H	t. Stone
Honorary C.				Cincinnate, Ohio -	- Vice-Cons.	, Walter Mcle
Honorary Cond	L. Cont D	Macuama	12. R.N.	Olamalana J Ohan	IZ Comp	
Honorary Co		nneer - (	oudr. W. C.	Galveston, Tex Co	ns., Frederi	ck W. Paris.
Honorary Co	Attaché. Eng			L'ace Cons	. Samuel W	Rarnes
Honorary Co mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval	Attache, Bug	,				
Honorary Co mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R.	Attache, Eng			Dallas, Tex - 1'10	e-Consul. H.	N. Dixon.
Monorary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mil. Attac	Attache, Eng N hé, Lieut(		mice Fitz-	Galveston, TexCons, Vice-Cons Dallas, Tex Vice El Paso, Tex V	e-Consul, H. -Cons., R. F.	N. Dixor.
Monorary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac	Attache, Eng N hé, LieutC Day M.C	Col. Ma		El Paso, TexY.	-CORS., R. P	. Owen.
Monorary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mil. Attac maunice	Attache, Eng N hé, LieutC Day, M.C	Col. Ma	utice Fitz-	Houston, TexV	rce-Consul,	G Rees-Hugh
Monorary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mil. Attac maunice	Attache, Eng N hé, LieutC Day, M.C	Col. Ma	utice Fitz-	Houston, Tex.—V.  Houston, Tex.—V.  Port Arthur, Tex.	-Cons., R. F 'scs-Consul, Vice-Cons	G Rees-Hugh L. John Ridge
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Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R Mil. Attac maunce Asst. do , ( Air Attaché Twisleton- Accountant	Attache, Eng., N. hé. Lieut. C Day, M.C Capt. J. T. Go Goup-Cap Wykeham-F (with local	Col. Ma odfrey. otam Ho lennes.	mice Fitz- n. L. J. E.	Houston, Tex.—V. Houston, Tex.—V. Port Arthur, Tex. Honolulu, Hawaii— Vice-Con-	-cons., R. F. 'scs-Consul, -Vice-Cons -Cons., G. H nul. W. H. F	G Rees-Hugh ., John Ridger . Phipps. Saird.
Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac. Asst. Naval Horton, R Mu. Attac maunce Asst. do , Aur Attach Twisleton J. C. Thon	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G., Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local anson, M.B.F.	Col. Ma odfrey. otam Ho lennes.	mice Fitz- n. L. J. E.	Houston, Tex.—V. Houston, Tex.—V. Port Arthur, Tex. Honolulu, Hawaii Vice-Con. Los Angeles, Cal.—(	'scs-Cons., R. F. 'scs-Cons.d, Vice-Cons. -Cons., G. H. mil, W. H. F. Consul, W. !	G Rees-Hugh ., John Ridger . Phipps. Burd. M. Gurney, O.B
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Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R Mul. Attac maurice Asst. do. ( Aur Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Archvist, G.	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local ason, M. B.E. R. Ranken. TSH CONSULA.	Col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. rank of h	mice Fitz- n. L. J. E. Vice-Consul),	El Paso, Tex.—V Houston, Tex.—V Port Arthur, Tex. Honolulu, Hawaii— Vice-Con- Los Angeles, Cal.—( , VConsul	"ves-Consul, -Vice-Consul, -Vice-Cons., -Cons., G. W. H. F. F. Consul, W. I. W. H. Gall G. W. Irvi	G. Rees-Hughe., John Ridger., Phipps. kaird. M. Gurney, O.B. denne, C.B.E.
Honorary C. mick Good Naval Attac. Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac maunice Asst. do , Air Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Archivist, G. BRIT	Attache, Eng. N he, Lieut. Capt. J. T. G. Capt. J. T. G. Wykeham-F (with local capt. B. R. R. R. R. R. Consul (vac.	Col. Ma odfrey. otain Hor iennes. oank of l	utice Fitz- n. L. J. E. Vice-Consul), ks.	Et Paso, Pex.—V Houston, Tex.—V Houston, Tex.—V Port Arthur, Tex. Henolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Consul. VConsul. Pro-Consul.	Vice-Consul, —Vice-Consul, —Vice-Cons., G. H mil, W. H. F Consul, W. I, , W. H. Gall G. W. Irvi d, A. E. Geo	o. Owen. G. Rees-Hughe., John Ridger . Phipps. Surd. M. Gurney, O.B. ienne, C.B.E. ing.
Honovary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac maunice Asst. do., 4 Aur Attach Twisleton- Accumutant J. C. Thor Archivist, G. BRIT Atlanta, Ga—	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local maon, M. B.F. R. Ranken. M.S. Consul. (vac.	col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. oank of l	unice Fitz- u. L. J. E. Vice-Consul), KS.	Et Paso, Pex.—V Houston, Tex.—V Houston, Tex.—V Port Arthur, Tex. Henolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Consul. VConsul. Pro-Consul.	Vice-Consul, —Vice-Consul, —Vice-Cons., G. H mil, W. H. F Consul, W. I, , W. H. Gall G. W. Irvi d, A. E. Geo	o. Owen. G. Rees-Hughe., John Ridger . Phipps. Surd. M. Gurney, O.B. ienne, C.B.E. ing.
Honovary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac maunice Asst. do., 4 Aur Attach Twisleton- Accumutant J. C. Thor Archivist, G. BRIT Atlanta, Ga—	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local maon, M. B.F. R. Ranken. M.S. Consul. (vac.	col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. oank of l	unice Fitz- u. L. J. E. Vice-Consul), KS.	Horston, Tex.—V. Horston, Tex.—V. Port Arthur, Tex. Henolulu, Hawnit—Vice-Com. Los Angeles, Cal.— " V-Consul." " Pro-Const. Douglus, Artz.—I Sau Dieno, Cal.—	Vice-Cons., R. E. Vice-Cons.d., —Vice-Cons. —Cons., G. H. mil, W. H. F. Consul, W. I. G. W. Irvi dl, A. E. Geo Vice-Consul, Vice-Cons.,	G. Rees-Hugh , John Ridger , Phipps. kard. M. Gurney, O.B. lienne, C.B.E. ing. rge. J. A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap.
Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. M. Attac Asst. do , Air Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Archivist, G.	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local maon, M. B.F. R. Ranken. M.S. Consul. (vac.	col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. oank of l	unice Fitz- u. L. J. E. Vice-Consul), KS.	Et Paro, 1ezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- "Vice-Uon. Los Angeles, Cal "V-Consul." "Pro-Const. Douglas, Ariz! San Dreto, Cal "Pru-Coms	.coms., R. Eco.Cons.d., .—Vice-Conscons.d. Hcons.d. W. Hcons.d. W. Hcons.d. W. Hcons.d. W. Irvi d. A. E. Geo .cons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dcons.dc	G. Rees-Hugh., John Ridger. Phipps. Saird. M. Gurney, O.B. E. lenne, C.B. E. long. rge. A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. w.
Honovary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac maunice Asst. do., 4 Aur Attach Twisleton- Accumutant J. C. Thor Archivist, G. BRIT Atlanta, Ga—	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local maon, M. B.F. R. Ranken. M.S. Consul. (vac.	col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. oank of l	unice Fitz-  u. L. J. E.  Vice-Consul),  KS.	Et Paso, TezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Con. Los Angeles, CalI  " Pro-Consu. Douglus, ArizI San Incuo, Cal " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu.	tons., R. Etons., G. HVice-Cons., G. Htons., G. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., Gtons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.	G Rees-Hugh , John Ridger . Phipps. kard. M. Gurney, O.B. lenne, C.B.E. lng. rge. A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. W.
Honovary Comick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R. Mul. Attac maunice Asst. do., 4 Aur Attach Twisleton- Accumutant J. C. Thor Archivist, G. BRIT Atlanta, Ga—	Attache, Eng. N. N. Lieut. C. Day, M.C. Capt. J. T. G. G. Group-Cap. Wykeham-F. (with local maon, M. B.F. R. Ranken. M.S. Consul. (vac.	col. Ma odfrey. otam Hor iennes. oank of l	unice Fitz-  u. L. J. E.  Vice-Consul),  KS.	Et Paso, TezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Con. Los Angeles, CalI  " Pro-Consu. Douglus, ArizI San Incuo, Cal " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu.	tons., R. Etons., G. HVice-Cons., G. Htons., G. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., Gtons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.	G Rees-Hugh , John Ridger . Phipps. kard. M. Gurney, O.B. lenne, C.B.E. lng. rge. A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. W.
Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R Mil. Attac maunce Asst. do , Arr Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Burr Atlanta, Ga Burnswick, Gharleston, Jacksonville	Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A	col. Ma odfrey. tann Honiennes. anth of l Ai: OFFIC aut) Cons., C ns., A. M one., E. P J. J. H	n. L. J. E. Vice-Consul),  KS. yrus P. Orr Ross. ' Ravenel sklow	Et Paso, TezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Con. Los Angeles, CalI  " Pro-Consu. Douglus, ArizI San Incuo, Cal " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu.	tons., R. Etons., G. HVice-Cons., G. Htons., G. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., Gtons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.	G Rees-Hugh , John Ridger . Phipps. kard. M. Gurney, O.B. lenne, C.B.E. lng. rge. A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. W.
Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R Mil. Attac maunce Asst. do , Arr Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Burr Atlanta, Ga Burnswick, Gharleston, Jacksonville	Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A	col. Ma odfrey. tann Honiennes. anth of l Ai: OFFIC aut) Cons., C ns., A. M one., E. P J. J. H	n. L. J. E. Vice-Consul),  KS. yrus P. Orr Ross. ' Ravenel sklow	Et Paso, TezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Con. Los Angeles, CalI  " Pro-Consu. Douglus, ArizI San Incuo, Cal " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu.	tons., R. Etons., G. HVice-Cons., G. Htons., G. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., Gtons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.	G Rees-Hugh., John Ridger., John Ridger. Thipps. Sard. M. Gurney, O.B. Jenne, C.B.E. Jug. Reserved A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. W.
Honorary C mick Good Naval Attac Asst. Naval Horton, R Mil. Attac maunce Asst. do , Arr Attach Twisleton Accountant J. C. Thon Burr Atlanta, Ga Burnswick, Gharleston, Jacksonville	Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and N. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A. Attache, and A	col. Ma odfrey. tann Honiennes. anth of l Ai: OFFIC aut) Cons., C ns., A. M one., E. P J. J. H	n. L. J. E. Vice-Consul),  KS. yrus P. Orr Ross. ' Ravenel sklow	Et Paso, TezV. Honston, TevV. Port Arthur, Tez. Honolulu, Hawaii- Vice-Con. Los Angeles, CalI  " Pro-Consu. Douglus, ArizI San Incuo, Cal " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu. " Pro-Consu.	tons., R. Etons., G. HVice-Cons., G. Htons., G. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., W. Htons., Gtons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.,tons.	G Rees-Hugh., John Ridger., John Ridger. Thipps. Sard. M. Gurney, O.B. Jenne, C.B.E. Jug. Reserved A. Baird, jr. J. A. Heap. W.
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The Salaries and Allowances of Officers of H.M. Diplomatic, Commercial and Consular Services are fixed in accordance with the scale shown below .-

#### Salaries and Allowances.

' Rank.	Salary	Representa- tion Allow- ances.	House Rent Allow- ances
Diplomatic Service	€	₹	£
Counsellors	1,200-1,500	300-1,100	300-585
ant Secretaries	800-1,000		<del>250-4</del> 37
and Secretaries grd Secretaries	300-600	150 650	150-437
Commercial Diplomatic	and		
Commercial Counsellors	I,700	300	250
Commercial Secs., Grade Inans -Gen of Consulates		300	250
Consuls-General	z,800-z,500	300	250
Conniercial Secs GradeI	1 1 000 - 000	,	200
Inspectors and Consuls	1 000-2,000	250	200
Commercial Secs Grade		100	100-200
Vice-Consuls	300-600	50-150	100 200

#### ABYSSINIA or ETHIOPIA.

Emperor, His Imperial Majesty Haili Sellassic I. Ras Makonnen, Governor of Harar); born 1891; crowned as Negus Oct. 1928; proclaimed Emperor April 2, 1930; crowned Nov. 2, 1930.

Crown Prince, H.I.H. Prince Asfa Wosan, eldest son of the Emperor, born July 27, 1926. Minister in London, Bajirond Zellaka. Aguediou. Legation, 83 Elin Park Gardens, S.W. 20.

The area of Abyssinia and its dependencies is estimated at 350,000 square miles, with an estimated population of xo to xx millions, of whom less than one-half are Abysinians and the remainder Gallas, negro tribes on the west and south frontiers, and Danakiis and Somalis on the east. The political neighbours are the Sudan, the Italian colony of Eritrea, French Somaliland, Butish Somaliland, Italian Somaliland, Kenya Colony and the Uganda Protectorate.

Abyssinia is volcanic and mountainous. contains some mineral wealth; iron and coal are not uncommon, and gold is washed in various streams, while mica, platinum, salt, saltpetre, and sulphur are also procurable. The lower country and deep valley gorges are very hot; the higher plateaus are well watered, with a genial climate. In the hotter regions, sugar-cane, cotton, coffee, rubber, &c., flourish; in the middle sone maize, wheat, barley, wild oranges and other fruit trees, tobacco, potatoes, &c., are cultivated; and above 6,000 feet are excellent pastures with some corn cultivation. There are pastures with some corn cultivation. Interest we seasons in the year, a dry winter and a rainy summer from June to September. The chief river is the Blue Nile, issuing from the Tsana lake; the Atbara and many other tributaries of the Nile also have their rise in the Abyasinian highlauds. Horses, mules, donkeys, oxen, goats, and sheep, and camels in the low-

lands, form a large portion of the wealth of the people.

The Abyssinians are Christian (a branch The Abyssinians are Christian (a branch of the Coptic Church), and their nulers claim descent from Menelek, the son of Solomon by the Queen of Sheba. The government is nominally an autocracy, but the Emperor's power does not yet extend throughout the country There is very little popular literature, but education shows signs of progress. In addition to foreign mission schools, there are Abyssinian schools in the country. Of which addition to foreign mission schools, mere are no Abyssinian schools in the country, of which 4 are in Addis Ababa. The potential army numbers between 600,000 and 1,000,000. The principal pursuits are agriculture and cattle breeding, the chief exports being coffee, civet, wax, indes, rubber and gold. The import duty, wax, indes, rubber and gold. except for non-spirituous liquors and for a few except for non-spirituous in a lors and for a con-articles on the free list, is to per cent. ad-valorem; there are certain consumption taxes collected additionally. A railway, which is under French control, links Addis Ababa, the capital, vil Dire Dawa, with Jibuti, 405 miles away. The Government post and telephone administration is under French management, and the Italian Government have a concession that gives them control of a telegraph line from Adds Ababa to Asmara. The principal towns besides Addis Ababa are Dire Dawa, Harar, Goré, Jinma, Debra Markos (the capital of Gojam), Adua (the capital of Tigré), Gondar, Sayo, Aksum, Antalo, Dembecha and Ijnbe. There are ancient architectural remains at Aksum, Gondar, and Ankoher.

CAPITAL, Addis Ababa (population fluctuates, but is ordinarily about 60,000). Harar, in Eastern Abyssinia, has a population of about

45,000. Total imports (about) ......£z,500,000 

BRITISH LEGATION Oriental Secretary, Ph. P. C. Zaphiro, C.M.G. Archivest, M. E. Taylor.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Addis Ababa-Consul, Col. G. Mackereth, M C. Adata Ababa — Consul, Col. G. Mackereth, M. C. Dangila—Consul, Major B. E. Cheesman, O.B.E. Gorei—Consul, Capt. E. N. Erskine, M.C. Harar—Consul, C. H. F. Plowman, O.B.E. Jijiga—Consul, Maj.A.T. Milea, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C. Maji—Consul, Capt. R. C. R. Whalley.

Adis Ababa is 500 miles from Zella, via Harar; letters from London are from so to 24 days in transit to Addis Ababa; train from Jibouti takes 2 days.

takes 3 days.

#### AFGHANISTAN

King of Afghanistan, H.M. Nadir Shah, born 1880, acceded Oct. 16, 1929.

Minister in London, H. E. Sardar Ahmad Ali Khan, 31 Princes Gate, S.W. 1.

Afghanistan lies on the N.W. frontier of India. Estimated area, 245,000 sq. miles, and pop. 5,380.500. It is bounded on the W. by Persia (boundary fixed 1857 and 1904), on the S. by Baluchistan (boundary fixed 1856-7), on the S. by Baluchistan (boundary fixed 1856-7), on the N. by Asiatic Russia (boundary fixed 1856-7), and on the E. by the N.W. Frontier Province (boundary fixed 1853). The northern boundary runs from Zulfikar on the Persian frontier to Kushk, the Russian railway terminus on the Iranch line from Merv, and thence N.E. to the Oxus, which forms the boundary from Khamiab to Lake Victoria, whence the line to the Chinese frontier was fixed by the Pamir agreement of 1853. The IndoAfghan frontier was settled by the Durand agreement of 1853. On this frontier from the Pamirs to the Gomal Pass are many Pathan tribes, who are much influenced by mullalis.

Mountains, chief among which are the Hindii Kush, cover three-fourths of the country, the clevation being generally over 4,000 feet. There are three great river basins, the Oxus, Helmand, and Kabul. The climate is dry, with extreme temperatures. The population is very mixed The Duranis have prodominated since 724-cspecially in Kandahar; next come the Ghilfais (military and commercial) and the Tajika (alonginals, who are cultivators or retail traders). All are Sumi Muhammadans, except the Hazaras and Kizibashes, who belong to the Shitte sect. The national tongue is Pushtu, but Persian is

more universally spoken.

Afghanistan is divided into five major provinces, Kabul, Kandahar, Herat, Turkestan, and vinces, Ramin, Randanar, Herat, Turkestan, and Badakshan (with Qataghan, Kafinitan (now Nuristan), and Wakhan), and four minor provinces, the Eastern, Southern, Farah, and Maimena, which are inder governors, with subordinate nobles and judges, police, and revenue officers. Amir Abdurrahman (1886–1901) established a strong central government, with a vertler civil and multivar or requestion. with a regular civil and inlitary organisation, including offices for public works, posts, police, finance, trade, &c. He first formed a national army, paid and controlled by himself. Con-siderable quantities of niles and artillery have been purchased in Europe and the army now consists of about 35,000 to 40,000 regulars. A small Air Force is maintained. Factories for arms and ammunition, and for various commercial products, have been creeted in Kabul. The Afghan laws are based on the "Shariat," or Islanne law and tribal custom. Recently steps have been taken to develop education, intherto controlled by the mullalis. Two schools under French and German superintendence respectively have been opened and a large number of middle and primary schools in the provinces. Most of the people are industrious cultivators, and the country has become fairly settled, peaceful, and prosperous. There are generally peacetul, and presperous. There are generally two crops a year, one of wheat (the staple food), barley, or lentils, the other of rice, millet, maize, and dal. Afghanistan is rich in fruits. Sheep and transport animals are bred. Silk, woollen, and hair cloths and carpets are manufactured. Salt, silver, copper, coal, iron, lead, rubics, lapiz lazuli, and gold are found. The roads are generally unsuitable for wheeled traffic, but are being improved. Goods are conveyed by pack animals. The chief trade routes to India are the Khyber Pass route, from Kabul to Peshawar (see miles), and the road from Kandahar to

Chaman (70 miles). The Sind-Pishm railway is now completed to the Baluchistan Persian frontier. The evports to India are mainly fruits and nuts, raw wool, skins and ghi; while the imports therefrom are chiefly cotton yarn and piece goods, metals, leather goods, tea, and sugar. There is a large export of wool to Persia and Russia, cotton and silk goods, sugar, &c., being taken in exchange. The annual revenue is unknown, and consists largely of payments in kind. It may amount to \$2,000,000. There are taxes on land, a grazing tax, enstoms duties, stamps, lines, receipts from State lands, monopolies, and factories, and mining royatities.

As the result of a Butish mission to Kabul in 1904-5 the engagements which had existed with the Amir Abdurahman since x880 were renewed by the treaty of March 21, 1905. By the Anglo-Emssian Convention of August, 1907, Russia de-clared Afghanistan outside the Russian sphere of influence. The Amir Habibullah Khan was assassinated on February 20, 1919; his brother, Nasıulla Khan, seized the throne by a coup d'etat and temporarily held the rems of government at Kabul, but the Amn's third son, Amanulla Khan, soon after declared himself, and was recognised as King. Afghan troops crossed the Indian frontier on May 2, 2929, on which the Indian Government took immediate steps to expel them; fighting followed and Dakka was occupied by British troops, but overtures were made by King Amanulla and a treaty of peace was signed in August. By this treaty Afghanistan is left officially free and independent. By treaty of Nov 22, 1927, Great Britain and Afghanistan agreed to respect one another's invernal and external independence; to recognise boundaries then existent, subject to a slight re-adjustment near the Khyber; to receive Legations at London and Kabul and consular officers at Dellu, Calcutta, Karachi, Bombay and Kandahar and Jalalabad respectively. The Afghan Government import free of customs duty such material as is required for the strengthening of their country. The export of goods to British territory from Afghanistan is permitted without payment of customs duty. A Trade Convention was concluded and Afghamstan adhered to the International Postal and Telegraphic Union. In 1929 Amanulla Khan, whose modernist reforms had brought on him the charge of infidelity, was expelled. After a using pation of some months by a local free-booter Kabul was captured (Oct. 1939) by Nadir Shah.

CAPITAI., habul (about 80,000). The chief commercial centre is Kandahar (60,000). Other provincial capitals are Heat (20,000), Mazari-Sharif (46,000), and Khanabad (5,000).

British Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentury, Sir Richard Roy Maconachie, K B.E., C.I.E. (1929).

Counsellor, Maj W. K. Fraser-Tytler, M.C. Military Attacké, Capt. A. E. Farwell.

Surgeon, Maj. H. H. Elliott, M B.E., M.C.

Secretary, Capt. A. E. H. Macann

Ovental Secretary, Khan Sahib Sikander Khan. British Consul at Kandahar, Khan Bahadur Salyyid Siddiq Hassan British Consul at Jelalabad, Mufti Abdul Latif

Khan.

#### ALBANIA.

(Shqipenia.)
King of the Albanians, Zog I, b. 1895; elected
President, Jan. 31, 1925; proclaimed King, Sept. z, zga8.

Prime Minister (Mch. 4, 1930), Pandeli Evangjeli. Minister for Foreign Affairs, Hussem Bey Vrioni.

Minister in London, (vacant)

Legation, 134, Gloucester Terrace, W.z. [Pad.

o644]. Charge d'Affairs, Malik Bey Libohova.

Sec. of Legation, Atlanto Koci.
Consul-General in London, Edwin Cripwell,
119, Finsbury Pavement, E.C. 2 [Met. 8615.] Albania (the former Turkish Province of Scutari and parts of Kossovo and Yanina) lies on the west of the Balkan peninsula of south-eastern Europe, the western boundary being the Adriatic; total area about rx,000 to rs,500 sq. miles; total population (Census of r930) 7,003,r04. The political neighbours are, on the north and east, Yugoslavia, and on the south-east and south, Greece. Albania was declared independent by a National Assembly at Valona, Nov. 28, 1912, and its independence was confirmed by the Treats of London of Dec. 20, 1912 The first Treaty of London of Dec. 20, 1912 The first King of Albania (Prince William of Wied) abandoned the throne in Sept. 1914, having been in power only six months, and during the Great War the country was invaded by troops of the Central Powers and of the Allies, and iemained in a state of anarchy. After the Armistice a National Council at Dunazzo established a provisional government, supported by an Italian military occupation of the country. The independence of the country was realimed and guaranteed by the Supreme Council of the Allies The provisional government was in power until 1920, when a revolt overturned it and set up a new government which remained in power until upset by a further revolution in December, 1924. A new Constitution was proclaimed on Jan ax, A new Constitution was proclaimed on Jan 21, 225, under which Albana became a Republic under a President (elected for 7 years), with a Council of Ministers, a Senate, and a House of elected Representatives. On Sept. 2, 228, the Constituent Assembly proclaimed the country a democratic monarchy and offered the crown to Ahmed Bey Zogu, the President, who assumed the title of Zog I, King of the Albamans; the Senate then ceased to exist, and a High Council of State was formed of 10 members appointed by the King.

The country is very primitive, agriculture and sheep and goat rearing being the principal industries, and olives and olive-oil, grains and tobacco the pinicipal products; but there is some mineral wealth which remains largely undeveloped. A harbour, under construction at Durazzo to accommodate vessels up to 4½ metres draft alongside in all weathers, is expected to be completed in 1932.

Gold Francs.

Estimated Revenue Estimated Expenditure Estimated Debt ;—	1930-31 31,385,003 31,385,000	1931-38 29,097,000 31,533,428
*Italian Economic loan	-	40,000,000
Budget deficit		8.425.488

[•] In Jûly, 1931, the Albanian Government accepted the offer of the Italian Government of annual louis of 20,000,000 Gold Francs, maximum for 10 years, making a total maximum of 200,000,000 Gold Francs, from 1931

1930. 33,288,900 Total Imports..... Total Exports ...... 12,352,063

CAPITAI, Tirana (pop. 30,806); other centres are Scutari (pop. 20,806); Elbasan (pop. 13,796); Gjinokastro (10,836); Berat (pop 10,403); Korytza or Kortcha (pop. 20,787); Durazzo (pop. 9,739); and Valona (pop. 9,206).

BRITISH LEGATION. (Rruga Tomorica, Durazzo.)

British Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Pleni-potentiary and Consul-General, Sir R. Hodgson, 

Air Attaché, Group Capt. T. G. Hetherington,

C.BR. Archivist, F. W. Borman.

Albanian Secretary (local rank), Triphoni Toni.

BRITISH CONSULAR GAFICER.

Durazzo-Vice-Consul (local rank of and Secretaru), Edward H. L. Hadwen. Pro-Consul, F. W. Borman.

#### ANDORRA.

A miniature Republic in the Pyrenees, with an area of 175 sq. miles, and a population of 5,500; it is under the joint suzerainty of France and Spain. There is a Council of Twenty-four, elected by certain of the inhabitants, a judge, and two lay vicars appointed by France and the Spanish Bishop of Urgel.

ARABIA.

Arabia is a peninsula in the south-west of the Asiatic continent, forming the connecting link between Asia and Africa, and lies between 30° 30' -60° E. long. and 12° 45'-34° 50' N. lat. The -60° E. long. and rs° 45'-34° 50' N. lat. The north-western limit is generally taken from Akaba, at the head of the Gulf of Akaba, to a point in the Syrian Desert about 150 miles north-east, and thence northwards to a point about 50 miles due east of Damascus. The re-maining land boundaries are in the form of a house-shoe, encompassing the Syrian Desert, and descending in a south-easterly direction to the the whole of Mesopotamia and the Euphrates Valley. The other boundaries of Arabia are the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden, the Arabian Sea, and the Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman. depending speaking, the peninsula consists of a plateau sloping from south-west to north-east towards the Euphrates Valley, except that the broad south-eastern promontory, which encloses the Persian Gulf, contains a coastal range in the Sultanate of Oman.

The total area is estimated at 1,200,000 sq. miles (of which nearly one-half is occupied by the Syrian, Nafud, and Dahna deserts), and the total population is believed to be about 5,000.000. The various Arab States are shown below:—

THE KINGDOM OF HEJAZ AND NAJD. King of the Hejaz and Najd and its Dependencies (Jan. 11, 1926), H.M. Abdul Aziz İbn Abdul Rahman el Faisal al Saud, G.C.I.E., born 1882.

Minister in London, Sheikh Hafiz Wahba, 42 Raton Place, S.W. r. (Sloane, 3898.) 1st Sec., Mahmood Riyad Zada. and Sec., Youssof Salama.

In the 18th century Najd was an independent State and the stronghold of the Wahabite sect. It subsequently fell under the Turkish yoke, but in 1913 the present King threw off Turkish rule and captured from the Turkish the Province of Hasa. In 1921 he added to his dominions the territories of the Rashid family of Shammar. which he captured by force of arms, and in 1925 completed the conquest of the Hejaz, and accepted the surrender of the greater part of Asi, the whole of which is now part of the Kingdom.

Najd ("Platean") has no definite frontiers, but may be said to extend over about 800,000 square miles of Central Arabia, including the Nafud and Dahna Deseits, and reaches eastward to the Persan Gulf (Hasa). The population is largely nomade and is estimated at x,275,000 Arabs, negroes and half breeds, the majority being Muhammadans of the Wahabite movement. There is little agriculture, but wheat and barley There is little agriculture, but wheat and barley are grown; the principal industry is camel and sheep raising. The exports are woven cloaks, dates, live stock, indes and skins. The capital is Rlyadh, and the principal trading centres are llufuf, on the Persian Gulf littoral (30,005) Shaqra, Analsah, Burada, Hail and Hauta (Central), which have populations of 8,000 to 70,000. The only ports (Persian Gulf) are Qutif and Ojair, which are suitable only for sailing cast. Evadh is a station on the Pleruns' Riyadh is a station on the Pilgrins trans-Arabian caravan route from Hasa to Mecca, and contains a large mosque, the "Westminster Abbey" of the Wahabites.

The Hejaz extends from Asir II S. to Transpordan IN N, and from the Red Sea, the Gulf of Akaba in the W. to the Ill-defined boundaries of Central Arabia. The coastline on the Red Sea is about 800 miles, and the total area is about 112,500 sq. miles, with a population of from 350,000 to 400,000, including many nomad tribes. On the coast are the small ports of El Wedj, Yambo, Rabigh and Jeddah (the chief port of the country and the pilgrins' port), which contains the reputed "tomb of Eve, the mother of mankind"; and inland are many mother of mankind"; and inland are many settlements t'ough which runs the course of the Hejaz Ra..way. The Oans of Khuidar, east of the railway, contains a considerable population, descendants of former negro slaves, with a centie at Kasr el Yahudi. The importance of the Hejaz depends upon the pilgrimages to the holy cities of Medina and Mecca. Medina (Al Medina, "The City"), Sao miles by rail from Damascus, and the present terminus of the Hejaz Railway, has a permanent population of about 20,000, and is celebrated as the bunal place of Muhammad, who died in the city on June 7, 522 (12 Rabin, A.H. 13). The Mosque of the Prophet (500 feet in length and over 300 in breadth) contains the sacred tomb of Muhammad. Mecca, the birthplace of the Prophet, is 55 miles east of the seaport of Jeddah, by road, and about see miles south of Medina, and has a fixed population estimated at 60.000. The city contains the great mosque surrounding the Kaaba, or sacred shrine of the Muhammadan religion, in which is the black stone "given by Gabriel to Abraham," placed in the south-east wall of the Kaaba at auch a height that it may be kissed by the devout pilgrin. Jeddah, the principal pot, has a considerable trade in hides, mother-of-pearl, coffee and carpets. The course of the Heaz Railway runs from Medina in 8, through the Syrian Desert to Damascus and Beirut, and is

connected with the projected Baglidad Railway at Aleppo.

Astr extends, geographically, from a line drawn inland from Lith on the southern limit of Hejaz to the northern boundary of Al Yenen (about lat. 17° 15' N.) and includes the seaboard down to lat. 16° 1 Its breath evtends about 180 miles eastwards to Bishah in the north and to the boundary of the Beni Yam in the south. According to Arabian geographers, Asır is part of Al Yemen. The territory includes the Farsan Islands. The maritime lowland is interspersed with feitile areas near the wadis, which afford pasturage and bear grain. The capital is Sabla. a small inland town.

The total cost to the British Government of the subsidies paid to King Ibn Sand during the years 1917 to 1923 is approximately £542,000. No subsidy was paid before 1917 or after 1923, and the subsidy was given in the first instance in consideration of assistance in the war against Turkey. The later p .yments were made subject to the following conditions

(1) That 1bn Sand reframed, and restrained his adherents from aggressive action against the Hejaz,

adherents from aggressive action against the Heas, knweit, and Iraq (a) That he afforded co-operation in the matter of the Hia (algrimage to Mecca) by maintaining the safety of pilgrim routes to his territory (3) That his consented to be guided generally by the wishes of His Mayesty's Government in regard to lay foreign policy, and to co-operate with them in pro-moting their own policy, which had for its object the minimum of peaceful conditions in Alab countries and the promotion of the economic interests of both builties.

No terms of repayment were anggested.

CAPITAL. Riyadh (pop. 20,000).

But sh Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentury and Consul-General, Sir Andrew Rvan, K.B.K., C.M. G. (1930). Jeddah—Puc-Consuls, C. G. Hope Gill; T. Wikeley, G. W. Furlonge; Munshi Insanullah

Pro Consul, Basil W. Scager.

THE PRINCIPALITY OF KUWAIT.

Ruler, Sheikh Sir Ahmad al-Jabir as-Subah. K C.I E , C S.I , acceded March, 1921.

Knwart (or Kowert) has been semi-independent for many years, and is in treaty relation with British India It extends along the shore of the Persian Gulf from Mesopotamia to Najd (El Hasa). The important harbour and gulf port of Kuwait, the capital (pop. 60,000), is an entrepot for goods for the interior, and for the export of horses, pearls, wool, &c. It was designated as the terminus of the Berlin Constantinople-Baghdad railway as originally projected in 1903.
The trade of Kuwaii (1929 30) was valued at 27, 825 for imports, and £182, 900 for exports.
Buttok Political Agent, Lt. Col H. R. P.

Dickson, C I.E.

THE SULTANATE OF OMAN.

Sultan, H. H. Seyyid Sir Taimur bin Faisal bin Turki, K C I.E., C.S.I., boin 1886, suc Oct. 5, 1913. Oman (area 82,000 sq imles, estimated pop. 550,000) is a Muhammadan State in S E Arabia with a coast-line of about 1,500 miles along the Persian Gulf, the Gulf of Oman, and the Arabian Seafrom El-Katar to Ras Sair. The country, much of which is arid and desert, attains in Jebel Akhdhar an elevation of 10,000 feet. The population is chiefly Arab, but includes also a considerable foreign element—Indians, Persians, Baluchis and Swahili negroes. The Sultan is in treaty relations with, and subsidised by, the Government of India, who have a political agent at his capital. In rgr3, at the end of the reign of the last Sultan, the tribes of the Interior rose in rebellion, and, having elected their own Imam or Spiritual Ruler, have since administered the whole of Oman proper, the efforts of the Sultan to establish his control having been, up to date, unsuccessful. This rebellion has, with the war, interfered with the prosperity of the country. The Sultan is pledged not to cede territory to any Power but the British Government. Muscat has a considerable trade, amounting in 1929-30 to £459,446, and in 1930-31 to £415.275. Dates and dried fish are the chief export, and rice, wheat, coffee, cotton and silk goods the chief imports The capital, Muscat (with the sister town of Matrah), has an estimated population Of 12,600.

Muscat-British Count and Political Agent, Mai. T. C. Fowle, C.B.E., per mensem Rs. 2,300.

#### THE IMAMATE OF YEMEN.

Imam, Yahya Muhammad Hamid-ud-din, born x86q.

Yennen occupies the S.W. corner of Arabia between Asır and the Aden Protectorate, with an estimated area of 74,000 square miles and a population of 3½ millions. I uder Turkish rule, it was divided into the vilayot of Sana, Taiz, and Hodeida, and it extends inland to the borders of the Hadramut. The highlands and central plateau of Yemen, and the highest contral plateau of Yemen, and the highest portions of the maritime range form the most fertile part of Arabia, where wheat, barley, millet, coffee and oats, are extensively grown. The chief port of Yemen is Hoderda which is noted for the export of coffee, shipped from Hodelda to Masawa and Aden, and thence to Europe. The trade from Yemen perhaps exceeds that of the remainder of Arabia. The Iwan is the beed of the Yelli least of the Shah. Imam is the head of the Zeidi sect of the Shah Division of the Muhammadan religion; about half of his subjects are Zeidis, the remainder being Shafais, over whom he rules by force majeure alone. On the withdrawal of the Turks ndgetre aione. On the withdrawai of the Turks from Yemen, the Imam took over occupation of the territory bordering on the Aden Protec-torate populated by the Shafai sect of Sunni Muhamnadans, and also the Thams, or coast lands, from S. of Hodeida to Shelkh Said. Since reso the Imam of Yemen has been gradually encroaching on the Adeu Protectorate, which is populated by tribes of the Shafai sect, but has now been ejected by air action from Aden, in support of the Protectorate tribes. In 1985, the Imam occupied Hodieda, which had been evacuated by the Idrisi, and later took the ports of Midi and Loheiya, together with the intervening country between the highlands and the coast, all of which is populated by Shafai tribes. The rule of the Imam is very unpopular with the Shafais owing to his exactions. so miles to the south of Sani is the town of Dhammar, an ancient seat of learning.

CAPITAL, Sana; population, about 40,000.

#### BAHRAIN.

Ruler, H. E. Sir Isa bin Ali Al Khalifah, K.C.I.E. Heir Apparent and Regent, H. E. Shaikh Hamid bin Isa Al Khalifah, C.S.I.
Financial Adviser, C. Dalrymple Belgrave.
Political Agent, Capt. C. G. Pryor.

Bahrain is the largest of a group of islands (Bahrain, Maharaq, Sitra, Nabi Saleh and some uniuhabited islets) half way up the Persian Gulf near the Arab Coast (El Hasa). Hahrain is the headquarters of extensive pearl fisheries and a distributing centre for the adjacent mainland. Pearls are the principal export, varying in value from z to z millions sterling per annum. The principal imports are rice, cottons, dates, sugar and spices. The people (about zz,coc) are Muhammadans. Bahrain has been in treaty relations with the Government of India since 1820. In 1880 the ruler engaged not to make treatles with any other state and in xgs3 the active control of affairs was handed over to the present regent.

CAPITAL, Manama; population, about 25,000.

#### THE HADRAMUT TRIBES.

The coastal region of Southern Arabia, between Yemen and Aden on the west and Oman on the east, and extending inland (corthwards) to the Dahna Desert, contains a coastal strip of some 550 miles. Parallel with the coast (at a distance of 50 miles from the Arabian Sea) is an extensive plateau inhabited by the Hadharim, an ancient people of Arabian stock (Hadoram was the son of Jokan, Genesis x, 27. There are many settlements on the coast and in the interior, but the latter are being steadily enveloped by the sand of the northern desert. There are sacred shrines near Kasm (Qabr Hud) and Shibam (Qabr Sailth). The eastern districts, known as Mahra and Gara, are very sparsely populated. The estimated area of Hadramut is 82,000 sq. miles, and its Muhammadan population, of independent Arab tribes, is estimated at 150,000. The most important Coastal Chief at 190,000. The most important Coastal Chief is the Sultan of Shehr and Mokalla (H.H. Sultan Omar bin Awadh) who is in treaty relations with Great Britain. Inland, the most important tribe is the Kathiri, whose chief towns are Saiwun and Term. The Kathiri are noted as travellers and traders, and many of them are settled and carry on commerce at Singapore and Java. A long-standing feud between the Kathiri and the Qa'iti (by whom the former were expelled from the coast) was settled by treaty in 1919 on the initiative of the Aden Government. Under this Treaty the Ka'iti Sultan of Mokalla permits access to the port of Mokalla on the part of Kathiri traders. Agriculture and cattle raising are the principal industries, together with the cultivation of dates, indigo and tobacco.

#### TRUCIAL COAST.

The independent tribes on the Pirate Coast. which partly encloses the Persian Gulf from Ras-el-Kheima to Odeid, are bound under treaties with the Government of British India to maintain a maritime truce for the prevention of piracy and slavery, and for the cessation of hostilities at sea. Hence their chiefs are some-times called the "Trucial" chiefs. The British Political Resident in the Persian Gulf is the recognised arbiter and adviser of these tribes, and peace is maintained by the British flag. In rigs these tribes agreed not to enter into relations with, or eeds territory to, any other Power than the British. The trade of the coast ports largely consists in exports of pearls to India vid Lingah and Bahrain.

# ARGENTINE REPUBLIC. (República Argentina.)

*President of the Provisional Government, General José F. Uriburu (assumed office, Sept. 8, 1930).

Min. for Foreign Affairs, (vacant). Interior, Mg. Octavio Pico. Finance, Dr. Enrique Uriburu. Justice and Public Instruc., Dr. Guillermo Rothe. Agriculture, Dr. David Arias. War, General Francisco Medina Marine, Admiral Carlos Dairreaux. Public Works, Dr. Pablo Calatayud.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Señor Dr. Don Manuel Malbran, 30 Grosvenor Gardens, S.W. z.

Counsellor, Señor Pon Carlos Migueus, First Secretary, Senor Dr. Don Pablo Santos

Military Attaché, Col. Avelino J Alvarez. Naval Attache, Capt. Dalmiro Saenz

Air Attache, Senor Don Pedro Zanni

Civil Attachés, Schor Don R. Q Blamey Lafone . Señor Don R C. Quesada ; Señor Don Julián

Commercial Counsellor, Senor Dr. Don Juan E.

Richelet.

Attaché, Señor Don A Soilingo Consul-General, Señor Don Ernesto C. Perez.

7 Gower Street, W C r.
There is a Consulate-General at Dublin, and there are also Consulates at Liverpool, Southampton, Cardiff, Netroastle-upon-Tyne, Netront, and Glasgow; and Vice-Consulates at Aberden, Belfast, Bristol, Hull, Manchester, Maddlesbrough, and Swansea.

Algentina is a wedge-shaped country, occupying the greater portion of the southern part of the South American Continent, and extending from Bolivia to Cape Horn, a total distance of nearly 2,300 miles; its greatest breadth is about 930 miles. It is bounded on the north by Bolivia, on the north-east by Paraguay, Brazil, and Uruguay, on the south-east and south by the Atlantic, and on the west by Chile, from which Republic it is separated by the Cordillera de los Andes. On the west the mountainous Cordilleras, with their plateaus, extend from the northern to the southern boundaries; on the east are the great plains, those in the north are thickly wooded and are known as El Gran Chaco, and further south he the treeless pampas, which together consti-tute La Plata, extending from the Bolivian boundary in the north to the Rio Negro; and south of the Rio Negro are the vast plains of Patagonia. Argentina thus contains a succession of level plains, broken only in Cordoba by the San Luis and Cordoba ranges, in the north-western states by the eastern spurs of the Andes, and in the southern portion of the Pro-vince of Buenos Aires by the Tandil Hills (about vince of Buenos Arres by the Islanda Hink (about 2,000 ft.) and the Sierra Ventana, near Bahia Blanca (about 3,000 ft.). The Parana River, formed by the junction of the Upper Parana with the Paraguay River, flows through the north-eastern states into the Atlantic, and is navigable thronghout its course; the Pilcomayo, Bermejo, and Salado del Norte are also navigable for some distance from their confluence with the Paraua. In the Province of Buenos Aires the Salado del

Samborombon Bay (Atlantic). In the south the Colorado and Rio Negro rise in the extreme west and flow across the pampas into the Atlantic, many similar streams in Patagonia (notably the Chubut and Santa Cruz) traversing the country from the Andes to the Atlantic.

The Republic is composed of 14 provinces and 20 territories, comprising in all about 1,132,000 square miles, with a population of ro,522,035 in roas. Immigration is encouraged, and comes principally from Spain and Italy, but legislation, introduced in 1919, requires intending immigrants to produce certificates of good character and ability to work. In 1929 the immigrants numbered 128,305, and the emigrants numbered 82,805. The climate is moderate. Spanish is

the language of the country.

Government.—The estuary of La Pinta was discovered in 1515 by Juan Diaz de Solis, but it was not until 1514 that Pedio de Mendoza founded Buenos Anes. In 1810 (May 25) Spaulsh rule was defied, and in 1826 (July 9) the Independence of Argentina was declared by the Congress of Theuman. In 1833, after more than thirty years of disturbances and civil wars, the country settled down, and is now a well-governed and progressive Republic. The constitution dates from 1853 (revised 1859) and is modelled on that of the U.S of America, but each province enjoys practically complete antonomy. The executive is in the hands of the President, who selects his Cabinet. The National Congress consists of a Senate of 30 members and of a House of Deputies of 160 members. Members of Congress receive \$18,000 (paper) per annum.

Production —Of the total area about one-third

is sritable for agriculture and cattle raising. The principal productions are wheat, maize, oats, linseed, sigar, wine, wool, hides, cattle, sheep, and horses. There were (1930) 31,974,000 cattle, 43,084,000 sheep, 9,839,000 horses, 523,416 nules (1922), 4,819,835 goats (1925), and 3,764,000 pigs (1930). The exports are made up entirely of pastoral and agricultural products, with the exception of quebracho, copper, manganese, and wolfram. In 1929 the exports of wheat were wolfram. In 1939 the expots of wheat were 6,613,000 metric tous, oats 43,000, casein (1939) 13,700, côtion (1938) 18,500 tous, linseed 1,617,000, maize 5,048,000 metric tons, butter (1930) 23,000 tous, wold (1930) 135,000 tous, sheepskins (1938) 19,400 tous, chilled meat (1930) 355,500 tous, frozen meat (1930) 8,700 tous, frozen mutton and lamb (1930) 8,000 tous. Oil has been found in various patts of the Republic and is worked to a considerable extent in the neighbourhood of Computers Ryselayis in the Purstream Comodoro Rivadavia, in the Department of Escalante. The Argentine State Oilfields produced 5,207,000 hairels in 1930; the output of private companies was approximately 3,702,000 barrels in 1930

Communications,-There were (1930) 23,795 miles of railroad open. The railroads are almost entirely in the hands of British companies, and absorb about £324,000,000 of British capital. Telegraphs about 75,850 miles, mostly Government lines. There are as wireless stations, of which one is reserved for communication between England and the Argentine. There are aeroplane services between Argentine centres. The principal ports are Buenos Aires, Rosario, La Plata, and Bahla Blanca. In 1930, 2,357 vessels (2,826,82a net tour) entered at all ports; of the total, 4,28,682 net tons (43'38 per cent)

were British. Defence -The Navy consists of a super-

Sud flows south-east for some 300 miles into Presidential Election was held in Nov. 1931.

Dreadnought battleships (reconstructed in 1925), 1 old cruiser, 2 destroyer leaders, 4 destoyers, 4 coast defence ships, and auxiliary vessels.

Two light cruisers, 3 destroyer leaders and 3 submarines are being obtained in Enrope.

Strength about 800 officers and 14,000 men. The principal naval base is at Puerto Belgrano, near Bahia Blauca, and there are minor bases at La Plata and Buenos Aires, while a new submarine base is being built at Mar del The naval aviation base is at Puerto Belgrano, with a subsidiary base at Punta Indio. The Army is organised in 5 divisions, and numbers about 1,500 officers and 25,000 men on a peace footing. Each divisions would consist of about 40,000 men on a war footing.

Education .- Primary Education is secular, free and compulsory from the ages of 7 to 14. The scattered population of the country districts constitute a problem in attendance which is being gradually solved Secondary Education is controlled by the National Government in National Colleges, mumbering 5r in 1929, with 17,600 students, average annual fees \$45 (paper); 17,600 students, average animal rees \$45 (paper); in Normal Schools, numbering 86 in 1923, with 30,000 students who pay no fees; and in 60 Special Institutes for Commerce, Arts and Crafts, Mining, Agriculture, &c. There are National Universities at Cordoba, Bisenos Aires, There are National Universities at Cordoba, School, Special Control of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of La Plata, and Incuman, and Faculties at Santa Fé. Rosaria and Parana.

Revenue (Budget) \$733,144,000 \$650,000,000 Expenditure (Budget) 732,744,000 650,000,000

The Argentine Debt

According to official figures the Public Debt at June 30, 1930, stood as follows .-. \$2,842,000,000

Federal (Paper Pesos)
Provincial (Paper Pesos) 1,038,645,220 Municipal (Paper Peson) ..... 279,502,700 1928

Total Imports (gold \$) \$907,000 000 \$861,983,702 952,946,018 Total Exports ,, 1,023,000,000 1929.

...£82,447,000 £56,744,000 Exports to U.K. ,, ... £, 52,447,000 Imports from U.K. ,, .. 29,074,000 25,270,000 CAPITAL, Buenos Aires Pop (1930), 2,116,284 Other large towns are Rosm 10 (452,522), Cordoba (203,334) and La Plata (169,678).

NATIONAL COLOURS: Blue and White (War Flag: 3 horizontal bands, blue, white, blue, with rising sun on white band).

# BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Calle Reconquista 314, Buenos Aires.)

British Ambassador, His Excellency Sir Ronald 

O.B.E., D.S O.

Commercial Counsellor, S. G. Irving.
Commercial Secretary, R. K. Jopson, M.B.R.
Naval Attaché, Capt. E. de F. Reuonf, C.V.O.,

Air Attaché, Wing-Com. R. B. Maycock, O.B.E. Archivist, Edward Lamb.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Buenos Aires-Consul-General, V. H. St. J. Huckin.

" Vice-Consuls, S. H. Gudgeon; R. J. Knov, M.B.E.; A. H. B. Perkins (acting).

Bahia Blanca—Vice-Consul, George H. Walsh., Pro-Consul, Georgard Soetermans. Gallegos—Vice-Consul, Robert Littlejoim. La Plata—Vice-Consul, S. H. Puleston., Pro-Consul, W. Puleston. Mendors—Vice-Consul, James H. Moore.

Menuce-Vice-Consul, Henry C. H. James, Port Midrym—Consul, Henry C. H. James, Rio Grande—Vice-Consul, John Goodall. San Julian—Vice-Consul, W. H. Cowell. Santa Cruz—Vice-Consul, L. A. Harris. Rosano-Consul, J. R. M. Fell.

,, Vice-Consul, Alexander S. Nolan. Santa-Fi-Vice-Consul, R. H. Smiles. Villa Constitucion— Vice-Consul, E. A. Puleston.

#### BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Calle Reconquista, 46, Bnenos Aires. Buenos Aires is 7,260 miles from Southampton; transit, 19 days.

#### ARMENIA. See Russia.

# AUSTRIA.

(Oesterreich.)

President of the Federation (Dec. 6, 1928), Dr. Wilhelm Miklas.

Federal Chancellor (June 20, 1931), Dr. Karl Buresch.

Vice-Chancellor and Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. J. Schober. Justice, J. Schurff.

Education, Dr. Emmerich Czermak.

Finance, Dr. Weidenhoffer.
Agriculture and Forestry, Dr. Dolfuss. Commerce and Communications, Eduard Heinl.

Interior, F. Winkler.
Mulitari Affairs, Karl Vangoin.
Social Weljare, J. Resch.

Minister in London, Baron George Franckenstem, 18 Belgrave Square, S.W. 1.

Counsellor, Baron Lothar Wimmer. Secretary, Count May Attems. Consul-General, Charles D. Seligmann.

Prior to the War the Austrian Empire, joined Prior to the War the Austrian Empire, foined to the Kingdom of Hungary, was the largest Empire, next to Russia, on the continent of Enrope, situated between 45°-55° N. lat. and 9° 30'—26' 20° E long It embaced an area of 240,456 80. miles, and a population (1914) of energy 53,000,000. At the conclusion of the Great War, the territories of Austria comprised an area of 27 275 Supra miles with a resolution an area of 32,175 square miles with a population (1923) of 6,534,481 (estimated Dec. 31, 1927, at

6,678,527).
On June 28, 1914, the assassination of the Austrian Archduke Francis at Sarajevo (Bosnia) was presented to be the outcome of a plot fostered by Serbia, and after negotiations an ultimatum was presented by the Empire to the Serbian Government (July 33), and non-com-pliance with its terms led to the European War of 1914-18. Before the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, the Hungarians, Czechoslovaks, Poles, Jugoslavs and Rumanians had seceded from the "Dual Monarchy," and a Republic of "German Austria" was declared Nov. 12, 1918, the throne being abdicated by the Emperor Karl (Nov. 28,

1918). Under the Treaty of St. Germain (Sept. 10, 1919) the political neighbours of Austria are Germany and Czechoslovakia on the N.; Italy and Yugoslavia on the S.; Switzerland on the W., and Hingary on the E.

Under the new Constitution (Nov., 1980), Austria became a Republican Federation of eight Provinces :-

Province.	Area (sq miles).	Population 2923.
Lower Austria and Vienna Upper Austria Carinthia Styria Salzburg Tyrol Vorarlberg Burgenland (West Hungary)	4,627 3,679 6,320 2,765 4,881	3,346,229 876,074 370,817 978,841 223,02 313,881 139,991 285,605
Total	32,175	6,534,481

Under the Constitution the Bundesrat and Nationalrat were constituted; a government formed, and a President elected; Vienna was later formed into a separate Province. elections resulted in a majority for the Christian Socialists over the Social Democrats, the Pan-Germans coming next in order. In June, zosz, the Ministry resigned in favour of a non-party Government, which gave way (May, 1922) to a Christian Socialist Pan-German Coalition Government under Doctor Selpel (a priest). Elections were held again in October, 1923, March, 1927, and November 1930, and a similar Government was returned on each occasion

Complete religious liberty is one of the funda-mental laws of the new Republic. The prevailing

religion is Roman Catholic.

Defence. - During the War of 1914-18 about 5,000,000, all ranks, were passed into the common Army of Austria-Hungary. The total casualties exceeded 8,500,000, of whom over 700,000 were returned as killed. Under the Treaty of St. Germain the military, naval and air forces were demobilised and reduced to minimum requirements and all warships were surrendered to the Allies, those under construction being broken up Service in the Republican Army is by voluntary enlistment for twelve years.

Education .- Primary education is compulsory and free, the children in attendance at schools numbering about 720,000 in 1927. Secondary education is provided in gymnasia, and real-schools and there are universities at Vienna,

Graz and Innsbruck.

Finance.—The finances of Austria went from bad to worse for four years after the Armistice. owing to heavy deficits and incessant inflation The deficit on the State Budget was estimated in July, 1983, at considerably more than one value of the crown had sunk to about one-fifteen-thousandth of its nominal value, £x being equal to 325,000 crowns (in place of 24'22). The circulation on Sept. 30, 1922, was over two billion crowns. In September and October, 1922, the League of Nations worked out a scheme for the restoration of the Austrian finances within two years under the control of a High Commissioner appointed by the League, the Governments of Great Britain, France, Italy, and Czechoslovakia agreeing to guarantee four-fifths of a loan of 520,000,000 gold crowns (about \$35,000,000) in order to fill the deficit in the Budget during the two years. The guarantees for the remainder were given by other powers

and a short term loan of £3,500,000 was issued in March, 1922. In the following June the big League of Nations loan was successfully floated, nearly one-half in London, about £5,000,000 in New York, and the rest in various continental capitals. The sum actually received amounted to over £26,500,000. About £11,000,000 was used to repay the previous short term loans made in 1922 and 1923. The High Commissioner, Dr. Zimmerman, appointed by the League of Nations to supervise the carrying out of their scheme for the reconstruction of Austria, entered on his office in Dec. 1922. Great progress has been made since in reducing Government expenditure and increasing the revenue. about 79,000 superfluous officials were dismissed or pensioned off by the end of December, 1924, and on the completion of the work of reconstruction Dr. Zimmerman left Vienna in July, 1026. The issue of uncovered bank-notes was stopped on Nov. 18. 1922, and the Austrian crown was stabilised at about Crs. 345,000 = £1. In rgsg a new currency was introduced, the unit being the Austrian schilling (=10,000 paper Crowns), the rate of exchange in Sept., rgsg, being 34.37 sch. = £1 sterling. Since the Armistice (Nov. 11, 1918), the Bitish Government has advanced about £10,000,000 to the Republic. The favourable condition of the Austrian State lasted until 1929, but in 1930 there was a small deficit on working account and in 1931 measures were passed to reduce expenditure and increase revenue

Receipts Current Expenditure	£43,300,000 38,400,000	±43,600,000 44,000,000
Working Surplus	4,900,000	•••
Deficit	•••	400,000
Capital Expenditure	4,200,000	7,200,000

In 1930 and 1931 Austria has been severely affected by the general trade depression which caused an increase in the number of unemployed, a falling off in production and foreign trade, and a decline in the revenue In May 1931 the leading bank, the Oesterreichische Credit Anstalt. got into difficulties and had to be supported by the Government. In order to reheve the strain on the Austrian National Bank, the Bank of England advanced 54,300,000 to the Austrian Government on June 16. In August 1931 the Austrian Government applied to the League of Nations to make an enquiry into its situation, and experts were sent.

Total Imports ...... £95,960,000 £79,283,000 63,930,000 54,574,009 Total Exports ....... Imports from U. K. 54,574,009 2,708,000 3,450,000 2,950,000 Exports to U. K. ... 2,820,000

Communications—In Sept, 1919, there were about 4,140 nulles of railway (exclusive of narrow guge lines). The mercantile marine was considerable in 1914, but the new Republic is land-locked.

Industries -The principal industry is agriculture, the chief products being wheat, barley, stock raising are important. The focests are principally comfronts trees. The live-stock includes horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, and goats. The vine is extensively cultivated. The most important mineral production is that of iron ore, magnesite, and salt; there are also lead, zinc, copper, common and brown coal, and graphite. The principal manufactures are woollens, cottons, steel, wood-work, brewing, and machinery. CAPITAL, Vienna, on the River Danube. Pop. (1993) 1,865,780; other large towns are Grac (125,706), Linz (102,081), and Innsbruck (26,401). FLAG: Three horizontal bands, red, white, red.

BRITISH LEGATION. £4,500

set Secretary, R. H. Hadow, M.C. 3rd Secretary, W. G. Hayter. Commercial Secretary (Grade II), O S. Phill-

potts, C.M.G., O.B E. Military Attaché, Lt.-Col. F. N. Mason-Mac-

Farlane M.C. Chaplain, Rev. R. F. Moody, M.A. Archivist and Pro-Consul, G. B. Taylor.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Vienna—Consul, H. C. Dick, M. B. K.
Pro-Consul, Frank Walker.
BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Kärntnerstrasse 41, Vienna I.
Vienna is distant 955 miles from London BELGIUM

RELGIUM.

(Royaume de Belgique.)

King of the Belgians, Albert, born April 8, 1875;
succeeded his uncle, Leopold II., Dec. 17, 1909;
mar. Oct., 1900, the Duchess Elizabeth of
Bavaria, and has issue two sous, (1) the Heir
Apparent; (2) Charles Theodors, b. Oct. 20,
1903; and a daughter, Marie-José, b. Aug. 4,
1906; married (Jan. 8, 1930) the Crown Prince
Humbert of Mais. Humbert of Italy

Heir Apparent, H.R.H. Prince Loopold, Duke of Brabant, born Nov. 3, 1901; married, Nov. 10, 1906, H.R.H. Princess Astrid of Sweden; and has issue a daughter, born Oct. xx, x027, and a son (Prince Baudouin), born Sept. 7, 1930.

MINISTRY. (June, 1931.)
Premier and Minister of Interor, M. Jules
Renkin (Catholic).
Foreign Affairs, M. Paul Hymans (Liberal).
Agriculture, M. J. van Dievoet (Catholic).
Justice, M. F. Cocq (Laberal).
Science and Arts. M. R. Petitjenn (Liberal).
France Report Maurice Houtert (Catholic).

Finance, Baron Maurice Houtart (Catholic).
Public Works, M. J. A. C. van Caeneghem

(Catholic).
Industry, Labour and Social Welfare, M. Heyman (Catholic Democrat).

Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones, M. F. Bovesse

(Liberal

National Defence, M. L. Dens (Liberal) Transport, M. Ph. van Isacker (Catholic).

Ambassador in London, Baron E. de Cartier de Marchienne, Chancery, 103 Eaton Sq., S.W.r. Passport Office, 10 Belgrave Place, S W.r. Counsellor, Robert Silvercruys

1st Secretaries, H. Borel de Bitche; M. Edouard Ullens de Schooten.

and Secretary, P. A. Forthomme.

Military Attache, Lieut.-Col. H. G. Nerincx.

Assist. do., Capitaine-Commandant Hemeleers-Shenley.

Air Attaché, Capt Chevalier Willy Coppens, D.S.O., M.C.

Commercial Attaché, M. C. Bastin.

Assistant do. and Consul, M. A. de Clerco Chancellors, M. F. G. Lockem; A. Bomhals,

A Kingdom of Central Europe, with a total area (1927) of 17.750 square miles and a population. Dec. 31, 1930 (including Eupen and lation, Dec. 31, 1930 (including Eupen and killed before Jan. 1, 1930 (including Eupen and mothers) (widows or inothers of civilians shot the Malmedy) of 8,129,824. Belgium is bounded mothers; widows or inothers of civilians shot the

on the N. by the Kingdom of the Nether-lands, on the S. by France, on the E. by Ger-nany and Luxemburg, and on the W. by the North Sea. The kingdom formed part of the "Low Countries" (Netherlands) from 1815 until Oct. 14, 1830, when a National Congress pro-claimed its independence, and on June 4, 1831, Prince Leopold of Coburg was chosen hereditary king. The separation from the Netherlands and the neutrality and inviolability of Belgium were guaranteed by a Conference of the European Powers, and by the Treaty of London (April 19, 1839), the famous "Scrap of Paper," signed by Austria, France, Great Britain, Prussis, The Netherlands, and Russis. On Aug. 2, 224, the Germans invaded Belgium and ultimately over-came the resistance of the fortresses and overran almost the whole country. In revenge for the heroism of its defenders the Germans sacked and destroyed many cities, burning Louvain (with its library), Termonde, and other places, and established a reign of terror. They levied a war contribution on Belgium of close on £x00,000,000, apart from enormous fines on localities, firms, and private persons. On Friday, Nov. 15, 1018, at the great turn of the tide, Antwerp was reoccupied by the victorious Belgian army, and Brussels and the remainder of Belgian soil a few days later. About 10,000 persons were added in 1919 by the cession of Moreanet and part of Malmedy by Germany, and the district of Eupen, with the remainder of the district of Malmedy, were ceded by Germany and annexed by Belgum (Sept. so, 1920) after a plebiscite, thus adding a further 50,000 to the inhabitants.

miniotiants.
French and Flemish are the joint official languages, but while French is the language of the upper classes, Flemish is spoken by the majority, preponderating in Flanders, Limburg, and Babant, including Antwerp. Nearly all the inhabitants are, at least nominally, Roman

Belgium has a frontier of 831 miles, and a seaboard of 4s miles. The Meuse and its tributary the Sambre divide it into two distinct regions, that in the west being generally level and fertile, whilst the table-land of the Ardennes, in the east, has for the most part a poor soil. The "polders" near the coast, which are protected by dikes against floods, cover an area of 193 sq. miles. The highest hill, Baraque Michel, rises to a height of 2,230 feet, but the mean elevation of the whole country does not exceed 536 feet. The principal rivers are the Schelde (Escant) and the Mass (Meuse). Brussels has a mean temperature of 5° F. (summer 65°, winter 37°). GOVERNMENT.—The constitution jointly vest the legislative power in the King, the Senate, and the Chamber of Representatives. The 194 senators with the execution of sealered by

senators (with the exception of 40 elected by the provincial councils and 20 elected by the senators themselves) and 287 representatives are elected by the people, the former for eight, the latter for four years Universal male suffrage, with plural voting up to three votes by property and educational qualifications, was introduced by the Electoral Law of 1894, proportional representation being secured by an Act of 1900. In April, 1919, the Belgian Parliament decided as an emergency measure to hold 2019 elections on a "one man one vote" basis for Senate and Chamber. (Unmarried widows of soldiers enemy; women imprisoned by enemy for patriotic acts, also voted.) This Parliament, anomalous, and unconstitutionally elected, was required to make constitutional the machinery by which it was elected; i.e., to revise article 47 of the Constitution. This was revise article 47 of the Constitution. In swins done (Feb 7, 1921) and a new Chamber was elected in 1925. The present Chamber (elected in May, 1925), consists of 7, 'tatholics, a8 Liberals, 70 Socialists, 11 Frontists (extreme Flemish Nationalists), and 1 Communist. Deputies receive 42,000 france a year and a free pass over the railways. There are in addition representative Provincial and Communist Provincial and Communal representative Councils, elected on a somewhat more liberal

PRODUCTION.—Agriculture and forestry are important industries, the chief crops being oats, rye, wheat, potatoes, bailey and sugar-leet Under Annex IV. of the Treaty of Versailles Germany undertook to deliver to Belgium certain livestock to replace the animals seized or destroyed during the War of x914-x918. Belgium is essentially a manufacturing country, and it is largely dependent upon foreign supplies for its food. The mineral kingdom yields coal, iron, zinc, lead, and copper. The leading industries are colli-eries, quarries, and metallurgic (Mons, Charlero), eries, quarties, and mecanurgic (atons, onarietos, Liège, Namur, Hannaut, Brabant, and Limbourg), glass, textiles (Ghent and Vervicis), lace (Brussels, Mechlin, Bruges, &c., flour and starch mills, sugar, distilleres, breweries, &c.

DEFENCE,—In 1928 a new Recruiting Law was

passed, entailing compulsory service for an average of 12 months, including rappels. The annual contingent is fixed at 44,000, and the Army consists of a Field Army of 3 Corps, each of a Divisions, and 1 Cavalry Corps of a Divisions. EDUCATION.—Schools are maintained by com-

munal taxation, with provincial and State grants, while many are under ecclesiastical control. Roman Catholic largely predominating. There are 134 State high schools, including 44 for guls, and numerous private institutions. Special schools abound. The Universities of Gheut and Liège are maintained by the State; those of Brussels and Louvain are free institutions Louvain University has been rebuilt After considerable opposition, and by way of a compromise, Ghent University, which had hitherto transacted its business and given its teaching in French, was in 1923 made bi-lingual, many Flemish lectures being substituted for French, and Flemish becoming the official language of the University.

Revenue (1929) ......Francs 13,776,198,446 

Total ..... .. . . . . . ...51,699,329,719 Internal floating...... . . . . x,042,480,000

Total ......52,741,809,719 Imports (1930) ... ......France31,041,317,000 Exports (1930) .. .... Imports from U K (1930) ... 26,340,400,000

francs), manufactured articles (15,995,266,000) and foodstuffs and beverages (1,932,952,000) and live animals (152,642,000).

COMMUNICATIONS.—In 1929 there were 4,800 kilometres of State railways (normal gauge) and 5,137 kilometres of narrow gauge. In 1929 there were 48,000 kilometres of telegraph wire. The navigable rivers and canals have a wire. The navigable rivers and canals have a length of x,syx nules (xsys), and there are 6,xy7 miles of roads. Most of the maritime trade of Belgium is carried on in foreign bottoms, the mercantile marine consisting (xsys) of x60 vessels (xso,310 tons), in addition to which there were xsx sishing boats in xsyo, x8,4x3 vessels entered at Belgian ports (tounage xs,xx3,7yx). The principal port and commercial enterpot is Antwerp, on the Raver Scheldt. Other ports are Ostend, Glent, Bruges, Nicuport, Blankenburg and Zeebrugge (blocked by the Blankenburg and Zeebrugge (blocked by the British Fleet April 23, 1918, and since repend for traffic). The vexed question of the Scheldt, of waich the right bank is in Netherlands training and the scheldt. Netherlands territory and the left in Belgium, appears likely to be settled by negotiation between the respective Governments. navigation is to be free to both countries, from the mouth to Antwerp, and the Netherlands war vessels are to be removed from the river.

The Capital, BRUSSELS, had a population (Dec 3x, x930) of 885,924 (with suburbs). Other towns with over x00,000 inhabitants are Antwerp, the chief port (451,334), Ghent (808,539), which has large cotton and flax spinning mills, and is the second port of importance after Antwerp, while its flower shows are famous; and Liège (169,566) the centre of the iron industry. Brussels

FLAG: 3 vertical bands, black, yellow, red.
BRITISH EMBASSY, 2, Rue de Spa, Brussels. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipo-

tentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. the Earl Granville, G.C v.o., K.C.M.G.

M.C. Air Attaché, Group-Capt. R. J. Bone, C B.E.,

Archivists, C. F. O. Gibson; A S. Davidson. Asst. to Comm. Sec., W. Harpham BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Antwerp-Consul-Gen, H. Tom, C.M.G., M.B.R., Vice-Cons., Leonard H. Leach; H. W. Reid-Brown ; F. B. A. Rundall (acting); L. A. L. Siffre (acting); Alfred Caris, M.B.E. Pro-Consul, A. J. Janssens.

Brussels—Vice-Consul, J. Bowering; Capt.
S. L. Robertson (actua).
Pro-Consul, Col. C. O. Murphy.
Ghent—Vice-Consul, E. J. Gorst, M.C. Pro-Consul, Edgar Ide.

Ostend-Vice-Consul, R. R. Templer. Pro-Consul, Alfred B. Golder.

#### THE BELGIAN CONGO.

Governor-General, His Excellency Lieutenant-

General Auguste Constant Tilkens. The Independent State of the Congo, founded in 1885, became a Belgian Colony on Nov. 15, 1908. Situated between long. 12°-31° E. and lat. 5° N.-13° S, the colony comprises an area of 909,654 similes, with a native population estimated (1918) at 10,000,000. The total European population (Jan., 1930) was 25,679, of whom 17,676 were Belgians, 1,392 were British, 1582 Portuguese, 1,490 Italians, 717 French, 695 Greeks, 544 Americans, 315 Swiss, 350 Dutch, and 918 others of various nationalities.

The Congo River is navigable for large vessels from its mouth at Banana to Matadi (95 miles), where the European steamers discharge and recharge their cargo; but between that place and Leopoldville, on Stanley Pool, there occur rapids and falls which have been avoided by a railroad 249 miles in length. A narrow-gauge line runs from Boma to Tchela in the Mayumbe (86 miles). Above Leopoldville the river and its numerous affluents are navigable by steamer for about 7,000 miles, the falls on the Upper River being avoided by a metre-gauge line from Stanleyville to Ponthierville (78 miles) and another from Kindu to Kongolo (325 kilometres). Another line from Kabalo to Albetville on Lake Tanganyika (170 miles) connects the West Coast of Africa with British East Africa and the East Coast. The Katanga-Bukama Railway (446 miles) links up the Rhodesian Railway system with the steamers bying on the Univer Coayes River conjecting plying on the Upper Congo River, connecting with both the East and the West Coast. The Bukama-Port-Franqui Railway (702 miles) commenced in 1923 and opened in 1938 makes it possible to travel by train direct from Cape Town to the river Kasai, a distance of 3,400 miles. This new route plays an important part in the export of copper from the Katanga mines, in the expot of copper from the Ratanga mines, its possibilities being limited only by the capacity of the Port of Matadi. Other railways are Kindu-Kongola (223 miles), Aket-Bondo (95 miles), Charlesville-Makumbi (56 miles) and Manono-Mayumba (22 miles), making a total for mannon-nayimit (3s innes), making a total or the Colony of s, rrs miles. A new huc has been completed from Katanga to join the recently completed Benguela Railway in Portuguese Angola, and work has been started on a line from Stanleyville to Lake Albert which will provide the last link to direct river and rail communication between the Cape and Cairo. Regular air services are established from Boma to Leopoldville, Luebo and Elisabethville, from Luebo to Kabalo and from Leopoldville to Coquilhatville. Motor roads total over 6,250 The most important motor road is the Route Royale Congo- Ail (563 miles from Djamba, on the Rubi, to Redjar, on the Nile. Another uns from Bukama (vvi Kanda-Kanda and Luebo) to Djoko-Punda, on the Kasaı (625 miles). A complete system of telegraphic communication has been established throughout the Colony and is connected with the international system.

The West Coast District has rather scanty rain (40 inches), but on the Mayumbe Hills and in the whole interior the rainfall averages between 60 and 80 inches, and the country is very fertile and productive. Sleeping sickness, once very mevalent and destructive, is now decreasing. Extensive forests cover the central districts; oil palms are plentiful everywhere, and supply

an ever-increasing trade in palm-oil and palm-kernels. Cotton, cocoa, rubber and coffee are successfully planted. The Colony is rich in minerals. Extensive radium deposits exist in the Katanga which has also enormous deposits of copper, and the smelters at the Lubumbashi produce about 10,000 tons mouthly (1925). Bukama is the centre of an extensive tin-belt, and alluvial and reef gold are found in the North-eastern Congo. Diamond-bearing gravels are worked in the south. The chief exports are palm-kernels the south. The chief exports are paint-kerners and palm-oil, ectton, cocoa, gum-copal, rubber, ivory, copper, gold, tin, radium, and diamonds. Capital, Leopoldville (pop. 2,765 whites). Principal towns, Boma (pop 420 whites); Elasabethville (Katanga) (pop. 3,084 whites); Stanleyville, Eastern Province (752 whites); Coquilhatville (406 whites).

Revenue	Fr	ance	19 <b>29.</b> 593,107,071
Expenditure Debt	• ••		547,559,734 ,769,428,384
mports			,709,420,304 ,206,140,563
Exports		I.	444,266,477
Exports to U.K.	••••	٠٠.	•••

Ruanda and Urundi (ceded July, 1919) formed the NW. corner of German East Africa from 5' S. lat to the S borders of (British) Uganda and have an area of about 15,000 square miles, with an estimated population of 3,000,000. They lie W. of the Victoria Nyanza and N.E. of Lake Tanganyika, through which are their respective outlets. The soil is poor, and the only exports are live-stock and hides. The administrative capitals are Niauza (Ruanda) and Kitega (liundi), the commercial capitals being Kigali (Ruanda) and Usumbura (Urundi).

Leopoldville-Consul, Henry Kelsall.

Vice-Con., J. B. Campbell. Elisabethville—Vice-Consul, H. G. Willis,
Pio-Consul, C.W.von Hirshberg. Stanleyville- Vice-Consul, Reginald Dovey.

#### BHUTAN.

See "Countries within the Indian Sphere of Influence" (p. 679).

# BOKHARA. See Russia. BOLIVIA (República Boliviana,)

President, Dr Daniel Salamanca (assumed office, March 4, 1931) Vice - President, Schor José Luis Tejada Sorzano.

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipoten-trary in London, Schor Don Carlos Victor Arannayo, 16 Glosvenor Place, W. z. xst Secretary, Schor Don Mamerto Urriolagoitia. Secretary (Specially Attached), Schor Don Eduado Aramayo

Endario Aramayo Frinancia! Counsellor, Señor Carlos Navarro Military Attache, Col. Meliton Brito. Attache, Pastor Llobet.

Consul-General, Senor Don Mamerto Urriolagoitia, 16 Grosvenor Place, W. 1

The Republic of Bolivia extends between lat. The Republic of Bolivia extends between lat. 8° and 23° S. and long 57° 30° and 73° W., and its area is officially estimated at 594,460 square miles (other estimates giving an area of 708,125 square nules), with an estimated population of 2.911,283. The Republic derives its name from its liberator, Simon Bolivar (born 1783, died 1830).

The chief topographical feature is the great central plateau (6,500 square miles) over 500 miles in length, at an average altitude of z2,000 feet above sea level, between the two great clains of the Andes, which traverse the country from south to north, and contain, in Illampu (Sorata), and Illimani, two of the highest peaks of the western hemisphere. The total length of the navigable streams is about 12,000 miles, the principal rivers being the Itenes, Beni, Mamoré, and Madre de Dios.

Mining and agriculture are the principal in-dustries, the mineral productions being very valuable. The ancient silver mines of Potosi are now worked only for tin, but gold, partly dug and partly washed, is obtained on the Easten Cordillera of the Andes; the tin output is, after that of the Straits Settlements, the largest in the world, while copper, antimony, wolfram, bismuth, salt, and sulphur are also found. Its agricultural produce consists chiefly of rice, barley, oats, maize, cotton, coca, indigo, indirubber, cacao, potatoes, cinchonia bals, medicala herbs, &c. Manufactures are in a very undeveloped state. The principal exports are tin and silver ores, crude rubber, copper ores, bismuth, lead ores, wolfram, wool, coca, hides, and antimony; the chief imports are iron and steel products, textiles, machinery, sugar, flour, and coal. There are (1999) 1,374 miles of railways in operation, and the construction of a line from Cochabamba to Santa Cruz, in two sections of 115 and 110 miles Cruz, in two sections of xxx and xxo miles respectively is m the preliminary stages. There are 4,000 miles of telegraph wire, and wireless services between Euberalta, La Paz. Cobija, Capitandi (Chaco). There is direct railway communication to the sea at Antofagasta (a days), Anea (x day), and Mollendo (a days), and also to Buenos Aires (3½ days); branch lines run from Oruro to Cochabaniba, and from Rio Mulato to Potosi. Construction on the railway between La Quiaca (on the Argentine frontier) and Atocha (in Bolivia) is now compensation. frontier) and Atocha (in Bolivia) is now com-pleted. There is through railway communica-tion with Buenos Aires from La Paz. Communication with Peru is effected by rail to Gnaqui and thence by steamer across Lake Titrcaca to the railroad at Puno. The principal line is the Antofaçasia and Rolivia railroad (729 miles), and a line from La Paz to the province of Yungas (the first section of which is open) may eventually connect with the steamers on the rivers Beni, Mamoré, and other tributaries. A line from Potosi to Sucre, the legal capital, is under construction, and trains run to Betanzos.

Bolivia is without a sea-coast, having been deprived of the ports of Tocopilla, Colnja, Mejillones, and Antofagasta by the "Pacific War" of 1879-1882 (see Chile). The Peace Aimy amounts to about 5,000, all ranks, the War Effective being about 105 000.

Estimated revenue (1931) ... ... Bs.28,544,166 31,644,309 Estimated expenditure (1931) .. .. Public debt (Dec. 31, 1930) ..... ... 211,210,503 107,305,247 Exports (1930) . .... .. £350,000 £3,380,000 Exports to U.K. (1930) .....

Spanish is the language of the country.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, La Paz. Pop. (1930) 146,930 Other large centres are Cochabamba (39,818),

Potosi (29,977), Santa Cruz (25,807), Sucre (29,000), Tarija (12,755), and Oruro (32,369).

NATIONAL COLOURS: Red, yellow, green.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(70z, Avenida Arce, La Paz.) Enroy Extraordinary and Min. Plen. and Con-

sul-General, Richard Lysle Nosworthy (1931) .... £2,750

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

La Paz-Vice-Consul, H. A. Hobson, M.B.E. Cochabamba - Vice-Consul, Thomas O'Connor. Ormo-Consul, Thomas Hooper. Potos: - Vice-Consul, John Davidson. Sucre-Consul, Ernest F. Moore.

Sucre, 8,386 miles from London; transit, vid Buenos Aires, 28 (vid New York 35 to 40) days.

#### BRAZIL.

# (Estados Unidos do Brazil.)

Chief of the Provisional Government, Dr. Getulio Doi nelles Vargas, assumed office Nov. 3, 1930.

#### MINISTRY.

Foreign Affairs, Dr. Afranio de Mello Franco. Justice de Interior, Dr. Oswaldo Aranha. Communications de Public Works, Dr. José

Americo de Almeida. Agriculture, Dr. J. Francisco de Assis Biasil. War, Gen. J. F. Leite de Castro. Marine, Real-Ad. Protogenes Peteira Guimarães. Finance, Dr. José Maria Whitaker. Education and Public Health, Dr. Belisario Penna.

Labour, Dr Lindolpho Collor.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Senhor Raul Régis de Oliveira, G B E.

Offices of Embassy, 19 Upper Brook Street, W.1 Counsellor, Senhor Carlos Taylor Jud Seretary, Senhor Decio de Monra Special Attache, Eng. Com. Natal Arnaud. Consul-General in London, Senhor Ayres de Maya Monteno, Aldwych Honse, Aldwych,

W.C. 2. Consul-General in Larerpool, Senhor Luiz de

Faro Brazil, the most extensive State of South America, discovered in 1500 by Pedro Alvares Cabral, Portuguese navigator, is bounded on the north by the Atlantic Ocean, the Guinnas, Colombia and Venezuela; on the west by Peru, Commin and venezuers; on the west by Perri, Bohrvia, Paragriay, and Argentina; on the south by Uruguay, and on the east by the Atlantic Ocean; and extends between lat. 5° zo' N. and 33° 45'S. and long. 34° 45' and 73° 59' zz' W., being 2,32 unles from north to south, and 2,321 from west to east; with a coast-line on the Atlantic of 3,577 miles The Republic comprises an area of 3,358,870 square miles, with a population (('cusus 1920) of 30,635,605, estimated at 30.103,856 in 1928

The northern States of Amazonas and Para are manuly wide, low-lying, forest-clad plains. The central state of the Matto Grosso is principally plateau land and the eastern and southern States are traversed by successive mountain ranges interspersed with fertile valleys. In the extreme south, towards the interior, the land rases by gentle gradations to the height of a,ooo to 5,000 feet above sea level. The principal ranges are Serra do Mar in São Paulo, the Serra

Geral (Caparao 9,393 feet) between Minas Geraes and Espirito Santo, the Serra do Mantiqueira (Itatiaya, 9,63 feet), and the Serra do Espirihaço (Itacolumi, 5,748 feet), in the south-east of Minas Geraes; the Serra do Paranán, between Goyaz and Minas Geraes, the Serra dos Aymores, which divide Espirito Santo from Minas Geraes; and the Serra da Gayyucia, Branica and Ararips, which envelop Plauhy.

Brazil is unequalled for its rivers. The River

Brail is unequalled for its rivers. The RiverAmazon has tributaries which are themselves
great rivers, and flows from the Peruvian Andes
to the Atlantic, with a total length of some 4,000
miles. Its principal northern tributaries are the
Napo and Maranon, the Putunayo or Ica, Rio
Branco, Rio Negro, and Japura: its southern
tributaries are the Jurua, Purua, Madeira and
Tapajos, while the Xungu meets it within aco
miles of its outflow into the Atlantic. The
Tocantins and Aragnaya flow northwards from
the Plateau of Matto Grosso and the mountains
of Goyaz to the Gulf of Para. The Parnalyba
flows from the encircling mountains of Paulhy
into the Atlantic. The São Francisco risos in
the South of Minas Geraes and traverses Bahla
on its way to the Eastern coast, between Alagons
and Sergipe. The Paragnay, rising in the southwest of Matto Grosso, forms a boundary with
Bollvia on its way through Paragnay to its confluence with the Parana, which rises in the
mountains of that name and divides Brazil from
Paragnay On the Iguassu, which unites with
the Urugnay at the Argentine boundary, are the
majestic Palls of the Iguassu, and on the São
Francisco are the no less famous falls of Paulo

GOVERNMENT.—Brazil was colonised by Portugal in the early part of the sixteenth century, and in 1822 became an independent empire under Dom Pedro, son of the refugee King Joho VI. of Portugal, the centenary of Brazilian independence being celebrated by an International Exhibition at the capital (Sept. 7, 1922, to July 2, 1923). On Nov. 15, 1886, Dom Pedro II, second of the line, was dethroned and a republic was proclaimed. The constitution rests on the fundamental law of Feb 24, 1891, which established a federal republic under the name of Estadow Unidos do Brazil. The President and Vice-President are elected for 4 years by the direct votes of all male Brazilians over 21 years who can read and write; they are ineligible for the succeeding term. They are aided, as an executive, by a Council of Ministers, who are responsible to the President and not to the legislature. Congress consists of a Senate of 63 members and of a Chamber of Deputies of 222 members; members of both houses are paid. The language of the country is Portugues of respectively languages being read and spoken in the following order:—French, Italian, English, German and Spanish.

Propuction.—The milierals are very considerable and valuable, comprising gold, silver, iron, diamonds, topazes, and other precious stones. The immense iron deposits have been scarcely touched. Manganese is exported, and there are important deposits of monozite saud. Low-grade coal deposits are in the south. Its agricultural produce is abundant and its forests are immense. Cattle-raising is an important industry, the number being 34,270,324 (Census of 2920). The chief products of the country are coffee, maize, sugar, raw cotton, hides and skins, cocca, cleaginous fruits, herva-maté, rubber and tohacco: the

rubber comes from the more northern provinces, especially the valley of the Amazon, and is shipped from Pariand Maukos; coffee coming chiefly from São Paulo. Tobacco and cocoa are grown largely, especially in Bahia. Cotton is being largely cultivated. Sugar-cane is grown in large and increasing quantities in the northern provinces, Pernambuco being the centre of the sugar-producing zone. The exports include also meat, hides, maize, beans, and herva-maté (tes). The principal imports are machinery, wheat, iron and steel products, cotton goods, and coal and coke.

Foreign trade of Brazil, 1930:-

mports from :		Exports to:	•
USA	£22,055,468	U S.A	£86,523,271
U K	10,405,054	France	6,047,70z
Germany	6,202,496	Germany	5,002,221
Argentina .	7,177,113	U.K	
France	a,6)1,325	Argentina .	
Belgium	2,086,247	Netherlands	3,334,004
Italy	2,016,782	Italy	. 2,861.977
Netherlands	1,510,613	Urnguay	3,323,627
Portugal	1,047,293	Belgium	a,082,559

DEFENCE—The peace effective of the Army is about 54,910 all ranks. The Navy consists of a Dreadnoughts, r battleship, xr destroyers, r tender, 4 submarines, and some small vessels and siteraft.

EDUCATION.—Primary education is carried out by private initiative and at the cost of municipalities and States, in some cases with a Federal subsidy; there were 1,783,577 pupils in 1928. Secondary and Technical education is carried out by Federal, State and Municipal authorities, with 2,40 pupils in Federal schools, 7,975 in State and Municipal institutions, 43,652 in private schools, and 24,658 in technical institutes in 1928. Higher education (1,7,657 students in 1928) is carried out by Federal and State governments at the State University of Rio de Janeiro, and at the University colleges at Manaos (Amazones) and Curityba (Parana) and other private colleges.

and other private colleges.—In January, 1939, there COMMUNICATIONS.—In January, 1939, there were 19,840 miles of railway open. Length of telegraph lines, about 75,000 miles. In 1938 steam and saling vessels of 44,154,974 tons (of which 8,790,384 were under the Birtish flag) entered Brazilian ports, the principal harbours being Mandos, Pará, Maranhao, Pernambuco, Maceio, Bahla, Victoria, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, and Rio Grande.

 Gold.
 Paper.

 Revenue (1930)... Mitreis 199,278,000
 1,371,431,000

 Expenditure (1930) , 135,113,000
 1,539,114,000

External Debt (Dec. 31, 1930) ...... £100,569,755 Francs 135,778,500 U.S. \$143,336,998

Approximate total ..... £x38,x00,000 Internal Debt (Dec. 3x, 1928)...Milres 2,392,745,200

CAPITAL, Rio de Janeiro. Population (1928), 1,431,683. Other large centres are São Paulo, 841,326; Bahia, 324,574; Recife, 327,823; Belem, 274,523; Porto Alegre, 261,327; Nictheroy, 125,532; Fortaleza, 95,443; Manáos, 82,836; Macelo, 100,240.

NATIONAL COLOURS: Green, yellow.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Rua Cuavello sA, Santa Theresa.)

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, His Excellency Sir William Seeds, K.C.M.G .....£6,500

Counsellor, E. A. Keeling.

ard Secretary, A. N. Noble Commercial Sec. (Grade I.), E. Murray Harvey, O.B.E., M.C.

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), J. G.

Lomax, M.B.E., M.C. Naval Attaché, Capt. E. de F. Renouf, C.V.O.,

Military Attaché, Maj. L. H. G. Andrews. Air Attaché, Wing-Commander R. B. Maycock,

Archivist, T. J. F. Kenny M.B.E.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES

Rio de Janeiro-Consul-Gen., C. A Goodwin, M.B.E. Vice-Consuls, H. C. McClelland, N. C.

Robinson. Morro-Velho-V.-Consul, William Pollard.

Bahra-Consul, J. E. Bell. " Vice - Consuls, J. Rowsell; Charles R. Girdwood.

Ilheos-Vice-Consul, Pard-Consul, F. G. Coultas.

Part—Consul, F. G. Coultas.

"Vice-Consul,
"Pro-Consul, J. M. de P. Leite.
"Andos—Vice-Consul, G. E. Turner.
Maranham—Vice-Consul, R. J. Smith
Parnahyba—Vice-Consul, John G. Clissold.
Pernambuco—consul, W. R. Mackness
"Pro-Consul, L. A. Mello.
Ceard—Vice-Consul, Dr. William Studart,

M.B K. Macero-Vice-Consul, Kenneth C. Macray.

Mactio-Vice-Consul, H. R. Vance.
Parahyba—Vice-Consul, H. R. Vance.
Porto Alegre—Consul, R. D. Maciac.
Pro Consul, J. A. Macdonald.
Rio Grande do Sul—Vice-Consul, Vivian Wigg.

And Grande as Suc—v ace-toneal, vivid vigg São Paulo-Consul, General, Arthur Abbott. , Vice-Consul, John C. Belfrage. , Pro-Consul, Maurice Potter. Corumba—Vice-Consul, Simeon Quass Curityba—Vice-Consul, W 8 Tate (acting). Santa Catarina (Florianopola)—Vice-Consul, H. C. Forrest.

II. C. FOITESL.
Santos—Consul, S. C. Lawrence.
,, Vice-Consul, H. McCardell.
São Francisco—Vice-Consul, R. O'N. Addison.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN BRAZIL, Avenido Rio Branco 5x-53, Rio de Janeno. (Branches at Bahva, Pernambuco and Pará,)

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF SÃO PAULO AND SOUTHERN BRAZIL, Rua 15 de Novembro 20, São Paulo. (Branches at Santos and Porto Alegre )

Rio de Janeiro, 5,750 miles distant ; transit, 17 days.

# BULGARIA. (Bulgariya.)

Tsar, Boris III, born lan. 30, 1894, succeeded (on the abdication of his father) Oct. 3, 1918; married Oct. 25, 1930, Princess Glovanna of Italy (Queen Ioanna).

MINISTRY (Oct. 12, 1931).

Prime Minister & Minister for Foreign Affairs. M. N. Mouchanoff. Interior, Dr. Alexander Guirguinoff.

War, Gen. Alexander Kissoff. Finance, S. Stefanoff.

Commerce & Industry, M. G. Petroff. Railways, Posts and Telegrapi and Telegraphs, M. S. Koustourkoff.

Agriculture, D. Guitcheff. Justice, M. D. Verbanoff. Public Works, G. Yourdanoff. Education, M. C. Mouravieff.

President of the Sobranie, M. Al. Malinoff.

Minuster in London, M. P. Hadji Mischef, 24 Queen's Gate Gardens, S.W. 7. Counsellor of Legation, (vacant), Chancery, 3 Queensbury Place, S.W. 7. 2st Sec., M. Dimitre Nacumoff. Press Secretary, Dr. T. Tchitchovsky. The Kingdom of Bulgaria is bounded on the porth by Rumania, ou the west by Yuco-Slavia

north by Rumanna, on the west by Yugo-Slavia and Greece, on the east by the Black Sea, and on the south by Greece. The total area is stated at 39,824 square miles, with a population (Dec. 31, 1930) of 5,944,000. The prevailing religion of the Bulgarians is the Eastern Orthodox Church. For secular purposes, the Gregorian (Western) Calendar is in use.

Calcinuar is in use.

A Principality of Bulgaria was created by the Treaty of Bertin (July 13, 1878) and in 1885
Eastern Roumelia was added to the newlycreated principality. In 1908 the country was declared to be an independent kingdom, the area at that date being 37,202 square miles, with a population of 4,337,500. In 1918-13 a successful war of the Bulkan League against Turkey increased the size of the kingdom, but in August, 2913, a short campaign against the remaining members of the League reduced the acquired area, and led to the surrender of about \$,000 curves miles to Rumanus (in Rot - ---square miles to Rumania. On Oct. 18, 1915, Bulgaria entered the War on the side of the Central Povers by declaring war on Serbia. She thus became involved in the defeats of 1918, and on Sept. 29, 1918, made an unconditional sur-render to the Alhed Powers. On Nov. 29, 1208, she signed the *Treaty of Neutlly*, which ceded to the Alhes her Thracian territories (later handed over to Greece) and some territory on the western frontier to Yugoslavia.

GOVERNMENT .- The executive power is vested in the Tsar, and is exercised by a Council of Ministers, appointed by him. The legislature is a single chamber National Assembly or Sobranyé of representatives (x per so,000 inhabitants), elected for a maximum, term of four years by adult manhood suffrage. Members receive sa,ooo leva a month and free rallway travel. PRODUCTION.—About 80 per cent, of the population is agricultural, farming and small holdings,

the principal crops being wheat, rye, barley, outs, inaice, beans, tobacco, oleagnious seeds and sugar beet. The rearing of the silkworm is an important industry. The live-stock includes sheep, goats, cattle, pigs horses, asses and mules. Rich and extensive brown and black mules. Rich and extensive brown and black coal deposits produce about 1,500,000 tons yearly for home needs, mainly from the State mine at Pennik. Cortam areas are well mineralised with copper, lead, zinc, iron, manganese, etc., and also rock salt and bituminous shales. There is a variety of thermal and mineral springs, several of which have been modernised. The only minerals worked on a commercial scale are corner and lead Local commercial scale are copper and lead. Local industry, encouraged by tariff protection and other inducements, is rapidly expanding, and

cotton and woollen textiles, chemicals, leathers, timber, oils, soaps and metal articles are being produced. The exports consist chiefly of cereals, off seeds and cake, leaf tobacco and cigarettes, eggs, poultry, dairy produce, live-stock, flour, attar of roses, silk cocoons, minerals, nuts and skins. Imports include raw materials for textile skins. Imports include raw materials for texture and other industries, cotton and woollen piece goods, metals, agricultural and industrial machinery and appliances, motor cars, rolling stock, chemicals, tanning materials, leathers, mineral and vegetable oils, paper, timber, earthen and glass ware, colonial goods and food products.

DEFERGE.—Before the War of 1914-1918 service in the Army was universal and compulsory, and on a peace footing it numbered about 55,000, all ranks. During the War (Oct.—1915-Sept. 1918) about 550,000 passed into the ranks of the Army. By the Treaty of Neutlly the Bulgarian Army is limited to 20,000 all ranks.

EDUCATION is free and compulsory and the proportion of attendances is good; the number of illiterates in Bulgaria is comparatively small.

There are several technical schools. Sofia has an
Agricultural College and a Universities.

COMMUNICATIONS.—On Dec. 31, 1930, there were 15,015 miles of roads of which 10,000 miles were open, 4,055 miles under construction, and 368 miles traced. Of roads in actual use 4.718 miles traced. Of 10405 in account 4.718 miles were State and 4.716 miles Communal. There were 1,507 miles of normal and numal. There were x,507 miles of normal and age miles of narrow gauge railway open in 1929. In 1939 there were 378 poet and telegraph offices, 521 telephone exchanges with x7,223 subscribers (7,902 in Sofia). The principal Black Sea ports are Varna and Bourgas; and Rustchuk, Svistov, Vidin and Lom on the Danube. In 1930 the vessels engaged in foreign trade cleared at Black Sea ports unumberal with the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the sta trade cleared at Black Sea ports numbered 788 (1,381,440 tons).

Budget revenue (estimated) ...leva 6,400,000,000 Budget expenditure (estimated) ..... 6,400,000,000

External (including obligations under Treaty of Neuilly) ......Gold france 810,217,356 levasz,683,741,837 Internal ..... Gold francs 230,932,552 leva 6,167,971,957 Total ...... Gold francs 1,041,149,908 levas7,851,713,794

Trade :-

£,500,000 £,190,000 Exports to U.K.....

CAPITAL, Sofia, at the foot of the Vitosha Range, on the River Isker, about 340 miles from the Black Sea port of Varna, and rag miles from Lom-Palanka, on the Danube. Sofia is an important station on the Paris-Constaninople and also Vienna-Constanti-Paris-Constantion et and use vientia-Constanti-nople rallway, population (1930) 264, 393; other towns are Philippopolis (102, 636), Varia (68, 685), Rustchuk (48,772), Bourgas (40,324), Sliven (29,716), Pleven (29,666), Stara Zagora (21,672), Hascovo (23,106), Shumla (26,104), Yambol (25,428), and Pasardjik (23,038).

red.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, white, green,

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Boulevard Ferdinand 73, Sofia.) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-potentiary, S. P. P. Waterlow, C.B.R.,

R.N.

Military Attaché, Maj. B. J. O'Leary, R.A. Archivist, R. P. Llewelyn.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Softa-Consul. T. C. Rapp, M.C. ", Vice-Consul, S. Harrison, O.B.E. Bourgas—Vice-Consul, A. C. Kendall. Varna—Vice-Consul, F. P. Baker.

# ORITE. (República de Chile,)

Prendent (Dec. 5, 1931-1937), Juan Esteban Montero.

Ambassador in London, Seffor Don Enrique Villegas.

Chancery, 3 Hamilton Place, Park Lane, W.z. zet Secretary of Embassy, Don Luis Renard. at Secretary of Legation, Don Carlos Nieto. Commercial Counsellor, Don Jorge Buchanan. Commercial Attaché, Don Santiago Monk. Consul, Don Raul Cousiño, 56 Victoria Street, 8. W. z.

A State of South Americs, of Spanish origin, lying between the Andes and the shores of the South Pacific, extending coastwise from the Rio Sams to Cape Horn south, between lat. 17° 25' and Same to Cape norm south, between late, 7, 15 and 55, 56, 8, and long, 66, 36, and 75, 48, W. Extreme length of coast-line about a,800 miles. Its extreme length is about a,800 miles, with an average breadth, north of 41°, of 100 miles. The great chain of the Andes runs along its eastern limit, with a general elevation of 5,000 to 15,000 feet above the level of the sea; but numerous summits attain a great height—the highest being, in Aconcagua Provincia, 7,019 metres (23,025 feet) with many others over 20,000 feet. The chain, how-ever, lowers considerably towards its southern extremity. There are no rivers of great size, and none of them are of much service as navigable highways. In the north the country is arid. Chile is divided into x6 provinces and a territories (Aysen and Magallanes) and the aggregate area is estimated at \$89,798 square miles. In \$989 Chile signed a treaty ceding the province of Tacna to Peru but retained the province of Arica in return for a payment to Peru of

£1,200,000.

The population (Census of 1930) was 4,287,445.

The population are four distinct Included in the population are four distinct racial divisions; (a) the Spanish settlers and their descendants; (b) the indigenous Araucanian Indians, Fuegians, and Changos; (c) mixed Spanish-Indians; and (d) European immigrants, spanish-indians; and (a) European immigrants, vs.360 Italians, 7,200 British and Irish, 8,950 Germans, 7,200 French and 5,000 Syrians. In 1929, the births numbered 195,020 (40'x per 2008); marriages, 42,004 (9'6 per 2000); and deaths, 210,006 (25'x per 2000).

GOVERNMENT. — Chile was discovered by Spanish adventurers in the z6th century, and remained under Spanish rule until 1810, when a

revolutionary war, culminating in the Battle of Maypu (April 5, 1818), achieved the independence maypu (April 5, 1818), acrowed the independence of the nation. The present constitution was voted by an overwhelming majority at the plebisette held on Aug. 30, 1829, and superseded that of May 25, 1832. It was drafted by a Committee appointed ad hoe by President Alessandri. In accordance with the new Constitution, the President is to be elected by direct vote of all Chilean citizens who have the right to vote. The National Congress consists of a Senate of 45 members, and of a Chamber of a number of Deputies to be fixed by a new electoral law in 1925. There is universal suffrage for persons who have attained the age of 21, can

persons who have attained the age of ar, can read and write, and are on the electoral roll.

PRODUCTION, &C.—Agriculture and mining are the principal occupations. Wheat, maize, barley, oats, beans, peas, lentils, wines, tobacco, hemp, Chile popper, potatoes, onions and melons are grown extensively; the vine and all European fruit-trees flourish; the exportation of fruit to the United States is increasing yearly. Excellent wines are produced, and the Government is taking store to devalor their exportation. is taking steps to develop their exportation The live stock includes (1925) 1928,433 cattle, 4,003,872 sheep, 323,582 horses, 357,032 coats, and 246,526 swine The mineral wealth is considerable, the country being extremely rich in copperable, the country being extremely rich in copperable, the country being extremely rich in copperable, the country being extremely rich in copperable, the country being extremely rich in copperable. ore, iron-ore and manganese ore The production of bar copper in 1930 was 197,530 metric tons, Chile being the second greatest copper producing country in the world. The rainless north yields more especially nitrate of soda, iodine, borate of sods, copper, gold and silver, a large number of mines yielding both being m actual work in Tarapaca, Guanaco, and Cachinal in Atacama, and Caracoles in Antofagasta; the centre, copper, iron, manganese and silver; and the south, iron and coal (1,309,522 metric tons of coal were mined in 1930. In 1929-1930 the production of nitrate was 3,000,783 metric tons, the exports of this fertilizer being in the same period 1,794,024 tons. Early in 1930 a law was passed constituting a national nitrate company, to be called Compania de Saltiro de Chile (Cosac), with a capital of £75,000,000 with State participation, to take over the whole of the nitrate industry, the export tax leing abolished, and its place in the budget taken by a fixed payment to the Government during the first three years, and after that by the Government's share in the company's profits. There ment's snare in the companys profile. Interest are smelting-works for copper and silver, tanneries, corn and saw-nills, starch, soap, biscuit, rope, glassware, paints, mineral waters, boot and shoe, hosiery, hat, cloth, cheese, furniture, candle, match, brush, cordage and paper actories, hreweries and distilleries; and the domestic industry furnishes cloth, embroideries, baskets, and nottery. No. of industrial establishnomesuc inquistry intrinsines cioti, emproideries, baskets, and pottery. No. of industrial establishments in 1928 10,495, employing 96,983 persons, capital invested 2,205,244,660 pesos (nominat capital 1,402,281,50 pesos). The many ports favour commerce, and 13 lines of steamers consent the country with Parameters. nect the country with Panama and the Magellan Stratt direct with Europe, a passage to Liverpool occupying from 30 days The staple articles of export are nitrate of soda, fodine, oats, borax, flozen meat, wheat, copper bars and ores, silver ores, corn, flour, hides, wool, barley, honey and beans. The imports include silks, woollens and other textiles, food, and agricultural and mining machinery, and motor vehicles.

COMMUNICATIONS. - There were (1929) 5,428 miles of railway, — Inere were (222) 3,425 miles of railway, of which 1,748 miles are British controlled. In April, 222, a convention was signed by Chile and the Argentine for the construction of two more Trans-Andine Wrocchile. lines. In 1929 there were 34,396 kilometres of telegraph, 909 post-offices, and 8,969 kilometres of teleprone, with 19 public wireless stations. The mercantile marine (1929) numbers stations. The mercantile marine (1929) numerical risp vessels (143,769 tons). In 1929 1,083 vessels (1,473,392 tons) entered Chilean ports from abroad, and 18,538 coasting vessels (25,595,409 tons); legislation was passed in February, 1922, reserving the coasting traffic to vessels of the Chilean mercantile marine.

DRFENCE.—All able-bodied male citizens from soth to 45th year must serve in the army for a training period. The peace effective of the active aimy is 19,000. The Air Force has a peace strength of 136 machines with 150 pilots and r,000 mechanics. The navy consists of r battleship (recently renovated), x ironclad, 3 cruisers, xx destroyers and 9 submarines, with a complement of 6,000 officers and 8,000 other ranks.

complement of 5,000 officers and 8,000 other transa. Education was made compulsory, and 647 per cent of the children attended the 3,732 schools in resp of a total on the registers of 564,965. There is a State University at Santiago. The National Library contains 293,085 volumes. The language of the country is Security and the religion is Roman Catholics. Spanish and the religion is Roman Catholic.

IGEO. Revenue ..... \$1,23,550,000 \$1,132,800,000 Expenditure . ... 1,189,934,000 1,131,500,000 Internal Debt

(Dec. 3x)... .. External Debt 322,893,333 809,000,000 (Dec. 31) .... **3,365,240,237** Total Imports ... **1,617,563,791** 3,666,400,000 1,400,184,781 Total Exports . .. Imports from U K. 1 328, 122, 967 2,293,726,138 286,041,734

213,731,544 Exports to U.K. 306,464,111 1195,205,153 CAPITAL, Santiago. Population (1930), 696,331.

CAPITAL, Sancingo. Population (1939), 696,331.
Chter large twens are: "Valparaiso (193,205),
Concepcion (77,599), Talca (45,020), Iquique
(46,488), Chillian (39,521), Antofagasta (23,591),
Tenuco (35,748), and Viña del Mar (49,488),
FLAG: a honizontal bands, white, led; in top
quarter a white star on blue square, next staff.

BRITISH EMBASSY. (Avenida Vienna MacKenna No. 152, Santiago.) Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Getty

Chilton, K.C. M.G. (1930), £4,150. 2nd Secretary, G. H. Thompson. Commercial Secretary (G ade II.), A. J. Pack. Naval Attaché, Capt. E. de F. Renouf., c.v.o.,

Military Attaché, Maj. L. H. G. Andrews. Air Attaché, Wing-Commander R. B. Maycock.

0. B.E. BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Santiago—Vice-Consul, C. G. Kemball.
Antiquata—Consul, J. W. Barnett (acting.)
, Pro-Consul, George Clarke.
Arton—Vice-Consul, James M. Allison.
Caldera—Vice-Consul, James M. Allison.
Catela Buena—Vice-Consul, T. W. Pyc.

Javique - Vice-Consul, Mejillones - Vice-Cons., G. G. Fowler (actg.). Pisagua - Vice-Consul, Charles Franklin (actg.).

\$ = Pesos (40 = £z sterling).
 † Not including nitrate of soda exported "to order."

Taltal—Vice Consul, A. H. Charles.
Tocopilla—Vice-Consul, C. W. Nicholls.
Valparniso—Consul-Gen., D. F. S. Filliter.
, Vice-Consuls, N. O. W. Steward, Herbert

J. Mundy.

Conception—Consul, Edward Cooper, O.B.E. Coquimbo—Vice-Consul, W. M. Somerville. Coronel—Consul, Edward Cooper, O.B.K. Lola-Consul, Edward Cooper, O.B.E., Pro-Consul, James Monks.

Magallanes—Consul, McI. E. Vibert. Vice-Consul, John Dickson. Osorno-Vice-Consul, Sydney Smith. San Antonio-Vice-Consul, J. E. Dutfield. Talcahuano-Vice-Consul, Alfred E. Cooper.

Temuco-Vice-Consul, George II Calstor.
Valdicia and Corral-Vice-Consul, Henry Allen.
RRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN THE
REPUBLIC OF CHILE, Calle Blanco No. 859, Val-

Valparaiso is distant 9,000 miles vid Panama, and 11,000 vid the Strait; transit 34 to 39 days. Vid Buenos Aires and Andes, transit 19 to 25 days.

CHINA

(Chung-Hua Min-Kuo.) Chiang Kai-Shek, assumed office Oct. 10, 1928. President.

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL-KUO-MIN CHENG-FU HUI-YI.

The National Government Council consists of National Government Councillors, among whom are the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the five Yuan (Councils). The President is inso facto Chairman of the National Government Council. Chairman of the Sacona Government Control President, Executive Yuan, Chiang Kai-Shek. Do., Legislative Yuan, Wang Chung-Hui Do., Judicial Yuan, Wang Chung-Hui Do., Examination Yuan, Tai Chi-Tao. Do., Control Yuan, Yu Yu-Jen.

State Council-Cabinet. (Kuo-Wu Hui-Ya)

The State Council consists of the President and the Vice-President of the Executive Yuan and the following Ministers:— Vios-President, T. V. Soong. Finance, T. V. Soong. Interior, Liu Shang Ching.

Foreign Affairs (vacant). War, Ho Ying-Chin.

Navy, Admiral Yang Shu-chuang. Industry, Commerce and Labour, H. H. Kung. Communication, Wang Po-Chun. Railways, S. H. Lien.

Envoy Extraordinary & Minister Plenipotentiary in London, Sao Ke Alfred Sze, 49 Portland Place, W. z.

Counsellor, Wei-Cheng Chen. set Secretary, Hsiaoehang Sze-Ping.

and Secretary, Kin Yu Sung. ard Secretary, Tsooming Chiu.

Attaches, Albert Tung-Ping ; Charles Kuanghwa-

Consul-General, London, Dr. Kuangoon Young, 6 Strathmore Gardens, W. 8.

AREA AND POPULATION. Territory. China Proper...... Population. Square miles. 1,532,800 414,011,519 Manchuria ... ...... 22,083,434 363,700 463,320 6,500,000 550,580 2,491,000 Mongolia ...... 1,360,000 4,000,000

> Total... 4,270,000

449,085,953

The estimated foreign population of China was as follows in 1925: British, 15,247; Japanese, was as follows in 1925: British, 18,247; Japanese, 18,851; Russian, 79,765; American, 9,844; Portuguese, 2,739; German, 3,050; French, 2,576; the total being 326,841. Out of a total of 7,922 foreign firms in China, 725 were British, 1,142 Russian, 3,940 Japanese, 184 German, 377 American, and 229 French (in 1823). China became a Republic on Feb. 12, 1918, with a President and a Lordstehm of a Frenchick Ministry and a Lordstehm of a

with a President and Vice-President and an Executive Ministry, and a Legislature of a Senate (Tran Yi Yuan) of as members and a House of Representatives (Chang Yi Yuan) of 556 members. The government of the 28 provinces is entrusted to civil and military governors, the latter (Tuchun) ranking first and holding practically all the powers of government; under them each province is subdivided into circuits superintended by Taopins or integrated and speak into districts. into circuits superintended by Taopins or in-tendants, and again into districts. All the territorial officials are appointed by the central Government, and the provincial governors, though free to act independently in many matters of local detail and finance, are respon-sible to the central Government at Peking in all important questions, and especially so in foreign affairs. The Treaty of Kiakhta, 1915, between China, Russia, and Outer Mongolia recognises the Hutukhta Khan as Ruler of Outer Mongolia, while Chura, as the Suzerain Power, appoints Residents at Urga and three other towns. Mongolia has since developed into an independent self-governing republic, and is in alliance with the Soviet Government at Moscow. The civil government of the three Manchurian provinces and of Turkestan is now similar to that of the province of China proper. exact status of Tibet is still unsettled.

On Oct. 1, 1930. Weihalver, the island of Liu Kung and certain other islands, leased to Great Britain in 1808, were restored to China. The area comprised in the lease was about 1825 square miles, with a population of about 170,000. On Jan. 15, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031, 1031,

The revolution of xoxx brought out a victorious general in the person of Yuan Shih-kai, but from his death in 1916 until June 1928 his subordinates and their successors fought for supreme power. Presidential elections were held and their results disputed, and the Parliament elected in 1913 held occasional meetings in 1924, but its measures were not carried into effect, The Emperor (who had lived in the Imperial Palace since his enforced abdication) was stripped of his title and driven out of the stripped of his title and driven out of the Capital in sga4, and such government as existed in 1927 was centred in Peking (for Northern China), while the Kuomentung (People's National Party) was represented by a Nationalist Government at Canton (for Southern China). In June 1928 Peking was captured by the Nationalists, and the capital of the country was transferred to Nanking and on October 2 1928 (Peking and Conductive 1928). to Nanking, and on October 10, 1928 (the anniversary of the outbreak of the Revolution at Wuchang in 1911), Chiang Kai-shek, the com-mander-in-chief of the victorious Nationalist armies, was installed as President of the Republic.

EDUCATION.—In 1918—19 there were 134,000 schools in operation, with 4,500,000 pupils. There is a University in Peking. In 1922 there were upwards of 1,250 Chinese newspapers and magazines, published at regular periods, in Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, and the other large centres, in addition to English and other Foreign daily newspapers.

COMMERCE.—The net trade of the open ports is stated as follows in Haikwan taels.

Your.	Imports.	Exports	Total.
1914 1926 1927 1928 1929	569,241,382 812,853,874 1,012,932,000 1,212,635,000 1,265,776,821 1,309,755,742	355,225,629 807,755,813 918,620,000 1,103,185,000 1,015,687,218 894,843,594	985,468,011 1,620,609,687 1,931,552,000 2,315,820,000 2,261,466,039 2,261,599,336

The import of Indian opium is now prohibited.

# External Trade, 1930. Harkwan Taels.

Country. Imports from.	Exports to.
Great Britain 108,258,000	62,669,000
India	11,707,000
Hong Kong .218,370,000	158,018,000
('anada 13,517,000	•••
Belginm 27,457,000	
France 16,987,000	42,700,000
Germany 69,105,000	22,361,000
Japan327,165,000	216,555,000
Korea	44,175,000
Netherlands	44,944,000
Neth. E. Indies 48,361,000	•••
Russia	55,413,000
Turkey	22,150,000
U.S.A33,277,000	216,555,000
Contractive among Declarate	A bont -

COMMUNICATIONS. — Railways. — About 7,000 miles were open in Jan 1928, inclusive of the Manchurian lines, while 2,500 miles more are projected or under construction.

Shipping .- The China Merchants Steam Navigation Co. have a fleet of 31 ships of an aggregate tonnage of 60,000. Besides this, there are a large number of small vessels engaged in the coasting trade and on the Yangtse. In 1927 the total tonnage of the 154,275 vessels and junks entered and cleared at Chinese ports was 116,210,785 tons Of these ships 33,791 (40,258,049 tons) were British, 27,205 (35,745,525 tons) tons) were British, 27,205 (35,745,525 tons) Japanese, and 4,844 (5,577,x25 tons) U.S.A. In June, x228, a vessel of x4,750 tons, constructed at the Kiangnau Dock and Engineering Works at Shanghai, was launched and supplied to the order of the United States Shipping Board.

Telegraphs are being rapidly constructed by the Central Government, and Peking is in communication overland with Europe and Tibet, the line being extended to Lhasa. In ress there were about 50,000 miles of land lines and several high-power wireless installations.

CUSTOMS AND POSTS .- The Chinese Maritime Customs is the controlling service; this body consists of nearly 1,000 Europeans, a large proportion of them British subjects, all under the control of the *Inspector-General* (F. W. Maze.) By an Imperial Decree of May, 1906, the Maritime Customs Dept. was transferred from the Foreign Board to the Board of Revenue, and two Chinese Administrators-General were appointed. But the change has not materially affected the powers hitherto exercised by the Inspector-General. In addition to the collection of dues at the Treaty Ports, this service manages the lighting and navigation thereof, and keeps a small fleet of cruisers to enforce its regula-

tions. The Chinese Post Office, formerly a branch of the Customs, was transferred in 1911 to the Ministry of Communications, and a Foreign Co-Director General, with a considerable foreign staff, was appointed; letters can be sent all over the 18 provinces at a uniform rate of 3 cents for so grammes. The number of Chinese post offices (1921) was 2,429, and of postal agencies 8,877. In 1922, 426,363,676 postal packets and 4,792,420 parcels were handled.

BUDG	RT (1	1930-1	93z).	
Revenue			Tael	500,000,000
Expenditure				640,000,000
Chinese.	Debt	(Jan.	T080).	
War Loans outstand	ing .			£.30,000,000
Boxer Indemnity do	١			48,000,000
Railway Loans do				40,000,000
General Loans do		•••		50,000,000
Japanese Loans do				30,000,000
Short term Loans do			<b>.</b>	17,000,000

£215,000,000
About 108, 2d, per head of the population.

At the end of September, 1922, according to the official statement of the Ministry of Finance, the total debt was tacks, 1906,000,000, or less than a tacks (1s.) per head of the Chinese population. Included in the expenditure of 1919-20 is the sum of 214,000,000 tacks towards repayment of debt.

#### OUTLYING TERRITORIES.

Manchuria lies to the north of China Proper, and has a total area of about 360,000 square riles, with a population estimated at x1,000,000. The capital is Mukden (pop. 250,000), a station on the Manchurian railroad and connected with the Russian system. Indigo, opium, cotton, tobacco, and various cereals are grown. and

there is great mineral wealth.

Mongoliahas an estimated area of about, 360,000 square miles, and a population of 3,000,000 to 5,000,000, of whom the greater number are Buddhists. In rgrs Mongolia threw off its allegiance to China, and by the Treaty of Kiakhta was recognised as an Autonomous Republic. Negotiations with Russia, after the rg17 revolution, led to an alliance, and by Treaty (May 31, 1924) the U.S.S.R. acknowledge the suzerainty of China over Outer Mongolia. North-West (or Outer) Mongolia covers an area

of about 360,000 square miles, and consists of an elevated plateau bounded by the Russian Altai range (N.W.), the Sayans (N.E.), the Kentel (S.E.), and the Ektagh Altai (S.W.). The plateau contains many lakes and is watered by ymmerous rivers, among which are the head-waters of the Yenisei, the Irtish and the Selenga. Agriculture is almost unknown, but excellent pasture provides grazing grounds for numerous cattle and sheep, and particularly for transport animals (camels and oxen). The exports are wool, hides and akins, and gold. The chief centres are Urga (Kuren, or Ulan-Buotr-Khoto, "Town of the Red Knight"), Uliasauta, and Kobdo, all dimportance as trading centres on the main caravan routes Part of Outer Mongolia has caravan routes Part of Outer Mongolia has declared itself independent of its suzerain as the Republic of Tannu Tuva. The districts affected lie between the Sayan and Tannu Ola ranges, the capital of the Republic being Chem Belder (or Krasny, "Red Town"). Inner Mongolia covers an area of about

1,000,000 square miles and includes the Gobi

(" Desert "), or Ska-mo ("Sand Desert"), which covers nearly one-third of the total area, and in the extreme south-east the Ordos Desert, bounded on the south by the Great Wall of China, and encircled on the north by part of the main stream of the Hwang-ho river. north-east of Inner Mongolia rises the Keru-luu. which flows into the Dalai Nor in Manchuria. Agriculture is carried on wherever Chinese influence has been exerted, but is mainly confined to the south-eastern borders. The principal industry (as in North-West Mongolia) is sheep and cattle raising and the breeding of camels, owen and horses for transport, in order to supply the caravan routes from China to Siberia. centres of population depend mainly upon the overland commerce of China and Eastern Russia across the Gobl, the general direction of the caravan routes being from south-east to northwest. The principal centres are : Kalgan, Kukukhoto Kuku-erghi, Dolon-Nor and Biru-khoto In the north-east, Keru-lun (on the river of that name) is a junction of the southern routes from the Chinese province of Pechili and the western route from Urga, in N.W. Mongolia.

Tibet (area, 750,000 square miles; pop. 3,000,000) borders on British India. (See p. 672.)

Chinese Turkestan (or Sinkiany) has a total area of 600,000 square miles and a population estimated at 2,000,000. It includes Zungaria and Chinese Tartary, and provides sheep, cattle, and transport animals for the caravan routes. The chief centres are Kashgar and Urumchi. (See p. 677.)

Capital of the Chinese Republic, Nanking. Population (1928), 1,000,000.

Nanking, selected as the capital of China in rese in place of Poking, is the principal city in the province of Kiangsu, and the seat of the provincial government of Kiangsuan (embracing the three provinces of Kiang-su, Kiang-si and Ngan-hui. About 2000 A.D. it was named Kiang nan, but in 1368 this was changed to Nanking ("Southern Capital"). The city is built on the south bank of the Yangtse Klang river, about equidistant from Canton and Peking, and is connected by railway (192 miles) with Shanghai. Psking, the former capital, had an estimated population of x,300,000 in xgax.

Shanghai comprises (a) the International Settlement administered by the Shanghai Municipal Council (for the defence of which British Forces were despatched), the estimated popula-tion being: 1,007,868 of whom 977,397 were Chinese, 18,476 Japanese, 6,323 British, 3,487 Russians; (b) the French Concession, an independent administration (population · Foreigners, 7.811, and Chinese, 297,720); and (c) the Shanghar City, Chapet and Kantao areas surrounding these settlements.

The population of the principal ports is The population of the principal ports is estimated as follows:—Amoy, 400,000; Canton, 1,379,000; Chingking, 2,021,600; Koochow, 2,500,000; Chingking, 2,021,600; Koochow, 2,500,000; Hankow, 250,000; Hankow, 250,000; Hankow, 360,000; Kiungchow, 360,000; Nanking, 380,000; Ningpo, 3,200,000; Shanghai, 2,000,000; Soochow, 2,000,000; Teintsin, 828,000; Tsingtau, 320,000; Wanhaien, 728,000; Wenchow, 2,750,000; Wunchow, 2,750,000; Wunchow, 2,750,000; chow, 350,000.

FLAC: White sun on blue ground.

BRITISH LEGATION. PRKING.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-potentiary, Sir Miles Wedderburn Lampson, K.Q. M.G., C.B., M.V. O. (1986) £5,000 Counsellor, E. M. B. Ingram, O.B. M. (acting) 1st Secretary, A. F. Aveling, C.B.E. and Secretaries, A. Holman, M.C.; C. N. Stirling. 3rd Secretary, S. G. Harcourt-Smith. Hon. Attaché, E. L. Cockell, O.B.E. Hon. Attaché, E. L. Cockell, O.B.E. Chinese Secretary (with local rank of Counsellor), R. Teichmann, O.M.G., O.I.E. Commercial Counsellor, H. J. Brett, C.M.G. Commercial Secretaries (Grade II.), A. H. George; J. C. Hutchison, O.B.E. Naval Attache, Capt. M.G.B. Legge, D.S.O., R.N. Military do., Col. G. Badham-Thornbill, D.S.O. Chaplain, Rf. Rev. F. L. Nortis D. D. Chaplain, Rt. Rev. F. L. Norris, D.D. Consul & Accountant, W. P. W. Turner, O.B.E. Assist. Chinese Sec., W. C. Cassels, M.C. Assis. Chinese Sec., W. C. Cassels, M.C. Archivist, A. T. Cox
Clerical Officers, T. McDonald; W. J. McLaughlin; W. H. Wilmams.
Cypher Officers, Capt. K. O'B. Harding; J. H. King; H. Tubb.
Cunnumpater Parish Learning Comp Commandant, British Legation Guard, Maj. H. C. E. Hull, D.S 0.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Amoy—Consul, P. G. Jones.

Amoy-Consul, F. G. Jones.
Canton-Consul-Gen., H. Phillips, C.M.G., O.B.E.
Consul, A. A. L. Tueon (actua).
Vice-Consul, M. C. Gillett.
Clerical Officer-B. K. Daffern.
Changsha-Consul, H. I. Harding.
Chefoo-Consul, R. S. Pratt.

Chéngtu (vacant).

Chungking—Consul-General, W.S Toller (acting).

, Vice-Consul, J. P. Coghill (acting).

Foochow—Consul, A. J. Martin.

Hankov Consul Gen., W. Russell Brown, C.B.E.

"Consul, J. W. O. Davidson, O.B.E.

"Vice-Consuls, S. L. Burdett, M.C.
(acting); J. C. A. Alexander.

"Pro-Consul and Clerical Officer—W.

C. Tice Harbin—Consul-General, A. G. Major.
,, Vice-Consul, L. H. Lamb (acting).
Ichang—Consul, G. S. Moss, C.B.E.

Kashgar-Consul-General, N. Fitzmaurice (acting). Vice-Consul, Lt. G. Sherriff, R.A. Mukden-

-Consul-General, A. E. Eastes. Vice-Consul, K. W. Tribe. Nanking-Consul-General, Sir W. M. Hewlett, K.C.M.G.

Vice-Consul, C. R. Lee. Newchwang-Consul. H. H. Bristow.

Ningpo-Consul, E. W. P. Mills, Peking-Consul, W. P. W. Turner, O.B.E. Vice-Consuls, E. S. Bennest; Lt.-Col. Clarke, D.S.O., M.C.; R. H. Scott. Shanghai—Judge of Supreme Court. Sir Peter Grain.

Commercial Sec. (Grade II.), H. J. Brett, C.M.G. Consul-General, J. F. Brenan, C.M.G.

Assist. Judge, G. W. King, O.B.E. Consuls, E. G. Jamieson, C.B.E.; A. P. Bluut, C.M.G.; A. D. Blackburn; .,

A. L. Scott. Crown Advocate, A. G. Mossop. Registrar and Coroner, C. H. Haines, ,, N.B.E.

Shanghai—Vice-Consuls, W. C. Cassels, M.C. (acting); Maj. G. A. Herbert, M.C.; W. G. C. Graham.

V. G. C. Graham.

, Chief Clerk, L. T. Morris.
, Assistant Clerk, E. G. Abbey.
, Archiviat, H. C. Rabbetts.
, Marshal, J. J. McGeown.
, Usher, W. A. Sims.
Swatow—Consul, A. P. Blunt, C.M.G.
Tengyueh—Consul, S. Wyatt Smith.
Tentsin — Consul-General, L. Giles, C.M.G.
, Consul, A. G. N. Ogden, O.B.E. (acting)
, Vice-Consul, D. Cameron.
, Clerical Officer, C. A. E. Carney.
Tsinun-fu — Consul-Gen., G. A. Combe, C.B.E.
(acting)

(acting).
Tsingtao—Consul, J. B. Affleck, C.B.R.
Yunnau-fu—Consul-General, C. C. A. Kirke,

C. B. K. BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN CHINA AT Amoy, Canton, Changsha, Chefoo, Chiukiang, Chungking, Foochure, Hankove, Harbin, Mukden, Newchwang, Ningpo, Peking, Shanghai, Swatow, Trentsin, and Trinunfu.

Peking, distant 11,770 miles; transit, 39 days (or by Siberian Railway 13 to 14 days).

COLOMBIA (Républica de Colombia)

President(1930-1934), Dr. Eurique Olaya Herrera, born 1867, assumed office Aug 7, 1930.

Envoy Extraordinary and Munister Plenipo-tentrary in England, Senor Dr. Don Alfonso Lopez.

Counsellor Don Jorge Garcés.

Attachés, Sr. Dr. Don Bernudo Samper; Sr. Dr. Don Camilo Cruz Santos.

Consul-General, Don Alejandro Lopez, 7 Sicilian Avenue, Southampton Row, W.C. z. Consul-General in Liverpool, Schor Don Carlos Vernaza, 41 North John Street.

The Republic of Colombia lies in the extreme north-west of South America, having a coast-line on both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. In the first the Audite stat rather Oceanies. It is situated between x² 40°S to xx² 35′N. latand 68° to 79° W. long, with an estimated area of 45,,666 aquare miles, and a population (Census 1928) of 7,851.000, of whom more than one-half are whites and half-castes. The country is intersected by three great ranges of the Andes. known as the Western, Central, and Eastern Cordilleras; the second contains the highest peaks, but the latter is the more important, as it consists of a series of vast table-lands, cool and healthy. This temperate region is the most densely-peopled portion of the Republic.

The principal rivers are the Patia, Cauca, Magdalena, Caqueta and Putumayo. The Patia flows through the famous Mining Gorge of the

flows through the famous Minima Gorge of the Western Cordilleras, and one of its tributaries (the Carchi, or Upper Gulatara) is spanned by the Rumichaca Arch, or Inca's Bridge, of natural stone. On the Finnza is the Great Fall of Tequendama, 480 feet in height.

The Colombian coast was visited in 1502 by Christopher Columbus, and in 1536 a Spanish expedition under Quesada established a government of certain coastal communities under the name of New Granada, which continued under name of New Granada, which continued under Spanish rule until the revolt of the Spanish-American colonies of rear-reas. In reas Simon Bolisar (born 1783, died 1830) established the Republic of Colombia, consisting of the territories now known as Colombia, Panama, Vene-

zuela and Ecuador. In 1829-1830 Venezuela and Ecuador withdrew from the association of previnces, and in 1831 the remaining territories were formed into the Republic of New Granada. In 1858 the name was changed to the Granadine Confederation and in 1861 to the United States of Colombia. In 1886 the present title was adopted. In 1903 Panama seceded from Colombia, and is now a separate Republic.

The Colombian forests are extensive; among the trees are mahogany, cedar, fustic, and other dye-woods and medicinal plants. The mineral productions are emeralds, gold, silver, platinum, copper, iron, lead, and coal; petroleum is available in onormous quantities, and in the year 1930 the output was 2036,000 barrels; it is possible that new oilfields will shortly be opened near the Venezuelan frontier. The principal agricultural products are coffee, cotton, plantains, and bananas, and in some parts tobacco, wheat and other cereals. Manufactures, for home consumption, consist of woollen and cotton stuffs. The chief exports are coffee, petroleum, gold, bananas, and hides. All religions are tolerated.

The standing army consists of about ro,cos men; the navy has been nearly abolished. Railroads are in their infancy, about 1,800 miles being open in 1930, with a1,900 (1928) miles of telegraph; open in 1930, with 21,900 (1928) miles of telegraph; there are (1930) also 3.589 miles of motor roads. There is a daily passenger and mail service (German) between Bogotá and Barranquilla and a bi-weekly service in concert with Pan-American Airways to the U.S. New York can be reached in 34 days and mail is delivered in Fugland 12 or 12 days after leaving Bogotá. There are wireless stations at Barranquilla, Bogotá, Medellin, Cali and Cúcuta.

Spanish is the language of the country.

Spanish is the language of the country.

Revenue	OT DOX TES
Foreign Debt, National, Depr mental, and Municipal (June 1931)	30, 204,381,037
1931)	20,913,370

Total imports ..... . . ..... \$57,546,000 Total exports ...... Imports from U.K. .... 18,186,015 

other large centres are Medellin (100,000), Barranquilla (8x,000), Cartagona (68,000), Manizales (45,000), and Cali (45,000).

FLAC: Three horizontal bands, yellow (twice the width of the others), blue, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Apartado de Correo No. 17, Bogota)

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenspotentiary, and Consul-General, Spencer S. Dickson .....£2,750

A. D. Francis.

Archimst, T. W. Glover. BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Bogota-Vice-Consul, A. D. Francis. Buenaventura-Cons. Agent, F. H. Grob (act.

ing). Cali—Vice-Consul, Honda—Consular Agent, Edward J. Hughes. Manizales—Vice-Consul, Thomas J. Blake. Modellin—Vice-Consul, Reginald Doublet.
"Pro-Consul, C. R. Fletcher.
Pasto—Vice-Consul, Stanley V. Woodcock.
Barranquilla—Consul, George Pycroft, O.B.E.
"Pro-Consul, J. C. Howard.
Cartagena—Vice-Consul, H. L. Tyrer.
Santa Marta—Vice-Cons., G. H. White.
Distant. 6. 200 miles: transit. to Boyotá (1)

Distant 6,soo miles; transit, to Bogotá (via New York) 18 days.

# COSTA RICA

(República de Costa Rica.)
President (1928-1932). Cloto Gonzalez Viquez,
assumed ojnce May 8, 1928.
Minister of Foreign Affairs, Leonidas Pacheco.

Minister in London (vacant). Consul-General, London, John C. Eggers, 33-36 King William Street, E.C. 4. The Republic of Costa Rica, the most southern

State of Central America, extending across the isthmus, between 8° zy' and zz° zo' N. lat. and from 8z° 3o' to 85° 45' W. long., contains an area of about 23,000 English square miles, and a popula-

about \$3,000 kngish square miles, and a population (Jan. 1, 1931) of \$16,031.

For nearly three centuries (1530-1821) Costa Rica formed part of the Spanish-American dominions, the seat of government being at Cartago. In 1821 the country joined in the War of Independence, and from 1824-1839 it was one of the United States of Contail America. of the United States of Central America.

The principal agricultural products are coffee, and beans, the soil being extremely fertile. The chief exports (139) are coffee (£2,120,500), bananas (£894,423), cacao, gold and silver bullion, skins and hides, fresh full and timber The imports are dry goods, hardware, provisions, railway materials, machinery, paints, and general merchandise (in 1920, 50 per cent. from United States, 12 13 from United Kingdom, za'a8 per cent, from Germany).

The chief ports are Limon, on the Atlantic coast, through which passes the bulk of the important banana trade with the U.S. and U.K., important banana trace with the U.S. and U.K., as well as by far the larger part of the other exports and imports; and Puntarenas on the Pacific coast. In 1930, 595 vessels (1,33,0,78 tons) entered at Costa Rican ports. About 420 miles of railroad were open in 1939. In 1930 there were sog post offices, and sog telegraph offices (3 wireless), with 2,612 miles of telegraph and telephone line. A considerable amount of English capital temperated in the English. Search is the is embarked in the Republic. Spanish is the language of the country.

-	1929.	1930
Public income	£1,817,136	£1,403,460
Public expenditure	1,859,443	1,661,240
Foreign debt	1,615,020	1,542,000
,, ,, *F	C8.5,639,000 *	Fcs.5,774,000
	\$7,600,500 U.	8. \$7,447.500
Railway Electrifi-		
cation	\$203,000	\$1,800,000
Internal debt	£,808,818	£1,315,830
Total imports	4,140,652	2,216,750
Total exports	3,736,922	3,337,544
Imports from U.K	524,402	a68,890
Exports to U.K	2,113,387	
CAPITAL, San José;		
suburbs, 63,190); Here	dia (with sub	urbs), 12.075:
Limon, 15,690 ; Alajuè	a. 8.6xx : Car	tago, 27.411 :
Puntarenas, 7,848; Lib	eria. 2.820.	
_ aname or ,             \	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

FLAG: Five horizontal bands, blue, white, red, white, blue (the red band twice the width of the others).

# BRITISH LEGATION.

British Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir Josiah Crosby, K.B.E., C.I.E. (1931) (resident at Panama, q.v.).

# BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

San José—Consul, Frank N. Cox, M.B.E., Vice-Consul, Alex. Murray.

Port Limon—Vice-Consul, R. C. Johnston.

San José is 5,687 miles from London; transit direct 18 days; viú New York, 20 days; Air Mails (viá New York) 22 or 22 days from London.

# (República de Cuba.)

President of the Republic, Gen. Gerardo Machado (assumed office, May so, 1985; re-elected and assumed office May so, 1989 until 1919).
Foreign Affairs, Dr. José Clemente Vivanco.

Minister in London, Senor Dr. Don Guillermo Patterson. Legation, 30 York Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W. z.

Counsellor of Legation, Dr. Don Gabriel Suarez

and Sec., Señor Don Alberto Diaz Pardo.

Commercial Attachés, Señor Don Ramon
Vasconcelos Maragliano; Señor Don Luis Marino Perez.

Consul, Senor Don Francisco Sanchez Garcia, 95 Linden Gardens, Notting Hill Gate, W. s.

Cuba (the largest of the "West India" Islands) lies between 74° and 58° W. long., and 13° and 23° N. lat., with a total area of 44,178 sq miles and a population of 3,66x,582 (June 30,

17930).
The island of Cuha was visited by Christopher and October 27, Columbus, during his first voyage, on October sy, 1492, and was then believed to be part of the Western mainland of India. Early in the x6th century the island was conquered by the Spaniards, to be used later as a base of opera-tions for the conquest of Mexico and Central America, and for almost four centuries Cuba remained under a Spanish Captain-General. The slave trade was abolished early in the 19th century, and the slaves were emancipated from 1880 1886. The government of Spain was marked by a generally corrupt administration, compli-cated by internal unrest fomented by external influences, and the various attempts at independence met with severe military repression. The separatist and autonomous agitation culminated in the closing years of the 10th century in a ferce and bloodthirsty war, and although a conciliatory movement was evinced by the Madrid authorities in 1897, the struggle was continued by the party of separation in the island. In 1898 the government of the United States put into execution a threat of interference by the despatch of the battleship Maine to Havana harbour, and in February of that year the vessel was sunk by an explosion, the cause of which appears likely to remain an unsolved mystery. On April 20, 1898, the U.S. Government demanded the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish forces, and a short Spanish-American war led to the abandonment of the island, which was occupied by U.S. troops. Puntarenas, 7,848; Liberia, 3,830.

In process of redemption, but showing increase in regar through failure of French Bank.

In process of redemption, but showing increase in widest and most far-reaching character were instituted. On May 20, 1902, an autonomous government was inaugurated with an elected President, and a legislature of two houses. The island was, however, again the prey of revolution from July to Sept., 1906, when the U.S Government resumed control. On Jau 28, 1909, a republican government was again inaugurated.

republican government was again insuguracer of the total area of \$2,000,000 acres, only about 1,375,000 acres are cultivated, 50 per cent. of these being under sugar cause and 30 per cent. under tobacco, sweet potatoes and bananas. Rice, coffee, cocoa and maize are also grown and topical fruits (oranges, coco-nuts, pineapples, &c.) thourish. The chief agricultural products of the island are tobacco and sugar; sugar crop 5,157,222 tons (1928-9), 4,671,230 tons (1929-30); the chief product of the forests is mahogany, while cedar is also used for boxing the tobacco crop. The live stock includes about 4,500,000 cattle and foco,000 horses, the vast savannahs of Central Cuba being particularly suitable for cattle ranges.

3,600 miles of railroad are open and about 6,000 miles of telegraph line; there are about

Revenue ...... ... ... \$84,400,000 \$76,730,000

zga6-ag.

1020 30.

z,500 miles of roads.

Spanish is the language of the island.

Expenditure	76,755,000 65,818,100 68,415,000
1929.	1930
Imports \$216,215,113	\$162 452,268
Exports 272,439,762	167,410,669
Imports from U.K 22,020,59x	9,557,952
Exports to U.K 34,241,737	25,470,661
CAPITAL, Havana (pop. June, 30, 2	930, 584,893) ;

other towns are Santiago (143,465), Canaguey (84,835), Cienfuegos (76,951), and Matanzas (65,413).

FLAG: Five horizontal bands, blue and white (blue at top and bottom) with red triangle, close to staff, charged with silver star.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(Sau Pedro No. 4, Havana.)

British Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary and Cons. Goul., Sir John J. Broderick, k. B.E., C. M.G. (1931).........£3,500 Navai and Asst. Navai Attachés (see U.S.A.).

# BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Havana—Vice-Consul, C. E. Gedge.

" Vice-Consul, James T. Weir.

" Pro-Consul, W. H. Bunbury.
Camaguey—Vice-Consul, F. E. Kezar
Cienfuegos—Vice-Consul, G. W. Bradley.
Vicerias—Vice-Consul, Arthur Durbin.
Santago de Cuba—Consul, Francis of Meara.
Autilla—Vice-Consul, V. L. Macdonald.

#### CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

(Československá Republika.)

President, Professor Tomáš G. Masaryk, born 1850; assumed office Nov. 14, 1918; re-elected May 27, 1920; re-elected May 27, 1927. MINISTRY.

Prime Minister, František Udržal Forsign Afaris, Dr. Eduard Beneš Education, Dr. Ivan Déter. Finance, Dr. Karel Trapl. National Defence, Dr. K. Viškovský Interior, Juraj Slavík. Food, Rudolf Bechyně.
Justice, Dr. Alfred Meissner.
Posts, Dr. Emil Franke.
Agriculture, M. B. Bradáč.
Social Welfare, Dr. Ludwig Czech.
Public Works, M. Jan Dostálek.
Commerce, Dr. Josef Matoušek.
Railways. M. Rudolf Mičoch.
Unification, Monsgnor Dr. J. Srámek,
Public Health, Dr. Franz Spina

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Jan Masaryk, C.B.E., 9 Grosvenor Place, S.W. x.

Legation, 8, Grosvenor Place, 8.W. z.
Counsellor, Dr. Vilém Černý.
zst Secretary, Dr. Jan. K. Fragner.
Do (Specially attached), J. V. Hyka.
znd Secretary, Dr. Jan Gerke.
Do. (Specially attached), F. Rommer.
Military Attaché, Major Stépán Andieas.
Consul, Josef Bujnák, 18 Bedford Square, W.C.z.

Part of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy declared its independence on Oct. 18, 1918, as the tzechoslovak Republic, and ten days later the Narodus Vybor (National Council) of Czechoslovakia took over the administration of the independent territories. The political neighbours of the Republic are the Austrian and Hungarian Republics on the A., the German Republics on the W., and the Polish Republic and the Kingdom of Rumania on the E. Within these limits are the former Austrian Provinces of Boltemia and Moravia and part of the Province of Silesia; and Northern Hungary from the Danube (at Biatislava, on the Austrian frontier) to the Carpathians (at the headwaters of the Ung River in the eastern slope of Mt. Vercezka)—a total area of about 54,877 80, miles, with a population (Census of 1930 as under:—

Bohemia Morama and Silesia	7,106,766 3,563,157
SlovakiaSubcarpathian-Russia	3,330,885 785,350

Total..... 14,726,158

Of the total population it is estimated that 65's per ceut. are Czechoslovaks, 23'3 per cent. Germans, 3'5 per cent. Magyars 3'4 per cent. Ruthenians, and o'5 per cent. Poles. The new State was recognised by Austria in 1918 and by Hungary on March 10, 1929. The National Assembly, consisting of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies, is elected by universal adult suffrage of both soxes. The executive power is exercised by a Council of Ministers, appointed by the President. The coalition of Czech parliamentary parties (which with short intervals had monopolised the executive from the foundation of the Republic) broke up in the Spring of 1926. For a time the Government was carried on by a non-pullamentary cablnet. At present a coalition of the Czech, German and Slovak "bourgeois" parties are in office. In the present Ministry two portfolios (those of Justice and Public Works) are, for the first time, held by representatives of the German minority, and in January, 1927, two representatives of the Slovak Peoples (Catholo) Party joined the Ministry. The Constitution guarantees religious and political freedom. About 80 per cent of the

By the Peace Treaty Czechoslovakia acquired about to per cent. of the whole industry of the former Austrian Empire. It has several rich coalfields, and possesses valuable mineral resources which, notably in Slovakia, have not yet been fully developed. Radium, gold, silver, iron, graphite and lead are all mined, while the whole country is rich in mineral and thermal aprings. Bohemia has rich deposits of clay, kaolin and sand. The whole country is well farmed, and agricultural production is on a very high level of excellence. In foodstuffs, however, the country is not self-supporting. Thirty-three per cent. of the total area of the country is forest land, and both in the productiveness of the forests and the quality of the timber the forest wealth of the Republic is enormous. In its industrial development Bohemia may be compared to Belgium. In Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia, which have a total population of zelf-millions, which have a total population and soliesia, which have a total population are engaged in industry. The various industries are well organised, and as regards both machinery and modern improvements the factories are as well equipped as any in Europe. Except in Slovakia and Ruthenia illiteracy is almost unknown, and both the German and Czech elements which compose the working-class population are hardworking and in many cases highly skilled. The new Republic possesses, therefore, many valuable economic advantages, and it is no exaggeration to state that Czechoslovakia is in a far more flourishing state than most of its neighbours

Csechoslovakia has no direct access to the sea, but has a right of access over the Elbe and Oder to Hamburg and Stettin, for which purpose the Government proposes to canalise the Upper Elbe in order to connect it with the Oder and the Dannbe. If this proposal is carried out, the country will be traversed by a waterway saffording a communication from the North Sea and Baltic, vid the Danube, to the Black Sea.

Revenue (Budget)	. 9,843,827,500
Expenditure (Budget)	9,838,525,200
Debt (Jan. 1, 1931):-	
Internal Debt	25,039,000,000
External Debt	8,426,000,000
Bunk Note Debt	3,500,000,000
	1930.
Total Imports	15,714,503,000
Total Exports	17,473,738,000
Imports from U.K	579, 293,000
Exports to U.K	1,377,797,000
CAPITAL, Prague (Praise), ou	the Vitava
(Moldan), the former capital of Bo	hemia with a

(Moldau), the former capital of Bohemia, with a population (Cousus of 1920) of 848.08:; other large towns are Bruo (Brinu) in Moravia (pop. 263, 246); Moravska-Ostrava (pop. 175,056); Fizen (Pilseu), the brewing centre in Bohemia (pop. 181,244); Bratislava (Pressburg), where the Danube forms the S. boundary of the Republic (pop. 145,576); and Liberce (Reichenberg) pop. 78,357

FLAG: White, blue, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Thunovská ulice za, Prague III.)

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary, and Consul-General, Joseph Addison, C.N.G. (1930) ......£4,100

The National Currency is the Caschoslovak Crown or Korana (Kč.), replacing the former Austrian crown.

zst Secretary, K. T. Gurney. 2rd Secretary, Paul Mason. Commercial Sec. (Grade I.), H. Kershaw, O.B.E. Mü. Attaché, Lt.-Col. W. H. Oxley, M.C. Archtviet, W. P. Dawkins, M.B. E.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Prague—Vice-Consul, Capt. J. W. Taylor, M.B.E., Pro-Consul, L. C. Pettitt.
Bratislava—Vice-Consul, A. E. Dowden.
Brno (Brunn)—Vice-Consul, W. V. Neumark.
Karlony Vany (Carlshad)—Vice-Consul, R. Mosei
Liberce (Reichenberg)—Vice-Consul, S. P. Elliott.

#### DANUBE COMMISSIONS.

The International Danube Commission (Headquarters, Vienna) was created by the Treaty of Versailles (1919), the States represented under the Treaty being Austria, Bayaria, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Fral.es, Great Britan, Hungary, Italy, Rumania, Württemburg, and Yugoslavia. The Commission maintains the liberty of navigation and the equal treatment of all flags of the Danube from Ulm (Wurttemburg) to Bralla (Rumania) and its international system, obtaining funds for administrative expenses from equal contributions of all the States represented. From Bralla to Sulina (the mouth of the Danube), the navigation is controlled by the European Commission of the Danube (Headquarters, Galatz), created by the Treaty of Paris 1856, after the Crimean War; the representation on this Commission is confined to France, Great Britain, Italy and Rumania. The river is connected by canals with the Main, a tributary of the Bhine (Ludwig Canal); a new and deeper canal is under construction to permit the passage of larger craft than at present, thus linking up the whole Rhine and Danube systems across Europe from the North Sea to the Black Sea. The total length of the river is about 1,738 miles, and ocean-going vessels reach Bralla, where trans shipment into river barges is necessary. A pilotage and river-improvement service is maintained by the International Commission at the Iron Gates (headquarters, Orsova), the expenses being met by shipping dues.

The clinef towns on the Danube are the Black Sea port of Sullina, with Galatz (confluence of the Sereth), Bralla, Turnu-Severin and Orsova (Iron Gates), in Runania; Russchuk, Vidin and Lom Palanka, in Bulgaria; Belgrade, the capital of Tungary; Bratislava in Czechosłowakia, Vienna (the seat of the Commission), and Linz, in Austria; Passau and Regensburg, in Bavaria and Ulm in Wittempura.

and Ulm, in Wirttemburg.

The financial situation of the European Commission is shown below:—

 Receipts during 1989
 Gold france

 Expenditure, 1989
 4,652,550

 3,807,53

The receipts consist almost entirely of navigation dues (5,020,653 francs in 2027). The expenditure (1927) included 2,065,291 francs of the prolongation and strengthening of the embankments at Sulina, and 251,507 francs in repayment of the British portion of the loar raised by the Commission in 2024.

THE INTERNATIONAL DANUBE COMMISSION. British Delegation, Col. Bir John G. Baldwin, E.C.M.G., C.B., Plenipotentiary Commissioner (Delegate); O. S. Philipotts, O.B.E., Commercial Secretary (Ast. Delegate).

EUROPEAN DANUBE COMMISSION.

British Delegates, Col. Sir John G. Baldwin, K.C.M.G., C.B. (Plenipotentiary Commissioner); T. B. Wildman (Deputy Commissioner).

# DANZIG. (Freie Stadt Danzig.)

Under Articles zoo and zon of the Treaty of Versailles, the City of Danzig with the surround-Versailles, the City of Danzig with the surrounding territory (constituting a total area of about 755 sq. miles, with a population estimated at 350,000) was set up as a Free City, under the protection of the League of Nations, Poland undertaking to conduct her Foreign Affaira. The Free City was constituted Nov. 25, 250,000 with an executive Senate and an elected Legislature of 72 members. The harbour is administered by a mixed board of Poles and Danzigers under a neutral President, and the League of Natious is represented by a resident High Commissioner. In Jan., 1523, the Free City entered the Polish Customs Union. The orthcipal exports are coal, timber, cereals. city entered the Poissi Customs Union. The principal exports are coal, timber, cereals, cement, bacon, eggs, mineral oils and sugar, and the imports herrings, iron ore, machinery, scrap-iron, artificial manures, fats, foodstuffs and textiles The tonnage of ships entered in 1930 was 4,143,098 tons, and of those cleared 4,148,802 tons.

Danzig - High Commissioner of Leagus of Nations, Count Manfred Gravina,

# BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Danzig-Consul, John Cameron. " l'ice-Consul, Capt. M. A. Popham.

# DENMARK. (Kongeriget Danmark.,

King, Christian X., born Sept. 26, 1870; suc. May 14, 1922; married, April 26, 1898, Princess Alexandrine of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and has issue a sous.

Heir Apparent, H.R.H. Prince Frederik (Crown Prince), b. March zz, 1899.

CABINET. (April, 1929.)

Premier and Minister of Navigation and Fisheries, Th. A. M. Stauning.
Foreign Affairs, Dr. P. R. Munch.
Justice, C. T. Zahle.
Education F. H. J. Borgbjerg.

Defence, L. Rasmussen.

Defence, L. Rasmussen.
Industry and Commerce, C. N. Hauge.
Worship, N. P. L. Dahl.
Public Works, F. J. N. Friis-Skotte.
France, C. V. Bramsuss.
Social Afairs, K. K. Steincke.
Agriculture, K. M. Bodding.
Interior, B. Dahlgaard.

Brooy Extraordinary and Min. Plen. in London, Count Preben F. Ahlefeldt-Laurvig, G.C.V.O,

o, Cadogan Square, S.W. z.
Legation, s. Pont Street, S.W. z.
Counsellor, Oscar L. F. A. O'Neill Oxholm.
Secretary of Legation, V. Steenson-Leth.
Agricultural Advisor, Sören Sörensen.

Attaché, Baron P. J. Bertouch-Lehn. Navel Attaché (vacant).

Press Attaché, M. C. E. Asgaard.

Consul-Gen. in London, M. Ch. M. Rottböll, 7

Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C. z.

Vice-Consul, Birger Dons Möller.

Consulates at Falmouth, Hull, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Glasgow, Leith and Belfast.

A Kingdom of Northern Europe, and the smallest of the Northern States, consisting of the islands of Zeeland, Fünen, Lolland, &c., the peninsula of Jutland, and the outlying island of Born-holm in the Baltic. Denmark is situated between 54° 34′ -57° 44′ N. lat. and 5° 5′ - 12° 40′ E. long., with an area of 15,042 square miles, and a population (Nov. 5, 1230) of 3,521,000. Nearly one-half of the population live exclusively by agriculture, and one-fourth by manufactures and trade.

In 1864 Denmark was attacked by Prussia and Austria and deprived of Schleswig-Holstein (Prussia taking the whole territory after a further war with Austria in 1866). At the conclusion of peace between the Central Powers and the Allies in 1919, the question of Schleswig-Holstein was subjected to a plebiscite of the inhabitants, and North Schleswig is now part of Denmark.

The common products are wheat, rye, oats, barley, potatoes, cattle, horses, pigs, sheep, and butter. Its manufactures are, for the most part, for home consumption. Its principal imports are coals, manufactured goods (woollens, silks, cottons) iron, hardware, wine, fruit, coffee, tea, maize tons) fron, hardware, wine, fruit, corree, tea, maize and colonial produce. In 1930, 1, 233,000 hectares were under corn crops, 23,800 sugar beet, 411,000 for age roots, and 297,800 hay crop. In July, 1930, the live stock numbered 494,300 horses, 3,057,400 cattle, 193,000 sheep, and 4,871,900 swine. The crops in 1930 included 9,976,000 hkg. (hkg. = 100 kilogrammes) of oats, 10,510,000 of barley, 242,000 reve. 2,460,000 mived corn, and 2,780,000 2,547,000 rye, 7,495,000 mixed corn, and 2,780,000 qrs. of wheat. Its chief exports are agricultural produce, including wheat and barley, bacon, hams, flour, butter, eggs, hides, skins, corn-meal and oil-cake, horses, and cattle. Sca-going mercautile marine (1930) 599 steamers, with a gross tonnage of 735,490. There are (1930) 5,294 kilometres of railway and 12,053 km. of telegraph line.

DEFERCE.—The Army consists of about rs, one trained men, the vote for r930-31 amounting to Kr. 35,000,000. The Navy consists of 4 coast-defence ironciads and x completing, x small crusers, 23 torpedo-loats (built and building), x4 submaines (built or building). Vote, r930-31, Ki. 22,000,000.

EDUCATION is free and compulsory, the schools schools are numerous, technical and agricultural predominating. There are Universities at Copenhagen and Aarhus.

1989-30. 2930-31. Revenue ... ..... Kr. 336,107,000 Kr. 339,972,000 Expenditure ..... 324,131,000 321,056,000 Public debt ...Kr. 1,373,187,000 Kr. 1,354,931,000

1,727,097,000 1,522,946,000 250,895,000 946,308,000

CAPITAL. Copenhagen. Population (1930), 617,000 (with suburbs, 772,000). Other centres are Aarhus 81,279; Aalborg 44,365; Odense 56,759; Horsens 28,363; and Randers 27,722.

FLAG: Red, with white cross.

# BRITISH LEGATION.

(Bredgade, 26, Copenhagen.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipo-tentiary, Sir Thomas Hohler, K.C.M.G., C.B.

(1928) £4,660 2st Secretary, J. H. S. Birch.
Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), H. H.

Cassells, M.V.O.
Naval Attaché, Com. M. A. Hawes, R.N.
Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. G. Villar, R.N.

Military Attaché, Col. J. H. Marshall-Cornwall, C.B.R., D.S.O., M.C. Air Attaché, Wing Commander J. H. Herring,

D.S.O., M.C.

Chaplain, Rev. Thomas Jesson.

Archivist, J. M. Turner.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Copenhagen-Consul for Denmark, H. H. Cassells, M.V.O. (with local rank of Commercial Secretary, Grade II).

Vice-Consul, John B Dano. Aalborg-Vice-Consul, Capt. Eric Carus Wilson, M.C.

Aarhus (Jutland)—Vice-Con., H. von der Hude. Bandholm—Vice-Consul, H. C. L. Hovmand. Esbjerg—Vice-Consul, I. Christensen. Fredericua—Vice-Consul, J. W. Brochner-Mor-

tensen.

Frederikshavn-Vice-Consul, Sophus Korup, M.R.R.

A.B.B. Vice-Consul, Peter Nielsen.
Kolding—Vice-Consul, Christian F Eff, M.B.K.
Korsor—Vice-Consul, Harald Fischer.
Lenvig—Vice-Consul, L. Kier.

Odense (Funen) -- Vice-Consul, Thorbjorn E. G. Muus.

Randers-Vice-Consul, Victor H. Nisted Svendborg-Vice-Consul, A. Nielsen. Thisted-Vice-Consul, Noren M. Zacho. Farce (Thorsham)—Consul, V. Lutzen.

The outlying possessions and colonies of Denmark have an area of about 50,000 square miles, with about 40,000 inhabitants. They include the FAROE, or Sheep Islands (515 8d. m., pop, 1930, 24,200); GREENLAND (100-free portion about 30,000 sq. m., total area about \$30,000 sq. m., population, 1921, 14,400), the trade of which is a Government monopoly.

Copenhagen, distant 728 miles; transit, 36 hours.

# DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

# (República Dominicana,)

President (1930), General Don Rafael Trujillo, Sworn in, Aug. 16, 1930. Vice-President and Minuster for Foreign Affairs,

Señor Ledo. Rafael Estrella Ureña

Broop Fatraordinary and Minister Pleni-potentiary in London, Sehor Rafael Brache, 13 Onslow Gardens, S.W., -. Secretary of Leyation and Consul-General, Senor Dr. Don Conrado Licairac. Consul, Señor Octavio Ventura.

Vice-Consul, Senor A. M. Ventura.

The Republic of Santo Domingo, formerly the Spanish portion of the island of that name, is the oldest settlement of European origin in the oldest settlement of European origin in America. The island was discovered by Christopher Columbus in December, 249s, who named it "La Española" or "Little Spain." In 1496 he ordered his brother, Bartholomew Columbus, to found the capital at the mouth of the Ozama River, on the south of the island, which city he called Santo Domingo. The island immediately became the objective for adventurous Spanish colonists, who exploited the native Indians almost to the point of extermination for the sake of the gold found in the streams. African negroes were imported for the sugar and other plantations both in Santo Domingo and Haiti, and this accounts for the present large pro-portion of negroid blood in both countries. A short time after its discovery Santo Domingo short time after its discovery vanto Domingo became the "jumping-off point" for other adventurers proceeding from Spain to the newly-found mainlands of the western hemisphere, and this greatly diminished the importance of the island and caused an exodus to those places.

In 1821 Santo Domingo broke away from Spain and declared itself independent, but in 1822 it was invaded and subjugated by its negro neighbours from the west, the Haitians. The latter were driven out in 1844, when the Dominican Republic was definitely proclaimed by the natives, and has so remained except for an interregnum of two years (1862-1864) when the Spaniards again took possession, but were eventually forced to withdraw.

On November 29, 1916, American military forces landed in Santo Domingo and a Military Government was proclaimed From October 22, rgas, a Provisional Dominican Government was in office until July zs, rga4, when a properly elected Constitutional Government was installed, with complete authority over all matters except the collection of the customs and the redemption of foreign obligations, which con-tinue to be administered by an American official.

The Dominican Republic comprises an area of about 19,322 square miles, with a population estimated at 1,000,000. An extensive system of entimated at 1,000,000. An excellent a system of motor lighways, totalling nearly 700 miles of first class roads, has been built, but they have been allowed to fall into very poor condition for want of proper maintenance. There is a direct road from Santo Domingo City to Port-au-Prince, the capital of Haiti, enabling the journey from capital to capital to be made in one day. There are about 150 miles of public 1 allway, and a tele-phone system connects practically all the towns of the republic. There are six wireless stations. and the All America Cable Company maintains an efficient service with all parts of the world.

Sugar and cocoa beans are the most important crops, and coffee and tobacco are grown in fair quantities, the other products being mahogany, furniture woods, lignum vitae, log-wood, dividivi, cotton, wax, honey, maize, hides and turtle-shell.

The total import trade in 1930 was \$15,209,219 of which 56 12 per cent. came from the United States, 7 04 per cent. (rice) from British India, and 588 per cent. from the United Kingdom. British trade is hampered by distance (as compared with the U.S.), by lack of resident British merchants and industrial undertakings, and by indifferent and slow steamship services from Europe.

Receipts	13,967,544 19,820,000 22,729,444 23,736,497 1,369,328	1930. (U.S. \$) \$9,975,674 10,648,189 18,475,500 15,289,219 18,551,841 895,774 7,389,192
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CAPITAL, Santo Domingo, on the Ozama, founded in 1495 by Bartolomeo (brother of Christopher) Columbus; population (1931) estimated at 40 coc. Sante Domingo City was partially destroyed by hurricane September 3, 1930; rebuilding has proceeded rapidly, but the effects of the storm are still seen. Other centres are Santiago de los Caballeros (17,000) and San Pedro de Macoris (14,000).

FLAG: Red and blue, with white cross.

# BRITISH LEGATION.

(Calle Arzobispo Meriño 94, Santo Domingo). Chargé d'Affaires, R. G. Goldie (1929).

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Santo Domingo-Consul, R. G. Goldie. ,, Vice-Consul, H. H. Gosling ,, Pro-Consul, William A. Elders Sancher-Vice-Connil, Major S. H. Comt, O.B.K San Pedro de Macoris-Vice-Consul, Rev. A. H.

La Romana—Consular-Agent, D'A. A. Wetherall Puerto Plata—Vice-Consul, J. M Doorly (acting).

Santo Domingo is distant 4,600 miles; transit. az to az days.

#### ECUADOR.

# (República del Ecuador.)

Minister of Interior, in charge of the Executive Power, Dr. Alfreda Baquenze Minister of Foreign Affairs St. Carlos Manuel Larrea.

Education, Dr. Francisco Pérez Borja. 'inance, Sr. Juan D. Martinez Meia. War and Marine, Sr. Leonardo Sotomayor.

Minister in London, (vacant).
Charge des Archives, Sr. Carlos Arrarte.
Consul-General in London, Sr. Carlos Arrai te,
23 College Hill, Cannon St., E.C. 4. Consuls at Liverpool, Burmingham, Hull, Glasgow, and Cardiff.

An equatorial State of South America, extending from lat. r° 38' N. to 6' 5' S., and between 60' 20' and 8r° W. long. (according to the Ecuadorran geography, but there are boundary disputes with Pern), comprising an area of

276,000 English sq miles.

The former Kingdom of Quito was conquered by the Incas of Peru in the latter part of the 15th century. Early in the 16th century Pizarro's conquests led to the inclusion of the present territory of Ecuador in the Spanish Vice-Royalty of Peru. The independence of the country was achieved in a revolutionary war which culminated in the hattle of Mount is the chief port (population, 1920, about 100,000);

Pichincha (May 24, 1822).
The Republic of Ecuador is divided into 27 provinces and one territory. It has a population of about 2,000,000, mostly descendants and red of the Spaniards, aboriginal Indians, and others).

Mestizoes. The territory of the Republic extends across the Western Andes, the highest peaks of which are Chimborazo (20,720 ft.), Inlinza (27,405 ft.), Carbustrazo (26,525 ft.), Cotocachi (26,302 ft.), and Pichincha (26,000 ft.) in the Western Cordillers; and Cotopazi (24,405 ft.), Antisana (28,864 ft.), Cayambe (29,260 ft.), Altar (27,730 ft.), Sangay (27,464 ft.), Tungurahua (26,696 ft.), and Sincholagua (26,365 ft.) in the Eastern Cordillers Remador is watered by the Tuner Anagon, and by the rivers Guayaouli. Upper Amazon, and by the rivers Guayaquil, Mira, Santiago, Chones, and Esmeraldas on the Pacific coast. There are extensive forests, and the cinchona bark tree is common. The Witchbroom disease, which appeared (1922) in the cocca plantations, has had a disastrous effect on the agricultural wealth of the country. The average yearly output previous to sear was one million quintals (of 100 lb.) as compared with

335,052 quintals in 1929 and 387,424 in 1930. Its chief products are cocoa, petroleum, rice, vegetable ivory, bananas, cotton, coffee, india-rubber, sugar, orchella weed, straw hats and hammocks, bark, yams, tobacco, fruits, sarsaparilla, wheat, &c. Its minerals consist of gold, quicksilver, lead, iron and copper; emeralds and rubies are occasionally met with, and sulphur is found in many parts. The chief exports are cocoa, petroleum, caoutchouc, vegetable ivory and gold, cinchoua bark, Panama hats, coffee, and cattle; the chief imports are textile machinery, foodstuffs, and manufactured goods. A rail-

road connecting Guayaquii and Quito was opened in 1908. The Galtipagos (Tortoise) Isdauds (a,870 square miles) belong to Ecuador. In October, 1926, an American Financial Mission arrived in the country and their recommendations have been chacted as laws. A new customs tariff, prepared by the Mission, came into force on July 1, 1927, and produced 26,727,725 sucres in the year ended Dec. 31, 1928, ad, ado, ao sucres in 1900, but only 11, analy 12, sucres in the first six months of 1930, and a new monetary law memory the gold standard, the currency being stabilized at 5 sucres = \$z U.S. A Central Bank was estabhshed on March 4, 1927, and a new banking law enacted.

In November, 1927, the Swedish Match Company of Stockholm secured the exclusive right to import and manufacture matches in Ecuador for a period of 25 years in return for a loan of 8,800,000 sucres, which sum was applied towards the establishment of a Mortgage Bank.

The language of the country is Spanish.

		1930.
•		Sucres.
	Revenue	60,881,470
ı	Expenditure	60, 277, 688
•	Internal Debt (July 2, 1931) External Debt ,, U.S	10,805,551
	External Debt ,, U.S :	\$22,967,396
		Sucres.
,	Imports	63,98x,x06
	Exports	80,646,539
١	1929.	1930
	Imports from U.K £580,155	£392,280
	Exports to U.K 136,652	165, <b>2</b> 82
	CARTEST Ouite Demulation Const	Characal

Capital, Quito. Population, 80,000: Guavaonil other centies are Cuenca, 30,000, and Riobamba, 12.000

FLAG: Three horizontal bands yellow, blue and red (the yellow band twice the width of the

# BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Charles Henry Bentinck, C.M.G. (see Lima, Peru).

Naval Attacke, Capt. E.de F. Renouf, C.V.O., R.N. Military Attacké, Major L. H. G. Andrews. Archivist, H. W. Speck.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Quito-Consul-General (and Charge d'Affaires in the absence of the Minister), R. M. Kohan. Vice-Consul, Alfonso Teran.

Guayaquil—Consul, William C. Graham ,, Vice-Consul, John E. Peet.

Quito, 6,560 miles : transit, 30 days.

#### EGYPT.

King of Egypt, His Majosty FUAD I., G.C.B. (Ahmad Fuad); born March 26, 2888; succeeded his brother as Sultan, October 9, 1227 (az Zil Hidga, 1333); proclaimed King of Egypt, March 26, 1298; married, May 24, 1219, to the daughter of Abriel Rahim Sabri Pasha.

Crown Prince, H.R.H. Prince Faruk, son of the

King, born Keb. 12, 1900 (as Gunnada el Ula, 1338).

Ministry (June 20, 1930).

Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior, and of Finance, H.E. Ishmall Pasha Sidky.

Foreign Afters, H.E. Abdel Fattah Yehia Pasha.

Communication. M. F. Thombe. Communications, H.E. Tewfik Pasha Doss. Justice, H.E. All Maher Pasha.

Public Works and Agriculture, H. E. Hafez l'asha Hassan

*Wagfs, H.E. Ahmed Pasha Ali. Rducation, H.E. Helmi Eassa Pasha. War and Marine, H.E. All Pasha Galal-ed-Din.

Financial Adviser, Frank P. Watson. Finan. Under Sec., Ahmed Abdul Wahab Pasha. Frank, Order Sec., Almod Andul Waldo Fasha. Foreign Under Secretary, Shorif Sabi Bey. Director-Gen., Foreign Affairs (vacant). Director-Gen. Ports and Lighthouses, Rear-Adm G. Tomlin, C.M.G., M.V.O.

Egyptian Minister in London, H.E. Hafez Pasha

Offices of Legation, Bute House, 75 South Audley Street, W. z. Counsellor, and Charge d'Afaires ad interim,

(vacant) and Secretary, Georges Cattaul Effendi.

and Secretary, Radi Abou-Seif Radi Effendi. Attaché, Hassan Moharram Effendi. Archivist, Mohamed Mostafa Yassin Effendi. Asst. do., Staglaire Hassan Abdel Gaffar

Effendi. Consul, Mohammed Hussein Effendi.

The territory of Egypt comprises (x) Egypt Proper, forming the N.E. corner of the African copper, savining the N.E. Coffier of the African continent, divisible into (a) the valley and delta of the Nile, (b) the Libyan or Western Desert, and (b) the Arabian or Eastern Desert; (a) The Pensineula of Smail, forming part of the continent of Asia; and (3) a number of Islands in the Confl of Rep and Reid Sac of which the retained. Gulf of Suez and Red Sea, of which the principal Gulf of Suez and fred Sea, of which the principal are Jubal, Shadwan, Gafatin and Zeberzed (or St. John's Island). This territory lies between see and see a late, and see a late, and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and see and

the Sudan. The western boundary runs from a point on the east, N. of Sollâm (long as E.), inland in a south-westerly direction for some distance and then turns 8, along a meridian line approximately in long, as E. until it meets the parallel of as N. lat., which forms the N. boundary of the Sudan. The E. coundary follows: a line draws from Befs. boundary follows a line drawn from Rafa on the Mediterranean (46° s; E. long.) to the head of the Gulf of Aquaba, from which point the remainder of the E. boundary is washed by the waters of the Gulf of Aquaba and the Red Sea. The "settled land area" is stated officially at 7,667,000 feddans (12,431 square miles) and the 7,007,000 fedinas (12,431 siliare mines) and or area of lakes at 64,200 feddins (12,300 g, miles), a total of 8,208,000 feddins (12,470 sq. miles); but within the boundaries above-mentioned is euclosed an area of about 363,281 sq. miles. The population (Census of 1927) numbered 14,168,756, distributed as under :-

Division.	Population.	
Division.	agay Census	2927 Census.
LOWER EGYPT :-		
Alexandria	444,617	570,314
Cairo	790,939	1,059,824
Canal	91,090	133,677
Damietta	30,984	34,812
†Desert, Southern †Desert, Western	25,859	25,398
Desert, Western	11,868	50,252
Red Sea Coasts	4,684	2,133
Sinai	5,430	14,748
Suez	30,996	39,166
Beheira	892,246	973,917
Dagahliya	986,643	1,077,701
Gharbiya	1,659,313	1,786,896
Minufiva	1,072,636	1,108,240
Qalubiya	528,58x	557,302
Sharqija	955,497	1,012,38z
Total	6,094,916	6,510,438
UPPER EGYPT		
Aswan	<b>#53,340</b>	266,542
Asyùt	981,197	1,077,109
Bem Suef	452,893	506,830
Faiyûm .	507,617	552,58x
Girga	864,746	965,660
Giza	524,352	589,908
Minya	763,922	837,404
Qена	838,805	896,516
Total	5,186,872	5,692,544
Nomads	32,663	35,462
Total	12,750,918	14,168,756

Of the total population in 1917 males numbered 6,369,517 and females 6,348,738; in 1997, males numbered 7,036,938 and females 7,006,996 (Nomade being excluded in each case).

Physical Features.—The Nile valley varies

in width from less than half a mile in the southern granitic region to over zo miles in the northern limestone region, and the cliffs in some places use to heights of over a thousand feet above the river. The fertile lands, on which the prosperity of the country depends, occupy the floor of the valley between the river and the bounding cliffs, while to the north of Cairo they

[•] A Wasf is an institution of Muhammadan Law similar to the "trust" of Enclish Law. When property is made Wasf it is deficiated expressly or implicitly to some charitable or religious ob ect, or for the benefit of private individuals The nearest British equivalent is "The Public I rustee."

⁽t) Dahkla and Kharga Oases. (t) Including Siwa.

spread out into the irregular fan-shaped forma-tion of the Delta which comprises the six provinces of Lower Egypt, with the richest soil in the country. The Nie has a total length of 3,470 miles from the Victoria Nyanza to its mouths. In the 960 miles of its course through Egypt it receives not a single tributary stream. The river has a regular yearly rise and fall, attaining its maximum level about the middle of September and its minimum about the end of May. At Cairo the average rise and fall is about 13 feet. Westward from the Nile Valley into Tripoli stretches the Libyan Desert. Though as a whole it constitutes one of the most arid and inhospitable regions of the world, the Libyan Desert contains a number of depressions wherein wells and springs furnish water in sufficient quantity to irrigate small areas and to support populations of several thousands. These depressions are the Oases, of which the principal from S.E. to N.W. are known as Kharga, Dahkla, Farafra, Baharia, and Siwa. On the eastern edge of the Libyan Desert, a few miles south-west of Cairo, stand the Pyramids of Giza, of which the highest, the Great Pyramid, is 451 feet high. Close to the pyramids is the Great Sphanz, 185 feet long. In the Eastern Desert a great back-bone of high and rugged mountains extends north-westward from Abyssinia to near Suez, and reappears as a detached mass in the Peninsula of Sinai. Flanking this mountain chain on the west, between the axis of the range and the Nile, are plateaux of sandstones and limestones, dissected by wadis (dry water-courses), often of great length and depth, with some wild vegetation and occasional wells and springs. The roads follow the course of the main wades from well to well, and here and there are to be found small encampments of wandering Arabs. The north (Mediterranean) coast of Sinai is flat and sandy. Inland, the ground gradually rises into a highly dissected limestone plateau, which extends southward for about zo miles and terminates in the great scarp of El Tih. South of El Tih the character of the country abruptly changes, the southern third of the poninsula being formed of rugged granitio mountains intersected by deep ravines. Springs and wells occur in fair abundance, mostly in the wade, and running water (mostly brackish) is found at a few points.

Nature Population —There are three distinct elements in the native population of Egypt. The largest, or "Egyptian" element, is a Hamito-Semite race, known in the rural districts as Fellathic (Fellah = ploughman, or tiller of the soil). The fellahis have been mainly Minhammadans since the conquest of the county in the 7th century, but \$24,474 Contic Christians are enumerated in the towns and villages. These Egyptian townsmen and peasantry numbered 12,404,942 in the total of the Census of 1217 (Including 126,434 in the total of the Census of 1217 (Including 126,245 including 136,45 (Census of 1217). A second element is the Bedouin, or nomadic Arabs of the Libyan and Arabian deserta (22,653 Bedouins and 127,364 Sudanese and Berbarin), of whom about one-seventh are real nomade, and the remainder semi-sedentary tent-dwellers on the outskirts of the cultivated land of the Nile Valley and the Faydm. The third element is the Nubern of the Nile Valley abuse of the Conic Valley and the rapid of the Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay of the Nile Valley and the Tay

Nubians are Muhammadans.

Foreign Population.—At the Census of 1917 the foreign residents were 25,998, of whom 30,797 were Turks, 56,731 Greeks, 40,198 Its ians, 24,354

British, 22,270 French and Tunisians, 2,780Austro-Hungarians 4,225 Russians, 127 Germans, 23,932 other Europeans and Americans, and 2,496 Persians.

Religions.—At the Census of 1927 there were 11,523,753 Muhammadans, 1.036,107 Christians, 59,581 Jews and 8.814 other religions. The chief Muhammadan religions authorities in Egypt are the Sheik el Gamt el Azhar and the Mufti el

Di-yar el Masriya.

Government.—From B.C. 30 to A.D. 639 Egypt was a province of the Roman Empire, but in A.D. 640 the Christan inhabitants were subjugated by Moslem invaders, and Egypt became a province of the Eastern Caliphate. In 1527 the country was incorperated in the Ottoman Empire, and was governed by pashas sent from Constantinople until the beginning of the 18th century, when for about 100 years the ruler was chosen from among the Mamelukes, or bodyguard Mokammed Ali, who was proclaimed Pasha in 1805, exterminated the Manuclukes in 1811, and was eventually made het editary governor of Egypt and the Sudan by a firman from the Sultan of June 1, 1841.

Rulers of Egupt since 1811.

Name	Born.		Reigned.
Mohammed Aly (Vali)	1769	•••	1805-1848
Ibrahim ( <i>Val</i> 1)	1780		x848
Abbas I ,	1813		1848 1854
Said ,,	1822		1854-1863
Ismail (Khedive)	1830		1863-1879
Mohammed Tewfiq (Kh'd've)	1852	•••	1879 1892
Abhas II (Khedive)	z874	•••	1892-1914
Hussein Kamel (Sultan)	z853	••	1914-1917
Fuad I (King)	1868		1017-

Legislature—Legislative power is exercised by the King in concurrence with the Parliament within the limits laid down in the Constitution established by Royal rescript of April 79. 7923, and general elections took place for a Parliament consisting of two houses, which first assembled March 15, 7924. Parliament consists of a Fenate of 722 members of whom two-fifths are nominated by the King, the ren-amider being elected on the basis of x Senator for every x80,000 inhabitants; and of a Chamber of Deputies elected on the basis of x for every 60,000 inhabitants.

Executive.—The executive power is exercised by the King through his Ministers within the limits of the Constitution, the Ministry being held jointly responsible to the Chamber of Deputies.

Local Government.—The cluef towns constitute governorships (muhd/xas), and the remainder of the occupied country is divided into provinces (mudirias), which are subdivided into districts (markaz), each under amamür, who controls the head man (omda) of each village in his district. By the law of 1883 provincial councils were instituted, consisting of two representatives from each markaz, under the presidency of the mudir (or governor) of the province. These councils were reorganised in 1910 and were made the elementary education authority for the province, with certain restricted powers of local government.

Defence.—In 1882, a military revolt, headed by an officer of the Egyptian Army (Ahmed Arabi Paska) assumed alarming proportions, and a British expedition was despatched to re-establish the authority of the Khedivo. Meanwhile a revolt had broken out in the southern provinces, headed by Sheikh Mohammed Ahmed.

of Dougola, who proclaimed himself a Mahdi of Islam, and the British expeditionary force, sent to quell the rebellion of 188s, remained in the country as an army of occupation The defence of Egypt is reserved by the Constitution and remains under British control, the British garrison (under the command of a British general officer) amounting to 3 cavalry regiments, 3 batteries of artillery, a companies of engineers, 7 battalions of infantry and x armonied car company, a total of xx.450. Service in the Eyyptian Army is nominally compulsory on all Egyptian subjects between the ages of 19 and 27, the recruits required each year being chosen by ballot; but certain classes (professors, stuby ballot; but certain classes (professors, stadents, flovernment employees, &c) are exempt, and exemption may also be purchased for £E20, if paid before the ballot. Natives of the Sudan are enlisted voluntarily for service in the Egyptian Army, which had a strength of about ra, aso all ranks in rgs?. There is no Nacy in the proper sense of the term; there are 3 small cruisers belonging to the Coast Guard and Fisheries service, and 4 vessels under the Muistry of Communications while the

under the Ministry of Communications, while the different Government Departments possess s'eamers on the Nile for inspection purposes.

The Egyptian Police (under the Ministry of the Interior) consists of City and Provincial Police, the former comprising 306 officers (75 Europeans), 476 European constables, and 6,585 men, the latter 366 officers and 6,565 men. There are also 60,859 ylanjas, or native night-watchinen. Education on native lines has long been given in elementary vernacular schools. The native

in elementary vernacular schools. The native system of education is completed by the more promising pupilsat the Azhar University in Cairo, the principal University of the Moslem world. In 1923-3 there were 151 Elementary Schools (Maktabs) under Government supervision, with a3,996 pupils and 3,770 Maktabs under inspec-tion for grants-maid with 27,499 pupils; there were also 54,528 pupils in other elementary schools. The government primary schools give a 4-years' course and propare for admission to secondary acquaitural and other special secondary, agricultural and other special schools. There were also x,x48 Egyptian instischools. There were also 1,148 Egyptian insti-tutions with 121,935 pupils and 560 foreign institutions with 56,956 pupils. There are Colleges of Medicine, Law, Education, Engineering, Commerce, Veterinary Science and Agriculture at Cairo. Much assistance is given to education by pivate enterprise and benevolence and foreign schools abound. A National Univer-sity was founded in 1908 at Cairo.

Agrundture.-The total area of Egypt is estimated at approximately 222,400,000 English acres, of which about 8,450,000 acres are formed of the alluvium brought down by the Nile from the Abyssman hills, the remainder being chiefly limestone desert. Only the former are cultivable, and only the portion that can be irrigated from the waters of the Nile—this portion amounts at present to 5,600,000 acres (1926), and is capable of extension (to 7,600,000 acres) by the improvement of water storage facilities and means of distribution. In 1930 the land was held as to 5,303,568 feddins by a,170,033 native owners, and as to 480,741 feddins by 6,894 foreign owners. The principal crops grown during Sash (summer) are cotton, rice, sugar cane, and Sorgho (a variety of maze) Nui (flood) part of Sash, has the date of its comnencement fixed by the Irrigation Department according to the quantities of water available

before the flood, which reaches its highest level in September—it generally commences in July. The principal crops are maize and nice (winter) commences in November and ends in June. The principal crops are cereals, bersim (a variety of clover) and—mainly in Upper Egypt—beans, lentils, onions and helba. The total cotton crop and the value of the quantities exported in recent years :-

Year,	Kantars	Export value
1924-25	7,273,974	£E57,544,253
1925-26	7,964,645	43,825,564
1926-27	7,652,189	35,961,447
1027-28	6,041,499	45,138,000
1928- <b>29</b>	8,070,000	41,361,000
1030-31	8.015.400	

Live Stock.—In 1929 the cattle numbered 800,853, buffaloss 822,587, horses 38,371, mules 21,738, donkeys 739,121, sheep 1,002,683, goats 731,176, and camels 172,619.

Minerals -The riparian districts of the lower Valley of the Nile are ill-provided with workable numeral deposits, with the except in of abundant building materials. The mineral resources of Egypt, therefore, are situated in its otherwise barren deserts. Known deposits are chiefly situated at great distances from one another and from the Nile. This fact has retarded exploration and development, but of late years considerable progress has been made. Owing to luck of knowledge of mining, consequent upon their pursuit being entirely agricultural, the local industrial classes have had very little hand in the existing enterprises, whose capital and organisation are chiefly foreign.

Manufactures and Industries.—The principal articles of Egyptian manufacture are cotton and wollen fabrics, silks, embroideries, brass, silver and copper ware, leather goods, rugs, pottery, alcoholic beverages, sugar, perfumery and cigarettes. The principal Egyptian indus-tries are dyeing, tanning and coment.

Raulrays.—The principal lines radiate from Cairo to Alexandria (and on to Rosetta), Dannietta, and Ismailia (continuing northwards to Port Said and southward to Sucz). From Cairo the line runs southwards for a distance of 554 miles to Shellal, the First Cataract. At this point a steamer connexion runs to Wadi Halfa, connecting the Egyptian State with the Sudan Government Railways. Westwards from Alexandria (and close to the coast) runs a line, which it is hoped to extend eventually to the frontier at Solluni, thus joining Tripoll to Egypt. The total length of the Egyptian State Railways (excluding the Auxiliary Railways of Upper Egypt and the Western Oases Railway) on March 31, 1930, was a 3,300 miles. 37,585,000 passengers and 5,780,491 metric tons of merchandise were carried during 1933-4, the net receipts being £ Ex,820,487. The gauge is standard (4 ft. 81/2 in.), with the exception of 138 miles between Juxor and Shellal, which are 3 ft. 6 in. gauge. There are two other State-owned lines in Egypt, namely, the Auxiliary Railways of Upper Egypt, consisting of a8a miles of standard gauge, and the Western Oases Railways, a length of 141 miles (75 centimetre gauge) connecting the oasis of Khaiga with the Nile Valley. In addition to the Government lues, there are 865 miles of light railways exploited by public companies,

Motor Vehicles.—On Dec. 31, 1928, there were 14,122 private motor cars, 6,321 taxi-cabs, and 4,045 lorries and omnibuses.

Caravan Routes .- The principal caravan routes lead to the Cases of the Libyan Desert (though Kharga can now be reached by train), whence there is a route, known as the Darb el 'Arbain, leading to Dar Für and the south of the Sudan. There are many well-known routes across the Arabian Desert to the Red Sea, that from Qena to Qoseir being probably the most frequently

Shipping.—For the SUEZ CANAL see page 868.—Apart from the three great seaports of Alexandra, Port Said, and Suez, Egypt has but few harbours and anchorages adapted for large craft; the principal are those of Sollam and Matruh on the Mediterranean, Tor, Abu Zenima, Zeitia, Jemsa and Hurghada in the Gulf of Suez, and Safaga. Qosser and Halab on the Red Sea. The Khedivial Mail Steamship Line (which is under British management) has its headquarters at Alexandria and a depôt at Suez. The principal port is Alexandria, where 2,102 vessels (4,781,305 tons) entered and 2,106 vessels (4,800,655 tons) cleared in 1925.

Posts and Telegraphs -There were in 1925 58,753,000 letters and post-cards, and 26,391,000 newspapers, &c., and a total foreign correspondence of 43,000,000 Therewere on March 3x, 1925, 136,522 miles of telegraph and telephone wire. A system of savings hanks has been introduced, under the control of the Post Office, the actual deposits being collected in rural districts by the sarraf (village tax-collector).

z929-30 Revenue .....£E4z,886,428 1030-31 £E36,277,000 Expenditure ...... 41,128,413

44,915,000 £E47,488,760 31,941,59± £9,808,000 Exports to U.K. ... 23,583,000

13,910,000 Debt.-The Caisse de la Dette, a body repre-Deut.—The Caisse de la Dette, a body representing the creditors of the Egyptian Treasury, has considerable powers and special privileges. The Caisse, appointed during an era of bankruptcy, succeeded in protecting the interests of the bondholders, but as Egypt became solvent and prosperous, its stingent regulations prevented the development of the country out of surplus revenue a large part of which was held surplus revenue, a large part of which was held in suspense as contingent security for the service of the debt. Though the Carsse still exists, its duties are now limited to receiving the revenues necessary for the luterest and for the payment of the coupons as they become due, while it also holds a considerable reserve fund  $(£ \mathbb{F}_3 \circ 65, \mathbf{x}_4 \circ \mathbf{n})$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_3 \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{n}$ sterling) on April 1, 1928 and 1929 :-

Debt.	1929.	1930.
Guaranteed Debt, 3)	£ 4,227,900	£ 3,994,400
Privileged Debt, 3½1	30,633,980	30,633,980
Traided Trabe a money	55,426,320	55,250,460
Total	00.288.200	80.828.840

The Cost of the Debt (in the Budget for 1930-31) inclusive of £E664,826 assigned to the service of the Ottoman Loans of 1855, 1891 and 1899,

which were guaranteed on the Egyptian Tribute, was stated at £E4,697,284.

CAIRO, the capital (population 1927, 1,064,567), stands on the E. bank of the Nile, about 14 miles from the head of the Delta. Its oldest part is the fortress of Babylon in old Cairo, with its Roman bastons and Coptic churches. The carliest Arab building is the Mosque of 'Amr, dating from A.D. 643, and the most conspicuous is the Citadel, built by Saladin towards the end of the 12th century. The bazaars are always interesting, especially the Khan-ol-Khalili, the Hamzawi, and the Brass Bazaar, though the Muski, which leads to them, is fast losing its oriental character.

ALEXANDERA(population 1927, 573,023), founded B.C. 322 by Alexander the Great, was for over 1,000 years the capital of Egypt 1ts great Phaios, or lighthouse, was one of the "Seven Wonders of the World" (see p. 87). It now contains two roys palaces, Ras-el-Tin and Montaza, while almost the entire cotton trade of the country is here controlled by the law dealers. the country is here controlled by the big dealers and brokers. At the census of 1927 the towns of Tanta (90,014), Port Said (104,603), Mansura (53,696), Assurt (57,132), Farytim (52,372), Zagazig (52,351), and Damanhur (51,709), also exceeded 50,000 inhabitants. CAPITAL, Cairo.

FLAG: Green, with r white crescent (convex side to flagstaff), and three 5-pointed white stars (arranged in an equilateral triangle) between the hours.

# British Diplomatic and Consular Officers.

(The Residency, Kasr-el-Doubara, Cairo.)

High Commissioner (Mandub es Sami), His Excellency Sir P. L. Loraine, Bt, K.C.M.G.

(1929) Si I. I. Diambe, B., A.C.R.S. (1929) Counsellor, R. I. Campbell. std Secretary, R. C. S. Stevenson. and Secretary, F. R. Hoyer Millar. 3rd Secretary, P. W. S. Y. Scallett. Hon Attaches, A. H. Graham; M. Ogilvie

Grant; V. Cornelius. Legal Counsellor, Hon. C. Campbell, C.M.G.

Tegla Connector, Hol. C. Camphell, C.E.C. Commercial Secretary (Grade I, with rank of 1st Secretary), R. M. A. E. Tuiner, C.H.E. Commercial Sec. (Grade II), L. B. S. Larkins. Onental Secretary (with local rank of Counsellor), W. A. Smart.

Assistant Oriental Secretary (with local rank of 1st Secretary), L B. Grafftey-Smith. and Assistant Oriental Secretary (with local rank of and Secretary), N. Mayers.

Liauon Officer, G. W. Courtney.

Archivist and Accountant, H. E. R. Warton,

Assistant Archivist, H. L. B. Coe. Temporary Secretary, F. Pattman, M.B.E. Medical Adviser, Dr. W. Fletcher-Barrett.

# CONSULAR OFFICES.

Alexandria-Consul-General, C. E. Heathcote-Smith, C.B E. Vice-Consids, A. S. Calvert; P. Cassar,

M.B K.

,, Medical Adviser, Dr J. Mitchell. ano-Consul-General, H. L. Rabino, O.B.E. ,, Vice-Consuls, D. F. H. Brickell, M.B.E.;

F. C. Ogden (acting); G. Farwagi, M.B.E. Pro-Consul, M. W. Dawson

", Medical Adriser, Dr. C. H. G. Pochin. Port Said—Consul, L. H. Hurst.

Port Said-Vice-Consuls, R. Part, O.B.E.; D J. M. Irving (acting); J. T. Cullen.

Pro-Consul, Joseph W. Caruana, M.B.M. Sucz-Vice-Consul, A. N. Williamson-Napier., Pro-Consul, Abbas Barry.

There are Consular Agents at Assiut, Aswan, Beni Suef, Damanhur, Ismailia, Kafr el Zayat, Luxor, Mansura, Mehalla Kebir, Minia, Shebin el Kom, Sohag, Tanta, and Zagazig.

# H.B.M. SUPREME COURT

(sitting at Cairo, Alexandria and Port Said). Judge, Sir Wasey Sterry, C.B.E., (also Judge of H.B.M. Prize Court, Alexandria). Crown Prosecutor, C. H. Perrott.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF EGYPT 6 Rue de l'Ancienne Bourse, Alexandria, and Savoy Chambers, Carro.

CAIRO is z,520 miles from London; transit vid Trieste, 5 days; mil Marseilles, 6 days.

# ESTONIA.

(Eesti Wabariik.)

Head of the State, M. Konstantin Päts. Foreign Affairs, M. Jaan Tonisson.

Minister in London, Dr Oskar Kallas, 167 Queen's Gate, S.W. 7. Counsellor of Legation and Consul-Gen., Haus Markus. Secretary, V. Ojanson.

The most northerly of the Baltic provinces, is bounded on the N. by the Gulf of Finland, on the S. by Latvia, on the W. by the Baltic Sea, and on the E. by Lake Peipus and Soviet Russia (along a line roughly parallel with the eastern shore of the lake). The islands of Dago, Osel and other smaller islands in the Dago, Osel and other smaller islands in the Baltic form part of the Republic. It has an area of about 18,632 sq. miles (within the boundary settled by agreement with Soviet Russia), with a population (Jan. z, 2329,) of z, zz6,474 (87 8 per cent. Estonians, 8's per cent. Russians, z'y per cent. Germans). Agriculture and dairy farming are the chief industries, engaging 59 per cent. of the population. The value of the agricultural production in zga6 was region, oo, rye, cats, barley, flax and potatoes being the chief crops, and butter, bacon, and eggs the chief products of dairy farming. There are important manufactures, including cotton, woollou, paper, timber, matches and distilling, with annual production valued at £7,000,000.
There were (1999) yes miles of broad gauge and
398 miles of narrow gauge railway in operation.
Legislature consists of a single-chamber Assembly (Riigikogu) of 200 members elected for

3 years by universal adult suffrage. executive is entrusted to a council of Ministers, the Prime Minister being the Head of the State. The supreme organ of the Judicature is the State Court of Justice in Tartu (Dorpat).

Revenue	2989-30, Cs. 252.848
Expenditure	4.242.825
External Debt (2020):	U1-U31-33
International Debt (under League	
of Nations)	1,540,000
To Great Britain	v 000 006
To U.S.A	16.288.007
To Sweden Kane	ON Bon Gan

Imports ... Kroons 122,967,500 Kroons 98,639,500 Exports ... 117,471,300 Imports from U.K. 12,360,400 Exports to U.K. 44,707,200

CAPITAL, Tallinn (Reval), pop. (1931) 131,594, an important Baltic port, connected by railway with Leningrad; other towns are Tartu or Dorpat (6x, sas) the seat of the University; Narva (25,258), the chief manufacturing centre; and Parnu (ax,490), on the Gulf of Riga.

FLAG: Blue, black, white, in horizontal stripes.

BRITISH LEGATION. (Lai Tanav 17, Tallinn Reval.)
British Minister to Estonia, Latvia and Lithu-

ania, Hugh Montgomery Knatchbull-

ania, hugi Montgomery Knatchouli-Hugessen, C.M.G. (1930). set Secretary, O. A. Scott, D.S.O. Naral Attaché, Comm. M. A. Hawes, R.N. Midary Attaché, Maj. R. C. W. G. Firebrace,

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Tallinn-Consul and Charge d'Afaires (with local rank of Second Secretary), A. J. Hill. l'ice-Consul, J. E. P. Leslie.

", Pro-Consul, Arthur Halsey.
Parnu-Vice-Consul, James P. Dicks.

# FINLAND.

(Suomi.)

President. Pehr Evind Svinhnfud, born 1861, assumed office, March, 1931. Prime Minister, Juho Emil Suntia Foregn Affairs, Baron A. Yijö-Koskinen.

Minister in London, Monsieur A. H. Saasta-moinen, a Moreton Gardens, S. Kensington,

monen, s Moreton Gardens, S. Kensington, S.W. 5. Counsellor, Eino Wälikaugas. sand Sec., Aaro Pakasiahti.
Mühtary Attaché, Col. Aejmelæus-Aimä, C.B.E. Commercial Attaché, J. E. Lundstrom (actung), reg Cannon Street, E.C. 4. A country situated on the guifs of Finiand and Bothnia, which was conquered by Russia from Sweden, and united to the Russian Empire, as an automonus but not sovereim Grand-Dudy. an autonomous but not sovereign Grand-Duchy. in 1809. When the Russian Empire broke down in 1917 Finland declared herself an independent sovereign state (Dec. 6, 1917). The following year the country sustained severe disturbances on account of the aggression of Russian Bolshevism. but succeeded in restoring order, and the rela-tions between Finland and Russia were finally tions between Finland and Russia were finally settled by the Treaty of Dorpat (Oct., 1920). The area is 149,226 square miles, with a population (1930) of 3,634,047, of whom (in 1920) 1,574,128 were Finnish-speaking, 240,653 Swedish-speaking, and 1,603 Laps, leading a nonadic life in the north. Nearly all the inhabitants are Lutherans. The Aland Archipelago, a group of some 300 small islands at the entrance to the Gulf of Bothnis (area 537 square miles, population about 27,000), forms part of the Republic. There are 3 universities, 2 at Halsinki (Helsington) and 2 at Turkn (Abo). Helsinki (Helsingfors) and a at Turku (Abo); the university of Helsinki (founded 2640 at Turku and removed to Helsinki in 1828) has nearly 5,000 students, of whom about 7,000 are women. In addition, there are x technical and x commercial schools. The leading crops are rye, barley, cats, potatoes. Saw mills, wood pulp, cellulose and paper manufacture provide the chief industry, and the forests (6x,400,000 acres)

are a great source of wealth; there is no European country so wealthy in forests except Russis, the exports of timber in 1928 being rates, are exports of timber in 1938 being ratios standards; wood pulp, eardboard and paper, and dairy produce are also exported. There are (1931) 3,378 miles of railroad and about 3,900 miles of telegraph, with a well developed telephone system (32 per 1,000 inhabitants). There is railway connexion with Sweden and There are and the beautiful the second telephone conversion with Sweden and Russia, and telephone connexion with most European countries and with U.S.A. The merchant fleet (1930) consists of 983 vosses (331,032 tons), of which 557 are steamers.

Service in the Army is universal and computers the pages of fact the below about a computer the pages of fact the below about a computer.

sory, the peace effective being about 25,000 all ranks; there is also a volunteer organisation of Civic Guards with an enrolled strength of about

The country was formerly governed by the Finnish Senate of as members, with a Diet of 4 estates elected by the people; but under the Constitution of Jan. 1, 1997, there is a single Chamber elected by universal suffrage of both sexes, women being likewise eligible for election to the Chamber. Finland was thus the first to the Chamber. Finland was thus the first country to concede woman suffrage and representation, and it is noteworthy that it was gained without agitation.

Finland is a Prohibitionist country, the only

one in Europe.

Finnish and Swedish are the official languages.

4,398,100,000 Revenue ..... .. *Marks 4,342,100,000 Expenditure ...... Debt ...... Imports ..... 4,508, x00,000 4,738,700,000 3,023,600,000 3,057,100,000 5,247,900,000 6,426,700,000 £3,362,573 £14,944,760 5,398,300,000 £8,414,650 £12,641,191 Exports to U.K. ...

CAPITAL, Helsinki (Helsingfors). Population (2929) 330,096; other towns are Turku (Abo) 65,291, Tampere (Tammerfors) 54,824, Vilpuri (Viborg) 55,020, Vassa (Wasa) 25,266, Oulu (Uleaborg) 23,782, and Kuopio (24,003).

FLAG: white with blue cross.

# BRITISH LEGATION. (Norra Kajen 4, Helsingfors.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, R. A. C. Sperling, C.B., C.M G.

z), C. B. Jerram. Naval Attaché, Com. M. A. Hawes, R.N.

Aust. Naval Attaché, Engr.-Com. G. Villar, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. R. C. W. G. Firebrace, R.A.

Archivist, R. F. K. Dexter.

# BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Helsinks (Helsingfors)-(Consul for Finland, with personal rank of Consul-Gen.), C. H. Mackie.

—Vice-Cons., G. E. Hilton (tempy.)

Hanko (Hango) - Vice-Cons., Uno Cairenius. Kokkola (Gamiakarleby) - Vice-Cons., W. Smedlund

Kotka—Vice-Cons., V. S. Syrén. Kristiinankaupunki (Kristinestad)—Vice-Cons., Johan I. Ehrstrom.

Kuopio-Vice-Cons., L. Hallman. Lovisa-Vice-Cons. G. R. E. Nordström.

* The Finnish Mark was stabilised on a gold basis in 1826. At par, 193 33 FM = £2 sterling.

Oulu (Uledborg)—Vice-Cons., B. Weckman., Pro-Consul, V. O. Snellman. Pietarsaari (Jakobstad)—Vice-Consul, Erwast. Port (Bjorneborg)—Vice-Cons., F. W. Rosenlew. Rache (Brahestad)—Vice-Cons., Carl A. Swanl-Tampere (Tammerfors) - Vice-Cons., W. Cooke. Turku (Åbo)—Vice-Cons., W. J. B. Wilson. Vacaa (Wasa)—Vice-Cons., V. Brunu. Vicpuri (Wibory)—Vice-Cons., V. Laspas. ,, Pro-Consul, A. R. Wilson.

# FRANCE.

(République Française.)

President of the Republic (1931-1938), Paul Doumer, born March 22, 1857, assumed office June 13, 1931.

MINISTRY (Jan. 27, 1931).

Prime Minister and Minister for Interior, M. Pierre Laval.

Minuter of Justice, M. Léon Bórard Minuter of Foreign Affaire, M. Aristide Briand. Minister of Finance, M. P.-E. Flandin. Minister of the Budget, M. Francois Pietri.

Minister of War, M. Maginot. Minister of Marine, M. Charles Dumont. Minister of Mercantile Marine, M. Charles de Chappedelaine.

Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, M. Guernier.
Minister of Air, M. J.-L. Dumesnil.
Minister of Commerce, M. Louis Rollin. Minister of Public Instruction, M. Roustan. Minister of Colonies, M. Paul Reynaud.

Minister of Pensions, M. Champetler de Ribes, Minister of Pensions, M. Champetler de Ribes, Minister of Labour, M. Landry. Minister of Agriculture, M. André Tarvieu. Minister of Public Health, M. Camille Blaisot.

Ambassador in London, Monsieur de Fleuriau, Albert Gate House, Hyde Park, S.W. z. Counsellor, M. Roger Cambon. tst Sec., M. Truelle. and Sec., M. J. Dumaine.

3rd Secretaries, M. de Blesson; M. Saffroy. Attaché, Comte de Limur.

Military Attacké, Col. Voluz. Aust. do., Lt.-Col. Gailliard. Naval Attacké, Commandant Donval. Aust. Naval Attacke and Air Attacké, Capt. Sala.

Commercial Attaché, Vicomte du Halgouet. Financial Attaché, M. Rueff. Consul-General (attached to the Embassy), M. J.

Knecht

Secretary Archivist, Comte La Combe. Consulate General, 32 Bedford Square, W.C. 2. Consul-General, M. Goiran. Consul at Liverpool, M. de Ledouly.

There are also Consuls at Manchester, Southampton, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Cardiff, Glasgow, Dublin, and in Jersey.

The most westerly State of Central Europe, extending from 42° 20′ to 51° 3′ N. lat., and from '0.4′ E. to 4° 4′ W. long., bounded on the north by the English Channel and Straits of Dover (Pas de Calais), which separate it from England. Its circumference is estimated at about 3,000 miles, and its area (in 1924) at 207,076 square miles, divided into 87 departments, including the island of Corsics, in the Mediterraneau, off the west coast of Italy. The territory ceded by the Treaty of Frankfort (May 10, 1871) amounted to 5,60s square miles; that regained by the Treaty of Versailles (June 28, 1919) to 5,819 square miles, making the present area of France (exclusive of Algeria) 212,895 square miles, with a population (census of March 6, 1926) of 40,743,851 (inclusive of Alsace and Lorraine).

Birth	and Deaths.		
Year.	Births	Den	
1927	741,708	676,	666
1988		675,	110
1989 ·····	728,530	741.	104
1930		649	125
		1929	x930.
Birth Rate		17.7	18.1
Death Rate		18.0	25°7
Marriages (per x.o	oo pop.)	16 z	16.6
Do. (Numbe			342,698
Divorces (Number			20,409
France has always			

of whom (1926) 2,495,230 were resident there, including (in 1921) 470,873 Italians, 475,546 Belgiaus, 303,141 Spanish, 55,456 British, 34,027 Russians, and 30,948 Americans.

GOVERNMENT. - The monarchical system of government was overthown by the French Revolution (1769-1793), and the French Revolution (1769-1793), and the First Republic endured until the Great Napoleon (born Aug. 15, 1769, died May 5, 1821) founded the First Empire in 1804. The monarchy was restored in 1814, and also after the "Hundred Days" of Napoleon (March ac-June 29, 1815), until the Second Republic of 1848, which became the Second Empire on Nov. 22, 1852. On Sept. 4, 1870, the Emperor Napoleon III. (nephew of the Great Napoleon) was deposed, and the Third Republic was set up. The head of the Republic is the President, elected for 7 years by the National Assembly of ejected for 7 years by the National Assembly of the two houses of the Legislature, the Senate of 314 members (elected by indirect vote for 9 years, one-third being renewable every 3 years) and the Chamber of Deputies of 61s members (elected by direct vote for 4 years) Members of the legislature receive 64,000 france a year and travelling facilities over the railways Production.—The chief agricultural involuces

PRODUCTION .- The chief agricultural products are wheat, barley, rye, maize, oats, potatoes, beetroot (for the manufacture of sugar), hops, &c. Fruit trees abound, and are very productive, the principal being the olive, chestnut, walnut, almond, apple, pear, citron, fig, plum, &c The agricultural production is shown in the

following table :-

#### Production (Metric Tons).

(rop	. zgag.	1,030
Wheat	8,705,000	6,891,000
Rye	1,002,000	750,000
Barley	x,285,000	1,000,000
Oats	5,744,000	4,400,000
Potatoes	13,429,000	14,000,000

Forestry is an important industry, the principal forests being those of the Ardennes, Complègue, Fontainebleau, and Orléans, consisting chiefly of coak, birch, pine, beech, elm, chestnut and the cork-tree in the south. The vine is cultivated to a very great extent (944,443,000 gallous of wine were produced in 1930), as the names Bordeaux, Burgundy, Champagne, &c., universally testify; cider-making is also an important

of Versailles, the coalfields of the Saar Basin are ceded to France for 12 years, at the end of which time the inhabitants are to decide by a plebiscite whether they will remain French, return to Germany, or become a self-governing return to Germany, or become a self-governing community. The coalields abut on Lorraine, and have an area of sry square miles, with a population of 640,000, and they include the towns of Saarbrick (60,000), Saarlouis (16,000), and Merzig (10,000), on the River Saar. In 1911 the coal mines of France produced 30,000,000 tons, and the production of the enlarged area reached 34,000,000 tons of 000 in 1939. The most important manufactures are of metals, wetches devaller; each test work convince not most important hammacures are of message watches, jewellery, cabinetwork, carving, pottery, glass, chemicals, dyeing, paper making, woollens, carpets, linen, silk and lace. Glass manufacture and pottery are also important, and the sardine fisheries and the culture of ovsters are a source of wealth.

DEFENCE.—The National Army of France consists of the Metropolitan Army, the Colonial Army, the Gendarmeric and Republican Guard, and of the partly native armies of Algeria, Morocco, and Timis. The peace strength of the Metropolitan Army (1930-32) was 326,992 all ranks, including the (Military) Air Force (35,800). The Naval Air Force (for Coast Defence) is included by the Naval personal. In the West of the Peace 1930 and 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 and 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 are 1930 in the Naval personnel. In the War of 1914-1918 over so per cent, of the French people were mobilised, and 9,717,000 all ranks passed into the Armles of France (exclusive of troops from Algeria, Tunis and Morocco). The French Navy was manned in 1930 by 57,415 officers and other ranks. For strength see Tables pp. 286 and 287.

ARMISTICE MONUMENT.—In the Forest of Compleyne is a Carrefour de l'Armistice, from which the Claristre de la Victoire leads to the Armistice Monument, unveiled Nov. 12, 1922.
The monument marks the spot where the Germans signed the armistice terms presented by Maréchal Foch, and bears the inscription Ici le 11 Novembre 1918 succomba le criminel orgueil de l'Empire Allemand vaincu par les peuples libres qu'il prétendait asserver.

EDUCATION.—The educational system is highly developed. Central Administration comprises (a) Ministry of Public Instruction; (b) Superior Educational Council, charged with the actual administration; (c) Consultative Committee (advisory); (d) Educational Bureaux and Inspecting Staffs, whose heads report direct to the Minister. Local Administration comprises (a) Territorial Academies, with inspecting staffs for all grades; and (b) Departmental Councils, presided over by the prefet, charged especially with primary educa-tion. By the Law of July, 1904, all congrega-tionist institutions are to be suppressed within zo years, and many were at once closed, some re-oponing under lay management. (i.) Primary Secular, comp. and free Age 6-12. Schools include (a) infants; (b) lower primary; (c) higher do. Supplementary courses, and courses for adults. Lower and higher primary certificates granted. Numerous private courses are aided from local funds. Schools are for boys, for girls, or mixed. (ii ) Secondary: State lycées, communal colleges, and many private establishments, 7-yrs. course, ally testify; etter-making is also an important and many private establishments, 7-yrs, course, industry, and the production in 1929 amounted to 512,166,000 gallons. The live stock (1928) (c) Latin and sciences; or (d) Latin and modern included 15,005,080 cattle, 10,415,010 elleep, and 6,016,940 pigs. The mineral resources include completion. For females, a similar organisation, coal, pig iron, copper, lead, sliver, antimony and salt. Under Article 50 of the Treaty Association well-known. (iii.) Special Schools are very numerous, many public institutions being dependent on ministries other than that of Public Instruction. (iv.) Universities. State universities alone grant degrees, but numerous private faculties and private institutions further higher education): Aix, Algiers, Besançon, Bordeaux Caen, Clermont, Dijon, Grenoble, Lille, Lyon, Montpeller, Nancy, Paris, Poitiers, Rennes, Strassbourg, and Toulouse.

COMMUNICATIONS. — The length of the Routes Nationales in 1928 was 14,425miles. The principal rivers of France are the Seine, Loire, Garonne, and Rhône; the navigable waterways having a length of (1924) 4,222 miles, with 2,221 miles of canals. The system of railroads in France is very extensive; they are almost entirely concedes, and become State property after the evpiration of the concession. The length of lines of general interest, inclusive of local lines, open for traffic on January 1, 1930, was 26,777 miles, of which over 750 miles are electrified. The length of telegraph wires (1929) was 22,427 miles, and of telephone lines 120,000 miles, with nearly 1,000,000 subscribers. In 1928 there were 642,744 private motor-cars registered in France, of which (1926) 541,438 were touring cars. Goods transport vehicles numbered 205,587, cycle-cars 27,450, motor-cycles 22,207, and motor-boats 3,313. In 1927 the passengers carried in civil aircraft numbered 15,857, the weight of cargoes being 1,544,000 lb. (exclusive of 275,000 lb. of mails).

Shippiny—The gross tonnage of the French mercantile marine in 1230 was 3,52,579 gross tons, of which 146,911 tons were motor vessels and 60,288 tons were sailing ships. During the year 1230 the tonnage of French and foreign vessels entering French ports amounted to \$3,02,343 tons, of which 14,436,236 tons were French, while the total clearings amounted to 49,326,673 tons, of which 12,772,845 tons were French. The chief ports are Marselles, Cherbourg, Le Havre, Rouen Bod deaux, Calais, Boulogne, and Dunkirk. A bill was passed by the Chamber in 1221 for the canalisation of the Rhone, which will make the river navigable for 1,200 ton vessels from the 80 to Switzeriand, and will also provide electric power and rrigation to the surrounding departments.

COMMERCE.—The principal imports are wool, cotton, coal, sitk, oleaginous fruits and seeds, machinery, raw skins, cereals, thinber, caoutchouc, copper, petroleum oils, coffee, and wines. The principal exports are cotton tissues, silk tissues, wool, woulen tissues, wines, sinallwares, autromobiles, &c. silks, raw skins, millinery and artificial flowers, dressed skins, tools and metal goods, machinery, pig non, butter, table fruits, refined sugar, brandy and liqueurs, fish, and cheese.

*	French	Brulaet	(1071-1

*French Budget (193 Revenue :	Francs.
Taxes	42,803,470,400
Monopolies &c State Lands	
Miscellaneous	
Extraordinary	165,000,000
Algeria	30,963,000
Total	. 50,251,748,329

•	Budget as finally passed :-	40
	RevenueFrance Expenditure , ,	50 042,485,043 50,640,509,352
	0 1 .	

Expenditure ;-	Francs.		
Debt Service and Finance Min.	25,218,746,655		
Army	6,49c,63x,68o		
Navy	2,856,511,533		
Air	2,262,852,020		
Education	3,000,843,896		
Foreign Office	292,320,240		
Labour and Health	2,078,673,310		
Agriculture	634 191,200		
Public Works	2,263,295,174		
Colonies	714,362,472		
Miscellaneous	4,324,458,209		
Surpeus	106,461,940		
Total	50,251,748,329		
French Debt (March 31,	1930).		
Internal france			
External Debt :			
U.S	\$3,900,000,000		
Sterling	£711,500,000		
French Foreign Trade (	1030).		
Imports:—	Francs.		
Food and Drink			
Raw Materials	29,299,328,000		
Manufactures	11,230,701,000		
Total	52,344,369,000		
Exports:-			
Food and Diluk	5,881,368,000		
Raw Materials	9,990,600,000		
Manufactures	26,957,684,000		
Total	42,829,652,000		
Imports and Exports, 1 (In millions of Franc	930.		
To France	From France		
from	to		
5,249 Great Biltain	. 6,839		
r, rg6 . Argentine	. 878		
4,162 . Belgium	. 5,440		
785 . Bi azil	309		
7,906 Germany	4,154		
1,518 . Italy 1,508 Span	1,68o		
	1,131		
1,130 Switzerland 6,240 U.S.A	3,097		
9,-49	2,436		
Trade with Great Britain.			

Trune with Great Drumin.		
) ear	Imports from Great Britain,	Exports Great Britain
1926	£20,384,000	£59 176,000
1927	23,633,000	63,436,000
1928	25,157,000	60,621 <b>,000</b>
1929	31, <b>66</b> 3,000	56,549,000
1930	22,692,000	49,186,000

Alsace - Lorraine. — High Commissioner, M. Miham (1920). Alsace-Loriame, formerly a part of the Holy Roman Empire, was ceded to France in 1648 at the Peace of Westbalia, and was ceded to Germany by the Treaty of Frankfort (May 10, 1871), after the Franco-Prussian War. At the close of the War, 1914-1928, the Provinces were regained by France under the Treaty of Versatiles (June 28, 1929). They embrace the fertile plain between the Rhine and the Vosges, and stretch beyond these mountains as far as Luxemburg. When, tolacco, hops, iron, and coal are among the leading productions, and the cotton industry is most flourishing The area is 5,563 square miles; the population in March, 1921, 794,529. Mulhouse (1928), and Metz (69,624).

Algeria.—The three departments of Algeria Algiers, Oran, and Constantine—form an integral part of France, under a Governor-General, assisted by a Consultative Council. These departments lie between 4° 36′ N. to 6° 16′ E. longitude, 37′ 6′ N. to an undetermined S. limit, about 30° N., covering an area estimated at 333, 130 square miles, with a population (1926) of 6,064,865. of whom \$72,439 were Europeans and 5,722,445
natives. The revenue in 1931 was estimated
at francs 1,199,265,329, and the expenditure at
francs 1,299,402,883. The bulk of the trade is
with france, the experts to France amounting in 1929 to france 2,023,723,000 (total exports fr. 4,036,589,000), and the imports from France to fr. 4,552,960,000 (total imports fr. 5,849,950,000). The exports consist mainly of wine, wheat and other cereals, sheep and oxen, skins, fruits, zinc and iron ores, olive oil, phosphates, cork wood, esparto grass, manufactured tobacco, and vegetables. The principal imports from the U.K. were coal and patent fuel, machinery, cotton oil, cotton tissues, tin plates, clothing, and prepared skins. Iron copper, quicksliver, zinc, and lead mines are being worked. In 1926 there were 2,596 miles of railroad open for traffic; and in 1928 the number of ships engaged in foreign trade entering Algerian ports was 4,322 of a net tomage of 6,982 250 tons. The principal town is Algiers, the capital (municipal population, 1926, and,a:8), a most important coaling station and much frequented as a health resort; outcomes are oran (150,301), Constantine (93,733), towns are Oran (150,301), Constantine (93,730), Bona (51,869), Sidi-bel-Abbas (43,000), Phillipville (30,000), Mascara (28,000), and Tiempeen (27,000) General, M. Jules (137de (1930)). much frequented as a health resort; other large

CAPITAL, Paris, on the Seine, Population (1931), 2,871,039; there are 82,127 houses and 1,140,366 families according to the census of March 252. Fourteen other cities exceed 100,000 — Marseilles 652,196, Lyons 570,740. Bordeaux 256,026, Lilie 201,921, St. Etlenne Bordeaux 256,026, Lille 201,021, St. Etienne 122.737, Nautes 184,509, Nice 184,441, Toulouse 180,771, Strasburg 174,492, Le Havre 128,022, Rouen 122,808, Roubaix 177,209, Toulon 125,120, Nancy 124,491, Clermont-Ferraud 121,707, and Reims 100,998. Mulhouse, Amiens and Limoges

exceed 90,000, and 30 others exceed 50,000.

FLAG: The "tricolour," three vertical bands, blue, white, red (blue next to flagstaff).

# BRITISH EMBASSY.

potentiary, R. H. Campbell, C.M.G. 1st Secretaries, R. F. Wigram; V. F. W. Cavendish-Bentinck. ard Secretary, C. E. Steel; Hon. R. G. Hare. Hon. Attachés, Capt. A. Paget; Capt. G. Bambridge, M C.

Press Attache, Sir C. Mendl.

Commercial Councilor, J. R. Cahill, C.M.G. Commercial Sec. (Grade 11.), A. H. S. Yeames. Naval Attaché, Capt. J. U. P. Fitzgerald, R.F. Asst. Do., Engr.-tom. G. Villar, R.N.
Mistary Attaché, Col. G. G. Waterhouse, M.C.
Asst. Do., Maj. Hon. W. Fraser, D.S.O., M.C.
Air Attaché, Group Captain R. J. Bone, C.B.E.,

Superintending Archivist, W. E. Fuller, O.B.E., (Assistant), E. J. Molgnard W. F. Redmond.

Cons.-Gen., A. L. S. Rowley, O.M.G. Vice-Consuls, R. H. Tottenham-Smith; H. E. Slaymaker; F. Butler (acting). "Pro-Consuls, Horace J. Dorey; John W. M. Gray; Lt.-Col. Herbert A. Douglas.

Rheims-Voc-Consul, G. H. Oiliver.

Ajaccio-Consul, Maj. W. Kollett Routley. Pro-Consul, Raymond K. Kemp. Bastia—Vice-Consul, A. Bezert,
, Pro-Consul, S. H. Bezert,
, Pro-Consul, S. H. Bezert,
, Vice-Consuls, B. G. Chamberlain, ; Capt.
F. K. Brennan,

F. K. Brennan,

Consult C. C. Bernan F. K. Brennan.

Bône-Vice-Consul, G. C. Bowker.

"Pro-Consul, R. Ruffler.

Bougie-Vice-Connul, I. V. Lajennesse.

Oran-Vice-Consul, I. V. Lajennesse.

Pro-Consul, G. Villesid.

Antananarivo-Consul, J. Helm Smith.

"Vice-Consul, J. F. Spence.

Majunga-Vice-Consul, Albert Rowntree.

Tamatave-Vice-Consul, AROIIs (acting).

Bordeaux-Consul, C. K. Ledger.

"Vice-Consul, Albert E. W. Murphy.

"Pro-Consul, J. Lambert.

Layonne-Vice-Consul, Paul Schoedelin

La Pallice-Vice-Consul, F. Link. La Pallice—Vice-Consul, F. Link.
,, Pro-Consul, William H. Jones.
Pau & Tarbes—Vice-Cons., H. T. H. Hewetson. ,, Pro-Consul, A. C. Thompson.
Pawillac—Vice-Consul, Maurice Adde. Tonnay Charente-Vice-Consul, E. Rizat. Toulouse-Vice-Consul, G. W. Huggins Toulouse—Vice-Consul, G. W. Huggins
Brest-Consul, C. E. Gedge,
,, Vice-Consul, A. Mignon.
Congo—Consul, Henry Keissil.
Libreville—V.-Cons., A. Leonard Smith, M.C.
Dakar—Cousul-General, V. V. Cusien.
Duala—Vice-Consul, Vincent Teale.
Lone—Vice-Consul, Herbert H. Edis.
Porto Novo—Vice-Consul, Herbert H. Edis
Dibustis—Vice-Consul, J. E. Lowe. Porto Novo-Vice-Consul, Herbert H. Edis Dibouti-Vice-Consul, J. E. Lowe. Guadatoupe-Consul, Louis Devaux. Havre-Consul, H. C. Swan.

"Vice-Consul, John P. Beecher, M.B.E., Pro-Consul, A. T. Iredale. Cherbourg-V-Cons. (Capt. J. C. Stark Pro-Consul, A. Buhot Lille-Consul, Capt. J. K. V. Dible.

"Pro-Consul, Capt. J. K. V. Dible.

"Pro-Consul, Capt. C. T. Morrow, M.B.E. Amerus-Vice-Consul, Stuart Oswald, M.C. Pro-Could. Oscar Sudney Gadshe. Pro-Consul, Oscar Sydney Gadsby. Boulogne-Vice-Consul, H S. Bradbrook, M. B. E. Pro-Consul, John Gilmour. Calais-Vice-Consul, J. H. Hartshorn.
, Pro-Consul, J. U. Hartshorn.
Dunkirk--Vice-Consul, Harry W. F. Whiting, M.B.E. ,, Pro-Consul, Gawin Wild. Lyons—Consul, S. E. Kay, M.B.E. ,, Pro-Consul, R. G. King. Grenoble—Vice-Consul, Alfred J. Swannell.
Marseilles—Consul-General, H. S. London.
,, Vice-Consuls, W. J. Sullivan; F. Besant (acting).
, Pro-Consul, W. Miller.
Sète-Vice-Consul, Norman B. B. Brown. Toulon-Vice-Consul, Charles H. Thomas. Martinique-Consul, Henry J. Meagher. Nantes-Consul, F. Percy-Bush. Lorient—Cons. Agent, Henry Joubert, N.B.E. St. Malo—V.-Con., Pro-Consul, Col. E. L. Perry, D.S.O.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

", Pro-Consul, (see Nice).
", Vice-Consul, W. M. L. Ainslie.
", Pro-Consul, J. C. Heury.
Pondicherry (India) — Consul, Maj. H. G.
Tranchell, I.A.
", Pro-Consul, K. Natarajier.
Rouen—Consul, H. E. Bowle.
"Vice-Consul, Cant. (J. J. Neill.

Nover—Consul, H. S. Bowie.

Nice-Consul, Capt. G. J. Neill.

Dieppe—Vice-Cons., P. U. Allen.

Pro-Consul, Maj R. W. Lamb, M.C.

Tréport and Eu—Vice-Consul, E. M. Griffiths

Sayon—Consul-General, F. G. Gorton.

Vice-Consuls, W. K. Smith (acting),

Alexander Denholm.

Alexander Denholm.

Hasphong—Vice-Cons., T. L. Christie, N. C.

Strasburg—Consul-General, T. J. Morris, C. M. G.

Vice-Consul, A. H. Douglas

A. H. Douglas

Pice-Consul, I. E. Walker.

Tunts—Consul-General, E. G. Lomas, O.B.E.

Vice-Consul, A. W. Robertson.

Hon. Physician, Dr. Joseph Valletta.

Bizerta—Consul, Major W. H. Fox.

Gerba & Zarau. Cons. Agent, F. Faii ugia.

Mehdiah—Cons. Acent.

Mehdiah—Cons. Agent,
Sfax—Vice-Consul, A. R. Farrugia.
,, Pro-Consul, Sauveur Damato.

Susa and Kairouan-Vice-Con., Harry Engerer. " Pro-Consul, Jules Eugerer.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, 6 Rue Halévy, Paris, IXème. President, C. J. Henderson.

There are also British Chambers of Commerce at s. Rue Beauvau, Marseilles, and 4, Avenue Massena, Nice.

Paris is distant from London 267 miles; transit, 7 to 8 hours

#### FRENCH COLONIES.

Group.	sq kilometres	Population
North Africa	3,770,000	13,000,000
Kastern Group	200,000	2,100,000
West Africa	7,640,000	19,560,000
America	100,000	500,000
Indian Ocean	640,000	5,900,000
Indo-Chinese	740,000	27,000,000
Pacific	20 000	100,000
Total	13,010,000	68,160,000

Trade of French Colonies (1927) :-With France ............France 15,000,000,000 With other countries ...

France 30,500,000,000

15,500,000,000

St. Nazaire—Vice-Consul, A. Raffin.

Toure—Vice-Consul, J. F. Raffin.

Toure—Vice-Consul, Capt. L. Richardson.

New Calcidonia—Consul, T. Schmeton.

Nice—Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E.

Toure—Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E.

Pro-Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E.

Pro-Consul, J. G. Taylor.

Pro-Consul, J. G. Taylor.

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Pro-Consul, J. Watter Gray Taylor; A.

Pro-Consul, J. Watter Gray Taylor; A.

Pro-Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E.

Sago,pro Square miles, with a population of about 17, 200.

In ASIA Minor.—The French mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population of 4,500,000 (see also pp. 871-872).

Nice—Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E.

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Arrica.—Algeria (see above) is an integral mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population of 4,500,000 (see also pp. 871-872).

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Arrica.—Algeria (see above) is an integral mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population of 4,500,000 (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population of 4,500,000 (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon has a total nated population (see pp. 844-846) is a mandatory sphere of Syria and Lebanon

In AFRICA.—Algeria (see anove) is an integran part of France. Morocco (see p. 848-846) is a Frencl. (and partly Spanish) protectorate.

Truis has been a French protectorate since 1881. It lies between Algeria and Tripoli, and extends southwards to the Sahara, with a total content of the sahara, with a total content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara, with a content of the sahara with a content of the sahara with a content of the sahara with a sahara with a content of the sahara with a content of the sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with a sahara with area of about 45,000 sq. miles and an estimated population of 2,000,000, of whom about 600,000 are Berbers and 500,000 Arabs. The valleys of the northern region support large flocks and herds, and coutan rich agricultural areas, in which wheat, barley, and oats are grown. The vine and olive are extensively cultivated. The principal minerals are coal, copper, lead, zinc principal inherats are coat, copier, read, zinc and iron, and phosphates and matble are also worked. The chief exports are phosphates, olive oil, wheat, espatto grass, barley, beans, blankets, sponges, and dates; the chief imports are textiles and other manufactures, iron, steel, machinery and provisions. Eighty per cent. of the trade is with France and Algeria. In 1929 the imports were valued at s,036,000,000 francs and the exports at 1,641,000,000 francs. Tunis, the the exports at x,6xx,000,000 france. Tunis, the capital, has a municipal population of x8,995; other towns are Sfax (27,723), Bizerta (20,523). Suas (21,226), Kairwan (19,426), Gabes (15,112), and Monastir (8,837). French West Africa extends from Mauritania to Dahomey, and has a total area of x,509,733 square miles, and a population of x1,344,076. It consists of Senegal (19,400 sq. miles, pop. x 250,500), capital, St. Louis; the trade of Senegal in 1936 was francs 200,908,934 imports, and francs 200,908,934 imports, and francs 200,908,909,94 imports, and francs 200,908,909,91 import cotton fabrics (francs 200,549,000); Upper Senegal Niger (304,000 sq. miles), and the Niger Military Territory (533,000 sq. miles), which have a total population of about 6,036,200; French Giunea (25,000 sq. miles, pop. 2,737,330); Indra Castica, 100 sq. miles, pop. 2,737,330); adjoining Dahomey (38,000 sq. miles, pop. 2,737,330); adjoining Dahomey is the French Sphere of the former German colony of Toyoland (23,400 sq. miles, pop. 800,000); while the hinterland of these colonies forms the French Schara, which has an estimated area of 924,160 sq. miles and a population of about 450,000. French Equatorial Africa consists of the French Congo (53,000 sq. miles, pop. 9,000,000) and of the French Sphere in the former German territory capital, has a municipal population of x85,996; (513,000 84. miles, pop. 9,000,000) and of the French Sphere in the former German territory French Sphere in the former German territory of Cameroon (25,000 84, miles, pop. 2,750,000). The Hooghly; Karikal, in the Cauvery delta; and Manh, on the Godstery delta; and Manh, on the Godstery delta; and Manh, on the Godstery delta; and Manh, on the Malabar coast—the total area being so square miles with an estimated population of (1928) 865,000. The trade of Pondichery and Karikel in 1927-8 was valued at £265,529 for

gold, silver, iron, copper, lead, and zinc. The chief exports are gold, cattle, bark, manioc (for arrowroot), beans, hides, skins, fibre, rice, timber and rubber; the chief imports are cottons, metal manufactures, wines and spirits, coal, clothing, line and cement. The capital, Antananarivo, has a population of 75,000; other towns are Tamatave (the chief port), Majunga, Diego-Suarez, Mananjary, Tuléar, Andevoranto and Vohémar Off the south-east coast are the uninhabited islands of St Paul, Kerguelen and Amsterdam. There is now direct communication across French and British territory in Africa, with posts on the Atlantic and Indian ocean.

In AMERICA -- Off the south-east coast of Newfoundland are two small groups of islands, of which the largest arc St Pierre and Miquelon. In the Vest Indies, Martinique and Guadaloupe, with Basee Terre, Marie Galante, Ile des Saintes, Petite Terre, St. Bartholomew, and St. Martin; Petite Terre, St. Battholomew, and St. Martin; and in South America, Cayenne or French Guiana. Included in Cayenne is a group of islanda (St. Joseph Ile Royal, and Ise du Diable) known as Isle du Salut. On Decu's 1816 Major Dreyfus was imprisoned from 1894-1899. The total area of French possessious in North and

total area of French possessions in North and South America is 35,320 square miles, with a population of 488,850.

In OCEANIA—New Caledonia (7,200 %), ms., pp. 50,500 is a large island with dependencies, the Isle of Pines, the Wallis Archipelago, the Loyatty Islands (Mané, Lifou, Uvéa, &c.), the Huon Islands, and Futuna and Alofi. The Society Islands (Tainti, Moorea, &c.) have area of about \$65 square miles, and a population of about \$4,000; the Marquesas (Nukahiya, Hiyasa &c.) son 80, miles, non. 250. Leeward or about 14,000; the harquesas (Nutaniva, Hivasa, &c.) 500 sq. miles, pop. s,500. Leeward Isles (Huahiné, Raiatéa, Tahaa, Bois-Bora, Maupiti, &c.); the Gambier Islands (Mangareva, &c.); the Tubuai Islands (Ruruti, Raivavac, Rimatava, &c.): Rapa Island; Makatéa; and Majao Island. The New Hebrides are under joint Franco-British administration.

# GERMANY. (Deutsches Reich.)

President of the German Reich, General Field-Marshal Paul von Hindenburg, born Oct. General a, 1847, assumed office May 12, 1925

MINISTRY (October 10, 1931).

Chancellor, Dr. Bruening. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Bruening. Interior, Herr Grocuer Labour, Dr. Stegerwald. Finance, Herr Dietrich. Agriculture and Food, Dr. Schlele, Justice, Dr. Joel. Defence, Herr Groener. Communications, Herr Treviranus. Posts, Dr. Schatzel. Economy, Prof. Warmbold.

Ambassador in London, Baron von Neurath. 9 Carlton House Terrace, S.W. 1. Consular Dest. of the Embassy, 9 Carlton House Terrace, S.W. 1.

The area of Germany is approximately 182,200 square miles, with a population on June 16, 1925, of 62,592,575 (without Saar district), of 10, 1935, of 0.592,575 (who have the free the free the females. The population on Dec. 1, 1930, was 64,93,993. Biths in 1930 numbered 1,126,839 and deaths 710,905, births being 17'5 per 1,000 of population, deaths 11'1 per thousand. Religious confessious in the present area were

neugious concessions in the present area were in 1925:—Protestants 40,024,677, Roman Catholics 20,193,334, Jews 564,379, others 1,638,229.

There are 45 large towns with over 100,000 inhabitants, and of these 20 are in Prussia, 4 in Saxony, 3 in Bayaria, 2 each in Baden and Hosse, 2 each in Wittenburg 2019. Hesse, I each in Winttemburg and Brunswick, and three Hanse Towns.

At the outbreak of war, Aug 1914, "Germany" was a Confederate League, bearing the name "German Empire," under the hereditary presidency of the King of Prussia, holding the title of "German Emperor."

By the Treaty of Versailles the "Reichsland of Elsass-Lothringen and the Saar coal basin (temporarily) were ceded to France; parts of Posen and West Prussia to the newly-formed Republic of Poland; North Schleswig to Den-mark; and Moresnet and Malmedy to Belgium. Plebascites held in June 1920 in parts of East and West Prussia yielded majorities for Germany. A plebiscite to decide the fate of Upper Silesia, which was held under the Peace Meaty, resulted in division between Poland and Germany. Memel City with adjoining territory has been ceded to Lithuania.

The Colonial possessions of the German Empire extended over x.035,085 sq. miles in Africa, 96,220 sq. miles in the Pacific, and 2,943 sq. miles in Asia—a total of x.134,335 sq. miles, with a population estimated in x914 at x5,000,000. By the Treaty of Versailles Germany renounced her overseas possessions, with all rights and titles therein, and the delegates to the International Council at Paris allocated Togoland and Kamerun to Great Britain and France; German East Africa to Great Britain; German S.W. Africa to the Union of South Africa; the German Pacific possessions N. of the Equator to Japan; and those S of the Equator to Australia and New Zealand.

On Nov. 9, 1918, the German Emperor abdicated, and the Government of the country was Cauch, and the Government of the country was taken over by the Council of the People's Commissioners in Berlin. On Nov. 11, 1918, Germany was granted an armistice, and on June as, 1919, peace was signed at Versailles. In Jan. 2919, elections were held to a National Assembly on the basis of universal adult suffrage unale and female), and on Feb. 11, 1919, the first President of the German Versammlung was elected at Weimar. Under the new Constitution of August 11, 1919, the federal legislature consists of a Reichstay representing the whole nation and elected by popular suffrage (male and female), with proportional representation, and a Reichstat representing the separate States The people possess the right of initiative and the referendum, Bills dealing initiative and the referendum. Bills dealing with economical questions or social issues arising thereout must first be submitted to the new advisory Economical Council (Reichswirtschaftsrat)

PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRY.—Germany is primarily an industrial country. On June 16, 1925, 41.4 per cent of all persons with earning occupations were engaged in industry, 30.5 per cent. in agriculture, 16.5 per cent. in trade and communications, 4.7 per cent. in the public services and the professions, x.8 per cent. in the health services, and 5'x per cent. in domestic service. Of the total area in 1925 the area under agriculture was 25,508,000 hectares (whereof 20,681,147 hectares arable land in 1927), and the area under forests 12,737,22 hectares. The Live Stock (Dec. a, 1989) included 3,617,141 horses, 19,943,974 cattle, and 19,943,974 pigs. The production of coal in 1989 was 163,440,000 netric tons, lignite 174,444,000 tons, iron ore 6,373,500 tons, and potash salts 13,378,000 tons. Rock-salt, lead-ore, gold and silver ore, graphite, asphalt, petroleum, Epsomsalts, boracite, tin-ore, quicksilver-ore, antimony-ore, cobalt-ore, inckel-ore, arsenic-ore, manganese-ore, bismuth-ore, uranium-ore, wolf-ram-ore, pyrites, vitrolic-ore, and alum-ore are also worked. Crefeld, Elberfeld-Barnen, Cheminitz, Augsburg, and the provinces of Westphalia and Silesia are the great centres of the textile industries. By laws of 1919 and 1920, all coal, heavy iron and steel, potash and coal-tar producing concerns were compulsorily fused into All-German Syndicates, governed by assemblies representing Producers, Traders and Consumers, with equal representation for Employers and Employed.

ECNONIC CONDITION.—Industrial production passed its highest point in xsy, but did not begin to sink rapidly until xsys, but did not begin to sink rapidly until xsys, in xsys output of iron and steel fell more than 40 per cent below the highest post-war volume, and some manufacturing industries were occupied to less than half their capacity. In consequence of drastic increases in agrarian import duties, the production of primary food-products increased, and in 4 years the importable wheat-deficit fell from a million to about a quarter million tons. In February, xsys, the total number of unemployed was 3,356,000: February, xsys, 4,972,000; September, rsys, 4,324,000. Export trade in xsys and rsys fell off less than that of other commercial countries, and as import trade declined heavily very large active trade balances were attained. Shipping was badly depressed, xsys. In the summer of 1931 a serious credit crisis, accompanied by bank failures, was caused by the summary withdrawal of foreign short-term credits, and the Reichsbank's reserves were dangerously depleted. The crisis was met by placing payments to abroad under Reichsbank control, expropristing foreign currency in private hands, and negotiating the suspension of further credit withdrawals until March, xsys. The stability of the reichsmank at gold parity was maintained. By emergency decrees under Art. 48 of the Constitution the Government drastically regulated Finance and Credit, reduced official salaries, increased social-insurance contributions and reduced benefits, and pre-

scribed measures against unemployment.

OLD AGE AND INFIRMITY INSULANCE.—The German scheme of social legislation gives all subordinate bread-winners in Germany a legal right to pecuniary subvention when unfitted for work through sickness, accident, premature infirmity, or old age. Insurance is compulsory. This National Insurance is based on mutual insurance and self-administration. The Infirmity Insurance Act came into force Jan. 2, 2900. The insured include all persons working for wages or salary as workpeople, artisans, journeymen, apprentaces, domestic servants, laundresses, dressmakers, sempstresses, housekeepers, charwomen; overseers, foremen, engineers, assistants, clerks and apprentices in merchants' offices (excepting assistants and apprentices in cliemists' shops), schoolmasters, schoolmistresses, tutors and governesses, including foreigners working in Germany under these categories.

premature infirmity are given to insured persons when unfit for work; old age pensions to all insured persons on attaining the age of 70, though still capable of work. A comprehensive project of reform of the State insurance legislation became law in 1911. The new law codified previous legislation, established new Insurance Authorities, reduced working-class influence in the Accident Insurance organisations, provided pensions for widows and orphans, and made other changes of importance. Another Bill extending Insurance benefits to private officials, clerical employés and others above the class of nanual workers, became law in 1911. A law establishing Federal Unemployment Insurance for all persons subject to Sickness Insurance and also for seament, which is financed by equal contributions from employers and employed, came into force on Oct. 1, 1921.

continuous from consequences of the Treaty of Persatiles the German Military Forces, as from March 2x, r2so, must not comprise more than seven divisions of infantry and three divisions of cavalry, a total force of rococo all ranks. By Article x8x of the Treaty, the German Naval Forces, must not exceed 6 battleships of the Deutschland or Lothringen class, 6 light cruisers, rs destroyers, and rs torpedo boats. No submarine vessels are to be included in the naval forces, and all war vessels in excess of the above numbers are to be broken up or devoted to commercial purposes. Under the terms of the Armistice of Nov. xx, xys8, the German High Sea Fleet surrendered to the Allies (Nov. xx, xys8) and was interned in Scapa Flow, manned by German naval crews. It was scuttled by its crews in Scapa Flow, while in custody, on June 2x, xysp. In consequence of this breach of the Armistice agreement by the German crews the Allies (Nov. xo, xps9) called upon the government to surrender y light cruisers, and certain floating docks, cranes, and dredgers, in addition to the previous naval surrenders. By Article ys8 of the Treaty the armed forces of Germany must not include any military or naval Air Forces, and no dirigible balloons, aeroplanes, see-planes

or flying boats.

COMMUNICATIONS.—The total length of the full-gauge Railroads at end of 1928 was \$6,359 kilometres, of which all except 3,735 kilometres, belonged to the German Railroads Corporation, which under the Daves Reparation Scheme of 1924 acquired all the lines taken over by the Republic from the States in 1921. In addition there were 1,864 kilometres of narrow-gauge railroads. The number of registered automobiles (July 1, 1932) was 510,668, motor cycles 793,073, and motor lorries 165,072. Length of Telegraph and Telephone Lines 392,700 kilometres; telegrans transmitted, (1930) 33,900,000; post, telegraph, and telephone offices, 57,213; telephone subscribers, 3,203,000; letters carried, 5,500 millions; value ocash on delivery orders, 3,50 millions; value or cash on delivery orders, 3,50 millions; value of manerally separated from the general administration. In addition to some 6,000 miles of navigable rivers there are over 1,500 miles of canals and 1,500 miles of ship canals. At the outbreak of the War of 1914, 7938 Germany ranked second to Britain in the list of maritime countries. On January 1, 1913, the Mercantile Marine consisted of 2,008 sea-going steamers of 1955 register tons and upwards (4,380,348 tons gross register), and of

s.4se miling vessels (447.87o tons gross register); number of seamen, 77.746. As a result of the War and of the Peace Treaty shipping in 2079 sank to 419,000 tons, but there has since been a rapid recovery, due mainly to native building, but partly to purchases from abroad. Finished new constructions of vessels exceeding 100 gross tons were in 100 gross, 100 gross; 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gross, 100 gr

FINANCE.—Under Articles a48-a53 of the Treaty of Fernalles the German Government undertook to pay the cost of the Armies of Occupation from Nov. zz. zoz8, until they shall be withdrawn, the occupied area extending to the Rhine (with "bridgeheads" on the right bank) from Eiten, on the Netherland's frontier, in the from Eiten, on the Netherland's frontier, in the north, to the junction of the German-Lorraine frontiers, in the south. The amount of the reperations due by Germany under the Treaty was fixed in January, 1921 (by the Financial Council of the Ailles at Brussels) at 122 milliards of gold marks (£6,600,000,000) payable in bonds, to be redeemed by annual payments of a milliard sold marks, together with a sum equivalent to gold marks, together with a sum equivalent to as per cent. of German exports. Of the amounts thus payable the various shares from 1921-1929 were apportioned to France 52 ninety-second parts, Great Britain 22, Italy 10 and Belgium a ninety seconds; from 1929-1932 the shares are varied to France 130 two hundred and thitteth parts, Great Britain 55, Italy 25 and Helgium so two hundred and thirtieths; and for the succeeding 21 years France 156 two hundred and seventy-six parts, Great Britain 65, Italy 30 and Belgium at two hundred and seventy-six parts.

A new Reparations Scheme was agreed to by Germany and the Alhes in August, rpat, providing for annual payments rising to s,500 million gold marks, liable to increase according to an index of prosperity, the money to be supplied from (1) taxation, (a) railway bonds, and (3) bonds imposed on private industry. In 1930, by an agreement come to at the Hague on the basis of recommendations by a Committee of Experts which met in Paris in the spring of 1929, Experts which met in Paris in the spring of 1938, Reparations were definitely settled. Germany agreed to pay during a term of 37 years annuities averaging 1,989 million marks, and thereafter until 1939-38 annuities varying between 1,711 million and 898 million marks. The Reparations control of German taxes and the mortgages on the railways and on industry were removed. In connection with the settlemant German occupied territory was avausted. ment German occupied territory was evacuated in 1930. On the initiative of president Hoover, Reparations Payments were suspended for one year from July 1, 1931.

In November, 1983, was put through a Currency Reform, consisting in the creation of a renter-mark, nominally worth 1 gold mark, and in the stabilisation of the depreciated apper-mark at 1 hillion paper-marks or 1 gold-mark. The stabilised paper mark notes have since been withdrawn from circulation, and the renten-marks are being gradually replaced by reichs-marks for pre-war gold value, issued by the Reichsbank as reconstituted under the Reparations settlement of 1924. Although the currency reform of 1923 was only provisional it reacted beneficially on the Finances, stopping the rise in the cost of administration and preventing depreciation in the value of the taxes received. For covering the deficits in the weeks intervening between stabilisation and complete balancing of the budget, the Republic obtained limited credits from the new Rentenbank. In the financial year 1924-23 a complete budget balance was attained, but in consequence of declining revenue due to trade depression and of heavy expenditure for Unen-playment Relief deficits have of late been the rule. The Budget Estimates for 1931-28 (in which are not included the separately financed Rallways and Fosts) were:—

The long and short term Debt of the Republic on May 31, 1931, totalled 11,494 million reichsmarks. Of this sum 780 million marks represented the outstanding liability on the Reparations Foreign Loan of (nominally) 800 million marks, 4,077 million marks represented the dipreciated paper mark pre-war and war debts as valorised under the law of July 16, 1928, and 1,453 million marks the international 5% per cent. (Young Plan) loan of 1930. Under the paper-mark debt valorisation law bondholders who acquired before July 1, 1920, will ultimately receive 12½ per cent. In gold marks of the nominal value of their holdings with interest. Bondholders who acquired later will receive 1½ per cent, but this will bear no interest until Reparations are paid.

| German Foreign Trade, | 1945 | 1945 | 1945 | 1945 | 1945 | 1945 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946 | 1946

GERMAN FEDERATED STATES.
PRUSSIA.
GOVERNMENT (April, 1915).

President, Herr Braun.
Interior, Herr Severing.
Finance, (vacant).
Agriculture, Herr Steiger.
Trade and Commerce, Dr. Schreiber.
Instruction and Worship, Herr Grimme.
Minister of Justice. Herr Schmidt.
People's Welfare, Herr Hirtsiefer.

The Republic of Prussis comprises the larger portion of Germany, with a total area in 1924 of 113,750 sq. miles and a population on June 26, 1925, 07 § 5,120,172 (Saar district excluded). The number of births in 1929 was 701,736, against 1,209,500 in 1913. The number of deaths in 1929 was 493,981 against 656,490 in 1913. Marriages were 365,201, against 232,709. The surplus of births over deaths in 1929 was 207,757. Prussia possesses a large number of navigable rivers intersecting the country-viz. the Presci.

rrussia possesses a large number of lavigable rivers intersecting the country—viz, the Pregel, Oder, Elbe Weser, and Rhine. The coasts of the Baitic and North Seas form a number of gulfs and bays. The principal mountains are the Harr and the Giant Mountains, the latter reaching an altitude of 5.355 feet. The forests are acting an auturue of 5,255 feet. The forests are extensive, occupying an area of 18,053,000 acres, chiefly consisting of fir. Minerals consist of coal, iron, copper, lead, potash, alum, nitre, zinc, cobalt, sulphur, nickel, arsenic, baryta, amber, agate, jasper, onyx, &c., and, to a small extent, silver. Salt (from the brine springs of Prussian Savoney is abundant. Prussian Saxony) is abundant. Metallic ores, coal, salt, precious stones belong partially, and amber totally, to the Crown. Agriculture and the rearing of cattle are the industries employing the rearing of cattle are the industries employing the largest number of persons, but Prussis has long ceased to be a mainly agricultural State. Wheat, rye, oats, barley, puas, millet, rape-seed, maize, linesed, flax, hemp, tobacco, sugar-beet, hops, &c, are extensively cultivated. Prussia's manufactures comprise practically all branches The cotton works are extensive, and there are numerous manufactories of silk, woollen, mixed cotton and linen fabrics, including shawls, carpets &c., and woollens, with leather, earthenware, glass, paper, and tobacco manufactures, as well as metallurgical works of great importance and large output. Brewing is a business of great importance. r,000,000 Reich 1-marks.

Budget (net), 1931-32 ...... 2,248

The whole of the old Funded Debt of Prussia was taken over by the Republic under the arrangement for transfer of the Prussian State Railways. It will be valorised on the same conditions as those laid down for the Federal Debt under the law of July 16, 1925.

CAPITAL, Berlin, on the Spice. In 1920, by fusion of suburban municipalities and of some adjacent rural communes, was created Great Berlin with a population on June 16, 1925, of 4,ox3,588.

Other largest cities are Cologne, on the Rhine (698,664), Breslau, on the Oder (554,80z), Essen, on the Ruhr (468,696), Frankfort, on the Main (461,849), Düsseldorf, on the Rhine (421,096), Hangover, on the Leine (422,435), and Dortmund on the Emscher (320,256)

Minister-President Dr. Held.

also grown, and tobacco is one of the staple articles. Wine is produced in the Palatinate, in Lower Francouia, and in Middle Franconia. The hop-plant is most extensively cultivated. Many important manufactures are carried on. The brewing of beer is carried to great perfection. The chief imports are sugar, coffee, woollens, silks, stuffs, drugs, hemp, cotton, tobacco, and flax; the chief exports are timber, grain, wins, hops, beer, leather, glass, jewellery, &c. The Thuringian Duchy of Coburg was incorporated in Bavaria in roar.

> z,000,000 Reichs-marks 648

Budget (net), 1930 31 ...... CAPITAL, Munich, on the Isar. Population (1925), 680.704. Other large towns are Nurnberg, N.W. of Munich (202 (21) and the large N.W. of Mumch (392,494), and Augsburg, on the Wertach-Lech (265,522).

#### JAXONY.

The Republic of Saxouy has an area of 5,856 English square miles, with a population on June 16, 1925, of 4,980,689. More than one-half of the surface is arable, and has always been of the surface is arable, and has always been in a high state of cultivation, producing the usual cereals and legummous plants, with rape, buckwheat, flax, and fruits The forests supply tumber of excellent quality; minerals are rich and abundant (coal, silver, tin, bismuth, cobalt, iron, zinc, lead, nickel, arsenic, &c., besides marble, porcelain, earth, and various gens); special manufactures of Saxony are:—
Machinery, cottons worsted varue seft wool gems); special manufactures of Saxony are:—Machinery, cottons, worsted yarns, soft wool tissues, carriages, furs, clothing, jute, furniture stuffs, hostery, gloves, and other knitted goods, laces, embroideres, curtains, paper, wood and straw pulp, hottle glass, musical instruments, chocolates, sweets, cigars, and Meisson porcelain. The imports are chiefly corn, wine, salt, cotton, silk, flax, hemp, wool, coffee, tea, &c. Its chief town, after the capital, is Leipzig (pop. 679,322), the great book-market, with, next to those of Berlin and Munich, the most frequented University of Germany (having s.case. frequented University of Germany (having 5.985 matriculated students in 1912-13); Planen (pop. 111,398), and Chemintz (pop. 331,641), the Manchester of Saxony.

z,000,000 Reichs-marks.

Budget (net), 1930-31 ...... 452 CAPITAL, Dresden. Pop. (1925), 618,684.

# WURTTEMBERG.

The Republic of Wurttemberg has an area The Republic of Wurttemberg has an area of 7.534 English square miles, and a population (in 1925) of 2.595,114, of whom 30 per cent. are Roman Catholics. It possesses rich cultivated fields, orchards, gardens, and hils covered with vines; the forest, grain, and pastureland being nearly equally distributed throughout. Spelt, wheat, rye, oats, barley, hemp, hops, potatoes, beans, maise, and turnips are the principal agricultural products. The minerals, consisting chiefly of salt, iron, granite, limestone, ironstone, fireclay &c., abound in the kingdom: Minister-President Dr. Held.

The Republic of Bavaria is divided into two mequal parts. The eastern portion, comprising eleven-twolfths of the whole, is cituated between 47 167—50 34 N. lat. and 9° or'—13° 56′ E. long.; the western part, forming the Palatinate, on the left bank of the Bhine chain the Palatinate, on the left bank of the Bhine chain lare is 29.46 54, miles, and the population on June 16, 1925, 7,411,525. The rivers are the Neckar and the Danube. The total area is 29.46 54, miles, and the population on June 16, 1925, 7,411,525. The rivers are the Neckar and the Danube. The principal was a state of the Bavarian forests are extensive, covering nearly a third of the country; the soil is highly productive, wheat, rye, cats, and barley being the chief products; buckwheat and mairs are clocks, salt, oil, leather, woollen, hosiery, cotton and linen fabrics, stays, beer, wine, &c.

Reichs-marks.

MINOR STATES.

Baden, separated by the Rhine from France (Alsace) and Switzerland, has an area of 5,819 square miles, with a population (1985) of 2,336,498. A great part of the surface is mountainous and covered with forest trees, including the Schwarz-wald (Black Forest) and the Odenwald, but more than three-fifths of the total area is under cultivation, corn, wine, fruit, potatoes, tobacco and hops being the chief agricultural products. The principal manufactures are cigars, cotton and slik stuffs, brushes, jewellery and trinkets, clocks, chemicals, paper and machinery. More than half the population are Roman Catholics. tann nair the population are Roman Catholics. Capital, Karlaruhe, populass) 144,564. Other large towns are Mannheim (147,486), Friburg (12,559), Pforzheim (154,34), and Heidelberg (14,89a). Land Thurnnen. The Thiringian States, Saxe-Weimar-Risenach, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe-Meimingen, Saxe

Altenburg, Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt, Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Reuss-Greiz, Reuss-Gera, and Gotha, have been constituted into a single and Gotha, have been constituted into a single state under the title Laud Thitringen, with an area of 4.54x square miles, a population of 1.658,398, and two seats in the Federal Reichsrat. In size Land Thitringen is sixth among German states. The new state is governed by a "Volksrat." Capital, Weimar (46.588). Hesse, in the West Centre, consists of Northern and Southern portions nearly equal in size on

and Southern portions, nearly equal in size, on either side of the Main River, with a total area either side of the Main River, with a total area of s.968 sourse miles and a population (zes) of 1.328,448, of whom more than half are Protestants. The country is mountainous but fertile, and agriculture is flourishing. Capital, Darmstadt, pop. (sary) 39,005. Other large towns are Mayence (Mainz) at the confinence of the Main and the Rhine (rop.383,) Offenbach (78,780,) Worms (47,006), and Glessen (3,3,27).

Mecklenburg-Schwerin, between the Elbe and the Baltic has a total area of essences pulse.

the Baltic, has a total area of 5,068 square miles, with a population (1925) of 686,838. Agriculture and stock raising are the principal industries, the Mecklenburg breed of horses being famous. The chief manufactures are bricks and machinery.

Capital, Schwerin, pop. (1923) 48,187.

Oldenburg, on the North Sea, between the estuary of the Weser (at Bremen) and the Prussian province of Hanover, has detached territories in Lübeck (between Holstein and Mecklenberg) and Birkenfeld (Rhine Province of Prussia). The total area is 4,479 square miles, with a population (1925) of 553,670. The chief industries are agriculture, bee-keeping and sock-raising; the principal manufactures are brewing and distilling, tanning, tobacco and corks, Capital, Oldenburg, pop. (1925) 52,187. Brunswock, 1,418 square miles, pop. (1926) 508,660; in Northern Germany. Capital, Bruns-

wick, pop. (1925) 146,654.

Anhalt, 906 square miles, pop. (1925) 351,692, is in Central Germany. Capital, Dessau, pop.

(1925) 70,316.
Lippe, 470 Square miles, pop. (1925) 166,023.
Capital, Detmold (16,171).
Macklenburg-Streitz, between Mecklenburg-

Schwerin, Pomerania and Brandenburg, has a total area of 1,130 square miles, with a population BRITISH BOARD (1995) of 112,052. Chief industries are agriculture 20 & 21, Hamburg.

and wood products. Capital, Neustrelitz. pop. (1985) 22,338.
Schaumburg-Lippe, 130 square miles, pop. (1985) 8,660. Capital, Buckeburg (6,745).
Waldeck was incorporated in Prussia in 1988.

The Free Hanse Towns comprise the three cities of Lubeck, on the Trave (area 115 square miles, pop. 127,540), Bremen, on the Weser (area oo square miles, pop. 338,547), and Hamburg, on the Elbe (area 160 square miles, pop. 1,128,753). Each has a small rural territory and has full Federal independence, with a Council of State (under the Presidency of a Burgomaster).

TRADE FLAG: Black, red and gold.

CAPITAL OF THE GERMAN REPUBLIC, BERLIN. BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Wilhelmstrasse 70, Berlin W. 8.)

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir H. Rumbold, 

Edwards, D.S.O.

Naval Attaché, Com. M. A. Hawes, R.N.
Asst. do., Eng.-Com. G. Villar, R.N.
Miditary Attaché, Col. J. H. M. Cornwall,
C.B.R., D.S.O., M.C.
Air Attaché, Wing-Commander J. H. Herring,

D.S.O., M.C.

Chaplain, Rev. R. H. Cragg.
Archivist and Accountant, J. K. O'Donoghue.
Asst. Archivists, A. J. Johnson; C. H. F. Hardy.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Berlin—Consud, G. Lyall.

, Vice-Consud, Henry E Pomeroy.

Breslau—Vice-Consud, W. H. Mercer.

Kunigsberg - Vice-Consul, N. H. Fulham. Stettin-l'ice-Consul, A. T. H. Evans. Bremen-Consul, J. D. Scott. , Vice-Consul, Harry Bullock. Cologne-Consul-General, J. Lowdon, C.M.G.

Vice-Consuls, W. M. Carse; A. G. Fallowfield. Essen-Vice-Consul, Dr. C. A. Brittlebank. Frankfort-on-Main-Consul-General, V. H. C.

Bosanquet. Vice-Consuls, R. J. Fowler; A. J. P. Butler, Mannheum—Vice-Consul, O. Clemm. Stuttgart—Vice-Consul, R. M. Bowden Smith.

Hamburg-Consul-General, Joseph Pyke.

amotry—Consult, F. M. Shepherd.

"Vice-Consult, G. E. Vanghan (acting); S. Bracher; Maj. W. M. Powell, M.B.E.

Hanover—Vice-Consul, A. Sartori, M.V.O.

Vice-Vice-Consul, A. Sartori, M.V.O. Lubeck—Vice-Consul, H. G. Stolterfoht. Leipzig—Consul, Darrell Wilson. Pro-Consul, C. J. Girling.

., Pro-Consul, C. Gring.
Chemnitz—Vice-Consul, H. Monk.
Munich—Consul-General, H. W. Gaisford.
,, Vice-Consuls, J. E. M. Carvell; Alfred G.

Tyler (acting). Pro-Consul, C. J. Phillips. BRITISH BOARD OF COMMERCE, Schopenstehl

#### GREECE. (Helles.)

President of the Hellenic Republic, Alexander Zaimis, elected Dec. 14, 1929.

THE MINISTRY (Dec. s3, 1930).

Prime Minister, E. Venizelos. Foreign Affairs, A. Michalacopoulos.

Justice, N. Avraam. Interior, C. Lidorikis. Finance, G. Maris. Communications, D. Dingas.

Public Instruction, G. Papandreou. National Economy, P. Vourlonmis. Agriculture, A. Alexandris.

Public Assistance, L. Iassonides. War, General Catchakis. Marine, P. Argyropoulos. Air, A. Zannas.

Hygiene, A. Pappas. Governor-Gen. of Macedonia, S. Gonatas.

Crete, N. Ascoutis. Thrace, J Calogeras. ,, Epirus (vacant). ..

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentuary in London, Monsieur D Caclamanos.
Legation, 5x Upper Brook St., W. r.
Connsellor, Christos Diamantoponios.
Secretary, M. John Kyndinis
Naval and Air Attache, Capt. D. Phocas.
Consul-General, George Dracoponios.
Vice-Consul, George Seferiadis, 131 Gower Street,
W. C. r.

W.C. z.

A maritime Republic in the south-east of Europe, bounded on the N. by Albania, Yugo-slavia and Bulgaria, on the S. and W. by the Ionian Sea, and on the E. by the Aegean and Turkey, with an estimated area of 50,272 sq miles and a population (census of May 25, 2938)

of 6,204,684. or 6, 204,004.

Prior to the Balkan Wars of 1912-13 the area was less than 25,000 sq. miles, the addition of portions of Macedonia and Epirus, Cretes, 250 sq. miles, pop. 336,151), and certain Aegean Islands increasing the area to 43,522 sq. miles. During the War of 1912-1918 Greece eventually declared for the Allies against the Central Powers, and her territories were increased by the occupation ner torritories were increased by the occupation of Thrace (including the monastic republic of Mount Athes), and the islands of Imbres and Tenedes. Under an arrangement with Italy, to come into effect after the ratification of the Treaty of Serres, Rhodes, Eyeo, and the Nodecanes (iz islands) were surrendered by Tirkey, and these were to be handed over to Greece by Italy. Greece also received under the Treaty a mandate for the occupation and administration of the town and district of Smyrna, but military operations by forces of the Angora Government, under Mustapha Kemal Pasha, recovered the mandated region in Kemal Pasha, recovered the mandated region in Sept. 1938, the Greek forces being annihilated, and Smyrna was evacuated on Sept. 8, 1938, and that part of the Greek population of Asia Minor which escaped massacre by the Turks took refuge in Greece. By the Treaty of Lausanne (1932) Greece lost Eastern Thrace (that part lying E of the Maritza river) and the islands of Turkeys and Turkeys, which were retroceeded to Imbros and Tenedos, which were retroceded to Turkey. The country is thus composed of a continental portion (the southern part of the Balkan Peninsula), and of islands in the Ægean, Mediterranean, and Ionian Seas. The surface

is nearly all mountainous; the coasts are elevated, irregular, and deeply indented.

Government.—Greece became independent in 1830, after a successful insurrection against the Turkish government, to which the country had been subjected since the 18th century, and after a succession of rulers of the Glucksburg dynasty a succession of There of the Charles of the Constituent Assembly on March 25, 1924. The legislature consists of a Senate of 120 members, and of a Chamber of Deputies (or Bould) elected for 3 years by universal manhood suffrage.

Production. — Agriculture is the principal industry and employs more than half the population. The most important of the fruit trees are the clive, the vine, orange, lemon, fig, almond, citron, pomegranate, and currant-vine. The principal minerals are silver, lead, zinc, emery, copper, magnesium, sulphur, salt, and marble. The chief manufactures are smelting, textiles, and shipbuilding. The imports are cotton and other manufactures, corn, tunber, cattle, hides, sugar, salt fish, and coal. The exports consist of wine, oilves, olive oil, tobacco, currants, figs, cognac, hides, lead, iron ore, magnesite, iron pyrites, chrome one, emery, marble, sponges and carpets.

Defence.-Service in the Army is universal and compulsory between the ages of az and 57. Both the land and sea forces were reorganised during the War of 1914-1918, and about 150,000 all ranks fought with the Allied Armies. The Navy consists of z armoured cruiser, z cruiser minelayer, 4 modern t.-b.-d, 7 torpedo-boats, a d 6 submarines with 5 patrol vessels (small torpedo boats).

Education is free and compulsory, maintained by local taxation supplemented by Notate grants. Secondary education is somewhat backward, particularly in the country districts. The University at Athens is of some repute.

Finance—The debt in 1912 was 1,040,900,000 drachine, and the Balkan Wars of 1912-13 added 354,950,000 drachine, the Great War added 1,028,000,000 drachine, and subsequent mulitary operations to March, 1921, were responsible for 1,776,140,000 diachina. On May 31, 1930, the total was stated at £120,077,506.

Communications -There were (1928) 1,993 miles of railroad open for traffic. There is a ship canal cutting through the Isthmus of Corinth canal cutting through the latimus of Corinth for ships up to 1,500 tons. The post offices number 1,146, telegraphs, 4,960 miles. The mercantule marine consists (1931) of 547 steamships (1,407,868) tons and 7-29 sailing ships (18,508 tons). The principal harbours are the Pireus (port of Athens), Syra, Patras, Salonica, Volo, Corfu, Calamata, Laurium, Cavalla, and Canea (Crete).

Budget, 1930-31.

Total estimated receipts..... £s8,698,948 30,588,358 Total estimated outgoings . . . . .

*x930. Imports from U.K. .... 4,980,441 3,691,232 Exports to U.K. ...... 2,537,850 1,970,176

CAPITAL, Athens. Population (1928), 452,920. Other large towns are Salonica (236,530), Piracus (251,330), Patras (61,280), Corfu (32,220), Candia

· Figures are for 9 months (Jan -Sept.) only.

(25,000), Canea (27,600), Volo (30,000), Cavalla (50,000)

FLAG: 9 horizontal bands, alternately blue and white, with white cross, on blue ground, in

> BRITISH LEGATION. (8 Odos Dragatsaniou, Athens.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipo-tentiary, Hon. Patrick W. Maule-Ramsay, 

Mültary Attaché, Lt -Col F. A. Sampson. Air Attaché, Group Capt. T. G Hetherington, O. B. R.

Translator (with local rank of 1st Secretary), Sin ley C. Atchley, C.M.G., O.B.R. British Delegate on International Financial

Commission, L. G. Roussin, C M G Archivist and Accountant, J. I. H. Barrance. Chaplain, Rev. R. P. Rayner, C M.G., D 8.0

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Athens-Consul, W. L. Bond.
Vice-Consul, H. M. Laurie (acting).

"Pro-Consul, H. M. Ladits (actively)
"Pro-Consul, M. M. Elliadi.
Canad.—Vice-Consul, A. Petychakis.
Laurium—Vice-Consul, John Joannides, M.R.R.
Mitylene—Vice-Consul, H. O. Patenson.

Mitylene-Vice-Consul, H. O. Pateison.
Pro-Consul, C. N. Gonotas.
Pireus-Vice-Consul, R. W. Uruhart, O.B.E
Samus-Vice-Consul, Gregory D. L. Marc.
Syra-Consul, N. R. Varian.
Patras-Consul, J. F. R. Vaughan-Russell.
Corfu-Vice-Consul, P. Papadachi.
Pro-Consul, T. W. A. Wood.
Zaute-Vice-Consul, G. H. Sargint.

Salonica—Consul General, H. C. Chick, C.I.E.
Vice-Consul, R. G. A. Meade.
Pro-Consul, C. N. Halkias.
Volo—Vice-Consul, P. N. Stathacopoulos. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, SA Odos

Dragatsanion, Athens. Athens, transit, 4 days for letters; for parcels, a to 6 weeks.

GUATEMALA República de Guatemala.

President (1931 - 1935), General Jorge Ubico, assumed office Feb. 14, 1931. Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Don Alfreod

Skinner Klée.

Minister in London (vacant).
Charge d' affaires and Cound-General in London,
Señor Dr. Don Francisco A. Figueros, 444
Mansion House Chambers, 1x Queen Victoria Street, E.C 4. Guatemala, the most northerly of the Repul-

ican states of Central America, is situated in N. lat. from 13° 45′ to 17° 49′, and in W. Long. from 88′ 12′ 45′ to 93° 49′, and in W. Long. from 48′ 12′ 45′ to 93° 13′, 43′ and comprises an area of 43,455 square miles, and a population in 1292 of 1,600,335. The Republic is divided into 22 departments ments, and is traversed from W. to E. by an elevated mountain chain, containing several elevated mountain chain, containing several volcanic summits rising to 13,000 feet above the sea; earthquakes are frequent, and the capital (which is at an altitude of 4,800 ft.) was destroyed by an upbeaval in Jan., 1968. The country is well watered by numerous rivers; the cilmate is hot and somewhat malarious sear the

coast, but very temperate and healthy in the higher regions. About so miles of railway were open for traffic in 1930. There were 4,257 miles of telegraph working in 1932. The chief ports are San José de Guatemals and Champerico on the Pacific, and Livingston and Puerto Barrios on the Atlantic side. The principal export is coffee, other articles being bananas, sugar, timber, chiefe (chewing gum), hides and beans. Spanish is the language of the country.

1931-38. Estimated Revenue ...... Quetzals 13,222,305 Estimated Expenditure ..... External Debt (Dec. 3x, 1929)... Internal Debt (do.).... 18,318,305 £1,929,783 £1,136,422

£2,866,80x Imports ...... £4,829,054 Exports ...... 5,640,314 Imports from U.K. ..... 493,649 4,985,645 460,955 Exports to U.K. ..... 37,734 31,818 CAPITAL, Guatemala. Pop. (Census 1926)

230,707; other towns are Queza tenango (35,000), Coban (30,000), and Totonicapan (27,000).

FLAG: Three vertical bands, blue, white, blue.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(No 35. Calle Poniente, 84 Guatemala.) Guatemala—Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General, H. A. Grant Watson (x988) ...... ... ... ... £3,000

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Guatemala-Vice-Consul, C. C A. Lee. Vice-Consul, J. H. Viuter,
Puerto Barrios—V.-Consul, O. L. Bally,
Quezaltenanyo—Consul, Hugo Fleischmann,
San Jost—Vice-Consul, Leonard Summerhayes.

Transit to New York ma Puerto Barrios and New Orleans, 7 days, thence to London, 8 days.

#### HAITI.

(République d'Herti.)

President, Stenio Vincent, assumed office Nov. 18,

1930. Foreign Affairs, M. Abel N. Léger.

Vinister in London, Dr. Louis Baron.

Consul, W. Haines, 4, Denmark Street, N. 27.

The Republic of Halti is the western or French portion of the island of San Domingo, which, next to Cuba, is the largest of the "West India" next to China, is the largest of the "west India" Islands. For merly a French colony it was proclaimed independent on Jan. x, x804, and is governed under a Constitution ratified on June xx, xyx8. The legislature consists of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies. The President is elected by the legislature for a resided of the years. Fresident is elected by the legislature for a period of six years. In 1973 a treaty was entered into with the U.S.A. whereby certain public services of the Republic were to be controlled by U.S. officials. The Treaty expires in 1936. On Oct. 1, 1931, the U.S. officials in charge of Public Health, Public Works, and the Agricultural Technical Service, were withdrawn. The Kinancial and Constabulary services still remain under U.S. control U.S. control.

The area of the Republic of Haitl is estimated at ro,so4 square miles, with a population estimated (Jan. 1, 1992) at a, 300,300 inclusive of white foreign residents and military forces of the United States. The mountains are richly

^{*} At par z Queteal = \$z U.S.

and heavily timbered, and susceptible of cultivation nearly to their summits; it is probably the most fertile spot in the West Indies, whilst its harbours, especially Port-au-Prince, offer considerable facilities to foreign trade. The principal productions are coffee, logwood, cocca, cotton, hides, sugar, honey, gums, and ollseeds, these being the chief exports. It is said to contain mines of gold, silver, copper, tin, and inon. Its commercial prosperity has been almost annihilated by repeated revolutions. The principal foreign trade is carried on with the United States, Great and Greater Britain, France, and Germany; the principal articles imported from Great Britain are piece-goods, jute bags, hardware, and agricultural tools. An armed Constabulary, urban and rural, was formed in 1926. This force is officered in part from U.S. Marinc Corps and Navy, and consisted (Oct. 1, 1921) of 1930 officers (U.S. and Haitians) and 2,950 other ranks. A coastguard service is attached to the Constabulary. There are about 135 miles of relivary. In 1925-26 the entries and clearances at Port-au-Prince were 268 steam vessels (1,001,007) tout for the people speak a debased dialect known as Creole French.

Revenue Expenditure Total debt (Sept. 30, 1930)	7,579,697	2929-30. \$7,729.633 8,367,031 16,541,130
Total imports Total exports Imports from U.K	16,723,871	1030 \$12,857,626 14,144,567 £166,921

(Place Geffrard, Port-au-Prince)

Port-au-Prince—Consul and Charge d'Affaires, J. H. Magowan, O.B.E. (1929). ,, Vice-Consule, Edmund D. Watt, M.B.E.; G. A. Payne, M.B.E.

Transit, 15 days.

# HEJAZ, see Arabia.

# HONDURAS.

(República de Honduras.)

President, Dr. Vicente Mejia Colindres, assumed office Feb. 1, 1929.

Consul-General in London, Señor Don H. Blanco

Fombona, 9 Oxford Street, W. z.
The Middle State of Central America, stretching in N. lat. between zz of and z6, and W.
long. between 83 of and 88 40; containing
44,875 English square miles, with a population
estimated at 775,000 (1930).
Christopher Columbus landed at Cape Honduras

Christopher Uniumbus landed at Cape Honduras in 150s, and in 1514 the country was settled by the Spaniards. In 1514 the country was settled by the Spaniards. In 1515 Hernando Cortes founded the city of Fuerto Cortes, and from 1519 to 1511 the country formed part of the Captaincy-General of Guatemala. From 1521 to 1519 Honduras was included in the Confederation of Central America.

The Republic of Houduras has a coast-line of nearly 400 miles on the Caribbean Sea, chief

· united States Dollars.

ports, Truxillo, Puerto Castilla, Puerto Cortes, Omoa, Roatan, Tela, and La Ceiba; but only about 40 miles on the Guif of Fonseca, on the Pacific side, chief port, Amapala. (Note.—Amapala is on Tiger Island; port on mainland is Sau Loreuro, a hours in gasoline launch from Amanala.) From San Lorenzo by auto to capital, Tegucigalpa, 88 miles, good road, 5-6 hours. Road from Tegucigalpa to the Atlantic coast has now been completed as far as Potrerillos, the terminal station of the unfinished Interoceanic, and is in fair condition. journey to the lake takes from 9 to 10 hours in automobile; the lake is crossed in I hour by auto-ferry and thence to the head of the railway at Portrerillos the road is completed, cars taking from a to 3 hours. Potrerillos is a hours by rail from San Pedro Sula, and 3 hours from Puerto Cortes. By taking express automobiles and express car on the saliway, it is now possible to make Puerto C ntes from Tegucigalpa in 24 hours, thus reaching New York in 5 or 6 days There is also an aeroplane service from Tegucigalpa to Tela, connecting up with the direct steamers for Avoumouth from the latter. There are railway connections between San Pedro Sula, and Tela and La Celba. The country is mountainous, being traversed by the Cordilleras. The soil is very fertile, the products being bananas mahogany, frunt, cattle, produces being satisface, coffee, indigo, sarsaparilla, hides and skins, indiarubber, cedar, fustic, There is an rose, and Lima wool (Kapok). rose, and Lima wool (kapox). There is an immense amount of uncultivated land. The number of cattle in 1920 was approximately 500 coo. The forests are extensive, but there is a lack of communications and transport. Its mineral wealth is great. In 1925 there were 1,423 kilometres of railway open, all on the North Coast. The language of the country is Spanish.

Revenue	£1,412,386	z989-30. £x.43x,430
Expenditure	1,323,418	1,503,170
*Foreign Debt		1,046,726
†Internal Debt	1,913,821	1,583,470
Exports	5,055,383	5,234,243
Imports		3,189,826
Imports from U.K	172,386	184,764
Exports to U K	407,133	355,746

Eighty per cent. of the foreign trade is with U.S.A. American money is legal tender at soo per cent. (s to z).

CAPITAL, Tegucigalpa. Pop. (1921), 40,000; La Esperanza and Santa Rosa have each about 20,000 inhabitants; other towns are San Pedro Sula, Comayagua and Choluseca.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, blue, white, blue (with five blue stars on white band).

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General, H. A. Grant Watson (resident at Guatemala)

### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tegucigalpa — Consul and Charyé d'Afaires, M. H. C. Kelham,

• In 1985 the Government of Honduras ratified an agreement concluded with the Council of Foreign Bondholders providing for the liquidation of the Foreign Debt by annual payments of £40,000 over a period of 20 years, and those payments are regularly made. † Bearing 3 per cent. interest. Amapala—Vice-Consul, R. de Lavergue. La Ceiba—Vice-Consul, Melville Graham. Truxillo—Consul, Albury H. Tatum.

Pro-Consul, Hanno Griffith. Distance 5,930 miles; transit, vid New York, New Orleans, &c., 14 days; vid Panama Canal, 19 days; vid Avonmouth-Tela, 17 days.

# HUNGARY. (Magyarorazág.)

Regent, H.S.H. Admiral Nicolas Horthy de Nagybanya, born, 1867; elected March 1, 1920. MINISTRY.

Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, Count J. Károlyi. Foreign Afuirs, Dr. L. Walko.
Interior, M. Francis Keresztes-Fischer. National Defence, Julius Gömbös.

Justice, Dr. T. Zsitvay.

Agriculture, M. Bela Ivady.

Public Worship, Education and Public Welfare, Dr. Alexander Ernszt. Without Portfolio, M. John Mayer.

Minister in London, Baron Ivan Rubido-Zichy, 35 Raton Place, S.W. I.
Offices of Legation and Passport Office, 35B Eaton Place, S.W. 1

By unanimous vote of the National Assembly, Hungary was re-constituted a Kingdom in 1920, rungary was re-constituted a Kingdon in 1392, after having been declared a Republic on Nov. 17, 1918. The area of present-day Hungary is about 56,179 sq. miles, its territories being decreased from the area of the former Kingdon of Hungary (which was united to the Austrian Empire by the identity of sovereigns) through the transfer of identity of sovereigns) through the transfer of Transylvania to the Rumanians and of Croatia and Slavonia to the new Yugoslav Kingdom (9.2), and of Slovakia and Ruthonia to Czechoslovakia (9.2). The population (almost entirely Magyar) was 8,652,787 (Dec. 1929). The political neighbours are Czechoslovakia on the X., Yugolsavia on the S., Rumania on the E., and Austria on the W.

On the declaration of Republican institutions in 1918, Count M. Karolyi assumed office as Provisional President, but on March 22, 1919, Count Karolyi resigned, and was succeeded by a "Bol-shevik" administration with a "Soviet" (Work-meu's Council), in which Bela Kun (or Cohen) was the dominant personality. This administration was driven out of power by the successes tration was driven out or power by the successes of the Rumanian military forces (which invaded Hungary and occupied Budapest) and was followed by a Socialistic Government under Julius Peidel (Aug. 1, 1929). Six days later the Socialistic Government was superseded by an administration appointed by the Archarke Socialistic Government was superseded by an administration appointed by the Archduke Joseph, who accepted office as Provisional President, Aug. 7, 1919, but resigned in consequence of the protests of the Supreme Council in Paris. On March x 1920, Admiral Nicholaus von Horthy of Nagybana was elected Governor of Nagybana was elected Governor of Nagybana was elected Governor of the National Assembly.

Hungary by vote of the National Assembly, which gave him sovereign rights, with certain restrictions

In 1921, the ex-king Karl made two efforts to regain the throne, remaining in the country from March as to April 9, and from Oct. av until removed under escort. On each occasion the Hungarian Government was informed that a Hapsburg restoration would not be tolerated by the European Powers.

All religions are tolerated; the greater number of Magyars are Roman Catholics, but there is a large Protestant minority. The parcelling out of the great estates, which was forcibly attempted during the Karolyi regime, has been continued to a small extent, but on an economic basis; a land-reform bill aiming at "a more equitable distribution of landed property," was carried out in 1920-1928, reducing by about 10 per cent. the total area of large estates.

A single chamber National Assembly (intro-A single channer reactions assembly that due of Jan. 4, 1920, was replaced in Dec. 1926, by a Parliament composed of a Chamber of Deputies elected by universal suffrage, and an Upper Chamber, which corresponds in a modified form to the Chamber of Magnates as it existed before the revolution of xox8.

The greater part of the arca of present Hungary consists of the Alfold or Great Plain, parts of which may be considered as among the most fertile for agricultural purposes in the world, producing grain of excellent quality and supporting a number of horses, cattle and swine. The mountainons districts having been ceded to surrounding states by the Peace Treaty, Hungary has lost the greater part of the forests and mines, which formerly contributed so largely to the national wealth.

No part of Hungary touches the sea. The length of navigable livers is 687 miles; there are about 5,000 miles of railways and 5,800 miles of telegraph in the present Kingdom.

Pengos.	
Revenue	1.364.000.000
Imports	1930 832,900,000 910,400,000 £838,000 £1,777,000

CAPITAL: Budapest, on the Danube, has a population of (1930) 993.522. The other large towns are: Szeged (125,039), and Debreczen (108,816); there are 34 other towns with a population lation over so.coc.

Hungarian and German are the languages of the country, but English is increasing in commercial use

FLAG . Red, white, green (horizontally), arms (without supporters) in centre.

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

'(Verböczy Utcza. I., Budapest I.)

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General, The Viscount Chilston, 

Carpenter. Military Attaché, Lt.-Col. F. N. Mason-Mac-Farlane, M.C.

Archimst, F. G. Redward. Hungarian Secretary, Capt. E. Szüts.

> BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. (Zoltán utca 8, Budapest).

Budapest—Vice-Consul, C. O. Wakefield-Harrey. Pro-Consul, J. W. Thompson.

Budapest is distant x,xe6 miles from London; transit, a days.

ICELAND. (Island.)

King, Christian X. (see Denmark).
Presidents of Al-thing, G. Olafsson: A.

Iceland is a large, volcanic, and treeless island in the North Atlantic Ocean, extending from 63° as to 66° 33′ N. lat., and from 33° as to 34° 35′ V. long., with an estimated area of 40,497 square miles, or greater than that of Ireland. The

population was estimated at roc,coo in 1928.

An Act for the creation of a Danish-Icelandic Federal Constitution, Denmark and Iceland to be free and independent States under the same Sovereign, came into force on Dec. x, 1918, but since the constitution granted in 1915 the assembly (Al-thing) had been more or less independent of the Government at Copenhagen in internal questions. The principal products of the island are sheep, cattle, poines, and fish, and the imports consist of almost all the necessaries of life, the chief items being grain and meal, sugar, coffee, salt, cotton goods, tobacco, spirits, hardware, and timber. Total imports (1929): £3,219,715; exports,£4,000,286. Iceland is in direct telegraphic communication with Great Britain.

CAPITAL, Reykjavik. Population, about 30,000 Other towns are Isafjor Sur, Akureyil, and

Seydisford.
FLAG: Blue, with white-bordered red cross. BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Reykjavik-Consul-General, Asgeir T. Sigurdsson, O.B.E.

O.B.E., Walter G. O. Siguidsson, Wice-Consul, Walter G. O. Siguidsson, M. B. E. Akweyn--Vice-Consul, Arthur Gook. Isafford--Vice-Consul, Tryggyl Joakimsson. Nordford--V.-Consul, P. G. Thornar. Westnann Islands--V.-Con, Viggo Bjornsson. Transit, 5 days.

TRAQ.

(Mesopotamia, M.G., Born 1884, elected King of Iraq, Faisai I., G.C.M.G., born 1884, elected King of Iraq, Aug. 10, 1981, marred (1906) the Sherifa Huzayma, daughter of the Sherif Nazir, acceded Aug. 23, 1931.

Crown Prince, H.K.H. the Emir Ghazi, b

March at, 1912.

Prime Minister, Nuri Pasha al Said, C.M.G.,

Minister for Foreign Affairs, Ja'far Pasha al Askari.

Minister in London, (vacant). Charge d'Affaires, Hussein Bey Afnan, N A.

Legation, 5x, Queen's Gate Gardens, S.W. 7
Iraq, or Mesopotamua, "the land between the
vers" (Emphrates and Tigns), extends from Kurdistan on N. and N.E. to the Persian Gulf on the & and S.E., and from Persia on E. to Syria and the Arabian Desert on W. the approximate position being between 37½ to 48½ E. long., and from 37½ to 30 N. lat. The territory was freed from Turkish rule during the War of 1914-18 by Anglo-Indian and British Dominion troops under Generals Nixon, Maude, and Marshall (Gen. Maude succumbing to cholera after the capture of Baghdad). Under the Treaty of Lausaine, ratified on Aug. 6, 1923, Thrkey renounced the sovereignty over Mesopotamia, and its future administration has been entrusted to Great Britain by the Supreme Council rendenced the sovereignly over also prizamia, tended. In 1908 certain wolks were indertaken, and its future administration has been entrusted to Great Britain by the Supreme Council of the Allies. A provisional Arab Government is since the British occupation notable improvements have been effected; the Irrigation Dewis and in Aug. 1921 the Emir Faisal (3rd son of and immediately remunerative schemes. The of the Allies. A provisional Arab Government was set up by the High Commissioner in Nov.

ex-King Hussein of the Hedjaz) was elected King of Iraq, to be enthroused on Aug. 23, 1921. By Treaty between Great Britain and Iraq (Oct. 10, 1921) the former undertakes to exercise its good offices to secure the admission of Iraq to the League of Nations, and as soon as that admis-sion has been accomplished all the responsibilities of Great Britain as the mandatory power will be terminated, by a protocol signed April 30, 1923, the duration of the treaty was cut down 1933, the duration of the trenty was cut down from so years to 4; but in a new trenty signed at Haghdad on Jan. 13, 1936, provision was made that the treaty of Oct. 1933 should remain in force for a period of as years from Dec. 16, 1938, unless before the expiration of that period Iraq shall have become a member of the League of Nations. In March, 1934, a Constituent Assembly met in Baghdad, ratified the treaty between Great Britain and Iraq, and nessed on overance law and an electoral law for passed an organic law and an electoral law for the election of a (Tamber of Deputies. The constitution thus instituted is a Constituconstitution thus instituted is a Constitutional Monarchy, hereditary in the family of King Faisal, with a Senate of so members nominated by the King, and a Chamber of Deputies of 88 members elected by manhood suffrage. The first Parlament under this Constitution was opened by King Faisal on July 16, 1925 In September, 1929, the British Government gave an assurance that they would support Iraq's candidature for admission to the League of Nations in 1932. On June 30. 1930, a new Treaty was signed at Baghdad by the High Commissioner and the Prime Minister. This Treaty which, if ratified, will come into force on the entry of Iraq into the League of Natious, is of as years' duration and regulates the relations between Great Britain and Iraq during that poriod on the basis of an alliance between two equal and independent States.

The total area of the districts comprised within the British Mandatory Sphere is about 126,000 sq. miles, the distance from Basra in the south to Mosul in the north being approximately soo miles. The sphere comprises the former Turkish vilayet of Mosul, Enghand and Massa. At the Census of 1920 the population was ascertained to be 2,849,282, as under:—

Baghdad vilayet ..... 1,360,304 Basia vilayet ......
Mosul vilayet ..... 785,600 703,378

Total .....

Bayldad includes the Baglidad, Samarra, Diyala, Kut, Diwaniyah, Hiliah and Dulain Divisions (Lavara); Baera lucludes the Lives of Basra, Amara and Muntafik; and Mosed includes Mosul, Arbil, Kirkuk and Sniemani. (Mosul covers a great part of the ament kingdom of Assyria, the ruins of Nmewh, the Assyrian capital, being viable on the banks of the Tigris, overette Mosul.) opposite Mosul.)

Of the total population there were in reso 1,146,685 Suum Muhammadans, 1,494,015 Shiite Muhammadans, 87,488 Jews, 78,792 Christians, and 43,302 other religions.

Mesopotamia is capable of supporting a population many times in excess of its present inhabitants if irrigation is developed and extended. In 1908 certain works were undertaken.

wealth of the country depends entirely upon weath of the country depends entirely upon agricultural development, and two harvests can be gathered in the year, the chief crops being wheat, barley and beans, and rice, and Indian corn; wheat averages 444b. per acre, barley firstle, and rice over z.coolb. In zgal-ng there were z.447.000 over z.coolb. The year of the triggies and Euphrates) under ceneral cultivation an increase of under general cultivation, an increase of 64 per cent. on the previous year. Cotton growing is a developing industry and it is estimated that Mesopotamia could yield 300,000 bales annually if sufficient labour is forthcoming. A concession for the exploitation of the oil in the Baghdad and Mosul vilayets was granted to the Turkish Petroleum Company (now the Iraq Petroleum Company), in March, 1925. The results of the geological surveys made by the company suggest that Iraq may contain one of the richest olifields in the world. A number of wells have been drilled in the neighbourhood of Kirkuk, and in October, 1927, the first "gusher" was struck and capped at Baba Gurgur. The Khanaqin Oli Company (a subsidiary of the Auglo-Persian Oli Company, holds a concession which is conflued to the Transferred Territories (an area on the N.E frontier transferred from Persia to Turkey in 1923-14), which is an adaptation of the D'Arcy concession held by the A.P.O.C. Since the war oil has been struck near Khanaqin and the field is considered a promising one. The Khanaqin Oil Company have opened a refinery near to Khanaqin town which produces sufficient petrol, kerosine and crude oil for the needs of Iraq. The country is being opened up and existing communications improved and secured. Schools, hospitais and dispensaries have been established under British auspices. Basra was equipped with wharves, rallway sidings, &c., for military purposes, and is thus suited for commerce. the imports are textiles, sugar, and tea, and the chief exports are dates, wool and barley.

The Kuphrates (which has a total length of 1,800 miles from its source to its outflow in the

The Buphrates (which has a total length of 1,300 miles from its source to its outflow in the Fersian Gulf) is formed by two arms, of which the Murad Su (425 miles) rises in the slopes of the Ala Dagh, a mountain of Eastern Erzerum, and flows westwards to a junction with the Kara Su, or Frat Su (275 miles), the latter rising in the north-west of Eazerum in the Dumin Begin. The Tigris has a total length of 2,250 miles from its source to its junction with the Euphrates at Garmat Ali, 70 milles from the Persian Gulf, and rises in two arms south of the Taurus mountains, in Kindistan, uniting at Til, where the boundaries of the vilayets of Diarleskir, Van and Bitlisconjoin.

The Baghdad Ratheay—In 1899 the Anatolian Rallway Company obtained a concession from the Sultan of Turkey for the construction of a railway from Konieh (the eastern terminus of the Anatolian Railway) to the Persian Gulf at Koweit, vid Baghdad, a total length of 1,550 miles, with a single track of 4 ft 8½ in, gauge. Its projected course was from Konieh to Adama, thence S.E. to Aleppo, Jerabius (where it would cross the Euphrates and enter Mesopotamia), and Mosul, and thence S. down the right bank of the Tigris to Baghdad and the Persian Gulf. The section Konieh-Eregii-Bulguriu (224 miles), was opened in Oct. 2904, and at the outbreak of the Great War about 1,200 miles) were in operation, with gaps in important sections (notably in the hills N.W. of Aleppo, and in the Mesopotamian desert W. & S.

of Mosul). The line crosses the Euphrates at Jerablus and is open to goods and passenger traffic as far as Nisibin. The track actually extends a further zo miles into Syrian territory in the direction of Mosul. Raitheads at Nisibin and Kirkuk are connected by a motor service, and through bookings by this route from Europe to Baghdad are obtainable. The first through train from Basra to Baghdad left Basra on Jan. z3, z3so. The total length of fine open at that date was 945 miles compared with z, zzy miles during the War, some unimportant lines having been disused since the cessation of hostilities with Turkey; since that time lines have been laid from Baghdad to Kerbala and Baghdad to Kirkuk. The line to Kirkuk will be extended to Mosul.

The chief city is Baghdad, the former capital of the Abbasside dynasty, one of the Caliphs of that dynasty being Haroun al Rashid of "the Arabian Nighta." Baghdad has an estimated population of 270,000, other towns being Basra, 85,000, and Mosul (opposite the site of N.neveh), 90,000,

High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief Sir Francis Humphrys, G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., K B E., C.L.E. (1989)

C.I.E. (1989).

A.D.C., Lt. J. de B. Stansfeld.

Counsellor, Maj. H. W. Young, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Political Secretary. R. S. M. Sturges, C.B.E.

Financial Secretary, F. E. Stafford.

Legal Secretary, J. H. B. Nihii, M.C.

Consular Secretary, C. Empson.

Oriental Secretary, Capt. V. Holt.

Commandant, Irag Levies, Brigadier J. G.

Browne, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Baghdad—Consul General, Sir Francis Humphrys, G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., K.B.K., C I.E.,

Consul, Charles Empson.

Basra—Consul, Gerald H. Selons, O.B.K.

Abadan—l'ice Consul, (the Post Officer holds
the rank of acting Vice Consul).

BRITISH CHANBERS OF COMMERCE, Baghdad and Strand Road, Basrah.

CAPITAI, Baghdad.
Baghdad is 840 miles by air from Cairo, Egypt.
Mails between London and Baghdad may be sont by weekly Air Mail Service via Egypt.
Motor convoys carrying mails run twice weekly between Baghdad—Damascus (the normal route for letter nost).

# ITALY.

(Regno d'Italia.)

King, Victor Emmanuel, born November 11, 1869; married, Oct. 24, 1866, Princess Helen of Montenegro; succeeded to the throne July 29, 1900. Heir Apparent, H.R.H. Humbert, Prince of

Piedmont, born Sept. 15, 1904. CABINET (June 30 1924: reconstructed 1925

and 1929).

Premier and Minister of Interior, *Signor Benito Mussolini.

* Signor Renito Mussolini is the accredited leader of Fascism, the Fascisti representing a revolutionary movement against the inactivity of post-War Italian statesmen. The uniform of the movement is a black shirt, and the name is derived from fasco or band (cf. the fasces of the Roman lictor) in which the movement was organised.

Justice. Signor Alfredo Rocco. Funance and Treasury, Dr. Antonio Mosconi. Foreign Afairs, Signor Dino Grandi. War, Gen. Pietro Gazzera. Marine, Adm. Giuseppe Sirianni. Air, Gen. Italo Balbo Public Works, Signor Arnaldo di Crollalanza. Corporations, Dr. Giuseppe Bottai. Colonies, Gen. de Bono. National Education, Prof. Balbino Giuliano. Agriculture and Forests, Signor Glacomo Acerbo. Communications, Count Costanzo Ciano.

Ambassador in London, His Excellency Autonio Chiaramonte Bordonaro, G.B.E., 20 Grosvenor Square, W. z.

Counsellor, Signor Francesco Giorgio Mameli. 1st Secretary, Nobile Don Renato Prunas Barrago. and Secretary, Signor Pasquale Jannelli.
3rd Secretaries, Nobile Giulio del Balzo dei
Duchi di Presenzano; Baron Giovanni Scola

Camerini.

Attaché, Signor Gaetano de Facci Negrati.

Naval Attaché, Capt. Angelo Jackino
Muttary Attaché, Leut. Col. A. Infante, D.S.o.
Air Attaché, Lieut. Col. Per Francesco Bitossi,
Commercial Counsellor, Signoi Giovanni Battista Ceccato.

Asst. do., Signor Giuseppe Massone. Special Attache, Signor Giuseppe Palliccia, O.BE.MC.

Chancellor, Signor Giuseppe de Grossi. Royal Consul-General, Nob. Alessandro de Probizor, 68 Portland Place, W. z. Vice-Consul, Signor P. Righetti

A Kingdom in the South of Europe, consisting of a peninsula, the large islands of Sicily and of a permissing, the large islands of Serdjina, the island of Elba, and about 70 minor islands (with certain dependences hercinaftenoted). It is bounded on the N by the Republics of Switzerland and Austria, on the S. by the Mediterranean, on the E. by the Adriatic and Yugoslavia, &c., and on the W. by France and the Ligurian and Tyrrhenian Seas. The total area of the kingdom of Italy in 1914 was 110,623 81 miles, and by the Treaty of Versaultes (June 28, 1919) Italy gained from Austria-Hungary the Trentmo (about 4,000 sq. miles) and Trieste (with about 1,000 sq. miles of the Adriatic Sea-board).

The total area of the Kingdom of Italy was estimated (Dec. 1927) at 119,743 square niles, with a population at the census of March 29, 1931, of 48,158,817. There is a large settled and floating population of Americans and English.

By a treaty signed at Rome (Jan. 27, 1924), the Free State of Frume came to an end. Yugo-slavia's sovereignty over Port Baros and the Delta is established by the treaty, and Italy acquired the town and harbour works of Frume, together with a narrow strip of hinterland. Italy agreed to lease to Yugoslavia the Thaon dr Revel quay at a rental of one gold lira for 50 years, the railway station being established as an international frontier station. Finne is now the capital of the newly created Italian Provincia del Carnaro, and has the status of an Italian provincial town.

The Italian peninsula is traversed throughout its length by the chain of the Apennines; the Alps form its northern limits, dividing it from France, Switzerland, Germany, Austria and Yugo-slavia. Mont Blanc (15,78s feet), the highest peak of the Alps, is in the French Pennine Alps,

but within the Italian borders are Monte Rosa (15,217 feet) and several peaks from 12,000 to 14,000 feet. The chief rivers are the Po, the Adige, the Tiber, and the Arno.

GOVERNMENT.—Italian unity was accom-plialed under the House of Savoy, after an heroic struggle from 1848-1870, in which the great patriots Mazzeni (born 1805, died 187a) and Garthaldt (born 1807, died 1882) were the principal figures. It was completed when Lombardy was ceded by Austria in 1860 and Venice in 1866, and through the evacuation of the Papal States by the French in 1870. In 1872 the King of Italy entered Rome, and that city was declared to be the capital. The government Anig of Italy entered Rome, and that city was declared to be the capital. The government was that of a constitutional monarchy with a legislature of two houses—the Senate (of 385 life members appointed by the King), and the Chamber of Deputtes of 336 members (elected by adult manhood suffrage). Under the reforms mattituted by Signor Mussolini an entirely new and complex form of government has been and complex form of government has been built up—the Fascist "syndical-corporative" state. The Senate and Chamber are retained, but the latter are elected cu bloc, a list being drawn up by the Fascist Grand Council and submitted to the electorate for acceptance or rejection as a whole. The basis of the composition of the list is roughly equal representation of capital and labour, the essence of the "syndical-corpor-ative" idea being that the State should take charge of the economic development and functioning of the country.

PRODUCTION — Agriculture (including the growing of grapes, olives and chestnuts) is the principal industry. Italian wines are numerous and celebrated, and olives and olive-oil are furnished by Tuscany, Liguna, and the province of Barl; while fruit abounds and is largely ex-ported. The cultivation of the silkworm forms an important industry. Among the principal minerals are fron, lead, zinc, copper, manganese, and antimony ores, sulphur, gypsun, amiantius, alum, and boracic acid. Silver is found in Saidinia, and some gold in the Alps. Salt and tobacco are

Government monopolies.

The principal exports are cotton, silk and wool-len tissues, motor cars, olive-oil, wine, candided ctron, slenna earths, pastes, coral, largs, boracic acid, raw and thrown silk, hemp, cattle, straw hats, rice, iron, zinc and copper ores, sulphur mable, fruit, vegetables, fresh and prepared meats, poultry chemical products, woods, roots, &c., for dyeing and tanning, artistic works, &c. The imports chiefly consist of cotton, wheat, coal, coke, chemicals, colonial produce, yarns, jute and manufactured goods, woollens, raw jute and manufactured goods, woollens, raw silk, silkworms' eggs and cocoons, machi-nory, iron and steel in hars, plates and rails, hardware, raw hides, horses and cows, fixed oils, sait fish, dye-stuffs, tobacco, earthenware, &c. The manufactures are woollen, cotton, silk, hemp, and linen yarns and tissues, motor cars, rubber tyres and tubes, leathers, straw and felt, hats, furniture chemical products paper felt hats, furniture, chemical products, paper, agricultural and other machinery, prepared meats, artistic works (such as mosaics, pottery, Venetian glass, alabaster ornaments), &c. Sugar is extracted from beet in large quantities for

Defence.—The Army consists of 30 Infantry Divisions and 2 Divisioni Celeri (Cavalry and Cyclists) organized in 11 Army Corps, but a large number of Umits and Services, e.g., Bersaglieri, Alpini, Tanks, &c., are not included in these formations. During summer months (with two colasses of conscripts with the colours) the strength is about 400,000; in winter months 200,000 (with one class). Age of liability for recall to Military service was raised in 1930 and brings total numbers available in case of war to 4,000,000-4,500,000 men. The National Militia (Black Shirts) are also part of the Land Forces of Italy. Their establishment is 300,000, but only a small percentage are on permanent service, the remainder being in civil employ, ready for duty whenever required. The Militia supplies a Battalions to each Infantry Division in supplies a Battalions to each Infantry Division in war. On May 24, 1915, Italy declared war on Austro-Hungary, and on Aug. 27, 1916, a state of warwas declared to exist with Germany. The cost of the war to Oct. 23, 1918, amounted to 48millards of life (£1,200,000,000). During the War of 1914-2918, over 25 per cent. of the population were mobilised, and 5,350,000 men passed into the Armies of Italy. The Navy includes 5 modern and 2 pre-Dreadnought battleship, 26 orulsers, x airoraft carrier, 1x fiotilla leaders, 60 destroyers, 47 torpedo boats, 48 submarlnes, 12 gunboxts Art torsed boats, 4s submarines, 1s gunboats and despatch vessels, 2 river gunboats, and 46 minesweepers and minelayers. The peace personnet of the Italian Navy is about 45,000 all ranks. Spezia and Pola, the chief naval and military norts of the kingdom, are securely fortified. The Air Force consists of 120 squadrons of aircraft, of which to are employed in the colonies. The official first-line strength on aircraft is 973 machines, with a further roo in reserve. The personnel for room includes 942 officers and 18,632 other ranks, the expenditure for room 20 being 700 million tire, of which 60 million is for Civil Aviation.

EDUCATION.—Primary Education is free and compulsory, and evening continuation classes are also compulsory for military recruits. is maintained by local taxation and State grants. Secondary education is generally State-main-tained, and schools are increasing in number. Several of the Universities are of very ancient

foundation.

COMMUNICATIONS.—On July 31, 1930, there were 10,407 niles of railway open for traffic, 1,022 being electrified and 352 in course of electrification; the post-offices (1929) numbered 11,288, and there were (1929) 40,855 miles of telegraph line. The sea-going commercial marine (1929) consisted of x,396 steamers (3,axa,30a gross tons) and s,692 salling vessels (168,372 tons). In 1920 salling vessels (168,379 tons). In 1920 salling vessels (167,177,450 net tons) entered Italian ports; the clearances were 248,494 (77,185,386 net tons).

1,773,462,000 88,336,000,000 Internal ,, 1020

Imports ..... *L. 21,664,700,000 *L. 17,351,000,000 Exports ...... 15,235,900,000 Imports from U.K. 2,039,600,000 12,118,800,000 1,673,200,000 Exports to U.K.... 1,459,600,000 r.,185,400,000 CAPITAL, Rome, on the Tiber. Population (1931), 1,003,881. Other towns are Naples

(1931), 1,003 881. Other towns are Naples (98s, 80s), Milan (97s, 943), Genos (5s6, 927), Turin (60s, 1956), Palermo (488, 979), Florence (196, 790), Catania (483, 604), Venice (460, 908), Trieste (484, 174), Bologna (486, 512).
Fig. 7 Three vertical bands, green, white, red

(with arms on white band).

• Paper Lire. For exchange value, see p. 477.

BRITISH ENBASSY.

(84 Via Venti Settembre, Rome. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir Rouald Graham, G.C.M.G., set Secretary, I. A. Kirkpatrick. 2nd Sec., H. L. Farquhar, M.C. 2nd Sec., J. H. U. Lambert. Hon. Attachés, H. D. Creek; C. R. W. Montagu. ress Officer (with local rank of 1st Sec.). W. K. McClure, 0.B R.
McClure, 0.B R.
Commercial Sec. (Grade I.), (with local rank of
Commercial Counsellor), E. H. Mulock,
Do. (Grade II.), W. F. Vaughan Soott,
Naval Attaché, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, R. N.
Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng. Com. G. Villar,

R.N. Mil. Attaché, Col. H Stevens, p.S.o. Air Attaché, Group Capt. T G. Hetherington.

Archivist, G. D. Baker, M.B.R. Asst. Archivest & Accountant, Miss A. E. H. Button.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Rome—Consul, B. P. Sullivan, M.B.E.
Vice-Consuls, H. D'A Johnson, M.B.E.; L. A. Colmore.

Bengasi-Vice-Consul, A. Ellul. Cagliari--Consul, Romulus Henry Pernis. Florence—Consul, Maj. Charles W. Maclean, D.S.O., Vice-Consuls, Gennaro Placei; C. R. Atkinson-Grimshaw.

Pro-Consul, Federigo Lelli.

Genoa-Consul - General, E. W. P. Thurstan.

", Vice-Consuls, H. Bancroft-Livingston; Lewis S. Leadley (acting).

Bologna-Vice-Consul, Thomas Hickling.

Pro-Consul, J. E de Lengerke.

Bordighera - Vue-Consul, A. E. Turton. San Remo - Vice-Consul, Meysey Turton. Pro-Consul, Meysey Turton. Sarona - Vice-Consul, Angelo Aschiero. Spezia-Consul, S. Guattari-Stafford, O.B.E.

Vice-Consul, R. A. G. Stafford. Pro-Consul, H. Alinghieri.

Leghorn-Consul, E. R. Seccombe. ,, Vice-Consul, F. B. Lamb. Ancona—Vice-Consul, Francis C. Kane. ,, Pro-Consul, George E. Kane. Perugia-Vice-Consul, R. B. P. Frost, M.B E.

Milan-Consul-Gen., G. Gillist-Smith.

", Vice-Consul, A. C. Routh. Pro-Consul, F. C. England. Henaggio—Vice-Consul, C. Myllus.

Menaggio—Vice-Consul, C. alynus.
Naples—Consul-General, G. A. Fisher.
,, Vice-Consul, A. Goodden.
,, Pro-Consul, A. E. Watkins.
Castellanare—Vice-Consul, E. S. Albanese.
Patermo (Sicily)—Consul, Major J. H. H.
Dodds, O.M.G.

Dodds, C.M.G.

, Vice-Consul, H. Clark.
, Pro-Consul, Luigt Tripiciano.
Cutania—Vice-Consul, W. A. Franck, M.B.E.
Marsala—Vice-Consul, (vacant).
Messina—Vice-Consul, A. A. Barrett.
, Pro-Consul, S. W. Garbutt.
Rhodes—Consul, Edward Perkins.

Trieste-Consul, A. E. R. Browne.

Vice-Consul, C. R. Waddell. Pro-Consul, P. Salcher. -Consul, N. P. Cowan. Tripoli

,, Pro-Consul, John Ghirlando. ,, Physician (Hon.), Dr. Ange'o Mizzl. Benghazı—Vice-Consul, Antonio Ellul.

-Consul, Leonard Parish.
Pro-Consul, Vittorio Gallo

Venuce-Consul, Alan Napier.
,, Pro-Consul, Count Luigi F. A. P. Mozzoni.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR ITALY, Via Manzoni 5, Milan (Branches, Piazza della Annunzata, Genoa, Scali d'Azeglio, Leghorn; Via A. Depretis 3x, Naples, Piazza dell Unitá 6, Trieste).

Rome, transit, 44 hours.

ITALIAN COLONIES, &c.

Libia.—The Turkish vilayet of Tripoli and the mutessarifat of Benghazi on the northern coast of Africa, were occupied by Italy in 2012-12, and under the Treaty of Ouchy (Oct. 2012) the sovereignty of the province was transferred to the King of Italy, the sputtual headship over the Muhammadan population being the the Callab. retained by the Caliph. Tripoli is the most easterly of the Barbary States, extending from the frontiers of Tunis to those of Egypt, a distance along the coast-line of nearly z,ree miles, and inland to the south a distance of about 800 miles. The transferred territory comprises the four sub-provinces or Mutessarifik of Tripoli, Khoms, Jabel-el-Gharb, and Fezzan, and also of Benghari or Cyrenaics, a total area of 820,000 square nules, with a population of the state of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a population of \$20,000 square nules, with a popul lation of about 1,000,000. There are no rivers in the country, and, the rainfall being precarious, a good harvest can only be reckoned on every four or five years Barley, dates, olives, oranges, lemons, and vegetables are produced, and the principal imports are metals, British and other European manufactures, tea, heads, wine and spirits, heades a number of articles for barter spirits, besides a number of another for barrers in Wadai, Bornu, and the Western Sudan, winther caravans proceed from Tripoli. The principal articles of exports are ostrich feathers, ivory, skins, sponges, hides, esparto grass, wool, cattle, and horses. The ancient runs in Cyrenaica, ? e , at Cyrene, Ptolemans, and Apollonia, are interesting to evplorers, as well as those at Leptis Magna, which is close to Khoms, or 70 miles from the city of Tripoli. The population of Benghazi consists of Arabs, Greeks, Maltese, and a few Levantines. The commerce in cereals, wool, cattle for Malta, and other agricultural produce, is considerable, when a sufficient rainfall causes good harvests. The capital of "Tripolitana" is Tripoli (population 60,000), and of Cyrenaica, Benghazi (population 60,000), lation 35,000).

Governor of Cyrenaica, and Tripolitana.

Marshal Badoglio.

Marshal Badoglio.

Ertiras is a Red Sea colony, and extends from
Ras Kasar, 18° s' N., to Ras Demoirs, 10° 42' N.,
and is bounded on N.W. by the Anglo-Egyptian
Sudan, on S. by Abyssinia, and on S.E. by French
Somaliland. It consists of a triangular portion of
barren and sandy lowland with a coast-line along
the Red Sea of about 700 miles, and covers a total
area of 6 con square miles, with a nonutation of area of 64,000 square inites, with a population of about 510,000, of whom about 3,500 are Europeans. The capital is Asmara, Massowa being the chief port, where there is a good harbour. The prin-cipal products are potash, skins, and salt, of

great value as being the monetary currency of Southern Abyssinia

Governor of Eritrea, H.E. Duke Astuto di Lucchesi.

Somaliland.-Italian Somaliland comprises a coastal strip on the Gulf of Aden and the Indian Ocean, from xx° N. lat. to the Equator, and is bounded on the N. by the Gulf of Aden, on E. by bounded on the N. By the Gull of Aceb, on E. by the Indian Ceean, and on W. by British Somaliland, Abyssinis, and British E. Africa. The total area, including the territory of Jubaland (and the port of Kismayu) transferred from Kenya by Great Britain in 1925, is about 220,000 sq. miles, and the population is estimated at 900,000. Agriculture and camel and cattle realing are the projected industries. The cavital is are the principal industries. The capital is Mogadisho, on the Indian Ocean. Governor of Italian Somaliland, Signor M.

Tientsin.—Italy obtained in 1902 a concession of land fronting the Penho river (China), with a total area of so square miles and a population of about 10,000 natives.

Agean Dependences.—Rhodes, Egeo and the Dodecanese (12 Islands occupied by Italy in 1912 during the war with Turkey, vz.—Stampalia, Scarpanto, Caso, Piscopi, Nisiro, Callinno, Lero, Patine, Cos, Simi, Calchi, and Lipso). The seat of administration is at Rhodes (Rodi) and the total population is about roo.coc.

# JAPAN. (Nipron )

Emperor (Tenno) of Japun, His Imperial Majesty Huchito, K.G., G.C.E., G.C.V.O., born April 29, 2501; succeeded Dec. 25, 1926; married (1924) Princess Nagako (born March 6, 1903), daughter of the late Prince Kuniyoshi Kuni (died Jan. 27, 1929), and has issue three daughters :-

(i) H.I H. Princess Shigeko.

(ii) H.I.H. Princess Kazuko. (iii) H.I.H. Princess Atsuko. Brothers of the Emperor

(r) H.I.H. Prince Yasuhito Chichibu, born June 25, 1902, married Sept. 28, 1928, Setsuko Matsudaira (born Sept. 9, 1909).

(2) H.I.H. Prince Noluhito Takamatsu, born Jan. 3, 1905, morned keb. 4, 1930, Kikuko Tokugawa, grand-daughter of the late Shogun Tokugawa

(3) H.I.H. Prince Takahito Sumi, born Dec. a.

CABINET (April 14, 1931).

Prime Minister, Baron Wakatsuki.
Minister of Foreign Affairs, Baron Kijuro Shidehara. Minister for Home Affairs, Kenzo Adachi. Minister of Finance, Junnosnke Inouye. Marine, Admiral Baion Kiyotane Abo. War, General Minami Justice, Viscount Chifuvu Watanabe. Education, Ryuzo Tanaka

Commerce and Industry, Sachio Sakurauchi. Agriculture and Forestry, Chuji Machida. Communications, Matajiro Kolzumi. Railways, Shujro Hara. Overseas Afairs, Baron Wakatsuki.

Ambassador in London, Tsuneo Matsudaira, G.C.V.O., to Grosvenor Square, W. z. Chancery of the Embassy, 37 Portman Square.

Counsellor, Hirosi Saito. zet Secretary, Renzo Sawada. and Secretary, Kumaichi Yamamoto. 3rd Secretaries, Yutaka Ishizawa; Yoshitaro Yamada.

Attachés, Yuzo Isono; Kaoru Hara; Shinichi Sano; Akira Miyazaki; Hisanaga Shimadzu.

Military Attaché, Col. Masaharu Homma. Asst. Military Attaché, Major Elichi Tatsumi.

Naval Attaché, Capt. Shiro Takasu. Asst. Naval Attaché, Lt.-Comdr. Kaneko.

Financial Attaché, Juichi Tsushims.

Commercial Counsellor (z Broad Street Place. E.C. . ), Shinjiro Matsuyama

Chancellors (37 Portman Square, W. 11, Iwao Kakegawa; Masatsugu Yamaishita; Yoshio

Consul - General (London), Shiujiro Matsuyama, z Broad Street Place, E.C. z.

Consul (Liverpool), Issaku Okamoto

(Liverpoot, Issaku Okamoto (Manchester), Maj. W. P. Groves (hon.). (Middlesbrough), Alfred William Billiner (Cardyl), E. H. Trimby (hon.). (Glasgoo), A. Scott Younger (hon.). (Dublin), A. M. Weatherill (hon.). ,,

This ancient and extensive Empire consists of four large and many smail islands, said to comprise in all above 4,223, the principal of which are Houshu, Shikoku, Kiū-shū, Hokkaido or Yezo, situate to the north of the main island, from which it is separated by the Tsugarn Straits, and Formosa, called by the Japanese, Taiwan. The Aine, an uncivilised but harmless tribe, who in ancient times occupied the greater part of the country, are still found in Yezo, but in diminishing numbers The Kurile Islands have belonged to Japan since 1875, and in 1876 she incorporated the Luchu (Klu-kin) Islands under the name of "Prefecture of Okinawa." The empire, with its dependencies, comprises an area of \$60,783 square miles, with a population (Dec., 1928) of 83,536,971.

The population of the maintain only on Sept rice population of the maintain only on self-ently volcanic, and 18 of the summits are still active; the chief of these, Kuji-san, or Fuji-no-yama, the lofticst and most sacred mountain of Japan, about sixty miles from Tokio, is 12,370 ft. high, and has been dormant since 1709. Japan is also liable to frequent, since 1707. Japan is also liable to frequent, and occasionally disastrons, earthquakes. The country is very mountainous, and not more than one-sixth of its area is available for cultivation. It possesses numerous fine harbours. The soil is productive, teeming with every variety of agriculproductive, occasing whenevery variety of agricultural produce. Copper, iron, sulphur, lead, manganese, tin, tungsten, molybdennin, and mony, zinc, agate, cornelian, and rock crystal are found. Gold is found in the island of Sado, and silver mining is prosecuted on a small scale while there is a good supply of middling coal. Petroleum is also being produced in quantities, especially in the Province of Echigo Among the vegetable productions may be noted the camphor-tree, paper mulberry, vegetable wax-tree, and a lacquer-tree, which furnishes the celebrated "lacquer" of Japan. The principal timber trees are the Cryptomeria japonica, Pinus Massoniana, and Zelkowa Keaki; the Paulownia imperialis is largely used for fancy boxes and works of art; the maple is merely for ornament. Chestnut, beech, and elm are comparatively

rare and little used. The tobacco-plant, teashrub, potato, rice, wheat and other cereals are all cultivated; rice is the staple food of the people, about 347,500,000 bushels being consumed annually in Japan proper (home-grown crop 1930, 63,505,430 koku; koku=5 hushels, approximately). Agriculture, upon which the Japanese bestow great care, is their chief occurrence. pation. The coasts are extremely rich in fish. The floral kingdom is rich, beautiful, and varied, though scented flowers are comparatively few. Fruit is abundant, including the orange, per-simmon and loquat; European fruits, such as apples, strawberries pears, grapes, figs, and peaches are produced, and the American navel orange is extensively grown.

Commerce and Industry.—The chief manufactures are silk and cotton woven goods, cotton yarn (axo cotton spinning mills were in operation in Dec., 1928), matches, paper, glass, cement, chemicals and fertilisers, sugar, brushes, flour, insulated electric wire, woollen houses, noir, institute electric wire, woolich fabrics, rubber goods, soap, lacquer ware, porcelain, earthenware, mats, matting, hemphrads, knitted goods, vegetable oil, crude camplior, camplor oil, straw-plaits, and bronze, while shipbuilding is an important industry in while simpointing is an important inquistry in the yards. The chief imports are raw cotton from India, U.S.A., Egypt, and China; wheat from Canada, Australia and U.S.A.; oil cake from Kwantung Province and China; wool from Austrails; crude rubber from Malays; lumber from U.S.A.; and piece goods, metals, manures, woollens, wool, drugs, rails, locomotives, and machinery from the U.S.A. and Europe. Sugar is largely imported from the Dutch East Indies, Philippine Islands and Formosa; kero-sene oil from U.S.A. and the Dutch Indies; beans, peas, and pulse from China, Kwantung Province, and Korea; and rice, principally from British India, French India, Korea, Siam, and China. The chief exports are silk, cotton fabrics, cotton yarns, tea, refined sugar, kultted goods, matches, coal, camphor, straw-plats, porcelain, earthcuware, marine products, paper, glass and toys.

Communications - There were about 13,560 miles of Government and private railroad (steam and electric) on Dec. 3r, 1989, in addition to 2,200 miles open in Korea, oz miles in Formosa and 30x in Saghalien, while the South Manchurian Railway in China (754 miles) is under Japanese control. The mercantile marme of Japan and her dependencies consisted in 1989 of steamers and motor vessels of 4,215,772 gross tons, in addition to small craft and wooden ships. The total tounage entered and cleared at the chief ports in 1929 was 133,140,249 (25,106 vessels). The three great ports are Kobé, Yokohama and Osaka, the first named having a large transhipment trade, in addition to direct imports and exports. In March, 1927, there were 8,784 post offices dealing with about 4,000,000 postal packets annually, and 166,271 miles of telegraph line carrying 67, 165, 166 messages outwards in the financial year 1926-27.

Defence.-Service in the Army is universal and compulsory between the ages of so and 40. The Army is divided into a first line (Gen-eki), and its reserve (Yob); a second line (Kob), and its reserve (Kokumın), with a third line to make good the wastage of war (Hopu). The peace strength of the first line is 17,956 officers and about 250,000 other ranks. The military Air Force is organized in 8 flying regiments and a balloon corps; the Naval Air service consists of 17 shore-based squadrons, in addition to machines carried by aircraft carriers and other ships, with 4 small sir-ships and a balloon section. The Nawy includes 6 battleships, 4 battle cruisers, 4 (20,000 ton) cruisers and 25 others, 5 aircraft carriers, xog destroyers and 66 submarines. Japan declared war against Germany on Aug. 23, 2914, and captured the German fortress of Tsingtau in November, 1914.

Education is in the lower grades free and compulsory. High schools are State-aided, and prepare for a 3 years' course at the Universities. There are high schools for girls, and the technical and special schools are well attended. There are six State Universities of Tokio (a), Kyoto, Tolioku (at Sendal), Hokkaido and Kyushu (at Fukuoka), and 5 medical universities.

#### Finance :-

Revenue (Budget) ...... Yen 1,458,771,000 Expenditure (do.) . ..... 1,448,523,000 Debt (April, 1930) :-Internal ..... Yen 4,512,608,000 External .... 1,446,840,000 Floating Debt . . . 204,000,000

> Total. .. .. Yen 7, 163,457,000

Trade of Japan -

1930 ) en. 1,546,051,000 1,469,852,000 £8,229,000 2,216,000,000 Imports 2,148,000,000 Exports Imports from U.K. £13,435,000 ₹8,064,000 Exports to U K. .. £9,132,000

Formosa.-The island of Formosa (Taiwan) was ceded by China to Japan (June 2, 1895) in accordance with the Treaty of Peace. On the E. coast of the island are the highest known sca g. coast of the island are the highest shown age cliffs in the world, 8,000 feet sheer above the water. Its total area is 73,500 square miles, with 4,470,774 inhabitants (7928). Imports, Yen 204,790,684; exports, Yen 27,893,255, in 1929. The colony has been self-supporting since 1906. producing 36,580,000 bushels of rice in 1930, and it is the principal source of the world's camphor supply. Estimated rev. and exp (1928-29), lenzo, 246,000. Capital, Taihoku; pop. (1928), 219,566.

Saghalin (Karafuto).—The southern half of this island was coded by Russia at the close of the Russo-Japanese war. The ceded territory has a total area of 9,824 sq. miles with a popula-tion (1928) of 240,502. The Japanese Government is encouraging the settlement of agriculturists. and there is a large fishing industry. Estimated revenue and expenditure (1928-29) Yen 27,340,000.

The Kwantung Peninsula, which had been leased to Russia by China, was similarly leased to Japan after the Russo-Japanese war. Area, 1,300 sq. miles; population (1930) 905,181. The port of Dairen provides Japan with a mainland port, ice-free all the year round, and the peninsula is fattle. Imports port, 100-1100 and 1010 year of 1010 and 1010 permits aula is fertile. Imports (1999), £28,395,333; exports, £38,503.936. Estimated revenue and expenditure (1908-29), Yen 24,091,717. Capital, Port Arthur (Byojunko); chief port, Dairen;

pop. (1930), 369,767.
The Pescadores (Bokoto) consists of about 63 islands, with a total area of 85 square miles, and a population (1928) of 62,606.

Korea (Cho-sen).—By a treaty of Aug. 23, 1910,

Korea was annexed to Japan and became part of the Japanese Empire.

Korea is situated between 122° and 122° E. long., and between 34° and 42° N. lat., and the coast is fringed with innuncrable islands, of which the largest is Quelpart. Total length, 600 miles from north to south, and greatest breadth 135 miles from east to west, with an area of about 85, 15 square miles. Population estimated at 19,189,699 (Dec. 1988); there are 459,033 (Dec. 1988) Japanese in the country. The soil is fertile, but the arable land is limited by the mountainous nature of the country. The staple agricultural products are rice and other cereals. beans, cotton, tobacco, and hemp; fruit-growing is making progress and seri-culture is thought to have a bright future. Ginseng, a medicinal root much affected by the Chinese, is largely grown under Government supervision at Songdo (Kano), and, being a Government monopoly, forms a rich source of revenue. Gold, copper, coal, iron, and other minerals are distributed throughout the country. There are extensive forests in the externe uoith. The principal exports are rice, beans, silk, fish, fish-oil and manure, iron and iron ore, raw cotton, livestock and hides. Manufactures are as yet in a primitive condition, but are growing, including cotton yarn, silk-reeling, sigar, paper, artificial fertilisers, cement, flour (output at present small in ench case). The greater part of the sea-borne trade is carried in Japanese bottoms. Considertrade is carried in Japanese bottoms. Considerable progress is boing made in the direction of the proper lighting of the coast. The total railway mideage open to traffic is (xsg.) 3,200 miles, Estimated iev. and exp. (1930-31), 1°en 238,850,783. Capital, Scoul (Keijolu); pop. (1928) 321,848.

Imports into Korea, 1930 ..... Yen 367,050,000 Exports from Korea, 1930 ..... ,, 266,540,000

Pacific Islands.-Under the Treaty of Versailles, 1919, Germany renounced the sovereignty of all her over-sea possessions, and the German Pacific Islands N. of the Equator have been placed under Japanese mandate. These islands, in Micronesia, are (r) The Marshall Islands (pop. 9,678), with seat of government at Jaluit; (a) The Caroline Islands (pop. 38,647), with seats of government at Truk and Ponapé (Eastern 1988). group) and Palew and Yap (Western group); (3)
The Ladrone (or Marianne Islands (pop. 16,596,
with seat of government at Sipan. Estimated rev. and exp. (1927-28) for the Pacific Islands, Yen 4,546,526.

CAPITAL OF THE JAPANESE EMPIRE, Tokyo, formerly called Yedo, the residence of the Emperor; population estimated at a. 204,600 (Sept. 2029). On Sept. 1, 1923, a disastrous earthquake destroyed great portions of the cities of Tokyo and Yokohama, but the work of reconstruction is now completed. The chief cities are—

Osaka	Sendai180,300
Tokyo 3,294,600	Sapporo 181,100
Nagoya904,700	Hakodate x80,300
Kyoto (aucient	Kure 176,900
capital) 755,200	Kumamoto 162, 100
Kobe	Otaru 156,800
Yokohama 543,900	Kanazawa 156,400
Hiroshima 276,500	Kagoshima 143,000
Fukuoka 217.800	Yawata TAT 000

Okayama ......... x36,400 FLAG: White, charged with rising sun (red).

Nagasaki ..... ...199,700

principal occupations of the people, and there are many flourishing industries. The fisheries BRITISH EMBASSY. (No z. Gobau-cho Kojimachi-Ku, Tokyo.) are also of importance. The chief exports are British Ambamador, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir F. O. Lindley, G.O.M.G., C.B., C.B.E. (1931).....£6,500 Connection of Embassy, T. M. Snow. 1st Secretary, W. B. Connor Green.
2nd Secretary, A. D. F Gascoigne.
2nd Secretary, E. E. Crowe.
Counsellor (local rank), W. B. Cunningham.
Commercial Counsellor, G. B. Sansom, C. M. G.
Conmercial Secretary, H. A. Macrae, M.B. E.
2nd Secretary (local rank), W. J. Davies, O. D.
Naval Attaché, Capt. M. G. B. Legge, D. S. O., R. N.
Asst. do., Eng. Com. C. B. Evington, R. N.
Military Attaché, Lt. Col. H. J. Simson, M. G.
Archwet, J. M. Tahor.
2nd Archviet, W. E. D. Massey. set Secretary, W. R. Connor Green. and Archivist, W. E. D Massey. BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Dairen (Dalny) - Consul, M B. T Paske Smith, OBK. OBE., Clerical Officer, J. R. Donaldson.
Kobé-Consul-General, O. White, C. M.G.,
"Vice-Consul, R. L. Cowley.,
"Shipping Clerk, J. S. Waddell.
Nagasaki-Consul, F. C. Greatrex.
"Prog. Computs. Greater. Vice-Consuls, Frederick Ringer Sidney Ringer. Karatsu-Consular - Agent, M C. Adams (actin 1). Shimonoveki - Coundar-Agent, R McKenzie. Osaka Consul, R. McP. Austin.

Higher Clerical Officer and Pro-Consul,
A. W. Taylor. Seoul-Consul-Gen., W. M. Royds , Vice-Consul, C. H. Archer Chemulpo-Chesular Agent, W G Bennett.
Tamsu (Formosa)-Consul, A. R Ovens, M. B E
Taihoku-Pro-Consul, Tokyo-Consul, P. D. Butler Yokolama-Cons.-Gen., E. H. Holmes, C.H.G Vice-Consul, D. W. Kermode. Yokohama, zz.260 miles distant; transit, days (rid Vancouver, 23 days; rid Siberia, 26 days) KHIVA. See Russis. LATVIA. (Republika Latvija.) President, Alberts Kvicsis, born 1881, assumed office April 11, 1930.

Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs, K. Ulmanis Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotenmooj Extraordinary and Minister Ptempoten-tary in London, Monsieur F. Vesmans, 87 Eaton Place, S.W. z. Agricultural Advisor, Monsiei Emils Zolmanis, 11taché, Monsieur Alfreds Ezerins. Consul-General, Charles Louis Seya, 31, Kings-

flax, timber, butter, paper and glass; chief imports are agricultural machinery and implements and wood and metal machinery. The tonnage of ships entered in 1930 was 1,951,848 tons. The chief ports are Riga, Libau and Windau. In 1930 there were 1,860 miles of railway in operation. Estimated Expenditure ..... 177,824,000 External Debt (July, 1931) :-U.S. dollars ..... \$6,889,189 Sterling ...... Lats £1,985,000 76x,604 .Lats 296, 127,000 Imports ..... 247,668,000 25,078,000 (71 Valdemara iela, Riga.) Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Latma (also to Lithuunia and Estoma), H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, CM.G ... (1930) Naval Attaché, Com M. A. Hawes, R.N. Assat. Naval Attaché, Com M. A. Hawes, R.N. Assat. Naval Attaché, Eng.-Com. G. Villar, R. N. Militory, Attache, Maj. R. C. W. G. Firebrace, R.A. Archivist, T. H Frobelius BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Riga—Consul, C. A. Edmond.
,, Vice-Consul, W G Hall.
Libau—Vice-Consul, R. J. Madge. LIBERIA. (Republic of Liberia.)

Provisional President, Hon. Edwin Barclay. assumed office Jan 1931. Vice-President, (vacant) Secretary of State, (vacant) Treasury, J. F. Cooper Attorney-General, Louis A. Grimes Postmaster-General, H. Massaquoi War, J. S. Dennis. Interior, J. J. Hairis. Public Works, John L. Morris. Education, Benjamin W. Payne, M.D. Financial Adviser, John Loomis. Minister Resident in London, Hon C W.
Dresselhuys, 13 Charles Street, Berkeley
Square, W. 1.
Commercial Attaché and Consul-General (London), J. T. Grein, 10 Hol Lane, E.C. 3.
Consul, L. J. H. Grein, 10 Hol Lane, E.C. 3.
Consul, L. J. H. Grein, 10 Honry F Cooper,
Brunswick Street, Liverpool, Henry F Cooper,
Brunswick Street, Liverpool.
Vice-Com., Frank Peltor.
Consul, Manchester, T. R. Campbell.
Vice-Cons., P. L. Cobé.
Consul, Glassow. John Dallas. Minister Resident in London, Hon (' W.

A Baltic Republic at the eastern and southern shore of the Gulf of Riga, formerly part of the Russian Empire. Latvia was proclaimed an independent state on Nov. 18, 1918. Its frontiers are common with Esthonia, Russia, Poland and Lithuania. The constitution is that of a democratic republic, with universal suffrage and proportional representation. Parliament (Sacina) consists of a single chamber of roo members. The area is about 25,000 sq. miles,

with a population of about s,000,000. The surface of the country is generally flat with marshy areas, interspersed with many lakes. Agriculture and dairy farming are the and Mano, N.W., a distance of about 350 miles,

way, W.C. z. Vice-Consul, Charles E. Jumutz.

Consul, Glasgow, John Dallas.
Consul, Caralif, A. J. Bovey
An indopendent Negro Republic of Western
Africa, occupying that part of the coast of North
Guinea which is botween the rivers Cavalla, S.E.,

with an area of about 43,000 square miles, and extending to the interior to latitude 80 50', a distance of 150 miles from the seaboard. It was founded by the American Colonization Society in reactions of the american colonization society in reactions, and has been recognised since raa7 as an independent State. The population is estimated at 1,500,000 to 2,000,000, including about 12,000 Americo-Liberians. The principal exports are pain-kernels, plassava, paim-oil, coffee, cocoa, ivory, kola nuts and rubber. The chief imports are rice, tobacco, Manchester goods, provisions, spirits, sait, hardware, glass and earthenware and building materials. The executive power is vested in a President elected for four years, assisted by a ministry; there are two honses of Legislature, the Sonate, with so members elected for six years, and the House of Representatives with 22 members elected for four years. There is no regular army, but there is an enlisted frontier force of about 600 men under American and native officers. In 1927 arrangements were made with the Finance Corporation of America for a loan of 5,000,000 dollars, and the issue of the first half is to be completed by the end of 1930. The previous 1932 loan, in which British financial interests preponderated, was paid off from the proceeds of the new loan, which is secured by a first hen on customs revenues and head moneys. Loan Agreement also provides for fluancial supervision by American officials. There are 15 ports of entry, including 4 river ports, along the 350 miles of coast and 22 interior ports. In 1929, 1,029 vessels (2 426,579 net tons) entered and cleared at all ports; of these 272 (825,933 net tons) were British.

Revenue				U.S. \$1,028,123
Expenditure		••	•	1,098,152
External Deht (1929)		•	• ••	
				1929
Imports			••	U.S. \$2,064,429
Exports			••	1,475,356
Imports from U.K				533,323
Exports to U.K			•••••	174,794
CAPITAL, Monrovia	. 1	opt	ılatic	)f1, <b>9,700</b> .

FLAG: alternate horizontal stripes (5 White, 6 Red), with 5-pointed white star on blue field in upper corner next to flagstaff.

Monroma—British Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General. Constantine Gisham General,

(1930).

Vice-Consul, D. G. Rydings.

Fernando Po-Vice-Consul, C. W. Chew. Monrovia, 3,650 miles distant; transit, by monthly English steamers from Liverpool, rr to so days; also by German, Netherlands, U.S., French and Spanish vessels from Continent and U.S.A.

#### LIECHTENSTEIN.

#### (Fürstentum Liechtenstein.)

Prince, Franz, I., b. Aug. 28, 1853; suc. Feb. 11, 1929; married 1930 Princess Elsa; b Jan 6, 1876.

Administrator, Dr. Joseph Hoop (appointed

Aug. 4, 1928).
A Principality on the Upper Rhine, between the Austrian province of Vorariberg and Switzerthe Austrian province of vorarioerg and Switzer-land; area 59 for square miles, pop. (1928) 17.50c. The main industries are agriculture (chief pro-ducts being corn, cattle, wine and turf) and textiles. Revenue (1929), 1,244,03 Switz france; expenditure 28.940 Switz france; debt 3,444,000 Spries france.

CAPITAL, Vaduz. Pop. 2,400.
British Consul-General, Robert Erskine (resides at Zurich).

# LITHUANIA.

(Lietuva.) President, Antanas Smetona, assumed office Dec. 20. 1926.

Prime Minister, J. Tubells.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Zaunius.

Minister in London, His Excellency Vaclovas

Legation, 10 Palace Gate, W.S. Consul-General, V. Gylys, 15 Emisleigh Street,

W C. z.

The independence of the Lithuanian Republic (Lietuva) was proclaimed at Vilna on Feb z6, ross. The Republic consists of the former Russian Government of Kovno and portions of the Suvalki and Vilna Governments, and is bounded on the N. by Latvia, on the S and E. by Poland, and on the W by Germany and the Baitic Sea, the total area included in the Republic (including Memel Territory) being about 20,000 sq. miles, with an estimated population of a,000,000. Under the Treaty of Versaultes Germany renounced the sovereignty over the town and territory of Memel, and a French High Com-missioner, with a small garrison, governed the Territory in the name of the Allies until Jan. 1923, when the Territory was invaded and occupied by the Lithuanians. The sovereignty of the Territory has been transferred to Lithuania, as set out in the Convention signed at Paris as set out in the Convention signed at Paris (Vlay 8, 1924) and ratified Aug. 1925. The total area administered is 945 Square miles, with a population of about 190,000, of whom about 350,000 inhabit the town of Memel.

The legislature consists of a single chamber Assembly (Serm), elected by universal adult suffrage, the Executive being entrusted to a council of ministers.

The chief industries are agriculture and forestry, the chief products of the Republic being ryc, wheat, barley, oats and potatoes; the exports are flax, liuseed, timber, investock, and dairy produce; the chief imports are textiles, sugar, herrings, and machinery.

Revenue.....*Lits 299,510,000 Lits 313,192,100 269,959,800 306,422,400 329,84x,900 Expenditure ..... 320,626,700 Imports . ...... 318,415,200 Exports ... 333,738,900 24,066,600 Imports from U.K. 26,036,400 Exports to U.K . 57 43×,900 65,048,000

CAPITAL, KOVIIO (Kaunas), on the Niemen (pop. 110,000), other centres being Memel (Klaipeda) on the Baltic (28,000), and Shavil (17,000). FLAG: Three horizontal bands, yellow, red,

green.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(Keistuchio gatve 19 Kaunas [Kovno]).
British Encoy Extruordinary and Minister
Plenspotentiary to Latvia, Lithuania and Plenspotentiary to Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, H. M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, C.N.G. (rendent at Riga, Latvia).

Naval Attaché, Com. M. A. Hawes, R.N. Wilitary Attaché, Maj. R. C.W. G. Firebrace,

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICER. Kovno (Keistuchiogatve, 19 Kaunas) - Consul, T. H. Preston. Transit, a days.

. At par 48 % Lita - Er sterling.

# LUXEMBURG.

(Grand-Duché de Luxembourg.)

Grand Duchess, H.R.H. Charlotte, born Jan. 23, 2896, succeeded (on the abdication of her sister) Jan. 9, 1919; married, Nov. 6, 1919, Prince Felix of Bourbon-Parma. Heir Apparent, Prince Jean, born Jan. 5, 1921. Minister of State, Joseph Bech.

Consulate General in London, Moorfield House, Tenter Street, E.C. z.

A Grand Duchy in Central Europe, bounded by Germany, Belgium, and France; it formed part of the Germanic Confederation, 1813-46, and was included in the German "Zollverein." In 1867 the Treaty of London declared it a neutral terri-Netherlands, on whose decease, Nov. 23, 289c, it passed to the Duke of Nassau. The territory was invaded and overrun by the Germans at the was invaded and overrun by the Germans at the commencement of the war in 1914, but was liberated in 1918, U S troops entering the capital on Nov. 22. By the Treaty of Versailles, 1919, the country is declared to be fice from all ties with Germany. The area is 999 square miles; the population (1929) 223,003, hearly all Roman Catholics. The principality is rich in 100-107e. The revenue in 1931 was estimated at 483,208,600 francs, expenditure 445,585,000 francs; debt (Jan. 1, 1930) 478,000,000 francs. There are 328 miles of railway. The army numbers about 300 men. The capital, Luxemburg (population 52,800), is a dismantled fortress.

FLAG: Red, white, blue.

# BRITISH LEGATION.

British Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, The Rt. Hon. the Earl Granville, G.C V.O., K.C.M.G. (1918) (Ambassador at Brussels).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Luxemburg—Consul, N. le Gallais.
Pro-Consul, Victor Etienne.

# MEXICO.

#### (Estados Unidos Mexicanos.)

President (1930-1934) Pascual Ortiz Rubio, elected Nov. 18, 1929; assumed office Feb. 5, 1930.

#### CABINET.

Minister of the Interior, Manuel C. Téllez. Foreign Affairs, Genaro Estrada. Finance, Luis Montes de Oca. Communications, Gustavo Serrano. Industry Commerce and Labour, Asron Saens. Agriculture, Francisco Elias. War, Plutarco E. Calles. Education, Narciso Bassals.

Minister in London, Señor Don Leopoldo Ortiz.

48 Belgrave Square, S.W. z.

Consul-General in London, Señor Don Gustavo
Luders de Negri, Bush House, Aldwych,

Mexico occupies the southern part of the continent of North America, with an extensive seaboard to both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, extending from 15° to 32° 30'N. lat. and 37° to 117' W. long., and comprising one of the richest and most varied zones in the world. It comprises atates, 3 territories, and the federal district of Mexico, making in all 3x political divisions,

comprehending an area of 768,883 square miles, with a population (1930) of 16,404,030. Mexico is rich in archeological remains, and work is proceeding in every district to remove the earth covering which for many centuries has kept them from view. Near the City of Mexico kept them from view. Near the City of Mexico are a number of pyramids built to a great extent with boulders from the river beds. The Pyramid of the Sun (now called "Tonatiuh") is 75x feet from N. to S., and 735 feet from E. to W., and rises to a height of ar5 feet. The Pyramid of the Moon (now called "Mextil") is 425 feet SI feet, and rises to 150 feet. The staircases vary in construction between terrace and terrace and are found to be intend. Other vices of and are found to be intact. Other places of interest are near Oaxaca, Papantla, Zempoala on the Continent, and Uzmai, Chichen-Itza and other points on the E. side of Yucatan.

The two great ranges of North America, the Sierra Nevada and Rocky Mountains, are prolonged from the north to a convergence towards the narrowing Isthmus of Teluantepec, their course being parallel with the west and east coasts. The surface of the interior consists of an elevated plateau between the two ranges, with steep slopes both to the Pacific and Atlantic (Gulf of Mexico). In the west is the Peninsula of California, with a mountainous surface, separated from the mainland by the Gulf of California. The Sierra Nevada, known in Mexico as the Suerra Madre, terminates in a transverse series of volcanic peaks, from Colima on the west to Citlaltopete on the east. The low-lying lands of the coasts form the Tierra Caliente, or tropical regions (below 3,000 feet), the higher levels form the Tierra Templada, or temperate region (from 3,000 to 5,000 feet), and the summit of the plateau with its peaks is known as Tierra Fria, or cold region (above 5,000 feet). The only considerable rivers are the Ruo Grande del Norte, considerable rivers are the northern boundary, and is navigable for about 70 miles from its mouth in the Gulf of Mexico, and the Rio Grande de Santiago, which runs from Lake Chapala to the Pacific. The remaining streams are governed by the formation of the land, and run in mountain torrents between deep-cut cafions or "barrancas." The largest fresh-water lakes are Chapala (70 miles long and 20 miles wide), and Patzeuaro and Xochimileo. In the north-west are saline lakes amid bare and dry regions. The climate varies according to the altitude. Yellow

cimate varies according to the altitude. Yellow fever sometimes occurs at Merida, Yucatan.

The earliest invaders, or Toltees, gave place in the 13th century to the Azters, who were conquered in the 16th century by Spanish adventurers under Hernan Cortes.*

Spanish rule was established at Tenochtitlan, a 14th century Aztec city (now Mexico), and Mexico remained a Spanish dominion until its freedom was asserted by a revolutionary. freedom was asserted by a revolutionary war, 1810-1821. From 1837-1848 the province of Texas gave rise to hostilities with the United States, gave rise to hostilities with the United States, terminating in a three years' war and a cession of the disputed territory to the victorious northern States. In 1830 a Republic was proclaimed, but Iturbide declared himself Emperor in 1831. He was shot in 1834, and a Republic was again established. In 1836 the French troops came to Mexico, and in 1836 an Empire under Ferdinand Maximilian of Austria was declared. In 1836 the downfall of the Empire

[•] The remains of Hernan Cortes have been definitely located in the Temple of Jesus, Mexico City. They are contained in a marble vault, with the funeral garments.

and the death of the Emperor gave rise to the new Republic, which has endured to the present day. The most prominent of modern Presidents is Porfirio Diaz, who ruled (except during 1880-4) from 1876 to May 25, 1911. Since the fall of Diaz internal disturbances, in which eleven Presidents have figured, have continued with varying degrees of intensity, and considerable friction (amounting almost to a state of war) has arisen with the United States. On July 15, 1974, Venustano Carranza assumed control of the executive, but his anti-foreign stiffing and legislation together with the attitude and legislation, together with the seizure of many properties (a few of which belonged to British subjects) led to a refusal of the British Government to grant recognition of his administration. The degree to which Carranza departed from his declaration of neutrality during the Great War undoubtedly influenced the British Government when this policy was adopted. Carranza was overthrown by a further revolution in zgao, and is believed by a further revolution in 1336, and is believed to have been shot by the insurgents. After the fail of Carranza the executive power was assumed by de la Huerta as provisional President, and on Dec. 1 1336, General Obregon, whose coup d'état had caused the downfail of Carranza, became head of the Republic. The determination of the new government to nphold the Carranza constitution of 1917, which has led to confiscatory measures in connection with nationalization of the petroleum of the country, and contains (among other departures from the accepted comity of nations) provisions which restrict the rights of foreigners, caused the British, American, French and Belgian governments to adopt a policy of non-recognition of the Obregon administration. The expropriation, without payment of compensation, of several hundreds of private properties, in pursuance of the Obregon agrarian policy, called forth strong protests from foreign Powers, but all the Powers except Great Britain eventually recognised the Obregon administration. General Obregon was afterwards assassinated relations between Great Britain and Mexico were re-established, and a Special Auglo-Mexican Claims Commission has since met.

Vers Cruz, Tampico, Progreso, and Puerto Mexico are the chief ports on the Atlantic or Gulf of Mexico, and Acapulco, Manzauillo, Mazat-lan, Salina Cruz, and Guaymas on the Pacific There were 16,110 miles of railroad open on Sept. 1, 1926, and 54,670 miles of telegraph. The railroads have in a large measure been built by American and English companies. In Sept. ross the Highway Commission of Mexico had constructed (to Dec. 31, 1928) 247 kilometres of road. finished with asphaltic treatment; of road flushed with asphaltlo treatment; 33s kilometres lacking only bituminous treatment, and 70c kilometres open to traffic, but still in various stages of construction. The city of Mexico is linked with Puebla, Tampico, Vera Cruz, Toluca, and Saltillo by telephone; the line is now extended to the U.S. border and thence is connected to Canada. The city is connected by wireless to U.K. and Europe.

The principal agricultural crops are maize, beans, wheat, barley, Chile-pepper, sugar, coffee, cotton, tobacco, vanilla, flax, grapes, and all kinds of tropical fruit. The magney, or Mexican aloe, yields a favourite beverage, "pulque"; 

trees. The mineral wealth is very great; silver and gold, copper, lead, and quicksilver, fron and coal, are the leading products of the mines, and Mexico produced 50,250,620 barrels of petroleum in 1928. The inineral production is stated at :-

Mineral	Kilograms.		
	zge8.	<b>1989</b> .	
Gold	21,745	20,276	
Silver	3,375,966	3,381,038	
Lead	a36,485,856	248,400,848	
Copper	65,505,652	86,553,669	
Zinc	161,747,077	174,049,667	
Mercury	87,410	82,636	
Antimony	3,577,798	2,709,365	
Arsenic	8,669,296	9,664,587	
Cadmium	353,545	9,004,307	
Graphite	4,978,051	5,720,741	
Coal(Tons)	1,015,831	3,7=0,741	
(10µв) (	1,015,031	·	

Barrels 64,120,000 1027 1928 50,151,000 44,688,000 1020

Woolien and cotton spinning and weaving, the making of footwear, and other branches of industry, are encouraged by high protective duties. The imports, nevertheless, consist very largely of textile manufactures. Of the exports so per cent. consist of silver and while se mer cent. represents the value of gold, while 35 per cent. represents the value of petroleum and its derivatives, mainly shipped from Tampico. Other important exports are copper, lead and zinc, also sisal hemp (henequen), coffee, cotton, resins, fresh vegetables and dired vegetables.

The monetary system has been placed on a gold basis, with a gold pero = 50 cents U.S. currency or 24'58d.; there is a large amount of silver currency in circulation. In Sept. zoss, the Mexican Government undertook to set aside for the service of the debt the sum of 30,000,000 gold pesos in 1923, rising by 5 million gold pesos annually to 50 million gold pesos in 1927. However, this agreement with the International Commission of Bankers was amended in ross, after the Government had found it in 1925, after the Government had found it mecessary to suspend the service of the debt in June, 1924. The effect of the 1925 agreement was to eliminate the debt of the National Railways of Mexico from the public debt, thereby reducing this from 1,561 million Mexican thereby reducing this rom 1,55 million Mexican gold peaces to 80 millions, as at Dec. 31, 1925. Furthermore, the 1925 agreement provided for the postponement of payment of the 75 million peso (which had not been met in 1924 and 1925) until 1928-1935. Service of the debt was resumed in 1926. In addition to the 850 millions above mentioned, other items which had not been included in the debt agreement of Sept., ross, as amended in ross, amounted to ros millions as at Dec. 31, ross, thus making a grand total of 93 million peso Mexican gold. The total debt, funded and floating and interest, was stated to be \$1.83,105,699 as at Dec. 31, 1988. The language of the country is Spanish.

Estimated revenue ..... (1931) \$298,000,000

Imports from U.K...... £2,537,652 Exports to U.K...... 2,669,866 £2,433,505 2,886,488 Aprilal, Mexico City. Pop. (1930), 958,443-Other towns are Guadalajara (145,000), 968,443-(95,000), Monterey (88,000), San Luis Potosi (87,000), Leon (27,000), Vera Cruz (54,000), Torren (50,000), Aguas Callentes (48,000), Saltillo (40,000). CAPITAL, Mexico City.

FLAG: Three vertical bands, green, white, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(4A Calle del Lerma No. 71, Colonia de Cuauhtemoc, Mexico.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Edmund St. John Debonnaire John zet Secretary,

sories and Secretary, A. V. Coverley-Price. Navel Attaché, Capt. P. Macnamara, R.N. Ast. do., Eng.-Com. W. C. Horton, R.N. Military Attaché, Lieut.-Col. M. F. Day, M.O. Ast. do., Capt. J. T. Godfrey. Archivet, P. C. Pell.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Mexico City—Consul-General, D St. C. Gainer.

, Vice · Consuls, E. A. Cleugh, C G

Rickards; F. J. Wilson, M.B.E. (acting). Chihuahua—Vice-Consul, Thomas Dale, Durango—Vice-Consul, W. W. Graham, Guadalajara—Vice-Consul, Capt. P. G. Holms,

O.B.E. Guunajuato—Cons. Agent, W. Hislop.

Mazatlan—Vice-Consul, G. E. S. Watson.

Merida and Progreso—Vice-Consul, G. F. King. Merida and Progreso—Fice-Consul, U. F. King. Monterey—Vice-Consul, Ivan B. Allen. Orizaba—Vice-Consul, William Mayer. Pachuca—Vice-Consul, William Mayer. Progreso—Vice-Consul, see Merida. Puebla—Vice-Consul, see Merida. Puebla—Vice-Consul, Su. Hardaker. Puerto Mexico—Vice-Consul, James Caldwell. Saltillo—Vice-Consul, James Caldwell. Transchula—Vice-Consul, C. H. Roy (action). Tapachula—Vice-Consul, C. H. Fox (acting). Torreon—Vice-Consul, S. Dutton Pegram. Colima—Consul, D. G. C. MacNeill.

Tampico-Consul, Robert G. Pulford. " Vice-Consul (acting), W. R. Bateman. Vera Cruz-Consul, A. R. Hogg.

Vice-Consul, Cyril C. Ketnor. CENTRAL BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. Apartado 900, Mexico, D.F. Secretary, H.

Transit, about 14 days.

Churchill.

#### MONACO.

# (Principauté de Monaco.)

Sovereign Prince, Louis Honoré Charles Autoine, born July 12, 1870, acc. June 25, 1922.

Heiress Apparent, Hereditary Princess Charlotte
Louise Juliette (Duchess de Valentinois), born
Sept. 30, 1898; mar. March 19, 1920, Prince
Pierre de Monaco (Count de Polignac), and has
issue a daughter, Princes Antoinette, born
Dec. 28, 1920, and a son, Prince Rainier, born

May 31, 1923. Minister of State, Monsieur Louis Eugène Maurice Piette.

Secretary of State, M. François Roussel.

Consul-General in London, C. Nuthall Foreman, 37 Conduit Street, W. z. Chancellor, Edwin C. Isbell.

A miniature Principality on the Mediterranean, with land frontiers joining France at every point, and consisting of the old town of Monaco, La Condamine, and Monte Carlo, where is the famous casino. The Principality comprises a narrow strip of country about 3 miles long and 1½ miles broad, with (1927) 24,929 inhabitants, and a yearly average of over 1,500,000 viators. The whole available ground is built over, so that there is no cultivation. There is a small harbour (s4 ft. alongside quay), and the import duties are the same as in France. There is a local police force of soo men.

CAPITAL, Monaco.

FLAG: Red and white.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. -Consul, J. W. Keogh, O.B.E. (resides at Monaco-

Nice).
Vice-Consul, M. L. Ainslie.
Pro-Consul, J. C. Henry.

MONTENEGRO. Sc: Yugoslavia.

#### MOROCCO.

(Moghreb el aksa "The Farthest West") French Protectorate, and Spanish and Interna-tional Tangier Zone.

Sultan, Sidi Mohamed, born 1909; proclaimed Nov. 20, 1927.

Morocco, the largest of the Barbary States, is situate in the north-west of the African Continent, between  $s_7^0-36^\circ$  N. lat. and  $r^0-1r^0$  40' W. long., with a total area estimated at 218,533 square miles, and a population of about 5,300,000. Morocco is traversed from the Atlantic coast in the south-west to the Algerian frontier in the north-east by five parallel ranges, known generally as the Atlas Mountains. Between the various ranges lie well-watered and fertile plains, the lower slopes of the northern flanks of the mountains being well wooded, while the southern slopes are exposed to the dry winds of the desert and are generally arid and desolate. The most northerly point of Morocco is the peninsula of Ceuta, which is separated from the Continent of Europe by the narrow strait of Gibraltar. The Jebel Musa dominates the promontory, and with the rocky eminence of Gibraltar was known to the ancients eminence of circular was known to the ancients as The Pidura of Hercules, the western gateway of the Mediterranean. Between 3a° N. and 3o° N. is the headland Ghir, which encloses a bay containing the port of Agadir, formerly known as the "Gate of the Sudan."

The climate of Morocco is generally good and healthy, especially on the Atlantic coast, the country being sheltered by the Atlas Mountains from the hot winds of the Sahara. The extremes of temperature in Tangier and Mogador are 90° Fahrenheit in the summer and 37° in the winter, with a ramy season from November to April, but the summer-heat figures at all the intervening ports (Larache, Kenitra-Mehedia, Rabat-Sale, Fedalah, Casablanca, Mazagan, and Saffi) are markedly higher; the last-named port being the hottest. The Mediterranean coast is drier and less temperate, but not unhealthy, while the plains of the interior are intensely hot.

Government.-France is the paramount power and represents the Sultan of Morocco in all foreign relationships, but the country is divided into three zones—the French Zone, the Spanish Zone, and the International Tangier Zone. Spain has had relations with Morocco for many centu-

ries. The northern portion of Morocco, as defined in the Franco-Spanish Treaty of 1915, forms a Spanish "sphere of influence." In this Spanish zone (which extended over the whole of Northern Morocco, with the exception of the International noroco, with the exception of the international cone round Tangler; there were tribal risings in ross, and during the operations to quell these risings the Spanish Expeditionary force mether with serious reverses in the neighbourhood of Melilla. A Civil High Commissioner was appointed in ross over the Spanish zone to inaugurate a policy of pacification. In ross the military forces of Spain met with further reverses, and were withdrawn to a line running west from Rio Martin (on the Mediterranean) to within fifteen miles of the Atlantic Coast, and thence southwards to the French zone, near Alcazar el Kebir. In 1925 the French became embrolled and a considerable force was despatched from Algeria and France to strengthen the French Army in Morocco. In spite of the fact that he was fighting two European powers, however, Abd el Krim, the Riff leader, achieved such success as to be able to threaten the safety of Fez itself in July. But the danger was averted and after an anxious summer the autumn brought relief. The French and Spanish in conference in Madrid realised that their best chance of success lay in close co-operation, and the effect of this new policy soon made itself felt. In September the Spaniards landed at Alhucemas Bay and forced Abd el Krim to evacuate his headquarters at Ajdr. Simultaneevacuate his headquarters at Ajdir. Simultaneously the French by pressure from the south were able to make progress which, if less spectacular, was of no less solid a nature, and by the time the rainy season forced a retirement to winter quarters the tide was definitely on the turn. In the Spring of rad, following an abortive peace conference at Oujda, the French and Spaniards launched their final attack. By May za the Riff had been effectively crossed and Abd el Krim's headquarters at Targuist occupied, and on May z7 the Riff leader surrendered himself to the French. This was the signal for the general break away of the tribes. The French virtually restored peace in their zone and the Spaniards commenced a general movement for enforcing restored peace in their zone and the spaniards commenced a general movement for enforcing submission and disarmament in theirs, their arduous task being practically completed in zeg-. The following year saw the work of pacification consolidated by development of all kinds. Couta (on the Mediterranean coast, opposite Gibraltar), in 35° 54' N. lat and 5° 18' W. long., has been a Spanish possession since the close of the refit century, and forms part of the administhe 16th century, and forms part of the adminis-trative province of Cadiz, and the adjacent Alhucema and Zaffarin islands are Spanish possessions. A special international regime was designed for Tangier before the War by negotiations between the British French and Spanish Governments, but the outbreak of the War prevented this regime from being put into operation. A new Convention instituting the International Zone of Tangier was, however, signed by the three governments at Paris on Dec. 18, 1923, and was brought into force on June 1, 1925. The Convention was modified by a Protocol signed at vention was modified by a Protocol signed at Paris, July 25, 258, by the three Powers and Italy, who thereby adhered to the Convention. Both instruments have been adhered to by Belgium, The Netherlands, Portugal and Sweden, but the United States have not yet (Oct., 1931) squiffed their acceptance, and therefore retain their Capitulatory rights in the International The French Resident-General is M. Lucien Saint.

Zone. The Convention provides for a complete international administration of the zone, except as regards native affairs, which are reserved to

the Shereeflan authority.

the shereefan authority.

Production, Industry, etc.—Among the agricultural products are wheat, bariey, maize, beans, peas, birdseed, linesed, coriander, cumin, fenugreek, esparto, and hemp, and the northern slopes of the Atlas produce many fruits, principally figs, almonds, pomegranates, lemons, olives, oranges, and grapes the latter growing also in the planus. The live stock includes large quantities of horses, cattle, sheep and goats, while the egg industry is of importance. Important deposits of coal, manganese, iron ore, lead and zive, as well as other minerals iron ore, lead and zinc, as well as other minerals in smaller quantities, have been prospected, but their evploitation awaits transport facilities. Gold and silver are also found. Phosphates are exported in increasingly large quantities and constitute a greet source of wealth for the French zone. The trade of Morocco is chiefly with French zone. The trade of Morocco is chiefly with France and Algeria, Great Britain, Italy and Spain, the chief imports being cottons, sugar, motor vehicles, petroleum, building materials, and soft goods, the exports being grain, phoephates, eggs, hides and skins, and wool. The unit of currency in the French protectorate is the Moroccan franc, which is closely allied to the French franc, while in the Tangier zones the franc, the peseta and the Hawani peseta are all current, and in the Spanish zone the two last of these currencies. last of these currencies.

Communications.-The French Protectorate authorities are engaged in the serious developrent of normal gauge railways in their zone, and (Oct. 1931) 1,240 kilometres of normal and 1,300 kilometres of narrow gauge track are in working order. In addition, the completion of the Tangier-Fez full gauge system gives through service between Tangier and the principal towns of the French zone. Telegraphic com-nunication is established by submatine cables from Tangier to Cadiz, Gibraltar, Rio Martin, Mehlla, Tarifa and Oran, also between Casablanca and Brest. There are wireless stations at Tangier, Tetuan (military), Rabat, and Casablanca; inland lines have been built by the French connecting all important places in their zone, as well as to the borders of the Spanish zone, and the latter line is being extended to Tangier. The chief roads in the Tangier and Spanish zones are those linking Tangier and Spanish zones are those linking Tangier to Centa val Tetuan in the North, and to Arzila, Laraiche, and the French zone in the South. The French zone is well equipped with good main and secondary roads. Air Services are maintained between Casablanca and Toulouse (delib) and Casablanca and Toulouse (daily), and Casablanca and Dakar (weekly).

The principal Harbours are Casablanca, and Ceuta (for Tetuan), Tangier, Laraiche, Rabat, Mazagan, Safii, Kenitra, and Mogador.

External Trade. - 1 he imports into the French. Excernat Trace.—The imports into the French.
Zone in 1930 were valued at 2, 200,727,000 francs,
of which 300,000,000 francs represent the value
of imports over the Algerian frontier; exports
from french zone, 1930, fr. 739,000,000. The imports into the Tanguer Zone were valued at
115,509,688 francs and the exports from the zone
at 16,818,497 francs.

CAPITAL of Spanish zone, Tetuan, population 30,000 (principal ports, Laraiche and Rio Martin, for Tetuan).

CAPITAL of International zone, Tangier, population 45,000

population 45,000.

Other towns (with populations exclusive of French army of occupation) are Fcz (107,843) Marrakesh (193,582), Meknes (56,770) Sak (195,821), Casabianca (167,123), Rabat, with Sak (77,821), Mazagan (19,601), Saffi (26,158), and Gudjda (29,280).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Tangier—Count-General (with personal rank of Minister Plenipotentiary), Hugh Gurney,

Of M.G., M.Y.O.
Consul, A. J. Gardener.
Vice-Consul, Lt. Com. W. B. C Forester.

A. C. Oppenheim (acting).

Hon. Chaplain, Rev. W. F. Bryant Salmon Casablanca—Consul, F. H. W. Stonehewer-Bird 0. B. É.

, Vice-Consuls, R. H. Broome, M.B.E. F. A. G. Cook.
Pro-Consul, S. J. Lasry.
Marrakesh--Vice-Consul, G. C. Allchin, M.C.
Mazagan--Vice-Consul, T. S. Spinney, M.B.E. Mogador-Vice Consul, Maj. F. A. L. de Gruchy Saft.-Vice-Consul, Capt. E. L. L. Webb. Rabat-Consul-General, W. S. Edmonds, C M.G.

O. B. E.

V.ce-Consul, A. E. Watkinson.
Fez-Vice-Consul, A. H. Kling
Tetuan-Consul, R. E. W. Chafy.
Pro-Consul, Albert F. Morillo.
Laraiche-Vice-Consul, L. Forde.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR TANGIER AND SPANISH ZONES. Sec., A. Warren, Tangier.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR FRENCH ZONE (Casablanca). Sec., E. H. Lart.

Tangier is distant from London about 1,200 miles; transit 4 days by sea; 3 by land; 11/2 by air.

# NAJD and HEJAZ. See Arabia. NETHERLANDS (or HOLLAND).

(Nederland.) Queen, Wilhelmina Helena Pauline Maria, born August 31, 1880, succeeded her late father, King William III., Nov. 23, 1890; mar., Feb. 7, 1901, H.R.H. Prince Henry, Prince of the Netherlands and Duke of Mecklenburg. Heiress Apparent, Princess Juliana of Orange-Nassaut, Duchess of Mecklenburg, born April 30,

risos.

Queen-Mother, Emma, Princess of Waldeck and
Pyrmout, born August 2, 1858; married the
late King Jan. 7, 1879, who died November 23,
1890; acted as Regent 1890-1898.

MINISTRY (July, 1929).

Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior,
Jonkheer Mattre Ch. J. M. Ruys de Beeren-Finance, Jonkheer Maitre D. J. de Geer.

Foreign Affairs, Jonkheer Maitre F. Beelaerts van Blokland.

Colonies, S. de Graaff.
Justice, Maitre Dr. J. Donner.
Defence, Maitre Dr. L. N. Deckers

Ways and Communications, Maitre P. J.

Reymer. Education, Science and Art, Maitre Terpstra.

Labour, Commerce and Industry, Maitre T. J. Verschuur.

Minuster in London, Jonkheer Maitre R. de Marces van Swinderen, zu Portman Square, W. z.

Chancery, san Portman Square, W. z. zet Secretary, J. J. B. Bosch Chevalier de Rosen-

Commercial Attaché, F. B. s' Jacob. Consul-Gen., Th. H. de Meester, as Langham Street, W. z.

Vice Consul, D. E. E. Middelburg. Agricultural Adviser, B. Gerritzen.

Agricultural Adviser, B. Gerritzen.

A maritime Kingdom of Central Europe, situate
on the North Sea, in lat. 50° 46′—53° 34′ N. and
long 3° 22′—7° 24′ E. consisting of 11 provinces,
and containing a total area of 12,76° square miles,
with a population, May 1, 1931, of 7,928,124
The majority, about 55 per cent., belong to the
several Reformed Churches, and the remainder
are Roman Catholics, with 'bout 1218,000 Jews. are Roman Catholics, with bout xxx,coo Jews. The land is generally flat and low, intersected by numerous canals and connecting rivers-in fact, a network of water courses. The highest point is at Vaals, 656 ft. above mean sea highest point is at Vaals, 556 ft. above mean sea level, but almost half the country is below the mean level of the sea. The principal rivers are the Rhine, Maas, and Yssel, withil the mouths of the Schelde. The chief native products are herrings and other fish, cattle, horses, swinc, sheep, poultry, eggs, seed, potatoes, oats, rye, wheat, barley, beans, peas, buckwheat, sugarbeet, chicory, flax, hemp, tobacco, bulbs and dairy produce. The principal manufactures are shipping, bricks, margarine, cocoa, chocolate, linen, rich damssks, cottons, cocoa, chocolate, linen, rich damasks, cottons, woollens, cigars and other manufactured tobacco, wooliens, cigars and other manufactured tobacco, candles, confectionery, earthenware and pottery, glass bottles and ware, sigar, chemical and pharmaceutical products, matches, perfumery, bicycles, boots and shoes, starch, potato flour, engines, metal substances, iron and steel, wireless sets and pa ts, works of art in gold and silver, incandese on Lamps, wireless apparatus and parts, machinery, motors, paper, printing, oils, beer, "geneva" and other liqueurs. Compared to the production (1930) Extracoc tous. Disconding the production (1930) Extracoc tous. production (1930) 13,311,000 tons. Diamond-cutting employs numerous hands in Amsterdam.

Communications.—The total extent of canals is about 1,250 miles. There were 2,200 miles of railroad open in 1939, 1,330 miles of telegraph cable, and 2,782 miles of telephone cable. The mercantile marine, on Jan. 1, 1931, consisted of on steam and motor vessels of 6,944,000 culic metres gross. In 1930 about 20,000 vessels (84,714,000 tons) entered and cleared at the various ports An Act for the damming and draining of the Zuyder Zee was passed in 1918, and work is now in progress; the dam is expected to be completed in 1932.

Defence.—The Home Forces consist of a conscript army, with an annual levy of 19,500 men, producing a first-line army of 27,000, or (including reserves) 350,000 all ranks. The Royal Navy consists of 11 protected and 58 unprotected vessels.

unprotected vessels. Education.—Private State-aided primary instruction is encouraged rather than public, though the latter is provided if required, by local taxation. The average attendance at primary schools is 96 per cent. Secondary schools for working classes are numerous, well equipped and attended. The principal Universities are at Amsterdam, Groningen, Leiden,

and Utrecht, and there are technical universities at Delft (polytechnic), Rotterdam (commercial), Wageningen (agriculture), and Utrecht (veterinary), Public Debt (1931) Interest-bearing Funded .......fl.s,461,700,000 Non-interest-bearing Floating .. 295,000,000 2,418,300,000 1,780,000,000 257,600,000 227,000,000 Exports to U.K .... 408, 123,000 383,000,000 COURT CAPITAL, The Hague. Pop. (1930), 443,000. COMMERCIAL CAPITALS, Amsterdam, population (1930), 759,000; and Rotterdam, population (1930), 586,000; other large towns are Utrecht (155,000), Groningen (105,000) and Haarlem (119,000). BRITISH LEGATION. (Hooge Westeinde 12, The Hague.) Commet out Secretary (orthoday), Laming, O.B. K.
Naval Attaché, J. U. P. Fitzgerald.
Asst. Naval Attaché, G. Villar, R. N.
Military Attaché, Maj. Hon. William Frascr,

D.S O , M.C. Air Attache, Group Capt. R. J Bone, C. B. E , D S.O Archivist and Pro-Consul, Francis A. Chambers, M.B.E.

Asst. Archivst, B. L. Sleigh.
BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Amsterdam-Consul-General, L. M. Robinson.

Amsterdam—Consul-General, L. M. Robinson.
, Consul, C. J. Laming
, Vice-Consul, Stanley W. Simpson (acting)
, Vice-Consul, J. W. Lee.
Leeuwarden—Vice-Consul, R. Buisman.
Vinuiden—Vice-Consul, L. Dijksen (acting).
Rotterdam—Cons.-Gen., L. E. Keyser.
, Vice-Consuls, I. Garrett (acting); C. E.
Buller (acting); Frederick W. Cresswell;
R. B. Boyd Tollington.
ProConsul William & B. Newenham

R. B Boyd Tollington.
Pio-Consul, William E. B Newenham.
Dordrecht—Vice-Consul, J. C. Vicesendorp, jun
Flushing—Vice-Consul, Pieter de Bruyne.
Pio-Consul, S. Minderhoud.
The Haque and Scheveningen—Consul, St

John Turner.
, Pro-Consul, W E Ransom.
Netherlands' East Indus.

(Java)—Consul-General, H. Fitz-maurice, M.B.E. Ratavia

Vice-Consul, H. B. Henderson. Clerical Officer, R. C. Bernard. Commercial Agent and Consul, H. A. N. Bluett.

Macassar (Celébes)-Vice-Consul, Lazarus S.

Arathoon, M.B.E.

Padang (Sumatra) -- Vice-Consul, H. Levison
Samarang (Java) -- Vice-Consul, R. E. Bussell.

Sama ang (Java)—Vice-Consul, R. E. Bussell
, Pro-Consul, C. N. Howard, M.B. E.
Sourabaya (Java)—Consul, J. D. Hogg, M.B.E.
, Pice-Consul, R. G. Macindoe,
, Pro-Consul, N. M. Mclean.
Medan (Sumatra)—Consul, W. W. Coultas.
, Vice-Consul, J. Morton.
, Pro-Consul, J. Morton.
, Pro-Consul, J. James A. Bland.

• fl zs zo6 = £z (normal).

Netherlands West Indies :-

Armba-Vice-Consul, Capt. R. Rodger. Willemstad, Curação-Vice-Consul, B. Maduro. Transit, 8 hours.

NETHERLANDS COLONIES.

Netherlands' East Indies —
"Netherlands' India" comprises the islands of Java and Madura, the island of Sumatra, the Rooter Longga Archipelago (which with Karimon, Anambas, Natuna Islands, Tambelan, and part of Sumatra, forms the "Residency of Riouw"), of Sumatra, forms the "Residency of Rionu", the islands of Bangha and Biltiton, part of the island of Borneo, Celebra Island, the Molucoa Islands, Cremate, Halmahera, Buru, Ceram, Bauda, Timor-Laut, Larat, Bachiam, Obi, Kei, Aru, Bahar, Leti and Wetarl, part of New Guinea, part of Timor Island, and the islands of Badi and Lombok, with a total area of 730,000 sq. miles, and a population estimated at 53,000,000. The administrative capital is Batavia (pop. about **2€0,000).** 

Governor-General, Jonkheer Dr. A. C. D. de Graeff, appointed March 26, 1926.

Java and Madura (5x,000 sq. miles, pop. 1930, 40,000,000) furnish sugar, tohacco, tea, coffee, tin, rubber, and other products for exportation.
The "outlying" islands are frequently administered by their own princes, subject to the directions of a Netherlands Resident. There was (1929) a colonial army of 1,293 officers and 37,100 men The colonial revenue for 1931 was estimated at fl. 833.524,000 and the expenditure at fl. 887,202,000. The trade of Netherlands India was valued in 1929 at fl. 1,487,801,000 for exports and at fl 1,166,305,000 for imports. The trade with Great Britain in 1930 was valued at £4,510,420 for imports from, and at £6,586,271 for exports to Great Britain.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR NETHER-LANDS E. INDIES, Batavia, Java.

II. Netherlands' West Indies —
"Netherlands' West Indies" comprise the
manuland colony of Surmam ("Dutch Guiana") in South America, and certain islands in the West Indies known as the "Colony of Curação" ('mraçao, Bonaire, Aruba, part of St. Martin, St. Eustatius, and Saba) with a total area of 400 sq miles, and a population estimated (1929) 400 ad lines, and a population estimated (1929) at 65,750. The administration capital of Surinam is Paramaribo (pop. 50,000); the capital of Curação is Willemstad (pop. 21,000).

NICARAGUA. (República de Nicaragua.)

President (1929-1933), Señor Don José Maria Moncada, assumed office Jan. 1, 1929.

Munister in London, Señor Don Eduardo Perez-Triana, 4 Moorgate, E.C. a. Consul-General in London, General Carlos A. Castro Wassmer, 15 Union Court, E.C. 2.

The largest State of Central America, with a long seaboard on both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, situate between 9° 45'—15' N lat. and 3° 40'—87' 38' W. long, containing an area of 51,660 English square inless and a population (1930) of about 750,000, of whom about three-quarters are mixed blood and the rest Indians, including the Mosquitos, who dwell on the Atlantic httoral and were formerly under British

protection. Nicaragua was discovered by Columbus in 150s, and was overrun by the Spaniards under Davila in the first quarter of the 16th century,

forming part of the Spanish Captaincy-General of Guatemala until 1821, when its independence was secured. The present constitution rests on the fundamental law of Nov. 20, 1922 (amended 1933) and is that of a centralised republic. The President is elected by direct suffrage for four years.

The chief products are coffee, bananas, sugar, timber (cedar, mahogany, rosewood, &c.), tobacco, maize, rice, beaus, cocos, hides, gold and silver. Considerable quantities of foodstuffs are imported as well as cottons and other manufactures, principally from the United States, which also take the greater part of the exports There are (1930) 160 miles of railway, 2,842 miles

of telegraph and 3,216 miles of telephone, and a powerful wheleas station was completed at Managua in road. Good roads are very few, and transportation, especially in the rainy season (May-Nov), is attended with great difficulties.

Corinto, on the Pacific coast, is the chief port of the country, handling about 70 per cent. of the total trade. Bluefields is an important port on the Atlantic coast, whence considerable quantities of bananas and timber are shipped to New Orleans. Owing to defective communica-tions the Atlantic littoral is practically isolated from the rest of the Republic and the chief centres of population.

Education is backward, at least 60 per cent. of the population being illiterate.

The official language of the country is Spanish.

Public revenue ...... *C\$6,553,094 *C\$4,623,420 6,450,711 2,823,675 1,646,700 Public expenditure ... 5,000,000 External debt (Feb. 1) 2,580,967 oInternal debt (do.)... 1,362,750 1030 1000 C\$ 8,343,358 Exports ......C\$10,872,526 Imports ... 11,797,440 8,172,360 Exports to U.K. ...... Imports from U.K..... 399,487 290,067 x,275,806 798,509 Population (before the CAPITAL, Managua. Population (before the earthquake of March 31, 1931) 40,000; Leóu,

St.oo; Granada, 18,000.

FLAG: Three horizontal bands, blue, white, blue (the arms of the Republic ou white band, displaying five volcanoes, surmounted by cap of

liberty under a rainbow).

BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentury and Consul-Gen. (resident at Guatemala), H. A. Grant Watson (1008).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Managua—Cound (Acting Cound-General for Nicaragua and, in the absence of the Minister, Charge d'Affaires), Hugh W.

Vice-Consul, H. I. Thompsou, Curinto-Vice-Consul, A. W. Griffith. León-Vice-Consul, Frank A. May. Matagalpa-Vice-Cound, Alex. C Potter.

Bluefelds-Consul, E. O. Rees. Distant 5.800 miles ; transit. 30 days.

NORWAY.

King, Haakon VII., born Aug. 3, 1872, accepted the Crown Nov. 88, 2003, married 1856 H R.H. Frincess Maud (b. Nov. 26, 1869), daughter of King Edward VII.

OS =: Córdoba, worth S: U S As at Feb så, 293. Figures include Consolidated dott only and do not include claims arising out of the revolution of 295-97, amounting to C525,000,000, a figure which will be considerably scaled down.

Heir-Apparent, H.R.H. the Crown Prince Olev. b. Julys, 2003; married March s., 2009, Princess Martha of Sweden.

CABINET (May 12, 1931).

Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, P. I. Kolstad.

Foreign Affairs, B. Braadland.

Commerce, Navigation, and Industry, Dr. P. Larssen

Social Affairs, F. N. Vik.
Defence, A. I.r. Quisling.
Ecclesiastical Affairs and Public Instruction, N. Traedal.

Agriculture, F Sündby.

Justice, A. Lindboe.

Public Works, R. Langeland.

Minister in London, His Excellency P. B. Vogt. Offices of Legation, Norway House, 21-24 Cocksput Street, S.W. z.

Counsellor, Daniel Steen. Secretary, Rolf Anderson.

Agricultural Adviser, A. Rirle (Newcastle upon  $T_{ij}ne$ ).

Consul-General, G. Contadi.

Vice-Consul, Stig Thobro Olmer.

Norway, an independent kingdom, founded in 87s (fundamental law of May 17, 1814), was united with Sweden under the same King from Nov. 4, 1814, to June 7, 1905, when the union was dissolved. The Parliament of 150 members is called the "Stortling," which is divided into two sections, chosen by itself to discuss projected Bills, called "Odelsting" and "Lagting." Norway, the western and northern portion of the Scandinavian peningle is about a vec miles in length its expected. sula, is about 1, 100 miles in length, its greatest width about 250 miles. It is divided into 20 piovinces, or fylker, and comprises an area of 124,533 sq. miles with a population (1930) of a,809,564. The coast-line is extensive, deeply indented with numerous flords, and fringed with an immense number of rocky islands. The surface is mountainous, consisting of elevated and barren tables. lands, separated by deep and narrow valleys The cultivated area is about one-fortieth part of the country; forests cover nearly one-fourth; the rest consists of highland pastures or uninhabitable mountains.

The chief industries are agriculture and forestry, manufactures, fisheries and shipping Agriculture and forestry give employment to one-third of the population but it has been necessary to import considerable quantities of grain Manufactures are aided by great regrain in animateries are attent by great re-sources of water power, estimated at 10,000,000 kw., of which about 13 per cent. are utilized. The quantity of fish caught by Norwegian fishing vessels is next to that of Gt. Britain, and 60 per cent. of the whales killed are killed by Norwegian Companies. The imports consist chiefly of raw materials for the manufacturing industries and The chief exports are fish, coal and oil fuel. oil, and other products of the fisheries, condensed milk, tinned goods, pulp, paper, iron ore and pyrites, stone, cement, calcium carbide, nitrate of sods, aluminium, ferro-alloys, nitrate of lime, zinc, cyanide, &c.

Defence.-Service in the National Militia is is about 20,000 all ranks. In time of war all males between the ages of 18 and 55 are liable for service. The Navy consists of 4 ironclads, 17 torpedo-hoats, 3 destroyers, 9 aubmarines, and several minelayers. There are 60 seaplanes

and aeroplanes.

33 hours.

Education is compulsory and free between the ages of 7 and 14, schools being maintained by local taxation with State grants in sid. The attendance is high. Secondary schools are provided by the State, by local authorities, and privately. There are many special schools and industrial and technical institutes. The University of Oslo was attended in 1930 by 3,476 students.

Communications.—The total length of railways open in 1930 was 2,383 miles, of which 228 miles were private lines. The length of telegraphs and telephones in 1930 was 26,556 miles (State, 23,015) with 588,129 miles of wire (State, 445,462 miles) The mercantile marine, Jan. r., 2931, consisted of 3,953 vessels, of s,294,000 het tons. The gross earnings of the Norwegian mercantile marine in foreign traffic amounted in 1930 to about 412,200,000 kroner.

Budget, 1931-32. Kroner. Ordinary Revenue ... ... .... 340,001,000 17,945,000 302,261,000 Extraordinary do. . . .. .... .. .. 

Total imports ...... Kroner z,065,012,000 Total exports .... Imports from U K 684,001,000 273,907,000 CAPITAL, Oslo Pop (Dec. r, 2930), 249,688. Other large towns are Bergen (98,546), Trondheim, (54,155), and Stavanger (46,353).

FLAG. Red. with white-bordered blue cross.

#### BRITISH LEGATION. (Drammensveien 79, Oslo.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, C. J. F. R. Wingfield, C.M.G.

2nd Secretary, G. D. H Fullerton-Carnegie,

Connectual Sec. (Grade II.), C. L. Paus, C.B.E. Naval Attaché, Com. M. A. Hawes, R.N. Ast. Naval Attaché, Engr. Com. G. Villar, R.N. Milstary Attaché, It. Col. J. H. M. Cornwall,

C B.K., D.S.O., M C Air Attaché, Wing Commander J. H. Herring,

DS.O, M.C. Translator, W. H. Weedon, M.B.R.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Oslo-Consul, N. Vorley, O B E., Vice-Consul, J. C. Aird. Arendal-Vice-Consul, Emil Kallevig. Arendal—Vice-Consul, Emil Kallevig.
Drammen—Vice-Consul, Johannes Sveass.
Fredrikstad—Vice-Consul, Oscar Thiis, M.B.E.
Holden—Vice-Consul, W. J. Thompson.
Kristiansand—Vice-Consul, Bent Reinhardt.
Lareik—Vice-Consul, R. C. Fielsen.
Mandal—Vice-Consul, H. P. Tallaksen.
Moss—Vice-Consul, Johan J. H. Voçt.
Porsgrund—Vice-Consul, Christen Knudsen.
Sandefjord—Vice-Consul, Christen Knudsen.
Sarpsborg-Vice-Consul, C. Stousland.
Fro-Consul, C. Stousland.
Pro-Consul, C. Winsnes.
Tondery—Vice-Consul, H. Washnann.

Tonberg—Vice-Consul, H. Winshes.
Tonberg—Vice-Consul, H. Waalmann.
Bergen—Consul, J. P. MacGregor.

Vice-Consul, Elnar Gran.

Pro-Consul, C. B. Christensen.
Adlesund—Vice-Consul, Otto Tyrholm. Hammerfest-Vice-Consul, Heinrich Nissen. Haugesund-Vice-Consul, Johannes Sundfor, M.B.R.

Kristiansund—V.-C., J. C. Loennechen.
Lofoten Is. (Swotzer)—Vice-Consul, G. Berg.
Karvik—Vice-Consul, J. N. Aagnard, M. E.
Stavanger—Vice-Consul, T. D. Spence.
Pro-Consul, T. D. Nielsen.
Tromso—Vice-Consul, C. S. Saether.

Trondheim-Vice-Consul, F. Kjeldsberg, O.B.K., M.V.O.

Pro-Consul, Karl R. Kjeldsberg. Vardo-Vice-Consul, Leif Olsen. Oslo, 656 miles; transit, 50 hours; Bergen,

# SVALBARD

(Spitsbergen and Bear Island.)

By Treaty (Feb 3, 1930) the sovereignty of Norway over the Spitsbergen ("Pointed Mountam") Archipelago was recognised by the Great Powers and other interested nations, and on Aug. 14, 1925, the Archipelago was officially taken over by Norray.

The Svalbard Archipelago hes between 74°-85° N. lat, and between 10°-35° R. long., with an estimated area of 24,205 square miles. The archipelago consists of a main island, known as West pelago consists of a main island, known as West Spitshergen (15,200 sq miles), North East Land, closely adjoining and separated by Hinlopen Strat; the Wiche Islands, separated from the mainland by Olga Strat; Barents and Edge Islands, separated from the mainland by Stort Fjord (or Wybe Jansz Water), Prince Charles Foreland, to the W.; Hope Island, to the S.E., Bear Island (68 square miles) 127 miles to the S. with many similar islands in the neighbourhood of the main group. The principal mineral is oal. In 1290 the coal export was about 125,530 tons. The wintering force in 1230-21, was 437 strong; the archipelago is also visited by hunters for seal, foxes and polar bears. Svalbard 1evenue (1931-32) .....kruner 72,000

do. expenditure (1931-32) ..... ,, 72,000 South Cape is 370 miles from the Norwegian Coast. Ice Flord is 520 miles from Tromso, 650 miles from Murmansk, and 1,300 miles from Aberdeen. Transit from Tromso to Green Harbour (the postal station with a bigh market bour (the postal station, with a high - power Telefunken wireless station) 21/2 to 3 days; from Aberdeen 5 to 6 days.

JAN MAYKN, an island in the Arctic Ocean (70° 49'-71° 9' N. lat. and 7° 53'-9° 5' W. long.) was joined to Norway by law of Feb. 27, 1930.

BOUVET ISLAND, in the Antarctic (54° a6' 8

lat. and 3° a4′ k. I long) was declared a dependency of Norway by law of Feb. 27, 1930.

PETER lat's ISLAND, in the Antarctic (68° 30′S. lat. and 90°35′ W. long.) was declared a dependency of Norway by resolution of Government, May 2, 1931

#### OMAN. See Arabia. PANAMA.

(Republica de Panama.) President (1931-1932), Señor Dr. Don Ricardo J. Alfars, assumed office Jan. 13, 1931 Secretary of Government and Minister of Justice, Señor Don Francisco Arias. Foreign Affairs, Senor Dr. Don J. J. Vallarino.

Minister in London, Senor Don Narciso Garay (resides in Paris).

Consul-General in London, Senor Don I. J. Valdés, sas Kinsbury Pavement House, E.C. s.
Panama, formerly one of the nine Dopartments of Colombia, revolted in Nov. 1903, and

# 850 Foreign Countries—Panama, The Papal State, Paraguay.

established a separate Government. The area of
the Republic is 3x,890 square miles, the popula-
tion 448,486 (excluding Canal Zone). The soil is
extremely fertile, but there is little cultivation
and nearly one-half of the land is unoccupied.
The chief crops are bananas, coconuts, cacao,
coffee, and cereals. The imports are almost
entirely manufactured goods and foodstuffs. A
railway 47 miles in length joins the two oceans.
Revenue (Budget March 31, 1931-Feb.
28, 1933)
Expenditure (Budget March 31, 1931-
Feb 28, 1933) 4,107,265
Imports (1930) 3,531,465
Exports (x930) 754,850
Imports from U.K. (1930) 614,314
Exports to U.K. (1930) 39.903
The total value of supplies purchased for the
Canal Zone Commissaries for the fiscal year
ended June 30, 1931, Was \$7,275,817 (U.S. \$.).
The language spoken is Spanish.

CAPITAL, Panama, Population (1930), 82,827 Colon (1930) 33,460

FLAG: Quarterly, white with blue star, red, blue, and white with red star.

BRITISH LEGATION.

# BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Panama—Vice-Consuls, C. H. A. Marrott; E. S. Humber, M.B.E., D. L. Humber. Bocas del Toro—Vice-Consul, W. H. Ponton.

Pro-Cound, Rev. E. C. Notman.

Colon—Consul, G. L. Rogers, M.C.
Vice-Consul, F. E. Evans.
Pro-Consul, Lincoln Delgado.

Panama, 4,650 miles; transit from Liverpool direct every ro days, r7 days; from Southampton fortnightly, r8 days; from Avonmonth (vid Jamaica) fortnightly, zz days; vid N.Y., z4 days.

# PAPAL STATE, The.

# (Stato Città Vaticana.)

Sovereign Pontif (26oth), His Holmess Pope Pus XI. (Achille Ratti), horn at Desio, March 31, 1857, elected Pope (in succession to Benedict XV) Feb 6, 1922.

The office of the ecclesiastical head of the Roman Catholic Church is vested in the Pope of Rome, who is the Sovereign Pointiff of the Western Chunch. The Papal States were incorporated with Italy from 1860 to 1870, and the territory of the Papacy was confined to the palaces of the Vatican and the Lateran and the Villa of Castel-Gandolfo. In 1870 the incorporation of the Papal States in Italy left the temporal power of the Pope in suspense until the treaty of Feb. xx, rass, which recognised the full and independent sovereignity of the Holy See in the City of the Vatican. Accompanying the treaty were conventions regulating the condition of religion and of the Catholic Church in Italy and agreeing to pay 750,000,000 live in cash and the income at 5 per cent on x,000,000,000 live state bonds as a final settlement of the claims of the Holy See against Italy for the loss of temporal power.

#### LIST OF POPES.*

	V V V.	
Sovereign Pontiff	Family Name.	Elected.
Innocent IX Clement VIII	Facchinetti	I5QI
Clement VIII	Aldobrandini	1508
Leo XI	Medici	хбок
Paul V	Borghese	x604
Paul V	I udovisi	x6ax
l Urban VIII	Rarberini	. Thes
Innocent X	The second of the	
Alexander VII	.Chigi	1655
Clement IX	.Rosnigliosi	1667
Clement X	Altieri	x66o
Innocent XI	Odescalchi	. 1676
Alexander VIII	.Ottoboni	. x68o
Innocent XII	Pignatelli	1601
Alexander VII Clement IX Clement X Innocent XI Alexander VIII Innocent XII Clement XI Lunceent XII	Albani	1700
Innocent XIII	Conti	1721
Benedict XIII	. Orsini	1784
Clement XII	Corsini	1720
Benedict XIV	.Lambertini	1740
Clement XIII	Rezzonico	1758
Clement XIV	Ganganelli	1760
Pins VI	Reservisi	7005
Pius VII	Chiaramonti	1800
Leo XII	della Genga	1882
Pius VII Leo XII Pius VIII	.Castiglion	1820
Gregory XVI	Cappellari	1821
Pius IX	Mastai-Ferrett	i x846
Leo XIII	Pecci	1878
Ding Y	Mante	1003
Benedict XV.	della Chiesa	1014
Pius XI	Ratti	1022
		y

# BRITISH LEGATION,

(Via San Nicola da Tolentino 67, Rome 5) British Envoy Extraordinary & Munister Ple-inpotentiary to the Holy See. (vacant).

1st Secretary & Charge d'Affaires ad interim, G A. D. Ögilvie-Forbes.

# Temporary Secretary, R Thynne.

# PARAGUAY.

(República del Paraguay.) President (1931-35), Dr. Emilaino Gonzalez

Navero. Interior, Dr. Luis Escobar.
Foreign Affairs, Dr Geronimo Zubizarreta. Finance, Dr. Rodolfo González

Justice and Instruction. Dr. Victor Rojas. War and Marine, Dr. Lins A. Riart.

Minister in London (vacant).

Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General in London Senor Dr. Don Horacio Carismo, zz Russell Square, W.C. z.

Au niland State of South America, situate between 20°-6° 20° S. lat. and 54°-62° W. long. The area of Paraguay (exclusive of the Chaco is computed at 51,500 square miles, and it contains a population estimated at about 800,000.

tallis a population estimated at about soc, ooc. Paraginay was visited in 1527 by Sebastian Calot, and in 1525 was settled as a Spanish possession. In 1812 Paraginay declared its independence of Spain, and from 1814-1840 was governed by Francia, a Paraginayan despot, who was succeeded by Lopez, 1840-1862. In 1862 Francisco Solano Lopez succeeded his father, and in 1842 declared was regulated as the 1812 Arcenting and in 1864 declared war against Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay being involved in the struggle. Against these three nations Lopez conducted a

Adrian IV (Nicholas Brakespeare, the only Englishman elected Pope, was born at St Albans, elected Pope (on the death of Anastasius IV) 2254; died 2259.

five years war, which terminated in his defeat and death at the *Battle of Cerro Cord*, March x, x87c. This dogged struggle reduced the country rays. This dogged stringer reduces the columbia to complete prostration, and the population, which was 800,000 in 1837, is alleged to have fallen in 1890 to 250,000, of whom barely 20,000 were men. The present constitution was adopted at the close of the war, and under its provisions the head of the executive is the President, elected by an electoral college for four years and incligible for office for eight consecutive was ineligible for office for eight consecutive years atter the expiration of his term. A Vice-President is similarly elected, and succeeds automatically in the case of the death, expulsion or absence of the President. There is a Cabinet of 5 members

Paraguay proper consists of a series of planns, intersected by abrupt ranges of hills, some of which reach an altitude of a,coo to 3,coo feet above sea level. The Paraguay and Alto Parani rivers are navngable at all seasons for vessels of 6 to 7 feet draft. Many of the tributary streams are also navigable for much of the year. The Pilcomayo river is navigable for small craft for 180 miles from Asuncion; but is liable to shrink unduly with drought. Paraguay is a country of grassy plains and dense forest, the soil being marshy in many parts and hable to floods; while the hills are covered for the most part with immense forests. The streams flowpart with immense forests. The streams now-ing into the Alto Paraná descend precipitously into that river. In the angle formed by the Paranà-Paraguay confluence are extensive marshes, one of which, known as "Neembucu," or endless, is drained by Lake Ypon, a large lagoon, south-east of the capital. The Chaco, lying between the rivers Paraguay and Pilcomayo and bounded on the north by Bolivia, forms the subject of a long standing dispute with that country; it is practically a dead level, though a slight and uniform rise westward is now known to exist, and suffers much from floods and still more from drought.

The chief agricultural products are tobacco, ane cnier agricultural products are tobacco, oranges and cassava (manice), maze, 11ce, sugarcane, ground-nuts, and other tropical and subtropical plants. The forests contain many varieties of timber, but only cedar and a few of the best known hardwoods find a market abroad. Stock-raising, lumbering, cotton and tobacco growing, and the gathering of Yerba (Paraguay tea), are the principal industries. The chief articles of export are hides, timber, yerba mate, tobacco, quebracho extract, cattle and meat products, oranges, and petit grain oil. The Army numbers 2,000 to 3,000 men. A railway, 23 miles in length, which belongs to an Engaps company, connects Paraguay with the Argentine railway system. The journey from Asuncion to Buenos Aires (§85 miles) occupies 53 hours. Train ferries enable the run to be accomplished without break of bulk. The language is Spanish.

1928-9 1929-30. £1,189 137£1,261,000 Revenue (Estimate) .... 1,082,451 1,344,583 Expenditure (do.) Foreign Debt :-English Loan . Argentine Loan . . . . Internal Debt (do.) . . . . ..... Floating Debt ... ..... 1923. Exports to U.K..... 91,050

Currency.-The value of the currency is dependent on the Argentine Exchange and is fixed at 4s 6x pesos to the Argentine gold peso, and 18 75 peros to the Argentine paper pero.

CAPITAL, Asuncion. Population, 70,000. (with the Arms of the Republic on white band). British Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir J. W. R. Macleay, K.C.M.G. (1930) (Resident at Buenos

Aires. Asuncion-Consul (with local rank of First Sec. and Charge d'Affaires in absence of Minister), H. A. C. Cummins, C. M. G., O.BE.

Pro-Consul, William H. Paris. PERSIA.

(Iran.)
Shah of Persia, H.M. Reza Shah Pahlevi, appointed Oct. 31, 1925; crowned Shah, April 25, 1926.

rown Prince, HRH Shahpoor Mohammed Reza; appointed ('rown Prince Feb. 25, 1926.

CABINET (Nov., 1939)
Prime Minister, Mehdi Quli Khan Hedayat.
Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mirza Mohammad Ali Khan Foroughi.

War, Jafar Quli Khan Assad.

har, Jam'r Quin Khan Assa. Frinance, Seyed Hassan Taghi Zadeh. Interior, Mirza Ali Khan Mansur, Justice, Mirza Ali Akber Khan Daver. Education, Mirza Yahya Khan Gharageuzlou. Posta and Telegraphs, Mirza Ghassem Khan Sour

Roads and Communications, Seyed Baqir Khan wazenii.

Commerce (Director-General), Mirza Abdullah Khan Yassai.

Industry (Do ), Seyed Mehd: Khan Farrokh. Agriculture (Do.), Mırza Ali Akber Khan Hakıml.

Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in London, H. E. Ali Quli Khan Ansari. Legation, xo-xx Princes Gate, S.W.7.

Counsellor of Legation, Fathollah Khan Noury Esfandiary.

1st Secretary, Mirza Mohsen Khan Atabeki. and Secretary, Mirza Hossein Khan Ghods. Attaches, Abdol Ahad Khan Yekta; Hussein-Ali Khan Gharageuzion.

Honorary Commercial Attaché, Nubar Sarkis Gulbenkian.

Consulate-General, to Prince's Gate, S.W. 7. [Kens 3341] Consid, (vacant.)

-called by the natives Iran-comprises an area of 628,000 sq miles, with a population estimated at 10,000,000.

Persia is mostly an arid table-land, encircled, except on the east, by mountains, those in the north rising to 18,700 ft. The central and eastern portion is a vast salt desert. The only navigable river is the Karin, which 764,416
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2,835,90r
Tehran-Khanikin, Tehran-Pahlevi (Enzeli),
457,174
Tehran-Tabiz, Tehran-Meshed, Meshed-Duzdab 457.174 Tehran-Tabriz, Tenran-Aesneu, Mondo 6,975 and Tehran-Bushire, while the German Junker Company has recently secured a contract for the carriage of mails and passengers by aero-plane between Tehran-Khanikin, Tehran-Pahlevi

plane between Tehran-Khanikin, Tehran-Pahlevi (Enzell), Tehran-Bushire and Tehran-Meshed.

The chief products are cereals, cotton, gums, dried fruits, silk, tobacco, and opium. The minerals (little worked) are salt, iron, coal, copper, lead, sulphur, &c., with turquoises. Olifields in Southern Persia have been successfully worked by an English company since 1902. The only important manufacture is that of woollen carpets (mostly a domestic industry), but shawls, silks, and cotton fabrics are also produced. There are extensive forests in the north and west. Sheep and goats forests in the north and west. Sheep and goats Torests in the norm and west. Since and group are numerous, and good wool is produced. The Persians are mostly Shiah Muhammadans; but there are many adherents of Bahaism (an eclectic form of Deistic religious), and Armenian Christians. The laws and popular educations of the Normand on the present of the Normand. tion are based on the precepts of the Koran, but efforts are being made to approximate the educational system more closely to European models. Persia is divided into provinces, of which the principal are under Governors or Governors-General.

Owing to increasing popular discontent with a corrupt and incompetent administration a corrupt and incompetent administration and an extravegant Court, a nationalist inovement began in Dec, 1905. In Aug., 1906, the Shah, Muzaffer-ud-Dm, admitting the need for reforms, granted a Constitution. He was succeeded in 1907 by his son Muhammed Ali Shah, who was deposed by the National Assembly in 1909, to be succeeded by his son, Sultan Ahmad Shah (under the regency of Nasr-ul-Mulk, until 1914). As a result of the energy of Prime Minister H.H. Reza Khan the authority of the Persian Government was re-established over Persian Government was re-established over almost the whole of Persia by means of a disciplined army of 8,000 cavalry and a2,000 infantry, with 94 guns and see machine guns, and a number of seroplanes and armoured cars. On Oct. 31, 1925, the Shah Ahmed Mirza, who had been absent from the country for some time, need absent from the country for some time, was deposed by the National Assembly which handed over the government to the Prime Minister. On Dec. 13, 1925, the Constituent Assembly elected Reza Khan Pahlavi, Shali of Persia. The Shali took the oath on Dec. 13 and was publicly proclaimed, and was crowned on April 22, 1926.

April 25, 2926.
The revenue is derived from land tax, Crown and salt, while the lands, customs, optim and salt, while the recently enacted law concerning a sugar and tea monopoly is calculated to bring in £600,000 annually (at the present reduced rate of exchange), and this sum is being carmarked for the construction of railways; in rgs8-29 £2,363,000
was so expended. British commercial interests in Persia much exceed those of any other country, the trade between the British Empire (including India) and Persia amounting to 45 per cent. of the total trade of the country

(ross-30), inclusive of oil.

The leading imports into Persia are cotton fabrics, sugar, tea, and motor vehicles; the principal exports were heavy oils, benzine, petrol carpets, opium, fruits, cotton and rice.

	)£8,176,824
Debt (March, 193	0) 2,036,975
Imports (1929-30)	15,850,534
Exports (1929-30)	
Imports from U	K. (1929-30) 6,145,340
Exports to U.K.	(1929-30) 13,156,187

Foreign Relations.—By the Anglo-Russian Convention of Aug., 1907, Great Britain and Russia mutually engaged to respect the integrity and independence of Peria, while marking out certain regions in S.E. and N.W. Persia respectively in which each had, for geographical and economic reasons, special interests.

In March, 1921, Persia signed a treaty with the Russian Soviet Republic, which provides (inter also) for mutual diplomatic and consular representation, restores to Persia Firtusch and Ashurada, annuls all concessions previously granted to Russians in Persia, hands over the Russian Discount and Loan Bank to the Persian Government, cancels all Persian debts to Russia, denounces all previous Russo-Persian treaties, abolishes the "capitulations" as treaties, abolishes the "capitulations regards Russian subjects in Persia, denounces all treaties made between Russia and

third Powers regarding Persia.

In 1922 the Persian Government engaged a number of American advisers (under Dr. Millspaugh) for the supervision and direction of the country's finances. Considerable strides have been made by the country under this new regime, a balanced budget and a programme for gradual development of the country's resources having been evolved; Dr. Millspaugh's contract has now come to an end; he has left the country and German and Swiss financial experts have replaced the Americans.

In May, rga8, the capitulatory régime came to an end; at the same time a new Tariff Convention was signed, giving Persia Tariff

autonomy.

CAPITAL, Tehran (pop. 210,000); other large towns are Tabriz (180,000), Ispahan (80,000), Meshed (80,000), Kerman (50,000), Yezd (60,000),

Mesica (26,000).

And Shiraz (60,000).

FLAG: White, bordered with green (top) and red (bottom), with arms (hon and sun) in centre.

BRITISH LEGATION.

BRITISH LEGATION.

Mesicae Plening.

Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipo-

tentuary and Consul-General, R. H. 

M.V.O. Physician, D. S. Davies, M.A., M D., F.R.C.S. Archivist, F. Y. Humphreys.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Tehran

-Consul-General (see above). Vice-Consul (with local rank of Consul).

T. V. Brenan, O.B.E.

Vice-Consul, H. M. Eyres,

Hamadan—Vice-Consul, C. H. Summerhayes, M.B.E.

Resht-Vice-Consul, J. P. G. Finch. Ahwaz-Consul, H. R. D. Gybbon-Monypenny. ", Vice-Consul, Capt. A. C. Galloway, I.A. Mohammerah—V.-Cons., Dr. C. H. Lincoln, O B.E.

Bushire—Consul-General, Lt.-Col. H. V. Biscoe.
,, Consul, Major T. C. Fowle, C.B.E., Vice-Consul, Maj. H. J. H. Symons, M.C.,
Bunder Abbas—Consul (resides at Kerman),
G. A. Richardson, O.B.E.

Ispahan—Cons.-Gen., E. Bristow. ,, Vice-Consul, J. C. O'Dwyer. Sultanabad—Vice-Consul, E. P. Hutton.

Kerman-Consul, H. A. D. Hoyland, M.B.E. Meshed-Consul-General, Lt.-Col. C. C. J. Barrett,

O.S.I., C.I.E.
Seistan & Kaun—Consul, Maj C. K Daly, C.I.E.
Vice-Consul,

Birjand—Vice-Consul, Jemadar Fazal Haqq Duzdap—Vice-Consul, Capt. E. H. Gastrell. Shiraz-Consul, A. C. Trott (acting)

Pro-Consul, Abdul Ahad Khan Wazirada

Tabriz—Consul, C. E. S. Palmer, D.S.O., Vice-Consul, F. A. G. Gray.

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE at Bushire

and Mohammerah.

and Monomeran.

Transit to Tehran, so days, vid Caucasus; vid
Baghdad about 4z days; vid Belrut-Baghdad
about so days. From London passengers can
travel vid Brindisl, Alexandria, Cairo by air
to Bagdad, Tehran, in about 7 days, vid
Constantinople, Homs, Baghdad, in about za
days. Junkers Air Service connects with Transcontinental Air Lines vid Moscow and Berlin, passengers reaching London in 5 days from Tehran.

#### PERU.

# (República del Perú.)

President of the Junta, Senor David Samanez Ocampo (March 12, 1931).

JUNTA.

President (see above).

Government & Police, Don J. F. Tamayo.

Justice, Don G. Garrido Lecca. War, Col Gustavo Jiménez. Finance, Don E. L. G. de la Torre. Fomento, Don Ulises Reategui Marine and Amation, Capt. F. D. Dulanto. Foreign Afairs, Don José Gálvez.

Minister in London, Seffor Dr. Don Alfredo Gonzales Prada (Sept. 1930), Sentinel House, Southampton Row, W.C. 1.

zet Secretary, Señor Don Carlos Holquin y de Lavalle.

Naval Attaché, Commander Manuel Faura. Mü. Attaché, Lt. Col. J. Francisco de la Torre. Civil Attaché, Señor Don Carlos A. Mackeheme. Consulate-General in London, 11 Regent Street.

Consul-General, Senor Don Carlos A. Mackehenie Con. Gen at Liverpool, Señor Don C. G. Estenos Consul, Glasgow, Señor Don Juan Fry.

Consul, Glasgow, Señor Don Juan Fry.

Do. Cardif, Señor Don A. J. Bovey (acting).

Peru is a maritime Republic of South
America, situated between 1° 31′ 20″ and
2° 12′ 8. latitude and between 6° 3 and 81′ 12′ W.

The territory between 17° 47′ 8. and 19° 13′ 8. was
occupied by Chile, as the result of the Pacific
War of 1879-188s. In 1939 the Province of
Tacna was returned to Peru, Chile retaining the
Province of Arica. The area of the Remultic is Province of Arica. The area of the Republic is rroynce of Arica. The area of the Republic is estimated at 358,000 square miles (including 6,000 square miles for Tacna), and the population (1921) at 5,550,000. It is bounded on the north by Ecuador and Colombia, as the latter claims a territory in the Amazonian basin; on the east by Brazil and Bolivia, and on the south by Chila and Bolivia. by Chile and Bolivia.

by Francisco Pizarro (born 1478, died 1541), who subjugated the Incas (a tribe of the Quichua Indiana), who had invaded the country some govers earlier, and for nearly three centuries Peru remained under the Spaniah rule. A revolutionary war of x8ar-x8a4 established its independence, declared on July 28, 1831. The onstitution rests upon the fundamental law of Oct. 28, 1856 (amended Nov. 25, 1866), and is that of a democratic Republic under a nowly drawn constitution of 1919. The President is elected for five years by direct vote of the people and under an amendment to the Constitution (1927) may be re-elected indefinitely. The Constitution is again to be amended by the Constitution Assembly, for which elections are held (as also

Assembly, for which electrons are more than (a. 1931). The country is traversed throughout its length by the Andes, running parallel to the Pacific coast, the highest points being Huascaran (as, 95 feet), Huandry (as, 100 feet), Arquipa (or 1941). (22,050 feeb), Iruanum (21,000 feeb), Arriving (or Misti) volcano (20,023 feet), Hualcan (20,000 feet), and Lirima, Tucora, and Sarasara, all over 19,000 feet. There are four distinct regions, the costa, west of the Andes, the serra or western slopes of the Andes, the punas or mountainous wastes below the region of perpetual snow; and the inward slopes (montana) and boundless forests of the Amazonian basin. The coastal area, lying upon and near the Pacific, is not tropical, though close to the equator, being cooled by the Humboldt-Current; its chief products are sugar, cotton, petroleum, wool, hides and skins, and it contains the chief towns and most of the white population. In the barren mountain section are to be found mmerals in great richness and variety which await improved transport facilities before their production can be considerably increased; it is inhabited by Indians in a low state of civilization Upon the eastern slope of the Andes are to be found very large tracts suitable for cultivation and stock raising, at present almost wholly unexplored owing to lack of communication, but efforts have been made in recent years to open up an routes. This part of the country should show most interesting developments in the future. The tropical lowlands lie east of the Andes towards the borders of Brazil, and consist mainly of unexplored or little known country inhabited by Indians in a savage state. minibited by indians in a savage state. There are here deuse jungles, of which the principal commercial product is wild rubber. The mineral production in 1929 was valued as follows:—gold (5,31,516 soles) silver (28,477,521), copper (54,207,522), lead (8.053,24), fine (4,454,088), vanadium (16,538,084) and petroleum (129,329,546 soles). The Lobos and other islands on the Pacific cost provide grane/xxx cost for it was Pacific coast provide guano (151,000 tons in 1929).

The principal imports are coal, cotton, woollen, linen and silk goods, drugs, earthen and stone wares, machinery, explosives, metals and manufactures thereof, oils, stationery, paper manufactures, timber and wheat. The chief exports in 1929 were petroleum and derivatives (129,048,826 soles), minerals (95,896,000), cotton

(51,315,280) and sugar (33,377,390 soles).
The total length of the railways open (1926) was about 2,500 miles, of which 2,084 miles are under the control of the Peruvian Corporation. There is also steam navigation on Lake Titicaca and the River Desaguadero. The eastern rivers are also navigated to some extent by steam craft. y Chile and Bolivis.

Peru was conquered in the early 15th century less telegraphy stations have been established in many places. There is considerable activity in air services. The Naval Air Force maintains services to Iquitos and other places in the interior. The coast district is served by a national company and by the Chile-U.S.A. route vid Peru. National Air Mails are carried by Peruvian military machines.

Defence.—The Army is recruited by voluntary enlistment, supplemented by conscription, and numbers about 8,000 of all ranks; the Navy includes a cruisers built at Barrow, a destroyer bought from the French Government, and 4 submarines built in U.S.A. There is a military aerodrome at Chorillos (near Lima) and a seaplane station at Ancon.

Language.—Spanish is the official language of the country, but native dialects (of which Quichua is the most important) are spoken by a considerable portion of the Indian population.

Moles 1939 Public revenue ..... ....... ... ... 95,000,000 Sterling £520,000 *External ,, Sterling £3,500,000 Total imports (1930) ....... Soles 133, 400,000
Total exports (1930) ........ Soles 241,100,000
Imports from U K (1930) ........ £ 1,442,000
Exports to U.K. (1930) ....... £ 4,483,000
CAPITAL, Lima. Population (1930), 316,000,
other large towns are Callao (77,000) and Arequins (2000) and (1970) (2000) quipa (70,000), and Cuzco (40,000).
FLAG: Three vertical bands, red, white, red. BRITISH LEGATION (LIMA) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plentpotentiary, Charles H. Bentinck, C.M.G. (1928) .....£3,000 Commercial Secretary, Naval Attache, Capt. E. de F. Renouf, C. V. O., R. N. Military, Attaché, Major L. H. G. Andrews. Archivist, Harold W. Speck.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Lima-Consul, H. A. Hobson, M.B.E., Vice-Consuls, R. C. Stevenson; G. E. Selle. Arequipa - Vice-Consul, R. W. Stafford. "Pro-Consul, T. E. Henson

Callao - Vice-Consul, H E. Young. Mollendo-Vice-Cons., Cecil John Bowes. Payta-Vice-Consul, R. Antram.

Salaverry and Trujillo-Vice · Consul, H. E. Dawsou.

Iquitos—Consul, J. W. Massey.
Lima, 7,020 miles; transit, via New York & Colon, 16-22 days; via Liverpool & Colon, 19 to 26 (lays.

POLAND.

(Rzeczpospolita Polska.)

President, Monsieur Ignacy Mościcki, born 1867, elected June 1, 1926.

MINISTRY (May, 1931).

Prime Minister, Colonel Alexander Prystor. Interior, M. Bionislas Pieracki. Foreign Affairs, M. Auguste Zaleski. War, Marshal Pilsudski. Justice, M. Czeslas Michalowski.

Finance, M. Jean Pilsudski. Education, M. Janusz Jedrzejewicz.

Agricuture, M. Léon Jauta-Polczynski. Commerce, General Zarzycki.

i Service on External Debt suspended May, 2922 The Kemmerer Financial Commission, which came to Peru in Jan. 2921, has issued a number of Reports and Recommendations.

i Stabilized May, 2921, at set U S cents. In Oct 2921, the exchange was approximately 14 soles=£1 sterling.

Communications, M. Alphonse Kuhn.
Public Werks, General Norwid-Neugebauer.
Labour, General Hubicki. Agrarian Reform, M. Léon Kozlowski. Posts and Telegraphs, M. Ignace Boerner.

Ambassador London, His Excellency **£9**2 Konstanty Skirmunt.

Embassy, 49, Portland Place, W. x. Counsellor of Embassy, Count Joseph Potocki. 1st Secretary, M. Jan Wszelaki.

and Secretary, M. Jan Waselski.

2nd Secretary, M. Joseph Zaranski.

Commercial Counsellor, M. Sydney L. Sadowski.

Cons.-Gen., London, Kazimierz Komierowski,

2, Upper Montagu Street, W.C. r.

Consul, M. Witold Hulanicki.

The Republic of Poland was proclaimed at Warsaw in November, 1918, and under the Treaty of Versailles (June 28, 1919) the assentors to the Covenant of the League of Nations, and the signatories of the Treaty of Peace, guarantee the independence of the Republic, which is reconstituted within the 'imits of the 18th-century "Polish Commonwealth." This State extended in the year 1772 over an area of about 286,000 s(1 miles, and included a population of about 13,000,000. The political boundaries of the Republic are the Baltic Sea, Germany (East Prussia), and Lithuana, in the N.; Czechoslovakia in the S. R. Rumania in the S.E.; Soviet Russia in the E.; and Germany in the W. The present are of the Republic may be estimated at \$50,000 sq. miles, with a population estimated (Jan. x, 1930), at 30,737,448 (of whom x8,660,000 are Poles, and 8,500,000 other nationalities). The predominant religion of the people is Roman certain the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the Catholic, but all faiths enjoy equality, and there are a considerable number of Protestants and a very large number of Jews.

In 1919 hostilities broke out between Poland and Soviet Russia, and after initial successes the "Red" armies of Bolshevik Russia appeared (in August, xoso) likely to deal a crushing blow at Polish independence, the capital (Warsaw) being in peul of capture. A dramatic counter-attack by the Polish troops at the critical period reversed the nature of the campaign, and Poland was enabled to conclude peace on favourable terms.

Government.—A Republican form of government was adopted by the Constituent Assembly in 1919, the Chief of State exercising the executive authority through a Ministry responsible to the Legislature. The Legislature consists of a Diet (Seym) elected by universal adult (male and female) suffrage, and of a Senate elected by adult (male and female) suffrage of those over 30 years of age. The Constitution voted on March 17, 1921, is very Liberal. Since Marshal Pilsudski's coup d'état of May 12, 1926, amendments have been inserted in the Constitution conferring on the President of the Republic the power of legislation by decree at times when the Diet is not sitting,

decree at times when the Diet is not sitting, subject to subsequent ratification by the Diet. Production.—Mining, cotton, metal work, agriculture, sugar, forestry and stock rating are the principal industries, the chief crops being rye, wheat, cats, barley, potatoes, and sugar-beet; the live stock includes cattle, horses, sheep, and pigs. There are valuable coal mines in Upper Silesia, Congress Poland, and Little Poland (Galicia); zinc, lead ore, mineral and potassuum salts, and in Galicia (Boryslaw) are famous oil fields: the output of crude oil (1922) was 652,000 fields; the output of crude oil (1930) was 663,000 metrictons. The chief manufactures are textiles.

those of minor importance being machinery and metal works, chemicals, and leather. The exports are principally coal, timber, spelter, agricultural produce and textiles, the imports being raw wool, cotton and jute, woollen and cotton goods, and machinery.

goods, and machinery.

Defence.—The peace effective of the army is 17,000 officers and 25,000 other ranks. A small navy, for coastal defence, has been organized.

Education.—Education is compulsory and free, and there is considerable voluntary effort in addition to the work of the State. Secondary education is conducted on a high level, with good attendances, and there are universities at Cracow (founded 1364), Warsaw, Lwow, Puznan, Lublin, and Wilno; Polytechnics at Warsaw and Lwow, and an Academy of Science at Cracow.

Communications.—There are about 10,000 miles of railway and over 25,000 miles of tele-

Communications.—There are about 10,000 miles of railway and over 25,000 miles of telegraph line, with well-developed telephone systems in all the large centres. Over 4,000 miles of navigalle waterways exist on the Vistula, Narew, Bug, Warta, and Phica, of which about 1,100 are navigable by steamers. The free ctropy of Danzig is within the Polish Customs area, free transit for Germany being guaranteed. A purely Polish port is also being constructed at Gdynia, north of Danzig, with a total water area of 470-495 acres, and an estimated maximum handling canacity of 6 to 7 million tons a mum handling capacity of 6 to 7 million tons a year, when complete. During 1930 Gdynn handled nearly 3,200,000 tons of goods. Direct railway communication is being built linking Gdynn with Upper Silesia and Czechoslovakia on the one hand, and with Rumania and the Black Sea on the other. Zlotus

Revenue (1930-31) ...... Expenditure (1930-31) ...... Internal Debt (Dec 31, 1930) . External Debt (,,) 2,747,800,000 2,801,300,000 421,000,000 3,993,000,000 

CAPITAL, WARSAW, on the Vistula (which is spanned by four magnificent bridges), contains apanied by four magnineent bridges, contains many fine buildings; population 1330, 1, 109,478 Other large towns are Lodz (606,880), the centre of the textile industry; Lwow or Lemberg (240,725); Pozuan or Posen, on the Warta (247,753); Krauow, on the Vistula, a town of great beauty and the capital of medieval Poland (210,000); Wilhio (200,000); Katowice (130,000); Lublin (120,000); Sosnowiec (100,500); Czestochowa (110,000) and Bialistok (90,000)

BRITISH EMBASSY.

(No. 18, Nowy Swint, Warsaw.)

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,
His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir Wilham

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES. Warsaw (No. 10 Aleja Roz)-Consul, F. Savery, о. в к.

Vice-Consul, N. J. F. Leggett, Pro-Consul, Kazimierz Prauss. Bromberg (Bydcoszcz)-Vice-Consul, J. WinGdynia-Vice-Consul, C. H. Jeffrey. Katowice-Vice-Consul, C. F. W. Andrews. Invow-Vice-Consul, B. Taylor. Lodz-Vice-Consul, E. Gilbert. Poznan-Vice-Consul, B. W. A. Massey.

# PORTUGAL. (Republica Portuguesa.)

President of the Republic (1926-1930), General Antonio Oscar de Fragoso Carmona.

CABINET (1930).

Prime Minister, Gen. Domingos Augusto Alves da Costa Oliveira.

Finance, Dr Antonio de Oliveira Salazar. Foreign Affairs, Commander Fernando Angusto Branco.

Marine, Capt. Luiz de Magalhaes Correia. War, Col. Antonio Lopes Matèus. Colonies, Dr. Armindo R. Monteiro Education-Dr. Gustavo Cordeiro Ramos Justice and Religion, Dr. José d'Almeida Eusebio. Interwr, Dr. Mario Pais de Sousa. Agriculture, Col. Henrique Linhares de Lima. Commerce, Di. João Antunes Guimarães

Ambassador in London, His Excellency General Tomaz Antonio Garcia Rosado, K.Ö.M G. Embassy, 12 Gloucester Place, W.1. ast Secretary, Senhor João de Lebre e Lima. and Secretary, Senhor J. de B Ferrena da Fon-

Attaché, Senhor Antonio Rato Potier. Commercial Counsello and Consul-General (London), Senhor Joaquim Pedroso, 40, Wobum Sq., W.C. 1.

Portugal lies between  $36^\circ$   $58^\prime-4z$   $9^\prime$   $zz^\prime'$  N. lat. and  $6^\circ$   $zz^\prime$   $48^{\prime\prime}-9^\prime$   $zg^\prime$   $45^\prime'$  V long , being 30s miles in length from N. to S , and averaging about  $zz_7$  in breatth from E to W. Continental Portugal contamasa area of 34 500 square miles, with a population in 1920 of 6,032,991, and the Portuguese Colonies a total area of 800,400 square miles, with a population estimated at 10,384,381 The Azores and Madeira are regarded, not as colonies, but as a part of continental Portugal. The chief products are wheat, barley, oats, maize, fax, hemp, and the vine in elevated tracts; in the lowlands, rice, olives, oranges, lemons, citrons, figs, vines, and almonds. There are extensive forest of oak, chestnut, sea-pine, and cork, the cultivation of the vine and the olive being among the chief branches of industry; the rich red wine known to us as "port" is shipped from Oporto. Its mineral products are important—copper, lead, tin, antimony, coal, manganese, rron, slate, and bay-salt, which last, from its hardness and purity, is in demand. Its manufactures consist of gloves, silk, woollen, linen, and cotton fabrics, nietal and carthenware goods, tobacco, cigars, &c. The exports consist to the extent of so per cent. of wine, which is the chief industrial product of the country; others are cork, cattle, tin, copper-ore, fruits, oil, where a cork cattle, tin, copper-ore, fruits, oil, sardines, and sait. The imports are manufactured goods—hardware, cotton and woollen stuffs, machinery, wheat, sugar, dried fish, coal, &c. The mercantile marine (1920) number ed 62 steam vessels, with a tonnage of sea, say Railways 2,045 miles in extent were open for traffic in 1930, and there were 5,742 miles of telegraph line 111 1028.

Defence.—Service in the militia is universal and compulsory. The peace effective is about 35,000. War strength, about 150,000. The Navy consists of a few small ships of old pattern.

Air Fleet, 84 aeroplanes.

Education is free and nominally compulsory between the ages of 7 and 15, but is not strictly enforced, and about 54 per cent. of the population above 7 years old are illiterate. Secondary education is conducted in State lyceums. There are also military, naval and other special schools. There are Universities at Coimbra, Lisbon and Oporto.

o por so.	
	1930-31.
Revenue (estimate)	
Expenditure (estimate)	20,984,642
Floating Debt (March, 1930)	11,700,000
	30,427,639
Internal debt (Jan. r, r930)	14,480,745
1022	2030.
Imports£25,286,0	66 £24,038,025
Exports 10,732,3	
Imports from U.K 6,787,8	
Exports to U K 2,508,4	
CAPITAL, Lisbon Population	
(587,334) Oporto (Census of 19	
79 (1 1 141	

FLAG: Green and red, with arms in centre

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Rua Francisco de Borja 63, Lisbon.) Ambassador, Extraordinary & Plempotentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir Claud Frederick William Russell, K.C.M.G. (1931)

£5,250 Counsellor, F. E. F Adam. Counsettor, F. E. F. Adam.
and Secretary, R. A. Gallep.
Hon. Attache, M. Cheke.
Commercial Secretary, A. H. W. King.
Naval Attaché, Capt. J. V. P. Fitzgerald, R.N.
Asst. Naval Attache, Eng.-Com. G. Vullar,

Military Attaché, Major M M. Parry-Jones,

Translater (with local rank of and Secretary), R. P. Ray, M.B.E.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Lisbon-Consul (with local rank of Commercial Secretary, Grade 11), A. H. W. King.
Vice-Commile, A. E. Yapp, M.C.; Charles
Broughton.

Faro and Tavira-Vice-Consul, Candido P. dos

Portimito-l'ice-Consul, José P. d'Azevedo. St. Vincent-Vice-Consul, Capt J. L. Sands. Setubal-Vice-Consul, Joaquim P Fryxell Villa Real de Sante Antonio-Vice-Consul, M.

D. M Falconer.

Funchal (Madeira)—Consul, J. B. Browne. ... Vice-Consul, B. England.

St. Michael's (Azores)—Consul, R. T. Hayes. Fayal—Vice-Consul, Frederick Wood. Loanda-Consul - General, G. H. Bullock.

Vice-Consul, Hugh B. Fraser.
Lobito-Vice-Consul, A. E. Williams.
Mossamedes-Vice-Consul, R. W. Robiuson.

Lorenzo Marques—Consul-General, H. A. Ford.
Vice-Consul, J. L. Henderson.
Pro-Consul, Dennils Boam.
Beira—Vice-Consul, N. S. Gibbs.
Mozambique—Vice-Cons., O. L. Hart (acting).

Porto Amelia-Vice-Consul, A. Seymour Allford. Quilimane

Tete-Consular Agent, A. J. Correa da Silva. Macao (China)-Consul-General, The Consul-General at Canton, China.

Marmagao (Portuguese India)—Consul, C. H. C. Bowen, M.B E.

Oporto—Consul, H. W W. Bird.
Vice-Consul, Henry W. Coverley.
Figueira—Pro-Consul, M. dos Santos Aives. Portuguese Guinea - Consul - General, E. C

Buxton.

St. Jago-Vice-Consul, A. J. Barbosa da Silva. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN PORTUGAL, 4 Rua Victor Cordon, Lisbon (Branches at 15 Rua Costa Santos. Oporto, and 81 Rua dos Netos, Funchal, Maderra).

Lisbon, distance 1,110 miles; transit, 50 hours.

#### PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

CAPR VERDE ISLANDS, off the west coast of Africa, have an area of 1,525 square miles and a population of 148,300. Estimated revenue and expenditure 129-30, \$20,987,822; total trade (imports and exports) 1295, \$27,522,232; shipping entries (1220) 1,593 vessels (702 British)

SAO THOME and PRINCIPE ISLANDS, in the Gulf of Guinea (area 442 square miles, popula-tion 59,060. Estimated revenue and expenditure 1928-29, \$11,984,664; imports (1929), £450,060; exports, £739,850.

PORTUGUESE GUINEA, on the west coast of Africa, has an area of 14,000 square miles and a population of 806,973. Estimated revenue and expenditure 1927-28, \$34,920,060; imports (1919), \$39,778,129; exports, \$45,337,000.

ANGOLA (Angola and Kabinda) on the west coast of Africa has an area of 486,000 square miles and a population estimated at 3,000,000. Estimated revenue 1029-30, \$167,559,760, expenditure, \$166,217,050; imports (1929), Estimates expenditure, \$166,217,050; imports (1929), £3,142,150; exports, £3,819,200.

A transcontinental railway from Benguella

(Lobito Bay) in Angola, traversing the Katanga mineral district of the Congo and thence running southwards through Rhodesia to Buluwayo and eastwards to Berra is being developed under British, Belgian and Portuguese control. This line makes through communication from Lobito Bay on the Atlantic to Beira on the Indian Ocean.

MOZAMBIQUE, in East Africa (Delagoa Bay, Gazaland, Inhambane, Mozambique, Nyasa, quilimane, and Tete) has a total area of 287,755 square miles, with a population of 3,514,612. Estimated revenue and expenditure, 1929-30, 54,318,039; exports, 1929, 14,001,545 escudos (gold); imports, 11,335,517 escudos (gold).

PORTUGUESE INDIA has a total area of 1,470 square miles, with a population of \$48,242, and includes Goa, Damaun, and Diu. Estimated revenue and expenditure 1928-9. Rs. 5,169,306; imports (1929), Rs. 16,727,423; exports Rs. 5,186,396.

MACAO, in China, on the Canton River, has an area of 4 square miles and a population of 257,178.
Estimated revenue and expenditure 1259-30,
Patacas 4,781,493; imports, (1929),
Patacas 21,483,000; exports, Patacas 9,742,000.

i The total National Debt of Portugal, not including the War Debt, amounted (Jan s. 1939) to \$71,453,65, after deducting £45,345,25e, the value of the Govern-ment holding in the various loans.

PORTUGUESE TIMOR (the northern portion of the island), in the Malay Archipelago, has an area of 7,450 square miles, with a population of 394,518 Estimated revenue and expenditure 1927-28, Patacas 1,283,780; imports (1929), \$13,232,000; exports, \$16,454,000.

# RUMANIA. (România.)

King, Carol (Charles) born Oct. 15, 1893, succeeded June 8, 1930.

Hen Apparent, H. R. H. Prince Mihai (Michael), Grand Voevode of Alba-Inlia, born Oct 25, 1921, succeeded his grandfather as King, July 20, 1927 (until the return of King Carol).

#### CABINET (April 17, 1931).

President of Council and Minister of Education and Cults, Prof. Nicolae Jorga.

Finance (and Interior, ad interim), M. Constantin Argetoiann

Labour, Health and Social Welfare, Dr. I. Cantacuzino

Industry and Commerce, N. Vabilescu-Karpen. Army, General C. Stefanescu-Amza.

For eign Affairs, Demètre Gluka.

Justice, C. Hamanglu
Agriculture and Domains, G. Jonescu-Siseshti
Public Works and Communications, V. Valcovici.

Enpoy Extraordinary and Minister Plempotentiary in London, His Excellency Nicolas Titulescu.

Legation Offices, 4 Cromwell Place, S W 7. Minister Plenipotentiany, M Constantin Laptew nt Secretaries, M. Gregore Constantinescu, M. D. Buzdugan.

Military and Naval Attache, Com. Gheoighe

Niculescu.

Consul-General, (vacant).

Consul-Gen. (Hon.), M. G. N. Gologan, 5-7 St.

Mary Axe, E.C. 3.

Rumania is a kingdom of South Eastern Europe formerly the classical Dacia and Scuthia Pontica, territory roughly defined by the three great rivers banube, Theiss, and Dinester, whose central point is the line of the Carpathians. The kingdom is divided into the 7 Provinces of The Banat, Transylvania, Bukovina, Bessarabia, Muntenia, Oltenia and Moldavia. Rumania has its origin in the union of the Danublan principalities of Wallachia and Moldania (and the addition thereto of a strip of Southern Bessarabia) under the Treaty of Paris (April, 1856). The principalities remained separate entities under the suzerainty of the Turkish Empire until 1859, when Prince Alexandru Ion Cuza was elected Prince of both Principalities, still under the suzerainty of the Porte. Prince Cuza abdicated in 1866 and was succeeded by Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, in whose successors the crown is now vested. By the Treaty of Bertin (July 13, 1878) a new Principality (consisting of the two above mentioned) was recognised as an independent State, and part of the Debrudja (which had been occupied by the Rumanians) was incorporated in the new Principality. On March 27, 1881, the former Principality was recognised by the Great Powers as a Kingdom. Rumania is not a "Balkan" State. She took no part in the military operations of the Balkan League against Turkey in 1912-13. Her un-exhausted military power secured for her a re-

adjustment of her south-eastern (Dobrudja) frontier in 1913. In the War of 1914-1918, Rumania fought on the side of the Allies from Aug. 27, 1916, and after many vicissitudes (due mainly to the sudden collapse of the Russian Armies in 1917), she emerged in triumph at the cessation of hostilities. Her territories were greatly of hostilities. Her territories were greatly increased as a result of the War, and the ante bellum area of the Kingdom (74,46; sq. miles) may now be estimated at 123,000 sq. miles, and the rors population of 7,897.311 has been mereased to nearly 18,000,000. The dominating religion is that of the Greek (Orthodox) Church

GOVERNMENT.—The government is that of a Constitutional Monarchy, the legislative assembly consisting of a Senate (56 members) elected for 4 years, and of a Chamber of Deputies (56 members) elected for 4 years by universal suffrage, provision being made for the proportional representation of minority parties. The executive is entrusted to a council of ministers.

PRODUCTION.—The soil of Wallachia, Bessarabia, and Moldavia is among the richest in rabia, and Moldavia is among the richest in Europe. The agricultural produce consists of wheat, maize, milet, oats, barley, rye, beans, and peas. The wheat crop for 1931 was estimated at 3,480,000 metric tons. 194 400,000, maize 6,000,000, barley x 530,000, and oats 870,000 metric tons. Vines and fruits are abundant. The fertile plann of Transylvania yields large crops of maize, wheat, rye, oats, flax, and hemp, and the rich lands of Ressarable produce wheat, maize, barles, flax Bessarabia produce wheat, maize, barley, flax, tobacco, water melons, fruit, and grapes. Agri-culture and sheep and cattle raising are the puncipal industries of the kingdom, but the climate of this part of South-Eastern Europe is of the Continental character, with intense winter cold and summer heat, and flerce summer droughts sometimes defeat these principal in-dustries. The forests of the mountainous regions and extensive (17,795,353 acres), and the timber industry is important. The country is rich in minerals, and produces petroleum, sait, coal, hquite, iron, gold, and mica; the workers in the officials are the largest single unit of workers in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country is recommended in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the country in the officials are the largest single unit of workers in any one industry; the production of cride oil was x,885,225 metric tons in x913, 3,569,354 metric tons in x927, 4,300,000 metric tons in x928, 4,827,278 metric tons in x929, and 5,792,321 in x930. Manufactures are in their infancy, and the investor are observed. in 1333. Alamiacones are in their intakey, and the imports are clindify manufactured goods, textiles, machinery and metals; the exports consist principally of wheat, harley, manze, oatapetroleum, timber, cattle, salt and Indes. All large estates have been expropriated and divided among the peasants

DEFENCE. - Service in the Army is universal goo,ooo all lanks passed into the Armies of Rumanna, and of this number over as per cent. were killed or returned as "missing. resurgence of Nov. 1918, an anny of 400,000 was again in the field. This force was the deciding factor in the Rumano-Hungaulan question, and it drove the Bolshevik dictator (Bela Kun) into exile from Buda Pest There is a small Navy on the Black Sea and on the Danube (30 vessels).

Of the black sea and on the Dander 39 vesses, there being 19,374 schools with 1,612,753 in attendance. Secondary schools are well attended. There are also special schools and Universities at Eucharest, Jassy, Cluj, and

A Government High School of Cernauti. Commerce was opened in 1913.

COMMUNICATIONS.—In 1930 there were 7,364 miles of railway open for traffic in the whole kingdom; railway communication requires great development in order to cope with the problem of carrying the cereal crops to the shipping ports. There are a soo telegraph and telephone offices. The mercantile marine consists of about 120 steamers and 600 sailing vessels The Black Sea ports are Sulina and Constantza; the latter is liuked with the interior by a railway.

Budget expenditure ...... Public debt (Dec. 31, 1930) ..... 35,305,953,671 196,193,227,110

Imports ... .......leis9,897,000,000 leis2,540,939,000
Exports ... ... a8,926,000,000 a8,525,985,000
Imports from U.K. £2,378,984
£1,985,895 Exports to U.K. ... 2,965,750 4,786,745

CAPITAL, Bucharest, on the Dimbovitza, with population (Consus of 1930) of 631,383. Other towns are Chisinau (135,000), Cernautt (93,000), Ismail (86,000), Jassy (90,000), Gilatz (87,000), Timisioara (91,000), Braila (63,000), Oracles Mare (91,000), Arad (75,000), Cluj (207,000), Ploesti (67,000), and Craiova (75,000).

FLAG: Three vertical bands, blue, yellow, red.

BRITISH LEGATION.

(s4 Strada Jules Michelet, Bucharest 2) Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-potentiary, Charles Michael Palairet,

Commercia Sc. (Grade II), R. S. E. Humphreys (Strada Episcopiei, 6). Naval Attaché, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, R.N. Asst. Naval Attache, Eng. Com. G. Villar, R.N. Miliary Attaché, Lt.-Col. F. Sampson. Archivist, Norman L. Forter.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Galatz—Consul-General, T. B. Wildman.
Vice-Consul, J. R. M. Leako.
Bucharest—Vice-Consul, E. G. Schastlan, D.S. O.
Pro-Consul, D. G. Inglessis

Braila-Vice-Consul, Jack Corbu Constanza—Vice-Consul, J. A. Waite. Sulina—Vice-Consul, G. B. Marshall. Cluy-Consul, C. D. Elphick. Timisoara-Consul, Dr. Emil Szenes,

Transit, 34 days.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Bucharest,

# RUSSIAN UNION.

Soyuz Sovietskikh Sotsialisticheskikh Respublik-Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

President of the Council of People's Commissars (Soviet Narodnikh Commissarov or Sovnarkom), and of Council of Labour and Defence, Viacheslav Mikhailovich Molotov (Scriabine), born 1890, assumed office Dec. 20,

vice - Presidents, V. V. Kuibyshev; Y. E. Rudzutak,

President, State Planning Commission, V. V. Kuibyshev.

Foreign Affairs, M. M. Litvinoff. War and Marine, K. E. Voroshiloff.

Stabilized March, 1989, at 813'59-£1.

Foreign Trade, A. P. Rosenholtz, Transport, A. A. Andrelev.
Water Transport, N. M. Janson,
Posts and Telegraphs, A. I. Bykov.
Workers' and Peasants' Inspection, Y. RIGGINEAR.
President of the Supreme Council of National
Economy, G. K. Ordshonikidze.
Agriculture, Y. A. Yakovlev.
Labour, A. M. Tsikhon.
Supply, A. I. Mikoyan.
France, G. F. Grinko. Rudzutak.

Ambassador in London, Monsieur Grégoire Sokolnikoff. SOKOMIKOH.

Address of Embassy, Harrington House, 13 Kensugton Palace Gardens, W. 8.

Counsellor of Embassy, M. Dimitri Bogomoloff.

1st Secretary, M. Samuel B. Cahan.

Press Attaché, Alexis Veymann.

The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.-The federal system of Russia was adopted by the roth All-Russian Congress of Soviets on Dec. 37 rgsa. The Union covers the greater part of the area of the former Russian Empire, from which the independent states of Finland, Poland, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania have also been formed. The greater part of the remaining territory forms the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic (R.S.F.S.R.), which is in union with other Soviet Republics in R" sian territory to form the Soviet Union. Prior to the War of 1914-18 the Russian Empire of the Tsar Nicholas II. covered more than 8,500,000 square miles, with a population of about 183,000,000

The constituent Republics of the Union are :-

Republic. Sq miles
I. R.S.F.S.R. (Moscow). 7,638,004
II. Ukraine (Kharkov)... 274,372 8q miles Population. 94,865,174 III. Transcaucasia (Tiflis)
IV. White Russia (Minsk)
V. Turkmenistan 71,899 5,938,200 4,151,076 49,04z (Polterask) VI. Uzbekistan (Taskent) 188,60g 1,100,000 63,640 2,400,000 VII. Tajikistan (Stalinabad) 56,108 2,000,000

8,241,673 138,851,250

The rural population forms 80 per cent. of the whole.

According to the latest census returns (Jan. x 1948) the total population was 146,964,366, of whom 71,010,659 were males and 75,953,707 females. The returns include 29,498 persons

over roo years of age (zz,340 men, 17, z 8 women.)

The Union is governed by the Congress of Soviets of the Union, and during the intervals of sessions the supreme authority is vested in the Central Executive Committee of the Union. which consists of the Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities. The regular session of the Union Soviet Congress is convened by the Central Executive Committee ("Tsik") of the Union once a year. The Council of the Union consists of 37z members elected by the Soviet Congress of the Union from among the representatives of the several constituent republics, counted in proportion to the population of each republic. The Council of Nationalities is formed of representatives of the constituent and autonomous Soviet Socialist Republics on the basis of g representatives from each, and of representatives of the autonomous Provinces of the R.S.F.S.R. on the basis of x representative from each. The composition of the Council of Nationalities as a whole must be confirmed by the Congress of Soviets of the Union.

(The autonomous Republics of Ajaria and Abkhasia and the autonomous Province of Southern Ossetia scud one representative each to the

Council of Nationalities.)

The regular sessions of the Tsik meet three times a year, and in the intervals the supreme authority is vested in its Presulum, formed by the Tsik of the Union, of 22 members, amongst whom are included the whole of the Union-Council Presidium and the Presidium of the Council of Nationalities.

Chairman of Presidium, Michael Ivanovitch Kalimm (R.S.F.S.R.); G. T. Petrovsky (Ukraine); M. Musabekoff (Transcaucasia); A. G. Tcherviakoff (White Russia), M. Aitakoff (Turkmenustan); M. Khaizula-Khodzhaueff (Uzlekustan); M. Nusrakulla (Tajukistan)

Secretary, A. S. Yenukidsky. Representatives are elected to the Soviet Congress of the Union by indirect voting, each village Somet sending representatives to a l'olost Soriet, the Volosts to Uneza (district) Somets, the Unezas to Government Somets, and the last-named to the Congress of Soviets of the Union. The cities and townships Soviets send representatives to the Congress of Soviets Union on the basis of z deputy for each 25,000 electors, whereas the provincial Societs send z deputy for each 125,000 inhabitants.

The principal executive and administrative organs of the Tsik of the Union are . The Council of People's Commissaties, the Council of Labour and Defence, and the Supreme Court of the Union.

The People's Commissariats of the Union are divided into (z) Federal People's Commissariats for the entire Union, and (z) Joint People's Commissariats of the Union. Federal People's Com-missariats of the Union are: (a) War and Mailne, (a) Foreign Affairs (3) Foreign Trade, (4) Tians-port, (5) Post and Telegraph. The Joint People's Commissariats are (1) Supreme Connect of National Economy, (a) Finance, (3) Internal Trade, (4) Labour, (5) Workers and Peasants Inspection. The Federal Commissariats have their representatives in the constituent republics, who are directly subordinated to them The Joint Commissariats exercise their functions through corresponding Commissariats of the several constituent republics on their territories.

Each of the constituent republics has within its territory its own Congress of Soviets, its Central Executive Committee (Tsik), and Council Central Executive Committee (Tule), and Council of People's Commissaries (Sounarkom), the latter consisting of Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and the following Commissaries: (1) Chairman, Supreme Council of National Economy, (2) Finance, (3) Internal Trade, (4) Labour, (5) Workers' and Peasants' Inspection (all these are subordinate to the People's Commissaries of the Union), (6) Agriculture, (7) Education, (8) Health, (9) Social Welfare, (20) Justice, (21) Internal Affairs (the latter six independent), and also including with an advisory or deciding vote, according to with an advisory or deciding vote, according to the decision of the respective *Tsik*, the repre-sentatives of Federal Commissariats of the Union,

sentatives of rederal commissariate of the Union, i.e., of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade, War and Marine, Transport, Post and Telegraph.

The Council of Labour and Defence (Soviet Truda i Oborony, or S.T.O.) is attached and subordinate to the Soviatrom. and in addition to a general direction of commissariats in their

economic and military activity, has the power to ratify statutes of joint-stock companies and

The Supreme Court of the Union is attached to the Central Executive Committee, and has power and jurisdiction (1) to promulgate authoritative opinions on questions concerning general Federal legislation to the constituent republics, (a) to adjudicate controversies between the constituent republics, (3) to try charges against high officials of the Union for offences committed in the discharge of their duties. The Supreme

Court consists of 11 members.

To the Council of People's Commissaries (Somarkom) of the Union is attached a Joint State Political Department, formerly known as the Tcheka, but since rgas as the O.G.P.U. (Objectionna)e Gosudarstvennage Politicheskoje Upravleme), which is designed to combat political and economic counter-revolution, espionage and brigandage. The Charman of the O.G.P.U. is a member of the Council of People's Commis-saries of the Union. The O.G.P.U. is directed by special rules and regulations, which have not been promulgated The control of the legality of the acts of the O G.P.U. is exercised by the Attorney-General of the Union in accordance with a special decree issued by the Tsik.

#### I. SOVIET RUSSIA.

Rossijskava Sotsialisticheskava Federativnava Sovetskaya Respublika — The Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic.

President of the Council of People's Commissars, D. E. Sulimov.

Vice-Presidents, D. Z. Lebed; T. R. Ryskulov. Cha-man of Supreme Council of National Economy, K. K. Strievski.

Trade, N. B. Eismont.

Labour, M. M. Romanov.
Finance, V. N. Yakovleva.
Workers' and Peasants Inspection, N. J. Ihin.

Thereas and reasons impectors, 1 Central Statistical, N. P. Gorbunov. Internal Afairs, V. M. Tolmachevt. Justice, N. V. Krylenko. Rducation, A. S. Bubnov. Health, M. F. Vladimirski.

Agriculture, M. K. Muralov. Social Welfare, I A. Nagovitzin.

Communal Economy, N. P. Komarov. Communat Economy, N. P. Romarov.

The R.S.F.S.R. consists of 50 Governments and includes 12 Autonomous Republics and 10 Autonomous Provinces. Autonomous Republics: Bashkir, Tartar, Kirghiz, Mountain, Daginestan, Thrkestan, Crinica, Yakut, Karelia, Burlat-Mongol and Volga Germans. Autonomous Provinces Chuvash, Kalmuick, Mari, Voliak, Zyrlan (Komi), Oirad, Kabardan-Balkarsk, Karachai-Circassian, Adighe - Circassian, Tchetchen. (Komi), Olrad. Kabardian Balkarsk, Karachai-Circassian, Adighe - Circassian, Tchetchen. From the economic point of view this vast territory is usually divided into "Black Soil" and "Other Zones," the Black Soil Zone being subdivided into (2) Central Agricultural Region, (a) Middle Voica Region, (a) Lower Volga Region, (a) Northein Cancasus, (5) Sheris, (6) Kirghiz Autonomous Republic, (7) Crimea; while the Other Zones are (2) Western Region, (a) North-Western Region, (3) Central Industrial Itegion, (4) North-Eastern Region, (5) Basins of the rivers Vistka and Vetluga, (6) Ural. Government.—The Soviet Government, although

Government.—The Soviet Government, although composed of representatives indirectly elected by the masses, cannot be called representative, as no provision is made for "the opposition

to the executive power; and although the rural population (e., & per cent. of the population) elects usually a very small number of Communists (= Bolsheviks), nevertheless the Congress of the Soviets consists almost entirely of Communists. As to the cities and towns, only candidates nominated or approved by the Bolsheviks can succeed in these elections. Under Soviet rule individual liberty is considerably less than in the time of Tsardom, while freedom of speech and the liberty of the Press are definitely elemed to the popule.

ress are definitely denied to the people.

Local Government was, and still remains, highly developed The villages in Imperial Russia had their assemblies (skhod) under the presidency of a mayor (starosta); they were grouped into "volosts," the latter into districts (upezd), and these into governments (guberniya). The districts and governments had their elective councils (zenativo) for the administration of local affairs. Combined with this system of village communities was a highly organised system of co-operative trading, the population being grouped into voluntary local associations usually corresponding with local government areas. The produce of the soil was disposed of in return for manufactures obtained by the society and distributed at the co-operative shops. Municipalities were also administered by elective councils (dumas) under the presidency of a mayor (golova); but in many cases the local authority of such municipalities and local land councils (zenative) was overshadowed by the superior authority of the bureaucratic governor. After the Revolution, the village and other administrative units set up soviets of workers and peasants, and the provincial councils send representatives to the All-Russia Congress, municipalities having a double representation from their own soviet and from that of the province (or district) in which the numicipalities are situated.

municipalities are situated.

Education — Under the Bolshevik régime popular education is administered by a commissary, in whose charge have been placed all educational histitutions, theatres, museums, and galleries. Beyond this, the State has monopolised the photo-enematographic industry and the publishing of manuals for schools of all types; and as the Soviet Government possesses almost all the printing houses, it practically controls the printing and publishing trades. The education of the workers in the towns is facilitated by lectures and school teaching, but among the peasants in the rural districts even the inadequate provision formerly made has in many places been discontinued. Generally speaking, only children of workers and officials are allowed to attend the primary schools in towns, and only those who belong to the Communist youth or are members of the Communist party may enter secondary school and universities; exceptions to this rule are reduced to the minimum. The average salary of a village schoolmaster does not exceed & a month, which very often is not paid regularly Very often professors of universities and higher schools get a remunera tion of £4 to £7 a month. Only schools established by the Communist party for special party purposes are well supplied in every regard. In 1936 there were stated to be 8,000,000 pupils in the 95,000 elementary and secondary schools, and about s,000,000 in 6,000 advanced and technical schools; while there are two universities in Moscow and ar in other large centres.

Religion.—The Orthodox Church was disestablished by the Bolsheviks and all its property confiscated. All ecclesiastic schools, seminaries and academies have been abolished, and the teaching of religion to persons under 28 years of age forbiddeu. But the law does not forbid the exercise of religion, and churches remain open in virtue of contracts concluded between the congregations and the local authorities. A recent questionnaire addressed to the soldiers of the Red Army shows that 70 per cent. of them believe in a Delty. The clergy live on voluntary donations from their parishioners. On Feb. 24, 1918, the Soviet Government adopted the Gregorian (Western) Calendar.

# Soviet Union Budget, 1931.

Debt.—The outstanding Foreign Debt of Russia on Jun. 1, 1917 (before the Revolution), may be stated as under:—

Debt.

Since the revolution various internal loans have been raised, and these were stated to amount on Oct. x, x929, to a,623,x00,000 gold roubles.

Defence.—The Red Army, recruited by universal military service, consisted in 1928 of about 80,000 all ranks, including 37 cavalry brigades of about 3,000 men, and about 3,000 sallors serving on land. It was reported that the Red Air Fleet was to comprise an organisation of 10,000 aeroplanes for the year 1924; in 1926 it was stated to consist of less than 100 aeroplanes. The Red Navy is beheved to consist of a Dreadnought battleships launched in 1921, dold crusers, 13 destroyers, and 8 submarines.

# The Five Year Plan.

The Soviet Five Year Plan (1938-1933).—The avowed object of the Five Year Plan is to increase the industrial and agricultural production of the U.S.S.R. so that it may overtake and outstrip all other nations. For this purpose the territory is being equipped with factories, railroads, steamships, telegraphs, motor vehicles and tractors. The land is to be made to produce food, houses are to be built, and opportunities for recreation provided, so that the population may have these amenities in greater abundance than the peoples of capitalist nations. The Plan has the political aim of making the U.S.S.R. a far more powerful industrial, economical and political State, and the political aim is being pursued at the expense of the people, the products of the soil being employed primarily in payment of imports required for industrial development, even if starvation is thus imposed on the people. The principal industries undergoing development are asbestos (at Azbest), steel (at Magnetogorsk), manganese (at Ciniaiuri), tractors (at Cheliabinsk, Stallingrad and Kharkoff), wheat (at Baku), and tea and oranges (at Chakwa). The factories are to be provided with electric energy from Dniepostroy, where a dam is under construction, the work being under the superintendence of U.S. engineers. The political

1928-g

development of the Plan appears to be abreast, in most particulars, and in some directions shead, of the time schedule; and in April, 1931, M. Kuibyshev, Chairman of the State Planning Commission, stated that the Five Year Plan would be completed in 1932 (one year ahead of the schedule), and the Government had therefore decided to begin work on a new Five Year Plan for 1933-1936.

Agriculture—The Soviet Board of Statistics publish the following particulars of the har-

10000,				_
		Metric Tons.		
Crop.			1g26,	1989
Rye			19,159,190	20,359,140
Wheat			21,316,080	18,877,820
Barley			5 334 580	7,213,530
Oats			15,843,290	15,739,260
Maize .			3,378,950	3,018,660
Millet			2,945,960	3,112,670
Buckwheat			1,660 730	1,513,800
Other Cereals			1,862,920	1,906,630
Potatoes			39,904,300	45,629,700

The Live Stock are stated at :-

Animals.	ZQBQ	1930
Cattle	66,700,000	52,600,000
Horses	34,000,000	31,200,000
Sheep and Goats	147,200,000	89,900,000
Swine	20,900,000	12,200,000

Industry.—The natural riches of Russia in coal, iron-ores, copper, manganese, gold, platinum, timber, naphtha, and so on, are enormous. The value of the industrial output is stated at:—

		Metric Tons.			
Ores.			1027-28	zga8-ag.	
Iron			••••	5,357,000	7,265,000
Manganese .			••••	737,000	1,256,000
Copper				647,000	772,600
				34,840,000	38,431,000
Refined Oil				8,768,000	10,781,000

External Trade —The external trade of the U.S.S.R. for 1929-30 is stated as under in thousands of roubles.—

## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	Countries Great Britain Germany . U.S.A France Italy Czechoslovakia Latvia Persia Poland Turkey Scaudinavia Mongolia China Japan	( Russ	rts into in from 160,000 234,389 280,360 33,956 10,305 23,593 14,907 47,355 34,807 9,967 54,883 25,000 16,230
		•	
34,350	Netherlands .	••	8,155
	Belgium	•••	7,594
94,124	Other countries	<u>.</u>	91,921
1,003,170	Total	···	068,644

According to the Soviet Custom Returns there was a Balance of Trade in 1939-30 adverse to the U.K. of 1950-330,000 roubles, and in favour of the U.S.A. (235,780,000 roubles) and of Germany Astrakhan (180,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,000) (190,00

took 5, and Germany contributed a8 and took 24 per cent.

Board of Trade figures for transactions between Russia and Great Britain:—

 Communications.—Length of railroads in use:

 Year
 Miles

 1935-6
 .
 46,855

 1936-7
 47,022

 1937-8
 48,023

The principal railway lines are the main Euro-pean network from Leningrad, through Moscow to Astrakhan and across the Urals via Perm, Ufa, Samara and Saratov, with northern extensions to the Kola Peninsula and to Archangel and running southwards to the Baltic, the Crimea and the Caucasus ; the Trans Siberian Line from Chelyabinsk, on the Ural frontier, to Omsk, and round Lake Baikal to Chita and Stryetensk. From Chita the line crosses the Manchurian frontier (as the Eastern China Railway) to Harbin and Vladivostok, where a northward extension runs to Khabarovsk, The Amur Railway connects Stryetensk with Khabarovsk, and the Trans-Siberian line thus connects the western and eastern limits of Itossia on Russian territory. The Trans-Caspnan Railway runs from Kinanovodsk (opposite Baku) to Askabad, Mery, Bokhara, Samarkand, Khokand and Andijan, with a seemile branch from Mery to Kushk (near Herat) on the Afgl anistan boider. The Orenburg-Tashkent Line, from the European boundary, across the Kirghic Steppe to Kazalinsk, Perovsk and Tashkent, whence a short line connects with the Trans-Caspian system. The Trans-Caucasian Line runs through Georgia, Azetbaijan and Chita the line crosses the Manchurian frontier Trans-Caspian system. The Trans-Caucastan Line runs through Georgia, Azelbaijan and Armenia, from Batum and Poti, on the Black Sea, vid Trilis, to Baku, on the Caspian, where it is met by the European system of Rostov on the Don. From Trilis branches run to the Fon. From 1111s Drancins run to Kars, and val Erivan to Mount Ararat on the Armenian frontier, and to the Persian frontier at Julia There are in the Soviet Union (1927) 238,600 miles of inland waterways, of which 54,500 are navigable by steam vessels, and nearly 110,000 miles by rafts. The principal seaports are Leningrad and Kronstadt on the Gulf of Finland, Sevastopol and Novorossiysk (Black Sea), Archangel on the White Sea. and Ekaterininsk in the Kola River (Murmansk), Vladivostok (Sea of Japan), and Petropaulovsk in Kamtchatka.

Capital.—On March 14, 1918, the seat of Government was transferred from Petrograd to Muscow, which land a population 12 1920 of about 5,000,000 LENINGRAD (before the war "St. Petersburg," and until the death of Lenin, "Petrourad"), the former Capital, founded by Peter the Groat on the banks of the Neva in 1703, had a population in 1930 of about 1,500,000. Other centres are Sanatov (230,000), Rostov (320,000), Samara (150,000), Nijoi Novgorod (150,000), Voroneza (170,000), Kazan (250,000), Krasnova, formerly Ekaterinodar (150,000), Krasnova, formerly Ekaterinodar (150,000), Tomsk (90,000), Outsk (720,000), Irkutsk (170,000), Tomsk (90,000), Outsk (720,000), Vladivostok (100,000), Archangel had about 40,000

# II.-THE UKRAINE. (Ukraina.)

President, V. J. Tchubar.

On Nov. ar, rory, the greater part of "Little Russia," consisting of the former governments of Chernigov, Kharkov, Kieff, and Poltava (with Eksterinoslav and Kherson in "South Russia," and Podolia and Volkynia in "West Russia," was encouraged by Germany to declare itself independent as the Republic of the Ukraine. The new Republic was invaded by Germany in rory-18, and subsequently overrun we Roublich with South Russia and a military and committee by Bolshevik forces, and a military and economic alliance was concluded between Samet Russia and the Utraviae Socialist Soviet Republic (Dec. 28, 1920). The majority of the inhabitants belong to the Greek Orthodox Church. The chief town and seat of government is Kharkoff (pop. 1083, 312,000), other large centres being Odessa, the great port on the Black Sea (with a populatne great port on the Black Sea (with a population in 1933 of 125,000). Kieff (1901. 1933, 405,000). Ekaterinoslav (pop. 1933, 127,000). Nikolayev (81,000), Poltava (85,000), and Taganrog (100,000). The Ukraine is the great cereal-growing district of Russia, and before the Great War the harvests exceeded 1,000,000,000 poods; during the Civil War the production was reduced to 28g million poods. But in 1932 it had increased 385 million poods, but in 1923 it had increased to 700 millions. In 1923 it had increased to 700 millions. In 1924 there were 122 sugar-beet factories (a00 in 1915) producing 10,000,000 poods (500 millions in 1924-15). The Ukraine also contains large deposits of iron ore Ukraine also contains large deposits of iron ore and coal, and is the principal source of the European supply of quicksilver. Agriculture is the principal industry, and there are large iron and steel works. Before the Great War the exports from the Ukraine (grain, sugar, hides, bristles, quicksilver, and wool) were of the annual value of about £75,000,000, and the imports (manufactured goods and machinery) about £50,000,000.

CAPITAL, Kharkoff. Population (1926), 417,342. Other towns: Dniepropetrosk, 233,000; Kieff, 514,000; Nikolaieff, 105,000; Odussa, 481,000; Poltava, 92,000.

# III.—TRANSCAUCASIA. (Zakavkarskaya F.S.S.R.)

President of the Council of People's Commissars. M. D. Orakhelashvili.

The Transcaucasian Federation consists of three Socialist Soviet Republics:

Republic. Armenia		Population. 1,339,969 2,135,033 2,463,098
	74,105	5,938,100

# Armenia, or Hyastan. (S.S.S.R.A.)

President of the Council, M. S. Hambartsumian. Armenia occupies the uplands between the Iranian plateau and Asia Minor, and is bounded by the Black Sea on the N., by Kurdistan on the S., by Azerbaijan on the E., and by Turkey on the W. Until the outbreak of the Great War it was

the meeting of the former Turkish, Persian, and Russian boundaries is Mount Ararat (17,160 feet), the traditional resting place of "Noah's Ark." In the uplands the climate is severe, ark." In the uplands the climate is severe, but in the valleys and plains the soil is fertile, producing all kinds of cereals, cotton, rice, sesame, hemp, flax, and tobacco. Sericulture (silkworm breeding), sheep-breeding, and fruit growing are capable of great development. Armenia has great mineral resources hardly as yet developed. Naphtha, sulphur, bitumen, and nitre abound, while the mountains yield salt (mineral and in solution), gold, silver, copper, lead, fron and valuable marbles; there are also numerous hot and cold mineral springs (similar in nature to those of Vichy); more than half the supply of copper from Russia was derived in 1974 from Soviet Armenia, and the value of carpets manufactured in 1974 exceeded 20,000,000 gold roubles. The Armenian Church is the oldest established Christian church, Christianity having been recognised as the State religion in having been recognised as the State religion in 300, and from the 5th century there is a national language and literature. Cu account of their religion the Armenians have suffered a general persecution by Islam, particularly in the vilayet of Sivas, Bitlis, Diarbekir, Mamuret-el-Aziz, Van, and Erzerum, where massacres have frequently occurred. In 1913-17 there were wholesale deportations and massacres of the Christian population of Turkish Armenia, while the Armenian Christians of Azerbaijan and of Russian Armenia were similarly treated by Turkish and Kurdish hordes. In 1918 the Supreme Council of the Allied Powers recognised the independence of the Republic of Armenia. Under the Treaty of Peace with the Allies (May ri, 1920), Turkey recognised the independence of Armenia, with its capital at Erivan. In 1920 a Bolshevik movement set up the Armeman Socialist Soviet Republic, on the lines of the Moscow government.

CAPITAL, Erivan; population, 65,000. Leninkan (formerly Alexandropol) 43,000.

# Georgia, or Sakartvélo. (G.S.S.R.)

President of the Council, M. Ivanoff Kavkazsky. The Socialist Soviet Republic of Georgia includes two autonomous Republics (Abkhasia and Adjaria), and one autonomous Province (Southern Ossetia).

Georgia, a former Kingdom in Transcaucasia with a history of more than 2,000 years as a State, was annexed by Russia in 2802 in violation of the Treaty of Alliance of 1783. At the beginning of 1783 tregained its independence, but in 1783 the country was occupied by Bolshevik forces and became a member of the Transcaucasian Federation. Soviet Georgia is bounded on the N. by the Caucasian Mountains, on the S. by Armenia, on the E. by the Republic of Azer-baijan, and on the W. by the Black Sea. There are 970 miles of railway, the trunk line counceting the Black Sea ports of Potl and Batoum with Baku, on the Caspian. Batoum and Baku are also connected by a petroleum pipe-line. The manganese ore beds are the richest in the world, by the Black Sea Ou lief N., by Aurdistan on the R., and by Turkey on the R., by Azerbaijan on the R., and by Turkey on the W. Until the outbreak of the Great War it was shared between Turkey (25,600 sq. miles). Russia (so.58) sq. miles), and Persia (6,518 sq. miles). The continues the produced in considerable quantities, and at their rise within its boundaries, and at Wine is produced in considerable quantities, and the tobacco plant (chiefly in Abkhasia) yielded 800.000 poods in 1914, a great deal of which was imported by Egypt and produced as local grown. Timber (especially box) is an important industry. Oil wells with unproved quantities of crude oil have been discovered in many places, particularly in the Shirak Steppe. The chief town larly in the Shirak Steppe. The chief town and seat of government is Tiffis, population 300,000; the administrative centre of Abkhasia being Sukhum (63,000), and of Ajaria, Batum (23,000); other large centres being Kutais (50,000) and Poti (zz,oco).

CAPITAL, Tiflis. Population (1925), 400,000.

# Azerbaijan. (A.S.S.R.)

President, M. Musoabekoff.

Azerbaijan, on the south-western shore of the Caspian Sea, extends from the Caucasus in the north to Persia in the south, and from the Caspian on the east to Armenia and Georgia. It includes the provinces of Baku, Hanjin (Elisavetpol), the district of Zakathal and the autonomous territories of Nakhitchevan and Nagorni-Karabach. More than 75 per cent. of the Karabach. More than 75 per cent. of the people are Muhammadaus. The Azerbaijan Socialist Somet Republic entered the Union as a Member of the Transcaucasian Federation on Dec. 31, 1922. The Republic is very rich in Dec. 31, 1922. The Republic is very rich in minerals (naphtha, magnetic ironstone, and manganese), but oil is the principal industry, concentrated in the Baku region, the production being 466,800,000 poods in 1914, and 113,000,000 poods in 1913-3. Hishing is also important, and 15,000,000 poods of caviare were produced in

15,000,000 poons of caviare were produced in 1922. The principal crop is cotton.

The CAPITAL is Baku (pop 460,000) on the shor of the Caspian Sea, the centre of the petroleum industry. Baku is connected by railway with Batum (Georgia) on the Black Sea, via Tilis, and with Moscow, via Rostov. Other towns are Hanjin (60,000), Kuba (14,000) and Nuclia (23,000).

# IV .- WHITE RUSSIA.

# (Byelorussiya.)

President (and Chairman of the Central Executive Committee), A. G. Tchervyakoff.

The independence of White Russia was recognised by Soviet Russia in 1919, and a military and economic alliance was concluded Jan 16, rgar. The independent republic covers the former government of Minsk and parts of Yitebsk and Moghiler. The political neighbours are Lithuania and Poland on the west, and the Ukraine on the south. The capital is Minsk (pop. 121,520), where there is a University founded by the Sout Government; other towns are Gomel (87,000), Bobrunsk (51,000) and Moghileff (50,000).

CAPITAL, Minsk. Population, 131,530.

#### V.-TURKMENISTAN.

(T.S.S.R.)

President, M. Atabaieff.

Turkmenistan is bounded on the west by the Caspian Sea and on the south by Persia, with Afghanistan as a south-eastern neighbour. Eighty-five per cent. of the inhabitants are Muhammadan Turkomans, with about ten per cent. Muhammadan Uzbegs and five per cent Russians of the Orthodox faith. The seat of administration is temporarily at Poltarask (formerly Achabad), other centres being Merv

(22,000) and Karichi (20,000). Krasnovodsk is a port on the Caspian and a railway terminus on the Trans-Caspian line.

CAPITAL, Poltarask (52,000).

# VI.-UZBEKISTAN. (U.F.S.R.)

Sq. miles. Population. Bokhara ...... 50,000 Z,000,000 Khiva ..... 13,640 400,000

President, Achun Babaieff.

Bokhara lies between Turkmenistan (on the W.), the Kara Kalpak territory of the R.S.F.S.R. (on the N.), and is bounded on the south by Afghanistan. The majority of the inhabitants are Muhammadan Uzbegs. The former capital (Old Bokhara) is a station on the Russian Trans-Caspian Railway. The principal products are rice, wheat, fruit, hemp, cotton, silk, and carpets. hyports (mainly to Russia) are agricultural products and silk and cotton manufactures; imports are principally manufactured goods and sugar. The Emirate was abolished in rese and the Emir fied to Afghanistan. A Soviet Republic of Bokhara was established and its independence was recognised by Soviet Russia by treaty of March 4.

Khiva, or Khorezm, formerly the Khanate of Khiva, lies between Bokhara and the Kara Kalpak territory of the R.S.F.S.R., and has a population of whom about half are nomads, and nearly all Muhammadans. The country occupies the fertile delta of the Oxus and is highly pro-

the letthe delta of the UNIS and is highly productive (rice, wheat, cotton, silk, fruit, hemp).

CAPITAL OF UZBEKISTAN, Taskent (population 700,000). Other towns: Samarkand (ro6,000); Andijan (80,000), Bokhara (50,000), Kokand (70,000). Namagan (71,000). Khiva has about 20,000 inhabitants.

# VII.-TAJIKISTAN.

Tadzhik.-The autonomous Soviet State of the Tadzhik lies between Bokhara (on the W.) and the Kara Kirghiz territory of the R.S.F.S.R., with Afghanistan as a southern neighbour. The inhabitants are largely nomads, and almost all are Minamundaus. The estimated area is 56, ro8 square miles, with a population of about 2,000,000

CAPITAL, Stalinabad; population, 6,000. Other centres, Kojent 38,000, and Dura-Tube 22,000.

#### BRITISH EMBASSY.

(Sofiskaya Naberezhuaya 14, Moscow ) 

The Secretary, B. A. wa well.

The Secretary, J. D. Gleenway

Commercial Counsellor, G. P. Paton, C.B.E.

Commercial Secretary (Grade III.), S. Smimonds.

Archivest and Accountant, G. W. Vincent.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES, Leningrad—Consul-General, R. W. Bullard, C.I.E.
Vice-Consuls, F. H. Todd; A. J. Cave,
Moscow—Consul, D. W. Keane
"Vice-Consul, L. Pott.

# SALVADOR.

# (Republica de El Salvador.)

President (1931-1935), Señor Arturo Araujo, assumed office March 1, 1931.

Vice-President, General M. Hernandez Martinez-Foreign Affairs, Education, Justice, Charity and Health, Senor Dr. Don Reyes Arrieta Rossi,

Interior Development, Agriculture and Labour, Senor Dr. Don Jonquin Novoa.

Finance, Industry and Commerce, Senor Dr. Don Francisco Espinosa.

Consul-General, Señor L. A. Gallardo, 7 Union Court, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

The Republic of Salvador extends along the Pacific coast of Central America for 170 miles, with a general breadth of 43 miles, and contains an estimated area of 13,176 square miles, with a population estimated in 1331 at 1,437.157. It is divided into 14 departments. In 1332 there

were 6r.ogr births and 24,689 deaths.
Salvador was conquered in 1526 by Pedro de
Alvarado, and formed part of the Spanish viceroyalty of Guatemala until 1821. In 1840 the Republic broke away from the federation of Central American States. The government is Central American States. The government is based upon a written constitution and 1s composed of (a) the Executive power, which is exercised by the President, (b) the Legislative power, which is in the hands of the National Assembly, and (c) the Judicial power, which rests ultimately with the Supreme Court. Elections take place once every four years, and the President is inclugible for a successive term.

The surface of the country is very mountainous, many of the peaks being volcanoes. The highest peak is the Santa Ana volcano (8,300 feet). Much of the interior has an average altitude of z,000 feet The lowlands along the coast are generally hot and unhealthy, but towards the intenor the altitude tempers the severity of the heat and much has been done in recent years to improve sanitary conditions and There is a wet season (winter) from services. May to October, and a dry season (summer) from November to April. Earthquakes have been frequent in the history of Salvador, the most recent being that of roro, when great damage was done to the capital and other towns.

The principal river is the Rio Lempa There is a large volcanic lake (Hopango) a few miles to the east of the capital, while further away and to the west lies the smaller but very picturesque lake of Coatepeque, which appears to have been formed in a vast crater flanked by the present Santa Ana volcano. The eastern spur of this volcano forms the peak of Izalco, which is in an almost constant state of volcanic activity, and (on account of its visibility from the ocean) is known as "The lighthouse of the Pacific."

The chief industry is the cultivation of coffee, which is grown under shade-trees principally on the slopes of the volcanoes; cane sugar is also produced, as well as maize, indigo, rice, balsam, etc. Cotton-growing on a large scale was commenced in spat, but on account of the ravage wrought by insects it was practically abandoned after two seasons. In the lower attitudes towards the east henequen is produced. The principal exports are coffee (sometimes over 90 per cent. of total value), sugar, indigo, balsam, to La Libertad. The first route is the quickest.

henequen, hides and skins. The chief imports are cotton textiles, four, from and steel goods, lard, motor cars, manures, jute sacks, chemical products, cement, petrol, thread. A British railway nearly no miles in length connects Acajutla with the capital and with the important ACRIMON WHO the Capital and with use important coffee centre of Santa Ann. A line from the port of La Union (on the Gulf of Fonseca) to the capital was opened in rear. Two new lines were opened in rear, one from the capital to Santa Lucia, a suburb of Santa Ana, tapping the upper Lempa Valley; the other from the coffee centre of Ahuachapan to Santa Lucia. A new line from Santa Lucia to Zacapa (in Guatemala) was opened to traffic in 1930 and affords continuous railway communication between San Salvador and Guatemala City and Barrios During reacts the re-draining and re-paving of most of the capital were com-pleted, and plans have been made for the macadamizing or paving of several hundred miles of rural roads, many of which are now impassable during the reiny season. There is a good motor road between the port of La Libertad and the capital, while motor transportation is usually possible in the dry season between the capital and Guatemala City, over the International road opened in 1933.
The Pan-American Airways maintain regular sevices connecting San Salvador with the U.S. rud Guatemala Mexico-Brownsville, and vid Havana-Miami, and connecting with Panama via Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica.

There are 202 post-offices and 257 telegraph offices. There is a wireless (receiving and transmitting) station at the capital, and during 1926 a broadcasting station was inaugurated.

The language of the country is Spanish.

Revenue	2030 Colony 21.064.881
Expenditure	27.045.4KI
Funded Debt	36,015,393
Floating Debt	7,611,527
Imports	24,872,000
Exports	27,313,000
Imports from U K	3,050,350
Exports to U K	x48,899

Average Exchange 1930, Colone 9'88 = f.1.

CAPITAL, San Salvador. Pop. circ. 90,000. Other towns are Sant: Ana (70,000), San Miguel (40,000), San Vicente (30,000), Nueva San Salvador or Santa Tecla (26.000

FLAG: Three horzontal bands, light blue, white, light blue.

BRITISH LEGATION.

British Minister (see Guatemala).

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

San Salvador-Consul and Charge d'Affaires (ad interim), D. J. Rodgers.

Vice-Consul, Sydney M. Stadler. Acajutla-Vice-Cons., H. J. Towning.

Cutuco-Vice-Consul, Capt. John E. Griffiths.

Salvador is 5,700 miles from London; routes (a) New York, New Orleans, Puerto Barrios (Guatemala) and thence by rail; (b) New York and direct steamer to La Libertad; (c) direct steamer to Panama Canal and thence by steamer

#### SAN MARINO.

Regents, Two "Capitani Reggenti."
Consul-General for San Marum in Great Britain,
Grand-Uff. Melvill A. Januesos, 42 Pali Mall, S.W. z.

Vice-Consul, Comm. Giovanni Sovrani

A small Republic in the hills near Runiui. on the Adriatic, founded, it is stated, by a pious mason of Dalmatia in the 4th century, and governed by a Conneil of 60, of whom two are governed by a comment at 60, or whom two as elected as Regents for six months (x April and x October), being thereafter ineligible for office for three years. The area is 38 square nilles, the population 28,952. There is an army of the population 18,958. There is an army of about 1,000. The city of San Marino (pop 2,000) occupies the slope of Mount Titano, and has an impregnable castle, where King Berengar of Lombardy took refuge in 950 A.D., a fine church and theorement palace, and a theatre. The principal industries are wine, cereals, cheese, oil and cattle raising, in addition to the utilization and export of gravel from Mount Titano and production of white and hydraulic lime at Serravalle A Treaty of Extradition was con-cinded between the Governments of Great Britain and the Republic of San Marino on Oct. 16, 2800. An electric railway is under construction from Rimini.

FLAG: Two horizontal bands, white, blue (with coat of arms of the Republic in centre)
British Consul-General, E. R. Secombe (Leg-

horn, Italy).

#### SARRE TERRITORY.

Under the Treaty of Versailles Germany renonuced the government of the Same Basin in favour of the League of Nations, the government being entrusted to a commission of 5 members nominated for one year by the League At the expiration of 15 years from Jan. 10, 1920, the population will be called upon to decide by a plebiscite the government under which they wish to be placed. The total area is about 743 aquare miles, with a population of about 774,546. The chief towns are Sarrebruck (125,020), Neunkirchen (4x,03x) and Saint Inghert (20,8x7).

#### SERBIA. See Yugoslavia.

# SIAM.

(Muang Tal.)
King, Prajadhipok, born Nov. 8, 1893; succeeded

Nov. 26, 1925 Foreign Minister, H.H. Prince Devawongs Varodava.

Envoy Extraordinary & Minister Plenipotentiary London, H.S II Prince Varnvaidya, 23 miles of telegraph lines. Ashburn Place, S. W 7.

The Kingdom of Stain, or Minang Tai (area about 195,000 square nules; population, 1929, 12, 206,207), is a buffer State between British Burma and French Indo-Chma, and its integrity is guaranteed by the British and French Governments by the Auglo-French Agreement of April, The King is an absolute monarch, and appoints his successor. There is an Executive Council of Ministers with an adviser in Foreign affairs (usually of American nationality), and a Financial adviser (hitherto always of British nationality), and, since 1895, a legislative Council of State, consisting of the Munsters, eight royal princes, and over twenty members appointed by the King, who has an absolute power of veto.
There is also a Supreme Council of Five which

advises the King in important matters. number of English, French, Italians, Danes, and Americans are employed in the various State departments. There is an army of nearly 50,000 men, and a few small gunboats; compulsory unlitary service has been introduced. The Kingdom contains many Chinese (largely engaged in trade and industry), besides Sians, Laos, Malays, Burmese, and Cambodians, and over 1,800 Europeans. The principal religion is Buddhism. There are 364 Government schools and 4,724 schools of all kinds, attended by 448,36 children. The Chulalankaran University is organised with faculties of medicine, political science, ongineering, and literature and science. The upper part of Shan is mountainous, the

lower flat. Bangkok is the only much-frequented port. Eighty-five per cent. of samese sea-horne trade, which centres at Bangkok, is with the British Empire, and is largely in the hands of British firms or of Chinese trading from Singapore and Hong Kong. Norwegian shipping holds the lead in tonnage, followed closely by British. The chief products of Siam are rice, teak, and tin (from Lower Siam) The area under rice is being much onlarged by irrigation and by railway extensions, bringing the provinces into closer touch with the capital. There is a large number of rice nulls, mostly in or near Bangkok. The teak industry in the great forests of N. Siam is mainly in English hands. It 1928 ap irce constituted 69, tin 7 and teak 44 per cent of the exports from the port of Bangkok, while hides and marine products are also exported in considerable quantities. Among imports are treasure, cotton goods and yarn, silk goods, provisions, gunny bags, kcrosene, sugar, opinin, inctals and metal wares, machinery, &c. The general tariff rate is 5 per cent. ad ratherm. Burma imports teak and cattle overland from Sian, and exports thirther cotton and silk goods, &c. Except tin, wolfram, rubies and sapplines, there are no important nuneral products as yet About x.880 miles of tailroads (mostly State-owned) are now open for traffic Railways from Bangkok un to Waniedt (357 miles N.E.), with an extension (13 miles) to The Chang, Chrongman (452 miles N. of Bangkok), Aranya Prades (130 miles E); the southern line to Trang, on the west coast of the Malay Pennisula, was open to traffic in October, 1916, and in July, 1918, was completed to the Kedah border, where function with the Federated Malay States Railway system was effected The E. coast line to Sunger Golok (Kelantan) has also been opened to traffic There is through railway connexion between Bangkok and Penang and Singapore. Good roads are few. There are 4,000

79.8 29 2929-30, Ordinary Revenue . .... *£9,317,389*£9,855,550 9,839,58a 11,384,676 Ordinary Expenditure .. .. 9,257,577 Public debt (March 31, 1930) ******* Total imports . ..... £17, 54,000 £18,792,000 Total exports ... ... .. 22,052,000 19,980,000 1930.

1989 Imports from U.K. ..... **2,365,coo** 2,050,000 Exports to U.K. ....... 261,000 290,360 (APITAL, Bangkok. Population (1927), 548,400. 290,360

BRITISH LEGATION.

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Cecil Francis Joseph Dormer, M V.O. (1929) ...... £3,650 Archicist. F. W. T. Turness.

. At 7 iculs 20 80 = £1

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Bangkok-Consul-General, John F. Johns, C.M.G. ", Vice-Consul, H R. Rird. Chiengman-Consul, J. Bailey

Nakawn - Lampang-Vice-Consul, R. A. N. Hillyer.

Senggora-Consul, H. F. C. Walsh.

# (España.)

On April x4, x93x, following the results of the Municipal Elections, which showed antimonarchical feeling to be extremely high in all the chief towns of Spain, King Alfonso XIII. left the country, and the Queen and other members of the Royal Family on the following day. A Republic was immediately proclaimed and a Provisional Government, drawn from the various Republican and Socialist parties, was formed. Elections for a Constituent Assembly were held on June 28, and the Assembly met on July 14 and passed a vote of confidence in the Provisional Government, which was later reconstituted as under :-

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT President of the Cabinet and Minister of War, Don Manuel Azana Minister of Justice, Don Fernando de los Rios.

Marine, Don José Giral. Finance, Don Indalecio Priato. Interior, Don Santiago Casares Quiroga Instruction and Fine Arts, Don Marcelino

Domingo. Public Works, Don Alvaro de Albornoz Labour, Don Francisco Largo Caballero

National Economy, Don Luis Nicolau d'Oliver Communications, Don Diego Martinez Bairio-Foreign Affairs, Don Alejandro Lerroux.

Ambassador in Lowlon, Exemo Schor Don Ramon Perez de Ayala, 24, Belgrave Squarc,

Counsellor, Señor Don Bernardo Rolland. counsettor, Senor Don bernardo Konland.

zat Secretary, Señor Don F. Valdes.

znd Secretary, Señor Don Javier Bernejillo

zrd Secretary, Señor Don Jacunto Ventosa.

Military Attaché, (vacant).

Naval Attaché, Lient.-Com. Señor Don J. Pastor

Agricultural do., Señor Don Jose Da Casa

Commerial Attaché, Señor Don Ramon de

Overzum.

Ovarzum.

Consul-General, Illmo. Senor Don Enrique Gaspar, so, Gordon Square, W.C. z. Consul, Senor Don Eduardo Danis.

A Republic situate in the south-west of Europe, between 36°-43° 45' N. lat. and 4° as' E -9° ao' W. long., bounded on the south and east by the Mediterranean, on the west by the Atlantic and Portugal, and on the north by the Bay of Biscay and France, from which it is separated by the Pyrenees; and occupying the larger portion of the great Iberian Peninsula. Its coast-line extends 1,317 miles—712 formed by the Mediterranean and 605 by the Atlantic—and it comprises a total oog by the Austric—and it comprises a total area of 196,700 English square miles, and an estimated population, in Jan. 1924, of 21,753,000—120 to the square mile. The interior of the peninsula consists of an elevated tabeland surrounded and traversed by mountain ranges the Eugenese the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the Containing the content of the containing the content of the containing the content of the content of the containing the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the cont the Pyrenees, the Cantabrian Mountains, the Sierra Guadarrama, S. Morena, S. Nevnda, Montes de Toledo, &c. The principal rivers are the Douro, the Tagus, the Guadiana, the Guadal- tauts.

quiver, the Ebro, and the Minho. Spain is rich in iron, copper, and lead; its mineral resources are only partially exploited, and principally by foreign capital under foreign direction. In 1930 the coal production was 7,547,094 tons, of which 6,546,824 were pit coal, 380,304 lignite, and 620,066 anthracite. The country is generally fertile, and well adapted to agri-culture and the cultivation of heat-loving fruits—as olives, oranges, lemons, almonds, pomegranates, and dates. The agricultural products comprise wheat, barley, maize, oats, rice, with hemp and flax of the best quality. The with hemp and flax of the best quality. The vine is cultivated in every province; in the south-west, Jerez, the well-known sherry and tent wines are made; in the south-east, the Malaga and Alicante. The principal articles imported are raw cotton, spirits, fish, wheat and flour, sigar, coal, tanber, woollen manufactures, machinery and railway materials, hides, &c. The principal exports are wine, copper and copper ores, lead, iron ores, olive oil, raisins, oranges, cork, esparto grass wool, salt, quick-silver, grapes, &c. Trade was for many years mostly confined to France and Great Britain, but Germany had, before the War, become a serious Germany had, before the War, become a serious competitor, while the United States and Belgium shale an increasing proportion of Spanish trade. Home manufacture is protected by high customs distage.

In 1929 there were 10,197 miles of railway open and 70,000 miles of telegraph line. The sea-going mercantile marine over 50 tons, on Jan. 1, 1931, consisted of 1,276 steamers (1,189,655 tons) and 394 salling vessels (50,277 tons). In 1929, 22,094 vessels of 33,627,024 tons entered and 19,534 vessels of 32,752,245 tons cleared at Spanish ports.

Defence. - In 1931 the Army was reduced from x6 Divisions to 8 Infantry Divisions and x Cavalry Division, having an authorized Peace establishment of 4,94z officers and 98,114 men for the Spanish Peninsular Army and of 1,876

officers and 4,849 men for the Army in Morocco.
The Navy consists of 3 (15,700-ton) battleships and 3 modern cruisers, with x old battleship and 4 old cruisers; there are also 7 torpedo-boat dostroyers, 20 torpedo-boats, 7 submarines, and

az gunboats.

Education, Primaru, is nominally compulsory and mainly free, and is State-aided, the public schools being maintained by local taxation. Many private schools are under clerical control, and supervision is lacking. Secondary High Schools are in each province, but the curriculum is defective. Unrevisities at Barcelona, Gianada, Madrid, Murcia, Oviedo, Salamanca, Santiago, Saragossa, Seville, Valencia, and Valladolul.

Revenue (Budget, 1931) Expenditure (Budget, 1931)	Pesstas. 3,721,000,000 3,602,000,000
National Debt (1928)	18,010,804,200
Floating Debt (1928)	2,736,700,000
Total exports (1929)	2,108,100,000 356,600,000
Exports to U.K. (zoro)	300,200,000

CAPITAL Madrid Population (1927), 808,366. CAPITAL Matrial Population (1927), 505,305. Other large cities are Baicelona (760,348), Valencia (257,345), Seville (215,107), Malaga (158,773), Saragossa (153,681), Murcia (152,945), Bilbno (148,383), Granada (107,124), and there are 18 other towns with over 50,000 inhabiFLAG: Three equal horizontal bands (red, yellow and purple, the yellow band charged with the Arms of Spain).

### BRITISH EMBASSY. (Calle Fernando el Santo, 16, Madrid 4.)

British Ambassador, His Excellency Rt. Hon. Sir George Grahame, G C.M.G , Counsellor of Embassy, G. G. Knox, C.M.G. 2st Secretary, J. H. Leche, O.B.E.

set Secretary, G. P. Labouchere.
Hon. Attaches, P. T. Robinson; John Mallet.
Commercial Sec. (crade I.) (Alcalé Galiano,
5, Madrid), A. A. Adams.
Naval Attaché, Capt. J. U. P. Fitzgerald, R. N.
Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng. Com. G. Villar, R.N.

Military Attaché, Maj. M. M. Parry-Jones, M.C

Chaplain, Rev. H B, Firth Archivist, G. W. M. Harpley.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES

Barcelona—Consul-General, Norman King, C.M.G , Vice-Consuls, A. H. Marlow; George R. Snither; J. W. Witty, M.B.E. Alicante and Santapola—Vice-Cons., José Tato.

Burriana and Castellon-Vice-Consul, P. D. Learoyd.

Denut-Vice-Consul, S. H Scarlett. frandia, de.—Vice-Cons., F. Romaguera.

Iviza (Bal. Is.)—Vice - Cons., J. Escandell

Palma (Bal. Is.)—Vice-Cons., W. Ivan Lake.

Port Mahon (Bal. Is.)—Vice-Cons., Carlos Movsi-Semet.

San Felnu de Guzols—Vice-Cons., José Sibils. Tarragona—Vice-Consul, I Navario. Torrevieja—Vice-Consul, A. Ballester.

Valencia—Consul, E. Harker, O.B.E., Pro-Consul, Arthur F. Baines

Bilbao—Consul, T. I. Recs. ,, Vice-Consul, James Innes, O.B.K. ,, Pro-Consul, John H. Innes

Castro-Urdiales Vice-Consul, J. Ibañez. San Sebastian Vice-Consul, W. H. Goodman Pro-Consul, Ernest Golding.

Santander-Vice-Consul, Thomas Bates.
Fernando Po-Vice-Consul, C. W. Chew.
Madrid-Consul, (Alcala Galiano, 5, Madrid), M. A. B Denton-Thompson.

Wice-Consul,
Malaga-Consul, D. Young.

Vice-Consul, Pro-Consul, Gustavo Bolin. Aguilas-Vice-Consul, Thomas H Naftel, M. B E. Pro-Consul, Juan de Larrea. Almeria and Adra-V.-Cons M. R. Harrison, Pro-Consul, G. Harrison.

Marbella—Vice-Consul, Miguel Calzado, Seville—Consul, W. C. Randolph Rose. Vice-Consul, E. G. H. Formby.

"Vice-Consul, E. G. H. Formoy.
Algociras—Vice-Consul, J. Morrison, O.B.E.
Pro-Consul, A. Bautista.
Cadiz—Vice-Consul, H. W. Sanderson.
"Pro-Consul, Robert A. Black.
Huelon—Vice-Consul, Capt. J. Morrison.
"Pro-Consul, Dr. Ian Macdonald.
"Pro-Consul, Trancis K. Haselden.

Jerez-Vice-Consul, Capt. G. D. Williams, M.C. Pro-Consul, Thomas E. Spencer. La Linea-Vice-Cons., Maj. O. H. Pedley, O. B. E. Pro-Consul, J. Scanigha Tenerifie-Consul, J. P. Trant.

Vice-Consul, Las Patmas and Puerto de la Luz-Consul, Ernest Wootton.

orotava—Vice-Consul, Thomas M Reid Vigo-Consul, F. S. Pation, O.B.E.

Vice-Consul, Pro-Consul, Vicente Gulten.

Carril and Villagarcia - Vice-Consul, Estanislao Duran, C.B.E.

Corcubion-Vice-Consul, J. Scoane Ulloa

(acting).
Corunna—Vice-Consul, Henry Guyatt.
Ferrol—Vice-Consul, William Martin
Gijon—Vice-Consul, Arthur Lovelace Pro-Consul, James M. R Lovelace.

BRITISH CHAMBEL OF COMMERCE FOR SPAIN, Rambia de los Estudios, Barcelona (Branch, Calle Marqués de Cubas, Madrid).

Madrid, 1,150 miles; transit, 45 to 50 hours.

The Balearic Isles, Ceuta, Melilla and the Canary Islands, are integral parts of Spanish

The BALKARIC ISLES are an archipelago of is islands in the Mediterranean, the largest being Majorca, Minorca, Iviza, and Formentara; the total area is 1,935 square miles, with a population (1923) of 324,962. The archipelago forms a province of Spain, the capital being Palma in Middle

CRUTA, which forms part of the Province of Cadiz, is a fortified post on the Moroccan coast, opposite Gibialtar. The total area is 5 miles, with a population of 35,219.

MELILIA is a town on a rocky promontory of the Riff coast, connected with the mainland by a narrow isthmus. Melilla has been in Spanish possession since 1492 and is an integral part of Spanish territory. The population is

The CANARY ISLANDS are an archipelago in the Atlantic, off the African coast, consisting of 7 islands and 6 uninhabited islets. The total area is 3,807 square miles, with a population of 473,497 The Canary Islands form a Province of Spain, the capital being Santa Cruz in the island of Teneriffe.

# Spanish Colonies.

The Spanish Colonics consist of certain settlements in, and islands round the coast of, Africa, with a total area of close on 82,400 square miles, and a population exceeding 275,000.

FERNANDO PO (Fernando Póo) lies in the Bight of Binfra in 3° 12° N. lat. and 8° 48° E long, about so miles distant from the west coast of Africa, and is a mountainous island (Pico de Santa Isabel, xo,800 feet), with forests of oil pain, elony, mahogany, and oak, and sugar-cane, cotton, and indigo. Cocoa, coffee, sugar, tobacco, cottoni, and mingo. Cocoa, corree, sugar, folacco, vanilla, and kola nut are cultivated, and large quantities of cocoa and other products are exported. With its dependencies it has an area of about 800 square miles, and a population estimated at a4,000. The capital is Basile, and the largest town Port Clarence (x,500 inhabitants). Dependencies are:— Annobon Island (Anno Bom), in the Gulf of Guinea, in ro 24' S. lat. and 5' 35' E. long.; population 1,391.

Corisco Islands, consisting of Corisco, Elobey Grando, and Elobey Chico, lie in Corisco Bay, and export chony, logwood, and other forest produce. Total population o6,072.

BIO DE ORO AND ADRAR (Capital, Villa Cisucros) is a possession on the north-west coast of Africa, between Cape Bogador and Cape Blanco, or approximately between aro so'-a6° N. lat., and extending eastwards to about 13° W long. The territory is part of the waterless

Salara, with a sparse population of wandering Muhammadan Arabs; population season Muhammadan Arabs; population season Mum (or Spanish Gunsen) is a coastal settlement of West Africa between Cameroon and Fieuch Congo (r° N.—s° 22° N. lat.), extending about rag miles inland. The inhabitants are Bantu tribes, and the principal settlements are at the mouths of the Mum, Benito, and Campa rivers, and at Bata on the coast.

SPANISH MODOCCO — Spain exercises a protectorate over a part of Northern Morocco (see "Morocco"), and on the Moroccan seaboud are certain Spanish presidios, formerly used as convict settlements.

Alhucemas is a settlement on the bay of that name, and includes six islands; population 322.

Peñon de la Gomera (or Peñon de Velez) is a fortified rocky islet about 40 miles west of Allincemas Bay; population 398

Spanish Southern Morocco .- Ifni, on the Atlantic coast of Morocco, about xoo miles south of Agadit, affords access to the interior of southwest Morocco, but has no great trade at present.

The Chaffarinas (of Zaffarines) are a group of three islands near the Algerian frontier, about s miles north of Cape del Agua; population 318

#### THE SHEZ CAWAL

The Sucz Canal - The Compagnic Universelle du Canal Maritime de Suez (x Rue d'Astorg Paris VIII) is an Egyptian company, authorised in 1856, and confirmed in 1866, with a capital of 200,00,000 frames in 400,000 shares of 500 frames each. The British Government acquired from the Khedive in 1875 a total of 176,602 shares (cost £4,000,000, value March 31, 1931, £42,653,929) Since 1924 each 500 frame share has been divided into two 250 franc shares.

The Suez Canal was opened in 1869. The total length of the canal is nor miles, with a minimum width of 45 metres (147 ft 8 m), the maximum draught of water allowed for vessels using the canal is 10.06 metres (33 feet). average time for the transit through the canal is 14 hours 34 minutes By a convention, signed on Oct. 29, 1888, the canal was exempted from blockade, and vessels of all natious, whether armed or not, are to be allowed to pass through it in peace or war. The management of the canal is entrusted to a council of 32 administrators, of whom zo are British (three representing H.M. Government and seven the shipowning interest).

British Commercial Directors, The Earl of THE COMMERCIAL DIRECTORS, THE EARL Of A Incheape, P.C., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., K.C.I.F. M. (Vice-President of the Company); Sir A'nn V.G. Anderson, K.B.E.; Sir John Cadman, G.C.M.G.; Rt. Hon. Sir R. S. Horne, G.H.K., K.C., M.P.; T. Harrison Hughes; Sir E. Wyldbore-Smith; Sir Thomas Royden, Rt. C. H.

Representing H.B.M. Govt., Sir Ian Malcolm, K.O.M.G.; Sir J. T. Davies, K.O.B., C.V.O.; The Earl of Cromer, G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.

The following table shows the number and tonnage of vessels which have passed through the Suez Canal since reso, with the percentage of British vessels :-

Year	No of Vessels	Net Tons.	British Tonnage
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925	4,009 3,975 4,345 4,621 5,122 5,337 4,980	17,574,657 18,118,999 20,743,245 22,730,162 25,109,882 26,761,935 26,060,377	% 61.7.6a.9 64.5 6a.8 59.7 59.9
1927 1928 1929 1930	5,545 6,084 6,274 5,761	a8,96a,048 31,905,90a 33,466,014 31.668,759	57°1 56°8 57°1 55°58

The tonuage of the merchandise carried was 25,775,000 tons in 1913; 17,047,000 tons in 1920; and 28,500,000 tons in 1930. Details of the nationality of the vessels passing through the ('anal in 1930 are appended :--

- min an agge and all hence	•	
No of		Per cent
Vessels	Net Tons	(Tonnago)
British 3,225	17,600,438	55 58
German 600	3,388,842	10.40
Netherlands . 591	3,312,531	10 46
French 357	2,001,837	6.35
Italian 307	1,502,559	4.75
Norwegian 193	965,827	3.02
Japanese 156	938,700	8.06 8.00
United States zo6	670,391	3'12
Danish 83	431,965	1.36
Swedish 73	354,266	1,13
Belgian 38	162,051	0 51
Russian 46	129,554	0.41
Greek 54	95,363	0,30
Yugoslavian . 8	35,322	0 11
	30,407	0,10
Danzig 5 Fiunish 6	28,48o	0.02
Spanish 3	9,032	0.03
Egyptian 6	8,450	0.03
Portuguesc x	5,460	0,08
Polish 2	2,864	0,003
Siamese r	375	0,001
Totals 5.761	31.668,750	100,00

The transit receipts in 1870 were 5,718,756 fr.

(gold), and in 1930, 1,037,825,656 fr. (paper). The rate of transit dues as from Sept 1, 1030, is 6 fr. 65 (gold) per ton, and 3 fr 325 (gold) for versels in ballast.

The net dividends for the year 1930 amounted on the ordinary 250 fr shares to 545 fr. 67 c (575 fr. 90 c. an nominatif), and on the Actions de Jonissance to 536 fr. 45 c. (565 fr. 80 c. au nominatif).

The 5,76x versels included in the total for 1936 are grouped under the following categories :-

Merchant vessels (laden) Mail steamers Varships and transports Hovernment chartered vessels Merchant vessels in ballast	No 3,271 1,646 258 26 560	Net Tonnage 16,816,147 11,164,178 944-311 182,207 2,561,916
	5,761	31,668,759

SWEDEN. (Sverige)

King of Sweden, of the Goths and the Wends, Gustaf V., born June 26, 1838; suc December 8, 1907; mar., Sept. 20, 1838; victoria, dan of Grand Duke of Baden (born August 7, 1864, died April 4, 1930) and has issue two sons.

April 4, 1930) and has selected souns.

Heir Apparent, Gustaf Adolf, Duke of Skåne,
Crown Prince, born Nov. 11, 1883; marned
(1) June 15, 1905, R.R.H. the late Princess
Margaret of Connaught (died May 1, 1920,
(2) Nov. 3, 1933, Ludy Louise Mountbutten,
Princess of Battenberg, born July 13, 1889.

CABINET (June 7, 1930).

Prime Minister, C. G. Ekman
Foreign Affairs, Baron F Ramel.
Justice, N. Gürde.
Interior, S. Larsson Commerce, D. Hansen Communications, O. Jeppsson 

Minusters without Portfolio, R. Gyllensvard; A. Holmbäck.

Envoy Extraordinary and Memster Plenepotentiary in London, Baion E. K Palinstierna, free

Legation, 27 Portland Place, W 1 Counsellor of Legation, Baron A W. C. Leijonhufvud.

nuvud.
Attache, U. G. L. Barck-Holst.
Mihiavy Attache, Lt. Col. A. R. Urgla
Aaral Attache, Capt. B. A. Oberg
Arr Attache, Col. E. Mossberg, C. B. E.
Agricultural Counsellor, M. W.
Woodberger

de Wachenfelt

National New York of the Press, O. U. K. Thousing. Chancellor, J. Stille (Vice-Consul). Chaplana, Rev. F. J. D. Holmgren. Consul-General, E. G. Sahlin, 329 High Hol-

born, W.C x

Proc-Consuls, S. Allaid, Baron L. A. W. Rappe Attaches, F. A. G. Hagstrom; L. H. Ohrvall Chancellor, O. Gad

Swedish Church, Harcourt Street, Marylebone Rord, W x

Sweden comprises the eastern half of the Scandinavian pennsula, and compract the capital and 24 governments, "Lan," with an capital and 24 governments, "Lan," with an area of 173,147 square miles, and a population, Dec. 31, 1930, of 6,141,571, nearly all Protestant This area includes the great lakes of Vanern, Vattern, Mishren, and Hjalmaren. Nearly 40 per cent of the population are devoted to agriculture, about 295,000 being owners and 80,000 tenants of the land they cultivate. The country may be distinged in other persons of the land they cultivate. divided into three separate districts, the northern, forest; central, mining and agricultural; the southern, agricultural. The climate in the south is favourable for producing grain. The principal articles of cultivation are outs, wheat, rye, barley, potatocs, roots and grasses forests are very extensive, covering over one-half of the surface of the country, and cou-sisting chiefly of pine, birch, fir; these are of great importance, supplying timber, pitch, and tar, and the chief fuel of the country, in addition to sulphite and mechanical wood pulp for the paper-making industry. The mineral pro-ducts are extremely rich: iron of excellent quality; lead, zinc, sulphur, manganese, arsenic.

granite, porphyry, and marble. There is a railroad opening up the rich iron-ore districts of Lapland, and inneral trains run from Geilivare and Kiruna to Lulea on the Gulf of Botlinia and to Narvik on the Atlantic; coal is being worked in Scama (Skane). The chief imports are coffee, tobacco, and other ordinary colonial produce, corn, coal, machinery, motor cars, mineral oils, cloth, cotton, wool, manures, skins, non, copper, and yarn. The clief articles of export are timber, wood pulp, paper, machinery, iron ore, matches, butter, pork, and stone. In 1930 the exports of wood pulp and paper were

a 335,000 tons.
Radiroads zo,447 miles in length (of which 4, zz7
act the property of the State) were open on
Jan. z, r93z; and 46,902 miles of telegraph
wires (inclusive of z9,95z radiroad telegraph wires). 133 control stations, and 1,050 railroad and 1,600 other telegraph stations. There were at the other telegraph stations. same date 618,119 wiles of telephone wires.

Defence —Service in the Army is universal

and compulsory, about 24,500 being trained annually; war strength about 40,000. The Nary consists of 63 fluthing vess is (350 gins), xx being ironclads, with submannes, and some training ships, &c

Education,-(1) Primary Compulsory and free Illiteracy rare, Maintained by local taxation, with State grants, Attendance good (i.) Secondary Well-developed, solicols immercus and officient (ii) Special schools make a feature of technics, commerce, and navigation. (iv) Unicerative Uppsala, Lund, and private faculties in Stockholm and Gothenburg

1920 31 Revenue (Bgt ) *Ki 813,367,200 Expenditure (Bgt ) 813,367,200 Debt (June 1929) . 1,800,845,964 K1 874,253,600 874,253,600 1,845,644,070

Imports K: 1,782,593,503 K: 1,663,797,000 Exports 1.812,307,254 1,549,925,000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Exports 1.549,925,000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imports from I K 308,984.000 Imp Exports to U.K. 394,860,000 449,975,000

CAPITAL, Stockholm L, Stockholm Pop (Dec. 31, 1930), Other large towns are Gothenburg 502,207. (243,690), Mulmo (127,870), and Norrhoping (61 494).

FLAG. Blue, with yellow cross

BRITISH LEGATION

(Laboratoriegatan 8, Stockholm )
Enroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipolentiari, A. J. (link Keir (1931) ... £5,6 2nd Secretaru, H. L. d'Aubigne Hopkinson. Hon. Attache, K. D. E. H. Harington Commercial Secretary (Grade I), W. ··· £5,000

Glenney, O.B K

Nacal Attaché, Condu. M. A. Hawes, R. N.
Asst. Naval Attaché, Eng. Com. G. Viller, R. N.
Military, Attache, Col. J. H. MarshallCornwall, C. B. E., D. S. O., M.C.
Acr. Attaché, Group, Capt. J. H. Herring, D S.O., M C

Archivist, G. A. Urquhart. Chaplain, Rev. J. Linton.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Stockholm-Consul, William H Oxley -Pro-Consul, ('apt. J D. Leony Garle - Vice-Consul, Robert Carrick. Gotland (Visby) - Vice-Consul, Carl G. Bjorkander

"At par, the Crown=ze zld. (z8'z59 Krowor=£z).

Kalmar-Vice-Consul, J. Jeansson. Luled-Vice-Consul, K. H. Falkland, Norrkoping-Vice-Con, G. C. L. Beckman.

Pro-Consul, Georg Aberg.
Soderhamn—Vice-Consul, Nils Brolin.
Sundsvall—Vice-Con., H. A. Carrick.
Pro-Consul, O. W. Sander.

Pro-Consul, O. W. Asander. Umed—Vice-Consul, A. Unander-Scharin. Vastervik—Vice-Con., J. Emil Haggblad. Gothenburg—

" Consul, J. J. Drumm.
" Pro-Consul, Nils T. Ohlin.
Borās—Vice-Consul, Richard Riley.
Halmetad—Vice-Consul, Th Schele.
Halsingborg—Vice-Con., C. C. G. W. Westrup.
Pro-Consul, Stellan Banck.

Kariskrona—Vice-Consul, August André. Karistad—Vice-Consul, Otto Ziegler. Landskrona—Vice-Consul, Elnar Petersson. Malmo-Consul, Harry Castleton. Pro-Consul, Hans H S. Ekman.

,, Pro-Consul, Hans H S. Ekman. Udderalla—Vice-Consul, Charles D. Thorburn. Stockholm, x,x3z miles; transit, z days.

#### SWITZERLAND.

(Schweizerische Ridgenossenschaft.)

*President (1932), Monsieur G. Motta.

Vice-President (1932), E Schulthess.

Wice-President (1932), E Schulthess.

War, M. R. Minger.

Interior, M. A. Meyer.

Justice, M. Hüberlin.

Kriance, M. J. Musy.

Posts and Railways, M. M. Pilet-Golaz.

Pres. of Natronal Councit (1932), Dr. Roman Abt.

Pres. of Council of States (1932), Dr. Jacob Signist.

Federal Tribunal, Lausanne (26 members and 9 substitutes), President (1932 32), Dr. H. Muri.

Director, International Posts, M. E Garbani
Nerini.

Direc., International Telegraphs, Dr. J. Raber.
International Industry, Literature & Fine Arts,
M. F. Ostertag.

Director, International Radican Ofices, M. E. Lohner.

Director - General of Federal Railways, Dr. A. Schraft.

Minister in London, Mousieur C. R. Paravicini. 21 Bryanston Square, W. z. Legation Offices, 32 Queen Anne Street, W. z. Counsellor, M. Charles de Jenner.

Secretary of Legation, M. Walter de Bourg. and Secretary and Acting Commercial Attache, M. Walter Rufenacht.

Chancellor, M. Paul Hilfiker.

The Helvetia of the Romans, a Federal Republic of Central Europe, situated between 45° 50′—47° 45′ N. lat. and 5° 58′—10° 30′ E. long. It is composed of 22 Cantons, of very dissimilar size, united under a Constitution dated 29 May, 1874, and comprises a total area of 15,952 square miles, with a population of 4,056,400 in 1930, who are divided between Roman Catholics, 4x per cent., and Protestants, 57 per cent., Jews numbering 21,000, and others 43,000. The population is formed by three nationalities, distinct by their language, as German 72 per cent., French

sz per cent., Italian 6 per cent., and Romausch (Grisons), z½ per cent. It is the most mountainous country in Europe, having the Alps, covered with pereunial snow and glaciers, rising from 9,000 to 15,323 feet in height, not only along its southern and eastern frontiers, but throughout the chief part of its interior; and the Jura mountains in the north-west. Agriculture is followed chiefly in the valleys, where wheat, oats, maize, barley, flax, hemp, and tobacco are produced, and nearly all English fruits and vegetables are grown. The forests cover about one-fifth of the whole surface. The chief industries comprise the manufacture of silks, artificial silks and silk ribbons, wool, cotton and cotton ribbons, linen, embroideries, strawplait, machines, paper, chemicals, chocolate, condensed milk, dyestuffs, and tobacco; while the metallurgical, electrical and pharmaceutical industries are also extensive; clocks and watches have long been the staple products of Geneva and Neuchâtel. In 1930 there were 3,650 miles of railway in operation, 350 miles of relegraph line (17,000 miles of circuit), 20,500 miles of telegraph line (19,000 miles of circuit), and 4,012

The legislative power is vested in a Pallament, consisting of two Chambers, a National Council of 187 members, and a Council of States of 44 members; both Chambers united are called the Federal Assembly, and the members of the National Council are elected for four years, an election taking place in October. The executive power is in the hands of a Federal Council of 7 members, elected by the Federal Assembly, presided over by the President of the Confederation. The President lass a salary of 35,000 francs; the Vice-President and other members of the Federal Council are elected for four years; each year the Federal Assembly elects from this council the President and the Vice-President; they are elected for one year, the five other members for four years. Not more than one of the same canton may be elected member of the Federal

Council.

Defence. Militia. Active Army, 12 yrs.; initial trg., 65-90 days. Subsequently 11 days per aim.; then Landwehr, 8 yrs.; i trg., 12 tys. for dismid. branches only: then [Landsturm to age 48]. War Strength, Militia, 140,600; Landsturm, 57,000;

Education.—Control by cautonal and communal authorities. No central organ. Illiteracy rare in Protestant cantons. (1) Primary. Kree and nominally compulsory, but attendance is not strictly enforced in the essentially Roman Catholic cautons. School age varies. (ii.) Secondary: Age 12-15 for boys. Schools numerous and well-attended, and there are many private institutions. (iii.) Special schools make a feature of commercial and technical instruction. (iv.) Universities: Bale, Berne, Fribourg, Geneva, Lausanne, Zurich, and Neuchâtel.

Swiss Francs. 1930. EGSE. Public revenue ....... 383,000,000 395,500,000 Public expenditure ... 38s,890,000 Debt (Jan. 1, 1930) ...1,466,000,000 1,369,174,464 2,783,852,000 Total imports ..... s,664,808,000 Total exports ..... Imports from U.K. 2,104,455,000 167,821,000 1,767,508,000 232,002,000 262,689,000 Exports to U.K. ... 268,099,000

[•] The President is elected in December, and remains in office from z Jan.—3z Dec.; he is generally succeeded by the Vice-President,

CAPITAL, Berne. Population (1930), 111,763. Other large towns are Zurich (249,820,) Bale (148,063), Geneva (124,121), St. Gallen (63,947), and Lausanne (75,915).

FLAG: Red, with white cross

BRITISH LEGATION

(48 Thunstrasse, Berne.)

Europ Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Sir Howard W. Kennaid, K.C.M.G., C.V.O. (1931) ......£3,700 and Secretary, C. B. P. Peake, M.C. Commercial Secretary (Grade 11.), Maj. H. F.

Heywood, M.C. Mrl. Attache, Lt.-Col. F. N. Mason-Macfarlane,

M.C , R.A. Archivist, Miss M. C. Howden.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Bûle-Consul, Norman Carl Haag. ,, Pro-Consuls, Alfred Fluhmann, Arthur R. Cackett.

Genera-Consul, H. Pattesou.

,, Vice-Consul, L A Cazalet. ,, Pro-Consul, J, O'Donnell Lausanne—Consul, Alfred J. L. Galland, o B E.

Vice-Consul, M. Galland

Montreux - Vice-Consul, Marcel Auguste Cuénod. M. B. E

Pro-Consul, R. F. Rutinen Smith.
Neuchatel—Vice-Consul, Paul de Pury.
Pro-Consul, Fred A. Fallet
Zuruch—Consul-Gen., R. Erskine
Vice-Consuls, K. J. M. White, Frederick
I. Smith.

J. Smith.

Berne—Consul, C. A. Kincaid, C.V.O., I.C.S., Vice-Consul, A. Kinpfer.
Davos—Consul, W. G. Lockett
Lucerne—Vice-Consul, Frank Watkinson.
Lugano — Vice-Consul, Harold de Conrcey-

Harston.

St Moritz-Vice-Consul, F. K Naegeli. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN SWITZER-LAND, 8 Centralbahuplatz, Basle. (Branch at 3 Place St. François, Lausanne) Berne, transit, as hours.

## SYRIA AND LEBANON.

Syria.—British forces, together with small French and Arab detachments, drove the Turks out of Syria and Lebanon in 1918, and occupied those districts and the district of Cilicia By decision of the Supreme Council of the Allies the districts in question were entrusted to France. to be administered under a mandate (Cilicia was

restored to Turkey by the Freuch in x22).
The Emir Feisal (son of the ex-King of the Hedjaz and, since 1921, King of Iraq) had from the outset assumed the administration of the districts of Aleppo, Hama and Homs, which had been assigned as Independent Arab districts under an assigned as interpreted from May, 1916, between Fiance and Great Britain (the Sykes-Picot Agreement), and it was intended to allow the Emil to remain under French guidance, but on March 8, 1920, the "Syrian Congress" at Damascus declared Syria independent, and the Emir Feisal was crowned King of Syria. The action of the Syrian Congress did not receive the sanction of the Alhed Powers, and General Gouraud occupied Damascus, Aleppo, Hama and Homs. The Emir Feisal left the country, and afterwards became King of Iraq  $(q,v_*)$ . The French Mandatory Zone was of Iraq (q.v.). The French Mandatory Zone was first divided into the four autonomous states of Great Lebanon, Damascus, Aleppo and the Alaouites (the region round Latakia), each

having a French adviser responsible to the High Commissioner at Beyrout. The latter three States were later grouped together to form the Syrian Fe leration with a nominated Council. The Federation has now been abolished. Damascus and Aleppo have been amalga-mated into a single State, and the State of the Alacuttes (now known as the Government of Latakia) is again independent. The Jebel Druze forms a small independent State. The form of government differs in each of the actual States, but the guiding principle in each is French control.

Syria is a geographical term for part of the former l'unkish territones in Asia Minor, and nts Northern limits have recently been marked out by a Commission. The Northern boundary between Syria and Asiatic Turkey was defined in between Syria and Asiatic Turkey was defined in the agreement between France and Turkey, and is roughly as follows:—From a point immediately S. of Payas (on the Gulf of Alexandretta) to Heldan Ekbes (the railway station and environs remaining in Syria), thence S.E. to the railway station of Tchoban Bey, leaving the districts of Marsova to Syria and of Karnaba and Killis to Turkey; thence along the Baghdad Railway to Nussebin and along the old highway to Jizireh ibn-Omar on the Tigris (the districts of Nussebin and Jizirchthe Tigris (the districts of Nussebin and Jizirch-ibn-Omar remaining in Turkish territory, with the roadway between these two places). The E. boundary (not yet finally delimitated) separates Syria from Mesopotamia along a line running roughly N.E. from the E. side of Jebel Druze to a point x5 miles S.E. of Jezirch Ibn Omar (80 miles E of Mardin); the S. boundary (which has been only partially delimitated) follows a line from Ras cl Nakoura on the coast, N. of Akka, and running S.E. by E to the Heilpaz railway line S. of Nasib. with a profection northwards to include of Nasib, with a projection northwards to include the head waters of the Jordan, the Hule Lake and the Lake of Therras being included in Palestine. Within these limits the estimated Palestine. Within these limits the estimated area is about 60,000 sq. miles, with a population of about 3,000,000, of whom the greater number are Orthodox Muhammadans, with a number of Shintes and Druses. The products of Syria are wheat, tobacco, fruit, wine, silk, liquorice, copper and brass goods; there is little cultivation without urgation, the inland districts being cut off from the moisture-laden winds by a mountain barrier running parallel with the coast The mineral wealth is believed to be unimportant, but there is a certain amount of bitumen. The principal Syram towns are Damascus (est pep 300,000), Aleppo (250,000), Homs (70,000), and Hama (60,000) Damascus contains the Mosque of the Ominayedes and the tomb of Saladin, and in the southwestern quarter is "The Gate of God," through which the pilgrinage to Mecca used to pass, while the "street called Constants" (Asts is as) runs E. to W. to be unimportant, but there is a certain amount used to pass, Straight" (Act Straight" (Acts ix, 21) runs E. to W. through the city. Damascus is an important commercial centre, and among its industries are metal work and mother-of-pearl inlay and also native-made silk and cotton stuffs, Baulbet (Heliopolis), on the western slopes of the Anti-Lebanon range (25 miles N.N.W. of Damascus), are ruins of 1st to 3rd century Roman temples (the Circular Temple, the Great Temple and the Temple of Bacchus), and in the vicinity of the ruins is the largest cut stone in the world (60 × 17 × 14 feet), weighing

s, see tons. The railway system consists of a line from Beyrout to Damascus (narrow gauge), with a connexion at Rayak for Homs, Hama and Aleppo (standard gauge). The line from Tripoli to Aleppo, vid Homs, was reopened in rear. A narrowgauge transway runs from Berrut to Mameltein along the coast. From Damascus there is railway communication with Palestine and with Transjordan, and the Syria railways link up with the Baghdad railway at Aleppo. Road communications between Beyrout and Baghdad, vid Damascus, have been developed by the opening up of the desert motor routes. Baghdad is now within a4 hours of Damasons by car, and a weekly air service has been opened for mails and passengers.

In the autumn of 2925, following a revolt of the Jebel Druze in the Hauran, noting took place in Damascus on Oct. 18, and the city was bombarded by French artillery, when part of the Azm palace and parts of the "tereet called Straight" were destroyed by shell-fire or hurned. Straight were destroyed by when the disturbances in Syria, the High Commissioner (Gen. Sarrail) was recalled by the French cabinet. A long period of disorder followed, but in Sept. sor, public security was practically normal. In June, 1930, the French High Commissioner promulgated a new republican constitution for the State of Syria.

Beirut is the residence of the French High Commissioner and the capital of the Lebanese Republic. Damascus was the Federal capital, and has become that of the new State of Syria. Latakia is the capital of the Government of that name, formerly known as the State of the

Algouites.

The Lebanese Republic (the former Turkish provinces of Lebanon and Beirut), declared a State by the High Commissioner, under the title of Etat du Grand Liban, in 1920, extends along the Mediterranean littoral from the Palestine frontier to Naire el Kebr (15 miles N. of Tripol) and is bounded on E. by the Great Central Deprise on, known as the Bekan, in which flow the rivers Orontes and Litani. Its total length is about zao miles, and its width varies from 30 to 35 m i es The estimated area of the Lebanese Republic is about 4,300 square unles, with an estimated population of 579,778. The products of the soil are clives, wheat, grapes, oranges and mulberry Great efforts are being made to develop the district as a summer resort. The capital is Beirnt (pop. 150,000), which is the chief scaport and commercial centre, and the seat of the French mandate. Tripoll is the next important town and seaport. Minor ports are Junien. Tyre and Sidon. The national flag is the French tricolour with a Cedar of Lebanon on the white band.

Trade of Syria, 1930. Imports from Italy... , 97.4, 93.4. 1mports from Italy... , 530,848,487 Imports from U.S.A 460,120,293 High Commissioner for Syria, M. Ponsot. Chief of the Syrian State (movisional), Shaikh Taj-ed-Din.

President of the Lebanese Republic, M. Charles

Debbas.

Lebanese Premier, Adıb Pasha.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Beirnt-Consul-General, Sir Harold Enstace Satow, K.C.M.G.

Beirut-Vice-Consule, R. E. Ellison; J. P. Summerscale (acting).
Pro-Consul, M. Arab.
—Consul, G. E. A. C. Monck-Mason.
Pro-Consul, A. J. Akras.

Aleppo-

Alexandretta-Vice-Consul, J. A. Catom, M B.E. Danascus—Consul, R. C. Hole.
Vice-Consul,
,, Pro-Consul, J. Teen.

# TURKEY.

Türkiye Cumhuristi.)

President of the Republic, His Excellency (iazi
(="The Victorious") Mustafa Kemal, born
1881, assumed office Oct. 29, 1923; re-elected Nov. 1, 1927; re-clected, May 4, 1931.

MINISTRY (Sept. 28, 1930).
Names as spelt in new Turkish characters. Prime Minister, Ismet Pana. Minister for Foreign Afairs, Dr. Tevfik Rustu

National Defence, Zekni Bey. Interior, Sukrii Kaya Bey. Justice, Yusuf Kemal Bey. Finance, Mustafa Abdulhalik Bey. Public Instruction, Esat Bey Public Works, Hilmi Bey. Public Health, Refik Bey. Economic Afairs, Seret Bey.

President of the National Assembly, 'Kazim Pasa

Tana Turkish Ambassador in London, His Excellency Ferit Bey, 69 Portland Place, W. z. Counsellor, Nurettin Ferruh Bey

zet Secretary, Muzaffer Kanni Bey. 3rd Secretary, Cemil Vafi Bey. Archoist, Ali Riza Bey. Consul in London, Durru Mazhar Bey, 28 Mecklemburgh Square, W.C.1.

Vice-Consul, Saffet Bey. Chancellor, Abdullahat Bey.

The Turks belong to the Turanian Race, which comprises the Manchus and Mongols of North China, the Finns, and the Turks of Central Asia. Their numbers probably exceed Central Asia. 50,000,000, with the same language, religion and enlure, but the actual Tunkish State occupies only a small part of the arca inhabited by the Turkish Race, the remainder being in Soviet Russia, China, Afghanistan and Persia Under the Seljuks (Turkish rulers in Anatolia) the conquest of Asia Minor was completed in the 11th century. The Seljuks were succeeded, early in the 14th century, by the Osmanli dynasty, which remainded in power until the Great War.

During the 15th, 16th and 17th centuries the Ottoman Empire was one of the strongest Powers in the world, extending from the Caspian Sea to the Adriatic and Hungary, and from the Indian Ocean to Morocco and the Sudan. It comprised Asia Minor, half of present-day Russia, the Ukraine, the Crimea, the Balkan States and the whole of Arabia The Biack Sea, the Mediterranean, the Red Sca and the Aegean were dominated by Turkish ships, and the Ottoman dominions included not only the Byzantine Empire, but the greater part of the whole Roman Empire.

For two centuries preceding the Great War disintegration had reduced the power and extent of the Turkish Empire, and during the Great War its boundaries were further restricted, Iraq, Syria and Arabia passing into other hands under the Treaty of Sevres. Attempts to wrest further territory were defeated by Gazi Mustafa Kemal, who won a decisive lattle at Ation, the results of which were confirmed at the Lausanne Conference.

Turkey now extends over an area of 410,000 sq. miles, from Adrianople to the Caucasus and Persia, and from the Black Sea to the Mediter-

ranean, Syria and Irad.

Government,-Sultan Muhammad VI., the last of the Osmanli rulers, fled from Constantinople to Malta on Nov. 20, 1922, and the Sultanate was al-olished by the National Assembly. On Oct. 29, 1923,* the National Assembly declared Turkey a Republic and elected Gazi Mustafa Kemal President On March 3, 1924, the Assembly passed a law abolishing the office of Caliph and ordering all members of the Ottoman dynasty to leave Turkish territory. Grand Assembly is a single-chamber legislature elected for four years, and delegates its executive power to ministers acting in its name and responsible to it for their actions.

Turkey in Europe (23,975 sq kilometres=9,256 sq miles) consists of Eastern Thrace, including the cities of Istanbul (Constantmople) and Adrianople, and is separated from Asia by the Bosphorus at Constantinople and by the Dardanelles (Hellespont)-about 40 miles in length, with a width varying from x to 4 miles—the political neighbours being Greece and Bulgaria

on the west

Turkey in Asia (738,761 sq. kilometres = 285,246 sq. miles) comprises the whole of Asia Minor, and extends from the Agean Sea to the western boundaries of Georgia, Erivan and Persia, and from the Black Sea to the Mediterraneau, and the northern boundaries of Syria and Iraq. This area corresponds approximately with Anatolia ("Land of the Rising Sun," or Orient) and includes Cilicia round the Gulf of Alexandretta, assigned to France by the Allies, but restored to Turkey by the French. Chicia is generally fertile and produces wheat, cotton, wool, sesame, &c., and is capable of considerable agricultural development; the chief port of

Criticia is Mersin.

Population. — The first general census of Turkey was taken on Oct. 28, 1227, and showed the following: the population of the Republic to be 13,650,275. the excess of women over men being approximately 500,000. The population of each of the 8 Regions into which the country is divided was given as follows -

Region	, No Kil	Population	Per Su Kil
	-	-	
Black Sea	73,6a1	2,174,425	29
Marmora & Ægean	92,744	2,746,069	29
Mediterranean	56,279	753,639	13
Turkey in Europe	<b>23,975</b>	1,044,306	43
Western Vilayet .	71,180	1,303,114	18
Central Anatolia.	: 228,791	3,499,707	15
S.E. Anatolia	40,125	604,303	14 8
Eastern Anatolia	176,621	1,534,712	· 8
Total	762,736	13,660,275	x8

Religion.-The majority of the inhabitants are Muhammadaus. There are a few Christians (of the Latin and Eastern rites) in Istanbul

(Constantinople) and a small number of Jews. On April 10, 1928, the Grand National Assembly passed a law in virtue of which Islam ceased to be the State religion of the Republic. On Nov. x, x928, the Grand National Assembly passed a bill establishing the neo-Latin alphabet in place of Turkish characters. Education is nominally compulsory and free. There are primary schools, training schools for teachers,

and at Istanbul a university, founded in roce.

Production.—Although the soil of Asia Minor is generally fertile, agriculture is tall very primitive in centues that are not served by railways. The pessant is, however, gradually adapting hunself to the more modern methods, particularly in the vilayet of Aydin, Adana, and Mersin. The live stock in 1929 was 12,124,031 sheep, 8,878,405 gouts, 2,804,685 mohair goats, 4,728,803 cattle, 495,954, horses, 849,485 asses, 74 803 camels and 495,666 buffalocs. Uereals are abundantly produced, as well as tobacco, raisins, figs, cotton, comm. Samsun is the chief centre of the tobacco-growing industry, which is also of in-portance at Izmir (Smyrna), Ismit and Bursa (Brusa). The export of merchandise is conaiderable and consists principally of opium, tobacco, cotton, carpets, gums, mohan, wool, hazel-nuts, raisins and figs The forests should be a source of wealth, but scientific exploitation is disregarded; beech, pine, oak, elm, chestnut, lime, plane, alder, box, poplar and maple are among the chief varieties of trees. The mulberry is planted for the silk-worm industry, which centres round Bursa and Isant, and this inqustry, which declined after the war, is now showing signs of revival The mineral wealth of Asia Minor is stated to be considerable, but is almost undeveloped. Chrome ore, zmc, manganese, autimony, copper, borax, corundum (emery), coal and lignite, silver and arsenic, are among the inmenals produced.

Communications .- In Europe Turkey has about 208 miles of railway, known as The Oriental Railway and run by a French Company. In Asia Minor the position as regards railways is

#### Lines under Exploitation

	Klm
Izmir-Aydin (British)	. 6xo
Smyrna-Kasabara (French)	702
Bozanti-Aleppo-Nissiberi	622
Mudanya-Bursa (narrow gauge)	41
Anatolian Railway	1,031
Mersm-Tarsus Adana	. 6 ₇
Baghdad Railway	445
Angora-Cesarea-Sivas	. 500
Samsun-Zilé, to join up with Swas	380
Kutahya-Tavsanli	
Fevzı Pasha-Malatya	853
Samsun-Charshamda, narrow gauge	-33
	37
Lines under Construction.	
Zilé to Sives	

Tavshauli to Balikessir (completed, but not yet working).

Ulu Kishia to Cesarea. Filios to Irmak.

Malatva to Diarbekir.

There is also a line from Sari Kamis to the Russian frontier (78 inlies, Russian broad gauge) and a narrow gauge line from Sari Kamis to Erzurum (156 miles), but both lines are in a bad state of repair.

TURKISH NATIONAL HOLIDAY.—Oct so is observed throughout the Republic as a National Holiday.

It is the intention of the Turkish Government to construct the following lines, but no contracts have yet been granted: Eregli-Filios (about 35 miles); Sivas—Erzurum (about 300 miles); Ada Pazari—Bayindir (about 160 miles) There are electric trams in Istanbul, Scutari and Imir. In 1930 the mercantile marine consisted of steam and motor vessels, with a total net tonnage of 87,224. 1930 31

Revenue (Budget) & Tazz, 992, 199 & Tr86, 705, 599 Expenditure (Budget) .......... £T222,834,330 £T186,582,045

National Debt
(Jan. 1, 1930) ..... - £Tr86,200,000
(as against £Tr26 245,000 in 1916).

1088 Total Imports ......£T223,531,775 £T256,191,172
Total Exports ...... 128,420,998 155,216,989 Total Exports ..... Imports from U.K. 27,500,000 31,356,143 Exports to U.K. ... 17,600,000 14,951,996

Note. - The National Debt figures include Turkey's share of the repartitioned Ottoman Public Debt The agreement reached between the bondholders and the Turkish Government for the resumption of the services of the Ottoman Public Debt was ratified by the Grand

National Assembly on November 30, 1938.
The Ottoman Debt is administered by a Coun-The Ottoman Debt is administered by a Coun-cil: S. C. Wyatt (Delegate of British and Nether-lands Bondholders); M. F. de Closières (French), M. B. Nogara (Italian), Vacant post (Turkish), A. H. Reid (Ottoman Bank). Commusary, Zekiai Bey; General Manager, M. Morel (act-ing), Mr. Wyatt and M. de Closières preside

alternately. CAPITAL OF TURKEY, ANKARA (Augora), an inland town of Asia Minor, about see miles E.S.E. of Istanbul, with a population (Census 1927) of 74.784. Ankara (or Arcyra) was the capital of the Roman Province of Galatia Prima, and a marile temple dedicated to Augustus (now in ruins) contains the Monumental Margarah tum (Marmor) Ancyranum, inscribed with a record of the reign of Augustus Caesar. A new city is being laid out on modern lines, with parks, statues and avenues. ISTANBUL (Constantinople), the former capital, was the Roman stantinople), the former capital, was the Roman city of Byzantium, and was selected by Constantine the Great as the capital of the Roman Empire about A D. 328, and renamed by him: it became capital of the Eastern Roman Empire A.D. 364; population (Census of 1927) 673,029 (Istanbul 261,504, Pera 286,570, Scutan 124,555). Other cities are Izmir (Smvrua) 153,845, Adana 72,652, Bursa (Bruss) 67,451, Konya 47,286, Gazi-Ayintan 39,572, Kayseri (Cesarea) 29,544, Edirne (Adrianople) 34,669, Eskishehir 32,521, Erzurun 30,802, and Samsun 30,333. There are also 14 localities with 20 to 30,333. There are also 14 localities with 20 to 30,000 inhabitants, 39 with 10 to 20,000, and 79 with 5 to 10,000 inhabitants.

FLAG: Red, with white crescent and star. BRITISH EMBASSY. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipo-tentiary, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Sir George Clerk, G.C.M.G., O B (1926)......£7,525 Counselfor (local raink), J. Morgan. 2st Secretary, (local raink), W. L. C. Knight. 2nd Secretary, H. A. Clarke. 2rd Secretary, C. Bramwell. 2rd Secretary (local raink), T. C. Ravensdale. Commercial Secretary, Col H. Woods, O.B.E. Chaplan, Canon F. C. Whitchouse. Ambassador

Naval Attache, Capt R. B Rainsay, M.V.O., R.N.

Asst. Navol Attache, Eng.-Com G. Villar, R.N. Military Attaché, Maj. B. O'Leary, R.A. Archivist, H. W. Gunningham, O.B E. Clerical Officer, H. C. Birtles.

British Delegate on Straits Commission, Capt.
M. S. Macdonald, D.S.O., O.B.E., R.N.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

(Constantinuple) - Consul - General, W. Hough.

Consul, C. A. W. Werc. Vice-Consuls, C. J. Cumberbatch; F. H.

Gamble (acting); N. S. Roberts. Pro-Consul, C. H. Page.

,, Shipping Officer, Com. W. H. Rogers. Izmir (Smyrna)—Consul-General, C. A. Greig. l'ice-Consuls, J. G. Baillie; Edgar E. D. Gout.

Mersin—Consul, W. D. W. Matthews.
,, - Pro-Consul, B. J. Catton.
Trebizond—Consul, W. D. W. Matthews.

,, Pro-Consul, J. G. E. Falanga. BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR TURKEY AND THE BALKAN STATE", British Seamen's Home Building, Rue Cami, Kule Dibi, Galata, Istanbul — Chairman, W. D. Middleton-Edwards.

Secretary, W. Smith Lyte.

# UKRAINE. See Russia.

URUGUAY.

(República Oriental del Uruguay.)
President (1931-1935), Señor Dr. Don Gabriel
Terra, assumed office March 1, 1931.
President, Administrative Council, Señor Juan P. Kahim

Foreign Affairs, Dr. Juan Carlos Blanco. Interior, Dr. Francisco Ghigliani War and Marine, Dr. Alberto Mañé. Fublic Works, Ingeniero Victor Benavides. Finance, Dr. Javier Mendivil. Industries, Dr. Edmundo Castillo. Public Instruction, Dr. Juan C. Mussio Fournier.

Minister Plenipolentiary and Enroy Extra-ordinary in London, Señor Don Antonio Bachini.

Legation, 3 Elvaston Pl., S. Kensington, S.W. 7.
1st Secretary, Dr. Don Roberto E. MacEachen.
2nd Secretary, G. A. Rey-Alvarez. Consulate-General, 55 Harrington Gdns., S.W. 7 [Ken. 7208].

The smallest Republic in South America, on the satisfact appendix in south america, on let east coast of the Rio de la Plata, situate in lat. 30°-35° S. and long. 53° 25'-57° 43' W., containing an area of 72,180 square niles, and a population on Dec. 31, 1930, of 1,903,083.

Unuguay resisted all attempted invasions of

the Portuguese and Spaniards until the beginning of the 17th century, and 100 years later the Portuguese settlements were captured by the Spaniadas. From 1726-1814 the country formed part of Spanish South America and underwent many vicisitudes during the Wars of Independence. In 1814 the armies of the Argentine Confederation captured the capital and annexed Confederation captured the capital and annexed the province, and it was afterwards annexed by Portugal and became a province of Brazil. On Aug s5, 1825, through the herolam of the 33 liberators (whose memory is perpetuated in the name of the province of Trenta y Tres), the country threw off the Brazillan yoke. This action led to war between Argentina and Brazil, which was settled by the mediation of the United Kingdom, Uruguay being declared an independent state in 1838. In 1830 a Republic was inaugurated, with a Constitution of Sept. 10, 1289. The President is elected by the legislature for a term of 4 years and is ineligible for a consecutive period of office By an amendment to the Constitution (which came into force March 1, 1919) an administrative council was appointed to share the Executive power with the President.

The country consists mainly (and particularly in the south and west) of undulating grassy plains. The principal chains of hills are the Cuchila del Haedo, which crosses the Brazilian boundary and extends southwards to the Cuchilla Crande of the south and east. In no case do the peaks exceed a,ooo feet. The principal river is the Rio Negro (with its irributary the Yi), flowing from north-east to south-west into the Rio de la Plata. The boundary river Uruguay is navigable from its estuary to Salto, about soe miles north, and the Negro is also navigable for a considerable distance. Smaller rivers are the Cuareim, Yaguaron, Santa Lucia, Quequay, and the Cebollati. On the south-east const are several lagoons, and the north-east boundary crosses (the Brazilian) Lake Merim. The climate is extraordinarily healthy, with great unifornity of temperature, the summer heat being tempered by the breezes of the Atlantic and the geographical position causing a high thermometer in winter.

Wheat, barley, and maize are cultivated The wealth of the country is obtained from its pasturage, which supports large herds of horned cattle (7,127,912 in 1930) and sheep (20,558,124 in 1930), the wool of which is of excellent quality. Gold mines exist at Cufiapirú The exports are entirely animal products, and include frozen and preserved meat, wool, hides, horn, hair, tallow, and jerked beef; the imports are principally machinery, textiles and clothing, food substances and beverages, coal, oil, timber, fuel and bloodstock. The principal imports from the U.K. are woollen and cotton goods, hardware, and coals There are 1,702 miles of railway open (1927), of which 1,564 miles are in British hands, and three short lines owned by the State; 45 kilometies of the State line from San Carlos to Garzón have been opened and 72 kilometres from San Carlos to Rocha are now open to traffic; and 4,850 miles of telegraph, with 120,039 miles of telegraph, with 120,039 miles of telegraph, with 110,037,496 letters and packets. The language spoken is Spanish.

Revenue Expenditure		··· :	\$	1929 50,495, 64,415,	788	1931 32 \$65,095,726 64,988,297
Total Debt		3×,		.4	•	
1930)	•••		•••	••••	•••	239,434,826

·	1929	1930
Total Imports		\$89,301,497
Total Exports		100,864,202
Imports from U.K	15,135,050	15,000,277
Exports to U.K	21,377,226	33,289,327
Commer Management	Don (	-\ 6

CAPITAL, Montevideo. Pop. (1930), 655,389. Other centres are Salto (30,000), Paysandu (28,000), and Mercedes (23,000).

FLAG: Four blue and five white squares (surcharged with rising sun, next flagstaff)

#### BRITISH LEGATION.

(Calle Trienta y Tres rass, Monte Video.)

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Robert Carminowe Michell (1920)

Air Attaché, Wing-Commander R. B. Maycock, O.B.E.

Clerk, Jocelyn Speck, M.V.o.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Montevidéo (Calle Misiones, 1517)—Consul, A.
Murray-Simuson.

Murray-Simpson.

Paysandu—Vice-Consul, G. W. Teague.

Salto-Vice-Consul, G. W. Teague.

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN URUGUAY, Calle Misiones, 1517, Montevidéo. Montevidéo, 7,030 miles Transit, 20 days.

#### VENEZUELA.

# (Estados Unidos de Venezuela.)

President, Gen. Juan Vicente Gómez.
Interior, Dr. Pedro Rafael Tinoco.
Foreign Afairs, Dr. Pedro Itringo Chaciu.
Haccenda (Treasury), Señor Efraim Gonzulez
Fonento (Public Development), Señor R. Coyama
Martinez.

Public Works, Dr. Centeno Giau. Education, Dr. R. J. Rincones. War and Navy, Gen. E. L. Contreias.

Public Health and Agriculture, Señor Juan E. Paris.

Envoy Extraordinary in London, Dr. Diógenes Escalante, 50, Pall Mall, S.W.r.

xt Secretary, Oscar Aguilar.
2nd Secretary, J. V. Lopes Rodriguez.
Commercial Agent, Alirio Parra Marquez.
Vice-Commit, C. Gurtubay.

Consul-General, Liverpool, S. A. Mendoza.
Consultes at Birmingham, Cardif, Glasgow,
Neccastle-upon-Tyne, Leith and Hull.

The most northerly Confederation of South America, situated approximately between x²45' S. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²56' N. lat. and x²

3.025,878.
Venezuela lies on the north of the South American continent, and is bounded on the north by the Caribbean Sea, west by the Republic of Colombia (with which Republic the boundary is in dispute), east by British Guiana, and south by Brazil. Included in the area of the Republic are over 70 islands off the coast, with a total area of about 14,650 square miles, the largest lening Margarita, which is politically associated with Tortinga, Cubagua and Coche to form the newly constituted State of Nueva Esparia. Margarita has an area of about

oo square miles.

Venezuela was visited by Columbus in 1498, and in 1499 by Alonzo de Ojeda and Amerigo Vespucci, the former maming the Gnif of Maracabo Venezuela, or "Little Venec" (on account of the Indian pile-built settlements on the coast and shores of the lake), and the name was afterwards extended to the whole of the Ornoco basin. In 1550 the territory was formed into the captancy-general of Carácas, and the country remained under Spanish rule until the revolt under Simon Bolivar, a native of Carácas, who defeated the Spanish forces in the battles of Lastoguanes (1813) and Carabobo (1821), and thus secured the independence of the country. Bolivar was an untiring hero in the cause of independence, and through his efforts (and those of his adjutant Sucre) Venezuela, Ecuador and Colombia (Upper Peru) achieved their freedom from Spain, while Peru was enabled to establish

its independence in consequence of his victories. Be died in 1830, at the age of 47, and his remains were re-interred at Caracas in 1842. Venezuela formed part of the Federal Republic of Colombia from 1832–1830, since which time it has been independent. There have been many revolutions since 1846, particularly in 1849, 1863, 1853, 1859, 1850, 1800, and 1963. In 1854 President Monagas liberated the African slaves, and in 1854 President Falcon divided the country into States and formed them into a Federal Republic. The present constitution rests upon the fundamental law of June 13, 1879, under which the government is that of a Federal Republic of twenty autonomous States, a Federal District, and two Territories, with a President elected by the Federal Congress for seven years; a new Constitutional Law of 1925 left that position nucleaned.

unchanged.

The Eastern Andes from the south-west cross the border and reach to the Caribbean Coast, where they are prolonged by the Maritame Andes of Venezuela to the Gulf of Paris on the north-east. The main range is known as the Sierra Nevada de Merida, and contains the highest peaks in the country in Picacho de la Sierra (15,420 feet) and Salado (3,3876 feet), the marithme ranges containing the Silla de Carácas (8,537 feet). Near the Brazilian border the Sierras Parima and Pacaraima and on the eastern border the Sierras de Eincote and de Lupuamo enclose the republic with parallel northward spurs, between which are valleys of the Orinoco tributaries. The Sierra Parima contains Yaparana (7,275 feet) and Duida (8,286 feet) and Para Canna contains Maraguaca (8,286 feet) and Roraima (8,350 feet), the latter being on the Venezuela-Guitana boundary. The slopes of the mountains and foothills are covered with dense forests, but the basin of the Orinoco is mainly Hanos, or level stretches of open prairie, with occasional woods.

The principal river of Venezuela is the Orisoco, with innunerable affilients, the main river exceeding 1,500 miles in length from its rise in the north-western mountains of the republic to its outflow in the deltaic region of the northeast. The Ormoco is navigable for large steamers from its mouth for some 700 miles, and by smaller vessels as far as the Maipuros Cataract, some see miles further up stream Among the many tributaries of the main stream are the Ventuari, Caura and Caroni from the south, and the Apure (with its tributary the Portuguesa), Arauca, Meta, and (haviare from the west, the Meta and Guaviare being principally Colombian rivers. The upper waters of the Ormoco are united with those of the Rio Negro (a Brazilian tributary of the Amazon) by a natural liver or canal, known The costal regions of as the Casiquiare. Venezuela are much indented and contain many lagoons and lakes, of which Maracaibo, with an area exceeding 7,000 square miles, is the largest lake in South America. Other lakes are Zulia Other lakes are Zulia lake in South America Como, rance at a como (ago square miles), south-west of Maracalbo, and Valencia (az6 square miles), about 1,400 feet above assalavel in the Maritime Andes. The Uanos also contain lakes and swamps caused by the river floods, but they are dry in the summer

The climate is tropical and, except where modified by altitude or tempered by sea breezes, is unhealthy, particularly in the coastal regions and in the neighbourhood of lowland streams and lagoons. The hot wet season lasts from

April to October, the dry cooler season from November to March.

The principal industries are agriculture and cattle raising. The oilfields are of increasing importance, the production being as follows:—

1983 me			
1984	,,	1,330,911	
1925	,,	2,812,426	
тояб	"	5,318,000	
1927	1)	9,125,000	
rga8	,,	15,000,000	
1939		19,000,000	
1030		20.153.012	

The principal imports are cotton prints and shirtings and cotton drill, mainly from the U.K., and hardware, principally from the U.S. The principal articles of export are petroleum, coffee (64,365 metric tons in 1929); cacao (21,128 metric tons in 1929); goatskins, asphalt, sugar, hides, and balata. The U.S. is the principal customer.

There are about 680 miles of railway in operation.

Sugnish is the language of the country.

	9		
Revenue	£	1930-31. 8.000.000	1931-32 £.5.036.000
Expenditure		8,000,000	5,730,000
Internal Debt External Debt		1,000,000 Nil.	1,000,000 Nil.

CAPITAI, Calicas. Population (1925), 135,253; other principal towns are Maracablo (74,767). Valencia (36,804), and Barquisinieto (23,109). FLAO: Three horizontal bands, yellow, blue,

red (with seven white stars on blue band).

BRITISH LEGATION.
(Quinta Prosperi, El Paraiso, Carácas.)
Envoy Extraondinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, W. E. O'Reilly (1926) . . . . . £2.75c
Archivist and Vice-Consul, Raymond J. Khiwin.
Chap'am (Hon.), Rev. C. H. Reynolds.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES.

Carácas—Consul, H. E. Benid.

Aruba (West Indies)—Vice-Consul, Capt. R.

Rodger.
Rolvar—Vice-Consul, Andrew C. Rohertson.
Carupano—Vice-Consul, Vicente Blasim.
La Guaira—Vice-Consul, M. Brewer.
Yrapa—Vice-Consul, Eric E. Lloyd.
Maracatbo—Consul, A. B. Hutcheon.

,, Vice-Consul, Lt. -Col. A. H. Seagrini. .
Puerto Cabello--Vice-Consul, H. F. Worth.

#### YEMEN. See Arabia.

# YUGOSLAVIA.

# (Kraljevina Jugoslavija.)

King Alexander, born Dec. 17, 1888, accorded Aug. 16, 1921, married, June 8, 1922, Princess Marie of Rumania.

Heir Apparent. Chown Prince Peter burn

Heir Apparent, Crown Prince Peter, burn Sept. 6, 1923.

MINISTRY.

(Sept., 1931.)

President of the Council and Minister of the Interior, General Petar Zivkovic.

Minister of the Presidency of the Council of Minister, Dr. Milan Siskić.

Minister without Portfolio, M. Nikola Uzunović.

Justice. Dr. Dragutin Kojić.

Education, M. Božidar Maksimović. Public Works, Dr. Albert Kramer. Foreign Affairs, Dr. Vojislav Marinkovic. Mines and Forests, Dr. S. Sibenik. Finance, Dr. D Dinric. Communications, Dr. Lazar Radivojević.

War and Marine, Gen. Dragomir Stanojevic Commerce and Industry, Dr. Kosta Kumanudi Agriculture, Dr. Mirko Nendorfer

Social Politics, Dr. Kostrenčić.

Without Portfolio, M. N. Picka; M. K. Timoti-jević; Dr. Iyan Palecek; M. A. Stanic; M. I. Patcel, M. P. Matitsa, Dr. A. Hasanbegović. Dr. Sverljuga.

Minister in London, (vacant). Counsellor of Legation, Dr. Bojidar Pouritch Legation, 195 Queen's Gate, S.W 7.
Secretaries, Dr. S. Militchitch, Dr. D. Protitch
Attaché, M. Hya Yonkitch.
Multary Attaché, General Nenadovitch

Naval and Air Attache, Captam Vladimin Mariashevitch. Yugoslavia consists of the former Kingdoms of Serbia and Montenegro and of Croatia and

Slavoma, part of the Banat, Bosma, Herzegovina, part of Carnola, and past of Styrm, and has an estimated area of 248,050 square kilometres (94,230 square miles), with a population (Census

1931) of 13,930,918.

Montenegro (Tzrna-Gora) was, before the Turkish occupation of the remaining territory, a province of the Serbian Empire. Its independent existence ended with the decision of its Parliament (Nov. 29, 1918) to depose King Nicholas and remnte with Scibia The chief The chief towns are Cettinje (pop. 5,000) and Podgorica

Pre-War Serbia had no seaboard, but the inclusion of Croatia, Dalmatia and Montenegro in the Kingdom of Yugoslavia gives access to the Adriatic down a lengthy coast The principal Yugoslav ports are Susak, Split, Dubrovnik and Kotor, and by an agreement with the Greek Government Yugoslavia has a free zone at the port of Salomka. In 1926 there were 4,050 miles of normal gauge and 1,083 of narrow gauge railway in operation. The Danube forms a great commercial highway, and the tributary livers Save and Tisa provide other important shipping routes; the post of Belgrade is now the second busiest on the Dan-ube. The Paris-Istanbul service of the French Aviation Company (via Prague, Vienna, Buda-post) calls daily at Belgrade, which has also regular air services to Bucharest and Salomka, national company connects the chief towns with the capital. The Army on a peace footing consists of x30,000 officers and men, the war strength

being about 250,000
The Greek Orthodox, Roman Catholic, Protestant, Muhammadan and Judaic faiths are recognised by the State, nearly 47 per cent of the population is of the Greek Orthodox faith Education is compulsory and elementary education is free In 1930 there were about 10,000 elementary schools, we'll are were about re, soo elementary schools, we'll are, soo teachers, and reco, coo pupils; about so, coo attend continuation schools, and some 70,000 receive unstruction at technical colleges. There are Universities at Belgrade, Zagreb, Ljubljana and Skoplje.

The principal undustry is agriculture, over

So per cent. of the population being engaged therein. In 1929 about 5,250,000 acres under wheat yielded z,600,000 tons of wheat; maize (5,730,000 acres, 4,200,000 tons), bailey (1,200,000 acres, 420,000 tons), oats (1,000,000 acros, 350,000 tuns), rye (500,000 acros, 320,000 tuns); about 500,000 acros are under vines, which yielded 50 to yo million gallons of wine in 1929. The live stock in 1930 included 3,730,000 1929. The live stock in 1930 included 3,730,000 cattle, 1,141,000 horses, 7,736,000 sheep, and 2,700,000 swine. The mineral resources include coal (ontput 6,000,000 metric tons in 1929), iron. copper, lead, chrome ore, antimony, &c principal exports are marze, wheat, timber, live stock and meat products, prunes, eggs, poultry, skins and minerals; the imports are chiefly textile manufactures, machinery, food products and coal

1948 20 1931 32 Dinara Revenue, Itevenue, .. . 11,555,794,000 Expenditure... 11,792,794,000 13 210,303,954 13,210,303,954 National Debt (Jan. 1, 1927) .-Internal .. £17,547,**07**7 External 54,650,508 To National Bank . 14,838,378 3,636,300 Floating Debt. . .. To Great Britain 29,135,246

1929 Duna s Dinai 8 5,960,113,000 Total Imports. . . . 7,594,750,000 Total Exports . . .. Imports from UK. 7,951,708,000 6,780,054,000 411,886,000 425,901,000 106.483,000 Exports to U.K. 104,434,000

APITAL, Belgrade (Beograd = White Fortress), at the confluence of the Save and Danube, a city in rapid growth, with electric trainways and light, and wide streets, it contains the university, imiseums, national library, old Turkish citadel, national theatre, population March 32, 1931, 291,738. Other towns are Zagreb (Agram), Liubhana, Subotica, Sarajevo and Split (Spalato). The language of the country is Serbo-Croatian.

FLAG: Blue, white, 1ed.

### BRITISH LEGATION. (Zrinjskoga Ulica 44, Belgrade )

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Nevile Meyrick Henderson. C M.G (198c) .... . £.3.500 sst Secretary, P Leigh-Smith 3rd Secretary, J. N. Belmens

Commercial Secretary (Grade 11), IL. S. Sturrock. Naval Attache, Capt. R. B. Ramsay, R N

Asst. Naval Attache, Eng.-Com G. Vihai, R & Mil. Attache, Lt.-Col. W. H. Oxley, M.c. Archivist, C. C. A. Knight.

#### BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICES

Belarade -Consul, Charles L. Blakeney. Sarajevo-Consul, B J Gilliatt-Smith. Dubrornik 11 (Gruz)- Vice-Consul, Capt. L. Hagnja.

Zagreb—Consul, R. T. Smallbones, M.B.E. Split (Spalato)-Vice-Consul. N. Perić. Susak--Vice-Consul, R. K. Leeper. Vis (Lissa)-Consular Agent, S. Topić.

(Villa Borghese, Rome.)

THE International Institute of Agriculture at Bome was founded in 1905 as the result of a Convention made between the representatives of 40 different countries. The number of nations subscribing to the Convention is 7s, and the Insti-tute may be regarded as the ploneer of official in-ternational institutions, and as the most repre-sentative of all. It is estimated that the countries and colouies adhering to the Institute represent

over gs per cent. of the population of the world.

The following is a complete list of the countries now adhering to the Convention of 1995, and therefore represented at the Institute

Cyronaica. Italian Somaliland.

Dutch East Indies.

Tripoli.

and contributing to its funds :-

Abyssinia. Hungary. Italy. Eritrea Argentina. Austria. Belgium. Belgian Congo. Bolivia. Brazil. Japan. Bulgaria. Latvia. Lithuania. (Thile. Chius. Luxemburg. Colombia. Mexico. Netherlands. Czechoslovakia. Denmark Nicaragua. Ecuador. Norway. Egypt. Estonia Panama. Paraguay. Persia. Finland. France. Pern. Algeria. French West Africa. Poland Portugal. Indo-China Rumania. Madagascar. Russia. Morocco. San Marino. Tunis. Siam. Germany. Spain Great Britain and Sweden. Northern Ireland Switzerland. Australia. British India. Canada. Irish Free State. Union of South Africa.

Turkey. United States. Hawaii. Philippine Islands Porto Rico. Virgin Islands. Uruguay Venezucla Yugoslavia. The essential objects of the Institute are defined in Article 9 of the Convention and may be summarised as follows:—

The Institute, confining its activities to the international sphere, shall:—

Collect, examine and publish, with the least possible delay, statistical, technical and economic information with regard to farming, crop and live-stock production, trade in agricultural products and the prices current on the

different markets;

Greece.

Haiti.

Gnatemala.

Indicate the wages paid for farm work; Record any new diseases of crops which may have appeared in any part of the world, showing the countries affected by such diseases, their progress and, where possible, any effective measures for their control

Study questions concerning agricultural co-operation, maurance and credit in all their forms; collect and publish all information that may be useful in the various countries for the organisation of systems of agricultural co-operation, insurance and credit :

Submit, should occasion arise, for the approval of the various Governments, measures for the protection of the common interests of the common to their confarmers, and for the improvement of their con-

The Institute has its seat in Rome, in a palace in the Villa Borghese, specially erected through the munificence of H.M. Victor Emmanuel. The Governing Body consists of a General Assembly of Delegates of the adhering Governments, meeting once every two years, and of a Permanent Committee of Delegates, mostly resident in Rome, acting as its executive. Apart from the General Secretariat to which, in addition to the ordinary administrative offices, the Section of Agricultural Legislation is attached, there are special bureaus dealing with General Statis-tics, Agricultural Science, and Agricultural Economics, respectively. The Institute also possesses an important Library, contaming about rag, coo volumes and pamphlets, and 80,000 unbound sets of periodicals from all parts of the world, while over 3,500 peric licals are received regularly. Thus the Library offers quite unusual facilities for the study of agricultural problems, and permission to utilise its resources is readily accorded to all properly accredited persons.

Information on agricultural questions is given mainly through periodical publications, issued in English and French and, in some cases, also in Spanish and Italian. These periodical publications include two Year-Books, the International Year-Book of Agricultural Statistics and the International Year-Book of Agricultural Legislation: the International Review of Agriculture, published monthly, and divided into three separate sections, dealing respectively with Agricultural Science and Practice, Agricultural Economics and Sociology, and International Agricultural Statistics, while in addition an International Bulletin of Plant Protection appears each mouth. These periodical publications are from time to time supplemented by monographs based on special research or specially acquired information.

A new feature in the publications of the Institute is the *Economic Commentary* published for the first time at the beguning of 2021, of which the second issue should appear at the end of the year. This Commentary discusses agricultural markets and prices, Government and unofficial action in relation to agricultural questions, and the position of farmers during the previous agricultural year. It is intended to

serve as a volume complementary to the International Year-book of Agricultural Statistics. In addition, special monographs dealing respectively with the Crop Results of the 1320 season and with the provision of Experimental Stations and similar institutions in Tropical Countries have been published during the year. The various publications of the Institute may be obtained in London from Messrs. P. S. King and Son, or may be ordered from Bestetti and Tumminelli, 32 Via Michelaugelo Gaetani, Rome. The economic work of the Institute has

been greatly strengthened by the recent appointment of its expert Agricultural Economic Committee, which advises on the economic and statistical programme in its international aspects in general, with special reference to the requirements of the Economic Consultative Committee of the League of Nations. With the estab-lishment of this Committee the Institute may be said to have completed the list of advisory bodies required to give the cachet of anthority to its work. The International Agricultural Scientific Council, through the expert members of its various Commissions, is in a position to advise on any purely technical questions that may arise, and the Permanent International Commission of Agricultural Associa-tions (which has now a regular monthly organ) provides means for ascertaining the views of practical agriculturists. At the same time liaison with other bodies interested in agriculture is maintained by the International Commission for Co-ordination in Agriculture, which is also

attached to the Institute.

The World Agricultural Census of 1929-30, undertaken by the Institute with the object of obtaining on a uniform basis as complete an inventory as possible of the agricultural resources of the world, has, as a result of very careful and detailed work of preparation, achieved a large measure of success. The number of countries which made their census in accordance with the standard forms prepared by the Institute fully reached expectation, and many completed returns are already available. A beginning is now being made with the publication of these results, and in order to facilitate their utilisation they are being issued separately for each country as they come to hand, in as uniform a shape as possible, and in English and French as the most generally known languages General studies interpreting the documentation thus collected and methodological studies—of which the particular object is the perfecting of future censuses-constitute the second stage in the programme of work which the Institute proposes to accomplish on the basis of the information supplied by this first world census of agricultural production.

The most important feature of the public work of the Institute during roar was the Intermational Preparatory Conference of the and World Wheat Conference, which took place at the Palace of the Institute from March 26 to April 2. Official Delegates from hearly 50 countries took part in the proceedings, and there were also present, as Observers or specially invited persons, representatives of the League of Nations, the International Labour Office, the International Chamber of Commerce, the London and Liverpool Corn Trade Associations, and similar bodies. The main questions discussed Secretary General. Prof Alessandro Brizi.

included the International Organisation of Wheat Production and of the Wheat Trade, International Agricultural Credit and Preferential Tariffs, and the Conference adopted an important series of resolutions, which have been communicated to the various Governments. Inter alia, special stress was laid on the necessity for an improved organisation of the Wheat Market, on the better organisation of world wheat production (which would largely depend on improvements in the provision of information and
of statistical forecasts, and on the value of short
term agricultural credit in the present crisis.
A direct outcome of the Conference was the

meeting on May 18 at Canada House in London, under the Presidency of the Hon George Howard Ferguson, High Commissioner for Canada, of representatives of Overseas and Emopean wheat exporting countries for the purpose of drawing up a plan for dealing with the wheat export

season 1931-32, and with existing stocks.

The question of Short Term Agricultural Credit was again discussed on Angust 12-13 at a meeting of experts convened by the Institute, when a scheme for the constitution of an International Agricultural (short term) ('redit Bank was drafted.

A Conference of Experts preparatory to an International Diplomatic Conference on the Marking of Eggs in International Trade, which it is proposed to hold at an early date in Bi ussels, took place at the Institute on May 11-13. The Conference was of a fully representative char-acter and drew up a Draft Convention, which will form the basis of discussion at the later meeting.

The two most important events at present arranged for resemble and the Second World Wheat Conference and the Eleventh General

Assembly of the Institute

President. His Exc. Prof. G. De Michelis (Delegate of Italy).

Vice-President: M Louis Dop (Delegate of

France).

British Delegate: H. L. French, CB, OBE. (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries). Delegate of the Irish Free State, M. Harvey

Rafferty.

Delegate of the Indian Empire Sir Bhupendra Nath Mitra (High Commissioner).

Delegate of the Union of South Africa: His Exc. Barend Pienaar.

#### , DISTANCE OF THE HORIZON.

THE limit of distance to which one can see varies with the height of the spectator. The greatest distance at which an object on the surface of the sea, or of a level plant, can be seen by a person whose eyes are at a height of 5 feet from the same level is nearly 3 miles. At a height of as feet the range is increased to nearly 6 miles, and an approximate rule for finding the range of vision for small heights is to increase the square root of the number of feet that the eye is above the level surface by a third of itself, the result being the distance of the horizon in miles, but is slightly in excess of that in the table below, which is computed by a more precise formula. The table may be used conversely to show the distance of an object of given height that is just visible from a point in the surface of the earth or sea. Refraction is taken into account both in the approximate rule and in the Table.

At a height of	the range is	At a height of 500 ft	the range is	At a height of 4,000 ft	the range is 83'3 miles.
80 ,,	5'9 ,	I,000 ., ·		5,000 ,,	
50 ,	93 ,,	2,000 ,,	58.9 "	20,000 ,,	186'2 ,,
300	13.8 "	3,000 ,,	73'I ,,		

of agg had been gathering force for a year or more, unseen by all but the most acute and experienced observers. Its immediate conse-quences at home were the fall of the Labour Administration, the institution of a National Government which will probably affect the whole field of politics for a generation, the suspension of the Gold Standard, and a general election fought under conditions which had never previously existed As early as February, Mr. Snowden had indicated that all was not well with the national fluances, and in his Spring Budget he showed anxiety concerning the world depression, but he seemed hopeful that the deficit night be cancelled out by the economies which were to be suggested by the committee which had been set up. But although that committee made a series of drastic proposals, the general situation, not only in Great Britain but throughout the world, had by that time gone from bad to worse. "To produce a properly belanced Budget in 1932, "said Sir George May and his colleagues, "a deficiency of £120,000,000 has to be made good by new taxation and by commiss." Mr. Snowden's own view of the position when he produced his emergency Budget was that the deficiency would be even greater-£170,000,000—and it was this enormous sum that the National Government set itself to cover by a "Nationcombination of economies and taxes ally, we have for some time been living beyond our means and living to a considerable extent upon our capital," declared Mr. Snowden. There were, however, other important causes. The financial stability of Germany was one, the gold shortage caused by the withdrawais by the United States and France was another. Only a week after Parliament adjourned for the recess, the Bank of England realised that a serious situation might have to be met because of the outflow of deposits and the danger to gold reserves. Temporary credits were obtained, but these were nearly exhausted by the time the National Government took office There is no doubt that but for the change of administration the £ would have crashed-not merely declined, as was the case when Britain went off the Gold Standard. There was a lack of confidence abroad, and the immediate need was to balance the Budget, so that a loan could be obtained. Even when the Budget had been balanced, the international position was too serious. months funds amounting to over £200,000,000 were withdrawn from the London market, the withdrawals being met partly from gold and foreign currency held by the Bank of England, partly from the procee is of the first credit of £50,000,000 secured from New York and Patis, and partly from new French and American credits of \$80,000,000. Finally the withdrawals, mostly for foreign account, became so constant, and the international fluancial markets so demoralised—so much so that they were liquida-ting their sterling assets regardless of their intrinsic worth—that the Government decided that there was no alternative but to protect the financial position of Great Britain by suspending the Gold Standard. The step was generally The step was generally approved and was not so serious as it appeared. It was taken not because of internal financial difficulties, but because of excessive withdrawals of borrowed capital, a very different matter

INTERNATIONAL in its origin, as well as in its effects, the financial crisis which swept like a lanced Budget and uncontrolled inflation, typhoon over Great Britain in the holiday month of regar had been gathering force for a year or more, unseen by all but the most acute and cyclety arrested and slight improvements were experienced observers. Its immediate conse-

#### THE MACMILLAN REPORT.

THE Committee on Finance and Industry began work, under chairmanship of Lord Macmillau, in November, 1929, and issued its report on July 12, 1931, with approval of all members except Lord Bradbury. Inter alia, the report expressed: The 1929 return to Gold Standard had not fulfilled anticipations, but a reversal of policy would not necessarily mean making good mistakes. Important British income was derived from international banking and associated services. It is not our case that industry should be sacrificed to finance. It would not be possible for a country so intricately concerned with outside would as Great Britain to escape simply from repercussions of instability elsewhere. We must continue attempt to recure sound international currency, De-valuation of a currency standing at par without notice is emphatically inexpedient. International confidence is based on belief that national currencies will be majntained at fixed legal value. Great Britain's position as creditor country remains immensely strong. Stabilisation of world wholesale prices at present figures would be a world disaster. The aim of British monetary policy should be, with the co-operation of the central banks, to first ruse and then stabilise a price level in com-modities. Sound policy must lie at home in modities. Sound policy must he at home in maintenance of foreign exchange partites, avoidance of a credit cycle, and price level stability. Managing authority should be the liank of England, that would adapt itself to new conditions. After pointing out that sole use of a gold reserve was to meet deficits in international payments until measures could be taken to secure equilibrium again, it was laid down that central lanks should not mas gold or gold cerscentral banks should not pass gold or gold cor-tificates into currency, should give collective consideration to legal requirements for gold reserves, regard deposits in B.I.S or other central banks as gold equivalent. Central banks should be autonomous, especially in collection of gold and stopping inflation. The long term investment should go with the present fashion of short terms, and tendencies in a country to keep excessive liquid balances should be curbed

Present omergency called for greater willingness to buy and lend on part of credutor countries as first step towards restoration of price level. Otherwise, creditor countries would absorb remaining gold from debtors and create defaults. A concerted policy was essential between Central Ranks of Britain, France and U.S. A. With Bank of England, policy was wrong in locking up gold instead of having it available for export. Parliament should give Bauk power to issue notes up to £400,000,000 and to reduce gold holding to £75,000,000, but as statutory figures only. The Committee desired to give elasticity on occasion of necessity, but was not in favour of a reduction in the normal stock of gold. Joint Stock Banks were to reduce their holdings of notes. Increase should be made in total resources of Bank of England, including liquid funds abroad. Banks should assist in setting up financial organisations of type of Bankers Industrial Development Company to help industry. Suggestions were

put forward in distribution of trade statistics and information. The Committee reviewed recent international financial history—maldistribution of gold being held responsible for price falls—and dealt with production costs.

#### THE HOLMAN-GREGORY REPORT.

Royal Commission on Unemployment Insurance was appointed Dec. 9, 1930 (Judge Holman Gregory, K.C., Chairman), to enquire into working of Insurance Scheme, recommend means to make it solvent and self-supporting and suggest arrangements ontside the Scheme to provide work for unemployed. Pressure was brought on Commission to funnish an early Report after hearing certain witnesses and this became available in June The Majority Report (five members) drew attention to a surplus of £22,000,000 in the Unemployment Fund in July, 1921, and a deficit of £82,810,000 on May 23, 1931 Revision was necessary to limit benefits to a6 weeks in any year, increase all contributory rates in ratio to an adult male standard of 9d. from employee, employer and State, reduced benefits based on 15s. weekly for adult males, plus 8s. and 2s for adult and children dependents. Transitional benefit should be same as insurance benefit claimants having to show 8 contributions in preceding two years or (30) in six previous years; resources of applicant should be taken into account and no benefit to be paid to a person refusing work offered. Anomalies in regard to part-time workers, married women and seasonal workers were to be dealt with. The Minority Report (two members) objected to sweeping proposals in an interim report, desired maintenance of unemployed on a level not lower than that in force, accepted casual workers' proposals but differed themselves on limitations of benefit to married women. A Bill was subsequently introduced in Parliament and became Law, Unemployment Insurance Act No. 3, on July 31, putting into force most of the recommendations in regard to Anomalies. This Mensure would effect small economics but left untouched the greater financial proposals of the Majority Report

# THE ECONOMY REPORT

A Committee of seven, Sir G E May as Chairman, was appointed by Mr MacDonald in March, 1931, to make recommendations "for effecting forthwith all possible reductions in national expenditure on Supply Services."

Reports (majority signed by five and minority by two members) were issued July 31, Parliament had just risen for the summer adjournment. After pointing out Parliament's habit of voting expenditure, "enjoying benefits for which we are not providing the cost," with fixed amounts without taking into account the falling piece level, the horrowing on behalf of the Unemploy-ment and Road Funds, and additions to national and municipal burdens at a time when industrial enterprise and employment were decreasing, the Committee stated that with even optimistic revenue collections this year the Budget of 1931 would show a deficiency of £120,000,000, apart from any extra sums arising through the Wai hebt moratorium. This was "no transient feature to be bridged by temporary expedients."

Tables in the Report showed a comparison between 1924 and 1932 national expenditure and 1920,000,000 so, the Austrian Parliament grants (chief increases being Pensions and anteed payment of foreign short term credits, Insurance, £34,600,000; Education, Housing, and the Government obtained permission from

&c., £22,100,000) to make a gross addition of £130,000,000 in social services and home developments. The Report submitted reductions of money obligations previously fixed to meet the rise in money value, national realisation of whether country can afford much of present expenditure considered desirable, but not necessarrly essential, and trade restoration with reabsorption of unemployed into industry could only follow strict regard to State efficiency and economy. For the future, Parliament should be given more economic information than by one Bridget speech annually, a Finance Committee on lines of imperial Defence Committee established in Cabinet, and politicians curb their electonal promises of financial help. The Minority Report asked for the long view as against temporary reductions in expenditure, and if sacrifices are essential they should be distributed according to capacity to withstand and not only upon certain large sections of the community as recom nended in the list of "cuts by the Majority Report. The proposed cuts were :-Development-

Development	
Road Fund	£.7.864.000
Agriculture and Fisheries	575,000
Forestry Commission	478,000
Empire Marketing Board .	400,000
Colonial Development Fund	250,000
Social Services-	-30,000
Unemployment Insurance	66 ton oon
(so per cent. benefit reduction and	00,500,000
increased contributions)	
National Health Insurance .	
71 3 41	1,000,000
(15 per cent, off teachers' salaries	13,000,000
and grant revisions)	
Universities	
	250,000
Defence-	
Back to 1925 pay for personnel	2,199,000
R N. Dockyards	50,000
Army subsidies for transport and	
breeding	50,000
R A.F research	25,000
Clothing, inspection, technical	
development, etc	854,000
Pay and Pensions-	
Dockyard preferential bonus	385,000
Police pay xx1/2 per cent	925,000
Army Officers	500,000
Civil Service Marriage Gratuities	167,000
	, ,

#### AUSTRIA AND GERMANY.

Next to the War itself, the root of collapse goes back to the action of Germany in 1923, in destroying the value of the old mark. Thenceforward, Germany could only carry on with the aid of foreign loans to meet reparation payments and finance home industry. Austria's position was weak, a particular sign being the compulsory acquisition of the Boden Creuit Anstalt, and another bank by the Credit Anstalt, that became then the predominant financial honse of Austria with 70 per cent. of the total bank deposits of that country. In May, 1931, the amouncement was made of tremendons losses. The Austrian Government had subscribed 200,000,000 schillings, and the Austrian National Bank and Mesers. and the Austrian Radional Dania and Austrian Rothschilds 20,000,000 each (*1 = 35 sch.), in hope of austaining public confidence, but foreign withdrawals were heavy. The B.I.S. lent withdrawals were heavy. 100,000,000 sch., the Austrian Parliament guaranteed payment of foreign short term credits, the League of Nations Commission to borrow specioscopic sch. This was to be raised internationally, but owing to the pressure of time the Bank of England provided the whole on June 56. The Anstatt's debtors included £75,000,000 belonging to foreigners, of which Great Britain was largest with £27,000,000. British money was thus locked away to this extent.

Though Germany was interested to the extent of only £5,000,000 in the failure, the reaction was feit acutely. German nationals began to withdraw home funds and remit overseas for fear of another mark collapse; credits by France, Great Britain, U.S.A., and other short term lenders began to be called in. The result was a banking crisis in Germany, the Darmstadter und Nationalbank having to snapend payment. Germany was also still feeling the effect of the big capital withdrawals of the September, 1930, election crisis. The Berlin Bank Itate increased from 5 to 7 per cent. on June 23, 1931, to 20 on July 25. The cover on notes had now fallen to least than the legal infinium of 40 per cent. The loss of gold by the Reichebank, from May 23 to June 23, was 979 coo,000 reichemal ks; foreign exchange holdings fell in same time from 271 to 90 million rms. To support the Reichebank, a credit of 400,000,000 rms. was raised jointly in equal sums by Fed. Res Bank of New York, Banks of England and France, and B.I.S. Now came an appeal from Germany against the Young Plan, on the ground that its assumptions were wrong. Germany possesses power to postpone payment for two years, apart from the 660,000,000 marks to be derived from State railway duties.

#### WAR DEBTS POSTPONEMENT.

On June 20, 1932, President Hoover issued from Washington a statement—"Subject to confirmation by Congress, the American Government will postpone all payments on the debts of foreign Governments to the American Government, payable during the fiscal year heginning July 2, 1931, conditional on a like postponement for the year of all payments of inter-Governments debts" Obligations by Governments to civilians were not included. This moratorium, became effective from July 6, apart from agreement on minon details. The relief to Germany in a year's payments was 800,000,000 marks. The total Inter-Government Debt repayments due to Great Britain in the year to June 30, 1932, was given in House of Commons, July 14, a-542,790,000; this included £337,000 from South Africa that wished to make the payment, but not the £1,686,000 previously postponed by Australia. The experts, who considered the moratorium, recommended on Ang. 2x that the suspended payments for the year should be paid in ten equal annual instalments with interest at 3 per cent. from July 2, 1932.

### LONDON CONFERENCE.

On July 8 a German guarantee syndicate was established to give collateral security of 500,000,000 marks through the Gold Discount Bank. This inspired confidence. The C.D.B. then closed with an old offer of a \$50,000,000 credit in U.S.A. The June credit of 400,000,000 marks was extended to the Reichsbank. A run upon gold and foreign exchange resources (not a simple run upon the banks by the public) was in full swing in Germany. On July 50, the seven-power Conference summoned by the Britash

Government met in Loudon (Mr. MacDonald, Chairman). As a result of the private deliberations it was decided to call upon the B.I.S. to ascertain the futher credit needs of Germany and the possibility of turning its short term into long term loans. Messrs. MacDonald and Henderson then paid a personal visit to Berlin, returning on July zo with an announcement of "a most successful meeting." On Aug. z the Reichsbank raised its discount rate to zg per cent.; the Darmstadter (Panat) Bank also reopened to pay m full if needed, this being made possible by introduction of new industrial capital of 43,000,000 marks. German banks had been closed, except for small business, since July zs, but their re-opening did not lead to extraordinary withdrawals.

# STERLING AND CREDITS.

A constant dram had been observable upon London Funds since the General Election of 1989. In 1939, the favourable credit balance was £138,000,000 in British Trade, though our £138,000,000 III British Finds, bindight on imports exceeded exports by £366,000,000 thanks to foreign investment yields, shipping, banking and other services rendered the world by Britain. Within a year, the favourable credit balance had dropped to £39,000,000 in the estimate of the Board of Trade, and by the middle of 1931 the credit balance no longer existed. With that disappearance, the real basic strength of sterling had gone On July 6, the Bank of England's return showed the highest gold holding of the year. Nine days later, immediately after the German bank crisis, the value of the £x fell to below the point at which gold moves (\$4.83 x/x6 compared with 484 13/16). The French franc value moved newards. In eight days £20,250,000 gold was taken from the Bank of England. To stem the tide of withdrawal from London, the bank rate of discount was raised from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per cent, on July \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Then followed the visit of Messis. MacDonald and Henderson to Beilin. Gold was still leaving the Bank. In the course of a week, the loss was £16.734.93x, bringing down the holding to £133.300,000, with the result that the discount rate had to be raised to 4½ per cent. on July 30. At this point the Economy Committee Report threatening a definit of £120.000,000 in the Budget appeared. On Aug. 2, the Bank of England raised credits of £25,000,000 each with Bank of France and Federal Reserve Bank of New York in the hope of maintaining the exchange for sterling. The Theasiny now gave authority for the increase of the fiduciary issue from £36,00,000 to £37,000,000 (pernission being extended in periods), thus enabling the Bank to ship gold, if necessary, without interfering with supply of currency. The credits soon disappeared and negotiations began with a view to further support. On Aug. 28, the Treasury amounced that one year Loans for £40,000,000 each were to be raised in New York and Paris. Commissions and expenses of issue were £1,047,000. During these days, a political crisis was careeting madly on in London, the world assuming the worst and the foreign exchange manipulators driving hard against the value of the £1 Bittain was driven off the Gold Standard to During which a return had been made after the war by the Act of rgas. Pallament passed the necessary Suspensory Act on Sept. 27 The Bank return of Sept. 30, rgar, showed a gold holding of £134,87,865, plus gold and allver coins of

£1,342,839. At this figure, apart from small interior collections, the stock is likely to remain since gold went up to over £5 &. 6d. per oz. in the buillion market. (Under 1925 &. 6d. per oz.) Speculation had to be curbed on Stock Exchange by making all bargains for cash, and immitation of foreign exchange transactions to business essentials. Exchanges went naturally against Britain, falling as low as 3.75 against a par £4.866 on New York, and France 95 against fcs. 124.22 par on Oct. 5. The gold holding of the Pank of France had grown to 59,346,70,000 fcs in return of Sept. 25, 2931, from 56,525,000,000 on June 19 previous. Monetary gold in U.S.A. on Sept. 9 was \$5,000,000,000, an increase of \$197,000 coron from June 20. The U.S.A. had practically half of the world's gold.

Bolivia, Norway, Portugal and Sweden also temporarily abandoned the Gold Standard after Sept zz. ragz. The Danish Government prohibited export of gold as from Sept. zz., and on Sept. zo suspended the Gold Standard until Nov. zo, the note cover being reduced officially from so to 32% per cent. N. and S. Rhodesia and Finland joined the list of countries that temporarily suspended gold payments on Oct. zz. Canada stopped the export of gold on Oct zg. and so practically came off the gold standard.

An immense amount of capital has been lying "frozen" in the U.S.A. banks, failure to employ it undoubtedly making unemployment acute, and, in the hope of creating liquidity and confidence, President Hoover suggested in the first week of Oct. the establishment of a \$500,000,000 Institution. The delentures were immediately subscribed by the banks, a 2 per cent. levy on deposits being proposed in the Presidential statement issued on Oct 7 after an all-party Congress Conference. By discounting securities ineligible for discounting by the Federal Reserve Banks this Institution will permit the release of locked-up credits. The widening of the Federal Reserve Act in giving more discount powers to the twelve Reserve Banks was also recommended by the President. In view of the U.S.A. bank collapses (Jan. z-Sept. 30, z,234 banks were snspended, involving \$929,485,000 deposits; son with \$122,525,000 were re-opened) Reserve Banks were requested to help in early

payment of dividends to creditors. The U.S.A. felt a gold draught in September and October; the equivalent of the net gain in gold in range and r930 of \$700,000,000 was exported in the course of six weeks, Europe being the destination. In October, M. Laval paid a visit from France to U.S.A.

# BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS.

First annual report of the B.I.S. was issued on May 12 to cover the period Miny 17, 1230 (date of beginning business) to March 27, 1232. Accounts are kept in Swiss francs. Deposits on latter date were 1,780,000,000 fcs.; assets, 2,900,000,000 fcs.; profit for 10. The months working, 12,125,221 fcs., distributed between legal reserve fund 5 per cent., dividend on shares, 6 per cent., dividend reserve, 1,094,285 fcs., and general roserve, 2,283,378 fcs. Bank accepts deposits only from central Banks and Governments besides being trustee of German annuity reparation payments. B.I.S. reported having transferred surplus sums from certain markets for easing stringency in others whilst book transfers were made between Central Banks without transactions going through ordinary exchange markets, thus obviating wide exchange fluctuations. The monthly statement of July 32 showed a drop of deposits to 1,632,000,000 fcs., due, it was said, to changes brought about by the Hoover plan (Germany having paid only 31,000,000 marks of the Young Plan on July 25, central banks selling exchanges to meet withdrawals of capital from their markets, but losses in this direction were partly counterbalanced by increased deposits of banks of countries making the withdrawals on Aug 3 the B.I.S. renewed for three months a credit of £50,000,000 to German Reichsbank. In July the B.I.S. had loaned the Austian National Bank, 100,000,000 schillings for the discounting of the bills of the Credit-Anstalt, the first instalment of 10 per cent. was repaid on Sept. 20. Deposits were shown in the B I S. statement of Rept. 20 as 1,273,627,673 Rwiss fcs., a drop of a fifth in the month; this fall was due to withdrawals, owing to monetary situation and reparation re-arrangements.

#### PILOTS' EARNINGS.

The majority of the 320 pilots attached to the Port of London had not average incomes approaching £1,000 or over that amount during 1929.

An official return issued Nov 8, 1930. shows that the average net earnings were .---

Service and Number Engaged.	Average Earnings.	Extra Services.
Channel pilots (76)	£1,059	£23
Cinque Ports pilots (70)	903	19
North Channel pilots (47)	863	30
('ompulsory River Thame		95
Home Trade pilots (2)	793	147

Two pilots at Rochester did even better, for they averaged £1,008, with £217 for extra services.

#### SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

The Signs of the Zadiac are shown below in accordance with the apparent motion of the Snn, from January to December.

In your the Sun enters-

ı	in 1932 the sun enters
	m Aquarius, the Water Bearer Jan. 21
	* Pisces, the Fishes Feb. 19
	Υ Aries, the Ram Mar. 20
	& Taurus, the Bull April so
	II Genuni, the Twins May az
	Cancer, the Crab June sz
	Ω Leo, the Lion July 23
	up Vargo, the Virgin Aug. 23
	△ Libra, the Balance Sept. 23
	m Scorpio, the Scorpion Oct. a3
	1 Sagittarius, the Archer Nov. ss
	by Carricornus, the Sea Goat Dec. as

THE system of government by party in Great Britain is the outcome of a gradual constitutional development. Until the "Glolions Revolution of x685," the principal Officers of State, chosen by the Soveneign, were responsible to him alone and not to Parliament or the nation at large. Such officers acted sometimes in concert with one another, but more often independently, and the fall of one did not necessarily involve the fall of another, although all were liable to dismissal at any moment. Pattes came into existence and gained increased importance as Parliament claimed and secured predominance in affairs of State, and it has long been a custom of the Constitution for the Sovereign to entrust the conduct of affairs to the accredited leader of the party in Parliament which enjoys, or can secure, a majority of votes in the House of Commons. The principle of joint Cabinet responsibility is also fully established, and internal disagreement leads to a change of personnel or realignation of the whole.

change of personnel or resignation of the whole. In 1693 the Earl of Suuderland recommended to William III. the advisability of selecting a Ministry drawn from the political party which enjoyed a majority in the House of Comnons. The existing parties were known as Whiys and Tories, names given by opponents to each other in the reign of Charles II., and continuing as political labels until Whig was changed to Liberal in 1888, and Tory to Conservative in 1898.

The first united Ministry was drawn in 1696

The first united Ministry was drawn in xoos from the Whigs, to which party King William III. owed his throne, the principal members being Russell (the Admiral), Somers (the Advocate), Lord Wharton, said Charles Montague (afterwards Chancellor of the Exchequer). This group was known as the Janto, and was regarded with suspicion as a novelty in the political life of the nation.

At the accession of Queen Anne the government was largely in the hands of the great Duke of Marlborough, with a Tory Ministry and a strong Tory majority in Parliament, but in 1702 a Whig Parliament was elected with a gradual return to power of the Whig Ministers, but their persecution of D. Sacheverell offended Queen Anne and led to their downfall. At the end of the telign there was a Tory Parliament and a Tory Ministry under Lord Harley and Lord Bolingbroke. Harley was dismissed by the Queen, and Bolingbroke opened secret negociations for the return of the Stuarts, in which he was thwarted by the Duke of Shewsbury, himself a former supporter of the eviled King, but in his later life an avowed Whig, and the most notable adherent of the Hanoverlan succession.

The accession of George I. was a complete triumph for the Whigs, whose cause was strengthened by the suppression of the first "Jacolite Conspiracy" of \$775-46. The effect upon the development of the party system was even more marked, as the King was scarcely able to understand the English language. His attendance at meetings of the Cabinct became useless and irksome, and allowed the appearance of a Prime Minister, and his example has been so consistently followed as to have become a settled custom. The two foremost statesmen at the time were Lord Townshend and Lord Stauhope, but after the financial crash of \$720, which witnessed the failure of the South Sea Company and several others formed in connexion with it, Sir Robert Wulpole took office and held it without a break for over twenty

years (1750-42) resigning his various offices after a parliamentary election which returned a majority of members opposed to his policy. During Walpole's strong administration the Tory party had sunk into insignificance in the

During Walpole's strong administration the Tory party had sunk into insignificance in the House of Commons and opposition to Walpole was offered principally by a section of the Whig party, headed by Lord Pult.uey and Lord Chesterfield. This section was joined by the remnant of the Tory party, but there was no great change in policy after Walpole's retirement, Lord Wilmington becoming Prime Minister until his death in 1743, when he was succeeded by Henry Pelham, brother of the Duke of Newcastle, who remained in office until his death in 1754.

Two years later William Pitt became Secretary of State under the Duke of Newcastle, who had led the government since his brother's death, but the accession of George III. was followed by the rise of Lord Bute, a Torj, and an avowed advocate of the supremacy of the monarchy over parliament and parties. Lord Bute was appointed Prime Minister in 1761, and caused the resignation of Pitt as Secretary of State and leader of the House of Commons. Lord Bute was succeeded by George Grenville, who became unpopular at home owing to his attempted suppression of the liberty of the Press and in the North American Colonies through the imposition of the Stump Act Upon Grenville's retirement in 1765 the King invited William Pitt of form an administration, but Pitt declined owing to lack of parliamentary support and the post was accepted by Lord Rockingham.

In 1765 Pitt became Prime Minister and was

In 1766 Pitt became Prime Minister and was created Earl of Chatham, but his health failed in 1767 and the Duke of Grafton (1767-70) and Loud North (1770-8a) led the Tory party until the return of the Whigs to power under Lord Rockingham and Lord Shelburne.

In 278x, William Pitt, the jounger, second son of the Earl of Chatham, entered Parliament at the age of az, and became Chancellor of the Exchequer in Shelburne's government. In 2783 Lord Shelburne resigned, and a Coalition Ministry was formed by the Duke of Portland, with Charles James For and Lord North as Secretaries of State, the Ministry meliding the Whigs who followed Fox and the Tory supporters of North. This Coalition marked the first departure for over 60 years from the rule of strict government by party, but it soon broke up after a defeat on the India Bill introduced by Fox, and the Ministers resigned

William Pitt became Prime Minister in 1783, when in his sight year, and a general election in 1784 gave him an overwhelming majority in the House of Commons. He remained in office until 1801, when he resigned owing to the King's opposition to Cathohe emancipation, and was succeeded by Henry Addington. In 1804 Pitt returned to office, but his health was faiting and he died on Jan. 23, 1806. During his membership of the House of Commons, parliamentary debates were distinguished by the orational duels between Pitt and his great opponent Fox, and opposition and occasional support from Edmund Burke.

Pitt's second administration was followed by a National Ministry, known as "The Ministry of All the Talents," formed under Charles James Fox and Lord Grenville for the prosecution of the war with France. This Ministry was dissolved by the death of Fox in Sept. 1805, and the Duke of Portland became Prime Minister in

2807, followed by Spencer Perceval, who was assassinated in 1812. The death of Perceval was followed by the long administration of the Earl

rollowed by the long administration of the Earl of Liverpool (1812-29).

George IV.'s accession did not alter the political course of the country, and in 1827 George Canning, who was an adent supporter of Fitt in his early years and had held office under him, was Prime Minister for a few months. At his death he was succeeded by Lord Goderich, who resigned in 1829, when the Duke of Wellington accepted office as Prince Minister.

The Duke of Wellington's administration was marked by the passing of Catholic emuncipa-tion, largely through the aid of Robert Ped, and by means of support from the Whigs, but the Tory party had become disorganised, and

Wellington resigned in 1830.

wellington resigned in 1830.

Parliamentary Reform had been advocated by the elder and younger Fitt, and was brought about at the beginning of William IV.'s 1eign in Earl Grey's administration (1830-34). The Wings had adopted (1838) the name of Liberal, and the Reformed Parliament contained a large majority of Liberals, with an advanced wing, known since 1816 as 'Radical Reformers' or Radicals. The Reformed Parliament also witnessed the growth of an Irish Party under Daniel O'Counell, formed from the Itish members brought into the House at the Union of 1801. The Tory Party also changed its name (at the mstigation of John Wilson Croker, an Irish M.P.) to Conservative, and formed a compact opposition under the leadership of Sir Robert Peel, who became Prime Minister for a few months (1834-38) between the two administrations of Lord Melbourne, and held office acan, with a considerable Conservative majority in the House of Commons, from 1841 46. Sir Robert Peel entered office as an avowed

Protectionist, but a potato famme in Ircland, and a disastrous harvest in England brought about the repeal of the Corn Laws with Liberal When Peel retired from office the support. When rest returned from office for conservative party was distincted, the mal-contents or "Young England" party meluding Benjamin Disraeli, who had been elected M.P. for Mandstone in 1837

Free Trads was the dividing line between Conservatives and Liberals at the polls or many

years, the principal exponents being Richard Cobden, termed the "Aposents reing Atlanta Cobden, termed the "Apostle of Free Trade," and John Bright. Free Trade carried the day, and from 1847 to 1865 the Government was in Liberal hands (with the exception of two short administrations under Lord Derby in 1855 and 1858), the great parliamentary figures (in addition to Cobden and Bright) being Lord John Russell, Lord Palmerston (whose Itish peerage enabled him to sit in the Commons) and William Ewart Gladstone, whose oratorical duels with Benjamin Disraeli revived the memories of Pitt and Fox.

Lord Derby was Conservative Prime Minister for a third time from 1866, with Benjamin Disraeli as leader of the House of Commons. Disraeli succeeded as Prime Minister on Loid Derby's retirement in February, 1868, but the House of Commons, elected after a Reform Bill passed by the aid of the Liberals, showed a large Liberal majority. Gladstone's first administration lasted from 1868 to 1874, when a General Election again placed Disnaeli in power for six years, but in 1880 the Liberals were returned with a majority of 6z, and the second Gladstone administration lasted until the Home Rule

election of x886, except for an interval of a few months in 1885, when the Conservatives were in office under Lord Salisbury.

Home Rule for Ireland temporarily displaced Free Trade as a dividing line between the two great parties in the State, and a new party had great parties in the state, and a new party man been formed in the House of Commons from Irish members pledged to Home Rule, following a movement initiated in 1872 by Isaac Butt, member for Limerick. A Home Rule resolution was defeated in the House by 314 to 52 in 1874, but the General Election of 1882 returned 60 members pledged to fight for Home Rule Butt died in 1879 and was succeeded as hader by William Shaw, who gave way in 1880 to Charles Stewart Parnell,* member for Meath and afterwards for Cork City. Government by Party majority thus became complicated through the existence of a third party possessed of sufficient voting strength to turn the scale in a division,

voting strength to turn the scale in a division. Home Rule caused many secessions from the Liberal party (including Lords Hartington, Selbone and Derby, John Bright, G. J. Goschen, Joseph Chamberlain, Sir John Lubbook, and Sir Henry James) and resulted in the formation of a new party of Liberal-Unionsis, who acted generally in concert with the Conservatives. In 1988 a Lineary Election, returned a maintive of 1886 a General Election returned a majority of 114 against Home Rule, and Lord Salisbury became Prime Minister as leader of the Unionist party, which was in power, except for a Liberal Administration (1892-95), until 2005, Arthur James Balfour succeeding Lord Salisbury as

Prime Minister in 1908.

In 1903, Joseph Chamberlain spoke at Birmingham on trade preference and reciprocity with the Dominions. His policy became known as Turif Reform, and was vigorously opposed by the Liberals. Mi. Chamberlain claimed that the fiscal relations of the country had wholly changed since the days of Cobden and Bright, and he advocated retailatory tariffs when the interests of Great Britain and the Dominions were threatened. The policy was much in prominence during the election of 1906, which, however, gaye the Liberals the unprecedented majority of 356. But another party had come into being, Labour members being elected in a strong force. The pioneers in the cause of Labour had hitherto professed advanced Radicalism, and the small handful of 1895 (12) and 1900 (11) was nucreased to 52 11 1006.

In roos the office of Prime Munister, which had been in existence for nearly 200 years, was officially recognised, and its holder granted a place in the Table of Precedence

Sir Henry (ampbell-Banierman, the new Liberal Prime Minister, died in 1908 and was succeeded by Herbett Henry Asquith, who remained in office until after the outbreak of the Great War. He was succeeded on Dec 7, 1916, by David Lloyd George (who had been Chancellor of the Excheque: since 1908 at the head of a National Ministry formed from the Liberal and Conservative parties.

Home Rule had been granted to Iteland before the war, but the state of affairs in Ireland caused the Legislation to be suspended, and Irish members of the House of Commons numbered 105 until they were reduced to 13 by the passage of the Government of Iteland Act of rost.

Owing to trouble of a non-political nature the Irish Kataonalists split in 1890 into Parnellites and Anti-Parnellites Parnell died in 1892 and John Redmend became leader of the Irish Home Rule party in 1892.

The Coalition, for National Government, appealed to the country in 1918 and was returned to power with a majority of 1953, the Opposition consisting of 86 Irish Nationalists, 63 Labour and 85 Independent Conservatives and Liberals. The Coalition was dissolved in 1923, and government was again conducted on party lines, 347 (Conservatives being returned at the General Election, the Opposition (1988) consisting mainly of 142 Labour and 199 Liberals.

Women of 30 were admitted to the Franchise at the election of 3918, but the first woman elected to Parliament (Countess Markiewicz) did not take a scat in the House, the first to do so being Lady Astor (1919). At the dissolution in 1931 there were 15 women members. Margaret Bondfield was the first woman member of the Cabinet and of the Privy Council. At the election of 1929 women had the vote on equal terms with men. Women so elected (up to the Dissolution in Oct. 2931) have been Labour (12), Conservatives (4), Liberal (4), and Independent (2). They have not formed a separate party. Andrew Bonar Law was the first post-war Conservative Prime Minister, to be succeeded in the party of the prime Minister, to be succeeded in the prime Minister, to be succeeded in the prime Minister, to be succeeded in the prime Minister, to be succeeded in the prime Minister, to be succeeded in November 1919.

Andrew Bonar Law was the first post-war Conservative Prime Minister, to be sneeseded in 2013 by Stanley Baldwin. In November, 1923, Mr. Baldwin outlined a policy of protection for British Industries, which was vigorously opposed by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Lloyd George. In December a General Election resulted in the defeat of Mr. Baldwin's policy, although the Unionist party remained the largest, but without a clear majority (Conservatives 28, Labour 1921, Liberals 186). After meeting Parliament in the following January Mr. Baldwin's Government was defeated by 228 votes to 256 on a Labour amendment to the address

On Jan. 22, 1924, J. Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the Labour party, formed the first Labour ministry, and although a minority in the House, subject to occasional reverses in the lobbies, Labour remained in office until the dissolution

in the following October,

The General Election of October 1924 was fought mainly on "Socialism or Anti-Socialism," tarlif questions being excluded for the time being. The Liberal party suffered severe reverses, Mr. Asquith being unseated, and the leadership of the party devolved upon Mr. Lloyd George. Mr. Baldwin became Prime Minister for the second time, with Winston Churchill as Chancellor of the Ecchequer, the House consisting of 432 Conservatives, 35 Labour, and 39 Liberals. The Conservatives remained in office until 1928, when a General Election, for the first time, returned Labour members as the largest single party (287) against 259 Conservatives and 59 Liberals.

In 1931, owing to disagreement in the Cabinet as to the method to be employed in restoring fluancial equilibrium and the balance of trade, Mr. MacDonald placed his resignation in His Majesty's hands (Aug. 23), and accepted office next day as Prime Minister of a National Government, with a Cabinet of so members, four of whom were Labour, four Conservative and two Liberal.

The change caused a definite cleavage in the Labour party, a small number following Mr. MacDonald, while the bulk of the party went into opposition under the leadership of Arthur Henderson, a member of Mr. MacDonald's cabinet in 1924 and 1929. Mr. Lloyd George was absent from Parliament through Ill-health but after negotations he declined to support the National Government. After carrying certain emergency measures through Parliament the National Government appealed to the country in October, 1921, the opposition consisting of the bulk of the Labour party, the official Liberals under Mr. Lloyd George, and other independents, including the New Party, under Sir Oswald Mosley, but a considerable number of Liberals formed the Liberal National Party under the leadership of Sir John Simon in support of the Prinne Minister.

There were 1,231 candidates for the 615 seats, made up of :--

For the National Government: National Labour (supporting Mr. MacDonald) 22; Conservatives 220; Liberal Nationals 40; Liberals (under Sir Hetbert Samuel) 86; Independent Nationals 2.

Against · Laboui (supporting Mr. Henderson) 513; Liberals (following Mr. Lloyd George) 34; Sir O. Mosley's party 24; Communists 25.

Women candidates numbered 62, of whom 21 were for the Government and 42 against

The election resulted in the return of the National Government by the largest majority ever known in the House of Commons, 497, made up as shown on p. 181.

Of the Ministers who resigned on Aug. 23, Lord Sankey (Lord Chancellor), Mr. Snowden (Exchequer) and Mr. Thomas (Dominious), joined Mr. MacDonald in the National Labour Party. At the General Election in October Mr. MacDonald (Seaham) and Mr. Thomas (Derby) were returned by their former Constituencies, while Mr. Snowden (Colne Valley) did not seek re-election. All other members of the Labour Cabinet of 1929-1931 were defeated, with the single exception of Mr. Lansbury (Bow and Bronley Division of Poplar).

The National Ministry was reconstructed on Nov. 5, further appointments being made during the month. In its final form the Ministry (see p. 169) numbered 64 (Cabinet 20, other Ministers 44), drawn from the different Parties as under:—

Party.	Cabinet Ministers	Other Ministers.	Total.
National Labour (MacDonald)		7	**
Conservative (Baldwin)		<b>25</b>	36 4
Liberal (Samuel)	4	9	23
Total	20	44	64

Feb zo.1855   Palmerston   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir G   Classish   Sir M   Classish   Sir M   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir W   Classish   Sir	Date	e. '	Prime Minister.	Exchequer.	Home (176a)	Foreign (276a)	War (1794).	Colonies (1854).
Mar g.,180   Portland   S. Perceval   Hawkeshury   Howick   General Gall II Cover   Castlerough   Mar g.,180   Portland   S. Perceval   S. Perceval   R. Ryder   Wellesley   Gall II Cover   Castlerough   Mallesley   Palmerston   Levery of   Mallesley   Palmerston   Levery of   Mallesley   Palmerston   Levery of   Mallesley   Palmerston   December   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Mallesley   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palmerston   Palme	May 25	1 ⁻ 04	W. Pitt	W. Pitt	Hawkesbury }	Mulgrave i	W Dundas }	Camden}
Mar g. 1, 1809   Perceval   S. Perceval   Has keshury   G. (aming fathing)   Continuency   S. Perceval   Has keshury   G. (aming fathing)   Continuency   S. Perceval   F. J. Robinson   R. Peel   G. (aming fathing)   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continuency   Continue	Feh zz,	z 06	Grenville	Ld. H. Petty	Spencer	('J Fox )	Gen. Fitzputrick	W. Wendham
June 9, star Liverpool   N. Vanstitant   F. J. Robinson   R. Ryder   Velleeley   Palmerston   Levery of	Mar 3z.	1807	Portland .	S. Perceval .	Hawkeshury	G Caming	Gen, Pultoney	Castlereagh
Agr. 24, 259, 15, 259 Goderich G. Canning Sept 5, 259 Goderich G. Canning Sept 5, 259 Goderich G. Canning Sept 5, 259 Goderich G. Canning Sept 5, 259 Goderich G. Canning Sept 6, 252 Goderich G. Canning Sept 6, 252 Goderich G. Canning Sept 6, 252 Melbourne Dec 26, 252 Melbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourn B. Goulbourne Dec 26, 252 Melbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourn G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourne Dec 26, 252 Melbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourne G. F. Brit Harvell July 25, 252 Melbourne G. Brit R Poel H. Goulbourne G. Brit R Foel G. Grey G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G. G.	J)ec s,	1809	S. Perceval	8 Perceval .	R. Ryder	Wollesley	Palmerston	Liver; ool
Sept 5, 2889   Goderich   John	1	- 1	,	N. Vansittart . F. J. Robinson	R Peel	G Canning (	Pulmerston.	Bathurst
June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June   June	Apr 24,1 Sept 5,	1827 1827	G Canning Goderich .	G. Canning J. U. Herries .	8. Bourne Lansdowne	Dudley Dudley	Palmerston	W Huskingen
July 6, 1865   Malbourne   Fracting   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bore   Michael Bor	Jan. 25.	x826	Wellington .	H Goulburn	R Peel	Dudley {	Hewitture !	and intrag
Doc 6,1854 Sir R Peel   Sir R Peel   If Goulburn   Su J Grahm   Palmorston   Nellington   Jeffer   Survey   The Baring   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey   Survey			-			, ,	Sir H Parnell }	Hon E Stanley \$
Sept 6, 1847 Sir R Peel   H Goulburn   Su J Grahum   Aberdeen   Malmesbury   House   Malmesbury   House   Malmesbury   House   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   House   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury   Malmesbury	July 18, Dec 26,	1834 1834	Melbourne . Sir R Pecl .		H. Goulbourn	Wellington.	J C Herries.	Aberdeen
July 6, 1846   Ld J Russell   Sir C Wood   Sir G Grey   Carried   Malmeslany   W Benesford   Malmeslany   W Benesford   Malmeslany   W Benesford   Malmeslany   W Benesford   Malmeslany   W Benesford   New Local   Malmeslany   W Benesford   New Local   Lord J Russell   Hn S Henbert   Carried   New Castle   Sir G Grey   Carried   New Castle   Sir G Grey   Carried   New Castle   Sir G Grey   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   Malmeslany   M	Apr 18,	3£81,	Melbourne (	T Spring Rice F T Baring	'Lord J Russell   'Normanby . }	Paimerston ;	T D Mamula )	Id I Duscell J
Feb. 27,1857   Berby   B Disraell   S H Walpole   Calendon   Ser G C Lewis   Sir G Grey   Carendon   Ser G C Lewis   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G C Lewis   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G C Lewis   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G C Lewis   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Carendon   Ser G Grey   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Carendon   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakington   Ser J Pakingt	Sent 6,	2842	Sir R Peel	II Goulburn	Su J Grahum		Sn T Fremantle Hot. 8 Herbert	W E Gladstone
Feb zs.1852   Aberdeen   W E Gladstone Palmerston   Sir G Grey   Claimbon   New and the Claimbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carbon   New Carb	July 6,	284C	id J Russell	Sir C Wood	Sir G Grey .	Palmerston }	Hon. F Manle	Grey
Dec 28,185   Aberdeen   W. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   Sir G. Grey   Sir G. Grey   Sir G. Grey   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   M. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanle	Feb 27.	1852	Deaby .	B Disraeli	S II Walpole	Malmeshniy		Sir J. Pakington
Feb. 25,1852   Benby   B Disrach   The State out   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir G Grey   Sir M Harcourt   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir M Harcourt   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir M Harcourt   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir M Harcourt   Sir G Grey   Stanley   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M Harcourt   Sir M	Dec 28,	1852			Palmerston {	Lord J Russell  Clarendon .	IIn 8 Herbert { Newcastle	Sir G Grev
Feb. 25,1855   Palmerston   W. E. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey   Carendon   Sir G. Grey   Carendon   Sir G. Grey   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon   Carendon	Feb zo,	1855	Pulmerston. {			Clarendon	Panmure {	If Laluar here /
July 6, 1865   Russell   W. F. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey     July 6, 1865   Busnell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Busnell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   W. F. Gladstone   Sir G. Grey     July 6, 1865   Busnell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Gether 8, 1865   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell   Russell	Feb. 25.	,1858	Dealby .	B Disrach {	is H Walpole + TSS Estcourt /	Malmesbury	Gen Peel	Stanley
Feb   27, 2656   B Disracell   Feb   27, 2656   B Disracell   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G W Hunt   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Hardy   G Har	Jun 18,	185¢	Pahnerston	197 71 412 7.4 1	Sir G C Lewis !		CICALITY OF THIS AND	INCHERABLE
Dec 9, 1986   W E distone   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R   Lowe   R	Nov 6,	<b>186</b> 5	Russell	W E Gladstone		( Mitellion )	Hustmeten	E Cardwell
Beginstein   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   R					ti Hards	Stanley {	Gen Peel Sir J Pakington	Carnaryon }
Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld   Reaconsheld				R. Loue	1H A Bringe	Chrendon (	on a rakinguon	Granville
Apri 24,2885 W. E. Gladstone Sir W. Harcourt II C. E. Childers Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II C. E. Childers Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II C. E. Childers Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II C. E. Childers Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery Sir W. Harcourt II H. Asquith Rosebery II C. Bannerman Ripon Knutsford Sir M. H. Beach C. T. Ritchie C. T. Ritchie C. T. Ritchie C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Browlick J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Growth R. J. C. T. Ritchie R. J. Gladstone R. J. Growth R. J. Growth R. J. C. J. E. S. Growth R. J. Growth R. J. L. W. J. C. W. S. C. J. E. S. Growth R. J. L. W. J. C. W. S. C. J. E. S. Growth R. J. L. W. J. Lond George R. J. C. London R. J. C. L. W. S. E. Shott. Curzon Derby Devombire.  May 25, 1923 S. Baldwin W. S. Baldwin W. C. Bridgeman Curzon Derby Devombire R. J. R. MacDonald P. Snowden J. R. C. L. W. S. R. Cham. B. L. W. J. Dom. & Col. I. W. S. Amer. J. W. S. Churchill J. R. MacDonald P. Snowden J. R. R. Cham. T. Shaw. Passield R. J. H. Houlesson Residuation Residuation Residuation Residuation Residuation Residuation Residuation Residuation R		. z874	B Disraeli			Derby .	G Hardy Col F A Stanley	Carnarion
July 24,7885 Salisbury Feb. 6, 1895 W. F. Gladstone Sir W. Harcourt H. C. E. Childers, Rosebery Aug 34,8895 W. E. Gladstone Mar. 3, 1895 Salisbury July 24, 1895 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 25, 1896 Salisbury July 26, 1896 Salisbury Sir M. H. Beach A Dec 5, 1996 Sir H. C. Sir M. H. Beach A Dec 5, 1996 Sir H. C. Sir M. H. Beach A Dec 7, 1996 Sir H. C. Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach A Dec 7, 1896 Salisbury Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. H. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M. Beach Sir M.	Apr 28,	,1880	W E G'dstone {	W E Gladstone) U C E Childers;	Sir W. Harcouit	Granville {	Hartington	Kumberley
Aug 18,2892   W. H. Smitch   G. J. Goschen   Sir W. H. Arcourt   H. H. Asquith   H. Asquith   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C. Bannerman   H. C.				Sir M II -Beach	Sir R A Cross		W II Smith .	Col F A Stanley .
Aug 18,1892   Ne Gladstone   Sir W Harcourt   H H Asquith   Salisbury   Estanhoge   Knutsford   Sir W Harcourt   H H Asquith   Kimberley   H C Bannerman   Ripon   Sir W Harcourt   H H Asquith   Kimberley   H C Bannerman   Ripon   Sir M H -Beach   Sir M W -Ridley   Salisbury   Salisbury   Sir M H -Beach   Sir M W -Ridley   Salisbury   Lansdowne   H C T Ritchie   Lansdowne   Sir M H -Beach   C T Ritchie   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   A Akers-Bouglas   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lo - Forster   A Chamberlain   A Akers-Bouglas   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lo - Forster   A Chamberlain   H J Gladstone   Sir E Grey   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lo - Forster   A Lyttolloin   Lansdowne   Sir E Grey   Lansdowne   Sir E Grey   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   Sir J Broshick   J Chamberlain   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   Lansdowne   Lansdowne   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B H	Feb 6,	1886 1886	W.E Gladstone Salisbury		1 .		HC Rumernan	Granville
Aug 18, 1893 W. E. Gladstone Sir W. Harcourt II. H. Asquith. Konberley July 2, 1893 Raisbury Balfourist Id July 2, 1893 Raisbury Balfourist Id July 2, 1893 Raisbury Balfourist Id July 2, 1993 R. July 2, 1993 R. MacDonald P. Snowden  A Parl 6, 1995 Sir H. C. Rumerman  April 6, 1995 Sir H. C. Rumerman  April 6, 1995 H. H. Asquith D. Lloyd George May 26, 1915 H. H. Asquith R. McKenna Dec 7, 1916 D. Lloyd George  A Chamberlam Sir R. B. Horne Sir R. Sir J. Simon Herbert Samul Grey (Nact)  Sir G. Give H. J. Baldour Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener Kitchener K			w H Smith	G J Goschen S	j ·	Salisbury .	committee	Windistord
July 2, 1892 Salisbury Englourest Lal July 12, 1902 A J Balfour Dec 5, 1995 Sir H C Rumberman April 8, 1908 H. H. Asquith D Lloyd George May 26, 1915 H H Asquith Dec 7, 1916 George Dec 7, 1916 George Oct 23, 1922 A Bonar Law Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne Sir L S Horne S			W.E.Gladstone				'H C Bannerman	Ripon
Balfourist I.d.   C. T. Ritchie   Lanslowne   St. J. Brodnick, J. Chamberlain   C. T. Ritchie   Lanslowne   H. J. Ghadsone   Sir H. C.   H. J. Ghadsone   Sir H. C.   H. J. Ghadsone   Sir E. Grey   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Haldane   R. B. Hal					Sir M W. Ridley	G.1		
Dec 5, 1995   Sir H C.   If H Asquith   H J Gladstone   Sir E Grey   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R B Haldane   R			Baltouristial	wit we it . Descent?	C T Ritchie	Lanslowne	St. J. Brodrick ( St. J. Brodrick.	J Chamberlain
April 8, 1908 H. H. Asquith D Lloyd George H. J. Gladstone W. S. Churchill Str. E. Grey Clot J. E. B. Selvey L. Hardene Cut. Str. E. Grey H. H. Asquith R. McKenna May 26, 1915 H. H. Asquith R. McKenna Str. E. Grey H. H. Asquith R. McKenna George Str. E. S. Horne E. Shont. Cutzon Derby Devonshire  Dec. 7, 1916 D. Lloyd A. Chumberlain George Str. E. S. Horne E. Shott. Cutzon Willer Cutzon Derby Devonshire  May 28, 1923 S. Baldwin A. S. Baldwin W. C. Bridgeman Cutzon Derby Devonshire  May 28, 1923 S. Baldwin A. Chamberlain W. C. Bridgeman Cutzon Derby Devonshire  May 28, 1924 J. R. MacDonald P. Showden A. Henderson J. R. MacDonald S. Walsh J. H. Thomas J. Den. & Col. Highs Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. Dom. & Col. Highs Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. J. Den. & Col. High Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. J. Den. & Col. High Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. J. Den. & Col. High Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. J. H. M. S. Amer H. Thomas J. Den. & Col. High Str. A. Cham Str. L. W. J. H. M. S. Amer H. Thomas Passield  June 8, 1929 J. R. MacDonald P. Showden J. R. Cham Str. Cham Str. L. W. J. H. M. S. Amer H. Thomas Passield  June 8, 1929 J. R. MacDonald P. Showden J. R. Cham Str. Cham Str. L. W. J. H. M. S. Amer H. Thomas Passield  J. Haddene R. Haldene R. Haldene R. H. H. Haddene R. H. H. Haddene R. H. H. Haddene R. H. H. Haddene R. H. Haddene R. H. H. Haddene R. H. Haddene R. H. Haddene R. H. Haddene R. Haddene R. H. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. Haddene R. H				A Chamberlain 3	!	Tallatowite (	H,O A · Forster	A Lyttelton }
April 8, 1908 H. H. Asquith   D. Lloyd George   W. S. Churchill   Sir E. Grey   Col. J. E. B. Seep.   D. Introduct   May 26, 1915 H. H. Asquith   R. McKenna   Sir J. Sinon   Sir E. Grey   D. Lloyd   A. Chamberlam   Sir G. Cave   A. J. Balfour   Wilher   W. S. Churchill   Sir E. S. Horne   Sir E. Grey   Derby   Derby   Milner   W. S. Churchill   Sir E. S. Horne   E. Shott   Curzon   Sir E. Grey   Curzon   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   Sir L. W. F. Ann.   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby   Derby	Dec 5,	1905	Barmerman	II II Asquith	1			Chare
May 26, 1915   H. H. Asquith R. McKenna   Sir J. Sinon   Sir F. Grey (Nact )   D. Loyd (George   A. Bonar Law   Berly   Milner   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. S. Churchill   W. C. Bridgeman   Curzon   Derby   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devonshire   Devons	April 8,	<b>2908</b>	H. H. Asquith	D Lloyd George	R. McKenna	Sir E Grey	II II Asquith . Kitchener .	L Harcourt
Dec 7, 1916   Lloyd   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Sir R. Cham   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Sir R. S. Horne   Si	May 26,	,1915	li II Asquith	R McKenna {	Sir J Simon Herbert Samuel	Sir E Grey Grey (Visct )	'Kitchener D Lloyd George	A Bonar Law
May 28, 1923   Baldwin   S. Baldwin   W C. Bridgeman Curzon   Derby   Devonshire	Dec 7.	1916	D Lloyd { George . {	A ('homberlain Sir R. S. Horne			Wilner	Milner W S Churchill
Jan 22, 1923 J R. MacDonald P. Snowden A. Henderson J R. MacDonald S. Walsh Nov. 4, 1924 S. Baldwin W. S. Churchill (Sir W. Joynson Bir A. Cham Sn. L. berlain Evans June 8, 1929 J R. MacDonald P. Snowden J R. Clynes A. Henderson T. Shaw Fassfield Reading (Crewe (J. H. Thomas	Oct 23,	1922	A Bonar Law	s. Baldwin	W C. Bridgeman	Curzon	Derby	Devoushire
Jan 22, 1924 J R MacDonald P Snowden A Henderson J R MacDonald S Walsh Nov. 4, 1924 S Baldwin W S Churchill Sir W Joynson Sir A Cham Sn. L.   Dom. & Col.   Dom. & Col.   Dom. & Col.   Dom. & Col.   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain   Derlain	May 22,	, <b>198</b> 3	S Baldwin .{	S Baldwin N Chamberlain	W C. Bridgeman	Curzon	Derby	Devonshire
Nov. 4, 1928 Baldwin W S Churchill Sir W Joynson Sir A Cham Sn L berlaim . Frams I. CM S Amer June 8, 1929 J R. MacDonald P. Snowden . J R Clynes A Henderson T Shaw . Passheld	1 '		•		A Henderson			J II Thomas
June 8, 1929 J R. MacDonald P. Snowden J R Clynes A Henderson T Shaw Passheld P. Snowden J R Clynes (Reading Crewe J H Thomas					Sir W Joynson	Sir A Cham		) Dom. & Col.
				,				H Thomas
100au . ) A Chamberlain )	Aug.25.	193z	J R Ma:-}	P Snowden . ) N Chamberlam )	Sir H Samuel .	Reading Simon	{Crewe   Hailsham	(J H Thomas (Sir P. C. Lister

Date.	Ld. Chancellor	Ld. President.	Board of Trade.	Admissity.	India (1784 & 1888).	Ld. Ligut. (1801-1981)
May 25, 2824	Eldon {	Portland   Sidmouth   Camden	Montrose {	Melville}	Gastlereagh	Hardwicke. Powis.
Feb 22, 2836	Erskine	Fitzwilliam }	Auckland {	Sir C. Grey Hon T Grenville	Minio	Bedford.
	Eldon	Camden	Bathurst	Mulgrave	R. R Dundas .	Richmond.
Dec. s, x809	Eldon	Camden	Bathurst	Mulgrave	R R Dundas	Richmond
		(	(lancurty)		Buokinghamah .	Richmond. Whitworth
	Eldon	Harrowhy	Hn F. J. Robin- son W Huskisson	Melville {	G. Canning C. Buthnest C. W. W. Wynn C. W. W. Wynn C. W. W. Wynn	Talhot, Wellesley,
Apr. 24, 2827 Sept 8. 2827	Lyndhurst Lyndhurst	Harrowby	W Huskisson C Grant W V Fitzgerald	Clarence	O. W. W. Wyun. C. W. W. Wyun Melville (	Wellesley. Wellesley. Anglesey Northum-
an. <b>25</b> , <b>2828</b>	Lyndhurst	Bathurst {	J. C. Herries	Melville	Kllenborough (	Anglesey.
Nov sa, 1830 .	Brougham		Auckland C P. Thomson	Sin J Graham	C. Grant	Wellesley. Haddington Haddington
July 28, 2834 . Dec. 26, 2934	Brougham Lyndhurst (In c'mission)		A Baring	de Grey	Ellenborough	Haddington Mulgrave Ebrington.
April 28, 2835	Cottenham.	} Lansdowne {	If Labouchere Ripon W E.Gladstone	Haddington . )	Sir J. Hobkouse {  Ellenborough	Ebrington. de Grey Heytesbury
Sept 6, 1841	Lyndhurst Cottenham .	Wharneliffe	(Clarendon .	Ellenborough . } Anckland . !	Ripon	Heytesbury Bessborougl
July 6, 2846 Feb. ay, 2852	(In c'mission) Truro St Leonards	Lonsdowne	H Labouchere J W. Henley	Sir F T Baring   Northumberland	Sir J. Hobkouse { J. C. Herries	Clarendon. Eglinton.
ren, sy, regr hec s8, r6g2	Cranworth {		E Cardwell	Sir J Graham	Sir C Wood	St German
eb <b>20, 2855</b>	Cranworth	Granville .		Sir J Graham . Sn C Wood	R Vernon	Carlisle.
(11, -9,0-	Chelmsford .  (Campbell Westbury )	Salisbury {	J W Henley Donoughmore	SirJ Pakington	Ellenborough	Eglinton Carlisle
une z8, z859	{ Westbury }	Granville	T M Gibson	Somerset	Sir C Wood .	Wodehonse
101 6, 1865	Cranworth	Granville	T M Gibson	Somerset {	Sir C Wood . ) deGrey & Rupon }	W odehouse
uls 6, 2866	Chelmsford .	Buckingham	Sir S. Northcote	Bir J. Pakington	(Cranborne 1	Abercorn.
	Cairns	Marllorough Marlborough	Richmond .	If L Corry .	Sir S Northcote i	Abercorn.
Dec. 9, 1868	llatherley	Ripon Aberdare	J Bright . C Fortescue .	H. C Childers } G J Goschen } G Ward Hunt	Argyll	Sponcer
-	Cairns	Richmond {	Sir C Adderley Sandon	(i Ward Hunt W II Smith	Salisbury Cranbrook	Abercom Mariboroug
April #3, 1880	Selborne {	Spencer ('arlingford' }	J Chamberlain		Hartington Kimberley	Cowper Spencer.
	Halsbury	Cranbrook {	Richmond } E Stanhope } A J Mundella	Lel G. Hamilton	Ld R Churchill Kimberley	Carnary on Aberdeen
'els. 6, 2886	Herschell .	apenter	Stanley of P			L'donderry
lug 3, x386	Halsbury	('raubrook . {	Sir M H -Beach )	Ld G Hamilton	,	Zetland
lug. 18, 1892 .	Herschell	Kimberley	A J Mundella A J Mundella	Spencer	Kimberley	Houghton
lur. 3, 1894	Herschell	Rosebery	J Bryce	Spencer	II. Il Fowler	Houghton
uly 2, 1895	Halsbury	Devonshire {	G W Balfour .	G J Goschen } Selborne . } Selborne	Isl G Humilton	-
nly rs, roos	Halsburg	Londonderry (	Salisbury .	Candor	St J Brodrick	Dudley
lec. <b>g, 1905</b>	Loreburn	Crewe Tweedmouth Wolverh'ton	Lloyd George W S Churchill	Tweedmouth .	J Morley	Aberdeen
\pril 8, z9e8 .	(Loreburn (Haldane	Beauchamp Morley Beauchamp	Sydney Buxton ( John Burns W.Runciman	R McKenna . W.S Churchill	Morley (Viset )	Aberdeen.
luy 25, 1915 .	Buckmaster	Crowe	W Runciman {	Sil El Cuison . )	A. Chamberlain	Wimborne.
ec. 7, 2926	{ Finlay   Birkenhead }	Curzon } Bulfour . {	Sir A Stailey Sir A Geldes Sir R F Horne S Baldwin	Nr E Geddes W H. Long Lee	E S Montagu {	Wimborne. Ypres FitzAlan
Oct. <b>23, 2922</b>	Cave	Salisbury	Sir P. Lloyd-}	L.C. M. S. Amery	Pecl	Air Sir S. Hoar
day 200, 1903	Cave	Salisbury . {	Sir P Lloyd- }	LC M. S Amery	Pecl	Sir S. Hoar
un. 20, 1904 .	Haldane .	l'armoor	8 Webb	Chelmsford	Olivier	Thomson.
for. 4, 1924 .	{Cave}	Balfour {	'Sir P Cunliffe-) Lister	W. C Bridgeman	Birkenhead     Peel .	Sir S. Hoan
		Parmoor	W. Graham	A. V. Alexander		Thomson. Amulree.
lag. <b>19,</b> 1932	Sankey	S. Daldwin	Sir P. C -Lister W. Runciman	Sir A Cham berisiu Sir B Eyres	Sir S Hoare	Amulree. London-

#### ALLOTMENTS FOR UNEMPLOYED.

Towards the end of 1930 a Committee was formed by the Government under the Chairmanship of Sir William A. Waterlow, Bart., K.B.R., to assist unemployed and partially unemployed men in obtaining and cultivating allotments. This plan was put forward not only for the economic value of their homes but also "in order to provide occupation for both mind and body, and to bring an interest into the lives of nous, and to ming an interest into the lives of those who, in these difficult times, may lose hope and spirit." The necessary statutory powers were later obtained under the Agri-cultural Land (Utilisation) Act, 1937. The pro-vision of the necessary land was the duty of the local authorities and them the transfer. local authorities, and it was their task to find out what land was available for cultivation as allotment-gardens, and what were the numbers of unemployed men and women who were likely to take advantage of any facilities which might be provided for them. In the areas of some authorities where successful efforts had already been made to seeme the cultivation of allotmentgardens by the uncomployed, there were in exist-ence Committees for maintaining and extending such cultivation. In these cases it was not necessary for new organizations to be set up, but where no such Committees were in existence Voluntary Committees were set up varying according to local needs and circumstances, but usually consisting of representatives of the District Council of Social Welfare and Local Trades Council, the manager of the local Labour Exchange, and the county Hortleultural Adviser. Each Voluntary Committee appointed a Secretary and a Chairman, whose flist task was to keep closely in touch with the Central Executive Committee which was set up by the Minister for the purpose of promoting generally the cultivation of allotment-gardens by the unemployed. Supplies of seeds, fertilisers, &c., were available at very low rates, but as supplies were restricted, and to prevent abuse, it was generally required that the financial status of the applicant was in accordance with the following scale. Total net weekly income after deducting expenditure on 1 ent and 1 ates not to exceed:—

Man and wife ... .... .. .... . ... 32×. Man and wife with a child ..... 278. Man and wife with a children. . . . . . . 308. Man and wife with a children .. . . 33%.

Man and wife with 4 childen or over ... 358
This assistance applied not only to unemployed or partly unemployed persons who alroady had allotment-gardens, but also to those persons to whom plots were newly provided. For approximately 6s, the following supplies could be ob-tained:—4 stones of special fertiliser, 4 stones of potatoes, and a special collection of 23 different kinds of garden seeds (or a smaller amount as selected by the member), while a spyle or fork was provided at r. each, and r cwt. of line was given free when specially recommended. For this outlay of 6r., therefore, a plot-holder had sufficient seeds to plant and cultivate a re-rod allotment. To assist the plot-holders further, it was arranged that payment for seeds could be made by instalments either weekly or as arranged by the Committee. It has been calchiated that by this means about 64,000 mem-ployed men throughout England and Wales have been assisted to grow their own 10-d; and in the Sheffield area alone, it was reported that in the Sheffield area alone, it was roported that Great Britain was taken on Surday, April 36, 2,38 men were working their allotments, and 1931, and 11 order to meet the more urgent

that at a cost of about £x,500 vegetables to an approximate value of £55,000 were being grown. It has now been announced by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, however, that in Agriculture and risheries, however, that an consequence of the present national emergency, no financial assistance will be forthcoming in connection with this scheme for the 1932 cropping season.

#### CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

THE Report of the Select Committee of the THE Report of the select committee of one House of Commons on Capital Pumshment appointed in December, 1920, was issued in December, 1930. The Committee stated that becember, 1930. The Committee stated that their investigations fully warranted a recommendation for the immediate passing of a Bill to provide for the abolition of the death penalty for an experimental period of five years in cases tried by civil courts in time of peace, and that in the meantime the House of Commons should pass a resolution declaring that the Home Secretary and the Secretary of State for Scotland should, in tendering advice as to the exercise of the Royal prerogative of mercy, recommend in each case the commutation of the death sentence, the penalty to be substituted being that now attached to reprieved murderers, interpreted and administered in the same way as at present. In the event, however, of Pailament deciding to maintoin the death penalty, alternative recom-mendations were made; the McNaghten Rules on the subject of insanity to be revised so as to give fuller scope to general medical considera-tions and to extend the area of criminal responsibility in the case of the mentally defective and insane; the death penalty to continue to apply to women on the same terms as men; as az is the age when full civil responsibility is assumed, no person below this age to be sentenced to death; a still larger exercise of the Royal prerogative to be made and, by means of a resolution of the House of Commons, the line that has come through precedent to mark the limit of its application to be raised. Amongst the statistics relating to capital crime given in the report it is stated that in 1929 the number of executions was almost the lowest on record, 7 for England and Wales, and none in Scotland, while the average for the whole country for the 10 years, persons have been executed in England and Wales and 257 reprieted, the corresponding figures for Septiand being 20 and 15 respectively. The value of the Report was scriously diminished by the fact that, of the z5 members of the Committee, the 6 Conservatives were so opposed to the report as drafted that, being denied the opportunity of preparing an alternative, they withdrew and took no further part in the proceedings. As, according to the practice of Select Committees, the Report was not signed and no minority report was possible, there was no means of ascertaining whether it represented the unammous opinion of the remaining members of the Committee, and in consequence it was criticised as lacking the anthority demanded by the nature of the subject Up to the present Pauliament has taken no further steps in the matter.

# THE CENSUS, 1931.

THE fourteenth census of the population of

purposes for which the results were awaited, a preliminary report dealing almost entirely with England and Wales was asued on July 6; the figures are provisional, but judging by past experience no material discrepancy is anticipated. The totals for 1921 are the largest hitherto recorded:—

ngat,	<b>2932.</b>	Incieuse (+) or Decrease(-).
England35,230,225 Wales 2,656,474	37,354,917 2,593,014	
37,886,699	39,947,931	+ 5'5%
Scotland 4,882,497	4,842,554	-0.8%

As regards England and Wales, the density is 685 persons per square mile, far higher than that of any other country recorded, with the possible exception of Belgium, and more than double those of a large majority of other countries. With the sole exception of the war decade, rgrr-ar, the numerical increase of a.ofx.aga is less than that of any decennium since 156x, and the percentage increase is only half or less than half of any previously recorded The comparative lowness of this increase is stated in the report to be wholly due to the enormous reduction in the number of births 1921-31, although marriage rates have been well maintained; the total births are 16:3 per cent. fewer than in 1911-21, which covered the war years, when the birth rate sank to a level lower than any before recorded, and are 25'4 per cent. less than the normal decennium roor-in; the full significance of the fall will be but dimly appreciated for many years to come. The present rate of 16'3 per x,000 is lower than in any country except Sweden, and is regarded as definitely insufficient to maintain a stationary population in the future, as the Registrar-General's estimate of the birth rate necessary to avoid a future decline in the population is about 19¹/₂ per thousand. A partial set-off against the decline in births is to be found in the death rate, which for the decade x921-31 is lower than any previously recorded rate; the reduction is more than xo per cent., which, if allowance be made for the increasing age and numbers of the population exposed to risk, represents a reduction in true mortality of more like so per cent. compared with zozz-az (excluding deaths on active service), or 30 per cent. compared with zooz-zz.

A further stage is recorded in the steadily increasing predominance of the urban as compared with the irrula element of the population, the proportion now being roughly so and so per cent. respectively as compared with yet and so in in year and yet and sight properties to the towns due to a drift from the countryside to the towns due to developing industries, but largely to the encroachment of urban upon rural areas consequent upon the natural development of the former. More than one-half of the total population is aggregated in comparatively dense units of \$0,000 and upwards, and one-quarter in the 13 largest towns (counting London as one) with populations exceeding 250,000. The Census figures indicate that development is concentrated primarily in the South-Eastern counties, and that the London area is growing at the expense not so much of rural areas as of the provincial towns, particularly those of South Wales and of the North of England.

The figures for Greater London, which com-

prise the County of London and the Outer Ring, and coincides with the area of the Metropolitan and City of London Police Districts, are as follows:—

١	zgaz.	2932.	Decrease (-).
	County of London 4,484,525 Outer Ring 2,995,678	4,396,8 3,805,9	97 + 27.0%
١	Greater London 7,480,201	8,202,8	18 +9.7%

It is considered that further time is required to prove whether the movement towards the metropolis, which has been somewhat precipitate, is more than a transient phase during the widespread industrial depression to be succeeded by an equally marked reaction if and when the older industries regain their former established positions.

Excluding the County of London, there are now xxx towns with populations exceeding 50,000 as compared with x00 in x0xx; the figures for the six largest towns are:—

	x92x	2932.	Increase.
Birmingham.	022,167	1,002,413	8.7%
Liverpool	805,046	855,539	6.3%
Manchester	735,774	766,333	4.2%
Sheffield	511,696	511,743	0.0%
Leeds	463, 122	48a,789	4.8%
Bristol	377,018	396,918	5'3"

The preponderance of females over males, which in rost rose as a direct result of the war, shows a decrease, but is nevertheless greater than in rost, the proportion to x,ooo males being x,o87 in rost, as compared with x,o96 in xpsx and x,o88 in xgsx.

The Census operations were handicapped by events and circumstances described at some length in the Report, and a complete enumeration only achieved by exceptional efforts, the authorities in face of very general demands for exclusive nerralitment of memployed labour were of opinion that compliance would have meant disaster, and their refusal was felt to be justified by subsequent experience; a careful and prudently conceived measure of resort to the unemployed, in the words of the Registrar-General, was, however, attempted, and the 40,016 enumerators for the x,770 registration subdistricts were composed as follows:—

12,704 Unemployed.

1,821 Civil Servants.

6,347 Local Authority officers or employees.
19,144 Other employed or retired persons.

A tribute is paid to the preparatory word of explanation by the Press, B.B.C. wireless talk, large industrial concerns, and instruction in elementary and other schools by the co-operation of the Board of Education, local education authorities and school teachers.

#### CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

A DIFFICULT task was completed during regaby the Royal Commission on the Civil Service, which under the chairmanship of Lord Tomlin, examined nearly two hundred problems and in its report made a number of important recommendations. On the question of remuneration in the Service, the Commission found no support for the view that there had been a lowering in the standard of remuneration as compared with that in the community generally. The claim for a minimum wage of £3 ros. ed. a week was rejected, as was that suggesting that Civil servants should be regarded as "a highly selected class in each field of labour" and therefore treated better than their fellow countrymen. The Commissioners were satisfied that the present general standard of remuneration of Civil servants was reasonable in the light of the wage levels prevailing, but they recommended that the remuneration should cease to be varied automatically in accordance with changes in the cost-of-living figure and that the practice should he abandoned of attempting permalic comprehensive reviews of the remuneration of all nonindustrial Civil servants on the basis of a single formula. The majority of the Commissioners recommended that cost-of-living bonus should forthwith be consolidated with basic salary and that the bonus should meantime be considered at the then existing rate. A review consolidated rates should be made early in 1934, at the then existing rate. A review of the in their opinion, to consider what changes, if any, were necessary in the light of changes in general wage levels. They expressed the view that the fall in bonus had resulted in reductions which were felt most by adult Civil servants with pay, inclusive of bouns, not exceeding 70s. a week. The proposed consoludated rates would give £80 to those with a present salary of £77 10s. 60d. £128 for £125, and £125 for £122, above which the proposed rate would mean a small reduction. New future scales were also recommended, but in view of the economic attuation an immediate increase in salaries above £500 basic was not recarded as which were felt most by adult Civil servants above £500 basic was not regarded as practicable A few mmor changes in the methods of recruitment were proposed, and in general the system of promotion was regarded as satisfactory. In filling the higher posts in the Service, the Commissioners declared, merit should be the only consideration; in the middle langes merit should be the determining factor but in the lower ranges seniority and length of service would necessarily carry weight. Even in the lower ranges, however, steps were urged to ensure that exceptional ment should be rewarded ensure that exceptional methalical retrained to the Service generally," it was added, "the factor of seniority is unlikely to be undervalued, and we deprecate the exercise of any pressure designed. to stress the claims of seniority as against exceptional merit." The Commission considered the question of the employment of women in the Service and agreed that the object should be to secure for the State the advantage of the services of women wherever those services would best promote its interests. Speaking generally, the Commissioners held that the best course was to adopt the policy of "a fair field and no favour, but that rule must be subject to modificatious in certain areas of the Service. They were divided almost equally on the question of equal pay for women and a difference of opinion on the operation of the marriage bar was also recorded. A majority approved of the retention of the bar but agreed to some provision to meet objections as the large of apparent washing. tions as to the loss of experienced workers. Commission as a whole agreed that if a dis-cretionary power was to be adopted it should be a power which was capable of use. The view was expressed that the time had come when the practice of reserving temporary clerical posts to ex-Service personnel should be changed and that in future the main clerical classes should be recruited by open competition.

#### CONFERENCES.

WE are reaching a stage in the world's progress when the wisdom of "taking council together" is now widely acknowledged. Congresses and conferences are now the rule in almost every movement, profession and trade. A selective list follows, the choice being determined by their variety. Reference to many others will be found elsewhere in the ALMAKACK. A full list with due resumes of proceedings could not be compressed within the compass of this volume.

Int. Con. of the World Assn. for Adult Education, Vienna, Aug. 20-22, Mr. L. Tyson, U.S.A., President. B.C.C. and L.C.C. were officially

represented.

7th An. Convention of Advertising Association, Glasgow, June 20-24, Sir J. Gomer Berry, President. Delegates met to "re-examine functions of advertising in relation to trade, interpret its true value and unportance to the general public, consider means for maintaining its effective use, power, and adaptability to changed conditions. Lt Col. E F. Lawson, in reforring to lack of confidence in nation, said advertising was the means to remove that depressing influence.

19th Session, Int. Con. for Air Navigation, London, June z-6. Lt. (*O. F. C. Shehnerdine presided over representatives from 23 States. Matters dealt with included: Minhaum airworthiness certificates, new international maps with modification of signs used, new code for meteorological messages and methods for their communication, modification of night navigation lights, collection of details of cable obstructions, sanitary control of air navigation. Next session—May, *923, in Pans

British Commonwealth Education Con., London, July 24-30. Sir P. Nunn, President. Sir hundred delegates from Britain and Overseas Empire reviewed progress and needs in education to meet changing conditions of life within the Empire.

Int. Con. on Coal Mining Industry in Europe, London, Sept. 30-Oct. r. Mr Evan Williams (Mining Assn. Gt. Brit.), President Colliery owners sent representatives from Belgium, Czechoslovakin, France, Germany, Netherlands and Poland. Methods were sought for meeting the economic position of the coal industry; and representations was achieved, and this was to be remitted for consideration by national organisations.

rsth Int. Cotton Con., Paris, June. M. Laederich, Chairman. Present over-production, under consumption, loss of markets, rationalisation, passing of cotton spinning from Lancashire to Japan, failure of Britan to work double shifts in mills, trade restrictions, finding of new uses for cotton were meluded in the discussions.

and Triennial Con. of Empire Surveyors, Colonial Office, July. Methods of survey and issue of map discussed. Sir E. Dowson arranged 300 exhibits collected in mapping, photographing and surveying as a basis for a permanent exhibition. Empire Survey Review, recommended at 1938 Conference, made its first quarterly appearance in July 1922.

ance in July, 1931.

Empire Wool Con., Melbouine, June 28-24.
Sir G. Waddell (Chairman, Woolgrowers' Con.),
President. Great Britain, South Africa, New
Zealand, all Australian States were represented.
Five different stabilisation plans were produced
and rejected. Closer co-operation between
wool producing countries within Empire was

established for marketing with co-ordination in publicity and research. Australian and South African growers agreed to interchange of complete statistics and reports.

Int. Con. of Geography, Paris, Sept. 16-22.
Amount Soo delegates were official representatives from so Governments, including British War Office and S. Kens. Science Museum.

Int. Illumination Con., London, (Masgow, haffield, Cambridge, &c., Sept. 1-25. Mr. C. C. Sheffield, Cambridge, &c., Sept. z-ag. Mr. C. C. Paterson, President. Methods of lighting under all conditions discussed. British conditions somewhat criticised in being left to Local Authorities without any sense of national standardisation A month of floodlighting of public darinsation A month of mongaring of infinite buildings in London (Buckingham Palace, Victoria Memorial, Westminster Abbey and Tower, etc.) attracted huge crowds at nightly exhibitions. Many provincial towns had like displays including Dover Castle, Durham Cathe-dial and Hexham Abbey.

27th Meeting of Institute of International Lane (Founded: Ghent, 1873), Cambridge, Aug. 3-8. Prof. Pearce Higgins, President Discussions included mandates, minorities, navigation of livers, limit of state criminal julisdiction.

Inter-Parliamentary Commercial Con. was held in Prague, May. Sir J. S Allen, M.P. W. Derby, was Chairman of the British Empire Delegation Work of League of Nations, tariff walls and trade development were discussed, but decisions or opinions of delegates have no binding authority from individual Parliaments.

27th Con of Inter-Parliamentary Union, Bucharert, Oct 2-6, M. Lafontaine (Belgium). President Surplus production, tariffs, arma-ments were again topics. The Union draws its delegates from parliamentary bodies but its resolutions have no building force and are not recognised officially by Governments.

sons, however prepare the way for legislation 54h An. Con. Library Assn.. Cheltenham, Ang 32-Sept 3. Lt.-Col. J. M. Mitchell, Carnegie U. K. Trust, President. Dean Ingo influence on the configuration with discontinuous and the configuration of the configuration of the configuration. duced opening session with discussion on library services for hospital patients, Sir B. Bruce-Porter following with suggestion for nationally organised plan. Other debates viewed library

organised p'an. Other debates viewed library policy from all aspects.

Int.-Fed of Library Assus. Cheltenham, Aug. 29. M. Collign, Stockholm, President Dr. Bishop, Michigan, U.S. A, drew attention to absence in Bitain and U.S. A of any organisation for registering published works. Only books included in statistics were those for which copyright had been applied. Result was figures to other countries where exercise publics. figures for other countries where every publication had to be registered often exceeded those of Britain and U.S A.

and Int. Con. of Linguists, Geneva, Ang. 25-29, Pro. Chas. Bally, President. Discussions covered adoption of a recognised medium as an international artificial language, effects and influences on development of languages, origins (Sir R. Paget

dealt with gestural origin, phonetics and linguistics. Next congress will be in Rome, ro34.

zet Int Con. of Neurologists, Geneva and Berne, Aug. 3z-Sopt. 5. Professor Rachs (U.S.A.), President. A widesurvey of the relation between nerve force and life was made by Seo medical experts, sad Int. Orthodontic Con., London, July. (First held, New York, 2926.) Mr. J. H. Badock, President. Correction of teeth irregularities in children with subsequent prevention, thus benefiting health and altering shape of face. 15th Int. Con. of Navigation, Venice, Sept. 12-76. Signor Glurati, President. King of Raly attended opening meeting. 27 Int. Motor-Boat Meeting was held at same time.

set Int. Con. on Public Cleansing, London, July. Mr. J. C. Dawes, Ministry of Health, President. Various methods employed in town cleansing, sanitation, disposal of refuse.

zet Nat. Con. of Rhaldmnancy (divination by rods). Rome, March. Advantages that rhabdomancers could confer on agriculture were discussed Practical examples were given of divining metals and water supplies.

and Int. Con. of Science and Technology, London, June-July. Dr. C. Singer, President. Importance of science in teaching of history relation between biological and physical science; interdependence of pure and applied science

ist Imperial Sugar Cane Research Con., London, July. Conference was called by Empire Marketing Board to survey the scientific needs of the cane sugar industry of the British Empire.

4th (quinquennial) Con. of Universities of the An iguingueman Con. of Onteratices of the Empire. Opened by Prince of Wales, as Pre-sident, Guildhall, London, July 3. Seventy Universities were represented by 240 delegates Meetings began at Edinburgh, July 6. An official luncheon to welcome delegates was given by Government.

World Social Economic Con., Amsterdam, ugust Proposals put forward for stablisation Amenat Angust Proposal put forward for stabilisation of world industry by world scale application of principles of scientific business management; war debt moratorium for five years; maintenance of standards of living in advanced countries with levelling up of those in less

developed nations

17th Zonist Con , Basel, June 30-July 15. Dr. Weizman was officially President, but during his absence Mr. N. Sokolow acted and was elected new President Development of Jewish industry in Palestine with establishment of corporations in all countries under a single association to forward business was approved. Forces were to be mobilised to support the Palestine Foundation Fund. The Revisionists, who are opposed to Jewish Agency extensions suffered defeat for their proposal to terminate agreement between Zionists and non-Zionists. Congress resolved to support Government's land development scheme subject to absolute equality of Arabs and Jews.

yast An. Meeting of British Chambers of Com-merce was held in London April 23-4, Sir Walter Raine in Chair. Need for import duties on manufactured goods, re-consideration of expensive social services, and consideration of Russian trading methods were amongst accepted resolutions, but one objecting to the coupon system of trading was rejected

6th Bienmal Con. of International Chamber of Commerce took place at Washington, in May, President Hoover opening the assembly with a speech that suggested futility of co-operation between Europe and U.S.A. until the armament

problem had been surmounted.

#### CO-OPERATION.

THE essential feature of co-operation is the association of individuals, either as consumers to purchase goods or services for their own consumption, or as producers to market those of their own production. The object of co-operation is to cheapen commodities to the consumer

or to obtain a better selling price for the producer. Co-operative societies are registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, but to obtain registration under these Acts it is not essential for a society to be co-operative in character provided that it restricts the interest which any member may have or claim in its shares to £seo, and otherwise complies with the statutory requirements. In Great Britain, judged by its growth, the cooperation of consumers has been remarkably successful, but co-operation of producers comparatively slow and often a failure. A certain measure of production has been undertaken by the retail co-operative societies, and by the wholesale lmying agencies established by them. but such production is mostly an assembly of costly materials produced elsewhere into more finished products, and adventures into the more basic forms of industry, such as agriculture and mining, have not as a rule been attended with so much success There have been many proposals to link up the two lines along which cooperation is developing, and to make the one type of association serve the interests both of consumer and producer, but owing to the divergence of interest and the difficulty of arriving at a satisfactory and permanent hasis of adjust-ment, the efforts in this direction have as yet been in the main unsuccessful.

(a) Co-operation of Consumers .-- This form of co-operation in Great Britain has been based on an ideal, which in a large measure has been responsible for its successful development Co-operative trading societies are so con-stituted that interest on share capital is limited to a fixed rate and members' control is not increased in proportion to their shareholding After meeting interest on share capital, any surplus arising on trading is returned to the purchaser in proportion to the value of his purchases Frequently however, members do not exercise their right to withdraw in cash their share interest and dividends on purchases, but allow them to accumulate and so provide further working capital for the extension of the movement. In almost any year, societies as a whole, if they were able to alter their constitution and withhold dividends on purchases, could pay a so per cent, dividend on their share capital in addition to the customary fixed rate of interest of from 4-5 per cent. Moreover, reserves are continually piling up in the form of good-will with every extension of business. They are never distributed, but are handed down free of charge from one generation of co-operators to another. Co-operation among consumers thus grows steadily in spite of outside competition and industrial set-backs. In 1930 their we're 1,848 retail, 3 wholesale, and 68 productive t associations controlled by consumers. Sales of the retail societies totalled £216,327,000 and more than half these supplies were obtained from the wholesale societies whose sales at wholesale prices totalled £x04,346,000. by the productive societies amounted to only £3,483,000. These 1,319 consumers' societies had an aggregate membership of 6,372,000 or nau an aggregate membership of 6,372,000 or a39,000 more than in the preceding year, and capital (share and loan) and reserves of £30,675,000. The societies employed in all some 24,500 persons, and their total wages bill amounted to £33,914,000. The aggregate dis-

posable surplus for 1930 of the retail societies amounted to £35,715,000, out of which the fixed share interest charges absorbed £4,804,000, and dividends on sales £20,423,000, or about 12. 11d. in the £ on the retail sales. The following statement shows the productive output by the three classes of consumers' societies in Great Britain in 1930:—

-	Value of Productions (including Materials)	Cost of Materials used	No of Employees engaged	Salaries and Wages.
		- 1		! -
Food and To-	Æ	£		£
farm and damy	57.552,000	44.485,000	29,400	4,828,000
2 (Nothing and Textiles includ- ing boot mak ing and repairs	B,461,000	4 720,0co	25,900	2,822,000
3. Building, Wood ) working and Engineering	5,482,000	2 836,000	12 800	2,142,000
4. Other Indus-	8 x03,000	4 715 000	17,300	2,073,000
Total	79,600,000	56,806 000	85,400	zz,249,600

Of the goods distributed by the retail societies, still at most only one-seventh of the whole-sale value is created within the movement. In contrast to the volume of production undertaken by consumers societies, it may be mentioned that co-operation by producers (i.e. associations of workpeople comprising some 9,200 employees) were responsible in 1930 for productions valued at only £3,344,000 (including materials), and that three-fourths of this total represented clothing and textile goods.

(b) Cooperation in Agriculture.*—Societies engaged in agricultural co-operation fail into three groups. (c) Requirement societies, whose principal function is to supply their members withseeds, manures, implements, dairy utensils, &c.; (a) Produce societies whose chief object is to market members produce; and (2) Serme societies which supply some agriculture service, e.g., threshing. As will be seen from the following comparative statements for these three groups, agricultural co-operation in Gl. Britain, which showed signs of expansion during the war and immediate post-war years, has since declined, a decrease since ago of 24 per cont. in the number of trading societies (groups x and a) being secompanied by a define of 22 per cent. in membership. Many societies including some of the larger comby failmers' associations, bacon factories, and other societies engaged in the disposal of produce, have been compelled to wind up during the past few years, finding themselves in a hopelessly insolvent position, and consequently mable to obtain furtherworking capitation or credit. Many of the consiners' societies, too, have ceased to undertake fairning as an anxillary to their ordinary business. In the service societies, but there has since been a reduction

[†] Including laundries

* A few societies connected with fishing are included their transactions, however, were relatively very small.

and of is per cent. in the acreage under cultivation.

#### (1) REQUIREMENT SOCIETIES.

	Number of Societies.	Member- ship.	Sales.
1914	. 274	<b>29,603</b>	1,816,000
IQ80	. 667	¥¥5,553	13,260,000
1928	. 395	87,217	8,717,000
1989	. 374	85,484	8,482,000

This group in 1939 included 273 farmers' societies with 70,972 members. Their sales totalled £8,339,000 (including produce £908,000). The remaining societies membed in the figures for 1929 were in respect of associations of allotment holders for supplying their members with requisites. The particulars for 1914 and 1920 include also figures in respect of the Agricultural Wholesale Society, Ltd., which went into liquidation in roz4 with a deficiency of nearly £300,000.

#### (2) PRODUCE SOCIETIES.

Number of Societies.	Member- ship	Sales.
1914	10,401 45,688 38,078	936,000 8,803,000 7,143,000
1929 †291	39,959	7,480,000

The increase in the sales figure in 1929 was accounted for mainly by increases recorded by the Scottish Milk Agency, Ltd (£424,000), several newly-formed egg-marketing societies (£13,000), and a new farmers' abattoir in Scotland (£10,000), but these were partly offset by a decrease of £36,000 in sales by English Hon Growers, Ltd., a co-operative central selling agency established in 1935, which found it necessary to go into liquidation in 1930. The successful operations of the small group of 33 Scottish sheep stock clubs again call for mention in the depression which prevailed among agricultural societies generally in 1929. These societies returned the largest aggregate profit for any group of produce societies in 1929, and by the end of the year their accumulated reserves amounted to double their share capital.

The produce marketed by the 29x societies in 1929 was of the following descriptions and amounts:—

	England and Wales	Scotland
Milk and Daine Broducts	£	£

Milk and Dairy Products Hops, Fruit and Market	1,203,466	a,38a,739
Garden Produce Dead Meat Eggs and Poultry Wool Other Produce Fish	1,969,025 545,662 370,630 157,593 40,710 97,572	 167,250 85,040 174,848 44,545 30,314

£4,384,658 £2,884,736

#### (2) SERVICE SOCIETIES.

	(3)		
	•	Number of Societies.	Member- ship.
			<b>29,954</b>
1980	******** * ****************************	937	153,046
1923	***************************************		178,036
1925	•••• ••• •••• ••••		164,004
1999	***************************************	849	165,590

† In addition 143 consumers' co-operative societies had farming and dairying departments, the value of whose produce amounted to £2 676.000

of nearly 14 per cent. in the number of societies | This group in 1939 included 666 associations whose objects are to provide their members with small holdings or allotments. The total membership for these associations was 140,085, of whom go, soo were tenants with about \$3,700

acres under cultivation.

Sales by all agricultural trading societies in Great Britain, including the agricultural produce of consumers' societies, totalled £17,538,000, societies in England and Wales disposing of requirements valued at £7,305,000, and produce £6,599,000, whilst societies in Scotland sold requirements valued at £479,000, and produce to

the value of £3,855,000.

(c) Co-operation in Housing.—The following table shows the phenomenal growth of the Building Society movement in Great Britain, the figures given relating to all so leties registered under the Building Societies Acts. The function of these societies is to assist their members in acquiring dwelling houses, business premises, &c., for occupation or investment, by making loans upon the security of a mortgage on the

propert	No of Members	Advanced during year	Total Mortgage
1914	. 627,240	8,762,000	61,050,000
1920	. 747,589	<b>\$5,095,000</b>	68,812,000
1929	. 1,265,329*	74,719,000	268,141,000
1930 .	1,449,432*	88,767,000	316,314,000

Building Societies are not wholly co-operative in character. It is true that to some extent they are managed by the borrowers, who them-selves provide a substantial part of the capital required for advances, but, at the same time, they are open to the membership of persons whose main concern is to find a profitable outlet for their capital. Further statistics relating to Building Societies and a list of the principal ones will be found on pp. 471-73. The above figures for Building Societies completely dwarf the operations of those societies registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts which are connected in various ways with the provision of housing accommodation. As some of the societies registered under the latter Acts are not co-operative in character, and in many the tenants have no interestin the societies otherwise than as tenants, it would seem that co-operation among con-sumers generally (i.e. tenants) in the provision of housing has made no great headway. At the end of 1929 the 288 societies registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts had sp.557 members, and capital (including loans and reserves) amounting to £13,462,000. Rents receivable by these societies aggregated £733,000 and resulted in a net profit of £65,000 after meeting them there in the reserve to the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon ing share interest charges amounting to £40,000. A number of these societies have received State aid in the form of loans and subsidies. Of the various co-operative housing schemes, mention may be made of the Bournville Village Trust, which has been followed by a number of similar societies, and of societies promoted by colliery and railway companies. In the latter, estates are being developed by the Great Western and railway companies. In the latter, estates are being developed by the Great Western Railway Co. at Acton and Hayes. Mention may also be made of societies of a semi-philanthropic nature, such as those in Kensington, St. Pancras and Chelsea, which have recently been formed

O These figures represent the number of share investors. The number of depositors was returned at 428,000 and the number of borrowers 720,000 at the end of 1930.

for the conversion of slum property into blocks of residential flats; in the first mentioned the inclusive weekly rentals for flats ranging from 9s. 6d. for s rooms to x8s. 6d. for 4 rooms with addition of bathroom and senilery, with, in certain circumstances, a reduction in the rent by xs. per dependent child. A number of co-operative stores run building or mottgage departments, and are making headway. For example, the Bolton Co-operative Society, Ltd., which has assisted x3,000 of its members in house purchase, advanced a further £x30,000 in x320, while the Oldham Industrial Co-operative Society, Ltd., in the same year made further advances of £x02,000. In the south, x,258 houses had been completed by the Royal Areenal Co-operative Society, Ltd., on its Bostall estate up to the end of 1922

(d) Co-operation in Recreation. - Working men's clubs are registered under either the Friendly Societies Acts or the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts Most of the older Provident Societies Acts clubs were registered under the former Acts, but since ross a large number of clubs, par-ticularly those formed for ex-service men, have been registered as Industrial and Provident Societies. Under the two Acts there were 4,448 clubs at the end of rose and they had x,343,000 members. The income of these justitutions is mainly derived from sales of refreshments, which amounted to £20,448,000 in 1929, an average of about 22, of per member per week. The balance-sheet value of premises and furniture owned by the clubs was about £8,000,000, and their net balance of assets over all liabilities £3,700,000. The premises, etc., are usually acquired with the aid of loans, which are often obtained from local brewers, or in the ex-service men's clubs from the United Services Fund The older clubs have usually been able to repay their loans, but the newer clubs established for ex-service men are not required to make any periodical repayment to the United Services Fund of their loans, and do not ordinarily make any provision for repayment. In addition to social clubs, special authorities have been given by the Treasury for registration under the Friendly Societies Acts of societies whose object is the promotion of music or sports and games. The advantage of registering such ladies is either not generally known or is ignored, as only a few societies, such as brass bands or quoits clubs, have been registered.

(c) Co-operation in Intestment.—A few societies have been registered in the past under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts with the object of enabling members to co-operate in the investment of their savings, but such societies were of relatively small importance until the advent of the First Co-operative Investment Trust, Ltd. Second, Third and Fourth Trusts have been formed under the same direction, and have received a large measure of public support. The early successes of these institutions led to the formation by other promoters of a number of trusts having similar objects and registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, but most of these have made little progress. The share capital of the original series of co-operative trusts at the end of their financial years in 1930, or early 1931, was "First," £1552,943; "Second," £1,165,826; "Third," £466,623; "Fourth," £69,214. The total number of share investors in these four trusts at the end

of 1930 was 43,546. The trusts have suffered heavily from the fall in market values of securities, but they contrived to maintain a dividend at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum for the second half of 1930, although their balance sheets showed their investments at values far in excess of market prices, against which their reserves, even in their entirety, offered but a very slender margin of cover. The excess of depreciation beyond reserves was nuch increased in 1930, and at the end of the year represented 50 per cent. of book values in the "First" and so per cent. in the "Second" Trusts. The "First" added about £13,000 to its reserves and undistributed profit for 1930, while the "Second" force upon its past reserves to the extent of about £8,000. These amounts, however, bore no comparison to the extent of the fall in value of investments suffered during the fall in value of investments suffered during the "First" and £20,000 in the "Second" The experience of the "Third" and "Fon. th" Trusts was similar, although the volume of their business was very much smaller. A notable feature of these four trusts is that about two-thirds of their investments are outside Great Britain, the Irish Free State, and the Britsh Dominions. In view of this distribution of investments and the changes which have taken place both in the value of sterling and securities, the balance sheets of these institutions for the second half of 1931

#### CO-PARTNERSHIP.

An account of Profit-sharing and Co-partnership in 1930, based on inquiries made by the Ministry of Labour, is given in the 'uniy, 1931, issue of the 'Ministry of Labour Gazette.' From this article, which relates to Great Britain and Northern Ireland, it appears that relatively small progress has been made in adapting schemes based on profit-sharing principles to industry. The total number of undertakings known to have schemes in operation at the end of 1930 was 491. The total number of workpeople employed by those undertakings was 503,000, and of these, 328,000 participated in the benefit of the schemes. Information was available as to the bonus paid under 422 schemes, and the average amount distributed per head was £9 188., and represented an average addition of 50 per cent. to earnings.

170 of the schemes were operated in conjunction with Co-operative societies. The industries on businesses with which the remaining schemes were in operation were as follows:—

		1
Industry or Business	No of Firms.	No of Work people Par- ticipating
Agriculture	6	300
Glass, chemicals, &c	17	32,900
Metal, engineering, &c	44	21,100
Textile	98	20,600
Food and drink	29	28,500
Paper, printing, &c	29	8,600
Gas, water and electricity .	69	47,500
Insurance, banking, &c	12	23,200
Merchants, warehousemen.	40	11,900
Miscellaneous	47	20,600
Total	321	205,200

The types of schemes comprise "Share Issue" schemes; "Deposit" schemes (where interest varying with profits is paid on employees' deposits; and schemes where (a) bonus is paid in cash or credited to a savings or deposit account; (b) bonus is retained in a provident, superannuation or similar fund; (c) bonus is paid in shares or invested in capital of undertaking; and (d) bonus is paid in other ways.

It will be gathered from the above particulars

It will be gathered from the above particulars that only a small proportion of workpeople are affected by profit-sharing schemes, and that the total amount distributed in bonus is a relatively small proportion of the total ware distribution.

small proportion of the total wage distribution.

The article includes a great deal of statistical and other detail as to the schemes in operation and those introduced or terminated in 1930, of which there were only 4 and 8 respectively.

#### COST OF LIVING.

RETAIL prices have not fallen to the same extent as costs of raw materials and imported goods. Labour in manufacture and merchandising has added considerably to prices, so that the consumers have not felt the benefit to anything approaching the full of the world-wide drop in price levels. If wheat shone determined the price of the loat, bread would have been cheaper than in Victorian times. Great Britain enjoyed a gradual fall in food prices thanks to the overproduction in the world, but the tide began to ebb with the gold standard change and the lowering of the £x value in the exchanges. Surplus from abroad will still assast in keeping prices on a lower grade, but the adverse exchanges must raise the prices of commodities since Britain depends so much upon imported foods. On July s. 1921, the Minister of Labour stated in the House of Commons that compared with July, 1914, weekly full-time wages showed an increase of 70 per cent, and hourly rates 92-95 per cent. Increase in consideration the average increase in real wages appeared to have been 17 in weekly and 30-35 per cent in hearly rates in the 27 years.

The following figures show official Ministry of Labour changes in living costs and in wages of

reporting industries :-

	_	Index Figure	Workpeople	Net Inci-
zat da	y of	above that of	whose wage	s dence in
Mon	UI.	July, 2924	changed	weekly
		(zee )	(In 000's.)	Wilges
		Low High.	_	(l11 000°4≴)
Year	1919	105-110	6,840	+ 2,547
.,	1920	125-176	7,867	+4,793
,,	1921	99-165	7,322	6,061
3)	1988	78 9 <b>x</b>	7,706	-4,210
,,	1983	69-78	4,281	-317
,,	1924	69-8x	3,500	+554
,,	1985	72 80	1,724	- 78
"	1926	67-79	1,160	+49
,,	1987	64-68	2,137	- 358
,,	xga8	64-68	1,832	- 142
,,	1989	60-67	1,050	-79
11	1930	66-54	x,858	~ <u>5</u> 8
Jan.	1931	53	166	- 11
Feb.	••	52	636	45
March		50	850	- 94
April	,,	47	306	- 35
May	,,	47	254	- 29
June	11	45	x69	- TA
July	,,	47	636	- 83
Aug.		45	306	- 22
Sept.	,,	45	71	-43
Oct.	"	45	-	

## CRIME IN LONDON.

IF London is any criterion for the whole of the country, crime is on the increase. In his report for his last full year of office, Lord Byng, the late Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police indicated that all classes of crime in the area showed a large increase during 1930, as compared with the preceding year. Indictable offences numbered 20,553 against 27,654 in 1929, and the latter figure was higher than in 1928. The number of persons proceeded against for these offences also showed a substantial inorease; the number was 13,000, while in 1900 it was 11,32. The number of murders was exceptionally low in 1909 (10), but in 1930 it rose again to the average number for the past so year (ax). In nine of these cases the murderer committed spicade; in one—the mirder of Agnes Kesson at Epsom—the murderer has not been traced. Ten arrests were made in connection with the other ix cases, and seven of the accused persons (one of whom had committed a double murder) were found insane. The other double murder) were found insane. The other three were acquitted, including two who were the survivors in suicide pacts. Manslaughter cases munibered at against 37, bigamy ros against 33, and blackmail 48 against so. The latter increase was attributed to the growing practice of permitting the suppression of the identity of the victums. The offences which involve the breaking into buildings—burylary, bouselpreak. breaking into buildings—burglary, housebreaking, shopbreaking and the like—accounted for a considerable part of the increase in indictable crimes. The figures for hurgiary were 35a, against a6s in 1939; housebreaking 2,865, against a6s; and breaking and entering buildings other than houses, x,yx, against 1,553. Lord Byng declared that much more could be done by the public to protect themselves. "The number of cases in which entry can be made without the use of any tool, and in which once entry has been made there is absolute freedom to 10am about the premises, is far too large. It cannot be too strongly emphasized that any precautions which make it more difficult to open doors and windows, and which are likely to cause trouble and delay, are well worth taking." He urged motorists to use garages instead of leaving cars unattended in the street, and said that a very large percentage of the motor vehicles reported stolen were recovered within a comparatively short time. Of 4,041 cars and son motor cycles reported stolen in the year, 4,759 and 407 were recovered. The opinion was expressed that the work of the mobile squad of the C.I.D, ensuring that patrols with wheless communication with headquarters were avail-able by day and night, had resulted in a large number of apprehensions, and there was every reason to believe that their existence was a considerable determent to crime As a result of redistribution measures, the force in many of the outer districts had been strengthened, but Lord Byng contended that these measures would not be sufficient fully to meet all requirements. Shortly after this contention was made public it was announced that the force would be increased by 400 men with the object of strengthening still further the protection in suburban areas.

#### DISARMAMENT.

Mr. HENDERSON (Foreign Secretary) asked House of Commons on March 9, 1921, to approve of chapters I-IV of the General Act for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes. Parliament had given its approval on Jan. 27, 1230, to ratification of the Optional Clause and the General Act would complete Britain's acceptance of arbitration for non-justiciable disputes that the Permanent Court might not find a solution on legal grounds. On March es, the Franco-Italian Naval Agreement was published. Each might build two capital ships up to 23,333 tons with 12-in, guns up to Dec. 27, 1355, subject to scrapping a battleship for each new one; capital Counage for each to be raised to 25,000, as a sgainst 173,000 in Washington Agreement; each might complete alrevalt carriers up to 34,000 tons, giving due notice of intentions; no fur their laying down of cruisers of nore than 5's-in. gun class; limitation of smaller cruisers and submarines to maximum replaceable before 1336. Experts from Britain, France and Italy continued an exchange of naval views following the agreement.

M. Briand's scheme of a Federated Union of Europe with a separate organisation was dropped by the Preliminary Commission of the League in its report of Mar. as, but it became evident that delegates were divided between economic action and political co-operation. An important step taken was to invite Soviet Russia and Turkey to take part in the further deliberations. In the Aug, meetings of the Commission of Enquiry, a report from a sub-committee of economic experts stated the definite aim must be the "widest collaboration of the nations of Europe in the sense of making Europe a single market for the products of any and every country in it." At the final meeting of the Commission on Sept. 6 it was decided to ask for another Committee to consider a proposal from Russia for an Economic Pact of Non-Aggression. Meantime a recommendation was being sent to the League Ior its Economic Committee to pursue the questions raised.

The rath Assembly of the League of Nations (M. Itulescu of Rumania re-elected President) met at Geneva Sept. 7. Signor Grandi suggested a real truce of armaments until Dearmament Conference had completed its work. M. Buland insisted on comprehensive assu ances before real disarmament. Dr. Curtius raised the plea of the alternative of security coming from disarmament, not vice versa. Lord Cecil suggested asking all Governments to state before Nov. whether they were in favour of a truce. The U.S.A. would accept the tune for its psychological effect in spite of embarrassment of American shipbuilding. Japan preferred to leave question over to the Conference.

With a view to preparing the ground for the Disarmament Conference that is to be held at Geneva in February, 1932, Mr. MacDouald, Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Lloyd George spoke at a demonstration at Albert Hall, London, on July 11. The League has been collecting full service details from all Powers in view of the furthcoming Conference.

DEUG TRAFFIO.

Wonld Conference for the Limitation of the Manufacture of Narcotic Drugs opened at Geneva on May 27, 1932, under presidency of M. de Brouckere (Beigium). The hope of the delegates was in the developing of an agreement by which the manufacture of narcotic drugs could be limited to the medical and scientific needs of the world. A Russian proposal was in favour of the creation of State monopoles in the manufacture and sale of drugs. A scheme that limited manu-

facture to determined quotas found favour, but had to be dropped owing to disagreement by Turkey and Yugoslavia and Janan's preference to an equal quota for every manufacturing country. Only Great Britain stood out against complete prohibition of heroin; a compromise was accepted that heroin should be exported only to Governments. The ultimately agreed Convention stipulated that countries should estimate the quantity required yearly for medical and scientific purposes, and not manufacture more than necessary to meet orders and maintain stocks. Any excess production one year is to be debited against next year's figures. No new product from coca leaf or opium is to be undertaken unless the Government of the country in which discovery of compound is made is satisfied that it is of medical and scientific use; further, no export business is to be done until the Mealth Committee of the League of Nations has expressed an opinion of its addiction properties. The Convention applies to cocame, codeline, dionin, heroin, morphine and peronin. The operation of the agreement depends upon ratification by the countries concerned, but as States signed the Convention on July 3, when the Conference concluded The British Government's Report for 1930 on the Hiliert Drug Traffic stated that no large seizures had taken place at home, but abroad, especially in India, there was hardly any diminution in illicit drug truffic. The continued illicit traffic in cocaine from the Far East gave much concern.

# EX-SERVICEMEN'S ORGANISATIONS. BRITISH LEGION.

TRNTH Anniversary of founding of British Legion was suitably celebrated on July x, 1931, and following Sunday. The B.L. had been formed in xor by amalgamation of four existing ex-Serv cemen's societies, a constitution being accepted at the Whitsmittle Conference of that The Royal Charter followed in zong. The B.L. is now represented in nearly every part of S.L. is now represented in nearly every gaze of Great Birtain and Ireland, with \$,65g branches, and overseas with 5z branches. The Women's Section has z,zgo branches. It was smoomeed on May z4, that as a result of the Prince of Wales's Legion Book Fund, the sum of £zz2,000 had become available for distribution. Of this, nine allocations amounting to £34.500 were made to various ex-Service organisations, and the balance employed in establishing a Pension Fund, the income from which would be used in augmenting official pensions or helping nonpensioners of so years of age and upwards.

Annual Conference of B L. was held at Queen's
Hall, London, May 34-35 In view of 304 motions being on agenda, four committees were formed in hope of considering most of them. Resolu-tions included—Greater use of Remembrance Day as title in place of old Armistice Day for Nov. xx; No lessening of customary observance of that day; Poppy Day to be maintained then; one to provide a wider distribution of the Poppy Day receipts (now restricted to members who served in Great War) was defeated. Prince of Wa'es opened the London Group of Haig Homes at Morden, on May so. He had made an appeal for these three years earlier. There are say houses for disabled mon and adjacent are 68 for disabled officers, these being provided by Housing Association for Officers' Families. The Poppy Day Collection of 1930 amounted to £524,650 from all sources, an increase of £6,160 52. 7d. over 1989. Popples cost 16 per cent. of income to make, giving work through the year to 276 disabled ex-Servicemen in B.L.'s factory; other cost of collection was a per cent.

of income.

Women's Section of B.L.—Duchess of York honoured Annual Conference at Kingsway Hall, London, April 24, with her presence. Lady E. Spencer-Churchill was Chairman. Haig Cup was won by Maldstone and Thrapston Branches. Lady Haig thanked Conference for passing a resolution calling upon First Commissioner of

Works to secure new design for Haig Statue.

Officers' Association.—This is Officers' Dept. of B.L Expenditure on relief, Feb. x, xgao, to Sept. 30, 1930, £x,8a,475. School fees were paid for x,xgo children in xggo. King's Roll.—Officially amounced in House of

Commons, Feb. 26, that on Jan. 1, 1931, 25,908 employers were on the K.R., employment being given to 371,792 disabled persons. The K.R. National Council, at meeting of June 30, stated that 738 local authorities had agreed to give a preference to firms on King's Roll.

F.1.D.A.C.—Twelfth Annual Conference of the Federation Interalliée des Anciens Combattants

met at Prague, Sept. 1931.

United Services Fund.—In year ended Sept. 30, 1930, 105,859, cases were relieved at a cost of £379,79, making a total of £5,786,05s in eleven years. Fund worked in co-operation with the B.L.

National Association for Employment of Regular Sailors, Soldiers and Arrinen.—Meeting held June 8, 1931, announced 17,851 men had been placed in employment in past year, an increase of 370 over previous year.

Incorporated Soldiers' and Sailors' Help

Society.—In year, 39,319 applications (increase of 2,280) received. Sales from Lord Roberts' Workshops, £126,000 (average disability of employees.

6a per cent.).

British Empire Service League.—Fifth Blenmilal Conference held at Torouto, Sept. 3, 1931, Lord Jellicoe presiding. Amongst resolutions passed was one urging Bitish Government to obviate unrestricted importation of Russian goods in the interests of the Dominions.

In Hospital.-Numbers of war disabled men are still in hospital. Their interests are being watched and entertainments being organised by many voluntary bodies, of whom mention can be made of the Not Forgotten and Lest We Forget Associations.

FINANCE AND INDUSTRY.

THE Committee on Finance and Industry, appointed in November, 1929, under the chair-nanship of the Rt. Hon. H. P. (now Lord) Macmillan, presented its report in June, 1933, signed by all the members except Lord Bradbury, whose memorandum of dissent was appended. t gether with addenda by other members. The report, which covers more than 300 pages, is in two parts, the first being historical and descrip-tive, the second giving the Committee's con-clusions and recommendations and, in view of the diversity of the schools of thought on monetary problems represented by the members, the degree of unanimity is impressive. Owing to the wide scope of the report and the complexity of the subject it is only possible in these columns to outline briefly some of the more important findings and suggestions. The economic difficulties of the post-war decade were considered by the Committee to be due, not to any wanton misbehaviour on the part of the monetary factors themselves, but to unusually large and rapid May 9-Aug. s; this was in connection with

changes on the part of non-monetary phenomena viz: (i) unusual instability in the demand for capital, (ii) war debts, (iii) the rapidity of techni-cal changes in manufacture and agriculture, (iv) the shifting character of demand, (v) the rigidity of wage rates, (vi) the growth of tariffs, (vii) embarrassment of Budgets and (viii) violent (vii) embarrassment of Budgets and (viii) violent change in speculative activity in New York and elsewhere. The recent world-wide fall in prices is therefore best described as a monetary phenomenon which has occurred as the result of the monetary system failing to solve successfully a problem of unprecedented difficulty and complexity set it by a conjunction of highly intractable non-monetary phenomena. Stress is laid upon two dangerous defects in the recent working of the interretional gold standard, the ing of the international gold standard, the excessive rigidity of the reserve requirements of the Central Banks and the maldistribution of the Central Banks and the mainistribution or gold throughout the world. The disturbing factors, monetary and non-monetary, which prevent the satisfactory automatic working of the gold standard render it necessary that it should be "managed" and this can only be achieved by the international co-operation of the Central Banks whose main objectives should be to raise the world price level, i.e. to lower the international value of gold in terms of wholesale commodities and, after prices have been sufficiently raised, to maintain a stability of prices at the higher level. To deal with the emergency as it existed during the life of the Committee, creditor countries were urged both to buy and lend more freely and Central Banks and Treasuries to remove hindrances to the reception of foreign loans and also to permit a volume of domestic credit which would encourage the market to take full advantage of any foreign issues deemed attractive. As regards Great Britain, while the Committee were not in agree-ment as to whether the return to the gold standard in 1925 was right, they were unanimous in advocating continued adherence and in re-pudiating a devaluation of the currency, but subsequent events rendered impossible the policy advocated. The Bank of England is recommended as the authority for "managing" the currency, and some important changes are suggested to strengthen its position by means of an increase in capital and in the cash balances deposited by the joint stock banks; the maximum fiduciary issue should also be increased from the existing £350,000,000 to £400,000,000, subject to modification by law from time to time; the gold reserve should not fall below a statutory minimum of £75,000,000, except temporarily by permission of the Treasury. Closer co-operation between finance and industry is regarded by the Committee as necessary, and a further development of transfel corrections in the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the ment of financial organisation is suggested by means of institutions to act as financial advisers means of institutions to act as financial advisers to industrial companies and to carry out all types of financing business; the Bankers Industrial Development Company is recommended as a suitable nucleus, and for this purpose should be separated from the Bank of England, have an independent existence, and rely upon its profit-making capacity as a private institution. It must be borne in mind that the report was issued before the suspension of the cold standard in Great Britain. gold standard in Great Britain. FOREIGN FAIRS.

EXHIBITIONS and Fairs held abroad in 1931 included:—Berlin, German Building Exhibition,

International Town Planning and Housing display. Florence, first National Fair of Arts and Crafts opened March as, included 900 exhibitors of Italian productions. Gothenburg, 14th Swedish Industries Fair held May 9-27, at which 1,000 national concerns were represented; construction and furnishing of houses especially featured. Leipzig, opened March 1, was on hig German national lines with cheapness being a characteristic. The Leipzig Autumn Fair was held Aug. 30-89t. 3. Lyons, International Fair, March 3-15, comprised some 6,000 exhibits, in which machinery, furnishing, building predominated. Parts, Colonial Exhibition first planned in 1914, fixed for 1919, and postponed until May-0ct. 1931. British Dominions were represented, and Duke and Duchess of York paid official visity 1y1-27-9. Netherlands Pavilion was burnt down June 27; a new one was built and opened Aug. 28. Exhibition cost approximately £3,250,000, this being raised mainly by lottery bonds. Stockholm, International Aircraft Exhibition was held in May. Vienna, Spring Fair of March 8-15 attracted a large number of foreign exhibitors. Preparations are in hand for the 1913 Century of Progress Exposition to be held at Chicago, but nothing is doing in the way of a bug British Exhibition as a means for attracting foreign visitors and developing trade. A Leonn Fair will be held at Tel-Aviv in April, 1932, under patronage of High Commissioner of Palestine. An International Exhibition will be held in Brussels in 1935—50th anniversary of Belgian Congo foundation and 200th of first continental railway.

#### GREYHOUND RACING.

LORD BRENTFURD, as Home Secretary, stated on Nov. 27, 1928, that "next year the sport will be almost at an end." This prediction has been entirely reversed in experience, with so, coo and more people attending nightly single tracks in London. On Saturdays, five or six meetings operate in the Metropolitan area. Most of the big elties in the Provinces have their tracks. Total visitors to dog racing far exceed numbers for horse racing. Every London track will have a totalisator in full operation to compete with the large number of bookmakers who derive excellent incomes from betting on the spot. The development of the sport can be appreciated from the recent construction of training kennels for 600 dogs at Northaw, mainly for racing at Wembley. A world's record was made at Brighton on Aug. 29, 1931, by Sannny's Adventure of 263 yards in 326 secs. Mick the willner is possibly London's most popular dog-his winning stakes exceed £7,500 in three seasons. The champlon dog is probably Future Cutlet, winner of the Laurels Stakes worth £1,320 at Wimbledon on Sept. 12, 1931, when making record time of 252 secs. for 500 yards.

# THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

It had been intended that the work of the Imperial Conference of 1930 should be continued by a meeting of the Economic Section at Ottawa last autumn, but owing to the world situation this was postponed, it being announced when the new Parliament opened that the meeting would take place in 1932. Before the Loudon gatherings concluded, an important statement of the British Government's economic policy was made to the Conference, but whether this has since been modified by the change of Government or the altered conditions is not known.

The statement by the British Government ruled out any question of extending existing preferences. It declared that the interests of the United Kingdom precluded an economic policy which would injure its foreign trade or add to the burdens of the people; but that their fiscal policy did not preclude marketing propaganda and organisation which would secure valuable opportunities for the consumption of Dominion products in the United Kingdom. The British Government also declared that the existing preferential margins accorded to other parts of the Empire would not be reduced for three years, or pending the outcome of the Ottawa Conference, subject to the right of the British Parliament to fix the Budget from year to year No decision was reached on the questions of a quota, bulk purchase and import boards, but the British Government undertook to examine carefully the report of the Committee on a wheat quota in consultation with the Governments of the wheat growing Dominions, and of India. Reports on quotas for other commodities and on import loards, bulk purchase schemes, and the organisation of channels of trade were referred to the Governments concerned for consideration. It was agreed that the Imperial Economic Committee should continue its work, and should complete the investigations into the marketing of Empire foodstuffs in the United Kingdom; and the extension of the Empire Marketing Board was recommended. It was decided to ask the B.B.C. to obtain views regarding the institution of an Empire Broadcasting Service, which the Conference considered would strengthen the ties of Empire, and tend to stimulate trade. The B.B.C later announced that after consultations with the Dominions and Colonies concerned, they intended to proceed without delay to build an Empire Broadcasting Station at Daventry, which would give a 24 hours' service to all parts of the Empire. The policy of the ultimate establishment of a defended naval base at Singapore was maintained, the existing contact being continued, but expenditure required for completing the equip-ment of the docks and for defence works was postponed for five years, when the matter is to be reviewed. Another decision permitted the Dominions to recommend to the King advice regarding the appointment of Governors-General, and it was agreed that legislation, to be called the Statute of Westminster, should be brought forward in the Imperial Parliament to implement the report of the Conference on the Operation of Dominion Legislation after the Dominion Parliaments had passed the necessary resolutions on the subject. This measure, de-signed to make clear the power of Dominion Parliaments and to promote the spirit of free co-operation among members of the British Commonwealth of Nations, was the only legislation definitely indicated in the King's Speech when the New Parliament was opened.

# INSURANCE.

Voluntary.
(a) Industrial.

Under the Industrial Assurance Act, 1923, "industrial assurance business" is, in the main, restricted to assurances on luman life in respect of which weekly premiums are received by means of collectors; but here, under this head, is surveyed the whole field of what might be described as Voluntary Working Class Insurance.

From the table appended below it will be seen that the principal types of association which cater for the insurance of the working classes are responsible for about 92,000,000 assurances; and in view of the magnitude of this number, it is obvious that the same individual must be frequently insured in more than one institution. The most popular type of insurance undertaken is insurance against death, and the undertaken is insurance against death, and the claims met on this benefit alone exceed £77,000,000 a year. Sickness benefit to the amount of £6,000,000 a year is still disbursed from the voluntary funds of Friendly Soutelles and Trade Unions. The total funds of the undertakings included in the table exceed-£375,000,000.

In illustration of the magnitude of industrial assurances the Commissioner has pointed out that the number of assurances is one and a half times the whole population and the total sum assured is equivalent to nearly one-sixth of the

National Debt.

Many friendly society officials are becoming perturbed at the increasing cost of sickness benefit, particularly in respect of members at the lower ages who have been admitted within the last few years. A number of societies have already adopted what is known as the "indi-vidual account" system to remedy matters, and others are considering its adoption. The main principle of the system is that surplus funds are allocated to members' individual accounts, and claims for benefit are not partly from the common fund and partly from the number's individual account. It is maintained that a very much lighter rate of sickness claims prevails under this system. The individual account also provides a fund which may be drawn upon at an attained age or in certain emergencies, and is thus in some respects similar to the endowment insurance undertaken by industrial assurance companies and collecting societies, which, in 1930, met claims on maturity of £6,520,000.

In trade umons the most disqueting feature of benefit expenditure is the rising cost of superannuation benefit

As a result of Industrial Assurance Legislation. companies and societies now have to meet an increasingly heavy charge for surrender values. Since the Industrial Insurance Act of 1923, the amount has risen from £x,x8x,000 to £4,859,000. Surrender value payments are included as benefits in the following table:—

-	Year	Number	Membership	Friendly Swifety Benefits	Funds at end of Year
	-	-	000 B	£oon's	£000's
Friendly Bocieties	<b>192</b> 9	ar,553	\$7.5 <b>8</b> 6	\$20,500	\$204,060
Trade {	<b>198</b> 9	472	3,779	† 1 <b>2</b> ,333	II 361
Collecting Societies	1930	151	18,126	4:804	47.183
Assurance Companies	1930	27	62,029	a1,950	417,324

The Post Office undertakes a small amount of iffe assurance business, which is not included above. The number of new assurances effected in ress was 5s, for a total amount of £3,85a; and in the same year the receipts in respect of all such contracts (i.e., premiums) amounted to only £18,030, and the claims on Peath and Surrender to £27,430 in respect of 528 contracts.

Both the Post Office and the National Debt.

Office (in conjunction with Trustee Savings Banks) undertake Aunuity business. The receipts in respect of such business were for the Post Office, 1929, £359,131; and the National Debt Office (and Banks) 1929, £307,024.

## (b) Ordinary.

The Ordinary business (as distinct from "Industrial" business included above) of Life Assurance Companies may be summarised as follows .-

(1) Life Assurance Companies established in the United Kingdom (U.K. business only)
(ii) Do. (business out of the U.K.).

(iii) Do. established one of the U.K. (business in the U.K. only).

		(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Premiums and con- sideration for an- nuities.	1928 1929	£000'8 71,303 73,075		
Claims	1928 1929	45,170 47,071	3,143. 3,400	1,935 2,193
Surrenders	1928	5,640 6,775	655 920	470 563
Annuities	1928	3,088 3,168	81 81	804 908
Cash bonuses and reduction of pre- miums.	1928 1929	1,713 1,018	x84 77	392 568

#### State Insurance.

Health .- The numbers of persons entitled to Health.—The numbers of persons entitled to benefit in Great Britain in 293 were: Men, 11,255,000; women, 5,757,000 The contributions of employers and workpeople amounted to 5,053,000, to which State grants added 5,7324,000, and Interest, &c., on funds 5,554,000. The total of benefits disbursed was 5,25,050,000. Fuller details will be found in the table on

p. 569.
Unemployment.—This branch of State insurance has been dealt with specially this year on

ance has been dealt with specially this year on pp. 5/8-9.

Widows' and Orphans' and Old Age Pensions Insurance—The Widows' and Orphans and Old Age Contributory Pensions Act, 2559, modified the provisions of the Act of 2569, and came into operation on Jan. 2, 2569. Under its provisions wives of hisured men, who reached 25 before the introduction of the 65-20 old age pension in January, 2558, were given the right to the 65-20 pension. The main provision of the Act giving pensions to elderly widows did not operate until July, 2530. The following particulars relate to Great Britain.

In addition to the contributories for Health

In addition to the contributories for Health Insurance, who were also insured for pensions, ag3,300 persons were turned for pensions only at

o Industrial Business only.

Registered Unions of employees only.

Based partially on estimated figures

Not including £976.000 dishursed from union funds
in unemployment benefit, and £598.000 in dispute pay.

the end of 1930. The benefits diabursed in that year were: Widows, £26,48,000; Orphans, £26,500; and Old Age Pensitons, £76,38,000. Fuller details will be found in the table on p 568. Since the Contributory Pensions Act, 1923, in all £39,688,000 has been paid in pensions during \$3,05,050,000 nas been paid in pensions during the quinquennium 1956-30, consisting of \$30,745,000 (widows); £1,605,000 (orphans), and £17,343,000 (vid age).

Apart from the contributory scheme £34,050,000 was disbursed by the State in non-contributory Old Age Pensions and £53,423,000

in War Pensions in 1030

## THE KING'S ECONOMIES.

THE King gave a striking lead to the country in the direction of economy shortly after the formation of the National Government, and before the revelation of its plans for reducing expenditure. In a letter to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the Keeper of the Privy Purse announced that in the grave financial situation with which the country was confronted, the King wished personally to participate in the movement for the reduction of national expenditure, and had decided that his Civil List should be reduced by £50,000 while the emergency lasted. When it is recalled that the full gency lasted. When it is recaised that the initial sum paid by the State as a provision for the honour and dignity of the Crown is only £420,000, of which £120,000 is applied to their Majesties Privy Pure, the extent of this sacrifice by the King can be appreciated. In his letter to the Prime Minister, Sir Frederick Ponsonby said: "When, after the War, owing to the increasing cost of living and fall in the purchasing power of money, the Civil List settled by Parliament in 1910 was found to be quite inadequate, drastic economies were made, and therefore it is not easy to reduce the ('ivil List further without sacrificing some of the State functions which are traditionally associated with the Monarchy, and without throwing numbers of his Majesty's servants out of work careful consideration, however, the King has arrived at the conclusion that by the exercise of the most rigid economy it should be possible to reduce the Civil List by £50,000." It was also intimated that the Queen and the other members of the Royal Family in receipt of Parliamentary grants were all desirous that reductions of these grants should be made during the national crisis The annuities granted by Parliament to the other members of the Royal Family were about £100,000 The King's lead was quickly followed. The Prince of Wales, for whom no provision was made in the Civil List, because he receives the income of the Duchy of Cornwall estates, amounced his intention to contribute £10,000 to the Exchequel. When the emergency Budget was introduced, the Chancellor gency Budget was introduced, the Chancellor gave some remarkable examples of the wide-spread desire to help the nation. Old age pensioners had returned their pension books, war pensioners had offered to forgo their pension for the year, National War Savings Certificates had been returned cancelled, ord-lections had been made and War Loan bonds had been sent for cancellation. Many gifts of cash were also sent to the Treasure and for cash were also sent to the Treasury, and for some weeks after the position was made plain the Ministry of Pensions received daily letters from all classes of war pensioners expressing their intention to resign the whole or a portion of their pensions, either for a period or in per- not appear to have a wide sale.

petuity. Another kind of ascrifice was provided by the B.B.C., which agreed to forgo out of the revenue derived from wireless licences £50,000 for 1931, and £150,000 for 1932.

#### THE LABOUR PARTY.

FINANCE has been the problem with the Labour Party. The Annual Report issued at the Scar-borough Conference, Oct. 5-8, 1935, Mr S. Hirst, Chairman, mentioned that unless fresh means were forthcoming for raising funds for fighting bye-elections it would be essential to refrain from action in many cases. The year's income from action in many cases. The years moonie for raga amounted to £44,927, of which the special levy of ad. a member, spread over three years as decided by the rags Conference, produced £9,48 There had been 475,Labour candidates endorsed for the next election. The Contest of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the con terence coincided with the final days of Parlisment, and so proceedings took a platform aspect m view of the forthcoming clash in the constituencies The rejection of Mr J McGovern as an authorised candidate, as proposed by Executive, was continued. A discussion on the Indian problem was avoided by 1,500,000 to 671,000. The I.L.P. delegates objected to the instruction that M P.s should act in harmony with the standing orders of the Parhamentary Party, but the Conference supported obedience to orders by 2,127,500 to 203,000. Resolutions maintaining Socialism as the cure for human evils, cancellation of all war debts, public control of hanks with a National Investment Board, vigorous trade union policy with public ownership of public utilities plus an Import Board, dealing with imports produced under bad conditions, public ownership of land, full self-government for India, restoration of economy cuts for teachers, social services and unemployed, were passed with-out division after discussion. The Labour Party has been associated closely with the Trade Union Congress as usual, the two bodies being jointly responsible for a manifesto on Aug 27, 1931, against the newly-formed National Government. The Trade Unions (Amendment) Bill No. 77, that would have materially assisted the Labour Party in that it restored contracting-out for the political levy, did not become an Act, though a Government Eill. A Conference of Labour Women held at Blackpool in July, 1931, 1sjected a proposal for the public ownership of the liquor trade The Pope's Encyclical, issued on May 23, 1931, contained the sentence "No one can be a good Catholic and at the same time a true Socialist." The fourth Congress of the Labour and Socialist International at Vienna. August, considered anti-war policy most important task.

#### COMMUNISM

Communism makes very little progress in Britan Mr. H. Pollitt admitted at the zzth plenum of the E.C.C I. that the membership of the Communist Party in Great Britain was only 2,711, 53 per cent. were memployed and as per cent in the Minority Movement. In July, the Amalgamated Engineering Union expelled from its membership 13, some branch officers, who were considered to be supporting the Communist Party contrary to the rules of the Union. The Party has a newspaper mainly circulating in London known as the Dauty Worker, but it does

#### ENGINEERS.

In Dec., 1939, the Engineering and Allied Employers' National Federation invited the forty trade unions in the industry to discuss the whole wages question in view of grave position in trade. Negotiations went on to June 3, when an ultimatum was issued by the employers. Further meetings by trade unions led to acceptance of new terms to operate from July 6. These did not affect ordinary wages but varied plece rates, overtime, night rates and shifts. Annual Conference of Amalgamated Engineering Union took place at Blackpool May 38-39, Mr. W. H. Hutchinson presiding. It was decided to agitate for a 4c-hour week and attempt the limitation of newcomers in industry; the Labour Government came in for criticism. Several members were expelled from A.E.U. for supporting the Minority movement. Industry is free from strikes, but a quarter of the workers are unemployed.

#### I.L.P.

Mr. J. Maxton, M.P., presided over 39th Annual Conference of 267 delegates from branches of the Independent Labour Party at Scarborough, April 5-7, 1931. A proposal for I.L.P. to disaffiliate from Labour Party was defeated 173 to 37, as was motion expressing dissatisfaction with lead given by executive, 157 to 109. A national planning commission to examine and plan control of country's resources was accepted, zas to 99. A non-contributory unemployment insurance with considerable extensions received unanimous accord. Discussions took place on India, national finance and kindred subjects, but the majority of resolutions on the agenda were never reached. Mr. Maxton on the agenda were never reached. Mr. Maxton repudiated the Party headed by Sir O. Mosley, membership of L.L.P. being incompatible with that of Mosley Party. Between Communists and L.L.P. it was a question of tactics and not of principle. Mr. F. Brockway, M.P., was elected new Chairman, Mr. Maxton retiring after five years' service. Several M.P.'s resigned membership during vaer. The J.L.P. group of membership during year. The L.L.P. group of M.P.'s often came into antagonism with Labour M.P. 8 often came into antagonism with Labour Government, and, to a request for a statement on the position, the Secretary (Mr. J. Paton) of the I.L.P. wrote Mr. A. Henderson, M.P., that his connell "cannot give unqualified assent to standing orders of the kind it is now sought to impose, and which are contrary to the estab-lished practice and relations of the two parties." The I.L.P. naturally went into opposition against National Government. Scottish 1.L.P. Annual Conference was held at (flasgow, Jan. 20-12, Mr. P. J. Dollan being in the chair. A motion to disafiliate I.L.P. from Labour Party was defeated. Welsh I.L.P. Annual Conference met at Treharris, Glam., July 22-22, Mr. J. L. Adkin presiding. Opinions were expressed that I.L.P. should secure more independence within Labour Party, additional taxation should be levied on incomes in excess of £500 per annum, and that following the Unemployment Royal Commission the conditions of the unemployed should not be worsened. Under the auspices of Labour Party members, a new organization was established in June under the title of the Society for Socialist Inquiry and Propaganda, Mr. E. Bevin being Chairman. Its organisers hope to work on I.L.P. lines and so secure that body's members in a more subservient auxiliary.

#### MINERS.

Unemployment appears stabilised in the mining industry at about one-third of workpeople available. Though under the 1928 Act, the Ministry of Labour possesses powers to issue regulations to restrict recruitment of labour for mining, these have never been used. An understanding has been in force that apart from certain eligibles, all mine labour must be obtained through Labour Exchanges. The result is newcomers are discouraged. Under the Coal Mines Act, 1930, trouble arose early in the year on the hours question and this was remedied by a new Act on July 8, 1931, for 7½-hour day in the mines. The 18th International Labour Conference at Geneva on June 28 decided in favour of maximum 45½-hour mining week. Miners' Federation of Great Britain held Annual Conference at Blackpool, July 20–24, Mr. E. Edwards succeeding Mr. T. Richards as President. Resolutions passed included—untionalisation of mines, disapproval of majority report on Unemployment Insurance, new Compensation Act for injuries, an international agreement on output and marketing of coal. Lord Mayor's Fund for relief of distressed mining areas received in donations 5888,pr4 278, 3d., to which Government added an equal amount.

#### RAILWAYS.

National Wages Board for Railways issued on March 5, 1931, its findings following the Inquiry held in Jan.—Feb. arising out of a proposal of the companies to reduce wages. A reduction of 1½ pet cent. on wages up to 200, weekly and a further 1½ on remuneration above, in overtime and Sunday duty pay formed basis of award; a spread over of day's work to 12 hours was included. National Union of Railwaymen, I.comotive Engineers and Kiremen, and Railway Clerks' Association held delegate meetings March 12—26 and accepted the awards. Slight trouble occurred with "go slow" methods of working at goods depots, but this form of protest against changes soon fizzled out. Annual Conference of N.U.R. was held at Ipswich, July 6-11, Mr. W. Dobbie, of York, as President, being re-elected for fifth year. Resolutions passed included—national organization of all transport under public ownership and control; amendment of 1927 Trades Disputes Act; approval of railway electrification; against lengthening of driving hours. Arising out of the August political crisis, Mr. J. H. Thomas resigned membership of N.U.R. and Political Scoretaryship. R.C.A. held Annual Conference at Portsmouth, May 12—12, with Mr. T. H. Gill, M.P., as President, he being re-elected. The delegates, in spite of the wishes of the leading officials, passed a resolution calling upon their M.P.'s to ginger up the then Labour Government to do more on socialist lines. Nationalization of railways was demanded, Mr. A. G. Walkden, M.P., General Secretary, suggesting the purchase price at \$6-700,000.000. The Prime Minister received a deputation from three unions on May 29, and promised to consider their appeal for nationalization. Mr. C. T. Cramp, N.U.R., gave evidence July 2 before Royal Commission on Unemployment Insurance with a view for the continuation of the "exception" in regard to permanently employed railwaymen. Mr. J. Bromley, M.P., of L.E.F.,

supported present conditions of unions being responsible for own unemployment insurance.

#### SHIPBUILDING.

This is the most depressed trade of all, over half of the \$64,750 insured workers being registered as unemployed. The Great Yarmouth Annual Conference of the Federation of Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades (Mr. W. Sherwood, President) met on May 12 under depressing conditions. Resolutions were passed against further wage reductions, dispossession of Jobs without compensation under rationalisation schemes, recent railway wages settlement; public control of transport services was proposed, and demand made upon Government to offer financial facilities to shipbuilding companies. Negotiations between employers and workpeople dragged on, meetings being held in April, May, June, July and August. Complete breakdown occurred on Aug. 20, employers deciding that wage reductions were essential. The first came into force on Oct. 5, and other would be affective on Jan. 1, 1932. The men were advised by leaders to continue at lower terms but under protest; a strike was out of the question in view of trade conditions.

National Shipbuilder's Security continued its buying up and closing of redundant yards purchases having been made recently at Dalmuir, Old Kilpatrick, Ardrossan, Lowestoft, Stockton, Middlesbrough, Whitby, Sunderland, South Shield, Hebburn and Howdon By reducing the productive possibility of yards to the probable requirements for new ships, it is hoped to concentrate ou profitable work at the remaining yards.

Shipping. Chamber of Shipping in its report of Yeb. 12, 1232, pointed out average freights for 1250 were 23 per cent. lower than 1252. In the world laid-up shipping amounted to 7-8,000,000 tons. The Annual Conference of the National Union of Seemen (Mr W. R. Spence, General Secretary) was held in London, July 21. Wages had been maintained but subject to certain reductions in manuing. The Union was hostile to the Minority Movement. The unemployment percentage for seaman has been as high as 35. Germany reported in August that 17 5 per cent. of merchantile fleet had been idle.

#### STRIKES.

Textile trades, owing to the January and February dispute over the increase of number of looms per worker, are responsible for the large loss of working days in 1931 compared with tother industries. Coal comes second with trouble over wages and numerous small disputes over employment conditions. London electricians stopped work in March and April to extent of 3,000 to protest against withdrawal of special addition to London rates consequent upon a strike of 50 Dagenham employees for "London rates" at a border-line firm. Londoners retained their concession and the borderers brought to within 3d. per hour of London rates. Curtain and furniture workers were concerned in strikes over wage reductions. Generally, a spirit of give-and-take has applied and industrial conditions have remained quiet. It is realised that trade conditions necessitate reduction of costs of production, though obviously reduced wages by workpeople can never be welcomed.

			Trad Disput		Workpeople Involved. (In eco's )	Lost Days. (In eco's.)
TOOL	(whole	vear)	бзz		279	4,130
IQII	-		872			77-3-
	"	**			952	10,160
1913	,,	**	1,459		664	9,800
Igaz	,,	**	763		r,8or	85,870
1986	,,	"	323		a,734	162,230
1927	,,	,,	308		208	1,170
19 <b>2</b> 8	**	,,	302		124	1,390
1929	**	,,	43×		533	8,290
1930	,,	,,	428		307	4,400
Jan.	1931			(24 N)	28 z	3,397
Feb.	,,		34	(24 N)	127	1,495
Mar			. 48	(a8 N)	<b>28</b>	- 175
Apri	1 ,,			(45 N)	24	130
May	,,		24	(33 N)		814
June		••••				
Saine	' ,,	•••••		(23 N)	18	x16
July	,,		. 5x	(38 N)	37	194
Aug.	,,		50	(36 N)	64	349
Sept	. ,,	•••••		(#8 N)		IOI
_			$N = N_0$	w Stril	kes	

#### TEXTILES.

Cotton has been faced with one unsettled problem—the reorganisation of the industry. Over 42 per cent of the workpeople have been registered as unemployed at the Labour Exchanges. The question of eight instead of four looms per weaver was discussed for at least two years and brought to an issue on Jan. 29, 293, by a lock-out. This was called off on Feb. 23 without any result having been effected. Negotiations have continued on the more looms proposal, but the operatives will not readily accept the change, apart from a few individuals who have been working eight koms. Wool textile workers and dyers have had from a quarter to a third of their people unemployed; negotiations over an approximate zo per cent. reduction in wages extended for months. The tailoring industry has witnessed, after many ballots and long discussions, the amalgamation of three trade unions—Amal. Society, Garment Workers and Lailes Tailors—into an organization with 70,000 members.

# TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

The 63rd Trade Union Congress was held at Bristol, Sept. 7-12, 1931, Mr. A. Hayday, M.P. (General Workers), as President. Membership of the Trade Unions affiliated was 3,779,400 (1930 actual total), being a decrease of 25,000 on 1930 Congress. Opening day was mainly occupied by presidential address and a survey by Secretary, Mr. Citrine, of the negotiations that led up to the fall of the Labour Ministry. The numerous resolutions adopted included—maximum 40-hour week, two weeks annual holiday with full pay for all workers, unremitting hostility to reduced benefits and increased contributions under unemployment insurance, enquiry into cinema employment conditions, new workmen's compensation insurance, reaffirmation of principles in Mond-Turner Report (2,818,000-160,000), planned and regulated economy in national life (2,865,000-749,000), nationalisation of mines and transport, public control of iron and steel trades (1,794,000-1,434,000), acceptance of a long report of 7½ pages from the General Council dealing with the internal situation in August. A resolution to compel by legislation employers to give written references to leaving employees was rejected. Fraternal messages were received from Canadian, Indian, French and U.S.A. trade unionists and the International Federation. The G.C.'s recom-

mandations in the Report were—cessation of deflation policy, reconstruction of basic indus-tries, revision of debts and reparations, inter-maticual co-operation for raising of level of wholesale prices, devaluation (raising Bank of England price for gold and thus lowering value of sterling in terms of other currencies), a full investigation into fiscal policy; the G.C. made no pronouncement on the question of a revenue tariff. The G.C. of the T.U.C. has been associated with the Labour Party Executive in practically joint working. A report on the working of the *Kond-Tuner Conference* on Industrial Re-organisation and Relations was issued Dec. 37, After recapitulating the history from 1927, the opinion was expressed that "the fullest consultations between the representatives of organised employers and organised labour is essential to the welfare of British industry." Mr. J. Bromley (Railwaymen) was elected new T.U.C. Chairman.

#### TRADE UNION MEMBERSHIP.

Bubles were published in the Ministry of Labour Gazette of Oct., 1931, for Trade Union Membership for the years up to 1930. The gradual decime in number of trade unions (due mainly to merging) and membership has continued fellowing a big drop in spars from the inflated figures reached in space from war-time effects, shough in spars a partial recovery took place. Statistics collected by the Registrars include:--Wantamble to to land

		Members	TITLD III GOOD II	
Year.	T U.s	Males	females.	Total.
·\$000	323	1,868	154	2,022
40TO	1,#69	2,267	278	2,565
	1,368	6,998	1,34×	6,330
		4.745	871	5,616
	137	4,125	793	4:908
тоа8	1,183	4,001	79I	4,798
	1,113	4,042	797	4,839
	z,098	4,034	70 I	4,855
	- Ammung mi	a miliont	to paviolo	n 1' -

The membership of the Trade Union Congress, i.e. members of the 169 organisations that sent delegates, was :-

1923 .....3,744,330. 1931.....3,719,401. These figures are based on the membership of the previous year and not at the actual meeting date (September) of the Congress.

The Transport Services have the greatest number of trade unionists—Railways, \$19,197; Water, 12,444; Road, dook and general, 759,143. Mining and Quarrying are second with 6s,531. Metals and Textiles follow with 612,735 and 501.281.

#### THE LAND VALUE TAX.

An important and much criticised revival of a tax on the ownership of land was introduced in tax on the ownership of many was a state was a state of the ownership of the Labour Government. The scheme differs somewhat from its predecessor of syn on being a flat rate tax, subject to certain deductions and exemptions, on the freehold value of land, whilst the earlier scheme was a tax on the increase in value of land osused by communal growth. Broadly, iand esused by communal growth. Broadly, the new tax involves the valuation of every piece of land in separate occupation (called a "unit") at its market value at the valuation date antiwith vacant possession, on the supposition that the land is devoid of everything but grass or heather (or trees and hedges in the case of agricultural land), although roads and works for its resembling or protection from flooding. for its reclamation or protection from flooding tions were: (i) that all documents should be

must be taken into constiteration; the value of any minerals, wayleaves, sporting rights, tillage and manures are to be disregarded. Agricultural land is to be dealt with somewhat differently; from the market value of the site is to be deducted the "oultivation value" land, i.e., the value of the land with its buildings, &c., as a farm or farmland. The resultant difference is the amount upon which the tax is to be based. A taxpayer may object to the unit or cultivation value by giving notice to the Inland Revenue Commissioners, from whose decision appeal may be made to one of a panel of referees. His decision, except on a point of law, is final. Except in the case of agricultural land, the value of any site thus ascertained is to be raduced by either (a) an amount equal to four times the annual value of the unit for income tax purposes, or (b) an amount equal to seven-eighths of the land value of the unit, whichever is the less. This reduc-tion will also apply in the case of agricultural This reducland where it exceeds the cultivation value of the unit. Numerons exemptions from the tax are provided for; these are land belonging to the Government, local authorities and drainage boards, the National Trust, railways and other boards, the Associatives, rainways and constanting public concerns, registered friendly societies and certain charitable bodies, and land used as playing fleids (as defined), public parks burial grounds, and sites for places of public worship. The most important exemption, howworship. The most important exemption, ever, is that on units where the aggregate tax would not exceed xos. per annum. The Act provides for a tax of one penny in the pound on the unit value thus determined, the first valuation to be as at Jan. 1, 1932. The task of valuing is entrusted to the Department of Inland Bevenue, the Valuation Office being augmented by temporary staff for the purpose. The cost of the first valuation was estimated to be between £x,eco,eco and £x;geo,eco, and involves the appointment of some see valuers, 600 valuation assistants, 200 draughtsmen, and 600 to 800 clerks, at salaries ranging up to £550 per annum At the time of writing, however, recruitment of the additional staff is being heavily curtailed for a period of at least six months as an economy measure.

#### LITIGATION COSTS.

In April, 1030, the London Chamber of Com-merce circulated a memorandum on the high cost of modern litigation, and asked the Lord Chancellor to consider the remedies suggested; the Lord Chancellor received a deputation on the subject in November, and subsequently obtained the views of the General Council of the Bar and the Council of the Law Society on the Bar and the Council of the Maw Society on the general question. The Chamber of Com-merce, while acknowledging that English pro-cedure was the most perfect of its kind in the world, stated that it was an expensive fuxnry beyond the means of the majority of people, except the very poor or the very rich, and that the main cause of expense was the law of evidence, in that, apart from mutual arrangement, every document and every fact had to be formally proved by personal attendance in court of the parties and witnesses. The comments and suggestions of the Chamber of Commerce relate to litigation arising out of ordinary business relations, and exclude therefore cases of divorce, libel or slander. The principal sugges

accepted unless formally challenged and oral proof: demanded, that evidence of wituesses aboud be in the form of signed statementa attested by a credible witness and that evidence from abroad should be given by affiderit or declaration, a practice with precedents in commercial cases; (ii) that, in all cases involving technical matters, an assessor to assess damages should sit with the judge as advisor, as in Admiratty cases, and that no expert evidence about the cases, and that no expert evidence than the cases. should be given; (iii) that the "two-thirds rule" should be abolished, a practice under which junior counsel is entitled to a fee from three-fifths to two-thirds of his leader's fee; (iv) that proceedings before trial should be simplified; and (v) that dates should be fixed for trials. The reports of the Bar Council and the Law Society do not proceed on the same lines as each other, and do not cover the same ground as the memorandum of the Chamber of Commerce, but they are in agreement with a modifi-cation of the "two-thirds" rule, though they do not consider that in most cases it works unfairly, with the fixing of dates for trials so far as possible and with the desirability of a revision of procedure, various technical changes being recommended by which improvement in the proceedings before trial could be effected. The Bar Council disapproves of evidence being in the form of statements not on oath, and of the proposal for an assessor to sit with the judge in certain cases; to reduce the present expense of expert witnesses, they consider a limitation of their number by the Master or Judge preferable. It is manifest from the memorandum and reports that a reduction in the cost of litigation can best be secured by a revision of the rules of procedure and the law of evidence, but in addi-tion a proposal, not dealt with in the reports, that only one appeal to a higher court should be allowed, has strong support, and would in many cases render less formidable the probable costs of contemplated litigation.

#### LONDON TRANSPORT.

In 2923 Bills were promoted by the London County Council and the London Electric Railway Companies to co-ordinate passenger traffic in the London area by means of agreements between the various transport undertakings embodying the principles of common management and a common fund. The passage of these Bills was interrupted by the dissolution of Parliament in May, 1929, but they were again considered by the new House of Commo as in July and, not receiving the support of the new Labour Government, were rejected; the Minister of Transport, however, promised an immediate examination of the problem. Subsequently, in March, 1931, he in-troduced a London Passenger Transport Bill which provided for a new Board to be set up, on the analogy of the Central Electricity Board, to be known as the London Passenger Transport Board, and composed of five members appointed by the Minister of Transport after consultation with the Treasury, and peid salaries, fees and allowences for expenses as determined by the Minister; its duties would be to secure the provision of an adequate and properly co-ordinated system of passenger transport for the London traffic area, and for this purpose it would take over the existing tube railways, the Metropolitan District Eailway and the Metropolitan Railway. but not the suburban lines of the four main line groups, special arrangements being proposed in

order to co-ordinate these suburban services with the Board's; in addition, the tramway under-takings in the London area, the London General-Omnibus Company and other omnibus under-takings in the Metropolitan Police district would be taken ove . The basis of the transfer would be, in the case of the Underground Group of undertakings and the Metropolitan Rallway, an exchange of the existing stock for the Board's transport stock, and for other private under-takings payment partly in cash and partly by stock, the amounts to be agreed or, in default of agreement, determined by a specially created arbitration tribunal; in the case of the tramway undertakings the Board would assume responsibility for the service of the outstanding debt on the transferred undertaking. The area affected lies roughly within as miles of Charing Gross, covering approximately 1.846 square miles, and comprises, in addition to the County of London, large portions of Essex, Hertfordshire, Kent, Middlesex, Surrey and Bucklughamshire; the capital involved was estimated to exceed £130,000,000. Severe criticism was passed upon the wide powers conferred by the Bill on the Minister of Transport and upon the compulsory. expropriation of municipal and private undertakings. During the Committee stage agreements as to the terms of transfer were announced as having been settled with the Underground Group, the London County Council and many of the other interests concerned, after full consideration the Joint Committee passed the Bill at the end of July with certain modifications and alterations, but no further progress was made owing to the fall of the Government in August and the inevitable absorption of its successor in urgent financial measures up to the dissolution of Parliament in October. The Bill was, however, kept alive by the procedure (said to be without piecedent in the case of a public Bill) of a resolution passed by both Houses to carry it over to the next Pallament; it was stated that about £40,000 had been expended in counsel's fees and other charges, which would fall to be paid by the Treasury if the Bill were dropped, but by the new Transport Board if passed. Among the minor provisions it is interesting to note the inclusion of powers to run a service of passenger vessels on the Thames.

#### MUNICIPAL AERODROMES.

MANY municipal authorities have enquired, during 1930, into the possibilities and cost of erecting aerodromes to serve their town, but the difficulty of obtaining a suitable large site within easy distance of the town, the heavy expense of construction and maintenance, and the likelihood of being faced with an annual defect for some time, have deterred many from proceeding after receiving a preliminary report and survey by aerodrome construction specialists. Interesting figures of the cost of establishing a civic air-pirtfor the joint use of Brighton, Hove and Worthing, show the estimated capital expenditure required to be 33,666 for the land, a lock-up langars, r main hangar, club and tearons, garage and parking ground, workshops, etc., while the sanual cost of upkeep (including wages of ground staff) is estimated at 5,384—but no profit is anticipated for the first two or three years. With the single exception of Blackpool, civic aerodrames are at distances ranging from 3,miles in the case of Leeds from the principal town, but

it is hoped that future schemes will incorporate the Continental practice of establishing the aerodrome as near as possible to the centre of the town; this will, however, be a matter of great difficulty in cases where large central sites are scarce as in many northern industrial towns. The improvement of aircraft in the direction of shorter take-off runs and the development of vertical flight would solve this problem in many cases, and would certainly encourage municipal authorities who are alive to the ultimate necessity for the establishing of an aerodrome, but who are chary of incurring too great an expense to proceed with a scheme. To assist air-minded local authorities, the Public Works Facilities Act, 1930, empowered them to acquire land compulsorily for the provision of aerodromes.

#### THE NATIONAL ANTHEM.

An anonymous protest against the wording and sentiment of the second verse of the National Anthem, which appeared in the Times in Kebruary, 1931, condemned the lines, "Confound their politics, Frustrate their knavish tricks," as "unchristian, indecent, disgraceful anywhere, in a church blasphemous, and in a cathedral a brawling obscenity." This vigorous onslaught produced many apologists for the actual words as well as suggested variants from those who felt that the spirit of the verse was in greater accord with the Old Testament than with the New. Dissatisfaction with the words of this verse is no new thing, and the suggestion of alternative verses not without precedent; of the latter, if any change were made, it was suggested by the Dean of Worcester that the most satisfactory would be the one already in use by at least one Philharmonic Society, which substitutes "Thy" and "Thee" for "his" and "him" in the second and sixth lines respectively, and becomes—

O Lord our God, arise, Scatter Thy enemies, And make them fall; Confound their polities, Frustrate their knavish tricks; On Thee our hopes we fix; God save us all.

In reply to a Parliamentary question as to whether the Government would consider the substitution of a new and more appropriate verse when the National Anthem was sung on special occasions for which the Government were responsible, the Chaucellor of the Exchequer replied that tradition was everything in the matter, and that the Government did not propose to try to improve on it.

#### NATIONAL MARK.

STRADY progress has developed the National Mark on home productious. National Mark beef has been placed on sale at Leeds, Bradford and Halifax, as well as in Birmingham and London. There have been attempts by butchers to evade the scheme by displaying private marks on beef or refusing to sell the certified quality of the National Mark but the public has realised what the National Mark implies, and is extending its insistence on the official marking. The standard fruit and vegetables, fresh apples, cherries and Councumbers, strawberries and tomatoes, table poultry, cider and malt products. Shops to

display National Mark goods have been opened by the Empire Marketing Board and Ministry of Agriculture. A special poster publicity campaign for National Mark goods was held Sept. 30-Oct. az. The British Steelwork Association adopted on March 3, 1932, a mark for all British steel so that it could be distinguished from the imported variety, some of which often bore the misleading letters of B.S.

#### NATIONAL PARKS.

IN September, 1939, the Prime Minister announced the appointment of a Government Committee with the following terms of reference :-- "To consider and report if it is desirable and feasible to establish one or more National Parks in Great Britain with a view to the preservation of the natural characteristics, including flora and fauna, and the improvement of recreational facilities for the people, and to advise generally, and in particular, as to the areas, if any, that are most suitable for the purpose." The Report of this Committee has now been published as a Blue Book. The Committee points out that the American model of National Park or National Reserve cannot be followed in this country owing to the density of the population and the developed nature of the greater part of the land, while, at the same time, these factors render more urgent adequate measures for the preservation of the country-side. The objects which the Committee desire to achieve by systematic schemes of National Reserves and Nature Sanctuaries are: (2) to ensure the preservation of large areas of exceptional natural interest against spoliation and disorderly development: (a) to improve recrea-tional facilities and to afford to the community means of access to the countryside and areas of means of access to the countryside and areas of exceptional natural beauty; (3) to promote protection and preservation of flora and fauna. The Committee consider that these objects could be secured by a planning scheme for the regulation of the public development of areas to be selected and that the present powers of the Pacitage Committees under the Torn the Regional Committees under the Town Planning Acts should be extended. It is considered premature to select suitable areas, but a National Authority should be set up fer this purpose and to give technical advice and assistance to the Regional Committees The Committee distinguish between National Reserves such as, possibly, the Lake District, Snowdonia, a coastal area in Cornwall or Pembroke, a section of the Broads or South Downs, Dovedale, a section of the Wye Valley and of the Scottish Border and Regional Reserves such as the High Peak of Derbyshire and Forest of Bowland, Cannock Chase and areas in Outer London. In the case of the former, preservation is a primary consideration, but in the latter, while this is important, access is a fundamental considera-tion. If it is desired to make a National Park on American lines the Committee suggest that the Caigngorm area would be most suitable, while the Clennore area, already possessed by the Forestry Commission, might be utilised for recreation and as a base for pedestrians without the need for a more extensive scheme. extended powers of the Regional Committees suggested are largely incorporated in the Town and Country Planning Bill which has unfortunately now been shelved owing to the financial

# NATIONAL TRUST.

Acquisitions by the National Trust during the year ended June 30, 1831, were—Alport Height, Derbyshire; land near Avonmonth, Bristol; near Birmingham; Haresfield Beacon and Stan-dish Park Woods, Glos; Lady's Well, Hempstead, Glos; Longslaw Moor, near Sheffield; Nare Head, Cornwall; Pendarves Point, Cornwall; Plaitford Common, New Forest; Town. Walls Tower, Shrewsbury; additions to previous hold-ings at Bolt Tail, Devon; more land at Burton Wood and Hawksmoor. In August, 1931, it was announced that 13 acres near Yentuor, I.O.W. were being presented to the nation in memory of Nansen. Gifts made now to the National Trust are not subject to Death Dutles. An offer of the are not subject to Death Duties. An offer of the remains of Odiham Castle, Hants, was declined by the National Trust in view of the repair and maintenance costs involved. In October the National Trust made an appeal for funds to preserve Whitehall, a 16th century house in Shrewsbury, built by Prynce in 125r. Assembly Rooms, Bath, were acquired by S.P.A.B. for N.T. in the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of

Rooms, Bath, were acquired by S.P.A.B. for N.T. in Oct., 1931.

In September, 1939, a Committee was appointed by Government to enquire into the question of establishing National Parks. The Report issued on Aug. 1, 1931, stated that it would be impossible to copy methods adopted in other countries owing to the English density of population and lack of available area. A system of National Because and Nature Sancturies was National Reserves and Nature Sanctuaries was suggested Cairngorm area was put forward as a site of a National Park on U.S A. lines in Scotland. As schemes set forth, including compulsory acquirement of common land under conditions, would entail much expenditure, it can be taken for granted that for the present

Other work in preserving anoient sites, obtaining open spaces for the public, is being done by the Society for the Protection of Aucient Buildings, Notety for the Protection of Ancient Buildings, working through its own £5,000 limited liability company, of which Lord Esher is chairman, Oxford and Cambridge Preservation Trust; Royal Society of Arts, owners of West Wycombe; Commons, Open Spaces and Footpaths Preservation Society; local authorities in the parks under their control.

the ('onmittee enquired in vain.

# OVER-PRODUCTION.

ALUMINIUM.

ALUMINIUM has been maintained in Britain for a long time at a standard price of £85 per ton owing to the International Cartel formed by Austria, Britain, France, Germany, Norway and Switzerland. The Cartel was due to expire at the end of 1931. Germany was responsible for 30,900, France 39,000, Switzerland 23,400, Norway 20,500, Great Bittain 29,400 tons yearly output. North America has been extending output until it has reached that of the rest of the world. only two producers control America, the Amminium Company in the U.S.A., and Aliminium. Limited, elsewhere. Unless the Cartel is ienewed and extended, there is a prospect of a general increase in output that will result in over-production and price-cutting.

#### COTTON.

Farm Board had in hand through its Cotton Stabilising Corporation 1,200,000 bales purchased in previous year with object of maintaining price levels. The surplus so worried the authorities that suggestions were welcomed, and it is said 300 different schemes were submitted. On Aug. 28, the House of Representatives in Louisiana passed a Bill to forbid planting in that State during 1932, contingent upon action by other States. The Federal Farm Board has decided not to add to lite stocks. The U.S.A. have been in touch with Egypt, expressing willingness to discuss the disposal of surplus supplies of both countries, but not the limitation of cultivation. Egypt's contribution was a decision on Sept. so to reduce 1932 acreage by as and 30 per cent. according to variety on the assumption that American acreage would be reduced. On Sept. 8 the Egyptian Government reduced the cotton tax on producers so per cent. to 28, per kantar.

Lack of demand for industry has led to the curtailment of production in the metal trades. Belgium, France, Germany and Luxemburg were all showing considerably less business than permitted them in the first half-year of 1931 under the quotas of the International Raw Steel Cartel. dermany had produced 1,166,814 tons less than permitted of her quota of 6,581,933 tons. U.S.A. iron and steel trades in September, 1931, were showing a reduced output of 50 per cent. on a year previous.

year previous.

In April, 1931, the lead producers of the world agreed to make a reduction of 15 per cent. on their outputs of 1930 in order to avoid a store of uns.ld metal at end of year. The piece of lead had fallen per ton from £36 55. In 1935 to £32 at the time of agreement for further reduced output. Spelter had fallen 66 per cent, in price the same period. Caudian figures for lead proin same period. Canadian figures for lead production of first six months of 1930 and 1931 were 172,204,000 and 146,419,000 lb4. respectively.

#### NITRATES.

On March 20, 1931, the Compania de Salitre de Chile was constituted under local laws. This tysix nitrate-producing companies in Chile became part of the combine known as Cosach, the Chilean Government being owners of half of the authorised capital stock, 3,000,000,000 gold pesos. An international loan issue of \$50,456,500 was begun in Match through bankers in U.S.A.; an issue of £2,000,000 was made in London. An international meeting held in July at Lucerne broke down without an agreement, the Chileans withdrawing because of the introduction by Germany of a tariff wall against Chilean nitrates. Secret meetings were reported to have been held by European producers, but a world agreement was not in view in the following months. By this time Belgium, France, Germany, Poland and Czechoslovakia had instituted official import restrictions, practically banning the imports of nitrates. The world seems to have a surplus of nitrogenous fertilisers, but the state of much farm land suggests a want of manures.

#### RUBBER.

Over-planting in 1925-6 has had its result in making rubber a surplus commodity, that it is Official estimate from Washington Board of Agriculture issued Sept. 8, 1931, was for a duction. In 1930 the shipments from rubber-crop of 15,685,000 bales, compared with 13,932,000 producing companies amounted to 83,000 lons, bales of 1930. At that moment the Federal of which 96 per cent. came from British and Dutch territories. The companies desire some plan of restriction, a popular one being a fax on exports to be used in destroying the surplus. The Dutch Government's position is that it would be contrary to their policy to place any compulsion on the native population. The British Government could hardly adopt restrictive powers alone—Lord Passfield stated, when Colouial Secretary, that the Government could not initiate but it would consider any agreed scheme by producers in all countries concerned. A Government Commission began an enquiry on Sept. 8, 293x, into the taxation of rubber companies in the Malay States. Whilst rubber remains at about 3d. a pound (Oct., 293r), dividends by rubber companies are almost out of the question, and about £225,000,000 British capital is locked up urrenumeratively abroad.

#### TIN.

In March, 1931, the Governments of Bolivia, Dutch East Indies, Malaya and Nigeria agreed to an international restriction scheme of production, the quota for each country being based on the 1922 output figures. Dutch East Indies had a cut of 264 per cent., Federated Malay States as 14, and Nigeria 255 (10,412 tons of 1922 giving a quota of 7,750. Complaints were made subsequently that Nigeria appeared to be unduly penalized. On Aug. 24, 1931, an International Tin Fool was formed with concurrence of the four mentioned Governments. The Fool is to acquire tin for release at prices on a sliding scale sanctioned by those Governments. The first release will take place of 5 per cent of the holding when spot price of tin on the London market exceeds £150 a ton. At that time, tin was quoted in London at £150 per ton.

#### WHEAT.

Statisticians agree that the world output of wheat for 1931-a will show a drop of 25-30,000,000 quarters compared with provious season. Climatic conditions rather than local contraction of cultivation are responsible. In U.S.A. the production is expected to reach \$69,000,000 busiles at a time when a surplus, accumulated over five years, has reached 500,000,000 busiles. A world estimate of the surplus left over from 2930-21 was issued officially from Washington as 679,000,000 bushels. The problem of the disposal of the surplus has been worrying exporting countries. A World Wheat Conference in Rome, April, 1931, favoured extension of wheat in those countries where it was not largely consumed, disposing, if necessary, of surplus stocks at low prices. Wheat-exporting countries held a conference in Loudon in May, but no remedial measure found acceptance. It was agreed that acreage could be reduced, other channels of use for wheat discovered, and an international system of orderly mark ting established. An International Wheat Information Service was recommended for support officially by Governments concerned. The International Institute of Agriculture that met in Rome in August favoured an international short-oredit bank for farmers with the national banks as shareholders. The European Union Commission at Geneva in September had in mind a preferential treatment of E. and S.E. Europe in the disposal of harvest surpluses. The Federal Farm Board of U.S.A., officially authorised to buy local produce for gurpose of stabilising prices, made three big deals in surplus wheat. In Aug., \$500,000

bushels of wheat were exchanged for x,050,000 bags of Brazilian coffee; Sept., 49,000 tons of wheat and flour sold to Chins for exclusive use in flooded areas; Sept., 7,500,000 bushels of 2500 crop sold to Germany (Getreide Handelsgesell-sollaft). British farmers have suffered owing to foreign wheats being imported at low prices, but the consuming public has not gained to any extent in reduced prices of bread.

#### PILGRIM TRUST.

WORK began on Oct. 1, 1930, of the Pilgrim Trust, the body presided over by Mr. S. Baldwin, in the distribution of the sum of \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ presented by Mr. Rdward Stephen Harkness, the rich U.S. A. philanthropist. The donor was entertained by the Pilgrims to lunch in London on Juneas, 1931, and publicly thanked. Amongst the subscriptions made by the Trust during 1931 were—\$\( \)_{\text{scoo}}\$ cot of preserve amenities of Oxford and Cambridge, saving of Durham Castle (these were especially mentioned by the Archbishop of Canterbury at the lunch), \$\( \)_{\text{scoo}}\$ co Cardiff Cathedral, \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ cooperations birthday Fund (amesthetics in maternity cases), \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ called a firthday Fund (amesthetics in maternity cases), \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ called a firthday Fund (amesthetics in maternity cases), \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ counding site appeal, \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ called and \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ firthday Fund (amesthetics in maternity cases), \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ counding site appeal, \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ called and \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ firthday Fund (amesthetics in maternity cases), \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ called and \$\( \)_{\text{scoop}}\$ firthe of the Trust 18 10 York Buildings, London, W.C.

#### THE POPE'S VIEWS ON MARRIAGE.

COMPANIONATE marriages and divorce, birth control and sterilastion, were roundly con-demned by the Pope in an Encyclical upon Christian Marriage issued from the Vatican during the year. Showing a surplisingly wide knowledge of the social questions of the day, the Eucyclical claimed that Christian marriage was a Divine ordinance and consequently indissoluble. The "involable stability" of marriage, the Pope said, was menaced "not secretly nor under cover, but openly with all sense of shame put aside, now by word and again by writings, by theatrical productions of every kind, by romantic fiction, by amorous and frivolous novels, by cmematographs portraying vivid scenes, by addresses broadcast by radio-telephone, in short, by all the inventions of modern times the sanctity of marriage was trampled upon and derided; divorce, adultery, and the basest vices are ex-tolled or depicted in such colours as to be free from all reproach and mfany. The doctrines defended are offered for sale as the productions of a genius which is thought to have emancipated itse'f from all the old-fashioned and immature opinions of the ancients, and to the number of those antiquated opinions is relegated the tradi-tional doctrine of Ch istan marriage." Another passage read: "Any use whatsoever of matrimony exercised in such way that the act is deliberately frustrated in its natural power to generate life is an offence against the law of God and nature, and these who indulge in such are branded with the guilt of a grave sin." "Con-jugal honour," the Encyclical declared, consisted in "a deep attachment of the heart" and a perfect partnership in domestic life. "Conjugal tidelity requires the sacred loyalty of one party to the other, bound by true love. The wife should be subject to the husband, but this subjection does not deny the liberty which belongs fully to the woman in view of her dignity as a human being and her noble office as wife, nother, and companion. Nor does it bid her to obey her husband's every request when such a request is not in keeping with reason. Marriage requires, on the part of the wife, her noble obedience." The Pope described "experimental," "temporary," and "companionate" forms of matrimony as "hateful aboninations which beyond all question reduce our truly cultured nations to the baristrous standards of savage people." The burden of children, His Holiness people." The burden of children, His Holiness went on, "leads some people to frustrate the marriage act. Such action is shameful and intrinsically vicious. While the Church sympathizes with those people, who, in extreme want, experience the greatest difficulty in rearing their children, case must be taken lest a more calamitious error should befall them." Simiharly the Pope condemned the proposed sterllization of the unfit. "Those who act in this way he declared, "are at fault in losing sight of the fact that the family is more sacred than the State and that men are begotten not for the earth and time, but for heaven and eternity."

#### R101 DISASTER.

THE Court of Inquiry into the loss of the Rior came to the conclusion that the disaster was caused by a sudden leakage of gas from one on more bags in the fore part of the airship associated with a heavy down-current of air. In their report, Sir John Simon and his two assessors pointed out that the precise details of the nature of the accident could never be ascentained as there were no survivors among those who where in the control car at the time. They considered that the airship first dropped her nose and descended at a steep angle but was brought back to an approximately horizontal position. Then, in spite of all efforts, she failed to get her nose appreciably up but continued horizontal until she dived again and struck the ground almost at once at an angle of at least fifteen degrees. "Although the vessel had lost much height during the first phase, if she had been in a normal condition there seems no reason why she should not have pointed her nose up again and regained altitude. fact that she failed to do so, it may be argued most conclusively that she was by then crippled beyond recovery, and the inference is that though momentarily on an even keel she was descending rapidly to earth." Reconstructing the position, they thought it possible that if the vessel, having become somewhat heavy, had been raised by a buffet of wind, the elevator would be put down by the coxswain, who had just come on duty, to check and counteract the movement The conswain ought put his elevator rather more down than was necessary, or keep it down longer than was exactly right. The vessel's nose would drop If, when her nose was inclined downwards she received a strong buffet of wind above her nose it would push her nose further down. If she were already heavy from loss of gas-especially if a rent had occurred in a gasbag which involved progressively rapid inflation—the descent was emphasised. The coxswain would put his elevator up, but she did not come out of her dive as rapidly as she should because she was losing more gas all the time "How the vessel began to lose gas can never be definitely ascertained. The weather was exceptionally bad; the gasbags were hard up against padded

possibility of leakage through chaffing, or, if the vessel rolled through an unusually large angle, through intermittent opening of the gas valves. It seems very probable that the more serious and sudden loss of gas which followed was connected with a specific misfortime such as the ripping of the forepart of the envelope. The explanation that the disaster was caused by a substantial loss of gas in very bumpy weather holds the field." The Court rejected any idea that the vessel broke up in the air from internal weakness, and entirely rejected any suggestion of mefficiency on the part of officers and crew. No blame was put upon those responsible for the decision to make the flight at that time, but the Court could not avoid the conclusion that the Rior would not have started when she did if it had not been that reasons of public policy were considered as making it highly desirable for her to do so if she could.

#### RENT RESTRICTION.

In October, 1930, the Minister of Health and the Secretary of State for Scotland appointed an inter-Departmental Committee under the chairmanship of Lord Mailey "to enquire into and report upon the present workings of the Rent Restriction Acts (excluding the special provisions relating to agricultural cottages) and whether any modifications or annualments should be made to them." A separate Committee, under the Charmanship of Mr. Walter R. Smith, M.P., was appointed to consider and report upon the conditions of agricultural cottages. The Report of the Pilneipal Committee was published in July, 1931. It is esthuated that the total number of houses in England and Wales is now about mine millions, of which about one and a half millions have been elected since the war. Of the seven and a half million pre-war built houses about six and a quarter millions are still subject to control. Of the one and a half million new houses, about six hundred thousand have been built by local authorities and may be regarded as available for letting. These form practically the only supply of new houses to meet the demand of the poorer paid working classes, and there still exists a considerable shortage of houses for this class. As regards houses for the middle class or better paid attisan class, private enterprise has largely met this demand by the provision of houses principally for sale, and here the building societies bave rendered invaluable assistance. The Committee divide controlled houses into three classes In the case of Class A, ite, houses with a lateable value of £48 or over in the Metopohtan Police district. £38 or over elsewhere in England and Wates and £48 or over in Scotland, it is recommended that control shall be discontinued torthwith. More than one-third of the houses of this class have already been decontrolled under the 1923 Act, owing to the greater mobility of the population, and there have been provided over 350,000 houses of this class, so that in fact it is a minority only of this class which is subject at present to control. Class B is defined as houses with a rateable value of less than £45 but over £20 in a Metropolitan Police district, less than £35 but over £13 elsewhere in England and Wales, and less than £45 but over £26 gs. in Scotland. Here it is recommended that control projections, some of which may have begin to wear the fabric; the bumpiness of the wind and Scotland. Here it is recommended that control the pitching of the ship would intensity the strain; and earlier flights had indicated the belong to this class, as do a large proportion of houses built by local authorities. It is considered that the gradual decontrol by possession under the real Act is less objectional than any method of gradual decontrol. Class C includes all houses the rateable value of which does not exceed £20 in the Metropolitan Police district, £13 elsewhere in England and Wales, and £25 5s. in Scotland. It is recommended that here control shall be continued and also that Class C houses shall cease to be subject to the decontrolling provisions of the real Act. The

Brentford. It comprises the British Industrial "Safety First" Association, the London and other "Safety First" Councils. It is supported entirely by voluntary subscriptions and is assisted to a considerable extent by voluntary unpaid workers. The "Safety First" movement is concerned with industrial safety as well as with safety on the highway and in the home. On the industrial side the following table, prepared from the Compensation Returns of the Home Office, shows the seriousness of the present position:—

	Number	Number of Cases.		Compensa-	Fatal Acci-	Disable- Compensati	Compensation Paid in Shil-	
Year	Employed.	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Total.	tion Paid.	per 10,000 Employed	Employed	lings per Employee
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	8,359,183 8,348,150 7,315,866 7,305,609 7,343,311 7,513,359 7,541,014 7,001,795 7,403,222 7,453,660 7,450,112	3,293 3,531 2,385 2,489 2,657 2,878 3,030 2,345 2,567 2,735 2,819	365, 176 381,986 883,361 390,423 477,378 487,442 473,055 368,563 455,862 461,485 478,602	368,469 385,517 885,746 392,912 480,035 490,320 476,081 370,908 458,419 464,220 481,471	4,616,723 5,978,009 5,509,395 6,495,728 7,134,096 6,667,038 6,642,930 6,006,921 6,315,803 6,557,873 6,559,918	3'9 4'3 3'4 3'6 3'9 4'0 3'3 3'4 3'8	437 458 387 542 532 640 627 526 615 620 642	11'0 14'3 15'0 18'0 19'5 17'8 17'1 17'1 17'1

effect of the 1923 Act is to immobilise working class tenants. The decontrolled rentals of such houses average \$5 to 90 per cent. above the pre-war level as compared with 50 per cent. in the case of controlled houses. Only about one-eighth of ('lass ('houses have become decontrolled, and the 1923 Act has not succeeded in encouraging private enterprise to erect houses of this type. It is not proposed that control shall be re-instated when Class C houses have already become decontrolled, owing to the many difficulties which such a course would involve. Further recommendations propose that all public houses should be decontrolled, and in the case of mortgages that control should continue so long as the mortgaged house is controlled, and that in the case of Class A houses control should continue for a period of six months after the decontrol of houses of this class. In regard to sub-letting, the tenant should be required to notify the landlord when he proposes to sub-let, and that in certain cases there should be a penalty for extortionate charges to sub tenants, which should also be grounds for an application by the landlord for possession. Unfortunately, it is unlikely that Parliament will be able to give statutory effect to the recommendations of the Committee during the present year, although these would appear to meet with general approval.

#### SAFETY FIRST.

THE increasing number of accidents, particularly street accidents, during the last few years has aroused considerable public concern. A number of voluntary organisations have been commenced at various times to endeavour to effect some improvement and, in 1944, the National "Safety First" Association was founded. This Association has as patron H.R.H. The Duke of York and is under the Presidency of Viscount

It will be observed that the years 1927, 1928 and 1929, show a progressive increase in the number of both fatal and non-fatal accidents, and a corresponding increase in the compensation paid per employee. The Safety First Association endeavours by propaganda. a Freedom From Accidents competition, a Safety Engineer Service and by other means to educate the workers and employers and to effect a reduction. Other valuable work in the same direction is carried on by the Industrial Welfare Society, the Institute of Industrial Psychology, &c. On the side of public safety, street accidents are, of course, responsible for the great majority of accidents. The following table shows the increase in the numbers of drivers and vehicles during the last to years —

			<del></del>	
Year.	No. of Motor Driving Licences	Increase over Previous Year,	No of Motor Vehicles (Excluding Trums)	Increase over Previous Year.
				_
1921	1,106,000		860,08a	_
1922	1,210,700	104,700	962,115	102,033
1923	1,416,400	205,700	1,127,590	x65,475
1924	2,644,400	328,000	1,312,357	184,767
1925	x,923,900	279,500	1,583,210	210,844
19 6	2,132,900	209,000	1,704,813	181,012
1927	2,349,000	216,10C	1,874,681	170,468
1938	2,527,000	178,000	2,012,904	138,223
1939	2,687,000	100,000	2,149,228	136,324
1930	2,810,000	123,000	2,237,474	88,246

Up to 1925 the yearly rate of increase was progressive, but since then the rate has gradually declined, and 1930 shows a considerable drop. The following table, prepared by the National Safety First Association from the Home Office

and Ministry of Transport figures, shows the | pleased to accept the special Thousand Millionth position for the last ze years:— | Certificate produced in honour of the event.

Year.	Number of Accidents in which Mechanically Propelled Vehicles (exclud- ing Trams) were involved.		No of Fatalities per 1,000	No of Accidents per 1,000	Vehicles per	No of Accidents per 1,000 Motor	
	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Total	Velucies	Vehicles.	Accident	Drivers Licensed.
1921	2,091	36,609	38,700	<b>2.43</b>	44.9	22	35
1922	2,222	43 058	44,280	3.31	46 o	22	37
1983	z,435	53,084	55,519	3.19	49.2	20	39
1924	3,019	64.318	67,337	a.3o	2z.3	19	41
1985	3,401	79,377	82,778	3.33	54'3	x8	43
1926	4,±55	86,890	91,045	2 44	53'4	18	43
1927	4,480	95,170	99,650	z.39	53 =	19	42
1928	5,223	106,753	111,976	a·59	55.2	18	44
1929	5,722	111,136	xx6,858	a.00	54 4	13	43
1930	6,222	114,937	181,150	2 78	54 I	18	43

While each year since roar has shown an increase in the number of accidents, the increase for 1930 over 1929 is less than in any of the previous years shown. Moreover, the relation-ship between the number of accidents and the number of vehicles and drivers licensed, has remained steady ever since the Association's campagn was started in 1925, whereas previously it had been getting worse each year. The fatality ratio, however, is still rising, and this is probably accounted for by the increase in the average speed and weight of vehicles. The total number of all street accidents in 1930 was 156,793. resulting in deaths to 7,305 persons, and injury to 177,895, a total of 185,200 killed or injured Compared with 1992 this represents an increase of nearly three and a half per cent. in the number of accidents, and four and a half per cent. In the number of killed or injured. These rates are practically the same as those a year ago, and considerably less than the corresponding rates in all other rates since the war. The National Safety First Association carry out an extensive propaganda to avoid road accidents. The Road Fellowship League set up by the Association, does a good deal of useful work to educate drivers of vehicles. An important branch of the work of the Association is the Safety First Institute for Children. The National Safety First work was first started in 1930 and has been very successful. A considerable drop in the number of accidents, both industrial and street accidents, took place during each Safety Week held, and there is no doubt also that the holding of Safety Weeks has a permaneut educational value.

#### SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

THE popularity of the National Savings Certificate is well maintained. During the twelve months ended August 31st, 1931 (the most recent date for which information was available before this Almanack went to press), the average weekly sales of Certificates was over a million and a quarter. Certificates were originally put on sale in 1916 and by the date given above the total number of Certificates sold was 1,048,574,774, representing a cash investment of £84,469,569, while the amount remaining to the credit of investors (accound interest included) was approximately £499,000,000.

In January, 1931, the National Savings Move-ment celebrated the issue of 1,000,000,000 Certificates and His Majesty the King was graciously

An outstanding feature in the development of the Savings Movement during 1931 was the successful implementing of an agreement for co-operation between the Movement and the Trustee Savings Banks. Co-operation with the Post Office Savings Bank having been brought about earlier, the position now is that the three great State-controlled systems of popular invest-ment are working together for their common purpose. An important step with legard to Savings Certificates of the First Issue was taken during the year Powers were given by the Finance Act of 1931 to prolong the currency of any First Issue Certificates to a date not later than March 31st, 1940.
Three different Issues of National Savings

Certificates have been made :

First Issue Certificates (cost price 155 6d. and ten-year maturity value 26s.) issued from Feb.

1916, to March 31, 1922.
Second Issue Certificates (cost price 16s. and ten-year maturity value 26s.), on sale from April z, 1922, to Sept. 30, 1923.
Third Issue Certificates (cost price 168, and ten-

year maturity value 245 ) on sale from Oct. 1, 1023. Holders of First Issue Certificates, instead of encashing the Certificates at the end of ten years, can adopt any of the following courses:—
z. Retain Certificates until March 3z, 193s,

with interest after the tenth year at one ponny per mouth per Certificate.

2. Exchange them for Third Issue

3. Transfer into 4 % National Savings Bonds.
4. Transfer into 4½% Conversion Loan (1940-44).

Powers have been given by the Finance Act of 1931 to prolong the currency of any First Issue Certificates to a date not later than March 31 1940. Statistics.

Year 1915-6)	Substribed	Repaid (excluding Interest )	Remaining (excluding Interest.)
1916-7	£75,607,798	£1,120,731	£74,487,067
1917-8	66,514,526	3,251,766	137,749,887
1918-9	97,921,218	8, <i>7</i> 00,001	226,971,044
1919-20	71,519,471	24,949,700	273,540,815
1930-21	41,195,948	20,741,245	284,995,518
1931-22	93,338,798	36,193,731	342,140,585
1988-83	39,675,050	27,966,804	353,848,831
1983-24	45,208,520	32,915,500	366, 141,8gr
1924-25	32,225,544	29,529,291	368,838,204
1925-26	35,115,630	28,378,074	375,575,660
1926-27	31,984,514	35,676,845	371,883,389
1927-28	37,408,766	46,784,325	368,447,780
1928-29	41,873,775	43,083,243	361,838,318
1989-30	. 4z,099,160	45,296,665	358,040,807
1030-31	50,172,418	36,011,067	371.608.8EB

#### SHOPPING CURIOSPIES.

THE first "Automatic Restaurant" was opened in England by Presto, Ltd., in the Strand, London, on May 4, 282. Thirty machines were installed to cater for 2-300 customers. The show is open for full as, hours, customers being in a position to serve themselves when and how they please. Maximum price for a dish is 6d. The

Austrian Ambassador was an early patron.
National Flying Services, Ltd., opened in Northumberland Avenue, London, in May, 2931, an "Aviation Shop" in which everything associated with flying, from goggles to an aeroplane, could be purchased. Interior of shop was designed like an air liner cabin, with an aeroplane wing for counter. It acted also as a booking-office for air trips. The fundamental idea is to increase public interest in aviation.

British Waltham Watch Company introduced first Public Time Ball signal in London at their Holbern premises on May 5. This was worked by signal from Greenwich, whereby at z p.m. a gided ball would fall down a steel shaft, a z,ococandle-power lamp lighted and a gong sounded.
In June, controversy aruse over the time taken

in making a suit following upon a reminder that in 1898 an American record was set up of in 1895 an American record was set up of 6hrs, 4min, from sheep's back to completion. On June 23, 1931, Yorkshire firms started clipping of sheep at 8.50 a.m.; wool was carded, spun, warped, dyed, wove, shrunk, pressed, sent to tailors, cut, stitched, with the final button taking its place at 12.27 p.m. The suit was to the measure of Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P. On the following day Huddersfield, working with Leeds following day Huddersfield, working with Leeds, set up a record of a finished suit from the time of beginning shearing of a hrs 9 min, 46 sec. A suit made under such conditions was said to cost £xoo.

#### SUBSIDY FOR OPERA.

A season of grand opera assisted by a State subsidy took place at the Royal Opera House during the autumn as a preliminary to performances in the country. The scheme, when announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer some time before the financial crisis, aroused considerable interest and some criticism, and the latter was increased when it was later inthe latter was increased when it was inter in-timated that despite the necessity for severe retrunchment no alteration was to be made in the arrangement. To assist in the performan one arrangement. To assist in the performances of operas, both at Covent Garden and in provincial centres, the Treasury agreed to provide £5,000 at the beginning of 1933, and £17,500 a year for five years from April x, 1933, as additions to the income of the British Beadasting Comments. Broadcasting Corporation, who would hand the sums over to the Opera Syndicate in return for the right to broadcast performances. The Corporation thus became the agents for this expenditure, and a revised agreement with the Postmaster-General sauctioning this new activity was agreed to by Parliament. It was estimated that for the purposes ment. It was estimated that for the purposes of this presentation of grand opera a sum of £30,000 a year would be required for five years. In addition to the State grant of £77,500 a year, and it was hoped to obtain the remaining 5,see a year from private subscriptions. The first performances at the Royal Opera House were generally on the lines of those given in Saturday in March, or it that is Easter-time as former years, and they were then repeated at it is this year, a week later, which will nullify

popular prices, the company afterwards giving performances at popular prices in the provinces. The main purpose of the scheme was to en-courage and attraulate British opera production, and it was unfortunate that the first performances should coincide with a time of crisis and depression.

#### SUMMER TIME ABROAD,

THE principle of altering the clock in order to begin the day of business and general life earlier in the solar day was conceived by Mr. William Willett of Chislehurst, the head of a well-known willett of Chisenburs, the need of a well-known building business, about the year 1909, and was brought before Parliament in 1908 by Mr. Robert Pearce, Member of the House of Commons for Leek, Staffordshire, who introduced a Bill known as the Daylight Saving Bill which proposed that the clock should be put forward by twenty minutes in the mornings of four Sindays in Auril as that dusing the Streeper four Sundays in April, so that during the Summer months clocks would be eighty minutes in advance of Greenwich Mean Time. This Bill-passed second reading, but evidently there was much doubt whether it could be carried intoeffect. The Bill was amended in Committee by the proposition that the change should be made by putting the clock forward one hour on the third Sunday in April and one hour back on the third Sunday in September, and in this form it was re-introduced in Parliament in 1909. The matter, however, was shelved until 1916 when it was brought forward as a measure made advisable by circumstances of the war, and a Bill became law in that year which, with some modification, has remained in force in Great Britain since. It was brought into use for the first time on Sunday, May az. Its purpose has been carried out with little difficulty and with little open objection by the majority of the people, though there are some to whom the change of time reckoning twice a year is repugnant, and a plea for its abolition on behalf of the agricultural industry and because of the supposed injurious effects on children sometimes finds its way into the public press. The scheme was approved in the same year, 1916, by the governments of Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Italy, Norway, Sweden, and Portugal, and brought into use in all of these countries, but has since been largely abandoned. From the following brief notes, which are not to be taken as complete, the state of affairs in this respect in most parts of the world may be inferred.

In FRANCE the system was adopted for the first time on June 15, 1916, and in each year since a period between certain dates has been set apart for its operation The Law of May 24, 1923, prescribing the last Saturday in March at 23/1. and the first Saturday in October, with power to vary, as the limits of the period, is in force in France and Algeria, and it is believed that though there is some small objection in agri-cultural centres there is no active movement against it. The same applies to Belgium. In recent years the system has been in use in FRANCE and BREGIUM during the same period in each year as it has been in England, but a note in the Railway Gazetts states that the Governments of these countries have

the convenience to Continental travel and to other international relationships that the lately prevailing uniformity has brought about.

In the NETHERLANDS conditions somewhat similar to those in France prevail. Summer Time was adopted in this country on May 3, 1916, before it was in England, and remained in use until man, being continued after the war as a voluntary measure, but was then discontinued until 1925, when, because of the much-increased tourist traffic, Summer Time was imposed generative. ally by legal enactment, but because of its dis-advantages to the agricultural and industrial classes, the law was modified in 1928, and made compulsory only in regard to the traffic services, the period being from May to October.

In Germany and Auseria Summer Time was brought into use on the night of April 30-May 1, 1916, and was continued until the end of the war; but the law was not renewed in Germany in 19x9, nor has it been since, as there seems to In 1939, nor has it been since, as there seems to be no general feeling in favour of the system, though a society exists with the object of reviving Summer Time. It has also been given up in AUSTRIA. In DENMARK Summer Time was in use from May 15 to September 30, 1916, but was found to be so unpopular with the farming community that the question of reviving it has not been considered. CZECHOSLOVAKIA is said to have given Summer Time a good trial, but has discontinued it, fluding it not conomic Norwar, where the system was first used at the same date as in England, Muy ar, 1916, and ITALY, who followed a week later, May 27, 1936, have since discontinued it. Summer Time is also not used in SWEDEN. In SPAIN, though it had been tried and found disadvantageous to the workers, and irksome generally to the inhabitants of towns and cities, it was decided to re-introduce the and cities, it was decided to Pentroduce the system in 1931 for the same period as in Great Britain, but this decision was reversed by the new Republican Provisional Government, and Summer Time did not operate in Spain or Portugal last year. According to a newspaper. announcement, SOVIET RUSSIA decided to adopt Summer Time on July 18, 1930, but further details are not known.

Western Hemisphere. In Canada there is no general regulation as to Daylight Saving, as the scheme is always called there and in the United States. When a Bill to introduce it was brought before the Honse of Commons at Ottawa in 1918, there was considerable opposition by the Canadian people, who, however, supported the innovation in the following year, and the result appears to be a species of local option In ONTARIO, and probably in other provinces, each municipality determines what time it will use, and in general clocks are altered in the cities though not in the country places, which is naturally the source of much confusion. In the UNITED STATES a Daylight Saving Act has been repealed as a Federal law, and the actual practice seems to be as in Canada, the attention of clocks being made, if at all, for local considerations. It appears that Daylight Saving is practised in Chicago, and it is read under date April ag, 223, that the clocks of the Grain Exchange at Winnipeg were to be moved forward on hour to contemp with the clocks. change at Winnipeg were to be moved forward localistic decision occasioned much consone hour to conform with the change in Chicago, frow Fork and Liverpool. In the State of Alabama the Standard Time from Oct. z to strong claim was advanced on behalf of the actors Fab. ze (approx.) is 5% hours alow on Gleenwich, in equal treatment with chemas. After hearing which is nearly the local time of the eastern | the views of deputations from the various

part of the territory, and six hours slow during the remainder of the year, which reverses the usual practice, since in the summer months the clock is slower on the sun than in the winter. In Maxico the Summer Time system is now in operation. It appears that the plan of putting the clock forward throughout the year had: been given up after trial.

As to South America, the Standard Time throughout CHILE is four hours slow on Greenwich during the summer months from Sept. z to wich during the summer months from Sept. 2 to March 2s, but five hours slow in the other part of the year. According to a newspaper note, Summer Time was adopted in ARENTINA For the first time on Dec. 1, 1930, the clocks being advanced one hour, the system to remain to advanced one hour, the system to remain to lorce until March 3z, and it is learned from a later press note that this proved so successful that it is certain that the alteration of clocks will be repeated. The schoue was adopted in BRAML for the first time on Oct. 3, 1932, for a period ending March 3z, 1932, but since the effect or desirability of Summer Time is said to be a matter of latitude, details as to its operation, and reports of its success in different parts of these large areas, are wanted. In latitudes where the amount of twinght is almost negligible the new arrangement is considered as a boon to the new arrangement is considered as a boon toworkers, since it provides them with an extra hom of daylight for recreation.

It appears that the experiment of varying the clock was made in Australia in the year 2016, but was pronounced to be without advantage after short trial. There is a Summer Time Act, 1929, in force in Naw Zealand. Summer Time begins throughout the Dominion on the second Sunday in October and ends on the third Sunday in March. During this period the clock is advanced on New Zealand Standard Time by half an hour, so that during the operation of the Act the time is exactly is hours fast on

Greenwich.

#### SUNDAY CINEMAS.

For the last twenty years it has been the policy of the London County Council, while granting cinemas licences subject to a condition prohibiting opening on Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday, to receive applications for Sunday open-ing and then to intimate that they would take no proceedings in respect of such performances no proceedings in respect of such performances on certain conditions, the principal one being that the net profit should be paid to a charity selected by the licensee from a list approved by the Conneil, as a result of this policy it was stated that about £200,000 had been paid to charities, including loopitals, in the course of recent years In December, reco, in an action brought at the instance of the Entertainment Protection Association, Ltd., a decision was given by a Divisional Court of the King's Bench, and subsequently upheld by the Court of Appeal, that in view of the provisions of the Sunday Observance Act, 1780, the Council had no power to permit the Sunday opening of cinemas. Under the Act of 1780 a common informer was enabled to institute an action to recover penalties for infringement, and proceedings by informers were commenced forthwith The decision occasioned much controversy as to the expediency of the Sunday

interests concerned, the Home Secretary, in April, sgar, introduced the Sunday Performances (Regulation) Bill, empowering the council of any county or county borough to license and permit the taking of money on Sundays for musical and cinematograph entertainments, for exhibitions of animals or inanimate objects, and for debates; before exercising this power, how-ever, the Council must satisfy itself that there was a substantial demand in the locality for the grant of such licences, and, after hearing any representations on the matter, must pass are resolution that it was expedient that such should be granted; in the case of chuemas the licence was to be subject to the conditions that such amounts as the Council might determine to represent the profits must be paid to charities approved by the Council, and that none of the Sunday employees should be employed in cinemas for each of the six previous days. The Bill was left to a free vote of the House, and the chief grounds of the strong opposition which it encountered were that it legalised illegality, that it discriminates unfairly between one form of entertainment and another, that the onus of decision should be borne by Parliament and not thrown upon local authorities, that the principle of Sunday opening would later be inevitably extended to other interests, and that the observance of Sunday as a day of worship should be carefully safeguarded, whereas this was an attempt to commercialise it. The main argument in favour of the Bill was that it merely made legal a practice deemed to be within the law for nearly twenty years, and that it was un-desirable that the law should remain as at present, whereby every infringement of the Act of 1780 by the licensee of a cinema was open to an action by a common informer, with penalties following automatically on proof of the complaint. During the Committee stage a strenuous attempt was made to place theatres on the same footing as cinemas, but the motion was rejected by a substantial majority; consideration of the Bill was not completed before the adjournment for the summer recess. Having regard to its controversial character, the National Government during the emergency session decided not to proceed with the measure, but, in order to regularise the situation, an Act operative for one year was passed, permitting those licensing anthorities which had during the past twelve months allowed Sunday opening for cinemas and concerts to continue their existing practice

#### SWEEPSTAKES.

HUGE sweepstakes (tickets row each) have been conducted within a year by the Irish Hospitals' Trust, a procedure legalised by the South Irish Parliament. The figures are as follows:—

Manchester November Handica	p, Nov., ro
Sales	
Hospitals received	131,784
First Prize	204,704
Second Prize	81,005
Third Prize	40,953
Grand National, March, 1931:	
Sales	1,755,063
Hospitals received	438,990
First Prize	354,544
Second Prize	177,872
Second Prize Third Prize	118,181

Epsom Derby, May, 1931:	
Sales	,780,696
Hospitals received	697,424
rg First Prizeseach	30,000
re Second Prizes ,,	15,000
19 Third Prizes ,,	10,000

Other prizes were distributed to holders of tickets for runners, sellers of winning tickets, and so forth. The draw on each occasion was done publicly with the aid of large machines for shuffling counterfolis of tickets, and everything was tried to obtain extensive advertisement. A party of M.P.s were special guests at Dublin during the draw. Owners of tickets living in England took over 60 per cent. of the Derby prizes, in spite of endeavours by police and Post Office officials to stop the sale of tickets. Other prizes were gained by holders an far apart as Mexico and New Zealand, the sales being worldwide.

#### SWEEPSTAKES FOR HOSPITALS.

The British Medical Association, at its Eastbourne Conference on July 20, 1931, lad two resolutions on the use of sweepstakes for lospitals, but did not record any definite vote, discussions being closured by motions to pass to next business. Dr. Brackenbury, Chairman of the Council, announced official countenance could not be given to sweepstake methods for helping hospitals. Mr. Clynes, then Home Secretary, mentioned at a public dinner on June 17, 1931, that Parliament was clearly dis inclined to change the law, however unsatisfactory it might be. The Canadian Parliament, on June 19, declined by 34 to 22 votes to give a hospital sweepstake Bill a second reading. The N.S.W. Government decided in June to run State lotteries for hospital funds.

#### TAX COLLECTORS.

DURING the passage of the Finance Bill in June, 1931, it was stated by the Chancellor of the Exchequer that, out of about 3,000 tax collectors, roughly 350 were under the direct control of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, but that of the remainder about 2000 were parttime men whose salary or commission did not amount to more than £1 a week, their ages ran as high as 86 and ten per cent were over 70. Tax collectors in England and Wales have hitherto been appointed by the General Commissioners of Income Tax in the various districts or in default by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, whereas in Scotland the collection has for half a century been carried out by permanent Civil servants. The principle underlying the method of appointment by the General Commissioners appears to have been that, to avoid giving the Crown and its servants too much ower in the administration of the Income Tax. the duty of assessment was placed in the hands of the locally elected and unpaid Commissioners. who with their officers were to assess and collect the taxes, the power of Somerset House being limited to the supervision of the collection in the interests of the Crown. In 1922 an attempt was made to abolish the assessor and to transfer his duties to the Inland Revenue, together with the appointment of collectors, but in the face of determined opposition the proposal was dropped. In 1931 the question was again considered, and successful negotiations took

lectors of Taxes with regard to the transfer of the appointment of collectors. The General Commissioners for a number of divisions, while advocating an improvement in the pay and status of collectors, passed resolutions urging the retention of the existing system, and representations were made from other quarters protesting against the removal of the buffer between the taxpayer and a bureaucracy, and pointing out that, if the collector were taken over, either the assessor must automatically follow or a separate office of assessor created, for which the remuneration would be insufficient, and that a case would then be made out for a similar absorption. The Finance Bill, 1931, however, contained a clause vesting in the Board of Inland Revenue the power in England and Wales of appointing collectors which, though strennously opposed during the debate on the Bill, duly became law. The City of London was excluded from the scope of this clause on the ground that about one-sixth of the total amount of tax was collected in the City, with the result that the system of collection had already been perfected, and that none of the criticism which could be brought against the present system in other parts of the country could be applied to that area. With this exception, therefore, tax collectors will, by a gradual process, become Civil servants.

#### THAMES BRIDGES.

## CHARING CROSS BRIDGE.

THE various stages of the protracted consideration of the problem of a new bridge at Charing Cross have been recorded in the ALMANACK since 1928. After the rejection of the London County Council's Bill by the House of Commons in May, 1930, the Council endeavoured to secure a flual solution by appointing an Advisory Committee in July, 1930, to submit within nine months an agreed scheme for a bridge and approaches at an estimated cost of not more than £12,500,000. The Committee was composed of 16 members, representative of all the interests chiefly con-cerned, with Sir Leslie Scott as chairman, and gave detailed examination to nine different schemes, of which six were selected and embodied in their report, but were unable to produce an agreed scheme; a majority, however, recommended the adoption of a scheme (known as No. 6) which, although it followed in some of its features the one put forward in the rejected Bill of 1930, was claimed to be sufficiently changed to constitute a distinct scheme. In view of claims that the character and cost of one of the six schemes had been misunderstood by the Advisory Committee, the Committee, at the request of the Conneil, gave further consideration to this scheme, but reaffirmed their previous decision. The Conneil then decided, in July, 1931, to obtain Parliamentary powers to carry out scheme Number 6 at a net cost of ing to contribute 75 per cent. of the cost, but were at once informed that the Government were unable to renew the offer of a grant from the Road Fund for the purpose; in coming to this decision the Government were mainly influenced by the serious economic position then developing, but also by the fact that no agreed scheme was forthcoming, and that future indicators on hand-worked machines would be events, such as a rapid development in the electricity discontinued. The deduction from the

place between the Board of Inland Revenue and | trification of main line railways, might pro-the National Association of Assessors and Col- foundly affect the considerations which would foundly affect the considerations which would determine the site of the railway station and the layout of the approaches on the south side of the river. There is, therefore, little likelihood for many years, if ever, of a new bridge at Charing Cross.

#### WATERLOO BRIDGE.

The fate of this bridge, which has been so long debated, is linked with the scheme for a new Charing Cross bridge. The Royal Commission on Cross River Traffic, in 1926, recommended that the bridge should not be demolished, but that four piers and arches should be rebuilt and the remainder underpinned; this decision was, however, contingent upon the construction of a new bridge at Charing Cross to relieve the congestion of traffic in the Strand. With the abandonment of the Charing Cross bridge scheme, apparently it rests with the London County Council to decide whether they will revert to their decision in June, 1926, before the appointment of the Royal Commission, to demolish the existing bridge and to construct a new one to take six lines of traffic.

#### I. PAUL'S BRIDGE.

To relieve the volume of traffic passing over London Bridge and Blackfriars Bridge, and the congestion of the streets in the vicinity of the Mausion House, powers to construct a new bridge were obtained by the Corporation of the City of London in 1911. The bridge approach was intended to pass from the south end of Aldersgate Street along the line of Old Change on the cast side of St. Paul's to the bridge head. In ross the London and Home Counties fraffic Auvisory Committee advised that the bridge should be proceeded with, and steps were taken to acquire the necessary property; but in 1926 the Royal Commission on Cross River Traffic urged the abandonment of the scheme in favour of a new Ludgate Bildge, to be a high-level road bridge passing from Southwark Street over the river, close to and east of the Southern Railway bridge, to Holborn Viaduct. The City Corporathen, however, after examining the proposed alternative were unable to agree with the recommendation, and in January, 1929, sought powers to extend until 1931 the time for the completion of the bridge authorised in 1921, but the Bill promoted to seenre the extension was rejected. Further schemes have since been put forward, and it is understood that the matter is still under consideration Considering the need for additional means of communication in the western part of the City, much dissatisfaction has been expressed with the decision of Parliament not to extend the time of completion of a scheme which had received its sanction after full mquiry many years before, and under which the City Corporation had made heavy commitments.

#### TOTALISATOR.

HOPED-FOR success has failed to materialise £13,500,000, subject to the Government agree- with the Totalisator on British racecourses. forced to announce in August, 1931, that with the exception of eight tracks (Ascot, Ayr, Birmingham, Hurst Park, Newbury, Newmarket, Nottingham and Wolverhampton) further em-ployment of the electrical machine would not justify itself for the present, and the electrical pools by the R.B.C.B. has remain d at we per cent., but from Aug. 31 instead of paying to the round sum as represented in pence, reversion was made to the old practice of the multiple of 3d, next below dividend. In some instances this is equivalent to 76 per cent. deduction. Ascots four days showed the biggest pools—\$44,\$52,\$2\$,\$55,042 xfs.,\$66,88 6s.,\$55,045 xfs.—the highest figure being on Gold Unp day. Machine was confined to rings, no facilities being provided for the lunge arowd on course. Year's report for 1930 was not lessued by R.B.C.B. until end of May following. There were a racecourses with the Machine that operated on 6x4 racing days. Total expenses to end of 1930 were \$650,124 for buildings and \$51,329,848 for electrical equipment: for the year, administration cost \$52,785 and total operation expenditure \$525,785. The total receipts, including pool percentages, were \$565,323. The most numerous patrons are holiday-makers with florin bets; the professional backers prefer the bookmakers, and often the turnover of one of the leading layers will exceed that of the Tote. Business improved in 1931; the turnover of 3% millions was reached by Oct. 100-101.

A question of legality arose over the Tote for the greyhound tracks, and to make the use of the Machine possible racing clubs have been established, membership of which permits betting with the Tote. The B.B.C.B. has no connection with the greyhound apparatus in either provision, control or profits. France has tackled the problem of getting bets made away from the course placed in the Machine. On March 3, 1931, 7 main and fe sub-squences were opened of the Fari-Mutuel-Urbain, wherehy people living in towns could have their bets transmitted to the racecourse. In Britain an attempt was made to send money by post direct to the Tote on racecourses, but this was declared illegal. By arrangement with the B.B.C.B., Tote Investors, Ltd., can accept bets on credit to be placed in course Machines.

#### TRADE DEVELOPMENT.

DELIGHT can be expressed at the greater linking up of industries and departments in industry for the purpose of common improvement in trade that found expression following the Missions of 1930, in various forms during 1931, and promise to extend in 1932.

#### COTTON

A Cotton Textile Exhibition, organised by the British Cotton Industry in conjunction with the Government, was held at White City, London, Feb. 16-28. Every section of the home cotton industry was represented, big fashion parades taking place daily with a view to interesting the public and other industries of the uses of cotton. The Queen honoured the Exhibition with a visit on the opening day. The actual net cost to guarantors worked out at £73,648, the industry considering the money well spent. A British Cotton Week followed on May 4-9, in which shops made a mass display of cotton goods with suitable posters and sold well. On April 4 the Cotton Mission (Sir E. Thompson, Chairman) returned to liverpool after having been away in the Far East from the previous Sept. 2. The reports were made public on April 33 and May 7. The Report pointed out that the Cotton Industry depended on foreign sales for 80 per

cent. of output. Lancashire's production had fallen from 8,000 million ilnear yards in 2522 to 4,000 million in 2500. In international trade Britain's sales had fallen from 85 to 45 per cent.; Japan's had increased from 3 to 77 per cent. British exports to China and Hongkong had been four times those of Japan in 2523, but only oue-tenth in 2500. Japan had become a closed market for Br.tish cotton. Though China is increasing her production, she is still a market provided our goods can compete in price with those from Japan. Lancashire had to reorganise and reduce costs if trade was to be recovered. Japan had lower wages and a double shift system, plus a greater output per weaver, who looked after more looms than was the British practice. At every stage, from purchase to packing, Japan had the price advantage. Our marketing was bad. Suggestions made included standardisation in goods offered, maintenance of stocks in China, organisation of a marketing body, long term credits, lut, above all, cheaper goods.

Lancashire has also suffered from a boycott of goods organised by the National Congress Paty. A protest meeting against the boycott was held by 7,000 members of the Manchester Royal Exchange on May 5. A Lancashire Cotton Corporation was incorported on Jan. 23, 1929, with the intention of rationalising the industry by the amalgamation of mills. The Corporation issued £5,000,000 64 per cent. debentures in March, 1931, amounting at the time that 72 mills have been taken over and 26 were in negotiation. The Bankers' Industrial Development Corporation made the issue through the Bank of England. A Lancashire Industrial Development Competition is educating public opinion to the need of more industries in the County Palatine.

#### WOOL

The Far East Economic Mission also dealt with the position of wool in China. The market was open, spart from the new tarriff, but it was a matter of prices, especially with the low silver figure. An imperial Wool Fair was organised by the Yorkshare Observer at Bradford in May, and this continued until the Bradford Pageant in July.

#### ARTIFICIAL SILK

An Exhibition of Artificial Silk was arranged by the Drapers' Organizer at the Albert Hall, Feb. 16-8r. Mr. Anery, M.P., presided at the opening, and The Queen hot oured the Exhibition with a visit on 19th. Great advances were shown in uncrushable cloths and dyes.

#### LEATHER.

A market enquiry was ordered in Sept. on behalf of the leather trades exporting to Denmark and Netherlands, the Overseas Trade Dept. co-operating with the National Leather Goods Association.

#### CANADA.

Federation of British Industries sent a Trade Mission (Sir J. Lithgow, Sir A. Duckham and Mir. M. Mackenzie) to Canada at Invitation of Mir. Stevens, Dominion Trade and Commerce Minister, April-May. The report stated cooperation between home producers in building up a selling and service force was essential to meet competition from foreign countries.

Baster communications, uniformity of statistical publications within Empire, liaison between strong economic and investigatory committees, need of sympathetic touch between Governments, publicity, flow of home investment moriey to Canada were amongst recommendations. Britain's strongest competitor, U.S.A. had the advantage of being on the spot. Earl Jellicoe opened the gard Annual Canadian. National Exhibition in Toronto on Aug. 28, at which certain home manufacturers were represented. A World's Grain Exhibition is to be held in Regina in 1922.

#### EGYPT.

A Trade Mission, Sir Arthur Balfour as Chairman, issued its Report in May covering its visit to Egypt, Jau. 31-Mar. 14. Recommendations included: Complete overhaul of production costs. U.K. manufacturers should study more on the spot the desires and tastes of Egyptians, standardisation of goods with organised trade marketing, knowledge of local languages with vernacular printed catalogues, holding of stocks locally and employment of canema films for publicity. Share of trade in Egypt had fallen with British goods from 30°5 per cent in 1913 to 40.38.

to 44.8.
The British Africa Industrial Development Expedition opened in Carro on July 27 with exhibits from 65 home firms, and proceeded later to Alexandria and then to the Cape, using a motor convoy for travelling Lurioses.

#### SOUTH AMERICA.

H.R.H. Prince of Wales (accompanied by his brother, H.R.H. Prince George) made an extended tour to South America, Jan. 18-April af, during which he acted as the Empire's Trade Ambassador. He visited Peru, Bolivia, Chile, Argentina, opening at Buenos Aires on March 14 the British Trade Exhibition. Over 1,000 British and Domilion firms were represented at this B.T.E., the value of the exhibits being £5,000,000. Everything that might be provided by Britain to help Argentina in her development was shown. In the six weeks of the Exhibition, 1,300,000 visitors passed through the turnstites. A Sheffield Mission had toured South America in the previous winter, making calls upon 43 importers and interviewing 79 officials and ministers. Recommendations were—industries should arrange for group representation, a special Trade Commissioner to follow up the Mission, and meeting of requirements in the way of cheap cuttlery.

# FLOATING EXHIBITION.

Lord Auckland was instrumental in the purchase of the S.S. Leteester shire from the Bibby Line for the purpose of fitting the vessel out as a Floating Exhibition of British Industries. She was renamed the British Exhibitor by Lond Derby on July 20, and was due to sail for South America on Nov. 1. Apart from individual exhibitors, chemical, furnishing and Birmingham jewellers were being represented collectively.

#### IDEAL HOME EXHIBITION.

The interest shown by the public in the Daily Mail Ideal Home Exhibition at Olympis, held during April, is a distinct pointer to increased trade possibilities. During the 23 days of the Exhibition 566,969 people paid for admission, an

increase of 49,852 above previous record. A large volume of sales was done by exhibitors.

#### TELEPHONES.

Britain has not developed the use of telephones to the extent associated with the leading nation of the world The spoot, cool installation was, celebrated by the G.P.O. in June, 1931, with the acceptance of a special micro instrument by the King for Buckingham Palace. A net increase of over 9,000 subscribers is being made monthly, being the trunk calls exceed 10,000,000 monthly, being an increase of over 2 per cent. on 1930's figures.

## BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

British Industries Fair was held in London (Olympia, with x,xxx exhibitors of lighter manufactures, occupying 300,000 ft. space; White City, with cotton textiles from aso firms; Royal Albert Hall. for artificial silk goods, and Birmingham (Castle Bromwich, for heavy goods), Feb. x5-a8. Combined attendances of Olympis and White City were x50,05x home buyers, 4,856 overseas buyers, and 33,844 general public (non-purchasers in evenings only). Birmingham's figures were—x04,838, x 865, x50,000. The Queen, Duchess of York and Duke of Glomester paid visits. Large business was reported, the biggest order numerically being nine million jam-pot covers worth £xx,000. The Fair not only means business on the spot, but the establishment of contracts that lead to orders later. The Empire Marketing Board with the Dominions was strongly represented Arrangements for x93x Fair, that will open on Feb. 2x, include a special section for the whole Textile Industry at White City and a big extension at Birmingham to permit a letting space ander cover of a quarter of a million square feet. A Committee was appointed in Msy, x93x, with Sir G. Garusey as Charman, for the purpose of securing permanent accommodation for the London Section and placing the Fair on a self-supporting basis.

#### TREASURE TROVE.

An official notice was circularised through the British Museum in March, 1931, calling attention to the Laws applying to Treasure Trove. Gold and silver objects found in land or buildings and and sheer owners become treasure trove, and thus the property of the Crown, Prompt notification of the discovery will lead to either purchase of the articles at market value from the finder, or the goods returned to him if not wanted by the Authorities, in the latter case, the British Museum will attempt to find a buyer, should finder desire The local ('oroner is the official to be advised under the Act of 1887, and he is the Authority who conducts the enquiry mto the finding and declares objects to be treasure trove. Finds in other metals or of ancient objects are not freasure trove, but in the interests of knowledge such discoveries should be described and reported to the British Museum, the Director being in a position usually to suggest a method of disposal if desired Under an old Treasury Minute of 1886, finders received only four-fifths or nine-tentles of the value The removal of this deduction should mean less retention and secrecy of discoveries.

#### THE 24-HOUR CLOCK.

DURING the past few years efforts have been made by the Royal Astronomical Society and others to secure the adoption of the 24-hour

method of expressing time; the change was recommended by a Home Office Committee as far back as 1912. On the Continent the use of the system on the railways and in post offices is familiar, while in England it is already used in Army, Navy and Air Force instructions; an example of its usage for the expression of times of high water, sunrise, sunset and astronomical phenomena generally may be found in the early pages of this ALMANACK. The adoption of the system nationally hinges upon its acceptance by the Post Office and the railway companies, and the assent of the latter has been made conditional upon a general desire for the change. The subject has been discussed in the House of Lords on more than one occasion, and in May, 1931, Lord Newton moved that the Ministry of Transport should invite the railway companies to adopt the s4-hour method from a certain date, and that it should be simultaneously introduced into the Post Office; careful and sympathetic consideration of the question was promised by the Government. The advocates of the change point out that the official use of the system for time-tables, notices and formal statements would not necessitate its use in ordinary conversation, and that alterations in the dials of clocks and watches would be unnecessary, but, if desired, the numbers 13 to 24 could easily be added to the numbers 1 to 12. The expression of a general and compelling demand by the public for an alteration of the present system is not easily conceivable, unless a definite lead is given by one or other of the interests mainly concerned.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT.

THE whole world seems to be faced with an unemployment problem. Not only has there existed a surplus of labour, but those in work have made a surplus of production. Consumption has not kept pace with machinery increase. In theory, the world solution seems to he in distributing the work available to all, thus leading to a shorter labouring week with the possibility of the majority having to lower their possibility of comfort to raise those of the minority. In Feb., 1931, the International Labour Office reviewed the problem, but could only pass it on to the next assembly. On July a the Geneva Unemployment Committee suggested an international exchange of workers, a placing conference, using idle money on public works, international co-operation in works essential to European economic development, and long term credits for transfer of surplus labour to land likely to absorb it. These proposals arose out of the enquiries into Mr. Briand's scheme of European Union.

Britain.-As will be seen from statistics that follow, unemployment has grown with sevenleague boots. The sole reason is lack of markets abroad for manufactured commodities. Overseas countries have not had the means for purchasing countries have not near the means for purchaseing our products. Either goods that we used to supply have been prepared locally at cheaper rates, or our prices have been underout by competitive producing countries, or our manufactures have come within the luxury class and thus to be avoided in days of essential economy. Hope for the future lies in better methods of manufacture and merchandising with decreased selling prices, consequent upon lowering of production costs, plus the removal of the tariff walls that automatically raise the price of our Ministry of Labour reported 530,000 unemployed.

goods sent to the countries so surrounded. Failure to sell abroad has meant in turn less money for spending here; that in its cycle has rendered more would-be workers unemployed. Inland trades that have suffered most are and traces that have sunered most are shipbuilding (sg per cent. unemployed), steel and iron mills (45), cotton (42), docks (40), coal (32). Least unemployment has been in the internal transport, printing, tobacco, electricity, gas and water supplies, and especially with train and 'bus men and commercial clerks. London and Southern areas have shown the biggest increases in unemployment, but these have still the fewest unemployed. The Unemployment Fund has been spending over a million more weekly than has been received as contributions, borrowing powers of the Fund being increased to £90,000,000 (March Act) and £115,000,000 (July Act). The advent of the National Government led in September to a decision not to borrow again, but to increase contributions and reduce benefits, whilst transferring those showing signs of being permanently unemployed to the Public Assistance Committees.

Weekly registrations by the unemployed at the Labour Exchanges have been as follows:—

Inte (1931 )	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total in previous Year.
Jan. 26 Feb. 23 Mar. 23 April 27 May 18 June 22 July 27 Aug. 24 Sept	a,ox6,998 a,oay,730 x,967,988 x,957,x05 a,o68,078 a,xay,615 a,xay,615	624,858 620,811 638,723 678,860 694,834	2,592,780 2,577,916 2,706,795 2,806,475 2,813,163	1,911,749 2,070,088 2,119,648 2,188,400
Insured Persons	8,93x,530	3,474,170	12,405,700	12,094,000

Average rates of unemployment among insured ersons in Great Britain and Ireland have been for following years (excluding coal mining industry workers disqualified for benefit in 1921 and six owing to trade disputes)-

Yean.	Per cent.	Year.	Per cent.
1921	17.0	1926	za'5
1922	14'3		9.7
1983	· ·····xx · 7	19 <b>28.</b>	8.oz
1924	·····.3	1929	10'4
TORK		T020	

Each month in 1931 showed a gradually increasing percentage, 226 being reached in August. Growth of debt on Unemployment Fund has been-

April, zgs Nov., zgs8, B	6 (Prior t	o Gene	ral Strike	£0	7,000,000 £40,000,000
March, 1930	,,	.,	***	••	50,000,000
July, 1930	••	**	••	••	60,000,000
Dec., 2930 Feb , 1931	**	••	••	••	70,000,000
June, 1931	**	**	**	**	225,000,000

Australia. - Second quarter of year showed ay 6 per cent. of trade unionist unemployed. Fremiers' Conference in Sept., 1931, asked Commonwealth Bank to supply further £5,000,000 for loan works, then giving employment to zoo,coo.

Canada.-According to firms reporting to Statistics Bureau, there has been slight employment increase from 1926. On Sept. 4, 1931, Total relief was £14,000,000 in 1930, but 1931 winter expected to be worst with 150,000 drought-stricken Western farmers. Much public work in hand.

France.—Though unemployment returns show only 50,000 on exchange registers, short time working is in evidence. In July, 1931, 32 per cent. were working under 48 hours weekly.

Germany.—On Oct. 1, 1931, unemployment benefit was reduced from so to so weeks (seasonal trades 16) in view of an increase of unemployment to 6,500,000 in winter. Government Commission recommended in April, 1931, 40-hour week, no overtime and no double jobe as solution; Horr Stegerwald, Labour Minister, at Aug. Congress of General Federation of T.U., favoured some form of short time provided exports were not interfered with. He thought £100,000,000 would have to be raised for relief works before Mar., 1932.

New Zealand.—Camps are being formed for single men to be given work constructing roads and preparing lands for settlements, with Unemployment Board as controlling authority. Last available unemployment registration figure was 45,364.

U.S.A.—President Hooverannounced on May 2, 1931, he did not propose to call an extra session of Congress to deal with the economic situation.

"We cannot legislate ourselves out of the world economic depression. We can and will work ourselves out." By Sept., 1932, relief expenditure had been authorised for £18,000,000, apart from private and State schemes on building and roads. Mr. G. Swope, G.E.C., has a proposal in hand that is securing much support for regulation of production according to consumers' needs, with guarantee of involuntary idleness to workers. He includes a contributory unemployment insurance scheme.

## WATCHING THE COAST.

THE coast-watching organisation of the Coastguard Service was described as "thoroughly efficient and adequate for the requirements" by a departmental committee appointed by the Board of Trade as the result of the suggestion of a Court of Inquiry into the loss of a vessel At the same time the committee made a number of suggestions for improving the service. Thev expressed the opinion that the retention of coastguard stations on unfrequented parts of the coast merely to maintain continuity of the watching organisation could not be justified, and they recommended that such stations should either be closed or reduced to auxiliary stations for use in bad or thick weather only. station is on an important traffic route, overlooks serious navigation dangers, or supervises the work of a busy fishing port, harbour or area, the employment of full-time personnel on coastwatching duties at the expense of the State, they declared, could not be justified, and if local authorities desired a watching organisation for the protection of pleasure craft at seaside resorts, it was not unreasonable that they should themselves bear the cost of providing and maintaining the necessary look-outs. The committee proposed that the system of arranging stations in groups (usually of three stations) and placing each station in turn on night watch in fine weather should be amended, so that only those stations which afford the greatest amount of supervision of the coast and sea should undertake the

necessary duties for a group of stations. The system whereby watch is kept from look-out huts is, in the committee's opinion, preferable to keeping watch by means of watchmen on patrol. They proposed to reduce the number of coastguard stations from sgs to sry and to increase the auxiliary stations from 65 to 14s. The total look-out positions would not be less than at present, but the coastguard personnel would be gradually reduced from 820 to 772. The report of the committee added that, at their request, the Board of Trade had developed a scheme for raising the general status of the auxiliary service and organising it in a Coast Life-Saving Corps, which they thought would materially add to the efficiency of the service. The Corps would be enrolled on a voluntary basis and would comprise life-saving appliance men, coast watchers, and an intelligence section, the groups in some cases including women. As many of the helpers would be working people, it would be necessary for the Board of Trade to provide for the adequate remuneration of the members of the Corps, but the additional cost would be offset by savings secured from the reduction of coastgnard stations and personnel. Another recommendation was that each district should be supplied with one or more lambs capable of throwing a good beam for soo or sgo yards, while it was niged that powers should be obtained by the Board of Trade to compel the owners and masters of all vessels employing paid hands to carry efficient distress signals. Finally the committee expressed the view that, with the further development of wireless telegraphy and telephony, the need for visual watching should gradually be reduced

#### WEIR REPORT.

IN Sept., 1929, the Minister of Transport appointed a Committee of three (Lord Weir as Chairman, Sir Ralph Wedgwood and Sir William McLintock) to examine the "conomic and other aspects of the electrification of railway systems in Great Britain, with particular reference to main line working." The Committee held 3r formal meetings and heard 19 witnesses. Their report, known as the Weir Report, which was issued on April 28, 293r, pointed out national generation of electricity at low costs constitutes a new favourable factor in favour of electrification, an efficient railway system is essential, and electrified suburban lines are being successfully worked. After observing that the increased demand for electricity would cheapen its supply for industry, and acceleration of rural electrification would follow its application to railways, the division of work was suggested that the Central Electricity Board should provide transmission lines and equip the sub-stations, with the latter controlled by railways. There were to be no half-measures; success would lie in a comprehensive scheme, leaving out only branch lines that might be worked more profitably by other haulage methods. Direct financial economies would follow from electrification, whilst speed, comfort, improved service and tage would lie in dependence on the centralised electrical sources of supply.

electrical sources of supply.

Working out in practice would call for zs-ze years' programme and an expenditure of £z6z,000,000 approximately. Gross aggregate costs were estimated at £zzz,zo,000, against which there would be realisable credits of £6z,z80,000. The Central Electricity Board

would be called upon to spend also £80,000,000 for generating plant, lines and stations. Taking for generating plant, lines and stations. Taking a year's budget, railway working costs would be reduced from £52,502,702 (plant cash), thus making a saving of £12,325,702 (plant cash haulage charges of £25,200) a year. This would be equivalent to 6'12 per cent, on the cost of £25,200,000. Though the bulk of the savings were in connections with unwanted labour. the railway trade tion with unwanted labour, the railway trade unions at their Conferences welcomed electrification. It might be noted that the Southern Railway has in hand a main line electrification scheme between Loudon, Brighton and Worthing;

mission to driving-wheels. But experience in that was limited, and might be less economical on well-loaded lines. An independent scheme of railway traction by Diesel-oil-locomotives was submitted to the Ministry of Transport in Aug., 1921, in which it was set forth that the cost of oli-electric working would be £124,000,000 compared with the £244,000,000 for the electricity change-over. A list of advantages of the oil system over the electricity grid was set out, but against these needs be placed the statement in the Weir Report that preference should be given to a system using coal rather than oil as being in national interest.

this will be completed early in 1933 to remaining afternative to steam haulage, other than electricity, was the oil engine with electrical trans-

#### ELECTRICALLY WORKED RAILWAYS.

Departmental, service or shunting electric locomotives stated after + sign.

	Electric Route Mileage	Electric Locos	Motor Cars.	Trailer Cars.
Bessbrook and Newry (a)  Central London  City and South London  East London (b)  Great Western—	3 6% 12½ 4½	0+ E	88 46	171 68
Raing and Shepherd's Bush (c)	4¾ 1½ 5¾	=	== == (e)   (zo(f) + )	40(r)
Liverpool Overhead (i)	6½ 58¼ 96		\lambda x(f)(g) f 42 87 + x6(f) 308	15 55 428.
London Electric	31½ 22½ (a) 4¾ 39½	0+16 	416 31 28 211	625 25 40 392
Metropolitan District            Southern            Whitechapel and Bow (i)	2534 280	7+5	#83 881	#73 79

(c) Worked by through Central London Railway trains (d) Joint Great Western and Metropolitan, Verked by through Central London Railway trains (d) Joint Great Western and Metropolitan, Worked by through Joint Stock trains (e) Great Western Railway projection. (f) Fleetric means. (g) Goods traffic. (h) Also read trainway routes (t) Joint Midland and Metropolitan District. Worked by through trains Vehk Lee Individually owned.

#### MOTOR ROAD VEHICLES ON PRINCIPAL BRITISH AND IRISH RAILWAYS.

Goods Name of Railway Passenger Parcels Belfast and County Down ..... 14 60 Great Northern (Ireland) ..... Great Western ..... 108 1,148 L. M. S. (Northern Counties, 54. z,775 London and North Eastern ... 77 700 **Londonderry & Lough Swilly...** Metropolitan ..... 33 316 Southern .....

# COMPARISON OF MILEAGE, LOCOMOTIVES, VEHICLES, Erc., OF GREAT BRITAIN, UNITED STATES AND GERMANY IN 1989.

_	Great	United	Ger-
	Britain.	States.	many.
Mileage (length of road) Locomotives Passenger vehicles Average of haul (miles) Average train load (tm.) Average waggon load Average receipts per ton mile	24,000 24,000 51,000 54 191 11/4 d.	250,000 66,000 371 770 271/2 1/2đ.	36,000 37,000 64,000 50 30 30 30 30

# Annual Summaries.

# THE WEATHER OF 1930-31.

(1930) October was mild in all parts, and on the 18th. The month was on the whole especially so during the third week. The month was wet in Scotland, Ireland and the western of Great Britain, but in Ireland and the west of districts of England and Wales, but in the east of Scotland there was a well-defined deficiency of England it was both dry and sunny. The month opened generally cloudy and dry, but bright periods occurred in the east and south-east. On the and rain began in the south of reland, and during the night of the 3rd to 4th and on the 4th heavy falls occurred in many parts of the British Isles. This rain marked the beginning of a spell of unsettled weather. which continued almost unbroken until the end of the month. There were, however, some bright periods, especially on the 6th and 5th. Some snow occurred on the hills in Scotland on the oth, and severe ground frost occurred at many places during the nights of the 8th and oth and the oth and roth. During the period roth to 13th an anticyclone caused more settled conditions over the greater part of England, and good sunshine records were obtained in many places, but the unsettled weather with rain at times continued in Scotland and Ireland. From the 15th to 17th some unusually high tem-peratures for the time of the year were recorded, maximum temperatures of 65° F. and over in most parts of England and 70° F. in London on all three days, while night minimum temperatures on the 15th or 16th did not fall below 60° F. at places as far apart as Manchester, Ross-on-Wye and Margate. Rain occurred at most places during this period. On the soth con-ditions changed, and during the next six days cool, squally, north-west winds, with occasional local thunder and hall, and gales on the atth and agth, were experienced. The coldest days were from the atth to syth. A renewal of the mild weather occurred on the asth. On the 30th and ast cold air again reached Scotland, but the weather continued mild in England. Monthly means of pressure were below the normal in all districts, while the prevailing winds were between south and west. Among the highest gusts were 69 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis and Pendennis Castle 69 in.p.h. at Butt of Lewis and Pendennis Castle on the 31st, and 67 in.p.h. at Lerwick on the 30th. Monthly mean temperature was above normal in all parts, especially in the east and south of England. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 7r. K. at Canterbury on the 27th, and 23° K. at Rickmansworth on the 27th, and 24° K. at Rickmansworth on the 27th, and 24° K. at Braemar on the 31st; (Ireland) 65° K. at Dullin (Trinity Cellege) on the 24th, and 33° F at Ballinacurra on the 50th and at Lisburn and Dublin (Phonix Park) on the 31st. The month was wet in the Park) on the sist. The month was wet in the western districts of Great Britain and in Ireland, and dry in the east of England. Over the British Isles as a whole the precipitation expressed as a perceutage of the normal for the period 1881-1913 was 179; the values for the constituent countries were: England and Wales 97, Scotland 194, Ireland 164. This is the fourth consecutive mouth when the general precipitation over Ireland has exceeded the normal. The distribution was very uneven, for while less than half the normal fell in the east of England, nearly twice the normal fell in parts of Cumberland, and in Scotland near temperatures were berland, and in Scotland 14-36 inches fell at Smeaton. In Scotland, and over the country as a Glenbranter, but only regained fell at Smeaton. The heaviest daily fail was a Sc inches at Ardgour. In most parts of England and Wales and

Southant there was a well-defined deficiency of bright sunshine. Fog was most widely reported about the 4th, 19th and from the 19th to 19th. Aurora was observed in Southand on the 19th, 19th, 19th, 18th, 19th, 19th and 19th, 19th that of the 19th was seen as far south as Market Harborough and Norwich.

Norenber was generally wet, especially in England and Wales, where the general precipitation was one and a half times the normal. In spite of this, however, sunshine totals were in excess of the normal. The month opened with mild, rainy conditions, with local mist or fog. On the and a violent squall crossed southern England, its passage being accompanied by severe thunders to passage temp accompanion by severe thunders to places, and gusts of 8s m.p.h. at Cardington, 78 m.p.h. at Scilly, and 77 m.p.h. at Shoeburyness were recorded. Considerable sunny periods occurred on the 4th and 5th. A depression off the south-west coast of Ireland on the morning of the 5th moved south-eastwards, and in the extreme south there was much cloud and rain. The 6th was generally sunny, cloud and rain. The 6th was generally sunny, many places recording more than 8 hours bright sunshine. From the 7th to 9th an unsettled westerly type of weather prevailed. Much rain fell in Scotland and Ireland on the 7th, and widely during the night of 7th to 8th. From the noth to 13th mainly dry, sunny weather prevailed in the south and east, but the northwest came under the influence of an Icelandic depression, and though there was not much rain. dep. ession, and though there was not much rain, the wind was frequently strong, gales occurring in exposed places on the roth, rath and rath. On the rath many places on the south coast enjoyed over 8 hours sunshine, and maxima reached or exceeded 60° K at many places. There was rain in Scotland on the rath, and general rain on the rath. A mainly rainy and generally dull period occurred from the rath to still the ray united in averagination and acth. Heavy ian fell in several parts on each day except the ard, which was annuy, but heavy falls occurred in the south-west during the night of the 23rd to asth. Gales occurred along parts of the coast, mainly in the English Channel, between the sand and agth. How occurred generally in Scotland on the sand, and thundersolution in the same and the series are storing were reported in southern England on the sist, sand and soft. During the period syth to soth improved conditions, with much sunshine and local night fog, were enjoyed in the north and west, but in the south there was still much rain at times. Cyclonic conditions pre-dominated during the month, and for the fifth consecutive month pressure means were below the normal. Winds were mainly westerly and were frequently strong. Gales were widespread on the and and ard, in the south-west on the sth to 8th, parts of Scotland on the 8th to zeth, widespread on the saud to ath, and in the south-west on the sath and asth. Among the highest gusts recorded were 84 m.p.h. at Kirkwall and 79 m.p.h. at Butt of Lewis on the zoth, 79 m.p.h. at Pendeunis on the sath, 78 m.p.h. at Soilly on the and and at Birmingham on the sand. In Scotland mean temperatures were

Ireland the mean was within 1° F. of the normal. The extreme temperatures for the month were (England and Wales) 64° F. at Shaftesbury on the 44th, and 13° F. at Rickmansworth on the 74th, (Scotland) 64° F. at Stonehaven and Aberdeen on the 13th, and 14° F. at Balmoral, Braemar and Logic Coldstone on the 18th; (Ireland) 64° F. at Waterford on the 9th, and 13° F. at Markree Castle and Birr Castle on the 74th, at Phomix Park on the 17th and 88th, and at Foynes on the 29th. The general precipitation over the British Isles, expressed as a percentage of the normal, was 128, thus exceeding the normal for the fifth consecutive month. For the constituent countries the values were: England and Wales 132, Scotland 134, Ireland 110. Over England and Wales 132, Scotland 134, Ireland 110. Over England and Wales 132, Scotland 134, Ireland 110. Over England and Wales 132, Scotland 134, Ireland 110. Over 138, 111, in 1388, 1925 and 1393. Among the largest daily falls were 95 mm. at Kinlochquoich on the 14th, 81 mm. at Ardgour on the 8th, and 43 mm. at Princetown on the 3th and 137d. At Glenquoich there were four days on which more than 50 mm. fell, and at Baltasound and Gruiline rain fell on each day of the month. In spite of the excessive rainfall, sunshine totals were generally well above the normal, especially in the eastern parts of Great Britain. Fog was reported on as many as 19 days in Manchester, 16 at Hull, and 10 in London. Aurora was observed in Scotland on several occasions, and as far south as Eskadlemuir on the 37d and 36th. Solar haloes were observed at Oxford on 12 days. On the 27th the solar halo of 20° was visible practically all day, with contact are about 15.45 CM.T. December was dull and mainly rather mid,

December was dull and mainly rather mild, with frequent mist and fogs. During the first six days of the month a persistent ridge of high pressure gave quiet, dull and dry weather generally. With the passage eastwards of a trough of low pressure, fairly heavy rain fell in the west and north-west during the night of the 6th and 7th and in most places on the 7th. Unsettled conditions prevailed until the 17th, during which period frequent but generally slight precipitation occurred. Snow or sleet occurred in the north on the 8th and locally in England on the 9th. The sharpest frost of the month occurred on the morning of the 18th. During the night roth to 18th and occurred in the west and south-west and extended to most districts on the 18th Agles were reported from exposed places on the 18th, and from then until the 18th mild, rainy conditions with bright periods prevailed. Fog was widespread on the 18th, and in the east and south-east day temperature was only a few degrees above freezing. From the 18th to soth mild south-westerly winds spread over the country, and day temperature rose above 50° F. in several places, and in most parts the highest temperature of the month was registered during this period. On the sand an anticyclone extended over the British Isles, and in several places in Eugland dense and persistent fog, with maximum temperature below 40° F., were reported on that day. From then until the end of the month depressions of increasing intensity crossed the country from the Atlantic, bringing generally unsettled weather, heavy rain or suow at times, but periods of bright sunshine, with temperature above normal. The Christmas period was mainly mild, with rain at times, and bright sunshine, although snow fell heavily in parts of north-eastern England on the 5th. Gales occurred generally in the west and north on the 5th and 27th and over southern

districts on the a8th. Rain fell heavily in the west and north on the a8th, when 83 mm. fell at Borrowdale (Cumberland) and 75 mm. at Penrhyn (Carnarvon). In Scotland and Ireland mouthly pressure means differed as a rule by less than : millibar from the normal, and in England generally to a millibara below the normal. Winds were mainly southerly or westerly, and with the exception of gales about the 11th to 13th and exception or gaies about the first to figure and seith to sixt were generally light to moderate. Among the highest gusts recorded were & m.p.b. at Butt of Lewis on the seth, & m.p.h. at Tiree on the seth, and 77 m.p.h. at Quilty on the first and at Dunfanaghy on the seth. The month was on the whole mild; the mildest days occurred generally the host ships of the worth and shout the ally at the beginning of the month and about the atly at the beginning of the north and about margin 13th, 13th and 13th. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 60°F, at Rhyl and Colwyn Bay on the 18th, and 16°F, at Bellingham on the 10th; (Scotland) 56°F, at Aberdeen and Stouchaven on the 18th and Gordon Cartheles and Stouchaven on the 18th and Gordon Aberdeen and Stonehaven on the 18th and Gordon Castle on the 19th, and 12°F at Braemar on the 19th; (Ireland) 90°F, at Newcastle (Wicklow) on the 18th and at Blacksod on the 18th, and 18°F; at Dublin (Glasnevin) on the 19th. Rainfall was generally about normal, the percentage values of the normal being: British Isles 99, England and Wales 99, Scotland 97, Ireland 19th. The distribution was rather uneven, for while Skegness had only 20 per cent. Cromer 28 and Killylaser. had only 52 per cent., Cromer 72, and Killybegs (Donegal) 63 per cent., Balbriggan had 140 per cent., Blacksod 118 per cent., and parts of Wales 125 to 150 per cent. At Rothesay rain fell on 30 days, while at Kinlochquoich there were 8 days with over 25 mm., the wettest being the 15th with 76 mm. Sunshine aggregates were below normal in almost all parts of England and Wales. In Scotland there was in general a slight excess, except in the south, whilst in Ireland aggregates were as a rule above the normal in the south and west, and below the normal in the east and northeast. The dull character of the month over the greater part of England is indicated by the large number of sunless days; at Huddersfield there were as and in London and Bradford there were 23 days with no bright sunshine Fog was unusually prevalent throughout the month. It was observed in the mornings on 27 days at Hull, 24 days at Nottingham, and 16 at Kensington; in the early afternoon it was reported on 12 days at Harrogate and 11 at Greenwich. The fog in and around London on the sand was one of the most dense of recent years, and caused serious dislocation of all transport services. At Southampton, on no day during the month did the visibility in the morning or evening exceed 6½ miles. Aurora was observed in Scotland on 7 occasions. On

rora was observed in Scotland on 7 occasions. Unter soth it was visible over the greater part of the country. Solar halo, with parhellon, was observed at Oxford on the 9th, 12th, 14th and 28th. Year, 1930.—The outstanding feature of the years weather was its persistent and excessive wetness, the annual rainfall exceeding the normal almost everywhere. Apart from a short hot spell at the end of Angust, during which 94° F. was recorded at London (Camden Square), the highest in the British Isles since July 12th, 12p3, when 96° F. was recorded at the same station, there were no conspicuous departures from the normal. There were no prolonged and intense cold spells. Sunshine aggregates were in general deficient. The annual pressure means were from 2 to 3 millibars below the normal. Among the outstanding gales of the year were those of January 1st to 3rd and 1sth. On the

and a gust of 9x m.p.h. was recorded at Liver-pool, and on the xath xes m.p.h. at Pendennis, and 97 m.p.h. at Scilly, with mean hourly wind and sy m.p.h. at Scilly, with mean hourly wind
of 53 and 55 m.p.h. respectively. Annual mean
temperatures were slightly above normal, in the
majority of districts by less than z° F. The
extreme temperatures of the year were (England
and Wales) 94° F. at London (Camden Square)
on August 24th, and 3° F. at Newport (Salop) on
August 24th, and 4° F. at Braemar on February
gth; (Ireland) 3r° F. at Nowcastle (Wicklow) on
August 24th, and 27° F. at Markree Castle on
February 25th. The year was a wet one; with
the exception of the north-western scaboard and the exception of the north-western scaboard and small areas in Scotland, English Lake District and the Thames Valley, all districts had an excess. The general precipitation expressed as a percentage of the normal for the period a percentage of the normal for the period rass-rags was: British Isles xxx. England and Wales xxx. Sootland xxo, and Ireland xx. Some memorable incidents of the year's rainfall were the thunderstorms near likley on April agth, in which 47 mm. of rain and hall fell in 30 minutes, the thunderstorm rains of June x8th, which in London, following heavy rain on the previous day, caused severe flooding. on the previous day, caused severe flooding and dislocation of traffic, and the persistent cyclonic rains of July 20th to 23rd near Whithy, during which 304 mm. fell at Castleton in the Yorkshire Wolds. Aurora was observed in northern districts in each month except during the worlds. The contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of t the months June to August. January was abnormally mild, wet and stormy, with destructive gales in the south on the rath. After the first few days anticyclonic conditions prevailed during February. There was a pronounced frequency of winds between north and east and There was a return to unsettled mild conditions at the beginning of *March*, but after the first week a complete change occurred, and from the oth to agrd the British Isles lay in the broad Arctic current between a high-pressure system artuc current between a nigh-pressure system to the west and a low-pressure area over north-west Europe. After the sard conditions became mild and wet and continued on into April; from the ard to yth and again from about the rath to aret, which period included the Easter holidays (April self-baset) which are the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than the same than (April 18th-21st), cold winds between north and east and wintry, dull weather were prevalent. The last week was considerably warmer. May was generally dull and wet in the south-east of England, but dry in most other districts. In England, but dry in most other districts. In contrast to the dullness of the preceding months, June was sunny, with frequent moderately warm days and nights, a deficiency of rainfall except in parts of Sectland, and frequent thunderstorms from the xath to 19th and on the 23rd and 24th. July was generally unsettled, dull and wet. Mainly cool, wet and unsettled weather prevalled in August, but from the 26th to 29th the most her was numerally hot and sunny in most. weather was unusually hot and sunny in most parts of Great Britain. September was chiefly remarkable for its excess of persistent raunfall in all districts except in the north-west of England and west of Scotland. Sunshine was very much below the normal in Great Britain. The

nuch below the normal in Great Britain. The last three months of the year were on the whole mild and mostly wet, with much fog in December. (xgax) January.—The first half of the month was cold with much fog, and the second half mild, windy and wet, with fairly heavy rain during the last week. Bright periods were, however, frequent; a prominent feature of the month was

the excess of sunshine recorded in most districts. The month opened with thick fog locally and ane month opened with thick fog locally and low temperatures. During the period 5t to 5th severe frost occurred, both in the screen and on the grass. By the rith mild conditions became general, with temperature reaching 50° F. at some places. From the right to right northerly winds and wintry precipitation prevailed generally, but many good sunshine records were obtained in many parts of England on the right. Wasterly in many parts of England on the 14th. Westerly to north-westerly winds prevailed from the 15th to nother western with gales on the 16th and 17th and snow in northern districts on the 18th and 19th. Heavy rain occurred during the night 22nd to agrd and on the agrd. The period a4th to syth was mainly sunny, over 7 hours bright hunshine being recorded at several places, and on the a5th as much as 8 hours at Ross-on-Wye, a record at that station for a January day. The last two days were rather cold except in the south-west and in Ireland, and on the 31st there were further gales and heavy snow in the north and west. With the exception of south-west Ireland, mean monthly pressure was below the normal. Winds monthly pressure was below the normal. Winds were mainly between south-west and north-west and frequently strong during the second half of the month. Generally the highest wind velo-cities were recorded during the westerly gales on the r6th and zyth. Among the highest guts of the month were \$5 m.p h at Bell Rock on the zyth, \$3 m.p.h at Butt of Lewis on the r6th, 78 m.p.h. at Tiree on the r6th, and 76 m.p.h. at Fleetwood on the zyth. Mean temperatures for the mouth were generally within z² F. of the normal. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 55° F. at Dover on the 16th, and 50° F. at Newport (Salop) on the 5th; (Scotland) 55° F. at Cupar on the 16th, and 60° F. the standy 55. At comparison the rectification of the standy 55. F. at Blacksod Point on the 16th, and 20. F. at Newtownforbes on the 3rd and at Lisburn on the 6th. Precipitation occurred frequently during the month, but was generally light, the only falls of importance occurring about the a3rd and during the last week. The general values expressed as a percentage of the average were. British Isles roy, England and Wales zos, Scotland 1848, and Ireland 88. Among the largest daily falls were on mm. at Garelochhead and 64 mm. at Ard-tornish and Princetown on the 31st. At Strathpeffer the monthly total of 6 43 inches was the highest for January there since before 1885. Sunshine totals were in excess of the average, and expressed as a percentage of the average ranged from 158 per cent. in the north-east of England to roz per cent. In north of Scotland and the Channel Isles. The month was the sunniest January at Ross-on-Wye since 1914 and at Eskdalomuir since 1910. Aurora was observed in Scotland on the night of the 19th to 16th. February. — Squally, westerly or north-westerly winds and frequent wintry precipita-

February.— Squally, westerly or northwesterly winds and frequent wintry precipitation were the chief features of the month. On the rat gales prevailed 12 western districts, and then until the 5th quiet, cold weather, with north-easterly winds and varying amounts of sunshine, prevailed over the greater part of the country. During the night of the 5th to 6th and on the 6th rain or snow was widespread. Mild weather was general from the 5th to rath. There was heavy rain in western Ireland on the night of the 7th to 5th, and over the country generally on the night of 5th to soth and on the 11th. In the rear of a depression which crossed the country on the 12th strong north-westerly

winds, reaching gale force in exposed places. winem resoning gais force in exposed piacos. In the north and west there was hall, sleet or snow. The acth was sunny, many places in south-east England recording over 8 hours bright sunshine. On the acth an anticyclone over the Bay of Biscay spread northwards, bringing with it air of tropical origin; and temperature rose to an unusually high level, ac 92 at Workson and ac 9 at harvies. On the So F. at Worksop and 99 F. at Aberdeen. On the sth the winds veered north-west, and another cold spell ensued, and locally in the Midlands temperatures did not exceed 30 F. on the seth. Gales occurred in the north and west on the seth. and on the evening of that day snow fell generally over the whole country. With the exception of the extreme south of Ireland and the Channel Isles monthly pressure means were below the normal. The prevailing wind was westerly, and frequently strong and squally. The highest gusts recorded during the frequent rne ingness passe recorded during the frequent gales were 87 m.p.h. at Butto I Lewis on the zyth, 79 m.p.h. at Tiree on the zath, Scilly on the zt, and at Lerwick on the zath. Monthly mean temperatures were generally within z° F. of the normal. The temperature readings for or the normal. The temperature readings for the sath at many places were the highest in Rebruary for several years. Ground frost occurred frequently in most districts. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 60° F. at Worksop on the agid, and 12° F. at Rickmansworth on the asid; (Scotland) 12° F. at Abadian 24. (Scotland) 50° F. at Aberdeen on the 25th, and 9° F. at Dalwhinnie on the 23th (Ireland) 59° F. at Newcastle, Wicklow, on the 2th, and see F. at Dublin (Phomix Pack and Hazelhatch) on the 2th. The general precipitation of the British Isles and the constituent countries expressed as a percentage of the constituent countries. a percentage of the normal was: British Isles 116, England and Wales 126, Scotland 118, Ireland 124 A notable feature of the month was the frequency with which precipitation took the form of snow, sleet or hail. Practically every district had some snow, and owing to stormy conditions there was much drifting at times, and in the north many roads were blocked. Hail also occurred frequently in the north and west. Thunderstorms were reported from various districts on one or two days. Sunshine totals were generally below normal, but a slight excess was recorded in the Orkneys and Hebrides, on the east coast of Scotland, the south coast of England, and the south-east coast of Ireland. Fog occurred locally in various parts of England on the 5th, 7th, 9th and from of Ireland. the s4th to s6th Aurora was observed in Scotland on 4 occasions, that on the r3th being observed as far south as West Linton. At Compton (near Wolverhampton) an upper arc of contact of the 46° halo with brilliant coloration at approximately so is a.m. on the ath. The arc was reported to be nearly a complete circle.

March was on the whole cold, and, except in

Ireland and the south-west of England, dry and sunny. Noteworthy features of the month were the spell of wintry weather between the 6th and zoth, and the unusually mild weather round about the soth. The month opened with strong northerly wind, and in parts of the north and west it attained gale force, while snow accom-panied it in Scotland on the snd. Heavy rain fell in the south-west on the 3rd. Easterly winds on the 4th were associated with a trough of low pressure over the southern half of the the 4th the southern districts has bright sunny sential lates, and some heavy rain fell in the weather. This improvement was only temporary, south-west during the night of the 4th to 5th however, and coel unsettled conditions prevailed

and on the 5th. Cold weather and wintry pre-cipitation were general during the next few days. On the 5th and zeth heavy mow fell in Wales and the Midlands and north of England, some roads remaining impassable until the rath or rath. On the 9th London had its heaviest snowfall of the winter, when from 3 to 4 inches fell. The day was unusually cold in the southeast, followed at night by very severe frost. At Kew Observatory the maximum temperature of 32° F. was the lowest on record for March, while on the grass the temperature fell to 4° F. After the 10th there was an appreciable rise in temperature, but at Kew it was not until the 14th that temperature exceeded the normal for the first time during the month. By the reth mild weather had become general, and prevailed up to the zest. Some good sunshine records were obtained during this period. From the zerd to the zeth mainly dry weather, with fairly. warm days but cold nights, and much sunshine, was general. By the 30th most of Great Britain experienced a return of the cold weather. The extreme south-west, however, had unsettled weather with much rain at times from the arth to the end of the mouth. With the exception of a few exposed places the month was on the whole quiet, with a prevalence of south-easterly to northeasterly winds. Among the highest gusts re-corded were 72 m.p.h. at Pendennis on the 6th and 70 m.p.h. at Lerwick on the 1st. In most parts of the country it was the coldest March since 1984, and with the exception of the extreme south-west of England and west and south-west of Ireland, mouthly mean temperature was below the normal. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 65° E. at Cardington and Camden Square on the soth, at Cartington and Cameen Square on the soth, and 5° F. at Rickmansworth on the roth; (Scotland) 65° F. at Ruthwell on the soth, and r° F. at Braemar on the 3rd; (Ireland) 60° F. at Rathfarnham on the zyth, and r8° F. at Hazlehatch on the roth. The rainfall of the mouth was decidedly below the normal, the percentage raince being reported and Wales 65 Scotland. values being: England and Wales 36; Scotland 4a, Ireland 101, and British Isles 5x. At Meltham it was the driest March for more than 50 years, was most pronounced in the Midlands, where many places had less than no per cent. of the normal. In Scotland over large areas it was probably the driest March on record; at Glan-quoich since at least 1876 there has been only one drier March (1984). In Ireland there was an excess in the east and south, while at Cork it was actually the wettest March in 48 years. With the exception of the extreme south-west of England and most parts of Ireland, sunshine was above the normal. At Copdock it was the sunniest March since 1907. Fog was rather pre-valent during the month. Aurora was observed in Scotland on 6 nights.

April was on the whole unsettled and duli, with a pronounced excess of precipitation in England and Wales and in the eastern districts of Scotland and Ireland. Heavy rain, with local flooding, occurred in parts of Ireland and southwest England on the 1st and in Scotland on the and. Persistent rain occurred in south-east England on the and and 3rd, but in Sectiond and Ireland it was fine and sunny on the 3rd. On the 4th the southern districts had bright sunny

until about the 7th. In the south-east the eth and 6th (Easter) were dull and wet. On the 7th there was a change to warm, fine weather. The there was a change to warm, fine weather. The rath and rath were amongst the sunniest days of the month. On the agit there was a decided drop in temperature, and from the 1gth to 1gth, with the passage of a low pressure system across with the passage of a low-pressure system across the country, cold inclement weather prevailed. Snow, sleet or hall occurred at most places on the xytin, x8th and xeth, and thunderstorms were experienced locally in the eastern half of England on xytin, x8th and sand and at Durham on the x4th. Sunny conditions prevailed in Ireland and west Scotland during the period x8th to soth. From then until the end of the 18th to soth. From then until the end of the month the weather became slightly milder but month the weather necame signity minder out continued unsettled, with some bright periods. Heavy rain occurred in England and Wales during the period agrd to acth. Many good sunshine records were obtained between the acth and goth. With the exception of the extreme south-west of Ireland, monthly pressure means were below the normal. There was a considerable prevalence of north-westerly to northerly winds, and gales were recorded at several exposed places. Among the highest gusts were 74 m.p h. at Sealand on the 17th, at Erwick on the 4th, and 65 m.p.h. at Pendeunis on the 19th and Butt of Lewis on the 4th. Mean temperatures for the month were within ro F. of the normal in most districts within r F. of the normal in most districts. The extreme temperatures for the month were (England and Wales) 69° F. at Attenborough, Sparkhill and Sealand on the rath, and 44° F at Castleton on the 6th; (Sootland) 66° F. at Liberton on the roth, and 50° F. at Eskdalemuir on the 6th; (Ireland) 68° F. at Kilkenny on the roth, and 35° F at Mankree (astle on the 30th. In contrast to the dryness of March, rainfall totals for April were represented by above the normal many contrasts. for April were appreciably above the normal in most parts of the British Isles, the excess being most pronounced in the Midlands and the east most pronounced in the initialization of Lingland. Expressed as a percentage of the normal the values were: England and Wales 173. Sociland 106, 11eland 121, and the British Isles 143. Over England and Wales as a whole it was the wettest April since 1920. At Reignte Alarmeters, these the until the vertex of the street of the vertex of the street of the vertex of the street of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of the vertex of t the wettest April since 1920. At Reigate (Alvington) three times the normal fell, Westminsterhad 274 percent, and Richmond (Surrey), where it was the wettest April since 1871, 329 per cent. In westen Scotland manfull was generally well below the normal, while in northern and eastern Scotland there was an excess. Although below normal in the west, there were several agas with only two reinless. there were several areas with only two rairless days. Over the south and south-east of Ireland there was a deficiency, but elsewhere it was in cases a denoted by the last was in several to the normal. Monthly aggregates of sunshme were decidedly below the normal. At many places in England the average loss exceeded a hours per day. So little simishing has been recorded at Totland Bay only three in the sunshme. 30 years. At Thee there was a total of 38 hours for the three days 18th to soth, and over 39 hours for the three days soth to soth. Fog cocurred most frequently during the period 8th to zeth. Aurora was observed in Scotland on & nights. On the 18th a solar halo of 22°, with mock sun ring and upper and lower arcs of contact, was observed at Hastings.

May.—The weather of the month was unsettled, wet and cloudy. The month opened in most parts with considerable fine periods, but on the 3rd there were cold north-easterly winds over most of England, and heavy rain in the south-

25.27, athough the north-west and Scotland continued to have sunny weather. During the period 5th to 5th it was generally origint, warms and sunsy From then until the 20th unsettled conditions prevailed, with rain at times. soth and sust were cold and sunny, 'at then temperature rose generally and continued warm until the end of the month. Rain occurred in most places on the Saturday and Sunday of the Whitsun holidays (and and atth), but on Whit Mouday there was brillant sunshine in most places. After this conditions continued unsettled, with local thunderstorms from the settle. to zeth. Severe thunderstorms, accompanied locally by toriential rain, occurred in the southwest on the 27th. Monthly mean pressures were everywhere below normal. The prevailing winds were routherly and often strong in coastal districts. Gales occurred on the 12th and 12th and sell to 3oth Among the highest gusts recorded were 65 m.p.h. at Dunfanaghy, 63 m.p.h. at Tree on the rath and 63 m.p.h. at Lerwick on the seth. Mean temperatures were about normal or slightly above, mainly as a result of mid-nightly states. mild nights rather than warm days. warmest days were between the asth and acth. while the coldest spells were from the rat to sth and 17th to 21st. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 28 F. at London (Camden Square) on the 27th, and 22 F. at Castleton (Volks) on the zest; (Scotland) 75° F. at Ruthwell on the zeth, and ze° F. at West Linton on the zeth, and ze° F. at Dublin (Rathfarnham) on the zeth, and ze° F. at Dublin (Phonix Park) and at Newtownforbes on the 3rd. The month was decidedly wat, the we test May generally since 1925. Both monthly totals and the number of days of precipitation were in excess of the normal in almost all districts, the only important exceptions occur-ing locally in the north-west of England and in the north-west and south-west of Scotland. The general precipitation expressed as a percentage of the normal for the period, 282-2915 was . England and Wales 150, Scotland 255, Ireland r6s, and British Isles rgr. Unusually heavy ram accompanied the thunderstorm of heavy rain accompanies are brunders. Orm or the syth, among the largest fails being ros inn. at Cardiff (or nun. fell in 3½ hours) 83 mm. at Crickhowell, yp nun. at Watchet ys mm. at Newport, and 44 mm. at Shankin in the Isle of Wight. Much flooding occurred as the result, and considerable damage was done by the hall. In most parts sunshme totals for the month were below normal, the most notable exception being round about the Firth of Forth, where an appreciable excess of sunshine was recorded. Fog, which was often dense in coastal area, was recorded on several days.

June —The weather during June was distinguished by a pronounced excess of precipitation everywhere, with the exception of the southeast of England, and by a general deficiency of simishine. The first thire weeks were unsettled, dull and wet, with severe thunderstorins on the 5th, ath and 19th, followed by generally fine wenther during the last week. Notable incidents in the month's weather were the tornado which visited Binningham on the 14th and the widespread, severe thunderstorins and floods on that day. In most places the 14th was among the warmest days of the month, maximum temperature in London and the south-east exceeding 5c° F. In the Rickmansworth and Chorley Wood district of Heitfordshire the thunderstorm of

the 19th was accompanied by hall of unusual intensity. Mean pressure of the month was slightly above normal in the south, but from millibar to millibars below normal in the north and west. In most districts prevailing winds were south-westerly and generally light or moderate in force. The tornado which occurred in the Birmingham district on the 14th commenced about x4.40 G.M.T. and travelled rapidly from the south to the north-east, causing rapidly from the sound to the norm-name, causing a very great amount of material damage along its path, which varied in width from Soc to see yards. The storm ceased about rg.rg C.M.T. Monthly mean temperatures were below the normal in Scotland and north of England, but elsewhere were above the normal. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and wales \$\text{82} \times \text{\$\text{\$K\$}}\$ at Bellingham on the \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ th and \$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ et Bellingham on the \$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ th; (Scotland) \$\text{\$\grace}\$ of the \$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ th and \$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ et Bellingham on the \$\text{\$\grace}\$ th and \$\text{\$\text{\$\grace}\$}\$ et Bellingham on the \$\text{\$\grace}\$ th, and \$\text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ and \$\text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ and \$\text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$  \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ et \text{\$\grace}\$ the seth; (Ireland) 7x°F, at Kilkenny on the syth, and 4x°F, at Hillsborough on the 6th, Markree Castle on the x3th, and at Mountmellick and Newtownforbes on the agth. Rainfall was much in excess of the normal in most places, and expressed as a percentage of the average for the period 1881-1915 the values were: England and Wales 148, Scotland 193, Ireland 174, and the British Isles 165. The most pronounced deficiency occurred around the mouth of the Thames, and locally in Kent and Essex; Margate recorded only sy per cent. Dungeness 37 per cent. Shoe-buryness 56 per cent. On the other hand, Southport, where the month, with one exception (June 1907), was the wettest June in 67 years' records, had sys per cent. of the normal. Much flooding occurred during the month as the result of torrential rain accompanied by thunderstorms. At Braunton 59 mm. was measured at 9 h. G.M.T. on the 5th, most of which had fallen since 7 h. At Eskdalemuir on the 14th, 31 mm. since 7 h. At Eskdalemuir on the x4th, 3x mm. fell during the hour 18 h. to 19 h.; the rainfall was reported to have been of an intensity unparalleled in living memory. Severe floods followed, involving the death of a farmer by drowning and the loss of numerous sheep and cattle. Sunshine aggregates were again below the normal. The daily deficiency at Eskdale and Harrogate was 14 hours, and at Dumfries and Douglas 13 hours. Some outstanding daily records were obtained, among them being 164 hours at Aberdeen, and 16 hours at Kirkwall, 1673 hours at Aberdeen, and 16 hours at Gordon Castle and Lerwick on the 18th. Fog was prevalent during the first half of the month and in the south-west of England on the 18th.

in the South-west of England on the asid-agid.

July, like June, was wet and dull, with widespread thunderstorms. The belt of high pressure which covered the British Isles at the end
of June gave way on July at before a depression
advancing from the Atlantic. From then until
the end of the month a series of disturbances
followed one another in rapid succession. The
fair intervals were of short duration, no districbeing free from rain for more than a day or
two at a time. Monthly pressure means were
decidedly helow normal as a result of the general
cyclonic character of the weather. At Southport the mean pressure was the lowest for July
since z88. Winds were mainly south-west to
west, light to moderate in force. Among the
highest gusts were 65 m.p.h. at Bynru Head on
the agth, and 6s m.p.h. at Liverpool (Bidston)

on the s8th. At most stations mean temperature was round about normal. This was due rather more to mild nights than warm days. Ground frost occurred at Biggin Hill on the 1st, and at Leafield and Hampstead on the sist. The extreme temperatures for the month were (England and Wales) 80° F. at Shoeburyness on (England and Wales) 30° K. at Shoeburyness on the sath, and 38° K. at Rickmansworth on the 7th and sist, and at Cantref (Breconshire) on the 9th; (Scotland) 70° F. at Perth and Stirling on the 9th, and 30° K. at Balmoral on the sist; (Ireland) 74° K. at Rathfarnham (Dublin) on the x3th, and 40° F. at Killarney on the 9th. The total rainfall for the month exceeded the normal for the fourth consecutive month, the percentage values for the constituent countries and tage values for the constituent countries and the British Isles being: England and Wales 153. Scotland 136, Ireland 121, British Isles 142. In spite of this general excess, an area including part of north-east Ireland, Anglesea, south-west Scotland and the Isle of Man experienced less than the average. At Rhyl and Llandudnot the fall was only about half of the normal. The unusual character of the month is shown by the following facts: at Redruth it was the wettest July since 1888, at Newquay by far the wettest July for 39 years, at Strelley only July 1888 and 1915 had more rain, and only three Julys less sunshine, and at Swyncombe House near Henleysunshine, and at Swyncombe House near Heniey-on-Thames the month's total of 6-sa inches was equal to more than 50 per cent. of the fall for the previous six months. Among the heaviest daily falls were 53 mm. at Hawkshead on the 3rd, and Crossdovey (co. Cavan) on the 13th, 52 mm. at Nettlebed (Oxon) on the 14th, and 52 mm. at Oving House (Bucks) on the 7th. Many falls of hall were reported, and flooding due to the torrential rain caused much disdue to the torrential rain caused much dis-location of traffic. Thunderstorms were relocation of traffic. Thunderstorms were re-ported on no fewer than 19 days during the month, and this accounted for a large propor-tion of the total rainfall at most stations. Sunshine was very much below normal in all districts, the deficiency approaching 50 per cent. In places. The brightest days generally were the 1st, 3rd, 7th, 5th, 1sth and 3srd, on each of which at least twelve hours of sunshine were recorded over a wide area. Coastal fog occurred occasionally during the mouth, mainly on the northern and south-western coasts. Aurora was observed at Gordon Castle on the 3rd.

observed at Gordon Castle on the 3rd.

August was wet, cool and dull in England and Wales, and sunny and dry in west and north Scotland and outlying islands. In England a spell of thundery weather was experienced from the 3rd to 5th, the storms being accompanied, especially in the south, by heavy local rain and flooding; on the 5th 74 mm. fell at Petersfield in an hour, and in the evening about as mm. fell on the roof of the Air Ministry in half an hour. Meanwhile in the west and north fair sunny weather prevailed. Subsequently, cool northerly winds with cloudy weather and occasional rain prevailed, except in the extreme west, where conditions on the whole were fairer. Heavy rain fell in eastern England on the 5th. Cool northwesterly winds prevailed during the next few days. About the 13th conditions changed, and became very unsettled, with frequent thunderstorms and almost daily rain until the 1st. Little or no rain fell after the 2smd. On the 24th a deep depression caused severe gales in the English Channel, the wind in a gust reaching a speed of 79 m.p.h. at Pendennis. By the 5th anticyclonic conditions became established over

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most of the country and excellent sunshine records were obtained in several parts during the last few days of the month. The mean pressure of the month was very uneven, for while in the Shetlands it was so millibars above normal, there was a deficiency of 3 millibars in the extreme south of England. Winds were mainly northerly to easterly, and in general mainly light to moderate, but in the English Channel there was a prevalence of strong winds and gales. With very few exceptions, mean temperatures were below the normal. The only really warm days occurred from the 3rd to 5th. The extreme temperatures of the month were (England and Wales) 8:° F. at Hartest on the 5th, and 32° F. at Rhayader and Rickmansworth on the 5th and Newton Rigg on the 31st; (Scotland) 81° F. at Onich and Ardtornish on the 4th and at Glenbranter on the 5th, and aro F. at Dalwhinnie on the ath and at Braemar on the 30th; (Ireland) 79° F. on the 4th and 33° F. on the 25th at Markree Castle. The month was the fifth consecutive month in which the general precipitation exceeded the normal, and completed one of the wettest summers in England and Wales since comparable records began. At Greenwich Observatory the month's fall of Greenwich Observatory the month's fall of 150 mm. was \$84 per cent. of the normal, while in the Shetlands less than 10 per cent. of the normal was recorded. Among the largest daily falls were 15g mm. at Black Sluice and 12g mm. at Grand Sluice, Boston, Lincolnshire, on the 8th, 8s mm. at Jersey on the 25th, and 77 mm. at Mallsworth (Glos) on the 4th. August was a month of scanty sunshine except notably in the tweet of Scotland and the extreme poth of west of Scotland and the extreme north of Ireland. Much fog occurred during the early days of the month and from the s6th to s8th. Aurora was reported from Skye on the 7th, and a funnel cloud was seen at Newquay in the early afternoon of the sand.

The weather of September was rather cold and dull. Apart from warm days at the beginning and about the middle of the month, the days were generally rather cold. During the first four days of the month there was abnormally heavy rain, but afterwards it was mainly dry but dull. On the sat day temperatures of about 70° F. were recorded at several places, and thunderstorms were widespread on the and and 3rd, and local on the 4th, 5th and 7th. From the 6th there was a period of cool and mainly depression south of Ireland moved south-east, and rain occurred locally on the zith ard zith. By the 15th an anticyclone covered the British Isles, and temperature again rose to round about 70° F. at many places on the 15th, 16th

and 18th. Winds became northerly, and a change to cooler conditions occurred about the 18th. Slight rain occurred in Eastern England on the 22nd and 23rd. As the anticyclone recess destwards the weather became increasingly overcast, and rain set in in the west on the 23th and spread to other districts on the 35th, with warmer conditions in the 30th, with warmer conditions in the 30th.

Monthly mean pressure was above normal in all districts, while winds were mainly north-westerly to north-easterly, light to moderate in force. Gales were recorded in exposed places, and on the 4th gusts of 6 m.p.h. at Scilly and 56 m.p.h. at South Shields were recorded.

Mean temperature for the month was generally below normal. In the east and south-east of England the deficit ranged from 3° F. to 4° F. At Hampstead (London) the mean temperature, At Hampstean (London) the mean temperature, say's F., was the lowest for September since 1913. Ground frost was widespread during the period 5th to 13th, and in Scotland between the asth and 33td. The extreme temperatures of the month were: (England and Wales) 73° F. at Huddersfield and Attenbrough on the 185 and 29° F. at Rickmansworth on the 7th and 8th, at Rhayader on the 8th, at Castleton on the zoth, Rhayader on the sth, at Castleton on the roth, at Houghall on the rith, at Appleby on the rith and righ, and at Bellingham on the right and 40 K. at Kibkoniur on the right and 40 K. at Kibkoniur on the right, at Cork on the rit, at Kilkeniur on the right, at Bathfornham on the st and rith and and at Rathfarnham on the 1st and 17th, and 30° F. at Markree Castle on the 11th. The outtanding feature of the month's rainfall was the heavy falls of the first four days, which caused severe and widespread floods. Among the heariest falls were 4s mm. at Cantref (Brecknock) on the 1st, 40 mm. at Burnley on the 2nd, 89 mm at Newcastle (Wicklow), 81 mm. at Rathfarnham on the 3rd, and 127 mm. and 126 mm. at Castleton and Kildale (Yorks) respectively on the 4th. In Scotland, rainfall was generally much below normal, and at Deerners, Achnasheliach and Glenquoich it was the driest September since 1894. While most of Ireland had less than the normal, Dublin had two and a half times the normal.

Sunshme totals were everywhere below the normal, the loss being most pronounced in the Midlands and north of England and in the low-lands of Scotland, where the mean daily duration of sunshine was in several places less than 2½ hours At Southport it was the dullest September since before 1896.

Aurora was observed in Scetland on five occasions, that on the aist being observed as far south as Leuchars.

# STORMS AND FLOODS IN 1930-31.

October 9.—A dyke on the left bank of the river Néthe, near Lierre, gave way, leaving a gap 45 feet wide, and 25 acres of ground and houses were flooded. 24. As the result of heavy rains, serious floods occurred in various parts of France. In the valley of the Meuse the water was in some places up to the level of 1910. A terrific wind, lasting only a few minutes, occurred near Grenoble. Many cottages were unroofed and nearly 6,000 broken walnut trees lay on the ground. 25. Floods at Smyrna, following heavy rains, caused the death of 40 persons and about 100 houses collapsed. A heavy north-westerly gale in the Gulf of Lyons delayed and damaged shipping. At Montpellier heavy rain and floods

caused a row of houses to collapse. 28. Government House, Madras, was struck by lightning, and considerable damage done. 30 Further heavy rain in Smyrna Laused 2,500 families to be rendered homeless by floods.

November 4.—A xoo-mile-an-hour gale caused much delay to shipping in the Atlantic. zo. A cyclone struck the island of Kvaukpyu, near Akyah, wiping out the town and its suburba. zo. Many persons were killed and injured at Bethany, Oklahoma, when the town was struck by a tornado. zx. An express train was derailed between Oudon and Clermont-sur-Loire, due to a subsidence of the track caused by heavy rain and flooding of the Loire. zz. A violent storm

accompanied by terrential main raged over neathern, central and western France. Many low-lying stretches of country were mooded. Persistent rain caused many rivers in Belgium to overflow, and at some places near Mons the fields were g feet under water. 23. Many people were injured as the result of a severe storm which swept Vienna. Heavy rain over the greater part of France extended the floods which had already occurred. At Le Mans the Sarthe reached the highest level since 1882. Much damage was done in Germany by a storm. The gale reached hunricane force. A hurricane of short duration and small radius passed over the Fiji Group, and much damage was caused on the island of Owalau.

Becomber 26 .- During a severe snowstorm the scheoner Warren M. Only was lost at Burnt Point, Newloundland. Four of the crew were logt. 29. A violent hurricane, with heavy rain, broke over Algiers and raged for three days. Much loss of life, and damage to property oc-curred. At Blida s inches of rain fell in s4

January 7.—Exceptionally heavy rain in Pretoria caused damage estimated at £70,000 to the roads and sidewalks. 72 Snow fell in Algiers for the first time for seven years. More than 30 persons were injured in a railway collision, at Readville, during a heavy snowstorm. 32. The Russian steamer Zanacha. foundered in the Black Sea during a violent storm. The crew of 26 as well as the 14 passen-

gers were drowned.

Rebrusry g — Unusually heavy rains in the south-eastern districts of Queensland caused serious floods. Large areas of Brisbane were under water. The Brisbane River reached its highest level for 30 years. Fourteen inches of main fell in at hours on the I weed River, seriously flooding the important towns of Lismore and Manwillumbah. 7. During a sudden and heavy snowstorm in New York, a ferry carrying soo passengers was rammed by the steamer Marion while crossing the Hudson. 13. Much flooding occurred at Valcov on the Danuhe. Out of 1800 houses only about 100 remained unflooded, and many collapsed. az. Much damage was done to shipping by a gale in the Mediterranean. storm of great violence bloke over Sicily and Southern Italy. Torrential rain caused much Southern Italy. Torrential rain caused much flooding. Severe snowstowns and the subsequent drifts cut off several of the Alphie regions. s6. Eighty people were killed by a hurricane in the Ba-district of Fiji, and ree in Singatoka. At the hill station of Nadarivatu & inches of rain fell during the week; the Ha River rose 40 feet. About 20 percent of the succession was damaged. sugar crop was damaged.

March 4.—Storm and exceptional tides did much damage slong the Atlantic Coast. In New England the damage was estimated at \$3,000,000. 8. The Seine, which had been steadily rising for seme days, overflowed its banks in the suburbs of Viry-Chatillon and Villeneuve-Saint-Georges. The level of the river at the Pout d'Austerlitz was about 27 feet above the normal. Heavy gales and torrential rain swept New York and New Jersey. Seven people were killed and many injured. ag. A severe storm as miles west of Algiers unroofed houses and approated many trees.

April 21.—During a storm off the south-west coast of Korea, 225 fishermen were drowned. 20. Thirteen inches of rain fell in the previous 48 hours near Hong Kong. The railway line at Taipo was undermined and as persons were killed in a railway accident. as. Vilna was seriously flooded owing to the River Villa rising ry feet above normal.

May 7.—Heavy rains and an unusually rapid

thaw caused much flooding in Sweden. Torrential rains flooded large areas in South Germany. 27. Thunderstorms damaged vineyards and fruit

trees in the Rhine valley.

June 21.—A tornado which struck North Adelaide did many thousands of pounds worth of damage. The roofs of over 200 houses were torn off and some houses were wrecked. Buring a thunderstorm over the western end of Jamaica, six persons were killed and twentyone injured by lightning. za. During a suddenstorm the French steamer Scient-Philipet capsized about five miles off Saint-Nazaire; between 300 and sofpersons were drowned.

79. Three persons were killed, more than so injured, and about 730 houses damaged, when a hurricane of the whirlwind type awept up the valley of the Else, in Westphalic.

July 6 .- Four persons were killed in a violent or joint bersons were ance in a vicense cyclone at Sydney. The wind reached a velocity of 70 miles an hour and 5 inches of rain fell in 18 hours. 8. After a long drought there were heavy rainstorms over Denmark. The hay crops were apoiled andmany bridges were carried sway.

as. During a gale which did great damage to the town of Lublin (Poland) three people were killed

and about as injured.

August z.- A typhoon, with the record wind August 1.—A symmon, while the velocity of 35 m.p.h., struck Hong-Kong, doing much miner chanage. 4. Severe floods in China, reaching in parts to a depth of 25 ft., rendered about \$6,000,000 people destitute. The floods are likely to last for several months. A thunder-storm of exceptional violence caused ra deaths and great material damage in Northern France. 6. A cloudburst caused extensive damage in the Valle Aurina to the south-east of Brenner Pass. A violent storm which swept the coast in the neighbourhood of Toulon caused great damage and the loss of a number of lives. zz. Thousands of persons were rendered destitute and many drowned as the result of floods caused by the mouscon in the Malvan district of Bombay. 25. Floods on the River Murray caused many thousands of pounds worth of damage to settlements and townships in South Australia. The floods reached a depth of rx feet A violent rainstorm drenched Gothenburg, and the Sahlgren Hospital was completely flooded. The damage amounted to about £5,500. 25. Torrential rain caused the River Lys to overflow and much flooding occurred in Eastern Flanders. Many small farmers lost their harvest.

September z.- A typhoon which struck Hong-Kong did great damage to fishing fleets. About soo Chinese were drowned. S. Several miles of the Cauadian Pacific main railway line were swent away by the flooding of the Columbia river in the Bockies. zo. More than 800 people perished in a hurricane which struck Belize. Hardly a house escaped damage, and the progress of the storm reached as far as 50 miles inland. 14. Four persons were killed when a severe atorm swept over Timisoara, Rumania. x6. A hurricane struck the city of Vera Cruz and wrecked a number of ships in the harbour, and some damage was done to property. 36. A typhoon in Japan caused the heaviest rainfall recorded in Tokyo for 17 years. Landships damaged many houses in adjuning

districts and a6 people were killed.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION.—The British Associa- confined to more southerly regions, is repre-tion for the Advancement of Science held its sented by an examples. Many angules still exist. Sept. 30. General the Rt Hou. J. C. Smuts, who succeeded Prof. F. O. Bower as President, delivered an address in which he described the trend of modern science as leading towards a less materialistic and more "organic" conception of the universe. The world, he said, consists not only of electrons and radiations, but also of souls and aspirations. Beauty and holmess are as much aspects of Nature as energy and entropy, and an adequate world-view would find them all in their proper context in the framework of the whole. Evolution was, perhaps, the only way of approach to the framing of a consistent worldpicture which would do justice to the immensity, the profundity, and the unutterable mystery of the universe

The Presidents of the various sections, and the subjects of their addresses, were as follows:—

A, Mathematics and Physics, Sir J. J. Thomson,

"The Growth in Opportunities for Education A, anthematics and Physics, Sir J. J. Thomson, "The Growth in Opportunities for Education and Research in Physics during the Past Fifty Years"; B, Chemistry, Sir Harold Hartley, "Michael Famaday and the Theory of Electrolytic Conduction"; C, Geology, Prof. J. W. Gregory, "Geological Problems Contemporary with the British Association"; D, Zoology, Prof. E. B. Poulton, "A Hundred Years of Evolution"; E, Geography, Sir Halford Mackinder, "The Human Habitat"; F Keonomics, Prof. E. Camian, "The Changed Outlook in Regard to Population"; G, Engineering, Sir J. Alfred Ewing, "Power"; H, Anthropology, Prof. A. R. Radeliffe-Brown, "Present Position of Anthropological Studies", J. Physiology, Dr. H. H. Dale, "The Biological Nature of the Viruses"; J. Psychology, Dr. C. S. Myers, "On the Nature of Mind"; K, Botany, Prof. T. G. Hill, "The Advancement of Botany"; L. Education, Sir C. Grant Robertson, "Educational Development, 1831-1931"; M, Agriculture, Sir John Russell, "The Changing Outlook in Agriculture." culture.

The meeting in 1932 will be held at York, under the Presidency of Sir Alfred Ewing.

BEES COUNTED BY RADIO -The New York Department of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce has worked out a method of counting bees by radio. A microphone is placed in the entrance of the hive, and as the bees crawl home, their feet scrape over the microphone, generating a current which is amplified, causing the operation of a counting device. Thus it is possible to take an effective census of the population of the hive.

BIRD SKELETONS FROM LA BREA PITS .-- Dr Hildegarde Howard has completed a census of bird skeletons in the La Brea asphalt pits near bird skeletons in the La irea aspinal pits near Los Angeles, which in the past have gained world-wide fame on account of the existing number of sabre-toothed tigers and other mammals found embedded in them. Of more than 4, 200 birds recovered, 69 per cent. are predatory species; and of these, durnal birds of prey far exceed nocturnal forms—evidence, similar to that yielded by the mammals, that most of the creatures caught in the glaur were no presented of other individuals. in pursuit of others in difficulties. Some extinct forms are in large numbers: 500 individuals of

sented by ago examples. Many species still existing in California occur profusely—the American golden eagle with more than 880 individuals, the California condor 190, the bald eagle 150, the red-tailed hawk 113, great horned owl 104. Ducks and geese are fewer, in all less than soo.

BLACK-NECKED GREBE.—The disappearance of the black-necked grebe as a British breeding bird followed the drainage of the fen area, but its reappearance in recent years shows that it has considerable powers of adaptability. In 2004 it was first discovered to be breeding in Wales, in xors in a western lough in Ireland, in tages at Tring Reservoirs, and in 1930 in a loch in the Forth area of Scotland. Now Mr C. V. Stoney and Mr. G. R. Himphreys have found in western Ireland a colony which they estimate to consist of about two hundred and fifty pairs, in a lough not more than two or three miles long and half a mile wide. It has been assumed that the colonists in the British Isles were immigrants from the Continent, where the species heeds in Denmark, Germany, and Livonia. But the presence of the Irish colony makes it possible that the new breeding places may have been peopled from the west rather than from the east.

BLUE GOOSE,-After several years search in Baffin Island for the breeding ground of the blue goose, Mr. J. Dewey Soper has tracked the bird to its home on the Foxe Basin coast, near to the Arctic Circle The blue goose was one of the few North American binds known only as a migrant. Its wintering grounds were on the coast of Louisiana, and before the breeding season it vanished northward. Mr. Soper began his explorations in 1923, and year after year he continued them, and eventually learned from the natives that the birds were known to breed in large numbers on the tundra beside Foxe Basin He and two Eskimos pitched then summer camp on a tundra stream near foxe Basin in latitude 65° 35' north, and there he found the blue goose in thousands on the Blue Goose plain. His report, published by the Canadian Department of the Interior, gives a complete account of the breeding ground, migration, ne-ts, eggs, and general habits of the bird, which, though for long regarded as a colour phase of the snow goose, with which it associates, now ranks as a distinct species. Mr. Soper's travels in search of the blue goose amounted to 30,000 nules.

BUTTERFLIES' PLACE-MEMORY -- Mr F Morton Jones has made a number of experiments in the Royal Palm Shade Park in Florida to check the observations of Mr William Beabe that zebra butterfies possess memory, sociability and caution. Heliconia clarithonia is usually fairly abundant in the Park from mid-Jai.uary to April. Six roosting places were discovered, and about these, while daylight was failing, the butterflies collected in numbers, making preliminary explor-ing surveys, and finally settling down for the night. The marking of several individuals showed that for several nights in succession the same butterfly may return to a particular twig Was the homing due to place-memory or to scent? A simple experiment settled the question. Branches on which a number of Heliconias had 100sted the turkey, Parapavo, and more than a hundred of Teratornis, a vulture larger than any flying bird of the present day. The caracara, now observed that something was aniss, continued their exploring flights, and finally settled down on twigs in the old roosting bush. Some paused on the transferred twigs, only to leave them again and rejoin the flying group. After dark, 27 were found in new positious in the old bush, and only 1 on the transferred twigs, 10 feet away. Apparently place-memory is the guiding power.

CENTRAL HEATING FROM VOLCANO.—Professor Ponte, the director of the observatory on Mount Etna, has installed a system whereby steam from the volcano has been used to keep the building warm against the severity of winter. Pipes have been fixed deep into the steaming fissures near the principal crater and led into the observatory building, where the natural volcanic heat is regulated by a system of valve and stop-cock. As the strength of the furnace is somewhat out of proportion to the needs of the house, Professor Ponte has installed a system of overflow pipes, safety valves, and alarm whistles which come into operation when Etna begins to overdo the work of central heating.

CLOCK GOING FOR FOURTERN YRARS.—T. Dieden, of Carislund, Sweden, has invented a clock that apparently can go on continuously until any part wears out, and has already been running for fourteen years. According to a description in Engineering, in its main features it is similar to an ordinary clock, having a driving weight, a train of wheels driving the hands, and a torsion pendulum consisting of a heavy metal disc suspended by a thin steel ribbon. The power is obtained by the ordinary variations of the stmospheric pressure and temperature. The case of the clock contains seven closed elastic metallic boxes of the type used in an aneroid barometer. The lower box is attached to the case, but the column of boxes is otherwise free. The expansion or contraction of all the boxes due to changes in the temperature or pressure is communicated to the top box. When the column of boxes either increases or diminishes in height, the spindle carrying the ratchet wheels always rotates in the same direction and the driving weight is wound up. When the weight reaches its topmost position they are thrown out of action. The pendulum has a period of 7½ seconds, so that the length of the equivalent simple pendulum is about x8 feet.

COLOURED GLASS AND HOUSE FLIES.—Further experiments on the lines described in the 1931 WHITAKER have been made on the susceptibility of house files, wasps, and bees to coloured glass. Prof. J. W. Munro made a number of tests with the object of finding whether rooms glazed with "Calorex" are freer from insects than rooms glazed with ordinary glass. Calorex glass is of a pale greenish-blue tint, and is designed to afford protection from excessive colour radiation by strongly absorbing infra-red radiation while transmitting the radiation within the visible spectrum. He found that house flies, exposed to sunlight in a box, one half of which was glazed with Calorex and the other with ordinary glass, showed a marked preference for the ordinary glass, the ratio of the numbers of insects in the two halves, averaged over several experiments, being about 9:4. These results were verified by other tests in which the insects were not enclosed within the box but were

attracted to it by a suitable bait. Waspa and bees were found to behave in the same way as files. Much of the preference is ascribed to the inequality of temperatures beneath the two kinds of glass, the disparity in insect population being greatest when the maximum temperature differences were observed. That an effect can definitely be ascribed to the solour of the light which has passed through Calorex was demonstrated by an experiment in which bees were enclosed in a glass cylinder, one end of which was closed with Calorex and the other with ordinary glass. By interchanging the glasses an immediate reaction was obtained, the bees moving to the end covered with ordinary glass.

CRAB'S LONG CRAWL.—Professor Greuvil, of the Paris Zoo, who, in collaboration with scientists from Cambridge University, has been studying the movements of sea-fish and crustaceans between the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea, has revealed the fact that a crab has crawled through the Suez Canal from the Red Sea-roughly rox miles—in sp years, an average speed of about as inches an hour. The crab in question, Neptimus Pelanqines, is one of a number of his family specially marked so years ago in the Red Sea, and he arrived, still weaning his identity disc, at Port Said.

DAVID DUNLAP OBSERVATORY.—Mrs. D. A. Dunlap and her son, Mr. D. Moffat Dunlap, have decided to erect near Totonto an astronomical observatory, in memory of her husband, a keen student of astronomy. The outstanding feature of the David Dunlap Observatory, as it will be called, will be a large reflecting telescope 74 inches in diameter, made by Sir Howard Grubb. It will be housed in a circular metal building, in the midst of a large acreage which will be converted into a park, to be known as the David Dunlap Park. When the observatory is completed, it will be under the Department of Astronomy of the University of Toronto, while the park will be developed in a scientific way by the Faculty of Forestry.

DYING GLACIERS.—Experiments made on fifty glaciers of the Eastern Alps in Austria show that they, Hke the glaciers in Switzerland and the Canadian Rockies, are generally retreating. Only one, the Simonykees, in the Venediger group, showed any growth, the reason in this case being that the moraine debris surrounding it protects it from the effects of the sun. The growth was not more than 15 to 36 feet. On the other hand, in the Silvretta group, on the Vorarlberg-Swiss frontier, at the Bielthaler Ferner the glacier had shrunk 183 feet. At the top of the Fermunt Pass the carcass of a horse had come to the surface through the evaporation of the glacier top. Not for decades have horse-driven conveyances crossed this pass. The reduction of the glaciers has been very considerable in the Oetztal Alps in Tyrol; the Rosenkarferner shows a diminution since 1928 of 91 feet, and the Marzellferner 321 feet. The famous Pasterze Glacier, in the Glockner group, has lost in length from 3 feet to 15 feet. The depth of this glacier was found with the aid of seismic instruments to amount to 941 feet. It may be added that the great Nisqually Glacier on Mount Ranier, in Washington, has retreated x.oco feet in as years.

ELECTRIOITY FROM THE JORDAN.—Mr. H. J. Shepstone, in the Engineer, gives an account of the progress made with the scheme for supplying Palestine with electricity, generated in the valley of the River Jordan. In its passage from its source in Mount Hermon to the Dead Sea, the river has a fall of 3,000 feet, and it discharges more than 2,000,000 tons of fresh water into the Dead Sea daily. The scheme includes the provision of three hydro-electric plants, the first of which is situated at Jisir-el-Mujamch, seven miles south of the Sea of Galliee. For the storage and control of the water two dams and two concrete-lined canals have been constructed, and the first two units of 8,000 h.p. each have been installed in the power-house. Later on a second power-house will be built at Abadieh and a third at Jisir Banah Yakoub, which lie respectively south and north of the Sea of Galliee. Transmission lines will connect the hydro-electric plants with three fuel power-stations at Jaffa, Rafia, and Therias, and in the near future, it is hoped, every city, town, and agricultural settlement will be able to obtain electrical energy.

EMBALMED WHALES.—Mr. Percy Stammwitz, an official of the Natural History Museum, South Kensington, has been successful inemialming two whales, each 45 ft. long, and weighing as tons, in a Norwegian harbour, and bringing them to England. Immediately after capture the whales were towed as quickly as possible to the port of Aalesund, and thele he at once set to work on embalming them. The whales were cleaned, and then packed with salt. Afterwards more than 6c gallons of formalin (embalming fluid) were pumped into their veins in the usual way. For the two whales he used 6c tons of salt and 130 gallons of formalin. The task was carried out successfully, and now the whales look just like crystallised fruit. This is the first time that whales have been embalmed in Europe They were brought to England lying in salt in the hold of a ship, and each 24 hours they were injected with preserving fluid by means of a hypodel mic syringe. It was expected that the whales would last two years.

ESKIMO CHÁRACTERISTICS.—Dr. Aleš Hrdlička has reported to the Bureau of American Ethnology the results of a journey among the Eskimo, which he made in 1926 for the purpose of an anthropological survey of these people. His conclusion is that the Eskimo throughout their territory are one and the same people. The strain is fundamentally related to that (or those) of the American Indian. It is also undoubtedly related to they ellow-brown strains of Asia. The Eskimo are remarkably alike over their whole territory in such characters as pigmentation, build of body, physiognomy, large bram, fullness of forehead and largeness of face and lower jaw. They differ in stature, form of head, and breadth of nose. Between east and west there is a regular gradation, due to adaptation and differentiation. They suggest a moderate stream of people of fairly broad but with a mesorhine nose, and other characteristics in common, reaching America from northeasternmost Asia after the related Indian, spreading along the coast until blocked by the preceding Indian tribes, and gradually modifying physically in adaptation to environment.

The evidence shows that the more highly differentiated and divergent the Eskimo becomes, the greater the gap between him and his Indian neighbour. The facts point, therefore, to the original identity of the source from which the Indian, more particularly the latest branches, and to the skimo were derived, and to the identification of this source with the paleo-Asiatic, yellow-brown peoples of lower northern Asia.

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION AT 180,000 WORDS AN Hour.—A new facsimile transmission system, which, it is claimed, will send r80,000 words from station to station in an hour, has been demonstrated at the International Telephone and Telegraph Laboratories at Hendon. Through a machine on which a number of lights played in and out, sheets of typescript were passed at the late of one every minute. The receiving machine was in semi-darkness, relieved only by the glow of shrouded red lights. A blue lamp flickered little points of yellow light glowed within a tube; and to, the other end of the machine a long roll of white paper came pouring out. This was taken to a dark 100m, and a minute or two later perfect facsimiles of the typescript were supplied. The system consisted of scanning the messages in a series of fine parallel lines with a point of intense light. reflections of light are led to a photo-electrical cell, which delivers signals corresponding in amplitude to the tone value of the picture element The signals as transmitted are received on photo-electric paper, which can be quickly developed The first machines to be put on the market will, it is claimed, transmit 120 pages of 1,500 words each an hour-a total of 180,000 words. In this way it will be possible to transmit a complete newspaper from London to Melbourne in an hour.

FISHES LIKE COMPANY—At the Plymouth Laboratory of the Marine Biological Association Mr. 6 M. Spooner has been trying to find out, by means of mirrors held in front of fishes, if they recognised their image and wanted to swim beside it. Sight is beheved to have an important influence on the desire of fish to swim in shoals and schools, and Mr. Spooner's fish-mirror tests tend to uphold this theory, By an ingenious trick, he made fish want to swim in hime with other fish which were not therefore swim in shoals. Describing the behaviour of a fish when swimming near a looking-glass, Mr. Spooner says the fish spends a good deal of time swimming to and fro across the nurror surface with its face close against the glass, as though attempting to pass through it. It passes up and down, often making fullis snaps at the surface and displaying other reactions characteristic of frustrated effort. Other tests show that fishes group more readily if disturbed or alarmed, and least when hunting for food. Little fishes will group with little ilbes.

FOAMING OF BEER.—Prof. Alexander Findlay has desoribed a number of experiments on the phenomena of the foaming of heer which were made by himself and his colleagues. While the stability of the foam, he says, will depend mainly on surface tension and viscosity, the size of "head" formed under the ordinary conditions

of pouring out a glass of beer will depend mainly on the rate of evolution of carbon dioxide from its supersaturated solution in the beer. This rate varies with the degree of supersaturation, which, in turn, depends on the nature of the beer and the method of its manufacture. A pale ale was found to evolve carbon dioxide more rapidly than a stout or export beer. The rate of evolution, moreover, depends greatly on rate of evolution, moreover, depends greatly on the walls of the containing vessel and their effectiveness in supplying gas "nuclei" to start the evolution of carbon dioxide. Traces of grease on the surface of the glass are very effective in promoting the escape of gas; and the difference in "head" obtained with a dry and wet glass is probably due to this fact. In the case of a wet glass, there will be an absence of air bubbles on the surface to act as nuclei.

FRUIT MADE TO "SWOON."-A remarkable new refrigerating agent, which is 60 deg. colder than the temperature of the North Pole, is being manufactured at Billingham-on-Tees by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd. Known as "Drikold," this material, which is a preparation of carbon dioxide in solid form, resembles in appearance blocks of compressed snow, but since it has a temperature of 144 deg. of frost, it has some four times the refrigerating power of ordinary ice. It is intended to be used for the production of carbon dioxide gas, or as a refrigerating agent, which should last any time up to three months. It is well suited for the transport of fresh fruit. Fruit breathes, and if subjected to a suitable quantity of the gas "swoons," or goes into a state of suspended animation, until it is again exposed to the air. The gas may also be used to replace the usual vacuum for packing materials such as cocoa or tobacco. As a refrigerating agent, its complete absence of moisture enables it to be used in the packing of parcels to be sent by rail or through the post.

GLIDING ACROSS THE CHANNEL .- On June 10 the English Channel was crossed for the first time by a British-built glider with a British pilot, Mr. Lissant Beardmore. The pilot, having been towed by an aeroplane to a height of the state of the above Lympne, at 4.30 p.m. released his machine and glided in a continuously falling path, landing at St. Inglevert aerodrome just after 6 p.m. He was not, however, officially recognised as being the first person to glide the Channel, since he was prevented from applying to the British Gliding Association for the proper observation of his performance by the anomaly that he did not hold the most advanced of the certificates awarded to glider pilots, and was therefore not judged competent to undertake the feat. Herr Kronfeld, on a German-built machine, accomplished the same flight under official observation, on June 20. He flew from France to England, and thus became the holder of the official distinction. He afterwards made a return glide from Dover to St. Inglevert.

GREENLAND IOE CAP.—Dr. Sorge and his companions on the German Greenland Expedicompanious of the German Greenand Expedi-tion have, by means of artificial earthquakes, tested the thickness of the ice cap which covers the interior of that country like a dome Twenty-five explosions were made, and the resulting waves observed. At the Central Station, equidistant see miles from Greenland's eastern and western coasts, and on the 720 of ing the researches begun as a study of the

latitude, they found, by reckoning the time taken for the return of the explosion wave taken for the return or the explosion wave reflected from the base of the ice-sheet, that the ice was 3,800 ft. thick at 9,840 ft. above sea level. Other members of the expedition working on the border of the inland ice, 38 miles from the coast, found the ice to be from a,300 ft. to 3,000 ft. thick at 5,900 ft. above sea [Janual and is therefore, as the late leader.] level. Greenland is therefore, as the late leader of the expedition, Professor Wegener, believed, an ice-filled bowl surrounded by mountains up to s,coo metres in height. The valley in between falls away to 300 metres, and over this great expanse of rocky ground curves the enormous ice cap, which rises from 100 metres at its outer extremities to 3,000 metres at the top of its arch. Here millions of cubic miles of ice cover the rocky surface. It was Professor Wegener's theory that the conformation of Greenland was caused by this enormous mass of ice, the weight of which had during the ages gradually depressed the interior of the island.

GYROSCOPIC CHECK TO SEA-SICKNESS. order to reduce rolling movements to a minimum, and to save passengers from sea-sickness, the new ocean liner, Conti di Savoia, which the Italian Lloyd Sabando is building for the Atlantic service, will be equipped with three gyroscopic stabilizers at a cost of £300,000. Each of the gyro-stabilizers weighs 100 tons and has a diameter of 13 ft. They will be placed in the lower hold of the ship under the bridge. the three big wheels, representing a total weight of 300 tons, are spinning in unison, the gyroscopic power they exert will be sufficient to counteract the motion of this 50,000-ton ship labouring in a heavy sea. The tendency of the ship to roll one way will be met by an opposing force, and the hull will thus be kept steady. It is estimated that the vessel will never roll more than 5 deg., no matter how boisterous the weather. Each wheel is driven by an electric motor of 560 h.p., but the full power will rarely if ever be required. The cost of running all three gyro wheels is estimated at not more than £xz a day.

GYROSCOPE IN WELL-BORING .- In the boring of oil wells many things lead to the deflection of the path of the drill from the vertical, and it is important that the mining engineer should be informed of such deflection. In conjunction with the Sun Oil Company the Sperry Gyroscope Company has now brought out the "Surwel" gyroscopic clinograph. The apparatus consists of a gyroscope with its axis set north and south, a box-level gauge, a chronometer and a film camera, these parts being contained in a stee cylinder 5½ in. in diameter, which can be lowered down the well. The bubble in the box-level shows the inclination; a pointer on the gyro-scope gives the direction of the inclination; while the camera, timed by the chronometer, takes a series of photographs of bubble, pointer, and chronometer hands. As the rate of lowering is known, the exact depth at which each camera observation is made can be found, and thus the inclination and its direction can be determined at any given depth. The data recorded on the film can also be plotted on squared paper and a graphic picture of the well's course through the ground can be obtained.

HAIR AND CRIME. - Dr. John Glaister, continu-

significance of human and other hair in the detection of crime, has made a comparative investigation of the hairs of a large number of mammals. The results appear in "A Study of Mairs and Wools," published by the Faculty of Medicine of the Egyptian University, where the author is professor of forensic medicine. Dr. Cliaster concludes that a critical examination of hair will always reveal the mammalian order or sul-order to which it belongs, in a very large number of instances will betray the family, and in many cases the species. If it be a human hair, in an appreciable number of cases it is distinctive of sex, in most cases it can be allocated to its site on the body, and in a very approximate manner may decide the age of the possessor, as very young, adolescent, adult, or aged, provided a number of hairs are available.

IRON ROAD.—The first cast-iron road in the world has been laid on a stretch of about zoo yards of Romiord Road, Stratford, E., one of the husiest thoroughfares in London. Triangular plates of iron were laid on butumen, which had been sprinkled on a concrete foundation. Mr. Frank Hough, the inventor of the new road, claims for the new surface less noise and vibration in all forms of traffic, an absence of skidding, and rapidity of renovation. It is rose a yard cheaper than the cheapest foreign grante, and it will last 50 years, after which 45 per cent. of the original value of the iron can be made out of the sale of the old road.

LARCH POLES FOR TELEGRAPH LINES—Experiments have been carried out at the Forces Products Research Laboratory at Princes Risborough in the treatment of home-grown larch poles to render them suitable for use in telegraph, telephone, and power transmission lines. The objections to larch for transmission lines are based on the behaviour of creosoted poles used during the War. It was found that the creosote did not penetrate the pole to any depth, and consequently after erection the poles were liable to crack or split severely. Experiments carried out with poles from the larch woods in Tintern Forest have shown that these difficulties can be overcome. By peeling and making a number of incisions in the poles with a broad kniffe, a satisfactory penetration of the preservative is obtainable. Although the incisions have a slight weakening effect on their strength, home-grown larch poles so treated are said to be 25-20 per cent. stronger than imported poles of Scots pine of the same dimensions.

MECHANICAL EYE FOR FLYING.—A mechanical eye for aeroplanes, which can find any arrway beason at a distance of two miles in an ordinary fog has been devised by engineers of the General Electric Company. The device involves the use of photo-electric cells. It is mounted in two parts on the tail of an aeroplane. As the aeroplane approaches a beacon the device indicates by one set of signals whether the beacon is to the right or the left of the seroplane, and by another whether the aeroplane is approaching or departing from it. The two sets of signals, together with altitude readings, make it possible for a pilot to calculate his landing exactly. The "eye" can be set so as to select the beacon desired from among hundreds of others merely by the rate of winking peculiar to that beacon.

MOON'S TEMPERATURE.—Messrs. Pettit and Nicholson, of the Mount Wilson Observatory, have made a series of experiments on the temperature of the Moon, using a delicate thermopile on the xoc-inch reflector. They found that the Moon's surface under a vertical Sun has a temperature of xox C., just above boiling water; at altitudes 60°, 30°, and 10° the temperatures are 88°, 40°, and —30° respectively were registered. During an eclipse of the Moon, a region that was at 60° C. before the eclipse began, fell to —xoo° when the region entered the umbra; and the return of heat after the eclipse was also rapid, suggesting that the Moon's surface is composed of loose volcanic ash and that the heat only penetrates a few maches below the surface. The temperature at night was found to fall below —x50° C. There is thus a range of 250° C between day and night in the equatornal regions of the Moon; which would tend to disintegrate rocks by alternate expansion and contraction.

Music of Electric Vibrations—The "new music of electric vibrations" was discussed in a paper read by Dr Goldsmith before the New York Electrical Society. He illustrated it by an electric carillon, which can send out bell tones louder than any bell in the world. A series of small steel chimes, something like those of a household clock, are struck by electric hammers actuated by a keyboard similar to that of a plano. The sounds thus produced are only andible a few inches away, but the vibrations of the steel chimes create small electric currents in devices like the "pick-up" used in electric gramophones. These feeble currents are amplifiers, and can be clearly heard in the largest concert hall or for miles round a church tower by means of giant amplifiers. The operator of the electric carillon not only controls the notes to be played, but also can vary the volume of the tone to any desired extent Dr. Goldsmith believes that the musical artist of the future will become more indispensable. The number of notes which the nustical can play persecond will not be limited by the speed of his fingers. Tones of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to trasemble those of any origin can be made to trasemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any origin can be made to resemble those of any

NEW PHOTO FLASH LAMP.—A fireless, smokeless, odourless and noiseless photographic flash lamp has been developed by the General Electric Corporation. Cleveland. Ohio. It consists of a clear builb of standard design, filled with oxygen, with the flashlight filament coated with a special preparation, and with a quantity of thin aluminium foil in crumpled sheet form within the bulb. When the circuit is closed, the filament is lighted, and this, in turn, lights the foil. The flash is confined entirely within the bulb. The lamp operates on any xiz-volt house supply, or with dry, storage, or flashlight batteries. A new lamp is needed for each flash. Requiring only a one-hundredth of a second to act, and being without hazard, the lamp will

make possible the taking of fiashlight photographs in places heretofore practically impossible to "shoot," such as in trains, airships and theatres, and under water, and by insurance companies requiring night photographs in all weather conditions.

NIAGARA NOT "COMMITTING SUICIDE."—An international board of engineers, appointed in 1926 by Canada and the United States to study the past, present, and future of Niagara, has presented its final report, with a message of reassurance to those who have predicted the exhibition of Niagara at a comparatively early date. The board finds quite unwarranted the statement that the famous cataract is "committing suicide" by degenerating into a mere cascade. These engineers find that the cliff now is cutting back at a decreasing rate; that the rate will continue to decrease; that in a century or two there will be little apparent difference in the Falls; and that inevitable recession will not endanger the Falls in less than a,coo years. Certain remedial steps are recommended for the even diffusion of water over the shallow rims of the great horse-shoe. In recent years a great deal of water has been diverted for power purposes, but it is claimed that, by diverting to the fanks part of the deep stream which pours over the centre of the cataract, the beauty of an even and far-flung towent may be maintained for many centuries.

Noise Measured in "Decibels."—A series of experiments in the measurement of noise has been conducted at the National Physical Laboratory at Teddington. A scale of measurements of loudness has been invented, zero being known as the "threshold" or point at which a noise becomes easily perceptible to the human ear. Degrees above this are calculated in "decibels," based on the fact that while loudness in the ear advanced by simple addition, the energy corresponding increased geometrically. Each "decibel" represents approximately the least change in loudness which the ear can detect. A table of noises has been worked out as follows:—

Home noises:		
Quiet whisper	10 d	lecibel
Quiet garden	20	11
Clock ticking	30	**
Soft radio music	40	**
Conversation	50	21
Loud radio speech	бo	,,
Loud radio music	70	,,
Restaurant noises:	,-	"
Quiet restaurant	40 d	lecibel
Moderate clatter	50	17
Average music	бо	"
Noisy clatter		*,
Loud music	70 80	•
Street noises :		"
Quiet suburban	20 d	lecibele
Quiet London	40	**
Quiet car passing	50	• • •
Moderate London traffic	-60	.,
Accelerating traffic	70	**
Motor horn	80	"
Pnenmatic drill		**
Vehicle noises:	90	"
Saloon car (s5 m.p.h.)		anthal
Quiet tram (windows shut)		
'Bus, train	50 - 60	,,,
Dus, wall	90	22

Tram, 'bus, train (windows open)

Quiet aeroplane	So decibels
Noisy Tube train	90 ,,
Noisy aeroplane	IIO ,,
It has been calculated that a Cup	
of roo, ooo at Wembley Stadium, all	
tinuously and rather loudly, would	provide as
much speech-power as would, if con	verted, light
a small electric lamp throughout	the game.
Alternatively, by the end of the	
acoustical energy expended would	
sufficient, if transformed into heat,	
cup of tea. New York traffic noises	
street and in the underground car	
ten decibels louder than in London	
the Niagara Falls roar equally loud	
arch offender of all is the aeroplas	ne engine at
close quarters.	

OCEAN BED SHIFTED.—The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey has confirmed the observations of Captain David Bone, commander of the Transylvania, that the ocean bed off Georges Bank, which is in the track of the great liners between Europe and New York, had shifted. An earthquake in 1923 shook the Atlantia seaboard from New York to Nova Scotla and Newfoundland. Subsequently Captain Bone made the discovery that the ocean bed, in an area approximately in latitude 47-20 north, longitude 56'20 west, had moved. Three attempts to touch bottom were without success. He anticipated that he would find a depth of 510 85 fathoms. He lost two lead lines with no results, and the third lead was paid out to aco fathoms in another futile attempt at sounding. In subsequent experiments by sea surveyors, however, a new depth of more than 350 fathoms was charted.

OIL-WELL 10,030 FT. DEEP.—The long projected depth of a 10,000 ft. oil-well has been reached by the drilling of a hole to 10,030 ft. in Ventura County, California. This establishes a record, and it is anticipated that American oil-engineers will not rest content until a two-mile hole (10,560 ft) has been drilled.

OLD ENGLISH MILE —In a paper in the Geographical Magazine, Lt. Col J. B. P. Carslake shows that the old English mile was not less than xx furlongs. This can be proved to be the mile of x,500 paces. It was identical with the leaga, the common unit of maximum linear measurement in early Saxon times. It was introduced into England in the first century B.C., and it is the measurement used in the Domesday survey. Apparently it was replaced by the mile of eight furlongs by the use in Saxon times of the Roman mile of x,000 passus, divided into eight stadia. So early as the ninthe century, the stadium became the equivalent of the furlong. This mile of eight furlongs was adopted by the Post Office on its establishment in the reign of James I. for the determination of rates of horse hire for postal purposes. Thus milestones eight furlongs apart were set up, and this mile became the accepted standard of measurement in Great Britain.

ORIENTATOR.—An instrument known as the "Orientator," for enabling architects and builders to determine visually from plans the direction in which the sun's rays will fall on any window or wall during summer or winter, has been produced by Messrs. Cooke, Troughton and

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Simms. It consists of a flat metal ring, to the central end of a radius of which is attached a thread which ends in a ball representing the sun. A portion of a second ring (which, if complete, would form a short cylinder), is five I to it at such an inclination that if the first ring is horizontal the edges of the second follow respectively the paths of the sun in the sky at the summer and winter solatices. The instrument is placed on the plan with the centre of the horizontal ring over the window or wall and with an appropriately marked point in the north direction, and the thread is stretched by holding the ball between the fingers. When the thread rests against an edge of the inclined ring (on which a scale is engraved giving the hours of the day) its direction is therefore that of the sun's rays at the corresponding solatice. Observation of the plan from above then shows immediately what obstacles to sunlight are encountered. The instrument can be supplied for any latitude, north or south. It weighs rib, and is 6 in. in diameter at the base.

OZORE AND THE WEATHER.—In a discourse at the Royal Institution an ozone and its relation to meteorology, Dr. G. M. B. Dobson described the chief results which have been obtained from researches on the ozone in the upper atmosphere carried out in many parts of the world during the last five years. The ozone, which is situated at a height of some 50 km above sea-level, has a well-maked annual variation that is different in different parts of the world. At all places outside the tropics, there is a maximum in the spring and a minimum in the autumn, the range being greatest in high latitudes and least in low latitudes. In temperate regions there are large changes from day to day which are closely related to the weather conditions, cyclones and anti-cyclones each having their own characteristic distribution of ozone. The ozone in the upper atmosphere is responsible for shielding the earth from intense ultra-volet radiation from the sunwhich would cause serious effects if it reached the surface. It further causes the upper atmosphere at height of 40-50 km, to be at a temperature in the neighbourhood of the normal boiling-point of water. This, in its turn, gives rise to the zones of abnormal andibility of sound from large explosions at a distance of some hundred miles from the explosion itself.

PARAGUTTA.—For nearly 80 years the standard materials for insulating deep-sea cables have been gutta-percha and balata. In the Bell Laboratories Record Mr. A. R. Kemp gives a description of a new material, Paragutta, with which the new telephone cable between the United States and Cuba is insulated. Paragutta is a mixture of about 50 per cent. gutta-percha, 40 per cent. rubber, and 10 per cent hydrocarbon wax. Its mechanical qualities are fully equal to those of gutta-percha, its electrical stability in water is the same, but it has much better specific electrical properties. The nificture can be extruded on to the conductor in a continuous sheath of multiple layers free from mechanical defects. The insulated conductor has then only to be drawn through cold water, when it quickly sets into a firm covering sufficiently tough and flexible to resist rough handling in factory or cable ship. The specific conductance of Paragutta is only one-thirtieth

of that of ordinary cable gutta-percha, and its dielectric constant is so per cent. smaller. It is claimed that if Paragutta had been available to insulate the permalloy-loaded telegraph cable laid five years ago its speed would have been so per cent. greater, and its perenue-earning capacity increased so per cent.

PARASITES TO DESTROY A WHEAT PEST.—A cargo of 90,000 insects has been sent from England to Canada to wage war on the wheatsten sawily, which is Canada's most deadly wheat pest. They are grube of the sawily, and about 60 per cent, contrin parasites—smaller insects which will ultimately destroy their hosts. The insects will go at first to the parasite breeding laboratories at Belleville, Untario, and will afterwards be released in the Canadian wheatfields, where the parasites will be passed on to the local sawiles, and by this means it is hoped that the wheat pest will eventually be cradicated. Some parasitised sawiles, released in the sunner of 1990 in Western Canada, have settled down well in their new surroundings, and the lesser fleas are biting the little fleas to some purpose.

PEKING MAN — In an address on "Peking Man," delivered b fore the Bilish Association, Prof. G. Elliot Smith and that the discoveries still being made at Chor Kon Tren, near Peking, only confirmed the profound significance of the skull found in December, rgag. The skulls of the Peking man were of unquestionable geological ago (Early Pleistocene), and their qualities were not due to reconstruction. While definitely more primitive and generalised than Pithee, anthropies and Econthropies, they revealed characters not buther to known except in those, and gave coherence and conviction to our knowledge.

Photographing the Earth's Curvature,—Captain A W. Stephens, of the United States Ampy Air Corps, whose photograph of Mount Baniet, taken at a distance of 270 miles, was described in the 1931 Whittaker, has since succeeded in taking what is described as the first photograph to show the curvature of the earth's surface. It was taken from an aeroplane over a small town in South America. By using supersensitive plates he succeeded in photographing what was invisible to him, a range of the Andes some 300 miles distant and the peak of the volcano Aconcagua, 300 miles distant, as well as the unbroken Pampas intervening. The mountain range appeared as a straighth horizontal line, but the distant horizon of the Pampas was not straight, but bent slightly downward at one end.

Photographing the Stomach.—A camera which takes findilight photographs of the interior of the body is the latest application of photography to medical uses. It is the invention of two Austrian scientists, and has been demonstrated with success in London and the United States. The apparatus consists of a semi-flexible tube, carrying at one of its minute pinhole cameras, divided into two groups of eight each, and the resulting photographs can be pieced together to give a complete map in 16 sections. The tube is ½ in, in diameter, and the cameras occupy a space of about two inches, he patient swallows the cameras, which are

introduced by means of the tube. Between the two groups of cameras is a source of light operated by the transformer. This yields a flash for the duration of resorth of a second. Through the tube are passed two wires, one for the flash and the other to operate the shutter which uncovers the 16 pinholes of the cameras. The films used are about the size of a piece of confetti, and the photographs have to be en-larged one hundred times. The value of the instrument will, it is hoped, lie in enabling cancer and other diseases to be recognised at a stage where present methods of diagnosis are inconclusive.

RAIL-ZEPPELIN. — The Rail-Zeppelin, a propellor-driven coach, invented and constructed by Dr. Francis Kruckenburg, has made a trial by Dr. Francis Artickenburg, has made a trial run on the ordinary railway track between Berlin and Hamburg, over a distance of for miles, during which it attained an average speed of rog miles an hour and a maximum of rag miles an hour. The coach is 85 ft. long and stream-lined throughout. It is built of steel, aluminium, wood and fabric, and weighs r8 tons. The engine is of 500-li.p., capable of getting up a speed of 80 miles an hour within two minutes of starting. There are two compartments, one for smokers, and a luggage room and vestibule. It has accommodation for 40 passengers. Dr. Kruckenburg claims that the speed of 143 m.p h 18 by no means the maximum of the Rail-Zeppelm's possibilities, but he was obliged to keep within this limit in order to comply with the requirements of the State Railway.

RESTFUL SLREP .- Investigations at the Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, by Dr. II. M. Johnson, on movements during sleep, show that the healthy movements during sleep, show that the healthy adult during deep sleep makes some gross change of bodily position on an average every 7-8 minutes. Every sleeper has a dozen or more very different poses in which he takes his rest. On any typical night he will make use of all, or any typical light he will make use of all, or this deep discounter for the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the sta nearly all, of this dozen, changing from one to another twenty to sixty times, according to his sensitivity to various kinds of bodily irritation. Among different persons, some have a strong preference for supme positions, others favour prone ones. By means of an ingenious device, photographs were obtained of every change of position assumed by a sleeper during a night, and show an extraordinary range of positions.

RINGED PLOVER AND ITS EGGS .- A series of experiments relating to the eggs of the ringed plover has been carried out by Mr. George Marples in an area where he had more than forty nests under obsorvation. When the eggs were removed a short distance from the nest, the birds found them and dragged them back the nrus round them and dragged them back; but they also dragged and sat on egg-shaped pebbles which had been painted to resemble their own eggs. The disguising of the shape of their own eggs by adding lumps of plasticine their own eggs by adding lumps of platticine did not deceive them, nor did painting the eggs with bright yellow, blue and red. The theory that the ringed plover keeps its eggs in the positions of the cardinal points of the compass was tested, with the result that after the deliberate derangement of the clutches in zsr cases, it was found that so were rearranged exactly north and south, 12 were nearly but not quite restored to the cardinal point position, ful experiment has been made by engineers

and 30 clutches remained in disarrangement, north-east and north-west. Tests with various scents placed on the eggs indicated that the birds were deficient in sense of smell.

RUBBER STATUES. - Public statues made of rubber are a practicable possibility of the future, as the result of tests made by the Dunlop technical staff for the memorial tablet to the late J. B. Dunlop, in Belfast. The memorial was made from a solid block of ebonite, or hard rubber, weighing 270 lb., of which 70 lb. were removed by the sculptor in chippings and shavings. The block was built up from layers of unvulcanised counte under a roller weighing s cwt., and trimmed to fit a special steel mould, where it was placed under a pressure of 250 tons and "cooked" for more than 120 hours. The portrait of Dunlop was pointed off from a full-sized clay model, and the lettering was done by a burr with six microscopic cutting edges, such as is used by dentities in preparing teeth for filling. For cutting and carving the block was perfect throughout. It did not vary in density or colom, and it was capable of being freely cut without cracking, giving a good sharp finish.

SAFETY CABLE IN MINFS .- A cable has been invented by Dr. A. G. Allsop, at the Safety in Wines Research Board laboratory in Sheffield, which, it is claimed, may enable miners to discard the small hand lamps and work at the coal face under the glare of flood lighting, and result in the abolition of nystagmus—miners' eye disease.
Dr. Allsop's cable differs from the ordinary electric cable in that a screen of fine wires forms a sort of cage round the main cable, and if any one of these wires breaks, by being run over by a tub or othewse injured, the current through the main cable is automatically switched off. Only a small current runs through the screen wires, and if these are damaged the current is not enough to cause a spark capable of igniting fire

SKYSCRAPER TO SWAY IN THE WIND .- The highest skyscraper in the world; is the Empire State Building in New York, which was formally mangurated on May 1, 1931, by President Hoover, in Washington, pressing an electric key. The structure has been erected on a site previously occupied by the Waldorf Astoria Hotel. The occupied by the wander Astona Hotel. Indeed, office building proper has eighty-six stories and is x,048 ft. high to the base of the mooring mast for dirigibles, and x,248 ft. high to the top of the mast. It will have a working population of 25,000 persons when fully occupied. There are more than x0,000,000 bricks in the building, and 57,000 tons of steel, enough to build a double-track railway from New York to Montreal. There are also 6,400 windows and 58 lifts, which journey through seven miles of shafts. A lift takes so seconds to make a non-stop trip to the eightleth floor. The steel cage of which the skysoraper consists is so arranged that when the wind blows it yields slightly, but at the same time it locks together more strongly than ever. It has been calculated that the wind pressure on any one face of the Empire State Building may rise to 4,340,000 pounds, and that the swaying motion of the skyscraper in a strong wind will take four seconds.

connected with the Southern California Edison Company, in the use of electricity to heat the soil round plants so as to force their growth, and so place the product on the market at an earlier date and at a higher price. Two exactly similar plots of land were taken. One had insulated wires running through it about 4 ft. apart and at a depth of 8 in. The current in the wires was regulated by a thermostat so as to maintain a temperature of about 70° F. Current flowed on an average two hours out of every five. The other plot was prepared in the same way, but was not electrically heated. Cucumber seeds were planted in both plots, in rows about 4 ft apart. It was found that more than one half of the crop in the wired portion had matured and been marketed before the first cucumber had reached maturity in the unheated plot. The net revenue obtained from the electrically heated plot was about £so greater than from the other.

STARLIGHT TO START MACHINERY.—Rays of light from Arcturus, which left that star during the Chicago World Fair of 1893, are to be captured, converted, amplified, and used to start machinery in the Hall of Science at the opening of the World Fair in Chicago on June 2, 1923. It is hoped to accomplish this feat by collecting the hight rays in a 40 in. telescope and passing them through a photometer connected with an electrometer, which in turn will be connected with the switches controlling the machinery.

TALKING BRACON.—Messrs. Charles A. Stevenson and David Alan Stevenson, engineers to the Northern Lighthouse Board, have been awarded the Thomas Gray Memorial Trust Prize of £100 for their invention of the "talking beacon" This "talking beacon" which is installed at Cumbrae Lighthouse on the coast of Ayr, consists of a combination of fog-signal and wireless transmitter, and enables a ship fitted with even the simplest form of wireless receiver to ascertain her distance from the lighthouse up to about five miles in thick weather. The fog-signal consists of three blasts, followed by a short silence, and then two further blasts. At the same time, on a wireless receiver, a listener hears—(a) the name of the "beacon" in speech (Cumbrae), (b) the three blasts of the fog-signal; (c) counting in speech in cables and sea miles up to five miles; and (d) the two blasts of the fog-signal. This is followed by a silent interval lasting 27 secs., and is then repeated. Immediately before each mile is spoken a bell is sounded. The distance which the observer hears in his receiver coinciding with the end of the third blast heard through the air gives him the distance of his ship from the lighthouse. The spoken words in the signal emanate from a gramophone record, which revolves on a turn-table, which in turn is engaged and disengaged by means of a clutch with another turn-table kept constantly revolving by air turbine or motor.

TRIEGRAMS BY TYPEWRITER.—The General Post Office is sotting up the first teleprinter exchange, by which a person sitting in his own office may send telegrams privately, or get into communication with other subscribers and carry on written conversations with them when subscribers wish to get into touch with each other they will type out an exchange is durable discomforts, for the temperature isside the sphere was most impleasantly high while each other they will type out an exchange

number which will then be automatically switched on. Fifty words a minute is a low estimate of the speed which may be obtained by a proficient operator on the teleprinter. There will be ample opportunity to attain a high rate of speed, since subscribers will become their own telegraphists, the speed of the instrument being limited only by the operator's abilities. Among the advantages of the system are that a typed record is kept of all messages at the sending and receiving ends; there is great speed of communication, secrecy, and the possibility of sending messages even if there is no attendant at the instrument of the called subscriber.

TELEVISION PROGRESS.—The prophecy that "television will soon be in every home" seems likely to be fulfilled in the United States and Great Britain in the next few years. In the United States a transmitting station of enormous power, which will be used in connection with the National Broadcasting Company of America, is National Broadcasting Company of America, to being erected, and it is expected that in 1932 television will be installed in thousands of American houses. The first television wedding that of Mr Frank Borie du Vall, an engineer, and Miss Grace Lilian Jones, took place in New York. York. It was conducted in a skyscraper studio, and hundreds of television enthusiasts " looked in," and thousands of wireless-set owners listened in. Mr. J L. Baird's plans to televise the Derby in. Mr. J. L. Bairt's plans to televise the Derby race—for the first time in history—proved a great success. Seven televisors were equipped and connected up with the Baird Studios. Punctually at a 45 the first actual scenes came filtering through; these clarified after the race had started, and within a few minutes Cameronian, Orpen and Sandwich were to be seen quite distinctly passing the winning post. The surging crowds, and the faces of the owners and their friends as they came forward to lead in the victors, were clearly seen. Mr Baird has since announced that by improving the optical system and by adopting a more efficient method of "scanning" it has been possible to double the width of the pictures and show scenes with as many as eight full-length figures This opens up the opportunity of increasing the entertainment value of the programmes.

TEN MILES HIGH—On May 27, 1931, Prof. A. Piccard, of the University of Brussels, accompanied by Heir Kipfer, ascended at 4 a.n. from Augslung, Bavana, in an airtight aluminium sphere, about a metres in diameter, raused by a balloon which was stated when fully inflated to have the capacity of half a million cubic feet. Anticyclonic conditions prevailed at the time, and the balloon, after remaining in the sir for 18 hours, fell at a spot about 16 kilometres to the south Prof. Piccard succeeded in leaching a height of about 183% kilometres, probably penetrating into the stratesphere by some 4 kilometres, and beating "Il previous records of a manned balloon or aeropiane. On the descent trouble occurred with the gas valve, and after long delay the balloon landed safely on the Gross Gurgi glacter in the Austrian Tyrol. The air in the cabin was renewed by two oxygen cylinders, each capable of maintaining a good atmosphere for eight hours. The aeronauts suffered considerable discomforts, for the temperature inside the sphere was most unpleasantly high while the external air was 55°C. below freezing point, the tempes solar radiation in the rarefied

atmosphere. Prof. Piccard found that at a height of 48,000 ft. the conductivity of the air was only half as strong as at the height of 28,000 ft. previously reached by balloonists. A second observation was that the cosmic rays could not proceed from any ordinary type of radio-activity. He was of the opinion that they seemed to have their origin not in massive bodies, but in attenuated bodies which possessed not more than 100 grammes per aquare centimetre of density at their surface. He could not preceed from any ordinary type of claimed that his ascent had proved that the seroplane of the future would seek to fly in the higher altitudes, because the atmosphere there enabled a speed to be attained three times greater than that which was possible in the lower strata. The aeroplane industry could confidently build with this object in view, because these upper altitudes presented no difficulty from the physiological point of view provided that aeroplanes were fitted with airtight cabbias.

TREE RINGS AND SURSPOT CYCLE.—Dr. A. E. Douglas, whose work on the correlation between the growth-rings in trees and the sunspot cycle has given a probable sunspot curve for many centuries, has carried the study of the rings in certain districts back to yoo R.C. By examining the timbers in some ancient Indian buildings he has been able to give the dates when the trees were cut, and thus to date the buildings. Dr. Antevs, of the University of Stockholm, has found correlation between the structure of clay layers in ancient lake-beds and the sunspot cycle. Both the tree-rings and the clay layers are supposed to depend directly on the rainfall.

TRENCHES INTHE NORTH SEA BED.—In recent surveys of the North Sea a trench 130 fathoms deep has been discovered about too miles east of Montrose. The Devil's Pit, as it is called, is the deepest of a group of depressions found in a floor which was supposed to be an undulating plain at \$ to 50 fathoms. Another group of depressions, with a greatest depth of \$7 fathoms, occurs farther south, about 65 miles east of Berwick. Professor J. W. Gregory does not accept the suggestion that the trenches have any connection with the carthquake in eastern Scotland and southern Norway on January 24, 1297. He believes that the features are not new, but were formerly missed by soundings having been too far apart. He argues that the trenches are remains of the pre-glacial valley of the Rhine, and date from the days when the Rhine and its British tributaries discharged to the North Sea about a hundred miles east of Kinnaird Head. The existence of these pre-glacial trenches adds to the improbability of a Scandinavian ice-sheet having reached the British coast, since it would have filled the trenches with moraine matter. In this case floating ice must have been responsible for the transport of Scandinavian boulders to eastern Bagland.

TWO-MILLIONTH TELEPHONE.—The King has accepted the s,coc,cocht telephone for use in Buckingham Palace. The instrument is one of the latest hand-microphones, finished in old gold. It carries a decorative plate surmounted by a crown, and bearing the inscription:—"This instrument, installed for his Majesty, King George V., is the s,coc,cooth telephone consected with the Post Office system.—June 1931."

When Sir William Thomson (Lord Kelvin) introduced the telephone into this cenutry by exhibiting Professor Graham Bell's instrument to a meeting of the British Associatios, at Glasgow, in 1876, few people could have foreseen the enormous development which has taken place in 55 years. In those days, the world marvelled at the possibility of two persons conversing over a few yards of wire. To-day, with London as the telephonic centre of the world, subscribers talk every day to the most distant parts of the globe as easily as if they were speaking to friends a few streets away.

TRAIN WITH RUBBER TYRES.—A railway motor-driven coach, fitted with pueumatic tyres and capable of a normal speed of 60 miles an hour, was demonstrated on July 22 on the Palatseau-Chartres branch line. It may transform the working of branch railway services if all that is claimed for it is substantiated. The train consisted of a 24-h.p., 24-seater coach, having pneumatic tyres fitted on its flanged wheels. The tyres were of special shape, stronger and thicker than the type used in motor-cars, in order to bear the greater weight of the railway coach, and wider and flatter than lorry tyres. The coach reached a speed of so miles an hour in 650 yards, and was brought to a standatill within 100 yards, while the demonstrators claim that, by use of the new type, it will be possible to dispense with signal-men, level-crossing keepers and guards. Each coach is manned with a driver only, and similar coaches can be despatched at 100-yard intervals without danger of collision.

Wireless Typewriter,—A demonstration of a wireless typewriter, invented by Mr. Glen Watson, and known as the "Watsongraph," has been given in Detroit. The instrument enables an operator sitting at a typewriter to type out a message which is automatically and simultaneously conveyed by short-wave wireless to another typewriter at any distance. The receiving typewriter at any distance. The receiving typewriter automatically types out the message as sent. A transmitter for ordinary commercial use can be made, to weigh only about solb. The speed of transmission is limited only by the skill of the operator, since the typewriter can record x,soc letters a minute. Any receiving typewriter, synchronized with the transmitter, could be tuned in wherever the receiver might be, and the message could be typed simultaneously on several receivers. If secrecy is desired, it can be arranged that only the transmitter and the required receiver are synchronized. The owner would thus be independent of all public means of communication. The typewriter could be carried on police patrol cars and used for sending messages to head-quarters in absolute secrecy without code. It would also revolutionize newspaper work, since, among other things, it would enable correspondents to evade a censorship.

WORLD'S FASTHST TRAIN.—The "Cheltenham Flyer," the Great Western express, drawn by the Launceston Castle locomotive, established a world record on Sept. 14, 1931, by running from Swindon to Paddington, a distance of 77% miles, in 59 min. 30 sec., an average of 78 miles an hour. On Sept. 15 the train made the run between Swindon and Paddington in 58 min., at an average speed of 80 miles an hour.

NEW books continue to be published at the rate of about forty a day, and several new publishers have started business during the year. This would seem to imply that current literature is in a healthy state. On the other hand, book-sellers have not escaped the prevailing "pinch," sellers have not escaped the prevailing "pinch," and are exploiting various contrivances to stimulate the buying (rather than the borrowing) of books. Impoverished Germany, it is to be noted, with a population only half as large again as that of Great Britain, manages to assimilate twice our output. Some readers, dazed by the volume of new works, delegate selection to book societies and clubs; many, probably, would hear with complacency that Mr. Snowden had extended the Entertainment Tax to new books, and hope that a reduced birth-rate of these would give renewed vitality to neglected older masterpieces.

Lord Crawford wrote last April in The Ninetenth Crawtory. "If critics, for a change, would tell us what is bad; if they would occasionally recommend a book which was not produced the day before yesterday, better still if they would enging a close time—one mouth two mouths. enjoin a close time—one month, two months, three months! how justly would they earn our

praise."

If the year has not produced any book of outstanding celebrity, the output of good litera-ture, particularly in the realms of Biography, Philosophy and Science, shows no falling-off. Novels—appearing at the rate of to a day—still tend to grow longer, but the spate of sex-psychology seems somewhat to have spent its strength; studies in terror and brutality and the gruesome to some extent taking its place. Crime and detective stories hold their vogue, but their writers are realising that intricacies of plot need not be spoilt by crudities of style, or perfunctory love-interests. Whilst the War naturally continues to figure in most contem-porary fiction, War books, as such, decline in number.

At the Annual Meeting of the Associated Booksellers at Harrogate last May, Mr. Geoffrey Faber, in an interesting address, prophesied that the serious and difficult time through which we are passing will lead to an increase in the demand for more serious literature, "not cymcal, demand for more serious literature, "not cylineal, not destructive, but rather reconstructive. People," he said, "begin to get tired of drifting, of not knowing where they are going, they begin to want to read books which will not only ask questions but try to answer them. I am sure," he added, "that the next ten years will see a very marked increase in the sale of such books. I think there will be a big swing back towards religion, perhaps even philosophy and poetry, a reaching out for some firm ground to stand on, a realisation that it's not enough just to have a good time, and that the twentieth century hasn't yet done much to give life a meaning. And I think this reaction is going to be helped by sheer boredom with too much easy mechanical amusement. Cars, cinemas, wireless—how ex-otting and absorbing these things are for a time, and, after a time, how easy it becomes to have too much of them." Sir Nigel Playfair has also the pendulum swings back; but, like the great Foucault one in the Science Museum, it never returns precisely to the same starting place as

London publishers, including works by Havelook Ellis, Rosita Forbes, Gerhardi, Maxim Gorki, Hergesheimer, Aldous Huxley, Sinclair Lewis, Somerset Maugham, T. F. Powys, Eric Remarque. Marie Stopes, John van Druten and Marcel Prevost.

Amongst literary events of the year under review may be mentioned the celebration of the centenary of Christina Rossettl, and the ter-centenaries of John Donne and Dryden; the influentially signed appeal on behalf of Sir William Watson; the unveiling of memorials to Pierre Loti in France, and Rupert Brooke in Scyros; the interesting exhibitious at Mesars. Bumpus's of fine bindings, of Byron-Murray documents, &c.; the achievement of "Science as a best-seller" in the sale of 80,000 copies of Jeans's "Mysterious Universe"; and the publication of the first volume of the new British Museum Catalogue, for which the subscription price is £400. Notable features of the year have included the Mundy nus (Gollancz) experiment of new three shilling novels—(similar dollar issues are proving successful in America); the popularity of "Omnibus" collections; the increased length of the stories by leading novelists; and the large number of translations from German and other foreign works of fiction.

Literary Luncheons, at which popular authors may be seen and heard in postprandial discourse, have proved very attractive; and booksellers, in their efforts to improve the "lay out" of their premises, are realising that the best book society is to be found in a well arranged bookshop, with intelligent but discreet attendance, and room to

browse about.

Ir Alden, at the Booksellers' Conference last spring, recalled with emphasis the reference to book-selling in the Report of the Departmental Committee on the English educational system.
"In every town," said this report, "the book-seller's shop should become what in University cities and in one or two other favoured spots it is already, a centre of literary and artistic interest and enlightenment, a place where the best books, new and old, can be expected at leibuie.

Whilst the weekly book talks of the B.B.C. have been generally welcomed, the criticism of books has, not unnaturally, been itself the subject of a good deal of occurt criticism. As regards quantity, it was stated that the whole space devoted by the London press to reviews only provides for about thirty lines each to one-fifth of the new books published; whilst, as to quality, the selections of the book clubs and societies, and the reviewing of fiction by well known novelists have been called in question with some

severity. "If our critics became young (wrote the editor of The Bookman, courageously) and our novelists old, we might be rescued from the present state wherein criticism is a laughing-stock and fiction

a disgrace.

The boosting of second-rate books is likely to prove a boomerang both for their authors and tooksellers. Masterpieces do not happen twice a week.

Unlike the product of the graphic arts, the appeal of literature is not instantaneous. To appear of interaction and interaction appear of interaction induce them, books have got to be read; solvustur ambulando, and a terribly pedestrian joetrot it may prove. Hence the necessity, and the immense importance, of guidance, of critical interactions. returns precisely to take all, is progress.

The Irish Censorship, it may here be noted, the immense importance, of guidance, of critical has banned (up to June, 1931) 89 books issued by class and reviews. The complaint re-echoed from

various quarters during this past year is that criticism has become, as regards popular literature, not indeed corrupt, but so indiscriminately amiable and so exaggerated in eulogy as to be a snare and delusion. The public, perplexed and incensed at this manufacture of fictitious masterpieces, turns to the book clubs to guide its choice; and in accepting their selections is doubtless protected from many experiments in trash. But it must be obvious, without enquiring into their constitution, that these societies are business and not merely philanthropic adventures, and that their commercial success must largely depend on the very large discounts obtainable on orders, before publication, of fifteen or twenty thousand copies—allowances said to amount to sixty per cent. and even more of the published price. Such business is perfectly legitimate, but its implications must be frankly recognised; the sudden (and perhaps short-lived) exaltation of a new author may not conduce to his ultimate reputation; the concentration of emphasis upon a single book may prove unduly hard on others of almost equal merit; and in so far as these clubs tend to damage the bookseller's legitimate business their influence can only be deplored

business their influence can only be deplored.

Awards of some of the Literary Prizes during
the past year are appended: Priz Goncourt"Malaisie," by H. Fauconnier; James Tait Black
Memorial-" Miss Mole," by Miss E. H. Young,
and "Bengal Lancer," by Major Yeats-Brown;
Nobel Prize-to Sinclair Lewis; German Fouth
Prize-" Joseph and Peter," by Anton Gabel;
Northchige Prize-" Regain," by Jean Giono;
Hawthornden Prize-" The End of the World,"
by Geoffrey Denue: London, Peo Club." "Tolyth hy Geoffrey Dennis; London Pen Club—"Tohit Transplanted," by Stella Benson; Femina Vie Heureuse—"High Wind in Jamaica," by Richard

Davies.

The following are notable amongst book sale prices: Blake's "Songs of Innocence" (1780-94), \$\pi_1,500\; Samuel Pepys, Letters, \$\pi_1,500\; Shuke-peare First Folio (1623), catalogued at \$\pi_18,000\; Holograph MS. of Byron's "Don Juan," Cantos X-XII, \$\pi_5,000\; "Pickwick," prime copy in parts, \$\pi_8,600\; Block Book, "Passio Christi," \$\pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi_{2,200}\; Cantos \pi

£3,300.
Twenty-three of the York Minster Caxtons were, very injudiciously, sold to America for

Ker, oo; Injunction; Some Associated where the second speaking generally, however, there has been a decided slump in great sale prices since the peak records of the Kern Sale in 1923; and the drastic marking down of the catalogued prices for many first editions of modern authors during the past year should also be noted by collectors who indulge in this very speculative whim.

The list of deaths amongst literary men and

The list of deaths amongst literary men and women during the year includes the names of Arnold Bennett, Sir Hall Caine, Dr. H. R. Hall, Katharine Tynan (Mrs. Hinkson), Ronald Macfle, Oliver Madox Hueffer, Dr. C. H. Turner, Lord Birkenhead, and Lady Newton.

In appending a classified list of selections from the books of the year it should be noted that the period covered is from October, 1930, to September, 1931; that translations and students' manuals are not, as a rule, included; and that where only a very small percentage of the year's output can be listed many good and useful books must obviously be left unnoticed.

"Miss Mole," and "Three Daughters" by Jane Dashwood were also recommended to the Paris Committee for their final selection.

ART.

"Thirty Years of British Art, by Sir Joseph Duveen; "An Introduction to the Language of Drawing and Painting," Vol. II, by Arthur Pope;
"Persian Art," edited by Sir E. Denison Ross
(the Winter Exhibition at Burlington House led to several publications on this subject); "The Philosophy of Art," by C. J. Ducasse.

#### BIOGRAPHY.

BIOGRAPHY.

"Cnapters of Autobiography," by the 1st Earl of Balfour (an interesting fragment, political rather than personal); "The Ladies of Llangulen," edited by Mrs. G. H. Bell; "Henry Irving," by Gordon Craig; "St. Loe Strachey," by Amy Strachey; "John Wilmot Earl of Rochester," by J. Frinz; "I'm Alone," by Captain Jack Randell; "Verney Letters of the 1sth Century," edited by Lady Verney; "Wolsey," by Hilaire Belloo; "The Diartes of John Bright," edited by R. A. J. Walling; "Pepys, His Life and Character," by John Drint-water; "Lord D'Abernon's Diary" (grd and concluding volume); "Comments and Criticisms," by Sir John Simon; "Whistler," by James Laver; "The Bise of General Bonaparte," by Spenser Wilkinson; "Al Capone," by F. D. Pasley (the amazing story of the bootleggers and racketeens); "Men and Memoirs," by W. Rothenstein (an artist and his friends); "The Private Papers of James Boswell" (from Malahide Castle, in the collection of Colonel Isham, prepared by Geoffrey Scott and F. B. Pottle, Vols. VIII-X); "Marshal Foch's Memours," translated by Colonel Bentley Mott; "Life and Letters of Edmund Gosse," edited by Evan Charteris; "An Oxford Portrait Gallery," by Mrs. Janet Courtney; "According to the "Life and Letters of Edmund Gosse," edited by Evan Charteris; "An Oxford Portrait Gallery," by Mrs. Janet Countney; "According to the Flesh," by Fleta Campbell (a biography of Mrs. Eddy); "World Without End," by Helen Thomas; "Bulwer: a Panorama," by Michael Sadleir; "Portraits in Miniature," by Lytton Strachey; "Son of Woman: the Story of D. H. Lawrence," by J. Middleton Murry; "Swift," by Carl van Doren; "Savage Messish," by H. S. Ede; "Sir Philip Sidney," by Mona Wilson; "The Diary of a Country Parson, 1971-180s," the last volume of James Woodforde; "The Odyssey of an Out of Work," by T. Horsley; "Millicent Garrett Fawcett," by Ray Strachey; "Florence Nightingale," by I. B O'Malley, "After Ten Years," by Constance Malleson (Colette O'Neil); "In My End is My Beginning," by Maurice Baring (Mary Queen of Scot's story as told by her four Maries); "Life of Robert Marquis of Salusbury," by Lady (Swendele) Cecil (Vol III). "Marshel Ivanter." Queen of Scot's story as told by her four Maries);
"Life of Robert Marquis of Salasbury," by Lady
Gwendolen Cecil (Vol. III); "Marshal Lyautey,"
by Andre Maurois; "Henry Kingsley: Towards
a Vindication," by S. M. Ellis (a timely apologia);
"Charlton" (Autobiography of an Air Commodore); "Ellen Terry and Bernard Shaw: a Correspondence" (delightful love letters); "Time
Was," by W. Graham Robertson; "A Bacheloi's
London," by Frederic Whyte; "Guilty but
Insane: a Broadmoor Autobiography," by Warmark; "Nelson," by Clennell Wilkinson; "Lord
Kilbracken's Reminiscences"; "Mock Tuitle:
Memoirs of a Victorian"; "Friends and Adventures," by T. (of Punch); "Autobiography of
Lincoln Steffens"; "My Eighty Years," by R.
Blatchford; "The Duke," by Philip Guedalla;
"Everyman Remembers," by Ernest Rhys.

#### ESSAYS AND BELLES LETTRES.

"The Resurrection of Rome," by G. K. Cheserton: "Essays and Observations," by Lord terton; "Essays and Observations,"

Hewart; "The Victorian Tragedy," by E. Wingfield-Stratford; "On Being Ill," by Mrs. Woolf; "It's a Fine World," by Robert Lynd; "Vulgarity in Literature," by Aldous Huxley; "England's Crisis," by André Siegfried (a friendly and penerating indictment); "A Treasury of English Aphorisms," by Logan Pearsall Smith; "Out of Soundings," by H. M. Tomlinson; "Conversations with a Cat and Others," by Hilaire Belice; "A Cousideration of Thackersy," by George Saintbury (a valuable re-view by our veteran critic), "Essays of a Catholic," by Hilaire Belice; "Music at Night," by Aldous Huxley; "Visibility Good," by E. V. Lucas; "Countries of the Mind," by J. Middleton Murry.

### FICTION.

"Ou Forsyte Change," by John Galsworthy, who is reported to have another family Saga in preparation; "The Fool of the Family," by Margaret Kennedy; "Grand Hotel," by Vicki Baum; "Cakes and Ale," by Somerset Maugham; "Imperial Palace," by Arnold Bennett, his last story; "The Man who Died," by D. H. Lawrence, completed just before his death; "But not for Love," by B. K. Seymour; "Mackerel Sky," by Helen Ashton; "Philippa,' by Anne D. Sedgwick; "The Diary, of a Provincial Lady," by E. M. Delafield; "Certain People," short stories by Edith Wharton; "Bitter Tea," by Grace Z. Stone; "The Deepening Stream," by Dorothy Canfield; "A Woman on her Way," by J. Van Druten; "Flamenco," by Lady Eleanor Smith; "The Winding Lane," by Sir Percy Gibbs; "Hunger and Love," by Lionel Bitton; "Tolit Transplanted," by Stella Benson; "Richer Dust," by Storm Jameson, completing the Hansyke trilogy; "Susan Spray," by Shella Kaye Smith; "Juan in America," by Eric Lunklater; "Father," by the author of "Elizabeth and her German Gardon"; "The Loving Spirit," a promising first novel by Daphne du Maurier; "The Career of Julian Stanley Williams," by Adrian Alington, a five ardinerement: "Red Lake Crimson," by Jace Paradline; spirit," a promising first novel by Daphne du Maurier; "The Career of Julian Stanley Wilhams," by Adrian Alington, a fine achievement; "Red Like Crimson," by Jane Paradine; "The Phenix-Kind," by Peter Quennell, "Broom Stages," by Clemence Dane; "Star Dust," by D. L. Murray; "All Passion Spent," by V. Sackville-West; "The Grassloppers Come," by David Garnett: "Challenge to Clarissa," by E. M. Delafield: "Four Handsome Negresses," by R. H. Baptist; "The Storm Riders," by Frank Dilnot; "Judith Paris," by Hugh Walpole (Rogue Herries' daughter); "Early Closing," by Miss D. Wynne Willson, an excellent first novel of school life; "S.S. San Pedro. A Tale of the Sea," by James Cozzens; "Return I dare not," by Margaret Kennedy; "Mad Puppetstown," by M. Farrell; "Month of May," by Jane Dashwood. "Sirging Tide," by K. H. Dorret; "And Now Good-bye," by James Hilton; "The Blanket of the Dark," by John Buchan; "Aphrodite in Aulis," by George Mooie.

#### CRIME STORIES.

"Plain Murder," by C. S. Forester; "Green Lane," by Alec Brown; "Murder at Fenwold," by C. Bush; "Murder of Judge Macfarlane," by Mary Plum; "The Second Shot," by Anthony Berkeley; "Murder at the Pageant," by V. L. Whiteclurch; "The Box Hill Murder," by J. Fletcher; "The Bill Street Murder," by Sydney Fowler; "Persons Unknown," by Hallewell Sutcliffe; "Who Goes Home," by A. P. Nichol-

son; "The Hanging Woman," by John Rhode; "The Sands of Windee," by A. W. Uffield; "The Yellow Viper," by S. Fairway; Mr. H. D. Thompson has produced in "Masters of Mystery" a comprehensive guide to the best "Thrillers."

#### HISTORY.

HISTORY.

"Liason xo14," by Brig.-Gen. Spears; "Turning Points of History," by the late Lord Birkenhead; "Loyalties. Mesopotamia zo14-72," by Sir Arnold Wilson, "The Jameson Raid," by Hugh M. Hole; "England in the Nineteenth Century," by A. P. Fremantle (the second volume, 266-0); "Survey of International Affairs, 1929," by A. J. Toynbee; "An Economic Hittory of Anstraln," by Edward Shann; "Official History of the Great Warr "(Egypt and Palestine, Vol. II); "By Gness and by God," by William Gny Carr (Submarine War Adventure); "The Suffragette Movement," By Sylvia Pank-burst; "A History of Enrope 1875-1923," by Sir John Marriot; "Mesopotamia 1917-80," by Sir Arnold Wilson; "Official History of the War," Naval operations, Vol. 5, by Sir H Nowbolt; "King, Queen, Jack," by Milton Waldman; "At G.H.Q," by Big.-Gen. John Charteris; "The Endless Adventure," Vol. 2, by F. S. Oliver; "Advance from Mons," by Bloem, from the German side, "Missing," by Bruce Blackwood. Blackwood.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

"Thy Servant a Dog," edited by Rudyard Kipling; "Flyng," by Clande Grahame-White; "Archie and Mehitabel," by Don Marquis; "5-me Bookhunting Adventure," by E. S. Garnett; diverting tales and himorous character studies by a bibliophile; "The Anatomy of Bibliomania," by Holbrooke Jackson; "Seventy Fathoms Deep," by Scott, record of the work of the Astatus. the Artiglio.

#### POETRY AND DRAMA.

"The Poens and Verses of John Keats," edited by J. Middleton Murry, "The Winding Stair," by W. B. Yeats; "Poems of Edmind Blunden"; "The Signature of Pain and other Poems," by Alan Porter; "The Torch Beaters, Vol. III. The Last Voyage," by Alfied Noyes, "The Apple (art," by Bernard Shaw, with a very Shavian preface; "Last Poens," by John Preoman; "Ploughed Earth," by C. C. Albott, "New Poems," by A.E. (G. W. Russell); "Verses," by Elizabeth Daryinsh; "Poems of Wilfred Owen," edited by Edmund Blunden, "Post Mortem, by Noel Cowaid, a war inquest; "The Cacadas," by Aldous Huxley, "Poems 1956-30," by Robert Graves; "A Collection of Poems (witten between the ages of 14 and 17)," by Joan Easdale; "Shorter Poems," by Edward Davison; "T. S. Eliot A Study," by T. McGreevy Mi Williamson says Eliot mist", by Edward Davison; "T. S. Eliot A Study," by T. McGreevy Mi Williamson says Eliot mist", by Edward Davison; "T. S. Eliot A Study," by T. McGreevy Mi Williamson says Eliot mist", by Edward Davison; "T. S. "The Poems and Verses of John Keats," edited a force instead of being defended as a fad.

#### POLITICS AND ECONOMICS.

"A Searchlight on America," by J. Truslove "A Searchlight on America," by J. Truslove Adams; "Dawn in India," by Sir Francis Yonnghusband; "The New Survey of London Life and Labour, Vol. I. Forty Years of Change"; "Account Rendered 1900-1930," by Sir Ernest Benn; "A Treatise on Money," by J. M. Keynes; "Democracy on Trial," by Lord Eustace Percy; "Hitler," by Wyndham Lewis; "South Africa," by Jau Hofmeyer, dealing with the Colour problem; "The Terror in Europe," by H. H. Tiltman; "India Insistent," by Sir Harcourt Butler.

#### SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

"Man and his Universe," by J. Langdon Davies: "The Biological Basis of Human Nature," by H. S. Jennings; "The Philosophy of the Good Life," by Dr. Gore; "Social Control of the Mentally Deficient," by Dr. Stauly Davies; "The Conquest of Happiness," by Bertrand Russell; "Instinct and Intuition," by G. B Diblee; "The Mysterious Universe," by Sir James Jeans; "The Faith of a Moralist," by Professor Taylor; "Climate," by W. G. Kendren; "The Science of Life," by H. G. Wells, Julian Huxley and G. P. Wells; "New Discoveries Relating to the Antiquity of Man," by Sin Arthur "Man and his Universe," by J. Langdon Huxley and G. P. Wells; "New Discoveries Relating to the Antiquity of Man," by Sit Arthur Keith; "The Stars in their Courses," by Sir James Jeans; Everybody's Business," by Hartley Withers; economies of to-day; "The Scientific Outlook," by Bertrand Russell; "Grades of Significance," by G. N. M. Tyrell (Psyche Research); "Mind and Matter," by G. F. Stout; "The Philosophical Basis of Biology," by J. S. Haldane.

The Centenary Meeting in London, at the end of September, of the Biltish Association for the

of September, of the British Association for the advancement of Science, has stimulated interest

in the works of our leading Scientists of which the principal booksellers arranged special displays.

### SPORT, TRAVEL, TOPOGRAPHY.

"Fly Fishing," by Viscount Grey (enlarged edition); "A Year on the Great Barrier Reef," by Dr. C. Yonge; "The Kanchenjunga Adventure," by F. S. Snythe; "Survey of London," Vol. XIII (Westminster and Whitehall); "The Vol. XIII (Westminster and Whitehall); "The Andree Diaries," translation by E. Adams Ray; "Africa View," by Prof. Julian Huxley; "Green Hell," by Julian Duguid; "Impacts," by Douglas Goldring; Oxfordshire," by Earl of Mayo, S. D. Adshead and P. Abercrombie; "London Memories," by St. John Adoock; "Jungles Preferred," by Janet Miller; "Jungle Ways," by W. B. Seabrook.

#### THEOLOGICAL.

"Science and Religion," a symposium by various churchmen and scientists; "The Prospects of Humanism," by Lawrence Hyde; "The Nature of Belief," by M. C. D'Arcy; "The Foundations of Bible History," by John Garstang. In the year ending last March, the British and Foreign Bible Society distributed 11,888,286 copies of the Scriptures, in 17,000 packages waighing ten tons at a cost of over face company.

weighing 400 tons, at a cost of over £400,000.

#### THE NOBEL PRIZES.

THE Nobel Prizes are awarded from the income of a fund bequeathed to trustees by the Swedish scientist Alfred Nobel, the inventor of Swedish stellars Africa Hobel, the inventor of about 40 yranite, who died December 10, 1865, leaving a fortune of about £2.750,000. The first awards were fustributed on the fifth animoentary of Nobel's death, Dec. 10, 1907 (for awards before those recorded below see former issues of WHITAKER). The awarding authorities are the Swedish Academy of Science—(a) Physics, (b) ('hemistry'; the Stockholm Faculty of Stockholm, Sweden.

Medicine—(c) Medicine or Physiology; the Swedish Academy of Literature—(d) Litera-ture; and a commutee of five persons elected by the Norwegian Storthing—(e) Peace. The fund is managed by a Board of Directors elected by fifteen deputies appointed by the authorities above named The Swedish Government appoints a President of the Board of Directors. Particulars concerning conditions, &c., can be obtained from Nobelstiftelsens Styrelse, Sturegatan 14.

### LIST OF AWARDS (Value, 1931, Kroner 173,206).

1					
Year	(a) Physics	(b) CHEMISTRY.	(c) MIDICINE OF PHYSIOLOGY	(d) LITERATURE	(e) PRACE.
1920	Ch. E. Guillaume	W. Nernst	A. Krogh	Knut Hamsun	Léon Bourgeois.
1921	Albert Einstein	F. Soddy	No award		K. H. Branting. Chr. L. Lange
1982	Niels Bohr	F. W. Aston	A. V. Hill O. Meyethof	J. Benavente	F. Nansen.
1923	R A. Millikan	F Pregl	(F. G. Banting J. J. R. Macleod)	W. B. Yeates	No award
1924	K.M.G Siegbahn	No award	W. Einthoven	W. Reymont	No award.
1925	{J. Franck G. Hertz }	R. Zsigmondy	No award	G B. Shaw	(A. Chamberlain, G. Dawes.
<b>2986</b>	Jean Perrin	The Svedberg	J. Fibiger		A. Briand. G. Stresemann.
1927	A. H. Compton C. T. R. Wilson	H. Wieland	J. Wagner- Jauregg	Henri Bergson	Ferdinaud Buisson. Ludwig Quidde.
1928	O. W. Richardson,		C. J. H. Nicolle	Sigrid Undset	No award.
1929	Duc de Broglie	{A. Harden   Prof. von Euler }	(Sir F. G. Hopkins) (Dr. Eijkman	Thomas Mann	F. B. Kellogg.
1930	Sir C. V. Raman	Prof. H. Fischer		Sinclair Lewis	Archbishop N. Soderblom.
1931	Postponed	Prof. Bosch		Eric Axel Karl-	•••

THE Exhibition of Persian Art, which was opened at Burlington House on January 7, was an experiment of which many doubted the wisdom. Of its purely artistic interest, of its attraction to those capable of appreciating the work of the great designers and craftsmen of the East there was no question. The only doubt was whether it would appeal to the public at large, and any fears on this score were dispersed during the first week of the exhibition. The attendance was extraordinary, and was maintained until the last day of the season, during which agg, oco visitors paid for admission. This number, though it did not approach the attendance of the phenomenal Italian Exhibition of 1939, easily excelled those of the Flemish and Dutch Exhibitions of 1928 and 1929, both of which were regarded as successful. The Persian Exhibition was the only one of a remarkable series in which pictures were not the predominant features. There were Persian paintings of beauty, but they were outshone by the magnificence of the carpets, to which were given most of the wall space in six or seven of the galleries. Ancient pottery and goldsmith's work were also well represented.

For the Summer Exhibition of the Royal Academy, which succeeded the Persian Exhibition at Burlington House, ro, cos works were submitted by outsiders to the judgment of the submitted by outsiders to the judgment of the Selecting Committee, by which 8,403 were rejected, 3,497 were made doubtful, and only two accepted outright The Selecting Committee was composed of the President (Sin William Llewellyn), Mr Augustus John, Mr Lee, Mr. Kelly, Sir W. Goscombe John, Bir G. G. Scott, Mr. Munnings, Mr. Russell, Mr Dodd, Mr. Turner, Sir E Cooper, and Mr. Rushbury. The Committee of Arrangement for oil namines Committee of Arrangement for oil paintings consisted of Mr. Lee, Mr. Kelly, Mr. Munnings, Mr. Russell and Mr. Dodd. The arrangement of the watercolours, drawings in black and white, and ministures, was undertaken by Mr. Dodd and Mr. Rushbury; the architecture by Sir G. G Scott, and the sculpture by Sir W. Goscombe

The principal works sold at the exhibition were: "A Road above the Valley" (£125), by Sir H Hughes Stanton; "Seen in the Mirror" were: "A Road above the Valley" (£125), by Sir H Hughes Stanton; "Seen in the Mirtor" (£250), and "Girl Combing her Hair" (£250), by Mr. Harold Knight; "East Angha" (£253), and "Early Spring in the Wye Valley" (£253), and "Early Spring in the Wye Valley" (£253), and "Girl Combing her "Cupid's Mirror" (£150), by Mr. W. G. de Glehn; "The Hostess of the White Horse" (£250), by Mr. Lampbell Taylor; "The Darlings" (£250), by Mr. James Bateman; "Amiens" (£250), by Mr. James Bateman; "Amiens" (£250), by Mr. James Bateman; "Aniens" (£250), by Mr. Terrick Williams; "Nancledra. Old Cornish Village" (£260), and "Spring Evening: the Deveron, Rothemany, Aberdeenshire" (£350), by Mr. Russell Flint; "Delphiniums by the Lake" (£350), and "Lades and Gipsies" (£350), by Mr. Melton Fisher; "The Convex Mirror" (£100), by Mr. John Colher; "The Convex Mirror" (£100), by Mr. John Colher; "The Landlord of the Chequers" (£753), by Mr. John Colher; "The Convex Mirror" (£100), and "Jane Posing" (£200), by Mr. Melton Fisher; "Closy), by Mr. Mirrhead Bone, of sporting prints is colours, and of paintings and drawings by Cannille Office of the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colours, Paintings and water-colours by the late Mrs. Latlangue, R.A. at the rooms of the Fine Art Society in New Bond Street, where a fine collection of etchings and engravings by Durer, Rembrand and other Old Masters was on view in the gallery with the same of the Rickyard (£350), by Mr. John Colher; "The Convex Mirror" (£100), by Mr. John Colher; "The Convex Mirror" (£100), and "Jane Posing" (£200), by Mr. Mirrhead Bone, of sporting prints is colours, and of paintings of Spanish scenery Mr. Stanhope A. Forbes; "Composition in Prink and Green (£300), and "Jane Posing" (£300), by Mr. Mirrhead Bone, of sporting prints is colours, and of paintings of Spanish scenery Mr. Mirrhead Bone, of sporting prints is colours, and of paintings of Spanish scenery Mr. Mirrhead Bone, of sporting prints is colours, and of paintings and drawings by Cathene All Mr. Richard Sickert. Pain

Blonds Woman "(£175), by Dod Procter: "The Footstep"(£175), by Mr. T. C. Gotch; "Chateau Gaillard"(£175) and Mr. Alfred Hayward; "Loch Grogach"(£186), by Mr. Osmund Pittman; "Through the Goblin Wood"(£180), by man: "Through the Goblin Wood" (£150, by Mr. Noel L. Nisbet; "The Maiden" (£250, by Mr. Noel L. Nisbet; "The Maiden" (£250, by Mr. William T. Wood; and "Artemis—statuette, carved wood" (£160, by Alec Miller. Pictures marked sold, but unpriced, included "Soft the sunlight in Derby Dale," by Sir David Murray; "The Estuary—gathering clouds," by Mr. Arnesby Brown; "Jane XXXI," by Mr. Gerald Kelly; and "In my Garden," by Joseph Farquinarson.
Only one work from the exhibition was bought

Only one work from the exhibition was bought Only one work from the exhibition. The Birth of for the Chantrey collection, "The Birth of Vanua—three-quarter figure, Portland stone" Venus—three-quarter figure, Portland stone" (£1,000), by Mr. William McMillan. From other (£1,000), by Air. William Realitan. From other sources were acquired "Spring Days" (£300), by Mr. Henry Tonks; "The Green Dress" (£325), and "Old Batterses Bridge" (£325), both by Walter Greaves; and a watercolour, "St. Paul's" (£325), by Mr. Henry Rushbury, Several exhibitions of great interest were held

in aid of various charities the principal of winch was organised by Sir Philip Sassoon, and illustrated the period of "The Four Goonges." It included by chance, the first and last portraits painted by Gainsborough; and many other fine works by that master, and by Reynolds, Raeburn, Romney. Lawrence, Hoppner, Cotes, and in aid of various charities the principal of which Romney, Lawrence, Horpner, Cotes, and Canaletto. This exhibition was in aid of the Royal Northern Hospital; and another, almost Royal Northern Hospital; and another, almost as important, held by Messrs Knoedler in Old Bond Street, was for the benefit of the Cheyne Hospital for Children. This was composed of English Righteenth Century portaints of Children, among which were Lawronce's famous "Master Lambton"; Romney's group "The Leveson-Gower Children"; and one of the finest achievements of Gainsborough, "The Cottage Girl with Dog and Pitcher." Girl with Dog and Pitcher."

Messrs. Agnew made a new departure at their annual exhibition of watercolours by showing the work of Turner and Girtin in the same room with that of some of the more advanced members of the modern school. At the Leicester Galleries the most important exhibition was of work by Rodin, to the catalogue of which Mr. Bernard

years.

In the auction room the year was a dull one, and there were no dispersions of collections of works there were no dispersions of collections of works of nrt of the first rank. At Christie's, the pictures sold included a portrait by Sir Joshua Reynolds of the Hon. John Infton, £1,995; two by Raeburn, £1,575 and £1,265; and three by Romney, of Lord Aucram, £1,732; of Lady Wilhelmina Emilia Kerr, £,650; and of Richard Meyler when a child, £6,885. As Sothelw's one of the most important items sold Sothely's one of the most important items sold was the famous Italian renaissance pendant known as "The Canning Jewel," and attributed to Benvenuto Cellini, and the property of the Earl of Harewood. There was only one bid for the pendant, of £10,000, at which the hammer fell. At the interesting sale of the Pepys collection, of portraits silver, and relics of all kinds which had belonged to the famous durist, his portrait by Sir Godfrey Kueller, a half length,

in New Bond Street was shown a landscape by realised £2,752. At the dispersal of the late Gainsborough, painted for the Prince of Wales Arthur Severn's collection, which moduded many in  $x_784$ , which had been lost to sight for seventy relics and former possessions of Ruskin, Turner's watercolour sketching box, and the china palette last used by him, were among the lots disposed of. The palette was given to Ruskin by Mrs. Booth, in whose house at Chelsea Turner died.

Yery few new pictures were placed on view at the National Gallery. The principal were "Judith and Holofernes," by Giovanni Lias, presented by Mr. J. W. Dollar; a still-life study by the Dutch artist, J. J. Treck, "Pewter, China and Glass"; and a "Portrait of a Lady," by Terburg, bequenthed by Sir Otto Belt. The chief acquisition at the Victoria and Albert Museum was the Howard Grace Cup, long in the nuseum was the Howard Grace Clip, long in the possession of the Howard family and sold in May for £11,000 by the Duke of Norfolk. It was purchased by Lord Wakefield, who presented it to the Museum. At the National Gallery, Millbank, the year was marked by an excellent exhibition, held in the summer, of the earlier paintings in oil by Turner.

### THE YEAR'S MUSIC.

OPERA.

Although the long-established Carl Rosa Company did not find it expedient to give the customary London midsummer season, both Covent Garden and the Lyceum Theatre, where Russian opera was performed, drew full houses. The "Itosa" was missed, for its prices sunt those whose purses do not equal their enthusiasm, while the performances have long yielded "value for money." Inciden national musical asset. Incidentally, the company is a

Covent Garden commenced its season with the usual German works, and, if no representation actually rose to the heights, the ensemble frequently afforded satisfaction to captious listeners. Easily-pleased and ignorant musiccritics often found everything perfect:—those who occasionally ventured to instruct the singers (by pointing out supposed limitations) cut an (by pointing out supposed limitations) cut an equally poor figure. Some considered the scenery inadequate, though it satisfied their betters, others belittled the orchestra—and without cause. Meanwhile, the German season (a lengthy one) always filled the house; applause was unstitled; the manager and his satellites beamed. So what else matters?

The Italian programme included the produc-

peamed. So what else matters?

The Italian programme included the production of Romani's "Fedra" and the revival of Verdi's "La Forza del Destino," an opera which had its first performance in St. Petersburg sixty-nine long years ago. The musical structure of the Verdi work resembles that of "Un New Marchen" and if the white see the second seed to be seen as the second seed of the Verdi work resembles that of "Un New Marchen" and if the seed to the verdi work resembles that of "Un New Marchen" and if the seed to be seen as the seed of the verdi work resembles that of "Un New Marchen" and the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of Ballo in Maschera," and, if the plot is of the old-time, uninteresting variety, the music contains plenty of (what singers term) "fat," the baritone air being a notable instance. Ponseile, as the ill-starred heroine, enhanced her reputation; Franci, as Carlo, often thrilled one with the power and fine quality of his voice; Pertile, who did not sing in the best Italian style, forced most upper notes, and with the usual lamentable result. It must, however, be admitted that in result. It must, nowers, he admitted that in the effective duet, "Solenne in quest ora," he refrained from bellowing each Anatural. Italy has acclaimed Pertile as "Caruso's legitimate

successor"; his musical compatriots also have rashly dubbed him "a second Tamagno." He is "Fedra" cannot possibly become a success.

Despite occasional snatches of melody, the opera makes little appeal; indeed, one is relieved to find that Romani has confined his enterprise to a couple of short acts. The role of Kelra is un-suited to Poiselle's art, though irrepressible representatives of the American colony in London, foolishly anticipating something different, caused an enounous floral wreath to the handed across the footlights at the close of the initial performance. Formichl, as Teseo, was quite wasted on so insignificant a part; Cortis, as Ippolito, was ludicrously stiff in his acting, though he sang more or less acceptably. It would be illuminating to know why the management should have ridden for a fall?

management should have ridden for a fall? The outstanding feature of the "Gianni Schicchi" performances was the excellent singing and acting of Badini, who, in buffo parts, certainly has no superior—perhaps no equal. Heddle Nasi, as Rinnuccio, displayed a voice of pleasant quality, but with the usual (and fatal) suggestion of British throatiness; he would do well to grow out of it and suights (610). well to grow out of it, and quickly. "Rigo-letto," now eighty years old, "La Bohème," "Tosca," "La Traviata," and other things which please where novelties fail (and serve them right) were included in the repertoire. Each was adequately cast.

The dignity of Covent Garden has been sadly imperilled by a collection of inferior caricatures, representing men and women mostly of very little account. These unsightly pictures are permitted to disfigure the walls of the principal

staircase. An eyesore.

Challapin, at the Lyceum, quickly outlived the bad impression which he made at Covent Garden a year or so ago, when, as Mephistopheles in "Faust," this daring Russian took liberties with both the music and the character. His tone, as in the past, again was alive with emotional colouring; the manner in which he entered into the skin of a rôle might well have been envied by all singers; he—legitimately—focussed upon himself the attention of everyone focussed upon nimeer the accention of everyone in the house. Amongst the works given were "Prince Igor," "Boris Godonnov," "Sadko," which falled to please everybody, "Roussalka," and the last act of Massenet's disappointing "Don Quichotte"—with Challapin as the demented knight. Various ballets were included heard, several of whom, if extremely venture in the scheme, the worst of them being "Petsonne, lacked that complete equipment which is

Tuska," a very poor thing.

Opera has been heard elsewhere. Martin
Shaw's "The Thorn of Avalon," in which the
composer wisely refrains from mutating other
musicians, was produced at the Crystal Palace.
Purcell's "Dido and Æneas" in all the attention
of the Trinity College Operatic Class at the New
Scala; the Royal Academy of Music pupils bried
conclusions with "Suor Angelica" and scenes
from "Roméo et Juliette," and with the usual
results. Other academical institutions also have
thought it advisable to exploit the 1 yric druna.

#### INSTRUMENTALISTS

So very bold of them.

Renata Borgatti is amongst the several plaulsts who, new to London, impressed themselves on the composeent. The artist's rare musical insight, to which she joins perfect technique, made her interpretations of Vivaldi, Scriabin, Prokoflev and Schumann memorable. Tovey, who has long been identified with nusical life in London, afforded less satisfaction: the strange trick which he played with triplets was more original than correct At one of his recitals the planist was heard in Beethoven's Variations on Bighint's "Vient Amore," a composition which takes up nearly half an hour of the listener's time. Reducing the length of a classic may be a hethous offence; but, with all respect to Beethoven and to a musician of Tovey's standing, one can have too much of a good thing, especially on a warm June afternoon For the programme also included the Variations in C minor, the six Bagatelles and the E flat, F major and C minor Sonatas The many variations, in fact, bluuted the appetite of all except Beethoven's most devoted admirers. Schnabel essily filled the Queen's Hall, and if more could have been made of the Schumann Concerto, the planist's efforts did not lack applainse—which so often is bestowed in wrong directions. Mozart's (little known) c major Concerto met with the same fate, though Schnabel's treatment of the Rondo gave pleasure. In justice to so eminent a pranist, it must be pointed out that he may have been handicapped by the instrument allotted to his use. There are pianos—and panos.

The violinists were headed by Kreisler, who, amongst other things, played Lalo's somewhat hackneyed and unequal "Symphonic Espagnole," and with much of his old form. Helfetz, in the rather unnecessary arrangement of Debussy's "L'Après-Midi d'un Faune," Bruch's "Scottish Fantasia," the ever-welcome Bach "Aria" and Ravol's "Tzigane," displayed his accustomed technical mastery Fachiri and d'Aranyi joined forces in a recital for two violins Dushkin gave so fine a performance of Tartin's difficult "Trillo del Diavolo," that a young reporter, with Harmsworth leanings, drew a fiattening comparison between the violinist in question and Paganini, writing as though Paganini, who died ninety-one year's ago, and Dushkin were contemporaries. A little knowledge is particularly dangerous where nucic is concerned.

nary dangerous where music is concerned.

Notable, too, was the appearance of Viola
Mitchell, a newcomer from America, her tone
being powerful and distinctly appealing. Liss
Simpson, a Royal Academy of Music pupil,
made au excellent impression; her future, so
far as really admirable playing is concerned,
seems assured. Many other violinists also were

heard, several of whom, if extremely venturesome, lacked that complete equipment which is so necessary to success. While pleasing easilysatisfied and, therefore, ignorant listeners, they should have remembered the "clinel amang ye takin' notes," that highear of many a performer. Truly an inconvenient presence; even an unnecessary one.

Ogan rectals abounded, the most recondite suburbs having been favoured. In some cases, however, organists failed to make effective use of the stops; not were the compositions which they played always of interest. The year's music also has included the successful appearance of various 'cellists, while Segovia's guitar rectial, which held a special interest for those who understand this instrument, drew many sympathetic amateurs to Wigmore Hall. No double bass players figured as soloists; consequently, none can tell if a second Bottesmi has anisen.

#### SANGERS

Vocal recitals have been even more numerous than in former years, amongst the most notable being Saia Fischer's concert. For this particularly well-versed artist has everything that a singer can desire, added to which she brought with her an enviable reputation from the Paris Opéra Comique. Emmi Leisner, though inclined to make nuncessar; use of the portamento, accomplished much in Brahms and Schubert. Roland Hayer's voice apparently has lost its former beauty of tone; still, he knows how to construct an interpretation, a point which is greatly in his favour. Olive Rubens is greatly to be commended for dismetring "When I am Laid in Earth"; Bernard Friedman successfully tried conclusions with Schubert's "Prometheis"; Gwenydd Gatrell, in "Care Selve" and "L'Amero," exhibited a pure tone; Jan Glenne pioved himself to be a singer of distinction Lissie de Rosen's happy thought in reviving Montevorde's "Lasciatem morire" gratified her andience; Ritter Campi sang "Ah! Lo so' as Mozart Schulde be sung, though she occasionally phrased oddly; Elizabeth Schumann's breath-control, on the other hand, was a model Eleanor Toye's choice lighted upon the Intenst songs of Attey, Camplon and others.

Amongst the younger artists special attention must be drawn to Lesley Dudley, who, as may be expected of a Herbert Oliver pupil, is a singer of very considerable merit. A well-placed voice and musical feeling are noticeable in her equipment.

#### SUNDRY MATTERS.

"Hiawatha" and "The Dream of Gerontins," from which there is no escaping, were given in London and in the provinces; Vaughan Wilhams' "Sea Symphony" and other compositions by this industrious worker have been performed in towns both near and far. Brahms' "Requiem" had the attention of the St Pani's School Choir, and with grafifying results; Cheltenham kept up its reputation with suitable programmes; Eton and Wellington did likewise. The London Promenale Concerts achieved their usual orchestral success; Hull, Bournemouth, Manchester and so forth catered for the provincials.

Francis Toye, Goossens, Holst and McEwen have faced criticism with the fruit of their learning and musicianship.

The Lordon Stage.—Definite steps to meet the and Lawrence Hanray and Mesdames North by the theatre during regs. Several of the more by the theatre during regs. Several of the more balfour and F. Marriott-Watson). June 6. A knight Passed By, by Jan Fabricius, English production and lighting, the most important version by W. A. Darlington (Messars. Nicholass innovation being the development of the revolving stage, enabling speedy changes of scene and big sets. In one successful play, Late Night Final, which came from America, four distinct scenes were built up and shown at the same time, a novelty which went some way towards rivalling the rapid transformation on the film. The most ambitious use of these new methods was made at ampittous use of these new neutritous was made at the Coliseum, which, abandoning variety, scored a great success with a German musical play, White Horse Inn. For once, Mr. Noel Coward did not occupy the leading position among dramatists, although his Cavalcade, a remarkable series of pictures of the chief events of the past thirty-two years, with but little dramatic value. but a notable patriotic appeal, promised to fill Drury Lane for many months. Chief honours fell to Mr. John Van Druten, with three arresting plays—After All, London Walland There's Aircays Juliet—in each of which he displayed a real sense of the theatre and agift for natural dialogue. sense or the theatre and a guttor natural dislogue. The Barretts of Wimpole Street, by Mr. Rudolf Beeier, ran throughout the year, and The Improper Duchess, by Mr. James B. Fagan, produced in January, looked like achieving an anniversary. Mr. Edward Khoblock had a dual success, as adapter of Vicki Baum's novel Grand Notel and the admits associated that the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement of the stat Hotel, and in a similar capacity with the author, Mr. J. B. Priestley, of The Good Companions. A new woman dramatist was "C. L. Anthony," whose Autumn Crocus captured the public fancy while Mr. Ashley Duke's Elizabeth of England and The Midshipmaid by Ian Hay and Stephen King-Hall were two other notable successes of the year.

The following is a list of productions between Nov. 1, 1930, and Oct. 31, 1931 :-

ADELPHI, 4xx Strand, W.C. s.—(1920) Dec. 3. Ever Green, Mr. C. B. Cochran's musical show, by Benn W. Levy, music by Richard Rodgers (Messrs. Sonnie Hale, Leon Morton and Albert Burdon and Mesdames Jessie Matthews, Jean Cadell and Joyce Barbour). (1931) Sept. 3. Grand Hotel, adapted by Edward Knoblock from Vicki Baum (Messrs. Lyn Harding, Ernest Milton, Hugh Williams and Ivor Barnard and Mesdames Ursula Jeans and Elena Miramova).

ALDWYCH, Aldwych, W.C. z .- (1930) Nov 24. ALDWYCH, AIGWYCH, W.C. 2.—(1930) NOV 24.

Marry the Girl, by George Arthurs and Arthur
Miller (Messrs. Ralph Lynn, Tom Walls and J.
Robertson Hare and Mesdames Mary Brough and,
Winifred Shotter). (1931) May 25. Turkey Time,
by Ben Travers (Messrs. Ralph Lynn, Tom Walls
and J. Robertson Hare and Mesdames Winifred Shotter, Mary Brough and Ethel Coleridge).

ALHAMBRA, 23 Charing Cross Road, W.C. s.—
(1931) June 8. The Desert Song, musical play, revived (Messra, Alec Fraser, John E Coyle and Dennis Hoey and Mesdames Sylvis Welling and Elsa Palmer). Aug. 17. Waltzes from Vienna, operetts with Strauss music (Messra. Dennis Noble, Robert Holliday and Davy Burnsby and Miss Marie Burko.

Ashcroft and Joan White). June 22. Not, by André Obey (La Compagnie des Quinze from the Théatre du Vieux-Colombier, Paris). July 9. Mrs. Fischer's War, adapted by Joan Temple and Henrietta Leelle from the latter's novel (Messars Tristan Rawson, Louis Hayward and Neville Brook and Mesdames Joan Temple and Gladys Tudor). Oct. 6. The Obserts Husband. by Tudor). Oct. 6. The Queen's Husband, by Robert E. Sherwood (Messrs, Barry Jones Maurice Colbourne and Reginald Bach and Mesdames Grace Lane and Barbara Wilcox).

APOLLO, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. 1.—(1930) Dec. 22. The Private Secretary, revived (Messrs. Charles Walenn, Barrie Livesey and Fewlass Llewellyn). (1931) Jan. 29. Bed Rock, by Eden Philipotts, H. F. Maltby and Macdonald Hastings (Messrs. Ivan Samson, B. N. Lewin and Stanley Drewitt and Mesdames Zillah Bateman and Rosalinde Fuller). April 7. The New Gossoon, by George Shiels (Messrs. Barry Fitzgerald, Sydney Morgan and J. A. O'Rourke and Mesdames Sara Allgood and Moya Nugent). Aug. 5. Queer Fish, by Will Scott (Mosers, D. A. Clarke-Smith, H. Arthur Hardy and Denys Blakelock and Miss Margaret Scudanore). Oct. 12. There's Always Juliet, by John Van Druten (Messra, Herbert Marshall and Cyril Raymond and Mesdames Edna Best and May Whitty).

CAMBRIDGE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. 2 .- (1931) CABBRIDGE, ABBRIDGE CITCHS, W. 2. (1931) Feb. 5. Kong, by Harold Kingsley (Messrs. Oscar Asche, Lyn Harding, Godfrey Tearle and Geoffrey Davis and Mesdames Ursula Jeans and Dorothy Black). March 20. New season of Nikita Balieff's Chaure-Souris. June 2. The Sign of the Seven Dials, an "omnibus entertainment" (Messrs. Seymour Hicks, Billy Leonard ment "(Messrs. Seymour Hicks, Billy Leviness and Ronald Frankau and Mesdames Betty Stockfield, Renee Gadd and Elizabeth Pollock, Sept. 30. Elizabeth of England, by Ferdinand Bruckner, adapted from the German by Ashley Matheson Lang, Leslie Perrins, Dukes (Messrs. Matheson Lang, Leslie Perrins, A. Bromley-Davenport and Frank Vosper and Mesdames Phyllis Neilson-Terry and Margaretta Scott.

COLISEUM, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. 2 .- (1931) April; 8. White Horse Inn, adapted by Hans Mueller, with music by Ralph Benatzky and Robert Stolz (Messrs. Clifford Mollison, Jack Barty and George Gee and Mesdames Lea Seidl and Rita Page).

COMEDY, Panton Street, Haymarket, S.W. z.— (1930) Dec. 4. Twelve Hours, by John Willard (Messrs. Douglas Burbidge, Eric Maturin and Charles Carson and Mesdames Martita Hunt and Chaires Cairon and Accounter State and and Phyllis Thomas). (1931) Jan. 3. Hawk Island, by Howard Irving Young (Messrs. Henry Hewitt, Ivor Barnard and Hugh Williams and Miss Vers Lennox). March 12. Naughty Conderella, by Rene Peter and Henri Falk, adapted by Avery Hopwood (Messrs. Arthur Margetson, Reginald Gardiner and Albert Brouett and Mesdames Olga Vindo and Trens Russell). Lindo and Irene Russell).

AMBASSADORS, West Street, Cambridge Circus, W.C. 2.—(1930) Dec. 17. To See Ourselves, by A Business Marriage, anonymous (Messrs. W. B. M. [Delafield (Messrs. Nicholas Hannen and Maurice Reass and Messlames Marriage Reyler). (1931) May 12. The Hairy First Play, Bernard Shaws play, revived (Messrs.

Wilfrid Lawson, Gerald Lawrence and Charles Macdona and Mesdames Ann Trevor and Iris Baker). March 20. Mrs. Warren's Profession, revived (Messrs. George Bancroft and Wilfrid Lawson and Mesdames Miriam Lewes and Rosalinde Fullet).

Certerion, 218-22 Piccadilly, W. 1.—(1920) Nov. 25, General John Regan, George A. Birmlingham's farce, revived (Messrs. Fred O'Donovan, Sydney Morgan, Percy Walsh and J. A. O'Rourke and Mesdames Joyce Chancellor and Helena Pickard). Dec. 23. A Pair of Trousers, by Frederick Jackson (Messrs. Ian Hunter, Ivo Dawson and Hayden Coffin and Mesdames Alice Delysia, Cicely Byrne, Violet Vanbrugh and Grizelda Hervey). (1931) Feb 2. After All, by John Van Druten (Messrs. Aubrey Mather and Robert Douglas and Mesdames Lilian Braithwatte, Macietine Carroll and Muriet Aked). Aug. 27. Those Naughty Nineties, by E. Savage Graham and Romaid Simpson (Messrs. Maurice Evans and Lamont Dickson, Sir Nigel Playfair and Mesdames Thea Holme, Mary Jerrold and Helen Ferrers).

DALY'S, z-6 Cranbourne Street, W.C. 1.—(1930)
Nov. 29. Little Tommy Tucker, musical comedy, by several authors, music by Vivian Ellis (Messrs. Melville Cooper, Dudley Rolph, Gene Gertard and Leo Sheffield and Mesdames Ivy Tresmand, Rita [Page and Jane Welsh) (1932)
April z. The Belle of New York, musical comedy, by C. W. McLellan and Gustave Kerker, levived)
(Messrs Bert Byrne, Johnny Schofield, Patrick Waddington and Norman Page and Mesdames Kathleen Burgis, Dorothy Ward and Lorna Hubbard). June z. The Getcha, musical comedy, by Owen Hall and Sidney Jones, revived (Messrs. Coorge Graves, Geoffrey Davies, Char'e Stone and Dudley Rolph and Mesdames Stone and Dudley Rolph and Mesdames Dorothy Ward, Violet Code and Lorna Hubbard). Sept 29. A Country Girl, musical comedy, revived (Messrs. Dudley Rolph and Mosdames Dorothy Ward, Violet Code and Lorna Hubbard). Sept 29. A Country Girl, musical comedy, revived (Messrs. Dudley Rolph and Roy Mitchell and Mesdames Stephanie Stephens, Lorna Hubba dand Dotothy Ward.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Road, W. r.—
(1930) Dec. 24. Aladdm, pantomine (Messis
Lupino Lane and Albert Darnley and Mesdames
Ella Retford, Stella Browne and Nellie Wallace).

DRURY LANE, (atherine Street, W.C. a.—
(1931) Jan. 9 The Song of the Drum, by Fred
Thompson and Guy Bolton, music by Vivian
Ellis and Herman Finck (Messrs. Derek Oldham,
Peter Haddon, Bobby Howes and Allan Jeayes
and Mesdames Helen Gilliland, Marle Bunke and
Clarice Hardwicke). May 8. The Land of Sinites,
English version by Harry Graham of Victor
Leon's musical play, music by Franz Lehar
(Messrs. Richard Tauber, George Vollsire and
Bruce Winston and Mesdames Renee Bullard,
Hella Kurty and Lena Halliday). Oct. 2. Cavalcade, by Noel Coward (Messis. Fred Groves,
Edward Sinclair, Arthur Macrae and Eric Purveur and Mesdames Mary Clare, Una O'Connor,
Irene Browne and Alison Leggatt).

DUCHESS, Catherine Street, W.C. z.—(1930)
Nov. g. An Object of Virtue, by Edward Percy,
from the French (Messrs. C. V France, Horace
Hodges and George Curzon and Miss Jean
Forbes-Robertson). Dec. 16. Jane's Legacy, by
Eden Philipotts (Messrs. Colin Keith-Johnston,

Frank Pettingell and Henry Caine and Mesdames Louise Hampton and Barbara Gott).

DUKE OF YORK'S, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. 2.—
(1931) Feb. 4. The Rocklitz, by "George R.
Preedy" (Messrs. Dennis Neilson-Terry, Lawrence
anderson, Felix Aylmer and Norman V. Norman
and Mesdames Mary Glynne and Beatrice
Wilson) May 1. London Wall, by John Van
Druten (Messrs Frank Lawton, John Mills and
Henry Mollison and Mesdames Marie Ney,
Nadline March and Hoather Angel)

EVERYMAN, Old Drill Hall, Hampstead, N.W. 3.—(1930) Nov. 5. Masks and Faces, by Tom Taylor and Charles Beatic, revived (Mr. Lawrence Hanray and Miss Gabrielle Casartelli). Nov. 36. Getting George Married, by Florence Kilpatrick (Messrs. Brember Wills and Bruce Belfrage and Mesdames Louise Hampton, Isabel Wilford and Freda Lockhart). Pec. 32. Land of the Christmas Stocking, a Christmas play (Mr. Lawrence Hanray and Mesdames Marie Dainton, Betty Bligh and Shella Maloney). (1931) Jan. 36. Danger! High Tension, by Heinrich Neusser, translated by Oswald Skilbeck (Mr. Schastian Shaw and Miss Margaret Delamere). Feb. 3. Nucly-one Miles from Colombo, by George U. Cuddon (Messrs. Walter Hudd and George Hayes and Mesdames Josephine Wilson and Gabrielle Casartell). Feb. 19. The Wild Ass's Shin, adapted from Balzac by M. Crofton (Messra. John Wyse and Earle threy and Miss Bestrix Thomson). March, Phoenix, by G. Cvernon (Messrs, Frederick Peisley and Charles Mortimer and Mesdames Gabrielle Casartelli and Ellen Pollock). June 8. Facing the Shadow, by James Machale (Messra, Wilfred Shine and George More O'Ferrall and Mesdames Mary O'Ferrall and Kathleen O'Dell). Sept. a. Cradle Song, lay by Martinez Sierra, translated by J Garrett Undeihill, 10-vived (Mr. Hubert Harben and Mesdames Zillah Malcolm, Gabrielle Casartelli and Barbara Evelest)

FORTUNE, facing Drury Lane Theatre, W.C. z.—
(1930) Nov. 26. The Man from Blankley's, F.
Anstey's farce, revived by the People's Theatre
(Messrs Guy Newsll, Huntley Wright and Sam
Livesay and Mesdames Ethel Warwick and
Margaret Scudamore) Dec. 29 A Christmas
Carol (Mr. Robert Farquhar and Miss Sydney
Fairbrother) and A Pantomine Reheared (Messrs.
Ernest Thesiger and Tom Weguellin and Miss
Sydney Fairbrother) (1931) Jan 24. The Silver
Roz, John Galsvothy's play, revived (Messrs.
Edmind Willard, Lawrence Hanray and Hubert
Harben and Mesdames Nancy Price and Mabel
Russell). April 27. Bush Fire, by Harry Thee
(Mr. Charles Carson and Mesdames Nancy Price
and Mary Hinton). May 12. The Duke 26'
Kellerenther, Robert Marshall's play, revived
(Messrs, Jack Hobbs and Huntley Wright and
Mesdames Joan Maude and Holeu Verers).
June 10. The Ship, St. John Ervine's play,
revived (Messrs. Norman McKinnel and Martine
Walker and Mesdames Nancy Price and Jessie
Bateman). July 6. Measure for Measure,
Shakespeare's comedy, revived (Messrs. Baliol
Holloway, Henry Oscar, John Garaide, Bryan
Powley, James Dale, Sebastian Shaw and Arthur
Chesney and Mesdames Jean Forbes-Robertson
and Margaret Delamere). Occ. 1. The Great
Adventure, Arnold Bennett's comedy, revived
(Mr. Jevan Brandon-Thomas and Mesdames)
Maryot Lister and Lena Martland).

GAIETY, Strand, W.C. z.—(1931) Jan. 20. Blue Roses, musical comedy by Desmond Carter and Caswell Garth (Messrs. George Clarke, Roy Royston and Kenneth Kove and Mesdames Jean Colin and Vera Bryer). May 20. The Millionaire Kia, by Noel Scott, music by Billy Mayer! (Messrs. Laddie Cilff, Barry Lupino and Cyril Ritchard and Mesdames Madge Elliott, Vera Bryer and Gilly Flower).

GARRIOR, a Charing Cross Road, W.C. a.—
(1931) March 3. My Wife's Family, by Hal Stevens
and Harry B. Linton (Messrs. Ernest Lottings,
Hugh E. Wright and Harold Wilkinson and
Mesdames Alice O'Day and Kathleen Barbor).

June 16. The Bandats, by Henry d'Erlanger and L. Arthur Rose (Messrs. Dennis Neilson-Terry, Ben Welden and Farren Soutar and Miss Vera Lennox). June 30. What Woman Wants, by Walter Ellis (Messrs. Lawrence Anderson and Edward Irwin and Mesdames Renee Kelly and Elsie Craig). Aug. 3. The Life Machine, by Sophie Treadwell (Miss Mary Grew).

GLOBE, Shateshury Avenue, W. 1.—(1931)

Jan. 32. The Improper Duchess, by James B.

Fagan (Messrs. Frank Cellier, Hartley Power,

Frank Cochrane and Eugene Leaby and Mesdames Yvonne Arnand, Annie Esmond and Ruth

Peterson).

HAYMARKET, Haymarket, S.W. 1. — (1931) Jan. 17. Colonel Satan, by Booth Tarkington (Messrs. Frank Vosper, Nigel Bruce, Jack Livesey and Esme Percy and Mesdames Jeanne de Casalis and May Agate). Feb. 9. Supply and Demand, by Philip and Aimée Stuart (Messrs. Nigel Bruce blu may and Aimee Stuart (Messrs. Nigei Bruce and S. J. Warmington and Mesdames Mary Newcomb, Marjory Clark and Renée Gadd). March 3. Hamlet, revived (Messrs. Godfrey Tearle, Malcolm Keen, Ballol Holloway, Dennis Hoey and Herbert Waring and Mesdames Fay Compton and Irene Vanbrugh). April 8. Fice Examinas. by A. R. Rawlinson (Messrs. Wester). Farthings, by A. R. Rawlinson (Messrs. W. Graham Browne, Cyril Raymond and Gilbert Graham Browne, Cyrll Raymond and Gribert Davis and Mesdames Marie Tempest and Adri-anne Alleu). June 4. Marry at Leisure, by Frank Vosper (Messrs. W. Graham Browne, Alas Marie Tempest, Clare Greet, Mignon O'Doherty 12. William Mandaron Serie 46 Take Tyo marie Tempest, Clare Greet, Mignon O'Doherty and Elvira Henderson). Sept. 16. Take Two from One, by Gregorio and Maria Martinez Sierra, English version by Hailey and Helen Granville-Barker (Messrs, Nicholas Hannen and Marcus Barron and Mesdames Gertrude Lawrence and Peggy Ashcroft).

HIPPODROME, Cranbourne Street, W.C. 2.—
(1930) Dec. 18. The Maid of the Mountains, musical comedy, revived (Messix. Bertram Wallis, Bruce Carfax, Mark Lester and Jerry Verno and Mesdames Anne Croft and Billie Hill). (1931) March 5. Stand Up and Sing, musical comedy, by Douglas Furber and Jack Buchanan, music by Philip Charig and Vivian Ellis (Messix. Jack Buchanan, Morris Harvey and Anton Dolin and Mesdames Elsie Randolph, Vera Pearce and Anna Neagle).

His Majesty's, Haymarket, S.W. 1.—(1931) April 6. Saint Joan, Bernald Shaw'splay, revived (Mears, George Curzon, Lawrence Anderson, Lewis Casson and Robert Cunningham and Miss Sybil Thorndike). May 14. The Good Com-panions, by J. B. Priestley and Edward Knob-loch, from the former's novel (Messrs, Edward Chapman, John Gielgud, Frank Pettingell, Deering Wells and Alexander Field and Mesdames Adèle Dixon, Dorothy Seacombe, Edith Sharp and Margaret Yarde). Kingsway, 8 Great Queen Street, Holborn,

W.C. s.—(1930) Nov. 13. Wooden Shoes, founded by Beatrix Thomson on Ouida's novel (Messrs. by Beatrix Thomson on Ouida's novel (Messra H. R. Hignett and George De Harfaz and Mesdames Beatrix Thomson, Margaret Halstan, Prudence Vanburgh and May Agate). Dec. st. The Toymaker of Naremberg, by Austin Strong and Adrian Boss, music by Dudley Glass (Messra Frederick Ranalow, Lawrence Baskcomb and Arthur Stanley and Mesdames Vivienne Chatterton and Anne Bolt). (1931) Feb. 12. The Gay Princess, by Siegfried Geyer, English book by Harold Simpson (Messra. O. B. Clarence, Ronald Frankau and Scott-Gatty and Mesdames Helen Haye and Lull Hohenberg). May 4. Pygmalion, Bernard Shaw's play, revived (Messra Esmé Percy and George Merritt and Mesdames Margaret Macdona and Phyllis Relphi). May 18 Percy and George Merritt and Mesdames Margaret Macdona and Phyllis Relph). May 18.
Man and Superman, Bernard Shaw's play, revived (Messrs. Esmé Percy and Stanley Drewitt and Mesdames Maryaret Macdona and Alice Darch). June 1. The Heir, by Prince Antoine Bibesco (Messrs, Esmé Percy; and Robert Donat and Mesdames Greta Keller and Agnes Lauchlan). and mesdames dreta Kelier and Agnes Lauchian). June 15. The Age of Youth, by H. F. Maitby and Fredi Wynne (Messrs. Ivan Samson, H. F. Maitby and Morton Selten and Mesdames Iris Hoey and Winifred Evans). Sept. 24. Jane Eyre, adapted by Phyllis Birkett from the novel (Mr. Basil Gill and Mesdames Ann Wilton and

Lucy Edwin.
Little, Adelphi Terrace, W.C.a.—(1930) Nov. 11.
The Unknown Warron, Paul Rayna's play, revived (Messrs. Maurice Browne and Lawrence revived (Messrs. Maurice Browne and Lawrence Hanray and Miss Rosalinde Fuller). Dec. 10. Caviave, a revue (Mr. Edward Cooper and Miss Margaret Rawlings). (1931) Jan. 7. Betrayal, by Leonid Andreyev, adapted by St. Vincent Troubridge and Michael Hogan (Messrs. David Horne, Roy Malcolm and Evan John and Mesdames Flora Robson and Margery Phipps Walker). Feb. 25. The Venetian. by Clifford Bax (Messrs. Alaistair Sim and Wilfrid Walter and Mesdames Margaret Rawlings and Miriam Adams). Sept. 15. Off the Map, by Herbert Jones (Messrs. Edmund Willard, Richard Goolden Austin Trevon and Sam Livesey and Miss Lydia Sherwood)

Lydia Sherwood)

LONDON PAVILION, 3 Piccadilly, W. 1.—(1931)
March 19. Cochran's 1931 Revue (Messrs Bohly
Clark and Paul McCullough and Miss Ada-May). LYGEUM, Wellington Street, W.C.a.—(1930)
Nov. 8. The House of Danger, by Jack de Leon
and Jack Celestin (Messrs. Dennis Nelson-Terry,
Iyn Harding and Frank Royde and Mesdames Mary Glynne and Marjory Clark). Dec. 24. Mary Glynne and Marjory Clark). Dec. 24.
Robinson Ciusos, pantoninie (Messrs. George
Jackley, Charles Naughton and Jimmy Gold and
Mesdames Kitty Reidy and Constance Carpenter). (1931) March 9. Season of opera by Carl
Rosa Company, opened with Cavalleria Rusticana
(Mr. John Wright) and I Pagliaca (Messrs.
Hubert Dunkerley and William Boland). April 12.
Rotter Street Noal Coward's operative revived. nuter Sueet, Noel Coward's operette, revived (Mesdames Evelyn Laye and Ivy St. Heller). May 18. Russian opera and ballet season, opened with Roussalka, by Dargomijsky (Chaliapin). July 7. Nina'Rosa, by Otto Harbach, music by Sigmund Romberg (Messrs. Geoffrey Gwyther, Freddie Forbes and Robert Chisholm and Miss Ethellind Terry. Or 18. Separation, by Charles Ethelind Terry. Oct. 15. Semation, by Charles Bennett (Messrs. Lawrence Anderson and Arthur Stratton and Miss Eve Gray.

LYRIC, as Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. 12.—(1930) ec. 17. Toad of Toad's Hall, adapted by A. A. LYRIO, as Shattesbury Avenue, w. IR.—13339 Dec. 17. Toad of Toad's Hall, adapted by A. A. Milne from Kenneth Grahame's book (Messrs. Frederick Burtwell, Richard Goolden, Ivor Barnard and Alfred Clark). (1931) Feb. 3. Strange Interlude, by Engene O'Neil (Messrs. Basil Bydney and Ralph Morgan and Mesdames Mary Ellisand Claudia Morgan). April 6. Autumn Crocus, by C. L. Anthony (Messrs. Francis Lederer, Iack Hawking and George Zucco and Mesdames Jack Hawkins and George Zucco and Mesdames Fay Compton, Marie Aked and Jessica Tandy).

Lyric Opera, House, Hammersmith, W. 6.—
(1930) Nov. 15. The Toy Cart, by Arthur Symons
(Messrs. Frankin Dyall, Arthur Hardy and
Ronald Simpson and Mesdames Madeleine
Carroll and Margaret Yarde). (1932) Jan. 16.
Tantioy Towers, light opera, by A. P. Herbert, nusic by Thomas F. Dunhill (Messrs. Trefor
Jones, Roy Russell and Dennis Arundell and
Mesdanger Raphare Patt Frager Olive Every and Mesdames Barbara Pett Fraser, Olive Evers and Doris Woodsil). Apriles. The Duenna, Sheridan's comic opers, revived (Messrs. D. Hay Petric, Frank Drew, Eric Roland and Leo Sheffield and Mesdames Elsie French and Margery Hicklin). Advision of the Piper, one-act opera, by Herbert Ferrers (Hessers, Percy Heming, Harry Brindle and Scott Russell and Miss Olive Dyer), and The Fountain of Youth, comic opera, by W. Graham Robertson, music by Alfred Reynolds (Messer Percy Heming, Scott Russell and Harry Hillard and Mesdames Nellie Briercliffe and Margery Hickin). Sept. 18. The Old Bachetor, Congreve's play, revived (Alessis. Eric Portman, O. B. Clarence, and D. Hay Petrie and Mesdames Edith Evans, Grace Wilson and Diana Wynyard).

NEW, St. Martins Lane, W.C. 2.—(1930) Dec. 22. Charley's Aunt, revived (Messrs. John Mills, Arthur Bell and Ernest Holloway). (1931)

Jan. 23. To Account Rendered, by John Hastings Jan. 23. To Account Rendered, by John Hastings Turner (Messrs Norman McKinnel, D. A. Clarke Smith and Anthony Ireland and Meddanes Angela Baddeley, Mabel Sealby and Jane Milli-can). Feb. 28. Who Goes Acat, by Reginald Simpson and James Wedgwood Drawbell (Messrs Sebastian Shaw, Cyril Gardiner, Roy Finlay and James Raglan). March 11. O.H.M S., by Reginald Berkeley (Messrs. Evelyn Roberts, Athole Stewart and Charles Groves and Mesdames Edith Evans and May Agate) and A Seat in the Park, by Sn Arthur Pinero (Mr. C. M. Lowne and Miss Norma Vaiden). June 30. Sea Feber, adapted by Auriol Lee and John Van Druten from Manual by Manual Beand (Manual Pinera). FEDET, adapted by Auriol Lee and John Van Druten from Marius, by Marcel Pagnol (Mesars. Norman McKinnel, Keneth Kent, Maurice Evans and Leshie Frith and Mesdames Peggy Ashcroft and Mary Clare). Oct 15. Holtwood Holiday, by Benn W. Levy and John Van Druten (Mesars. Hugh E. Wright, Alfred Clark and Dennis Wyndham and Mesdames Jean Cadell, Kay Henrywod and Maruris Brocket. Hammond and Marjorie Brooks).

PALACE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. z.—(1931)
Sept. 17. Viktoria and Her Hussar, by Alfred
Grunwald and Fritz Lohner-Beds, English book
and lyrics by Harry Graham (Messrs, Harry
Welchman, Oskar Denes and Reginald Purdell and Mesdames Margaret Carlisle and Barbara Din).

PALLADIUM, 8 Argyll Street, W. 1.—(1930)
Dec. 22. Peter Pan, Sir James Barrie's play, revived (Messrs. George Curzon and James Wil-

pretation by the Habima Players. (1931) Jan. 29. pretation by the Habima Players. (1931) Jan. 29. Frailties, by Dhon Tithenadge (Messrs. Robert Holmes, Malcolm Keen, Richard Bird and Barrie Livesey and Mesdames Isobel Elsom and Henrietta Watson). Narch 20. Strietly Dishonourable (Messrs. Tullio Carminati and George Meeker and Miss Margaret Perry). June 25. Late Night Final, by Louis Weitzenkorn (Messrs. Raymond Massey, Eliot Makcham and Allen Jenkins and Mesdames Louise Hampton, Beatrix Lebmanu and Carol Georgies) Beatrix Lehmann and ('arol Goodner)

PROCADILLY, Denman Street, W. 1—(1931)

Jan. 8. Folly to be Birse, revue, by Dion Titheradge, music by Vivian Ellis (Messys, Nelson

Keys, Ivor McLaren and J. Albert Trahan and Mesdames Cicely Courtneidge and Mary Eaton).

PLAYHOUSE, Northumberland Avenue, W.C. z. -(1931) Feb. 7. The Pelican, by F Tennyson, Jesse and H. M. Hatwood, revived (Messis, Cedi Ramage, Derek Williams and A Bronley-Davenport, Sir Gerald du Maurier and Mesdames Gladys Cooper and Mary Rorke). April 16. The Church Mouse, adapted by Benn W Levy from the Austrian (Sir Gerald du Maurier, Messrs, Spencer Trevor and H. R. Hignett and Mesdames Sunday Wilshin and Leonora Bonda). May 21. The Crime at Blossoms, by Mordaunt Shairp (Messrs. Colin Clive and Ivor Barnard and Mesdames Joyce Bland and Andrey Cameron). Sept. 19. The Painted Ved, by Bartlett Cormack, from Somerset Maughani's book (Messis. Arthur Margetson, Lewis Casson and Martin Walker and Mesdames Gladys Cooper and Jessie Bateman).

PRINCE EDWARD, Old Compton Street, W. z .-(1931) March 16. Season of revivals of light (Messrs. Huntley Wright, Jay Laurier and Donald Mather and Mesdames Helen Debroy Somers and Marjorie Gordon).

PRINCE OF WALES'S, Coventry Street, W 1.—
(1930) Nov. 10 The Man Who Kussed His Wife,
by Donald Buckley (Messrs Felix Aylmer George by Donald Buckley (Wesers Felix Aymer George Barrand and Edward Scott-Gatty and Mesdames Iris Hocy, Kathleen Harrison and Helen Ferrers). Dec. a The Queen Bee, adapted from the French by José Levy (Messas, George Barrand and Guy Pelham Boulton and Mesdames Iris Hoey and Renée Gaidl). Dec. 56. Treasure Island, J. B. Fagan's adaptation, revived (Messis Ballol Holloway, Sydney Bland, Douglas Philips and Charles Groves). (391) Feb. 11 The Ninth Man, by Frederick Jackson (Messis John Longdon) Frank Royde and Rex Harrison and Miss Nora Swinburne). May 13. 'The Unforeseen, by "Honry Rex" (Messrs Edgar Norfolk and Robert Minster and Mesdames Barbara Hoffe and Clare Harris). June 16 Lover's Meeting, anonymous (Messrs, Evelyn Roberts and Gaston Cohen and Mesdames Renée Gadd, Vera Beringer and Mary Merrall). July 6 The Love Game, by Mrs. Cecil Chesterton and Ralph Neale (Messrs. Malcolm Keen and Frederick Peisley and Mesdames Marie Lohr and Mercia Swinburne). Sept. 22 Marriage à la Curte, by John E Lewis (Messrs. Harold French and Arthu Chesney and Mesdames Dodo Wattsand Grizelda Hervey).

PRINCE'S, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. 2.—(1930) Nov. 27. Oh Daddy' by Austin Melford, from the German (Messirs, W. H. Berry and Robert Nainby and Mesdames Heather Thatcher and ton and Mesdames Jean Forbes-Robertson, Mary Casson and Stella Patrick-Campbell.

PHCKNIX, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—(1930)

The Dybbuk, by An-Sky, Hebrew inter
Baskcomb and Dorothy Varick. BOYAL OPERA HOUSE, Bow Street, W.C. a.—
(1932) April s.p. Syndicate's season of international grand opera opened with Der Rosenkeralter, by Richard Strauss (Messra. Richard
Mayr and Heddle Nash and Mesdames Lotte
Lehmann, Elisabeth Schumann and Margit
Angerer). July 6. Season of ballet, opened by
Madame Ida Rubinstein. Sept. 14. Syndicate's
season of opera in English, opened with The
Bartered Bride, by Smetana (Messrs. Herbert
Dunkerley, Percy Heming and Ben Williams and
Miss Thea Philips).

ROYALTY, 73 Dean Street, W. z.—(1930) Dec. 9
A Marrage has been Dis-arranged, by Leonard Ide (Messrs. Brian Aherne and S. J. Warmington, Lady Tree and Mesdames Mary Newcomb and Betty Moore). Dec. 26. Number Secenteen, by J. Jefferson Farjeon (Messrs. Frank Royde, Ronald Simpson, Leon M. Lion and Anthony Ireland and Miss Fabia Drake) (1931 Jan. 29.
The Limping Man., by Will Scott (Messrs. Franklin Dyall, Ronald Simpson and Arthur Hardy and Mesdames Miriam Lewes and Eve Gray). Feb. 24. Money! Money! by Luigi Chiarelli, translated by de Vic Beamish, adapted by Campbell Dixon (Messrs. Hugh Wakefield, Leon M. Lion and Brember Wills and Mesdames Jeanne de Cassils and Heather Angel). March 30. The World of Light, by Aldous Huxley (Messra Aubrey Mather, Deuys Blakelock and Sebastian Shaw and Mesdames Fabia Drake and Margaret Halstan). April 6. The King's Messenger, by Frederick Jackson (Sir John and Lady Martin Harvey and Messra. John Garside and Wellington Briggs). May 27. Typer Cats, by Karen Bramson (Mr. Robert Loraine and Mesdames Edith Evans and Margaret Dolamero). June 23. Judas, by F. V. Ratti, translated by F. O'Dempsey (The Cambridge Festival Theatre). Aug 27. Black Magic, by Nests Sawyer (Messrs. Franklin Dyall and Michael Hogan and Miss Kathleen O'Regan) Oct. 9. The Immortal Lady, by Clifford Bax (Messrs. Alan Napler and Arthur Young and Mesdames Jean Forbes-Robertson, Mary Hinton and Neille Briercilife).

ST. JAMES'S, King Street, S.W. 1.—(1930) Nov. 26. A Murder has been Arranged, by Emlyn Williams (Messrs. Henry Kendall and J. H. Roberts and Mesdames Margaretta Scott and Ann Codrington) (1931) Feb. 17. Ettenne, by Jacques Deval, Euglish version by Gilbert Wakefield (Messrs. Emlyn Williams, David Horne and Stanley Lathbury and Mesdames Mary Clare and Una O'Connor). May 4. Payment Deferred, by Jeffrey Dell, from novel by C. S. Forester (Messrs. Charles Laughton and A. S. Homewood and Mesdames Louise Hampton, Elsa Lanchester and Jeanne de Casalis). Sept. 14. A Trip to Scarborough, by Vanbrugh and Sheridau, revived (Messrs. Ernest Thesiger, Edgar Norfolk and Bobert Donat and Mesdames Gillian Lind and Frances Carson)

St. Martin's, West Street, W.C. a.—(1931)
Feb. 10. The Man Who Pays the Piper, by G. B.
Stern (Messrs. H. G. Stoker, Frank Allenby
and Wallace Evennett and Mesdames Diana
Wynysrd and Hilda Trevelyan). April, p. Black
Coffee, by Agatha Christic (Messrs. Francis L.
Sullivan and Dino Galvani and Mesdames Reneé
Gadd, Jane Millican and Josephine Middleton).
Mayr. Lean Harcest, by Ronald Jeans (Messrs.
Leshe Banks, Nigel Bruce and J. H. Roberts
and Mesdames Diana Wynyard and Isabel

Wilford). Aug. 3r. The Young Idea, by Noel Coward, revived (Mesers Cecil Ramage and Arthur Macree and Mesdames Iris Hoey, Jane Millioan, Ann Trevor and Margaret Haistan).

SAVILLE, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. z.—(1931) Oct. 8. For the Love of Mike, farce with tunes by H. F. Malthy (Messrs. Bobby Howes, Arthur Roscoe and Alfred Drayton and Mesdames Olga Lindo and Viola Tree).

Savoy, Savoy Court, Strand, W.C.a.—(1930) Non. 7. The Only Way, by Freeman Wills and Frederick Langbridge, revived (Sir John Martin Harvey, Mesars. James Dale, John Garside and George Thirlweil and Mesdames Nellie de Silva and May Rorke). Dec. 5. Wonder Bar, English version by Rowland Leigh of Viennese comic opera, music by Robert Katscher (Mesars. Carl Brisson and Joseph Greenwald and Mesdames Dorothy Dickson and Elsie Randolph). Dec. 2s. Alice in Wonderland, adapted by Hugh Marleyn (Messrs. Basil Cooper, Hugh Marleyn and Robert Brandon and Mesdames Phylus Bedells, Joy Blackwood and Yootha Rose) June 18. Death Takea a Holiday, adapted by Walter Ferris from play by Alberto Casella (Mesars. Ernest Milton and Frank Allenby and Mesdames Celia Johnson and Mabel Terry-Lewis). July 14. Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, by William Senior, founded on Stevenson's story (Messrs. Arthur Phillips, Mr. J. Fisher White, Mr G. H. Mulcaster and Mr. H. R. Hignett). Aug. 2s. Mainight Love, by Sidney Horler (Messrs. Fewlass Llewellyn and Lawrence Hanray and Mesdames Grace Lane and Ruby Miller) Oct. 5. Salome, by Oscar Wilde (Messrs. Robert Farquharson, Robert Donat and Lawrence Anderson and Mesdames Nancy Price and Joan Maude).

SHAFTESBURY, Shaftesbury Avenue, W. z.—
(1931) Feb. 23. My Sister and I, play with music, adapted by Laurie Wylie, Brandon Fleming and H. W. Gribble (Messrs. George Grossmith, Joseph Coyne, Francis Lederer and Leo Sheffield and Mesdames Alexa Engatroem and Marie Dayne).

April 20. Mr. Faint-Heart, by Ian Hay (Messrs. Basil Foster and Clive Currie and Mesdames Marie Lohr and Jane Baxtei). Aug. to. The Mushipmaid, by Ian Hay and Stephen King-Hall (Messrs. Basil Foster, A. W. Baskcomb, Victor Stanley and Clive Currie and Mesdames Jane Baxter and Mary Clare).

STRAND, Aldwych, W.C. z.—(1931) Aug. z6. Counsel's Opinion, by Gilbert Wakefield (Messrs. Owen Nares, Morton Selten and Allan Aynesworth and Miss Isabel Jeans).

VAUDEVILLE, 403 Strand, W.C. a. — (1931)
March a. The Circle, W. Somerset Maugham's
play, revived (Messrs. Allan Aynesworth, Frank
Vosper, Peter Hannen and Sir Nigel Playfair and
Mesdames Athene Seyler and Celia Johnson)
July 27. Apron Strings, by Dorrance Davis
(Messrs. Kenneth Kove and Joseph Coyne and
Mesdames Dians Wilson, Ursula Jeans and Henrietta Watson). Sept. ac. Bive Sky Beyond, by
Keneth Kent (Messrs. Carl Harbord and Keneth
Kent and Mesdames Isobel Elsom and Drusilla
Wills).

VICTORIA PALACE, Victoria Street, S.W. z.—(1230) Dec. 27. Chelsea Follies, by Archibald de Bear, revue (Messers Naunton Wayne, Brian Buchel and Nervo and Knox and Mesdames Maisle Darrell, Pearl Greene and Lillebil Ibsen). (1921) July 29. The Hour Glass, revue by

Frederick Lamport (Messrs. Chic York, Terry Kendall and Eric Roland and Mesdames Rose King and Pat Kendall).

WESTMINSTER, Palace Street, Buckingham Gate, S.W. 1.—(1931) Oct. 7. The Austomate, by James Bridle (Vessra Henry Aiuley, J. A. O'Rourke and Harry Hutchinson and Mesdames Betty Hardy, Gillian Scaife and Flora Robson).

WHITEHALL, Whitehall, S. W. r.—(1931) Feb. 16.
Good Losers, by Michael Arlen and Walter
Hackett (Messrs. Ian Hunter, Francis Lister and
Eric Maturin and Mesdames Marion Lorne and
Cathleen Nesbitt). July 28. Take a Chance, by
Walter Hackett (Messrs. Ian Hunter, Hugh
Wakefield and Francis Lister and Mesdames
Marion Lorne and Ruth Taylor).

WYNDHAM'S, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—
(1930) Nov. so. The Mouthpiece, by Edgar
Wallace (Messrs. W. Cronin-Wilson, Enrlyn
Williams, James Raglan and John Turribull and
Mesdames Margaret Bannerman and Mabel
Terry-Lewis). Dec. 16. Snoky Cell. by Edgar
Wallace (Messrs. Bernard Nedell, Harold Huth,
Ben Welden and Roy Emerton). (1931) April 2.
Charles the Third, by Curt Gotz, adapted by
Edgar Wallace (Messrs. Ronald Squire and
Henry Vibart and Mesdames Peggy Ashcroft and
Mabel Terry-Lewis). April 22. Jack O'Lantern,
by George Goodchild and James Dawson (Messrs.
Edmund Willard, Paul Neville, Ivan Samson and
James C. Aubrey and Miss Zillah Bateman).
May 15. The Old Man, by Edgar Wallace
(Messrs. Alfred Drayton and Jack Melford and
Mesdames Frances Doble and Maisie Gay).
Aug. 18. The Case of the Frightenet Lady, by
Edgar Wallace (Messrs. Emlym Williams. W.
Cronin-Wilson and Gordon Harker and Miss
Cathleen Nesbitt).

THE REPERTORY PLAYERS produced at the Strand on Nos. 9, 1930. A Murder has been Arranged, by Emilyn Williams (Messrs. Henry Kendall and Whitmore Humphreys and Mesdames Margaretta Scott and Amy Veness); at the Piccadilly on Dec. 14, The Merchant and Venus, by Laurence Selwood (Messrs. Ernest Jay and Ballard Berkeley and Mesdamos Pamela Carme, Ruth Taylor and Kathleen Harrison); at the Pheenix on Jan. 12, 1931, John Brounds Body, by Patrick Hamilton (Messrs. Ernest Milton, Richard Gray and Edward Chapman and Miss Minne Rayner); at the Pheenix on Feb. 28, Something Strange, by Frank Vosper (Messrs. Henry Oscar and Arthur Macrae and Mesdames Kabla Drake and Una O'Counoi); at the Pheenix on March 29, The Arch-Duchess, by G. P. Robinson (Messrs. Robert Douglas and Cecil Parker and Mesdames Mabel Sealby and Renée Gadd); at the New on June 7, In a Garden, by Philip Barry (Messrs. Anthony Ireland and Ballard Berkeley and Mesdames Fabio Trake and Edith Sharpe); at the Savoy on Sept. 29, Just Another Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day, by C. Stafford Dickens (Messrs. Henry Day).

THE STAGE SOCIETY produced at the Prince of Wales on Dec. 14, 1930, The Bon onced Life, by Gladys Parrish (Messrs Alar Napler, Glen Byam Shaw and Alfred Harris and Messlames Mirlam Lewes and Clare Harris), at the Prince of Wales's on Feb. 15, 1931, Three Plats, by Malcolm Muggendge (Messrs Burry K. Barnes and Andrew Leigh and Messlames Susan Richmond, Dorice Fordred and Margaret Yarde); at the Prince of Wales's on March 23, Widovers' Houses, Bernard Shaw's play, revived (Messrs Barry K. Barnes and Cedric Hardwicke and Messlames Marjorie Mars and Phyllis Shand)

#### THE FILMS.

FOLLOWING is a list of some of the principal films shown publicly in London from Nov. 1, 1930, to Oct. 31, 1931.—

ACADEMY, 169 Oxford Street, W.C 1.—(1931)
March 30 Le Rou des Resquilleurs (M. Mormot
ton) April 20. Jean de la Lune, June 8.
Earth, Russian. June 15 Crainquebille. June 29.
The Passion of Joan of Arc. July 6 The Marriage of Figaro, German.

ALHAMBRA, 23 Charing Cross Road, W.C 2.—
(1930) Nov. 10. Dawn Patrol (Richard Barthelmess). Nov. 18. The Mystery of Lyfe. Dec. 11.
Under the Roofs of Pares, in French. Dec. 25.
Just Imagine. (1931) Jan. 12. The Return of
Dr. Fic Manchu. Jan. 26. Honey (Nancy Cairoll).
Feb. 2. The Dancers (Lots Moran). March 9. To
Oblige a Lady, British (Maisle Gay). March 23.
Kissing Cup's Race (Madeleine Carroll).

Kissing Cup's Race (Madeleine Carroll).

CAPITOL, Haymarket, S.W. I.—(1930) Nov. 17.

Her Man (Helen Twelvetrees) Nov. 24. Capitain
Clive, Bart. (Joan Bennett). Dec. 15. A Devil
with Women (Victor McLagleu) Dec. 39. Oh'
For a Man (Reginald Denny and Jeanette Macdonald). (1931) Jan. 5. Sin Takes a Holiday
(Constance Bennett). Jan 26. Lafe of the Party
(Winnie Lightner) Feb. 16 Plunder, British
(Ralph Lynn, Tom Walls and Mary Brough)
March 2. Her Child March 16. Dracuta (Fela
Lugosi). April 6. Third Time Lucky (Bobby
Howes). April 20. No Greater Love (Raquel

Torres) April 27. Charlie Chan Carries On (Warner Oland) June x Resurvection (John Boles and Lupe Velez) June 8 Ten Cents a Dance, June 23, Alin (Austin Trevoi) July 5. Always Good-bye (Elissa Landi). July 20. Subway Express (Jack Holt) July 27, Annabelle's Afjars (Jenette Macdonald). Aug 2, Flood. Sept. 14. Up for the Cup, British (Sydney Howard) Sept. 35. The Ghost Train (Jack Hulbert) Oct. 19. The Calendar, British (Herbert Marshall and Edna Best)

CARLTON, Haymulket, S. W. z.—(1930) Non. 24.
Animal Crackers (The Four Marx Brothers) (1931) Jan zz. How He Lied to Her Husband, version of Bernard Shaw's play (Edmund Gwenz, Robert Harns and Vera Lennox), and Monte Carlo (Jack Buchanan and Jeanette Macdonald). March 6. Morocco (Gary Cooper, Adolph Menfou and Marlene Dietrich). May 12. The Right to Love (Ruth Chatterton). May 12. The Right to Love (Ruth Chatterton). May 13. Neppy (Jackie Cooper and Mitzi Green). June 2. Tarnishad Lady (Clive Brook and Tallulah Bankhead). June 22. Dishonoured (Mallene Dietrich and Victor McLaglen). July 27. The Smiting Lieutenant (Manifecthevalier and Claudette Colbert). Sept. 28. My Sin (Tallulah Bankhead).

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Road, W. z.— (1930) Nov. 17. Swing High (Helen Twelvetrees) (2931) Feb. 27. City Lights, written, directed and produced by Charles Chaplin (Charlie Chaplin and Virginia Cherrill). June 29. Inducreet (Gloria Swanson). July 20. The Ludy Refuses (Betty Compson). Aug. 9. My Wife's Family (Gene Gerrard). Oct. 29. The Union Garden (Ronald Colman).

EMPIRE, Leicester Square, W.C. z — (1930)
Nov. 10. Our Blushing Brides (Joan Crawford).
Nov. 28. Compromising Daphie, British (Charles
Hickman and Jean Colin). Dec. 12. War Nurse
(Robert Montgomery and Anita Page). Dec. 29.
Billy the Krd (Wallace Beery). (1931) Jan. 2. Let
US Be Gay (Norma Shearer and Marie Dressler).
Lau 16. Launt Lad (Berlinald Denny and Grace Us Re Gou (Norma Shearer and Marie Dressler). Jan. 26. Jenny Lond (Reginald Denny and Grace Moore) Jan. 26. Pand (Loan Crawford). Jan. 20. Madame Sadam (Kay Johnson). Feb. 6. Mnn and Bill (Wallace Beery and Marie Dressler). Feb 22. The Bachelor Father (C. Aubrey Smith and Marion Davies) Match 2. Passion Flower (Kay Francis and Kny Johnson). March 23. Trader Horn, nature film (Harry Carcy). April 27. New Moon (Lawrence Tibbett, Adolphe Menjou and Grace Moore). April 27. Reducing (Marie Dressler and Polly Moran). May 25. Inspiration (Greta Garbo). May 18. Romeo in Pyjanas (Buster Keaton). May 28. Romeo in Pyjanas (Buster Keaton). May 25. The Outsider, British (Harold Huth and Joan Barry). May 29. Dance Fools, Dance (Ioan Crawford). June 25. Strangers May Kisk (Norma Sheaier). July 6. Daybreak (Ramon Novarro). July 13. Jailbirds (Laurel and Hardy). July 20. Neven the Twam Shall Meet. July 27. Shipmates (Robert Montgomery). Aug. 2. The Dancing Partner (William Halnes). Aug. 30. The Secret 6 (Wallace Beery). Sept. 24. Son of India (Lamon Novarro). Sept. 28. The Man in Possession (Robeit Montgomery). Oct. 20. The White May (Warner Bayter and Line Velez). Jan. 16. Jenny Land (Reginald Denuy and Grace A Free Soul (Norma Shearer) Oct. 19. The White Man (Warner Bayter and Lupe Velez). Oct. 26 This Modern Age (Joan Crawford)

LEICESTER SQUARE, Leicester Square, W.C. z.-LEICESTER SQUARR, Leicester Square, W.C. I.—
(1930) Dec. 19. Viennese Nights (Alexander Gray
and Vivlenne Segal). (1931) Jan. 12. Kismet
(Otis Skinner) March 1. The Sleeping Cardinal,
founded on Sherlock Holmes' stories (Arthur
Wontner) March 6. Crmar von (Richard-Dax).
April 6. Mullie (Helen Twelvetrees) April 20. April 6. May 25. Behind Office Doors (Robert Beau Ideal. May 25. Behind Office Doors (Robert Ames and Mary Astor). June 25. Cracked Nuts. (Wheeler and Wolsey) July 27. A Woman of Experience (Helen Twelvetrees). Aug. 23. Nully in Our Alley (Gracie Fields). Oct. 22. Rebound

(Ina Claire).

LONDON PAVILION, Piccadilly Circus, W. z.-1931) Feb. 16. Abraham Lincoln. April 20. Dreyfus, British (Cedric Hardwicke, Charles Carson, George Meiritt and Beatrix Thomson). Avalanche (Herr Rist and Fraulein May 20 Acadanche (Herr Rist and Francein Riefenstahl). June 28. Glamour, British (Sey-mour Hicks). June 25. Let's Love and Laugh (Gene Gerrard). July 30 The Flying Fool, British (Henry Kendall and Benita Hume). Aug. 30. Love Les (Stanley Lupino). Oct. 5. Hobson's Choice (James Harcourt). Oct. 29. Bought (Constance Bennett).

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION, Marble Arch, W. z .-(1930) Nov. 24. Moby Dick (John Barrymore and Joan Bennett). Dec. 1. Birds of Prey, British (Robert Loraine and Aubrey Smith). Dec. 29. Canaries Sometimes Sing (Tom Walls and Yvonne Arnaud). (1931) Jan. 12. The Chinese Bungalow (Matheson Lang). Jan. 26. Lightnin' (Will Rogers). Feb 16. The W Plan (Brian Aherne

and Madeleine Carroll). March 23. The Speckled Band (Lyn Harding and Angela Baddeley). April 6. Cain (Thomy Bourdelle). April 22. Song of the Alps (Luis Trenker and Marie Glory). June 15. The Lyons Mail (Sir John Martin-Harvey and Norah Baring). June 29. Svengati (John Barrymore and Marian Marsh). Aug. 9. The Millionaure (George Arliss). Oct. 19. The Mail Gray (John Barrymore). Mad Genrus (John Barrymore).

NEW GALLERY, 133 Regent Street, W. 1—(1930) Nov. 24. A Warm Corner (Leslie Henson, Heather Thatcher and Connie Ediss). Dec. 25. The Big Trail (John Wayne and Marquerite Churchill). (1931) Jan. 12. What a Widow (Gloria Swanson). Jan. 15. The Love Habit, British (Seymour Hicks and Margot Grahame). Jan. 24. Africa Swals Feb. 2 City of Swal British (Seymour Hicks and Margot Grahame).

Jan. 24. Africa Speake. Feb. 22. City of Song.

British (Jan Kiepura and Betty Stockfield).

March 9. Du Barry, Woman of Passion (Norma

Talmadge). March 23. Charley's Aunt (Charles
Ruggles). April 6. Tons of Money, British

(Ralph Lynn and Yvonne Arnaud). April 27.

More Than a Kass (Jeannet's Macdonald).

May 20. The Ringer (Franklin Dyall and Gordon

Harker). May 17. The Millionaire (George

Auliss and Noah Beery). July 6. The Prodigal

(Lawrence Tibbett) July 30. Tr Park Lane,

British (Dennis Nellson-Terry). Aug. 9. Seed

(John Boles). Aug. 23. Black Coffee (Austin

Trevor). Aug. 30. The Man They Condin't

Arrest (Hugh Wakefield). Sept. 14. Transatlantic

(Edmund Lowe and Lois Moran). Oct. 5. Himile

Wakes (Norman McKinnel and Sybil Thorndike).

Out. 29. The Happy Ending, British (Benita). Oct 19. The Happy Ending, Biltsh (Benita Hume and Ann Grey). Oct 26. Alexander Hamilton (George Arliss).

PALACE, Cambridge Circus, W.C. z-(1931)
March 27. Tell England, Anthony Asquith's version of Ernest Raymond's novel. May 3. Fra Diavolo, French (Tino Pattiera). May 15. The Birth of a Nation, revived.

PHENIX, Charing Cross Road, W.C. 2.—(1931) pril 22 Le Million, in French (M. Réné April 22

Lefebore).

Lefebore).

PLAZA, Piccadilly Circus, W. z.—(1930) Dec. 5.

The Spoilers (Gary Cooper and Betty Compson).

Dec. 25. Manslaughter (Claudette Colbert) (1931) Jan. 9. Grumpy, from the play (Cyril Maude and Phillips Holmes). Jan. 26. Love Among the Millionaires (Clara Bow). Feb. 2. Queen High. Feb. 35. Dereltet (George Bancroft). March 9. Her Wedding Night (Clara Bow). March 13. Feet First (Harold Lloyd). April 9. Tom Sawquer (Jackie Coogan). April 27. Scandal Street (George Bancroft). May 8. The Royal Family of Broadway (Ina Clare). May 13. The Chance of a Night Time, British (Ralph Lynn and Winifred Shotter). June 8. Rango, 1 jungle picture. June 22. Tilly of Bloomabury (Sydney Howard and Phyllis Konstam). June 29. Unfaithful, by John Van Druten (Buth Chatterton and Paul Cavanagh). July 20. Man of the World (William Fowell). July 27. These Charming People, from Michael Arlen's story (Cyril Maude, Godfrey Tearle and Norah Swinburne). Aug. 9. City Streets (Gary Cooper). Sept. 21. Tabu. Sept. 28. The Magnifoent Lie (Ruth Chatterton). Oct. 5. Murder by the Clock (Lilyan Tashman). Oct. 12. Silence (Clive Brook). Oct. 26. Fighting Caravans (Lily Damits). PLAZA, Piccadilly Circus, W. z .-- (1930) Dec.

POLYTROHNIC, Regent Street, W. 1.—(1930)
Nov. 10. Dussan, penguin picture in African
setting, by Cherry Kearton. (1931) Feb. 16, The Silent Enemy.

REGAL, Marble Arch, W. z .- (1930) Nov. 14. The REGAL, Marble Arch, W. z.—(1930) Nov. 24. The Temporary Widow (Fehrx Aylmer and Frederick Lloyd). Dec. 1. The Man Jum Cheago, British (Bernard Nedell). Dec. 8. Almost a Honeymoon, British (Clifford Mollison and Dodo Watts). Dec. 29. The Middle Watch. (1931) Jan 22. Cape Fortorn (Ian Hunter and Kay Compton). Jan. 25. The Woman Between (Gwen Nares and Adrienne Alleu). Feb. 12. Sunt Joan—The Mand (Simone Genevois). Feb. 23. The Love Hubt, British (Soymour Hicks and Margot Giahame). March 9. The Man Who Came Back (Charles Faniell and Janet Gaynor) March 16 Outward Bound. March 28. Poliphar's Wife, British (Laurence Oliver and Nora Swinburne). April 4. The Bat Wheppers The Love Habit, British (Seymour Hicks and Margot Giahame). March 9. The Man Who Came Back (Charles Fariell and Janet Gaynor) March 16 Outward Bound. March 26. (1931) Feb. 16 The Devi to Pay, by Frederick Poliphar's Wife, British (Laurence Olivier and Nora Swinburne). April 20. The Cronnal Code (Walter Huston). May 3. The Stan Game, from John Gilsworthy's play, British (Edinand Gwenn and Phylis Konstan). May 22. Kiki (Mary Pickford). June 8. A Yankee at King Arthur's Court (Will Rogers). June 22. East Lynne (Ann Harding and Clive Brook). July 6, Father's Oct 12. Merely Mary Ann (Janet Gaynor and Son. July 13. Body and Soul (Elissa Landi and Charles Farrell)

Charles Farrell). Aug. 2. The Man at Six, British (Charles Farrell). Sept. 14 The Maltese Falcon (Bebe Daniels) Oct 5. Reaching for the Moon (Douglas Fairbanks).

STOLL PICTURE HOUSE, Kingsway, W.C. a.—
(1930) Dec. 15. So This is London '(Will Rogers
and Irene Rich) Dec. 25. Song O' My Heart
(John McCornneck) (1931) March 2. On Approval (Tom Walls and Yvonne Arnand)

#### STATISTICS OF PASSENGERS PER DAY AT LONDON TERMINI (1:30)

			-		
Station	Number	Station	Number	Station	Number.
	;	i	;		
Liverpool Street London Bridge Waterloo Broad Street Victoria	135,000	King's Cross Euston Charing Cross Cannon Street Paddington	60,000	Fenchurch Street . Holborn and St. Pauls St. Pancias Waterloo and City Marylebone	50,000 44,000 30,000 28,000 10,500

# FASTEST TRAINS

The Fastest Running, without intermediate Stoppage, is made by the Companies as under :-

Railway	Section	Train	From.	To.	Dis-	Time	1PPRI
Great Western London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London Midland & Scottish London Midland & Scottish London Midland & Scottish London Midland & Scottish London Midland & Scottish Great Northern (Treland) Great Northern (Treland) Great Northern (Treland) Great Northern (Treland) London Midland & Scottish Cheshire Lines Commttee Southern London & North-Eastern London & North-Eastern London Midland & Scottish London & North-Eastern London Midland & Scottish Great Southern Irelandi London Midland & Scottish Midland & Great Not thern Midland & Great Not thern Somerste & Dorset Jt	NEGC West, Mid GN Call West GS & W G & S W G & S W G & S W G & S W G & S W G & S W G & S W G W G W G W G W G W G W G W G W G W	3.45 F M 9 x F M 4 30 A M 9 4 A A M 11.43 F M 12.57 A U 11.43 F M 15.26 F M 16 4 A M 15.26 F M 16 4 A M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17.50 F M 17	Polmont   Wigan     Dufftown     Kingussie     Belfast     Londonderry	Paddington York Nottingham I Nortingham I Nortingham Nottingham Nottering Reference And holder Insphere Insphere Manchester Brighton Folkestone Cent Cambridge Edanburgh W. St. Lake S Kittybrewster Aviemore New castle Ballinasioe Limavady June Peterlsorough Eyercreech Jct	111cm 77 3 44 12 26 41 8 22 6 6 41 8 23 8 39 7 8 31 8 40 2 24 6 6 40 40 25 3 31 6 6 6 11 7 38 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8	Min 67 43 22 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183	11 a 5 5 2 3 6 7 9 5 6 5 5 3 3 a 7 4 3 5 5 2 2 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

[•] And at 4.50 P.M Birmingham to Willesden Junct † Arkwright St Station ‡ Down and up \$ Sundays only. 11 And at 5 30 r.m. Newcastle to Belfast, Saturdays only in both directions. # Thursdays and Saturdays only

^{##} Fridays only. T Sundays only · newspaper train.

In a year when change and uncertainty were interest, under the general direction of the experienced in many departments of national B.B.C.'s Manchester station; and the other life the progress of British broadcasting provided (are national Programme a reassuring record of development and achiever from Daventry. This dual service began in July, ment. The British Broadcasting Corporation, which took the place of the old British Broadpropers, at Westerglen, near Falkirk, which will which look the place of the old British Broad-casting Company, came into being on January 1, 1927, and at the close of 1921 it had thus com-pleted the first five years of its existence. Its fifth year fully maintained the standard and variety of the broadcast programmes, and a detailed survey of the year's work would touch life at almost every conceivable point.

The popularity of broadcasting was demonstrated once more by the increase in the number of wireless licences. In 1928, the year's increase was a33,318, in 1929, 328,344; in 1930, 455,174; and the first eight months of 1931 saw an increase of 433, 193, thus making it certain that the full figures for the year would show a record increase. The actual number of licences in force on August 31, 1931, was 3,844,10s, including 25,428 free licences for the blind.

The financial position of the Corporation was reviewed during the year by the May Committee reviewed during the year by the May Committee on National Expenditure, which suggested a drastic revision of the scale on which licence receipts are shared by the B.C., the Treasury and the Post Office. The Committee's proposals, which might have seriously impaired the quality of the programmes, were not adopted by the Government, but the B.B.C. made its own contribution to the general national retrenchment in the autumn. Its greated to force inaugurated in the autumn. It agreed to forgo, out of its allotted proportion of licence revenue, a sum of £50,000 for the period up to March 31, 1932, and a sum of £150,000 for the following financial year. On the assumption of a continued increase in the number of licences, £1,000,000 of wireless licence receipts will be given to public funds during the year 1933-1923, while £1,250,000 will be actually devoted to 1 rc a leasting purposes.

#### GENERAL DEVELOPMENTS.

One of the year's developments which aroused considerable interest in I ondon was the com-pletion of Broadcasting House, the new B.B.C. headquarters in Portland Place. With nine floors and three basements, and twenty studios encased in a sound-proof central tower, Broad-casting House is a far more comprehensive building than the old headquaters at Savoy Hill, which were ingeniously adapted from a block of flats, a Turkish bath and a department store. Architecturally the new building has been compared to a buttleship, and its curving structure presents a slightly bizarie but thoroughly modern appearance. The trans-ference of the B B.C. to its new headquarters began in September.

As regards the actual programmes broadcast, a much more important development was the opening of the new high-power transmitting station near Statchwate, Yorkshire, known as the North Regional Station. This was part of the B.B.C. regional scheme, which is designed to enable as many listeners as possible to obtain a service of alternative programmes. Instead of receiving one programme only from a local low-power relay station, the North of England listener can now choose between two wavelengths which are used by the new station at Slaithwaite. One of them (479 metres) sends out the North Regional programme, which contains a fair proportion of material of local

progress at Westergien, near Falkirk, which will eventually provide an alternative programme eventually provide an alternative programme possible to cover. The introduction of the new slaithwaite transmitter caused a reshuffle of the wave-lengths used in the provious, the Midland Regional transmitter being given 395 9 metres and the Glasgow transmitter 376 4 metres.

There is not much to report about the technical There is not much to report about the technical development of broadcasting itself. Television is still in its experimental stage, and those who are following its development have had the advantage of receiving frequent experimental transmissions by the Baild process. These transmissions have been generally given from the Baird studies, but on August 19 a television programme of song and dance was transmitted for the first time from a B.C. studie. The for the first time from a B.B.C. studio. The

date may have an historical value in the future. Another useful invention which has made its debut during the year is the Blattnerphone, an instrument which records sound on a magnetic steel tape and can reproduce it either immediately or at any later time. An important broadcast item can thus be preserved for future use. The first occasion on which the Blattnerphone was publicly operated by the B.B.C. was in the second general news bulletin on Derby Day, when the running commentary on the Derby was reproduced exactly as broadcast at the time of the race.

### HEARING THE WORLD.

However good and admirable the B.B.C. programmes may be, it is inevitable that the widest popular appeal is generally made by what are known as "outside broadcasts." This phrase covers the broadcasting of actual events, speeches and ceremonies, and the delivery of running commentaries on those events which cannot be broadcast; and it is through the medium of "outside broadcasts" that the listener is enabled to hear the world while sitting by his own fireside.

A prominent place among such items must be given to speeches by members of the Royal Family and leading figures of British national life. An opportunity of hearing His Majesty the King was provided in 1931 by the opening of the Ilford Hospital extension, and the Prince of Wales, whose speeches were broadcast from several dinners and ceremonies, was also heard from Buenos Aires in March, when his speech at the opening of the British Empire Exhibition was most successfully relayed across the Atlantic. A few weeks later, when he was to address a crowded Manchester meeting on the lessons of his South American tour, His Royal Highness himself requested that his speech should be broadcast; and although his request was received only a short time before the meeting a transmission was at once arranged in the North Regional programme.

Speeches by the Duke of Gloucester, Mr. Ram ay MacDonald, Mr. Stanley Baldwin and Mr. Lloyd George were relayed from various ceremonies during 1931, and a notable (if rather recondite) broadcast was that of General Smuta's presidential address to the British Association. The addresses of Lord Butherford, Senatore Marconi and others were broadcast from the Faraday Commemorative Me ting in the Queen's

Hall in September.

Two ceremonies which the B.B.C. relayed from abroad deserve special mention in this connection. One was the opening of the Vatican broadcasting station on February 22, when listeners in Great Britain and all over the world heard the voice of His Holiness the Pope; and the other was the funeral service for Marechal Joffre at Notre Dame, followed by M. Barthou's funeral oration

at the Invalides.

Listeners were also able to hear the Trooping the Colour ceremony on June 6, as well as the Aldershot and Southern Command Tattoos; while events on which running commentaries were relayed from the scene of action included were relayed from the scene of action includes the opening of the new Shieldhall dock at Glasgow by the King and Queen, the launching of II.M.S. Leander, the Schneider Trophy race, the Royal Air Force Display at Hendon, the Grand National, the Derby and the St. Leger, the Kentucky Derby (an American commentary), the Rent Leger He Wimbledon Iswn-tennis the Boat Race, the Wimbledon lawn-tennis championships, the T.T. motor and motor-cycle races, the fly weight boxing championship of Great Britain, and a large number of Rugby and Association football matches, including the F.A. Cup Final. Unfortunately there is a good deal of doubt about the future of Association football broadcasts, for the Association football authorities have adopted the theory that running ties nave adopted the theory that running commentaries are harmful to gate receipts During the summer they decided to place a ban on all commentaries, with the exception of the Cup Final, and this part of the broadcasting service is therefore in abeyance

Relays from theatres and opera houses provide another method of extending the broadcasting service outside the studio. Operatio relays in 1931 were too numerous to be men-tioned in detail, for in addition to many broadcasts from Covent Garden during the international season and the season of opera in English, there were also a large number of operatic relays from provincial theatres during the tour of the Covent Garden Opera Company, Great interest was taken in the relays of "The Barber of Seville" and "The Scoret Marriage" from the Salzburg Festival, and of "Tristan and Isolde" from Wagner's Festspielhaus in Bayreuth. This was the first occasion on which a Bayreuth performance had been broadcast, and it was well received in England. It was also broadcast throughout Europe and in the United

States.

Although the regional programmes included a number of relays from local theatres and musichalls, there were very few theatre relays (spart from opera) in the National Programme during 1933. Excerpts from the Royal Command Per-formance at the Palladium, from "Little Tommy Tucker" at Daly's Theatre, and from "Folly to be Wise" at the Piccadilly Theatre were successfully relayed, and it is to be hoped that more theatrical relays will be given in the future.

### SPEECHES AND TALKS.

Apart from those which were relayed from ontside ceremonies, the talks and speeches in the rags broadcasting programmes fell as usual into two main classes—the isolated speeches, many of which were arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks arranged in groups or series, and the formal talks are such as the formal talks are series and the formal talks are series as the formal talks are series as the formal talks are series as the series are series as the formal talks are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series are series as the series are series as the series are series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series as the series are series are series as the given either by a single lecturer or by a number

of different speakers. Among the isolated speeches the most important were those by Mr. Ramssy MacDonald and Mr. Philip Snowden, in connexion with the political and financial developments of the late summer and autumn. Nr. MacDonald's speech on August 25, in which he explained to the listening world his reasons for accepting the leadership of the National Government, was one of the most arresting apecches that have ever been made before a Britash microphone, and Mr Philip Snowden's explanation of the British suspension of the Gold Standard was also of the first importance Other notable addresses were those by Mr. Snowden on his two Budgets and by party leaders during

the General Election campaign
Among other isolated talks of the year should
be mentioned those by Mr. J. II. Whitley on
the report of the Royal Commission on Labour in India; Sir Josiah Stamp on "A Thousand Million Saving Certificates" (in which he stressed the importance of sving, and attacked an opposite theory broadcast by Mr. J. M. Keynes a few weeks earlier); Mr. Bernard Shaw on Joan of Arc; Mr. Gordon Cyaig on the theatre; Sir Malcolm Campbell on his speed-record achievement at Daytona Beach, Mr. J. A. Mollison on his record flight from Australia to England; Sir his record flight from Australia to England; Sir Ian Hamilton and Mr. Compton Mackenzle on Gallipoli; Mr. W. S. Paley, President of the Columbia Broadcasting Company, on the present position of American broadcasting; Sir Oliver Lodge on "A Hundred Years of Science", Sir Landon Romaid on Melba; and Senatore Marchese G. Marcont on "The Beginnings of Wireless," Oddly cnough, this was the first occasion on which Marcont had spoken into a B B.C. microphone

The ordinary mogramme of talks covered a commendably wide field, ranging from the National Lectures, in which Sir Walter Morley Fletcher gave a fascinating address on "Biology rietcher gave a fast inating address on "1900gy and Statecraft," and Sir William Bragg discussed the achievements and influence of Faraday, to the fivolous series of "Idle Thoughts," in which Mr. Deins Mackall, Lord Ponsonby, Lady Diana Cooper and others discoursed a minbly on anything that came into their heads. Of the various sories which dealt with matters of national or interwhich dealt with matters of national or inter-national importance there were two which attracted particular attention—that on "The Problem of Unemployment," which concluded with statments of the Liberal, Labour and Con-servative attitudes by Mr. B. Seebolm Rownfree, Mr Heibert Morison, and Mr. Stanley Baldwin, and that on "Russia in the Melting Pot," in and that on "Russia in the Melting Pot," in which the speakers included Mi H. R. Knickerbocker, Sir Bernaid Pares, and Mr. H. G. Welle. Another political series was that on "The Effects of Tariffs on Unemploynent," in which H. Lloyd George, Mr William Graham, and Mr. Neville Chamberlain took part, and in the autumn Mr. H. G. Wells initiated an interesting symposium on "What I would do with the World." Subjects of tented descriptions.

World."
Subjects of topical importance were "Numbering the People," in which the Registrar-General and others gave a useful introduction to the taking of the Census, and "The Treasures of Persia," which coincided with the Persian Art Exhibition at Burlington House. The literary talks included Mr. J. C. Squire's brilliant series on "The Enjoyment of Literature," Mr. T. S. Eliot's study of Dryden, Mr. Bonamy Dobree's appreciation of Defoe, and Sir Henry Newbolt's

"The Progress of English Prose"; and among the other subjects discussed were India, British Mandates, Science in the Making, Chemistry in Industry, the Health of the Worker, Marriage Past and Present, World Finance, and the Pro-gress of English Music. In a series of talks and dialogues called "The World and Ourselves," listeners were given the opportunity of learning something about life in Finland, Sweden, Bulgaria, the Netherlands, Spain, and Czecho-slovakia; and the Sunday series included Mr. E. F. Carritt's "What is Beauty?" and Dr. C. H. Dodd's " History of the Bible.

Dodd's "History of the Rible."

The concluding months of the year saw the inauguration of a new scheme of talks programme in which the talks were designed to illustrate different aspects of one man subject.—"The Changing World." The early speakers in this ambitious scheme, which was intended to cover the whole of the whiter, were Professor Arnold Plant. "How Wealth has Increased," Mr. Harold Nicolson "The New Spirit in Literature," Professor H. Levy "What is Science?" Mr. Leouard Woolf "Can Democracy Survive?" and Professor J. Doore Wilson "Learning to Live."

J. Dover Wilson "Learning to Live." Although for six days of the week the majority of the broadcast talks attained a high level of seriousness there was some relaxation on Saturday nights The earlier Saturdays of the year provided instalments of a serial detective story, provided listalments of a serial detective story, which proved to be rather poor eutertainment, in spite of the efforts of Mr. E. C. Bentley, Mrs Agatha (hriste and others. A series of dialogues on "The Ideal Hohiday" was more entertaining, and a great success was achieved by the talks on "Escape," in which escaped prisoners of war, both British and German, explained how they had outwitted their captors.

Protry which has realwars hear under the captors.

Poetry, which has perhaps been unduly neglected in the broadcast programmes, was represented by a series called "Mosaic," in which music and verse-reading were ingeniously blended; and in an Itish programme on Sep-tember 8 Mr. W. B. Yeats gave a recital of some

of his own poems.

The regular talks of the year included criticism The regular talks of the year included criticism of music (Mr. Ernest Newman), drama (Mr. James Agate), general literature (Mr. Desmond MacCarthy and Miss V. Sackville-West), fiction (Mr. Michael Sadleir, Mr. A. Duff Cooper and Miss Clemence Dane), and the cinema (Mr. Francis Birrell). Intheearlier partof the year Mr. Harold Nicolson gave a weekly talk on topical events, and Mr. Vernon Bartlett continued his invaluable weekly expositions of international affairs. affairs.

MUSIC.

It is unnecessary to refer in detail to the broadcast concerts, for the most important of these were given in public at the Queen's Hall, and they belong to the year's music rather than the year's broadcasting. The B.B.C. Symphony Orchesta is now acknowledged to be one of the Oronestia is now acknowledged to be one of the finest orchestras in Europe, and the regular broadcasts of Symphony and Promenade Con-certs provided listeners with a large number of magnificent performances, in which many new works received their first performance in Eng-land. In the earlier part of the year the conductors who were engaged for the Symphony concerts were also responsible for Sunday evening studio concerts, but this system was abandoned for the 1931-1932 series. The B.B.C. also gave concerts in connexion with the International restival of Contemporary Music, which was held

in England in 1932, and Arnold Schönberg and Manuel Falla were among the conductors of its own interesting series of Concerts of Contemporary Music. The works which received their first English performance in studio concerts included English perioriance in sound concerts induced Frederic d'Erlanger's Requiem Mass, which was performed by the B.B.C. orchestra (conducted by Adrian Boult), a section of the National Chorus, and Miriam Licette, Astra Deamond, Frank Titterton, and Keith Falkner as soloista. In addition to the important Sunday evening

concerts, which were conducted by Stravinsky, Dohanyi, Ansermet and others, the innumerable studio concerts covered a wide range of classical, modern and light music, with the apparent sim of enabling listeners to hear as much as possible of the best music of the past and the present. Although the Symphony Orohestra is divisible into various combinations for the presentation of different kinds of music, the orchestral resources of the B.B.C. were extended during the year by the formation of the B.B.C. Theatre Orchestra, which devotes itself to lighter nusical requirements; and more lowbrow tastes were still served by the Wireless Military Band and Jack Payne's B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. Among the distinguished singers and nusicians

who gave studio recitals during the year may be mentioned Pouishnoff, John Coates, Maggie Teyte, Herbert Heyner and Paul Robeson, and although most of the year's opera was relayed from outside there was an excellent studio per-formance of "Kitesh," conducted by Albert Coates. Listeners were also able to hear relays of concerts by the Halle Orchestra, the Liveror concerts by the Halle Orchestra, the Liver-pool Philiharmonic Society, the City of Birming-ham Orchestra and the Hastings Municipal Orchestra, and frequent concerts were given by the now defunct National Orchestra of Wales. The Bach Cantatas, which caused endless dis-cussion of the "Do we have too much Bach?" problem, were continued on Sundays.

The dramatic side of broadcasting has not yet been fully developed, and at present there is a wide divergence between the sims of broadcast music and those of broadcast drama. Whereas the nusical programmes of the B.B.C. are designed to include a large proportion of the best music of the past as well as modern novelties, the diamatic programmes have too many novelties or second-rate offerings and make little appeal or second-rate offerings and make little appeal to the student of English drama. Apart from a good version of "The Tempest" (with John Gielgud and Angela Baddeley) and a deplorable condensation of "King John" (which even Robert Farquiarson and Irene Vanbrugh could not render tolerable), very few plays by notable English dramatists were given in the National Programme in 1931. Among the few were Marlowe's "Edward II," Galsworthy's "The Forest," C. K. Munro's "The Rumour," Clemence Dane's "Will Shakespeare" (with Laura Cowie and John Gielgud). Lord Dunsany's "II" (with Dane's "Will Shakespeare" (with Laura Cowie and John Gielgud), Lord Dunsauys "If" (with Henry Ainley) and Clifford Bax's "Midsunmer Madness"; and other stage-plays which were broadcast included Martines Sierra's "The Romantic Young Lady" (with George Grossmith), Bruno Frank's "Twelve Thousand," E. M. Delafield's "To See Ourselves" and Ian Hay's "Tilly of Bloomsbury." No doubt there are grave difficulties in the adaptation of ordinary plays for broadcasting, but surely some doughter for broadcasting, but surely some doughtier effort could be made to acquaint listeners with

the past and present masterpieces of English drama.

The dramatic novelties of the year included a number of plays specially written for broadcasting, such as Compton Mackenze's "The Lost Cause," L. Du Garde Peach's "The Path of Glory" and "The Mary Celeste," Felix Mendelssohn's "Assault on Piofessor Weltmann" and Holt Marvell's "Across The Moon," and a larger number of adapted novels and short stories. The most successful of these were Michael Talbot's adaptation of Leonard Merrick's "Little Flower of the Wood" and Cecil Lewis's version of Joseph Conrad's "The Rescue" (with Robert (with Robert or Joseph Conrad's "The Rescue" (with Robert Loranne), R. L. Stevenson and Lloyd Osbourne's "The Wrecker," Somerset Maugham's "Mackintosh," A. E. W. Mason's "The House of the Arrow," G. K. Chesterton's "The Napoleon of Notting Hill" and "Sapper's" "Raymond Blar—Purplead", "sure black!" Drunkard," were also adapted for microphone purposes, and scenes from "Handley Cross" were broadcast under the title of "The Conquer-

ing Hero."
In addition to the drama in the National Programme the Regional Stations also presented to their own programmes. The most plays in their own programmes. The most notable were Lennox Robinson's "The Far-off Hills" and J. M. Synges "Riders to the Sea" (Belfast), Githa Sowerly's "Rutherford and Son," James R. Gregson's "Young Imeson" and Stanley Noughton's "The Younger Generation" (North Regional), Miles Malleson's "A Man of Ideas" (Midland Regional), and J. O Francis's "The Beaten Track" (West Regional)

#### LIGHT ENTERTAINMENT.

The large quantity of vaudeville programmes which were broadcast during the year enabled listeners to hear many popular stage performers, some of whom adopted entirely new styles for broadcasting purposes. Two of the most interesting recruits were the "negro" back-chat comedians, Alexander and Mose, who were later revealed as the English actors, James Carew and Mills Rose to the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of the stage of th Billy Bennett; and Jeanne de Casalis created a new microphone personality in the ramblings of a hypothetical Mrs. Feather. A series of duo-logues between Jack and Claude Hulbert were another prominent vaudeville feature, and among other contributors to the many programmes may be mentioned Cicely Courtnerage, Loslie Henson, ne mentioned ticely courtnetige, Leslie Henson, Nellie Wallace, Bert Coote, the Houston Sisters, Clifford Mollison, Anta Elson, Ella Retford, Ronald Frankau, Ernest Thesizer, Isobel Elson, Norah Blauey, Harry Tate, Chick Farr, Arthur Prince, Wish Wynne and Melville Gideon, as well as such established broadcasters as Clapham and Dwyer, Mr. Flotsam and Mr. Jetsam, Tonmy Handley, Mabel Constanduros and Michael Hogan, Gillie Potter, Ann Penn, Stamless Stephen, nogan, Gilizabeth Pollock, Paul England, Pat Paterson and Enid Trevor. Performances by Sir Harry Lauder, Richard Tauber, Jeanette Macdonald and Nikita Balieff's Chauve-Souris were also given during the year, though they did not actually figure in the vandeville programmes.

While the average vaudeville programme had much in common with the work of the modern music-hall there were some pleasant experiments in the presentation of more sophisticated programmes, which were more skin to the original Continental cabaret than to any form of enter-tainment known in England. These programmes, tainment known in England. These programmes, which included such items as Lady Gregory's was under the auspices of the Central Council for "The Gaol Gate," a poetical guessing-game con-

ducted by Lady Tree, Elsa Lanchester's burlesque renderings of old songs, a musical setting of some of "The Bab Ballads" and a reading of some of his own verses by Captain Harry Graham, were obviously designed to make quite a different appeal from that of the ordinary B.B.C. vaude-ville; and the experiment is one which should certainly be continued.

Musical comedy and revue also figured in the B.B.C. programmes. The most important of the musical comedy productions was Gordon the musical comedy productions was corton McConnel's adaptation of the Continental musical comedy "Evelyn," which was presented under the title of "Rich Girl, Poor Girl," with Phyllis Neilson-Terry in the principal rôle. It was the first time that this production had been heard in England, and although it turned out to be quite a modest affair it showed a commendable enterprise on the part of the B.B.C. Other musical comedes broadcast were "The Consin from Nowhere," "The Gypsy Princess," and C. Denis Freeman's "The King can do no Wrong."

There was a plentif". supply of revues, ranging from the billion "Durantie". Bulleaut "Religional Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Company of the Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Constanting Co

from the bulliant "Pursuit of Pleasme" to Philip Ridgeway's depressing "Ridgeway Parades"
"The Pursuit of Pleasure," for which Lance
Steveking and Harold Scott were jointly responsible, was a delightful reconstruction of the various forms of popular entertainment of the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries, and it was certainly one of the best pieces of broadcast entertainment during 1931. In the latter half of the year Archie De Bear made a welcome appearance as a producer of microphone revues, and his "Listeners (which he wrote in conjunction with Reginald At kell) and "Crikey" (in which Robert Hale, Minn Crawford, Enid Stamp-Taylor, Auona Winn and others recalled some successful items from his own theatrical productions) showed that a gifted producer of stage revues can be a useful gifted producer of stage review can be a useful asset to broadcasting. Among other revues were Gordon McConnel's annusing "More Airy Nothings" and "A Plocadilly Dally," C Denis Freeman's "From Montmatte to Montpariasse" and "A Seat in Hyde Park," Graham Squiers' "B.B.C.—B.C., "Eniest Longstaffe's "Kiver Side-Lights," John Watt's delightful "Stop Press" and rather thesome "Au Lapin Qui Saute," McConnel and Watt's "Theatnescope," and L. Du Garde Peach's "Our Town"

The agreeably funtation unductions of E. J.

The agreeably fantastic productions of E. J. King-Bull, such as "Precession," "The Decadence of Terpsichore" and "Yes and Back Again," defy classification, as being not exactly drama and not exactly revue, but they made a distinct appeal to more sophisticated listeners.

### EDUCATION AND RELIGION.

The furtherance of adult eduration by means of cultural and educational talks is one of the acknowledged objects of the BBC, and in recent years a great impetus has been given to this work by the formation of discussion groups, which meet to hear the talks and discuss the subjects In the autumn and winter of 1930-1931 more than a thousand of these groups were formed, and two important conferences were organised in this connection in 1931. The first, which was held in London in January, was a which was need in Johnson in an author, was an atudent listeners; and the second, which took place at Oxford in June, was a summer school for the

also discussed at an international conference in Vienna in August, when Sir John Reith, the Director-General of the B.B.C., was present. A great deal of work was also done with regard

to broadcasts to schools. The Central Council for School Broadcasting, which is under the chairmanship of Mr. H. A. L. Fisher, and is composed of representative teachers and others engaged in educational work, entered its third engaged in educational work, entered its third year of office in 1931, and it continued its task of arranging broadcast lessons which could be used by schools to supplement the ordinary class teaching. The subjects for 1931 comprised world history, nature study, biology and hygiene, music, English, French, German, geography, rural science and speech training; and among the speakers were Mr. A. Lloyd James, Sir Walford Davies, M. E. M. Stephan, Miss Rhoda Power, Mr. Frank Roscoe, Mr. Harold Nicolson, Mr. Gerald Heard, Mr. S. P. B. Mais, Mr. Eric Parker and Professor Winifred Cullis. Winifred Cullis.

The attitude of the Church of England towards broadcasting was discussed at the Convocation of Canterbury in January, when the Joint Com-mittee on the Religious Value of Broadcast Services placed on record its "grateful appreciation of the debt which was owed to the British Broadcasting Corporation for its determination that religion should be given its due and proper place in its programme as a whole." In addition pusce in its programme as a whole." In addition to the morning studio service and the Sunday evening services, which were relayed from places of worship all over the country (the various denominations being represented in turn), a series of short Thursday evening services was begun in October. These services, which were initiated as being appropriate to the national emergency, were taken from St. Michael a Chaefer emergency, were taken from St. Michael s, Chester Square, London.

During the year an important change was made in the membership of the B.B.C.'s Religious Advisory Committee, with the result that three leading Nonconformist bodies are now directly represented on the Committee. Members of the Regional Advisory Committee were also incorporated in the central body, which has thus been provided with greater variety of membership and brought into closer touch with the provinces.

MISCELLANEOUS The deaths of Sir William Bull, Sir Laming Worthington-Evans and Mr. Vernon Hartshorn during 1931 robbed the B.B.C. of three men who were closely connected with the carly struggles of British Broadcasting. Sir William Bull was Vice-Chairman of the old British Broadcasting supreme broadcast story-teller.

Company, whose functions were taken over by the present Corporation in 1936; Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, while holding office as Post-master-General, was largely responsible for the efficient development of the licensing system; and Mr. Vernon Hartshorn, who was Postmaster-

and Mr. Vernon Hartsnorn, who was resumasted eneral in 1923-1924, first authorised the broadcasting of controversial political speeches.

Although the conduct of the B.B.C. does not often engage the attention of Parliament, an important debate on the Corporation's policy took place in the House of Lords in March, when the Parliam who was the result of the whitery was the Earl of Radnor, who raised the subject, suggested that the B.B.C. programmes seemed to indicate a tendency to try to educate the people of Great Britain towards Socialism, and even towards Communism. He was answered by Lord Gainford, Vice-Chairman of the B.B.C., and Lord Crawford, Lord Astor and Lord Poissonby also defended the Corporation against the charge of political bias. Lord Radnor eventually with-drew his motion, with the admission that the general opinion appeared to be that the B.B.C. could not be better.

Sir John Reith, the Director-General of the B.B C., paid a visit to the United States in 1931, in the course of which he gave an address in New York to the National Advisory Council on Radio in Education.

At the general assembly of the International Broadcasting Union, held at Lausanne in June, Vice-Admiral C. D. Carpenda'e, the Controller of the B.B.C., was re-elected President for 1931-1932

A newspaper ballot which was held in 1931 gave vaudeville, dance music, and news as the three most popular items in the b.B.C. programmes.

A survey of European wireless licences at the end of 1930 showed that Great Britain occupied third place, with regard to the relation of the number of its receiving sets to the total population Denmark was first and Sweden second.

In the later months of the year a rearrangement of programme timing was accompanied by an extension of the time devoted to bulletins for farmers.

A programme item called "Crisis in Spain" was the first British attempt to give a broadcast impression of a recent political event. Though the innovation was not entirely successful, its further developments should prove interesting.

Mr. A. J. Alan's infrequent appearances before the microphone enhanced his reputation as the

#### LONGEST RAILWAY STATION PLATFORMS.

New Lucknow Str. E.I.R., India. Manchester, Victoria-Exchange, L.M.S.R. Bezwada, M. & S.M.R., India. Jhansi, G.I.P.B., India. Kotri, N.W.R., India. Mandalay, Burma Riya, Burma Bournemouth (Central), S.R	2,250 2,194 2,100 2,025 1 895 1,788 1,748	Trichinopoly, S.I.R., India.  Ranaghat, E. B.R., India.  Crewe, L. M.S.R.  Victoria, London, S.R.  Dakor, B.B. & C.I.R., India.  Newcastle (Central), L.N.E.R.	Foot 1,57; 2,68c 1,59c 1,50c 1,50c 1,50c 1,47c 1,38c 1,38c
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The text of the Abnormal Importations (Customs Duties) Bill was issued on November 17, 1931. The measure was backed by Mr. Runciman (Chancellor of the Exchequer), Major Elliott (Financial Secretary to the Treasury), Major Hore-Belisha (Parliamentary Secretary, Board of Trade), and Sir Thomas Inskip (Solicitor-General). It consists of seven clauses as follows:—

- I.—(x) If the Board of Trade are satisfied that articles of any class or description comprised in Class III. of the Import and Export List issued under the authority of the Treasury and the Commissioners of Customs and Excise for the year 1931 are being imported into the United Kingdom in abnormal quantities, it shall be lawful for the Board, with the concurrence of the Treasury, by Order to apply this Act to articles of that class or description.
- (a) An Order made under this section shall be laid before the Commons House of Parliament so soon as may be after it is made, and shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of as days from the date upon which it was made unless at some time before the expiration of that period it has been approved by a resolution passed by that Mouse.—
- Provided that in teckoning any such period of a8 days, as aforesaid, no account shall be taken of any time during which Parliament is dissolved or protogned or during which the Commons House is adjourned for more than four days.
- (3) An Order so made may be varied or revoked by a subsequent Order made in the like manner and subject to the like provisions
- II—(z) Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall, on the importation into the United Kingdom of articles of any class or description to which, by virtue of an Order made under the last preceding section, this Act for the time being applies, be charged thereon such duties of Customs as may be specified in the Order not exceeding 100 per cent. of the value of the articles.
- (a) No articles which are Empire products within the meaning of that expression as used in sub-section (x) of section 8 of the Finance Act, 1919, shall be chargeable with duty under this Act
- (3) Any duty chargeable under this Act on any article shall be charged in addition to any other duties of Customs chargeable on that article.
- III.—(1) The value of any imported articles for the purposes of this Act shall be taken to be the price which an importer would give for the articles if the articles were delivered to him freight and insurance paid, in bond at the port of importation, and duty shall be paid on that value as fixed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise.
- (a) The Commissioners of Customs and Excise may make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this section and in particular for requiring any person con-

- cerned with the importation of articles into the United Kingdom to furnish to the Commissioners in such form as they may require such information as is in their opinion necessary for a proper valuation of the articles, and to produce any books of account or other documents of whatever nature relating to the purchase, importation, or re-sale of the articles by that person
- (3) If any person contravenes or fails to comply with any regulations made under this section he shall in respect of each offence be hable to a customs penalty of £50.

#### I\ .-If-

- (a) any dispute arises whether any articles imported into the United Kingdom are articles specified in an Order made under this Act, on
- (b) in accertaining the proper rate of duty chargeable on any articles under this Act, any dispute arises as to the value of the articles;

the question shall be referred to the arbitration of a referce appointed by the Lord Chancellor, who shall not be an official of any Government department, and the decision of the referee with respect to the matter in dispute shall be final and conclusive, and sections thirty and thirty-one of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, shall apply as if the dispute were such a dispute as is referred to in the said sections thirty, with the substitution of the application for a reference to a referee under this section for the action or suit mentioned in those sections.

- V—Subject to compliance with such conditions as to the security for the re-exportation of the articles as the Commissioners of Customs and Eccise may impose, this Art shall not apply to articles imported for exportation after transit through the United Kingdom or by way of trans-shipment.
- VI —Anything anthorised under this Act to be done by the Board of Trade may be done by the President of the Board, or, in his absence, by a Secretary of State.
- VII.—(z) This Act may be cited as the Abnormal Importations (Customs Duties) Act, 1931.
- (a) In this Act the expression "the United Kingdom" does not include the Isle of Man.
- (3) This Act shall continue m force for a period of six months and no longer.

### L'ACADÉMIE FRANÇAISE.

THE FRENCH ACADEMY is composed of 40 members, elected for life, and is the highest of the five Academies constituting l'Institut de France (Secretary of the Institute, M. Robert Regnier). The Academy was founded by Cardmal Richelieu in 1635 and re-organized in 1816. The special object of the Academy is the composition of a Historical Dictionary of the French Language, and its members, "The Forty Immortals," are as follows:—

	400 44	ombers, The Porty Immortant, Ere	COO TOTAL	,,,,,,		
	Elect	ed Name	Born	Electo	d Name.	Born.
1	1804	Paul Bourget	x852	1922	Pierre de Nolhac	x859
į	x897	Gabriel Hanotaux	1852	1922	Georges Goyau	186a
ı	1898	Henri Emile Lavedan	x850	IOSS	Henri Bremond	x865
1	1903	René Bazin	x853	1033	Edonard Estaunié	x862
1	1907	Maurice Donnay			Henri Robert	
ı	1909	Raymond Poincaré	x860	1024	Camille Jullian	186g
1	1909	Eugène Brieux	*ReR	1024	Georges Lecomte	
1	1909	René Doumic			Emile Picard	x856
1	1909	Marcel Prévost			Albert Besnard	1849
1	ISII	Hemi de Regnier	x864		A. de Caumont (Duc de la Force)	1878
ł	IQIS	Maréchal Lyautey	1854		Louis Bertrand	
1	XOX4	Pierre de la Gorce	1846		Paul Valéry	
ł	1914	Henri Bergson			Abel Hermant	x86a
1	zoz8	Maréchal Joffre			Emile Male	x86z
ĺ	rg18	Louis Barthou	186a	1927	Louis Madelin	
l	ror8	Alfred Baudrillart	1850		Maurice Paléologue	
l	1918	Jules Cambon	1845		Maréchal Pétain	x856
1	toro	Hemi Bordeaux			Charles de Gottic	1863
1	1020	Joseph Bédier			André Chaumeix	
1	1980	Louis Chevillon	1864		Général Weygand	

The four other Academies are :-

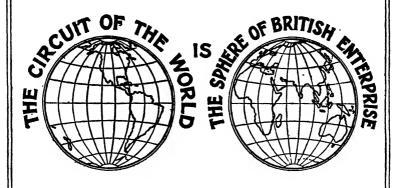
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ACADEMIE DES SCIENCES, founded 1666, divided political economy), founded in 1832, 40 members,

ACADÉMIE DES BEAUX-ARTS, 5 sections, comprising 40 members, as follows—painting, 14 of honoury members and of national foreign members; soulpture, 8; architecture, 8; engraving, 4; musical composition, 6.

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# PUBLIC SCHOOLS' SCHOLARSHIPS.

## BISHOP'S STORT-FORD COLLEGE, HERTS.

An Examination will be held in June, 1932, for Open Scholarships varying from £50 to £30 per annum. Candidates must be under 14 on August 31st. Allowance is made for age. Apply to THE HEAD MASTER, THE COLLEGE, BISHOP'S STORTFORD, HERTS.

## DEAN CLOSE SCHOOL, CHELTENHAM.

An Examination will be held on 9th and 10th June, 1932, for about six Scholarships varying from £30 to £25 per annum. Exhibitions of £30 per annum are available each term for sons of Clergy. Applications to HEAD MASTER (P. BOLTON, M.A.).

# RYDAL SCHOOL, COLWYN BAY.

An Examination will be held in June, when Scholarships and Exhibitions varying in value from £30 to £20 will be offered. Candidates must be under 14½ years on June 1st, There are valuable Leaving Exhibitions—Large Engineering Workshops and Biological Laboratories. Boys may take their 1st M.B fr.m School—Particulars and Prospectus from the Head Master, Rydal School, Colwyn Bay.

## EXETER SCHOOL, EXETER.

The Entrance Scholarship Examination will be held in July. Four Scholarships (£40 to £10) may be offered. One Exhibition for sons of clergy, and snother for sons of officers who have fallen in the War, are offered for competition as vacancies occur. University Endowment, £600 a year. Apply to JOHN L. ANDREWS, HEAD MASTER, EXETER SCHOOL, EXETER.

# KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL, WIMBLEDON COMMON,

An Examination is held in June. Candidates for Senior Scholarships must be under 16, and for Junior Scholarships under 14, on May 1st. The value of the Scholarships depends upon the Standard attained, but never exceeds the amount of Tuition Fees (£39 per annum). See "Public Schools' Year Book."

# For INDEX to SCHOOLS and COLLEGES

see opposite page.

# West Buckland School

Barnstaple, N. Devon

Head Master— Rev. E. C. HARRIES, M.A.

A PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR PROFESSIONAL AND MIDDLE-CLASS PROPLE.

Aim—To prepare Boys for Universities, Services, Professional and Commercial careers. Many recent successes for Army entrance.

Situation—Entirely rural, elevation 650 feet. Most healthy.

Building—Suitably adapted for 150 Boys (Boarders).

Athletics — Encouraged. 20 acres. Officers Training Corps.

India and Colonics.—Boys met. Entire charge taken.

Entrance Scholarships awarded for September Term.

Fees-£66 per annum.

## Ellerslie

## Bickington, Barnstaple, North Devon

Mr. R. G. F. BEALE

PREPARATORE FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
AND DARTMOUTH

Ellerslie is situated on a hill facing south, and stands in 12 acros of grounds, which include two Playing Fields, a 9-hole Golf Course, Tennis Courts, a Gymnasium, a Carpenter's Shop, a Swimming Bath, and a Sanatorium.

The domestic arrangements and the health of the boys are under the personal supervision of Mrs. Beale, assisted by a Matron.

Entire charge can be taken of Pupils whose Parents reside abroad.

Prospectus and References on application.

# **Beccles College**

Suffolk

Patrons-The Rt. Hon. The Earl of Stradbroke; Sir R. Shafto Adair, Bt.

Principal-

E. HARVEY, M.A. (Cantab.).

The College is beautifully situated in its own grounds of 38 acres, and is fitted with every modern convenience, including central heating. It is within 2½ hours' journey of London, with through trains from Livernool Street.

An excellent modern education is given, with preparation for the Cambridge University Examinations.

The College has extensive connections with parents resident in India and on the Continent, and yearly receives students from the principal European countries for the purpose of following the special English Course.

The diet is excellent in quality and generous in quantity. An unlimited amount of fresh vegetables and fruit is obtainable from the kitchen garden and orchards.

Games played are Football, Hockey, and Cricket, whilst there are two Tennis Courts and a Squash Racquets Court.

Boating and Bathing are available in summer. Boxing is taught under a qualified instructor.

Fees (Board & Tuition) -72 guineas per annum.

# Harborne Collegiate School

Warwickshire (near Birmingham)

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

Head Master-

A. C. BANKS, B.Sc. Lond., M.R.S.T., Diploma in Education.

Director of Foreign Business Training— Monsieur P. PALATÉ.

A highly efficient inexpensive school with a modern outlook.

Preparatory Department, 6-14 years.

Upper School, 14-18 years.

Brilliant successes in Public School Entrance and Matriculation.

Special Features.—Individual attention. Suitability for boys of parents abroad. Health training. Full-time care.

# Dumpton House Broadstairs, Kent

FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE (Boarders only).

### A. S. ATHAWES, B.A.

(Late ParkerExhibitioner,Corpus Christi College, Cambridge),

and

R. F. F. TENDALL, B.A. (Honours)
(Clare College, Cambridge).

Usual Course. Special provision for young and delicate boys. Suitable premises in own grounds. Large Playing Field, Gymnasium, Miniature Rifle Range, Tennis Court, Daily Physical Drill. Domestic arrangements under the personal supervision of Mrs. and Miss Athawes.

# Summersdale Lodge Chichester, Sussex

Principal-

Capt. R. P. FENN, M.C., B.A. (Oxon.)

(Formerly Scholar of Jesus College).

PREPARATORY (7 to 14) FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

Premises—Situate about 2 miles from Chichester, on gravel soil, in an exceptionally healthy neighbourhood near the South Downs.

Suitable attention.

Thorough groundwork. Individual

Special care of backward and delicate boys.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fees—£30 per term.

# **Chichester School**

Chichester, Sussex

Head Master-

A. N. COOMBE, M.A. Trinity College, Cambridge.

Chaplain-

Rev. R. S. T. HASLEHURST, B.D. Trinity College, Cambridge.

Boys are prepared for the Universities, Services, etc.

The School is a Centre for the Cambridge
Local Examinations.

# Holland House PREPARATORY SCHOOL

Clacton-on-Sea, Essex

PREPARING BOYS FOR ENTRANCE TO
PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Head Master—
W. SAUNDERSON, B.Sc.

Near the Sea. Well-equipped classrooms.

Education for physical, intellectual, and character development. Individual attention. Initiative encouraged.

Entire charge of Boys when Parents are abroad.

Clacton's south-east aspect and sunshine record make its climate specially suitable for growing boya.

Good Playing Fields.

Resident Staff,

Inclusive Fees-25-30 gniness per term.

# St. Bedes

# Eastbourne, Sussex

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

Head Master-

### G. H. GOWRING, M.A.

V.D., T.D., Capt. (late) 5th Bn. Manchester Regt.

New buildings situated in a sunny and commanding position, protected on the S.W. by Beachy Head. Curriculum includes Swedish Physical Drill and Cymnastic Instruction. A War Office Miniature Rifle Range of 100 yards on the Playing Field at the School.

BOYS RECEIVED FROM 7 to 14 YEARS.

Special attention paid to backward and delicate pupils. Young children of Indian and Colonial parents taken entire charge of by Mrs. Gowring.

# Ellesmere College

Ellesmere, Shropshire

Head Master-

A. V. BILLEN, D.D. (Oxon.).

RECOGNISED BY THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Excellent situation on the edge of the Shropshire Plain.

Conducted on the best principles of the old Public Schools.

Accommodation for 180 boys in the College, 50 boys in the Junior School.

Fees-£105 a year.

In addition to the Scholarships awarded annually, there are reductions for the sons of clergy.

# Lexden House

Eastbourne, Sussex

Established at Seaford 1901.

PREPARATORY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

Principal-

F. C. B. WELCH, B.A.

(Jesus College, Cambridge).

Premises — Stand in own grounds, facing Royal Eastbourne Golf Links. Replete with every requirement necessary for modern Preparatory School.

Am—Sound and comprehensive grounding in all usual and necessary school subjects. Work varied hourly, mostly done in morning, not exceeding two hours consecutively. Several scholarship successes. Games thoroughly coached.

Fees-45 guineas per term.

# Charney Hall

Grange-over-Sands, Lancashire

Head Master—
G. CONRAD PODMORE, M.A.
(Oxon.)

Charney Hall is delightfully situated about 300 feet above sea-level, at the head of Morecambe Bay, in a very bracing position.

The School enjoys an excellent health record.

The house was specially built for its present purpose, and has all the modern conveniences.

The Playing Fields adjoin, and special attention is paid to the health and physical development of the pupils.

Open-air sea-bathing pool available for the use of the School in the summer term.

Boys between the ages of 8 and 14 are received to be prepared for the Public Schools and the Navy.

Many Scholarships have been gained recently at several of the Public Schools.

Terms and Prospectus on application.

## **Oakfield**

Parklands, Merrow (near Guildford, Surrey)

Head Master-

J. G. LE BRETON, M.A. (Balliol College, Oxford)

Prepares boys from 7½ to 14 for Dartmouth and the leading Public Schools.

Entire charge taken of boys whose Parents reside in the Colonies.

Special attention paid to diet. Milk and fresh fruit daily.

Large Playing Grounds, Covered Playing Ground, etc., and Rifle Range.

Free-30-40 guineas per term.

# Buildings large, commodious, and upto-date. Course of Instruction—To fit pupils

Course of Instruction—To fit pupils for entrance to Universities or for Commercial careers Modern methods. Thorough work.

St. Leonards Collegiate
School

St. Leonards, Sussex

(" Alere Ignem ")

Established 1877.

Principal-

W. H. KING, B.Sc. (Lond.), L.C.P., M.I.H.

Aim—To develop character and acquire habits of self-control

Gymnasium, Laberatory, Cadet Corps, Organisod Games, Swimming, Esperanto.

Recreation Ground 5 acres. Homegrown fruit and vegetables.

Fees-18 to 24 gumens per term.

# **CRANEMOOR**

# TUTORIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Highcliffe-on-Sea, Hants.

Mr. F. Pettipher, B.Sc. (Eng.) accepts a limited number of boys for education in ideal conditions for health, near to New Forest and Sea. Delicate boys make wonderful progress at Cranemoor. Large estate. Riding and all sports.

Prospectus from-

F. PETTIPHER, B.Sc. (Eng.)

Cranemoor School, Highcliffe-on-Sea, Hampshire.

Telephone Higheliffe 107.

# The Glebe House Hunstanton, Norfolk

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOR THE ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE, DARTMOUTH.

Head Master-

H. CAMBRIDGE BARBER, M.A.
(Late Hastings Exhibitioner of Queen's
College, Oxford.)

The School buildings stand in their own grounds of 12 acres, 100 feet above sca-level, and include Gymnasium, Carpenter's Shop, Swimming Bath, and detached Sanatorium. Healthy, openair life. Physical Training carefully organised. Large Staff of fully-qualified Masters and Instructors. Numbers limited to 50; ages, 7 to 14. No Day Boys are received.

Illustrated Prospectus, etc., on application.

# Lydgate House PREPARATORY SCHOOL Hunstanton

Head Master -

## R. A. A. BERESFORD, M.A.

(Formerly Scholar of Selwyn College, Cambridge.)

Boys are prepared from 7-14 for Entrance or Entrance Scholarship Examinations at Public Schools and for the Navy.

Though the SCHOOL COURSE follows mainly the usual lines, ELEMENTARY SCIENCE is included, and English Subjects receive special attention.

Excellent situation on Cliffs immediately overlooking the Sca. The buildings are thoroughly modern, the rooms light, lofty, and well ventilated.

# Sebright School

Wolverley

(near Kidderminster)

Head Master-

R. C. LUCAS, B.A., B.Sc.

Owing to a large endowment, the Governors can offer a first-rate education for £70 per annum.

New buildings costing £45,200 opened in 1931.

Exhibitions of £100 per annum to the Universities.

The School is situated in beautiful country in its own grounds of 50 acres.

# Ipswich School

Ipswich, Suffolk

Head Master-

The Rev. E. C. SHERWOOD, M.A.

(Formerly Demy of Magdalen College, Oxford)

Ipswich School is a l'ublic School at moderate fees, £80-£88 per annum for Tuition and Board.

It stands on high ground in the best residential part of Ipswich, on a sand and

gravel subsoil, II miles from Felixstowe.

Many additions have been made to the buildings, which are complete in all the requirements of modern times, and include Laboratories, Workshops, Gymnasium, Swimming Bath, Fives Courts, Changing Rooms, Armoury, Library and Chapel.

The grounds are ideally situated for games, and there is a contingent of the Officers Training Corps.

The School prepares pupils for professional and business carcers, the Universities, Army and Navy, etc.

The percentage of passes in the School and Higher Certificates is exceptionally high, and recently many University Scholarships have been won.

Great attention is paid to the health and diet of the boarders. The School possesses a Junior Department for boys from the age of 8 years, and a Junior Boarding House.

> Scholarships in July. Entire charge taken. Prospectus on application.

# Lancaster Royal Grammar School

### Lancaster

#### Founded 1471.

This ancient school offers the advantages of a Public School education at the modest fee of 20 guineas per term.

War Memorial Library, three Chemistryand two Physics Laboratories, Workshop, Gymnasium, Swimming Bath, Fives Court, Rifle Range, O.T.C., and Playing Fields of 11 acres.

Pupils prepared for Professional and Business Careers, Universities, Army, Engineering, etc.

£500 per annum available for leaving Exhibitions to the Universities.

Head Master --

## Rev.

### J. H. SHACKLETON BAILEY, D.D.

Illustrated Prospectus on application.

# St. Cuthbert's

Malvern, Worcs.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Head Masters -

J. E. HEALEY, M.A. (Oxon.) C. WATSON, B.A. (Oxon.)

Boys of from 7 to 14 years prepared for Public Schools or Dartmouth. Fine open situation, facing Common; south aspect.

Playing Field adjoins School House, Gymnasium, Carpenter's Shop, Swimming Bath.

Boys encouraged to be practical, resourceful, self-reliant.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson are prepared to take entire charge.

# Pembroke House School

Fairhaven, Lytham, Lancs.

Principal -

T. F. BOWIE, M.A., B.Sc.

Premises—In own grounds on sea front. Sanatorium. Laboratory. Gymnasium.

Curriculum—Arranged to meet the requirements for Common Entrance and Scholarship Examinations.

Physical Training. Shooting. Cucket. Football. Swimming.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fees - 100 to 110 guineas per annum.

# The School

### Malvern Link

H. PAULLEY, M.A. (Natural Science Exhibitioner, St.John's College, Cambridge)

R. C. LOTT, M.A. Trinity College, Oxford.

BOYS PREPARED FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND NAVY.

House faces south, with large Playground, Carpenter's Shop, Fives Court, Boys' Gardens, Swimming Bath, adjoining house.

Special features of the building are large handsome dining hall, bright lofty bedrooms, and large classrooms. Small classes.

Excellent Cricket Field of 4 acres.

Entire charge taken of Children whose Parents are abroad.

# Tannachie Court School

Malvern Wells, Worcestershire.

MR. KEITH BREBNER BULLEN, M.A. (Hons.), Caius College, Cambridge,

Assisted by a qualified Staff, prepares boys, aged 7 to 14 years, for Public Schools and the Royal Navy.

Tannachie Court School, with 16 acres of Playing Fields and Gardens, is situated on a slope sheltered by the Malvern Hills and enjoys a bracing and sunny climate.

The aim of the School is to develop each boy according to his individual ability, and by method and enthusiasm to ensure a sound preparation

for later work.

Classes are small, and the backward boy is given extra help and

encouragement.

The domestic arrangements are under the direct supervision of Mrs. Bullen, who is assisted by a trained nurse as Matron. Entire charge can be taken of children whose parents are abroad.

All the vegetables are grown in the gardens, and fruit is abundant. The School has its own little farmyard, with poultry and pigs; a model dairy is to be installed later. Healthy appetites are encouraged, the food being varied and attractively served. Special attention is paid to young and delicate children.

Prospectus on application.

#### Mistley Place Mistley, Essex

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Head Master—
E. M. JACKSON, M.A. (Cautab, Classical Tripos).

Premises—Stand in park-like grounds of about 30 acres. Gravel soil. Gymnasium.

Curriculum—Arranged to meet the requirements of Common Entrance Examination, Preparation for Scholarships, and entrance to the Royal Naval College, Dartmouth. Numerous successes.

Miniature Rifle Range, Boxing, Swimming, Salt Water Bathing, Swedish Drill.

Fees-£105 to £120 per annum.

#### Newton College Newton Abbot, South Devon

Head Master— H. PALLOT, B.Sc. (Lond.)

Public School preparing for Navy, Army, Universities and Professional and Business Careers. Special Coaching if required. Many successes in Woolwich, Sandhurst and Navy Eutrance Examinations.

School Buildings include School House, Chapel, Library, Laboratory, Gymnasium, Sanatorium, Swimming Bath, Fives and Racquets Courts.

Both Day Boys and Boarders are admitted to the Preparatory School attached to the College. The College has also an efficient O.T.C.

Excellent Playing Fields. Rugby Football is played in the Autumn and Hockey in the Spring Term.

# Oswestry School

Oswestry, Salop.

Founded 1407.

Read Master-

#### R. WILLIAMSON, M.A. (Cantab.)

Premises—Healthily situated 500 feet above sea-level. 9 acres of beautifully-wooded grounds, with Playing Fields of 16 acres. School Chapel. Science block, including Laboratory, Lecture Theatre, etc.

Atm — To give sound education Proparation for Universities and various professions. Several Scholarships and House Exhibitions. Open-air Swimming Bath. Games carefully supervised.

Separate Preparatory Department for Boys up to age 10.

Inclusive Fees-From £67 to £91 per annum.

Reduced Fees for Sons of Clergy.

Entire charge taken where Parents abroad.

#### Churcher's College Petersfield, Hants

Founded 1722.

Head Master-

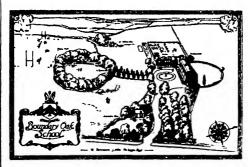
## GRAHAM HOGGARTH, M.A. (Oxon.)

A Public School education, for boys aged to to 18, at very moderate cost. Fees from £70 a year. Entire charge taken. Boys prepared for Cambridgo School and Higher Certificates, London Matriculation, Inter-B.A. and Inter-B.Sc., University Scholarships, Sandhurst, Woolwich, Cranwell, Civil Service Examinations, Commerce and the Professions

Ideal situation. Beautiful and healthy surroundings Spacious buildings recently enlarged. Rugby Football, Cricket, Tennis, Fives, Boxing, Swimming (new Bath), P.T. and Gymnastics, Miniature Range, Carpentry, Gardening, and other hobbies Officers Training Corps.

House Scholarships and Leaving Exhibitions.

Preparatory School for boys aged 6 to 10.
Prospectuses on application.



# Boundary Oak School

Purbrook, Hants.

Head Master .

D. O. d'E. MILLER, M.C., M.A., Clifton College, and Trinity Hall, Cambridge.

PREPARATION FOR ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, ROYAL NAVY AND FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

The School stands in its own grounds on the brow of Portsdown Hill, 300 feet above sca-level. The Form Rooms and Dorontories are large, airy and well ventilated. There is a Common Room for the boys, and a well-equipped Gymnasium, Workshop and Dark Room for Photography, Bathrooms and Changing Room with hot and cold showers.

The grounds extend over xo acres and include natural woodland as well as fields There are Football and Cricket Grounds and Tennis Courts

Much attention is paid to the development of character, self-reliance, and the true spirit of playing the game

Entire charge is gladly taken of Boys whose Parents are abroad.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

#### **Dudley House School**

Grange Road, West Cliff, Ramsgate, Kent.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Principal-

J. E. RIORDAN, L.C.P., M.R.S.T.

Premises—Situated 100 feet above scalevel, with fine sea views.

Curriculum—Scripture, English, History, Physical and Commercial Geography, Mathematics, French, Science, Drawing and Writing, Shorthand and Book-keeping, Class Singing.

Preparation for Oxford Locals and Common Entrance Examinations and for Business.

Physical Training daily and Games.

Fees -15 to 20 guineas per term.

# Reading School -

Head Master-

G. H. KEETON, Esq., M.A.

Member of the Headmasters' Conference.

Staff of 34 fully-qualified masters.

School stands in its own grounds. Buildings include Gymnasium, Laboratories, Workshops, Swimming Baths, etc.

A separate Preparatory School for boys between the ages of 8 and 11 also stands in the School grounds. Excellent Cricket and Football grounds.

Scholarships and Leaving Exhibition to all Universities.

Boys are regularly prepared for Entrance Scholarships at the Universities, for Civil Service and Professional Examinations.

The Vth Forms are regularly entered for the School Certificate Examinations of the Oxford and Cambridge Joint Board.

Inclusive fees, £86 per annum. Music, £2 10s. a term extra.

Full details from The Bursar, Reading School.

## King's School

Rochester, Kent

(Founded in the 7th century, reconstituted 1542)

Head Master-

Rev. W. PARKER, B.D., M.A. (late Scholar of Trinity College, Dublin).

Assisted by Large Staff of Masters.

Senior School, an old Public School, preparing for Universities, Woolwich, Sandhurst, and Civil Service Examinations, and for Commerce.

Junior School prepares for Dartmouth and for Scholarships in King's School.

Separate Houses. Numerous Exhibitions and Scholarships. Officers Training Corps.

Fees-£83 to £103 per annum.

See "Public Schools Year Book."

#### **Oriel House School**

St. Asaph, North Wales

Head Master-

R. S. BLENCOWE, M.A. (Oriel College, Oxford)

Assisted by a Resident Staff of Masters.

Oriel House stands in its own grounds of so acres beautifully situated in open country on high ground, 5 miles from the sea, overlooking the Vale of Clwyd.

The climate is bracing and highly recommended by medical men as particularly suited to children. All dormitories and schoolrooms face south or west.

There are exceptionally fine Playing Fields of ro acres round the house, also a Gymnasium, Shooting Range, Carpenter's Shop, Museum, Chapel and Swimming Pool.

The aim of the School is to provide such a thorough course of education as will enable boys of average ability to gain scholarships or to pass with credit into any of the Public Schools or into the Navy.

Boys are taken from 6 to 14 years of age.

Special care, both in work and games, is devoted to those who are backward or delicate.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

## St. Peter's School

#### Sheringham, Norfolk

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

## F. T. WYNYARD-WRIGHT, M.A. (Cantab.)

prepares 30 boys, ages 7-14, for Public Schools and Navy.

Health, discipline, work and manners primary considerations.

Premises specially built for a school, 100 feet above sea-level. 2 acres of ground.

Great attention paid to diet and physical training

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fccs-35 to 40 guineas per term.

# Kingsland Grange

Shrewsbury, Salop.

Head Master-

The Rev. P. C. WEST, M.A. Marlborough and Oriel (Oxon.)

Receives '60 hoys (7-14) to be prepared for Entrance and Scholarship Examinations at Public Schools and Royal Naval College.

Premises stand on high ground opposite Shrewsbury School. South aspect. Gravel soil 13 acres of grounds Gymnasium, Sanatorium.

Course of instruction includes Scripture, English, History, Geography, Latm, Greek, Fiench, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Clicket, Football, Swimming, Athletic Sports.

Fees-37 guineas per term.

# S. Nicholas School Southampton

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Head Master-

Rev. R. E. LANGDON, M.A.

(Croix de Guerre).

The School is pleasantly situated in a healthy district.

Special stress is laid on the tone of the School and on the health and happiness of the boys.

A Prospectus and full particulars may be had on application.

...Fee- foo per annum.

## **University School**

Southport, Lancs.

WITH PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

Boys received from 6 years. Strong Staff, giving First-Class Results.

Individual Care with Character Building. Games and Discipline a Speciality.

Excellent Premises and Classrooms.

Very Moderate Fees.

ENTIRF CHARGE.

Special care given to Boys whose Parents
are abroad.

References given to many parents whose boys are now in "Entire Charge."

Prospectus from Principal.

Telephone, 3333.

# Homefield School

Sutton, Surrey

PREPARATORY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS
AND ROYAL NAVY

Principal—
Mr. WALFORD.

Premses stand in own grounds, 200 feet above sea-level, in best residential part of Sutton.

Curriculum—Latin, Greek, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, French, German, History, Geography, English Grammar, Scripture, Reading, Spelling, Music and Dancing.

Gymnasium—Drill (Swedish and Military), Rifle Range, Carpentry, Swimming.

# Hill Crest School Durlston.

Duriston, Swanage, Dorset

Principal—
A. C. B. LLOYD, M.A. (Oxon.)
(Honours Classics).

Mr. Lloyd prepares boys, 7-14, for Public Schools and Naval Cadetships.

Ann—Develop Character, Abilities, Interests.

Curriculum—Provides sound grounding in all ordinary subjects.

Premises - Modern, commodious, detached. Excellent Playing Field. Games supervised. Physical Exercises. Sea Bathing.

Domestic Arrangements for Health and Comfort under Mrs. Lloyd.

Entire charge taken where Parents hve abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd take the boys to the country for the holidays.

Fecs - £40 to £45 per term.

#### Taunton School

Taunton, Somerset

Head Master-

H. NICHOLSON, M.A. (Cantab.)

1st Class Honours, Modern Languages Tripos.

Staff of over 40 masters.

This Public School stands in grounds of over 52 acres. Buildings include Laboratories, Music School, Chapel, Sanatorium, Swimming Baths, Gymnasium, Fives Courts, Tennis Courts, Armoury, etc.

Preparation for Universities, Professions, Civil Service and Commerce.

6 Leaving Scholarships — numerous Entrance Scholarships, etc.

Separate Preparatory School.

Entire charge of Boys from India and the Colonies.

All details on application to the Head Master.

#### The Knoll School

Teignmouth, Devon

Head Master-

DONALD M. T. LANGDON (Oxon.)

IDEAL PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

High elevation, overlooking sea.
Limited 20 Boarders. "New Health"
diet. Trained Nurse. Physical Training.
Games, Riding, Swimming. SubDalton Class. Individual attention.
Dalton Plan. Good References.

Entire charge taken if required.

Fees-75 guineas per annum, few extras.

# Rose Hill School

Tunbridge Wells, Kent

Principal—
R. SAUNDERS JOHNSON, B.A.

PREPARATORY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND DARTMOUTH

Premises—Healthily situated on high ground facing the Common, 350 feet above sea-level.

Curriculum—Designed to thoroughly prepare boys for Entrance and Scholarship Examinations for Public Schools and Royal Navy.

Playing Field comprises several acres.

Gymnastics, Swimming, Shooting,
Cricket, Football.

Entire charge taken.

Fecs-£35 per term.

# Shirley House School Watford, Herts.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVAL CADETSHIPS

Principal-

R. T. CAMPBELL, B.A. (Cantab.)

Boys received from 7 to 14.

Main Subjects: Classics, Mathematics, English and French (on Modern Conversational methods).

School House in own grounds (18 acres). Cricket and Football Field (5 acres). Specially designed Classrooms. Gymnasium. Sanitation perfect. Drill: Swedish and Military. Open-air Swimming Bath. Rifle Range, Squash Racquets Court, Carpenter's Shop.

Recognised as efficient by the Board of Education.

Entire charge of Pupils from abroad.
Tel phone, 3439 Watford.

## Belmont Hall School

Wellington, Shropshire

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS (8-17)

Head Master— D. W. MILNE, B.A., M.C.

The syllabus is arranged in order that a boy may be prepared for Matriculation at the age of 17.

There is a Commercial side attached to the School.

Premises—Three Boarding Houses, Classrooms, Gymnasium.

The School is situated in a high and bracing climate.

2 Annual Scholarships.

Entire charge taken of Boys whose Parents are abroad.

Fors-29 guineas per term inclusive.

#### Victoria College

Westbury, Wilts. Founded 1844.

Recognised by the Board of Education.
INDEPENDENT BOARDING AND DAY
SCHOOL FOR BOYS ON PUBLIC
SCHOOL LINES.

Georgian mansion, with separate buildings for Classrooms and Laboratories. Speech Hall to hold 300. The School is set in 56 acres of grounds. 5-acre Cricket Ground. 7 Tennis Courts. Squash Racquets Court. Kitchen Gardens to feed the School.

Recent successes include London, Bristol and Durham Matriculations, Oxford and Cambridge School Leaving Certificates, Bristol First School Certificate, Army Entrance Sandhurst, the Royal Air Force, the Professions.

There is a separate Junior School where boys are prepared for the Senior School. Entry to the Senior School is by examination.

Applications for entry should be made to the Head Master.



Prospectus and full particulars from the Head Master—
R. J. HALCOMB, M.A., LOWER WICK, Nr. WORCESTER.

#### Tredennyke Worcester

Head Master— B. J. ELLIS, M.A.

(Christ's College, Cambridge, and of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law).

This School for young boys, founded in 1890, prepares them for the Public Schools and Royal Navy. It stands in grounds of about 5 acres, which include Cricket Ground, Football Field, private Swimming Bath, Gymnasium, Workshop, Play Rooms and Garden Plots, Rifle Range.

The classes are kept small, and much individual attention is ensured. Many Public School Scholarships. Every boy receives the personal care and attention of the Head Master's wife.

Entire charge can be taken. Excellent health record.

Prospectus and full particulars from the Head Master or Mrs. Ellis.

· Telephone, Worcester 104.

# Sompting Abbots Worthing, Sussex

(2 miles from Worthing.)

Principal-

A.C. RUTHERFORD, B.A. (Oxon.)

PREPARATORY (6 to 15) FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND ROYAL NAVY.

Premises stand in own grounds and parklands of 24 acres, on the south slope of the Downs, well protected from north winds.

Central heating. Electric light.

Curriculum based on requirements of Public Schools.

Individual attention. Physical Drill. Cricket, Football, Tennis, Bathing.

## Alexander House School (Boys) "Hilderstone"

# (Girls & Little Boys). Broadstairs, Kent

(Within five minutes' walk of each other.)

Good-class Boarding Schools for Boys and Girls, giving a thoroughly sound education on modern lines, combined with "real home life." Special care and attention to delicate, backward, and young children.

Entire charge taken of Children from abroad.

During term time the Schools work as separate establishments, but during the holidays they are combined for "home life."

Terms by arrangement.

Prospectus from Head Master or Head Mustress.

# Morrison's Academy Crieff, Perthshire

SITUATED ON THE SOUTHERN SLOPES
OF THE GRAMPIANS

Head Master-

#### JAMES DONALDSON, M.A.

Junior and Senior Schools for Boys from 8 to 28 years of age. Boys prepared for University Entrainee, Civil Service and Army Examinations, and for Professional and Commercial Caucers Officers Training Corps, extensive Playing Fields, large Swimming Bath. Five Boarding Houses Entire charge taken of boys when Parents abroad.

Boarding and School Fees —£90 per annum.

Prospectus and further information from the

Head Master.

Under the same Governors. Separate Staff, Building and Playing Fields

#### Morrison's Girls' School

Head Mistress-

#### Miss BEATRICE S. MASON, M.A.

Preparatory, Girls and Boys, to 8 years Upper School, Girls 8 to 28 years From Kladergarten to University Entrance. Physical Training, Dancing, Swimming, Tennix, Hockey

Prospectus and particulars of Golk Bourding House from the Head Vistress

#### **Dollar Academy**

(John McNabb's School)
Dollar, N.B.
Founded 1818.

Head Master-

# HUGH F. MARTIN, M.A. (Balliol College, Oxford).

SENIOR AND JUNIOR SCHOOLS for pupils from 10 to 18.

Premises.—Beautifully situated in 25 acres of grounds, accessible from Edinburgh and Glasgow.

Preparation for Universities, Army, Civil Service, Engineering, Professional and Commercial Careers. Separate Boarding Houses. Officers Training Corps.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Inclusive Boarding and Tuition Fees, 90 to 96 guineas per annum. Reduction in case of brothers.

Postal address: Dollar, Clackmannanshire.

Prospectus on application to School Secretary.

There is also a Preparatory School in Dollar which works in close co-operation with the Academy, and takes pupils from g to zo years of age.

#### Ellaland

Milford-on-Sea, Hants.

HOME SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN.

Principal-

#### Miss EDITH AUKLAND.

Premises—Situated on cliff, in own grounds, with beautiful surroundings.

Both boys and girls received. The children lead a happy, regular, and, as far as possible, outdoor life.

Training throughout on Froebelian principles. Health and happiness chief considerations.

Entire charge taken of Children from India and Colonies, the genial climate being especially suitable.

Physical Exercises, Games, and Daily Walks.

Fees-From 50 guineas per annum.

# **Bedales School**

Petersfield, Hants.

THE PIONEER CO-EDUCATION BOARDING SCHOOL.

A Public School for boys and girls from II to IQ, with a separate Junior School for those from 4 to 12.

Farm and Grounds 150 acres. Modern Laboratories, Gymnasium. Library of 12,000 volumes. Assembly Hall and Stage.

Individual needs recognised. Arts and Handicrafts. School Orchestra. Singing. Dramatics. Preparation for the Universities.

6 to 10 Scholarships awarded annually, including 3 or 4 for Arts and Music.

Particulars from-

Founder and Head Master-J. H. BADLEY, M.A.

## Four Oaks College

Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire

Principal-A. LEAL, L.C.P., M.R.S.T.

The Principal prepares pupils for the Oxford or Cambridge Locals, London Matriculation, or other examinations as required by parents.

Special attention is given to backward Great care given to or delicate boys. health and physical development.

There is a Girls' Department under the same management.

Entire charge taken of Pupils whose Parents are abroad.

Terms and Prospectus on application. (Reduced Fees for brothers and sisters.)

#### SCHOOLS—PHYSICAL TRAINING COLLEGES.

## The Bedford Physical Training College

Lansdowne Road, Bedford

Principal-Miss STANSFELD

The Course of Training extends over three years, and includes the THEORY and PRACTICE of Educational Gymnastics, Massage and Medical Gymnastics, Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene.

GAMES - Hockey, Lacrosse, Cricket, Lawn Tennis. Dancing.

Students must be at least 18 years of age.

Fees-£165 per annum.

Particulars on application to-Bedford.

## Anstey Physical Training College

Erdington (near Birmingham)

Principal-Miss M. E. SQUIRE (Bedford Physical Training College Diploma).

#### Ling's Swedish System.

training Complete for Teacher's Diploma (open to girls of good education) in Theory and Practice of Swedish Educational Gymnastics, Medical Gymnastics and Massage, all branches of Games, Dancing and Swimming.

Students prepared for the Conjoint Examination of the Chartered Society of Medical Gymnastics and Massage.

#### Three Years Course.

The SECRETARY, 87, Lansdowne Road, For Prospectus and particulars of Scholarship, apply Secretary.



## Hawnes School

Ampthill, Beds.

Head Musiress—Miss J. G. TOWNSHEND, M.A. (Cantab.)
Mathematical Tripos.

Second Mistress—Miss M. M. CHAPMAN, M.A. (Oxon.)
Honours School of Modern History.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR THE EDUCATION OF GIRLS BETWEEN THE AGES OF 12 AND 19 YEARS,

# The High School Ashburton, South Devon

(on fringe of Dartmoor).

Accommodation for about 60 boarders.

Premises—Formerly a Country Gentleman's residence, specially adapted for a Girls' Boarding School, with Kindergarten for pupils, including little boys, under 10. Lovely grounds and Playing Fields Use of fine Gymnasium. Buses direct to Plymouth, London, Bournemouth and Birmingham. Electric Light throughout.

Opened in September, 1930, with 55 pupils and a highly qualified staff of 6 resident mistrosses.

Proparation for the Universities and for professional and business careers. Inspected by Cambridge University Syndicate.

Entire charge is taken, at very moderate rates, of pupils from abroad. The climate is exceptionally mild and healthy.

**Poss_Tuition. 3-4 guiness.** Board,

Fees—Tuition, 3-4 guineas. It 13-16 guineas, according to age.

For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal,

Miss MARGARET J. SHARKIE, M.A.

# The Ashford High School for Girls

Ashford, Kent

Principal—
Miss BRAKE.

RECOGNISED BY THE BOARD OF EDUCA-TION AS AN EFFICIENT SECONDARY

Buildings—Spacious Tudor residences. Modern sanitation. Charming old-world gardens, lawns and playing fields 16 acres in extent. Gymnasium.

Ann—To provide on Public School lines thoroughly efficient education in cultured Christian atmosphere.

School Course includes preparation for University Examinations and Scholarships, Drawing, Class Singing, Drill, Needlework, Organised Games, Music, and Dancing. Preparatory House for little girls under 11.

Fees-25 to 31 guineas per term.

#### **Fairview**

Ashford, Kent

Principal—
Miss BAILEY, LL.A.
(Registered)

Assisted by Certificated English and Foreign Governesses and Visiting Professors.

Receives a limited number of pupils for thorough instruction in the usual branches of a High-Class Modern Education. Individual care. Home comforts Every effort made to secure religious, mental, and physical well-being of the girls.

Entire charge taken.

Swedish Drill, Hockey, Cricket, Tennia, Riding, Cycling.

Fees Moderate and Inclusive.

#### Parsons Mead

Ashtead, Surrey

Principal—
Miss ELLISTON

Head Mistress-

Miss G. B. ALLAN, B.A. (London)

Parsons Mead is a picturesque and comfortable house standing in beautiful grounds, with orchard, Playing Field and Tennis Lawns, including a Hard Court.

The general aim of the School is to train the mind and body of every girl in such a way as to fit her for her position in life, and individual character and abilities are carefully studied.

The School is a centre for the Cambridge Locals and the examinations of the Associated Board, and l'upils are regularly prepared for these examinations.

All the members of the staff are graduates or specialists.

# Girls' Modern School Bedford

Head Mistress-

Miss TONKIN, M.A. (Cantab.)

Curriculum—Includes Mathematics, History, Literature, Geography, Modern Languages, Latin, Science, Drawing, Singing, Needlework, Physical Training, and Domestic Science.

Preparation for usual examinations.

Two Scholarships awarded annually, and Leaving Exhibition of £50, tenable for three years.

Hockey, Netball, Tennis.

Entrance Fee £1. Tuitton Fee, £36s. 8d. Boarding Fee, £20.

Prospectus may be obtained from Clerk to the Harpur Trust, or the Head Mistress.

# Beverley High School for Girls

Beverley, Yorks.

Head Mistress-

Miss G. M. ROSSITER, B.A.

To supply thorough liberal education based upon ideals of great Public Schools.

Importance attached to formation of character. Equipment for home life as well as University careers.

Strain avoided. Health encouraged by Physical Exercises and Games.

Modern premises in 12 acres. Gymnasium.

Boarding house for 15 pupils in own grounds.

Fces—Day Pupils, £4 48., £5 58. Boarders, £20 extra.

### Arley Castle

Near Bewdley, Worcestershire

Principal—Miss E.O. JOHNSON, B.A. Assisted by a fully-qualified Staff of Mistresses

Pupils prepared for the Universities, London Matriculation, the School Certificate (Oxford Senior Local), etc., etc.

The Castle stands in beautifully wooded grounds, 500 acres in extent, which include Park, Farms, Tennis Courts, Playing Fields and Gardens.

The Castle buildings are large, and fitted throughout with all modern appliances, including contral heating, electric light, etc. The rooms are bright and airy and make beautiful classrooms, sitting-rooms and bedrooms.

Sanitary arrangements modern, and periodically inspected by the Local

Authority.

Special care is given to physical training, and there is a well-fitted Gymnasium. Outdoor exercise includes Tennis, Riding, Hockey, Netball, Cricket, Swimming, Boating, etc.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

## Worthingholm

Hastings Road, Bexhill

Principals { Miss FISHER. Miss MORTER.

RESIDENT SCHOOL FOR DAUGHTERS OF GENTLEMEN.

Extensive School Premises. House system.

.11m of School—To provide sound education on modern lines combined with thorough Physical Culture and careful Training of Character.

Preparation for usual examinations.

Thorough Musical Education.

Swedish Dull, Tennis, Hockey, Netball.

Entire charge of Pupils where Parents are abroad.

### Queen Bertha's School Birchington, Kent

Principals-

Miss ESMÉ RANDALL HARRIS, B.A., Dip. Pedag. University of London.

Miss C. M. HUNT, L.R.A.M.

ASSISTED BY FULLY-QUALIFIED STAFF.

Thorough modern education. Preparation for all University and Music Examinations. Well-built house facing south, near Sea.

7½ acres Playing Field. Hard and Gracs Tennis Courts. Vegetable Garden. Wellequipped Gymnasium and Workshop Swimming.

Ample and carefully planned dict. Grade A milk only.

Individual care and attention.

Entire charge taken if required. Telephone: Westgate 101.

### Sandford, Blundellsands, Lancashire.

Telephone, Crosby 1448.

Attractive seaside between Liverpool and Southport

Healthy climate, high sunshine record. School premises spacious and well built, with excellent ventilation and heating. Classrooms fitted with Vita glass.

The aim of the School is to give a thorough all-round education, and to fo-ter the qualities which will produce high-principled, capable gentlewomen.

Brilliant examination results

Careful attention to physical side: good Gymnasium and Playing Field.

Entire charge when desired.

Moderate and Inclusive Fees.

For Prospectus and further particulars apply to the Principals—Miss LEVY.

Miss LOCKYER, B.A. (London;
M.R.S.T.

# Milton College

#### Hawkwood Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth

Principal-Miss A. MILTON

Semor Resident Mistress-Mrs. HURDLE Assisted by Qualified Visiting Tutors.

Milton College, for girls of refinement, is situated in the most healthy part of Boscombe, near sea, cliffs, gardens and trains. The aim of near sea, cliffs, gardens and thains. The aim of the College is to provide a good modern educa-tion with individual tuition, at d to cultivate a high and refined tone. Religion is lased on the true Word of God. Although discipline is main-tained, it is a real home for gala. In addition to the usual School subjects, the

Course of Instruction meludes Journalistic and Secretarial Work, Shorthand, Typewriting, Languages, Book-keeping, Elements of Commerce, and Domestic Science Preparation for all

Examinations

Cames form an important part of the life of

dames form an important part of the inte the College. Tennis, Cricket and Swimming in the summer, varied winter sports. Every attention is paid to the health and physical development of the pupils, and as much time as possible is sport in the open an Many students of Milton College are now

holding responsible posts in England and abroad Entire responsibility of Girls whose Parents are abroad is gladly undertaken

Terms and Prospectus on application

#### Westcombe :

Dyke Road, Brighton, Sussex

Miss SALMON. Principals Miss BLACK.

9 Resident and numerous Visiting Masters and Mistresses.

Premises-Large detached house in own grounds.

Aim-To unite the comforts and sympathies of home life with thorough and systematic education of the mental and physical faculties.

Pupils prepared for all public examinations Art, Handicrafts, Domestic Science (in all branches) Special attention given to Modern Languages and Music.

Gymnasium, Remedial Exercises. Riding, Lacrosse, Netball, Tonnis, Swimming.

Prospectus, etc., on application.

#### School The Downs

Preston Park, Brighton

Principals-

Miss WOODHEAD and Miss CLEARE

Thorough education on modern lines.

Preparation for Universities and Higher Examinations.

Aim-To fit each girl for her place in life and give her the special opportunities she requires.

Domestic Science Department. Physical Culture, Music and Art.

The health of the children is in the care of the Matron, a fully-trained nurse. Excellent health record.

Prospectus on application.

### St. Mary's School

Bungay, Suffolk

School Motto: "MA FORCE EST D'EN HAUT."

Principal-Miss ANNIE KNIGHT.

Premises—Situated on high ground five minutes' walk from beautiful common.

Curriculum-Divinity, usual English subjects, Mathematics, Nature Study, Botany, French, Class Singing, Music, Drawing, Painting, Needlework.

Preparation for usual examinations.

Girl Guides. Physical Culture. Riding. Dancing. Games.

Fees-40 to 50 guineas per annum.

## Winchester House School

Cheltenham, Glos.

FOR DAUGHTERS OF GENTLEMEN.

Situated in the best residential centre. with large Playing Ground and Tennis Lawns.

Students entered for Oxford and Cambridge Locals, for the Royal Academy of Music and Trinity College, and the Royal Drawing Society.

Pupils received from 5 to 18 years.

Entue charge while Parents are abroad.

Fees Moderate.

Application to Principal.

## Great Moreton Hall Nr. Congleton, Cheshire

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. BOARDERS ONLY.

Established 1890.

A fine castellated mansion overlooking a beautiful and well-wooded park of over 160 acres. Picturesque lake. gardens.

Ideal environment for educational purposes.

Large staff of graduates.

Juniors £25, Seniors £30, per term ınclusive

Moderate Inclusive Fees.

Prospectus, with views and list of successes, from -

Mrs. LITTLEHALES, Principal.

### Dr. Williams' Endowed School for Girls

Dolgelley, N. Wales

Head Mistress -Miss E. CONSTANCE NIGHTINGALE, M.A.

Beautiful country.

Special attention to health and diet. Grade A.T.T. milk.

Accommodation for 120 boarders.

Preparation for University. Special courses in Music, Art, Domestic Science, Secretarial Work.

Boarding, Tuition, Books-inclusive fee, 22 guineas per term.

TREMHYFRYD.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT-Boys and Girls, 5 to 10 years.

Entire charge if desired.

# **Dovercourt College**

Dovercourt Bay, Essex

Principal-Mrs. SHROFF, B.Litt. Assisted by Miss SEELEY, A.R.C.M., and an adequate Staff.

The house is almost new and was built for a school. There is a large Playing Field, and the whole situation is open, airy, and faces south.

The teaching is on broad and modern lines. Girls may be prepared for Open Scholarships or can remain in the School till ready for University entrance.

Children under 7 years of age are taken at THE CLIFF SCHOOL, Dovercourt, which is under the same management, and both Schools are very highly recommended by parents of pupils.

For Terms and Prospectus apply to Principal.

Entire charge taken of Pupils whose Parents are abroad.

### Rippingale

#### Bolsover Road, Eastbourne

Principals—

#### Miss ETHEL WORTERS

(Class. Tripos Girton Coll., Camb. Training Coll.)

#### Miss BURNEY

(Oxford Degree Cert. Hons, Scholar Royal Holloway Coll.).

Premises—Detached, on high ground close to Sca and Downs.

Aim - To give high-class modern education with thorough moral, intellectual and physical training.

Preparation for usual examinations Special course Domestic Economy and Hygiene.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fees-38 guineas per term.

#### Seager House School Hayling Island, Hants.

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR

Principals—

Miss D. MAY,
B.A. Oxon., Hons. School Nat. Soi.,
Camb. Teachers' Diploma.

Miss E. MAY,

Higher Certificate, Nat. Froebel Union, Assisted by a fully-qualified Staff of Resident and Visiting Mistresses.

Premises—Ideal position facing Sea and Common. Within easy reach of Train and Bus Routes. Climate specially suitable for Delicate Children and those from hot climates Bathing from House Excellent health record.

This School provides a good all-round modern

education for girls up to 17 years of age, and has a record of very successful examination results. New Classrooms and a Gymnasium have recently been added.

A feature is made of OPEN-AIR CLASSES.

There is a Holiday Home, for permanent boarders and other children whose parents are

abroad, in connection with the School Telephone, 77860. Fees Moderate. Prospectus on application.

# Spennithorne College for Girls

Furness Abbey, Lancs.

Principal-

Miss SEAGO, F.R.S.A., M.I.H., A.R.SAN.I., A.T.C.L. (DIPLOMÉE, LONDON)

Assisted by fully-qualified Resident and Visiting Mistresses.

Spennithorne is pleasantly situated, in its own grounds, in a bracing position overlooking the sea and within close proximity to the Abbey, The School provides a sound and thorough education on modern lines, and its aim is to develop the individuality and moral responsibility of the pupils, and those qualities which will produce capable, considerate, and high-principled women. The College has its own centre for Cambridge, Music, and Art Examinations.

Illustrated Prospectus on application.

Entire charge where Parents abroad, and life made as home-like as possible.

Fees-£27 to £30 per term.

## Alexandra House

(P.N.E.U.)

Hemel Hempsted, Herts.

Principals (Miss LAWFORD Mrs. BRITTON

Home School for Girls and Little Boys

High healthy situation. Good Galden and Playing Field. Modern cheerful house. Every care taken. Thorough grounding by experienced Staff.

Especially suitable for children from abroad.

Moderate Terms.

# Fonnereau House School

Ipswich, Suffolk

Principal—

Miss MEAD (Registered Teacher)
Assisted by a qualified Resident and
Visiting Staff.

Picmises—Stand on high ground with southern aspect. Gymnasium, Dancing, and Physical Culture. Sports and Games under a Games Mistress.

Curriculum—Offers a very wide choice, so that each pupil may make advantageous use of her special abilities. Complete scheme of education for girls from 5 to 18 years of age.

Preparation for usual examinations. Special care delicate or backward children.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fecs-40 to 55 guineas per annum.

Telephone, 2466.

# Liverpool College for Girls

Huyton (near Liverpool)

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (Church of England)

Chairman-

The Rt. Hon.
LORD COZENS-HARDY, D.L.

Visitor-

The

LORD BISHOP OF LIVERPOOL

Head Mistress -

Modern cheerful Miss G. ANTHONY, B.A. (Lond.).

Extensive School buildings in health; country. School Chapel House system. Large resident Staff. Good facilities for Languages, Science, Music (Orchestra). Art. Physical Training, Domestic Science, etc. Senior Girls prepared for Public Examinations, University Scholarships, and for taking up Professional and other careers (Medicine, Dentistry, Teaching, Scienctarial Work, etc.). Annual Entrance Scholarship Examination. Leaving Scholarships to Universities.

#### **Burys Court**

Leigh (near Reigate, Surrey)

1'incipal--

Miss A. F. SHEARD.

Premises—In own grounds of 12 acres. Central heating. Electric light.

Teaching—On modern lines. Individual gifts developed, habits of self-reliance and duty inculcated, and emphasis laid on importance of good manners. Domestic Science.

Particular attention paid to Deportment and Physical Development.

Thorough coaching in Tennis, Golf, Lacrosse, Netball, Swimming and Riding.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Telephone, Reigate 767.

Illustrated Prospectus on application.

#### Queen's College, London

Patron:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

Visitor:

THE LORD BISHOP OF LONDON

Acting Principal:

Miss G. E. HOLLOWAY, B.A.

The College provides for Courses of Lectures for Advanced Students as well as a General Education for Younger Girls. By the recent extension of the College Buildings increased facilities are given for the teaching of Science. In addition to preparation for other Public Examinations, Students may now be prepared for the Pre-Medical Examination of the Conjoint Board in Chemistry and Physics.

Courses of one year each in Housewifer, and Household Management, Secretarial Work and Social Science, are also offered

To all Resident Students taking these or other Special Courses ample opportunity is given for visiting places of interest in London. For all particulars of College, Preparatory School and Residence, apply to the Acting-Principal, 43-47, Harley Street, W. z.

# St. Christopher's School

North Parade, Lowestoft

Principal— Miss ROSE

isted by a Graduate of the

Assisted by a Graduate of the London University, a fully-qualified Drill and Games Mistress, and others.

A few boarders taken so as to ensure individual care and attention.

Fees-From 25 guineas per term.

# Moorfield Mannamead, Plymouth

SCHOOL FOR DAUGHTERS OF GENTLEPEOPLE

Principals-

## Miss BAILEY, B.A. (Hons. London) Miss POCOCK

(Successors to Miss Dallas)

Assisted by Highly-Certificated Trained Mistresses and the Leading Professors.

The School stands high in its own grounds of about two acres in the healthiest suburb of Plymouth.

A thorough education on modern lines is given.

Careful individual attention.

Entire charge is taken of Children whose Parents are abroad.

Terms and Prospectus on application.

# Malvern House School Reading, Berks.

Principal-

Miss HELEN LACY
Assisted by a large Staff of qualified
Mistresses and Visiting Professors.

The School is situated in a high and healthy position amidst pleasant surroundings, and offers a good modern education on sound methods in con-

The course of instruction includes the usual English subjects, French, Latin, Class and Solo Singing, Drawing Elecution, Music, Dancing, Physical Culture, Plain and Art Needlework.

junction with a happy and healthy

Pupils are prepared for Local Examinations, London Matriculation, Associated Board, and Royal Drawing Society.

Every attention is paid to health, and much time is spent in the open air.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

home life.

# Lowther College

(for Girls)

#### Near Rhyl, North Wales

Approved by the Board of Education.

Chairman ---

The Right Hon. The LORD GISBOROUGH

Principal— Mrs. LINDLEY

Beautifully situated in a park of 400 acres, overlooking sea and mountains. Pupils prepared for all examinations, including University Entrance. Large Staff. Lecture Hall and Science block containing Laboratories for Chemistry, Physics, Botany and Electricity. Gymnasium, Art Room, Music Rooms, Swimming Bath. Riding, all Games, Golf Course. Domestic Science, Gardening and Secretarial Departments. Three Open Scholarships. Diet exceptional, including fresh fruits, salad, and nuts daily. Certified milk only.

#### Pengwern Hall School Pengwern, Rhuddlan,

North Wales

(3½ miles from Rhyl).

Principal-

Miss ELSIE LONG, Professor of Music

Premises—Beautiful old-world country house in 20 acres of grounds. Gymnasium Sanatorium Domestic Science House. Central heating

Aim—To combine thoroughly up-todate education, individual care and training with comforts and culture characteristic of home life.

Preparation for usual examinations.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

Fees-£135 per annum.

Reduction for daughters of professional men and girls under 12 years of age.

#### The Laurels

Dunchurch Road, Rugby, Warwickshire Established 1872

PRIVATE BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Principals-

Miss E. B. JOLLY, B.A. (London)

Miss J. RUTTER

(Dartford Physical Training College).

Pupils are prepared for the School Certificate Examination, also for Scholarships and Entrance Examinations to the various University Colleges for Women.

Graduate Staff. 2 Lady Matrons. High standard of work and athletics.

Excellent health record.

There are Playing Fields of 8 acres, comprising 2 Hockey and 2 Lacrosse grounds, 9 Tennis Courts (2 hard), 2 Cricket Pitches and a Nets Pitch.

Riding and Swimming Lessons can be

arranged.

Entire charge is taken of Children whose Parents are abroad.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

## Linden Hurst College

St. Anne's-on-the-Sea, Lancs.

HIGH-CLASS DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Principal—Miss MARK.

Assisted by Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors.

Thorough education given to pupils, and special attention paid to their health and to the formation of character.

St. Anne's is recognised as one of the healthiest places in the North of England, and Linden Hurst is beautifully situated near'the Sea, as is also Wynslade, the Senior House, reserved for pupils over 12.

Bathing, Swimming, Tennis, Hockey, Cycling, Riding, and classes for Physical Culture.

Delicate and backward girls receive special care.

Highest testimonials. References to the Vicar of St. Anne's and also to the parents of present and former pupils.

## Winchester House School, and The Lodge (Junior House)

St. Leonards-on-Sea
Recognised by the Board of Education.

Founded 1860.

Principals-

Miss L. BEEFORTH, M.A. Miss F. M. MACKRELL, B.A.

Comprehensive and practical education. Every opportunity for specialising given to elder pupils. Examinations prepared for.

Elevated situation (gravel), electric light, sanitation certified. Gymnasium, Science Laboratory, Vita-Glass Sunroom. 5 acres for GAMES and OUTDOOB ACTIVI-TIES. Sea Bathing, Riding, Gardening,

Fees-From £120 to £150 a year.

Entire charge taken.

## **Bruntsfield School for Girls**

Sandown, Isle of Wight

Entire charge taken of Pupils from the Colonies and the Continent.

Healthiest situation on cliff overlooking Sandown Bay. Large Sports Ground.

#### **Bruntsfield School**

Ventnor

(Branch School opened Spring, 1931)

Illustrated Prospectus and full particulars of both Schools on application to the Principal—

Miss M. MITCHELL.

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.

# Upper Chine School for Girls

Shanklin, Isle of Wight



Inspected by the Board of Education and placed on their Last of Efficient Approved Schools.

The School stands in its own delightful grounds of xx acres, with Playing Fields (xx acres) adjoining. 9 Tennis Courts (3 hard). Preparations for all Evantinations and Career. Fully-qualified Staff. Domestic Science and Secretarial Courses for Elder Girls. Riding. Grif Guides Handlerafts, Recent additions include Private Chapel, Library, Science Laboratory, Gymnasium, Studio, and additional Boarding House.

Telephone, No. 8.

Illustrated Prospectus on application

Principal-MISS DAMON.

#### Lansdowne House Swanage, Dorset

Principals—
Miss KEYS, M.A.
Miss NICHOLSON, L.R.A.M.

The house is large and well built, excellently adapted for school purposes, delightfully situated overlooking the bay.

The aim of the School is to combine with a thoroughly modern education the individual care and training and the comforts and culture characteristic of home life.

Pupils prepared for Public Examinations and for the Universities if desired.

Physical training on Swedish system. Games taught by a trained mistress. Sea Bathing, Swimming, Riding.

Entire charge is taken of Girls whose Parents are abroad.

Terms and Prospectus on application.

# Ingleside School Tiverton, Devon

Principal-Miss C. I. C. FRADD

The School is delightfully situated amidst woodland scenery on the outskirts of Tiverton.

The house is specially adapted for use as a School, and the rooms are lofty and well ventilated.

Qualified English and French Mistresses teach Religious Knowledge, English, History, Geography, Modern Languages, Latin, Mathematics, Class Singing, Drawing, Needlework and Swedish Gymnastics.

Pupils are encouraged to converse in French out of school hours.

Facilities for bathing in the summer term under the supervision of the Gymnastic Mistress, who gives swimming lessons.

Entire charge is taken of Children whose
Parents are abroad.

Fees and Prospectus on application.

#### Fosse Bank Girls' School

Tonbridge, Kent

(38th Year)

Senior Boarders House. Junior Boarders
House. Modern School Buildings.
9 Tennis Courts.

Inclusive Fee—£30 per term, which covers all School Subjects, Board-Residence, Plain Laundry and Pianoforte Lessons.

Prospectus from Head Mistress.

## Lauriston Hall

Torquay, South Devon

Principals (Miss K. VICCARS Miss E. VICCARS

Situation—High, healthy position. Beautiful and extensive grounds.

Thoroughly good education. Careful Mental, Moral, and Physical Training.

Music, Art, Literature and Languages.

Laboratory.

Well-equipped Swedish Gymnasium. Physical education carefully supervised.

Ideal for children who have been born in tropical countries.

Fees-30 to 40 guineas per term.

# Alexandra College

Westcliff-on-Sea

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Founded 1892.

Recognised by the Board of Education and placed on its List of Efficient Secondary Schools.

Head Mistress-Miss LE PAGE, M.A.

Resident Staff of Honours Graduates. Visiting Staff of London Specialists. Resident fully-qualified Drilling and Games Mistress.

The education is sound and upon modern Public School'lines. A thorough training is given in Music and Art.

Pupils are prepared for the School Certificate Examination, the London Matriculation, the London Intermediate B.A., the University Entrance Scholarship Examinations, and for all the Examinations of the Associated Board (R.A.M. and R.C.M), and for all grades of the Royal Drawing Society.

The health of the pupils is in the care of experienced Matrons, the diet is nourishing and abundant. Outdoor games are strongly encouraged, and are organised by a fully-qualified Games Misteses, special care being taken to avoid over-twention. Swimming is taught in the summer. There is a fully-equipped Gymnasium.

Out-of-School activities are fostered: there are numerous School Societies in operation, as well as a School Orchestra and a School Company of Guides.

Entire charge taken of Children whose Parents are abroad at a Moderats Inclusive Fee.

#### Stanmore

Westgate-on-Sea, Kent

Principal-Miss COWPER.

HIGH-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Premises—Detached, in splendid position on the sea front.

Aim — Preparation for life by harmonious development of Moral, Intellectual and Physical Powers.

Curriculum — Comprehensive; thorough Modern System, individual treatment according to requirements Examinations if required.

Physical Training—Gymnastics, Swedish Drill; Out-Door Games and Recreation.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

# St. Winifred's

17, Tennyson Road, Worthing, Sussex

A modern Home School for Girls, with Kindergarten and Preparatory Department, situated on gravel soil in best residential part of Worthing.

Staff of Univerity and Trained Mistresses.

Preparation for Matriculation, the examinations of the Royal Academy and the Royal Drawing Society.

Special attention given to delicate and backward girls.

Health record excellent.

School Library. Organised Games. French Conversation.

Entire charge taken of Pupils whose Parents are abroad.

Highly recommended. Fees moderate.

For Prospectus apply to Principal.

## Clevedale School

FOR GIRLS

Christchurch Road, Winchester, Hants.

Principal-

Madame WEST, B.S. (France)

ASSISTED BY FULLY-QUALIFIED EXPERIENCED STAFF.

The aim of the School is to unite the comforts and sympathies of home life with culture and systematic education on modern lines, with strain avoided.

Vita-glass windows. Running water (hot and cold).

Moderate Inclusive Pers.

Entire charge where Parents abroad.

#### SCHOOLS—SPECIAL

# The Colthurst House Schools

Warford (near Alderley Edge)
Cheshire

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS SUFFERING FROM EPILEPSY.

Children are given the most careful medical supervision, taught ordinary school subjects by qualified teachers, play all the usual games, and thoroughly enjoy life. They have the best chance that can be given them of developing along normal lines and becoming eventually well-educated healthy men and women.

#### Mrs. Hoster's Secretarial Training College

FOR EDUCATED GIRLS AND WOMEN

29, Grosvenor Place, London, S.W. 1

References—The Viscountess St. Cyres, The Viscountess Pirrie, The Countess of Desart, The Countess Bowager of Mayo, Mrs. Samuel Courtauld, Claude Monteflore, Esq., Messrs. Wainwright, Pollock & Co, Solicitors, Messrs. Lewis & Yglesias, Solicitors, and many others.

Full Prospectus on application to-Mrs. HOSTER, F.I.S.A., F.I.P.S.,

St. Stephen's Chambers, Telegraph St , E C z

Telephone, Metropolitan 28xx (4 lines) Branch Office, 48 Broadway, S.W x. Telephone, Victoria 5589.

All kinds of Typewriting, Translations, Duplicating, etc., are undertaken at City and Broadway Offices.

## Worcester College for the Blind

Worcester

Head Master-G. C. BROWN, M.A. (Lond.)

Endowed Public School providing for blind boys and those of defective sight a first-grade Public School education.

Premises—Modern, equipped with all the apparatus necessary for the College's poculiar needs.

PREPARATORY MAIN AND SENIOR SECTIONS.

Preparation for University, Professional and Business Careers.

Boat House on the Severn. Swimming Bath on premises. Many valuable Scholarships.

Fees-£100 to £120 per annum.

### School for Development of Backward, Nervous, and Exceptional Children

WHO CANNOT BE TAUGHT WITH ADVANTAGE IN ORDINARY BOARDING SCHOOLS Established over 25 years.

Expert health and educational treatment. Department for Girls over School age. Kindergarten for Juniors. Temperamental difficulties studied, remedial exercises, etc. Gardening and outdoor occupations. Entire charge taken when required.

Particulars from-

#### Miss ALICE MEIKLEJON

St. Paul's House, Upper Maze Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea. Telephone, Hastings 560.

#### NAUTICAL TRAINING

### Thames Nautical Training College (H.M.S. Worcester)

Off Greenhithe, Kent. Established 1862. Incorporated 1893.

Charman—Rt. Hon. THE EARL OF INCHAPE, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E.

PRIMARY OBJECT The training of youths as EXECUTIVE OFFICERS for the MARITIME SERVICES
The College combines special technical and commercial subjects with PUBLIC SCHOOL, EDUCATION. The training counts as one year's sea service for certificated cadets. Scholarships of £50 per annum and upwards granted in reduction of fees. Ages of admission 12-17 years. Moderate Terms.

Cadetships granted by the Admiralty in the R.N. (under a special scheme of entry), also in the R.N.B.

For Illustrated Prospectus apply—
THE SECRETARY, THAMES NAUTICAL TRAINING COLLEGE, 72, MARK LANE, LONDON, R.C. 2,
or The Captain Supt., Worcester, off Greenbithe, Rent.

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	Harrogate	George Hotel .	Walter C Edge	c
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HOUSES.	Harrogate	Russell Private Hotel	S A Mallmson	ì
	Harrogute	St. Hellers Private Hotel	J Buckley .	
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	Harrogate .	Fernbank, 5, St Mary & Avenue	Mrs E Waddington .	
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			. 14, St Leonards Road	
ESTATE	Bossombe		. 126, Christchurch Road .	c
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#### TEMPERATURE AND SUNSHINE AT BRITISH HEALTH RESORTS.

Mean Temperature of the Air, and the Percentage of the Possible Duration of Bright Sunshine at British Health Resorts and Chief Towns during the year October 1930 to September 1931. The mean temperature at Nice during the fifty years 1851-1900 is added for comparison.

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Harrogate .	493	35	42'1	3x	38.8	13	47'3	29	37'3	35	37 3	19
Hastings	53 4	45	46'7	28	42 5	20	21.0	40	40.0	30	40 I	34
Hull	51 5	4×	438	26	39.6	3	49.5	29	38 5	32	38 7	16
Leamington Spa .	52 9	34	44 0	20	29'9	9	49'8	<b>28</b>	37.9	17	40'1	22
Littlehampton	53°1	43 30	46'I 44 3	29	41 3 40 9	21	50'5 48 7	41 28	39°3	32	39 ['] 7 39 ['] 9	3x
Llandudno	53.3	30	465	10	420	15	50 I	33	41 7	32	42'0	21
London (West'r)	54.3	34	46'I	19	4º 7	5	28.1	29	39 9		40'3	x6
Malvern	51.2	36	44'1	28	40 I	13	49'8	31	39.x	28	39 8	28
Manchester	51 4	24	43'7	13	40 9	3	49'3	23	38 5	7	39'7	8
Margate	54'3	45	47 2	3x	42 5	19	51'5	40	40'5	22	40 I	30
Marlborough	50'I	32	42'5 48'1	23	39 3	13	48'5	33	37.0	23	38'4	27 26
Newquay Norwich	53.6	26		27 28	45.5	16	50'9	36 35	43 5 38 2	29	43'7 38'1	18
Nottingham	21.8	45 36	43.7 43.3	25	39°3	7	19'5	27	37.6	15	38.7	15
Oxford	51 9	34	438	26	40.0	10	50.0	30	38.7	25	39.8	<b>26</b>
Paiguton	54 6	36	47 2	26	43'5	30	2x.2	38	41'8	32	439	30
Penzance	54'9	29	50 3	29	47'6	24	57 5	38	45'3	30	45'7	20
Plymouth	54'5	<b>28</b>	48 3	25	45°1	21	5º 5	35	42'9	33 28	43 5	26
Portsmouth	53.3	38	47'4	27	42.5	22	2z.0	39	40°E		41.4	<b>26</b>
Ross-on-Wye	52'0	4I	44'3	27	40'6 40'3	13	49'9	3x	38 9	30	40'7 39'3	<b>26</b>
Scilly	51 2	40 20	50 0	31 20	475	27	49 I	30 41	39.7 45.6	28	39 3 45 3	17 31
Sheffield	509	38	43 5	26	39 4	7	48.8	27	38 5	19	38.6	16
Skegness	-		42 9	3z	39 I	zź	49'0	35	37 9	30	38.6	88
Southampton	53'x	36	45 6	28	417	16	21.0	35	38.0	25	40'5	29
Southend	54'3	43	46 3	28	41 I	15	517	37	387	22	39 3	24
Southport .	51 3	32	44 0	23	40 7	9	49 I	32	38 4	21	39.7	21
Stonyhurst	49'3	30	42 5	32	38 9	8	47.7	29	37 z	25	37'4	13
Torquay	54 I	38	47.3	29	43 7 43 z	23	51.3	39 40	41.7	36	42'7 40 9	3a 30
Tunbridge Wells	54'4 51'9	39 41	47'5 45 I	29	399	13	50 9 49 9	36	40°5 37 5	31 25	37.9	23
Valencia	22.0	20	47'2	24	45'6	17	50'I	30	44 6	19	44.4	21
Ventnor	55.3	41	48.7	28	44 5	28	52 2	42	4× 7	36	41'9	38
Weymouth	54'9	36	479	28	43'9	19	51 9	40	41 5	31	43'3 42 8	34
Woolacombe	54'5	- !	48 4	- !	44 9	- ;	5× 5	- 1	43 5	-		-
Worthing	54 I	43	47'2	25	42 I	34	51 3	41	40 3	29	40'4	3x
Yarmouth	53'4	45	44 9	28 26	40 5	17	49'9	36	39 I	22 26	39.3	15
York	50 5	33	4 <b>2</b> 8	20	38 9	9	48.9	27	38.0	20	36.1	17
Nice (1851-1900)	72'3		68'2		61 o	_			47:3			
11100 (1051-1900)	73'*	- 1	00 4	- (	01 0	- 1	52.7	- 1	47'3	_	_	_
·							1000					

### TEMPERATURE AND SUNSHINE AT BRITISH HEALTH RESORTS.

Mean Temperature of the Air, and the Percentage of the Possible Duration Bright Sunshine at British Health Resorts and Chief Towns during the year October 1930 to September 1931. The mean temperature at Nice during the fifty years 1851-1900 is added for comparison.

PLACE.	M.u	∟h.	A1	ııl	M	ay	Jn	ne	Ju	ly	1 <b>A</b> 1	ug.	Sept.	
	Tenip'	Sun	Temp	Sun	Temp	Sun	Temp	Sun	Temp	Sun	Tem	San	Temp	Su
berdeen	ok.	%	F.	<b>~</b> ~	F.	%	F.	90	' F.	%	- N	- 4/0	or.	%
salmoral	30.8	29	43'4	25	48 9	37	52 3	29	56.0	16	53 I	<b>28</b>	5* 5	2
ath	31'9 41 3	37	40°2 47 6	24	46 7		50 0	-	55'1	-	51 3	-	47 9	=
irmingham	39'3	35	44 9	16	53 9 52 2	33	59 9	37	60 g	29	59 9	29	54 4	
lackpool	400	40	46 D	30	53 1	39	57 9 56 5	28	59 0 59 0	24	57 3	32	28.0	
ournemouth	40 6	36	47.5	20	58 9	35	59 I	43	59 9	34	58 z	40	53 8	2
radford	37 I	29	44 3	25	51 I	30	55 7	27	58 7	25	56 x	33 31	54 2	3
Brighton	4º 5	43	47 2	31	53 3	43	58 9	41	60'5	39	61 7	40	58'3	3
Buxton	35 3	36	48 I	22 26	49 3	36	54 1	25	56 5	22	54 =	32	20.1	1
andift	39 7	45 40	47 I	27	53 5	32	59 6	36	6x 5	29	57 7	32	53 3	1
heltenham	40 7	38	45 7	27	52 7 52 7	32	58 3	36	593	29	593	39	55.2	3
lacton-on-Sea	38 9	51	46 9	32	53 6	42	59 I	34	59 9	21	58 9	30	53'4	1 2
kolwyn Bay	AO R	30	46 7	. 26	52 3	42	57 8	47 32	63.0 59 6	38 <b>27</b>	59 9	37	54'3	1
oventry	40.I	39	46 5	31	53 3	32	59 4	30	60 9	23	58 3 58 7	37	54 5	2
romer	39 7	53	45 2	30	58 7	25	58 5	41	61 9	33	58 5	33 37	54 °	3
louglas, I. of Man.	39 9	37	45 9	32	49 6	40	54.5	29	57'0	25	57 1	43	53 I	3
Oublin	7-3	30	45 9	30	50 4	36	57 5	26	583	18	56 5	37	51 9	1
astbourne	37'3	30 42	44'3	25 33	50'5	35	53 3	29	57 7	17	54'5	27	5º 7	3
dinburgh	40 7 37 I	36	44 I	28	52 7 49 9	45 41	58 3	47	60 5	43	61 I	36	55 I	3
almouth	43 3	24	48 3	27	52 5	36	52 5 58 x	26 40	57 7 59 5	19	54 4 60 I	23 38	21.0	3
elixstowe	38.4	52	46.3	32	52 9	41	59 7	46	59 5 51 9	33 37	59'7		56 z	3
reenock	38 3	-	45 I	: —	51'x	-	53 T	-	58 o	3/	57 0	39	54 3 5# 0	Ξ
uernsey	44 7 1	33	48.5	4I	53'7	45	59.0	55	606	50	60 7	41	58 9 56 8	3
Iarrogate .	30.0	38	44 5	3×_	50 5	32	55'3	24	588	25	55'3	32	58 7	
Lastings Lull	409	43 36	46 7	347	53 3	43	59 5	46	60.3	38	60.7	1,6	54 9	3
eamington Spa	38 7	40	46.4	21	58 5 53 8	34	58 3	30	61 4	28	57 4	40	54'3	
attlehampton .	40'4	40	463	32	58 4	42	59'5	32	60 4	28	58 7	32	54·1	2
iverpool (Bidston)	40'3	36	45 3	27	52 2	34	57 8 57 1	45 28	59 5 58 7	38 20	60.2	42	54 0	3
landudno	41 9	38	47 3	<b>28</b>	52 7	40	57 5	35	59.7	27	57 4 58 7	37	53 5	
ondon (West'r) .	42'1	29	48 5	26	55'5	36	61 5	38	62'5	31	61 5	39 30	54 9 55·7	3
ialvern	40'I		46 3	33	53 I	34	59 3 58 8	36	60 3	30	58 5	31	53·7 53·9	3
Ianchester Iargate		34	46 4	20	53 x	33	58.8	22	60 9	17	57 9	30	54 9	3
	405	49 40	47 5 45 I	33 27	53 9 51 5	43	60.4	51	62 5	41	6o 8	39	563	4
ewquay	39 5		47'4	27	51 9	33 35	57.5	37	58 7	33	57.5	34	2z,3	3
orwich	42 8 38 4		46 9	3x	54 I	37	57 4 59 6	37 38	58 5 61 5	31	58 9	41	55 o	3
ottingham	39 3	33	46 5	18	53'2	20	58 5	34	60 8	33	58.3	38 30	53 3	3
xiora	40 5	39	46 9	<b>2</b> 3	53'5	31	59 5	32	60'5	39	59.8	30	54.2	
aignton	41'5	23	47 9	30	53 5	37	58 9	40	60 7	33	60 8	37	53 ['] 7	3
enzance	44 8	28	49'3	32	53 I	35	58 5	36	600	36	6x 1	4I	57 I	3
lymonth ortsmouth	48 6	3t 3f	47 6 47 9	29 29	52 2	35	57 7	36	58 9	30	59 7	35	55 7	3
oss-on-Wye	41 8 40 4	37	47.9	23	54 I 52 6	40	58.9	43	61.3	33	61 5	35	57 I	3
carborough	39 5	35	46 7	31	51 S	33	56 2	36	59.6	26 25	58.6	33	54 0	3
ally	45'3	29	48 5	38	51.6	38	56 7	36	58 6	36	57 7 50 I	31 48	54 3 56 1	2
heffield	38.3	3x	46 o	24	52 3	30	57 3	37	60 3	35	57.5	32	53.7	3
cegness	38.3	44	46 2	33	52.0	37	57 7	43 1	6x.3	34	57 I	38	53.7	3
outhampton	41 I	34	47:3	37	53 9	33	59 9	38	бо в !	31	6o 4	3x	54 6	3
outhend outhport	40 I	45	46.0	30	54'3	38	61.0	45	62 5	37	€0 6	37	55 I	3
onyhurst	39 9	43	44.5	28	52 7 51 5		56 9	3x	59 7	31	57 6	40	53 2	3
orquay	38 I	26	47 4	31	58 7	38	55 5 5 58 3	40	58 4 b	25 35	56 4 60 8	38	5ª.3	22
otland Bay	41 0	38	46 7	32	58 I	42	58 I	43	59 7	35	60 I	39	55 9	34
anbridge Wells	30 3	38	46 z	29	52 6	36	58 g :	43	500	36	56 4	37	54 7 52 6	32
alencia	45.9	25	48 7	32	23.I	39	57'1	19	58.7	29	58.9	43	55.7	34
entnor	42 2	40 i	47 9 1	34	53 o	39	587	46	6051	37	61 5	41	56 r	35
eymouth	41'6	36 ,	475	31	23.0	38	58 3	42	00 7	36	60 9	38	53 9	3
oolacombe	43.0	_ i	47 5	_	52.2	_ !	57 8	- ;	59'3	- 1	60 5	<b>–</b> i	56 3	_
orthing	40 9	40	46 9 !	32	53 3	43	58 7	44	60 6	37	61.1	39	54 9	38
. wie	38 4	40	45 7 46 1		52 4 52 5	36	58 5 57 0	41 ! 28	61.0∶ 60.9∶	36 (	58 9	40	54 3	33
	39 I	*-	4~ -	3-	J- 3	23 I	-7 ·	40	<b>UU Q</b> i	27	57 3	40	540	85

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ESPLANADE HOTEL. High-class Family Hotel (unlicensed), centre of Sea Front. Large Dining Hall and Lounge opening on to Lawn and Sea Promenade. Recreation Room. Open all the year. Ten minutes from new 18-hole Golf Links. 40 Bedrooms. Electric Passenger Lift. MR. and MRS. JENNER, Resident Proprietors. Telephone, 298.

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Railway. Location—On the slopes of the Malvern Hills,
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Valleys, the Cotawold, Mendip and Welsh hills; and in the plain below can be seen Droitwick,
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The Malvern Hills being a single chain, there are no lateral intervening valleys in the range.
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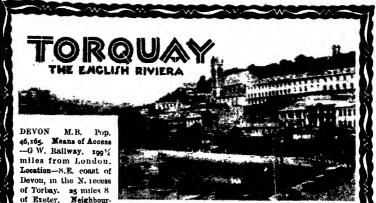
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Sea Front First-class Accommodation for 150 Guests.



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Climate—Mild, soft, equable, luxuuant vegetation. Water Supply—From Dattmoor; constant, soft. Drainage—Modern Soil—Limestone Front—Ornamental promonades and marine drive. Pier—1,500 feet, pavilion, skating rmk. Beach—Sand and shingle.
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is noted for the equability of its climate, which is largely due to its geographical situation. The proximity of the sea and the shelter

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Ideal for Week-End or Permanent Residence.

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-600 feet. Beach-Sands. A quiet family watering-place in the centre of bwanage Bay. Golf (18 holes).

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Sailing and swimming matches, water polo, boating on river and sea, fishing, shooting, good anchorage for yachts in harlour. Teignmouth has a fine promenade.

"MARINA" RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, Finest BAST CLIFF PRIVATE HOTEL. Position. Sea Front, S.W. aspect. Uninter-rupted Sea Views. Hot and Cold Water in most Bedrooms Ideal Autumn and Winter Home. Easily accessible for Dartmoor excursions. Appointed A.A. Billiards (full-size).

Free Golf (18 holes). Illustrated Tariff. Telephone, 55.

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In best position, facing Sea. Open all the year round. Excellent Cuisine. Separate Tables. South aspect. Hot and Cold Water in Bedrooms. Free Golf (z8 holes).

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Noted for its College and Cathedral. Golf links (3 courses, 18 holes).

CHERNOCKE PRIVATE HOTEL. Quietly situated in own grounds near Cathedral, College and Barracks. Centrally Heated throughout. Excellent Cuisine. Inclusive Terms. Garage. GILBERT LUDFORD, Proprietor. Tel. zaz.

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Incorporated with Limited Liability in Australia.

#### ESTABLISHED 1865.

D 11 0 11 1					
Paid-up Capital	•••	••	•••	•••	£1,250,000
Reserve Fund		•••	••		1,000,000
					2,250,000
Reserve Liability	of Pro	prietor	8		1,250,000
					£3,500,000

Head Office—ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

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Reserve Fund						£4,475,000
Reserve Liability of	Propi	rietors	unae	r tne	Cnart	£4,500,000 £18,475,000

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# BELFAST BANKING COMPANY LIMITED.

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Established 1827. Incorporated 1865, Limited 1883.

Authorised and Subscribed Capital \$2,500,000
Paid-up Capital \$800,000
Reserve Fund \$00,000
Undivided Profits \$000,000
Total Assets (31st December, 1930) \$000,000

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Established 1838,

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The affiliated Banks have 2,550 Branches in Great Britain & Northern Ireland

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Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1746.

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Paid-Up Capital - - - 17,000,000 £1,438,356 3e. 4d.
Reserve Fund (earned)- - \$8,000,000 £1,643,835 12e. 4d.
Investments - - - - \$69,321,288.03 £14,244,100 5s. 9d.

DEBENTURES issued. In sums of £50 and upwards.

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49,817,731 50,706,232 Note Issue Department Rurai Credits Department Other Items 7.462.040

£170,339,488

£60.658,518

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The first customer of the Midland Bank could never have foreseen the breadth and variety of the facilities available to his countless successors. It is the aim of the booklet bearing the above title to describe some of the services which the Bank now offers to actual and potential customers.

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Head Offices: 13-17 Old Broad Street, London, E.C. 2.

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Paid-up Capital - - - - - £1,500,000
Reserve Fund - - - - - £1,485,000
Deposits, etc. (as at 30th June, 1931) - £37,047,569

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		Bra	nchesi		-
ADEM, STEAMFR POINT AMBITSAR ROMBAY CALCUTTA CAWNFORE	CHITTAGONG COLEMN (S. INDIA) COLEMNO DEI IN KANDY KARACIII LAMONE	MADRIA MAYDALAY NEWARA ELIYA RANCOON TETRORIN ZANZIBAR	ELDORRT KISUMU MOMBASA NAIROBI NAKURU ENTERBE JINJA KAMPALA	Kenya Colony	Dan ps Salaam   Tuganyika Tanga   Territory,

The Bank purchases, grants advances against, or collects falls payable in India, Burma, Ceylon, Aden, Zamibar Kenya, Uganda, etc. on current terms.

The Bank issues Drafts on its Branches as well as on its Agents in the principal towns of India and Burma. Africa, and elsewhere, and also wells Telegraphic Transfers on all its Branches, at the exchange of the day.

The Bank, on behalf of its Constituents, undertakes the collection of Furlough Pay and Pensions from the India and Colonial Offices, the Custody of Government and other Securities, and the Receipt of Interest and

Dividends there on The Custony of Government and other Securities, and the Receipt of This case and Dividends there on The Custony of Government and other Securities, and the Receipt of This case and Dividends the Bank in London, or any of its licancies.

The Bank receives Personne for fixed periods not exceeding one year at rates to be obtained on application [47]. Trustees the and Executorships also undertaken.

Clarf Ottice -The aw Zealand NATIONAL BANK Wellmeton of NEW ZEALAND Limited Authorised & Subscribed Capital . £6,000,000 Paid-up Capital - - \$2,000,000 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits £2,168,457 Head Office Deposits received at rates which Moorgate may be ascertained on application London I C2 Mariager 93 Branches and Agencies in NEW ZEALAND. Arthur Willes CORRESPONDENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

### SLAND NATION

Incorporated in Queensland under "The Companies Act, 1863." Estd. 1872 LIMITED. Head Office: BRISBANE. General Manager: MARMADUKE GRANVILLE HAYMEN.

#### London Office: 8. PRINCES STREET. E.C. 2.

Manager: L. W. MORTIMER.

Authorised Capital, £2,000,000. Paid-up Capital, £1,750,000.

Subscribed Capital, £1,750,000. Reserve Fund, £860,000.

34% Interminable Inscribed Deposit Stock, £3,091,669 4s. 5d.

Bankers:-THE BANK OF ENGLAND; LLOYDS BANK LIMITED.

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Atlora Aramac | Ayr Babinda Barcaldine Beaudesert Bell | Biggenden Biloels Blackall Boonah Bundaberg Burketown Carris Capella Charleville

Charters Towers Childers Clifton Cloncurry Cooktown Crow's Nest Cummamulla

Cumamula
Dalby
Esk
Forest Hill
Fortitude Valley
Gatton Herianton pswich St Jandowne (Brishane) Julia Creek George St

Gladstone Geombunges Goomeri Goondiwindi Greenmount Gympie | Haden Halifax liughenden Ingham Inmsfail

Kandanga
Killarney
Killarney
Killarney
Laidley
Longreach
i Mackay
Malanda
Marhung
Mareeba
Maryborongh
Millmerran
Mitchell Monto
Mossman
Mudubbera Mundubbera

| Murgon | Muttaburra | Nonduh | Oakey | Nunduh | Oakey | Pittsworth | Ravoushoo | Redchiffe | Richmond | Rockhampton Rockhampton Roma | Rosewood Sandgate | Sarina South Brisbane Southbrook

Tamborine North Tannymorei Thursday Island Turgoora Toogoolawah Toowooming Townsville Warwick Winton | Wondai Woolloongabba Wooroolin Yangan

Tambo

NEW SOUTH WALBS.—SYDVEY, CASINO, KYOGLE, LISMORE, URBENVILLE, WARDELL, VICTORIA.—MELBOURNE FEDERAL CAPITAL TERRITORY.—CANBERRA,

The Bank grants Drafts on all its Branches and Agencies; also Telegraphic Transfers and transacts every description of Banking Business in connection with Queensland and other Austrahan States on the most favourable terms. The London Office receives Deposits for 3 and up to 36 months at rates which can be ascertained on application, Interest rapable half-yearly or quarterly as desired.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1727.

Capital (fully-paid) Reserve Fund (Oct. 1930) Deposits (Oct. 1930)

£3,780,192 £3,780,926 £50,387,090

**HEAD OFFICE** 

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General Manager, SIR ALEXANDER KEMP WRIGHT, K.B.E., D.L., LL.D.

LONDON (CITY) OFFICE - 3, Bishopsgate, E.C. 2.

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243 BRANCHES throughout Scotland.

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A complete British, Colonial and Foreign Banking Service.

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### OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

Bankers to the Imperial Government in South Africa, and to the Governments of Northern Rhodesia, Southern Rhodesia, Nyasaland and Tanganyika.

#### CAPITAL AUTHORISED

& SUBSCRIBED - £10,000,000

CAPITAL PAID-UP- - £2,500,000

RESERVE FUND - - £3,164,170

CAPITAL UNCALLED - £7,500,000 £13.164.170

#### Head Office:

#### 10, CLEMENTS LANE, LOMBARD STREET,

and 77, KING WILLIAM STREET, LONDON, E.C. 4.

LONDON WALL Branch-63, London Wall, E.C. 2.

WEST END Branch-9, Northumberland Avenue, W.C.2.

NEW YORK Agency-67, Wall Street.

HAMBURG Agency-Bank of British West Africa, Limited, 49-53, Schauenburger Strasse

OVER 370 BRANCHES, SUB-BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN SOUTH, EAST AND CENTRAL AFRICA.

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RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... .. £8,000,000

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(Established 1889.)

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Paid-up Capital - - - - £39,180
Reserve Fund - - - - £64,320

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THE BANK OF BERMUDA, LTD., HAMILTON, BERMUDA.

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Telephone: Temple Bar 2360.

31, Walbrook, E.C. 4 (Telephone: City 9875); 38, Ship Street, Brighton; and 199, Queen's Road, Hastings. [256

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REMOTE interests which may never come into possession at all can be made available for immediate use if supported by Policies to be effected with the EQUITY & LAW LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, which is under the same management.

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MR. T. G. ROSE (Author of Cost Price Assurance and Hon. Lecturer to University Economic Dept.) is at all times willing to give intending ASSURANTS assistance on Assurance matters, without any charge falling upon the applicant. All proposals and premiums may be sent direct to the Company concerned.

THE TABLES PRESENTED below indicate the advisability of writing to or seeing the author before investment. Letters, giving the fullest possible information as to date of birth, etc., should be addressed:

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#### **EXAMPLE OF RESULTS:**

Whole Life Assurance (with profits) £10 Annual Premium.†

Age at Entry Assumed age at death Yield	: :	25   30 70 70 £1,370   £1,069	35 70 £836	40 75 £718
Tield	• •	21,570		

"Wh	ole-Life."	Twent	y Limited	Paymen	its of £10	0. †
Age Result at age 70 (Death assumed)	20 £1,160	25 £957	30 £775	35 £625	40 £4%	45 £3%

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK: PP. 471, 1931, and 469, 1932.

"The selection of the office best suited to requirements and likely to produce the best results should be carefully made, but the study of any tables or suggestions is not sufficient to enable persons without technical knowledge to gauge the respective merrix of the various companies. . and large sums may be saved or earned by intending proposers through obtaining rehable advice before a proposal is made."

	Age		
£10 Annual Endowment Premium.	Entry 20 30 40	Maturity 60 60 65	Yield † *£995 £565 £400

+ World-wide policies

COST PRICE ASSURANCE, Price One Shilling. A Guide to Policies yielding 4 to 5 per cent. (compound), according to age at entry. By T. G. Rose. From all booksellers, the Publisher, Effingham Wilson, 16, Copthall Avenue, London, E.C. 2.

or the Author (POST FREE.)

"The subject is treated in a masterly way. The science of assurance from the standpoint of the Policy-holder could scarcely have been illustrated and explained with greater ability."—City Press.

Aviation Policies and Annuities carefully selected.

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LIMITED.

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Marine Department: 2 6, BILLITER SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3.

### ASSETS EXCEED £30,000,000

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Comprehensive Policies for Buildings and Contents of Dwelling Houses.

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A. LEVINE, General Manager. 176

# A.M.P.

The LARGEST BRITISH MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE

Funds: £83,500,000



INVESTMENT POLICIES.

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NON-MEDICAL ASSURANCES.

MONTHLY PREMIUM POLICIES.

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FUNDS - - - £20,000,000

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The Society which has just

DISTRIBUTED MORE THAN

PUT TO RESERVE A **FURTHER** 

£1,150,000

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That you will

- (1) be secure;
- (2) be sure you are secure:
- (3) obtain the best value for your money.

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION.

the old-established Annuity Office. grants annuity rates which rank among the very best obtainable; allowance is made for each month of age actually completed; contracts may be obtained under which the full return of the purchase money is guaranteed; and it possesses funds

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A male aged 62, for example, can obtain a guaranteed return on capital exceeding 10 per cent. per annum for life. The return at other ages to both male and female investors is equally generous.

Even more favourable terms are granted to those in Impaired Health.

Write to-day-stating exact date of birth -for a personal quotation, which will be sent you without Please mention obligation. Whitaker's Almanack.

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Funds Exceed £17,000,000.



BY APPOINTMENT.

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> : LONDON PERTH :

ASSETS EXCEED £14,000,000

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The following are examples of reduced rates of premium for ordinary whole-life non-profit policies of £1,000:—

Age next	Annual	Age next	Anrual
Birthday	Premium	Birthday	Premium
25 30 35 40	£ s. d. 13 18 4 15 16 8 18 9 2 21 17 6	45 50 55 60	£ s. d. 26 9 2 32 13 4 41 5 0 52 19 2

For policies of £5,000 and upwards a reduction of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. on the premium is allowed.

The sums assured may be paid wholly or partially to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue on account of death duties before the grant of probate, an arrangement which avoids the interest on the duties.

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: : FUNDS £9,800,000

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Law Courts Branch—21, FLEET STREET, E.C. 4.

Westminster Branch—28, KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C. 2.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	•••	••	£2,059,971
CAPITAL PAID-UP	•••	•••	. £1,024,578
TOTAL INCOME	•••	•••	£3,160,000
TOTAL ASSETS	•••	•••	£12,736,000

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### Association Limited

with which are associated

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pays no Commission, and has a Record Economy in Management.

No lower rates are published for Non-participating policies.

Annual premiums:	for	£1,000	Assurance

Age At			death.			At 65 or death.				
<b>30</b>	£15	:	0	:	0	£19	:	10:	0	
<b>40</b>	21	:	0	:	0	31	:	0:	0	
50	31	•	10	•	0	58	•	0 :	0	

Its participating contracts are more attractive still.

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(founded 1830, established in England 1902)

the largest French Life Office represented in the United Kingdom, issues Immediate Annuities on FEMALE LIVES at the following rates:

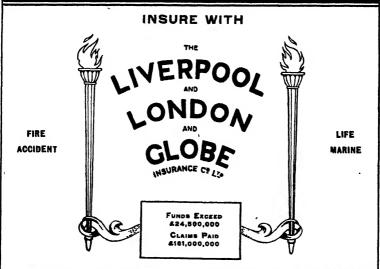
Age 69, Annuity payable half-yearly - 29:10:7 per cent.

£9:10:7 per cent.

Also good rates for Male Lives, Joint Lives and DEFERRED ANNUITIES.

British assets fully cover all liabilities.

Total Assets over £10,000,000 or 1,250,000,000 French france. Apply to R. RICARD, General Agent, 212a, Shaftesbury Avenue, LONDON, W.C. 2,



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### London and Manchester Assurance ESTABLISHED 1869.

COMPANY LIMITED.

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FIRE

ACCIDENT MOTOR. &c.

CLAIMS PAID exceed £13,000,000

Chief Office: FINSBURY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.2

# MARINE & GENERAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Head Office-48, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C. 3.

Founded 1852.

#### DIRECTORS.

Chairman—ARTHUR NEVILE LUBBOOK, Esq.

Deputy-Chairman—The Hon, R. D. DENMAN, M.P.

STABLEY DAY, Esq., F.I.A. Viscount GLENAPP. The Right Hon. LORD GORELL, C.B.E., M.C.

The Right Hon. LORD KILBRACKEN, G.C.B.
LOUIS ERNEST MEINERTHEAGEN, ESC.
LB.E., M.C. The Right Hon. LORD MESTON, K.C.S.J.
CHARLES ROBERT TRITTON. Esc.

#### Medical Referees-

Arnold Chaplin, M.D., 3, York Gate, Regent's E. H. Colbrox, M.D., 55, Upper Berkeley Street, Park, N.W. 1.

Bankers—Barclays Bank, Limited, 54, Lombard Street, London, E.C. 8.

Assistant Actuary—C. G. Gardher, F.I.A.

Actuary—Howard T. Cross, F.I.A.

Since the Society's foundation more than 75 years ago, Benus Additions to Policies for the Whole Term of Life have averaged more than Two Pounds per Annum for each £100 Assured.

### NATIONAL PROVIDENT INSTITUTION

for

### MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE

#### **BONUS DISTRIBUTION 1930**

ON WHOLE LIFE ASSURANCES a Bonus of THREE POUNDS

per annum for each £100 assured was declared, increasing, after survival of the expectation of life, to

#### **FIVE POUNDS**

and over at very old ages.

ON ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES the rates of Bonus were also very generous.

48 Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3



### THE PRUDENTIAL

IS THE LARGEST INSURANCE INSTITUTION IN THE

### BRITISH EMPIRE

AND TRANSACTS LIFE, FIRE, BURGLARY, MARINE, AND ALL OTHER CLASSES OF INSURANCE BUSINESS.

Chief Office: Holborn Bars, London, E.C. 1.

FUNDS EXCEED - £240,000,000 CLAIMS PAID EXCEED £360,000,000

~₁

A PLAN TO BRING GREATER HAPPINESS AND PROSPERITY TO THOUSANDS OF MEN AND THEIR FAMILIES

### TALKIT OVFR WITH YOUR WIF

-it will solve many of your financial problems

Money enters into all your hopes and aims. The education of your child, the buying of your house, the extension of your business, and, finally, your retirement from business.

How are you to get that money?

May we show you the way? May we show you how you can make sure of a substantial Capital Amount ten years from now, with another and larger sum five years later, and a very much larger sum five years after that?

### WHY NOT PLAN NOW? TO RECEIVE IN CASH-

First

10 YEARS-

2 --- 1

Then another

And finally

From your first deposit your life is insured for \$5,000. That sum, plus accumulated profits, will be paid to your dependants should you not live to enjoy the benefits yourself.

voluming the benefits yourself.
You will save Income Tax on every deposit—thus adding to the profits of the Plan.
The Plan can be applied irrespective of your age and circumstances. It is an opportunity not to be missed.

The contract is guaranteed by one of the strongest Financial Institutions in the World:

### SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

(Incorporated in Canada in 1865 as a Limited Company).

Assets exceed £120,000.000

Let us send you the full Plan based on present boaus rates and adapted to your own age and spare from your income for the purpose is only spare. You incur no obligation.

#### **CUT OUT AND POST TO-DAY.**

To H. O. LEACH (General Manager), SUN LIFE OF CANADA, 20 Sun of Canada House, Cockspur St., Trafalgar Square, London, S.W.1. Please furnish further details of your "Three Stage" Plan	
Name (Mr , Mrs. or Miss)	
Address	
Occupation	
(Exact date of Birth)	
Approximate amount I can invest yearly £ Whitaker, 1992.	

### **ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE**

INCORPORATED A.D. 1720.



All classes of Insurance transacted and the duties of Executor and Trustee undertaken

For full particulars apply to

Head Office: ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON

Branches and Agencies throughout the World



### Security First

Total Funds exceed

£42,000,000

Total Claims paid

£200,000,000

All classes of insurance transacted.

Head Offices:

LIVERPOOL: North John Street. LONDON: Lombard Street.

# SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Founded 1826.

AT the latest Division of Profits on 31st December, 1930, the Bonus Additions ranged from £2 2 6 to £5 17 6 per £100 per annum calculated on the original sums assured, and the reserves were further strengthened.

Head Office:

35, ST. VINCENT PLACE, GLASGOW

London Office:

17, TOKENHOUSE YARD, E.C.2.

### ANNOUNCEMENT

1. The latest development of modern Life Assurance is the

### PERFECT POLICY, a unique combination of LIFE ASSURANCE and INVESTMENT

Immediate Assurance of £1000 with Automatic Replacement when it matures in 25 years, so that when the assured receives £1000 in Cash the "cover" is continued by another £1000 psyable at death, without any further payment of premium or medical examination and irrespective of the then state of health, THUS SECURING £2000 ALTOGETHER.

2. Specially low rates for policies required for

### **DEATH DUTIES or BUSINESS PURPOSES**

Enquiries invited

FOUNDED 1881

### SCOTTISH EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament

Head Office: 28 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh. London Office: 13 Cornhill, E.C.3.

Funds - - £10,000,000

Claims Paid - - £23,000,000

### PEARL ASSURANCE

CO. LTD:

(Incorporated in England)

LIFE

FIRE - ACCIDENT

Funds exceed ... Total Claims paid £65,000,000 £72,000,000

Chief Office:

HIGH HOLBORN, W.C.1.

Branches in every town.

### ROYAL NATIONAL PENSION FUND FOR NURSES

Fatroa—H.M. THE KING.

Sir ERIC HAMBRO, K.B.E., Chairman.

Secretary—J. W. FAUY.

ANNUITIES

IMMEDIATE. DEFERRED. TEMPORARY. ALL KINDS OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

Invested Funds exceed TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The fullest information respecting the Fund is supplied FREE of all charge, by post or on personal application.

**Addrsss:**—The Secretary, R.N.P.F.N.,

15, Buckingham Street, Strand, London, W.C. 2.



Honoured with the Patronage of H.M. the King. Established 1875.

FIRE

#### MOTOR

ACCIDENT

All Classes of Insurance transacted.

Chief Office:

21, IRONMONGER LANE, LONDON, E.C. 2.

Monagor & Secretary, R. PARKER SMITH.

# THE WESTMINSTER 216th YEAR. FIRE OFFICE

Head Office: 27, KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C. 2.

FIRE, BURGLARY, ACCIDENT and MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
HOUSEHOLDERS COMPREHENSIVE INSURANCE.
MODERATE RATES: PERFECT SECURITY.

PROMPT AND LIBERAL SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS."
APPLICATIONS FOR AGENCIES INVITED."

### CONTE /ITH 5%?

### YOU CAN GET A GUARANTEED 7%, 10%, 15%, OR EVEN 20%, ACCORDING TO AGE

Do what many others are to-day doing: sell your stocks and shares and buy a "Sun Life of Canada" Annuity with the proceeds.

A retired professional man has doubled his income by making this safe exchange.

This "two years' Income in one" will be paid to him every year as long as he lives. It will never fail. No more will. no more wondering how to make ends meet. Life is now a different thing for him.

Think what it would mean to you—a far larger Income: an absolutely self Income: Guaranteed for your Life by a Company with over £120,000,000 assets under strict Government supervision. Write for full details of our Annuities, so that we can show you how much better you can employ your Capital—what a much larger income you can enjoy, and how much safer it will be. Even better terms are granted in cases of impaired health, and there are many kinds of annuities, including those with a guaranteed return of Purchase Price. Please give exact date of births and amount of Capital at your disposal.

H. O. Leach (General Manager), Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada (Incorporated in Canada in 1865 as a Limited Company), 20, Sun of Canada House, Cockspur Street, Trafalgar Square, London, S.W.1

THE . .

108th YEAR.

Total Assets Exceed £12,500,000 | Claims Paid Exceed £33.500.900

Chief Offices { ST. HELENS SQUARE, YORK. YORKSHIRE HOUSE, 66/67 CORNHILL, LONDON, E.O. 3.

Wiest End Branch: 48, PALL MALL, S.W. 1. Law Courts Branch: 6, NORFOLK ST., W.O. 4. South=Wiest Branch: 49, SLOANE SQ., S. W. 1. Stratford Branch: 43, The BROADWAY, E. 15. Bouth London Branch: 496, BRIXTON ROAD, S.W. 9.

London Branch: 551, HIGH ROAD, TOTTENHAM, N. 17. Rorth-Wiest Branch: 280, EUSTON ROAD, N.W.1.

City Ottice: MARKET BUILDINGS, 29, MINCING LANE, E.C. 3.

Premium for Assuring £100 at Death. 2 15 11 3 15 11

ESTATE DUTY, CHILDREN'S DEFERRED, EDUCATIONAL, GUARANTEED OPTION POLICIES, ETC., ETC.

Special non assured of

Life Interests and Reversions Purchased or Advances made on them.

LIFE, ANNUITY, ACCIDENT, BURGLARY, LOSS OF PROFITS THROUGH FIRE, TRUSTEESHIP AND EXECUTOR FIDELITY, PLATE COMPENSATION. SHIP. WORKMEN'S GLASS, LIVE STOCK, MOTOR OAR, MARINE, &c.

#### Brincipal Charitable Bequests of the Year. cxlii

APPENDED is a list of the principal bequests for charitable purposes recorded during the year. The amount for charitable purposes is, in a considerable proportion of the cases, approximate, owing to the bequests including a share of the residuary estate, or consisting wholly, or in part, of business interests, or of blocks of shares for which a definite value cannot be given.

owing to the bequests including a share of the residuary estate, or consisting wholly, or in part, of business interests, or of blocks of shares for which a definite value cannot be given.

Reversionary bequests, where these are absolute (usually on the cessor of life interests or a period of years) are included, but contingent reversions (dependent upon failure of issue, the failure of prior trusts or the failure to observe certain conditions, &c.) are not included, unless it is known the reversion, though nominally contingent, is, in the events which have happened, absolute. The amounts of residuary bequests are subject to variation on the final winding-up of the estate, owing possibly to variations in the amount of duty payable, as the final figures may place an estate for duty purposes in a different category (either higher or lower) as compared with the original value submitted on obtaining the grant of probate.

The list records the principal bequests published during the year, not necessarily those becoming payable during the year.

The fount of charity shows no signs of serious abatement in volume, notwithstanding the recent general decline in values and the increasingly large amounts to which both the income and the capital of the well-to-do are subjected in taxation. There is a notable loss due to this cause, but this appears to have been partly compensated for by an increasing number of bequests from estates not in the largest category.

The proportion of the bequests for educational trusts, for hospitals, and for "social purposes" continues to show a steady increase, while the decline in bequests for purely religious and sectarian purposes is more marked, although this year there have been several large bequests to the Bristol Diocessan Board of Finance and for Jewish and Roman Catholic charities.

The largest single bequest—of an approximate value of £700,000—recorded during the year is not included in the table, as the grant of probate was subsequently revoked, and as the disposition of the proper

Name.	GrossValue Approx. of Estate Amount.		Objects.
Beit, Sir Otto, of Belgrave Square, S.W. (provisional valuation)	3.764,34a	# \$5 /ago,coo	Lago, coo for charitable purposes, including £50,000 to King Edward's Hospital Fund, £10,000 to the Charity Organisation Society, £20,000 to the Charity Organisation Society, £20,000 to Congre's Hospital, £5,000 to Homeopathic Hospital, £5,000 to Homeopathic Hospital, £5,000 to Foreigners in Distress, £20,000 to Central Mining and Investment Corporation for educational, public and other charitable purposes in Johannesburg, £20,000 to Children's Sanatorium for Consumption, Holt, Norfolk, £2,000 to Seaford Convalescent Homeoffer, £20,000 to University of Capetown, £20,000 to Imperial College of Science and Technology, London, £20,000 to University of Witwatersand, £5,000 to Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge, and remainder of said sum for such charitable objects in England as the executors determine.
Brotherton, ast Baron of Roundhay valuation)	1,764,529	195,000	£100,000 to University of Leeds, £20,000 to City of Wakefield for charitable purposes, £20,000 similarly to City of Birmingham, £5,000 Archbishop of York for church purposes, £5,000 similarly to Bishop of Wakefield, £5,000 similarly to Bishop of Ripon.
Holt, John Bromilow, of Heywood, Lancs.	219,707	190,000	Bequests include \$1,000 each to Manchester Royal Infirmary, Bury Infirmary and St. Dunstain's Hostel, and residue of estate to the Salvation Army for the Social and Emigration work of that body.
Briggs-Bury, James, of Poul- ton-le-Fylde, Lancs.	r91,583	150,000	On death of wife residue of estate for such charitable purposes in England as the trustee determine, desiring that such sum as they may think fit shall be paid to Accrington Police Fund and Lancashire County Police Fund respectively.
Bevan, Mrs. Constance Helen, of Gloucester Road, S.W.	236,689	150,000	Residue of estate to such charities in Great Britain (not Ireland) as the executors may think fit.

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Name.	GrossValue of Estate		Objects.
Bird, Miss Amy Mary, of Hove	£ 810,099	£ 150,000	Large perpetual annuities to various hospitals and charitable institutions in London and the provinces, including one of 5 ce to the London Royal Free Hospital School of Medicine for Women, one of 5 ce to Church of England Temperance Society, one of 5 ce to the Royal Society for the Assistance of Discharged Prisoners, and the residue of the property to the Salvation Army, the Royal National Mission to Deep Sea Fishermen, the London Association in Aid of Moravian Missions in such shares as the executors think fit.
Allen, Miss Blisabeth Wills, of Northam, Devon	±37,959	140,000	Bequests include £s,coc each to Caurer Hospital, Fuiham, National Institution for the Blind, Royal Normal College and Academy of Music for the Blind, Liverpool Eye and Ear Infirmary, £1,coc Bideford and District Hospital, £0,000 each to Bideford and District Hospital, Boyal National Lifeboat Institution and Gardners Trust for the Blind, and residue for such charitable institutions or objects in England as executors may select.
Skelton, Miss Ann, of South- port, Lanes.	<b>2</b> ,005	140,000	Bequests include \$\(\frac{1}{2}\), one for an "Ann Skelton Ladles Ald Fund," the income for annuities of \$\(\frac{1}{2}\), oe each for ladies in reduced circumstances in Lancashire, and recidue of property to augment the Skelton Bounty for such charitable objects as may be specified in the will of her brother Joseph, but directing the inclusion of the Rritish Homesteads Association for Disabled Officers and Men and any other Associations for the benefit of widows and children of officers or men of the Navy, the Army or the Merchant Service disabled in the King's Service during the Great War.
Hamilton, Major Edward, of Saltburn-by-the-Sea	,18a,8go	120,000	On death of wife, £10,000 to British Home for Incurables, Streatham, £5,000 to North Riding Clergy Fund, bequests to North Country Infirmaries, £3,000 for augmentation of living of Beesbeck, £3,000 augmentation of living of Sketton, £3,000 augmentation Saltburn-by-the-Sea, and residue to North Riding Clergy Fund and British Home for Incurables, Streatham.
Boyle, Robert, of Bourne- mouth  Reld, Mrs. Eliza Mary, of Balhampton, Bath		1	Residue of property for such hospitals or other charitable institutions in London as trustee may determine.  Bequests to a number of organisations, including particularly St. John's Foundation School
Fallentin, James Rose, of Bodynemouth	218,484	100,000	accumulation of works of art, one-fourth to South Kensington Museum for purchasing; works of art, and one fourth to Royal Geo- graphical Society for exploration of sites of ancient cities, and buildings and scientific
Wills, Dame Mary Monica, D.B.E., of Bristol	204,086		

Principal	Charitable	Bequests	·of	the	Year.	
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Name.	GrossValue of Estate.	Approx. Amount.	Objects.
Berg, Mrs. Caroline, of Haver- stock Hill, N.W	£ 164,880	£ 90,000	Bequests to various Jewish charitable organisa- tions, to hospitals and institutions for the Blind, and residue for a fund for deserving Jewish widows and orphans, or failing this to Jewish Board of Guardians for a "Morris and Caroline Fund" to assist deserving cases.
Philpot, Mrs Sarah Frances, of Lower Sloane Street, S.W.	245,006	90,000	Bequests include £20,000 to Royal National Lifeboat Institution, £20,000 each to Middlesex Hospital (for research work) and St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blinded Soldiers and Sailors, £1,000 to Blue Cross Fund, £5,000 each to 9 hospitals, and residue to Royal National Lifeboat Institution.
Galloway, William Johnson, of Portman Square, W.	163,017	80,000	Subject to life interests, £10,000 to Benevolent Fund of Foundling Hospital and residue to Royal Society of Musicians of Great Britain.
Townrow, Arthur Adlington, of Chesterfield, Derby	226,023	80,000	Bequests include £1,000 to Worn-Out Ministers Fund of the Wesleyan Connexion, and £3,000 to Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Royal Hospital, and on death of wife, ultimate residue to Deakin Institute for granting annuities to unmarried women, or for founding and establishing a charitable institution in Chesterfield on similar lines to the Deakin Institute.
Lyon, Maurice, of High Hol- born, W.C.	09,89z	80,000	Bequests to various Jewish Orphanages and charitable institutions and residue for found- ing and endowing a home for convalescent persons of the Jewish Faith within a radius of so miles of the Mansion House. London.
Gray, Miss Margaret, of St.	147,719	80,000	Bequests include £5,000 to Orthopædic Hospital for Children, Elstree, Herts, £5,000 Ramsbottom Cottage Hospital, and residue of estate to Watts Naval College, The Hearts Ease Society, Church of England Waifs and Strays Society, and such other institutions, as her niece Nora Margaret Gray shall choose.
Marshall, Henry William, of Richmond, Surrey	203,394	80,000	£x, see Local Loan Stock to Royal Hospital, Richmond, and, on death of wife, residue as to one-half to King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, one-fourth to Corporation of the City for a fund to he distributed among the Poor Boxes of City of London and in the Metropolitan area, and one-fourth to Dr. Barnardo's Homes.
Whitehead, Sir George Hugh, of Oxford	210,470	74,000	\$4,000 to Endowment Fund of Clifton College, Bristol, in memory of his sons, James and George, who were killed in the war, £s,000 to Old Cliftonian Society for benefit of old scholars or masters of the school, £s,000 to Trinity College, Oxford, and subject to life interests £z0,000 to University of Oxford for promotion of study of history and/or literature of England and her Colonies, in memory of his said two sons, and four-tenths of residue to Endowment Fund of Clifton College, Bristol.
Marcus, Edward Simon, of Oakwood Court, W.	za4,330	70,000	Residue of estate as to two-fifths each to Middlesex Hospital and Board of Guardians: for Jewish Poor, and one-fifth to Salvation- Army.
Gordon, Miss Isabel Kerr, of Montrose, N.B. (personal)	68,468	60,000	Among other bequests left £6,000 to Aberdeen Royal Infrmary, £5,000 to Livingstonia Mission, £3,000 to General Funds of United Free Church of Scotland, £3,000 to Burgh of Montrose, and residue as to two-thirds to Funds of United Free Church of Scotland, and one-third to Burgh of Montrose for a public hall.

Principal Charitable Bequests of the Year. cxtv				
Nume.	GrossValue of Estate.	Approx.	Objects	
Lewis, Mrs. Sarah, of Aber- ystwith, Cardiganshire	65,509	£ 60,000	Bequests for benefit of Representative Body of the Church in Wales, £a,coc to Carmarthen Hospital, £a,coc to Cardiff Infirmary, and the residue to Guy's Hospital, London, for Cancer Department, Royal National Life- boat Institution, Salvation Army, Central Ophthalmic Hospital, Western Ophthalmic Hospital.	
Haddon, Harvey, of Brook Street, W.	151,525	50,000	Residue for the benefit of the City of Vancouver.	
Lucas, Frederick, of West- bourne Terrace, W.  Argenti, George Ambrose, of	109,536	50,000	Bequests include £6,000 Trinity College, Cambridge, £1,000 Great Ormond Street Hospital for Sick Unidren, many bequests to other Loudon Hospitals, and residue of estate as to one-half specifically to British Museum, Victoria and Albert Museum, National Gallery, and National Gallery of British Art and National Portrait Gallery £40,000 for such charitable purposes in England	
Pembridge Square, W.			as executors may determine, £4,000 for the Greek Church of St. Sophia, Moscow Road, Bayswater, £500 to Hoxton Market Christian Mission.	
Lewis, Mrs. Helen Hornby, of Park Lane, W.	662,504	43,000		

The Hospitals and Institutions given in this Section deserve the heartiest and most generous support it is possible to give.

The Proprietors of "Whitaker."

### DOES NOT THIS APPEAL OF THE CHILDREN TOUCH YOUR HEART?

1,100 young children, some fatherless, some motherless, some total orphans, but all taken from dire poverty, are now under the care of

# THE SHAFTESBURY HOMES & "ARETHUSA" TRAINING SHIP

(Founded 1843)

28. 6d. will keep the Homes and Training Ship for one minute.

\$7 10s. 0d. will keep the Homes and Training Ship for one hour.

Please send a gift to help the Society in this great work of caring for, and providing for, these young ones.

164, SHAFTESBURY AVENUE, LONDON, W.C. 2

Haverstock Hill. LONDON, N.W. S.

Founded 1758.

Patrons: Their Majesties The King and Queen. President: H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G. Treasurer (since 1897): The Rt. Hon. Lord Marshall, P.C., K.C.V.O.

The Orphanage is unsectarian, and helps fatherless and other necessitous children from all parts of the country and the Dominions, without restriction as to chitten from an parts of the country and the Dominions, without restriction as to class or creed. Boys and girls are admitted at all ages between infancy and 11 years of age, and are cared for until 15. Their education fits them for useful positions in after-life. Opportunities occur for suitable children to have a secondary education; same boys are relected for training as Officers of the Mercantile Marine. During the past 173 years over 7,500 have been received; 370 are now resident, and others await vacancies.

More annual subscribers are needed. Out of £17,000 required annually only £7,000 are assured. The balance must be raised by donations. Legacies are a useful means of helping. Please include the School in your Will. Annual Report sent on request, and the School may be visited by interested friends.

Forms of application for the admission of children and all needful information may be had of the SECRETARY, FRED. J. ROBINSON, A.C.I.S., 34-40, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C. 4.

#### Miss Smallwood's

Society for the Assistance of Ladies in Reduced Circumstances (UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE)

#### AN URGENT APPEAL

"Their works do follow them"

There are many people who, alsa, cannot give to this Society during their lifetime, but we shall be glad if they will remember that a Legacy, large or small, will be very useful and gratefully received. The need of permanent help is greater than ever—also New Annual Subscriptions will be thankfully received.

Please make cheques payable to— Miss Smallwood's Society, Lancaster House, Malvern

MORE IN THE BRITISH EMPIRE THAN IN ANY WE ARE FIGHTING LEPROSY WITH THED HANDS.

Will you help to Free them?

Money is needed to control the world's worst scourge. Grants to governments, missionaries and others engaged in the fight, exceeding £18,000, have already been given. Much more is needed if the Empire's million sufferers are to be adequately helped.

Donations, however small, will be gratefully received by the Hon. Treasurer, SIR FRANK CARTER, C.LE.

The British Empire Leprosy Relief Association 29, DORSET SQUARE, LONDON, N.W.1.

### DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES:

NATIONAL INCORPORATED ASSOCIATION.

CHARTER:

NO DESTITUTE CHILD EVER REFUSED ADMISSION"
MOTTO: "FOR GOD AND COUNTRY"



Once destitute— Barnardo's are making a man of him!

111,037 children have been admitted.

17,897 children and young people dealt with last year.

8,200 boys and girls being supported, of whom

1,124 are under industrial and technical instruction.

416 are crippled or afflicted in various ways, and

1,318 are babies and toddlers under 5.

5 (on an average) come in daily.

30,461 young people have been migrated to the Overseas Dominions.

24,000 meals have to be provided every day for the Barnardo family of 8,200 boys and girls and babies.

10/-

will feed one child for ten days.

Cheques and Orders payable "Dr. Barnardo's Homes" and crossed "Barclays Bank Ltd., a/c Dr. Barnardo's Homes, "should be sent to Dr. Barnardo's Homes, 233 Barnardo House, Stepney Causeway, London, E.1.

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(INCORPORATED UNDER ROYAL CHARTER)

#### ROAD, LONDON. FULHAM

The first Special Hospital in London for the treatment of Cancer, Tumours, and Allied Diseases.

A special refuge for poor persons afflicted with this disease, who are admitted free and without letters of recommendation. A number of beds are provided for the use of Patients who may remain for Life. Out-patients are seen on their own application each week-day, except Saturday, at 2 p.m.

#### HELP BY SUBSCRIPTION, OR DONATION ZEGACY. is earnestly solicited.

Please send Cheques, crossed Courts & Co., to the Secretary, J. COURTNEY BUCHANAN. FORM OF BEQUEST.

"I give and bequeath unto the Treasurer for the time being of THE CARGER HOSPITAL (FREE). situate in the Fulham Road, London, the sum of

(free of Legacy Duty), to be applied towards carrying on the charitable designs of the said Institution."

### HE ELDER LAD FOR THE CHURCH

Carry on your boy's work in Sunday School and Catechism by forming a Company of the

#### CHURCH LADS' BRIGADE. THE BEST AND OLDEST CHURCH ORGANISATION

for the elder lads 14 to 21 years of age.

The Church Lads' Brigade stops the leakage and develops Christian Citizens and Loval Churchmen.

Full particulars can be obtained from the Secretary.

The Very REV. EDGAR ROGERS. O.B.E., M.A., F.S.A., GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, ALDWYCH HOUST CATHERINE STREET, LONDON.

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### In Service for THE SAILOR

The world-wide Seaman's Friend is the BRITISH SAILORS' SOCIETY.

In 1980 over 234,000 BEDS were occupied at the Society's Home and Overseas Rests, and nearly 1,490,900 visits were made by Sallors. In addition, Seamen's Widows are cared for, Orphann maintained, Officers and Boys trained for the Marcantile Marine, and clean and wholesome literature provided to over 900 ships, and also to lighthouses. Please support the work of

## THE BRITISH SAILORS' SOCIETY

Gifts will be gratefully received by Sir Ernest W. Glover, Bart., Hon. Treasurer, 600, Commercial Road, London, E. 14.

Herbert E. Barker, General Secretary.

#### THE MOTHERS' CLINIC

The First Birth Control Clinic in the British Empire.

OPEN DAILY (except Saturday). Hours 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. FREE.

Talephone: Museum 9528.

### "Preliminary Notes on Ten Thousand Cases." By DR. MARIE STOPES.

Giving unique Statistical, Medical, and other data about 10,000 Birth Control Cases attending the above Clinic.

A heart-gripping story of the sufferings of poor women for lack of Birth Control knowledge.

Price 6d. net. Order from your Bookseller, or direct from the Publishers—
Address: 106, Whitfield Street, Tottenham Court Road, London, W. 1.

# Why we need LEGACIES and BEQUESTS

THE need of ex-Sarvicemen, including the disabled, and their dependants, and the care of those left behind by men who fell in action, are an ever-present and recurring charge on the Legion. Its work in these directions is dependent upon the sale of Popples—a slender support for so great a work hat must go on indefinitely. Every year since the inception of the Fund the expenditure has two reases, and it is vitally necessary that the Fund should be strengthened and fortified against any possible diminution of income in the future by means of Legacies and Bequests.

### EARL HAIG'S BRITISH LEGION APPEAL FUND

Full particulars and Forms of Bequest can be obtained from the Organising Scoretary, Capt. W. G. WILLCOX, M.B.E., Haig House, 26, Eccleston Square, London, S.W. 1.

# The Cry of the SICK CHILD

HELP is desperately meeded by Dockland's very poor sick little ones are being cared for by the East London Hospital for Children. Many thousands of little lives have been re-made. To-day the Hospital is in desperate need. Will you help relieve the strain? Donations gratefully received by Secretary, Shadwell, London, E.

## FAST INNOON HOSPITAL & CHILDREN

York Road, Lambeth, S.E.1.

ESTABLISHED 1765.

Patron-H.M. The Oueen.

This Hospital is situated in one of the poorest parts of London, in the district South of the Thames, with a population of nearly two millions.

Married women in indigent circumstances, especially the wives of Soldiers and Sailors, and certain single women (with their first child, after investigation by the Committee), are admitted to the Hospital from all parts of the kingdom, but mainly from the immediate neighbourhood, from which, owing to its poverty, little pecuniary help is obtainable.

Subscriptions and Donations thankfully received by the Treasurer, or Miss Lilly Hearn, the Secretary, at the Hospital.

### The IFE RRIGADE

Seeks to develop Christian character and to inculcate useful habits for life's struggle. FIVE GREAT AIMS:

To awaken in girls a sense of their responsibility in life.
To help them to make the best of their powers of body and mind.
To train them to be self-reliant, useful women.
To influence them to dedicate all their powers to the Service of God.
To keep them in touch with the Church and Sunday School during those years when they often become lost to both.

FOUR-FOLD PROGRAMME: Spiritual, Physical, Educational, Social, Write for full information (gratis) to :-

Headquarters' Secretary, 56, Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

#### THE GORDON BOYS' HOME

(THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL TO GENERAL GORDON).

Patron-THE KING. Vice-Patron-H.M. THE QUEEN.

Chairman Executive Committee-H.R.H. THE DUKE OF YORK, K.G.
THE HOME IS SITUATED AT WEST END, WOKING, between BAGSHOT and BISLEY.

THE HOME IS SITUATED AT WEST END, WOKING, between BAGSHOT and BISLEY.

The Home is constructed to accommodate 250 Boys, chosen from the necessifical classes between the ages of about 14 and 151, and give them a training, up to the age of 17 or thereadouts, which will it them allie for civil life in this country or its 000cmies, and for service in the Army, Navy, Air-Force or Mercantile Marine.

Countrious or Abstracts in the Army or Navy, and the 16 to 15 years. 2. A boy must, in the opinion of the Committee, be really necessitious. 2. He must be free from such physical or mental infirmity as would disqualify him forearries in the Army or Navy, or for dril employment in the Colonies or elsewhere, which were also as the product for the Colonies or elsewhere, which were the conditions of given to such number of boy now hold one can be revealed for out of the general income of the Home. A guaranteed payment of 252 annually during his stay at the Home will give a right of nonzination for a lad fulfilling the conditions of admission. Subscriptions and Donations are surposity needed in order that the above sumber of boys may be mediatured.

Subscriptions are received by The Westmanners Bars, Lainten, 1, 8t. James's Square, S.W., and by the Commandant at the Home, from whom any further information can be obtained. For financial reasons the London Office has been abolished.

COMMANDANT:-LIKUT-COLONKL H. C. HERBERT, O.B.M.

### HOSPITAL

70-71. BLACKFRIARS ROAD, S.E. Telephone: Hop. 1021.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Treasurer-The Rt. Hox. The Lord Morris, P.C., K.C.M.G.

This Hospital, established in 1841, was the first and for many years the only one of its kind, established in the United Kindom. Donations and Subscriptions are urgently desired in order to re-open its beds for In-patients. Since its foundation no less than 600,000 patients have been treated, and the scientific equipment of the Institution has always been kept thoroughly abresst of modern developments in research and treatment. The Light Department is provided with X-rays, radium and ultra-violet light apparatus. It is a centre both of dermatological therapeutics and education, and welcomes at its clinics medical practitioners and students. Patients should attend daily at 1.80 p.m., or on Fridays at 6 p.m. They are expected to contribute to the funds of the hospital according to their means and position.

## **OSPITAL**

### LONDON BRIDGE, S.E. 1. URGENTLY NEEDS HELP.

President: H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.

Founded in 1725 by Thomas Guy, a Bookseller and Publisher in the City of London, Incorporated and Governed by Acts of Parliament, 11th George 1st, ch. xii., and 61st Victoria, ch. xi., as "The President and Governors of the Hospital founded at the sole costs and

od. V., as "The Frestent and Governors of the Mospital section of the Mospital is empowered to receive gifts of, and to hold, land up to an aggregate yearly galled of Sixty Thousand Founds (exclusive of the site of the Hospital), notwithstanding the provisions of the Mortmain Acts.

IN-PATIENTS (1986) . 12.249

OUT-PATIENTS (1980) 123.971

Expenditure: £191,494 :: :: Income from Endowments: £67.641

The Governors earnestly appeal for further Subscriptions and Donations. The present Subscription List is only about 26,000 a year, although the Charity is dependent upon support from sources other than its endowments to the extent of over £120,000 aye annum. To form a permanent Memorial, if desired, a Donation or Bequest should be allocated to the Re-endowment Fund, which is permanently invested and the income only applied for the general purposes of the Hospital.

A Gift of £1,000 to this Fund, or an Annual Subscription of £50, will respectively endow or support a Bed, over which a brass tablet, inscribed in accordance with the wishes of the Benefactor, can be placed.

A copy of the Annual Report of the Hospital can be obtained on application to Mr. W. J. Curry, Clerk to the Governors, Guy's Hospital, S.E. 1. Telephone: Hop 1086.

Bankers: THE BANK OF ENGLAND. Treasurer: F. P. WHITBREAD, Esq.

## Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

Patron-HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE KING. President-His Grace the Duke of Bedford. Hon. Treasurer—Sir George Makins, G.C.M.G., C.B. Director—Dr. J. A. Murray, F.R.S.

The object of the Research is for the good, not only of the whole British Empire but of the whole world. The scope of the work embraces detailed investigation of Cancer is every part of the Empire as it occurs in the human race and in the vertebrate animal tingdom. Our recent researches have undoubtedly advanced our knowledge of Cancer, and it is not too much to hope that the further prosecution of the investigations will ultimately yield results of the greatest importance on the nature and treatment

Donations and Subscriptions may be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Imperial Cancer Research Fund, 8, Queen Square, London, W.C. 1, or may be paid to the Westminster Bank, Marylebone Branch, 1, Stratford Place, London, W. 1, A/c, Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

#### FORM OF BEQUEST.

I hereby bequeath the sum of £ to the Treasurer of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund under the direction of the Royal College of Physicians of London with the Royal College of Surgeons of England for the purpose of Scientific Research, and I direct that his receipt shall be a good discharge for such legacy.

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# KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL,

The Hospital providing for the poor in the heart of South London.

Private Beds available for middle-class patients.

Please send a subscription or donation to the Treasurer, C. P. SEROCOLD, Esq.

# LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL

Patron: H.M. KING GEORGE V. President.—The Right Hon. Lord Esuat, D.S O., M.C.

FUNDS URGENTLY NEEDED TO CONTINUE THE WORK OF THE ONLY VOLUNTARY FEVER HOSPITAL IN, OR AROUND, LONDON.

Will you please help those who try to help themselves?

Secretary: HERBERT J. SAY.

# London Lock Hospital and Home.

Founded 1746, this Special Hospital has for 186 years devoted all its energies to the treatment of venereal and genito-urinary diseases. Thousands of young women and others from all parts of the kingdom have been relieved of their bodily suffering and helped to regain their self-respect, and thereby enabled to make a fresh start in life.

£30,000 REQUIRED ANNUALLY.

Annual Subscriptions, Donations and Legacies are samestly pleaded for, and will be gratefully received by :— J. F. W. DEACON, Esq., M.A., D.L., J.P. and THE LORD KINNAIRD, Hon. Treasurers, or by HY. J. EASON, F.C.I.S., Secretary.

Offices: 283, HARROW ROAD, LONDON, W. o.

### METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL KINGSLAND ROAD, LONDON, E. 8.

One of the Smaller General Hospitals. Desperately in need of Funds for maintenance and urgent improvements.

Please write to the Secretary.

\$ 17. N. His ...

### THE NATIONAL RENEVOLE INSTITUTION

FOUNDED BY PETEŔ HERVÉ.

ESTABLISHED 1812. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Under the Patronage of His Most Excellent Majesty KING GEORGE V.

President-His Grace The Duke of Portland, K.G., G.C.V.O. Treasurer-SIR ROBERT W. DIBDIN, J.P.

This Institution grants Annuities of £25 to distressed members of the Upper and Middle Classes of Society who have attained the age of 50 years and upwards.

The Pensioners are elected half-yearly, in May and November, by the votes of the Life Governors and Subscribers.

The sum disbursed in Pensions now amounts to over £22,480 per annum.

The total number of aged Persons who have been supported by the Institution is Four Thousand Six Hundred and Thirty-Five, the gross sum distributed to them up to the present exceeding £1,035,400.

Subscriptions from 5s. and upwards will be thankfully received at the

Office, and any further information given between the hours of 10 and 4 daily: Saturdays, 10 and 1.

HENRY C. LATREILLE, Secretary.

Office-65, Southampton Row, London. W.C. 1.

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#### NATIONAL ANTI-VIVISECTION SOCIETY THE

92, VICTORIA STREET, LONDON, S.W.1

seident—LORD LEIGH. Director and Treasurer—The Hon. STEPHEN COLERIDGE. Hon. Secretary—Miss F. E. WHITE (to whom all communications should be addressed). · President-LORD LEIGH. ITS POLICY.

The Society advocates the total abolition of scientific torture of animals and seeks to attain this object by every possible means. The Society does not oppose, but, on the contrary, supports, any and every measure for the amelioration of the present condition of vivisected animals.

All humane people who approve of these reasonable tactics, and are desirous of seeing something practical done to save tortured animals, are earnestly invited to support the National Auti-Vivisection Society.

Members' Annual Subscription, 10/. Life Membership, £5.

Subscription to "The Animals' Defender and Zoophilist," the Organ of the Society, 1/8 per cheques (crossed "Bank of England") and P.O.'s should be made payable to The National Anti-Vivisection Society.

Telephone-VICTORIA 4705.

Telegraphic Address-Zoophilist, Sowest, London.

### The Deaf and Dumb and the Deafened THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF

(President. LORD CHARNWOOD)

### URGENTLY NEEDS SUPPORT.

Its objects are to promote the prevention of deafness; the suitable education of deaf children; the industrial preparation of deaf youths and gris; the social and industrial care of deaf adults; the higher education and technical training of the deaf, and all that concerns the welfare of the entire class of the deaf.

Funds are needed for the Institute's Home for Deaf and Dumb Women; Hostel for Working
Deaf Boys; Centre of Instruction in Lip-reading; and to establish provision for the Higher

LEGACIES are specially invited. Subscriptions and Donations should be sent to the Secretary, Mr. A. J. Story, 2, Bloomsbury Street, London, W.C.1, who will be glad to supply any information required.



- Many unhappy little ones have lost home, health and happiness
- Four thousand of these have found them again in the Children's Home
- Your generous help is the means of their continued security

### NATIONAL CHILDREN'S HOME

(Founded by Dr. Stephenson in 1869)

30 Branches 4000 Children Principal: Rev. W. HODSON SMITH

General Treasurers: The Rt. Hon. LORD WAREFIELD of HYTHE,

C.B.E., LL.D.
Sir THOMAS BARLOW, Bart., M.D., F.E.S.
Chief Offices:

HIGHBURY PARK, LONDON, N.5



### Over 4 million children have been rescued from cruelty and neglect.

34

### **SOMEBODY MUST CARE!**

BRUTALLY assaulted, starved, neglected—SOME-BODY must save such little lives. Every 5 minutes 3 more find happiness through the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Donations will be welcomed by Hon. Treas., Sir G. Wyatt Truscott, Bt.

### THE N.S.P.C.C.

President: The Rt. Hon. THE VISCOUNT ULLSWATER, G.C.B. Director: WILLIAM J. ELLIOTT.

VICTORY HOUSE, LEICESTER SQUARE, LONDON, W.C.2

# The NATIONAL SOCIETY for EPILEPTICS CHALFONT COLONY, BUCKS

PATRON: HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

Funds for Extension of the Chalfont Colony are MOST URGENTLY needed.

London Offices: Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W.1.

G. PENN GASKELL, Scoretary.

## THE PRINCE OF WALES'S GENERAL HOSPITAL,

Patron: H.R.H. The PRINCE OF WALES, K.G. President: H.R. H. Princiae Lovier (Duches of Argyll), Chairman: The Rt. Hox. Load Glasconer. How. Treasurer: The Rt. Hox, Bir Groze H. Murray, G.O.B.

Serves 750,000 of London's workers in the poor and crowded North-East District.

220 Beds, including 20 at Convalescent Home.

Income from Endowments only £884.

£40,000 to be raised each year.

3,000 In-Patients, 100,000 Out-Patient attendances.

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Additional REGULAR SUBSCRIBERS urgently needed.

Please help with legacy or endowment of a bed, or send cheque to the Director, J. C. BURDETT, D.S.O., M.C.

## Queen Charlotte's Maternity Hospital

(Formerly QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S LYING-IN HOSPITAL)

#### MARYLEBONE ROAD, LONDON, N.W.

FOUNDED 1739. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1885.

#### Patron: HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President:—LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN.

Chairman of Committee:—Sir Samuel Scott, Bart.

#### OBJECTS OF THE HOSPITAL.

- The admission of Poor Married Women for their confinement; and also of Deserving Unmarried Women with their first child.
- The provision of skilled Midwives to attend Poor Married Women in their Confinements at their own homes.
- 3. The Training of Medical Pupils, Midwives for the Poor, and Maternity Nurses.

Since the foundation of the Hospital over 200,000 poor women have been relieved. Last year 2,444 patients were received into the Hospital, and 1,771 were attended at their own homes.

#### Over £300,000 NEEDED FOR REBUILDING THE HOSPITAL.

Contributions will be gratefully received by the Bankers, Martin's Bank Ltd., 16, Whitehall, S.W.; or by

ARTHUR WATTS, Scoretary. [86]

# THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN HACKNEY ROAD - LONDON, E.2

Patron: HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

Established as the "North-Eastern" Hospital for Children in 1867, re-named by special permission, 1908

President—H.R.H. THE DUKE OF YORK, K.G. Chairman—Colonel Lord William Cecil, C.V.O.

204 BEDS (180 in London and 41 at "Little) Over 120,000 attendances annually in the Out-Patient and Casualty Depts.

EXPENDITURE (HOSPITAL AND HOME) NOW ABOUT £38,000 A YEAR, OF WHICH ONLY £2,000 IS PROVIDED BY ENDOWMENTS. BARCLAYS BANK, Lombard Street, Bankers. CHARLES H. BESSELL, Secretary.

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### All Lovers of Animals should support

THE

# R. S. P. C. A.

(Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals)

THE OLDEST ANIMAL PROTECTION SOCIETY IN THE WORLD AND THE ONLY ONE IN ENGLAND EMPLOYING A LARGE STAFF OF INSPECTORS QUALIFIED BY SPECIAL TRAINING TO DITECT CRUBLEY TO ANIMALS

### DONATIONS

IN SUPPORT OF THIS NATIONAL AND HUMANE WORK SHOULD BE SENT TO

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, R.S.P.C.A., 105, Jermyn Street, London, S.W. 1.

### THE MERCHANT NAVY

The veterans of this honoured service rely on the

### ROYAL ALFRED

AGED MERCHANT SEAMEN'S INSTITUTION

for a Home when incurably afflicted or homeless and friendless in old age. Others, and widows, dependents, and incapacitated sailors helped by out-pensions or special grants.

1,648 Needy Seamen or their kin relieved during 1930.

Please help. You owe much to the merchant sailor, and this National Charity depends on voluntary contributions.

Patron: H.M. THE KING. Established 1867.

Central Office (W.A.): 58, Fenchurch Street, LONDON, E.C. 3

The most desperate of human calamities.

So Dr. Johnson wrote of the

### **DEAF AND DUMB**

OF WHOM THERE ARE 5,000 IN LONDON.
THERE ARE ALSO 150 WHO CAN NEITHER MEAR NOR SEE.

They know Loneliness in a way that people who enjoy the gifts of hearing and speech cannot realise.

All Subscriptions gratefully acknowledged by Royal Association in Aid of the Deaf and Dumb, 413, Oxford Street, W. has seen

FOR THREE-OUARTERS OF A CENTURY

#### The Reformatory and Refuge Union, Incorporated has been a centre of help for all sorts of children and women in need.

Through its branches the Children's Aid Society and Woman's Mission to Women, it seeks out and saves those in danger of body or soul. Many thousands have been rescued from circumstances likely to cause their ruin.

It provides for the future welfare of those rescued as well as for thousands of orphan, friendless or homeless boys and girls.

#### It is responsible for

FOTHERBY HOUSE, West Norwood, and BLUNHAM BABIES' HOME. for little ones in need of a mother's care.

í

BRIGHTON HOME FOR LITTLE BOYS, for little fellows under ten years of age similarly handicapped.

GIRLS' PROTECTIVE HOME, Hastings, for young girls—especially those from moral peril.

GROTTO HOME FOR WO LADS having no other home.

- ABERDARE MEMORIAL HOME FOR BOYS, Highpate.
  A MATERNITY RESCUE HOME for girls with the first child.
- TEMPORARY REFUGE for girls and
- young women.
  HOME FOR YOUNG MOTHERS
  requiring training.
  HÖSTEL FOR MOTHERS AND
  BABIES, to avoid the separation
  of Mother and Child during the allimportant first two years.

£25,000 a year is needed, most of which has to be raised from voluntary sources.

Patron-H.M. THE KING.

Chairman-Rev. Prebendary WELLARD, B.D.

Secretary-FREDERICK JAMES, Victoria House, 117, Victoria Street. S.W. 1.

Patron-HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

Prendent. THE LORD LECONFIELD.

Treasurer Mr. P. Laurence Pogook.

Honorary Secretaries
MESSES, GRONGE POCOCK AND PERCY R. POCOCK.

This Scotety grants Pensions to the Blind Poor at their own homes in sums ranging from 128. to 258. per month.
There are unwards of 1,000 pensioners, residing in various parts of the Kingdom, among whom about \$10,000
are annually distributed.
To be eligible, applicants must be totally blind, above 21 years of age, of good moral character, and in receipt & an income not exceeding 566, if single, and 5112, if married. No distinction is made in regard to ser or creed; nor is the receipt of parsis relief a disqualifaction
Application must be made on the printed forms provided by the Society,
Subscribers of 102 & d. annually, or Donors of Five Guineas, are entitled to One Vote at every election, and
Contributions will be constabiled assembled by the Mariana and the state of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the se

Contributions will be gratefully received by the Treasurer or by the BANK OF ENGLAND. E JEFFERY HICKS, B.A., Secretary. - [81 237, SOUTHWARK BRIDGE ROAD, LONDOY, SE 1.

### **ORPHANA**

(Incorporated by Special Acts of Parliament, 1800, 1826, 1870 and 1924,)
(Incorporating the MATIONAL ORPHAM HOME, HAM COMMON, SURREY.)

BEDDINGTON, CROYDON.

FOUNDED 14th March, 1758.

PRITORS—HIS MAJESTY THE KING HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN H.R.H THE PRINCE OF WALES, M.G.
Procedent—His Grace the Duke of Portland, K.G.

### THE OLDEST GIRLS' ORPHANAGE IN THE WORLD.

Orphan girls are admitted from the age of 7 years, and educated and maintained until they are 25, when situations in private families are found. Applicants must be thoroughly sound and healthy.

Over 4,000 girls have already been maintained, the majority being provided with situations. War Orphans are amongst the present immates.

PLEASE HELP.

Bankers for over 150 years-MESSES. HOARE.

ERNEST J. BAYLEY, Secretary. LEGACIES ARE REPECIALLY SOLICITED.

#### ORPHANAGE ROYAL MERCHANT, SEAMEN'S BEAR WOOD WOKINGHAM.

(Formerly of SNARESBROOK.)

Patron-H.M. THE KING.

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President-H.R.H. THE PRINCE of WALES.

Treasurer-Right Hop. THE EARL OF INCHCAPE, G.C.M.G., &c. Chairman-R. J. LESUIS, Esq.

Instituted 1827 for the maintenance and education of the orphans of Captains, Officers and Men of the British Mercantile Marine, which rendered such unexampled Service to the Nation during the Great War.

4, 226 children have been already benefited, including upwards of 233 whose fathers lost their lives by enemy Submarines and Mines, and

202 are at present in the Schools.

#### ASSISTANCE IS URGENTLY NEEDED.

F. W. RAWLINSON, C.B.E., Secretary. Office-Dixon House, Lloyd's Avenue, London, E.C.3. Bankers-Westminster Bank, Ltd., Lombard Street, E.C.S.

Chief Office-SALISBURY SQUARE, FLEET STREET, E.C. 4.

Established in 1862 to supply Surgical Appliances of every description to the Afflicted Poor, without limit as to locality or disease.

500 patients assisted each week.

More than 1,440,000 Surgical Appliances aiready supplied.

Annual Subscription of £0 10 6 or Life Subscription of 5 5 0 Entitles to two recommendations per annum.

Subscriptions, Donations and Legacies are earnestly solicited

Bankers-BARCLAYS BANK Ltd., 19, Fleet Street, E.C.4. RICHARD C. TRESIDDER, Secretary. [178

#### Beneficent Association The Royal United Kingdom

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Office: ALDINE HOUSE, 13, BEDFORD STREET, STRAND, W.C. 2.

Patron : HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

President : HIS GRACE THE DURY OF ARERCORN. N.G.

The Association grants Annuities to Gentlefolk of both sexes, such as Clergymen, Officers of the Navy and Army, Barristers, Boileitors, Landowners and Gentlemen Farmers, Doctors, and their families, and others of similar social standing. Applicants must be over 40, of sound mind, unable, through age or bodily infirmity, to carn a livelihood, and not in receipt of an income exceeding £55 a year. Since its foundation in £63, the Association has granted annuities to £523 persons, of whom £564 are now living. The last list of accepted Candidates for annuities contained the names of over 300 persons, many of whom were certified to be without any income at all. Permanent Memorial Annuities can be founded, to which, under certain conditions, the Founders can retain for life the right of nomination. The cost can be scertained from the Secretary

AMBUGAL SURPOGRIFTIONS, DOMATIONS and LEGACIES are Earnestly Solicited to provide annuities for the Waiting Candidates, and to augment the Annuities.

Brig.-Gen. B. L. ANLEY, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. Secretary



### ESBURY SOC AND RAGGED SCHOOL

Patrons: THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN. Treasurers: SIR EDWIN DODD AND WALTER SCOLES, ESO.

For 87 Years a Pioneer in Child Welfare in Poorest London

165 Associated Missions. 9.000 Cripples on Register. Nearly 12,000 Formight's Country Holidays provided last year.

Urgent Need of Generous Support. Legacies Invited. Arthur Black, Gen. Secretary, John Kirk House, 32, John St., W.C.1.



## UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL

#### GOWER STREET, W.C.

Founded A.D. 1833.

Incorporated 1907.

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE V. PATRONS: HER MAJESTY QUEEN MARY. H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.
T.B.H. THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF YORK.
H.R.H. T H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT. President-H.R.H. PRINCE GEORGE.

Chairman and Treasurer-SIR HERBERT SAMUELSON, K.B.E.

#### A GROUP OF HOSPITALS comprising:

Main General Hospital -	-	-	-	+14	Beds.
Obstetric or Maternity Hospital		-	-	85	,,
Royal Ear Hospital	-	-	-	41	••
National Dental Hospital (for C	ut-P	ation	ats)		
					·

540 Beds.

#### 91,000 PATIENTS TREATED ANNUALLY.

Annual	Expendi	ture -	•	•	•	•	•	•	£109,000
Annual	Income	from	Endow	ments	•	•	•	•	29,000
	A B-		4 V						000 000

### MISS WESTON'S

### ROYAL SAILORS' RESTS

#### PORTSMOUTH AND DEVONPORT

The late Dame AGNES E. WESTON, G.B.E., LL.D. The late Dame SOPHIA G. WINTZ, D.B.E. Co-founders:

Provide all the Comforts of a Temperance Club for the Men of the Royal Navv.

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HEADQUARTERS OF THE R.N. TEMPERANCE SOCIETY AND R.N. CHRISTIAN UNION. IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH WIVES AND FAMILIES

Will you lend the Trustees a hand by subscription, or legacy, to carry on our Temperance and Gospel Work all over the World?

Contributions should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer:

ROYAL SAILORS' REST, PORTSMOUTH,

bu whom they will be gratefully acknowledged.

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1982.